

The Terry County Herald

VOL. 6.

BROWNFIELD, TERRY COUNTY, TEXAS, THURSDAY, SEPT. 1 1910.

NO 22

NIGGER-HEAD COAL

Our bins are full of coal.---We want to fill yours before the prices advance any higher. Remember We handle rock salt, Post, Wire, and all kinds of Grain. New wagon yard.

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County

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WE WANT YOUR BUSINESS

Don't Tote Fair With A. & M. College.

The A. and M. College of Texas was established in 1876 as a "land grant College" of the Federal Government—that is Congress passed an act in 1862 granting public land to each state that would establish a College for teaching agriculture and the mechanic arts and military science, the grant being thirty thousand acres for each member of congress, house and senate. At that time Texas had four members of the house and two members of the senate and was awarded 180,000 acres of land. This became the permanent endowment of the College, and was received by the state in form of land scrip for 180,000 acres; was sold at 87 cents on the dollar and realized \$156,000. The full amount was invested in Gold Frontier defense bonds issued by the state, the bonds purchased amounting to \$174,000.

That then became the principal amount, and is the only permanent endowment of the College, yielding now about \$12,000 a year. The A. & M. College of Texas was a running institution when the constitution of 1876 was adopted, but that constitution provided for a "University of the First class", and created an endowment of a million acres of land for its support. The member of the constitutional convention from Brazos county—Mr. Davis—thinking to get for the A. and M. College a part of the million acres, offered a provision that the A. and M. College be a "branch of the University of Texas". That was adopted and became effective as against the College instead of to its benefit. The A. and M. College was seven years of age when the University was established.

In 1885 the following statement was drawn up:

Amounts expended:
University of Texas
1881 to June 1885 \$199,166.85
Annual average 49,791.71
A. & M. College 1871 to 1885, all sources 409,307.44
Annual averages fourteen years 29,236.24
A. & M. College from state appropriation 268,787.44
An annual average 19,189.10
Of the above amount of nineteen thousand dollars annual average, there was charged against the College about \$2000 which was given to "state students" who were appointed to scholarships during the first years of the College, which amount could not rightly be charged against the College. The scholarship system has long since been abandoned.

From 1876 to 1885 the A. and M. College received from the University fund of a million acres of land only \$40,000. It has since not received any of this fund.

Report of the Commissioner of Education, of the Federal government for 1908, which is the last one available, and the figures in which are about the same as re-

gards Texas as now, shows the following comparative statement in regard to the University of Texas and the A. & M. College.

	University A. & M. C. of Texas.	
From Productive funds	\$ 131,903	\$ 13,280
For increase of plant from state	-----	103,200
For Current expenses from state	105,500	74,085
From United States Government	-----	55,250
From all other sources	935	4,115
Value of grounds	55,000	55,000
Value of Buildings	631,000	600,000
Amount of endowment funds	2,050,000	209,000

It will be seen by the above table that the University endowment completely overshadows the Endowment of the A. & M. College: that the A. & M. College has no state endowment whatever, while the University has an endowment from the state of the value now of more than two million dollars.

The war department recognized the high standard of the curriculum of the A. & M. College of Texas, and placed it in the class of "distinguished institutions" only ten of which designated by the secretary of war. This gives the right of the President of the College to appoint one principal and one alternate to the United States Army, with the same rank as the four year graduate of West Point.

The A. & M. College needs to be a separate institution from the University, it needs a direct tax for increase of plant, so that more dormitories may be constructed and more students cared for; it needs more administration buildings. The College has 2416 acres of land.

With proper accommodations the attendance can be made fifteen hundred.

The Democratic State convention in Galveston last week, included in a part of the platform, a demand for the separation of the two institutions.

A winter course for practical farmers has been established by the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, which will commence in January and will continue for six weeks.

The purpose of this course is to give the benefit of instruction in the modern methods of scientific agriculture engaged in the work. The course will be so arranged that instruction in Agriculture, Horticulture, Veterinary Science, Animal Husbandry and Dairying will be given without conflict. Names are now being enrolled for this Farmer's Course.

On Good Roads.

Sherman, Texas, August 12—A copy of the Beaumont Enterprise containing an editorial on Good Roads was handed R. E. Smith, of this city, by a representative

of the Texas Commercial Secretaries Association for his comments. Mr. Smith is one of the best known farmers in Texas and is one of the largest growers of alfalfa in the United States. Mr. Smith was president of the good Roads Association for a number of years and has done more to develop Texas than the last half dozen sessions of the legislature. The editorial follows:

"The Texas Commercial Secretaries have purchased a set of good road models and will present them to the State Agricultural and Mechanical College. Perhaps if Texas would have fewer legislative sessions with their accompanying expense, it would be able to supply its institutions with these things itself. As it is, only \$500 was available in the college fund for good road purposes."

"The editor of the Enterprise plowed a straight furrow that time," said the Grayson county farmer. "We have already had the 31st legislature in session five months and it is still grinding and it has cost close on to \$20,000 in mileage and per diem not to mention the intangible damage in the way of business disturbances, etc., and this money put into a department of public highways would result in circling the state with macadam highways," said the apostle of Good Roads. "From a business standpoint, the mud holes of Texas constitutes about as great an emergency as the Fire Insurance matter or the penitentiaries reform. Most men keep out of the penitentiary and we could get along without insurance, but everybody uses the public highways and I, for one, think we had better stop making laws and build roads for awhile," said the Alfalfa King.

Make Garden Snakes Work.

A new use for snakes was discovered on the farm of Hon. Samuel K. McLaughlin, a few miles east of Cadiz, Ohio, by Charles Albright, a farmer. He saw a garden snake coil about a potato plant near him, and killed it.

He was surprised in a few moments to see another snake coiled about the top of a plant in another row and being curious to know what the snake was doing in such a position, he watched for a few moments, and was rewarded by seeing the snake gather the potato bugs from all over the plant and eat them with apparent relish. He allowed this snake to have freedom and he says there would be work for quite a little army of these reptiles in his potato field.

Many farmers refuse to allow snakes of any kind found in this section to be killed, as they declare they destroy hundreds of field mice rats and even ground squirrels, that are such a pest to farmers in destroying grain of different kinds at different seasons of the year.—New York World

TERRY COUNTY HERALD

A. J. STRICKLIN

Editor and Proprietor,
Brownfield - - - Texas

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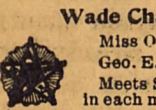
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BROWNFIELD CHAPTER, NO. 306, R. A. M.
W. R. Spencer.....High Priest
Geo. E. Tiernan.....Secretary
Meets 2nd Saturday after the full moon in each lunar month



Officers of BROWNFIELD LODGE A. F. & A. M. No. 903.
J. W. Ellis.....W. M.
H. H. Longbrock.....Secretary
Lodge meets Saturday before the full moon in each lunar month at 4 p m



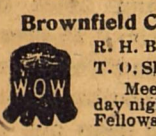
Wade Chapter 317 O. E. S.
Miss Orell Harris, W. M.
Geo. E. Tiernan, Secretary.
Meets Saturday before the full moon in each month at Masonic Hall



Brownfield Lodge No. 530 I. O. O. F.
W. J. A. Parker, N. G.
J. F. Winston, Secty.
Meets every Friday in Odd Fellows Hall.



BROWNFIELD REBEKAH LODGE NO. 329.
Meets the 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of each month at the I O O F Hall at 7.30 p m
Mrs. R. H. Banowsky, N. G.
Miss Annie Hamilton, sec.



Brownfield Camp No. 1989 W O W
R. H. Banowsky, U. C.
T. O. Shelton, Sec.
Meets every 1st and 3rd Saturday night in each month in the Odd Fellows Hall

Fall gardening is a profitable and almost sure proposition on the Plains, providing you sow the right kind of seed, though there is a little insect called the flying-flee that plays havoc with one's mustard and turnips. Surely there is a remedy for their extermination and we would be pleased to hear some experienced insect warrior till his experience through the columns of the Herald.

The sooner people learn that it requires work to produce, corn, maize and cotton in Terry county just the same as it does in any other county, it will be that much better for them and the county in general. The idea that has been handed out for several year that all you've got to do is plant and harrow, has been exploded. The man that works is the man who makes. It requires intensive instead of extensive farming here just like it does in anywhere else in the world.

It is announced that the Old Soldiers Reunion, and the Terry County Fair will convene together at Gomez, Sept. 26 and 27, and the good people of that little city promise you a good time should you attend, and you ought to attend, not only in honor of the old Vets., but also because you are likely to see some of Terry county's products that would be worth going miles to see. There will be plenty of speechmaking, war reminiscences and other diversions to numerous to mention, to divert ones mind from the ever day occurrences to two full

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days of pleasure and enjoyment. Besides all this one will be able to see the best samples from the fields, gardens and pastures of old Terry county, and that is saying something. By all means you should attend this grand combined celebration.

The Beacon Man Marries.

Just to keep you posted as to the whereabouts of the Beacon man during a recent trip away, the announcement is made here that on Monday evening at 8:20 o'clock he was united in marriage to Miss Minnie Earle Hill, of Llano county, Texas, and arrived home last evening in time to look out for the issue of the last pages of the Beacon. Doubtless this announcement may be rather a surprise to many of the Beacon man's friends, but it is a fact, nevertheless, and he, as well as Mrs. Beacon, are ready to receive the hearty congratulations of the craft generally, and friends in particular.—Lockney Beacon.

Well you and Mrs. Beacon certainly have our congratulations and we predict a great future for the Beacon under the new assistant editor. We know what we are talking about, because we brought in a new boss some two months ago, and immediately had to add two more pages.

Farm Products.

One day last week we were invited into the land office of Duke & Johnson to behold a display of farm products, produced by W. H. Proctor, one of Terry county's young but substantial farmers. Among the display we noticed the staple maize, cotton and melons.

The maize was equal or better than we have seen in Central West Texas in their most seasonable years, and proves beyond a doubt that it is the one sure crop for the Plains and it is bound to make our country famous some day in the not distant future, because it, like cotton seed is just now being appreciated by humanity and will no doubt some day be classed with such grain as corn and wheat.

The cotton was large, well formed and thrifty, showing no apparent effect of the recent drouth. One stalk contained 40 large bolls. We know of another cotton patch not one thousand miles from Brownfield that would have made one-fourth to

one-third bales per acre had it had half a chance. It looks as if it was never thinned, and was plowed at just once. The farmer? is now in other climes and the cotton will not receive any more attention. If it had only been worked half like it is in Central Texas, but it was not, and therefore it will push it to make an eighth of a bale per acre. But we have diverted from our subject. The mellons were big old pious looking rascals that would tempt the palate of most common mortals—country editor not barred.

Just give old Terry half a chance and she will pay you for the trouble. Until people learn that it takes work here just the same as it did in old Van Zandt, they will fail and will have to hike back to the sticks, crabgrass, mesquitoses and chills.

Just Explains Itself.

Some two weeks ago we noticed that Uncle Charley Lyon was busily engaged in making a large table, and thinking perhaps that the hotel was contemplating installing a new grub rack, we made some enquiries and found that the table was intended for no other than Geo. Smith. It was then a question what he wanted with such a monstrous table, but we learned this week from a cause which is self explanatory. He brought the editor a sack of the tenderest and most delicious beans we have masticated this year, and we know he has plenty of other good things to eat. Hence the large table.

N. B. The good lady was the one who sent the beans, however, and we believe she did most towards raising them.

Novelty Shower.

The Maids and Matrons Club entertained Miss Irene Copeland with a Novelty Shower on Wednesday evening at the home of Mrs. W. A. Bell.

She received many useful and beautiful little gifts. A brief history of her life was given by Mrs. Spencer. The glasses were filled and toasts given to the people of Brownfield and to the absent groom—to be. Refreshments of ice cream and cake were served.

We have the most complete stock on the Plains. We buy in large quantities, hence can save you money Eclipse and Star Windmills, Pipe, Casing Cylinders and all water supply material. Jno. Deere Implements, McCormick and Deering Binders, Mowers and Rakes. Make our store your headquarters when in Lubbock,

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Local and Personals

About things that have occurred, will occur,
or is likely to occur

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Alexander moved to Lubbock this week.

Lee Walker will move his family into the Holden place in order to be near our excellent public school.

Mr. John Mabry, of New Mexico is visiting his sister, Mrs. Chas. Copeland, of Brownfield.

Mrs. J. M. Jinkins, who sold her section of land in the western part of the county, is spending the week in Brownfield.

Mr. Couch, post master at Glen Park, Yoakum county, was looking after business in Brownfield Monday.

Mr. Easten Woffarth, of Lubbock, and at one time a ranchman in this county, was here the first of the week, prospecting for fat cows.

Brownfield is being visited by a large number of Baptist preachers, who are attending the South Plains Association now in session here.

FOR SALE: Ten young mules five 2 years, and five 3 years old. Also six work mules on fine grass. Fine condition and fat. See J. W. Cone, Plains Texas.

Billie Bryant and Dr. Day, and Mr. Pery and son, Biggins, were representing the Groves Chapel neighborhood in Brownfield this week.

Gus Farrar returned to Brownfield one day last week, after spending vacation with home folks in Nolan county. Guss says Terry county looks good beside that county

H. H. Longbreak sold his residence on the heights to Dock Walker this week who is moving to town for the benefit of our school.

Ed Neill and wife came in this week from their bonus in Yoakum county. Ed says grass sure is fine out there almost high enough to mow.

H. H. Longbreak has bought the Joe Lane property on the heights, and has moved his family into it. Uncle Billie Byrd will occupy the Cordill property temporarily.

A called meeting of the Home Mission society to meet at the Methodist Church at 4 p. m. Monday afternoon. The members are requested to be present.

Another great baseball game was played on the local diamonds Wednesday afternoon, several of the business men closing their places of business to attend. The score stood 15 to 16 in favor of the large boys.

Uncle Thomas DeShazo, of Gomez, is moving his family over to Brownfield this week. Uncle Tom will occupy his concrete house in the western part of town. Uncle Tom and Aunt Lou are excellent neighbors and we certainly welcome them to our little city.

Will Adams, of Gomez, and a member of the firm of Adams-Holgate Hardware Co., of that city, purchased Joe Lane's interest in the Brownfield Hardware Co., this week. We certainly welcome Will to town, and hope the company will flourish more in the future with his able assist-

ance than it has done in the past. We are glad to announce that H. H. Longbreak will remain with the firm. Joe will push the cattle business in the future.

WANTED—Land from \$1.25 to \$10. per acre, from owners only. I advertise extensively and have many buyers. I can sell your land if cheap. I don't ask exclusive right to sell. Send postal card for listing blanks. J. J. Snyder, Austin, Texas. Reference, Austin National Bank. tf

Mr. E. M. Woods, of Smith county, has purchased the two section place belonging to Mrs. J. M. Jinkins. We failed to learn the exact figures of the transaction, but we understand that Mrs. Jinkins received a handsome price considering her distance from town, etc. Mr. Woods will move his family up here in the immediate future.

Probably three of the largest men met in Brownfield Monday morning that ever met here. They were Mr. Martin, of Nolan county, Mr. William Brownfield, of Sterling City, and Neil H. Bigger of Yoakum county. Mr. Martin weighed 227; Mr. Brownfield 250 and Mr. Bigger weighed 225. A total of the three men is 702 pounds, or as large as five ordinary men.

Will Alf Bell, cashier of the Brownfield State Bank, went to Midland last week returning this week. He reports things in a bad condition down that way. He says there are planter tracts still in the field to show that there has not been rain enough to spoil them out. People are forced to leave, which is a blow to that country. Mr. Bell was visiting his brother-in-law, S. A. Hawkins and family, who was a candidate for lieutenant Governor.

The Commissioners Court met last Monday and let a contract to grade the public road leading to Plains to the Yoakum county

line. The contract was awarded to Mr. Copeland who lives on the Plains road, about ten miles west of Gomez, and provides that the sand is to be scraped off to the solid earth and the grubs taken out of the road. Now, if the Yoakum county Commissioners will do as much as ours have done we will have a good wagon road to Plains, Bronco and other points west.

Irrigation on the Plains.

Length and breadth, from one side to the other, the great Texas Plains and in our sister Territory to our west, plans are being formulated or are already formed to irrigate on a large scale.

At Portales, N. M., will in the near future be turning the contents of 70 wells on several thousand acres of land that will make them real garden spots, and enhance their value beyond belief, and just across the line at Hereford several private individuals are pumping wells on a small scale with wonderful success. Lubbock, our neighboring county to the northeast, not to be out done in developments, has plans under consideration to test the amount of water that it is possible to obtain at a reasonable depth, and should there be sufficient water to pay, no doubt a great irrigation company will be formed up there for the purpose of irrigating a large territory. Should these projects prove pay dirt, other places will follow suit in quick succession until these whole Plains will be classed as one of the wonders of the world.

It is generally believed that an inexhaustible supply of water underlies Terry county, and we have no doubt that there is, and we should not be behind the rest of our neighbors in any substantial development. Irrigation is a great thing if properly conducted, as one is able to make a crop rain or shine. We have on our desk a copy of the Texas Year

Book of 1909, that contains a chapter on scientific irrigation that is the most complete treatise we have ever seen, crunched in so few words. The only pity is that there was not enough copies published by the Department to furnish enough of these valuable books for every farmer in the "so called" semi arid districts. We will publish this particular chapter in the Herald in the immediate future, and we want every farmer in the county to read it.

The all wise Creator did not put all this wide expanse of virgin soil just as level and pretty as one could think about, here for nothing. He surely aimed that some day, when the crowded multitudes in the east had jamed as much as possible that there should still remain a practically unsettled country where they might go and make a pleasant home. With agriculture becoming a highly developed science, it only remains for us to wait for the very near future to disclose to our near but astonished vision the grand things that have waited our coming.

Special Notice.

Anyone knowing themselves to be indebted to the Brownfield Hardware Co., will please call and settle at once, as the business has changed hands.

Brownfield Hardware Co.

60 YEARS EXPERIENCE

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A Pleasant Trip.

For some time Mrs. Herald and the editor have been contemplating a trip to the pleasant home of Mr. and Mrs. Rob't Forrester, who lives just across the line in Lynn county, and last Saturday night they came in after us in a large canvas covered hack. We started early Sunday morning and were joined enroute by the editor's "devil," Misses Frankie Gentry and Etta Kinaad, which made a crowd of as lively young people as one generally runs into. Arriving at J. W. Black's, we had to talk awhile, and then over to Happy (Fred) Heine's we stopped long enough to try and make a hole in his large peach orchard, but soon gave it up in disgust as every tree is loaded from bottom to top. The next place of importance which we wish to make note is Salt Lake, situated on the line of Terry and Lynn counties. This is a very large, deep lake, covering near four sections of land, the bottom of which is covered with glittering masses of salt and alkali. Our journey lay over two miles around the rim of this famous lake, and Mr. Forrester explained that the lake sometimes contained lots of water, while at other times it would be almost dry, as in this instance. There seems to be innumerable seeps underneath that furnish the lake with water at different changes of weather. The vegetation is a coarse salt grass that grows in abundance about the banks. Such minerals as isingsalt is found in the banks which glitters like diamonds in the sun. Water in the immediate vicinity of this lake is not fit for use. About 3 p. m. we rolled into the hospitable home of the Forresters, as hungry as garillos, but we had cooks along too numerous to mention and before we could hardly realize that time had passed, a steaming hot dinner, fit for a king, and almost too good for a country editor, was spread before us. We men spent the balance of the afternoon in driving over the beautiful rolling prairie which is covered with a long shaggy coat of green, while the ladies, after procuring another fresh team went to Meadow to preaching, which is twelve miles distant, and did not return until the men had all long since retired to slumberland. Now people back east think going to preaching 12 miles is something extraordinary. Not so with people who have been raised on the frontier. These people attended protracted meeting at Meadow every night last week.

After viewing the crop next morning which is extra good considering the extremely dry year, we hit the road for home, arriving in Brownfield at 5 p. m., having had one of the most pleasant journeys, the biggest times, and devouring more good grub in the same length of time than ever before.

Meadow Meeting.

The Methodist meeting at Meadow, is said by the people to be the best in the history of that place, all things considered. Rev. D. B. Doak, pastor of the Methodist church at Tahoka, did the preaching. It was a simple old gospel of rewards and punishments. There were between 20 and 25 conversions and reclama-

tions. Old grudges were done away with, misunderstandings were healed; and the church and community toned up and strengthened spiritually and morally. To God be all the praise.

The 3rd Quarterly Conference for Brownfield charge meets at Meadow next Saturday, and Sunday. Rev. G. S. Hardy, will be with us. You are cordially invited.

V. H. Trammell, P. C.

Marriage Announcement.

Mr. and Mrs. W. N. Copeland announced the marriage of their daughter, Miss Irene, this week, to Mr. Manion Cosby, of Lubbock, Texas. The nuptial ceremony will take place at the home of the bride on Wednesday evening September the 7th, at 8:30 o'clock.



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REMINGTON genius combined safety and shooting comfort in the Auto-loading Shotgun. The Remington Solid Breech Hammerless Idea places a wall of thick solid steel between your face and the smoke powder. The solid does all the work of reloading. You have five shots under control of trigger finger, giving three shots to get cripples which otherwise would die unrecovered. In the Remington Auto-loading Gun you get the most up-to-date and modern ideas embodied in any gun in the world, yet the price is moderate. If your dealer can't show one, write us for catalogue.

THE REMINGTON ARMS COMPANY, Union, N. Y.
Agency, 315 Broadway, New York City

RATIONS FOR THE CALF.

Feeding the Youngsters Too Early May Prove Injurious.

It is well to leave the calf by itself for at least twelve hours and, in case the calf has run with its mother for several days, possibly twenty-four hours. Attempts to feed the calf earlier than this usually do the calf no good and may injure the feeder's temper. Such is the opinion of an authority on dairy matters. If the calf's muzzle is held in the milk and its mouth pried open once so that it tastes the milk it will drink without the feeder being obliged to place his hand in the milk and allow the calf to suck his finger.

The calf is unable to handle hay or grain until it is a week or ten days old. During this period it is not wise to try to feed skim milk. At first the whole milk should be fed three times a day—four pounds in the morning, two pounds at noon and four pounds at night—at blood temperature. In about a week or ten days the calf can be fed twice daily. During this time the allowance of whole milk can be gradually increased to about twelve pounds. This amount depends somewhat on its ability to handle increased quantities.

The stomach of the young calf is very delicate, and all changes should be made gradually. When about two weeks the calf, if a strong, vigorous one, can be gradually changed to skim milk. During the first day decrease the amount of whole milk one pound and add one pound of skim milk, and so on each day until the change is complete. Previous to this the calf should have a little grain (corn or Kafir corn meal or a little mixture of both) placed in its mouth immediately after drinking its milk. In this way it gets a taste of the grain and will soon go to the feed boxes and eat with a relish.

After the change to skim milk is completed the amount may be gradually

increased as fast as the calf is able to consume it without scouring. Care must be taken not to increase too rapidly. The calf is a greedy animal and will appear more hungry after drinking its milk than before, and if given too much it will soon be on the sick list. The milk fed should be weighed or measured at each feeding. Our experience has been that a calf three to five weeks of age can be fed from ten to twelve pounds daily, from seven to eight weeks old fourteen to sixteen pounds, and when three to five months of age can be fed eighteen to twenty pounds of milk. The milk should always be fed warm and sweet.

FOR CHURNING RESULTS.

Close Attention Always Necessary to Realize the Best.

There can be no definite rule laid down as to the temperature at which the cream should be churned, as different creams require different temperatures. The fat is in the form of microscopic globules, and they must have a certain degree of softness if they are to unite.

When the cream enters the churn that is properly ripened and contains 26 to 30 per cent fat the temperature should be such that the cream will churn in thirty to forty-five minutes. This will give an exhaustive churning and leave the butter in a condition in which it can be easily handled without injuring the texture.

Before putting the cream in the churn the churn should be thoroughly scalded and as thoroughly chilled with cold water. The advantage of this is that it will freshen the churn and fill the pores in the wood, so that the cream and butter will not stick to it.

The outside temperature of the churning room should be as nearly as possible the same as the churning temperature. If it is warm the cream will warm up rapidly and the butter will likely be soft and will require more washing to remove the buttermilk.

It is useless to lower the cream rapidly to the churning point just before churning. It should be there at least two hours before churning. The reason for this is that fat is a slow conductor of the heat and although the serum has cooled and the thermometer reads the right temperature, the fat has not actually reached it, and the results would be the same as if churned at an actually higher degree.

THE HORSEMAN

Don't Whip or Jerk the Horse.

It is a shame to whip or jerk a skittish horse that has shied or been frightened by an unusual obstacle. Soothe him rather than try to unnerve him.

Wash For Horse Lice.

For lice on horses take half a pint of kerosene in two gallons of water and wash the horse with this twice, with an interval of two or three days between the applications.

Ruining a Spirited Animal.

A spirited horse will in the end be made slow and spiritless by constant nagging, twitching of lines, peevish urging and other wearing processes that fretful drivers practice.

Excellence of Hay.

A colt or horse will live and develop on good hay alone, but he will thrive better upon a two-thirds ration of hay and the rest straw. A ration of oats given with these will be all the better.

Rolling Scratching Horses.

After a hard day's work in the field the horses will enjoy a few moments to roll in the yard about the straw pile. Your horses will scratch themselves more in five minutes by rolling than you can do with a currycomb in thirty minutes.

The hedgehog is an entirely harmless animal and has this to commend him—that his bill of fare for a day includes three or four gophers or gray ground squirrels. This should entitle him to immunity from wanton slaughter.

Air slaked lime and common finely pulverized road dirt are said to be effective destroyers of the cabbage worm when sprinkled over them liberally. Water at a temperature of 130 to 150 degrees F. will also kill the worms and not injure the cabbages.

Horses will greatly appreciate the range of a yard or paddock during the warm summer nights, where a manger and feed box can easily be fixed for them and where they can roll and loaf to their hearts' content. The horses will appreciate the coolness and freshness of the night air.

Some one asks, Does it pay to take a hoe into the cornfield? If the hoe is knife sharp and you use it vigorously to destroy the stray weeds along the row it pays well. Should you be one of those fellows who write the average stuff about the man with the hoe you had better take a typewriter.

Professional Cards.

W. D. BENSON
Attorney At Law
Lubbock, Texas
Will practice in all courts of Terry County.

G. E. LOCKHART
ATT'Y.-AT-LAW
Gomez - - Texas.

Furniture & Undertaking
W. E. ROBINSON
Funeral Director and Embalmer
Lubbock Tex. — Tahoka Tex.

SEE
Jack Drinkard
About keeping your wind mill in repair. He has the tools and knows his business.

R. W. Glover
GOMEZ TEXAS
Hotel Livery Barn
First-class meal and beds. Rates \$1 per day. Meals 35c. We keep the cheapest rigs in the county.

Dr. J. W. Ellis,
Physician and Surgeon
Office at Randal Drug Store.
Phone: Res. No 18
Office 44
Brownfield, Texas.

GEO. W. NEILL,
Abstracter and Notary
Only complete set of abstracts in county. All title and legal matters given prompt attention.

W. R. Spencer Percy Spencer
SPENCER & SPENCER
Attorneys-At-Law
Brownfield, Terry County Texas

W. H. BLEDSOE
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in State Bank Bldg. LUBBOCK, TEX.

CITY BARBER SHOP
For
NEAT CLEAN AND EASY SHAVES
Full line of best tonics. Best massage and Shampoo going

TO THE PUBLIC

Remember we are here for business and we wish to thank you for the already liberal patronage we have received, and we hope to maintain your friendship, your confidence and a liberal share of your trade in the future.

J. T. MAY

PHONE 14

In Alexander old stand

The Herald \$1.

NEW GOODS ARE ARRIVING ALMOST DAILY

Do not think that you cannot get good goods at the right prices since the SALE has past. Just come let us show you what we still have for you. You can't afford to go to the railroad either for dry goods or groceries. Keep your money at home and help build up your own town. We appreciate your patronage.

Brownfield Mercantile Company

The Great Political Debate.

A very large crowd of citizens assembled in the district court room last Saturday afternoon to hear the debate on the question of socialism by Mr. M. A. Drinkard, socialist and Mr. F. I. Townsend, democrat. It is said that there are 400 socialists in Scurry county, and judged by the volume of cheering given Mr. Drinkard they were all there and then some. And it may be said that Mr. Townsend's friends were there in great numbers and his telling points were very vociferously applauded.

Mr. Drinkard opened the debate and devoted much of his first speech to the creation of millions of wealth and showing who produces the wealth and who now has it. He did not however, dwell upon the amount of capital invested by the corporations that made it possible for labor to find employment while producing so much wealth.

He presented the stock argument of oppression such as is always used to arouse prejudice against the wealthier classes and he set his fellow thinkers more firmly in their faith, but he did not make it plain to others just what socialism teaches. He is a ready speaker and probably the most able exponent of that doctrine in this region.

Mr. Townsend followed in a speech of much earnestness. He read from socialist books and papers which he recently purchased from a socialist publishing house. He read extracts from socialist platforms and speeches by leading socialists to show that socialism would destroy human laws, would dispense with courts and officers, and carried out to its final end would repudiate the Christian religion and establish a reign of Atheism, and that it would, in order to prevent the inheritance of wealth and fortune by children destroy the marriage relation and set up a state of Free-loveism.

Mr. Drinkard denies these tendencies and claims that socialism is the highest form of democracy. He objects to his opponent using the testimony of individuals and says if the lives, acts and expressions of individuals is to be taken as the standard by which to measure a party, he could take the records of individuals and condemn the democrat and republican parties as a set of thieves and robbers.

The speakers were fairly well matched in ability and the force and the effect of their speeches will be considered relatively strong according to which side the critic adheres to.

The socialists will consider their man made the better ment while those who agree Mr. Townsend will continue

to believe that he knocked the props from under socialism and exposed the evils of that doctrine. It is expected that there will be other discussions since the socialists have put out a county ticket here in order to test their strength in the county and Mr. Townsend proposes to meet them on any platform at any time.

How to Live 100 Years.

Lo and behold, a physician comes forward with the announcement that it is as easy as falling off a log to live to be 100 years old. He says all you have to do is don't drink alcoholic or malt liquors (we don't in Alabama), don't smoke, go to bed at 10 o'clock and get up at 6 o'clock, sleep soundly, don't worry about making money (we don't; we worry about not making it), do nothing in excess, the simple life all the time, don't get excited (we don't over do anything except elections and prize fights), eat only when you feel inclined or have the price—this has no reference to newspaper men, who never eat) and precious little then. With exception of parentheticals, this is really serious advice, and you would do well to heed it if you wish to live to the century mark. However, as for us, we wouldn't swap one hour of good, glittering time on pay night in Montgomery for a whole century of such a simple and uneventful existence.—Montgomery Advertiser.

District Sunday School Convention.

Sweetwater is making great plans for the entertainment of the great District Sunday School Convention on the 16, 17 and 18 of September. The Mineral Springs Pavilion, located at the Mineral Springs, is a pleasant place to meet, and will hold all the people who come. Sunday school workers from Fort Worth to El Paso are expected and hundreds have signified their intention of being present. The purpose of this convention is to bring helpful and inspiring messages and practical methods to the workers, which if adopted and carried out in the various Sunday schools of Texas, would increase the Sunday school membership over half a million in a year. This is no impossible undertaking. What others have done you can do. All the workers need is to know how and get a vision and this convention will surely bring it to you if you come with a willing, an anxious, a prayerful heart, a note book, pencil and Bible.

The citizens of Sweetwater extend to the readers of this paper a cordial invitation to be present and enjoy the feast of good things

on that occasion. Ask your ticket agent in regard to round trip tickets. You must come as we will expect you.—Committee.

THE DAIRYMAN

Dark Stall Weakens Calves.
A good way to make your calves sickly and weak is to keep them in a dark stall.

Churning Suggestion.
Do not fill the churn over one-third to one-half full. Give the cream room for agitation.

Stir Cream.
Cream that is being ripened should be thoroughly stirred several times before it is ready for churning.

A First Essential.
Feeding the dairy cow is one of the first things that the successful dairyman must thoroughly understand.

Test Herd For Tuberculosis.
The farmer owes it to himself to test his herd for tuberculosis. He should not wait until the disease has an opportunity to spread.

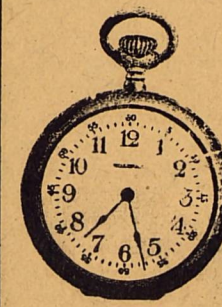
Cleanliness Pays.
Clean feeding pails, clean quarters, plenty of sunlight, fresh air and pasturage as soon as the calves are old enough will insure gratifying success.

Salt For Cattle.
Every farmer salts his cattle. It is not always provided regularly or in any particular quantity, but each owner figures that his cattle are getting sufficient salt.

Kerosene emulsion, which is an effective remedy against sucking insects, such as plant lice, red spiders and the thrips, and which will also kill the cabbage worm, is easily made, as follows: Dissolve a half pound of hard soap in a gallon of boiling water, remove from stove and add two gallons of kerosene, then churn or beat this until the oil is thoroughly mixed through the solution. Before using, this solution should be diluted to fifteen times its volume. While the solution may be applied with a fine sprinkler, much better results are had by using a small hand or power spraying outfit, as one's needs may be. The spray should be applied once a week until the pest disappears.

With peach growers of the country, sustaining an annual loss of \$5,000,000 from peach brown rot (\$1,000,000 of this in Georgia alone), they will be interested in a bulletin lately put out by the department of agriculture on the use of the self boiled lime-sulphur wash as a simple and inexpensive remedy for the trouble. Experiments which have been made seem to indicate that this remedy is also effective in checking the peach scab, which affects the peach crop in most sections east of the Rocky mountains. Being applied as it is while the trees are in leaf, great care should be taken to see that the solution is sufficiently diluted. Peach growers a few miles from where the writer lives defoliated their trees by using a lime-sulphur spray that was stronger than it should have been.

That the federal pure food law, which went into force in June, 1906, is accomplishing the object sought is shown pretty conclusively in the large number of judgments in the shape of condemnation of misbranded food products, drugs, etc., and fines assessed against guilty parties which the government has secured. The hand of the law has fallen on makers of flour, patent medicines, oils and extracts, soothing sirups and desiccated (rotten and dried) eggs. In all cases against offenders the government has aimed to promote the public health by insisting that all products offered for sale shall be clean and wholesome and sold for just exactly what they are, the facts in brief being stated on the label or wrapper of the inclosure. The pure food law is one of the most directly beneficial laws which have been put on the federal statute books in years.



CRAWFORD

The Jeweler

Watches, Clock, Jewelry, Silverware, Optical Goods, etc. Fine repairing and Engraving.

Work left at the Herald office will receive prompt attention.

Lubbock

Texas

BROOKS & LYON

Blacksmiths and Woodworkmen

To the old residenter, the above names are enough; to the newcomer we will say that, if you want your plow, wagon, carriage or buggy repaired, or any cabinet making, these men can do the job right.

One Block West of Square

Brownfield

Texas

W. R. Spencer & Co.

Land Agents

Notary

Public

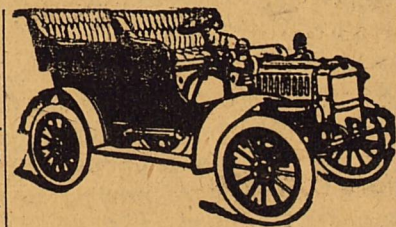
We have complete abstracts of Terry County Brownfield, Texas

Chas. Copeland

Otis Copeland

Brownfield-Lubbock

Auto



Line

For Farther Information, Call on or Write the Proprietors at Brownfield.

MOTTO: Courteous Treatment and Prompt Service.

We Run Dailey Autos.

Leaves Brownfield 8:30 am
" Lubbock 2:30 p m

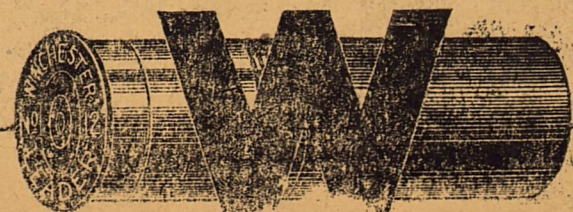
Arrives at Lubbock 11:30 a m
" at Brownfield 5:30 p m

WINCHESTER

SMOKELESS POWDER SHOTGUN SHELLS

There are more "Leader" and "Repeater" loaded shells used than any other brand. Their superior shooting is the reason why. For pattern, penetration and uniformity they are unequalled. They hold all important records and trophies. ASK YOUR DEALER FOR THE RED W BRAND.

TRADE MARK
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North Magnetic Pole.

Only the experts understand that the north pole and the north magnetic pole are two entirely different things. As a matter of fact there are few localities on the earth's surface where the compass points due north. The reason is because the north magnetic pole or area lies in the vicinity of King William's Land, just off the Arctic coast of North America in Bothia.

When this magnetic pole is between us and the north pole the compass points due north. As we go either east or west from this line it is easy to see that the compass is off to a certain degree. If we were to travel north of the magnet's pole the needle would point south, west of it the needle would point east. Sir James Ross in 1831 located the north magnetic pole approximately at a point up in Bothia. In 1903 Captain Raold Amundsen in the ship Gjoa set out on three-year expedition, relocated the magnetic pole and made the north-west passage for which the mariners have striven since the days of Henry Hudson.

Terrestrial magnetic force is different in every part of the earth's surface and is not always the same at a given point. It is subject to regular daily and yearly changes. Amundsen posted himself near the seat of the magnetic power and for nineteen months, day and night, with his party, took readings of their instruments, both inclination and declination. He also made short excursions into the regions of the magnetic pole and was able by the aid of the declination observation to prove that magnetic north pole does not have a stationary situation, but is continually moving. But the general location is where Sir James Ross first had the honor to place it.—Chicago Tribune.

Broom Corn Makes Money.

Broom corn is acknowledged as one of the big staple crops of Oklahoma. Ever since the state was opened up to settlement and the farmers began to turn its soil, this plant has been produced successfully and in paying quantities. The acreage has increased from year to year. Frank Fields, secretary of the State Board of Agriculture of Oklahoma, say that the present crop of broom corn has improved greatly in the last few weeks, the growing condition of the crop being estimated by him at 82.8 per cent compared with 79.7 last month and 74 per cent a year ago. He reports that the acreage on sod ground this year at 38.8 per cent compared with 19 per cent last year, an increase of 19.8 per cent, which is accounted for by the increased acreage of 38 per cent planted this year. This is a splendid showing.

The News is pleased to note the success of broom corn culture not only in Oklahoma, but in Texas also. It has been known ever since the beginning of the cultivation in Texas soil that broom corn is well adapted to the many parts of the state, and it is a matter of congratulation that of recent years planting has been materially increased, particularly in the Panhandle section. That country is in many respects like that in Oklahoma in which broom corn is grown with signal success, and the News is

TEXAS CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY

Notice of Special Stockholders Meeting

Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of Texas Central Railroad Company has been called by the Board of Directors of said Company to be held at the general office of the Company, in the city of Waco, Texas, on Thursday, the 22 day of September, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon, for the following purposes:

(a) to consent to, approve and authorize the creation and issue of mortgage gold bonds of the Company, to be limited to a principal amount, at any one time outstanding of not exceeding \$20,000,000 such bonds to bear interest from September 1, 1910 at such rate or rates not exceeding 6 percent per annum as said board may from time to time determine, to mature at such date as to be issuable for such lawful purposes and in such denominations as said Board may determine, such bonds to be payable both principal and interest at the office, or agency of said Company in the city of New York in gold coin of the United States of America, of or equal to the present standard of weight and fineness without deduction for any tax assessment or governmental charges which said Company may be required to pay thereon or to deduct or retain therefrom under any present or future law of the United States or any state, county, municipality, or other taxing authority therein;

(b) to consent to, approve and authorize the execution and delivery, to secure such bonds, of a mortgage and deed of trust on and of the railroads, equipment, franchises and property owned by said Company at the date of the execution and delivery of such mortgage and deed of trust or at any time thereafter used as a basis of issue of any of such bonds or their proceeds;

(c) to approve the form and terms of such mortgage and deed of trusts or to authorize said Board, in its discretion, to determine the form and terms thereof;

(d) to ratify, and confirm and to authorize and consent to any action theretofore taken or authorized by said Board and which may be submitted to the meeting, whether for the purpose of or in connection with or in contemplation of any of the matters aforesaid or otherwise; and

(e) to transact such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

The stock transfer books of the Company will be closed for such meeting on Wednesday, the 20th day of July, 1910, at 12 o'clock, noon and will be re-open on Friday, the 23rd day of September, 1910, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

Dated, Waco, Texas, July, 8th, 1910

By order of the Board of Directors.

R. H. BAKER,

PRESIDENT

S. H. McCARTNEY,

SECRETARY

glad to see that many enterprising farmers are devoting part of their land and energies to its cultivation. The News contained an article a day or so ago from the Northwestern country saying that broom factory had been compelled to shut down for lack of material upon which to work.

F. W. Mack, secretary of the Board of Trade at Sulphur Springs, who was in charge of an exhibit at the Dallas Fair last year, said at that time that the acreage planted to broom corn in that country would materially increased this year. This shows that the adaptability of Texas soil to the production of this crop is not confined to the Panhandle country by any means, since Hopkins county is not situated in North West Texas. In fact broom corn may be produced in all sections of the State.

Not only is the fact that broom corn can be grown with success Oklahoma and Texas an inducement for its production in these states, but still a greater inducement, possibly, is the fact that for the last year or two the demand for it been much greater than the supply. As a consequence the price has been extraordinarily high, ranging from \$150 to \$350 per ton, which leaves a big profit for the grower. Another inducement is that it is absolutely impossible for a trust to control absolutely the manufacture of brooms, or the price of broom corn. This is true because of the fact that it requires very little capital to put in a broom-making outfit, therefore the broom corn grower who owns a reasonable amount of land adapted to its cultivation can put in a plant of his own, raise his own material and sell his own brooms. In many places the growers act on the principle employed by fruitmen in canning their products—go into business on a co-operative plan,

and consume and sell their own material.

There is no reason why the Southwest should not soon be the center of the broom corn growing and the broom-making industry.—Dallas News.

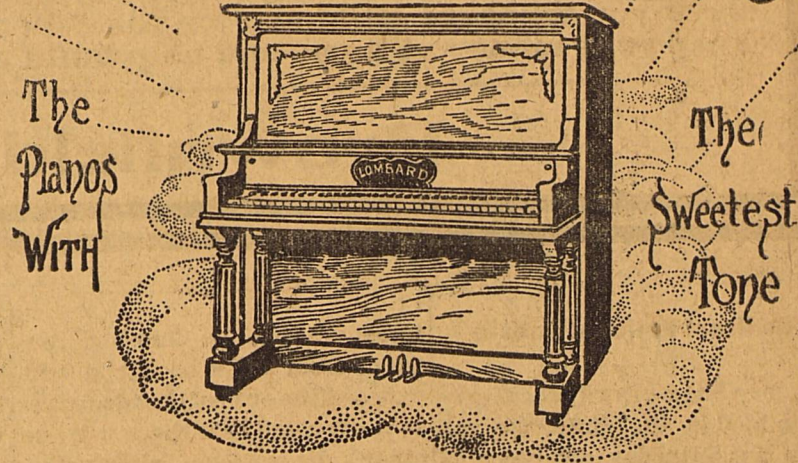
Irrigation Project at Portales, N. M.

The New Mexican called attention the other day to the great triumph that the people of Portales achieved by installing a power plant to pump water from wells for irrigation. The El Paso Herald goes into the subject further when it says:

"One of the most notable pump irrigation project in the United States is at Portales, in eastern New Mexico. One 750 horsepower Westinghouse producer gas engine is already in operation and will pump water from 47 wells already completed. A second 750 horsepower unit will be running in a day or two and the full equipment of 70 wells will be in operation by next week.

"The Portales plant is the largest irrigation pumping plant in the United States operated with producer gas. Ten thousand acres will be irrigated. Each well has a 15 or 20 horse power motor and a six inch centrifugal pump, pumping 900 gallons per minute; some of the wells have a large capacity and have tested to 1500 gallons per minute. To transmit the electric current from the power plant to the wells 60 miles of poles have been erected carrying 225 miles of copper wire. A firm of Wichita, Kan., promoted the big irrigation project and contracted for the installation of the plant."

LOMBARD PIANOS



Praised by Press and Pulpit

No Piano has ever been more enthusiastically endorsed. The Artistic Case, the Easy, Responsive Action, and above all the deep, sweet, rich Tone, captivates performer and listener. The united verdict is that

LOMBARD PIANOS ARE THE BEST IN THE WORLD !!

Mrs. Helen M. Slaker, 244 Grand Ave., Aurora, Ill., says: "I cannot find words in the English language to express my appreciation to you for having sold me such a beautiful instrument. I really think it is the most beautiful case I ever saw, and the tone is simply grand. I shall be glad to give you any testimonial, as I think the Lombard should take the lead."

Rev. Geo. Doubleday, Pres. Corpus Christi College, Galesburg, Ill., says: "We are using the Lombard in our College work at Corpus Christi, and it is a pleasure to recommend it as a beautiful instrument with a deep, sweet, rich tone."

J. W. Purviance, Editor McNairy County Independent, Selmer, Tenn., says: "The instrument (Lombard Piano) fills our most sanguine expectations. It is not only a rare beauty in its outward finish, but the tone is round, full, rich and sweet. Your firm has proven to be prompt and reliable in its dealings with me."

J. Ernest Paxson, Editor Press, Parkersburg, Pa., says: "I must say that the Lombard sent me is a beautiful instrument, and a credit to a standard firm. We are more than satisfied."

R. S. Knapp, President Federal Charter Co., Washington, D. C., says: "We now realize after a careful and comprehensive trial of the Lombard by many musical artists of Washington, that it stands second to none, regardless of price or make. Every one who has tried this instrument is enthusiastic in its praise."

These are samples of hundreds of enthusiastic letters received in every mail.

Do Not Buy a Piano Until You Have Investigated the Lombard.

We send the Lombard Piano to any reliable party on 10 days' free trial. It may be paid for by easy monthly or quarterly payments. Credit will be given to suit any honest customer. A discount allowed for all cash.

GALESBURG PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS. GALESBURG, ILL.

See the editor of this paper for further information about the Lombard Piano, and a special opportunity to get one almost FREE. Some one will get the bargain of his life.

A BARGAIN !!

If you need a good piano; one that has met and defeated the best products of the world, see the

HERALD MAN

and he will show you how you may easily and cheaply receive the bargain of your life

For WATKINS REMEDIES

and Harness and Repair Work

See Jake Johnson

Brownfield, Texas

GOOD GRUB

Is as essential to the human body as air. That is why the

HILL HOTEL

Is the place to stop. The best eatables the market affords, put up by the best cook in the state, combined with large airy rooms and thorough sanitary conditions, make this the most popular hotel on the Plains

Mrs. J. R. HILL, Proprietor

BROWNFIELD

TEXAS