

ECHOES OF THE RANGE

Weekly Compilation of Interesting Ranch and Stock News from All of the Great Range Country of Texas

IN MITCHELL COUNTY

Colorado News - Cuthbert sold John Lovelady 150 calves which the latter shipped to Fort Worth Monday.

IN WARD COUNTY

Barstow Journal. The Texas Stockman-Journal appears this week in its old newspaper form, and it is right up to the minute with stock news comment.

IN FISHER COUNTY

Roby Banner. Good rains have fallen in some portions of the county in the last few days which will do a great deal of good.

IN NOLAN COUNTY

Sweetwater Reporter. Boatright brought a couple of cars of cattle in from the ranch and shipped them to market Monday.

IN HEMPHILL COUNTY

Canadian Record. For next Saturday's shipment J. A. Hopkins bought from Humphrey & Cole one car and a half of cows at \$16, and one car and a half of steer yearlings, at \$15.

IN SAN SABA COUNTY

San Saba News. Gilp Stark of Shiloh was in San Saba last Thursday arranging the papers in a land trade with J. B. McNurlin.

IN HARTLEY COUNTY

Channing Courier. Messrs. J. B. Brown, S. A. Brown, D. Rector and J. D. Harold recently purchased ranch property, including a Louis Simmons place, and will immediately erect residences and improve their property.

IN SCURRY COUNTY

Snyder Light. F. M. German returned from Colorado last Saturday, where he spent a few days getting a survey made of the land surveying the O'Keefe ranch between Dunn and Colorado.

IN DONLEY COUNTY

Clarendon Banner-Stockman. C. E. Thornton of Memphis was here Saturday. He reports the sale by himself, father and brother to F. M. Pyle of this city and Mr. Andrews of Claude of their entire land and cattle holdings in Hall county.

IN MITCHELL COUNTY

Colorado News. Sheriff Johnson arrested a negro here Saturday wanted at Seymour on a charge of horse theft. The sheriff at that place arrived Tuesday and conveyed the prisoner back.

of 150 acres and put same on the market, as soon as it can be surveyed. This is one of the finest bodies of land in west Texas, much of it being well improved, and extending from within a mile and a half of Colorado to a line north of Dunn in Scurry county, containing about 28,000 acres.

IN HOWARD COUNTY

Big Springs Herald. Harry Abney on last Saturday sold to J. O. Bigham two cars of calves. J. Hall, Jarmon and Stokes, Colorado cow buyers, are canvassing Glasscock and Reagan counties for fat cows and steer yearlings.

IN MIDLAND COUNTY

Midland Reporter. Dr. N. H. Ellis this week sold his ranch and outfit—thirteen miles east of Midland to J. V. Stokes. The deal was closed yesterday morning, and aggregates a consideration of \$17,400.

IN DEAF SMITH COUNTY

Hereford Brand. As a slight indication of the volume of stock going out from Hereford nowadays, it should be stated that there have been orders placed for sixty cars for next Saturday's shipments.

IN SUTTON COUNTY

Sonora News. Dock Simmons sold nine mares at \$27.50 to Todd of Eldorado. Dudley Yaws bought from Rec. Thompson his blue ribbon yearling Hereford bull for \$150.

IN TOM GREEN COUNTY

San Angelo Standard. Oscar Cain shipped one car of calves and Felix Mann two cars of fat cows to St. Louis Thursday morning, with Fort Worth privileges.

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Saturday. Quite a good deal of fine grass was destroyed before the fires were extinguished. The cause of the fires not known.

IN IRION COUNTY

Sherwood Record. Roy Hudspeth has bought the August Schwabe ranch, cattle and horses.

IN IRION COUNTY

At Boston last week 425,000 pounds of Texas wool sold at 25 to 27 cents per pound. Bennett & Sons have bought 1,035 head of shearing goats at \$2.50 per head.

IN IRION COUNTY

All stock out this way will enter the winter months in very favorable condition. About twenty or thirty Mexican sheep shearers went through town forepart of the week.

IN IRION COUNTY

E. W. Bennett of Ozona has sold his entire stock of cattle, about 165 head, at \$12 per head.

IN IRION COUNTY

Will Newton has bought 1,627 stock sheep from J. N. Cobb at \$2.50 for lambs and \$3 for grown sheep.

IN IRION COUNTY

Big flocks of sheep belonging to Messrs. Shelton and Will Noelke were driven through town this week.

IN IRION COUNTY

H. A. Bagwell sold his half section ranch to P. M. Gressett of Kinnebrew county this week for \$15,000.

IN IRION COUNTY

During the thunder storm Wednesday evening, lightning set fire to the grass in Mike Sullivan's pasture and burned off a considerable area of grass.

IN IRION COUNTY

This is how a pair of big, baggy ducking overalls once saved me from serious injury. One day, in the fall of 1889, I purchased at the Montvale 'sto' of an indifferent stock, a pair of overalls which fitted my person in a very generous manner.

IN IRION COUNTY

Ed R. Smith shipped two cars of cows and one of calves, and John McKay shipped a car of young horses from San Angelo Friday.

IN IRION COUNTY

Jeff Mills has sold his two ranches, some twenty-five miles west of town, to Lewis Farr of San Angelo.

IN IRION COUNTY

Sam G. Oglesby of this city, who left week before last for California to buy bucks, telegraphs back home that he cannot buy bucks there that will suit the grade of west Texas.

IN IRION COUNTY

Mr. Schenckman, a well known stockman of Ozona, has recently arrived with a double-deck load of fine American Merino yearling bucks, which he purchased in Portland, Ore.

IN IRION COUNTY

The Angola goat industry in Texas, especially in west Texas, is growing year by year. Not only are more Angoras produced, but those in the business have been infusing new and bet-

ter blood into their flocks by the purchase of improved bucks.

IN REEVES COUNTY

Pecos Times. Sid Cowan came in yesterday morning from Fort Worth, where he went with three cars of fat cows and two cars of 4-year-old steers.

IN REEVES COUNTY

John Ware came in yesterday evening from T. Sisk's pasture, where he has just finished their first branding. John says enough rain fell in that country to put out some water.

IN REEVES COUNTY

Robert W. E. Hirst and G. H. Cato, two cattlemen ranching west of Fort Stockton in Pecos county, were here Saturday delivering a bunch of yearlings to Charley Tolle to go to his ranch along the Texas-New Mexico line.

IN REEVES COUNTY

Bud Avant, manager of the N K ranch, and Bob Couch, have bought the N K steers some 500 in number. Terms private.

IN REEVES COUNTY

Ed Stickley and Bob Haley were in from the U ranch several days of the past week looking after U land leases.

IN REEVES COUNTY

They report a good rain last Saturday over the U ranch, and up to that time the range was getting pretty dry, though cattle were fatter than they ever saw them in the mountains before.

IN REEVES COUNTY

Pink Harbert and Coleman Higgins came in Tuesday evening from the Saragosa country. They say pretty fair rain fell over that country Tuesday—sufficient to start the draws running and fill water holes.

IN REEVES COUNTY

Tom N. McKenzie, ranching in the northern part of Reeves county, was in town trading Friday and Saturday and reports the range getting a bit dry.

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THOUSANDS OF GRATEFUL MEN

Have Been Restored to Health by Dr. Terrill's Treatment



DR. J. H. TERRILL, Dallas Reliable Specialist.

Dr. Terrill has treated thousands of men with a success never before equaled by any specialist. These patients have been of all ages and all conditions of life, and many of them had previously tried almost every other treatment without deriving any benefit therefrom.

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DR. TERRILL HAS A COPYRIGHT GIVEN HIM BY THE GOVERNMENT ON A REMEDY FOR LOST MANHOOD AND SEMINAL EMISSIONS WHICH NEVER FAILS TO CURE. HE WILL GIVE A THOUSAND DOLLARS FOR ANY CASE HE TAKES AND FAILS TO CURE IF THE PATIENT WILL FOLLOW HIS INSTRUCTIONS.

Have you read Dr. Terrill's latest book, No. 7. If not, write for it today. In doing so you will not obligate yourself in any way. This book is Dr. Terrill's most recent work on the Diseases peculiar to Men and its pages abound with most valuable information to men whether afflicted or not.

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Summer tourist rates daily to Chicago, St. Louis, St. Paul, Memphis, Colorado and all important resorts.

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The L. and G. N. R. R., in connection with the Iron Mountain System, operates Four Limited Trains Daily between Texas, St. Louis and Memphis, the service being four to ten hours quicker, and 100 to 150 miles shorter.

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For complete information and descriptive literature, see I. and G. N. Agents, or write, D. J. PRICE, 2nd Vice, Pres. & Gen. Mgr., Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agent, "THE TEXAS HOAD," Palestine, Texas.

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Both sexes for sale, at Dallas Fair, from Sept. 30 to Oct. 15. Breeder—W. C. ALDRIDGE, Pittsburg, Texas.

FELIX S. FRANKLIN

LIVE STOCK AGENT, AMARILLO, TEXAS. CATTLE OF ALL CLASSES FOR SALE. I have a personal knowledge of almost every brand of cattle in western Texas. If you want to buy or sell, I will be pleased to meet you in person or by letter.

THE ARIZONA RANGE

PROENIX, Ariz., Sept. 18.—The fall shearing of sheep on the northern ranges of Arizona has begun. This clip is not nearly so extensive as the spring clip, the majority of sheep owners allowing their flocks to run with one shearing a year, which gives a better article of wool, commanding a better price.

Each of the larger rodeo parties of the southern counties are attended by one or more of the Arizona Rangers, who have an eye for anything that looks like crooked business with the branding iron. It is said they have caught several parties who have been "burning" over brands.

The premium list on cattle at the Territorial Fair includes all classes of Shorthorns, Herefords, Aberdeen-Angus and Galloways, Holsteins, Jerseys and Guernseys, with special premiums for herds of each breed and for the best grade fat cattle. This department will be in charge of Watson Pickrell of Tempe.

Shipments of sheep from northern Arizona points to the Kansas City market continues with some regularity, although the greater part of the marketable stuff went forward during July and August, and for which very flattering prices were received.

W. W. Cook, ex-sheriff of Maricopa county has been appointed superintendent of the horse department of the Territorial Fair, and a better selection could not have been made. Mr. Cook is an energetic man and will devote much of his time to seeing that the department is second to none at the big show, which comes off the first week of December.

The live stock outlook throughout Arizona has not been so flattering for many years as it is right now. There is a greater crop of wild flowers and weeds this year all over the country than has ever been seen before, and the same can be said of the native grasses. Cattle are in excellent shape and beef is being sold right off the ranges to the local markets.

The order of Indian Agent M. M. Murphy, governing the crossing of the Navajo reservation by sheep from the Utah country, referred to in these columns last week, will affect about fifty thousand head of sheep which have been contracted for for fall delivery in Arizona, mainly in the district lying east of Flagstaff.

Dr. Ray, Osteopath, Fort Worth National Bank building, Fort Worth, Texas. Prices for good short-haired hides are now claimed to be higher than for twenty years past.

THE W. H. POMEROY COMPANY

Successors to Pomerooy & Handley, "The Old Reliable."



STILL DOING BUSINESS AT THE SAME OLD PLACE. THE NATIONAL STOCK YARDS, ST. CLAIR COUNTY, ILLINOIS. (Across the Mississippi River from St. Louis, Missouri.) THE LARGEST HORSE AND MULE MARKET IN THE WORLD. We have handled more range horses and mules than any other firm in the world and have been engaged in this business for over 34 years. We sell either at auction or at private sale, as preferred. Range horses and mules a specialty. This will be the banner year for range horses and mules. Prices are 20 per cent better and demands stronger than we know them before in the history of this market. Farmers are raising colts again and we consider this likely to be the top year. Market your colts again and we consider this sure. If you have anything to sell, write us before shipping. We are always glad to give information about the market and conditions. THE W. H. POMEROY COMPANY, National Stock Yards Illinois.

WINDMILLS
Famous for durability and pumping capacity.
This is its 52d year.

PUMPS
Every kind of hand and power pump. Manufactured by the Temple Pump Company, Canal street, 15 Street and 15 Place, Chicago, Ill.

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Steel tanks shipped in knock down that can be set up by any one.
T. R. FLEMING, MGR.

AS COMPARISONS ARE TO OUR ADVANTAGE, WE CAN AFFORD TO ENCOURAGE THEM.

THROUGH THE TEXAS PANHANDLE.

SAVES PATRONS 300 MILES IN VISITING "COOL COLORADO" LEWIS & CLARK EXPOSITION, YELLOWSTONE NATIONAL PARK, AND FORT WORTH, TEXAS.

IT'S SERVICE SPEAKS FOR ITSELF.

FURTHER FACTS YOUR REQUEST A. A. GLEISSON, G.P.A. FORT WORTH, TEXAS.

MIDLAND COUNTRY MAKING CHANGES

People Turning to Stock Farming and Cotton Gins Are Being Erected

MIDLAND, Texas, Sept. 15.—Under the new law, prospectors are on the alert for new homes, but to their great disappointment the golden gate has been closed and their expectations frustrated. The lands that have come on the market have already been taken up or handicapped so that the sign is hung on the gates "No Applicant Need Apply." Land in the great west has become so valuable that the poor man, if he buys at present prices, must experience that eternal fate that has robbed thousands who have left their rural homes in the east for the west, only to return to their former haunts bankrupt. We deplore the outrageous prices asked by the squatters for their slim claims for the state 11 per acre in forty years, and in less than half a century are asking \$5. Sometimes suckers are found who nibble and swallow the bait, so that when the drought does come, as it has come for the past twenty years, they give the original owner all the improvements and money paid on the land.

West Texas is now undergoing a change. How long it will last cannot be predicted, but it is a fact that it will last until the lucky owner of the soil will be able to exchange this ownership for cash. From 1884 to 1886 these plains were considered the best prospective field for investment. Corn, wheat and all kinds of garden truck were profitably grown, and four and five dollars per acre was paid for land in Midland and Marly counties. Five hundred dollars bonus was paid on sections of school land, which in 1887-88 reverted to the state and afterward sold at \$1 per acre. Now comes the time with no demand. Now come speculators to the front and again these lands in this prosperous year are being put out of the reach of the homesteader and into the control of the speculator. The land barons are in it, but the poor homeless and landless ones will be the sufferers.

The recent dry and hot spell began to have a falling effect on the mother cows in the range of this section. The milk was beginning to be short and the calves were beginning to lose in weight, and many high priced calves had to be shipped to market. The hot, calm, dry August weather caused much shrinkage in cattle, as the tanks and water holes were nearly empty, and were totally dry. Horse power and gasoline engines were run night and day to furnish water to the thirsty herds. The late rains have rapidly dissipated these conditions, and the prospect for good winter grass is very fine. Cattle are in good shape and prices are so good that they merit a stimulating effect on the local market. The feed crops are so good that there is a prospect that there will be a hold over in feed, so that if a drought comes next year, it will find the country still fairly well provided with feed. Cotton has become a factor here, and the tillers of the soil have taken the step which has brought success to many towns locally, and a first class gin is now being erected in Midland. The seed from the cotton crop will enable our stockmen to fatten the best breeds of cattle that can not be beat anywhere.

The plains is a good stock farming country, and the man who uses it for that purpose will find the successful gain of the future. As a farming country it has not proven a success. The man with the hoe must meet with many discouragements and in the matter of drought can be overcome.

LITTLE MAVERICKS

Terse Tales of the Movements of Cattlemen All Over the Great Range Country of the Entire Southwest

STOCK FARMER INJURED
EMMA, Texas, Sept. 14.—R. M. Parrish, a stock farmer who resides in the northern part of this county, was seriously injured by the fall of a derrick of a well being drilled on his place while others were unloading it from a wagon.

BIG YEARLING SALE
W. H. Portwood of Thompson county has purchased from Sid Webb of Archer county his three year old brandling, 1,400 head of yearlings steers, to be delivered next May, at \$11 per head. The calves are to be yearlings at the time of delivery.

RANCH DEAL CLOSED
CLARENDO, Texas, Sept. 14.—T. M. Pyle has purchased the C. Thompson ranch in Pecos county, the consideration in this deal was \$28,000. By the terms of the trade Mr. Pyle gets nine sections of land, with all the stock, feed, etc., on some 2,000 acres. The ranch, which has some fine stur on it and is a valuable piece of property.

WEST TEXAS SALES
SONORA, Texas, Sept. 14.—Max Meyer, a real estate man, made the following sales: To George S. Allison and J. R. Robbins of Sutton county, for Mrs. Joseph M. Jones of San Angelo, the Jones & Belcher ranch, thirty-one sections, \$8,300; eighty-one acres deeded land, at \$2.75 per acre, leases and improvements, to the late Mrs. J. W. Hart, for A. A. Glascock and Ira Glascock, their sixteen-section ranch, twelve sections deeded land, to George S. Allison of Sutton county, for \$24,500.

PACKERS GIVE BOND
CHICAGO, Sept. 16.—Edward F. Swift, vice president of Swift & Company, and D. E. Erwin, first secretary of the same corporation, have furnished bail in the sum of \$5,000 each in connection with the indictments returned against them and other packers in this city last July by the federal grand jury. Both of the defendants, who have been absent from Chicago, are named in the indictment charging the attempt to monopolize the packing business.

SOUTH DAKOTA SHEEP
This section of the state is being fairly covered with sheep. In fact, it seems that eastern people have become fearful of banks and are putting their surplus in sheep. The prices range so high that it is like a dream. The latest sale was known of is that of I. W. Guver, who sold his lambs for \$2.75 per head, and old sheep at \$4.55 per 100 pounds, and the sheep will average over 10 cents each, making the sale at more than \$8. This is a veritable gold mine value, and will result in this section being depleted of sheep.—Pierce Capital Journal.

PRICES ARE ADVANCING
Close watching of the weather and the market in the north of the day and night feeders. A great promise of corn crops the eye throughout the central west, but when the Iowa crop service states that it will require the entire crop of September to mature all the bumper crop now filling the fields of that state it appears that there is yet some margin for apprehension. Meanwhile, the market for grain is steadily and steadily upward and grades of less value are sharing in the movement.—San Antonio Stockman.

PROFESSOR MARSHALL'S VIEWS
Professor Marshall of the Texas Experiment station, says there are two things necessary for the success of the agriculture and live stock industries of the state. First, a greater appreciation of the value of attention to details, and second, more willingness to do business on a small scale and do it thoroughly. In short, more and better farms. Professor Marshall has made a close study of the states where the above suggestions have been carried out and can furnish all the proof that a reasonable man would require.

SCABIES QUARANTINE SIFTED
WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—It having been determined by the department of agriculture that the contagious disease, known as scabies, exists to a slight extent all over practically all of the cattle country, Secretary Wilson today gave notice that the quarantine established in the following area will be removed Sept. 15: The states of Washington and Oregon; all that part of the state of Texas lying east of the 100th meridian of longitude west of Greenwich and north of the 29th parallel; and in the territory of New Mexico, San Juan, Rio Arriba, Taos, McKinney, Bernalillo, Santa Fe, Valencia, Socorro, Lincoln, Grant, Sierra Luna, Dona Ana and others in the territory of New Mexico, and all the territory of Oklahoma except the counties of Woodward and Beaver.

HAGENBARTH HAS RECOVERED
CHICAGO, Sept. 16.—Frank J. Hagenbarth, president of the National Live Stock Association, says: "THERE'S A REASON"

That's All Right, But What is It? A lady teacher in South Dakota says: "I was compelled to give up teaching for nearly four years because of the physicians called 'nervous dyspepsia.' Now I am a happy wife and mother again. I was in many respects a wreck."

"I had numerous physicians, one after another, and took many different kinds of medicine, but they did me no good. Finally, five years ago, I began to use Gran-Nuts food. I grew stronger in a very short time on the new diet, and was soon able to resume my work and teaching. I no longer use drugs of any kind, my dyspepsia has disappeared and I am a hearty woman—thanks to Gran-Nuts." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. There's a reason. Brain-work and worry take strength from the stomach and bowels. They become too weak to handle the tried meat, eggs, bacon, coffee and white bread, so, partly dressed, they decay and cause all sorts of trouble which will become chronic if continued. Then the nerves and brain grow weary for they are deprived of the nourishing elements the food must furnish to replace the soft gray filling of nerve centers and brain which is partly used up each day.

Recommendations to be acted upon at the meeting will be posted in the Exchange building Monday by Secretary John F. Grant, for inspection before the meeting. Beyond the receiving of this report nothing was done at the meeting of Saturday afternoon.

The membership of the Cattle Raisers' association of Texas shows a very satisfactory increase for the past three months, but it should be made to grow faster. Every cattleman in the south-east should at once become a member of this great organization, which is doing such telling work for the live stock interests of the country.

Stock Association was here yesterday looking fully recovered from the effects of the operation for appendicitis that he underwent at Rochester, Minn., nearly one month ago. Mr. Hagenbarth is general manager of the Wood Live Stock Company and brought his first big shipment of sheep and lambs of the season and sold about 2,000 head of choice yearlings at \$5.50, close to 1,600 head of wethers averaging close to 105 pounds at \$4.35 and 1,200 lambs at \$7.15@7.20.

J. W. Hart, one of the ranch managers of the Wood company and a member of the Idaho state senate, came in with Mr. Hagenbarth and says the range is still in excellent condition. Mr. Hart says they have passed dipping laws in Idaho during the last year that will clean out every case of sheep scab in the state and the sheep are already pretty free of disease.

COSTLY BEEF STEAK
CHEYENNE, Wyo., Sept. 16.—The highest priced steaks ever disposed of in Cheyenne have been distributed by the Hammond Packing Company at a loss of about \$475. J. W. Hammond, president and general manager of the company, owned a pedigreed Jersey cow valued at \$500. Desiring to separate the animal from her calf a few days ago, Hammond ordered her confined in one of the pens at the slaughter house of the company. Next morning a herd of beef steers were driven into the same pen with the cow. Later appeared the butcher, who, knowing nothing regarding the cow, rapped every animal in the herd on the head. When Hammond arrived at the slaughter house a few minutes later the first object to catch his eye was the carcass of his \$500 Jersey.

INSPECTION ON ARRIVAL
WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 14.—The regulations governing the inspection, disinfection, treatment, and handling and manner of delivery and shipment of live stock which is subject to interstate commerce have been extensively modified by the revocation of general orders and the substitution of others. Cattle not visibly diseased with scabies may be shipped without inspection from points in the quarantine area to any of the following recognized stock centers, but subject to inspection upon arrival: Buffalo, N. Y.; Chicago, Ill.; Cincinnati, Ohio; Cleveland, Ohio; Denver, Colo.; Fort Worth, Texas; Indianapolis, Ind.; Kansas City, Mo.; Kansas City, Kan.; Louisville, Ky.; Milwaukee, Wis.; Omaha, Neb.; Sioux City, Iowa; St. Louis, Mo.; St. Joseph, Mo., and St. Paul, Minn.

WILL BE NO DELAY
CHICAGO, Sept. 16.—Technical errors in the indictments against the packers returned by the special grand jury, it is declared, cannot delay the prosecution of the cases. If the indictments should be quashed, it is said, the packers would be again amenable to the law upon information filed immediately by the government. In view of the fact that the indictments might be found faulty, and therefore invalid, it is declared, the district attorney will be ready at a moment's notice to file informations against the packers, upon which an immediate trial can be had, which will be as effective as the present indictments for the purpose of trials.

SPLENIC FEVER IN MEXICO
CITY OF MEXICO, Sept. 14.—Not for some years has the splenic fever been so prevalent among cattle in Mexico as it is this season. Hundreds are dying on the haciendas and on the vega canal and in other parts of the federal district large numbers of cattle have been killed by the disease in the last few weeks.

This is the statement of Dr. Carlos Patschek, a veterinary surgeon, who has just returned from the Guacharachi hacienda of Luis Urquiza at Mavarato, Michoacan, where he went to vaccinate a valuable imported bull against Texas fever. This disease, the veterinarian declares, is apparently doing less damage this year than last. The haciendas are carefully observing all imported animals and a similar method of inoculation is being used to prevent splenic fever. In neither case, however, does the value of inoculation extend much over a year, so that it is supposed that each year there are a large number of non-immunes in every herd.

The Texas fever is not enough, but it is the other disease that is more dreaded just now by the cattle owners. The former is transmitted by the tick, but the germ of the latter comes from the ground. A few of the symptoms are similar, but they differ in essential points and the splenic fever is apparently much more fatal. In many cases, according to Dr. Patschek, the animal lives not more than two hours after being attacked.

STOCKMEN ARE PROTESTING
EL PASO, Texas, Sept. 13.—The new ruling of the government relative to the payment of grazing fees is meeting with much opposition among the cattlemen in the southwest, and plans are being perfected to take some kind of action looking toward a presentation of their side of the case to the authorities at Washington.

The ruling just made has special reference to cattle grazing on the forest reserve and was called forth on an issue raised concerning the Chiricahua strip in Cochise county, Arizona. It has been the custom of stockmen to use the government reserve throughout the west for grazing purposes, and during certain seasons of the year this land has been their chief dependence. In this connection it is contended that if the reserves are not used for stock purposes it simply goes to waste—and benefits no one. Further, that to have the grass kept down by the stock is a great advantage as it lessens the danger of forest fires during the dry season, which do much damage to the timber. All the forest supervisors have received official notice of the new ruling, which goes into effect after the first of next January.

It is estimated that the plan inaugurated will net the government from the southwestern reserve alone an annual income of nearly one million dollars a year. A charge of from 20 cents to 35 cents will be made per head for cattle and horses during the regular summer grazing season, and from 25 cents to 50 cents for the entire year. The charge for sheep will be from 5 cents to 8 cents for the summer season, while goats will be taxed from 8 cents to 10 cents per head.

Barnes Calf Dehorner

CALF DEHORNER
NOT AN EXPERIMENT

IT TAKES THE HORN OUT CLEAN.

Only weighs 8 oz. Simplicity itself.

Digs horns out in an instant, much quicker and deeper than the saw. Every user pronounces it a complete success. Dehors anything from 2 to 10 months of age. Should dehorn at the same time you brand. Price, postpaid, \$2.25. Money refunded if not as represented. Hundreds sold on these terms and not one yet returned. Dehorned stockmen and feeders worth from 10c to 20c per cwt. more. Address THE KANSAS CITY LIVE STOCK COM. CO., Agt., Stk. Yds., Kansas City.

A TEN-YEAR-OLD BOY CAN USE IT.

IF you are going to take a trip it would be A GOOD IDEA for you to see a representative of the

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Summer Excursion Tickets on sale daily at low rates.

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PULLMAN SLEEPERS between Houston and Austin, Waco, Fort Worth, Denver, via H. & T. C. to Fort Worth, F. W. & D. C. (The Denver Road) and Colorado & Southern to Denver. Galveston and Dallas, Denison, St. Louis via G. H. & N. to Houston, H. & T. C. to Denison and M., K. & T. to St. Louis.

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CATTLE SLAUGHTER DECREASING
In a somewhat lengthy article last week's issue of Hide and Leather discussed the comparative increase in the production of various commodities and staples of this country, and a striking discovery was found in the fact that the slaughter of food animals and the production of hides in the last decade show about the smallest increase of any production in the list, says the Drovers' Journal.

An increase of 18 per cent in population through reproduction and immigration is pointed to, an increase of 33 per cent in the wealth of the country, money in circulation being 53 per cent greater in volume and bank deposits 100 per cent more. A gain of 82 per cent in the production of gold, 77 per cent in pig iron and 30 per cent in coal is discovered by delving into the statistics of the decade ending 1904, as compared with the preceding decade.

These figures are followed by statistics for the slaughtering of cattle at Chicago and the principal markets of the west, in which it is found that the slaughter of production of various commodities and staples of this country, and a striking discovery was found in the fact that the slaughter of food animals and the production of hides in the last decade show about the smallest increase of any production in the list, says the Drovers' Journal.

question, as there are various materials that are taking the place of real leather, but which are generally more expensive in the long run than leather itself for the purpose. But without entering into any discussion of the details of the argument of the trade paper regarding a more stringent shortage in the supply of leather for future use is a most excellent one and should be convincing to the people of this country. Necessity demands an increased production of cattle for hides production hardly less than it does for the purpose of providing more abundant and cheaper meats for the rapidly swelling population of this great and growing country.

DISMEMBERING BIG RANGES
The growing demand for Texas land for farming purposes and the consequent advance in value to a point which makes good land too valuable for grazing purposes, has caused the sale of two more large ranches. H. C. Wylie of Runnels county has sold his entire ranch, comprising 13,000 acres, to a German company, consideration \$10 per acre, cash. The deal was made through C. A. Doose. It is understood that the ranch is to be cut up into 160 and 320-acre blocks and sold to German settlers.

R. K. Wylie has disposed of 11,000 acres of his 65,000-acre ranch in Runnels county to the same company on the same terms. Mr. Wylie will put all of his land on the market and expects to sell his cattle, which are high grade Shorthorns, as fast as they are fat. H. C. Wylie has between 800 and 1,000 head of high grade cattle of the same breed, which will be marketed in the near future.

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Consolidation of the Texas Stock Journal with the West Texas Stockman Published Every Tuesday by The Stockman Publishing Co., Incorporated.

H. E. C. A. McEACHIN, Editor

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Entered as second-class matter, January 6, 1904, at the postoffice at Fort Worth, Texas, under the act of congress of March 3, 1879.

Cattle Raisers' Association of Texas. OFFICERS: President—W. W. Turney, El Paso; First Vice Pres.—Ike T. Pryor, San Antonio; Second Vice Pres.—Richard Walsh, Paducah; Secretary—John T. Lytle, Fort Worth; Treasurer—S. B. Burnett, Fort Worth.

THE OFFICIAL ORGAN Fully appreciating the efforts put forth by the Stockman-Journal in furthering the interests of the cattle industry in general and the Cattle Raisers' Association of Texas in particular, and believing that said Stockman-Journal is in all respects representative of the interests of its champions, and reposing confidence in its management to in future wisely and discreetly champion the interests of the Cattle Raisers' Association of Texas, do hereby in executive meeting assembled endorse the policies of said paper, adopt it as the official organ of this Association, and commend it to the membership as such.

Done by order of the Executive Committee of the City of Fort Worth, this March 18, 1905.

TRAVELING REPRESENTATIVE Colonel C. C. Poole is the duly authorized traveling representative of this paper, and as such is full authority to collect subscription accounts and contract advertising.

TEXAS STOCKMAN-JOURNAL. It is our aim not to admit into our advertising columns any but reliable advertisers, and we believe that all the advertisements in this paper are from responsible people. If subscribers find any of them to be otherwise, they will esteem it a favor if they will advise us. We accept no "fake" or undesirable medical advertisements at any price. We intend to have a clean paper for clean advertisements. Our readers are asked to always mention The Stockman-Journal when answering any advertisements in it.

DEFENDING THE PACKERS President Michael Ryan of the Cincinnati Abattoir Company, an institution supposed to be a competitor of the so-called beef trust, recently wrote a letter to the National Cattle Raisers' Association, the same so-called beef trust, in which he assumes strong grounds against the prosecutions now being conducted by the federal government against the big packers and the National Cattle Raisers' Association. The writer is quite familiar with all branches of the meat business, and it also indicates quite clearly that he is not a layman. The writer is quite familiar with all branches of the meat business, and it also indicates quite clearly that he is not a layman. The writer is quite familiar with all branches of the meat business, and it also indicates quite clearly that he is not a layman.

Commenting on the Ryan letter, Colonel J. J. Hagerman, president of the South Spring Ranch and Cattle Company of Roswell, N. M., writes John Clay, editor of the Chicago Weekly Live Stock Report, as follows: In last issue of the Weekly Live Stock Report you quote part of Mr. Ryan's article in defense of the beef trust. I have read Mr. Ryan's article and can discover in it nothing but unimproved statements and special pleadings. He praises the Garfield report, just as you did when it came out, but judging from the action of Attorney General Moody and other law officers, it is not a very good thing. It is an entirely discredited document in the highest quarters.

The gentleman at the head of the so-called beef trust, the highest financial and general business standing, who ought to be proud of a good name. As a matter of fact they are regarded by the public as plundering law defiers. The public may be mistaken, but they may be as innocent of wrong doing as Mr. Ryan, yourself and other active defenders seem to think.

One would naturally suppose that if these gentlemen are as straight as they claim to be they would jump at the chance to prove their innocence in open court. That is the place to do it effectively. If it can be done, and the government has given them ample opportunity. If they are innocent, and not guilty of breaking or evading the laws of the land, their agents and employees, in important positions are equally so. When a good man is wrongfully accused of a crime the best possible evidence of his innocence is that he courts investigation of his acts.

Clay, who in the heat of his irritation, answers him as follows: We devote space of letters like the above. It would be impossible to print them all, far less to answer them. It seems to be the fashion at present to give vent to a lot of socialistic rantings in made into a mountain. Not the wording but the spirit of the letter comes within this category.

Mr. Ryan tells Mr. Hagerman that we are not defending the packers nor anybody else in this paper. Our endeavor is to give both sides, and for this reason we print his letter. We still hold that the packers are equally as guilty as the packers. We are not defending the packers nor anybody else in this paper. Our endeavor is to give both sides, and for this reason we print his letter. We still hold that the packers are equally as guilty as the packers.

There are no packers in the packing business just as in the ranch business, but the general average in the former industry is as high as in the latter. Personally, I think that among our Chicago packers, it is about the average, and this is said after many serious differences with them. They and their employees are daily at business. There are no signs of their going to return. Mr. Armour was in our vision last week. Mr. L. P. Swift was in "on top" to use a slang expression, every day this summer. Mr. E. E. Swift is just about to return from Europe after his business trip. All their buyers are in the saddle every day. This is the part we see in evidence.

The government gets after the beef trust with a big stick. You say that "as the public is not showing any interest in the public as plundering law defiers." We presume you are one of the public and as one of that body have invited the government at Washington to investigate and prosecute the packers. You say that "as the public is not showing any interest in the public as plundering law defiers." We presume you are one of the public and as one of that body have invited the government at Washington to investigate and prosecute the packers.

Editor Clay's rejoinder to the letter of Colonel Hagerman is just about what we would expect from a man whose sympathies are on the wrong side of the question at issue, and strike the average stockman as little short of the ridiculous. It may be true that the cattle in the hands of large corporations with ample capital to take advantage of favorable trade conditions, to call upon science to furnish the means by which they are to be avoided, and to reduce the expenses incidental to buying, handling and selling their products, has resulted in specific public benefit. But it is certainly not the most business of the country could now be handled in any other way.

The public is not protesting against any of these things, and if the Ryan and Clay method of settling for the packers is correct they have nothing to fear from the suits that are now pending against them. The people are simply showing that there still now be a show-down. There are too many interests at stake and too many sharp practices in the past to justify a policy of continued indifference either on the part of the people or the federal authorities at Washington.

From any source, except to demonstrate how well the big men in Chicago succeeded in stuffing a government employe. But Editor Clay clearly loses sight of the fact that the Garfield report did not stop the federal investigation and subsequent indictment of the packers. They were quick to interpose it as a shield, but the government went into it with its nose elevated at an angle of 45 degrees. The Garfield report has failed utterly to serve any purpose except to furnish a weak line of argument for the packers and their henchmen.

FUTURE OF CATTLE BUSINESS There are some people who seem to believe that the cattle business is on a decadent basis in Texas, but the facts do not warrant this conclusion. It is true that some great and momentous changes have occurred in the live stock industry during the past few years, but when we come to figure on the real facts in the situation it is apparent that there is nothing that should create the impression that this great industry is in a sore and yellow leaf. Men are going out of the cattle business now, just as men have been going out of the cattle business as far back as the mind of man runneth, but men are also engaging in the cattle business, and the men who are engaging in the cattle business in this day and time are pursuing a different way from the methods in vogue in the past.

The fact that there is constant shortening of the Texas range has given rise to the impression that the cattle industry is passing from the state, and that a theory that will not bear investigation is being held in being. In fact, the range restriction is being felt all over the range country of the southwest. In Oklahoma, as well as in Texas, this shortening of the range is constantly being felt, yet a competent Oklahoma authority says there are today more cattle in Oklahoma than ever before. This is explained by the fact that while the great range herds have passed out, the smaller holdings of many stock farmers have taken their place. It has resolved itself into many but not many big herds, and many instead of many cattle being owned by few men, and it is men and not cattle that count in the development of all countries.

And these are the conditions that must ultimately prevail in Texas. It is idle to sit down and abuse the men who are taking the places of the old regime, for they have come into the range country to stay. Instead of hundreds of sections and they are content with a few sections, and they hold the number of their cattle down to the size of their pastures. They are not dependent wholly upon the natural grazing afforded by their pastures, but are putting in big feed crops with many men who split that herd up into many more herds, and the country is correspondingly benefited.

It is understood that the association with the Texas fever is concerned, as it has been found that conditions in this state are so satisfactory. It is reported that three Texas counties that have been infected with Texas fever have had their restrictions removed as nearly as is compatible with general safety. This is a big thing, and it is a thing that the association is satisfied with the manner in which the cattlemen of Texas have redeemed their promise in the matter of cleaning the infected territory. The association is very gratified that the past action taken is amply vindicated.

The election of Judge M. M. Hankins of the Texas live stock sanitary board, as president of the association of boards, is a thing that the association is very gratified with. Judge Hankins has been identified with the enforcement of the live stock sanitary laws of this state for a number of years, and his election as president of the association is a thing that the association is very gratified with.

The national convention of the live stock sanitary boards of the United States has just been held in the city of Chicago, and the meeting was fairly well attended. The first feature of the convention was the annual address of the president, Mr. Smith, which attracted the attention of the convention for about an hour, making interesting recommendations for both by the association and by the bureau of animal industry. He was given authority to name two committees, one on resolutions and another on open seasons to be composed of one delegate from each state represented, and one member of the bureau of animal industry.

President Smith recommends that more discretion be given cattle inspectors regarding the twenty-eight hour law which provides that cattle being shipped must be unloaded at the end of each twenty-eight hours, watered and fed. Smith says he has known of instances where cattle would be unloaded at some unimportant small station at the end of a twenty-eight hour run, when, in fact, they would be within three hours of market. He believes under such circumstances it would be much better to run the cattle on into the market, and recommends that in such cases the inspectors be allowed to use their own discretion. President Smith also declares that a strict enforcement of the twenty-eight hour law would compel the packers to build quarantine yards at all most every station. If the law compelling southern cattle to be unloaded only in quarantine yards is also enforced, he mentions several instances at Illinois where southern cattle were unloaded in regular yards and as a result there have been several outbreaks of Texas fever. The men are not properly disinfecting after the cattle are removed. Some change is necessary along these lines. The matter of enforcing the twenty-eight hour law is in the hands of a special committee, appointed by the 19th convention, and composed of Assistant State Veterinarian L. C. Tiffany of Illinois, W.

P. Anderson, live stock agent for the Santa Fe, and Colonel Jordan of Texas. This committee will report at this meeting of the association. President Smith also recommends a modification of the ruling by the bureau of animal industry which states that southern cattle shall not be shipped north except for immediate slaughter. Heretofore Illinois stockmen have been operating under a special permit, whereby they were allowed to ship in southern cattle for feeding purposes. They were required to unload the cattle directly from the train into the pastures, the train to be immediately disinfected, and the pastures to be disinfected. Heretofore, however, the bureau of animal industry has canceled this special permit. A strict enforcement of this ruling would mean that southern cattle could not be shipped north, and especially on the south where a shortage of pasture exists and shipping north is almost compulsory.

The total abolishing of public watering troughs in cities is recommended by President Smith as the only means of preventing the spread of bladders. He maintains that bladders will exist as long as the public watering troughs exist, and that the public watering troughs exist as long as the public watering troughs exist. He maintains that bladders will exist as long as the public watering troughs exist, and that the public watering troughs exist as long as the public watering troughs exist.

The financial report of Secretary Ward of St. Paul, Minn., shows the association of boards of animal industry for 1904. In regard to this matter President Smith suggests that the annual fee paid by each state be raised from \$10 to \$20 in order to insure sufficient funds to meet all expenses. There are only about half of the states that participate in these conventions and pay their dues.

These annual meetings of the live stock sanitary boards are important from the fact that the recommendations made as the result of their deliberations usually govern in live stock quarantine matters. The fact that while the great range herds have passed out, the smaller holdings of many stock farmers have taken their place. It has resolved itself into many but not many big herds, and many instead of many cattle being owned by few men, and it is men and not cattle that count in the development of all countries.

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of all rate disputes, passenger and freight, to a court of interstate commerce, to be composed of nine judges—one for each judicial circuit of the United States—for such disputes to be referred to the federal circuit judges without the creation of a new court. Congress at all times is opposed to the creation of new courts or commissions, and for that reason the new court plan would no doubt meet with serious opposition.

I do not believe that the interstate commerce commission should be allowed to deal with the question. I would keep that body intact to discharge its duties and would not give it the additional work of regulating rates. My idea for the reference of disputed rate matters to the circuit judges meets with general approval in Washington, and I have conveyed the President to my view. I would have each circuit judge try cases which were brought to his attention as having originated in his circuit, and would have an appeal court, consisting of the other eight circuit judges, who could convene at certain periods of the year to dispose of appeals. Their appeal decree to be reviewed only by the supreme court of the United States. That is the only way to get the interstate commerce law to work with practical railroad affairs as a most sensible, feasible and comprehensive plan.

The Washington office of the bureau of animal industry has been notified by the secretary of agriculture in order to get in closer touch with the people in matters relating to the establishment and maintenance of the live stock quarantine. In past years some of the meetings have been rather an exciting nature, especially when the question of abandoning more Texas territory to the depredations of the fever tick, and a large delegation of influential Texas cattlemen pledged their hearty co-operation in an effort to stop the trouble maker. It was then located by cleaning the infected counties, and so well has this been done there has since been no trouble over the matter, and it is now a matter to go back and fight for some of the territory that had already been abandoned.

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OKLAHOMA CATTLE NEWS

GUTHRIE, Okla., Sept. 15.—At the session of the national convention of the state live stock and sanitary boards, numerous recommendations were made regarding important changes in the federal quarantine line in the United States. All these recommendations had the approval of Colonel Albert Dean, the southwestern agent of the bureau of animal industry, and will therefore be enacted by the department.

At the request of Judge M. M. Hankins of Texas, the federal line in that state is changed by placing the counties of Fisher, Scurry, Crane and Garza above the line, also that part of Pecos county which is present in above the state quarantine line.

In Oklahoma the federal line is lowered, in accordance with the request made by Secretary Tom Morris, placing the line along the Rock Island railroad in Caddo county, west to the Kiowa county line, thence south to the Comanche county line, thence west to the Red river, and thence up the river northwest to the northwest corner of Kiowa county. This places the counties of Washita and Roger Mills, the northern half of Caddo and that part of Kiowa north of the boundary line of Comanche county, above the federal line. All this territory, above the line, however, is placed under a special quarantine, cattle being shipped therefrom on proper federal inspection.

The state of Missouri is given permission to admit cattle from the two northern tiers of Arkansas counties during February and March of each year, provided such cattle are properly inspected and found free from disease. The convention voted to have the open season for the transmission of cattle from one state to another, through proper inspection, to be held in Missouri on Jan. 23 following, extending in the states of Virginia, North Carolina and Missouri, in Virginia and North Carolina the open season will extend from Dec. 1 annually to the 1st of Nov. of each year, and in Missouri from Dec. 1 to the 1st of Nov. in accordance with the special permit in bringing cattle from Arkansas.

At the suggestion of Colonel Dean the convention recommended that no tick infested territory be allowed to enter the Cherokee Indian Nation, north of the north line of the Creek Nation and extending east to the Arkansas state line, without having first been dipped in crude oil. The same provisions now govern the shipping of cattle into the Osage Nation.

The delegates from Virginia and the Carolina report that Texas fever is spread in those states by ox teams, which cross the quarantine lines, hauling freight and products from the counties south of the line. They have found this one of the most serious causes for the spread of the disease.

The convention adjourned sine die today, after electing the following officers: M. M. Hankins of Quanah, Texas, president; L. H. Hickey of Springfield, Ill., vice-president; W. Ward of St. Paul, Minn., president secretary-treasurer.

ARE THE CHILDREN AT HOME? Each day when the glow of sunset fades, and the shadows of night fall, and the wee ones, tired of playing, Go tripping lightly by, Jostled away from my husband, A sleep in his easy chair, And while the shadows of twilight come, Their faces fresh and fair.

Down believes an amendment in reach Attorney for the Texas Cattle Raisers Discusses Twenty-Eight Hour Law Judge S. H. Cowan for the Texas Cattle Raisers' Association, believes an amendment of the twenty-eight hour law can be secured if the cattlemen will unite in their efforts. Speaking of the law he says: "The present twenty-eight hour law is objectionable for several reasons. Shipments of live stock ought to cover a distance of from 500 to 600 miles in thirty to thirty-five hours, being made in the evening, the cattle should reach the market at that distance on the second morning. This applies to shipments from practically all points on the Fort Worth and Denver railway, well as from Fort Worth and points in Texas north and east thereof within a radius of fifty or seventy-five miles. If, for instance, cattle shipped from the city of St. Paul, Minn., are required to be unloaded after a run of only twenty-eight hours, as provided by the present law, it compels an unloading within fifty or one hundred miles of their destination, and the shipper not only incurs the loss of a whole day's market, but there is a shrinkage through additional feed charges and the expense of express."

They voted to meet in Springfield, Ill., in 1906. OKLAHOMA STOCKMEN OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla., Sept. 15.—If the cattlemen's convention of next winter is not better in every respect than any ever held it will not be the fault of those in charge of its arrangement. Now that the Chamber of Commerce has finished all conventional work for the remainder of the year, it today took up the work of preparing for the convention of Oklahoma stockmen. More important will be the coming meeting than any yet held from the fact that the Oklahoma Live Stock Association and the Improved Breeders' Association will have their stock show and sales here at the same time. The latter move is to make these two latter events permanent here in Oklahoma City. Following this up the officers of the associations have come together in an arrangement to erect buildings here for the purpose of show and sale, in which can also be held the business meetings of the cattlemen's convention. Committees of the live stock and improved breeders are at work on the proposition now and will report in a short time progress in the matter.

Stockmen are enthusiastic as to the proposition to combine all the interests under one head and make the annual convention a show and sale, and that a permanent building be erected for the purpose, selecting some place at which the event can be held each year. The Improved Breeders' Association has the permanent building for their meetings, and should they combine with the Live Stock Association this city would still be retained as the meeting place. The proposition is to erect buildings for the display and sale of not only hogs, but all kinds of stock, poultry, etc. A convention hall will also be erected. When not in use for these conventions these buildings will be let for other purposes, and already a proposition has come from a man who will lease one of the buildings for a skating rink. Committees will be appointed by the Chamber of Commerce at once and active work will be begun looking to the consummation of what has been mentioned. "The associations have been growing rapidly in the past two years and their importance to the territory has come to be such that arrangements of the kind stated will have to be made sooner or later. It will be along the line adopted by other states, such as Texas, Illinois, Missouri, Kansas and Nebraska."

INQUIRY FOR CATTLE GUTHRIE, Okla., Sept. 15.—The report comes from western Oklahoma today that cattlemen are beginning to inquire for cow buyers, each stockman having a surplus of cows to place on the market. Beaver county cattlemen hold fat cows worth \$25 each, but maintain that a \$12 price at home is better than shipping the average cow. Another important item from Beaver county is the fact that cattlemen are putting up this summer in far greater quantities than ever before. Last winter was so severe that stockmen lost on an average 10 per cent of their herds. The coming winter will see cattlemen begin to look for ways to feed their stock during the severe spells.

Down believes an amendment in reach Attorney for the Texas Cattle Raisers Discusses Twenty-Eight Hour Law Judge S. H. Cowan for the Texas Cattle Raisers' Association, believes an amendment of the twenty-eight hour law can be secured if the cattlemen will unite in their efforts. Speaking of the law he says: "The present twenty-eight hour law is objectionable for several reasons. Shipments of live stock ought to cover a distance of from 500 to 600 miles in thirty to thirty-five hours, being made in the evening, the cattle should reach the market at that distance on the second morning. This applies to shipments from practically all points on the Fort Worth and Denver railway, well as from Fort Worth and points in Texas north and east thereof within a radius of fifty or seventy-five miles. If, for instance, cattle shipped from the city of St. Paul, Minn., are required to be unloaded after a run of only twenty-eight hours, as provided by the present law, it compels an unloading within fifty or one hundred miles of their destination, and the shipper not only incurs the loss of a whole day's market, but there is a shrinkage through additional feed charges and the expense of express."

ARE THE CHILDREN AT HOME? Each day when the glow of sunset fades, and the shadows of night fall, and the wee ones, tired of playing, Go tripping lightly by, Jostled away from my husband, A sleep in his easy chair, And while the shadows of twilight come, Their faces fresh and fair.

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\$300,000,000 IN POULTRY

Do you know that the government census of 1920 gives the value of the poultry produced in that year at very nearly \$300,000,000?

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Dept. 96, Springfield, Ohio.

Sample free. Please mention this paper. The latest count against the automobile is that it is helping to spread the pestiferous gypsy moth beyond its present abiding places in Massachusetts.

Corn Belt Feeders

Each year the bond between the southwestern stockman and the feeders of the corn belt, especially of the states of Illinois, Missouri and Iowa, is becoming closer. A good many feeders in the states named last year for the first time purchased calves from the Texas ranges, and their experience has been so satisfactory that this trade will undoubtedly assume large proportions in the next two or three years, not only for calves, but for yearlings and 2-year-olds as well.

For this reason it is to the advantage of the Texas and southwestern stockmen to get in closest possible touch with the men who furnish their beef stuff in the feed lots of the Mississippi valley. Believing in this so thoroughly, we have made an arrangement with the publishers of Wallace's Farmer, the leading agricultural and live stock paper west of the Mississippi river, by which we are enabled to offer The Stockman-Journal and Wallace's Farmer, both one year for only \$1.50, or we can send both from the date the subscription is received until Jan. 1 next at the especially low rate of 85 cents.

Wallace's Farmer has probably done more for the live stock interests in the matter of railroad rate legislation than all other agricultural papers combined. It was its editor, Henry Wallace, who forced Congressmen Hays, chairman of the Interstate Commerce committee in the house of Representatives, to finally come out squarely on the stockman's side. We feel, therefore, that we are doing our readers a service in giving them this opportunity to secure Wallace's Farmer in connection with The Stockman-Journal.

The Angora goat breeding business is like all others. It can be wisely started in a small way by men of intelligence, who are willing to exercise proper patience and permit the business to grow without trying to draw dividends the first year.

LAST VOTARY OF THE VENUS

It was a cloudless morning in May; the sunshin' streamed bright and beautiful into the Uffigi palace at Florence, touching with molten gold the rosy limbs of Titian's Venus, lighting the face of the St. John of Raphael, and even lending something of the warmth and hue of life to the form of the eVnus di Medici.

Before the last named stood a young man in an attitude of rapture and breathless adoration, apparently oblivious to all that was passing around him. He was singularly handsome, but



AIMED A BLOW FULL UPON HER HEAD.

almost too delicate and effeminate looking for manly beauty. In the glance which he fixed upon the beautiful statue before him might be read more than a sculptor's admiration of a triumph of his art. The adoration of a lover or the worship of a votary might fitly have inspired the wrapt and passionate tenderness that shone in his eyes.

Suddenly a hand was laid upon his arm and a laughing voice exclaimed, "Why, Franz, man, not dreaming here again? I shall soon be half inclined to side with Johann and Otto and believe you mad indeed!"

The young man started and passing this hand over his eyes turned to the newcomer with a faint and melancholy smile.

Rodolph Meyer, the intimate friend and companion of Franz Walden, was, as is often seen in such cases, his exact opposite both mentally and physically. Facing his hand in that of Franz the young man drew his friend toward the door, saying: "Nay, you must come," not heeding the expression of reluctance from the other. "You have managed to avoid me for the past two months so that I am glad to get a chance of speaking to you. So come, I will walk with you to your studio and see what you have been doing all this time."

The lodgings were soon reached and Franz admitted his friend and himself into the small studio. It was in the greatest disorder. Fragments of dried clay and chips of stone strewn the floor, while in the center of the room stood several unfinished busts and statues. Rodolph looked around in amazement. "Why, good heavens, Franz, what have you been about

these two months past?"

Without answer Franz arose and advanced to a green curtain that hung at one end of the room and drew it aside. As he did so there was revealed to his friend the beautiful statue it concealed. Rodolph could not restrain an exclamation of wonder and admiration. The figure was exquisitely tinted with the colors of life and was a fine copy of the Venus di Medici, with her rounded limbs flushed with the hue of life and her very hair tinged with paly gold, and more than all the chisel of the artist had lent an expression of timid and maidenly tenderness to the features, so inexpressive in the original. She looked like a maiden dreaming of her first adorer.

"Beautiful! But why did you not attempt an original work?"

"There was no answer and Rodolph turned in wonder to his friend. Franz leaned against the window, his hand pressed over his eyes, while tears flowed slowly through his fingers.

"Franz, my poor fellow, you are ill," said Rodolph, kindly.

"Not ill," cried the other, dashing the drops from his eyes, "but mad!"

"Mad!" exclaimed Rodolph starting. "Yes, mad—mad indeed, for I love, I love with all the power of my being this statue, this Venus which remains ever cold and soulless beneath my caresses. Why did ever marble take so all perfect a shape! Why this story of Pygmalion a fable! Oh, my divine love! Dare I never save in my dreams, behold you aught but cold and insensible to my love!"

Rodolph was deeply alarmed. "What if you were to find a living woman the exact prototype of the Venus?" he asked.

"Then, oh, then," cried the other with flushed cheeks and kindling eyes, "I should indeed be blest."

"Farewell, then, for a time," said Rodolph.

Several days later the door of Franz's studio was suddenly burst open and Rodolph appeared on the threshold. "Franz, Franz," he cried, "leave your statue and look upon the living beauty of which you have so long dreamed!"

A young girl appeared. It needed but a glance to reveal the rare perfection of her beauty. Her complexion was creamy pale and brilliant as those of a gazelle, but it was her faultless form, fully displayed by the tight fitting velvet bodice and short peasant skirt, that expressed the greatest beauty.

Breathless with delight Franz approached her and would have taken her hand, but Rodolph interposed.

"Do not touch her," he whispered. "She is easily frightened. Give her something sweet and she will be good for an hour or so."

"What on earth does he mean?" wondered Franz in astonishment.

Without reply Rodolph took from his pocket a piece of sugar. The girl snatched it eagerly and began to eat with the gestures of an animal.

Franz gazed in amazement. Suddenly he recalled an opinion expressed in a work on phrenology that "if ever there existed a woman with the peculiarly shaped brow and head of the Venus di Medici that woman would of necessity be an idiot." The strange looks and actions of the young girl were explained, shuddering Franz turned away and covered his face with his hands.

"Send her away," he said.

Without saying anything more Franz turned toward the statue of Venus. Snatching up a large hammer he aimed a blow full upon her head. The marble image fell to the floor, shattered into a hundred pieces. At the same time Franz fell forward insensible.

Rodolph, terror stricken, rushed to where the poor fellow lay and tried to raise him. Before he could do so Franz was dead.

BEARS THAT DREW THE COLOR LINE

Out on one of the long docks, just below Wall street ferry, a strongly built colored man stood one day looking up into the rigging of a big American ship. That the man of color knew what he was looking at was as evident as was the fact that he wanted somebody to talk to and it only required a pleasant salutation to get on speaking terms with him.

He was an old sailor, having, as he laughingly remarked, "with the slightest trace of negro dialect 'crawled into the hawssepipe and came out of the cabin windows despite my color," which, translated, means that he had worked himself up from before the mast to the master's berth in spite of the fact that he was a negro.

"I suppose you have met with some strange experiences," I remarked, by way of leading on to a story.

"Yes, many a one," he replied. "I was just looking at that ship there; it's a counterpart of one in which I sailed to as strange an experience as any man ever had."

"I was one of a crew of twelve who left the port of San Francisco on the whisky trader Nellie, for a cruise among the islands of the north, and I was also one of the seven of that twelve, who reached the shore when the vessel went to pieces off St. Matthew's, and they were the only ones who lived to tell the story, and I honestly believe it was only my color that saved me. You may laugh, if you feel so inclined, but that's my conviction."

"The island was uninhabited, though it has plenty of timber, and we were able to build a shelter of brush and driftwood."

"When night came on we crawled into the hut, tired, cold, and ready almost to eat our hands off, we were that hungry. About midnight one of the men started us wide awake, by a yell which should have been heard, I think, by all the ships upon the sea. He seemed to be dragged away by a huge shape, and we heard his cries grow fainter and fainter, but didn't dare follow. We had no light, and all we could do was to wait for the morning, and when it came we found all that was left of our shipmate—a pile of bones and blood-stained garments—not a hundred yards from our shelter. From the tracks in the soft ground we knew he had been dragged off and eaten by bears."

"We found that the island literally swarmed with polar bears, and concluded that our safety only lay in climbing tall trees and sleeping there, and this, you may be sure, we did for several nights. We could hear the big brutes sniffing, snuffling and growling all along the ground, hunting for their prey."

"During the day we would gather shell fish from the beach to stave off hunger, and then we would take to the trees on the first sign of danger. Believe me, this roasting like turkeys grew tiresome in short order, and we



THE GREAT BRUTE WAS UPON ME.

set about building a stout brush corral. We picked up an ax with a broken head in the wreckage on the shore and in a few days had a corral and hut that looked as if they could withstand a herd of elephants. I had my doubts, however, and when night came took to my tree again, while the others chose the greater comfort of the corral.

"The bears went through that brush stockade as if it had been made of paper, the men scattering for the trees, but two of them were caught, killed and devoured by the half-starved brutes."

"The death of these two men settled the question of sleeping—we didn't try any more stockade, but stuck to the trees; and this forced us to make out sallies to the beach together, and we had to be very quick about it, too, gathering the mussels and other shell fish. But with all our caution, one more chap was surprised and killed. I starved in my tree for three days before I dared make a dash for food or drink."

"Finally I ran for it, swallowed as much water as I could hold, and luckily came upon a double handful of mussels. The bears didn't bother me, but the moment the other men attempted a similar feat they were pursued. One was overtaken and eaten, right in plain view. After that I nearly went mad—I could see no hope. The mussels were nearly all gone from the beach and I expected to be eaten if I made a move."

"At last, however, I was forced to do

LAND AS GOOD AS YOURS

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The well known lands of the Loving Cattle Company are being sub-divided and sold out. Fuel near by and plentiful; good water near the surface; Graham, a fine market close by, for what you raise. Let me tell you about it.

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Roel Island Ry., Fort Worth, Texas.

NOTICE

To Whom it May Concern:

We will permit any one to drive cattle to Bovina for shipment included within the following boundary lines, viz:

Beginning at Texico and running south along the state line between New Mexico and Texas to the southwest corner of Bailey county; thence east along the south line of Bailey county to the west fence of the George Slaughter ranch; thence south and east along the fence of said ranch to the G. W. Littlefield pastures; thence south and east along this said ranch's south line to the southeast corner of the said ranch; thence east about eight miles to the southeast corner of the old Snyder ranch; thence north along the east line of said ranch and along the east line of the Elwood ranch to its northeast corner; thence west to the southeast corner of the north ranch of George Slaughter and along the east line and north line of said ranch to the east fence of the Spring Lake pasture of the William Hall-sell ranch; thence north and west along the old original line of the Capitol Syn-dicate ranch to the Pecos Valley railway.

This really includes all of the territory on the south and east of Bovina that is properly tributary to it, and it is for our purpose to be arbitrary or un-neighborly in the matter, but we believe that this arrangement will demand of most of us all of the grass and water that we should fairly be called upon to devote to the purpose, and that the country east of this boundary is more properly tributary to Hereford and the country south and west of it to Portales.

(Signed.)

JOS. FRAZIER,
PHELPS WHITE,
-LPO SLAUGHTER,
W. E. HALSELL.

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A. H. Boegeman, Hillsboro, Texas

TRAILS ARE BEING CLOSED

South Dakota cattlemen are experiencing considerable difficulty this year in trailing their herds to shipping points. This is due to extensive settlement of the range. Carson Williams of Fort Bennett, S. D., who got in with a train load of cattle from Pierre this week, said: "Our trails are being blocked by fences erected by settlers; in fact we had to pull them down to get through. Everts is the only shipping point on the Missouri river that is now accessible, both Pierre and Chamberlain being shut off. Even Belle Fourche is affected. It means that the cowman must go unless a series of dry years force the settler to go back east again, and he has been compelled to do so before."

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ALL ONE YEAR For 50c

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The Telegram is a live, up-to-date eight to twelve pages weekly newspaper, ably edited and interesting throughout. The Farm and Home is a semi-monthly and is the most practical farm and family newspaper published. The American Farmer is an up-to-date first-class farm and home publication.

DO IT NOW.

ANOTHER MONOPOLY IN BEEF INDUSTRY FOUND

Federal Inspection Rule Seems Clearly to Favor the Trust

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—Since 1901 when the act took effect providing for a government inspection of meats, more applications for inspectors have been denied than have been granted. In all forty-one packing houses have been allowed inspectors, which means that their products can be exported, and fifty-six have been refused inspectors and shut out of the export business. As the law is now interpreted by the agricultural department, the packers who have been successful in their efforts to secure inspectors have a monopoly of the export trade, which is as absolute as if a government concession had been given after the prevailing custom in South American republics.

The conditions under which the government protects and is perpetuating a monopoly will be laid before the next congress. The agricultural department declines to shoulder the responsibility for protecting a monopoly. Whether the far-sighted managers of the beef trust understood the full force and effect of the law when it was enacted cannot be stated, but there is every reason to believe that they did. The government, especially the secretary of agriculture, favored it at the time and recognizes now that a law with similar provisions is a necessity in order to protect the sale of American meats in foreign markets. But the officials of the government also recognized that the law as now administered spells monopoly.

Equal to a Direct Law.

All the old forty-one concerns in the United States have been favored. All others are put out of the export business just as effectually as if there were a direct congressional enactment. The law provides "that the secretary of agriculture shall cause to be made a careful inspection of all live cattle, the meat of which, etc., is intended for exportation to any foreign country, etc."

It is understood that by this act and subsequent amendments, those concerns which can secure inspectors are made to feel secure against competition. Incidentally there is a local monopoly built up in those cities which permit only the sale of government inspected meats.

The table which has been prepared showing the names and addresses of packing houses to which meat inspectors have been refused gives the number of cattle, hogs and sheep which it was proposed to slaughter daily. Some of these concerns such as the American Dressed Meat and Provision Company of Kansas City, Kan., wanted inspectors for a daily slaughter of 500 cattle, 500 hogs and 500 sheep.

Independent Plants Refused.

There were no less than ten dozen similar concerns at the Missouri river packing centers and a formidable list in Chicago as well. The list shows that there is not a city in which the beef trust operates but which has filed applications for inspectors for independent packing houses that have been refused.

The following summary prepared in the bureau of animal industry shows the number of applications for inspectors granted and declined each year since 1901:

1901—Granted, 10; refused, 4.
1902—Granted, 10; refused, 2.
1903—Granted, 4; refused, 23.
1904—Granted, 10; refused, 17.
1905—Granted, 1; refused, 9.

With all the facts laid before congress the present conditions will rest with it. Dr. Alonso Melvin, chief of the bureau of animal industry, said:

"We thoroughly understand the situation at this department, but are powerless to proceed further under the present act and the appropriation."

BEST PASSENGER SERVICE IN TEXAS.

4 IMPORTANT GATEWAYS 4



NO TROUBLE TO ANSWER QUESTIONS.

SUPERB PULLMAN VESTIBULED SLEEPERS,

HANDSOME RECLINING CHAIR CARS (SEATS FREE)

ON ALL THROUGH TRAINS.

ONLY LINE WITH fast morning and evening trains to St. Louis and the East.

ONLY LINE WITH Pullman Sleepers and high back Scamilton seats through (without change) to New Orleans, daily.

ONLY LINE WITH handsome new Chair Cars through (without change) daily, to St. Louis, Memphis and El Paso.

ONLY LINE WITH a saving of 12 hours to California.

ONLY LINE WITH Tourist Sleeping Cars, semi-weekly, through (without change) to San Francisco and St. Louis.

ELEGANT DINING CARS TO ST. LOUIS ON THE "CANNON BALL" AND "NIGHT EXPRESS"

E. P. TURNER,
GENERAL PASSENGER AND TICKET AGENT,
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Denver & Rio Grande Railway

HAS more scenic attractions, mountain resorts, mineral springs, hunting and fishing grounds, than any other railroad in the world.

IT reaches all points of interest in Colorado and Utah.

IT is the only line passing through Salt Lake City en route to and from California and North Pacific Coast.

IT is the most attractive line to the Lewis & Clark Exposition at Portland, Ore.

IT has a superb dining car service.

Low Summer Rates Prevail.

Send for beautifully illustrated descriptive pamphlets. S. K. HOOPER, G. P. and T. A., Denver, Col.

COLONEL BOOLE WRITES HIS STORY

EXPORTS OF CATTLE ARE GROWING HEAVY

Inspectors' Reports Now Show Good Movement in Trade With Cuba

When I left the pit I did not care to have the goat any longer, so Sam G. Taylor called order at 11 o'clock and after a few chosen remarks extending a hearty welcome to one and all present. Introduced the Hon. Charley Jenkins of Brownwood, who is known far and wide as the eagle orator of West Texas. Charley always has the attention of everybody when he rises to speak. For over one hour he had the closest attention and acquitted himself nicely, as he always does. Then dinner was announced. The ladies were served first, which was proper and right. When it came our time I stood by Charley Adams, Uncle Johnnie Brown and Charley Jenkins. A half of a fat, juicy, young goat, red-hot off the fire, as fine as mortal man ever tasted, was laid before us four. I had priced myself as the champion goat eater, but now I pass, Charley Jenkins, Uncle Johnnie Brown and Charley Adams caused me to take a back seat. However, they did not know I had inspected meats two hours before. There was a nice platter of meat, where all I desired could keep time to sweet music in the waltz. Some people call that dancing—if I had to name it I would call it Brownwood. Brothers, I am glad to be at all. Everything passed off nicely. The attendance was rather slim from what was expected on account of the extreme dry hot weather, and it had been very calm and still for several days; no wind to turn the windmills, hence the most of the stockmen over the country were at home running their pump jacks, pumping water for their stock. The ladies of the Brownwood Brothers had a beautiful supply of cakes, pies, pickles, cookies and preserves, more than was used the two days. All honor to these good ladies. The Brownwood Brothers are glad that I would be with them on the co-operation of the ladies. I am partial to them under all circumstances and I do not care who knows it.

There were some first-class horses and cattle on exhibition. T. D. Word had twenty-seven head of Shorthorn cattle, which showed first-class breeding, two of them he had just got in from the famous Thompson Brothers of Eldorado here in county, Texas. These two yearling bulls are superb, as Hildreth has as fine blooded Shorthorn cattle as there is in the United States. That is having a good deal to do with the unvarnished truth. I know his herd well. Word is on the right end of the trail when he uses Hildreth's bulls. W. A. Glasscock had one 4-year-old cow and a 7-year-old bull, Herefords, which are tip-top cattle and are very fine individual cattle. The bull, Allison, is a buster, weighing 2,000 pounds. Mr. Glasscock can justly be proud of these cattle. However, Eldorado has had to register Hereford cows, which were real beauties; four 1 and 2-year-old registered Hereford bulls, which are an honor to any man in the cow business. One of the yearling bulls to Dudley Yaws of Owenville for \$150, spot cash. They had also four full-blood Shorthorn cows that were splendid animals. All the above cattle were brought in off the range, and care had been given them and hence were not fat like show cattle, yet they showed the good breeding all the same. Then came O. T. Word with two fine Missouri draft stallions, one 17½ hands high, the other 16½ hands high. The two cost him \$1,500 in Missouri. He has quite a large lot of good mares and has been using these horses with men in a very successful business man. I. N. Brooks has a 2-year-old stallion that caught my eye. He is a splendid specimen of horse flesh, good chest, good legs, a fine eye, gentle, peevish and active as a cat, gentle and docile.

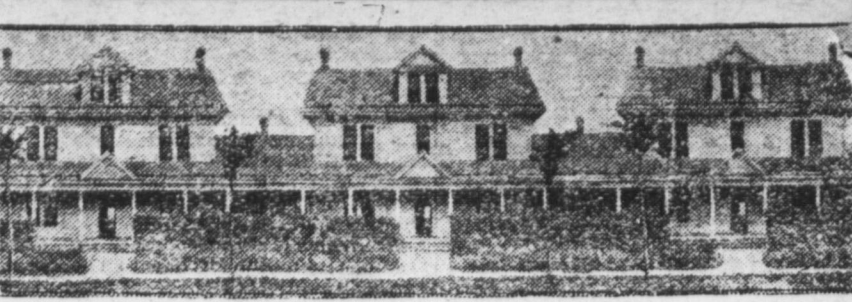
O. T. Word introduced his pretty daughters to me on the grounds. Miss Alice and Miss Mable are very interesting girls, yet in their teens, I said to myself, what a contrast an ugly goose like O. T. to be the father of such pretty girls. I presume they take after their mother, the white settlement from Hood county west every light moon, stealing horses and killing and capturing men, women and children. Now what a change—beautiful boys and girls, and a fine settlement. Mr. Murrah of the firm of Jackson & Murrah of San Angelo sold nine pounds of this wool at the St. Louis fair to a New York firm at \$1 per pound. I next called on Hillis & Cunningham, a real estate firm, which is doing a rushing business in that line. The firm is selling homes to the new-comers every day. I have known this firm for several years—a reliable, honorable firm. Call on them or write them for particulars about Tom Green county lands.

Before leaving town I had the pleasure of meeting Mrs. C. W. Hudson and her two daughters. These are elegant ladies. I have known them many years. They were my neighbors in Coleman county several years ago. (Coleman county was founded a few years ago by his son-in-law, Sam Cole, in Coleman county. Con Hudson was a very quiet, honorable, upright gentleman, a kind husband and a loving, indulgent father, respected and loved by all his neighbors, ever ready to help a neighbor or friend. To know Con Hudson was to love him. His family have my deepest sympathy in their sad calamity.

Saying Good-by to the good people of San Angelo, I headed for Sonora to take in the two days' carnival, the 1st and 2d of September. On my arrival there a number of old friends gave me a hearty greeting. Among them Mike and Stephen Murphy, D. I. Wyatt, T. D. Newell, Captain John P. Brown, the goatman, D. W. Ward, R. J. Owens, J. W. Martineau, O. E. Ward, J. Ward, F. A. Hunter, E. M. Barbee, J. R. Robbins, O. C. Roberts, Thompson Brothers, G. W. Stephenson, Judge L. J. Wardlaw, I. N. Brooks, I. L. Davis, G. W. Harris, Dr. F. Harris, John Ford, C. A. Green, Judge J. O. Rountree and C. D. Wyatt. All the above are prosperous ranchers and have my good wishes for such nice attention. Nothing like helping the Journal Kid out a little in this day of need. It is natural for me to love people who patronize me, but you gentlemen must understand that I do not love you like I do the ladies. My taste does not run that way.

The good people of Sutton county had erected a large arbor, nicely seated, a half mile east of town, near the big new school house. The hotels were all run to overflowing on Thursday night. On Friday morning the Sonora band struck up, which was a grand affair. There would be something doing at the grounds and the people came with a rush. I got a whiff of that goat mutton which was being barbecued near and I made a bee line for the pit. Found twenty-five fat, juicy Angus steers and six heaves cooking in perfection. Two of the men who were hard at work over the pit informed me that it was against orders to come inside the wire. I soon convinced them that the committee had appointed me to inspect the meats and they let me

Center Building and Wings Completed, End Rooms to Be Added.



Any Case on Earth of Tobacco, Alcohol or Drug Addictions Cured Within Ten Days

Without the slightest shock, pain or injury. After third day of treatment no inebriate can stand the taste or smell of whiskey. A permanent cure is reached and patient returns home in ten days. We take the worst wreck from morphine, relieve them at once of their enemy without the slightest shock, injury or craving for the drug, permanently cured and returned to their homes in ten days. To meet the most skeptical will make this offer: Come to the Sanitarium, and the physician in charge will carefully examine you free of charge. Then you place our fee in any bank of this city, and we will take care of you at our Sanitarium, pay all of your necessary expenses, and you will not owe us one cent until permanently cured, and we will make you the sole judge of the cure.

The physicians in charge have made these habits or disease a life-long study, have purchased other cures, devised and perfected methods that will reach any case on earth of tobacco, whiskey, morphine, or any drug habit. Carefully note these statements below:

Hereford, Texas, Aug. 29, 1905.
To Whom It May Concern: I have used tobacco in every form for the past 32 years, and for the last ten or twelve years have smoked cigarettes almost incessantly, waking frequently at night to smoke, from which my nerves became completely shattered. I began treatment at White Sanitarium, and in three days was completely turned against tobacco, and seven days was permanently cured. The remedy has no objectionable features, and I am now a happy free man. While there I saw morphine and whiskey patients as readily relieved, and I think the treatment the greatest thing in the world. I know this remedy will cure any man on earth of tobacco habit. My case was an extreme one. Yours truly,
EDD. SMITH.
Clarendon, Texas, June 4, 1905.
This is to certify that we personally know White Sanitarium of Station A, Dallas, Texas, and commend the gentlemen in their work. We have seen this treatment demonstrated and know of some remarkable results. We had a church member who would fall periodically in spite of all that could be done; he claimed his trouble was inherited, and we believe it was. Your treatment soundly cured him. We know of some homes made happy by your cure where drugs had robbed humanity of all that was good. We have known each of the White Brothers for some years and have found them to be honorable and upright—men worthy of the confidence of the public. Very truly,
G. S. HARDY, President Clarendon College.
JAS. M. SHERIDAN, P. E. Clarendon District.
Dallas, Texas, June 8, 1905.
To Whom It May Concern: It gives me profound pleasure to state that the White Sanitarium for the cure of Whiskey and Morphine is located near my institution and that I am thoroughly familiar with the good work being done there for unfortunate. They are speedily and permanently cured, as I have in numerous instances observed. I regard the method used there as the most perfected one of the times. It is quick, safe, efficient and permanent.
J. R. BRIGGS, M. D., Medical Director Briggs Sanitarium.
White Sanitarium has the unqualified indorsement of the clergy and all physicians who know them. Write for further information and free literature. All correspondence strictly confidential.

White Sanitarium, Dallas, Texas

WHERE SUMMER DAYS "HOTTEST" ARE FORGOTTEN

JUST A SHORT TRIP via the



Free Reclining Chair Cars, Parlor Cafe Car, Through Palace Sleeping Cars

Convenient Connections At All Junction Points

To the Grand Lakes and Mountain Lakes NORTH and EAST—OLD STATES

Quick Time—All New Vestibuled Equipment and Excellent Train Service—Makes Your Trip Delightful and Pleasant All the Way.

Summer Tourist Tickets on Sale Daily

For full information regarding rates, schedules, etc. SEE COTTON BELT AGENT, OR WRITE Yours to Command,

D. M. MORGAN, Traveling Passenger Agent, Fort Worth, Tex.
GUS HOOVER, Traveling Passenger Agent, Waco, Tex.
J. W. FLANAGAN, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Tyler, Tex.

TEXAN IS APPOINTED SPECIAL COUNSEL

Benjamin Davis Will Assist in Prosecution of the Packers at Chicago

FALL RUSH IS BEGUN


Beef Cattle Now on the Move from Plains Country

AMARILLO, Texas, Sept. 18.—"The fall rush of beef cattle to the northern markets has begun," said Traffic Manager A. L. Conrad of the Pecos Valley lines to a Telegram representative today, "and from now on I look for a lively movement from the Pecos valley and south plains country."

At present the heavy shipments are being made on Fridays and Saturdays, so that the cattle may be at their destination for the early Monday market. The greater percentage of the movement from this section will, as usual, go to the northern markets, particularly Kansas City and St. Louis. In connection with the movement of cattle over his lines, Mr. Conrad says that additional traffic service is being maintained in moving the fruit and alfalfa crop from the Pecos valley country south of Roswell, which is the greatest orchard country in the southwest. It is estimated that more than 200 cars of apples alone will move from this garden spot of New Mexico, while other fruits and crops will require hundreds of cars. As a rule fruit shipments from the valley are going straight through here over the Southern Kansas and Texas railway for points north and east, where the demand is constantly increasing. Until early spring it is expected that both freight and passenger traffic over the Santa Fe lines will be unusually heavy, as this section of the country was never in better condition and prospects never more flattering.

A COLORADO SUMMER IS A PERFECT EXPERIENCE

Spend your Vacation in the Mountains. Breathe the Crisp, Pure, Piney Air. Gather Strength and Health from the Great Out-of-Doors, and come home happy. From June 1 to September 30 the Santa Fe will sell you round trip tickets at very low rates. Ask the Santa Fe Agent for particulars.



W. S. KEENAN, G. P. A.
Galveston, Texas.

A BOOK TO DO YOUR FIGURING

AND THE BEST FARM WEEKLY IN THE COUNTRY.

ROPP'S COMMERCIAL CALCULATOR AND ACCOUNT BOOK 25c

SIX MONTHS SUBSCRIPTION, FARM FOLKS BOTH FOR 25c

WHAT THIS BOOK WILL DO. It will reduce the weight of a load of grain of any kind to bushels and show the exact amount of same in less time than it takes to tell. It will also show at a glance the interest on any sum of money for any time at any rate of interest. The value of cattle, hay, corn, cotton and all kinds of merchandise sold by the pound, ton, yard or dozen. The correct measurements of lumber, logs, cord wood, cistern tanks, wagon beds, bins, corn cribs and carpenters, plasterers and bricklayers' work. The wages, board and room for any time, at various rates per week or month. Besides 150 pages of other valuable information.

FARM FOLKS is one of the newest and best farm and home weeklies in the country. Each issue contains not less than sixteen columns illustrated pages. Write today and address:

FARM FOLKS, KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI.

Read Stockman-Journal Ads

Chamberlain's COLIC, CHOLERA AND Diarrhea Remedy

A few doses of this remedy will invariably cure an ordinary attack of diarrhea. It has been used in nine epidemics of dysentery with perfect success. It can always be depended upon, even in the most severe attacks of cramp colic and cholera morbus. It is equally successful for summer diarrhea and cholera infantum in children, and is the means of saving the lives of many children each year. When reduced with water and sweetened it is pleasant to take. Every man of a family should keep this remedy in his home. Buy it now. It may save life.

PRICE, 25c. LARGE SIZE, 60c.

Start a Mail Order Business

MAKE MONEY ON THE SIDE. Our plan for starting beginners in a "sure inner." We furnish everything. Money comes with orders. Enormous profits. Start on small capital and increase the business from profits. You can make big money attending to the work evenings, in your own home. When business grows, drop other employment and devote your entire time to your own business. We tell you how for a two-cent stamp.

FRANKLIN-HOWARD CO., Dept. D., Kansas City, Mo.

FORT WORTH MARKET

Complete and Accurate Report of the Business Done in All Classes of Stock in This City.

MARKET REVIEW FOR THE WEEK

Liberal receipts have prevailed here all during the week, with record-breaking conditions plainly in sight. Well finished cattle have been few and these are selling steady with the best prices of the past two months.

Two doubles of contract sheep from Del Rio, all withers, went, each to a packer at \$4.75. They averaged 84 pounds.

Cows have flooded the market the past week, resulting in a decline on all kinds, choice cows, however, being less than the common kinds.

The hog market declined very rapidly this week, losing 15 to 25 cents in one day. Since the middle of last week hogs have declined fully \$1.00 per hundred weight, and it requires an extra finished hog to bring more than 50 cents.

Small supplies of sheep the past week have resulted in a restricted and spotted market. The most of the fat sheep have sold around \$5.00 and some good lambs have touched \$5.25.

Very little good was observable in the butcher cow division, the offerings being common to medium.

The beef steer division made a good showing, and the market was active, while prices were about steady.

The calf supply dropped to 150, about one-half of Monday's run. It also made a better show of quality.

The hog market prices fell into the crevasse today, the drop being 15c on good hogs and 20c to 25c on light and heavy.

The steer trade had a little more life in it than yesterday, since more good cattle were in sight.

The hog supply shortened up somewhat after the knock down the market received yesterday, only 550 hogs coming in.

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Calves The calf trade held to its own. The run was not large, not to exceed 500, while the demand was urgent both from the packers and outsiders.

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Hogs With a reasonable supply of hogs in the pens the market opened 5 cents lower on good hogs and 10 cents lower on medium to common.

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Cows and Heifers The butcher cow and heifer trade made a better show than on yesterday.

Table with 4 columns: No., Ave. Price, No., Ave. Price. Rows include various stock categories.

Sheep A small bunch of sheep came in with a lead of hogs. These had not sold at a late hour.

THURSDAY'S REVIEW AND SALES Cattle receipts today amounted to 3,320, about 1,000 short of yesterday.

Table with 4 columns: No., Ave. Price, No., Ave. Price. Rows include various stock categories.

Steeer cattle were once more scarce, and the quality was poor, usually steers being two drafts were good enough in flesh to command \$2.25 and \$2.10, respectively.

Table with 4 columns: No., Ave. Price, No., Ave. Price. Rows include various stock categories.

Cows and Heifers Butcher cows were very slow to move. Sales were made on the basis of yesterday's decline.

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Calves The calf supply dropped to 150, about one-half of Monday's run.

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FRIDAY'S REVIEW AND SALES The cattle run total, with late arrivals estimated, reached 3,000 head; for the five days of the week, 17,581.

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Steeer The steer trade had a little more life in it than yesterday, since more good cattle were in sight.

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Cows and Heifers The butcher cow market became demoralized early in the day. The supply was very large, quality very poor and salesmen realized from the amount of cattle reported coming in that they were up against it.

Table with 4 columns: No., Ave. Price, No., Ave. Price. Rows include various stock categories.

Calves Calves were short in supply, only about 500 head in the pens, counting straight car lots and estimating those in mixed loads.

Table with 4 columns: No., Ave. Price, No., Ave. Price. Rows include various stock categories.

Sheep One load of mixed stock sheep came on the market. They did not appeal to the packer trade and remained unsold at the close of the early market.

THE LEADING BREEDERS OF THE SOUTH-WEST. Advertisement for C.T. DeGraffenried, Hereford Breeder, Canyon, Texas. Includes a portrait of a man.

For Sale or Trade One car load each of registered Hereford bull and heifer calves of first-class breeding.

J. M. Proctor & Son MONROE CITY, MO. Breeder of Hereford Cattle MIDLAND, TEXAS.

B. N. AYCOCK, Breeder of Hereford Cattle MIDLAND, TEXAS.

W. S. and J. B. IKARD Registered and Graded Hereford Cattle, Henrietta, Texas.

W. G. LOW BROWNWOOD, TEX. Breeder of Registered Hereford Cattle and Poland-China Swine.

John R. Lewis Sweetwater, Texas. Hereford cattle for sale. Choice young registered bulls and high grades of both sexes on hand at all times.

Hereford Cattle Registered and pure-bred non-registered at a bargain. 50 head in all, 25 of former and 25 of latter, at \$50 per head all around.

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C. T. DeGraffenried, Hereford Breeder, Canyon, Texas. Both sexes for sale.

V. WIENER, Breeder of pure-bred Hereford cattle. (Ranch in Goliad county, Texas). Both sexes for sale.

HEREFORD BULL AND HEIFER CALVES. We will have this season about 200 full-blood Hereford calves for sale.

ABERDEEN ANGUS REGISTERED ABERDEEN ANGUS CATTLE. A choice herd of 80 head, all immunes; some choice young bulls.

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SPECIAL NOTICES FOR SALE—900 head stock cattle, grade, 10 head sound horses, Leasehold rights in large ranch, fenced, in Reeves county, Texas, fronting on Pecos river, on which are eight wells, with windmills and tanks and one spring.

V. O. HILDBETH, Breeder of registered Shorthorn cattle. A number of good young bulls for sale.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE P. O. RANCH, Valera, Coleman county, Texas. The finest stock farm and hog ranch in the state.

HAT AND DYE WORKS—Large factory in the southwest. Latest process for cleaning and dyeing. Lowest prices for first-class work.

ROYALLY BRED POLAND-CHINA—All ages, descendants of my 1835 row Anderson's Model, bull's Top Chief, Ram and Missouri's Dude head his herd; nothing better in the herd books.

BELLEVIEW STOCK FARM, Geo. B. Root, Proprietor. The Texas Home of All Ages, Descendants of my 1835 row Anderson's Model, bull's Top Chief, Ram and Missouri's Dude head his herd.

B. C. THOMAS, Fort Worth, Texas. Hereford cattle, any age for sale, yearling Shropshire bucks, Berkshire pigs.

DURHAM PARK STOCK FARM—Shorthorns, English Berkshires, Angora Goats, White Wyandottes. Registered pure-bred stock in each department.

RED POLLED RED POLLED CATTLE—Berkshire Hogs and Angora Goats. Breeder: W. R. Clifton, Waco, Texas.

REGISTERED RED POLLS—50 head cheap for quick sales. W. C. Aldredge, Route 4, Pittsburg, Texas.

RED POLLS—Foxy ears, two of each for fall delivery. Address: J. C. Murray, Maquoketa, Iowa.

EXCELSIOR HERD, Red Polled cattle of both sexes for sale. M. J. EWALT, Hale Center, Hale county, Texas.

CAMP CLARK RED POLLED Cattle, J. H. JENNINGS, Prop. Martindale, Texas.

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New Mexico Range

BREEDING IN NEW MEXICO
ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Sept. 18.—New Mexico is one of the best breeding sections of the United States, and many cattlemen have taken advantage of the difference in climate between the northern and southern parts of the territory to both breed and harden in New Mexico. H. J. Ramer presents a fair example of the large cattle-quaranters are near Watrous, where he has immense pastures under fence for the purpose of keeping his steers until prepared either for market or ranges and feeding grounds in the more northern states. His breeding ranches are in Arizona, where he has large herds of well graded cattle. From there he ships to his northern pastures and prepares his steers for the market.

The Victoria Land and Cattle Company, under the management of Colonel W. H. Greer, owns the entire land grants containing thousands upon thousands of acres of fine grazing lands, besides controlling miles and miles of range in different sections of the territory. This company has not purchased pastures in the north, but ships the young steers to the California market. This is one of the largest concerns in the west, and Colonel Greer makes his headquarters in Albuquerque, as the most convenient point from which to reach the vast interior of his company.

Other large firms generally follow the plan of having breeding ranges in the southern part of the territory, where the climate is mild all the year around, and shipping their steers to northern pastures to mature and get size. Fencing is bringing a better grade of cattle and making ranch property more valuable.

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STOCKMEN ARE PROTESTING

SPRINGER, N. M., Sept. 16.—Quite a number of the cattlemen included in the area specified in the quarantine order by the Territorial Cattle Sanitary board relating to Colfax county, were in the city last Saturday for the purpose of meeting Secretary Barnes of the board, to whom they desired to enter a protest against the manner in which the quarantine was established. They claimed the privilege of having their herds examined by an inspector for the purpose of ascertaining whether disease existed among them, and that where it was found then enforce the quarantine laws. Those who were in claim that no scabies or mange existed among their herds, and the quarantine placed upon them was altogether unnecessary and unjust.

Secretary Barnes agreed to have a thorough inspection made of the cattle in the district under quarantine, and to release those where no disease existed or had not been exposed.

BIG COWBOY BALL

SPRINGER, N. M., Sept. 16.—In this city on the evening of the 15th, the cowboys of this section of the country gave their fourth annual ball at the opera house. They sent something like 800 invitations to people here at home as well as abroad. At the beginning of the invitation was an appropriate verse that runs as follows, and no receiving one failed to read it:

Fiddler sweat'n' like a steer,
Hoof a pound'n' at the lumber,
Making 'noise the stars could hear.
Hug the gals up when we swing 'em,
Raise 'em plum off of their feet,
Balance all ye saddle warmers!
On to next 'un an' repeat!
Balance to the next in wait'n!
Promenade an' off you go!
Seat yer pard an' let 'em blow.

TAXATION OF SHEEP

Among the questions to come before the territorial board of equalization, now in session at Santa Fe, is that of taxation of sheep in the country in which they graze instead of that in which they are owned. Legislation to this effect was enacted by the last legislature and the result has been considerable confusion, several sheep owners having been taxed twice, and several having escaped taxation altogether. It is advanced by eminent attorneys that the legislation is faulty and that it will not stand the examination of the courts.

WESTERN STOCKMEN PLEASED

CHICAGO, Sept. 18.—T. W. Tomlinson of Denver was at the yards today. He was called to Chicago on account of the hearing of the interstate commerce commission against the western railroads, before Judge Bethel in the United States district court. The interstate commission has asked for an injunction restraining the western railroads from collecting a rate on live stock shipped from Missouri river points to Chicago in excess of rates charged for packing house products. The case has been in the courts for some time and the end is about due. The suit was originally instituted at the instance of the Chicago Live Stock Exchange and Mr. Tomlinson appears in behalf of this organization.

Mr. Tomlinson says the live stock conditions in the west are flattering. There is an abundance of feed and stockmen are in an amiable frame of mind. He says there is general satisfaction expressed all over the west at the resignation of Dr. Salmon, who, stockmen think, did not grasp the situation. They are all hoping that a man who better understands western conditions will be appointed his successor. Mr. Tomlinson believes that there will be no more trouble on account of the obnoxious 25-hour law.

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VALUABLE BOOK FREE.
The Julius Andrae & Sons Co. have just completed their new book on Farm Telegraphs, which contains some very valuable information to any one having a telephone or any one who expects to have one. They will send this book absolutely free of charge, and we would advise any of our readers who may be interested in this subject to write to Julius Andrae & Sons Co., 932 W. Water St., Milwaukee, Wis.

LOCAL LIVE STOCK

Talks with Stockmen Who Visit Fort Worth, the Great Live Stock Center and Market of the Southwest

TRANS-PECOS COUNTRY

George T. Reynolds, owner of the X ranch in El Paso county, has just returned from a trip to the ranch. He says the Trans-Pecos country is in the best condition for twenty years, grass being fine and cattle fat. There will be a liberal marketing of fat cows from there this fall. Steers are not very plentiful and there will be fewer stockers put on the market from there than for years, because of their scarcity and the fact that a large per cent of the steers marketed will be fat owing to the excellent condition of the range.

CARRYING CATTLE OVER

Pete Seoguin was a Wednesday visitor at the stock yards, coming in from his ranch in Kent county. Mr. Seoguin says the range is in fine condition and cattle doing well but that indications are that few will be marketed from his section. "We have more grass than cattle out our way," he said, "and the big outfits are talking of buying rather than shipping. The reason is that good calves are scarce and the reason that they are scarce is because milk is bringing a good price and dairymen would rather sell it than feed it to the calf. There are even calves in the east which accounts for prices going up to \$10 at Buffalo and Jersey City. I do not look for many good calves this fall and there are prospects that prices will continue high."

PLAINS COUNTRY WET

Hon. J. G. Witherspoon returned Monday from the Panhandle, visiting much of that country and finding conditions flourishing everywhere he went. Good rains fell over much of the plains country last week, and with good curing weather from now on, splendid grass for the winter is assured. Mr. Witherspoon attended the Doherty fair last week and says he never saw a better agricultural display than was made there. Exhibits included wheat, oats and barley, raised in that country, which Mr. Witherspoon said were as fine as could be grown anywhere.

THE CUBAN TRADE

S. A. Overton of Overton & Pursley is at the yards, attending the horse and mule sale. Messrs. Overton & Pursley are in the business of buying and selling cattle, horses and mules at Tyler, and are doing an extensive business.

the cattle feeding situation rather uncertain for Texas feeders who have been using meal and hulls for the fattening of cattle, as it will be very hard for a feeder here to pay the prices which have been obtained for meal and hulls, and produce fat cattle in competition with a world of cheap corn. Conditions seem to indicate that the cattlemen for Texas feeders to be cautious in their own feeding operations.

"As regards the present and near future prospects for the killing cattle market, there seems to be plenty of cattle to meet the requirements, as any little advance brings out heavy receipts. There does not, however, appear to be any great number of finished cattle in the corb belt."

CONDITIONS OUT WEST

F. M. Long has just returned from his Fisher county ranch, where he found his cattle thriving and fattening rapidly on the excellent range. "During the last ten days," said Mr. Long, "about two and one-half inches of rain has fallen in that section, and all the country along the Texas and Pacific railroad between here and Roby has had a good wetting. Taken as a whole, I never saw such fat steers, and as good as at present. The recent rains have insured plenty of winter grass, which may influence cattlemen to hold their cattle this fall if market conditions are not to their liking, but cattle there are sure to be in excellent condition, and if all that are fat are marketed the movement will be fairly large."

"Cows were all fine, with the exception of down on steers of all ages. The range is so good, the country so lightly stocked and market values so low that I think few will be moved. There will ship some more fat steers during December and January. The Elsinore company buys a great many yearling and two-year-old steers, principally twos, and hold them until they are four years old, when they sell them as feeders to Kansas cattlemen, when we think we will not be able to fatten them. This year the cattle were fat but the range is so lightly stocked that I think few will be shipped out."

"The Pecos country is gradually building up, but the fact that the expense of getting water there is so great prevents our country from settling up as fast as some other sections of the state. On the Elsinore ranch are six wells, ranging from 600 to 1,000 feet deep, that are all dry. We get our stock water chiefly from large surface tanks which catch the water as it falls. In the rainy season these tanks are filled and enough water is stored in them to keep the stock during dry periods. No farming is done on the Pecos except on irrigated lands. There are about 2,000 acres around Fort Stockton under irrigation, and on this land alfalfa, fruit, corn and other grains are produced very successfully. Alfalfa yields an average of about six tons per acre per season on this land. Four cuttings of about one and one-half tons per acre are generally secured. Many ranchmen raised some sorghum and Johnson grass for winter feed for stock."

FEEDERS ARE DISCOURAGED

J. H. Ross, an experienced cattle raiser and feeder of Limonette county, was at the stock yards Wednesday. Mr. Ross has just marketed the last of a string of about 100 head of 800 to 1,000-pound steers which he had completed feeding this fall and winter. He later decided the signs were not right. He says that from present indications there will be very few calves fed in Limonette this year, many of the regular feeders having decided to stay out of the game. There will, however, be a good many cattle carried through the winter on up a long price for cotton seed meal and to sell cattle when fat in competition with a liberal number of heaves fattened in the corn belt at comparatively cheap corn. Mr. Ross says it is what has made him look upon cattle feeding the coming season with ill-favor. "Full corn cribs in the corn belt in past years have invariably meant full feed lots and I see no reason to believe that this year will prove an exception to the rule. While Fort Worth will in all probability not receive enough corn for cattle to count, meal fed steer values on this market

will necessarily depend to a large extent on prices that will be paid on fat cattle at the northern markets, and if corn belt feed lots are filled, prices will probably not be high enough to make Texas meal-fed cattle pay out. The oil mills in my section of the country are not contracting any meal. They are afraid to now. The manager of the Minger Cotton Oil Company told me a few days ago that his company is not counting on a good tonnage of more than 2,000 to 3,000 tons this year, against 6,000 tons last year. He says we may expect high priced meal and low hulls. It looks like a good year for the man with the full corn crib but the bulk of the cattle feeding."

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