

Chase County Herald.

W. E. TIMMONS, Editor and Proprietor.

VOLUME X.

COTTONWOOD FALLS, KANSAS, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1883.

NUMBER 2.

A WEEK'S NEWS.

Gleaned by Telegraph and Mail

WASHINGTON NOTES.

SENATOR EDMUNDS is reported as having stated most positively that he does not intend to return to the position of President pro tempore of the Senate. He intends to resign immediately upon the organization of the Senate, and Senator Anthony, it is said, will be elected in his place.

The Secretary of the Interior has accepted the resignation of Edgar A. Marble, Commissioner of Patents. The position has been tendered Hon. Benjamin Butterworth, of Ohio.

The cotton return of the Department of Agriculture showed that the condition of the crop on the first of October was worse than on the first of September. The continuance of drought at many points, the ravages of worms in regions most infected and the more visible results of previous injuries had reduced the general average condition from seventy-six to sixty-eight. Indications pointed to a crop a little larger than that of 1881, but falling short of last year's crop by more than one million bales.

It is stated that the Civil Service Commission has asked the President to direct the further classification of employees in the Government service, so as to bring within the operation of the Civil Service rules the class of employes now receiving less than one hundred dollars per annum. The President is believed to favor the proposition.

The opinion prevailed in Washington that the President would soon pardon Sergeant Mason. The petition for his pardon aggregate more than 900,000 signatures.

An order was recently issued by the Postoffice Department establishing a daily exchange of through registered pouches between postmasters of New York and Portland, Ore.

SECRETARY FOLGER has written a reply to Senator Garland, who recently presented a claim of the State of Arkansas for moneys alleged to be due under the deposit act of June 23, 1836, in which he says: "Since the indebtedness of the United States has been sufficient to absorb the surplus revenues, I understand the usage of the Department has been to look upon the deposit act as being at least suspended, if not entirely obsolete, and until otherwise directed by Congress, I am disposed to concur in that usage."

The published statement that the President had directed that the annual reports of all the Bureau officers of the different Departments be withheld from publication until after he shall have seen his annual message to Congress, is officially denied. Private Secretary Phillips said the President had never made such a request, nor had he ever intimated that such was his pleasure.

THE EAST.

The German bi-centennial parade in Philadelphia, was one of the largest of its kind ever witnessed in that city, fully 20,000 men and 3,000 vehicles being in line. The streets along the line of the procession were literally jammed and windows and seats were at a premium. At Newark, N. J., the celebration was also a great success, fully 20,000 people being in line, and business generally was suspended.

At the Lancaster (Pa.) County Prison, the other evening, while two watchmen were on duty, Ike Buzzard, of the notorious brothers of that name, got out of his cell and locked the watchmen in. Securing the cell keys he released eleven other prisoners, the worst criminals in jail. After helping themselves to something to eat they left by the front door. The criminals were under sentence of from five to thirteen years.

During the session of the General Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church, at Philadelphia, the Committee on Amendments of the Constitution reported it inexpedient to change the name "Protestant Episcopal." The report that it is inexpedient to change the name "General Convention" to "Triennial Convention" was adopted. It was also declared inadvisable to introduce the proposed canon against divorce.

At a school election, in Lansingburg, N. Y., recently, the ladies cast two hundred and twenty-five votes out of a total of one thousand. A number of women were challenged, it being alleged that they were imported from Troy. Several negroes voted.

The Springfield summer residence of Thomas W. Pearson, the New York banker, at Grove's Hill, Conn., burned the other morning; also a great part of the elegant furniture. Everything about the house was of the most costly material. The house was finished about a year and a half ago at a cost of over \$100,000. The loss was \$125,000; insurance, \$50,000.

The other morning a special train passed through Pittsburgh, Pa., en route from Portland, Ore., to New York, comprising two hundred Oregon pioneers, not one of the party having settled in that State later than 1834. This was the first through train over the Northern Pacific road. The excursionists went to New York and there separated, a large majority having been natives of that State.

REV. ERASTUS STEINOR, a Presbyterian minister of New York, was in court in Boston, recently, when his son was being sentenced for forgery, and said he did not wish to interfere with the judgment of the Court. The mother of the prisoner called a scene by rebuking the father for his course. Young Seymour forged his father's signature.

JOHN B. GRIFFIN, Seneca B. Miller and George Malskin, charged with dynamiting a house at Pawling, Dutchess County, N. Y., resulting in the death of Samuel Grover, were subsequently captured.

The Prohibitionists of New Jersey nominated Rev. Solomon Parsons for Governor. The two hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the organization of the First Congregational Church in Hartford, Conn., was held at that city on the 11th and 12th. The church was organized in 1663, in Cambridge,

Mass., and afterwards removed to Newton, and the church company, with its ministers, Thomas Hooker and Samuel Stone, emigrated to Hartford in 1636. The anniversary celebration was that of the first organization in Cambridge.

THE WEST.

A FEARFUL accident recently occurred at the farm of a Mr. Northrup, near Morehead, Minn., in which four men were killed outright and ten more narrowly escaped with their lives. The men were members of a threshing crew, who had been threshing for Northrup the day previous, and were sleeping in the lower story of the granary, in the upper story of which were 1,600 bushels of oats. During the night, while the men were asleep, the floor suddenly gave way, completely burying eight men, who were sleeping at the end of the building where the floor gave away. Six men, sleeping at the other end, were partially crowded through the side of the house, which gave way to the sudden pressure, and they made their escape without difficulty. After giving the alarm, they set to work to remove their comrades from underneath the oats. When the unfortunate men were reached, four were dead from suffocation, and some of the others so nearly that it was a matter of doubt for several hours if they would not die from the effects.

THREE men were lately arrested at Grand Forks, D. T., charged with counterfeiting. Chambers, Walters and McGovern, all residents of Canada. McGovern is known to be respectively connected, his brother having held high municipal and Government positions in Canada. Chambers was formerly in the employ of the Canada Pacific Railroad, and reported to be a fine penman. All the paraphernalia for counterfeiting was captured.

JACK ELLERTON, mail carrier between Greenfield and Stockton, Mo., was recently arrested for robbing the mail in his charge of a registered letter.

A RECENT collision between two freight trains on the Chicago & Northwestern road, near Janesville, Wis., wrecked three engines and killed a fireman.

The wife of Samuel Whitman, residing near Pennville, Ind., recently hanged herself in her kitchen. No reason was known.

As Mr. Trouteng, a section boss on the Milwaukee & St. Paul road, his wife and baby, accompanied by his daughter, her husband and child, were riding on a hand car near Waukegan, Wis., recently, the hat of Mrs. Trouteng blew off, and in attempting to grasp it her baby slipped out of her hands in front of the car. The child caught in the gear wheels and was instantly killed. The car was thrown from the track and those upon it were hurled some distance. Both women were probably fatally injured, and the other child would die.

GOVERNOR GLICK, of Kansas, a few days since received a telegram from Hon. S. J. Crawford, State agent at Washington, that "all Indemnity Lands heretofore withdrawn for the Santa Fe road, and not certified, are restored to the market. This opens to settlement over a million acres between Larned and the west line of the State."

At Farley, Iowa, recently, Daniel McKendry, while eating his dinner, fell from his chair and died before a physician could be summoned. He was supposed to have been choked with something he was eating. He was sixty years of age.

GEORGE WEBB, a resident of Toe Garden, ten miles north of Plymouth, Ind., while under the influence of liquor, recently, killed his two-year-old child and then blew out his brains. The husband and wife had lived unhappily and the latter had applied for a divorce.

It was recently discovered that the Circuit Attorney's office at St. Louis had been entered and the short hand records of the last Grand Jury, which investigated the Gambling ring, were missing. The missing stenographic notes cover all the testimony of some twenty witnesses to the gambling investigation, and notes on other important cases.

THE SOUTH.

WILLIAM STREET, a policeman of Huntsville, Ala., while recently attempting to arrest two negro thieves, was seized by one while the other killed him with an ax.

The report of the National Cotton Exchange, of New Orleans, for September, showed the total movement of this year's crop, to ports and overland, to be 362,133 bales, an increase of 21,069 bales; shipments to spinners, 14,670, against 13,234 last season.

AN Austin (Tex.) special says the Austin & Northwestern Railway was placed in the hands of a receiver, J. A. Rhombert, the President of the company, was appointed to the place. The embarrassment is claimed to be due to the failure of the State to afford public domain for the location of land certificates to which the road is said to be entitled. The creditors are less than a dozen in number.

The late municipal election in Nashville, Tenn., resulted in an overwhelming victory for the Citizens' Reform ticket over the candidates for re-election of the old municipal regime. The Reform ticket was composed of blacks and whites, Democrats and Republicans, and party lines were obliterated. It was the first time in the history of the City Government, since the negroes were invested with citizenship, that the whites and blacks were united.

The negro who murdered Policeman Street, of Huntsville, Ala., recently by splitting his head with an ax, was taken from jail by fifty masked men and hanged. He refused to give his name. His confederate was still at large, with a heavy reward offered for his arrest.

A YOUNG Jew named Halpert, was recently arrested at San Antonio, Tex., for forgery upon the banking house of Kidder, Peabody & Co., of Boston, for \$30,000.

At Danville, Va., recently, John A. Ferguson, tried for the murder of Policeman Parks, was declared not guilty. The jury acted on the instructions of the Court that a man has a right to defend himself,

even in killing an officer, if he endeavors to arrest him without a warrant.

MOBILE and other towns in Alabama have quarantined against Brewton, where yellow fever prevails.

WHILE Jailer Raillard was attending to his usual duties in the jail at Clifton, La., recently, he was seized by the prisoners, bucked and gagged and six prisoners walked out.

J. M. TERPHEE, postmaster at Bastrop, La., was found dead in bed the other morning. Death was supposed to have been caused by an over-dose of chloral.

Two drunken negroes recently murdered a man at Russellville, Ky., for which they were lynched.

A SPECIAL from White Bluff, Tenn., gave an account of a remarkable attempt at murder near that place, recently. Rev. A. D. Nicks was shot in the arm, and further up the road he was shot again. It was developed that a stepson of the preacher, John Nicks, aged thirteen, and a negro boy, Albert Bell, plotted the murder of their respective fathers, and Nicks dangerously wounded his. The negro boy confessed and both were jailed.

GENERAL.

THROUGH the breaking of an axle of the baggage car, three passenger cars of the Canada Pacific Railway were thrown from the track and burned near Deux Rives, Canada, recently. Nearly two hundred passengers were in the cars. A number were severely injured, but none were reported killed.

A. M. SULLIVAN, Member of Parliament, recently said that O'Donnell, the slayer of Carey, is an American citizen and that his trial will not take place until American counsel have had time to reach England.

MOODY and Sankey are reported to be holding a successful series of meetings in Limerick, Ireland.

GUY, solicitor for O'Donnell, the murderer of Carey, says he has received only \$200 so far for the defense of his client, which has been spent bringing witnesses from Cape Good Hope. O'Donnell complained of the severity of the prison rules.

THE bursting of the boiler of the drainage engine at the Santa Rita mine, near Pieves, Mexico, recently killed several persons, among them the Superintendent.

SMALL-POX and yellow fever still afflict portions of Mexico.

A CAPTAIN of artillery, at the City of Mexico, recently killed his sweetheart and then himself. Jealousy was the cause.

The National League of Dublin announced the receipt of £1,000 from Australia and a like sum from America. The League condemned the partisan conduct of Earl Spencer, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, in proclaiming the League meetings in County Clare, while tolerating the addresses of Northcote in Ulster, which resulted in an assault upon a convent.

MANAGER URINA recently attempted to assassinate the President of Santa Domingo, at Neyba, Hayti, and the President shot his assailant dead.

The failures in the United States and Canada for the week, ended October 12th, were 187, against 183 for the previous week. There was some increase in the Southern States and in New York City.

THE LATEST.

AFTER the retirement of General Sheridan and the accession of General Sherman to the command of the army, General Hancock, at his own request, will remain in command of the Division of the Atlantic, with headquarters at New York. General Schofield will take command of the Division of the Missouri, with headquarters at Chicago, and General Pope will succeed the last named in command of the Pacific Division, with headquarters at San Francisco.

Brigade General Ague will succeed Major General Pope in command of the Missouri Department, with headquarters at Fort Leavenworth. Brigade General K. S. Mackenzie, will succeed General Ague in command of the Department of Texas. The Department of the South has been consolidated with the Department of the East. Major General Hancock in command.

NEARLY complete returns from the Ohio election showed a total vote of nearly 712,000. The Prohibition amendment was defeated by about 70,000 majority. Hadley's majority seemed to be between ten and twelve thousand, with the Legislature Democratic. The Republican majority in Iowa was put at 30,000. Legislature strongly Republican.

The Lyceum theater in Chicago, built immediately following the great fire of 1871, and at that time known as the Globe theater, was partially burned the other morning. In the second story were a number of sleeping apartments, occupied by Thomas Grenier, lessee of the theater, and family, six persons in all. All escaped except Harry Perry, twenty-four years of age, who was forgotten in the excitement and suffocated. The loss was placed at about \$25,000.

THROUGH the carelessness of a young man who was acting as engineer on the Southwest road, near Uniontown, Pa., recently, a collision took place, resulting in the wrecking and burning of several cars and the serious injury of a number of passengers.

A YEAR ago the wife of A. H. Herrick, a well-to-do ranchman near Grand Junction, Colo., left him. Herrick afterwards obtained a divorce and married Margaret Thompson. Mrs. Herrick returned a short time since, and upon meeting Herrick and wife, shot and instantly killed his second wife. She was admitted to bail, and commenced proceedings to recover some of Mr. Herrick's property. The other afternoon while the Sheriff and Mrs. Herrick were at the ranch looking up the cattle, Herrick shot and killed Mrs. Herrick and then gave himself up to the Sheriff.

ALFRED WHITE, the youngest of the gang of horse thieves known as the White Boys, recently attempted to commit suicide at Madison, Ind., by taking morphine in jail. Two of the boys were recently sent to the penitentiary, and the others were being hunted down.

KANSAS STATE NEWS.

Kansas Crops.

From the September report of the Secretary of the State Board of Agriculture, the subjoined notes will be found of interest. The Secretary says: "The month of September has been a trying period on corn. The month, in many sections of the State, was entirely without rainfall, and this, added to the fact that but a slight fall occurred in August, gave such a length of time without moisture that corn was injured severely. The result has been that fields that promised fifty and sixty bushels to the acre on the 25th of August, make only a yield of thirty or forty on October 1st. Some portions of the State had sufficient rainfall the entire season, and the yield in these sections has been larger than ever before known. There were no general rains in September, there being only local showers. This is plainly shown (in a table) where a certain county has an average yield of fifty bushels, and an adjoining county with equally as good soil has but thirty-five. These apparent inconsistencies occur in many places, and can readily be explained as above noted. The extreme western counties have made the smallest yield of corn yet attained in their history; Sheridan making a total failure, while Ellis, Graham, Hodgeman, Ness and Trego hardly recovered the seed planted in the spring. The average yield for the State has been reduced from the August estimate to 49.3 bushels per acre, or total product of 190,373,287, a falling off during the month of about 160,000 bushels. This loss comes from the counties where the rainfall was insufficient, this being the only cause. In nearly all of the counties that fell below an average yield the quality of the grain is below the standard of last year. Where the yields have been large the quality is excellent, being much superior to that of 1882. For the entire State the quality is about ten per cent. superior to the crop of last year. Notwithstanding the bad effects of a dry month upon the corn, the product this year is still in excess of that of last year by about 36,000 bushels. The early varieties of Irish potatoes have made an unusually large yield in all portions of the State. The late varieties, in the majority of counties, will yield very poorly. The State yield of both varieties will average about ninety-five bushels per acre, making a total crop of 7,151,775 bushels from an area of 80,545 acres. The yield of sweet potatoes will average 230 bushels, and from 4,091 acres make 499,830 bushels. The quality of early Irish potatoes was much superior to any crop heretofore grown in Kansas. A large part of the sorghum grown this year was intended for forage only. The area of the State is 202,042 acres, more than one half of which has been or will be used as above noted. The 50,000 acres planted for sugar and syrup will yield about 5,000,000 gallons. The forage area will average about six tons to the acre, making a product of 300,000 tons of excellent forage. Fruit has not been successful this year in Kansas. The severe winter did a great deal of damage, killing a great many of the peach trees. The apple crop is about sixty per cent. of an average. None of the small fruits, except possible grapes, made an average crop."

Miscellaneous.

In answer to an inquiry, the Attorney General recently gave an opinion that County Attorneys are required to appear and prosecute in the courts of their several counties all cases in which the State or county is interested. For this they are allowed a salary and fees fixed by law. For such services they cannot claim extra compensation. When a case is removed on change of venue to another court the duty of the County Attorney in the county where the prosecution was commenced ceases and if directed by the Commissioners to follow the case he may receive extra compensation for the service beyond the limits of his county. A case taken on change of venue to another county, stands in such other county and is tried the same as if originally instituted there. The County Attorney of that county must appear and prosecute that case in the courts the same as if it had been instituted there by himself. For this service he is entitled to the fees provided by law, the same as if originally in his county. He cannot recover, from his own county or the county from which the case was removed, any extra compensation for his services in the prosecution of the case. The county where the crime was committed must of course pay the costs."

GOVERNOR GLICK recently received from Land Commissioner McFarland at Washington a certified copy of "lands granted to the State of Kansas by the act of March 3, 1858, for the use and benefit of the children, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad company," as taken from the books in the Interior Department. As State Agent Crawford, who is engaged in prosecuting the claims of the State before Secretary Teller, takes grounds in his brief that this company has already had patents to more land than it is entitled to under said grant from Congress, it is not thought probable that the Governor will certify or make a deed to any of the lands embodied in this list, embracing 187,000 acres, until the claim is adjusted by the Secretary, and it is determined whether or not the company is entitled to these lands by its grant.

The recent reunion of veterans at Leavenworth was a grand affair for the old soldiers, who met from all parts of the Missouri Valley, and around the camp-fires talked over the scenes and incidents connected with their former campaigns. It was estimated that twenty-five thousand strangers—veterans and their families and friends—were present, and the procession of veterans, many of the regiments, being under command of their old officers, reminded those present of the days of "War's alarms." The heavy rain of the last day cast a damper upon the enjoyment, but altogether the reunion was a grand success, and an occasion long to be remembered.

Republican Presidential Possibilities.

The Republican organs are so much occupied with the affairs of the Democracy that they have no time to treat their own party friends with courtesy. Here we are on the eve of a political contest which is admittedly the preliminary skirmish of the Presidential battle, and while Republican journals are full of calculations regarding Democratic candidates they have not a word to say concerning their own aspirants.

The Republican prospects, it is true, are not sufficiently encouraging to invite a severe struggle for the next Presidential nomination.

The field from which the Republicans have to make their choice is not a very wide one. The old issues of the party are dead and buried, and with them the best of its old leaders have passed away.

Blaine is beyond question the most prominent and the strongest Republican mentioned in connection with the Republican nomination. He has a personal following of which no other Republican leader can boast. There is an atmosphere of chivalry about him. A "plumed knight" glamour surrounds him. He has enthusiastic followers and friends. But he has very bitter enemies.

It may safely be set down that Blaine is a candidate. He has long wanted the nomination. He wants it still. It is his wisdom to hold back from the scramble for an avowed candidate, the honors would be on his track, and tear him to pieces before the Convention. He has great self-confidence. He believes he could win. But as a defeated candidate for the Presidency he would hold a higher position than as a repeatedly defeated candidate for the nomination. If the Republican party is to die, why should not Blaine retire with at least this much honor?

Blaine is a candidate for the nomination despite his literary pursuits, and his book may smooth away many old and violent antagonisms. An author can make friends out of enemies. Senator George F. Edmunds waits for the nomination. But he is as cold and as honest as Bayard, and like him comes from a State insignificant in population. What strength would he bring to the party?

Robert Lincoln would like to fill the office his father honored. He is a possibility, but a sentimentality. Change his name and there is nothing left of him but an amiable gentleman of mild manners and limited capacity.

Senator John Logan will receive the support of his State. He can command Illinois. It is questionable whether his strength does not end there.

Ben Harrison, of Indiana, a very weak man and an indifferent politician, would suit a certain set of "liberal" Republicans. That fact kills him.

Foster is ambitious. He would be glad if somebody would steal the nomination for him as he stole it for Garfield.

John Sherman is still in the position of "Barkis." But Foster gave cunning John's ambition a death-blow in the nomination of Foraker.

General Sherman is a candidate. He would make a hot campaign. Hero worship would aid him. His military renown and his ability would make him an opponent not to be despised.

President Arthur is very much a candidate. His friends flatter him. Office-holders and office-seekers fawn on him. He holds the Southern delegations in his pocket. His hopes are high. His disappointment will be great.

Blaine heads the list of Republican probabilities. He would be coupled on the ticket with Lincoln, Harrison, Gresham, Foraker or Foster.

If he should be beaten by a Western candidate his strength would command the nomination for Vice-President. In that case who could defeat A. B. Cornell as candidate for Vice-President? Blaine and Cornell work together. First, for Blaine for President. Secondly, for Cornell for Vice-President. —N. Y. World.

The New York Democratic Platform.

At its recent State Convention, the New York Democracy adopted the following platform of principles: "The Democracy of New York reaffirms the platform adopted at its last State Convention, which has received the approval of the people, as shown by a majority of nearly 200,000 in its last election, and they especially announce the proposition that the people should be taxed to raise a surplus fund for the Federal Government to distribute among the States. We claim with pride and satisfaction that every pledge therein made has been in good faith redeemed.

Valuable reforms have been wrought, useless offices have been abolished, civil service has been freed from the degrading influences of partisan manipulation, the freedom and purity of primaries have been adhered to, the efficiency of the National Guard has been increased, taxation for the support of the Government has been reduced, a State Bureau of Labor Statistics has been established, the rights of workmen have been further protected, the injurious competition of convict labor has been curtailed, and business methods have been the rule in the management of State affairs.

On the record thus made, and to which it was steadily adhered, the Democratic party asks the renewal of the award of the confidence of the people, and to invite all reasonable friends of our improved State Administration, irrespective of party, to join with the Democracy in preserving and perfecting the reforms in progress, and in extending them to all branches of the State service.

We heartily endorse Governor Cleveland's Administration, and his abilities the great vote which elected him. He has deservedly won the affection of the people by his industry, firmness, and intelligence and aggressive honesty. The results make his Administration one of the best the State has ever had.

A too-hasty Nimrod of Roseburg, Ore., while hunting in the mountains recently observed the figure of an object in the act of taking a drink at a spring, and, thinking it some wild animal he shot it, when he was horrified to find that it was his own brother, who had stooped down to take a drink.

African Rights and African Wrongs.

A year from now both parties will probably have made their Presidential nominations, and the hot political fight with which the country is afflicted every forty-eight months will have fairly begun. In that fight the Republicans will undoubtedly attempt to use the gun which has been in constant service since 1856 whenever the Presidency was the price of victory. We mean, of course, the antiquated piece of artillery composed in equal parts of African rights and African wrongs, as represented by the relations of the two races in the South. At present it happens to be in the shop for repairs, and perhaps alterations; and before it comes out again a brief inquiry in regard to its capacity for future mischief will not be inappropriate. In other words, as Republican organs and orators will certainly try to "fire the Northern heart" on the Southern question at the approaching National election, let us see how that question really stands to-day when partisan lies have as yet had no chance to operate upon it.

First and foremost, the South is as quiet and peaceful as the North. There are as few violations of law, in proportion to population, in the Southern States as in the Northern, probably fewer; and these are entirely non-political in character and purpose—merely the usual manifestations of human depravity. The extensive assortment of crimes which existed, or was said to exist, when Southern Republicanism was in the full bloom of its power, has practically disappeared altogether since the Southern people were allowed to manage their own affairs in their own way—and chose the Democratic way. In 1876 Republican authorities declared that every year over a thousand persons belonging to that party were killed or grievously maltreated on account of their political opinions in Louisiana alone. Singularly enough, however, as soon as the Electoral vote of that State was stolen for Hayes, while at the same time the Republican candidate for Governor—who had more votes than Hayes—was told to consider himself defeated, political murders and maltreatment there came to an end; so that to-day a white or black Republican is as safe and serene in Louisiana as in Massachusetts. The occupation of Eliza Pinkston & Co. was gone the moment the last Federal soldier left New Orleans, and that famous firm went into hopeless bankruptcy.

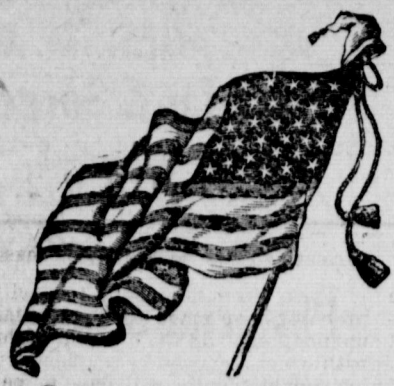
Though the South, from the Potomac to the Rio Grande, and from the Ohio to the Gulf, is packed with Republican office-holders and agents, no Republican Munchausen is sufficiently impudent and shameless to manufacture a new supply of the old falsehoods. The "Southern outrage" mill has stopped grinding; bulldozers, bulldozing, Ku-Klux and rifle clubs have returned to the land of fable where they were born; and the most stupid and prejudiced Republican in the North knows that the South is quite as orderly and well-behaved in every respect as his own section, and there is no reason why she should not remain so. He knows, too, or may know, if he has eyes to read or ears to hear, that the "exodus" business has exploded, doing no damage to anybody, except the ignorant negroes who invested in it; and that the two races are living and working together as harmoniously and happily as the ordinary casualties, conflicts and chances of life will permit. In short, the Southern question, in all its political, social and industrial phases, is, if not actually settled, in process of final and satisfactory settlement. All it requires to reach that desirable consummation is to be let alone. The policy of interference was tried from 1865 to 1877, and its results make the darkest chapter in the Nation's history. The policy of non-interference has been tried from 1877 to 1883, and its results are before the world to speak for themselves.

Such being the plain and undeniable facts in relation to the present condition and prospects of the Southern question, it is difficult to see how this old Republican gun can be utilized in the coming campaign; but that an effort will be made to drag it into the field in support of the Republican ticket is sufficiently certain. The simple truth of the matter is that the Republicans can not get along without it. To take from them the Southern question would be another case of the play of "Hamlet" minus the melancholy Dane. They must have their "customary suit of solemn black"; they must have the always virtuous and oppressed negro, and the always wild and wicked Southern Democrat; they must have a Union eternally threatened with disunion, and "results of the war" eternally in danger of becoming no results at all; they must have a Southern Vesuvius always preparing to belch forth flame and blood, and crying for Republican water to put it out; they must play the same old tune on the same old fiddle, hoping the people will dance to it in the same old fashion. We think the people will decline to flourish "the light, fantastic toe" any more on any such provocation. We think that the people, seeing how peaceful and prosperous the South is in 1883, can not in 1884 be made to believe that it is a hell upon earth. The old Republican gun may, and doubtless will, be brought to the front as usual; but the unmistakable indications are that the poet's rhyme will receive brilliant and vigorous illustration thereby:

"But as some muskets so contrive it,
As oft to miss the mark they drive at,
And though well aimed, at duck or plover,
Bear while and kick their owners over."
—Exchange.

—Only six of the old defenders of Baltimore in the war of 1812 are now alive. —N. Y. Herald.

The Chase County Courant.
Official Paper of Chase County.
 W. E. TIMMONS, Editor and Publisher.



Democratic County Ticket.

FOR TREASURER,
 W. P. MARTIN, of Toledo tp.
 FOR SHERIFF,
 J. C. SCROGGIN, of Falls tp.
 FOR COUNTY CLERK,
 E. W. ELLIS, of Falls tp.
 FOR REGISTER,
 FOR SURVEYOR,
 W. S. ROMIGH, of Falls tp.
 FOR CORONER,
 DR. J. W. STONE, of Falls tp.
 FOR COMMISSIONER—3D DISTRICT,
 A. R. ICE, of Cottonwood tp.

DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

Resolved by the Democrats of Chase county, Kansas, in convention assembled, 1st, That we hereby renew our allegiance to the Democratic party, and pledge ourselves to the support of its doctrines as laid down in its last National and Kansas State Platforms; and further, that we, the members of this convention, hereby pledge ourselves, on our honor, to support the nominees of this convention, without reserve; and further, that no nominee of this convention shall be entitled to the support of the Democracy of Chase county, who will not, unqualifiedly, pledge himself to support the ticket nominated, to-day.

2d, That the election of Glick to the Governorship of Kansas was an instruction to the Legislature to re-submit to the people, by ballot, the Prohibition Constitutional Amendment, and the refusal of the Legislature to comply with the instruction was a flagrant disregard of the wishes of the people, which we heartily condemn.

3d, That time continues to demonstrate the folly of prohibition and the necessity of its speedy repeal.

4th, That we are in favor of a high license law, as the best means of regulating the traffic of intoxicating liquor.

5th, That we are opposed to a protective tariff, and we are in favor of a tariff for revenue only.

6th, That we are in favor of controlling monopolies by legislation.

7th, That we are in favor of an honest administration in county and State affairs, and a reduction of taxation to the lowest amount consistent with public good.

8th, That we favor of making Greenbacks a legal tender for the payment of all public debts and for duties on imports, and that the Greenbacks be issued by the Government, and bank notes be withdrawn.

9th, That we heartily endorse the administration and policy of Gov. Glick.

10th, That, as the Democratic party is the only medium through which the many wrongs which are heaped upon the masses of the people can be righted; therefore, we would urge the members of the party to vote and work for the support of that party, in all honorable ways; and further, we would urge the thinking men of all parties to join with us in our efforts.

Democrats, remember that you never yet elected a Democrat to office in this county by swapping.

The Art Amateur for October is a treasure for home art workers. Price, 35 cents; \$4 a year. Montague Marks, publisher, 23 Union Square, New York.

The Democrats of this county used to work with the disaffected Republicans. This fall the disaffected Republicans are going to work and vote with the Democrats; and don't you forget it.

There is quite a disaffection in the Republican ranks in this county, this fall, and all the dissatisfied Republicans ask of the Democrats that they prove true to their entire ticket, and they will see that it shall be elected.

When the The Chase County Building and Loan Association "had completed its work," last

Saturday night, the champion foot-stick wrapper, the man who took more money from the county treasury than his bills called for, and who has never yet refunded a cent of the same to the county, "looked as though he had been 'coquetting' with a Kansas cyclone, or 'monkeying' with a revolving buz saw. It was a crushing blow, and the victim thought he had been hit with" two "iron foot-sticks."

In commenting on Judge C. C. Wilson's letter in the COURANT, relating to the refusal to admit Mrs. Sarah Ruby into the Insane Asylum at Ossawatimie, because of the incurable character of her case, the Osage County Democrat says: "There is one question in connection with this subject we would like some learned physician to answer, and it is this: Is it possible to positively determine a case of insanity incurable? and if so, by what process is the conclusion arrived at? and what length of time does it take? We make the inquiry in all candor, and for the purpose (if possible) of eliciting a rational response."

The Oklahoma settlers' case is to be argued before the United States District Court at Leavenworth, this month. It appears to be a question between a few wealthy cattle men and a large number of settlers, as to who shall use and eventually own a large area of fertile land in the Indian Territory, which is not deeded in any Indian reservation. —Emporia Republican.

And are not these few wealthy cattle owners Republicans of high standing in their party, some of them being U. S. Senators or filling other high offices under the Government? If reports be true, our own Senator Plumb has a finger in that pie.

It has just come to our ears that some of our friends (?) have put a report in circulation that we are not supporting J. C. Scroggin, the Democratic nominee for Sheriff. Two years ago when we supported the Fusion ticket some of our friends (?) started a report that we were not supporting Geo. Balch, the Fusion candidate for this office, and the report caused us the loss of a good deal of money; but we are not dead yet; and, no doubt, this last report was started to hurt us, financially; but we are not to be killed by any such means; and if every other Democrat will give the entire Democratic ticket that hearty support that have been and shall give it, Mr. Scroggin and every other man on it will be elected.

"TOO YOUNG!" IS HE?

To the Editor of the Courant: Let me have space in your valuable paper to say a few words in regard to an argument that is being used against one of the candidates on our ticket; and that is, that our candidate for the office of County Clerk is "too young." Now, I would ask: How old must a man be or, is age the only accomplishment requisite for a good Clerk?

When Jas. Whitcomb was elected Governor of Indiana he nominated two young men, Perkins and Smith, for the Supreme Bench of the State, to succeed two old, dignified, able jurists, Dewey and Sullivan. So, when Whitcomb was renominated the Whigs pitted Jos. G. Marshall against him, with instructions to annihilate Whitcomb for insulting the dignity of the grand old Commonwealth by nominating two such young men to such important positions; but he did not annihilate worth a cent. He showed the docket to be far behind, and that it took just such live, energetic young men to push forward the work and clear the docket; and Mr. Marshall dropped the argument, as the boy did the horse shoe; and this is what we want to-day, live, energetic, faithful young men, to push forward the work of our offices, rather than slow, ponderous talent, to let the work drag as slowly as their dignity compels them to drag their bodies.

Who is this nominee of ours? A man in his 24th year, fourteen of those years being spent in our midst, where his career has been watched by such men as Blackshear, Holmes, Parks and others; and it has been such as to win their confidence, and cause them to present his name to our convention and use their influence to secure his nomination for the position of

If You Want Anything FROM A Cradle TO A Tomb Stone, GO TO J. W. FERRY'S Famous Store.

Clerk, believing him in every way qualified to fill the position. All who know him know him to be honest and faithful and qualified for the position for which we have nominated him; and, in conclusion, I would ask: Does not his long term of fourteen years in our midst entitle him to, at least, as much patronage at our hands as does the two or three years' stay in our midst of his opponent entitles him to? Let his friends all over the county see to it that he gets it; and then again, would not his election be in accordance with the Republican platform, and, hence, more Republican than would be the election of his opponent, because it would be "in accordance with justice to the many rising young men of the county?" The words quoted are from the Republican platform.

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

STATE OF KANSAS, ss.
 County of base, ss.
 By authority vested in me as Sheriff of Chase county, State of Kansas, I do hereby proclaim and make known to the voters thereof that an election will be held in said county, at the usual voting places, on Tuesday, the 8th day of November, 1888, to elect officers to fill the following offices, viz: One Judge for the Ninth Judicial District, one County Treasurer, one Sheriff, one County Clerk, one Register of Deeds, one County Surveyor, one Coroner and one County Commissioner for the Third Commissioner District.
 In witness whereof I have set my hand at my office at Cottonwood Falls, in said county and State, this 3d day of October, A. D. 1888.
 GEO. BALCH, Sheriff of Chase county, Kansas.

S. F. JONES, Pres. B. LANNY, Vice Pres.
 E. A. HILDEBRAND, Cashier.
Strong City National Bank.
 Successor to Strong City Bank.
 Authorized Capital, \$150,000. Paid in, \$50,000.
 DOES
 A General Banking Business.
 STRONG CITY, KANSAS.

DIRECTORS.
 S. F. Jones, D. K. Carter, P. S. Jones, Barney Lanity, Goe. O. Hildebrand, E. A. Hildebrand.
 j19-3m

ANNOUNCEMENTS.
 FOR COUNTY TREASURER.
 We are authorized to announce W. P. Martin as a candidate for County Treasurer, at the coming November election.
 FOR COUNTY CLERK.
 We are authorized to announce E. W. Ellis as a candidate for County Clerk at the coming November election.
 FOR SHERIFF.
 We are authorized to announce J. C. Scroggin as a candidate for Sheriff at the ensuing November election.
 FOR REGISTER OF DEEDS.
 We are authorized to announce A. P. Gardner as a candidate for re-election to the office of Register of Deeds, at the coming November election.

E. WILLIAMS,
CONTRACTOR,
FOR BRICK AND STONE WORK.
 Burns Lime for the Public.
 And his own use, and will sell it at less than it was ever sold before in this county.
 sep6-1f

WELLS! WELLS! WELLS!!!
WHO WANTS WATER?
J. B. BYRNES
 Has the
GIANT WELL DRILL,
Nine Inch Bore,
 The
Largest in the Country;
 Guarantees His Work
To Give Satisfaction;
 TERMS REASONABLE.
 Address,
WELLS PUT DOWN
ON SHORT NOTICE.
 COTTONWOOD FALLS, OR
 STRONG CITY, CHASE COUNTY, KAS
 me9-1y

'83. A Grand Combination. '84.
THE COURANT
 AND THE LOUISVILLE
WEEKLY COURIER-JOURNAL.
 One year for only \$2.50. Two papers for little more than the price of one.
 By paying \$2.50 you will receive your home paper with the COURIER-JOURNAL, the representative newspaper of the south, Democratic and for a tariff for revenue only, and the best, brightest and ablest family Weekly in the United States. Those who desire to examine a sample copy of the COURIER-JOURNAL can do so at this office.

\$72 a week made at home by the industrious. Best business now before the public. Capital not needed. We will start you. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can work in spare time, or give your whole time to the business. No other business pays you nearly so well. No one can fail to make enormous pay by engaging at once. Costly outfit and terms free. Money made fast, easily, and honorably. Address TRUB & CO., Augusta, Maine. feb1-1y

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
GRISHAM & EVANS,
 ATTORNEYS - AT - LAW,
 Office upstairs in National Bank building,
 COTTONWOOD FALLS, KANSAS - feb-1f

MADDEN BROS.,
 Attorneys - at - Law,
 Office, Court-house, Cottonwood Falls,
 Will practice in state and Federal courts. All business placed in our hands will receive careful and prompt attention. aug16-1f

C. N. STERRY,
 ATTORNEY - AT - LAW,
 EMPORIA, KANSAS,
 Will practice in the several courts of Lyon, Chase, Harvey, Marion, Morris and Osage counties in the State of Kansas; in the Supreme Court of the State, and in the Federal Courts therein. j13

COCHRAN & CARSWELL,
 ATTORNEYS - AT - LAW,
 COTTONWOOD FALLS, CHASE COUNTY, KANSAS.
 Will practice in all the State and Federal courts and land offices. Collections made and promptly remitted. Office upstairs in National Bank building. mh29-1f

JOSEPH C. WATERS,
 ATTORNEY - AT - LAW,
 Topeka, Kansas,
 (Postoffice box 405) will practice in the District Court of the counties of Chase, Marion, Harvey, Reno, Rice and Barton. fe23-1f

J. V. SANDERS. J. A. SMITH.
SANDERS & SMITH,
 ATTORNEYS - AT - LAW,
 STRONG CITY, KANSAS.
 Office in Independent building. apr5-1f

MISCELLANEOUS.
J. W. MC'WILLIAMS'
Chase County Land Agency
 ESTABLISHED IN 1869.
 Special agency for the sale of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad lands wild lands and stock ranches. Well watered, improved farms for sale. Lands for improvement or speculation always for sale. Honorable treatment and fair dealing guaranteed. Call on or address J. W. McWilliams, at
 COTTONWOOD FALLS, KANSAS
 ad27-1yr

MONEY.
 7 and 8 Per Cent!
 CALL ON
W. H. HOLSINGER.
 feb5-1f
E. W. BRACE,
THE PLASTERER,
 DOES
GOOD WORK
 IN
 Paper Hanging & Kalsomining,
 AS WELL AS
IN PLASTERING.

GIVE HIM A CALL.
 aug2-2m
REST not, life is sweeping by, go and dare before you die, something mighty and sublime leave behind to conquer time." \$38 a week in your own town. \$5 outfit free. No risk. Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. Many are making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men, and boys and girls make great pay. Ready, or if you want a business at which you can make great pay all the time you work write for particulars to HALLET & Co. Portland, Maine. feb1-1y

To Consumptives.
 The advertiser having been permanently cured of the dread disease, Consumption, by a simple remedy, is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure. To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used, (free of charge) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure Cure for Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, &c. Parties wishing the Prescription, will please address Rev. E. A. WILSON, 194 Penn St., Williamsburg, N. Y. mh9-1y

TUTT'S PILLS
TORPID BOWELS, DISORDERED LIVER, and MALARIA.
 From these sources arise three-fourths of the diseases of the human race. These symptoms indicate their existence: Loss of Appetite, Bowels costive, Sick Headache, Fatigue after eating, aversion to exertion of body or mind, Erection of food, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, A feeling of having neglected some duty, Dizziness, Fluctuating at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, highly colored Urine, CONSTIPATION, and demand the use of a remedy that acts directly on the Liver. As a Liver medicine TUTT'S PILLS have no equal. Their action on the Kidneys and Skin is also prompt; removing all impurities through these three "scavengers of the system," producing appetite, sound digestion, regular stools, a clear skin and a vigorous body. TUTT'S PILLS cause no nausea or griping nor interfere with daily work and are a perfect ANTIDOTE TO MALARIA.

HE FEELS LIKE A NEW MAN.
 "I have had Dyspepsia, with Constipation, two years, and have tried ten different kinds of pills, and TUTT'S are the first that have done me any good. They have cleaned me out nicely. My appetite is splendid, food digests readily, and I now have natural passages. I feel like a new man." W. D. EDWARDS, Fairmyra, O. Sold everywhere, 25c. Office, 44 Murray St., N. Y.
TUTT'S HAIR DYE.
 GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed instantly to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of \$1. Office, 44 Murray Street, New York.
TUTT'S MANUAL OF USEFUL RECEIPTS FREE

The Chase County Courant.

COTTONWOOD FALLS, KAS., THURSDAY, OCT. 18, 1883.

W. E. TIMMONS, - Ed. and Prop.

No fear shall awe, no favor sway; How to the line, let the chips fall where they may.

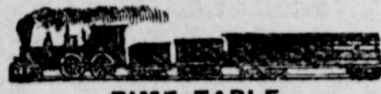
Terms—per year, \$1.50 cash in advance; after three months, \$1.75; after six months, \$2.00. For six months, \$1.00 cash in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Table with columns for ad length (1 in., 2 in., 3 in., 4 in., 5 in., 6 in., 7 in., 8 in., 9 in., 10 in.) and rows for 1 week, 2 weeks, 3 weeks, 4 weeks, 5 weeks, 6 weeks, 7 weeks, 8 weeks, 9 weeks, 10 weeks, 1 month, 2 months, 3 months, 4 months, 5 months, 6 months, 7 months, 8 months, 9 months, 1 year.

Local notices, 10 cents a line for the first insertion; and 5 cents a line for each subsequent insertion; double price for black letter.

CITY AND COUNTY NEWS.



TIME TABLE.

Table with columns for direction (EAST, WEST) and time (AM, PM) for various stations including Safford, Elm Dale, Cedar Pt., and Strong.

The "Thunder Bolt" passes Strong City, going east, at 11:38 o'clock, a. m., and going west, at 8:38 o'clock, p. m., stopping at no other station in the county. This train carries the day mail.

The Greenback County Convention.

The convention was called to order by the chairman, George W. Hayes, and the following committees appointed:

- Committee on Credentials—John Kelly, Dr. Wyatt and D. R. Shellenbarger. Committee on Organization—E. M. Yeoman, P. B. McCabe and John Madden.

The Committee on Resolutions—O. H. Drinkwater, D. S. Connacher and John Stone.

The Committee on Permanent Organization reported the names of Wm. Jeffrey as chairman and I. C. Warren as secretary, and recommended that the convention resolve itself into a mass convention, and that all Greenbackers be entitled to vote in the convention.

Mr. Jacob Vail was then invited to address the convention, and replied in a few well chosen remarks.

Mr. C. G. Allen was also called upon for remarks and spoke at some length upon the political issues of the day.

John Madden being next called upon made a few remarks in regard to the nomination of a county ticket.

The Committee on Resolutions then reported the following:

Whereas, The National Greenback party of Chase county, Kansas, in convention assembled, reaffirm the principles adopted by the National Greenback convention of Chicago and endorse the platform of the National Anti-Monopoly convention held at Chicago July 4th, 1883, as in possession of the same declaration of principles enunciated by the National platform.

Resolved, 1st. That we have not lost faith in the principles of the Greenback party, and believe they are undying as Sacred Truth itself, and must in the end triumph.

2d. That we regard the Republican party as the great American devil-fish that must be destroyed, before the principles of true Republicanism can again prevail in our government.

3rd. That we regard the present efforts of the Republican party to withdraw from circulation the remaining \$3,000,000 of Treasury notes under a decision of the Supreme Court of the United States, that this issue was unconstitutional, and fund the same in long time bonds in the interests of the National Banking system is in full keeping with the whole financial record of that party and ought to be denounced in no uncertain terms by every friend of liberty and good government.

4th. That we heartily endorse the official conduct of our present sheriff, George Balch, and earnestly recommend his reelection to that office by the voters of Chase county irrespective of party.

George Balch was then placed in nomination for the office of sheriff by John Madden, and nominated by acclamation.

It was then moved and seconded that we make no nomination for county treasurer. Motion carried.

Mr. Carlan then made a motion that we dispense with all other nominations, which was carried.

The chairman then appointed the following members of the County Central Committee: Cottonwood township, O. H. Drinkwater; Diamond creek township, C. G. Allen; Falls township, John Madden; Bazaar township, I. C. Warren; Toledo township, D. R. Shellenbarger.

J. L. Crawford, Sr., was made the party nominee for commissioner of the party for the third commissioner district.

Convention then adjourned sine die. Wm. Jeffrey, I. C. Warren, Chairman, Secretary.

CHEAP MONEY.

Interest at 7 per cent., on two, three, four, or five years time, real estate security. Call on Thos. O. Kelley, at Young & Kelley's Law Office. nov 23 t.

REWARD.

Lost, a surgeon's pocket case, on Sept. 9, 1883. Dr. R. WALSH.

CASH.

For eggs, butter, chickens and other products, at Pennell's restaurant.

LOCAL SHORT STOPS.

It rained, Tuesday and yesterday.

Mr. W. H. Holsinger was down to Emporia, Saturday.

Mr. A. B. Watson has just been given a back pension of \$895.

Mr. C. C. Evans and wife have returned from their visit to Iowa.

Chas. Sayer, of Cedar Point, has gone to St. Louis to attend school.

The A. O. U. W., of Strong City, will give a ball Thanksgiving night.

They are paying 20 cents a dozen for eggs at Ferry's "Famous" store.

Mr. S. K. Hartman of Kansas City, was visiting in this county, last week.

"Eight to seven"—ominous numbers. For further information call on the other fellow.

Mr. Chas. Klausman is putting up a new house for Mr. John Murphy, on Rock creek.

Mr. John H. Martin, of Peyton creek, bought a piano of Mr. E. Cooley, the other day.

The County Board were in session, Tuesday. We will give the proceedings, next week.

The estate of Asa Gillett, which is now undergoing final settlement, will pay about 82 1/2 per cent.

Candidates, bring in your five-dollar Williams, and let the people know you desire to serve them.

Parties wanting cider will please to leave their kegs at Mr. M. P. Strail's shop. W. P. MARTIN.

Born, at Ft. Howard, Wisconsin, on Thursday, October 11, 1853, to the wife of Mr. J. W. Trich, of this city, a daughter.

The religious services at Cedar Point will be as follows: 1st and 3d Sundays, Methodist; 2d and 4th Sundays, Baptist.

Ice formed about an eighth of an inch thick, last Saturday night, October 13, which was the first frost of the season.

Mr. L. T. Simmons is doing the stone work on Mr. M. M. Young's new hotel, and Mr. M. Heintz is doing the wood work.

Candidates, it will cost you no more to make your announcements now than later in the campaign; so bring in your little V's.

Mr. Chas. H. Carswell, the little, brilliant, Democratic lawyer, of this city, was visiting friends and relatives in Emporia, last week.

Mr. E. Williams is doing the stone and brick work on the following: Doolittle and Pratt's, M. A. Campbell's and Mr. Bigelow's.

Parties who get this paper at the office before it is mailed will confer a favor on us by seeing that it has their own name on it or no name at all on it.

Mr. Henry Weibrich, of Strong City, left, last week, for Chihuahua, Mexico, in response to a telegram informing him of the serious illness of his brother, Albert.

Friends of the COURANT, having legal notices to publish, will confer a favor on us by requesting their attorney or the county officers to have them published in the COURANT.

There will be a Catholic Fair held in Strong City for one week, beginning October 29, the proceeds of which are to go towards the establishment of a Catholic school at that place.

Regular service at the Baptist church in Strong City will be held on the second and fourth Sundays of each month, at 11 o'clock, a. m., and 7:30, p. m.; the Sunday-school, at 9:30, a. m., every Sunday.

Mrs. Houser, of Chase county, who is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Binghart, of this city, had her left wrist dislocated, and was badly jarred by falling out of a buggy, Thursday evening.—Emporia Republican.

Mr. L. B. Hubbard has finished the stone work on the building south of the Bank and is near through with the brick work on it. Mr. Chas. Klausman is doing the wood work on it.

Mr. Bigelow, who bought the old Cooley place in the southwest part of town, has sold the house thereon to Mr. H. P. Scott, and is putting up a residence with a French roof on it.

Mr. C. P. Harper, of Montecello, Kansas, a nephew of Mr. Ambie Hinckle, and Mr. M. K. Harmon, of West Virginia, a cousin of Mr.

Harper, are here visiting friends and relatives and, at the same time, prospecting for a location to farm.

In our announcement column, this week, will be found the announcement of Mr. A. P. Gandy as a candidate for re-election to the office of Register of Deeds. Mr. Gandy has made such a good and efficient officer that he will be re-elected without opposition.

Mrs. Susan Watson, of Washington, D. C., mother of Mr. C. C. Watson, of this city, and of Mr. R. M. Watson, of the Strong City Independent, arrived here, Monday morning, on a visit to her children. Her son, C. C., went to Kansas City, Sunday, to meet her, but did not get there in time.

The third Quarterly Meeting for Maxwell Green Charge, Emporia District, South Kansas Conference of the M. E. Church, will take place at the Rock creek school-house, near Buley postoffice, on Sunday, October 21. Presiding Elder C. R. Rice is expected to be present. All are invited.

R. R. BRADY, P. C.

Mr. W. B. Brickell, of Buckeye creek, was in the city, yesterday. He reports less rain in that neighborhood than we have had, and also states that a boy, named Magnus Garth, a lad of 15 years, while at work in the mill on east Buckeye creek, five miles north of Toledo, had his hand badly mashed, last week, necessitating its amputation above the wrist.—Emporia Republican.

At the first semi-annual meeting of the Chase County Building and Loan Association, held in the office of Mr. W. H. Holsinger, last Saturday night, Vice-President W. A. Morgan, presiding, J. M. Tuttle, W. H. Holsinger, C. C. Watson and W. E. Timmons were elected Directors for one year, and Mr. W. W. Sanders, for six months, to fill the unexpired term of Judge C. C. Whitson, resigned; and \$700 were loaned. After the adjournment of the Association the Board of Directors met and Mr. Edwin Pratt was made temporary Chairman of the meeting; when, on motion, Mr. Sanders was elected President of the Board, and Mr. Watson, Vice President.

BUSINESS BREVITIES.

- Oysters at Pennell's. Bacon at J. W. Ferry's. Onions at J. W. Ferry's. Coal oil at J. W. Ferry's. Coffins, at J. W. Ferry's. Cod fish at J. W. Ferry's. Cabbage at J. W. Ferry's. Gasoline at J. W. Ferry's. Mackerel at J. W. Ferry's. Boots and shoes at Broese's. White fish at J. W. Ferry's. Glassware at J. W. Ferry's. Everything at J. W. Ferry's. Grain sacks at J. W. Ferry's. Queensware at J. W. Ferry's. Irish potatoes at J. W. Ferry's. Nancy cigars at J. W. Ferry's. Sweet potatoes at J. W. Ferry's. Stock of gloves at J. W. Ferry's. Pickled tongues at J. W. Ferry's. A. B. Watson is at J. W. Ferry's. Home Ruler cigars at J. W. Ferry's. Halters, 25 cents, at J. W. Ferry's. Balogna sausage at J. W. Ferry's. Tea dust 30 cents at J. W. Ferry's. Children's shoes at J. W. Ferry's. Go to J. W. Ferry's "Famous" store. The "Famous" store of J. W. Ferry. The everything store of J. W. Ferry. Tobacco and cigars, at J. W. Ferry's. Overcoats just arrived at J. W. Ferry's. Any and everything at J. W. Ferry's. Cloaks, just received, at J. W. Ferry's. Lamps and lanterns, at J. W. Ferry's. Good goods and bottom prices, at Broese's. Go to the "Famous" store of J. W. Ferry. A full stock of ladies' shoes at J. W. Ferry's. Trunks and traveling bags at J. W. Ferry's. First-class organs at E. Cooley's for \$50 cash. Jy6-tf J. W. Ferry keeps the "Everything" store. A second-hand stove for sale at J. W. Ferry's. A neat stock of fresh groceries at J. W. Ferry's. A set of shoemaker's tools for sale at J. W. Ferry's.

HARDWARE, TINWARE, WAGONS, ETC.

M. A. CAMPBELL,

DEALER IN

HARDWARE!

STOVES, TINWARE,

Iron, Steel, Nails, Horse-shoes, Horse-nails; a full line of Wagou and Baggy Material, Iron & Wood Pumps, a complete line of

STEEL GOODS!

FORKS, SPADES, SHOVELS, HOES, RAKES & HANDLES.

Carries an excellent stock of

Agricultural Implements,

Consisting of Breaking and Stirring Plows, Cultivators, Harrows, Wheelbarrows, &c., and is Agent for the well known

Wood Mowing Machine, and best makes of Sulky Hay Rakes

Glidden Fence Wire.

Sole agent for this celebrated wire, the best now in use.

Full Line of Paint & Oil on Hand.

A COMPLETE TINSHOP.

I have an experienced tinner in my employ and am prepared to do all kinds of work in that line, on short notice, and at very low prices.

WEST SIDE OF BROADWAY, COTTONWOOD FALLS, KAS.

KUHL'S HARNESS SHOP,

ESTABLISHED IN 1867;

ALWAYS ON HAND,

Harness, Saddles, Blankets,

Robes, and Everything Belonging to the

HARNESS BUSINESS;

ALSO, TRUNKS, VALISES & BEST OSAGE COAL FOR SALE.

You can get your staple dry goods at Broese's.

Go to Howard's mill if you want to get the best of flour.

Fresh goods all the time at the store of Broese, the grocer.

Parties indebted to Dr. Walsh are requested to call and settle.

Buy the Davenport National Force Pump of J. S. Shipman.

E. W. Braas, the plasterer, is an excellent workman. See his ad.

A car load of Moline wagons just received at M. A. Campbell's.

A car load of Glidden fence wire just received at M. A. Campbell's.

Good turn outs for hire at the Red Front Livery Stable of Hazel & Evans.

If you want to get a good square meal, go to Mrs. M. H. Pennell's restaurant.

Your horses can always get a good feed at the Red Front stable of Hazel & Evans.

J. M. Bealman, of Rock creek, has a good milk cow for sale, cheap for cash.

Trunks and valises at Kuhl's until you can't rest. You should go and see how they are stacked up there.

Dr. W. P. Pugh will continue to do a limited practice; and will be found, at all unemployed times, at his drug store.

Go to Broese's for your fresh staple and fancy groceries, and where you can get the highest market price for produce.

Strayed from the premises of F. Wackerlin, about Oct. 14, a black sow, with some white spots on her; we get about 180 pounds.

Kuhl bought his trunks and valises by the car load at greatly reduced prices; hence, he can afford to sell them at remarkably low figures.

Go to Broese's for your fresh staple and fancy groceries and for staple dry goods, and where you can get the highest market price for your produce.

"A penny saved is a penny earned;" and the way to save your pennies is to go to Broese's, where you can always get fresh staple and fancy groceries.

Don't forget that you can get your horses fed, hire a team, or get anything in the live line, at the Red Front Livery Stable of Hazel & Evans.

Go to Kuhl's for your trunks and valises, as he has just received a large quantity of them, which he bought at Racine, Wisconsin, by the car load, at reduced prices.

Doolittle & Son have the best and cheapest of boots and shoes to be found in this market; also, a full

line of furnishing goods, notions and groceries. A dollar saved is a dollar made; and you can't make dollars any easier than by saving them; and the best way to save dollars is to buy your goods of Doolittle & Son.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

STATE OF KANSAS, ss. Chase County, In the District Court of the Ninth Judicial District, in and for Chase county, State of Kansas.

Hildebrand pro., plaintiffs, vs. Christian Schwarz, ex. defendant.

By virtue of two certain execution issued out of the District Court of the Ninth Judicial District, in and for Chase county, State of Kansas, in the above entitled cause, of the amount, respectively, of eighty-one dollars and twenty-six cents, and of fifty-four dollars and eighty-one cents, I have upon the following described parcel of property, taken as the property of Christian Schwarz, to-wit: one red cow, three years old, orange (B) on left hip; one red heifer, two years old, white belly, two small spots on right side of back, one red and white spotted heifer, two years old; one red heifer, with white belly, and one red and white cow, two years old; two horses, one grey mare; one iron grey stallion; three mules, one of which is a yearling; one cow, one yearling, one pig, one dog, and one mouse. The said property so taken, or as much thereof as will be necessary to satisfy said executions, interest and costs, will be sold on

SALE, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 27TH, A. D. 1883,

on the place of said defendant, Christian Schwarz, four and one-half miles southwest of Elm Dale, on the cottonwood river, in Chase county, Kansas, to the highest bidder, for cash on hand.

Given under my hand this 16th day of October, A. D. 1883, in my office, at Cottonwood Falls, Kansas.

GEO. BALCH, Sheriff of Chase county, Kansas.

LIVE AGENTS WANTED,

To sell Dr. Chase's Recipes, or information for everybody, in every county in the United States and Canada; enlarged by the publisher to 618 pages. It contains over 2,000 household recipes, and is suited to all classes and conditions of society. A wonderful book and a household necessity. It sells at sight, and is the greatest inducement ever offered to work agents. Sample copies sent by mail, postpaid, for \$2. Exclusive territory given. Agents more than triple their money. Address Dr. Chase's Steam Printing House, Ann Arbor, Michigan.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

Attention! men who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of a moral indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free trial who need it, the receipt and directions for making the simple remedy which has been cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience can do so by addressing in a perfect confidence, JOHN B. GREENE, 42 Canal St., New York.

WISH

people are always on the lookout for chance to increase their earnings, and in time become wealthy. Those who do not improve their opportunities remain in poverty. We offer a great chance to make money. We want many more women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. Any one who do the work properly from the first start. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. Expressive on the first trial free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. feb-17

PHYSICIANS.

J. W. STONE, M. D.

Office and room, east side of Broadway, south of the bridge,

COTTONWOOD FALLS, KAS.

W. P. PUGH, M. D.,

Physician & Surgeon,

Office at his Drug Store,

COTTONWOOD FALLS, KAS.

A. M. CONAWAY,

Physician & Surgeon,

Residence and office a half mile north of Toledo. Jy11-ff.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TAKE NOTICE & DON'T BE DECEIVED,

As I will sell cheaper, and give better terms than any party in or out of Kansas, on the following organs and pianos: Winton & White, Chickering, Reed & Thompson, Chickering, Standard or Peloubert, Conover Bros., Hartlett, Christy, Estey, Fish & Son, Sterling, Weber, Patterson, Jos. Hail. It will cost you nothing to give me a trial.

E. COOLEY,

COTTONWOOD FALLS, KANSAS. nov-17

JO. OLLINGER,

Central Barber Shop,

COTTONWOOD FALLS, KAS.

Particular attention given to all work in my line of business, especially to ladies' shampooing and hair cutting. Cigars can be bought at this shop.

ROAD NOTICE.

STATE OF KANSAS, ss. Chase County,

Office of County Clerk, Oct. 1, 1883. Notice is hereby given that on the 1st day of October, 1883, a petition, signed by J. L. Jackson and 18 others, was presented to the Board of county commissioners of the county and state at said, praying for the location of a certain road, described as follows:

Commencing at the southeast corner of lot one (1), in section thirty-one (31), township twenty-one (21), of range eight (8), east; thence west to the southwest corner of lot two (2) of said section; thence in a southeasterly direction to northwest corner of lot sixteen (16); thence in a southwest direction to the northwest corner of lot seven (7), township twenty-two (22), range eight (8), east; thence following the road, as now located, as near as practicable, to a corner, or a mile stone in section one (1), township twenty-two (22), range seven (7), east, thence to intersect the J. G. Watson road;

Whereupon, said Board of County Commissioners appointed the following named persons, viz: P. B. McCabe, F. V. Alföld and E. P. Baker, as viewers, with instructions to meet in conjunction with the county surveyor, at the point of commencement of said proposed road, in Bazaar township, on Thursday, the 15th day of November, A. D. 1883, and proceed to view said road, and give all parties a hearing.

By order of the Board of county commissioners. S. A. BREESSE, County Clerk.

ROAD NOTICE.

STATE OF KANSAS, ss. Chase County,

Office of County Clerk, Oct. 1, 1883. Notice is hereby given that on the 6th day of July, 1883, a petition, signed by Joshua Stout and 31 others, was presented to the Board of County Commissioners of the county and state at said, praying for the location of a certain road, described as follows, viz:

Commencing at the northeast corner of section thirty-two (32), township twenty-two (22), of range nine (9), east; thence south to southeast quarter (4) of said section thirty-two (32); of said township and range; thence south to the southwest corner of section ten (10), township nineteen (19), range nine (9), east; thence east to the northeast corner of the northwest quarter (4) of the northeast quarter (4) of section fifteen (15), township nineteen (19), range nine (9), east; thence south to the right-of-way of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad Company, near Safford.

Whereupon, the Board of County Commissioners appointed the following named persons, viz: Wm. Murray, Neil Ford and David Dickie as viewers, with instructions to meet, in conjunction with the county surveyor, at the point of commencement of said proposed road, in Toledo township, on Friday, the 24th day of August, A. D. 1883, and proceed to view said road and give all parties a hearing.

And whereas the viewers and surveyor failed to meet on the day specified, or on the following day, therefore, the said viewers are hereby directed to meet at the point of commencement of said proposed road, in Toledo township, on Friday, the 14th day of November, A. D. 1883, and proceed to view said road, and give all parties a hearing.

By order of the Board of County Commissioners. S. A. BREESSE, County Clerk.

ROAD NOTICE.

STATE OF KANSAS, ss. Chase County,

Office of County Clerk, Oct. 3, 1883. Notice is hereby given that on the 31 day of Oct. 1883 a petition, signed by P. F. Rautenbach and 51 others, was presented to the Board of County Commissioners of the county and state at said, praying for the location of a certain road, described as follows, viz:

Commencing at the southwest corner of section twenty-nine (29), township twenty-two (22), of range six (6), east; thence north to a point sixty (60) feet south of the bank of French creek; thence northwest to a corner between P. F. Rautenbach and S. A. Stephenson, about thirty (30) feet west of said section line; thence north to the line between said Rautenbach and Stephenson, to the section line; thence east on the line between said Rautenbach and Stephenson, to the section line; thence north on said section line, or as near thereto as a suitable route can be obtained, to the northwest corner of section thirty-two (32), township nineteen (19), range six (6), east.

Whereupon, said Board of County Commissioners appointed the following named persons, viz: S. W. Wood, E. Campbell and John Maxwell as viewers, with instructions to meet, in conjunction with the county surveyor, at the point of commencement of said proposed road, in Cottonwood township, on Tuesday, the 20th day of November, A. D. 1883, and proceed to view said road, and give all parties a hearing.

By order of the Board of county commissioners. S. A. BREESSE, County Clerk.

FARM AND HOUSEHOLD.

—Allow no weeds to go to seed in fence corners and around farm buildings. Mow and burn them.—*Exchange.*

—A nut that has got rusty on a wagon or plough will start easily if kerosene is poured on it and allowed to stand a short time. If it does not start at once give the nut a sharp blow and pour on a little more oil.—*N. Y. Herald.*

—The *Farm, Field and Fireside* states that when turnips, potatoes and other vegetables are chopped finely and fed to fowls they will sometimes be refused, but the difficulty can be obviated by sprinkling the vegetables with corn meal.

—One of the great secrets in poultry keeping is colonization; separate the cockerels from the pullets, and pullets from the hens, one flock of hens from another, large chicks from small ones, and by these divisions you every time increase your chances of success, and avert many catastrophes that would surely befall one great flock together.—*N. Y. Poultry Bulletin.*

—Very handsome wall pockets, to hold papers, are made of plush. The one intended for the back must be a size larger than for the front. Gilt head nails may be put in the sides, or rings of brass, and the boards be held together by ribbons laced back and forth. A handsome bow of satin or ottoman ribbon is effective, if placed in the centre of the front board.—*N. Y. Post.*

—Squash Biscuit: One pint of strained squash, one-half cup of yeast, one small cup of sugar, and a piece of butter the size of an egg. Beat the squash, butter and sugar thoroughly, add yeast and beat again, add flour till quite stiff to stir with a spoon, let it stand overnight, in the morning put in gem pans, or make into biscuit, let rise and bake. These should be eaten while hot.—*The Householder.*

—Ham Steaks: Cut some slices of raw ham, and put them into a frying-pan with half a teacupful of water. When the water has boiled away, and the steaks (which should be turned) have become a light brown on both sides, dredge them over with flour, and pour over them the following sauce: Take half a teacupful of cream and half a teacupful of milk, put them into a sauce pan with a small piece of butter, a teacupful of mustard, and a dash of cayenne; let it just boil, and pour over the ham.—*Boston Transcript.*

—Ventilation above a clover mow, says a writer, is as necessary as it is above a sugar or fruit evaporator. If there is not open space and draught sufficient to carry away the moisture it is returned to the mow and mould is the inevitable result. No ordinary amount of drying will prevent hay from becoming musty if ventilation is shut off during the sweating process. If a hole is cut through the floor at the bottom of the mow, near the centre and under a ventilator in the roof, and a barrel placed over it and drawn up as the hay is mowed in, thus leaving a hole from bottom to top, evaporation will be facilitated and the quality of hay improved.—*Prairie Farmer.*

Making Work Easy.

There is in most families a good deal of hard work at best; and some women have no idea of trying to make their burdens lighter. One of the first things I would say to such women, is—have proper utensils; you have no conception of the ease of cooking with proper things, if you have got along year after year with anything. We will say that you have had a hard forenoon; there has been everything to do, dinner time is drawing near, and there is still work on hand that a few moments would finish. You have potatoes to boil, shell beans to warm over (left from yesterday's dinner), tomatoes to stew, and pudding sauce to make. You start in a hurry and ransack the pantry to find dishes suitable for all these things. Two or three leaky tins present themselves. At last you find just one whole one. Now see the fix you are in. Time is flying along; the men will soon be in, and have to stand around till dinner is ready, as you can do only one thing at a time, or rather two, for you can boil your potatoes in a kettle. Look at the other picture: You step into your pantry, and from a row of bright tins of all sizes, you select two suitable for your beans and pudding sauce, and from a shelf near by you take a porcelain-lined kettle right for your tomatoes, and in a twinkling your dinner is going on and you can finish your work. I said you could boil your potatoes in a kettle; if you are wise, you will not. You can buy tin pans of all sizes, with close-fitting covers, that are just the neatest and best things to cook in you ever used. No black kettles to lift and wash any more for me! For fifty cents you can buy the three sizes needed in a small family, and for fifteen cents you can buy three more smaller ones without covers. Then you must have a mixing bowl, and pudding dishes of two or three sizes, and if any become broken or worn out, have them replaced immediately. If the good man breaks a hoe or shovel, does he go without?

Then, finding yourself armed and equipped, commence in season to get your meals. There is nothing that will fret me like getting behindhand. As fast as one dish is cooked and ready for the table, wash the utensil it was cooked in. When you are cooking—baking, more particularly—have a dish-pan in some convenient place half full of warm soapy water, and when you are done with a dish, wash it. Then, when your baking is finished, you will not have a table or sink full of dishes to wash.

There are two more utensils without which no kitchen sink is furnished—a "soap shaker," into which you can put all the small bits of soap and utilize them in your dish-water with much pleasure to yourself and saving of soap and an "iron dish-cloth," which is one of the most desirable articles for scrubbing any dish upon which cooking material has clung and is hard to get off, and upon which we have been in the habit of using a knife, which we all know soon makes a rough surface, while this dish-cloth makes it very smooth.—*S. B. Sawyer, in Country Gentleman.*

—Vandals have defaced the monument to Daniel Webster at Marshfield, Mass.

A Dog's Four Tales.

Among the hundreds of New Yorkers in the Catskill Mountains the other day were Cyrus W. Field, Dr. J. Marion Sims, F. B. Thurber and Joseph Jefferson. The visitors risked their necks going down and up the rickety stairways, over which a mighty volume of water was not pouring. On their way they read an inscription cut into the stone, and a noble dog that had, in 1876, leaped down the precipice. I asked the showman, on reaching the top, how and why the brute had done such an undog-like thing.

"He was a trick dog," was the reply, "belonging to the circus that went through here. His master left him on the platform and started down the gorge. The man got half-way down—across yonder where the stairs turn—and then whistled. The dog heard the call, sprang up on the railing, lost his balance, and went whirling down through space to the rocky bottom, being, of course instantly killed by the fall."

Five minutes after, Field and Sims caught their breath, with the usual difficulty, after a climb up the stairs, and used it instantly to ask about the dog. "He was a trick dog," said the exhibitor of the dry catarrh, "and belonged to a circus. Had been learned to run after stuns and fetch 'em back. The man who owned him throw'd a stun over the railing of this ere platform and the dog jumped over after it. That's how it happened."

"Did you see it?" Mr. Field inquired. "I was a standin' right here when it happened," and the man pointed out the exact spot as conclusive evidence.

It was his word against the guide-book now. Five minutes later Mr. Thurber put the inevitable question. Field and Sims had departed, and I turned away—all but my ears—so as not to influence the man in his choice between the two stories. Two? It turned out to be a third.

"The dog was a pinter," said he, "and he learn'd a partridge som'r over yonder. He didn't know nothin' about the gorge, 'cause the boardin' was tight from the floor up to the ceiling, just as it is now. So he jumped clean over, and that was the last of him."

I hung around to see the earth yawn and swallow him; but before it had done so Mr. Jefferson came up. He called for the dog story, and got it like this: "The dog was a 'normous big St. Bernard. He belonged to a lady that was stoppin' here at the hotel, and she had a child that he sort of guarded. Well, that day the lady took the child down the gorge. The dog was asleep, exactly there where you're standin'. The child got dizzy and scared, half-way down, and giv' a scream. That 'woke the dog, and he leaped plum over the rail, ker-lop down to the rocks."

"And broke into half a dozen separate dogs," said I.

"What makes you say that?" the man asked. "Because it needs a separate dog for each story."

"Look here, now," and his tone was apologetic in the extreme; "if you had to send that dog down the chasm twenty to thirty times a day the season through, you'd feel like giving yourself a little variety."—*Cor. Chicago Inter Ocean.*

A Mail-Carrier's Adventure.

The fourteen feet long snow-shoes of "Snow-shoe Thompson" will be sent to the Louisville exhibition by H. McKusick, Superintendent of the Railway Mail Service on the Pacific coast. The shoes are those built for Thompson, who was a mail-carrier on the various Sierra Nevada routes for many years, and who died only a few years ago. If a history of a few of the startling adventures encountered by Thompson could be sent along with the shoes, they would indeed be an interesting exhibit. One morning when Thompson was resting in a hut near Hank's station, something knocked at the door, and, going to open it, Thompson saw a big grizzly. Thompson jumped back and the grizzly waddled in and gave evidence of his satisfaction in the prospect of a mail-carrier for a winter's feast. He couldn't get out of the door, so Thompson jumped up, caught hold of a cross-beam, and drew himself up. The bear camped underneath and grunted indignantly, as though saying: "Well, old fellow, you've got to drop down sooner or later, so here goes to see which one of us can outlast the other."

Thompson sat it out all that day and the following night. There was no use in crying for help, as none would be within hailing until spring. He could not jump down and fight the bear with his pocket-knife, his only weapon, and altogether the case looked pretty desperate for the old mail-carrier. His snow-shoes were leaning from one end of the cabin to the wall at the other end, and Thompson finally opened his knife and lashed it with his scarf, torn in strips, on one end of one shoe, making a formidable lance of it. While the bear camped under him he could not use his lance, the cabin not being long enough. Thompson at last got the animal outside the door by tossing one of his stockings out, which the bear lunged out to investigate. That got him far enough to be prodded and Thompson prepared. When the grizzly had sniffed the bait, it turned round facing the door, and found itself within a foot of Thompson's lance point. The old mail-carrier only had a foot to draw back his lance, but he used it to good advantage, for carefully drawing it back, the knife entering the bear's brain through one of its eyes.

When the exhausted mail-carrier reached Yank's and told his story it was doubted, although Thompson had a remarkable reputation for truth-telling among those hardy livers of the mountains. "There, if you don't believe me, boys," Thompson said, "the United States mail men wait until my carcass is vindicated. I'll not leave this place until some of you doubting lubbers has gone back that way and brought me a steak from that bear." And it was done. Yank himself and some of the men about the station went back on snow shoes, and Thompson had his dinner off a steak of the bear he had killed with his snowshoe lance.—*San Francisco Call.*

—A town in Nebraska is called Baseball. It is built in a diamond field, or has it only eighteen inhabitants?—*Boston Post.*

A DETECTIVE'S EXPERIENCE.

His Successful Undertaking and Escape from an Impending Fate.

(Buffalo, N. Y., News.)

One morning several years ago, just as the dull gray light was beginning to show itself in the east, a small band of men might have been seen deployed about a house on Ferry street, in Buffalo. There was nothing special either in the dress or appearance of the men to indicate their intention, but it was plain that they had business of importance on hand. Suddenly a man appeared at one of the windows, look in the situation at a glance, and, swinging himself outward with wonderful quickness, scaled the roof of the house. This man was Tom Ballard, the notorious counterfeiter; and, armed to the teeth and fully resolved to meet any and every danger, he and the officials below him. Some of the officers, knowing the desperate character of the man, proposed to shoot him until he was killed; but one of the number promptly protested, and declared that if his brother officers would assist him to ascend he would capture the man alive. Accordingly the officers proceeded to surround the house, and succeeded in bringing his prisoner to the ground in safety.

The man who accomplished this task was Mr. Thomas Curtin, the present superintendent of the City Police of Buffalo, N. Y. Mr. Curtin is a man who is known by every prominent detective and policeman in America, and he stands pre-eminently in the front rank of the profession. Quiet and gentlemanly in appearance and manners, he possesses a courage, combined with marked physical powers, that make him the best of all the detectives and police officers of his kind. Few people realize, however, the trials, exposures, and even privations, to which the members of every municipal police or fire department are exposed. Compelled to be on duty at uncertain hours, subjected to the most inclement weather, and often necessitated by the nature of their duties to protrude their heads in the most trying and unwholesome situations, they endure a weary and physical strain that is terrible. Such was the experience of Mr. Curtin in former days; and it is not surprising that he found himself becoming a victim of a serious physical trouble. In relating his experience to a representative of this paper, he said:

"At times when I was on duty I would feel an uncontrollable weakness and loss of energy. My appetite was also uncertain, and my head seemed dull and heavy. I did not fully understand these troubles, but supposed, as was the case with many others suffering from malaria, I tried to throw off the feeling, but it would not go. I thought I might overcome it, but found I was mistaken, and it was almost impossible to attend to my duties. I have known any number of men in the police and fire departments of this country who have been afflicted with this kind of trouble, and to-day hundreds similarly troubled, who, like myself, did not know the cause, or really what ailed them."

"My present appearance, Mr. Curtin, does not indicate much physical debility," said the interviewer as he looked at the 220 pounds of bone and muscle standing nearly five feet eleven inches in height before him. "Oh, no; that is altogether a thing of the past, and I am happy to say that for more than a year I have enjoyed almost perfect health, although I now realize that it was on the rocks of my physical health that the disease of the kidneys and traveling at a very rapid pace."

"How did you come to recover so completely?"

"That is just what I want to tell you, for I believe it may be of great service to many others in my profession, who may possibly hear of it. I began the use of a popular remedy at the suggestion of a friend, and to my great gratification that I began feeling better. This feeling continued, and I soon found myself in a better state of health than I had for many months. I had a perfectly well—and wholly through the instrumentality of Warner's Safe Cure, which I believe to be the best medicine for polio-cystitis, and every other kind of other class of people exposed to danger or a change of weather, ever discovered. Since my recovery I have recommended it ever where, and never knew a man to fail in either to cure or benefit. I would not be without it under any consideration, and I am positive it is a wonderfully valuable and at the same time entirely reliable and safe remedy. It is Dr. Gunn, dean of the United States Medical College of New York, indorses it in the highest terms."

"I had a little difficulty in the execution of your duties now, Mr. Curtin, do you?"

"None whatever. Our department was never in better condition than at present."

"And do you never have any fear of some of the desperados whom you have been the means of bringing to justice?"

"Not in the least. I should be glad to retaliate, partially because they try not the courage, but often because they respect an officer who does his duty."

The police and fire departments of other public employes in this country have a particularly trying life. When, therefore, a simple and pure remedy that can restore and sustain the health of each man in each situation, and can be great gratification, especially when recommended by such men as Superintendent Thomas Curtin, of Buffalo.

Good town for a bare-headed man—Hartfield, Mo.

Young and middle aged men suffering from nervous debility, premature old age, loss of memory, and kindred symptoms, should send three stamps for Part VII of pamphlet, "Lyon's Patent Horse Stiffeners," to the Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

WISSE'S Axle Grease never runs.

THE GENERAL MARKETS.

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 16, 1883.	
CATTLE—Shorts	\$4 00
Native Horses	3 00
Native Cows	3 00
Native Pigs	3 00
HOGS—Good to choice heavy	4 50
Light	4 00
WHEAT—No. 1	94
No. 2	87
No. 3	84
CORN—No. 2	37
OATS—No. 1	29
RYE—No. 1	42
FLOUR—Family, per sack	2 20
HAY—No. 1	12
BUTTER—Choice dairy	23
CHEESE—Kansan, new	10
EGGS—No. 1	10
FORK—Hams	12
Shoulders	6
LARD	8
WOOL—Missouri, unwashed	18
POTATOES—Per bushel	53
ST. LOUIS.	
CATTLE—Shipping Steers	5 00
Butchers' Steers	4 00
HOGS—Good to choice	2 50
SHEEP—Fair to choice	3 00
FLOUR—XXX to choice	3 30
WHEAT—No. 1	95
No. 2	91
CORN—No. 2 mixed	46
OATS—No. 1	28
RYE—No. 1	40
PORK—New York	11 00
TOBACCO—New Leaf	4 00
Medium new leaf	3 25
CHICAGO.	
CATTLE—Good shipping	5 30
HOGS—Good to choice	4 30
SHEEP—Fair to choice	2 75
FLOUR—Common to choice	5 25
WHEAT—No. 1	93
No. 2	89
CORN—No. 2 Spring	49
OATS—No. 1	27
RYE	38
PORK—New Mess	10 80
NEW YORK.	
CATTLE—Exports	5 25
Butchers' Steers	5 25
COTTON—Middling	10 00
FLOUR—Good to choice	4 50
WHEAT—No. 1	1 00
No. 2 Spring	1 00
CORN—No. 2	42
OATS—Western mixed	23
PORK—Standard Mess.	11 25

Guarding the Central Pacific Snowsheds.

On the topmost height of Red Mountain a slight prominence, that looks no larger than a bushel basket, can be seen, which is a telephone station established by the Central Pacific Railroad Company. This is a house occupied by two watchmen, who are on the lookout for fires in the snowsheds. They can take in the whole line of snowsheds with their natural sight and by the aid of glasses. If they observe a fire in or near the sheds on any part of the line, they immediately notify the station at Cisco by their telephone line, and forthwith the information is sent by telegraph to the railroad station at Sacramento, and in a minute or two the order is sent up the line to Blue Canyon and the Summit, where fire trains are constantly on duty, to proceed to the point where the fire is prevailing. The fire train consists of a locomotive with two tank cars filled with water, which is thrown with hose by a force pump. When the fire trains are sent out they have the road, all other trains near the point of danger being stopped. The services of these fire trains are frequently called upon, but they are so prompt in action that they generally subdue the fires before much damage is done. The system is as near perfection as can well be made, so that any great destruction of the sheds is now nearly impossible.—*Revo (N. C.) Gazette.*

Advance Step in Dentistry.

HAVANA, CUBA.—The most popular dentist of this city, Dr. D. Francisco Garcia, member of the Royal University, states that in all cases of troublesome neuralgia, arising from the teeth, his patrons are recommended to use St. Jacobs Oil, and the most satisfactory cures have followed. It is a specific for toothache, earache, bodily pains, and proof against household accidents.

When a poor prepares a long-winded poem, does he measure it by the gage meter? That would be a good way to get in the "words that burn."—*The Judge.*

Beautiful Women are made pallid and unattractive by functional irregularities, disorders and weaknesses that are perfectly cured by following the suggestions given in an illustrated treatise (with colored plates) sent for three letter postage stamps. Address World's Dispensary Medical Action, Buffalo, N. Y.

SOMNAMBULISM is believed to be an unconscious trance-action.—*Somerville Journal.*

I CAN SAFELY recommend Ely's Cream Balm for the cure of Catarrh, Cold in the Head, etc. Before I have used the first bottle I purchased I find myself cured. At times I could scarcely smell anything, and had a headache most of the time. Henry Lyell, Agent for the American Express Co., Grand Haven, Mich.

The merchant who sells for cash belongs to the nobility.—*Cincinnati Traveler.*

Epilepsy (Fits) successfully treated. Pamphlet of particulars sent free. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

AFTER long Mercury and Potash treatment I found myself a cripple from Mercurial Rheumatism. Tried Hot Springs two years without relief, and was finally cured sound and well by the use of Swift's Specific (S. S. S.).

CHAS. BERG, Hot Springs, Ark.

A FACTORY which should run full time—Satisfactory.—*Baltimore Every Saturday.*

IREDELL COUNTY, N. C.—The Ex-Sheriff, Mr. W. F. Wasson, says: "Brown's Iron Bitters has improved my digestion and general health."

The hotel cook should be given a wide range.—*N. Y. Peacemaker.*

An enricher of the blood and purifier of the system; cures lassitude and lack of energy; such is Brown's Iron Bitters.

Not what it is cracked up to be—A worn-out nut.—*N. Y. Journal.*

KEYSER, W. VA.—Dr. W. D. Ewin says: "Many esteem Brown's Iron Bitters as an excellent tonic."

PRESSED for time—A mummy.—*N. Y. Advertiser.*

FOR RELIEVING THROAT TROUBLES and Coughs, *Brown's Bronchial Trochiscs* have a wide reputation. Sold only in boxes.

SWIFT'S Specific (S. S. S.) has relieved me of an obstinate case of Dr. Tetter, which had troubled me for twenty-five years, and had baffled all sorts of treatment.

REV. L. R. BRANHAM, Macon, Ga.

See, buys a pair of Lyon's Patent Horse Stiffeners and make a boot or shoe last twice as long.

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