





# DIARY TELLS OF GERMAN ADVANCE ON AND CAPTURE OF ANTWERP

London.—In the form of a diary, the story of the siege of Antwerp and the German plan of attack are given in the following dispatch received by the Central News from its Ostend correspondent:

"Saturday, Sept. 26.—The Belgians retired from their positions east, south and west of Malines to the line of outer forts.

"Sept. 27.—The Germans bombarded and occupied Malines.

"Sept. 28.—Bombardment of Forts De Waelhem, De Wavre-St. Catherine and other forts on the southern line by 11-inch howitzers.

"Sept. 29.—Magazine of Fort De Waelhem blown up by shell fire. Fort De Wavre-St. Catherine put out of action. Forts at Lierre bombarded.

### Forts Are Destroyed.

"Sept. 30.—Forts De Waelhem and Wavre-St. Catherine are completely destroyed. Waterworks behind Fort De Waelhem blown up. The Belgian infantry continued to hold their intrenchments in the face of a veritable hell of shell fire. The water supply in Antwerp is greatly curtailed.

"Oct. 1.—The Lierre forts destroyed. The German infantry attacks were repulsed with heavy losses.

"Oct. 2.—There was a heavy bombardment of the Belgian trenches. The Belgians retired at night in good order and lined the River Nethe. The Germans began to occupy the outer ring of forts. A German aeroplane flew over the city and dropped pamphlets urging the inhabitants to surrender and save themselves suffering.

### British Troops Arrive.

"Oct. 3.—Arrival of fresh British troops, who relieved fatigued Belgians on the southeastern section. Here the Germans concentrated their attack, which is now almost exclusively an artillery attack.

"Oct. 4.—Quiet until evening, when the Germans began a furious bombardment of Lierre and the river bank trenches.

"Oct. 5.—The Germans cross the river and occupy Lierre and Duffel. The main Belgian army began retirement westward.

"Oct. 6.—Departure of King Albert, the government, and the foreign ministers. Heavy bombardment of the allied position. The allied troops retired during the night on the second line of forts.

### City Is Occupied.

"Oct. 7.—Governor General de Gueise announces that a bombardment of the

city is imminent. The Germans emplace batteries for their purpose and at midnight a heavy bombardment begins.

"Oct. 8.—Exodus of the population. The bombardment of the town is continued with violence. The petrol tanks are ablaze. Berchem, a southern suburb, is in flames, as also are many houses in the city. The defending troops on the southwest section are offering violent resistance. It is decided to evacuate the city, and the British and Belgian forces leave during the night.

"Oct. 9.—The fall and occupation of Antwerp.

### Took Two Weeks.

"It will thus be seen that the Germans took a fortnight to drive their wedge into the southeastern section of the defenses," the correspondent continues, "and this speaks volumes for the stubbornness of the defense. British marines were hurried across last Sunday and conveyed to Antwerp with all speed. They came without overcoats or kits, but cheerfully endured the cold and rain as well as the pulverizing fire.

"After Monday it was merely a question of enduring the terrible fire as long as possible. A large proportion of the Belgian troops went westward on Monday and Tuesday to insure an eventual line of retreat. A large additional force of British marines arrived Tuesday morning.

### Mount Their Big Guns.

"Eventually the Germans mounted their 42-centimeter guns. They were enabled to fire with great accuracy, thanks to their observation balloons, although owing to the cold and heavy rain their operations were sometimes suspended. The British gunners brought one balloon down with a round of lyddite, after shrapnel had proved ineffective.

"Ability to hit back weight for weight was the one crying need at Antwerp, whose fate points to one irresistible conclusion—that the day of fort is over. The supposed impregnable forts proved broken reeds against the giant howitzers.

"One of Brialmont's great works sank almost bodily from sight in consequence of the cavities made all around its foundations by the terrific explosions. The others are shattered beyond recognition.

"I understand that the British naval force saved all its wounded and guns. The Belgian army is still intact."

## DEFEND UNTIL FIRE BECOMES MASSACRE

By F. BANISTER.

International News Service.

Ostend.—I was right up on the firing line near Lokeren when the Belgians were ordered to retreat from the trenches and was carried along in the frantic rush for shelter beyond the range of German shells. Infantrymen, laden, heavily weighted by accoutrements, stumbled across the fields, sweating from their faces, and sank, exhausted, to lie for a few moments and then scramble to their feet and stagger forward again as shells continued bursting around them.

They fought bravely and well. The trenches were not vacated anywhere until the rain of German shells meant a massacre if the defenders remained.

In the retreat of the field army which had been defending Antwerp, along the one road still kept open to the west, were many soldiers who had been fighting continually 14 days, snatching hurried sleep on the bare earth or pavement. Hundreds collapsed on the march and had to be left behind at various points, to follow on after treatment and rest. The Germans have not yet reached Ostend.

Horse meat has been substituted for beef at most of the hotels and restaurants. Otherwise there is no lack of food at normal prices.

Every day, spies are arrested in and near Ostend. One man was seized after chalking in a corner of the village railway station some figures the interpreters supposed indicated the strength of the allies in the neighborhood. He was dressed as a simple peasant and showed evidence of being a man of superior education, which, with the incriminating memoranda and chalk marks at the station, sealed his doom.

A German officer was arrested in the main street of Ostend yesterday wearing a Belgian officer's uniform. He was nearly torn to pieces by the huge crowd before he got to the police station.

The only route out of Antwerp after the bombardment began Wednesday was the River Scheldt. The people would not stay in the cellars of the houses, as advised by the authorities, when they found the shells from the great German guns often fell right

through the houses and exploded in the cellars.

Trains and barges, perilously overloaded, till Friday bore the people to Holland. It is clear that a vast majority of the population of Antwerp did not believe till the very last minute that the city would be bombarded.

One shell shattered like a house of cards the Hospital of St. Camille, burying all the nurses and wounded in the pile of ruins.

## GERMAN LOSS AT ANTWERP IS HEAVY

Paris.—The Germans lost 40,000 men in the capture of Antwerp, according to Paul Erio, special correspondent of the Journal, who writes:

"The heroic Belgian defense of forts Waelhem, Wavre and Lierre, forming the outer ring, cost the Germans very dear. General von Bessler threw compact masses of troops into the inter walls, where the Belgians poured a withering infantry fire on the assailants.

"South of the third line of defenses German bodies are now piled in heaps. This happened at the beginning of the assault. South of Fort Bornheim the Belgians interred 3,200 German corpses.

"When Von Bessler managed to cross the Nethe and install 16 1/2-inch guns on the north banks, shells fell in Antwerp like hailstones. Most of the remaining population then retired to cellars with food, placing mattresses and sacks filled with earth against the doors and window gratings.

"As soon as Antwerp was occupied the Germans began to fortify it. If given a little time they will, with the help of their heavy artillery, make it practically impregnable."

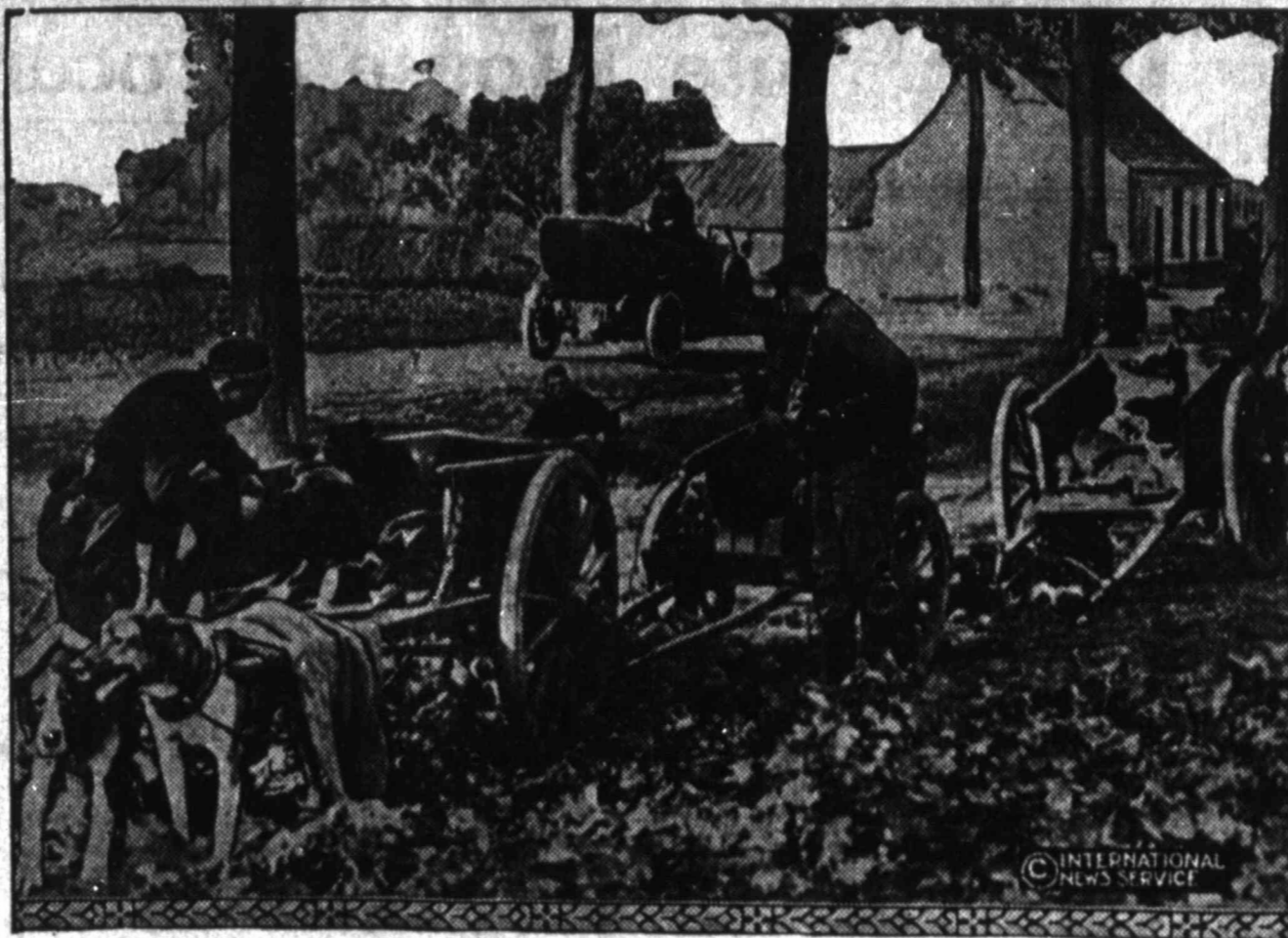
### Kaiser's Cattle Captured.

London.—A dispatch to the Star from Petrograd says that among the remarkable war trophies arriving at Smolensk is the entire stock of Emperor William's famous pedigreed cattle and horses, captured by the Russians from the emperor's estate at Rominten, East Prussia. They were taken to Moscow and presented to the Russian Agricultural Institute for distribution among agricultural breeding associations.

The German artillerymen beat their assailants off with a hellish fire, which the French artillery tried in vain to silence. Until late in the evening the battery continued its deadly work until its ammunition became exhausted and the men were either dead or wounded.

"When I arrived the brave crew had already been buried, and the guns still rested on trees which the men had placed under the wheels in order that the pieces might not disappear in the mud."

## BELGIAN AMMUNITION TRAIN DRAWN BY DOGS



## MOST IMPORTANT OF THE TSING TAO FORTS



Situated on the high hill at the right of the photograph is the most important of the German forts at Tsing Tao, China. It is also a signal station. The entire hill is covered with intricate entrenchments and the emplacements for big guns are cleverly concealed.

## BLANKET AS ARMY OVERCOAT



Owing to a shortage of overcoats for the British troops on the continent, the army authorities have adopted an American idea, and are making overcoats out of blankets. A slit cut in the center and stitched around forms the head opening, and a button and loop at each center extremity form the cuffs. The belt may be worn outside.

### Russia's Flags Described.

London.—A Russian officer, writing to the Telegraph, describes the Russian flags as follows:

"I should be glad if you could kindly publish a paragraph which will settle the dispute about regarding the correct Russian flag.

"The yellow flag with the double eagle is the imperial standard. The white flag with the blue St. Andrew's cross is the Russian naval ensign. This is used only by the navy, and is not allowed to be flown by private individuals.

"The ordinary Russian flag, similar to the English union jack, is a tricolor of white, blue and red stripes placed longitudinally. This is the flag which should be used by people in this country who wish to show their admiration for their ally, Russia."

### Vienna Makes Some Changes.

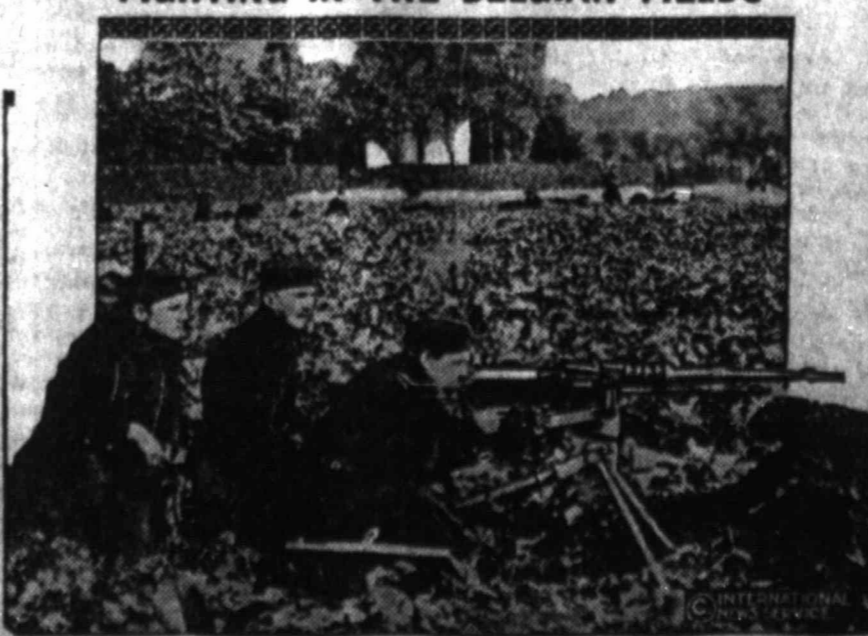
Vienna.—English sporting terms formerly in general use in Austria are now prohibited. Steeplechase has become "Jagdrennen;" handicap, "Ausgleichsrennen;" and spring meeting, "Frühjahrsrennen."

## WILL HIS AIRSHIPS RAID ENGLAND?



Count Zeppelin, who is at Wilhelmshaven directing the assembling of a great fleet of the airships that he invented, is here seen in consultation with Count Hoesener, who is the figure at the left. Below is one of the giant Zeppelin dirigibles with which, it is believed, the kaiser intends to make a raid on England.

## FIGHTING IN THE BELGIAN FIELDS



Belgian machine gun in action, covering the advance of the infantry seen in the background. This photograph was taken during an engagement between Termonde and Labbeke.

## TWO MONKEYS RAISE TUMULT IN OFFICES

Pets of Curator of Animal Park Do Handsprings on Phone Wires

New York.—All the monkeys in the New York Zoological park are jealous of Koko and Nigger, who have been so cunning and playful that they have been granted the privilege of a special cage in an anteroom of Raymond L. Ditmars' office in the reptile house.

There seems to be no limit to the funmaking of the mischievous little apes. Even Miss Marcella Burke, the secretary of Mr. Ditmars, who almost daily is forced to halt her work to stop the depredations of Koko and Nigger, confesses it's beyond her power to check the skylarking every



She Will Coax Them With a Banana or an Orange.

time Koko and Nigger are allowed in the curator's office.

Koko and Nigger are of the woolly species of ape, and are pets of Dr. William T. Hornaday, director of the park, as well as favorites with almost everybody who comes in contact with them.

"Peck's bad boys" was the title given them by Mr. Ditmars, when, on arrival at his office the other day, he found Miss Burke holding Koko and Nigger in her arms trying to persuade them to be good.

Every morning at 9 o'clock Koko and Nigger are allowed their liberty, so that Richard Palmer, their keeper, may clean out their cages. The nearest place is the curator's office, and they scramble into it. Nothing is spared. A handspring on the telephone wire follows a trapeze act on the coatrack. Koko vies with Nigger to see who can reach the top of Mr. Ditmars' desk first, and in the scramble the telephone instrument falls to the floor, and the ink well turns a somersault over upon the official correspondence.

The little apes retreat out the window at the approach of every one except Miss Burke. But if she calls "Koko, don't do that," or "Nigger, come over here," they do as she says, for Miss Burke has the knack of handling them. If kind words do not lure the mischief makers, she will coax them with a banana or an orange until she gets them in her grasp for a severe chastising.

But disciplining Koko or Nigger is about as effective as it would be to try to puncture a cathedral wall with a brickbat. They simply don't know what good behavior means, and only when they have run till weary of their gambols will they go back into the "coop."

## MUSIC CHARMS A BLACKSNAKE

Reptile Was About to Attack When the Man Played a Mouth Organ.

York, Pa.—With a classic selection played on a mouth organ, William H. Harding of Spring Grove took the fight out of a six-foot blacksnake that showed every disposition to attack him.

Harding was strolling through a grove near Nashville, when he happened to glance aloft and observed the snake coiled on a limb and preparing to drop down upon him.

Recalling stories of snakes charmed by music, Harding leaped aside and drawing his mouth organ from his pocket began to reel out a plaintive strain.

The effect was like magic. The reptile swayed with the music until it lost its grip and fell to the ground, where it lay as though lifeless. Harding stopped playing, and immediately the snake glided off into the brush.

Stops Bullet Instead of Baseball. Middletown, N. Y.—When Frederick Owen, fourteen years old, jumped to catch a fly at a baseball game a bullet pierced his right arm. The missile was fired from a revolver in the hands of George Sherer, a chum, who had been shooting blank cartridges and was not aware that one had a bullet in it.

Dreamed Wife's Disloyalty. Chicago.—Peter Collins admitted that his allegations of misconduct against his wife were based on a dream, in which he saw her kissing another man. She was discharged.

SOLE AGENTS FOR WICHITA BEST AND GOLDEN SEAL FLOUR. CLEANLINESS AND FAIR DEALING OUR MOTTO.

The White House Grocery Co.

WE PAY HIGHEST PRICE FOR CREAM, BUTTER AND EGGS. YOU SAVE MONEY BY BUYING FROM US.

Portales Herald-Times

DEMOCRATIC IN POLITICS Published Thursday at Portales, New Mexico THE HERALD PRINTING COMPANY

SUBSCRIPTION \$1.00 THE YEAR

Still, we do not blame an office-holder for not pleasing everyone; no one else does.

Speaking of iron crosses, while the brave German soldiers get their, those peace-loving Belgians are getting the double-cross.

Wouldn't it be nice if Roosevelt, having had his share of limelight, would be as graceful and modest as W. H. Taft?

The fact is to give your farm a name. But we should go a little further and do a little better and give the public a little more satisfaction.

If we stop and think we can readily see that the community that PULLS TOGETHER will do more and accomplish better results than the one that is always divided.

Commissioners Proceedings

Proceedings of the board of county commissioners of Roosevelt county, New Mexico, at a recessed session of the regular October, 1914 term thereof.

Present:—C. V. Harris, chairman, S. E. Johnson, commissioner, D. K. Smith, commissioner, and C. P. Mitchell, clerk, by J. W. Ballow, deputy.

Damages in amount of \$112.50 was allowed W. G. Barton on account public road petitioned for Monroe Honea et al, crossing his land and the clerk was ordered to draw warrant in said sum in payment of said claim.

The board met for the purpose of canvassing the returns from the general election held Tuesday, November 3rd, 1914, but on account of some of the boxes not having been returned, it was ordered that court take a recess until Saturday morning at nine o'clock.

COURT CONVENED PURSUANT TO RECESS OF YESTERDAY, PRESENT AND PRESIDING AS THEN, WHEN THE FOLLOWING BUSINESS WAS HAD, TO-WIT:

It was ordered by the board that all claimants for damages on account of public road petitioned for by Monroe Honea et al, as were recommended by the jury of view on said road, be and they are hereby requested to file their accounts with the clerk of this board on or before the next regular term, which will be held on the first Monday in January, 1915.

It is ordered that R. L. Perry

School Directory

Roosevelt County 1914-1915

Table with columns: DIST. NO., NAME OF TEACHER, ADDRESS. Lists school teachers across Roosevelt County for the 1914-1915 school year.

Respectfully Submitted, MRS. S. F. CULBERSON, County Superintendent, Roosevelt Co. N. M.

be and is hereby appointed justice of the peace in and for precinct No. 19 to serve the unexpired term of A. M. Collinsworth, resigned, upon his making and filing a good and sufficient bond in the sum of \$500.00 with the clerk of this board, as prescribed by law.

It is ordered that C. T. Grimes be and he is hereby appointed constable in and for precinct No. 19, upon his making and filing a good and sufficient bond in the sum of \$400.00 as prescribed by law. Said appointment to hold until his successor is elected and qualified.

The following accounts were examined and approved and the clerk was ordered to draw warrants in payment of same, to-wit:

Table listing accounts and amounts: C. P. Mitchell, delivering election box \$ 8.00; Coe Howard, delivering election box 11.80; Goodloe and Wiley, repairs on C & J 191.10; C. P. Mitchell, office expense and delivering boxes 39.49; M. B. Jones, office expense 20.15; Miss M. C. Wood, stenographic services 10.20; E. L. Mayo, damages to crop account public road 30.00; Geo. C. Deen, office expense and jail repair 34.50.

The board rose as a board of county commissioners and sat as a canvassing board for the

purpose of canvassing the returns from the general election held on November 3rd, 1914, when the following results were obtained, to-wit:—

For representative in Congress Harvey B. Fergusson (dem) 660; Francis C. Wilson (pro) 69; Benigno C. Hernandez (rep) 53; W. P. Metcalf (so) 72.

For State Corporation Commission, Adolfo P. Hill, (dem) 520; John M. McTeer, (pro) 70; Hugh H. Williams, (rep) 79; DeRoy Welch, (so) 80.

For Judge of the Fifth Judicial District, Granville A. Richardson (dem) 541; W. A. Havener, (rep) 92.

For Member of State Legislature, R. G. Bryant, (dem) 542; James S. Fraser, (pro) 98; Charles A. Coffey, (rep) 36; O. W. Skorkowsky, (so) 75.

The board rose as a canvassing board and sat as a board of county commissioners. No further business appearing, it is ordered that court take a recess until the next regular meeting unless sooner convened by order of the chairman.

C. V. Harris, chairman; Attest: C. P. Mitchell, clerk; By J. W. Ballow, deputy.

Report of the condition of The First National Bank OF ELLIDA

At Ellida in the State of New Mexico, at the close of business, Oct. 31, 1914.

Table showing financial details: RESOURCES: Loans and Discounts \$102,735.84; Overdrafts, secured and unsecured 3,039.29; U. S. Bonds to secure circulation 25,000.00; Stock in Federal Reserve Bank \$200.00; Banking House, Furniture and Fixtures 7,000.00; Other Real Estate Owned 3,030.00; Due from National Banks (Not reserve agents) 8,378.52; Due from state and private banks and bankers, Trust Companies and Savings Banks 312.38; Due from approved Reserve Agents in Central Reserve Cities \$12,808.28; in other Reserve Cities 13,808.28; Exchanges for Clearing House 245.98; Notes of other National Banks 480.00; Fractional Paper Currency, Nickels and Cents 9.51; Special 7,924.20; Loan Under Notes - 70.90; Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation) 1,250.00; Total 174,499.40. LIABILITIES: Capital Stock paid in 25,000.00; Surplus fund 5,000.00; Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid 1,625.82; National Bank Notes outstanding 25,000.00; Due to other National Banks; Due to trust companies and Savings Banks 1.41.

The First National Bank OF PORTALES Capital, Surplus and Undivided profits \$80,000 A CONVENIENT METHOD Of paying current expenses is to maintain a checking account with the First National bank and drawing checks for your bills.

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The Portales Lumber Company FOR ALL KINDS OF BUILDING MATERIALS G. W. Carr, . . . Manager.

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Agents for Eclipse and Daisy WINDMILLS None better were ever made.

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