

# LYNN COUNTY NEWS

Volume XV

Tahoka, Lynn County, Texas, Friday, August 22, 1919

Number 50

## Tahoka Banks Will Soon Have Supply of Hand Grenades

### A Real Souvenir of the Great War.

Children may own one of these real war trophies by pledging the amount of one Savings Stamp and paying same by buying one Thrift Stamp at a time or by paying for one W. S. S. out right, after which the Hand Grenade becomes your property. Grown people may get one of these very desirable souvenirs by paying for not less than three War Savings Stamps. See your banker. He will be glad to explain the plan to you and put you in line for one of these war relics.

Men and women everywhere are carried away with our New Registered Treasury Savings Certificates.

They are in \$100.00 and \$1000.00 (maturity value) denominations. The \$100.00 Treasury Savings Certificate is the same as (20) twenty Savings Stamps, and the \$1000.00 T. S. C. is equal in value to (200) W. S. S. and they the same cashable features. \$100.00 (maturity value) certificates are worth in August \$83.80 and 1000 00 (Maturity value) T. S. C. are worth \$838.00 in August.

These securities are all registered in Washington and are exceeding popular the last word in desirable investment as to convenience, registration, redeemability, safety, income, and if there's any other good thing we have said, they are that also.

Inform yourself on these securities and get some money put away in the best thing now offered.

When "Our Boys" came back victoriously from their little set-to with the boche, almost every one of them was loaded with souvenirs. Helmets captured from Hun officers, insignia of rank stripped from German uniforms and a wide variety of such articles were brought back home by the scrapping Americans.

Now Uncle Sam has arranged so that the boys and girls, men and women, who did not go to France can have genuine souvenirs of the World War. These hand grenades, manufactured for use against the Germans, which have been transformed into savings banks. Boys and girls may obtain grenades by buying a War Saving Stamp and adults by investing in three or more War Saving Stamps, the condition being that these stamps must have been bought after July 15, 1919.

Only a limited number of these unique and rare souvenirs could be obtained for Texas. These are being distributed by the banks of the various towns. Go to your banker today - tell him you want a grenade and begin saving NOW. If he has not yet ordered grenades get him to do so at once. When this supply is gone, you will never have another chance to obtain one of these rare and unique "weapon of peace."

**ROBT. L. DUDNEY**  
TERRITORIAL SAVING ADVISER  
LUBBOCK DISTRICT  
21 counties Lubbock Texas.

T. A. Fancher and Mrs. P. S. McLarty of Seymour are visiting their sisters Mesdames I. P. Metcalf and J. A. Brown.

Mrs. R. S. Davidson and children returned Saturday from a visit with her sister Mrs. T. J. Blakenship of Plains.

Mrs. Dalton Lewis and two sons of Brownfield were the guests of E. S. Davis and family this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank H. Weaver attended the Chatauqua at Post Saturday night.

Misses Fay and Ada Davis are visiting the family of Ed Myers near Wilson this week.

BORN—to Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Vandyke Wednesday, August 13th, a girl.

## Attention Lynn County Farmers

A mass meeting of the farmers and others interested, in Lynn county, will be held in Tahoka the first Saturday in September, for the purpose of setting a standard price of cotton picking this fall. It is requested that a full attendance be on hand to discuss this very important matter. Remember the date Saturday, Sept. 6th at the Court House.

H. E. Ogden, gospel singer, accompanied by his wife and daughter returned to his home in Ft. Worth Monday. Mr. Ogden spent the past two weeks here in his great work. He was formerly a citizen of our city and needed no introduction. May God bless him as goes from place to place singing the gospel.

L. V. Goodrich of Jayton is visiting his brother S. E. Goodrich southeast of town. While in town he renewed his subscription to the Lynn Co. News for fifty-two weeks.

A. L. Lockwood, President of the First National Bank, and wife, returned the latter part of last week from two weeks outing in New Mexico and Colorado. They went as far west as Denver, and report some cool weather in that section of the country, requiring a fire and plenty of blankets to keep warm at night. They report a most pleasant trip.

Robert L. Dudney, District Saving Stamps Advisor, was in Tahoka the latter part of the week in the interest of this work. He succeeded in disposing of several hundred dollars worth of these stamps to the local banks, who will in turn sell them to buyers in Lynn county. Mr. Dudney left for Lamesa and on to Dallas, his headquarters.

W. F. Humphreys and family of Llano are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Cowan, Mrs. Humphreys' parents. Mr. and Mrs. Humphreys have the honor of being the first couple married in Lynn county.

The News editor and daughter, Juanita, returned today from a few days outing near Canyon City; attending the annual reunion of the Hedgecote families, kinsman of our mother. Thirty-two people were present on the occasion.

Marriage license were issued by our County Clerk E. H. Robinson to Tilman Brooks and Miss Elizabeth Gray. The ceremony was performed at Post August 14th by J. G. Cole.

### B. W. M. W.

The Baptist Ladies will entertain their husbands next Tuesday evening at the home of Mrs. J. H. Edwards. A cordial invitation is extended to every Baptist lady and her husband.

Rev. L. W. Williamson of Slaton, Baptist Missionary of the Brownfield association closed a very successful meeting at Red wine school house Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Perkins and daughter Miss Gladys who have been visiting E. N. Weathers and family, returned to their home in Celeste Wednesday.

Miss Nora Crouch who is attending Draughon's Business college at Abilene came in Monday for a few days visit with homefolks.

Mrs. Tony Chism, returned Monday from California, where she has been for the past five weeks.—Amarillo News.

Mr. and Mrs. Mose Holland of Aberthany are the guests of H. M. Larkin and family for a few days.

Mrs. Anson Coughran and children of Marfa arrived Monday to visit her parents Mr. and Mrs. S. N. McDaniel.

Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Parkhurst and Mrs. M. J. Stroud were Lubbock visitors Saturday.

## The American Red Cross Society

Perhaps the question most asked by your readers relative to Red Cross is "What is there to do now that the war is over".

During the hectic days of the war, the people thru out this nation of ours bent every effort at their command to back the vast army we had in the homeland and overseas. We are now about to finish our job overseas when the misery is somewhat abated and where the peoples of the devastated regions will have enough support to put into their hearts and hands, the spirit to again rebuild their lands and peoples. So we are turning ourselves to our own communities and to do the thing that is needed in our own counties. Nothing should attract us quite so much as health, this should be paramount to all other interests so the Nursing Dept. of the Red Cross is offering every woman in your county the opportunity to get class instruction by an accredited nurse who comes when the classes are organized to reach every woman in your county is no small task I admit but when our woman see the necessity of knowing the most simple and necessary things to do in case of illness it is quite obvious why they should avail themselves of this opportunity to get these lessons.

We lose out of our homes every year thousands who die of preventable diseases that could have been had we known what to do in an intelligent way.

You can not spread the gospel of good health too hard. Health should be contagious and we should strive to make it as free to our communities as public education. This is just one of the four departments to carry on. One that cannot afford to over look is the Junior Department for the children, teaching them ideals of services, training in good citizenship. They have a big part in the world's activities and helped very mentally during the war. Shall we lose their willingness, by not tying them up to vital things that can be done by them and for them. Crusaders for health, and for service.

Home Service the Big department that dealt with the soldier, sailor and his family giving needed information and friendly aid when needed. Until every man is released from the hospital and camp. We are pledged to stay on the job. The department that had the heart throbs of the family and sharing with them the sympathies and help-

Raymond Weathers, wife and baby returned to their home in Arlington Wednesday after a visit with their parents Mr. and Mrs. E. N. Weathers and Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Ramsey.

Mrs. V. C. Johns and daughters of Electra returned to their home Saturday after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Leedy Mrs. Johns' parents.

Mesdames and Messrs: J. E. Stokes, I. S. Doak, J. B. Stokes, S. W. Glass and Miss Mable Glass were Lubbock visitors Tuesday.

W. W. Wood and family of Eldorado, Ark., were the guests of R. C. Wood a few days this week. They made the trip overland.

Dr. J. R. Singleton and family returned from Jefferson Tuesday. They made the trip overland and report a pleasant time.

Mrs. White and daughter Miss Ana of Gainesville came in Tuesday to visit her sister Mrs. J. S. Wells.

Harry Harkrider of the U. S. navy came in Wednesday to visit J. J. Nettles and family of Meadow.

Miss Era Small returned from Brownwood Sunday where she has been studying music at Howard Payne College.

Born—to Mr. and Mrs. B. P. Maddox Sunday, August, 17th a boy.

fulness still is needed till the soldier gets fitted back in his community. Allotments, Insurance, Liberty bond, back pay problems still are being worked out your charman Mr. J. E. Stokes tells me that out of the 250 who left from your county are about all home with the exception of the eight who answered the last roll call which only binds us a little closer to their families and the liberties of the nations with whom they fought. The First Aid department is coming into its own slowly and it is very important for us to know more about safety first principles. Accidents snuff out many lives annually. A great number could have been saved to their homes if we knew what to do in a right way the first minutes after an accident occurs. Our doctors are busy people these days and can't always arrive as soon as an accident occurs so some one needs to know the right thing to do at the right time awaiting the arrival of a physician. These classes are being urged for men as well as woman; more accidents happen to men in the street on farm and in industry than to women, but it is urged for both. It is to be studied in the schools so that the children as they grow up will be better equipped than some of us who didn't have the opportunity to get such instruction. These classes must be taught by a physician; This in brief is what our Red Cross is planning, surely something in it is workable for every county in the Southwestern Division.

Lynn County Chapter is to be congratulated on its work during the war days, shall we do less for our own in these the days of peace? Mr. Alfred Fairbank, Division Manager, wrote sometime ago to your county chairman Mr. Stokes to keep the County Chapter organization intact.

By the way something that will be of interest also to your readers in days to come will be the Chapter Histories that are being compiled, recording the activities of the Red Cross Chapter of Lynn county. National Headquarters asks for a copy as does the Division and one to be kept on file in your county.

You have need to be proud of your work and we are hoping that not one foot of ground in Southwestern Division will give way as far as Red Cross goes.

MRS. CLAUDE B. MCCARTNEY.

Mrs. Hughes returned to Sudan Saturday after visiting with her parents Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Crouch west of town, Her sister Miss Velma accompanied her home.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Ketner, son J. E. and Mrs. A. S. Coughran left Monday for Dallas where they go to purchase their fall and winter stock of merchandise.

Mesdames A. M. Carrington and Claudia Wells came in from Clovis, N. M., Saturday in response to a message of the illness of their father G. W. Harrison.

Mesdames J. R. McIntyre and Wylie Fortenberry returned from Amarillo, yesterday where they were guests of Mesdames Oscar Cousins and Mary Smith.

Frank Hendrix arrived from overseas, yesterday having seen two years service there. He made his home here with C. C. Barnes before he volunteered.

Misses Daisy Royalty and Opal Penny of Lubbock are the guests of their aunt Mrs. J. E. Stokes.

W. T. Rayborn of Lubbock, district manager for the Fuller Gin Co, was attending to business here Saturday.

Mrs. B. H. Robinson and son Jack Alley are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Jack Alley of Running Water.

Claude Wells of Seagraves was here this week and accepted a position with the Fuller Gin Co.

## Who Does the Buying For Your Family?

There is someone in your family who has a family responsibility. Food to buy for the table; clothes for the children and grownups; new household utensils, linen, furniture, books and all the hundred little things for which the family income is spent. In most families, one person does the bulk of the buying. And it is that person's job to see that the money is well spent that you all get full value for every cent that goes out. The success of a family depends on wise buying just as the success of a business does. Wise buying means intelligent buying. It is necessary to have knowledge of goods. The best way to get this knowledge is by reading advertisements. They tell you what is new and good. Not only the person who does the buying but every member of the family should read advertisements. It is the duty of all the others to help the one who does the buying by pointing out advertisements of new goods and giving all the information possible as to tastes and styles and values. Advertisements are published for your benefit. Make use of them by reading them.

EXCHANGE.

Misses Edith Weathers, Georgia Mae Hill, Willie Davidson, Grace Cheving, Messrs. Balch, Welch and Lee Wood motored out to Miss Lola Donaldson's Wednesday night. Miss Lorenzo Gibson of Eastland was present. Music, ice cream and watermelon were greatly enjoyed.

J. G. N. Stein, of Pemberville, Ohio, has been prospecting in Lynn county the past week, returned to his home Wednesday. The Lynn County News will keep him posted in regard to all developments.

## Church Notes

### METHODIST CHURCH

Rev. W. E. Lyons, Presiding Elder of the M. E. church, residing at Lubbock, will preach at the Methodist Church Sunday morning. A cordial invitation is extended to all the members and their friends.

Rev. R. F. Dunn.

### BAPTIST CHURCH

There will not be any preaching services at the Baptist Church Sunday morning because of the revival meeting at Three Lakes. But there will be regular services Sunday night. Sunday School beginning promptly at ten o'clock. Sunbeams at Four o'clock.

### Methodist Revival Closes

The Methodist revival meeting came to a class Sunday night. The meeting was very successful. Members of the church were imbued with new spiritual strength and no doubt the good done will be reflected in the lives of those who came under the influence of the splendid sermons and songs for many years to come. There were many conversions and twenty members were added to the church.

Mrs. H. H. Hale and daughter of Higgins returned their home yesterday after visiting at the home of Sam Sanford for several days.

Aubury Thomas returned to Eastland Monday after a few days visit with his parents Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Thomas.

Mrs. J. B. Walker and Clinton departed for Aspermont, Saturday to visit her parents Mr. and Mrs. J. M. V. Bullock.

Miss Nora Crouch entertained a number of her friends at her home in the east part of town last night.

Misses Effie and Pearl Marshall of Lamesa are the guests of J. M. Nobles and family west of town.

## The Baptist \$75,000,000 Campaign to Be Carried Out

In the Baptist \$16,000,000 campaign in Texas, the county quota of Lubbock, Hockley, Cochran, Yoakum, Terry, Lynn and Garza counties has been announced as \$75,000.

The \$16,000,000 to be raised by the Baptist of Texas for the five year program of the Southern Baptists \$75,000,000 drive has been apportioned by the campaign directors through the 18 State districts, 120 Texas Baptist associations and counties. Individual church apportionments will be made from the county quotas.

August is being devoted to information, September to Intercession, October to Enlistment, November to Stewardship and actual campaign "Victory Week" November 30th to December 8th.

According to Dr. F. S. Groner, State Campaign Director, the organization is rapidly being completed, and it is thought the full organization will be perfected with the next few weeks. The major portion of the campaign will be conducted through the Baptist Standard, the churches' official organ, and much stress is being placed on greatly enlarging the circulation of this paper. Efforts are being made to place the Baptist Standard in every Baptist home in the State.

The county quotas above announced cover amount to be raised in pledges and subscriptions for the next five years.

### Only Twenty Years Ago

Nobody swatted the fly. Nobody had seen a silo. Nobody wore a wrist watch. Nobody had appendicitis. Nobody wore white shoes. Nobody sprayed orchards. Most young men had "livery bills".

You never heard of a "Tin Lizzie".

Advertisers did not tell the truth.

Farmers came to town for their mail.

The heavens were not full of man-birds.

Nor the seas alive with underwater boats.

The hired girl drew one fifty a week and was happy.

The butcher "threw in" a chunk of liver.

The merchant "threw in" a pair of suspenders with every suit.

Nobody "listened in" on the telephone.

There were no sane Fourth's nor electric meters.

Straw stacks were burned instead of baled.

Publishing a country newspaper was not a business, it was a dueling game.

There were no bolsheviks nor international anarchists.

The safety razor had not introduced the clean-shaven face.

Exchange.

The News Job department received a nice order for stationery this week from Green and Green, Oil and Gas Wells contractors. These gentlemen are at present employed in drilling the well of the Tahoka Oil & Gas Co. south of Tahoka.

W. M. Harris manager of the Western Telephone Co, went to Big Spring yesterday for supplies.

Uncle Jimmy Fleming and son Emmet went to Comanche Monday for a ten days vacation.

Miss Ernestine Burns of Brownwood is the guest of Miss Era Small this week.

Russell and Frank Jones of Lubbock were here Saturday attending to business.

A. B. Rankin of Lubbock was transacting business here this week.

Prof. H. P. Caveness and family are spending today in Lubbock.

## ANDREW CARNEGIE DIES OF PNEUMONIA

DEATH OF NOTED PHILANTHROPIST AND STEEL MAGNATE UNEXPECTED BY FAMILY

Lenox, Mass.—Andrew Carnegie, the world's greatest philanthropist, is dead.

The aged steel baron, whose benefactions totaled more than \$300,000,000 succumbed to bronchial pneumonia at his summer home here Monday morning.

Mrs. Carnegie and John Poynton, a private secretary, were at the bedside when she died.

Carnegie had been seriously ill only since last Friday.

Carnegie, early in his career as a financial leader, expressed the firm conviction that it was sin to die rich. He sought through his countless gifts to avoid this self-designated "sin."

His income was so great, however, that it is believed he was able to make but little impression upon his wealth.

Carnegie had been incapacitated for several years. During the early part of the war, which came as a terrific shock to him, and shattered his ideals, he began to fail rapidly and thereafter appeared very seldom in public.

He flooded America and England with libraries and other institutions. His benefactions extended to practically every civilized country in the world. His writings were translated into eight different languages.

The sum total of Carnegie's benefactions were more than \$300,000,000, which was the size of his fortune in 1913.

The steel baron was life trustee of the Carnegie Corporation of New York, a \$125,000,000 foundation to carry on various works in which he had been engaged.

Andrew Carnegie, philanthropist, was born at Dumfries, Fifeshire, Scotland, Nov. 25, 1835. He came with his family to the United States in 1848, settling in Pittsburgh, and began his business life as a messenger boy.

## GERMAN SOLDIERS ARE OVERPOWERED BY MOB

Secret Strike Movement With Wrecking of Government as Objective Discovered.

Berlin.—Fifty persons were killed during disturbances Saturday near Chemnitz, a railroad station, 38 miles southwest of Dresden.

Troops were overpowered and dispersed by a mob. The soldiers' horses were slaughtered and the flesh distributed to the crowd.

The riots at Chemnitz, due to the shortage of food, did not become serious until Spartan agitators persuaded a mob to storm the railway station. The mob routed the government troops and released several communists from prison.

## JAPANESE ENVOY HID FACT OF SECRET TREATIES

Facts Are Not Known Until the Early Part of Present Year.

Washington.—Viscount Ishii, former Japanese ambassador to the United States, kept from Secretary Lansing the fact that Japan had secret treaties with the allies for division of Chinese territory captured from Germany, Lansing told the senate foreign relations committee in resuming his testimony on the treaty.

Arthur Balfour and Lord Reading also kept silent about Britain's secret treaty with Japan when they were in this country, Lansing said, and he never knew of the secret agreements until February, 1919, after the peace negotiations began in Paris.

## Departmental Fund Bill Items Cut.

Austin, Texas.—Governor Hobby has disposed of the last bill of the recent special session by approving the departmental appropriation measure with three exceptions, thereby vetoing \$31,500. The governor blue pencilled \$11,500 for repairing and painting the capitol dome and \$10,000 each year for traveling expenses for the live stock sanitary commission.

## Allied Documents Stolen in Germany.

Berlin.—Advises received here from Berlin report that trunks belonging to two members of the allied armistice commission in Germany were stolen recently. The trunks contained important documents concerning agreements for the restitution of Belgium and France of machinery that had been removed by the Germans.

## Wounded Soldiers to Get More Pay.

Dallas.—More pay for disabled soldiers attending the vocational training schools has been authorized and will be put into effect immediately at the Dallas district vocational board office. The increase permits the payment to single men of \$80 per month, to men with families of six or more children will receive \$150 per month.

## W. L. Chew to Conduct Census.

Washington.—The census bureau has announced the appointment of William L. Chew of Dallas as supervisor for the fifth congressional district for the taking of the 1920 census.

## Strikers Heeding Wilson's Request.

Washington.—Between 15,000 and 25,000 railroad shopmen unauthorized strikers have returned to work in response to President Wilson's decision that there would be no wage conferences while the men were out.

## RETAIL PROFITEERS GONE AFTER FIRST

ADVERSE PUBLIC SENTIMENT IS ONLY PUNISHMENT SAYS ATTORNEY GENERAL.

Washington.—Attorney General Palmer has started out to ascertain how much of the high cost of living is due to excessive profits by retailers.

In a telegram to all state food administrators who worked with Administrator Hoover during the war, the attorney general has requested the appointment of a fair price committee in each county to investigate what is being charged for retail necessities and if in excess of what the committee considers just, to publish a list of fair prices for the guidance of the public.

This is the "extralegal" means of reaching profiteering which Mr. Palmer recently indicated was under consideration. He has frankly admitted from the start that there was no means to prosecute directly a man guilty of extortion in prices. Retailers who are gouging the ultimate consumer will have to be disciplined by public sentiment, which officials have no doubt is sufficiently alert to the situation now to act vigorously in clear-cut cases. Hoarders, on the other hand, can be reached through the wartime food law or the Sherman act, and Mr. Palmer requested the state food administrators to transmit to him any evidence of hoarding or other violations of the law which they might encounter in their work with the promise that the government's law enforcement machinery would act promptly.

"There is a pressing necessity for the restoration of normal conditions," Mr. Palmer's telegram said, requesting the men who did such effective work during the war to take up the burden again. They were asked to serve without compensation, the attorney general believing that the public service to be performed now is as important as when the country was engaged in hostilities, and that no patriotic citizen would refuse the call to duty.

## CHICAGO STOCKYARDS MEN TO END STRIKE

Removal of Militia Guard is Concession Made to Men to Terminate Strike.

Chicago, Ill.—Striking stockyard workers at a mass meeting have decided to return to work. Withdrawal of the militia from the yards and the deputy sheriffs was satisfactory to the men.

The decision, if adhered to, will remove a serious situation that had promised to become a general strike.

In some quarters it had been believed the union leaders would demand a closed shop with discharge of the 9,000 negroes not members of the union. About 3,000 negroes are said to be members of the unions.

## ROUMANIANS TO YIELD TO ALLIED PRESSURE

They Are Disgruntled and Angry With Entente as Well as Hungarians.

The retirement from Budapest of the Roumanian army, owing to pressure from the entente, is probable, but it will be a sullen withdrawal, boding no good for the future, according to dispatches from the Hungarian capital.

A big national Hungarian army is planned to keep order after the Roumanians leave. This army will consist of six divisions, composed of the already existing Szegedin regiments and volunteers.

## Military Training Opposed by Guards.

Washington.—The national guard association of the United States has launched a fight against the administration bills pending before the committees for military training. A protest was received by Senator Culberson from Adjutant General James A. Herley of Texas who says, "We have just ended a fight to destroy Prussianism and militarism founded upon a like military policy as it is contemplated and would be established by the bill."

## Saving Stamps Sales Showing Increase

Dallas.—Sales of thrift and war savings stamps in the eleventh federal district increased materially this week on account of the designation of Tuesdays and Wednesdays as "Special W. S. Savings Days."

## Aurora Borealis Affects Wire Service.

New York.—Telegraph and telephone communication throughout the United States and Canada was seriously interrupted and in many cases completely stopped Monday by the aurora borealis.

## Seven Persons Burned to Death.

Montreal.—Seven persons were burned to death recently in a fire on a scenic railway at Dominion park, an amusement resort near this city.

## Credit Men Urge Profit Tax Repeal.

New York.—Immediate legislation to do away with consumption taxes on necessities of life is requested in a statement mailed to President Wilson, his cabinet by the National Association of Credit Men.

## NEW DEMOCRATIC PARTY IS DIVIDED

BAILEY CROWD OUTLINES PRINCIPLES—FERGUSON MEETING FORMS NEW PARTY.

## TWO PLATFORMS THE SAME

Both Condemn League of Nations and Are Opposed to Prohibition and Woman's Suffrage.

Fort Worth, Texas.—A new political party of state application and national ambition, styled the "American Party of Texas" was launched at the "Ferguson meeting."

A reaffirmation of democratic principles was made by another assemblage, popularly described as the "Bailey meeting."

It is yet to be determined whether the latter movement will continue within or without the democratic party as at present constituted. Each of the meetings adopted platforms which, in effect, parallel each other upon most points.

The "American Party" is the new name for the so-called "People's Democratic Party," projected by Clyde Essex of Cleburne, former Governor Ferguson and others.

Many of Mr. Bailey's friends declined after reaching Fort Worth, to go into the meeting of that new party. Therefore the so-called "Bailey meeting" was arranged.

Although couched in different language, the two platforms are in effect the same on these points:

Demand of state's rights. Opposition to national prohibition and national woman's suffrage.

Demand that no constitutional amendment be adopted save by direct vote of the people.

Opposition to the league of nations. Opposition to the mingling of church and state.

Opposition to government ownership of railroads.

Opposition to governmental extravagance and increased taxation.

The "Bailey principles" also denounce the "growing tendency to regulate everything by law," express opposition both to socialism and to monopoly, declare for free speech and oppose class legislation and class domination.

The American party platform also demands liberal pensions for former soldiers and political preference for former soldiers, opposition to price fixing trusts, with especial reference to food-stuffs, a demand that labor "receive its just reward and a living wage," and capital "just protection and treatment," a demand that more liberal loans be made possible under the federal farm loan act.

## HENRY FORD AWARDED SIX CENTS IN LABEL SUIT

Attorneys for Both Sides of Case Hail Verdict as a Victory.

Mount Clemens, Mich.—A jury has awarded Henry Ford 6c damages against the Chicago Tribune for calling him an anarchist.

Orvy Hulet, foreman of the jury, said that they took "nine ballots that I can remember." The first one, according to Leonard Measel, another juror, stood eight to four in favor of awarding Mr. Ford some damages.

Attorney Alfred J. Murphy for Mr. Ford said: "The important issue in this case has been determined favorably to the plaintiff. He has been vindicated."

"Money damages were entirely subordinate and were not sought by Mr. Ford. He stands not only vindicated, but his attitude as an American citizen has been justified after a trial which raised every issue against him which ingenuity and research could present. His friends are entirely satisfied."

Weymouth Kirkland of counsel for the Tribune, said: "We consider it a victory for the reason that Attorney Alfred Lucking, in closing for Mr. Ford, stated that anything less than substantial damages would be a defeat for his client."

## RAILWAY SHOPMEN'S STRIKE HAS BEEN DECLARED OFF

Men Will Return to Work at Once Chicago Meeting Decides.

Chicago, Ill.—The railway shopmen's strike is off and the men will return to work at once. This is the decision of representatives of the strikers from widely scattered points throughout the country.

The decision to return to work and the passage of the resolution wound up a stormy meeting. There was a strong radical element, which it was said, very nearly dominated the session at times.

## Treasury Receives \$200,000.

Austin, Texas.—John W. Baker, state treasurer, is receiving on an average of \$200,000 weekly in currency from the Federal Reserve bank at Dallas, under the new depository law.

## Three Children Killed by Airplane.

Baltimore, Md.—Three children were killed in Patterson park when an airplane of the eighty-eighth aero squadron, crashed into a fence behind which were several hundred spectators.

## PLUMB SAYS MUCH WATER IN RAIL STOCKS

\$450,414,000 IN STOCK GIVEN AWAY BY 18 ROADS IN TEN YEARS AS BONUSES.

Washington.—The railroad brotherhoods, through their counsel, Glenn E. Plumb, has laid before the house interstate commerce committee their charges of corruption of the management of railroads under private control. The charges are that many of the great railway systems have been plundered systematically by the financial interests and that the railroads illegally held millions of acres of public lands.

Eighteen representative railroads of the country, the brotherhood attorney asserted, issued stock aggregating \$450,414,000 between 1900 and 1910 as bonuses and paid millions of dollars in dividends on these bonuses. These same railroads, he further charged, were "controlled in whole or in part by the Morgan interests, the Rockefeller interests and the Gould interests."

Coupled with the charges which came just before the house committee closed its hearings on organized labor's bill for elimination of private capital from railroad ownership was the demand of Mr. Plumb that congress make a thorough investigation of the matter so that "the American people may know to what extent it is sought to subject them to exploitation," under the other plans proposed for future disposition of the railroads.

There was no intimation as to what course the committee might take in regard to the requests for an investigation. Chairman Esch, in half a dozen questions, indicated that to go into the charges would be like traveling over old ground, as they had been threshed out long ago. Plumb told the committee that he either had the evidence to support every charge or knew where it could be obtained.

## WHEAT STANDARD CHANGE DEMANDED BY COMMITTEE

Senators in Statement Say Farmers Not Getting Fair Deal.

Washington.—Demand for a change in wheat standards which are "defrauding the farmers" was made by the senate agricultural committee in a statement signed by a majority of the committee, including democrats and republicans.

The committee action is the result of a protest from farmers throughout the United States, who fear they will suffer heavy losses this year.

While approving efforts to reduce the cost of living, the committee explained that the farmers' interests must be safeguarded.

Hundreds of millions of bushels of wheat have been shiveled by heat this season, it was stated, and under present grading rules can not sell for more than \$1.50 a bushel. Millers, however, plan to gather up this grain and make it into high-grade flour to sell at prices ahead of No. 1 wheat, the statement said.

## INTERSTATE OIL CONCERN TO TEST TAX ON RECEIPTS

Three Federal Judges to Meet in Dallas Sept. 10 to Try Sonneborn Suit.

Austin, Texas.—The attorney general has been advised that the court of three federal judges will be at Dallas on Sept. 10 to call the case of Sonneborn Bros. vs. Cureton, attorney general, and Terrell, comptroller, wherein plaintiffs are attacking the validity of the Texas law taxing gross receipts, particularly as applied to dealers in wholesale oil and petroleum by-products.

The concern up to the filing of the suit had incurred \$37,000 penalties and \$17,000 in taxes.

It is the contention of the plaintiffs that since they are engaged in interstate business, the state law taxes interstate commerce and is, therefore, void.

## Former Texan Resigns Presidency.

Dallas.—J. M. Davis, New York manager of the properties of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad system, has resigned his position, effective Sept. 1, to become president of the Rockhill Iron & Coal company and associated corporations, according to information reaching Dallas. Mr. Davis was formerly vice president of the Baltimore & Ohio line, and at one time resided in Palestine, Texas. He is one of a number of former Texas men to be given a position of responsibility with some big concern of the east.

## Michaelis Denies Charge.

Berlin.—Dr. George Michaelis, former imperial chancellor, has sent to German newspapers a statement declaring he did not refuse to negotiate with England through Pope Benedict in 1917 as has been alleged by Premier Bauer in recently published statements.

## Judge Burkett of Eastland Resigns.

Abilene, Texas.—District Judge Joe Burkett of Eastland has resigned as judge of the eighty-eighth district court, effective Sept. 1. He desires to enter private practice, it is said.

## Asks Use of Secret Service.

Washington.—President Wilson has asked congress for authority to use the secret service in running down profiteers and food hoarders and for an appropriation of \$175,000 for the work.

## Texas News

Carloads of Mexican laborers are being brought into Nueces County to relieve the labor shortage.

Ships entering Galveston harbor in foreign trade in the month of July were larger than those entering the month previous, as shown by the fact that total tonnage clearing from the port in July was 129,450, an increase of 20,453 over the month of June.

Lieutenant Cook, piloting a big De Havilland plane on scouting duty near McAllen, Texas, Friday, made a perfect forced landing over a fifteen-mile glide from an altitude of 3,000 feet. Engine trouble forced him down.

The semi-annual convention of the county judges and commissioners association of Texas at its convention in Galveston last week went on record as favoring the abolition of the office of county treasurer on the ground that this office was an unnecessary expense to the county.

Hubert A. Stevens, engineer of Corpus Christi, was selected to supervise the building of a network of highways to be constructed in Nueces County with the proceeds of the \$2,000,000 bond issue, recently voted for that purpose at the regular meeting of the county commissioners court last week.

The movement of cattle from Colorado, Wyoming and other Northwest drouth states to West Texas is expected to reach fully 200,000 head. Most of these cattle will come under contract for pasturage; but the Texans are endeavoring to purchase stockers for the range to replace those which were marketed during the three years' drouth.

Reports received by E. B. Spiller, secretary of the Texas Cattle Raisers' Association, indicate that the range throughout the cattle country of Texas is in excellent condition, although slightly dry in spots. Numerous cattle have been shipped during the past week, principally to the packing plants. Cattle as a whole are in good flesh, with plenty of grass and water and good feed crops in sight.

A uniform scale of \$1.25 a hundred for picking cotton was recommended as the price to be paid by farmers of South Texas at the meeting of the South Texas Cotton Growers' Association held at Corpus Christi recently to discuss the problem of gathering the 1919 cotton crop. The meeting was attended by more than 500 farmers of the fifteen counties comprising the district, representing a production of over a half million bales.

The geological survey at Washington will send an expert to the Texas Panhandle to make an investigation of what are locally known as the salt lakes in Linn, Terry and Gaines Counties, as a result of a request filed recently by Representative Marvin Jones and owners of the properties. The lakes are said to possess 20 per cent potash, a commodity now greatly in demand for fertilizing purposes, as well as other products of the saline order.

The attorney general of Texas Friday advised the county attorney at Midland that a girl 18 years of age is incompetent, by reason of being a minor, to hold the office of county clerk. It was pointed out that before entering upon duties of the office of county clerk a bond must be given, with two or more good and sufficient sureties to be approved by the commissioners court of the county, and that a girl 18 years of age could not make such a bond.

R. H. Hoffman, food and drug commissioner, is in a quandary as to the disposition of a number of volumes of a \$3000 chemist's library owned by the State of Texas for the use of the food and drug department. These volumes contain innumerable formulas for making various kinds of intoxicating liquors and chemical combinations which will produce alcohol. The Dean law, which becomes effective Oct. 21, says the possession of formulas for making intoxicating liquors is a penitentiary offense.

The present indications are that Orange County will furnish the city of Port Arthur with her entire water supply, as city officials of Orange are negotiating the purchase of a large tract of land on which they propose to drill a number of artesian wells and to lay a large pipe line to the city of Port Arthur across the Neches River about twelve miles long. At present a system of artesian wells on the proposed tract of land is furnishing water for the Texas Company at Port Arthur.

Napoleon's Temper. Defeat was so distasteful to Napoleon that, so it is recorded, when he found an opponent at chess getting the better of him he would with a quick movement sweep board and pieces off the table to the ground.

Electric Shotgun. A patent has been granted for an electric shotgun in which sparks discharge cartridges that may be filled with an explosive gas or liquid as well as powder.

## POULTRY

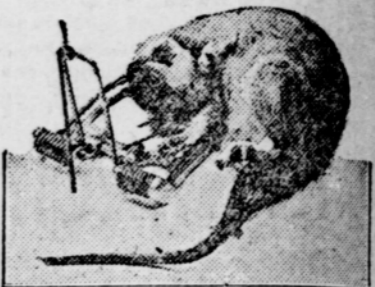
### KEEP RATS AWAY FROM HENS

Rodents Destroy Feed, Eggs and Fowls and Are Invertebrate Enemies to All Poultry.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Every poultryman should be on guard continually against rats. They destroy feed, eggs and fowls, and are invertebrate enemies to all kinds of poultry, from chicks, squabs, ducklings and young turkeys just out of the shell to tough old birds awaiting the hatchet at the close of a long and noisy career. Although most of their depredations are confined to eggs and young birds, when driven by hunger rats kill full-grown fowls at roost, biting them through the head or neck.

Complaints about rats have come to the United States biological survey, department of agriculture, from many



A Dead Rat Can't Get Chickens—Use a Trap.

quarters. For example, a farmer in Virginia reported 26 turkeys killed by these pests in a night. Another, in Kansas, lost between 200 and 300 chickens and many eggs by rats during the course of one summer. His neighbors had similar experiences. From New Jersey has come a report of rats killing young ducks. An Ohioan has complained that the animals burrow beneath his coops and take chicks from under the hen. In certain neighborhoods of Massachusetts half a season's hatch of chickens and ducklings have been killed by rats.

Rats multiply rapidly when left undisturbed, where there is plenty to eat. One pair may increase to more than 2,000 in a single year. Whoever allows his property to become overrun by them invites vexation and loss.

### MIXTURE FOR LITTLE CHICKS

Give Equal Parts of Hard-Boiled Egg and Rolled Oats or Stale Bread Soaked in Milk.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

For the first three days chicks may be fed a mixture of equal parts of hard-boiled eggs and rolled oats or stale bread, or stale bread soaked in milk. When bread and milk are used care should be taken to squeeze all the milk out of the bread. From the third or fourth day commercial chick feed may be fed until the chicks are old enough to eat wheat screenings or cracked corn.

### PLAN FOR MARKETING EGGS

Brown and White Shells Should Be Placed in Separate Packages—Keep All Culls.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Market white-shelled and brown-shelled eggs in separate packages. Eggs irregular in shape, those which are unusually long or thin-shelled, or which have shells otherwise defective, should be kept by the producer for home use, so that breakage in transit may be reduced as much as possible.

### DOULTRY NOTES

All males except those needed for breeding purposes, should be got rid of as soon as possible.

One of the best inside linings for poultry houses is tar paper, tacked on smoothly. Mites do not bother it.

It is said that farmers lose millions of dollars annually on account of poor methods of producing and handling eggs.

Be a crank about cleanliness, mites, lice and disease in your poultry yard and see if it doesn't pay a big dividend.

Diseases of poultry are frequently transmitted through the drinking water; the drinking fountain should be cleaned daily.

Chicks on good range get practically all they need in the way of minerals salts through the fresh vegetables, but ranges are often overgrazed.

Help save eggs by keeping the nest clean and free from lice. Gather eggs twice daily, keep them in a cool dry room or cellar, and market twice a week.

Little chickens are often bothered with the large gray-head lice. They may be destroyed by greasing the head and throat with lard or vasoline and using a louse powder elsewhere.

# WOLVES of the SEA

By RANDALL PARRISH

CHAPTER XXIII—Continued.

It was as though my brain snapped back into ascendancy. I was no longer a raging fury, mad with the desire to kill, but cool-headed, planning escape. Before a hand could reach me in restraint, I sprang backward and ran. I stumbled up the stairs leading to the companion. The vague glimmer of daylight showing through the glass, revealed the presence of Watkins. I heard him dash the door wide open, call to those on deck, and then saw him wheel about to again confront the devils plunging blindly forward toward us through the dark cabin. We could hold them for a time at least, yet I had the sense to know that this check would prove only temporary. They outnumbered us ten to one, and would arm themselves from the rack. Yet the greater danger lay in the possible disloyalty of my own men. A dozen of us might hold these stairs against assault, but treachery would leave us helpless. If one among them should steal below forward, and force open the door from the forecabin, we would be crushed between two waves of men, and left utterly helpless. I saw the whole situation vividly, and as quickly those the one hope remaining.

"Watkins," I called sharply back over my shoulder. "Get the boats ready and be lively about it. We'll hold these fellows until you report. The two quarterboats will hold us all. Knock out the plugs in the others. See that Miss Fairfax is placed safely in the afterboat, and then stand by. Send me word the moment all is ready."

I had glimpse of the thick fog without as he pushed through the door, and of a scarcely distinguishable group of men on the deck. Those about me could only be located by their restless movements. I stepped down one stair conscious of increasing movement below, the meat cleaver still gripped in my hands.

"Any of you armed with cutlasses?"  
"Oui, m'sieur, Ravel DeLasser."  
"Stand here, to right of me, now another at my left. Who are you?"  
"Jim Carter, sir."

"Good; now strike hard, lads, and you others be ready. The cabin is full of 'em, and it is your life and mine in the balance. If we can get away in this fog they'll never find us, but we've got to hold them here until the boats are ready. I killed their captain, Sanchez. That is where we've still got them, without a leader."  
"But they've got arms?"  
"Only hand weapons," broke in Carter. "There's ball in the handollers, but no powder. I was goin' ter break open a cask, but Estada put me at another job."

"Then that leaves us on even footing, lads, we ought to be equal to them with the cold steel."

CHAPTER XXIV.

In Clasp of the Sea.

The sounds of voices and of moving bodies were plainly discernible, but the darkness was too dense below to permit the eye perceiving what was taking place. The rattle of steel told me some among them had reached the arm rack. There followed the crash of wood as though the butt of a gun had splintered a door panel. Then a voice yelled the babel. My mind gripped the meaning of it all; they had found a leader; they had released Manuel Estevan. Now the real fight was on! I could hear the fellow question those about him, seeking to learn the situation.

"Who have cutlasses? So many! a dozen form with me. Now bullies, they are on the stairs there, and that is the only way to the deck. Now then—to hell with 'em!"

We met them, point to point, our advantage the narrow staircase and the higher position; theirs the faint glimmer of light at our backs. The first rush was reckless and deadly, the infuriated devils not yet realizing what they faced, but counting on force of numbers to crush our defense. Manuel led them yelling encouragement, and sweeping his cutlass, gripped with both hands, in desperate effort to break through. DeLasser caught its point with his blade while my cleaver missing him with its sharp edge, nevertheless dealt the fellow a blow which hurled him back into the arms of the man behind. I saw nothing else in detail, the faint light barely revealing indistinct figures and gleam of steel. It was a pandemonium of blows and yells, strange faces appearing and disappearing, as men leaped desperately at us up the steps, and we beat them remorselessly back. I saw nothing more of Manuel in the fray, but his shrill voice urged on his fellows. It was strike and parry, cut and thrust. Twice I kicked my legs free from hands that gripped me and DeLasser fell, a poke thrust through him. Who took his place I never knew, but

a stout fighter the lad was, wielding his cutlass viciously, so that we held them, with dead men littering every step to the cabin deck.

But they were of a breed trained to such fighting, and the lash of Manuel's tongue drove them into mad recklessness. And there seemed no end of them, sweeping up out of those black shadows, with bearded or lean brown savage faces, charging over the dead bodies, hacking and gouging in vain effort to break through. I struck until my arms ached, until my head reeled, scarcely conscious of physical action, yet aware of Manuel's shouts.

"Now you hell-hounds—now! once more, and you have them. Santa Maria! you've got to go through, bullies—there is no other way to the deck. Rush 'em! That's the way! Here you—go in outside the rail! Broth of hell! Now you have him, Pedro!"

For an instant I believed it true; I saw Jim Carter seized and hurled sideways, his cutlass clashing as it fell, while a dozen hands dragged him headlong into the rack beneath. But it was only an instant. Before the charging devils could pass me, a huge figure filled the vacant space, and the butt of a gun crashed into the mass. It was the Dutchman, Schmitt, fighting like a demon, his strength that of an ox. They gave way in terror before him, and we went down battering our way, until the stairs were clear to the deck, except for the dead under foot. When we stepped, not a fighting man was left within the sweep of our arms. They scurried back into the darkness like so many rats, and we could only stare about blindly, cursing them, as we endeavored to recover breath. Schmitt reared like a wild bull, and would have rushed on, but for my grip on his shirt.

"Get back, men!" I ordered sharply. "There may be fifty of them yonder. Our only chance is the stairs."

We flung the bodies on one side, and formed again from rail to rail. Below us there was noise enough, a babel of angry voices, but no movement of assault.



The First Rush Was Reckless and Deadly.

sault. What they would do next was answered by a blaze of light, revealing the silhouette of a man, engaged in touching flame to a torch of hemp. It flung forth a dull yellow flare, and revealed a scene of horror. Our assailants were massed halfway back. Between us, even ten feet from the stairs, the deck was littered with bodies, ghastly faces staring up, with black stains of blood everywhere. It was Manuel's hand which had kindled the light, and the first creak of his voice told his purpose.

"Now you skulking cowards," he yelled pointing forward, "do you see what you are fighting? There are only five men between you and the deck. To hell with 'em! Come on! I'll show you the way!"

He leaped forward; but it was his last step. I sent the cleaver hurtling through the air. I know not how it struck him, but he went down, his last word a shriek, his arms flung out in vain effort to ward off the blow. Schmitt roared out a Dutch oath, and his gun, sent whirling above me, crashed into the uplifted torch. Again it was black night, through which the eye could perceive nothing. Even the noise ceased, but a hand gripped my shoulder.

"Who are you?"  
"Watkins. The boats are ready. The one forward has pushed off loaded. The afterboat is alongside. There is such a fog, sir, yer can't see two fathoms from the ship. The girl is in the boat, but LeVere ain't. The mate

slipped out o' sight to the top. He's somewhere aboard."

"Never mind him; the fellow can do no harm now. Move back slowly lads. Schmitt and I will be the last ones out."

We closed the companion door as silently as possible and for the moment there was no sound from within to show that our cautious withdrawal had been observed. I stared about, but was able to perceive little beyond the small group awaiting my orders. The fog clung thick and heavy on all sides, and it was impossible for the eye to penetrate to either rail. Fortunately there was no weight of sea running.

"There is nothing more to keep us aboard lads. Stow yourselves away and hang on; I'll wait here until you are all over."

They faded away into the mist, dim spectral figures, and I remained alone, listening anxiously for some hostile sound from below. Satisfied that the lads were safely over the rail and the decks clear, I turned toward the ship's side. As I did so a yell reached my ears from the blackness below—the hounds had found voice.

I ran through the fog in the direction the others had disappeared, and had taken scarcely three steps when I collided against the form of a man, whose presence was not even noticed until we came together. Yet he must have been there expectant and ready, for a quick knife thrust slashed the front of my jacket, bringing a spurt of blood as the blade was jerked back. Even as my fingers gripped the uplifted wrist, ere he could strike the second time, I knew my antagonist. I knew also this was a fight to the death, to be terminated before that unguarded crew below could attain the deck. It was LeVere's life or mine, and in the balance the fate of those others in the waiting boat alongside. The knowledge gave me the strength and the ferocity of a tiger. I ripped the knife from his fingers, and we closed with bare hands, his voice uttering one croaking cry for help as I bore in on his windpipe. He was a snake, a cut, slipping out of my grasp as by some magic. At last I had him against the rail, the weight of us both so hard upon it that the stout wood broke, and we both went over, grappling until we splashed into the water below. The shock loosened my hold; as I fought a way back to the surface I was alone. My strength began to fail, hope left me as I sank deeper and deeper into the remorseless grip of the ocean. I was not afraid; my lips uttered no cry, no prayer—I drifted out into total unconsciousness and went down.

CHAPTER XXV.

The Open Boat.

I came back to a consciousness of pain, unable at once to realize where I was, or feel any true sense of personality. Then slowly I comprehended that I rested in a boat, tossed about by a fairly heavy sea; that it was night and there were stars visible in the sky overhead. I stared at these, vacant of thought, when a figure seemed to lean over me, and I caught the outline of a face, gazing eagerly down into my own. Instantly memory came back in a flash—this was not death, but life; I was in a boat with her. I could not move my hands, and my voice was but a hoarse whisper.

"Miss Fairfax—Dorothy!"  
"Yes—yes," I replied. "It is all right, but you must lie still. Watkins, Captain Carlyle is conscious. What shall I do?"

He must have been behind us at the steering oar, for his gruff, kindly voice sounded very close.

"Yer might lift him up, miss," he said soberly. "He'll breathe better. How's that, Captain?"

"Much easier," I managed to breathe. "I guess I am all right now. You fished me out?"

"Sam did. He got a boat hook in your collar. We cast off when yer went overboard, and cruised about in the fog hunting for 'er. Who was yer was fightin' with, sir?"

"LeVere."  
"That's what I told the mate. He's a gonner, I reckon?"

"I never saw him after we sank. Are all the men here?"

"All but those in the forward boat, sir. They got away first, an' we ain't had no sight o' 'em since. Maybe we will when it gets daylight. Harwood's in charge. I give him a compass, an' told him ter steer west. Was that right?"

"All I could have told him, I haven't had an observation, and it is all guess work. I know the American coast lies to that direction, but that is about all. I couldn't tell if it be a hundred, or a hundred and fifty miles away. Must have been in bad shape when you pulled me in?"

"We thought you was gone, sir. You was bleedin' some, too, but only flesh wounds. The young lady she just wouldn't let yer die. She worked over yer for two or three hours, sit over I hed any hope."

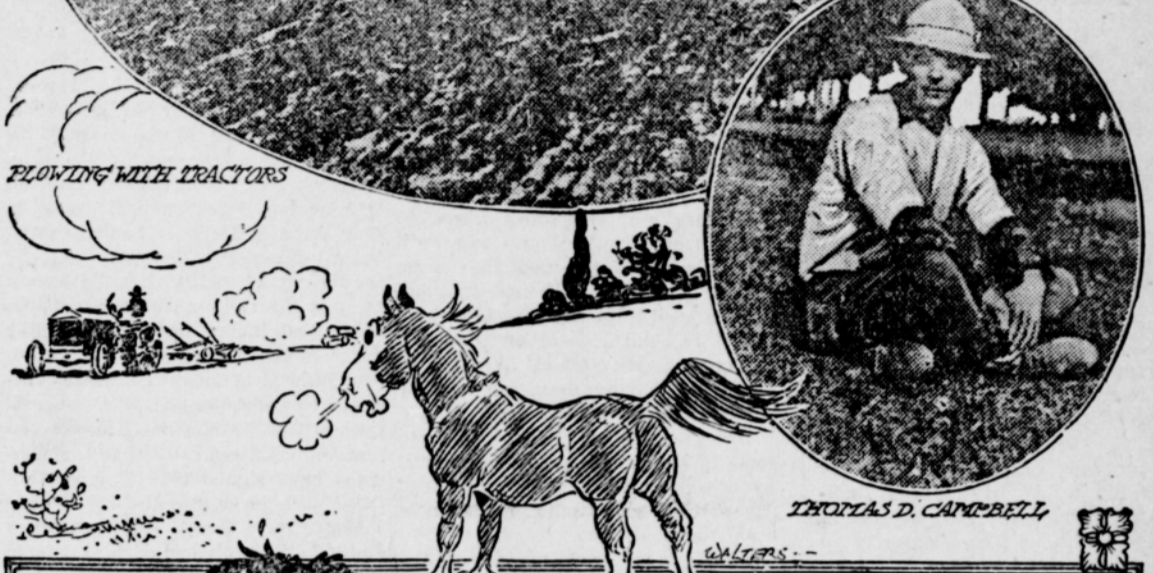
Her eyes were downcast and her face turned away, but I reached out my hand and clasped her fingers. The mystery of the night and ocean was in her motionless posture. Only as her hand gently pressed mine did I gain courage, with a knowledge that she recognized and welcomed my presence.

"Watkins says I owe my life to you," I said, so low the words were scarcely audible above the dash of water alongside. "It will make that life more valuable than ever before."  
(TO BE CONTINUED.)

French photographers have developed a process for treating negatives by which the effect of stereoscopic relief is produced in pictures.

# 200,000 ACRE WHEAT FARM WITHOUT A HORSE

By Robert H. Moulton



BREAKING SOIL ON THE 200,000 ACRE FARM

**F**ARMING 200,000 acres is certainly a man's-size job. But doing it without the use of a single horse is something else again. Yet, preposterous as it may sound, this feat is actually being performed by a Montana man, Thomas D. Campbell.

This huge farm, probably the largest in the world, is a direct result of the government's efforts to stimulate the growing of wheat during the last two years. The farm is devoted entirely to wheat, and if it produces somewhere around the country's average of 28 bushels per acre, which is practically certain, it will add approximately 5,650,000 bushels to the 1917 wheat crop. At the government's guaranteed price of \$2.25 cents a bushel, this represents the tidy sum of \$12,650,000. Of course all this will not be net profit. But there should be enough left, after all expenses are paid, to make the venture worth while.

Thomas D. Campbell is the man who conceived the idea of the world's largest wheat farm, or any other sort of farm, for that matter. Originally of Grand Forks, more recently of Los Angeles, Cal., and now a resident of the Crow Indian reservation in Montana, where he stands an excellent chance of being elected chief of the Crows. Mr. Campbell has astonished the wheat growers of the country, as well as a lot of other people, by the vastness of the enterprise under his management.

It was during the summer of 1917 that Campbell first thought of raising wheat on a large scale on unused Indian lands, and wrote to the Indian bureau at Washington, outlining his plans and asking how to proceed to lease some of the tracts. He was courteously informed by sundry obscure clerks in the department that it couldn't be done. They cited certain rules and regulations and laws to prove their assertions.

This had the same effect on Mr. Campbell that a red rag does on a bull. The word "impossible" only makes him the more determined to do what he sets out to do. So he decided to try the men higher up and the result was a long telegram to President Wilson. Almost immediately came back a reply saying that the president was much interested in the project and had referred it to Secretary Lane of the interior department, who would give the matter his personal attention.

The upshot of the matter was that a week or two later Mr. Campbell was in the presence of the secretary of the interior. The first thing the secretary asked him was what kind of a contract he wanted.

"Any kind," was the reply, "just so I get a chance to raise a lot of wheat."

"What do you want for yourself?" asked the secretary.

"Nothing," Campbell replied. "I am willing to enroll with the dollar-a-year men if the government finances the project, and if I finance it myself all I want is a chance to break even."

That certainly made a hit with the secretary. He saw that he was dealing with a real man, so he asked him why he didn't make it 200,000 acres instead of the 20,000 he had asked for and added:

"Could you handle that many acres?"

"Certainly," replied Mr. Campbell. "Only it will require more capital than I had figured on."

Secretary Lane said he thought that could be arranged and told Mr. Campbell to go ahead and draw a contract. The contract was drawn and in due time bore the signature of Secretary Lane, all the bureau chiefs and Mr. Campbell. The Indians, of course, were well taken care of under the terms of the contract. They will receive one-tenth of the crop during the first five years and one-fifth of the crop during the second five-year period at the end of which time the lease expires.

The next step was to finance the project, so Mr. Campbell hurried to New York, presented himself at the offices of J. P. Morgan & Co. and sent in word that Secretary Lane had asked him to call on a matter of business. Whether Mr. Morgan had received advance information of Mr. Campbell's coming or not is unimportant. The fact remains that he was immediately invited in.

Mr. Morgan listened while Mr. Campbell told his story. At the end of the story Mr. Morgan asked how much money would be required.

"Five million dollars," replied Mr. Campbell without batting an eye.

"Very well," said Mr. Morgan, "you may have it. And if that isn't enough, as much more will be available."

And so the 200,000-acre wheat farm came into existence, with Mr. Campbell as president of the Montana Wheat Farming corporation and general manager of the whole project.

But about the absence of horses from the farm.

All of the work is being done with

tractors. Last fall, when the first ground was broken, there were fifty monster machines at work tearing up the prairie sod. This spring others were at work. They plowed on the average one acre a minute for the working time. A record was made on one day of 1,880 acres turned and broken. All the seeding, harvesting, etc., was also done by tractors, and then, of course, there are the thrashing machines. Hence the absolute uselessness of horses about this place.

One of the first problems Mr. Campbell had to solve was the number of various kinds of machines that would be required to do the work on the entire farm. He solved this by dividing the farm into units of 5,000 acres and then allowing a certain period for each operation—such as plowing, harrowing, seeding, cutting, thrashing—on each unit.

The 5,000-acre unit also has another use. Mr. Campbell, as active as he is, couldn't reasonably be expected to personally oversee work on 200,000 acres of land throughout the season. So each unit is put in charge of a competent farm manager, with a general foreman and a crew of men. Each unit also has its group of permanent and modernly-equipped buildings. It is a gigantic proposition any way you take it.

## WHY DESTROY YOUR FRIENDS?

Agriculturists Make Tremendous Mistake When They Wage War on Certain Types of Birds.

In the suburbs of one of our cities recently a man was arrested for shooting 83 robins and two cedar wax wings. When we consider that each year the people of the United States pay a toll of one billion dollars to insects, the reason for protecting our native birds is apparent.

Some birds' food almost entirely on the seeds of weeds, others on field mice and others on small rodents. Hawks and owls are considered outlaws, and the average citizen wants to shoot them if he can. It has been estimated that each hawk or owl kills on an average a thousand mice a year.

A recent examination of the stomach of a cedar wax wing (cherry bird) revealed 100 canker worms. In the stomach of a scarlet tanager were found 690 gypsy moth caterpillars. With the continued wanton destruction of native birds, successful agriculture would become impossible and the destruction of the greater part of food vegetation would follow.—Thrifty Magazine.

## Rubber-Seed Oil.

The report of the Federated Malay States agricultural department tells of the method of manufacture of rubber-seed oil, with a view to putting it on a commercial basis. It would seem from the report that this high-grade oil requires hardly any refining, is obtained from a waste product available in great quantity, easy to collect, transport and store and easy to crush. As far as can be foreseen, rubber-seed oil will soon occupy a place but little inferior to linseed oil.—Journal Ind. and Eng. Chem.

## More Acres Tilled Last Year

When this country entered the war Uncle Sam called for an increased production of food, urging the farmers of the country to plant every available acre. The food producers of the nation responded by planting over 11,000,000 acres more than had been planted during the year previous. The acreage of all crops during 1918, according to figures just tabulated by the bureau of crop estimates, United

States department of agriculture, was 367,738,000, as compared to 356,341,000 acres planted in 1917 and 344,793,000 acres planted in 1916. These figures are based on the acreages of corn, wheat, oats, barley, rye, buckwheat, potatoes, sweet potatoes, tobacco, flax, rice, hay, cotton, peanuts, kafir, beans, broom corn, hops and cranberries, which crops comprised 96.6 per cent of all crops in this country in 1909.

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TAHOKA, TEXAS

## Lynn County News

R. B. HAYNES, Mgr.

Published Every Friday by THE NEWS PRINTING COMPANY

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### OPPORTUNITIES

It seems to be characteristic of the human mind that to the average individual, far-away fields look much greener and more promising than those near at hand.

We are all familiar with the story of the man who set out from his humble cabin to seek his fortune, and who after wandering for years, came back to find that the location he had deserted had made millions in oil for those who came after him.

Not long since a friend of mine visited a village of some five hundred people. While sitting in the barber chair, that functionary entertained him by telling of different individuals who had gone away to find fame and wealth. The majority had found disappointment instead, and of the entire number no one had become possessed of large means. At this juncture an elderly man got out of the chair opposite, paid the amount due, and passed out of the front

door.

"I tell you what," continued the barber, "that man stayed at home and made good. He wasn't a very brilliant scholar in school as a little chap, so people say, nor did he seem to have any great talent or ability, but he opened a store here and has done business for many years. Today he is worth anywhere from \$300,000 to \$500,000. Come to think of it, he has made far more money than any of the chaps who went away to get rich."

It is true that one man will succeed in business where another will fail. The first one will be honest, and perhaps exceedingly industrious, yet for some reason or other none of his efforts will seem to count to good purpose. Another man will come along and will take the same outlay, not work half as hard, and make a good thing out of it in a short time. It is all a case of realizing the opportunities which lie close at hand, and having executive ability enough to turn these to account.

One man will wait for trade to come to him; another will go after it by wisely-prepared and well-placed advertising and suitable business promotion methods.

One man will have no idea of the buying capacity of the people in his area; another in the same circumstances will have all the facts and statistics likely to be helpful to him as to population, total pay rolls, classes of buyers, etc., carefully tabulated.

One man will take a great deal for granted, another will test every new proposition carefully, and will safeguard himself at every point. He will never take a rough estimate or a chance, nor will he do business on a guess. He will know even if it takes time and money to find out—Am. Stationer.

### THOUSANDS QUIT TEACHING PROFESSION IN TEXAS

The publicity committee of the Texas State Teachers' Association has received numerous replies to letters sent out to city and county superintendents over the State which indicate that the school situation in Texas is in a most precarious condition. These replies show that in the cities there is a loss of thirty-four per cent of the men and twenty per cent of the best woman teachers in the schools. They also show an average of only one-fifth of the qualified male and only one-third of the qualified female applicants as in former years.

Of the teachers lost, seventy per cent are among the better teachers.

Texas schools have lost at least four thousand five hundred women and twelve hundred men of the better type during the past year and there are now four thousand vacancies that must be filled with untrained and inexperienced teachers. Superintendents report that they are unable to get trained teachers, but are compelled to employ almost any kind of teachers available.

With such facts staring us in the face, we naturally ask, what is to become of the schools? Never before has the welfare of our country been so dependent upon the schools as it is today and never before were the schools less prepared to assume the serious responsibilities placed upon them. Unless the salaries of teachers are doubled within a very short time the school situation in the country, and especially in this state, is going to be a tragedy. Unless the friends of education who have the power and influence awake to the emergency of the situation, the schools will lose more in the next two years than they have gained in the past twenty-five.

Legislators, school boards, and the general public must find a way to pay teachers better salaries so as to attract to the profession the best talent in the land. They must rally to the support of the schools, realizing that they are the bulwark of our democracy, the hope of our civilization, and that whatever they cost, we cannot afford not to have the best.

### IS THE TREATY ANOTHER "SCRAP OF PAPER"?

Whether Germany believes she has another "scrap of paper" in the Versailles Treaty is the question agitating some observers who consider Germany the "faithless among the nations." Their suspicion is confirmed, we are told, by the fact that certain Allied leaders have found it necessary to assure the world that, if necessary, Germany will be "forced" to fulfill the terms of her agreement. Bluntly skeptical is the Journal de Liege, which avers that "it is obvious Germany signs with no intention of keeping her word," and it suggests that perhaps Germany "adds a new 'scrap of paper' to her collection" in the Treaty of 1919. Equally downright is the criticism of a newspaper in neutral Spain, the Madrid Sol, which issues the warning that "all is over only in a theoretical sense, because Germany signed with mental reservations," while the Brussels Nation remarks cynically that the Germans have signed the Treaty, but they "will never execute it," as they consider the Treaty "a peace of dupes." The Madrid Figaro adopts the explanation that Germany "accepted the terms, not because she believed herself vanquished, but because she feared that her people would lose all spirit of law and order." How well founded suspicion of Germany is may be partly judged from the observation of certain sullen German newspapers, among which is the Berlin Kreuzzeitung, which laments that the destiny of Germany is "sealed for a long time," and adds surlily that "our enemies have sown the seed of hate and we shall cultivate that sowing until the day comes when our people are strong enough to break the shackles of dishonor." Again the Berlin Vorwarts remarks: "We are the victims of force, but we may issue a word of warning to those who imagine that force shall always be possess solely by those folk at Paris who are now swollen with success. Let us have no lamentations, no despair, and let us not lose either courage or hope. The day of resurrection will surely come and the shame that has been inflicted upon us will revert on that day to those who are its author."

A cynical note sounds in the verdict of the Vienna Zeit, which says: "It is an evil peace, but it is peace. History is no longer made exclusively around a table covered with green baize, and the inevitable development of history will upset the most beautiful treaty ever drawn. But also among the Vienna press we find the Wiener Journal pitying the Anglo-Saxon race because its chief representatives, Premier Lloyd George and President Wilson, allowed themselves to be "subjected to the fanatical hatred of Premier Clemenceau," and it calls this a "shame without parallel." This journal proceeds: "There is no precedent for the basis of crime on which the peace is built. The death of France has been hastened by this dreadful war, and her feeling of fatal decadence explains in part the hysteria that governed her dictation of the peace."

The Vienna Neue Freie Presse joins in sympathy for Premier Lloyd George and President Wilson, as it lays all the blame for the Treaty on Mr. Clemenceau. Thus it observes: "This Treaty is a transcript of madness—the work of a decrepit old man, who is a slave to his memories and his dreams of vengeance. Lloyd George suffered it to pass because his plans for British world-dominion are safeguarded, and President Wilson was simply incapable of meeting the European situation."

"The National Assembly has drained the chalice of sorrow to the last dregs. No suffering will be spared the German people. At least, let it be hoped that through the peace all our internal discord will be ended."

The Berlin Deutsche Tageszeitung advises the people that now the peace is signed "the national ideal must grow and develop each day, and we must never tire of exhorting those who think as good Germans to stick together and work." But—to quote another harsh remark from Spain—the Madrid El Pais says:

"The German Republic, suspected of Kaiserism because of its personal of spurious revolutionaries, and because of its incessant machinations, was obliged to submit. It deserves to disappear in the night of history as the German Fleet has disappeared in the waters of Scapa Flow."—Literary Digest.



18 cents a package

Camels are sold everywhere in scientifically sealed packages of 20 cigarettes, or ten packages (200 cigarettes) in a glassine-paper-covered carton. We strongly recommend this carton for the home or office supply, or when you travel.

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO COMPANY  
Winston-Salem, N. C.

CAMELS' expert blend of choice Turkish and choice Domestic tobaccos answers every cigarette desire you ever had! Camels give such universal delight, such unusual enjoyment and satisfaction you'll call them a cigarette revelation!

If you'd like a cigarette that does not leave any unpleasant cigarette aftertaste or unpleasant cigarette odor, smoke Camels! If you hunger for a rich, mellow-mild cigarette that has all that desirable cigarette "body"—well, you get some Camels as quickly as you can!

Camels' expert blend makes all this delightful quality possible. Your personal test will prove that Camel Cigarettes are the only cigarettes you ever smoked that just seem made to meet your taste! You will prefer them to either kind of tobacco smoked straight!

Compare Camels for quality and satisfaction with any cigarette in the world at any price!

# Cigarettes

### TERRELL FINDS DISCREPANCY IN OIL PRODUCTION REPORTS

Austin, Texas, Aug. 15.—Comptroller H. B. Terrell is much concerned over the newspaper reports of oil production in Texas fields as compared to the sworn reports of production made to his department and on which the State receives a tax of 1-1/2 per cent of its gross value.

Mr. Terrell says that the statistics published in the public prints show a much larger production than is reported to the Comptroller and that if the newspapers' figures are correct the State is losing a large amount of tax. Because of this discrepancy Mr. Terrell will have his examiners make a thorough study of the oil production to the end that the State collects the tax due it.

For the quarter ending June 30 the sworn reports to the Comptroller show the production in Texas, in round figures, was \$31,255,000. This would be about \$120,000,000 for the year. Mr. Terrell says that the published reports rather indicate a total of \$200,000,000 in oil produced in Texas during the year. He is unable to account for the difference in the sworn reports on which taxes are paid and the statistics furnished by oil field statisticians.

In every home where there is a baby there should also be a bottle of McGEES BABY ELIXIR. It may be needed at any time to correct sour stomach, wind colic, diarrhoea or summer complaint. It is a wholesome remedy, contains no opium, morphine, or injurious drug of any kind. Sold by Thomas rBos.

### 535-POUND HOG SOLD AT PLAINVIEW AT 20c POUND

Plainview, Hale Co., Texas, Aug. 10.—J. A. Line, of the Ellen community recently sold a hog to W. A. Watson & Son for \$107. The hog weighed 535 pounds and brought 20c a pound.

Mr. Watson says that he has been in the hog business for a number of years and has bought tens of thousands of hogs on the Plainview market, but never before paid that much for a meat hog.

The United States Government has warned Carranza that the murders and outrages against Americans in Mexico must cease or else the policy of the U. S. in dealing with Mexico may take on a radical change.

### Building Material and Building Experience

We have on hand a fine stock of building material at our yard, and we have had years experience in the building business and if we can be of any assistance to you in planning or figuring the cost of material in your new home, we will be glad to aid you.

Building material for all kinds of buildings, Fences and Windmills. See us for prices.

**A. G. McAdams Lbr. Co.**  
SERVICE—QUALITY AND PRICE  
TAHOKA, TEXAS

### The Man With a Bin Full of Coal

The man with a bin full of coal now will be the wise guy this winter, for we are told by authority in the coal line that there will be uncertainties about the supply later in the season. Buy now.

**Edwards Brothers**  
COAL AND GRAIN  
TAHOKA, TEXAS

### Tires That Stand Up---

We have a large assortment of those GOOD FEDERAL TIRES, the Tires that "standup," and are used by thousands of auto owners, to their entire satisfaction.

Your battery and repair work will receive prompt attention by us at any time.

**HOWELLS GARAGE**  
General repair workers and battery doctors

Try an "Ad" in the News for Results

## Health About Gone

Many thousands of women suffering from womanly trouble, have been benefited by the use of Cardui, the woman's tonic, according to letters we receive, similar to this one from Mrs. Z. V. Spell, of Hayne, N. C. "I could not stand on my feet, and just suffered terribly," she says. "As my suffering was so great, and he had tried other remedies, Dr. — had us get Cardui. . . I began improving, and it cured me. I know, and my doctor knows, what Cardui did for me, for my nerves and health were about gone."

TAKE

# CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

She writes further: "I am in splendid health . . . can do my work. I feel I owe it to Cardui, for I was in dreadful condition." If you are nervous, run-down and weak, or suffer from headache, backache, etc., every month, try Cardui. Thousands of women praise this medicine for the good it has done them, and many physicians who have used Cardui successfully with their women patients, for years, endorse this medicine. Think what it means to be in splendid health, like Mrs. Spell. Give Cardui a trial.

All Druggists

J 72

### Lonliness—

The loneliness of the grave is its most unpleasant feature. But memory is kept ever green through the slab of marble or granite and we have the materials for your selection. See us.

**Lubbock Marble Works**  
J. K. SHIPMAN, Prop.  
Yard Near Depot  
Lubbock



# Arriving Daily

We are busy these days unpacking new goods, and our stock of seasonal goods is one of the biggest ever brought to Tahoka. You can get exactly what you want here now, and we are sure that our prices are as reasonable as you will find anywhere. They are cheaper now than they will be later, better buy your winter supply now.

Come in and fit the children out for school.

## Knight & Brashear

The Store for Everybody

Tahoka

Texas

# Build New Barns

Many of our farmers will need new or larger barns for the big feed crop this year. We will be glad to figure your bill for the lumber. Come in and see us about it, or any other building you might need.

We have windmills and windmill tower and tank material, fence posts stays, etc.

## Higginbotham-Harris & Company

# Fords!

This is the place where you place your orders for new Fords—the car that is the most practicable on the market today. It's the all purpose car, and takes you anywhere and back.

If not in the market for a new one we can supply your Ford parts or repair your car.

## Bradley Auto Company

TAHOKA, TEXAS

## Buy Now For Future Needs

We get no encouragement from the market centers that the prices of wearing apparel will be lower at any near future date, but we do get warning that many articles will go higher. It will pay you to buy now for your anticipated needs in the future.

We want your business, and we have a well selected stock of Dry Goods and Groceries.

## THE FAIR

H. M. LARKIN, Proprietor.

Tahoka, Texas.

### KANSAS CITY MARKET REPORT FOR MONDAY

Kansas City Stock Yards, Aug. 15.—The cattle market today was strong to 25 cents higher, hogs up 50 to 75 cents and sheep 15 to 25 cents higher. Receipts fell below expectations as the strike among railroad shippers was not settled until too late last week for shippers to get cars. The labor situation, railroad traffic and demand both from packers and shippers are normal again. Prime Nebraska steers sold up to \$19.00, yearlings \$18.00, and stock and feeding steers were 25 cents higher.

**Today's Receipts.**  
Today's receipts were 16000 cattle, 4000 hogs, and 7500 sheep, 2000 fewer cattle, 6000 fewer hogs and 2500 more sheep than a week ago, and 7000 more cattle, 3000 more sheep, and 4500 fewer hogs than a year ago.

**Beef Cattle.**  
The bulk of the offerings today were suitable for killers. Fat steers sold up to \$19.00 and several other loads brought \$18.00 to \$18.50, including yearlings up to \$18.00. The bulk of the grass fat steers sold at \$11 to \$14.50 with wintered grassers up to \$16.75. The bulk of the grass fat cows sold at \$8 to \$9.50, and heifers \$9 to \$13.50, fed heifers up to \$15.75. Prices were quoted strong to 15 cents higher. Veal calves were strong to 25 cents higher, top \$15.50.

**Stockers and Feeders.**  
Light receipts and improved shipping conditions added strength to the demand for stockers and feeders. Prices were strong to 25 cents higher.

**Hogs.**  
Hog prices rose 50 to 75 cents and the general trade was a scramble for supplies. Shippers were back in the market, and with light receipts, packers were eager to meet all competition. The top price was \$22.75, and bulk of sales \$22.00 to \$22.75, a rise of \$1.75 to \$2.00 compared with the low point last week. Two carloads of 300 pound Nebraska hogs sold at \$22.75.

**Sheep and Lambs.**  
Though receipts were larger than for some time past there was active demand for both fat and feeding grades of sheep. Prices were strong to 25 cents higher. Fat lambs are quoted at \$15.00 to \$16.50, wethers \$9.00 to \$10.50, ewes \$6.00 to \$9.25, feeding lambs \$12 to \$14.75, and breeding ewes 10 to \$15.

Auction sale days for horses and mules at the Kansas City Stock Yards will be changed to Monday and Tuesday, instead of Friday and Saturday, as heretofore. This will take effect September 1st and no auctions will be held August 29th and 30th. The last Friday and Saturday auctions will be held August 22 and 23. Strike conditions last week caused an easier tone in the market. Mules were quoted steady to \$10 lower, and horses steady. August 22nd five cars of farm raised, unbranded, halter-broke, South Dakota mares will be offered at auction.  
Charles M. Pipkin,  
Market Correspondent.

### TREATMENT FOR DISEASES COMMON AMONG FOWLS

All diseased birds should be isolated.

**Colds and roup.**—Disinfect the drinking water as follows: To each gallon of water add one tablespoonful of sodium sulphite or as much potassium permanganate as will remain on the surface of a dime.

**Chicken pox.**—Put a touch of iodine on each sore and apply carbolated vaseline.

**Gapes.**—Fresh ground and vigorous cultivation will often remedy this trouble, which is caused by small gapeworms that live in the soil and attach themselves to the inside of the throat.

**Diarrhea in hens.**—Low grade wheat-flour or middlings is good for this trouble. A teaspoonful of castor oil containing five drops of oil of turpentine to each fowl is also good.

**Bumblefoot.**—When the feet are badly swollen, a small cut should be made with a clean, sharp knife and the pus removed. Wash the wound out with equal parts of hydrogen peroxide and water, grease with vaseline, and bandage.

**Limberneck.**—A teaspoonful of castor oil given to the fowl will sometimes effect a cure.

**Scaly legs.**—Apply vaseline containing 2 per cent of creolin to the affected parts and after 24 hours soak in warm, soapy water. Repeat treatment until cured.

For a detailed discussion of the foregoing and other poultry diseases, request Farmers' Bulletin 957, "Important Poultry Diseases," from the United States Department of Agriculture.

If you sit in a cool draft when you are heated and get a stiff neck or lame back, you will be looking for something that will ease the pain. Fix your mind on BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT and don't be talked out of it, because it is the best pain relieving liniment you can get anywhere. Sold by Thomas Bros.

### TEXANS FIRED WAR'S GREATEST BARRAGE

The greatest machine gun barrage of the war was fired by three units of the Ninetieth Division—the 343d, the 344th and 345th Machine Gun Battalions—on the morning of Nov. 1, 1918, according to the records in the office of the Ninetieth Division Association in Dallas. On that day 1,500,000 rounds of caliber .30 ammunition were expended in the space of three hours on a front about a mile and a half wide and half a mile deep. The barrage was fired to support the advance of the 180th (Texas) Infantry Brigade.

"The territory covered by this fire was an absolute plain, filled with barb wire obstacles, so that it was considered particularly hard to assault," Major William R. Brown, president of the Ninetieth Division Association, says: "All of the available artillery had been concentrated on another part of the front and this barrage was conceived as a result."

**200 Guns Used.**  
"Altogether 200 machine guns were employed. The figuring of range data, the construction of bomb-proof pits for the gunners to work in, the construction of 'foolproofs' to prevent the aim of the guns from being deranged and the collection of ammunition required three days. One hundred extra machine gun barrels were brought up to replace the barrels worn out by the continuous fire."

"The gun used was the Vickers, the heavy type in use by the British Army. It was the one made famous by the British in the battle of Messines Ridge in 1917, when this ridge was taken from the Germans through the destructive power of the machine gun barrage. We owe more to the British than to any other army for their development of the machine gun. But in its application and in marksmanship the Americans excelled. It was the fortune of the Ninetieth Division machine gun organization to set the record for their use in the war."

"The guns were set up in the historic Bois re Rappes, a small wood northeast of Romagne, where now 22,000 American dead lie in one of our national cemeteries. As can be imagined, the noise from the 200 guns was deafening, even above the roar of some 200 pieces of artillery concentrated within two or three miles of the spot."

"The final phase of the Meuse-Argonne assault on Nov. 1 and 2 saw the greatest concentration of artillery and machine guns, as well as infantry, during the entire war. On the road from Cunel to Romagne, a distance of two miles, guns of every caliber from three to seven-inch, were standing almost hub to hub. Concealment was not even attempted, as there were so many targets for the German artillery that it was unnecessary."

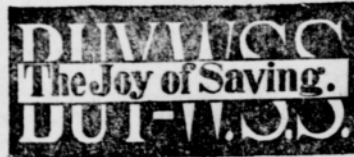
### Texas Prepared Barrage.

"Lieut. Col. Ernest Thompson of Amarillo, a graduate of the academic and law departments of the University of Texas, at that time a Major, had charge of the preparations for this barrage. The overwhelming success of the attack and the co-ordination of the infantry and machine gunners brought to him a promotion to Lieutenant Colonel."

"Major Thompson encouraged his men to name their guns after their best girls, and 'Betsy,' 'Elizabeth' and 'Mary Jane' spoke many times to the Germans. One enterprising gunner named his gun 'Wilson's Answer.'"

"A German officer captured during the attack was very bitter in his complaints against such extended use of the machine gun, because, as he said, a rain of a million and a half bullets simply scared the German soldiers out of their wits, so that they could not be made to stand up in their little fox holes and operate their guns, as they preferred to lie down flat to escape the effect."

SURGEONS agree that in cases of Cuts, Burns, Bruises and Wounds, the FIRST TREATMENT is most important. When an EFFICIENT antiseptic is applied promptly, there is no danger of infection and the wound begins to heal at once. For use on man or beast, BOROZONE is the IDEAL ANTISEPTIC and HEALING AGENT. Buy it now and be ready for an emergency. Sold by Thomas Bros.



If your child is pale and sickly, picks at the nose, starts in the sleep and grinds the teeth while sleeping, it is a sure sign of worms. A remedy for these parasites will be found in WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE. It not only clears out the worms, but it restores health and cheerfulness.—Sold by Thomas Bros.

Read the date on the label. It tells when your subscription expires!

# Our Store is Closed on Sunday

Except for prescription work, our store is closed on Sunday, but in order to furnish prescriptions and medicines, when needed we will serve you.

Every other day in the week we are here with the goods and good service in everything that one usually needs in the drug line.

## Thomas Bros. Drug Co.

TAHOKA

TEXAS

O'DONNELL

### NEWS ITEMS FROM THE LUBBOCK AVALANCHE

Collin C. McCoy returned recently from overseas duty in France. Collin is brother of P. C. McCoy of this place and son of Mrs. C. E. McCoy. He was discharged at Camp Pike, Arkansas.

S. A. Shepherd of Gomez, brought his daughter, Miss Tempie, to a local sanitarium the latter part of last week for treatment. We understand that she may undergo an operation while here.

Dr. Curtiss, formerly cattle inspector in this country, but now lives in Kansas City, was in town last Friday and Saturday, attending to business matters, and visiting with old acquaintances.

Charles and O. Roberts, prominent merchants of Bonham, Texas, were here the latter part of last week, looking for Lubbock county land investments. Several deals were in course of making while they were here, but we are not yet in a position to give the facts.

L. C. Ellis has recently sold one of his lots on West Broadway to J. F. Tom, who we understand will start construction on a nice residence in the near future.

Frank Maddox has recently bought of J. O. Whittington, of Amarillo, his residence property on West Post Office street.

J. B. Earhart bought of Mrs. Mary Overton the nice residence property recently vacated by R. K. Henderson.

J. E. Murfee reports closing a deal between E. Butler of this city and Phillips Wise, of Bonham, Texas, whereby Mr. Wise becomes the own-

### WANTED

Chickens, Hides, Eggs, Packing Butter, Sacks, Old Casings and Inner Tubes. Located in old Cleve Williams stand, south side.

### Billie Brandon

er of eight sections of land in the northwest portion of Lynn county. Consideration \$16.50 per acre. Forty thousand dollars cash, balance terms.

"Transcripts to Higher Courts" by Sam T. Davis, County and District Clerk, of Lubbock County, will be in part some of the topics which will be discussed at the Panhandle Clerk's Association, which will be held at Amarillo, August 21 and 22, this year.

O. E. Sears recently purchased a nice home in this city and has opened a real estate office in the Merrill Hotel. Mr. Sears is a young man, having lived in Lubbock county only about two years. During that time he has been one of the liveliest traders in the country. Through his efforts many thousand acres of Lubbock county land has changed hands in the last few months.

Miss Otheline Helvey, of Abilene, who has been here for several days visiting with Mrs. A. J. Clark, left for her home last Saturday morning.

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+ PROFESSIONAL  
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+ DR. L. E. TURENTINE  
+ Physician and Surgeon  
+ Office Over Thomas Bros.  
+ Bldg., Room No. 2  
+ Residence Phone 60  
+ Office Phone 18  
+ TAHOKA, TEXAS.  
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+ E. E. Callaway C. B. Townes  
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+ Drs. CALLAWAY & TOWNES  
+ Res. Phone 46 Res. Phone 131  
+ Physicians and Surgeons  
+ Office Phone 45  
+ Office Upstairs Thomas Building  
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+ C. H. CAIN  
+ Lawyer  
+ Office in Northeast Corner  
+  
+ Court House  
+  
+ Tahoka, - - - - - Texas  
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+ M. M. HERRING  
+ Abstracting and Farm Loans  
+  
+ Office North Side Square, in  
+ Tahoka Oil & Gas Co. Bldg.  
+  
+ Tahoka, - - - - - Texas  
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+ B. P. MADDOX  
+ Attorney-At-Law  
+  
+ Practice in all the Courts  
+ Office in Northwest Corner  
+ Court House  
+ Tahoka, - - - - - Texas  
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+ DR. J. R. SINGLETON  
+ Dentist  
+  
+ Permanently Located  
+ Tahoka, - - - - - Texas  
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+ J. N. JONES  
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+ FURNITURE AND  
+ UNDERTAKING  
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+ Phone No. 37.  
+  
+ West Side Square  
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+ Tahoka, - - - - - Texas  
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+ REFERENCE: Any Bank or  
+ business house in Post, Tex-  
+ as, Jensen-Salsberry Labor-  
+ atories, Kansas City, Mo.;  
+ Abbott Laboratories, Chica-  
+ go, Ill.  
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+ DR. L. W. KITCHEN  
+ Post City, Texas.  
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+ Graduate in Veterinary Med-  
+ icine, Surgery and Dentistry  
+ Calls answered anywhere in  
+ West Texas, Day or Night—  
+ Ruptured Colts successfully  
+ treated.  
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+ THE LUBBOCK SANITARIUM  
+ A Modern Fireproof Building  
+ Equipped for Medical and Surgical Cases  
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+ Dr. Arvel Ponton  
+ Office Phone 628  
+ Residence Phone 628  
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\*\*\*\*\*  
+ Dr. O. F. Peebler  
+ Office Phone 399  
+ Residence Phone 341  
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+ Dr. J. T. Hutchinson  
+ Office Phone 209  
+ Residence Phone 216  
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\*\*\*\*\*  
+ Mary F. Farwell, R. N.  
+ Superintendent  
+ Phone 628  
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+ A chartered Training School is con-  
+ ducted by Miss Mary F. Farwell, R.  
+ N., Superintendent. Bright, healthy  
+ young women who desire to enter  
+ may address Miss Farwell.  
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+ WEST TEXAS SANITARIUM  
+  
+ Medical and Surgical Cases  
+  
+ Lubbock, Texas  
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+ DR. M. C. OVERTON  
+ Office Phone 406; Res. 407.  
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+ DR. C. J. WAGNER  
+ Office Phone 406; Res. 90.  
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# TO ALL WOMEN WHO ARE ILL

### This Woman Recommends Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound—Her Personal Experience.

McLean, Neb.—"I want to recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to all women who suffer from any functional disturbance, as it has done me more good than all the doctor's medicine. Since taking it I have a fine healthy baby girl and have gained in health and strength. My husband and I both praise your medicine to all suffering women."—Mrs. JOHN KOPPELMANN, R. No. 1, McLean, Nebraska.

This famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, has been restoring women of America to health for more than forty years and it will well pay any woman who suffers from displacements, inflammation, ulceration, irregularities, backache, headaches, nervousness or "the blues" to give this successful remedy a trial.

For special suggestions in regard to your ailment write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. The result of its long experience is at your service.

# Eczema

### MONEY BACK

without question if Hunt's Salve fails in the treatment of Eczema, Tetter, Ringworm, Itch, etc. Don't become discouraged because other treatments failed. Hunt's Salve has relieved hundreds and hundreds. You can't lose on our Money Back Guarantee. Try it at our risk TODAY. Free trial at drug stores. A. B. Richards Co., Sherman, Texas.

# HUNT'S SALVE

### MITCHELL EYE SALVE

Helps WEAK SORE EYES

### AGENTS MAKING \$200 WEEKLY

Everyone wants it. For more on 250 HOME MADE BEVERAGES. Book Form. Send 1¢ for copy and territory proposition. THE VEIN EXPORT, KENNY, Inc., 445 Broome St., NEW YORK.

### Kodak Films Developed Free

25¢ for color prints only. See us. PRICES FINISHING. 3839 Main, Fort Worth, Tex.

### BIG EIGHT WON BY MUSCLE DEVELOPERS.

Get strength and health with Sarapina Exercisers. Agents wanted. Sample, terms, etc. H. R. Knapp, 2911 2nd Ave., Brooklyn.

32 Miles on Gallon Gasoline Hagerman, L. A., Cal. sets with our "Torch" only in need of eliminated. Guar. Send for particulars. Conservation Products Co., Los Angeles, Cal.

W. N. U., DALLAS, NO. 33-1919.

### Its Kind.

"There are no machine-made machines, are there?" "No; that business has to be handmade."

### CAPUDINE—

It gives quick relief from Headaches of all kinds, including sick or nervous Headaches and Headaches caused from heat, cold, gripe or stomach troubles. Trial bottle 10 cts. Larger sizes also—IT'S LIQUID.—adv.

A lot of things come our way that float over our heads.

# CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

### Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Hutchins*

In Use For Over Thirty Years

# CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK.

# "BAYER CROSS" ON GENUINE ASPIRIN



"Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" to be genuine must be marked with the safety "Bayer Cross." Always buy an unbroken Bayer package which contains proper directions to safely relieve Headache, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Colds and Pain. Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost but a few cents at drug stores—larger packages also. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer Manufacture of Monoacetic acidester of Salicylic acid.—Adv.

A man does a lot of things he dislikes to do because his neighbor doesn't want him to do them.

To Purify and Enrich the Blood  
Take GROVES' TASTELESS CHIN TONIC which is simply IRON and QUININE suspended in Syrup. So Pleasant Even Children Like It. You can soon feel its strengthening invigorating effect. Price 50c.

It's dead easy for a woman to beat a man in an argument; all she has to do is to turn on the briny flow.

Every department of housekeeping needs Red Cross Ball Blue. Equally good for kitchen towels, table linen, sheets and pillowcases, etc.

Evident.  
"We need brains in this business, sir." "I know you do. The business shows it."

### FOR SUMMER COLDS

Nothing gives quicker relief than Vacher-Balm.

It is harmless, and also relieves Nervous Headache quickly, and any superficial inflammation in a short time.

Try it for Mumps, Hay Fever, or any pain.

If you cannot buy it locally, send for a Free Sample, and Agent's terms, or send 50c stamps for 2 25c tubes.

Avoid imitations.  
E. W. VACHER, Inc., New Orleans, La.—Adv.

Modern Politics.  
"I'm going out after the aviation vote."

"I see! The plane people."

# AMERICANS MAKING GOOD AT SIXTY-FIVE

Don't worry about old age. A sound man is good at any age. Keep your body in good condition and you can be as hale and hearty and able to "do your bit" as when you were young fellow.

Affections of the kidneys and bladder are among the leading causes of early or helpless age. Keep them clean and the other organs in working condition, and you will have nothing to fear.

Drive the poisonous wastes from the system and avoid uric acid accumulations. Take GOLD MEDAL Haaslerin Oil Capsules periodically and you will find that you are as good as the next fellow. Your spirits will be rejuvenated, your muscles strong and your mind keen enough for any task.

GOLD MEDAL Haaslerin Oil Capsules will do the work. But be sure to get the original imported GOLD MEDAL Haaslerin Oil Capsules. They are reliable and should help you, or your money will be refunded. For sale by most druggists. In sealed packages of three sizes.—Adv.

So It Seems.  
"Who was George Washington?"  
"He was first in war and the last who never told a lie."

# DADDY'S EVENING FAIRY TALE

By MARY GRAHAM BONNER

THE ELVES' RIDE.

"Fly-High, the bird of the Elves," said Daddy, "wanted to take the Elves for a ride.

"I haven't taken you in ever and ever so long," said Fly-High. "My back fairly aches to take you riding. My broad wings long for some little Elves to sit upon them."

"We'd love to go," said the Elves, "and where will you take us, Fly-High?"

"I thought it might be nice," said Fly-High, "to have a complete change."

"Where will we go?" asked the Elves again.

"We'll ride along a country road, early, early in the morning before the people come out to ride and walk."

"That sounds nice," said the Elves. "And we will talk to the Flowers by the roadsides," said Fly-High. "We will see what the children see when they go walking and riding through the country. We will enjoy what they enjoy and then we will feel as though we were better friends than ever with the children."

"Don't you think that will make a nice change?" asked Fly-High.

"We do, we do, indeed," said the Elves.

"So they all jumped upon the great broad wings of Fly-High, for it was then early, early in the morning.

"And we shouldn't delay a moment," Fly-High had said.

"So off they started, and took a lovely trip, along a country road.

"Fly-High kept very close to the road. He was hardly up any distance at all for they wanted to talk to the



"Hello, Daisies."

flowers and say good-morning to the Dew Fairies, and to smile to Mr. Sun as he got up for the day.

"How-do-you, Painter's Brush," they said to the Painter's brush flowers. They're red, you know.

"Good-morning, Buttercups. We're so glad to see you. Are you going to stay much longer? We do hope so."

"Not much longer," said the Buttercups. "Most of our family have gone already. We've stayed a little longer."

"Oh, we're sorry you're going, Buttercups," the Elves said.

"We'll be back next year, the same as usual," said the Buttercups.

"That makes us happy," said the Elves. "We'd be quite heart-broken if our friends, the different flowers, didn't come to visit the earth each year."

"We'll come, Elves, never fear," said the Buttercups, as they smiled so brightly.

"Hello, Daisies," said the Elves. "You're good friends, good friends."

"The daisies smiled and bowed. "So glad you think so, Kives, and the children like us, too!"

"Of course they do," said the Elves. "Children are sensible."

"The daisies smiled at the nice compliment.

"Hello, Milk-Weeds," said the Elves. "Hello, hello."

"Then as they went along they came to a tiny babbling brook. There were growing by the banks of the brook little blue forget-me-nots.

"Ah, our dear, dear friends, the forget-me-nots," said the Elves.

"Our dear friends, the Elves," said the forget-me-nots, their little blue faces smiling such adorable little smiles.

"And there are our good friends the black-eyed Susans, or would you rather be called Ox-Eyed Daisies?"

"We don't mind at all," they said. "We like both names."

"Yes," said Fly-High. "It's fine to have two names, fine."

"Good-morning, pretty green ferns," they said, as they passed some woods.

"How sweet they always are," added Fly-High.

"Good, good-morning, fields of grain," they said.

"And so they went on, saying a good-morning to all the flowers they passed, and they told little stories to each other when they had time. The flowers told the Elves how the children had enjoyed them, and how they would be picked to decorate houses and the Elves told the flowers some lovely fairy stories."

Wanted to See to Sleep.  
Little Marian had been taken up stairs to bed. Her prayers had been said, but the child seemed restless and clung to her mother as long as possible. Finally she was tucked in cozily and her mother was about to turn out the light when a little voice pleaded:

"Mother, please let the light burn so I can see to sleep!"



# GOOD ROADS

### CONSTRUCTION OF GOOD ROAD

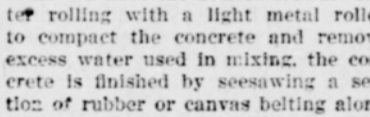
Concrete Highway Is Composed of Mixture of Sand, Stone, Portland Cement and Water.

The concrete road is composed of a carefully proportioned mixture of clean, hard, well-graded sand, pebbles or broken stone, portland cement and water. This mixture is laid upon the subgrade to a depth of 7 inches or more for the entire width of the road, and soon hardens into a mass as hard as rock. The materials are bonded together by the cement so firmly that it is impossible for traffic to loosen or separate the particles. For this reason no expensive maintenance is required.

The foundation or subgrade is compacted where the concrete is to be laid and the roadbed is drained so that no water will remain under the slab, writes A. L. Pettibone in Dakota Farmer. Upon the foundation concrete is laid in one or two courses. A one-course concrete road consists of a relatively rich concrete mixture throughout. A two-course road consists of a somewhat leaner mixture for a base with a richer top or wearing course, applied before the concrete in the base has begun to harden.

Frequently re-enforcement in the form of wire fabric or steel rods is embedded in the concrete. This assists to prevent cracks in the slab and aids in keeping cracks which may form from opening to any appreciable extent.

The high wearing quality of the concrete road results from using properly graded, clean, hard sand and pebbles or crushed rock. These must be combined with portland cement in carefully measured proportions, mixed with a power-operated batch mixer to produce a stiff plastic consistency, then placed upon the foundation and struck off with a template or strike board, so shaped that the surface of the pavement will have the desired crown. After rolling with a light metal roller to compact the concrete and remove excess water used in mixing, the concrete is finished by sawing a section of rubber or canvas belting along



An Improved Highway in West.

the pavement, leaving a true, even, gritty, dense surface. When sufficiently hardened to prevent pitting or marking, the surface is sprinkled with water, then covered with 2 inches or more of moist sand or earth, which is kept wet by sprinkling for from ten days to two weeks to prevent the concrete from drying out too rapidly. Under no circumstances should a concrete road be put in use until it is 14 days old and in cool weather a longer time is necessary. This is a brief summary of the essentials of the construction of a concrete road.

# GOOD ROADS ARE PROFITABLE

Authorities Should Act to Meet Growing Demands Before Trade Goes Other Ways.

Good roads are a paying investment. Local authorities in cities, towns and counties should act without delay to meet the growing national and local demands before trade goes in other directions. It is almost impossible to get back the lost advantage after other districts have won it.

# NOT AFFECTED BY WEATHER

Heat or Cold, Freezing and Thawing Does Not Injure Concrete Once It Is Hardened.

Concrete roads are not affected by heat or cold nor by freezing or thawing when it is once hardened. Other materials tracked upon concrete have no effect upon it. Heat does not soften the binder permitting it to flow; cold does not make it brittle, causing it to chip.

# Proper Grade of Road.

The grade of the road is important, for on this depends the weight of the load which can be hauled economically.

# Improvement in Texas.

Texas this year will spend a total of \$76,216,000 on improved highways, according to figures compiled by the state highway department.

# Building Roads Is Important.

The building of good roads is of the greatest importance to a community.

# Home Town Helps

### GATEWAY THAT COSTS LITTLE

Entrance Constructed of Plain Lumber in Standard Dimension Always Easy to Procure.

The gateway here shown was very economically constructed by using lumber supplied in standard dimensions, reports Popular Mechanics Magazine. The uprights are 4 by 4 inches; the lower crosspieces and fence rails, 2 by 4 inches, and the fence spindles and upper crosspieces of the gate, 2 by 2 inches, as are also the short horizontal strips which extend at right angles between the crosspieces, to support vines over the archway. The arches are made of basswood, which is easily bent into shape after being soaked overnight in water. The structure was



By Using Cheap Lumber, an Ornamental Gateway Is Erected at the Entrance to an Undeveloped Park at Trifling Cost.

painted white, with the exception of the fence spindles, which were given a brown tone; but the color scheme in such a case depends on the surroundings. At very slight expense a gateway of this kind greatly improves the entrance to a farm, a small park, or even a private residence. The example shown stands at the side entrance to a large park, to serve until the development of the neighborhood will make possible something of a more substantial nature.

# BETTER THAN WOODEN FENCE

Wall Constructed of Loose Stones Has Many Points of Superiority—Harmonizes With Nature.

The New England stone wall, as a feature in landscape scenery, is sometimes spoken of as a deformity; yet it cannot be denied that the same lines of wooden fence would mar the beauty of our prospect in a greater degree. On account of the loose manner in which the stones are laid one upon another, as well as the character of the materials, this wall harmonizes with the rude aspects of nature better than any kind of masonry. It seems to be less of a blemish than a trimmed hedge or any other kind of fence, unless in ornamental grounds. In wild pastures and lands devoted to rustic labor, the stone wall is the most picturesque boundary mark that has yet been invented.

A trimmed hedge in such places would present to the eye an intolerable formality. One of the charms of the loose stone wall is the manifest ease with which it may be overlapped. It means no infringement of our liberties. When we look abroad upon the face of a country subdivided only by long lines of loose stones, and overgrown with vines and shrubbery, we feel no sense of constraint. . . . Fences are deformities of prospect which we are obliged to use and tolerate, but the loose stone wall only is expressive of the freedom which is grateful to the traveler and the rambler.—Wilson Flag.

# Best to Build for Oneself.

The advice to the citizen to build his own home, if possible, is good. When a man builds for himself and his family he knows precisely what he gets, and he gets the kind of home he likes. It is better suited to the needs of himself and his family than is one that has been constructed for some other family. The cost of such construction may seem high, but good judges of values believe that an investment of this kind, made carefully and wisely, is the soundest and most satisfactory in the long run.

# Roadside Fruit Trees.

The genius of the roadside fruit or nut tree is the hospitality which it symbolizes, and the spirit of neighborly co-operation. It is an established institution in parts of Europe, as in France, Italy and Germany. It is a practice worth thinking about. Both esthetic and utilitarian purposes would be served by general adoption of the rule in communities sufficiently organized to give necessary care to the trees once they have been planted.

# Big Production of Fats.

The production of animal fats, exclusive of butter, equal to but 70 per cent of the vegetable oil output of the United States in 1912, rose in 1917 to nearly 80 per cent. Including butter, in 1912 the quantity of animal fats was approximately twice as great as that of vegetable oils, while in 1917 the production of the two classes of fats and oils was nearly the same.

# Learn Wisdom Through Folly.

It is a great pity that we must experiment with a score of follies, most of them hoary with age, before we can arrive at a wad of wisdom.—Sir Richard Cooke.

# IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

By REV. F. B. FITZWATER, D. D., Teacher of English Bible in the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago (Copyright, 1919, Western Newspaper Union)

## LESSON FOR AUGUST 24

### JESUS ANSWERING THE LAWYER.

LESSON TEXT—Luke 10:25-37. GOLDEN TEXT—As we have therefore opportunity, let us do good unto all men, especially unto them who are of the household of faith.—Gal. 6:10. ADDITIONAL MATERIAL—Gal. 6:2, 9, 10. James 2:14-16.

PRIMARY TOPIC—Showing kindness to others.

JUNIOR TOPIC—Helping the needy.

INTERMEDIATE TOPIC—Our responsibility for the welfare of others.

SENIOR AND ADULT TOPIC—The Christian ideal of brotherhood.

The subject chosen by the lesson committee for today, based upon this text, is "Social Responsibility." When we consider the real meaning of the text it is hard to understand why the committee chose such a subject. However, let us with open minds and hearts study the text, for it is of great importance. Christ's object was to lead the lawyer (theological professor) to understand the need of God.

### I. Eternal Life Through Obedience to the Law (vv. 25-28).

1. The lawyer's question (v. 25). The "lawyer" was one who expounded the Mosaic law. The nearest position corresponding thereto in modern life is the theological professor. His question was not an effort to ascertain the truth, but to entrap Jesus. He not only had a wrong motive, but a defective theology. He thought that eternal life could be secured by doing—obedience. He did not know that "doing" meant keeping the law in its minutest parts, which is an utter impossibility for fallen men; that failure to measure up to the least demand of the law exposed him to the curse of God (Gal. 3:10).

2. The lawyer answering his own question (v. 27). Christ's counter-question sent him to the law, of which he gave a fine summary. Supreme love to God and love to one's neighbor as to ourselves is the whole of man's duty. It is true as Jesus said: "This do and thou shalt live" (v. 28). But no one has ever kept the law. "There is none righteous, no not one" (Rom. 3:10). "All have sinned and come short of the glory of God" (Rom. 3:23). "By the deeds of the law there shall no flesh be justified in his sight" (Rom. 3:20). "By the law is the knowledge of sin" (Rom. 3:20).

### II. Being a Neighbor (vv. 29-37).

1. The lawyer's question (v. 29). He evidently keenly felt the force of Christ's argument, for he sought to justify himself by asking, "Who is my neighbor?" This inquiry betrays his lack of that love which is the fulfillment of the law (Rom. 13:10). Love never inquires as to whom to love, but "Where is some one who needs my love?" Christ convicted him on his own grounds.

2. Jesus' answer (vv. 30-37). He answered by a parable in which a certain man fell among thieves on his way to Jericho and was severely wounded. While in this helpless condition a priest passed by, but even coming near; also a Levite, who was interested enough to look on him, but not enough to help him. Finally a Samaritan came where the wounded man was and, moved by compassion for him, bound up his wounds and brought him on his own beast to the inn, where he was cared for at the Samaritan's expense. In reply to Jesus' question the lawyer declared that the Samaritan was neighbor to the unfortunate man; and Jesus commended him to go and do likewise (v. 37). By this Jesus showed him that the important question is not, "Who is my neighbor?" but "Whose neighbor am I?" Jesus came seeking those to whom he could be neighbor. Those who have his Spirit will be trying to be neighbors instead of hunting neighbors.

Those who love God supremely will, as they pass along the highways of life, minister to the broken and wounded souls in the spirit of a neighbor's love, regardless of nationality, religion, character or color. May we hear the voice of Jesus saying, "Go and do thou likewise."

### The Erring Soul.

This little I have seen in the world teaches me to look upon the errors of others in sorrow, not in anger. When I take the history of one poor heart that has sinned and suffered and represent to myself the struggles and temptations it has passed through, the brief pulsations of joy, the feverish inquietude of hope and fear, the pressure of want, the desolation of friends, I would fain leave the erring soul of my fellow man with Him from whose hand it came.—Long fellow.

### Serving God.

To do good and to serve God are materially the same, and the service of God is the imitation of him.—Scot's Saint Whitecote.

### Daily Thought.

There are no crown wearers in heaven who were not cross bearers here below.—Spurgeon.

### Work Cheerfully.

Do your work cheerfully, brightly and be over prepared for the pleasure that will come.—E. H. Naylor.

### Friends Gave Her Up

**Mrs. Hoffman's Recovery From Dropsy a Surprise. She Used Doan's.**

"I was in dreadful shape," says Mrs. W. B. Hoffman, 689 Oakley Ave., Hammond, Ill. "There was a sickening pain across the small of my back and when I stooped over, knife-like twinges near-drove me wild. I had large puffs under my eyes and my body bloated badly all over. My feet were swollen to twice their natural size and the skin looked shiny. When I pressed it down, it left a dent there and I knew I was bad off with dropsy."

"My friends didn't think I would live very long. I doctored with three different physicians and they didn't help me and I was discouraged. Nobody knows the torture I went through. I decided to try Doan's Kidney Pills. I used three boxes and I was cured. I felt fine. As the swelling went down, my appetite picked up and I was soon perfectly healthy. My color came back and people said I looked as well as ever. Doan's Kidney Pills saved my life."

Sworn to before me.  
MABEL T. SHERBY,  
Notary Public.

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box  
**DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS**  
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

### HATS THAT AWAIT AUTUMN



The time will soon be here for those exciting and fascinating excursions to the millinery shop in search of new millinery, of which much is expected. The old millinery axiom that a hat is becoming when one looks better with it on than without it, is a good thing to bear in mind. At the very least we expect hats, like mirrors, to "be to our faults a little blind, and to our virtues not unkind." Just how much the right shape and the right colors can do to transform a face, is measured often by the long price which a small bit of millinery commands. It is the intangible in millinery that is worth more than anything else—the color harmony, the beautifully balanced lines, the poise of the hat on the head and its appropriateness, that are worth more than mere material.

No one understands this quite so well as the woman who has reached middle life, or passed it. She expects her hats to do much for her in the way of enhancing her good points, and designers who specialize successfully in headwear for matrons turn fabrics into gold. One of their promising new models is shown at the right of the group of three hats pictured above.

It is made of black satin and the top of the crown is soft. Narrow, looped silk fringe, very brilliantly black, makes a wide irregular band about the crown and there is a narrow brim with lines that flow in easy curves about the head.

The hat at the left, for a girl of ten or more, makes a picture on the head that boasts soft curls. Its crown is of felt in sections joined in seams that are outlined with stitches of wool yarn and the rolling brim is also of yarn, apparently crocheted into shape. At the base of each seam in the crown a pair of pert little leaves support a diminutive apple. Almost any little girl will look well in this picturesque hat.

The hat at the bottom of the picture, made for a young woman, is a dressy affair of silver tissue with an odd trimming twining about the crown. The trimming is likely to be made of twisted ribbon with a fancy edge, but might be of silver tissue or georgette. The maker of trimmings is no respecter of fabrics, taking anything that is within reach and fashioning it into something new and strange and nearly always beautiful.

### AMERICAN MADE UNDERMUSLINS



Recently American manufacturers of underwear have thought so well of their achievements that they have proclaimed themselves as the designers of the styles now favored in lingerie. They certainly are justified in taking pride in the daintiness and attractiveness of the garments they make in such quantities and they find it easy to cultivate a taste for fine undermuslins. American women are appreciative, but they are also practical and they demand pretty but not too fragile garments. Few of them run to the extreme of wearing chiffon or georgette in undies, or care for bizarre designing. In the main they like fine weaves in cotton or crepe de chine for materials, not too much trimmed with fine and durable laces, hand embroidery and other needlework. Hand crochet in laces holds its own with them, and has everything to recommend it.

Of course not much handwork is to be found on manufactured undermuslins, but machinery has been made to do wonderful work and sometimes so effectively that comparisons with handwork are not by any means odious to the machine-made garment. Sometimes the plain sewing on undermuslins is done by machinery and the decoration by hand. But however they may be put together and finished, the styles are about the same in undergarments.

Three popular pieces are shown in the group above, a combination, a nightdress and a pair of pajamas. The combination is of batiste, hav-

ing the neck, armholes and bottom of the knickers edged with narrow val lace. Small sprays of prim daisies, tied with bow knots adorn the front of the body and appear on the pants. The special glory of this garment is a sash of satin ribbon that slips through slits about the waistline and ties at one side. Very narrow ribbon gathers in the fullness at the top and it is run through bending.

A nightdress of nainsook is shown, cut with short kimono sleeves and round neck. Its edges are scalloped and buttonhole stitched and there is a pretty band of needlework around the neck and shoulders. Detachable boxes and rosettes of ribbon, that fasten with little safety pins, are among the treasures that some women own, and they add these pretty frivolities to their undergarments, pinning them on.

The pajamas in the picture are made of crepe de chine and embroidered with colored silks. One finds all these garments in crepe de chine and also in flesh-tone cotton mull. In the long run fine white cotton goods, prove their worth by standing wear and washing perfectly.

Julia Bottomley

Velour for Skirts.

In addition to tricotines and plaids the favorites in the dress goods trade at the present time, velour checks are showing such strength that they deserve mention.

### If You Need a Medicine You Should Have the Best

Have you ever stopped to reason why it is that so many products that are extensively advertised, all at once drop out of sight and are soon forgotten? The reason is plain—the article did not fulfill the promises of the manufacturer. This applies more particularly to a medicine. A medicinal preparation that has real curative value almost sells itself, as like an endless chain system the remedy is recommended by those who have been benefited, to those who are in need of it.

A prominent druggist says "Take for example Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, a preparation I have sold for many years and never hesitate to recommend, for in almost every case it shows excellent results, as many of my customers testify. No other kidney remedy has so large a sale."

According to sworn statements and verified testimony of thousands who have used the preparation, the success of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is due to the fact, so many people claim, that it fulfills almost every wish in overcoming kidney, liver and bladder ailments; corrects urinary troubles and neutralizes the uric acid which causes rheumatism.

You may receive a sample bottle of Swamp-Root by Parcel Post. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., and enclose ten cents; also mention this paper. Large and medium size bottles for sale at all drug stores.—Adv.

"Who was George Washington?"  
"He was the first in war and the last who never told a lie."

### A SUMMER COLD

A cold in the summer time, as everybody knows, is the hardest kind of a cold to get rid of. The best and quickest way is to go to bed and stay there if you can, with a bottle of "Boschee's Syrup" handy to insure a good night's rest, free from coughing, with easy expectation in the morning.

But if you can't stay in bed you must keep out of draughts, avoid sudden changes, eat sparingly of simple food and take occasional doses of Boschee's Syrup, which you can buy at any store where medicine is sold, a safe and efficient remedy, made in America for more than fifty years. Keep it handy.—Adv.

A man does a lot of things he dislikes to do because his neighbors don't want him to do them.

Shave With Cuticura Soap  
And double your razor efficiency as well as promote skin purity, skin comfort and skin health. No mug, no slimy soap, no germs, no waste, no irritation even when shaved twice daily. One soap for all uses—shaving, bathing and shampooing.—Adv.

Mighty few people get indigestion from swallowing their pride.

Red Cross Ball Blue is the finest product of its kind in the world. Every woman who has used it knows this statement to be true.

Not all birds seem happy. There's the crow, who has to cough up his voice.

If your eyes smart or feel scalded, Roman Eye Balsam applied upon going to bed is just the thing to relieve them. Adv.

Lesson in Fizzicks.  
"Willie, what is a volcano?"  
"A mountain with the cork out."—Chicago Post.

### Ugh! Calomel Sickens; Salivates! Please Try Dodson's Liver Tone

I am sincere! My medicine does not upset liver and bowels so you lose a day's work.

You're bilious! Your liver is sluggish! You feel lazy, dizzy and all knocked out. Your head is dull, your tongue is coated; breath bad; stomach sour and bowels constipated. But don't take salivating calomel. It makes you sick; you may lose a day's work.

Calomel is mercury or quicksilver, which causes necrosis of the bowels. Calomel crashes into sour bile like dynamite, breaking it up. That's when you feel that awful nausea and cramping.

If you want to enjoy the nicest, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced just take a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone tonight. Your druggist or dealer sells you a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone for a few cents under my personal money-back guarantee that each spoon-

ful will clean your sluggish liver better than a dose of nasty calomel and that it won't make you sick.

Dodson's Liver Tone is real liver medicine. You'll know it next morning because you will wake up feeling fine, your liver will be working, your headache and dizziness gone, your stomach will be sweet and your bowels regular. You will feel like working; you'll be cheerful; full of vigor and ambition.

Dodson's Liver Tone is entirely vegetable, therefore harmless and can not salivate. Give it to your children. Millions of people are using Dodson's Liver Tone instead of dangerous calomel now. Your druggist will tell you that the sale of calomel is almost stopped entirely here.—Adv.

### WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC

SOLD FOR 50 YEARS  
For MALARIA,  
CHILLS and  
FEVER  
Also a Fine General  
Strengthening Tonic.  
SOLD BY ALL DRUG STORES

Like a Veteran.  
A friend of mine who was down in the Hawaiian islands with the American first field artillery told me he had not been in the service long but was already as tanned as a raspberry and as bowlegged as a donkey.—Exchange.

Grouch Remains.  
Mrs. Flatbush—What's the matter Mr. Flatbush—Oh, he insulted me.  
"What did he say?"  
"Called me an old grouch."  
"Don't mind him. You're not so old, dear."—Yonkers Statesman.



Tender slices of chilled Libby's Corned Beef and steamed greens garnished with egg—here is a dinner your family will ask for again and again! Ask your grocer for a package of Libby's famous Corned Beef today.  
Libby, McNeill & Libby  
Chicago

**GRANGER LIVER REGULATOR**  
FOR ALL LIVER AND KIDNEY DISORDERS  
PRICE 25c  
GRANGER MED. CO., CHATTAHOOCHEE, TENN.

**B.A. THOMAS HOG POWDER**

**"Saves the Bacon"**  
Mt. Pleasant, Ia.—"When I found sickness appearing in my herd I got a 50 lb. can of B. Thomas Hog Remedy. Before I finished feeding it, I was so satisfied that I bought another, and when my hogs were all well I got a third can and fed it to a few more. It keeps them well." Jim Kermon, R. No. 1.  
OLD KENTUCKY MFG. CO., Inc., Paducah, Ky.

**MRS. WINSLOW'S SYRUP**  
The Infants' and Children's Regulator  
Absolutely harmless—complete formula on every bottle—only very best ingredients used. At all druggists.

**Soldiers Soothe Skin Troubles with Cuticura**  
Soap, Ointment, Talcum 25c each.  
Samples of "Cuticura, Dept. E. Boston."

**BILIOUSNESS**  
Caused by  
**Acid-Stomach**

If people who are bilious are treated according to local symptoms they seldom get very much better. Whatever relief is obtained is usually temporary. Trace biliousness to its source and remove the cause and the chances are that the patient will remain strong and healthy.

**EATONIC**  
(FOR YOUR ACID-STOMACH)

**Every Woman Wants**  
**Paxtine**  
ANTISEPTIC POWDER  
FOR PERSONAL HYGIENE  
Dissolved in water for douches stops pelvic catarrh, ulceration and inflammation. Recommended by Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co. for ten years.  
A healing wonder for nasal catarrh, sore throat and sore eyes. Economical. Has extraordinary cleaning and germicidal power.  
Sample Free. 50c all druggists, or postpaid by mail, The Paxtine Toilet Company, Boston, Mass.

But the cow is too modest to blow her own horn.  
Indigestion produces disagreeable and sometimes alarming symptoms. Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills stimulate the digestive processes to function naturally. Adv.  
The polished speaker can't always see his finish.

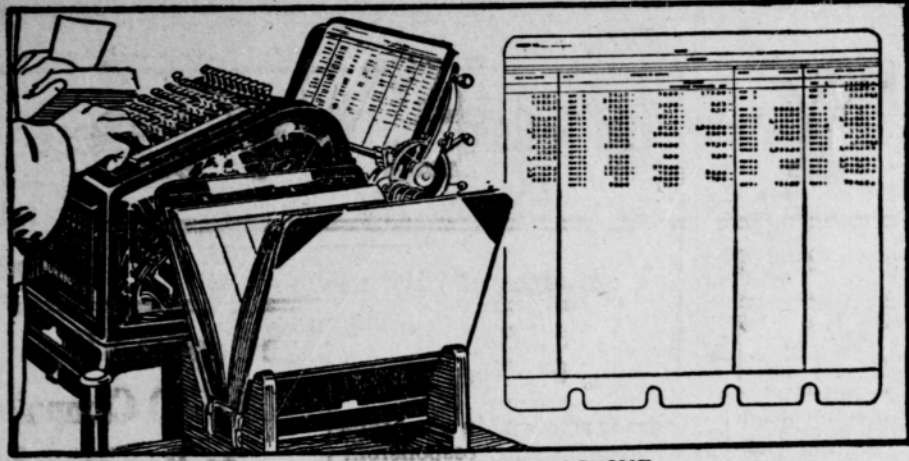
**MURINE'S**  
Bursts, Refreshes, Soothes  
Bleak—Keep your Eye  
Strong and Healthy. I  
they are Smart, Itch, or  
Burn, or Sore, Irritated  
or Granulated  
use Murine often. Safe for Infant or Adult.  
At all Druggists. Write for Free Eye Book  
Murine Eye Remedy Company, Chicago-U. S. A.

**LUCKY STRIKE**  
"IT'S TOASTED"  
CIGARETTES

GET some today!  
You're going to call Lucky Strikes just right. Because Lucky Strike cigarettes give you the good, wholesome flavor of toasted Burley tobacco.

Guaranteed by  
**The American Tobacco Co.**

# It's toasted



BURROUGHS POSTING MACHINE

## TO OUR FRIENDS and CUSTOMERS:

Because we appreciate the splendid line of customers that this Bank is honored with:

Because that we believe that such customers deserve the best of service:

And because this bank is a progressive bank that believes the best is none to good, we wish to announce to our friends and customers that on September 1st we will install the Burroughs Posting Machine system of Book-keeping.

The  
GUARANTY  
STATE BANK,

"The Bank of Personal Service."

TAHOKA, TEXAS

## COUNTY CORRESPONDENCE

### T-Writeups

#### Delayed

The binders are making pleasant music in our community this week and harvest time is here at last.

G. W. Short and family are visiting in Jones county this week.

George, Tom, Audry, Donnie Henry and Bertie King were in the Redwine neighborhood last Saturday night and Sunday.

There will be preaching at the T. school house next Sunday afternoon at three o'clock.

There has been some sickness in here of late but all are better by now.

Mr. Mat Williams and family were visiting G. W. Short the first of the week.

W. L. Kuykendall is spending a few days with his mother in Bell county.

Mrs. Percy Wood and children spent a few hours in our community last Saturday.

Mr. Charlie Donaldson and daughter Neniabella and W. M. Waldrip and H. H. Lindley visited at the home of J. H. Nelms last Sunday.

Perry Clayton's brother, Sumner is helping Mr. Clayton on his farm this week.

Come out to see Mr. Edior and we give you all the water-melons that you can eat.

MARY JANE

### Grassland

#### Delayed

Four converts of the recent Baptist meeting here were baptized at the Moberly tank Sunday afternoon.

R. B. McCord and family returned Saturday from a week's visit in Baylor county.

D. D. Odan has returned from Chico where he was called to the bedside of his aged mother. He reports her condition much improved.

Mrs. Walter Thomas and little son from Shelby county are

### \$5.00 Reward

Lost 1 red white faced cow branded K L on left crop left ear.

One red durham cow branded on left side and T on left jaw. Reward on both cows. Notify V. J. FARRIS, Slide, Tex.

The Post Sanitarium is now beginning a new class in nursing and want entergetic, intelligent young ladies to enter training. For particulars write Superintendent Post Sanitarium, Post, Texas. 47-4t

You still have a few more days to buy your favorite PALM-OLIVE SOAP at 3 cakes for 29 cents. Thomas Bros. Drug Co.

I CLEAN and BLOCK HATS, Prices right. Clean and Press clothes also. S. N. Weathers, at the Sanitary Barber Shop. tf

PALMOLIVE TOILET SOAP now on sale 3 bars for 29 cents Thomas Bros. Drug Store.

WANTED Second-handed Fords, Howell's-Garage, Tahoka, Texas. 49tf

guests at the W. R. Thomas home this week.

Dr. Emanuel of Chickasha, Okla and daughter are visiting his brother C. J. Emanuel.

Burt Short is at home after a two week's stay in Hale county. Emery Hood who, has been on the north plains harvest fields, is at home again.

Mr. Armstrong and family of Lamesa visited the family of his brother J. F. Armstrong last Saturday and Sunday.

A. C. Aten had business at Post Saturday.

T. M. Moore is gathering his crop of broom corn which he says is the best he ever raised.

Row binders and maize heading is the order of the day here now.

Mr. Burkhalter is cutting his sudan grass this week. He says he believes it will make two tons of hay to an acre.

SCRIBE.

### Dixie News

The Methodist meeting is in progress at Dixie. Bro. Dunn is assisted by Bro. Leigh Bones of Tahoka.

Mrs. L. V. McLaughlin of near Waco and little niece, Aletha May Wilson of Sweetwater visited last week at the home of W. J. West.

Carl Griffing carried his brother Aaron to Slaton Sunday to take the train for Austin.

Several from this community attended the services of the meeting at New Home, including the baptising Monday afternoon.

Egbert Evans has returned home after a visit with his father near Crowley, Texas.

Mr. Joe Bovell and family of Crowley has moved into our midst. We are glad to welcome them among us.

Mrs. Lumsden, Essie Reeves and Mrs. Dawson of Wilson attended church here Tuesday night.

REPORTER.

### NOTICE

Obstetrical fees on and after Sept 1st 1919. \$25.00 and mileage.

Day calls in town \$3.00

Night calls in town \$4.00

L. E. TURRENTINE, M. D.

E. E. CALLAWAY, M. D.

C. B. TOWNS, M. D.

W. J. Crouch came from Sudan Wednesday to assist in gathering the crop on his place west of town. He says he will make some genuine sorghum molasses.

Rev. J. B. Vinson of Kress came in Saturday to assist in a series of meetings at Three Lakes.

Bernie Shook left for Ocean Beach, N. J. Saturday to visit his mother Mrs. A. D. Shook.

**ITCH!**

Hunt's Salve, formerly called Hunt's Cure is especially compounded for the treatment of Itch, Eczema, Ring worm, and Tetter, and is sold by the druggist on the strict guarantee that the purchase price, 75c, will be promptly refunded to any dissatisfied customer. Try Hunt's Salve at our risk. For sale locally by

Thomas Bros. Drug Co.

### Citation by Publication

THE STATE OF TEXAS,  
To the Sheriff or any Constable of  
Lynn County—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon W. Hutson and Inez Hutson, by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, if there be a newspaper published in the county, but if not, than in any newspaper published in the Seventy-second Judicial District; but if there be no newspaper published in said Judicial District, then in a newspaper published in the nearest district to said Seventy-second Judicial District, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Lynn County, to be held at the Court House thereof, in Tahoka, on the first Monday in September, A. D. 1919, the same being the 1st day of September, A. D. 1919, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 21st day of July, A. D. 1919, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court, No. 374, wherein the first National Bank, of Tahoka, is Plaintiff, and W. Hutson and Inez Hutson are Defendants, and said petition alleging that heretofore, to-wit, on or before the 2nd day of August, A. D. 1913, the defendants made, executed and delivered to S. E. Hillhouse their two certain promissory notes, dated the day and year aforesaid, each for the principal sum of One Hundred Twenty-five (\$125.00) Dollars, bearing interest from date until paid at the rate of ten per cent per annum, and providing for the payment of ten per cent attorney fees if said notes are placed in the hands of an attorney for collection; that said notes were given in part payment of all that certain lot, tract or parcel of land lying and being situated in the county of Borden, State of Texas, and being known as all of lots No. 5, 6, 10, 11 and 12, in block 42, all of lots No. 9, 7, 3 and 1, in block No. 72, of the original town of Gail, in Borden County, Texas.

That said land premises was conveyed by the said S. E. Hillhouse by his deed of writing of that date, and in said deed and said notes the vendor's lien was expressly retained to secure the payment of said notes; that said notes are long past due and unpaid, and the plaintiff has placed said notes in the hands of an attorney for collection, and that the original deed herein referred to is in the hands of the defendants and notice is hereby given to produce the same upon the trial of this cause or secondary evidence will be offered to prove the execution and contents of same. That said notes were in due course of trade, transferred to the plaintiff for a valuable consideration by indorsement and delivery, and that the plaintiff is now the legal owner and holder of same.

Plaintiff prays for judgment for its debt, principal, interest and attorney fees due on said notes, for the foreclosure of the vendor's lien on said property, that same be decreed to be sold to satisfy said judgment, that the purchaser of said property be put in possession thereof within thirty days from the day of sale and for general and special relief.

Herein fail not, but have before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness, B. H. Robinson, Clerk of District Court of Lynn County.

Given under my hand and seal or said Court, at office in Tahoka, Texas, this 21st day of July, A. D. 1919.

B. H. ROBINSON,  
Clerk, District Court, Lynn County.

[SEAL] 46-5t

### Citation by Publication

THE STATE OF TEXAS,  
To the Sheriff or any Constable of Lynn  
County, GREETING:

You are hereby commanded to summon Isaac N. Pownall, Morgan A. Pownall, Jno. C. F. Pownall, Minerva Reed, Thama Zauna, Mary A. Cline, William Pownall, Daniel Whiting, Martin Maloney and Joseph H. Green, and the heirs of Morgan A. Pownall, and of Isaac N. Pownall, and of Jno. C. F. Pownall, and of Minerva Reed, and of Mary A. Cline, and of William Pownall, and of Thama Zauna, and of Daniel Whiting, and of Martin Maloney, and of Joseph H. Green, (the names of all said heirs being unknown), by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks, previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in the nearest county where a newspaper is published, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Lynn County, Texas, to be held at the Court House thereof, in the town of Tahoka, on the first Monday in September 1919, the same being the 1st day of September 1919, then and there to answer the plaintiff's Petition filed in said Court on the 28th day of July, 1919, in a suit numbered on the Civil Docket of said Court, No. 376, wherein B. T. Sumner is plaintiff, and Isaac N. Pownall, Morgan A. Pownall, Jno. C. F. Pownall, Minerva Reed, Thama Zauna, Mary A. Cline, William Pownall, Daniel Whiting, Martin Maloney, and Joseph H. Green, and the heirs of each and all said last ten named parties, are defendants, (the names of said heirs being unknown). The nature of plaintiff's Cause of action is as follows: Plaintiff sues all the defendants in trespass to try title for the title and possession of 640 acres of land, situated in Lynn County, Texas, being Survey 97 in Block 1, Certificate 15 G. T. Ry. Co., patented to Morgan A. Pownall, on the 15th day of November 1870, by Patent No. 22, Vol. 51. He also pleads title to said land by way of the five and ten years Statutes of Limitations.

Herein fail not, but have you, before said Court, on the first day of the next regular term thereof, this WRIT, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness, B. H. Robinson, Clerk of District Court of Lynn County, Texas.

Given under my hand and the seal of said Court, at office in Tahoka, this 28th day of July, 1919.

B. H. ROBINSON,  
Clerk District Court,  
Lynn County, Texas. 47-4t

Sam Weathers returned to his home at Celeste Saturday.

### Sanitary Barber Shop

I. S. DOAK, Proprietor

Smooth Shaves, Shampoos, Massages, Tonics and Baths

We represent the Amalillo Steam Laundry



### A WORLD OF PLEASURE

is enjoyed when eating our ice cream. Just one taste is enough to convince you of its deliciousness and make you want more. There is none other like it. Try it for dessert. We deliver in quarts, gallons, etc. Parties and entertainments supplied.

THE LIMIT.

### Attention Printers!

We have for immediate sale one Diamond Cylinder news press, in good condition; power attachment; can be run by hand. Reason for selling, are replacing with faster press. Just the thing for small town, one-man shop. Will sell reasonable; worth the money. If interested, address

News Printing Co.

Tahoka, Texas

### Needmore

Mr. G. P. Womock of Martha, Okla and son and wife are visitors at the home of J. A. Shattuck this week.

C. A. Womock of Wellington, Texas spent the week end with his sister Mrs. Beulah Shattuck.

Miss Hazel Doughty returned from Lubbock Tuesday after undergoing an operation for appendicitis.

S. W. Glass, wife and daughter Miss Mable of Navasota were the guests of J. B. and J. E. Stokes from Saturday to Tuesday. Mrs. Glass is a cousin of the Messrs. Stokes. They were very favorably impressed with Lynn county and we hope they will decide to locate here in the near future.

Cleve Glover is here looking after the West Texas Gin Co.

**FIRE!**

**INSURANCE**

PARKHURST INSURANCE AGENCY  
TAHOKA, TEXAS

"ALL WORK GUARANTEED" "SATISFACTION OUR MOTTO"

### NOTICE!

We have reopened the old Chevrolet Garage for General Repair Work on all cars. All who have autos needing repair work done, give us a trial. Electrical Work a Specialty. We do Soldering of all kinds.

G. W. KNOY & SON.

### PUBLIC SALE

Will sell to the highest bidder 48 head of horses and mules at O'Donnell Stock Pens, Saturday, August 30, 1919, at 11:00 O'clock.

Bud Fritz.

Charley Chaplin  
IN HIS THIRD MILLION  
DOLLAR COMEDY

'Sunnyside'

An Idyll of Small Town Life

"CUSTER'S LAST FIGHT"

SEE THESE PICTURE'S AT THE

Star Theater,

Saturday, August 23rd.

# HARDWARE

ware, Queensware, Alluminum Ware; really we try to have in stock anything you may want in the Hardware line. Binder repairs.

We will appreciate your HARDWARE business. Give us a chance to sell you your wants in the Hardware line. This town needs a real good Hardware store. Help us make this store what you would like for it to be.

**THE McCORMACK STORE,** Tahoka, Texas