

# Weekly Optic and Live Stock Grower

Stock-Raising  
Farming - Mining

ESTABLISHED 1882

THIRTY-SIXTH YEAR

EAST LAS VEGAS, NEW MEXICO, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1919.

NUMBER 9.

## Senate Meets with House and Pays High Tribute to the Commanding General of the American Army.

Washington, Sept. 18.—Standing in the chamber of the house, with the full membership of the senate and house about him and with galleries crowded with admirers, General John J. Pershing received today the formal thanks of congress for the services he and the officers and men he commanded in France rendered during the great war. To few Americans has it fallen to be thus honored; to few soldiers of any nation has been given to hear leaders chosen of the people speak such high praises of their services for that people as General Pershing heard today.

### Senators March to House

Senate and house assembled in their respective chambers. Then the senators marched in pairs through the old corridors of the capitol to seats in the front benches of the house. Senator Cummins as president pro-tem of the senate, sat with Speaker Gillett and when General Pershing had been escorted to the floor before the speaker's desk, facing a great American flag draped on the wall, it was Senator Cummins who extended the first greetings.

"General Pershing," he said, "it is my high privilege to extend to you the sincere and cordial greeting of the senate of the United States. The message I have the honor to bear is not a greeting alone but an earnest welcome and hearty congratulation upon your safe and victorious return to your native land. Nor, is it a welcome only, for it is full of deep appreciation of the tremendous task you have so wonderfully and worthily accomplished."

### Ideals Personified

Speaker Gillett followed:

"Human nature loves to personify its ideals. And so we all rejoice to see personified in the commanding general the gallantry, the high purpose, the unconquerable determination of our crusading army. Those boys were our boys. For those who returned maimed we return care and support. But for the great army which has come back disciplined in body and in character for them I have indeed gratitude and admiration but my strongest emotion is envy. They will be our heroes.

### Spirit of the Army

"And in you, sir, their commanding

general, we like to see typified the spirit of that noble army. As their fit representatives, we representatives of the people, welcome you home. But I would not indicate that our welcome to you is entirely impersonal. Of all the details of your generalship we are not now qualified to judge. In due time that will be adjudicated by history. But we do know that you were gloriously successful. Far from your government in a foreign land, you had to rely upon yourself. Even in what you said you must be prudent. There was every chance for errors. But, sir, if you made them either in policy or in statement, we have not heard of them. You have seemed to us not only a successful general bending all his great powers without favor and without leniency to the one stern purpose of victory, but you have also seemed a wise, discreet, restrained, farsighted man and sir, may I add, that to those of us who knew you it is refreshing, but not surprising, to find that after all the supreme power, the high station, the lordly estates and the unstinted compliments to which you have been accustomed, you have developed neither arrogance nor affectation but that you have come back as you went away, modest, straightforward unspoiled."

### Clark Presents Resolution

The formal resolution of thanks was then presented to the general by former Speaker Clark.

"Grim visaged war hath smoothed her wrinkled brow," he said, "and peace with healing in her wing, like a gentle spirit now is brooding over a sore and storm rocked world. God be thanked and you, General Pershing, were a master workman in this wondrous and blessed transformation—a consummation so devoutly wished by all peoples, kindreds and tongues.

"What you and your gallant men did over there will be cherished forever as part of the precious treasure of the mighty republic.

### Graves a Sacred Shrine

"You and your men did not fight to add to the area or wealth of our beloved country, but to uphold the principles of right and truth and justice. Our soldiers who died in the war did not die in vain, but to make men free. As long as the republic endures their graves in France will be sacred shrines.

"General, you commanded more men than any other American soldier ever commanded—more, we hope, than any other American will ever command, for every sane and patriotic American most fervently hopes that our country will never be involved in another war.

"Your singular fortune has given you command of troops on three con-

tinents, America, Asia and Europe.

"In the world war, by universal acclaim your conduct was superb and makes one hundred and ten millions of Americans proud to claim you as our countryman. Of all your actions, the one for which we are most profoundly grateful and for which we love you best was that you strongly and triumphantly insisted that you and your men would fight only as an American army and not merely as replacement troops for British, French, Italians or Belgians. That feat was the acid test of your robust Americanism. It caused all our hearts to swell with ineffable pride and entitled to you to our eternal gratitude.

"Extraordinary military rank should be conferred only for extraordinary services in the field. In appreciation of your services, the congress, voicing the sentiments of the American people, have conferred on you, in perpetuity, the extraordinary rank of full general—the highest military honor within our power to bestow, and in honoring you we feel that we are honoring ourselves.

"In addition to the permanent generalship, the congress has tendered you individually and to you officers and men enmasse the thanks of the American people and of the congress of the United States—a rare honor in itself.

### Resolution of Thanks

The resolution of thanks is in these words:

"The thanks of the American people and of the congress of the United States are due, and are hereby tendered to General John J. Pershing for his highly distinguished services as commander in chief of the American expeditionary forces in Europe and to the officers and men under his command for their unwavering duty and valor throughout the war."

In conclusion the former speaker paid a tribute to his native state and explained why he had been selected to speak, saying:—

### Pershing Exhibit "A"

"The chief reason why the committee of arrangements appointed me for this most pleasant function is the fact that you are not only a great American but also the foremost living Missourian, than which there is no finer type of American while I happen to be the dean of the Missouri delegation in congress. I am proud and happy to present you as 'exhibit A,' showing forth to the world what sort of men Missouri grows when in her most prodigal of moods."

### HEAVY RAINFALL

Kansas City, Sept. 18.—The heaviest rains of the year fell last night across northern Kansas and southern Nebraska according to reports here,

## TRAIN HOLD-UPS GET \$75,000 IN CANADA

### FIVE MASKED MEN GAG MAIL CLERKS AND BLOW SAFE ON LIMITED

Quebec, Sept. 18.—Five masked men bound and gagged the mail clerks on the Ocean limited express of the Canadian National railway near Harlaka early today and robbed the mail car of \$75,000 in silver. The money was being shipped from Montreal to Halifax.

The money stolen by the bandits was the daily shipment from Montreal banks to their branches along the railroad line and not a special shipment.

The regulations of the postal department forbid mail clerks carrying arms of any kind.

### AFTER DRY LAW VIOLATORS

Chicago, Sept. 18.—Federal Judge Landis today ordered a sweeping investigation into the alleged violation of the wartime prohibition act. He has directed the heads of five Milwaukee breweries and about 75 more individuals to appear before him next Friday.

Five cars of coal were derailed at 2:50 o'clock this morning near French station, on the Santa Fe. The cause of the wreck was not learned by Santa Fe officials here. The train was a westbound drag, Conductor Colbert being in charge. No one was injured, but passenger trains, including Nos. 8, 7 and 3 were held up until 10 o'clock this morning. Train No. 7 reached Las Vegas at 12:45 this afternoon, while No. 3 did not arrive until 1:30 p. m. Train No. 1 is reported at 5 o'clock this afternoon.

### LEONARD GIVEN DECISION

Newark, N. J., Sept. 18.—Eenny Leonard was given the decision on points in his eight round battle with Johnnie Dundee last night, this having been the seventh time that the fighters had met in the ring. Dundee won the honors in but one round although he fought hard and fast and puzzled the champion by his jumping jack tactics.

Portland, Me., Sept. 18.—Organized labor in this city plans to establish a co-operative store as a means of attacking living costs.

## ACCEPT TREATY OR SEE WORLD AT WAR

Washington, Sept. 12.—William C. Bullitt, of Philadelphia, formerly attached to the American peace mission, testified before the senate foreign relations committee today that Secretary Lansing told him in Paris last May that "if the senate and the American people knew what the treaty meant, it would be defeated."

"Mr. Lansing told me the day I resigned," the witness said, "that he was opposed to that part of the league covenant relating to a mandate for Armenia. He said he considered the Shantung award and the league of nations bad—that the league would be entirely useless; that the nations had arranged the world to suit themselves, and that England and France got what they wanted."

"After saying he believed the senate would defeat the treaty if it realized its meaning, Mr. Lansing expressed the opinion that Senator Knox really would understand the treaty, that Mr. Lodge would but that Mr. Lodge's position would become purely political."

The committee burst into laughter and Bullitt said he begged to be excused from reading any more from the memorandum of his conversation.

It was the close of an extended examination during which Bullitt explained that he had been sent to Russia to investigate conditions and had later resigned from the mission because he was out of sympathy with the treaty and the league covenant, that he was asked by Senator Lodge how the American delegates stood.

Secretary Lansing, Henry White and General Bliss expressed vigorous opinion against the treaty, he said.

"I regret to say they were not," said Bullitt, in sympathy with the treaty.

When Senator Lodge said he thought the secretary's opinion on Shantung was known Bullitt added: "I think Secretary Lansing was not at all enthusiastic about the treaty."

Senator Harding, republican, Ohio, wanted to know why the soviet peace proposal was dropped.

"It was because of the scream that went up in Paris, after Admiral Kolchak's one hundred mile advance and the statement he made that his forces would be in Moscow in two weeks. Naturally everybody got lukewarm."

### Lansing Makes no Comment

Watertown, N. Y., Sept. 12.—Secretary of State Robert Lansing at his summer home in Henderson harbor this afternoon would make no comment on the charges of William C. Bullitt before the senate foreign relations committee that he had said that if the American people knew what the treaty meant they would defeat it.

Couer D'Alene, Ida., Sept. 12.—A world again aflame with war unless the peace treaty is accepted was pictured by President Wilson here today. "America was face to face," he declared, "with a decision as to whether she would prove to the world that she meant what she said in promising to aid in a peace concert."

Making his only address in the home state of Senator Borah, one of the bitterest opponents of the treaty, the president spoke in a big tent. It was not filled. D. W. Davis, gover-

nor of Idaho, introduced Mr. Wilson while the crowd stood and cheered.

While he could understand why men might differ as to details of the treaty, Mr. Wilson said, he was "amazed" that some men wanted to reject it altogether. It was America who saved the world, he declared, and now it was proposed in some quarters to desert the world.

The forthcoming treaty with Austria, said the president would be drawn "along the same lines," as that with Germany and would be another step in the effort to prevent another attempt at conquest. He asserted that the field for future conquest lay directly to the east of Germany and that Germany already was negotiating with the bolshevism government of Russia in the hope of finding soil there for industrial and political intrigue.

It was the peace treaty with its league of nations covenant, he asserted, which alone could prevent the success of such a plan.

### Germany Favors Rejection

"Germany wants us to stay out of this treaty," said the president, "not under the delusion that we would seek to aid her, but with the knowledge that the guarantees would not be sufficient without America. She wants to see America alienated from the great powers from which she herself has been alienated."

"The pro-German propaganda has started up in this country coincident with the opposition to the adoption of the treaty."

"Are we going to prove the enemy of the rest of the world just when we have been its savior? The thing is intolerable. It is impossible."

Mr. Wilson said if the west really believed in progressivism and purification of political affairs, then it must be in favor of the peace treaty so it could be accomplished.

### Calls Strike a Crime

Referring again to the Boston police strike, Mr. Wilson said the strike was "an intolerable crime against civilization. If that spirit is going to prevail where are your programs?" he asked. "How can you carry a program out where every man is looking out for his own selfish interest?"

He declared there would be no reform for a generation unless there came a settled order such as could be attained only by the treaty. Every man who really loves justice and purposes reform, he said, should stand in favor of acceptance of the treaty.

St. Louis, Sept. 12.—Senator Hiram W. Johnson of California, was given a cordial welcome when he arrived here today to deliver two addresses opposing ratification of the league of nations covenant by the senate. He was met at the train by Mayor Henry W. Kiel and a large reception committee, and escorted to the St. Louis club for breakfast.

Later he rode at the head of a long automobile parade through the business section of the city. At 1 o'clock Senator Johnson talked to a large and representative crowd of business men at the City club, and in this talk, he attacked President Wilson and the league of nations.

Tonight he will deliver an address at the Coliseum where President Wilson spoke a week ago.

Speaking at the City club luncheon Senator Johnson said:

"Mr. Wilson has two favorite ar-

guments, not unknown to a certain class of lawyers. He adopts the methods of the bad case, and denounces his opponents. He endeavors to frighten them with elements of pro-Germanism, to which he himself became accustomed from August 1914 to April, 1917, and when the full effect of this belated and now obsolete charge is not apparent, he adopts the second line of denunciation of entrenched power, and shouts bolshevism; a characterization with which he is quite familiar. The day is past, thank God, when American citizens can be swerved from their duty by out-worn war epithets.

### Confuses Facts

"In the remarkable address of Mr. Wilson in this city a few days ago, he discussed the league of nations with his usual facility of expression and his usual confusion of detail and facts. In his declaration of the matter of the league, he supplied it with three hearts, presumably all beating in unison, 'so that the heart of the covenant,' he said, 'is that the nations solemnly covenant not to go to war for nine months after a controversy becomes acute.' Again article ten is the article that goes to the heart of the whole bad business, and then article eleven is the favorite article of the treaty, so far as I am concerned." Apostrophes to article X with him have been not infrequent, and had I the power I would indelibly impress it, with the guarantee of political independence and territorial integrity, upon every American brain.

"It is, to quote Mr. Wilson's language, 'the heart of the whole bad business.'"

### Secret Treaties Hinder

"Naively, the president remarks that secret treaties hampered him at the peace conference and embarrassed the whole settlement. Inferentially, he concedes the wickedness of these secret treaties, but he was neither hampered or embarrassed to such a degree as to cause him to stand manfully and courageously for his oft-expressed principles. He wrote these secret treaties, condemned not only by him but by the righteous opinion of the world, into his treaty. He went to Paris, bravely and boldly proclaiming, and all of us re-echoed his sentiments:

Tacoma, Wash., Sept. 13.—Reading to a Tacoma audience today a part of his address to congress asking a declaration of war with Germany, President Wilson declared the purpose there outlined was not yet fulfilled and would not be until the treaty was ratified.

Pointing out that he had asked in that address for a complete freedom from autocracy and guarantees for liberty everywhere, he said that was the program which had been adopted without respect to party and which it now was proposed in some quarters to abandon. When he asked whether the people wanted it abandoned, there were shouts of "No, no," and cheers from the crowd. It was the first of two addresses to be delivered by the president in Washington during the day, a night meeting being scheduled at Seattle.

Before he went to the armory, the president was driven to the stadium, where a cheering mass of humanity including many school children welcomed him. With a seating capacity of 30,000, the stadium was packed except for small places at the ends of

the horseshoe and thousands more thronged the steps and terraces above.

In a brief address at the stadium, Mr. Wilson said he was grateful that the children had come out to see because he felt the decisions being made now affected the children more than those of the present generation.

There was a great roar of cheering after he finished speaking and until his party had circled out of the stadium on the way to the armory.

At the armory, which was packed, Mr. Wilson was introduced by N. B. Coffman, president of the Washington state branch of the league to enforce peace.

St. Louis, Sept. 13.—The outstanding question in the league of nations controversy is whether the United States will do her duty as she sees it, or whether she will subject herself to the will of England and Japan, Senator Hiram W. Johnson of California, declared in an address here last night.

The Californian, trailing President Wilson through the middle west, presenting arguments in opposition to ratification of the league of nations covenant was given an 18 minute ovation when he appeared on the platform of the Coliseum and hundreds were turned away from the hall.

Senator Johnson asserted President Wilson insisted on combining the league pact and the peace treaty into one document to protect the spoils given the United States allies by the peace treaty.

The senator declared the president never did and never will explain why England was given six votes to the United States one in the proposed league because he can't.

"We don't have to become partners of burglars simply because we can't prevent burglary," said the speaker.

Senator Johnson is scheduled to speak in Kansas City tonight.

### Large Delegation at Kansas City

Kansas City, Mo., Sept. 13.—Delegations from Missouri, Kansas, Oklahoma and as far south as Dennison, Texas, will greet Senator Hiram W. Johnson, of California, when he addresses a mass meeting tonight at Convention hall on the league of nations. Demands for tickets have been unprecedented, according to the committee in charge of arrangements for the meeting, and it is expected that the seating capacity of the large hall will be taxed to the utmost.

London, Sept. 15.—Admiral Kolchak in pursuing his offensive against the bolsheviks, has broken their front in three places, according to official information reaching here today. The progress of the all Russian counter movement, it is stated, threatens to outflank the bolshevik forces advancing from Tobolsk.

### HONDURAS FAIRLY QUIET

Washington, Sept. 13.—State department advices today from Tegucigalpa reported the situation in Honduras quiet, although some revolutionary disorders were continuing on the north coast.

### FIVE ALARM FIRE

New York, Sept. 15.—Five alarms had been turned in at 2:45 p. m. today for a fire which is raging in the plant of the Standard Oil company along Newton Creek in Long Island city. The plant covers many acres.

## NEW MEXICO SENATOR SAYS IF RESERVATIONS ARE ACCEPTED LEAGUE FAILS

Washington, Sept. 15.—Denouncing senators whose "insidious declamations poison the public mind," against the German peace treaty and the league of nations, Senator Jones, democrat, of New Mexico, speaking in the senate today said if the reservations recommended by the foreign relations committee majority were adopted the treaty as well as the league covenant would "fail."

"The unselfish, the ideal, the altruistic motives which have inspired this league are sufficient inducements for all the sacrifices and efforts which we will be called upon to make in carrying out its provisions."

Senator Jones said in his opinion reservations as proposed by the committee were unnecessary as ample protection was afforded by the terms of the treaty.

"Article ten," he continued, "is a declaration to the world that war for conquest shall end and that this declaration will be supported by the combined power of all the other members of the league."

"In my humble judgment," he added, "if this covenant is entered into wars may possibly occur but such occurrence will be exceedingly improbable."

Calling attention to unsavory conditions in Mexico, which he said were "daily growing more intolerable," Senator Jones declared no greater agency could be conceived for the purpose of bringing about peace in Mexico without war than the establishment of a league of nations, he said, the Mexican situation would probably be brought to the attention of the council and he had no doubt that the processes authorized by the covenant would be effective.

Washington, Sept. 15.—Rejection of all proposed amendments to the German peace treaty and modification of the recommended "strong" reservations were urged in an individual minority report filed with the senate today by Senator McCumber, republican, of North Dakota, next in rank on the foreign relations committee to Chairman Lodge.

Attacking the majority report, Senator McCumber denounced most of the amendments as "selfish, immoral and dishonorable," and charged that they seek to "isolate the United States and abandon our allies."

"To the substance of some of the proposed reservations," Senator McCumber's report declared, "there can be no serious objection. But against the manner in which they are asserted, I do most earnestly protest. They are couched in a defiant, discourteous and overbearing manner and seem intended to express a jingoic spirit that ought to be eliminated from American statesmanship."

Scoring the committee reservations to article ten of the league of nations covenant, Senator McCumber said it really is an amendment "pure and simple" and designed to make the United States entirely out of the league.

He expressed opposition to the proposed amendment to the Shantung provision, by this, he said, Japan would be "kicked out" of the league by the United States and Shantung possibly lost to China.

Calling attention to what he termed the failure of the majority to ex-

plain the purposes of the league, Senator McCumber said:

"Not one word is said concerning either the great purpose of the league of nations or the methods by which those purposes are to be accomplished. Irony and sarcasm have been substituted for argument. It is regrettable that the consideration of a matter so foreign to partisanship should be influenced by hostility towards or subserviency to the president."

## EXECUTIVE WILL SPEND TWO DAYS SPEAKING IN GOLDEN GATE CITY

On Board President Wilson's Special Train, Sept. 16.—Plans completed today for President Wilson's two day stay in San Francisco provide for two luncheon addresses in addition to the two night speeches on his original program. Although the president's advisers had insisted during the trip to the west coast on his adhering strictly to his official schedule of speeches, it was said more latitude was possible now in view of the comparatively few public meetings that have been arranged during the coming week. It is likely also that he will speak at a dinner to be given him in Los Angeles Saturday, and at other public functions during this week and the week following.

For the first time since his speaking trip began there was no stop scheduled during all of today, and the president slept late while his train was winding southward through the Cascades of western Oregon. He left Portland late last night and is due in San Francisco tomorrow morning. The president's original plan to have a luncheon in the Santa Clara valley during his stay in San Francisco has been abandoned and instead he will attend luncheons both tomorrow and Thursday at a San Francisco hotel. Tomorrow afternoon he will take an auto ride to Stanford university but does not intend to speak there. Thursday he will cross the bay to Oakland and after the luncheon there will take a ride to the University of California.

Honolulu, Sept. 16.—The United States has asked the Japanese government to fix a definite date for the return of Kiao Chau to China, according to cable advices received here today by the Nippu Jiji, a Japanese daily newspaper. The cable added that the Japanese government had not answered the communication.

## No Official Comment

Washington, Sept. 16.—Officials here, in the absence of President Wilson and Secretary Lansing, will not comment upon the report that the United States has asked Japan to set a date for the return of Kiao Chau to China. The impression in official circles is that the report is well founded.

Japan's answer to such a request by the government would have an important bearing on the senate's consideration of the peace treaty as one of the objections to it to which opposition is being centered, is the Shantung provision.

Administration supporters of the treaty feel that a definite announcement by Japan setting a date for the return of Kiao Chau goes far to remove this question.

## HURRICANE LEAVES

### TRAIL OF DESOLATION

(Continued From Page One.)

Corpus Christi, Texas, Sept. 16.—With troops patrolling the main streets Corpus Christi today began emerging from the wreckage caused by the gulf hurricane which struck the city early Sunday bringing death to an unknown number of persons and doing property damage of millions.

The death toll will reach between 75 and 100 in Corpus Christi and surrounding towns along the coast, according to an estimate today by Dr. W. E. Wills, city health physician.

One unconfirmed report was that 120 bodies, most of them recognized as residents of Corpus Christi, had been taken from a reef near Portland, on Nueces Bay, upon which Corpus Christi is situated.

## 3,000 Made Homeless

More than 3,000 persons were made homeless by the storm. With the coming of relief trains, it was expected that by night most of them would be taken care of.

Fears are entertained that a heavy casualty list will be reported from surrounding towns, several of which were directly in the path of the storm.

## Relief Train Arrives

Some relief was afforded the homeless shortly after midnight when the first train to reach the city in many hours arrived with foodstuffs and other supplies from Kingsville and Robstown. Although both of the latter were damaged by the storm to some extent word from some of the small towns is expected to show severe damage.

The storm struck early Sunday morning and was accompanied by a tidal wave that sent the water sweeping into the business district of the city. When the tidal wave was at its height, every second floor downtown was under water. By the time the worst of the wind had passed, United States soldiers stationed here had taken charge of the situation and continued ceaselessly at work until a danger was over.

All day Sunday soldiers wearing trench helmets could be seen braving the heavy gale doing rescue work.

## Military Rule Invoked

Military rule was invoked late yesterday and no one was allowed to enter the wrecked portions of the city.

All foodstuffs that had escaped damage by water were sold under direction of city officials, one day's rations being allowed to the customer.

Absence of authentic reports from Aransas Pass, Port Aransas and Rockport today caused some uneasiness. Boats will be run to Portland late today it was announced in an effort to determine the extent of the damage to the causeway, railroad line and telephone equipment which pass over the reef.

Three women who sought refuge from the storm in the federal building Sunday night became mothers while the hurricane was at its height. They were attended by physicians who were among the hundred or so people who sought safety there.

Reports today were that all were doing nicely at hospitals where they were removed when the storm abated.

Approximately 175 refugees have

been rescued at Odem, about 30 miles west of here, according to a telephone message received here. They had been carried across Nueces bay on wreckage. All of them were suffering greatly from exposure. They are being cared for by citizens.

Near Corpus Christi, where the railroad track were washed away they were twisted into the shape of a corkscrew one-half to two miles in length. Huge bridge timbers weighing thousands of pounds, bales of cotton, parts of houses and their furnishings cattle, rabbits, etc., were thrown into the tops of trees by the waves at this point and left there as the water went down.

## Railroads Washed Away

The San Antonio, Uvalde and Gulf road west from Odem has been washed out and bridges on the Gulf coast line south from there have tied up all traffic except the Gulf Coast to Houston.

Practically the entire country between Odem and Corpus Christi was a raging sea all Sunday night and every low point is still flooded with water.

## INCREASED PRODUCTION AND LOWER PRICES A DIFFICULT PROBLEM

Atlantic City, Sept. 16.—Conditions of the food markets in the world indicate to the Institute of American Meat Packers in session here, that the demand for beef from America for meeting the shortage in Europe has about ceased, and that the demand for pork is slackening while in the United States the agitation against the packers has caused a slump in the consumption.

The effect has been to break the price of cattle, while increased production is demanded in order to bring the scale of prices to a lower level. This is the problem which is puzzling the packers, they assert, and how to stimulate production and cut prices at the same time is beyond them.

Resolutions were adopted today against the proposed license of packers under the two bills pending in congress. They oppose the measures because they propose exclusively to license packers. President Wilson, in his recommendations to congress suggested the licensing of all food dealers.

Tomorrow afternoon the public schools will celebrate constitution day. In each of the class rooms the teachers will tell the children of the origin of the constitution of the United States, and will explain the lessons of Americanism and patriotism that are contained in the constitution. Similar exercises will be observed in the high school.

A special chapel service will be held at the Normal university tomorrow morning at which time President Roberts will give an account of the meeting of the constitutional convention and the historical events that transpired during the time that the document was being formulated. The various articles and amendments and their meanings will be discussed.

## COTTON EMBARGO REMOVED

Washington, Sept. 16.—Great Britain has removed the embargo on America cotton. The American consul general in London today so reported to the state department.

On Board President Wilson's Special, Sept. 17.—Setting forth publicly for the first time his interpretation of the league of nations covenant as it affects Ireland, President Wilson said in a statement today that the league would constitute a forum before which could be brought all claims for self determination which are likely to affect the peace of the world.

"The covenant would not bind the United States to assist in putting down rebellion in any foreign country," he asserted, "nor would it limit the power of this country to recognize the independence of any people who seek to secure freedom."

He said Ireland's case was not heard at Versailles because it did not come within the jurisdiction of the peace conference.

The president's statement was in reply to a series of questions sent to him by the San Francisco labor council. It is understood that within a few days he will reply similarly to questions put by other labor bodies regarding Shantung and the representation of the British dominions in the league assembly.

Replying directly to a question as to his attitude toward self determination for Ireland, Mr. Wilson said his position was expressed in article 11 of the covenant, under which it is declared that any member nation can call the attention of the league to "any circumstances which affects relations which threatens to disturb international peace or the good understanding between nations upon which peace depends."

#### Party Reaches San Francisco

San Francisco, Sept. 17.—President Woodrow Wilson arrived here at 9:30 today on a special ferryboat from the Oakland mole. President and Mrs. Wilson came off the gaily decorated boat and slip into a square formed by detachments of soldiers from the Presidio, the usual presidential welcome.

Seated in an open automobile Mr. and Mrs. Wilson were driven along Market street to the Civic auditorium the cheering throngs that lined both sides of the thoroughfare giving him an uproarious welcome. The civic center, where the president greeted San Francisco's school children, was gaily bedecked. After a brief stay there the party went to their quarters at the St. Francis hotel.

As the ferry passed Yerba training station, a salute of 21 guns was fired as the first note of San Francisco's official celebration. Several companies of enlisted naval men were drawn up at attention on the slope of the island, and the president waved in acknowledgement of their salute.

#### VALBANERA WITH 300 PASSENGERS AND CREW OF 60 WEEK OVERDUE

New York, Sept. 18.—The Spanish ship Valbanera owned by the Pinillos line, and now more than a week overdue at Havana with a large number of passengers on board, is believed to have been disabled by the gulf hurricane of last week and stranded on shoal or coral key, according to Captain F. L. Miller, master of the Ward line steamer Mexico, which arrived here today from Cuba.

On September 10 the officers saw what they said was one of the larg-

est water spouts in their experience. It sprang up suddenly and passed the ship less than 300 feet away, moving rapidly with a roar like that made by a train running at full speed. At the base of the spout a vast upheaval of water was seen and the Mexico was sprayed with water from the upheaval.

The agents here stated today that she had 300 passengers on board. Her crew numbers 60 men.

The Valbanera sailed from Cadiz, Spain, August 15 and was last reported arriving at Santiago, Cuba, August 30. The ship is registered at 5,099 gross tons and was built in 1903 at Glasgow.

#### COMMERCIAL CLUB TOLD OF NO DWELLING PLACES FOR NEW ARRIVALS

Twenty-three men were present at the Commercial club luncheon today noon. The matter of Las Vegas' representation at the Ozark Trails convention in Roswell was discussed, and a report from a special committee was given. At least five cars have been promised for the trip to Roswell and the committee, which will make its final report on Tuesday evening, believes that at least five more may be secured by Tuesday week, when the party will leave for the convention. The representation of this city, and of towns along the present northern route of the Ozark trail probably will determine whether Las Vegas will again be designated as the end of the trail.

Robert L. M. Ross, of the Cowboys' Reunion association, asked that the \$5,000 guarantee for next year's reunion be made by the middle of March, so that the reunion may be assured in time to do a great deal more advertising than was possible this year. The \$5,000 should be in the hands of the association, Mr. Ross said, by the middle of June.

George Fleming, who was requested to speak on the matter of building in the city said that Las Vegas needs badly a number of residences, and that at present it is impossible for strangers to find suitable homes here. He suggested that the situation may be improved by a fund, raised by the business men of the city, and that the money be advanced to those wishing to build. He also suggested that an apartment house be built. Mr. Fleming said that Las Vegas is the only city in the state which is waiting for the prices of building material to drop, and declared that there is little possibility of prices becoming lower for some time.

The Commercial club members who were present agreed with Mr. Fleming's suggestions, and it is probable that definite action will be taken soon to arrange for new residential buildings here.

Chicago, Sept. 18.—A tie up of shipping on the great lakes became a possibility today with the announcement that the sailors' union of the great lakes was voting on a strike in sympathy with the strike of steel workers of the country called for September 22. Passage of the strike proposal, according to union officials, is practically assured.

The walkout would involve approximately 12,000 seamen, firemen and cooks, it was stated.

The proposal authorizes the execu-

tive committee to call a strike against vessels of the Pittsburgh Steamship company said to be a subsidiary of the United States Steel corporation and other vessels operated by steel companies.

The vote probably will be completed by September 21, it was said and it was intimated that the walkout would be called on September 22 in connection with the steel strike.

#### WILL STRIKE TO ENFORCE DEMANDS ON RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION

Louisville, Ky., Sept. 18.—Two hundred thousand railway and steamship men, members of the Brotherhood of Railway and Steamship Freight Hands, Express and Station Employees, have been ordered to take a strike vote, it was announced here today by J. J. Forrester of Cincinnati, president of the brotherhood, to enforce demands made to the railroad administration by the brotherhood August 18.

Orders have gone forward to every lodge in the country, it was said to take the strike vote. Three of the five lodges in Louisville with a membership of approximately 3,500, already have voted, but the result has been withheld. Members of the organization on the Pennsylvania railroad system, it was declared, will act within the next few days.

Corpus Christi, Texas, Sept. 17.—The list of known dead in Corpus Christi and environs is now nearing the two hundred mark, and is being swelled almost hourly.

It is now feared that the death toll will reach far into the hundreds as reports reaching here from Nueces bay in the vicinity of Portland, White Point and Rocita and other towns in that section tell a uniform story of heavy casualties.

According to reports received from that section today the receding waters have left bodies strewn along the entire north shore of the bay. Burial parties are being sent out from here to scour all the lowlands along the Nueces bay and bury them in the most expeditious manner as all hope of identification has been abandoned.

The temporary morgue opened in the Corpus Christi court house was closed today and all bodies now are being carried directly to the cemeteries where they are buried with simple rites by waiting clergymen. Pieces of clothing, jewelry and other keepsakes found on the bodies of the victims are being preserved and filed with the county recorder in the hope they may later be of use to relatives and friends as a means of identification. A military airplane circled over Corpus Christi and over Port Aransas yesterday and reported that many bodies could be discerned at Port Aransas, but that a landing was impossible because of the high water.

With 17 of the 57 precincts in San Miguel county reported, the special election upon proposed amendments to the state constitution lost in this county, the proposed one board of control amendment losing to the tune of 38 votes for and 418 against. The incomplete vote on the proposed bond issue for roads and bridges was lost by a vote of 57 for and 398 against. The proposed amendment giving absent soldiers and sailors the right to vote, appears, from the incomplete

returns, to have suffered defeat although the vote was close, 216 voters casting their ballots for the amendment and 235 voting against it.

The corrected vote for precinct No. 5, Las Vegas, gives the following vote: For soldiers' amendment, 6, against, 37; for one board of control, 2, against, 41; for road bond issue, 1; against, 42.

The vote in precinct 6, Las Vegas, which cannot be obtained officially until the board of county commissioners meets, is announced unofficially as follows, for soldiers vote amendment, 8; against, 27; for one board of control, 2; against, 32; for road bond issue, 1; against, 34.

The poll books from a number of the precincts were placed in the ballot boxes, which will prevent an exact count of votes before the county commissioners open the boxes the first Monday in October. However, the returns from 17 precincts indicate that the two amendments pressing the road and bridge bond issue, and the one board of control for all state institutions were defeated overwhelmingly, and that the proposed amendment giving the right to vote to absent soldiers and sailors, was defeated by a small majority. However, the votes in the various precincts ranged all the way from a unanimous ballot against all amendments to a unanimous ballot in favor of all. The voters in precinct No. 26, at Los Alamitos, cast all their votes, and there were but 7, in favor of the three amendments. The seven ballots cast in precinct No. 49, Agua Zarca, were all against the three amendments. The geographical situations, say leading politicians, of the two towns cannot be responsible for the difference in the opinions of the voters.

Roswell vote: Road bond amendment, for, 16; against, 498; school amendment, for, 4; against, 513; soldier voting amendment, for, 64; against, 451.

Albuquerque vote: Road bonds, for, 33; against, 249; board of control, for, 11; against, 274; soldier vote, for, 110; against, 175.

Santa Fe vote: Road bonds, for, 15; against, 203; board of control, for, 11; against, 207; soldier vote, for, 129; against, 79.

#### TELLS SAN FRANCISCO QUESTIONERS UNITED STATES WOULD NOT LOSE

San Francisco, Sept. 18.—Replying in a statement today to a list of questions put to him by a San Francisco league of nations organization, President Wilson declared England could not outvote the United States in the league; that foreign governments under the covenant could not order American troops abroad; that the league would have a powerful influence toward restoration of Shantung to China; that the United States would not be obligated by article ten to aid England in suppressing a revolt in Ireland, and that under article 11 there would be created a new forum for questions of self determination.

#### VOTE FOR TWO PROVINCES

Berlin, Sept. 18.—The committee of the Prussian diet having under consideration the Silesia question has voted to make upper and lower Silesia independent provinces.

**PLACE STATUES AT GRAVES**

**People of Budapest Have Odd Methods of Perpetuating the Memory of the Dead.**

While all civilized nations either bury their dead or place them in vaults or mausoleums, there is a curious custom carried out by the people of Budapest. This is found in the large cemetery in that city which is known as the Kerepesi Kozimero, where nearly every family in Budapest buries its dead. It is very large and contains a number of handsome monuments, especially the one to Kossuth, who is known as the George Washington of Hungary.

The visitor to that city of the dead will find at the grave a photograph, painting or statue of the person who is buried beneath each stone, an exchange states. When the family is wealthy there is the bust or a recumbent figure of the dead man or woman made from his or her latest picture, while beside it sits or stands the statue of the nearest living relative, man or woman, carved from life.

In some instances the figures of several living members of a family sit beside the grave of a parent. But perhaps the most interesting of all are pictures embedded in the gravestones covered with glass and thus protected from the weather.

Still another peculiarity is the bronze or iron lamp posts on the graves and the huge silver balls set up on many. The latter are like the colored glass balls used upon our Christmas trees, except they are always silvered and much larger. There seems to be no way of lighting the lamps, and the only inference is that they are used to light the dead to heaven or where candles may be placed when relatives or friends are offering prayers for the dead.

**Dantzic.**

The old fortress of Dantzic is rich in Napoleonic lore. It was here that the Man of Destiny failed to heed the intimations of a grand council of his marshals—Murat, Ney, and the rest, that his star had passed perihelion; it was here that he upbraided them for having grown soft in prosperity, and for opposing the invasion of Russia; and it was from Dantzic that his legions "jumped off" for the ill-fated Moscow campaign.

In a later day Dantzic was the background and the base for the northern shear of Mackensen's gray-green pincers that took Warsaw. Look at the map of the blunt salient that Russian Poland made into the heart of the central empires in the days before the war, and the strategic value of the fortified city in the rear of the invading Germans can readily be seen.

**Expert City Planning.**

The first essential in advancing city planning everywhere is to get a definite plan, then make it known in order to get the necessary legislation and financial support to put it through.

Cities should make a plan and develop it piecemeal. That is, it should be like a building with a solid foundation with five or six stories on it, but solid enough to carry 20 stories. The plan should be complete, but need not all be presented at once, nor should the efforts in carrying it out be sporadic or haphazard. An authority recently urged the securing of expert talent to direct city planning for the interest of all, and not for a class of citizens.

**Some Should Be Broken.**

"These talking machines at \$59.95," advertises a Chicago music house, "break all records." After listening to some records one simply can't shake off the conviction that there cannot be too many such machines in constant use.—Springfield Union.

**THEY ARE TRUE ROOSEVELTS**



These three grandchildren of the late Theodore Roosevelt and children of Lieut. Col. Theodore Roosevelt are the liveliest at Southampton Beach, where this photograph was taken. Like their illustrious grandfather, they are full of "pep" and they bear a marked resemblance to him.

**The Rubber-Tired Goral.**

Among the strange animals that came under the observation of Mr. Roy Chapman Andrews, who conducted an expedition into farther China, under the auspices of the American Museum of Natural History, was the goral, a mountain goat of extraordinary agility.

I have seen a goral, says the explorer, run at full speed down the face of a cliff that appeared to be almost perpendicular. The dogs did not venture to follow it. As the animal landed on a projecting rock, it would bounce off as if made of rubber and leap eight or ten feet to a narrow ledge that did not seem large enough to support a rabbit.

**An Easy Plan.**

"Our house is full of old furniture that we ought to throw away, yet my husband thinks it is too good to destroy. I wish I knew of some way of wearing it out quickly," says the lady with the coral eardrums.

"Why, don't you rent the house furnished for the summer?" asks the lady with the purple veil.

**Eye for Business.**

The small son of a physician in Scottsburg was sent to the drug store the other evening by his mother, and told to hurry back. While waiting for the clerk to get to him he heard a gentleman at the soda fountain order a root beer and saw him throw six cents on the counter. After a few moments' deep thought the boy swaggered up to the counter. "Do you sell two of those for 11 cents?" he asked the clerk. "Yes," was the answer. "Then give me one, too," the boy said, putting his nickel down carefully by the man's six cents.—Indianapolis News.

**Luxurious Living.**

"They charge for putting on a tablecloth and forks and spoons!" exclaimed the man who was studying the restaurant menu.

"Don't say anything about it!" whispered his wife. "If you discuss it in such a way as to bring it to general attention they'll probably think they ought to collect a luxury tax in addition."

**HISTORY NOT MERE RECORD**

**Writer, to Set It Down Successfully, Must Use His Constructive Imagination.**

There is no commoner cause of historical misjudgment than the tendency to read the events of the past too exclusively in the light of the present, and so twist the cold and unconscious record into the training service of controversial politics. And yet history is inevitably to a great extent a work of the imagination. No good historian is content merely to repeat the record of the past. He has to understand it, to see behind it, to find more in it than it actually says. He cannot understand without the use of his constructive imagination, and he cannot imagine effectively without the use of his experience. I believe it is one of the marks of a great historian to see both present and past, as it were, with the same unclouded eye, to realize the past story as if it were now proceeding before him, and envisage the present much in the same perspective as it will bear when it is as one chapter, or so many pages, in the great volume of the past.

We know in Gibbon's case how much the historian of the Roman empire learnt from the captain of the Hampshire grenadiers. And it would surely be folly to tell a man who had lived through the French or Russian revolution to forget his own experience when he came to treat of similar events in history.—Gibbert Murray.

**Petrarch and Laura.**

Petrarch's romance with Laura is one of the curiosities of literature. He first saw her on Good Friday, April 6, 1327. Whether or not his devotion to her, which inspired all his love poetry and set a standard for ages to come, was inspired by any passion of the heart is firmly disputed. In fact many believe that Petrarch and Laura never met. That she appeared to him, however, as the perfect woman no one can deny after reading his impassioned lines.—Christian Science Monitor.

**Tit for Tat.**

Stevie and Robbie were cousins, and although very fond of each other, did not always agree. One day Robbie's mother entered the room where the little ones were playing, and was immediately appealed to by her son. "Mamma, mayn't Stevie tell me my faults?" "What do you want Stevie to tell your faults for?" asked Robbie's mother in astonishment. "So that I can tell Stevie his," was the unexpected reply.

**Proper Care of Cellar.**

Cellars will acquire a musty odor after being closed for some time. To remove dampness as well as to disinfect the cellar, sprinkle chloride of lime on the floor and close up the cellar for a few days. Then open the windows and let in the air until the chloride of lime odor disappears and your cellar will be ready for storing vegetables.

**Proper Homes Important.**

To provide proper homes for the people is one of the worthiest objects of human endeavor. Proper housing conditions have been regarded as the basis upon which all other reforms and betterments must rest. Without decent home surroundings, light and air, proper sanitation, we do not have good citizens. All of this has been said many times before. The surprising thing is that in this country, at least, there has been comparatively little interest in it among well-to-do who desire to aid with their wealth the well-being of their fellow men. Money expended now in building serves a double purpose, meets a coincident need, the need for employment and housing.

**KEEP BOXES AT WINDOWS**

**Simple to Do, and Few Things Add More to the Appearance of a House.**

Those who can afford to spend the time and money need experience no difficulty in having window boxes well furnished with handsome plants throughout the entire year. In winter hardy dwarf evergreens, such as boxwood, young pines, spruce, arborvitae and junipers may be used in the body of the box with English ivy to trail over the edge. In early spring various bulbous plants—tulips, crocus and daffodils—are available. Double English daisies or pansies may also be used. There is, of course, no difficulty whatever in obtaining plants to occupy the boxes during the summer.

There is a large number of plants that are suitable for window and porch box gardening. Among them may be found those that will thrive in sunny, shaded or partly shaded places. Plants for window boxes can be roughly grouped in three divisions—trailers, plants of medium size for the second row and taller ones for the back row. There is nothing hard and fast about these divisions. In small boxes it is advisable to dispense with the taller kinds, and sometimes an excellent effect can be obtained by using one variety alone. Some of the petunias by themselves, because of their strong growth and sprawly habit, furnish adequate height and at the same time trail sufficiently to hide the front of the box.

**The Excuse.**

"Ludendorff," said Representative Shouse, "is telling the world the reason why he lost the war. Ludendorff's excuse reminds me of the Irishman.

"An Irishman and a Yankee rowed a race one day. The Yankee was so easily the Irishman's superior that every little while he'd stop rowing and wait for Mike to catch up.

"Well, Mike was beaten, of course, but he said afterwards:

"Faith, Oi'd have bested the bhoys aisy if Oi'd shtopped an' took the long rests he did."

**Court Rules Against Tradition.**

One of the naval patrols at the Short Line depot, Annapolis, arrested Joseph Thomas (colored) for carrying a concealed weapon. Thomas was walking along when a razor dropped from his clothing and he was arrested. When the razor was exhibited it looked like a section of a broken buzz saw. Justice Welch, after making a physical examination, decided that the piece of junk was not a dangerous weapon and dismissed Thomas.—Baltimore News.

**DR. EPITACIO PESSOA**



Photo by Western Newspaper Union

President-elect of the Brazilian republic who recently visited the United States.

NEW MEXICO HEADS LONG LINE OF FIGHTING BOATS AS THEY SWEEP PAST VESSEL OF SPANISH FAME.

Seattle, Sept. 13.—Paths of President Wilson, journeying through the west and Secretary Daniels and the new Pacific fleet, touring the coast, crossed at Seattle today.

Aboard the historic battleship Oregon, President Wilson reviewed the new fleet this afternoon off Seattle's water front.

The president reached here at 1:30 p. m. and at 3:30 p. m. accompanied by Secretary Daniels, went aboard the Oregon for the review. Tonight he speaks at the arena.

President Wilson was to have reviewed the fleet at San Francisco but owing to the late start on his speaking tour it was necessary to change the presidential review to Seattle.

Dormitories have been established in every vacant building to accommodate the thousands of spectators that have crowded the city for a glimpse at Uncle Sam's great Pacific fleet. Fighting ships of the New Mexico type have never been seen by residents of the great northwest and an eager throng had gathered early today to be sure of a place along the water front.

#### CLAIM THAT TESTIMONY BY CATTLE PRODUCERS IS MISREPRESENTED

Washington, Sept. 13.—More charges that the "big five" packers are controlling the trend of argument against federal regulation of the packing industry were put today before the senate agriculture commission by C. B. Pugn, representing the Nebraska Feeders' association, pointing out that most of the testimony at the committee hearings has been a protest against the Kenyon and Kendrick bills, asserted that so far as such testimony had come from cattle producers it was misrepresented.

"I know that if the Kendrick and Kenyon bills are passed, there will be grave danger that money cannot hereafter be loaned on cattle," he asserted.

Henry C. Wallace, secretary of the Corn Belt Meat Producers association said Iowa farmers were for the regulation.

"I think the packers are shortsighted in their objections to license," he remarked. "It wont work by hardship."

A. F. Harsh, a Lowell, Neb., stock raiser, gave the committee arguments against the passage of the bill.

**Cut This Out—It is Worth Money**  
**DON'T MISS THIS.** Cut out this slip enclose with 5c to Foley and Co., 2835 Sheffield Ave., Chicago, Ill., writing your name and address clearly. You will receive in return a trial package containing Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, for coughs, colds, and croup. Foley Kidney Pills and Foley Cathartic Tablets. O. G. Schaefer Sold everywhere.—Adv.

When it comes to furnishing alibis Burlinson has any confidence man or "dip" famous in police circles backed off the boards.

EMPLOYES AT WASHINGTON CROWD CORRIDORS OF CAPITOL TO SEE GENERAL.

Washington, Sept. 13.—Almost fighting his way through hundreds of admirers gathered at the war department, General Pershing officially reported to Secretary Baker today his return from France with his mission—victory over Germany—accomplished.

The cheering crowd had waited long to see the man that captained the American armies in their greatest struggle and would not be denied. By actual physical effort, aided by two of his staff officers and finally by guards of the building, General Pershing got through into the secretary's room.

The final step was the most difficult. Women and girl clerks of the department shilly crying their greetings, closed in about the general and aids at the doors. He was for several minutes unable to force his way through. Finally the watchman caught him by the arm and really hauled him out of the clutch of the crowd.

Boston, Sept. 13.—It is a fight to the finish. The offices formerly held by striking policemen are vacant. New men will be recruited. The request of Samuel Gompers that the strikers be reinstated is refused.

This is the attitude of the state as made known today by Police Commissioner Curtis. It appeared to mean the complete failure of the attempts at compromise.

Governor Coolidge promptly endorsed the attitude of the police commissioner. "I, too, will be guided by the opinion of the attorney general," he said.

Attention now is turned to the position to be taken by the Boston firemen, electrical workers, telephone operators, carmen and other organizations affiliated with the policemen's union. A general strike has been threatened and if the threat is made good the most widespread labor trouble ever experienced in New England is imminent.

Raymond Gaist of Dorchester, was shot and killed when he resisted a state guard near the corner of Tremont and Beyleston streets. It was said he refused to move on and when prodded with a bayonet attempted to seize the guard's gun. He received the bullet in the breast. In the excitement that followed and while the guards were dispersing the crowds, another shot was fired, wounding Mrs. Mary Jacques of Dorchester in the knee.

#### Brace Up

Stomach trouble often makes one despondent. It hits a man where he lives, saps his strength and energy and makes him feel like giving up. Give him a few doses of Chamberlain's Tablets to improve his digestion and loosen up his bowels and in most cases recovery is prompt and he is soon feeling well and happy.—Adv.

#### JURY ACQUITS THREE

Olathe, Kansas, Sept. 15.—Emmett L. Thomas, Mrs. Blanche Brown and Mrs. Margaret Love, charged with the murder of Herbert G. Woodruff, were acquitted by a jury here Saturday.

#### Point of View

In every community there are certain householders who have the reputation of being "nice to work for" and "good to their help," and others who have just the reverse reputation. And do not imagine if you have once earned an unsatisfactory rating in this regard that you are going to lose it very soon. The domestics in your town may not be organized, they may have no union and they may be of so many races and such different classes that they have little in common. Still they manage to spread about themselves the little remarks that tell the tale. For this reason Mrs. Jones of the big mansion has actually had to shut her house up and live in a stuffy hotel because she has been unable to get any sort of "help," while the Browns in spite of their large family and much company, keep their maids for years at a time and lose them only when they are married. It is not always easy to shape our actions and manners toward those who work for us in such a way as to meet with their satisfaction. If we lack imagination it is especially hard. Perhaps nothing could help us more in this endeavor than to disguise ourselves and take our places in an "intelligence" office some morning when the maids in search of work assemble. You might be surprised to know just what traits of the employers discussed were laid up against them and for what other traits they came out with a recommendation, for in these days employers must be well recommended between employees if they would wish for success.

You would find that one of the things that the really efficient servant most objects to is interference of an unnecessary sort. That is, the maid who has swept and dusted the rooms for many years and has always to do this efficiently resents having the woman who employs her following her about with suggestions. Like every other worker she wants to be judged by results and not by method. This is perhaps an unfair objection and perhaps a fair one.

Another sort of objection is shown toward the employer who, in an effort to help with the cooking, is always producing extra and unnecessary soiled dishes. For if there is one thing that a domestic does not like to do it is to have a kitchen once it has been tidied all disarranged again. And you will find that close attention is paid to whether or not soiled dishes are left in the kitchen after the girl's day out.

#### Diarrhoea Quickly Cured

"I have used Chamberlain's Colic and Diarrhoea Remedy many times during the past four or five years," writes H. L. Widger, Earlville, N. Y. "I have been subject to frequent attacks of diarrhoea and this remedy always affords me immediate relief." When troubled with diarrhoea give it a trial. It has a great reputation for its cures.—Adv.

#### EARTHQUAKE IN ITALY

Rome, Sept. 15.—Several villages in the province of Siena were severely shaken last night by an earthquake. Houses collapsed or were badly damaged. One person is dead and several are reported injured at Piancastagnaio, ten were injured in Celle.

## Run Down?

Kidney and bladder troubles are not limited to men. Housework, or work in office or factory, causes women to suffer from weak, overworked or diseased kidneys. The symptoms are—puffiness under the eyes, sallow skin, constant tired feeling, lack of ambition, nervous condition, backache, rheumatic pains, sore muscles, stiff joints.

## Foley Kidney Pills

get right at the cause of suffering and misery, regulate the kidneys and bladder and restore the diseased organs to sound and healthy condition.

Mrs. Wm. Fischer, 2009 Woodbourne Ave., Louisville, Ky., writes: "I am just getting along fine. I am taking Foley Kidney Pills every other night. You should have seen me before I started. I was yellow as gold, now my eyes and skin are all cleared up. My kidneys do not bother me at night any more. If it will help some other poor soul who is suffering you may use my name wherever your medicine is advertised."

O. G. SCHAEFER

WATROUS GARAGE—WATROUS  
4 Sold Everywhere

#### MERCHANTS CONVENTION

Colorado Springs, Sept. 13.—The annual convention of the Colorado Manufacturers and Merchants association for 1919 opened here yesterday with a notable attendance. The visitors were welcomed to the city by Mayor C. E. Thomas of Colorado Springs and response was made by President W. J. H. Doran of the association, whose remarks formed the basis of deliberations of the meetings. President Doran opposed the Kenyon bill for the regulation of the packing interests, the Plumb plan for railroad controls and all other forms of radical legislation.

#### ROAD TRUCKS RECEIVED

Santa Fe, Sept. 13.—Two more Moreland trucks were received by the state highway department today for the Santa Fe road district. They are two and a half ton trucks. A carload of 360 tents has arrived at Los Lunas. At present more than 40 road construction camps are in full blast, more than 800 men being employed by the state highway department.

#### Your Attention, Please

A Foley Cathartic Tablet is a prompt and safe remedy for sick headache, biliousness, bloating sour stomach, gas, bad breath, indigestion, constipation, or other condition caused by clogged or irregular bowels. They cause no griping or nausea nor will they encourage the "pill habit." Just fine for persons too stout. O. G. Schaefer, Watrous Garage. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

#### POSTS DECLARED VACANT

New York, Sept. 13.—When informed of the action of Police Commissioner Curtis of Boston, in declaring vacant the posts of the striking policemen there, Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor said: "I suppose he is willing to assume the responsibility for his opinion."

#### Not so Old as He Looks

Women do not like to look older than they really are. Neither do men. Both sexes are subject to kidney trouble, and kidney trouble makes the middle aged look old. Foley Kidney Pills act promptly to restore weak, overworked or disordered kidneys and bladder to a healthy condition and banish lameness, aches and pains. O. G. Schaefer, Watrous Garage. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

FORMER FOOD ADMINISTRATOR  
STATES MENACE FROM IT  
IS OVER

New York, Sept. 13.—Herbert C. Hoover, who returned from Europe today, declared in a statement issued shortly after his arrival that he was not in politics and had no intention of seeking office. When told that his name had been frequently mentioned as a possible candidate for president he said, "I am not a candidate and would decline to be one under any circumstances."

In regard to the league of nations, Hoover declared that he stood by it "in its present form or as near to it as can be obtained."

He asserted that there was no hope of a return to normal conditions in Europe until the present uncertainty in respect to the treaty was ended.

In referring to bolshevism, the former food administrator declared that its menace was over. "It is gaining ground nowhere," he said "not even in Russia." Mr. Hoover expects to leave for California Wednesday for a brief stay.

New York, Sept. 13.—Japan will refuse to ratify the peace treaty if the Shantung clause is excluded, in the opinion of Baron Shūmpei Goto, member of the Japanese national commission for discussion of foreign policies and former foreign minister who is on his way home after a three months' visit to England and France. Baron Goto, who arrived here today on the liner Aquitania, said he spoke as a private citizen and was expressing only his own views.

"It is unreasonable," he said, "that anyone should oppose the treaty in its present form. President Wilson is absolutely right. He understands Japan and our sincerity with Shantung. I am convinced. Mr. Wilson will stand by what he believes and I think the treaty will be ratified."

Detroit, Sept. 13.—The railroad administration will unreservedly accept the proposal of the United Brotherhood of Maintenance of Way Employees and railway shop laborers for a new working schedule, according to a message read before a session of the organization's convention today. This means, officials of the brotherhood state, that there will be no strike of the members.

WANTS LEAGUE WRECKED

Omaha, Sept. 13.—Senator William E. Borah frankly declaring his wish not merely to amend but to wreck the league of nations covenant, addressed a large audience here last night. He said President Wilson as a dodger and a cheater, a surveriant tool, would only make suggestions to seek compliance with his wishes.

A new schedule for the letter carriers has been arranged by Postmaster E. V. Long. The carriers will leave the postoffice at 8 o'clock each morning, instead of at 9 o'clock as they have done heretofore. Mail pouches from trains No. 9, No. 8 and No. 7 will be intercepted at the East Las Vegas postoffices and mail from will be delivered in the mornings. Pouches from trains No. 1 and No. 10 will be intercepted for the afternoon deliveries. This interception of the pouches before they go to the West side will expedite the delivery of mail for East Las Vegas which is addressed to Las Vegas.



18 cents a package

What you pay out your good money for is cigarette satisfaction—and, my, how you do get it in every puff of Camels!

**E**XPERTLY blended choice Turkish and choice Domestic tobaccos in Camel cigarettes eliminate bite and free them from any unpleasant cigarettey aftertaste or unpleasant cigarettey odor.

Camels win instant and permanent success with smokers because the blend brings out to the limit the refreshing flavor and delightful mel-

low-mildness of the tobaccos yet retaining the desirable "body." Camels are simply a revelation! You may smoke them without tiring your taste!

For your own satisfaction you must compare Camels with any cigarette in the world at any price. Then, you'll best realize their superior quality and the rare enjoyment they provide.

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO COMPANY, Winston-Salem, N. C.

The morning deliveries will be of first class matter (letters) and other important mail, including newspapers, while circulars will be held until the afternoon deliveries. The object of the change in the manner of delivering mail and in the schedule is to serve better the patrons of the office, giving them their important mail at the earliest possible moment. All morning mails will be delivered by 11 o'clock.

New York, Sept. 13.—A prediction that the downfall of bolshevism would be brought about by women was made today by Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, noted British suffragist, who arrived here on the steamship Adriatic. She is to make a lecture tour.

"We women are going to put an end to bolshevism," she said, "by applying the same spirit that prompted women to turn out the munitions and stand behind the men behind the guns."

Washington, Sept. 13.—Some of the seized German liners are to be retained permanently by the United States as a part of the army transport corps. Chief of Staff March today told the house military committee. President Wilson has definitely decided on the allocation of the ships, he said, but

asked to be excused from discussing the plan of disposal which is to be announced later.

LUXURY TAX MAY BE DEDUCTED

Washington, Sept. 13.—Responding to inquiries, the bureau of internal revenue announced today that all federal taxes, even the two cents paid for the privilege of an ice cream soda may be deducted from gross income in computing income taxes. Only income and excess profits may not be deducted.

TEACHERS MEETING ENDS

Santa Fe, Sept. 13.—The two days' session of Santa Fe county school teachers closed most successfully yesterday. Superintendent of Public Instruction J. H. Wagner was one of the speakers. Health Commissioner Waller and Mrs. Ruth Miller in charge of the vocational department, also made addresses.

Chicago, Sept. 13.—Washer women along the north shore suburbs have joined in a demand for higher wages and better working conditions. They want \$4 a day and noon meal. They have been receiving \$3 and car fare.

SHERIFF'S TRIAL BEGUN  
ON KIDNAPING CHARGE

Douglas, Ariz., Sept. 16.—The preliminary hearing of Harry C. Wheeler, former sheriff of Cochise county, charged with kidnaping, as a result of the deportations conducted by him in the Warren district two years ago during the I. W. W. trouble, was started yesterday before Justice W. C. Mack in the local justice court.

Several witnesses, including some of the 1100 men who were deported on July 12, 1917, were summoned by the state.

Wheeler's hearing will be followed by that of John J. Bowen, highway commissioner, and four other new defendants, all residents of Bisbee. It is intimated that further arrests in the deportation cases would be made. More than 250 Bisbee and Douglas citizens have already been given hearings on the kidnaping charge and bound over to the superior court for trial upon their own request.

Tobacco smoke is one of the pet abominations of the former German kaiserin, so that the exiled Wilhelm, the once most highest, has to go into the garden of Castle Bentuck when he wishes to enjoy his cigar or cigarette.

# Optic and Live Stock Grower

ESTABLISHED 1882

Stock Raising  
Farming - Mining

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at East Las Vegas, N. M. under act of Congress of March 3, 1897.

PUBLISHED EVERY WEEK BY THE OPTIC PUBLISHING CO. (Inc.)  
M. M. PADGETT, Editor.

Business Office ..... Main 2  
Editorial Rooms ..... Main 9

### SUBSCRIPTION RATES

Weekly Optic and Live Stock Grower, Per Year, by Mail ..... 2.00

There is real reason to speculate on the final form of the American Federation of Labor. Recently it has taken into membership unions made up of actors, of postal clerks, of policemen and firemen, of stenographers and finally of mixed employes of the state government. The only thing these diverse interests have in common is that they are wage earners. They are not of the producing class as defined by the political economists and social theorists any more than small merchants, peddlers and brokers might so be termed. Unconsciously they are carrying into effect the great division sought by Marx and his successors, the establishment of two classes—capitalist and exploited.

It remains for an Ohio-noted follower of Henry George, himself quite well to do, to project the formation of a unique addition to this marvelous galaxy of associations—a union of tenants. His declaration to the public holds that since the greater number of workers are renters, and since a certain class of landlords lie in wait to absorb whatever wage increases workers get, it is therefore proper for them to form a league and affiliate with the labor organization. The George theory is that all land should be owned by the community, the single tax proposition being merely an evasion, or at best a half measure. Although always in the hands of able expounders it has never been able to secure any following of size in the United States.

There is ample ground for the suspicion that the earnest and zealous devotees of the Georgian cause are now following the example of the Marxians and endeavoring to couple their bogged plan to the highly powerful motor of the central labor organization. Else why the proposal to affiliate a league of dwellers in rented houses with a labor federation? The dwellers might all be members of the capitalistic or exploiting class and, if they were not, it would be unfair to permit only workers to hold membership in the league to their exclusion. Nobody likes to be overcharged by a landlord.

Inasmuch as hell is paved with good intentions they ought to be hot stuff.

It is estimated that each year nearly a million young Americans enter industrial life. Eight out of every ten people must enter the industrial life in some of its manifold phases.

What am I to do is a serious question for the young man and young woman of this country. Preparation for this most important event in the life of the individual is of paramount importance. Pity the army of the unpre-

pared, that multitude which throngs to the gateway of industrial endeavor eager but untrained, handicapped, perhaps wholly helpless!

The old cry in the desert places was, "Unclean!" Today, all too often, it is, "Untrained!" It is a sad and ominous cry. The national industries, all business, need trained hands and brains. Down below, in the ditches, in the fields of common labor, always there are too many.

Vocational training is one of the best methods of national preparedness against individual and general misery and retrogression. The youth of America, rich and poor alike, should be trained along a line of industrial usefulness. We do not desire any considerable number of people in this wonderful land to be clamoring from lowest labor levels for help at the hands of those above them. When we train boys and girls to know how to do some one thing, or a number of things, well, we are doing a valuable work for the general good. An adopted policy and the general practice of vocational training would assist us largely in the future in the avoidance of such social problems as the high cost of living, housing, labor unrest and the like.

Las Vegas merchants seem to be the particular prey of sporadic advertising schemes that in the vast majority of cases are worthless plans promoted for the mere purpose of making some easy money for their backers. Advertising in legitimate publications and in proper channels is an indispensable adjunct to good business but the dividing line between good and bad mediums is at times so finely drawn as to be difficult to distinguish. In larger cities and in many the size of our own a successful and profitable manner of determining proper fields for advertising has been evolved. All people soliciting the merchants for such expenditures are required to have a card from the chamber of commerce or merchants' association. If these cards are not presented the business firm pays no more attention to the proposals and is in this way saved considerable time and money.

The plan could be easily worked in this city and the results would be worth far more than the time and inconvenience the establishment of such a custom would entail. True advertising mediums would find no hindrance and wildcat, fly-by-night boomers would have to seek elsewhere for their victims. Business men should give careful consideration to this plan for their own protection and act accordingly.

It must be humiliating to Boston to

let the outside world see how many there are in that city who are short on culture.

For 20 years William Jennings Bryan has been trying not to look self-conscious when the presidency is mentioned.

There will doubtless be a general rush for the position of official tester to determine when cider is hard.

Honesty among Icelanders is so severe a faith that thefts are unknown, though locks, bolts and bars are never used. Of the only two acts of felony within the last eight or nine centuries, one was committed by a German settler, who was compelled to make restitution to his victim, and then given the option of death or speedy emigration.

One of the newest uses of aluminum is its employment in making the soles of shoes of workmen employed in damp and wet places. The aluminum-soled shoe lasts much longer than an ordinary shoe and is said to be impervious to moisture.

The regular weekly services will be observed at Temple Montefiore tomorrow evening at 7:30 o'clock. The sermon which will be delivered by Dr. Carl Schorr will dwell upon the topic "Jew and Gentile." All are cordially invited to be present. Anyone wishing to visit the new rabbi of Temple Montefiore, Dr. Carl Schorr, will be welcome. His quarters are 1103 Eight hstreet. Phone 632.

County School Superintendent Baca and County Physician George N. Fleming will leave tomorrow for Maes, where they will hold a "vaccinating bee." This is the first trip the two officials are making, for the purpose of vaccinating the school children of the county, as a prerogative against smallpox. Every district will be visited soon and those pupils who have no vaccination certificates will be inoculated.

Prudencio Urioste was arrested last night at Tecolotito by Deputy Sheriff Henry Cifre, and was brought to Las Vegas this morning. He is charged with assault upon the person of Tomas Lucero, of Tecolotito, and his case was scheduled to be tried before Justice Baca late this afternoon. According to reports, the two men had had some disagreement over land and fruit trees at Tecolotito, which disagreement led to the alleged assault by Urioste.

### PUBLIC UTILITY PROBLEMS

Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 18.—Every phase of operation of railroad and other public utilities under purview of state commissions will be discussed at the thirty-first annual convention of the National Association of Railway and Utility commissioners, which is to meet in this city next month. Questions arising in connection with the return of public utilities to private control after war operation, or the supervision by the government will receive special attention.

Many people should remember that service, not self-service, was one great lesson of the war.

The abattoir is about the only medium through which it is now possible to make both ends meat.

### NEW REGULATIONS WILL PERMIT HUNTING FROM SEPT. 1 TO DECEMBER 15

According to an announcement by the U. S. biological survey, the open season for mourning doves in the district which includes New Mexico hereafter will begin on September 1 of each year. It will remain open until December 15.

Regulation No. 3, which regulates the means by which migratory birds may be taken, is amended to read as follows:

The migratory game birds specified in Regulation 4 hereof may be taken during the open season with a gun only, not larger than number 10 gauge, fired from the shoulder, except as specifically permitted by Regulations 7, 8, 9, and 10 hereof; they may be taken during the open season from the land and water, from a blind or floating device (other than an airplane, powerboat, sailboat, any boat under sail, or any floating device towed by powerboat, or sailboat), with the aid of a dog, and the use of decoys.

The bag limits on migratory birds are "Ducks, 25; geese, eight; doves, 25; jacksnipe, 25. It is understood that the limit means that the hunter may not take more than the number stated, in any one day.

### FORMER KAISER WILHELM

#### JUST SULKS AND SAWS

London., Sept. 18.—A recent visitor to Amerongen, chosen by the former German kaiser as his place of exile, writes as follows:

Wilhelm of Amerongen is a man with a Vandyke beard and no ambition, unless the sawing up of 10,000 trees can be called an ambition. In the early days of his internment he occasionally shot in the neighboring fields, but now he just sulks and saws. Under a fir tree surrounded by a screen, with his doctor as an assistant, he saws methodically from 10 in the morning until 1 in the afternoon. Every hour he has a "breather," during which he smokes a cigaret, and he generously shares his case with the laborers. He has been known to even unbend so far as to allow a humble woodcutter to light his cigaret at the burning end of the imperial "fag."

There is a small and diminishing "court" at the castle, and everybody is bored with the ex-kaiser's nightly pretence of playing at kings. Before dinner the village barber visits the castle, brushes the imperial hair, trains the imperial moustache and trims the imperial beard. When he first came to Amerongen Wilhelm had his own barber, but the latter was tempted to talk by an enterprising newspaper correspondent and he was sent back to Germany. And one of the most rigid rules of the ex-Prussian court is that if a servant once leaves the imperial service he or she can never return.

At present the men around the ex-kaiser consist of Excellenz von Gontard, marshal of the court; Court Councillor Knauf; Captain von Ilsemann, private secretary; Dr. Karl Forester, body physician and Excellenz (Dr. J. Kriege, financial adviser; while Countess Keller, a white-haired old aristocrat, is the lady-in-waiting.

An empty pocket becomes mighty monotonous. It might be relieved by a little change.



### CABLE MESSAGE STATES THAT EXISTENCE OF NATION IS IN DANGER

New York, Sept. 17.—The Turks have resumed their attacks upon the Armenians and the very existence of the nation is in danger, according to a cable message received by the American committee for the independence of Armenia and made public here today. The message was sent by the Paris representative of the Armenian republic transmitting information received from his government.

Forces of Turks, Tartars and Kurds are surrounding Armenia, the message says, and the Armenian soldiers have been forced to surrender one province.

Modern methods of banking are typical of America's democratic way of doing business. Rich and poor alike keep their money in the same bank and the dollar check drawn by the girl clerk in a department store on her small account is honored just as quickly and with as little question as a check drawn by John D. on his account.

A deposit in a bank is the basis of credit for any man or woman. It establishes a personal relation between the depositor and the bank, which may be of value in many ways to the depositor. If he will ask his banker's advice before investing his savings in numerous schemes which are afloat today seeking to get his money he will in many instances be saved severe losses.

The banking habit is a good one to cultivate. It raises you in your own estimation and sense and confidence in your ability to do things.

A bank depositor and a home owner are not good material for the bolshevik and socialist agitator and herein lies America's safety today.

Washington, Sept. 17.—Chief of Police Agapito Perez, of Tuxpan, Mexico, and Lieutenant Colonel Rodriguez, of the Mexican federal army have been arrested on orders of General Murguia, accused of complicity in the recent robbery of the Tuxpan office of the Penn-Mexico Oil company an American corporation, it was announced in official advices reaching Washington today.

Practically all the members of the robber band, numbering 28 in all, have been arrested, and the prisoners without exception, the dispatch said, have declared under oath that Lieutenant Colonel Rodriguez was in command of the band at the time of the robbery and personally directed the work.

### "THE PEOPLE'S PROPERTY"

Chicago, Sept. 17.—President Wilson will soon announce the doctrine of socializing the coal, oil and national highways of road and water that these may be taken control of by the whole for themselves as the "people's property," former Senator James Hamilton Lewis, democrat of Illinois, declared here today in addressing the Chicago association of commerce.

### BULGAR TREATY ADOPTED

Paris, Sept. 17.—The supreme council has definitely adopted the Bulgarian treaty which will be delivered to the Bulgarian plenipotentiaries Friday morning. The presentation of the document will be without ceremony.

### AMENDMENTS DEFEATED

Voting Tuesday in the special election for the proposed amendments to the constitution was light but returns coming in from various parts of the county and the many sections of the state indicate that all were rejected. In East Las Vegas the vote stood, one board of control for state institutions, for 6, against 147. On the road bond issue there were 16 votes for and 135 against. The extension of the vote to absent soldiers was lost by 91 votes against to 56 in favor.

Precinct No. 5 on the West side cast 43 votes against all of the amendments. Precincts No. 3 had 4 votes in favor of the one board of control and 22 against. The road bond proposal polled a similar number of votes for and against. The absentee soldier vote was carried in this precinct 22 votes being cast in favor and 4 against.

No returns from Precinct No. 6 on the West side can be obtained as the records were locked in the ballot box and the box can't be opened until the board of county commissioners meets. It is estimated that 30 votes were cast in this precinct.

Reports from Precinct 17, San Patricio, show that 8 votes were cast.

The bond issue and board of control amendments received 8 opposition votes and the absentee soldier vote was favored by the 8.

### Overwhelming Defeat

Albuquerque, N. M., Sept. 17.—Returns from a special election in the state yesterday upon three amendments to the constitution indicate defeat of a proposal to give soldiers and sailors who are absent from the state a vote. Amendments to create one board of control for all penal and educational institutions and to vest the authority of issuing road bonds in the hands of the legislature without reference to the people were overwhelmingly defeated.

### CITIZENS ON TRAIL OF HOLDUP ARTISTS WOUND AND KILL INNOCENT "VAGS"

Savannah, Ill., Sept. 17.—Enraged Savannah citizens, forming a posse this noon for the capture of three holdup men, shot and killed Louis Bluhm and wounded Peter Cymbal, both of Chicago. It is now believed that they fired upon the wrong men. Thomas Burns and Mike Lozandowski, also of Chicago, are being held pending the inquest this afternoon.

Louise Gydeson, Savannah hotel proprietor and three guests, Walter Gilbey and Fred Barnes of Esmond, Ia., and P. B. Peterson of Miles, Ia., had been robbed by three holdup men a few minutes before the posse was formed, yielding \$266 in cash.

The posse scoured the environs of the city and searched every train picking up what was believed to be a "hot trail" when the four men leaped from a box car and started for the swamp south of the city. A volley of shots followed the fugitives' refusal to halt.

### ADDITION TO SOVIET RUSSIA

London, Tuesday, Sept. 18.—A bolshevik wireless message says through the union of the troops on the Turkistan front with those on the Tashkent front enormous territory has been added to soviet Russia.

### ATTORNEY GENERAL PALMER FIRST DIVISION OF A. E. F. SAYS INDICTMENT OF BIG FIVE IS CERTAIN

Albany, N. Y., Sept. 17.—Evidence that will warrant and sustain the indictment of the combination of packers known as the big five, will be presented to a grand jury this week, Attorney A. Mitchell Palmer announced today at a conference of state and federal officials called by Governor Smith to consider the cost of living program.

"There never was in any agency," said Mr. Palmer, "so ample a collection of data bearing upon the activities of this giant as there is today. When it is laid before a jury the wrath of the American people will compel a verdict of convictions. The story will amaze America."

The federal attorney general in discussing the high cost of living and the activities of the department of justice, said that the campaign would succeed. "It has already succeeded," he said, "in very considerable part in various portions of the country."

The attorney general said that if the people all over the country would act forcibly against the "buy now" campaign they would help materially in solving the problem of high prices. "It is a despicable thing," he said, "for merchants to urge you to buy now in anticipation of prices going higher when they know they will not."

Pittsburgh, Sept. 17.—The national committee of the steel workers went into session here shortly before noon today to take definite action on the matter of postponing the strike of iron and steel workers called for September 22. Before going into the meeting John Fitzpatrick, Chicago, chairman of the committee said that unless there was a "last minute telegram" from Elbert H. Gary, chairman of the board of the United States Steel corporation no postponement of the strike as requested by President Wilson until after the industrial conference at Washington, October 6, would be considered.

Fitzpatrick said the men were fully organized and prepared to walk out next Monday. The meeting of the national committee today was called primarily to make preparations for the proposed strike.

The Carnegie Steel company today gave out a letter from E. H. Gary, chairman of the United States steel corporation addressed to the presidents of the subsidiary companies setting forth the reasons of the corporation for declining to deal with labor unions and explaining the attitude of the concern towards its employees.

At 2 o'clock the national committee of the steel workers took a recess until 4 o'clock. No announcement was given after the meeting. Chairman Fitzpatrick, when asked concerning the postponement of the projected strike, said that thought of such action was a "dream."

### NEW BISHOP ELECTED

New York, Sept. 17.—The Right Rev. Charles S. Burch, suffrage leader of the Episcopal church of New York, was elected bishop to succeed the late Bishop Greer on the third ballot at a special diocesan convention here today.

### FIRST DIVISION OF A. E. F. SWINGS DOWN AVENUE IN FINAL PARADE

Washington, Sept. 17.—Amid a roar of welcome, General Pershing led the first division of the American expeditionary forces up Pennsylvania avenue today to receive the nation's homage.

It was the last grand review of the wartime armies, the victory parade, the last chance for the hundreds of thousands of men, women and children jammed along the route to view a procession of the valor and daring of that army, and they made the most of it.

The procession reached its climax as the man who captained all the fighting forces of the nation in the great struggle, passed through the Victory arch toward the reviewing stand where Vice President Marshall stood representing President Wilson to receive the general's salute. Behind him the picked thousands of the composite regiment, "Pershing's own" formed a wall of bronzed faces as they swung into line.

From the general himself to the last man of the tank battalion that brought up the rear of the column this perfected fighting machine, a shock division of the American army in the war, was groomed to army perfection.

1.91 inches of rain fell in Las Vegas during the 48 hours of the storm this week. While the rain did not fall fast, it was almost continual for two days. The few streets which are as yet unpaved became mud puddles, almost impassable for cars, or even wagons. The storm was general through out eastern, central and northern New Mexico, being much heavier in Quay county than here. Reports from Tucumcari this morning were to the effect that many bridges on the automobile highways and several railway bridges on the Rock Island were washed out, delaying trains and other traffic. While the rain here was heavy it fell so slowly that the water drained well, and no road damage was done. However, the roads are exceedingly muddy, but are drying fast.

While the rain was needed for the late crops, the farmers who had their grain and alfalfa down will suffer some loss by the storm.

### AVIATOR HURT IN FALL

Philadelphia, Sept. 17.—A navy department monoplane which left New York at 1:10 p. m. today for a flight to Washington, fell near the Hog Island shipyards. Lieutenant Commander E. McDonnell, 34 years old, of Washington, D. C., who was operating the machine was severely injured. His companion Ensign E. B. Kelor of Los Angeles, escaped with a severe shaking up and a few scratches.

Cleveland, Sept. 17.—The United Mine Workers of America convention today denounced militarism and compulsory military service, declared for the speedy Americanization of all foreign born residents and rejected a radical resolution to withdraw from the American Federation of Labor.

The resolution against compulsory military service contemplates an active campaign by the organized miners to secure the defeat of military service bills now before congress.

THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS WORTH OF GOODS CAME IN FREE LAST YEAR

Washington, Sept. 15.—Citing increasing imports and decreasing customs revenues in support of its argument, the Republican Publicity association, in a statement issued by the president of the organization, Hon. Jonathan Bourne, Jr., urges restoration of protective tariffs. The statement says:

"Over 72 per cent of our entire imports, amounting to \$3,096,000,000 in value, came in free of duty during the fiscal year ended June 30, last. The democratic free list gave passes to something over \$2,230,000,000 worth of foreign goods. 'Oh, these were all crude materials,' say the democrats, 'to be used by our mills in manufacturing goods.' But they were not. Crude materials accounted for but one-half that enormous free list; while foodstuffs, manufactures unfinished, and manufactures ready for consumption made up the other half, or \$1,113,000,000 in value, and these are the three classes of production which give us greatest concern in competition at home. The average rate of duty on dutiable imports for the year was 21.3 per cent, but the swollen free list pulled the average rate of duty on total imports down to a shade under six per cent. Despite the fact that imports for the fiscal year 1919 exceeded those for the last fiscal year under the protective policy—1913—by 71 per cent, the dutiable imports for 1919—\$866,000,000—were but \$40,000,000 greater than the dutiable imports for 1913—\$826,000,000. Those for 1919 paid into the public treasury but \$184,458,000; those for 1913 paid in \$318,142,000.

"Our imports for 1913 totaled \$1,813,000,000, of which 54 per cent came in free. The average rate in dutiable imports was nearly 39 per cent, and the average rate on total imports was 17.7 per cent. The rates in those days were protective rates, not merely revenue rates. Their purpose was to protect American markets for American producers and to preserve American wage standards to American workmen, and they did it. Now we face a peculiar situation: Wages have more than doubled since 1913. Doubtless they have doubled in Europe. But that has acted to increase the disparity in wage-scales between the two continents. With an average, say of \$1.50 a day in Europe, and \$3.00 a day in America, in 1913, the manufacturer in Europe had an advantage of \$1.50 per operative over us, whereas he now has, under a doubling of wage scales, \$3.00 per operative. Meanwhile, our tariff rate on all imports is but one-third what it was in 1913, our free list is almost a billion and a quarter greater, and such imports as do pay 'revenue-only' duties today, pay little more than half the duties exacted under protection.

"In 1913 our total ordinary revenues were \$723,783,000 of which customs duties paid 44 per cent. In 1919 our total ordinary revenues were \$5,146,883,000, of which customs collections provided under 4 per cent. Certain sources of revenue, such as the liquor taxes, are no longer available to us, yet this government must continue for years to come to raise not less than \$1,000,000,000 annually, and manufacturing industries must un-

# PRINCE ALBERT



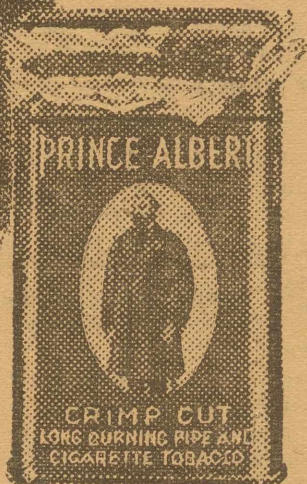
Copyright 1919 by R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co.

**PLAY** the smokegame with a jimmy pipe if you're hankering for a hand-out for what ails your smokeappetite!

For, with Prince Albert, you've got a new listen on the pipe question that cuts you loose from old stung tongue and dry throat worries! Made by our exclusive patented process, Prince Albert is scotfree from bite and parch and hands you about the biggest lot of smokefun that ever was scheduled in your direction!

Prince Albert is a pippin of a pipe-pal; rolled into a cigarette it beats the band! Get the slant that P. A. is simply everything any man ever longed for in tobacco! You never will be willing to figure up the sport you've slipped-on once you get that Prince Albert quality flavor and quality satisfaction into your smokesystem! You'll talk kind words every time you get on the firing line!

*Tippy red bags, tidy red tins, handsome pound and half-pound tin humidor—and—that classy, practical pound crystal glass humidor with sponge moistener top that keeps the tobacco in such perfect condition.*



**R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Company, Winston-Salem, N. C.**

doubtedly bear the brunt of this taxation. How is to be done? Recent debates on tungsten and zinc tariff amendments prove that the democratic party has not receded one step from its championship of free trade. If Europe and Asia are given continued free access to our market, if Great Britain, with her vast scheme of imperial preferences, is aided by the free traders in marketing her goods in this country, certainly our manufacturing industries can never hope to keep their mills going and their operatives employed, much less be milked for taxes to meet the government budget. The answer is so plain that he who runs may read. It is protection, and plenty of it, to America industries; but not until Mr. Wilson and his followers are dislodged from power can this country hope for re-establishment of that principle."

**Chamberlain's Tablets**

Chamberlain's Tablets are intended especially for stomach trouble, biliousness and constipation. If you have any trouble of that sort give them a trial and realize for yourself what a first class medicine will do for you. They only cost a quarter.—Adv.

The world's sheep-shearing record is 2,394 animals in nine hours.

El Paso, Sept. 15.—American mining men here and American Consul A. E. Dow of Juarez, received no information today of the release of Dr. J. W. Smith, an American physician held for \$6,000 ransom near Santa Eulalia, Chihuahua. The ransom money was delivered to E. Monson, or Munson, as the American consular reports spell his name, who was also made a prisoner by the Mexicans and released with the demand for the ransom. Monson or (Munson) is reported to be a subject of Sweden.

**Getting Children Ready for School**

Common colds are infectious and it is wrong to send a snuffing, sneezing, coughing child to school to spread disease germs among other little ones. Foley's Honey and Tar relieves coughs and colds, loosens phlegm and mucus, and coats raw, irritated membranes with a healing, soothing medicine. Contains no opiates. O. G. Schaefer, Watrous Garage. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

**PACKERS HOLD CONVENTION**

Atlantic City, Sept. 15.—The Institute of American Meat Packers, met here today.

Many a good man's worth is not known until after his will is read.

Geneva, Sept. 15.—Gabriele D'Annunzio, supported by the forces of Ardete which accompanied him into Fiume, has proclaimed a union of Fiume with Italy, according to advices received by the Serbian press bureau here from Belgrade.

Fiume was plunged into anarchy, the advices declared, when the brigade of Italian troops which previously had evacuated the city, returned without officers, ejected the local authorities, and arrested the Italian General Pittaluga.

The British and French troops in Fiume, the message states, barricaded themselves within their quarters, expecting to be attacked (while the crowds in the city tore down the allied flags).

The Serbian authorities, it is added, still remain in the suburb of Susak which is isolated.

**For Men Who Work Hard**

Men who work at hard physical labor are subject to kidney trouble. J. G. Wolf, 734 S. Jackson St., Green Bay, Wis., writes: "Foley Kidney Pills relieved me of a severe backache that bothered me for several months. A few bottles fixed me up in good shape." They also relieve bladder and urinary ailments. O. G. Schaefer, Watrous Garage. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

## MEMBERS OF CLUB TO HAVE FAIR AT THE ARMORY OCTOBER 10 AND 11

Products of the industry of the boys and girls of San Miguel county will be displayed at the armory in East Las Vegas on Friday and Saturday, October 10 and 11. Suitable prizes will be awarded to the exhibits that are found to be of highest merit. Pins will be given to the club members who have completed the various terms of work.

Joseph F. Nielson, who has charge of the work of the boys' and girls' clubs of San Miguel county, is notifying all the members, and looks for a magnificent exhibition of products. Through the generosity of the Commercial club and its members the money necessary for staging the exhibit has been raised.

While Achievement pins will be given only to the members of the Boys' and Girls' clubs, any boy or girl in San Miguel county between the ages of 10 and 18 years, will be eligible to compete for the individual prizes. Boys and girls are urged to enter the competition. All exhibits must be at the armory in East Las Vegas not later than 10 o'clock on the morning of October 10.

Persons over 18 years of age are invited to place exhibits, but will receive no awards other than ribbons for the winning exhibits. In selecting vegetables for exhibits, it is necessary to select mature and medium sized specimens, the kind most easily sold, rather than big, over grown vegetables. Exhibits of cooking, canning, sewing, dairy products, vegetables and livestock are solicited. Those wishing further information should write at once to Joseph F. Nielson, club leader, East Las Vegas, N. M. No charge will be made for admission or for entering exhibits.

### CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATIONS

The United States civil service commission announces the following examinations to be held in Las Vegas on the dates named:

October 8—Radio clerk, salary \$1,000 per year; welfare worker (female) salary \$1,200 to \$1,600; October 14—Technical expert, salary \$1,800; physicist, salary \$3,600 to \$4,000; dairy manufacturing specialist, salary \$1,800 to \$2,700; dairy editor, salary \$2,000 to \$2,500 animal husbandman salary \$1,800 to \$2,000; artist, salary \$1,800. October 28—Glass blower, bureau of standards, salary \$1,200 to \$1,860. Further information regarding the examinations mentioned may be had upon application to Oscar Linberg, secretary of the civil service commission at the East Las Vegas postoffice.

### MINERS ENDORSE PLUMB PLAN

Indianapolis, Ind., Sept. 13.—The United Mine workers convention today endorsed the Plumb plan for the nationalization of railroads, pledged the support of the miners organizations to secure its enactment, and invited the railroad brotherhoods to join with them in an alliance for joint action, to be later extended into an economical alliance with labor organizations on other bases of industries. The convention's action was almost unanimous.

Pennsylvania has over 3,500,000 persons engaged in gainful occupations.

### ROOF FALLS IN ON FAMILY

Santa Fe, Sept. 13.—Word comes from the little settlement of Carson in Taos county of a tragedy, which resulted in the death of W. S. Pryor, one of the settlers, and the serious injury to his daughter, Mrs. Sorby, who lived with him. At midnight the roof of the log house suddenly caved in, the beams crushing the aged man. Mrs. Sorby was also pinned under the debris and was not rescued until the next forenoon when her moans attracted passersby on the road.

### INVESTIGATION UNJUSTIFIED

Nogales, Ariz., Sept. 13.—Supplementing his statement addressed to the American people and dealing with relations between the United States and Mexico, General Alvaro Obregon, who is a candidate for president of Mexico in 1920, declared today that "the work of the committee recently appointed in the United States to make investigation of conditions in our country in search of a point of support which may serve them to find in Mexico an enemy, is in my opinion, entirely unjustified and unfruitful."

Continuing, General Obregon said: "I can safely state that, if the United States has any enemies, they are farther away than Mexico, and, therefore, these investigators cannot find justification for a conflict. On the other hand if a directly opposite stand is taken, more fruitful results will be obtained in as much as a search for friends will be conducted more easily. Such an attitude would, furthermore be in line with the peaceful yearnings which predominated throughout the world and in keeping with the feeling that the war, which has just ended, may be the last one."

### Recommends Chamberlain's Cough Remedy

Mrs. H. E. Timberlake, Indiana, Pa. had pneumonia a few years ago and it left her throat and lungs in a weak condition and that she has since suffered a great deal from bronchitis. She writes "I learned of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy through a neighbor who had used it with good results. I purchased a bottle of it and was glad to find that it relieved my cough at once."—Adv.

### PEACE OFFER ACCEPTED

Stockholm, Sept. 16.—The Estonian government has accepted the Russian soviet government's offer to enter into peace negotiations, according to a message received here from Reval, the first meeting is to be held at Petchory the dispatch says.

The first patent granted to a woman in the United States went to Mary Kies, who devised a process for silk and straw weaving. Six years later came the second, to Mary Brush, for improving a corset.

### DON'T NEGLECT YOURSELF

Jame back, shooting pains, torturing, rheumatic aches, swollen joints, sore muscles, puffiness under eyes, floating specks, and an "always tired" feeling are indications that the kidneys and bladder are not working properly. Foley Kidney Pills soothe and strengthen weak and disordered kidneys and bladder. O. G. Schaefer, Watrous Garage, Sold Everywhere.—Adv.

Houston, Texas, Sept. 15.—Port Aransas, 35 miles from Corpus Christi, on the upper end of Mustang island, was completely demolished by hurricane Sunday, according to a wireless message picked up here today, which read:

"Port Aransas completely demolished by hurricane. Customs office and all records lost."

The message is the first direct word of what is believed to have been the center of the tropical disturbance which swept inland from the gulf of Mexico Sunday between Corpus Christi and Brownsville.

The radio is believed to have been from a ship, the signature being that of Captain Dather, deputy collector of customs officers of Port Aransas and Corpus Christi.

Port Aransas has a population of about 600 persons and is in a more exposed location than Corpus Christi, where 15,000 persons live

### 4.75 Inches of Rain

Brownsville, Texas, Sept. (Via Army Radio to the Associated Press.)—Brownsville suffered no material damage from the high winds that accompanied the tropical hurricane that touched the Texas coast early Sunday. The hurricane apparently did not hit the lower coast country.

The rainfall here was 4.75 inches. There have been no trains into Brownsville from the north since Sunday noon. Efforts are being to communicate with Raymondville, in Cameron county where it is feared the winds were the heaviest.

### Schooner Wrecked

Tampa, Sept. 15.—The schooner Admiral Beatty in from Grand Cayman island has brought the crew of the Schooner Copperfield, eight men and Captain C. A. Morrison, picked up in the gulf Saturday morning. Captain Morrison and his men had been adrift 42 hours and were nearly exhausted. They abandoned the Copperfield near Rebecca shoal light Thursday.

### MAN KILLED IN COLORADO FORMERLY RESIDED HERE

It has been learned that Vincent Candelaria, one of the men whose mangled remains were found on a railway crossing near Olney Springs, Colo., was the same man who formerly resided in Las Vegas. The bodies of the men had been struck evidently by a west-bound train and recognition was impossible.

The three men, according to report, were employed as laborers for the railway and boarded a freight train to go to Ordway, Colo. The train did not stop at Ordway and at a station west of that place the men got off and started to walk back to their destination. They were never seen alive again. The coroner's inquest brought out that they had started back along the track and probably had stopped to rest when a west-bound train struck them, killing and mangle all three.

The bodies were buried at Ordway.

One hundred housewives in Winnipeg are financing a co-operative store which will handle all staple lines of food, without profit, to provide cheaper food for the homes represented in the concern.

A gossip is a person who thinks too little and talks too much.

### NATIVES OF OLD MEXICO TAKEN FROM JAIL AND HANGED FROM BRIDGE IN CITY—MEXICAN CONSUL TO INVESTIGATE

Pueblo, Colo., Sept. 15.—Jose Gonzales and Salvador Cortez, accused of shooting and killing Patrolman Jeff Evans early Saturday morning, were taken from the jail late Saturday night by a mob of citizens and rushed to the West Fourth street bridge, and hanged from the girders.

It was just 42 minutes from the time the victims were taken from the jail until their bodies were cut down from the railing of the Fourth street bridge, it became known today. The spot where the men met their death is just a mile and a half from the jail, this distance having been covered in five minutes by the party of lynchers, who rode in high powered automobiles with the lights dimmed. The ropes with which the Mexicans were hanged were 18 feet long, and although the bodies gained considerable momentum in the fall the neck of neither was broken, and each slowly strangled to death. The lynching party waited at the bridge for several minutes to make sure that they had completed their job and that the victims would not be rescued.

The celebration today and tomorrow which had been planned by local Mexican residents in honor of Mexico's independence day, has been called off at the request of Consul Ortiz, who stated that he did not think it advisable to allow large crowds of his countrymen to congregate while the lynching was still fresh in the minds of the residents of the city.

### Consul to Investigate

Denver, Sept. 15.—Following the receipt of instructions from Ignacio Bonillas, Mexican ambassador at Washington A. J. Ortiz, Mexican consul here, with jurisdiction over Mexican subjects in Colorado, Wyoming and Utah, announced early this afternoon that he would proceed to Pueblo within 24 hours, to investigate the lynching of Salvador Cortez and Jose Gonzales, Mexican subjects at Pueblo Sunday. The message from Senor Bonillas came in answer to a preliminary report of the affair made by Consul Ortiz. Similar instructions have been received by Mr. Ortiz from Ramon DeNegro, consul general at New York, and from J. Garcia Zertuche, Mexican consul general at San Francisco.

Confidence in the ability of Governor Shoup to handle the situation was expressed by Consul Ortiz.

### BURLESON SHOWED POLITICAL FAVORITISM

Washington, Sept. 16.—Former civil service commissioner Galloway told the senate postal committee yesterday that when a democrat made a lower rating in the contest for appointment as postmaster at Buffalo, Wyo., than did a republican. Postmaster General Burleson asked for a re-classification which reversed the ratings and gave the job to the democrat.

The committee is investigating the row between Mr. Burleson and Galloway which recently culminated in Galloway's resignation from the civil service commission with the statement that Mr. Burleson was "debauching the civil service."

**PLANS MUNICIPAL MARKET**  
Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 18.—A program involving the expenditure of \$20,000,000 for a permanent municipal market, to keep living costs on a reasonable basis, is outlined by the city market commission of Philadelphia. The commission has also voted unanimously to ask a \$10,000 appropriation for a survey of food sales from farmer to consumer in Philadelphia, to be used as a basis for the municipal campaign to lower the cost of living. The commission intends to use this investigation as the basis of a demand that the city appropriate \$20,000,000 for building transportation, storage, and market facilities, to be rented to private dealers under municipal direction, similar to the renting of the municipal piers. The plans involve the erection of a big central terminal market with convenient freight yards and warehouses, superseding the present business district of the commission men, or a series of "dominating regional distribution centers" in various sections of the city, concentrating all market sales for each community center.

#### CANADIAN LABOR CONGRESS

Hamilton, Ont., Sept. 18.—In labor and industrial circles throughout Canada the annual meeting of the Dominion Trades and Labor Congress to be held here next week is looked forward to with keen interest, not unmixed with a certain degree of anxiety. Consideration of the one big union question and various problems relating to the present disturbed conditions of labor and industry throughout the country is expected to make the coming meeting the most momentous in the history of organized labor in the Dominion.

#### TO BUILD MODEL CITIES

Salt Lake City, Utah, Sept. 18.—Delta, a city in Millard county, Utah, is to be made a model city through the work of the Agricultural college, which already has its plans for the undertaking well advanced. Each street in the town will be planted to a single variety of trees. In all, about ten varieties, all well adapted to Utah's climate, will be planted. In addition, the college proposes to lay out a city park of 30 acres, and about 10,000 trees will be planted. If the undertaking meets with the success that is expected the plan of beautification will be extended to Brigham City, Ogden and other cities of Utah.

#### PUBLIC OWNERSHIP LEAGUE

Chicago, Sept. 18.—The Public Ownership League of America is planning to hold a public ownership conference here late in the fall for the purpose of discussing the public ownership of all public utilities. Labor, business, farm, and professional organizations throughout the country will be invited to send delegates.

#### RATE HEARING

Santa Fe, Sept. 18.—The hearing on the rates of Mountain States Telephone and Telegraph company was begun yesterday but by agreement of parties, adjournment was taken to give the state corporation commission an opportunity to study the data and reports filed.

Albuquerque, N. M., Sept. 18.—When Gabriel Baltaesleque, Basque shepherd, enriched his larder with a fat antelope, and hid the hide and

horns in a dense pile of brush, in the depths of the Coconino national forest near Flagstaff, he did not expect to be clutched by the long arm of the federal and state governments. Still less did he expect to pay a fine of \$100 and receive a six months' jail sentence, even a suspended one. Yet that is what happened to Baltaesleque.

A cowpuncher, riding the range, found at an abandoned shepherd's camp an antelope skin, and reported his find to the forest ranger. The ranger and the cowpuncher went back to the old camp, and after a search found the head, one foot, and a piece of meat. Keeping these for evidence, they enlisted the help of a deputy sheriff and set out to find the culprit.

A week or two later they had their man. Confronted by a mass of circumstantial evidence Baltaesleque saw nothing to do but to plead guilty before the justice of the peace at Flagstaff. He parted with \$100 of his hard earned wages, and went back on the job with a six months' suspended jail sentence hanging over his head, as a perpetual reminder that antelope are rare and expensive meat, that the state of Arizona and Uncle Sam intend to save what few are left, and that even the migrating shepherd can not live on such a delicacy as antelope meat with impunity.

Albuquerque is striving to meet the need for more housing. Over 50 houses are under construction. In view of the fact that the housing situation here is even more acute than that in Albuquerque, it would seem that Las Vegas would do well to follow the Duke City's example. In many cities building associations, organized by public spirit citizens who wish to see the town grow, have been formed to encourage building. Following is a dispatch from Albuquerque showing what progress is being made there along building lines:

Albuquerque—Building in this city took a decided jump during the month of August according to the report of the building inspector. Permits for the construction of business houses and residences totaled to the amount of \$119,000 for the quarter ending August 30, which is much larger than that of the same period in the previous year. During the three months permits were issued for the erection of seven new business blocks, 18 residences and five additions to business houses. Business has taken a decided jump since the close of the war and it is estimated that there are over 50 houses under construction at the present time.

The Northern New Mexico fair to be held at Raton is offering an unusual and remarkable feature this year. They have contracted to have an airplane on the grounds all four days of the fair, September 30 and October 1, 2, 3, which will give exhibition flights and carry passengers. This is the first opportunity the people of northern New Mexico have had to actually take a ride in a plane.

The craft to be used is the latest word in flying being a Curtis Oriole plane especially designed for passenger carrying, combining speed with the maximum of safety. It is equipped with a special Curtis engine which develops 150 horse power and attains a speed of 100 miles per hour. Further it is designed for high alti-

tudes which is a necessity when starting the flight in as high an altitude as Raton.

Owing to the fact that only a limited number of passengers can be accommodated in 4 days applications to take rides are being filed in order of their receipt and will be filled in the same manner. Anyone desiring an air plane ride may get information by writing to K. D. Bower, Raton, N. M.

#### Alice Brady and Her Clothes

Alice Brady, noted as one of the best dressed women on the American stage or screen, wears more beautiful clothes than ever in "His Bridal Night," which will be presented at the Coronado Sunday.

As a bride she wears one of the most exquisite wedding gowns that ever adorned any woman down the aisle to the tune of Lohengrin's composition. Her veil of Duchess lace starting from a coronet of orange blossoms and falling in sweeping yards after her, gives the costume a finishing touch which marks it as a work of art.

Her negligees of filmy laces and masses of soft, flowing chiffon look as if they had been made by the hand of a fairy princess.

"His Bridal Night" is a delightfully breezy story of twin sisters, Vi and Tiny. Miss Brady plays a dual role, that of the twins.

#### 'You Never Saw Such a Girl.'

It is while going through an old trunk that the heroine of "You Never Saw Such a Girl," starring Vivian Martin, finds a clew to her relatives and goes forth in search of them. How she finds, instead, romance, love and fortune makes up one of the most charming stories imaginable.

Harrison Ford is leading man.

#### "The Shepherd of the Hills."

The photoplay, "The Shepherd of the Hills," made from the novel of the same name by Harold Bell Wright, will be seen at the Coronado next Monday and Tuesday.

The picturization of this story took more than a year to complete. The exterior scenes were taken in the Ozark mountains and the interior views in California. The actress engaged for the part of "Sammy Lane" is an expert horsewoman, born in Arizona, and her wild ride down a mountain side to save the good old shepherd from the lawless Wash Gibbs gang, is one of the most thrilling ever seen on the screen.

The palace of Versailles, the scene of the signing of the world peace treaty, is probably the most costly palace ever built. In order to keep the outlay a secret, Louis XVI destroyed all the documents relating to the building.

A declaration of marriage in Siam is very simple. It is considered a proposal merely to offer a lady a flower or to take a light from a cigarette if she is holding it in her mouth.

The Dyaks of Borneo eat snakes and alligators, but their favorite dish is roasted monkey with the hair on.

A person who is partially deaf can hear best when riding in a railway train. The rumbling of the train causes the drum of the ear to vibrate and in this way excites the capacity to hear.

#### NEW TAX COMMISSIONER

Santa Fe, Sept. 18.—Porfirio Abreu of Penasco, Taos county, has been appointed a member of the state tax commission by Governor O. A. Larrazolo, to succeed the late James P. Ascarate. Mr. Abreu took the oath of office and immediately took his seat with the commission.

London, Sept. 17.—Fiume has been isolated from the world by the Italian government which is apparently taking steps to meet the situation that has arisen through the action of Captain Gabriele D'Annunzio in forcibly taking possession of the city and forcing allied and Jugo-Slavic forces to leave. The veil of the censorship was drawn yesterday and since that time little has been learned of events in the city.

#### RUMANIAN ARMY WITHDRAWS

Budapest, Sept. 17.—The Rumanian army has begun to withdraw from Budapest. The retirement may be completed within a fortnight.

#### EMBALMERS ELECT OFFICERS

Albuquerque, N. M., Sept. 17.—The New Mexico funeral directors in convention last night elected T. E. Kelly of Carrizozo president, and A. C. Rising of Santa Fe secretary. The association will meet in Albuquerque in 1920.

#### MINE COMPANY INCORPORATES

Santa Fe, Sept. 18.—The Snake and Opportunity Mines company of Wilmington, Delaware, but having its New Mexico headquarters at Hillsboro, Sierra county, has filed incorporation papers. The capitalization is \$1,000,000 divided into dollar shares. The officers are L. H. Carr, president; E. L. Kerstetter, secretary; Nicholas C. Sheridan, statutory agent. The Thornton-Redington company of Gallup also filed incorporation papers, the capitalization being \$50,000 divided into dollar shares. The incorporators and directors are: T. H. Thornton, Charles R. Redington and Lawson K. Heller of Gallup.

#### SENT UP FOR LARCENY

Denver, Sept. 17.—M. E. Bush of Denver, was found guilty of larceny in the West side court yesterday and sentenced to from one to ten years in the state prison. Bush was specifically charged with having stolen a motor car belonging to Charles E. Wells, a Denver business man on May 24, last. The state introduced evidence to show that Bush had organized a ring of auto thieves, paying from \$75 to \$100 for the delivery to him of stolen cars.

One of the numerous superstitions of the Italian peasantry is that rows of teeth hung around the necks of little children will assist them in teething.

A Bedouin marriage does not take much time. The bridegroom kills a sheep and spills the blood on the sand of his father-in-law's threshold, and the wedding is over.

In Korea if a man meets his wife in the street he ignores her presence and passes on as if she were a stranger.

No house in London is more than two hundred yards from a mail box or a branch of the general postoffice.

**EASY TO SEE ONE'S BRAIN**

Scientist Asserts That All That Is Necessary Is a Candle and Some Perseverance.

"Have you ever seen your brain?" is not such an outlandish question as one might suppose. In fact, it is quite possible to see one's own brain, according to Dr. Fraser Halle, says London Tit-Bits.

Many years ago Purkinje startled the scientific world by announcing that by passing a candle to and fro several times by the side of the eye, this might be done. The air in front, he declared, was transformed into a kind of screen on which was reflected what he supposed to be a magnified image of part of the retina.

This started a research movement among the scientists of the period, and a controversy began.

Sir C. Wheatstone thought the professor was slightly out of his bearings. He declared that what the latter had seen was merely the shadow of the vascular network.

Then Dr. Fraser Halle returned to the attack, and stated that he had succeeded in identifying the picture with the representation of the "anterior lobe of the cerebrum."

The candle should be moved to and fro about four inches below the eye and three and a quarter inches from the face. If the movement is suspended, the image disappears. Night is the best time for this experiment, but it can be seen faintly, in any dark place even in the daytime.

**Play Fair.**

How prone we are to communicate our blues, our worries to our friends, and what friends are so conveniently in reach for this purpose as our neighbors? In our solace-seeking there is no "fair play." We want to exchange gloom for brightness, discouragement for encouragement. We want to take another's time just for ourselves. It would indeed be a heartless world if we had not the privilege of seeking light, sympathy, encouragement from others in our trials, but how many people are there who regard the right a privilege—and not simply a right, as does the importunate neighbor. People who regard it a privilege will seldom abuse the right.

**Widow-Burning Shrine.**

In all the wonderful Holy city of Benares, on the Ganges, there is no more interesting relic than the carved stone or shrine of "Suttee," where the widows of dead men were for 2,000 years burned alive on the bodies of their lords and masters. Strange to say, the horrible practice had the complete approval of the women concerned, and until a quite recent date the passing away of a rich Hindu brought sentence of an awful death to his entire zenana or harem.

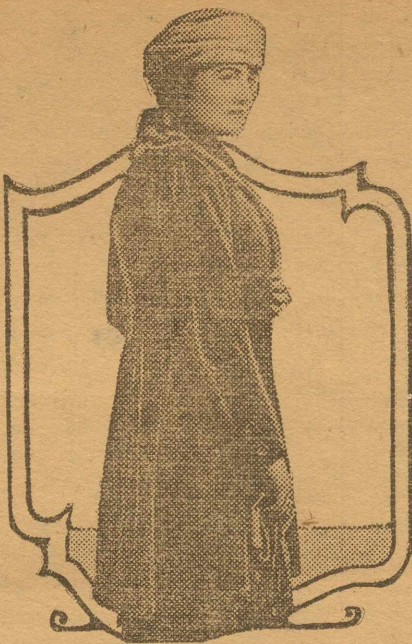
**Almost a Panacea.**

Apples are useful in nervous dyspepsia, they are nutritious, medicinal, and vitalizing, they aid digestion, clear the voice, correct the acidity of the stomach, are valuable in rheumatism, insomnia and liver troubles.

**City Manager Plan in Kansas.**

Kansas is said to have more cities with a commission form of government than any other state, and it also has three cities where the city manager plan of government is in successful operation. One of the latter is McCracken, a little city in the western edge of Rush county, with a population of only 371 persons. It adopted the commission-manager form of city government and on May 7 the commissioners took over the city affairs. The first act was to elect Leonard L. Ryan of McCracken as city manager. He will have complete charge of all the business affairs of the city.—Christian Science Monitor.

**ATTRACTIVE STREET SUITS**



Here is one of the most attractive suits for winter. Its plain skirt is ankle length and wide enough for comfort. The shapely coat has a shawl collar which may be of fur, or not, and a fashionable restraint in the use of trimmings is apparent in the few buttons placed as a finish.

**Storied Old City.**

Danzig is one of the most strongly fortified cities in the world, and has been so through its history. It was a free city through centuries for the same reason that most free cities of the marauding ages were free—because its people had seized upon the naturally powerful defensive topography of the country surrounding, and made its defenses almost impregnable. It was too tough a nut for the kings of the middle ages to crack with their armies, so they graciously allowed it to be free. Under the former German emperor, its militaristic aspect was even more accentuated than it was in the days when it was one of the "Big Four" of the Hanseatic league. With Königsberg, Thorn and Posen, it formed a mighty chain of fortresses.

**Coal Family Numbers 200.**

Ammonia, aspirin, carboic acid, indigo, oil of wintergreen, saccharin, toilet water—this isn't a druggist's catalogue. It's just the first names of a few of the members of the coal tar family.

The chemical department of Barrett & Co., New York, has just presented to the American Museum of Natural History a chart showing this family tree. More than two hundred direct descendants of Old King Coal are indicated on the chart, and, each in its proper place, the descendants are represented by typical specimens.

**Unwise Giving.**

It is a very easy thing to toss a copper to a beggar on the street; it is generally an easier thing than not to do it. Yet love is just as often in the withholding. We purchase relief from the sympathetic feelings roused by the spectacle of misery, at a copper's cost. It is too cheap—too cheap for us, and often too dear for the beggar. If we really loved him we would either do more for him, or less.—Henry Drummond.

**Night Air Not Dangerous.**

There is still a prejudice among some against night air. For that reason some foolish people sleep with their windows closed. Night air is not dangerous. On the average it is more pure than that of the day. In malarious sections exposure at night may be dangerous, not because the air is bad but because malarial mosquitoes bite only at night. The danger is in the mosquitoes, not the air.

**TRIMMING FOR GIRLS' FROCKS**

Crochet Buttons and Loops Among the Embellishments Added to Youthful Clothes.

All manner of dainty trimmings are used on frocks for the small girl. For instance, a charming model of white batiste had a narrow plaited frill of flesh-tinted organdie edging the narrow turn-down collar and turn-back cuffs. The short bodice was made with box plait effect at the front, each side being edged with a frill. Pale pink crochet buttons and loops added a further touch of embellishment.

Many play frocks take on the lines of a slip-on, the gown fastening being at the side or both sides or at the front at the upper part. A smart dittle frock was made of plain and flowered material. The lower part of plain material was set on to the upper part, the joining line being cut in tab form, each tab ornamented by three pearl buttons and cord loops. The neck was square and the fastening was at either side of the blouse front—the closing being effected by buttons and loops. The upper part of the frock was of the plain material.

**IN NEW UMBRELLA HANDLES**

Bakelite Is Latest Material, Finished With Loop of Same Material or of Leather.

To be quite in accord with the prevailing mode, one should see that the new umbrella boasts of a bakelite handle, finishing with a loop of the same material, or of leather, which will help one to retain this accessory in her possession for a reasonable length of time. The new substance comes in a variety of colors and can be obtained both transparent and opaque, to suit the individual taste. The white bakelite closely resembles ivory or a very fine celluloid; when yellow, it is clear like amber, and in delicate green it is slightly figured and almost like jade. The round handle is movable to suit the convenience of the person carrying it, and the leather loops are attached at the lower part of the straight handle. When one has learned the value of these protective loops, they are found almost necessary thereafter.

**MISS JEAN OHL**



Miss Jean Ohl, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Josiah Kingsley Ohl of Washington, has been decorated by the Belgian minister, E. de Cartier de Marchienne, with the "Medaille de Son Altesse Royale La Duchesse Vendome" in recognition of her valuable services. Since 1917 she has been private secretary to the minister, spending her spare time in Red Cross canteen work.

**SAYS PUBLIC SHOULD NOT COUNTENANCE OR PERMIT FORMING OF SUCH UNIONS**

Washington, Sept. 18.—President Wilson in a telegram from California and received today by the local city government said that organization of the police forces of the country for the purpose of bringing pressure against the public should not be countenanced or permitted.

The telegram was read today before the senate committee considering the resolution by Senator Myers, democrat, of Montana, to shut off the pay of all members of the Washington police force as long as they remain members of the recently organized union.

**GOMPERS TO STAY OUT**

Washington, Sept. 17.—President Gompers of the American Federation of Labor said yesterday that he did not contemplate taking a personal part in either the steel strike situation or Boston police difficulties. Over the telephone, Mr. Gompers got a report of conditions surrounding the Boston police strike, but remarked afterward that the "situation isn't changed."



Our men have died to make the world safe for democracy. Let our women live for it, work for it, making it not only safe, but better than it ever was before.—C. P. Gilman.

**MAPLE SUGAR DAINTIES.**

We can't all own a sugar bush, but we may, in many of our states, procure the delicious maple sugar and sirup at this season of the year. When using maple sugar in place of the ordinary granulated, a little less is required.

**Maple Junket.**—Take one quart of fresh milk, add a junket tablet (which has been dissolved in a tablespoonful of water) to the milk after it has been warmed to lukewarm, thoroughly dissolve and stir in the junket, add one-half cupful of maple sugar, a tablespoonful of vanilla, and pour into glasses to set. When firm, set on ice to chill. Serve with grated maple sugar and chopped nuts over the top of the sherbet cups.

**Maple Parfait.**—Take one cupful of maple sirup and, when boiling hot, pour over four well-beaten eggs very slowly. Cook for a few minutes, then cool and add a pint of thin cream. Freeze until mushy, then add the stiffly beaten whites, and when well mixed pack in ice and salt to finish freezing.

**Maple Tapioca.**—Cook three tablespoonfuls of tapioca and a half-cupful of raisins in a pint of milk for 15 minutes. Remove from the heat and add a cupful of maple sirup and the beaten yolks of two eggs; reheat and cook slowly until thick; cool and fold in the beaten whites of the eggs. Serve with cream.

**Maple Candy.**—Take a pound of maple sugar and a pint of rich milk or thin cream; cook until a soft ball is made when a drop is cooled in water. Flavor with vanilla, add a cupful of pecans and pour out into a greased pan to cool. Mark off in squares before it becomes too firm.

*Nellie Maxwell*

Mrs. Charles A. Spiess has returned to Las Vegas from Santa Fe and will remain some days the guest of Mrs. W. E. Gortner.

Miss Marie Mann left last night for Ann Arbor, Mich., where she will visit relatives, returning to Las Vegas the latter part of October.

Carlos Spiess will leave tomorrow night for the University of Michigan to resume his studies for the coming year, which were interrupted when he enlisted in the army more than two years ago.

Mr. and Mrs. J. van Houten of Raton, N. M., and Mrs. Mead of San Diego left for Raton this morning by automobile. They have been in Santa Fe attending the fiesta and spent Sunday here visiting Mr. and Mrs. Wiegand.

Attorney General O. O. Askren, Mrs. Askren and four children spent the week end at the La Jara Hunting and Fishing club. The Askrens are completing a 1,100 mile auto trip from their old home in Missouri. They left for Santa Fe Sunday night.

A postoffice is to be established at San Geronimo on the first day of October, according to information received today from the postoffice department, by Postmaster E. V. Long. Sostenes Esquibel, a merchant of the town of San Geronimo, is to be postmaster. The office will be served through the postoffice here.

Miss Lena Langston, who has been visiting in Clovis, returned to Las Vegas last evening. Miss Langston was the guest in Clovis, of Miss Lone Austin, who has attended the Normal university here several summers.

Marriage licenses have been granted by the probate clerk to Fidencio Griego, aged 19, of Puertecito and Paula Salazar, aged 17 of Pueblo; Jose Lino Maes, aged 20, and Adela Rodriguez, both of Las Vegas, and to Romulo Lopez, aged 35 of El Porvenir on Lucinda G. de Bustamante, aged 28, of Las Vegas. The consent of the parents of the first two couples mentioned was given. They are minors.

The activity of the mounted police in eradicating the cattle thief from the state continues with marked success. Besides their work along this line the police are looking after the apprehension of malefactors in all branches.

Jack Amigino was arrested at Van Houten for selling meat without a license. He pleaded guilty and paid the fine. Antonio Menghini was arrested at the same place on the same charge and paid the fine after pleading guilty.

W. B. Wood was arrested at Weed for stealing five head of hogs. He was placed under a \$500 bond and bound over to await the action of the grand jury.

Pablo Guita was apprehended at Santa Rosa on a charge of discharging fire arms with intent to kill. He pleaded guilty.

C. H. Stearns has been arrested for larceny of cattle and bound over to the grand jury. Stearns is from Amarillo, Texas.

Mrs. J. Burks and son arrived last evening, from Toledo, Ohio, and are the guests of Mrs. Burk's brother, Dan Rhodes.

Mrs. M. R. Williams returned last evening from Albuquerque, where she has been visiting relatives and friends for the past few weeks.

Miss Felonise Duran, who graduated this year from the Sisters of Loreto school and attended the Normal summer school, left Sunday for Stanley, N. M., where she will teach school this winter.

Charles Shock, who was an engineer on the Santa Fe 18 years ago, running out of Las Vegas, is here for a short stay, visiting his friends among the old timers. Mr. Shock is interested in the oil business in Texas.

Mrs. John H. Swallow left this afternoon for the east. Mrs. Swallow will be joined at La Junta by her daughter, Miss Lucille Swallow. Then they will travel to Kansas City, Chicago, and Indianapolis, where they will visit Mrs. Swallow's son, Leslie Swallow.

Tom Ward left this noon for St. Louis, Mo., where he has accepted a position with the Wabash railroad, as superintendent of construction between St. Louis and Chicago. Mr. Ward returned from France only a few weeks ago where he was stationed with the A. E. F. in construction work. He has been here visiting his mother, Mrs. J. H. Ward.

The body of Gustaf A. Larson, who died in Los Angeles on September 9, arrived last night, and is being held at the J. C. Johnsen and Sons undertaking parlors. The body was accompanied here by the widow, the son and daughter, Edgar Larson and Miss Edith Larson. Funeral services will be announced tomorrow. The Larsons are stopping at the Castaneda hotel.

Dr. F. E. Olney, who returned last evening from the annual G. A. R. encampment at Columbus, Ohio, met many of his civil war friends at the encampment, nine of whom were members of his company for three years. Dr. Olney's "bunkie" during the many months of the war was in attendance at the encampment, and he and the doctor renewed their friendship. They had not seen each other for more than 50 years.

The encampment, said Dr. Olney, was the largest he has ever attended, and perhaps more civil war veterans were present than at any previous encampment of the G. A. R. More than 100,000 visitors were in Columbus during the veterans' gathering. Many ladies, members of the women's relief corps were present. Dr. Olney visited his old home near Columbus for the first time in 50 years. He went to Toledo and visited his son before his return here.

Mrs. John Ross, who left here with her husband, was injured slightly in an accident, and was unable to continue to Columbus with Captain Ross. She stopped at Loveland, O., and remained with relatives there. Jefferson Reynolds and wife, and Captain and Mrs. Ross will visit in the east some time, before coming back to Las Vegas.

**CRUZ GARCIA OF WAGON MOUND VICTIM OF MISSING POCKETBOOK GAME**

Cruz Garcia, a resident of Wagon Mound, was robbed on the West side Sunday night, of more than \$40. Two men, who are said to be of the party of Mexican citizens which was in Pueblo last week, two of whom were hanged there by a mob, are alleged to have made use of a system of pocketbook snatching here, making Mr. Garcia the goat. According to the story told by Mr. Martinez the two men arranged to find a pocketbook previously dropped by one of them, and to accuse the victim of taking \$100 from it. Mr. Garcia, when accused, offered to allow himself to be searched, and in the searching, so he told the police, his pocketbook, containing \$40 was exchanged for an empty one. The exchange occurred on the West side.

So far, the police have not succeeded in locating the men, whom Mr. Garcia says he can identify.

Another man told the police a similar trick was played on him the same night, but he had a lone dollar, which he believes was the reason an exchange of purses was not made with him.

**MOTOR THIEVES**

Denver, Sept. 16.—Three hundred and twenty-four garments and skins worth \$6,160 were stolen from the fur store of S. Needleman, 16 South Broadway last night. The burglars apparently entered the front door with a pass key, opened the rear door loaded their loot into a motor car and escaped.

Washington, Sept. 16.—Twenty-four hundred sleeping and parlor car conductors on federal controlled railroads received a slight increase in wages today, retroactive to May 1, under an order issued by Director General Hines for the purpose of rectifying an error in the awards. For the fiscal year of service conductors will receive \$125 with 50 cents an hour overtime, the wages increasing to \$160 a month and 63.75 cents for men in service more than 15 years. A standard of month of 240 hours instead of 300 hours, effective September 1, was instituted.

**SMALL VOTE CAST**

An exceptionally light vote was cast today in the special election for the three proposed constitutional amendments. Up to 3 o'clock this afternoon just 85 ballots had been cast on the East side. An even lighter vote is reported from the West side. The clerks for East Las Vegas were Colbert C. Root and J. Jordi. The judges O. L. Gregory, Z. W. Montague and W. K. McKinley.

**FIREMEN WON'T JOIN STRIKE**

Boston, Sept. 16.—The Boston fire men will not strike to support the new policemen's union.

**CHINA AT PEACE WITH HUNS**

Washington, Sept. 16.—The state department has been officially advised that China has issued a mandate declaring herself now at peace with Germany.

The custom of handshaking dates back to the time of King Henry II of England.

**WITNESS SAYS ASSOCIATION FOR AMERICAN PROTECTION WAS SANCTIONED**

Washington, Sept. 16.—Approval by state department officials of its plans for publicity was secured by the Association for the Protection of American Rights in Mexico before it began general operations, Charles H. Boynton, executive director of the organization today told the senate committee investigating the Mexican situation. He explained the character of the organization and its aims saying it was formed in January in New York by 40 men representing all lines of industry in Mexico. There was submitted to Acting Secretary Polk of the state department, a memorandum of its aims and Mr. Polk, according to Mr. Boynton, expressed his pleasure at the plan.

"A stern insistence by the United States of recognition of American rights" is one of the principal objects of the association, Boynton said.

Boynton testified that the association had about 20,000 members, subscriptions supported it and that his own salary was \$20,000 a year.

Boynton denied that the association was attempting to bring about intervention in Mexico or he had any knowledge of any propaganda directed to that effect. He also declared he did not regard armed intervention as now necessary.

The charge that the association is engaged in intervention propaganda he declared came from men connected with the Mexican government.

Savannah, Ga., Sept. 16.—The wreck of the steamer Barnstable, disabled in a storm Saturday night, enroute to Havana, has been located and one survivor rescued. Eleven of the crew are believed lost.

**5,000 TUBES OF VACCINE**

Santa Fe, Sept. 15.—The state department of health has already distributed more than 5,000 vaccine tubes all over the state and still the call for more vaccine continues. The attorney general has just rendered an opinion that all persons of the legal school age, that is between five and 21 years must be vaccinated. However, many older persons are also clamoring to be vaccinated.

It is just forty years since the first woman—Mrs. Belva Lockwood—was admitted to practice before the supreme court of the United States.

Certain varieties of the lark are believed to be the only birds that sing as they fly.

Nearly seventy million wild animals are killed yearly to supply the fur market.

Florence Nightingale, the famous Crimean nurse, is the only woman who has ever received the Order of merit, one of the most honorable distinctions within the gift of the British sovereign.

Mrs. M. A. Hayes of Texas has been appointed to take charge of the offices of the Southern Rice Growers' association in London, England.

The first co-educational college in the east was Cornell, which in 1872 decided to admit women as students on the same footing as men.

### FOOD EXPERT IN LAS VEGAS BELIEVES SITUATION NEARING END

Dr. J. N. Garfinkle, formerly connected with the department of agriculture, is in Las Vegas for a brief stay from his home in Cincinnati. Dr. Garfinkle, who was for many years editor of the Pure Food and Health Journal, of Cincinnati, is interested in finding a solution to the H. C. L. problem and he believes that he has found a way out of the present critical situation.

Dr. Garfinkle stated this morning that his conclusions are that the entire country is over organized, and that this over organization is directly responsible for the high cost of living. "Everybody," he said, "except the consumer, is affiliated with some organization which stands in a measure, for profiteering, and if these organizations which are boosting the prices of every commodity can be regulated or eliminated, the present prices will drop to their former levels."

Dr. Garfinkle has taken active interest in the committee meetings of the house and senate at Washington, and he believes that the selection of a fair price commission will do a great deal to regulate prices. He said that the cold storage business, as it is conducted at present is a menace, but that if it may be used for the purpose of storing foodstuffs, instead of as a means of speculation, that prices would be affected thereby.

Governor Larrazolo's address to the bankers at Albuquerque last week, Dr. Garfinkle said, "hit the nail on the head." He believes that within a short time, congress will have found a means for regulating prices, and that the critical situation in which the country finds itself at present will be relieved.

### NEW MEXICO TO SEND REPRESENTATIVES TO OCTOBER MEETING

Involving the health welfare conditions of seven western states, the Southwestern Tuberculosis conference will be held at Long Beach, Cal. October 1-3, with eminent physicians, nurses and social service workers from all seven states present.

Subjects of vital importance, such as possible federal legislation to prevent the migration of tuberculosis patients from the east into these western states, will be taken under consideration, and the migration subject will be acted upon. A lively fight is anticipated along this line. A report of the national committee on "Indigent Migratory Consumptives" will be given by Dr. A. G. Shortle of Albuquerque, New Mexico. Dr. Allen Hamilton Williams of Phoenix, Arizona, and Dr. S. J. Crumline of Topeka, Kan., will take prominent parts in the conference.

The states represented at the conferences are Kansas, New Mexico, Arizona, Oklahoma, Colorado, Texas and California.

Preventative methods, and the science of dealing with children of tuberculous tendencies will be among the subjects discussed. Another interesting feature will be a racial clinic when tuberculosis patients of different races will be examined and data compiled therefrom.

Experts on tuberculosis will appear before the conference from all parts of the United States, representing the most advanced viewpoint of medical

science from the Atlantic to the Pacific coast.

### CALIFORNIA GROWERS SECURE BETTER PRICES THAN EVER FOR FRUIT

Los Angeles, Calif., Sept. 15.—National prohibition will not bring disaster to the grape growing and wine making industry in southern California, according to reports today to Internal Revenue Collector John P. Carter.

In preparing to meet the requirements of the national law, which goes into effect January 16, 1920, the manufacturers have made a discovery by which they will be able to make wine complying with the requirements of the government. The alcoholic content will be reduced to one-half of one per cent.

The new process is said to leave the wine sweet and palatable and capable of being kept an indeterminate time, while the alcohol which remained in the content under the old process is removed and may utilized as a by-product.

Many of the large wineries are gathering and crushing grapes as usual. Many wine grapes are being shipped east instead of being a drug on the market, and left to rot in the fields, as was prophesied freely. Wine grapes now are bringing \$50 a ton, compared with \$30 to \$45 a ton last year. The vineyards apparently are celebrating the event of prohibition as the grape crop is a record breaker.

### LARRAZOLO FAVORS ARRANGEMENT FOR NEW BUILDINGS AT LOCAL SCHOOL

Santa Fe, Sept. 15.—Governor O. A. Larrazolo left this morning for Aztec and Farmington to attend the annual San Juan County fair and make addresses. He has just approved of the plans for the group of new buildings to be erected by the Normal University at Las Vegas. Dr. Frank H. H. Roberts, president of the Normal university, brought these plans with him to Santa Fe where he went over them in every detail with Dr. Edgar L. Hewett and the Hon. Frank Springer who had been instrumental in building and completing the main structure dedicated 20 years ago, and who urged that all new buildings conform with it in architecture and material.

The board of regents agreed with this and had plans drawn for an auditorium, a three story administration building and a foyer that will connect all three structures at the same time adding an architectural feature to the main facades of the entire group, that is quite beautiful and striking. The \$75,000 appropriated by the legislature for new buildings will be used to putting the auditorium under roof and completing the first story of the administration building so as to make the room available for the next summer school, it being an imperative necessity to make provision for the rapidly growing number of students.

When completed, the group will accommodate 1,000 students, at the same time giving Las Vegas a magnificent community center which architecturally and financially will place the Meadow City in the forefront of southwestern cities. The value of the group will be a quarter million dollars. It is figured that the school when it once has adequate

accommodations will yield the city a direct revenue of \$300,000 flowing into business channels. Incidentally, it will bring to Las Vegas many collateral interests and many residents who are seeking a home in a place with conspicuous educational facilities and climatic advantages.

Superintendent of Public Instruction J. H. Wagner has also approved the plans and the cornerstone is to be laid with solemn ceremonies in October, at which time orations are to be delivered by Governor O. A. Larrazolo, Superintendent Wagner and Dr. Edgar L. Hewett who was the first president of the Normal University.

President F. O. Blood of the board of regents of the Normal university will call a meeting of the board in a few days at which time the approval of the new plans will be taken up. Through the efforts and suggestions of Mr. Blood the board has already approved the ideas but official action is necessary. Mr. Blood has been untiring in his efforts to complete the preliminary work so that construction may be started this fall.

### CO-OPERATION PLAN

Cincinnati, Sept. 16.—A plan to permit employes to assist in the management of the business is to be inaugurated by the Proctor and Gamble company, manufacturers of soaps and candles with a plant at Ivorydale, a suburb, by permitting employes of the company to elect three of their number to the board of directors of the company.

### OTHER TAXES WILL REMAIN THE SAME DURING THE COMING YEAR

Director Rupert F. Asplund of the State Taxpayers' association returned to Santa Fe this morning, after a day here. Mr. Asplund is working with county commissioners throughout the state, arranging for the 1920 tax levies. He stated that the taxes for next year will be practically the same as last, except for slight increases on the school and road levies.

Charles G. Hedgcock, who is special counsel for the association, went to Raton today, where he will take up with the commissioners of Colfax county the matter of levies for the coming year. From Raton Mr. Hedgcock will make a trip through Laion, Quay and Guadalupe counties on the same business.

### CONSTITUTION DAY

New York, Sept. 16.—The National Security league is in receipt of advices indicating that Constitution day will be widely observed tomorrow. The day will be the one hundred and thirty-first anniversary of the adoption of the constitution of the United States. In a number of states the governors have issued proclamations requesting a public observance of the day.

### PARTISAN LEAGUERS JAILED

Jackson, Minn., Sept. 15.—A. C. Townley, president of the national non-partisan league, and Joseph Gilbert, former organization manager, were sentenced to three months in the Jackson county jail here today by Judge E. C. Dean, without alternative of fine. Townley and Gilbert were convicted here July 12, on a charge of conspiracy to teach disloyalty.

### ENRIQUE SANCHEZ DIES

Enrique Sanchez aged 22 years, died yesterday at the state insane hospital. He was a son of Julio Sanchez, formerly of this city, and now a resident of Estancia. Mr. Sanchez was called into the army service two years ago, and was training at Camp Kearney when his wife died here last fall, leaving a very young child. The child died early in the winter. Despondent and worrying over his double bereavement Mr. Sanchez's mind became affected, and last March he was brought to the state hospital here. For the past few weeks he had appeared to be recovering from his affliction, and his friends believed he would soon be himself again. Last week he became ill of pneumonia and grew rapidly worse until the end came yesterday morning. His father arrived this afternoon from Estancia. Pending funeral arrangements, the body is being held by J. C. Johnsen and Sons.

### INTERNATIONAL FARM CONGRESS AT KANSAS CITY

Kansas City, Sept. 16.—All arrangements are practically complete for the fourteenth International Farm congress, which is to convene in this city next week. In connection there will be the International Soil Products exposition, at which displays of nations, states, counties, agricultural colleges and individuals will be exhibited.

### DEMAND SUGAR INVESTIGATION

Washington, Sept. 15.—Investigation of sugar prices by the federal trade commission was demanded today by Representative Raker of California.

Washington, Sept. 16.—Consideration of the German peace treaty in open session was resumed today by the senate.

Following a long address by Senator Sherman, republican, of Illinois attacking the league of nations, the plan was to postpone action on the first amendment until Monday.

Senate leaders had agreed to adjourn from today until Friday to participate in the ceremonies in honor of General Pershing.

Democratic Leaders today for the first time suggested that a deadlock might result in regard to reservations which might have to be settled by negotiations.

These democratic spokesmen claimed 40 or 41 democrats solid against any reservations "mild" or "strong."

Calgary, Alta., Sept. 16.—Visits to some of the big ranches and other places of interest in this vicinity were provided for in the program for this the third day of the visit of the Prince of Wales in Calgary. Tomorrow the visit here will be concluded and the royal party will resume the journey westward, with Banff scheduled as the first stopping place.

The trip through the Rockies will be fairly continuous, with no stopovers of consequence until Vancouver is reached next Monday morning. A day and a half will be allowed to the British Columbia metropolis and at the end of his stay his royal highness will depart by boat for Victoria, where he will pass the remainder of the week. From Victoria the royal party will proceed by automobile to Westminster, where the prince will officiate at the opening of the Westminster fair.

Tom Johnsen, of J. C. Johnsen and Sons, returned last night from Albuquerque, where he attended the state convention of the Embalmers association. Mr. Johnsen was appointed a member of the state examining board.

Edward Reutemann has returned from California where he spent his vacation. He is a clerk at the Las Vegas Mercantile company store.

The body of Enrique Sanchez, who died here Sunday night, will be sent to Laguna, New Mexico, for burial, on train No. 9 this evening. It was prepared for the journey by J. C. Johnsen and Sons.

Sidney Regensberg has returned from overseas, where he served in the motor transport corps for 15 months. Regensberg was called into the service early in June, 1918, when the Germans appeared to be winning the war. He was sent overseas almost at once, and spent his time overseas hauling supplies to the front lines.

The Rev. T. E. Thureson, pastor of the First Methodist church, has gone to Albuquerque to attend the annual conference of the Methodist Episcopal church. The Rev. Mr. Thureson preached the conference sermon, which opened the annual gathering last night.

Word was received this afternoon telling of the death of William Malbeouf in Los Angeles on Sunday night. Mr. Malbeouf was one of the early settlers in Las Vegas and lived here for many years. He had a wide circle of friends in this city.

The funeral of the late Gustaf A. Larson, who died in Los Angeles Saturday, will be held at 2:30 o'clock Friday afternoon, from the chapel of J. C. Johnsen and Sons. Rev. Jackson, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, will conduct the services.

Governor O. A. Larrazolo has been invited by the Commercial club to attend and address the Ozark Trails convention, which will be held in Roswell on October 1, 2 and 3. The governor has replied that he probably will be able to attend the convention and hopes to do so.

All Outdoors, a magazine published in New York and devoted to hunting, touring and all outdoor sports, has written to the Commercial club for material for an article about this section of New Mexico, which probably will appear in the November issue. The secretary of the club is preparing the matter, which will be sent away this week.

On October 1, Danziger Brothers will open a branch store on the East side. The new store will be located at 511 Sixth street, opposite the San Miguel bank, and will carry a complete line of ready to wear garments, for grown ups and the youngsters. Mr. Maurice Danziger will be personally in charge, while Mr. Joe Danziger will assume control of the store on the Plaza. A corps of efficient clerks will be employed at the new store.

Probate Clerk Perfecto Gallegos has issued a marriage license to Rodolfo Ortiz, of Las Vegas, and Helena Gadischkey, of Ewing, Nebraska.

Mrs. L. Duthie and daughter Miss Etna left last Sunday for an extended trip through Washington, Oregon, Idaho and Yellowstone national park.

President F. O. Blood of the board of regents at the New Mexico Normal university has instructed Dr. Frank H. H. Roberts to call for bids for the purchase of the manual training building. This building is to be sold and removed from the campus in order to provide room for the construction of the new buildings. The machinery will be stored in the basement of the armory until the new structures are completed.

The New Mexico Normal University plans to conduct night classes in advanced stenography. A meeting of all interested in taking this subject will be held tonight at the main building at 7:30. Unless there are at least 10 students enroll for the work no classes will be scheduled.

Ellis G. Strain has been appointed substitute clerk at the East Las Vegas postoffice. Mr. Strain will carry the mail on route No. 1, during the vacation of Victor Hugo Waite, who leaves tomorrow for El Porvenir.

Mrs. F. L. Myers and daughters, Miss Lucy and Miss Mildred, left this afternoon for Roanoke, Virginia, where the Misses Myers will enter the Virginia college. Mrs. Myers will return to Las Vegas after visiting with relatives in the east.

M. A. Van Houten came down today from the Van Houten ranch at Shoemaker.

Mrs. J. P. Wells and Mrs. Louise Wells of Raton, are the guests of Mrs. T. J. Raywood.

The funeral of the late Gustaf A. Larson will be held at 2:30 o'clock tomorrow afternoon, from the chapel of J. C. Johnsen and Sons. Rev. Jackson will conduct the services.

**AMERICAN RELEASED**

Juarez, Mexico, Sept. 18.—Dr. J. W. Smith an American physician for the Posito Mining company at Santa Eulalia, Chihuahua, reached Chihuahua City at 5 p. m., yesterday after having been liberated by Villa rebels who held him for \$6,000 ransom, a message to American Consul E. A. Dow from Chihuahua City today stated.

State Senator Roman Gallegos came up yesterday from his home at San Jose. Senator Gallegos reports that the rains at San Jose were exceptionally heavy and that the roads were almost impassable. However, he says, the mud is drying fast.

Deputy Sheriff N. V. Gallegos went to the country below the mesa today, on official business.

J. D. Powers and wife left last night for an extended visit in New York.

Mrs. F. J. Cummings of Raton, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Floyd. George Gray and wife of Deming, also are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Floyd. Mrs. Gray was formerly Miss Bessie Floyd.

To practice what you preach it is necessary constantly to attend rehearsals.

Naturally the man who looks before he leaps isn't so apt to find himself in a hole.

**NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE**

New York, Sept. 17.—The stock market became extremely irregular after the first rally today, steels losing their gains with equipments. At noon oils and motors became the features. Texas company gained six points and General Motors 6½. Prices otherwise inclined downward. The market for call money was easy at 4 per cent but foreign exchange showed greater weakness with new low records for remittances to France and Italy, also to Germany and Austria. Sterling declined to within a small fraction of its minimum quotation. The close was as follows:

American Sugar Refining	129
American T. and T. Co.	101½
Anaconda Copper	67 3-3
Atchison	90½
Chino Copper	43
Colo. Fuel and Iron Co.	44½
Inspiration Copper	59½
Southern Pacific	101
Union Pacific	123
United States Steel	103½

**CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE**

Chicago, Sept. 17.—Sharp upturns in the value of corn resulted largely today from announcement of a projected movement on the part of the farmers organizations to have grain and livestock held back for higher prices. The fact also that the hog market this morning showed strength tended noticeably to stimulate corn buying. On the other hand, foreign exchange weakness and other bearish factors that have been more or less responsible for the recent decline of gram values, were largely decreased in price.

Oats ascended with corn. Provisions were dull but firmer. Strength of grain and hog prices made sellers very cautious. The closing quotations were:

Corn, Sept.	\$1.44½; Dec.	\$1.21.
Oats, Sept.	65 3-8; Dec.	67 3-4.
Pork, Sept.	\$42; Oct.	\$34.77.
Lard, Oct.	\$25.65; Jan.	\$22.82.
Ribs, Oct.	\$20; Jan.	\$18.37.

**KANSAS CITY LIVE STOCK**

Kansas City, Sept. 17.—Hogs, receipts 6500. Market steady to higher. Bulk \$16.75@17.25; heavy \$16.50@17.10; mediums \$16.75@17.40; lights \$16.50@17.40; pigs \$13@17.15.

Cattle, receipts 21,000. Market steady. Prime fed steers \$15.75@17.75; common \$10.25@12; lights \$12.75@17; cows \$6@11.85; heifers \$6.25@13.85; stockers and feeders \$8.50@12.50; canners \$4.90@6; calves \$14@17.

Sheep, receipts 15,000. Market steady. Lambs \$12.75@15.25; wethers \$9.25@11; ewes \$6.50@8.50.

**NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE**

New York, Sept. 18.—The stock market became listless after the opening today, traders awaiting developments at Pittsburgh before extending their commitments for either account. Most early gains were cancelled before the end of the first hour when reports announcing the decision of the labor leaders to issue the strike order were received. Reactions were moderate, however, holding within 1 to 2 points. High priced tobacco issues were conspicuous to the lower trend, American tobacco, American Snuff and Lorillard tobacco making gains of 6 to 20 points. Steels and equipments rallied again at noon. There were heavy dealings in victory bonds, also Anglo-

French 5's at slight gains. The closing prices were:

American Sugar Refining	128
American T. and T. Co.	101½
Anaconda Copper	61
Atchison	89
Colo. Fuel and Iron Co.	44
Inspiration Copper	58 5-8
Reading	78½
Southern Pacific	100
Union Pacific	122
United States Steel	102½

**CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE**

Chicago, Sept. 18.—Nervousness over the labor situation, especially the uncertain outlook regarding the steel strike, resulted in an irregular opening today in the corn market. Little pressure to sell, however, developed and with commission houses absorbing most of the offerings more confidence in the buying side was shown. Scantiness of arrivals gave independent firmness to oats.

Provisions were dull and weak. There was an absence of any aggressive support. The closing quotations were:

Corn, Sept.	\$1.47½; Dec.	\$1.24½.
Oats, Sept.	67½; Dec.	69¾.
Pork, Sept.	\$42; Oct.	\$35.25.
Lard, Oct.	\$24.90; Jan.	\$22.47.
Ribs, Oct.	\$19.25; Jan.	\$17.85.

**KANSAS CITY LIVE STOCK**

Kansas City, Sept. 18.—Hogs, receipts 4,000. Market steady to 25c higher. Bulk \$16.80@17.25; heavy \$16.50@17.25; mediums \$16.85@17.50; lights \$16.50@17.40; pigs \$13@17.25.

Cattle, receipts 6,000. Market irregular. Prime fed steers \$16.75@17.75; mediums \$8@12.90; western steers \$12@15.65; heifers \$6.10@13.65; stockers and feeders \$8.35@12.50; veal \$13.75@17.

Sheep, receipts 17,000. Market, western 50c lower. Lambs \$12.75@14.75; yearlings \$9@10.75; culis \$7.50@12.50; ewes \$6.50@6.75.

**CONFERENCE ON NARCOTICS**

Santa Fe, Sept. 18.—United States District Attorney Thomas A. Flynn of Arizona, Collector of Internal Revenue Alfred Franklin of Phoenix, Revenue Collector Dingley of Denver and New Mexico federal officials took part in a conference held at the federal building to consider how to enforce the law against the sale of narcotics in the southwest.

Washington, Sept. 18.—Federal warrants for the arrest of Emma Goldman and Alexander Berkman, charging them with anarchy and looking to their deportation have been issued by the immigration authorities. Miss Goldman is finishing a term in the penitentiary at Jefferson City, Mo., and Berkman is confined in the penitentiary at Atlanta Ga. Both were convicted of obstructing the draft.

Corpus Christi, Texas, Sept. 18.—The death toll in Corpus Christi and vicinity as a result of Sunday's hurricane and tidal wave, stood at 256 today, according to reports from burial squads. The generally accepted estimate was that the final figures would reach 500.

The official figures issued this morning show the following casualties: Corpus Christi 54; White Point 96; Rocita and Portland 80; Port Aransas 5; Odem and Sinton 11; Aransas Pass 2; Rockport 8. Total 256.