

The Memphis Democrat

MEMPHIS, TEXAS, THURSDAY SEPTEMBER 12, 1918.

NUMBER 13

SON PHONOGRAPH PRESENTED CAVALRY

Ladies Raise Money in
Hours. Boys Much
Pleased With Gift.

Saturday a committee of the local Red Cross solicited donations for the purchase of a phonograph for the boys of Troop "H." They had the machine on display at the booth in the Tomlinson Drug store in a short time the sum of \$15.00 was raised.

Following is a list of donors:

D. Browder	5.00
Telephone Co.	5.00
Montgomery	2.00
Quigley	1.50
Craver	1.00
Read	1.00
Kinard	1.00
Noel	1.00
Miller	1.00
J. Walker	1.00
King	1.00
Flannery	1.00
Ball	1.00
Wallace	1.00
Montgomery	1.00
Gibson	1.00
Stokes	1.00
Mer	1.00
Eyes	1.00
Webster	1.00
Popper	1.00
Tomlinson	1.00
Ly	1.00
Hatt	1.00
Ann	1.00
Embost	1.00
M. Dalton	1.00
Swain	1.00
Taylor	1.00
Stroupe	1.00
Powers	1.00
ice	1.00
Montgomery	1.00
Orr	1.00
Norris	1.00
Clower	1.00
in	1.00
Powell	1.00
Wilson	1.00
wens	1.00
land	1.00
Greene	1.00
Broome	1.00
Thrasher	.50
McCanne	.50
Radford	.50
ey	.50
Iderson	.50
ene	.50
eat	.50
Stafford	.50
ressley	.50
ward	.50
heel	.50
ranks	.50
exander	.50
adgett	.50
Bilam	.50
Bilam	.50
Bilam	.50
Stanger	.50
ams	.50
Elly	.50
Bilam	.50
Elliott	.50
ews	.50
McMurry	.50
arie Jr.	.50

AMERICAN SHIP DORA SUNK BY SUBMARINE

London, Sept. 10.—The American steamship Dora, formerly under the Austrian flag, was torpedoed and sunk on Sept. 4 approximately 400 miles off France as the result of an attack on a cargo convoy. The crew was saved.

The steamship was struck at 6:20 o'clock in the morning. A calm sea enabled all the crew of eighty-five to escape. They were picked up by destroyers. The submarine daringly took up a position about 150 yards from the starboard side of the convoy column and about an equal distance from the nearest destroyer and fired at the Dora, which was heading a column of three vessels.

Members of Guard Must Register

Austin, Texas, Sept. 9.—All members of the Texas National Guard must register next Thursday, announced Adjutant General James A. Harley today. This means that the officers and men of the two brigades of cavalry and the brigade of infantry must present themselves for registration in their various counties. General Harley said that the fact that the two brigades of cavalry had been given Federal recognition and designated for draft makes no difference.

"The purpose of this registration is to avoid complications and confusion that would probably arise in the event the members of these new units did not register. The draft, however, is not likely to disturb these organizations," said General Harley.

There are approximately 15,000 officers and men involved.

W. S. Directed by Reserve Banks

Washington, Sept. 8.—Secretary McAdoo announced today the adoption of a suggestion by Frank A. Vanderlip, chairman of the National War Savings Committee, that the war savings organization be placed under the supervision of the Federal Reserve Bank, so that the activities of the war savings and Liberty loan committees can be co-ordinated and eventually consolidated. This is expected to eliminate duplication of effort and perhaps decrease the expenses of operation.

The Governor of each Federal Reserve Bank will be appointed a director of war savings and will have supervision of all war savings activities in his district.

Baker's Party Reaches France

Washington, Sept. 8.—The War Department today announced the arrival in France of Secretary Baker, accompanied by an official party, including John D. Ryan, Assistant Secretary in charge of aircraft, and Major General Gorgas, Surgeon General of the Army.

- | | |
|------------------------|----|
| A. E. Hoffman | 25 |
| Mrs. Robertson | 25 |
| Fred Swift | 25 |
| W. S. Montgomery | 25 |
| Mr. Trapp | 25 |
| Ruby Watt | 25 |
| R. L. Prater | 50 |
| Bill Moreman | 50 |
| Max King | 50 |
| Nath Hudgins | 50 |
| Lisle Montgomery | 50 |
| Sid Baker | 50 |
| Preston Driskell | 50 |
| W. E. Ewin | 50 |
| Mrs. B. Webster | 50 |
| Mrs. Mayes | 50 |
| T. N. Foxall | 50 |
| O. B. Inales | 50 |
| O. A. Davidson | 50 |
| Sam Hamilton | 50 |
| Tom Benton | 50 |
| Mr. Clark (White Rose) | 50 |
| Lee Rushing | 50 |
| G. R. Kilpatrick | 50 |
| Mr. Cisk | 50 |
| Mr. Gardner | 50 |
| Fred Boswell | 40 |
| Mrs. McMurry | 40 |
| E. N. Reyes | 25 |
| Ruth Parker | 25 |
| M. A. Rich | 25 |
| C. H. Evans | 25 |
| Dick Watson | 25 |
| Mrs. R. E. Stanford | 25 |
| W. T. Willis | 25 |
| B. Webster | 25 |
| Bob Johnson | 25 |
| J. A. Shepard | 25 |

(Continued on last page)

MEN 19 TO 36 TO BE CALLED FIRST

Men Under 21 to Be Accepted for
Students' Army Training
Corps Service.

Washington, Sept. 10.—Provost Marshal General Crowder announced today that the first call to the colors of men who register Thursday will include men in the 19 and 20-year-old classes and in the classes from 21 to 36 years inclusive. Questionnaires will go first to registrants within these specified age limits and local boards will be ordered to classify them first in readiness for calls beginning in October.

Young men in the 19 and 20-year classes, General Crowder said, will be accepted for induction into the Students' Army Training Corps, but he pointed out that the authorized strength of this corps is only 150,000 men, whereas the total number of registrants below 20 will be over 3,000,000.

The Provost Marshal General refused to discuss further the educational plans, saying that they were not within his province. He pointed out that the total number of fit men which he expected to be secured from the classes over 32 was only 601,000.

General Crowder issued today a general appeal to employers to assist in the presentation of claims for occupational exemptions and declared that this was the unexplored field of the new draft and that no estimates could be made as to the number of men who ought to be excluded from military service in the upper age limits because of their occupation.

St. Louis, Sept. 10.—The War Industries Board has requested the smaller merchants throughout the country, not listed in trade organizations and who will esteem it a privilege to offer their stocks for consideration of the American Red Cross, to report at once their stocks of hand-knitting yarns, both woolen and worsted, in oxford, khaki, natural and grey colors, stating counts, make, quality and cost price. Lots down to fifty pounds will be considered.

To the Farmers of Hall County.

In view of the fact that some of the farmers are shipping in feed and would like to have the benefit of the one half rate. It will be necessary in order for you to get this rate to call at my office and get your order O. K'd. as this matter is handled through this department. If you contemplate shipping in any hay and feed call at my office and I will explain how the shipment can be made.

L. M. THOMPSON,
County Agent.

Cavalry Boys Give Entertainment

The boys of Troop "H" gave an entertainment at their Armory, located in the old fire station, Saturday night, September 7, 1918. Various forms of amusement were entered into and enjoyed by the boys and their guests. The new Army and Navy Edison Phonograph, which was donated, under the auspices of the Red Cross ladies, by the citizens of Memphis, to the boys of Troop "H," furnished the greatest source of amusement to the evenings entertainment. The Armory was prettily decorated with patriotic bunting and flags, and with so many of the boys in uniform the place had quite a martial appearance. A delicious cold punch was served throughout the evening.

St. Louis, Sept. 10.—Mourning brassards will be supplied free by the American Red Cross, to parents and widows of soldiers who lose their lives at the front. The brassard, a band of black broadcloth three inches wide with a regulation military star embroidered in gold, is to be worn on the left sleeve midway between elbow and shoulder. The brassard was suggested and designed by the Women's Committee of the Council of National Defense and endorsed by President Wilson. It is to be worn in lieu of general mourning.

RAILROAD OPERATION REVIEWED BY McADOO

Director's Report to Wilson Shows
Accomplishments of Federal
Management.

Washington, Sept. 8.—Government operation of the railroads for the seven months ending August 1 is reviewed in the first report of Director General McAdoo to President Wilson. The report made public today reviews that salaries paid railroad executives by the Government are much lower than received from companies under private control, but they have not been paid to the comparatively small figures of other officers in Government service. The seven Regional Directors of the Railroad Administration get between \$40,000 and \$50,000 a year and Federal Managers of individual roads or systems varying amounts between \$5,000 and \$40,000, although under private control salaries ranged as high as \$100,000 for railroad presidents or executives.

At the same time it is shown that directors of the nine divisions of the railroads are paid salaries between \$20,000 and \$25,000 each. Mr. McAdoo, their superior, receives only the usual Cabinet members pay of \$12,000 as Secretary of the treasury and nothing additional as Director General of the Railroads.

Of the 2,325 railway officers receiving more than \$5,000 under private management, 400 presidents have been removed from Government pay rolls—though they may have been retained at the company expense—and the \$21,320,000 paid officers in the aggregate under private control has been reduced to \$15,062,000 by the Government.

In reviewing accomplishments of the Government management Mr. McAdoo laid stress on the Railroad Administration's efforts to move coal as fast as mines can produce it, and denied that production is limited by lack of ear supply.

Up to August 1 22,000,000 more tons of coal had been hauled this year than the same period of last year, Mr. McAdoo reported.

It was imperative and just to raise wages, the report said, and consequently necessary to advance rates 25 per cent.

Summarizing results obtained Mr. McAdoo said:

"A daily increase in facility and efficiency is noticeable and I am confident that the railroads will shortly be in condition to meet any demands that may be made of them if needed motive power already ordered can be secured and if the necessary skilled labor is not withdrawn from the railroads for military and other purposes."

Dates for Student Army Courses

Austin, Texas, Sept. 8.—The committee on education and special training of the War Department has fixed the dates for the opening and closing terms of training of the Students' Army Training Corps of the University, according to a telegram received today by them from Director McLaurin. The training period will be divided into three terms. The first opens Oct. 1 and closes Dec. 21; the second opens Dec. 30 and closes March 22, and the third opens March 31 and closes June 21. Strictly military textbooks will be furnished the students free of cost.

Miss Kate Reynolds of Vernon is here this week attending teachers' institute.

Pisa, Italy, Sept. 10.—Hundreds of refugees have been given work here by the American Red Cross which is building a modern American village in which there will be churches, stores, residences, hospitals, schools and factories. The village, when completed, will house 2,000 persons. The building of the village found it could not care for the thousands of refugees from the North. The building of such a village is providing employment for the refugees, who will later be housed and given work in the village.

EXPLOSION WRECKS MUNITIONS PLANT

Philadelphia, Sept. 11.—An explosion occurred at the Eddystone munitions plant late this afternoon and many are reported killed and injured. Eight are known to be dead.

There was an explosion at this plant in April, 1917, in which 139 were killed and hundreds injured. The cause of the explosion has not been determined as yet. Officials at the plant refused to make a statement. Hurried calls were sent out for medical aid, and physicians and nurses were rushed to the scene from all the nearby hospitals.

Red Cross Home Service Section

Washington, D. C., Sept. 10.—The American Red Cross, through its Home Service Section has aided more than 1,000,000 persons since the war began, says a report just made public by the War Council on the use of the first Red Cross War Fund of \$100,000,000. The report deals with the Home Service Section exclusively, an announcement being made that other activities will be reported later.

The outstanding features of the report tells of the helping of more than 300,000 families of American men in service. These families were relieved of money troubles, legal difficulties and family worries by the Red Cross.

By January 1, 1919, the American Red Cross will have expended \$6,000,000 in Home Service, money being the least valuable contribution of this section and will be carrying a burden of about \$1,000,000 a month, the report says. For the first six months of this year the expenditures were \$1,500,000. It is estimated that the expenditures for Home Service for the final six months of the year will exceed \$4,000,000.

Eugene V. Debbs Being Tried.

Cleveland, Ohio, Sept. 8.—Eugene V. Debbs, four times candidate for President of the United States on the Socialist ticket, will go on trial in Federal Court here tomorrow morning, charged with violation of the espionage act.

Debbs was secretly indicted by the Federal grand jury on June 29 on an indictment of ten counts and was arrested here June 30 as he was about to address a meeting of Cleveland socialists. The charge against him is based on a speech Debbs delivered at the State convention of the Ohio Socialist party at Canton June 16.

In the Canton speech Debbs is alleged to have declared the purpose of the allies in the war to be the same as that of the central powers; he urged his hearers to know that "they were fit for something better than common fodder;" he declared himself as guilty as Mrs. Rose Pastor Stokes, who was recently found guilty of the espionage law; he praised the Bolshevik and the I. W. W. and counseled his hearer not to worry over the charge of "treason to their masters."

If found guilty Debbs faces a sentence of twenty years' imprisonment and a \$10,000 fine on each count.

To Fix the Price of Gasoline.

Washington, Sept. 9.—Fuel Administrator Garfield today announced that he expects soon to fix a price for gasoline for domestic consumers as well as the Government and the allies at a figure lower than the present market price. He is awaiting further reports on the situation before taking definite action.

Jesse McCollum of Estelline was here a short while Tuesday.

Attention, Members of Troop "H"

You are cordially invited to come to the Armory and time of the day, and until 11:00 o'clock at night, to listen to the New Army and Navy Edison Phonograph, which the citizens of Memphis have so kindly donated the Troop.

Come, bring your friends, and have a good time. Something doing all the time.

BRITISH MOVE UP LAGGING CENTER

French Outflank La Fere; British
Enter Peizeres. Germans Re-
sisting Strongly.

The British Wednesday were again moving forward toward the Hindenburg line in the one sector where they are still some distance from it, near the center of the Allied battle front.

Some progress was made Tuesday night in the Vermand region, where Field Marshal Haig's forces are closing in upon St. Quentin from the north while the French are pushing up from the south.

Further north the British were reported Wednesday to have gained a foothold in the twin towns of Peizeres and Epehy, two and a half miles from the Hindenburg line opposite La Cately. The Germans are resisting strongly here, as this section of the line forms part of the defenses of Cambrai on the south.

Their resistance in this sector is also taking the form of strong counter attacks at Gouzeaucourt, just to the north. They gained a lone British post in hard fighting here last night, but otherwise were completely repulsed.

The defense of Cambrai is likewise being carried to the aggressive side by the Germans along the Canal Du Nord, where the British stand far inside the Hindenburg line after having broken the Quent-Drocourt switch.

The French drive upon La Fere, a northerly defense of the St. Bobain bastion, was reported Wednesday to have made notable progress with the capture of the town of Travecy, on the Hindenburg line, two miles directly north of La Fere. The holding of this ground would result in the outflanking of La Fere on the northerly side.

The Germans also have been attacking desperately on the French front, where the line runs north from the Aisne toward the St. Gobain massif. They are attempting to drive the Franco-American force there off the Mont Rouge Plateau, the Allies occupation of which is threatening the flank of the line far to the east. All their efforts, however, have been fruitless.

Farmers' Union Meets Saturday

Below is the program of the Hall County Farmers' Union to meet at Memphis, Saturday Sept. 14th, at 10:00 o'clock a. m.

10:00 a. m. to 12:00 business session.

1:00 p. m. "Benefits to be derived from the proposed amendment to the Home-Steal law of the State of Texas."—Judge S. A. Edwards.

2:00 p. m. Is the fixing of prices of farm products by the government best for the farmer?—J. M. Edwards.

3:00 p. m. "Should the taxpayer know where the money for the expense of the county goes and why."—W. A. McIntosh.

**Today's
REMINDER**

Pay the President



**YOUR
DUTY**

BUY
U. S. GOVERNMENT
STAMPS

**TODAY'S
REMINDER**

Pay the President



**BUYING
U. S. SAVINGS
STAMPS
PROFITABLE
PATRIOTISM**

7% Interest

FOOD AND RAILROAD ADMINISTRATIONS TO AID OF CATTLEMEN

PLAN INAUGURATED TO SHIP LIVE STOCK FROM DROUGHT AREA TO PENNSYLVANIA AND EASTERN STATES, ON REDUCED FREIGHT RATE.

Washington has suggested a plan which may relieve the cattlemen of Western Texas and only conditions growing out of war could have been contemplated. Thursday morning, August 29, Administrator Peden received from the United States Food Administration a telegram stating that the Food Administration had arranged with the Railroad Administration for the establishment of a 75 per cent of beef cattle rates to Pennsylvania and other Eastern States where pastureage is assured and food can be secured. The message reads:

"Relative to drought stricken cattle your State (Texas) we have arranged with the Railroad Administration for establishment of seventy-five per cent (75%) of beef cattle rates to Pennsylvania and other Eastern States where we are assured pastures and food can be secured.

"The Railroad Administration, however, due to condition of cattle, would prefer to handle only in straight train lots, thereby affording much better service. I have asked them to have regional director of Federal managers in your State (Texas) to take the question up with you directly, with idea of informing shippers of situation, so that they may get together and arrange their shipments so that trainload service may be possible.

"I have also asked interested Pennsylvania people to get in touch with your shippers so necessary arrangements can be perfected. Mr. Waddell of Texas, who is now serving with the Bureau of Markets, Department of Agriculture, will also assist shippers in their arrangements. As soon as you hear from railroad representatives you will be advised as to more details and be in better position to co-operate.

"We have been advised that the situation is extremely serious, hence our interest in the matter. Texas Cattle Raisers' Association will also be advised directly by Waddell and Simmerman of Pennsylvania, who is arranging for purchase."

Immediately upon Washington's suggestion for relieving the drought stricken area by diverting live stock from the arid plains to points that may be better provided for them, Administrator Peden sent the following telegram to Colonel Ike T. Pryor, president of the American National Live Stock Association, San Antonio; James Callan, president of Texas Cattle Raisers' Association, Fort Worth, and L. C. Britte, president Panhandle Southwestern Stockmen's Association, El Paso:

"The Food Administration has arranged with the Railroad Administration for the establishment of 75 per cent of beef cattle rates to Pennsylvania and other Eastern States, where pastureage and food obtainable. The Railroad Administration, however, due to condition of cattle, prefer to handle only straight train lots, thereby affording much better service. Regional director of Federal managers in Texas will confer with me concerning plan and arrange with you for trainload service. Pennsylvania people will get in touch with you and Mr. Waddell of Texas, now serving with the Bureau of Markets, Department of Agriculture, will also assist shippers."

R. C. McElree, director of transportation for the Federal Food Administration for Texas, will have charge of this new work of the Food Administration in Texas, and many of the details of the cattle movements to the East will be worked out by Mr. McElree, during Mr. Peden's absence in Washington, where he will attend a conference of State Food Administrators.

HOW NEW YORK SETS CANDY CONSERVATION PRECEDENT FOR U. S.

Administrator Peden is advised by the U. S. Food Administration that the Association of Manufacturers of Confectionery and Chocolate of the State of New York, as the result of a conference held with the food officials in Washington August 12, have gone on record by recommending that retail dealers limit sales of candy to one pound at a time; that they reduce window displays of candy by half, giving up the space to worthy war activities; that they take inventories of stocks of candy boxes of two-pound capacity or more; that the manufacture and sale of coconut candy be encouraged; and that during the canning season fruit be eaten instead of candy.

The action of the New York candy makers is regarded as a precedent which may be eventually adopted by the manufacturers of all the States of the Union. Candy makers have been cut down by the Food Administration to one-half the sugar they used last year, but no restriction has been placed upon the amount of candy that retailers may sell at a time. The seeming inconsistency of this situation with the regulation that limits purchases of household sugar to two pounds at a time was appreciated by the confectioners of New York State themselves.

It is not the aim of the Food Administration to discourage the purchase of candy altogether, but to moderate its consumption with a view of the saving of sugar, which must be saved in order to prevent shortage.

USE "FAIR PRICE LISTS" AS YARDSTICK IN THE MAKING OF YOUR DAILY PURCHASES OF FOOD

ADMINISTRATOR PEDEN IN MESSAGE TO HOUSEWIVES OF TEXAS ON SECOND YEAR OF FOOD ADMINISTRATION ASKS THEIR HELP IN KEEPING PRICES FROM SOARING "SKY-HIGH."



To the Housewives of Texas: At the approach of the second year of my service as Federal Food Administrator for Texas I wish to thank you for your hearty co-operation in the cause of food conservation. The splendid results achieved justify the sacrifice you have made in conforming to the novel and frequently difficult demands which the war has placed upon the dinner table. I have no doubt that you will continue as civilian soldiers to comply faithfully with the rules and requests of the Food Administration, by wasting no food whatever and by saving as much as possible of the essentials for our brave boys and allies across the Atlantic.

There is still another service—a service of great value—that you can render to our country at this time. It is highly important that prices be held down as low as legitimate business can bear. Profiteering is a familiar vulture in every war. Selfish greed is always ready to take advantage of its opportunity. For this reason the United States Food Administration will punish dealers who charge for licensed commodities more than a reasonable advance over the cost of the particular article. I am happy to be able to say that the larger number of dealers have not offended against this rule. But some have offended and more will offend if the guilty are not detected and punished, until will speculation and profiteering will upset business and increase the cost of living to an insufferable degree.

To meet this condition, the Food Administration has created Price Interpreting Committees, composed of representatives of the wholesale and retail trade and of consumers. These committees will fix and publish at intervals maximum and minimum prices at which commodities should be sold by retailers. The minimum price is to be paid by the customer who pays cash and carries the purchase home. The maximum price is to be paid by the customer who buys on credit or when the merchant makes delivery. Any dealers charging more than the maximum price is profiteering.

The profiteer will be punished, even to the extent of being prevented from handling licensed commodities during the period of the war. But the Food Administration can not regulate profits by punishing profiteering unless informed of violations. Upon you must I largely depend for reports of such offenses. With your help I can and will keep profiteering down and even prevent it entirely. As a public official, entrusted with the solemn work of leading Texans, in carrying out the food program of war activities, I am now most earnestly asking you, collectively and individually, to voluntarily accept the position of honorary agents of the Food

Administration with the following duties: Carefully read and familiarize yourselves with the published prices of the Price Interpreting Committees of your community; check your purchases by such lists, never pay exceeding the maximum price fixed by the committee, and report to the local Food Administration or to my office the facts concerning any excessive price charged or demanded by any retailer of you or of any person within your knowledge.

I realize that my request imposes an added and a disagreeable task upon the army of Texas women. But it is a task which you alone can perform and I am sure that you who have so cheerfully given your brothers and sons to the cause of victory or death will not withhold from that cause this further contribution of war service. Respectfully, E. A. PEDEN, Federal Food Administrator for Texas.

PROFIT SET FOR SEED MERCHANTS AND GINNERS.

The margin to cover expenses and profits of seed merchants and ginner has been fixed at \$3.00 per ton by the U. S. Food Administration. Recent advances in the cotton seed market make it necessary for the Food Administration to see that this rule is complied with. Seed dealers are instructed to pay back to farmers all excess over profits allowed in Circular 49. County Food Administrators are instructed to report to Administrator Peden any violation of Circular 49, or other cotton seed rules, or any refusal to refund according to the instructions.

MAKING THE FRUITS COUNT



To Make Fruit Drinks.

The principal charm of a fruit drink lies in the smooth blending of the various flavors. When ready to use, supply the needed sugar in the form of a syrup, for otherwise the juices and sugar must be mixed and allowed to stand together for several hours before serving. A sugar syrup may be omitted, 1 cup of honey or 1½ cups of white corn syrup. It saves time and fuel to make a quart or so of this syrup at a time and bottle it boiling hot in sterilized jars for subsequent use.

A small amount of some strongly acid juice should always be added to the fruit drink to give it the proper degree of acidity. The juice of rhubarb or barberries is sufficiently sour to take the place of lemon juice, which is often recommended for this purpose. Orange juice may be substituted for lemon juice by adding to it a small quantity of cider vinegar.

Add to the fruit juices enough of the syrup to sweeten them, enough acid juice to contribute the desired zest, and dilute the whole to taste with shaved ice or with ice water.

To Make Fruit Leathers.

Concentrate fruit juices by boiling them over direct heat, then by drying them in the top of a double boiler, or on platters or enamel pans set in a moderate oven. The juice is sufficiently concentrated when, on cooling, it makes a highly glazed, tough, dry, leathery jelly. Dry the leather in thin sheets, and roll the sheets like jelly rolls, then cut them across; or dry it in a sheet 3/4 of an inch thick, and cut it in cubes. In either of these forms the leather makes a tempting confection. Store in air-tight containers or in a dry place.

Leathers are also made from unsweetened or slightly sweetened fruit pulp. Peach leather is unsweetened peach marmalade dried in the oven, sprinkled with sugar, rolled and cut. Strawberry leather is made by crushing sweet, ripe strawberries, and drying them without cooking, in the oven.



TO HANDLE COTTON SEED FIVE ZONES ARE FORMED

SCHEDULE OF BASIC YIELDS ARE GIVEN.

Effective August 1, in order to better handle cotton seed and its products, the State of Texas has been divided into five zones by Administrator Peden, as follows:

Zone 1 includes all counties east of Pecos, Hunt, Rains, Van Zandt, Henderson, Anderson, Houston, Trinity, Polk, Liberty and Chambers counties.

Zone 2 includes all counties south of Liberty, Montgomery, Grimes and Washington counties and east of Fayette, Lavaca, Jackson and Calhoun counties.

Zone 3 is bounded on the east by zone 1 and on the south by zone 2, on the west by the eastern line of Fayette, Lee, Williamson, Burnet, Lampasas, Mills and Comanche counties, and bounded on the north by the southern lines of Erath, Somerville, Johnson, Ellis and Henderson counties.

Zone 4 is bounded on the east by zone 1 and on the south by zone 3 and on the west by the eastern lines of Comanche, Eastland, Stephens, Throckmorton, Knox, Nolan, Briscoe and Armstrong counties.

Zone 5 includes all counties west of zones 4, 2 and 3.

Basic yields, effective August 1, are as follows: Yield of 540 pounds of hulls and 145 pounds of lint for all zones. Oil yields, 29, 38, 37, 38 and 25 gallons for zones 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, respectively. Cake yields, 920, 930, 940, 930 and 950 pounds for zones 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, respectively. The point of origin determines the zone.

Notice has been sent to all cotton seed crushers of the zone plan, and in addition Washington instructs that all mills are to buy seed at market price. Seed dealers are to pay back to farmers all excess profits allowed in circular No. 49. Violators of circular 49 or other rules should be summoned for hearing immediately.

MICKIE SAYS

AIN'T IT STRANGE HOW SOME GOOD SCOUTS IN THIS TOWN WHO PAY ALL THEIR OTHER BILLS PROMPTLY AND REGULAR WILL PERGIT THE NEWSPAPER MAN FOR TWO OR THREE YEARS AT A STRETCH?



Used 40 Years

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Sold Everywhere

22 Million Families in the United States

IF EACH FAMILY saved one cup of wheat flour it would amount to 5,500,000 pounds, or more than 28,000 barrels. If this saving was made three times a week, it would amount to 858,000,000 pounds, or 4,377,000 barrels in a year.

You can do your share in effecting this saving and really help to win the war by omitting white bread from one meal today and baking in its place muffins or corn bread according to this recipe:

Corn Meal Muffins

3/4 cup corn meal	2 tablespoons sugar
1 1/2 cups flour	No eggs
1/2 teaspoon salt	1 cup milk
4 teaspoons Dr. Price's Baking Powder	2 tablespoons shortening

Sift dry ingredients together into bowl; add milk and melted shortening and beat well. Bake in greased muffin tin in hot oven about 20 minutes. Same batter may be baked as corn bread in greased shallow pan.

New Red, White and Blue booklet, "Best War Time Recipes," containing many other recipes for making delicious and wholesome wheat saving foods mailed free.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER, 1011 Independence Boulevard, Chicago

FOOD WILL WIN THE WAR

King the Tailor

Does better work, takes more care than most cleaners and pressers. He will appreciate a fair trial. Work called for and delivered.

Phone 346

Arnold & Gardner Market

Fresh, Salt and Canned Meats, Vegetables and Condiments

Telephone 160 Auto Delivery

The animals we kill are slaughtered in an absolutely sanitary slaughterhouse and nothing but fat, healthy animals are used. We buy and sell stock of all kinds.

Notice!

Beginning Monday morning September 2, we will sell at greatly reduced prices our entire stock of groceries. Everything strictly cash. No goods charged to anyone.

Come Early While the Stock is Complete

Stafford Groceries

West Main St. Memphis, Tenn.

PATTERNS to be used for the new materials make delightful gowns that the woman who lives on her war income cannot resist, but can afford. All the McCall designs are new and distinctive.

McCall Patterns For August ARE NOW ON SALE

F. E. Adams & Co.

UNIVERSAL WAR BREAD IS NEW FOOD PROGRAM

WHEAT FLOUR NOW SOLD IN QUANTITY OF 80 TO 20 PER CENT SUBSTITUTES.

Universal war bread for all the nations arrayed against the central powers is provided for in the new wheat regulations announced by U. S. Food Administrator Herbert Hoover in a message to the American public. With the regulations comes a lifting of many of the restrictions in the United States and at the same time the allies are given bread containing more wheat than they have had since the early days of the war. The regulations become effective September 1, and wheatless days and wheatless meals will be discontinued.

Under an international bread policy maintained by the interallied food council in London, all bread made for September 1 for France, England, Italy, the United States and the other allies will be made of mixed wheat containing 80 per cent wheat flour and 20 per cent substitute cereal. The message and its text is as follows:

The recent careful survey by the Administrators of the United States, France, England and Italy of the food resources of the 220,000,000 people fighting against Germany shows that to maintain enough supplies and necessary reserves against winter there must be maintained in countries a conservation of wheat for during the coming year.

It has been agreed that the wheat of the allies shall contain twenty (20) per cent other grains than wheat, and it is only just that we should bear our share in this saving of our bread should be at least equal with those who are suffering so greatly from the war than ourselves.

Distribution and transportation circumstances in the United States render it necessary to rely very largely on voluntary action in our homes to force this mixture.

Regulations Promulgated.

The victory bread so made is wholesome, and there is no difficulty in preparation. We desire to emphasize the fact that mixtures outlined below are wheat bread and the saving of wheat flour, but they are not intended to replace the large use of corn bread. You must use the mixture with wheat in addition to our normal consumption of corn bread. For this purpose regulations are formulated below, effective September 1, providing:

- For the preparation and marketing by the manufacturing and distributing trades of the country of a mixed bread complying with the international regulation which will be available for purchase by the household.
- In regulations covering the case of straight wheat flour is sold by millers, that at the same time 20 per cent of other cereal flours must be added incidentally.
- Requiring that all bakers' bread contain 20 per cent of other cereals, and the Food Administration is upon the householders of the country to mix at least 20 per cent of substitute cereals into the wheat or at home for all uses.
- For the use of corn bread which could be purchased separately from combination sales.
- Ready Mixed Flour for Sale.

It is desired to insure a supply of ready mixed flours on the market and have millers and dealers of all kinds encourage use and sale of this flour, that the country may be on a mixed basis without necessity of the millers making combination sales of wheat and substitutes.

All such mixed flours made according to the following regulations should be labeled "Victory Mixed Flour," and to be labeled with the ingredients in order of their proportion. The 20 per cent mixed must be milled in accordance with the standards of the United States Food Administration.

No mixed flours, except pancake mixes, shall be made or manufactured in the exact proportions as outlined below: Mixed wheat and barley

SING KHAI FOO MONEY LENDERS FOUND IN TEXAS

Did you ever hear the story of the Chinese money lender? It's not a very pleasant tale, but it is history, nevertheless.

Sing Khai Foo was a Chinese money lender. For some mysterious reason his customers died very soon after they had borrowed money from Sing Khai Foo and had given him a mortgage on their property to cover the loan. But the fact that his customers died never "othered" the Celestial Shylock. He grew richer and richer.

After a number of years had passed, the ruler of China became suspicious and the money lender was closely watched. The investigation revealed the fact that Sing Khai Foo lent his money, secured the loan by taking a heavy mortgage on the customer's property and on his way home with the money had the customer ambushed and killed by hired murderers who returned the money to Sing Khai Foo. When the mortgage expired Sing Khai Foo foreclosed on the dead man's property. Not only did he get the money he lent the victim by having him murdered, but he also came into possession of his victim's property.

All of the Chinese money lenders are not in China. There are a number of Sing Khai Foes in Texas today. They don't go by the name of Chinese money lenders, but profess themselves to be "loyal Americans."

They are the people who buy a few United States Government War Savings Stamps, but keep on spending their money for non-essentials. Men that should go to war they insist on keeping here to stand behind a counter and sell them luxuries, little knick-knacks, non-essentials they are not compelled to have. They are the people who insist on spending their money selfishly on themselves when the Government needs that money and is asking them to lend it at good interest in War Savings Stamps. They are the kind of people who insist that valuable material needed for war manufacture shall be made into non-essentials and luxuries for their own selfish use and pleasure. They are the "loyal Americans" who keep men employed in the manufacture of non-essentials for them when these men are needed by the Government to manufacture war essentials.

These people who call themselves "loyal Americans" are the Sing Khai Foes of Texas. They buy a few War Savings Stamps and prattle about their patriotism while they stab America in the back the next minute by purchasing non-essentials. They lend a few dollars to the Government to provide for the soldiers who are fighting for them in France and immediately buy some luxury that will keep a soldier from getting needed equipment or food. They appear to be doing an American's duty, but in reality they are lending with one hand and taking back with the other. They are making it possible for the Kaiser's hired murderers to stab real Americans—not the Sing Khai Foo luxury buying kind—in the back.

flour shall be in proportion of four pounds of wheat flour to one pound of barley flour. Mixed wheat and corn flour shall contain the proportion of four pounds of wheat flour to one pound of corn flour. Mixed wheat, barley and corn flour shall contain the proportions of eight pounds of wheat flour to one pound of barley and one pound of corn flour. Mixed wheat and rye flour shall contain the proportions of three pounds of wheat flour and not less than two pounds of rye flour. Whole wheat, entire wheat or graham flour or meal shall contain at least 95 per cent of the wheat berry.

"All the above 'victory mixed flours' may be sold without substitutes, but at no greater price from the miller, wholesaler and retail dealer than in the case of standard wheat flour.

Retail Sale of Standard Wheat Flour.

"The new regulations supersede the fifty-fifty rule. The retail dealer selling standard wheat flour is required to carry in stock either barley flour, corn meal or corn flour, and with every sale of wheat flour must sell a combination of some one or more of these in the proportion of one pound substitutes to each four pounds of wheat flour.

"No dealer may force any other substitutes in combination upon the consumer and the substitutes must conform to the standards fixed by the United States Food Administration.

"There are some localities where other substitutes are available and which retailers may wish to carry. In order to meet this situation the following flours may be sold in such combinations in lieu of the above flours if the consumer so demands at the ratio of one pound to each four pounds of wheat flour, that is:

"Kaffir flour, milo flour, Seterita flour and meals, rice flour, oat flour, peanut flour, bean flour, potato flour, sweet potato flour and buckwheat flour.

"Pure rye flour or meal may be sold as a substitute, but must be sold in proportion at least two pounds of rye with three pounds of wheat flour.

"The foregoing rules apply to all custom and exchange transactions as well as sales of flour to farmers unless modified by special announcement of the Federal Food Administrator of the State where the mill is located, acting with the approval of the zone committee.

Rules Governing Bakers Are Altered.

"In compliance with the general situation above, the following alterations are made in rules and regulations governing baking trade:

"Rule 1-A. The consumption of wheat flour in bakery products not to exceed 70 per cent of the 1917 consumption, is hereby rescinded.

"Rule 2-A. Wheat flour substitutes for bakers remain as heretofore, with the exception of rye, which will be a substitute when used upon a basis of not less than 40 per cent, which is two pounds of rye flour to every three pounds of standard wheat flour. When rye is used in this proportion or a greater proportion, no other substitutes are required. If less than this proportion of rye flour is used, the difference between such amounts used and 40 per cent must be made up of other substitutes.

"Rule 6-A. Bakers will be required to use one pound substitutes to each four pounds of wheat flour in all bakery products, including bread, except class 3-A. Crackers in which only 10 per cent substitutes other than rye are required. The use of the name 'Victory' will be allowed in all products containing the above proportions of substitutes.

Revision of Previous Rules.

"The previous rules limiting licensees, millers, wholesalers, retailers and bakers to thirty days' supply of flour will be changed to permit a sixty-day supply. The rules limiting sales by retailers of wheat flour to one-eighth of a barrel in cities and a quarter of a barrel in sparsely settled districts are rescinded.

"The rule limiting the sale of flour by millers to wholesalers or wholesalers to retailers in combination with substitutes or certificates therefor and the rule restricting the sale to 70 per cent of previous sales are rescinded.

"Manufacturers of alimentary pastes and wheat breakfast foods are limited to their normal consumption of wheat or wheat flour with the understanding that they are not to unduly expand their ordinary consumption of wheat.

"Rules prohibiting the starting of new plants ready for operation prior to July 1, 1918, are rescinded. Where millers sell directly to consumers they shall obey same regulations as retail dealers."

We would like to have a little more trade please.

We need it and will appreciate it and treat you the best we know how.

Neel Grocery Co.

MONUMENTS

The old reliable Georgia Marble, 1,000 designs to select from. All work guaranteed. Your order will be appreciated. See me before buying.

N. E. BURK.

Office Over First National Bank.

The Born Guaranty

You are not expected to pay for your *Born-tailored* suit unless it satisfies you completely in fit, workmanship and quality of materials.

And because *Born Tailoring* does satisfy, this liberal guaranty adds nothing to the price.

Let us show you how good a suit we can make for the money you are willing to invest.

(Resident Born Dealer)

SAVE SUGAR.

- * Sugar means Ships—
- * Ships mean Soldiers—
- * Soldiers mean Victory.

L. McMillan



Here's an Interesting Experiment to Prove It.

With cheap stove coal, build a fire in the Round Oak Double Burner. Turn on the double hot-blast drafts, and, through the mica in the door, you will see the smoke turn white and then disappear. The double hot blast burns the carbon in the smoke. It converts it into heat units, and the heavy boiler-iron body radiates them directly in the room. The Round Oak cone-center grate prevents the formation of clinkers. The seamless base and ground draft guarantee absolute control.

These are a few of the many reasons why you should investigate the genuine ROUND OAK DOUBLE BURNER before considering any other heater. If it is a round Oak Double Burner, it is the best.

Then remember that we are back of this stove and guarantee that it will use less coal, last longer, give more heat in the room and less smoke and soot in the room than any other Hot Blast stove made.

SLATON-MILLER & CO.

Hardware and Furniture

MEMPHIS TEXAS

Have You Secured Your Supply of fuel for this winter? You know the Government has warned the public of a probable shortage of

COAL

and advised all to secure sufficient for household needs during the summer; if you have neglected this matter you should do so no longer.

Dial's

Memphis, Texas

Phone No. 125

Local and Personal News

Short News Paragraphs and Personal Mention of General and Special Interest to Memphis and Hall County Readers

WANTED—Cream Separator, apply at Democrat office.

All work strictly cash. Ford Garage. 4-13

Cleo Andis was here from Clarendon Monday evening.

All work strictly cash. Ford Garage. 4-13

Judge and Mrs. McIntosh were here Wednesday from Hulver.

After October 1, we will sell for cash, nothing will be charged.

Tomlinson Drug Company

Sam Moore of Estelline was here Monday.

If you want to borrow money, see or write, T. B. Norwood, Memphis, Texas.

N. R. Stroud returned from Dallas Saturday night.

All work strictly cash. Ford Garage. 4-13

Vernon Bagwell of Estelline, was here Wednesday.

See Slaton-Miller & Company for Westinghouse Electric fans in hot weather.

H. W. Mitchell and wife of Estelline, were Memphis visitors Wednesday.

After October 1, we will sell for cash, nothing will be charged.

Tomlinson Drug Company

Misses Ethel Barnes and Belle Russell, of Estelline, were here Saturday.

Before buying a stove see the Alcazar Range, uses coal and oil.

Slaton-Miller & Company.

Commissioner Jno. R. Barnes of Estelline was here Monday attending court.

We carry an up-to-date line of gents' furnishings, including the Wilson Brothers' Shirts.

L. McMILLAN, O. K. Tailor.

Messrs L. C. Payne and W. B. Wheeler of Estelline were business visitors here Wednesday.

Before buying a stove see the Alcazar Range, uses coal and oil.

Slaton-Miller & Company.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Scott returned Sunday from several week's visit at Altus and other points in Oklahoma.

After October 1, we will sell for cash, nothing will be charged.

Tomlinson Drug Company

Rev. and Mrs. Hembee, accompanied by Mesdames John Laird and R. A. Eddleman were here from Estelline Thursday.

Mrs. P. L. Vardy and little son, Dewitt, of Estelline were here Monday.

A large stock of Baby Buggies and Go-carts at Slaton-Miller & Company.

Miss Sue Roney of Childress, returned home Monday, after a week's visit with the Misses Browder.

All work strictly cash. Ford Garage. 4-13

Pay Your Red Cross Subscription

Mrs. Allen Gribble and daughter Prissilla, are expected home about the 20th of this month from San Francisco, Cal., where they have been for the last year visiting relatives.

We now have 230 suits and 100 trousers in our store to select from. If you are looking for values, it will pay you well to see them before you buy. L. McMILLAN.

Mr. and Mrs. Fletcher of Amarillo are visiting Mrs. Fletcher's parents Mr. and Mrs. G. J. Herd.

The meeting at the church of Christ closed Sunday night. The meeting is said to have been a success and quite a number of additions to the church.

Mr. Duncan of Parnell is here this week visiting his daughter, Mrs. F. M. Trapp.

Lovie Thompson left Sunday morning for Roswell, New Mexico where he will enter the New Mexico Military Institute.

For Sale—Several improved farms; some with grass lease, crops of \$25.00 to \$40.00 per acre. B. F. NEVILLE, Dalhart, Texas.

10-4*

Cheap money to loan on Farms and Ranches. Vendor's lien notes bought and extended. If you are interested it will pay you to see us. GRUNDY BROS.

On Saturday August 31, Mrs. M. L. Kelly and Mrs. E. H. Sager entertained with an informal tea, at the home of Mrs. Kelly, in honor of Mrs. W. L. Biting, of Sherman, and Mrs. E. T. Kelly. The following ladies assisted:

Mrs. Frank Houston, Mrs. Forest Power, Mrs. R. S. Greene, Mrs. George Sager, Mrs. Arthur Whaley and Mrs. Clarence Walker.

About sixty ladies called between the hours of 4:00 to 6:00 p. m. Refreshments consisting of chicken salad, tomato jelly, crackers and ice tea were served.

Card of Thanks

To the Citizens of Memphis:

On behalf of the enlisted men of Troop "H," 4th Cav. National Guard of Texas, the undersigned wishes to thank you for your most liberal donations toward the purchase of the Army and Navy Edison Phonograph for the boys of this Troop.

We are extremely proud to represent Memphis as part of her soldiers, which she has contributed in this great war for Democracy and we sincerely hope and trust that we, as an organization may make Memphis proud that such an organization originated here.

Wm. C. Silliman, 1st Lieut. 4th Cav. N. G. of Texas, Commanding Troop "H."

SALVATION ARMY DOING WAR WORK FOR ALLIES

CAMPAIGN NOW ON TO SUPPLY SINEWS FOR STRUGGLE "OVER THERE."

\$5,000,000 IS NEEDED

Southwest Quota is Fixed at \$400,000 and \$125,000 Has Been Raised.

"Just as the marines have the slogan, 'First to Fight,' so the Salvation Army claims the distinction of being 'First in the Field,' in the hut and similar work behind the lines of the allied armies and at the home camps. It is not generally known that the Salvation Army has great numerical strength in England and has received constant tributes from the highest authorities in all walks of life. Its position in Great Britain has been likened to that of the Young Men's Christian Association in the United States. So when the great war broke out in 1914 the Salvation Army was immediately put on a war basis to assist the Government.

Representatives of the organization went with the first contingent to France. With 50,000 members of the Salvation Army volunteering for the British Army there was need for older officers to be present to look after the spiritual needs and moral welfare of their co-religionists, but the work was started on a big basis and it soon became a matter of record that hundreds of thousands of men of all faiths visited the huts of the Salvation Army in France and Greece every week. And the hut work was inaugurated by this interesting organization. The statement is made by the executive officers that the army with the red band on the cap was the pioneer in the establishment of the huts which now form such a large part of the welfare work for the soldiers.

Word was flashed back to America and the machinery was started to look after the boys who would be sent to France. Of course, the first move was to obtain the approval of President Wilson before undertaking anything. This was given readily and he became so much interested in the ensuing movement to raise the necessary fund that he wrote to Evangeline Booth, commander of the United States forces of the Salvation Army, as follows:

"I am very much interested to hear of the campaign the Salvation Army has undertaken for money to sustain its war activities and want to take the opportunity to express my admiration for the work that it has done, and my sincere hope that it may be fully sustained."

Little else was needed, but the army had so many friends throughout the country and it had always been so unobtrusive in its activities as far as informing the public is concerned, that it was decided to ascertain the attitude of leaders in the life of the country. In quick succession came the hearty endorsement of Secretary Baker, the Postmaster General who even encouraged the voluntary assistance of letter carriers in the city campaigns; W. S. Gifford, Director of the National Council of Defense, and a score or more State Councils of Defense, including that of Texas; many State Governors, including Governor Hobby; Raymond D. Fosdick chairman of the War Department Commission on Training Camp Activities; Dr. John R. Mott, Executive Secretary of the Young Men's Christian Association War Council and many others.

With such a case the leaders of the Salvation Army decided that they were well justified in making an appeal for a National war fund to carry on its work behind the lines in France and at home cantonments, as well as at the seaport towns across the water where American boys would have to remain over a day or more and have no suitable place to stop, especially in France.

The first appeal was for a National Target of \$2,000,000. Later as the work grew and developed it became necessary to raise this to \$5,000,000. The Southwest is asked to raise \$400,000 of this amount. Over \$125,000 has been secured in a very short time from only a few of the larger cities.

Card of Thanks.

TO THE LADIES OF THE RED CROSS, MEMPHIS, TEXAS:

On behalf of the enlisted men of Troop "H," 4th Cav. National Guard of Texas, the undersigned wishes to express the deep appreciation of the boys for your most welcome co-operation and assistance in the matter of soliciting donations from the citizens of Memphis, for the wonderful Army and Navy Edison phonograph and records. Your success in raising this money will always be remembered by the boys, and wherever they go the Phonograph will accompany them, whether it is to France or Russia, and when they are gathered around at night in some far-off land, they will play the phonograph, thinking of the folk at home and thank them again for furnishing them such source of pleasure and amusement.

Wm. C. Silliman, 1st Lieut. 4th Cav. N. G. of Texas, Commanding Troop "H."

Notice!

First Aid Class has been changed from Mondays and Thursdays to Mondays and Wednesdays, 4:30. Nursing class meets Tuesday and Fridays, 4:30. All desiring to enter must do so at once.

Wahington, D. C., Sept. 10.—The purchase of military and hospital equipment for distribution by the American Red Cross Commissioner in France, has been authorized by the Red Cross War Council. The purchase will include 500,000 sheets, 250,000 pair of ward slippers, 300,000 shirts and 50,000 bath-room slippers. The equipment will cost \$1,999,200.

Official Statement of the Financial Condition of the
ESTELLINE STATE BANK
at Estelline State of Texas, at the close of business on the 31 day of August, 1918, published in the Memphis Democrat a newspaper printed and published at Memphis, State of Texas, on the 12 day of September, 1918.

RESOURCES	
Loans and Discounts	\$59,762.49
Loans, real estate	4,500.00
Overdrafts	30.43
Liberty Bonds	2,450.00
Real Estate, bn'k. house	4,500.00
Furniture & Fixtures	2,728.77
Due from Approved Reserve Agents, net	13,439.75
Currency	2,655.00
Specie	4,467.45
Interest and Assessment Depositors' Guar. Fund	172.78
Interest State Guaranty Fund	2,521.26
TOTAL	\$97,227.93
LIABILITIES	
Capital Stock paid in	\$5,000.00
Surplus Fund	7,000.00
Undivided Profits, net	1,488.92
Individual Deposits, Subject to check	58,769.01
Bills Payable and Discounts	14,970.00
TOTAL	\$97,227.93

STATE OF TEXAS,
County of Hall: (We, J. W. Moore, as president, and R. A. Eddleman, as cashier of said bank, each of us, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.
J. W. MOORE, President,
R. A. EDDLEMAN, Cashier,
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 10 day of Sept. A. D., 1918.
J. E. GRUNDY,
Notary Public Hall County, Texas.
CORRECT—ATTEST:
J. W. MOORE,
S. S. MONTGOMERY,
P. L. VARDY.

Notice!

I have bought the Henry Taylor Tailor Shop, on the South. Your cleaning, pressing and alteration work will be appreciated. If your clothes don't fit let us change them.
Ross, the Tailor, Phone

Why Suffer?

Mrs. J. A. Cox, of Anderson, W. Va., writes: "My daughter... suffered terribly. She could not turn in bed... the doctors gave her up, and we brought her home to die. She had suffered so much at... time. Having heard of Cardui, we got it for her."

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

"In a few days, she began to improve," Mrs. Cox continues, "and had no trouble at... Cardui cured her, and we sing its praises everywhere." We receive many thousands of similar letters every year, telling of the good Cardui has done for women who suffer from complaints so common to their sex. It should do you good, too. Try Cardui. E-77

School Children!

School opens Monday and we are prepared to supply you with tablets, composition books, pens, fountain pens, pencils, inks, etc.

Fickas Drug Company
Two Safe Drug Stores

Silks and Woolen Goods

We placed our orders early on all staple silks as well as on most of the fancies and we avoided the heavy advances that took place in July this year. We are today able to sell you silks at a very little advance over today's wholesale prices.

- A No. 1 good quality of 36-inch taffeta at per yd. \$1.75
- 40-inch Georgette Crepe, a good quality at per yd. \$2.00
- A good quality of tressaline all colors at per yard \$1.75
- Fifty pieces of fancy silks at from \$1.75 to \$2.50 per yard

Good quality full width mercerized poplins worth 50c our prices, all colors, at per yard 40c

Greene Dry Goods Company

MEMPHIS

"The Big Daylight Store"

TEXAS

Commandments in Sugar Conservation



...leave sugar in the bottom of a cocoa cup. ... breakfast cereals with maple sugar, raisins, or ... molasses, maple syrup, made from sorghum and part of sugar used in cooking. ... your cakes without frosting. ... you do use frosting, use that contains little or no ... fresh, dried, or preserved ... in the place of "made ... require sugar. ... the use of candies and ... They are luxuries, not ... Use fruits, nuts or pop ... must eat between meals. ... have candies, choose only ... from no sugar. ... as much of your fruit ... by drying it in large quan- ... and fruit juices with- ... This may be successfully ... cold pack method. (See ... Bulletin, No. 539, which you ... in your Public Library, or ... applying to the United States ... of Agriculture, at Wash- ... C.) They may be made ... syrups as needed. ... the amount of jelly or pre- ... These should be limited ... of invalids and children. ... be made as needed from un- ... canned fruits and juices. ... as possible amount of sugar ... making them. ... no more than one and a ... ounces of sugar per per- ... (3 to 4 tablespoonfuls). ... all sugar used in cook- ... as that used at the table. ... spoon of sugar weighs one- ... of sugar weighs one-fourth ... one-half level teaspoons of ... one-fourth ounce (equal ... this allotment of sugar ... pare it with the allotment ... entries. ... two pounds of sugar per ... month. (August regulation.) ... gish have two pounds of ... person per month. ... each have one pound of sugar ... per month. ... have one pound of ... person per month. ... they can get it.)

STORY OR DEATH?
Texas boys—your boys marching to victory or to ... It all depends on you. ... is won there must be ... munitions and supplies ... The Government is ... you to make it possible ... these by investing ... Savings Stamps. With- ... munitions and sup- ... is not possible. ... armed man lives. ... possible for them to ... victory. Invest in ... Savings Stamps. It's not ... War Savings Stamps ... interest. When you ... you are doing some- ... your country and

HELP FEED THE MACHINE GUNS

Pay the President
If Texas boys are willing to go to France and face death or torture to keep our machine guns busy mowing down Hun soldiers, then can't you supply them with the necessary cartridges by investing your money in United States Government War Savings Stamps?
If those American machine guns fail to chatter the tune of death to the Kaiser's men, you will be the one to blame. Those guns will send a hail of bullets into the enemy's line as long as you keep the cartridges coming by putting your dollars in War Savings Stamps.
Invest in victory. Make a good investment for yourself. Buy the best securities ever put on sale by the Government

Why does the Food Administration at present encourage canning without sugar? Because perishable fruits would be lost if not canned. If fruit is sterilized and air excluded, sugar will not be needed as a preservative and enough can be added when the fruit is eaten to make it palatable.
Can jams and jellies be made later when sugar is more plentiful? Yes; from the fruit pulp and juices that have been sterilized and canned or bottled without sugar.
How small an amount of sugar can be used in making jams, jellies, and preserves which depend upon sugar as well as sterilization for their keeping qualities? Allow no more than three-fourths of a pound of sweetening to each pound of fruit. One-half pound for sweet fruits is enough.
Can sugar substitutes be used in canning? Yes. Corn syrups and other table syrups not made from granulated sugar can be used with sugar. In some parts of the country suitable varieties of canned syrups and sorghums are available for preserving without adding any sugar.
How else may fruits be saved without the use of sugar? Some fruits may be dried; others may be stored in a cool cellar. Fruit pulp may be evaporated to a paste, thus concentrating the natural fruit sugar.

SEVEN SUGAR REASONS

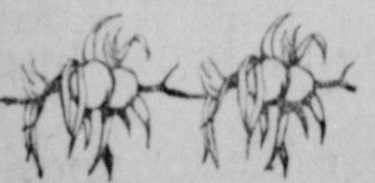


WHY MUST I USE ONLY TWO POUNDS OF SUGAR A MONTH?

- Seven Whys for Short Supplies.*
1. Our great war program has reduced our sugar-carrying fleet.
 2. The sugar requirements of our overseas army are very large.
 3. Our own sugar crop is less than we expected.
 4. The small island, Cuba, must feed the world with sugar.
 5. We have diverted 50,000 tons of sugar shipping in order that Belgium should have food.
 6. Germans have destroyed sugar-beet fields and factories in Northern France and Italy.
 7. More than 50,000,000 pounds of sugar have been sunk off our shores by German submarines.

HOW TO SAVE ON TWO POUNDS OF SUGAR A MONTH.

- Seven Ways for Daily Sugar Saving.*
1. Use fresh fruits without sugar.
 2. Cook dried fruits without addition of sugar; they already contain sugar.
 3. Can more fruit without sugar; put up fewer jams and jellies.
 4. Use less sugar in tea and coffee; you will soon learn to like it better.
 5. Avoid such sugar luxuries as candy, cakes, chewing gum, sweet drinks and sodas.
 6. Use honey, maple sugar and syrups and other sweeteners when available.
 7. Cut out all desserts or other dishes that require much sugar.



CANNING



DEALERS IN HAY ARE REQUIRED TO HAVE FEDERAL LICENSES.
The Federal Food Administration for Texas has ascertained that there are in this State (Texas) a number of dealers in hays who have failed to apply for license. All persons who ship hays, except farmers who handle exclusively the hays produced by themselves, should hold a license, authorizing them to transact business. Failure to secure license subjects them to penalties.



Today's REMINDER
Pay the President
BUY WAR SAVINGS STAMPS
THE WORLD'S BEST INVESTMENT
427%

MICKIE SAYS
AIN'T IT FUNNY, HOW WHEN A FELLER GETS SORE AN' STOPS HIS PAPER, HE ACTS SURPRISED BECAUSE WE DON'T ALL BUST OUT INTO TEARS AND HANG GRAPE ON THE DOOR?

CHARLES SCHWAB

You who are delinquent to the Second Red Cross War Fund are requested to make your payments at once and save the Red Cross further expense and trouble.
D. L. C. Kinard, Treas.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.
W. C. MAYES
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
OFFICE CADWELL BUILDING
Hours 9 to 12 and 1 to 5
Dr. T. L. LEWIS
Dentist
Over Fickas Drug Store No. 2,
Memphis, Texas
Dr. J. S. WIGGINS
Masseur
OFFICE at Mrs. SPRADLINGS
Hours 8 to 6—Closed Sundays.
Phone 152.
MISS MARCIA KATE ARNOLD
Piano Teacher
STUDIO HIGH SCHOOL BLD.
Fall Term Begins Sept. 2, 1918
Telephone 35.

N. E. BURK
Notary Public
Fire Tornado and Hail.
Insurance
Over First Nat'l. Bank.
Red Cross
DELCO-LIGHT
The complete Electric Light and Power Plant
Clean safe electric light and power at the touch of a convenient button.

T. S. KEMP, Clarendon, Tex.

BIG SALE
Now On
Great reductions on Men's Clothes, highest quality Stetson Hats, Manhattan Shirts, Nettleton Shoes, Justin Shop-Made Boots, and everything else that men wear. Prices cut deep. A most wonderful assortment to choose from.
Don't Fail to Visit This Great REDUCTION SALE.
Johnson Bros.
MEMPHIS, West Side Square TEXAS

Get Clothes that Save for You
There are other ways of saving than not spending money; sometimes the greatest saving of all is when you spend money.
That is what happens when you buy Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes. You get so much real value, in service, in all wool fabrics, in good looking styles, you get clothes that last so long there's real economy in buying them.
That's why we have these clothes to sell: that's why we say—if you need clothes this fall, the real way to save money is to spend it for
Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes
GREENE DRY GOODS COMPANY
"The Big Daylight Store"
MEMPHIS TEXAS

W.S.S. Would Dwarf Highest Monument

The Washington monument at the National Capitol is 555 feet high. It is the highest monument in the world. If the \$91,000,000, the War Savings Stamp quota for Texas, were converted into silver dollars and piled one upon the other, a monument more than 1707 times as high as the Washington monument would be formed.

If Texans do their duty and invest \$91,000,000 in these Government securities they will have erected to themselves a great monument of loyal patriotism. They will have helped the Government and they will have bought Government bonds which pay them 4.27 per cent interest.

TODAY'S REMINDER



TEXAS FARMERS SENT MESSAGE BY COL. OUSLEY

On his return to Washington after his recent visit in Texas, Clarence Ousley, Assistant Secretary of the United States Department of Agriculture, sent the following message to "the farmers of Texas:



CLARENCE OUSLEY

"Production and conservation—creating and saving—are the most effective means the people of Texas have for helping their Government win the war against Germany.

"Food must be produced and conserved. But food is not the only problem of the war; there must be money, many millions of dollars available for the use of the Government. It should be conserved and placed as far as possible at the disposal of the Government through the purchase of War Savings Stamps. The price of victory is the purse of the American people. It should not be withheld nor spent for non-essentials. The savings of Texas, the savings of a Nation should be invested in Government War Savings Stamps.

"The farmer who heeds his Government's call to produce food in the largest quantities possible and then places the profit from his crops in these Government securities has done wisely and well for his country and himself."

Your heart may be in the right place, but is your money there, too? Both your money and your heart will be in the right place if you invest your dollars in United States Government War Savings Stamps.

The time for cheering has passed. Don't wave the flag. If you'll dig down and invest in War Savings Stamps, the boys will wave the flag from the top of the Kaiser's palace in Berlin.

SEED MEN ELECT TO BE CONTROLLED BY FOOD CHIEF

COMMITTEE REPORTS TENTATIVE RULES WHICH ARE BEING CONSIDERED BY ADMINISTRATOR PEDEN.

The absolute need of assuring farmers pure seed and seed that will reach a maximum germination, and facing the fact that Texas has no State laws regulating (1) standard of cleanliness in seed, (2) standard of germination in seed, (3) distinction between grain and seed, a conference of seed growers, seed dealers and seed distributors was held in Houston on August 23, at which a resolution was adopted urging that the seed industry in this State be regulated by the Federal Food Administration for Texas until such time as regulatory legislation is created.

Administrator E. A. Peden, after throwing the conference open to discussion, particularly on whether it were best for the Food Administration to attempt regulation, suggested that a committee be named to draw up a set of rules and regulations. The committee as appointed consisted of Fred W. Davis, commissioner of agriculture, as chairman; Ed H. Schulte, Houston; Robert Nicholson, Dallas; Fritz Engelhard, president of the Texas Farmers' Congress, Eagle Lake; Dr. H. M. Harrington, Kingsville; L. J. McNaught, A. and M. College; and Hon. John G. Willacy, San Antonio.

The committee met at 1 o'clock and after several hours of careful consideration reported back that a tentative set of rules and regulations had been recommended, and these recommendations were placed in the hands of Administrator Peden for consideration. Later, if the regulations are approved, Administrator Peden will issue the text to the industry, affected and the public through the press.

POULTRY AND EGG RULES ARE CHANGED.

A number of changes have recently been made by the Food Administration in the special rules and regulations on frozen poultry and cold-storage eggs. According to one amendment, the original packer or shipper of frozen poultry can not sell to the wholesaler at an advance over cost of more than 6 per cent. He may charge an additional 5 per cent if he sells to jobbers or suppliers of hotels and institutions. In case he sells to retailers he may charge an additional advance not exceeding 10 per cent. When he himself supplies hotels and institutions, he may take not to exceed 15 per cent in addition to the 6 per cent.

One sale of any lot of this kind of poultry may be made between dealers in the same class, to supply the reasonable requirements of the buyer's business, if an immediate report is made to the local Federal Food Administrator. Ordinarily, when such sales are made, an advance of not more than 5 per cent may be taken, but when the sale is made by the original storer he may take not to exceed 6 per cent. If the sale is made by a commission merchant to a wholesaler, the commission can not exceed 5 per cent.

Changes have been made in the rules governing the sale of cold-storage eggs by the original storer. One sale between dealers in the same class may be made, if it is reported to the local Federal Food Administrator, and a 4 per cent advance over cost may be added. However, if such a sale is made by the original storer he may charge not more than 6 per cent. When a commission merchant sells to a wholesaler, his commission shall not exceed 4 per cent.

Another revision of the rules makes it plain that the original packer or shipper shall not sell cold-storage eggs to wholesalers at an advance of more than 6 per cent over cost. He may charge an additional advance of 4 per cent if he sells to jobbers or suppliers of hotels and institutions. In selling to retailers, he may charge 5 per cent in addition to the 6 per cent allowed when selling to wholesalers, providing the eggs are sold "at mark"—that is, in the original packages. The change here makes it clear that an additional charge not to exceed 4 per cent may be made when the original packer or shipper performs the wholesaling function of selling to jobbers and suppliers of hotels and institutions.

MAXIMUM BASE PRICES ON HAMS, BACON, SKINNED HAMS AND PURE REFINED LARD.

At a meeting of the packers on August 16, at the Food Administration Building, Washington, maximum prices were agreed upon as follows, price f.o.b. Chicago:

Standard Cure Light Ham	Price
14 lbs. and down	32 1/2c
14 lbs. to 18 lbs.	32c
18 lbs. and upward	31 1/2c

Fancy Cured Hams.
Of the same weights, not more than 1c advance over standard hams of like weight. A differential not exceeding 2c per lb. for skinned hams over the price of regular hams of the same weight and grade may be added to standard ham prices.

Standard Wide Bacon	Price
10 lbs. and down	43 1/2c
10 lbs. to 14 lbs.	43c
14 lbs. and upward	42 1/2c

Fancy Dry Cured Bacon.
Of the same average of any trim, not exceeding 2c per lb. advance.

Pure Refined Lard	Price
Tierce basis	27 1/2c

When goods are sold from branch house, peddler cars, or agencies which perform the general services of branch houses, there may be added freight from Chicago, cost of packages, and a cost to sell not exceeding 75 cents per hundred. Orders taken through traveling salesmen to be shipped from packing houses shall not be considered to provide a type of service which shall justify any additional charges over base prices.

Today's REMINDER

Pay the President

PAY YOUR W.S.S. PLEDGE.

PUT THOSE CARTRIDGES IN HIS HAND.



WHITE FEATHER MEANS DEATH IN ARMY; HERE IT MEANS DISGRACE

Some one has said: "If one of our soldier boys hesitated as long in going over the top as some people do in buying War Savings Stamps and Liberty Bonds, he would be court-martialed and shot for cowardice. And if the same punishment were meted out to non-combatants for financial cowardice a lot of people over here would be shot at sunrise."

Your patriotic duty is in proportion to the money you have and earn. The more money you have and the more you get, the more you should invest in War Savings Stamps. Remember that the soldier's chance of life depends on the support given him by the folks back home. Pay that War Savings Stamp Pledge!

What W.S.S. Will Do

Pay the President

If the \$91,000,000 that Texans are called upon to invest in United States Government War Savings Stamps were stacked dollar upon dollar, a silver tower 3149 times as high as the Statue of Liberty would be formed.

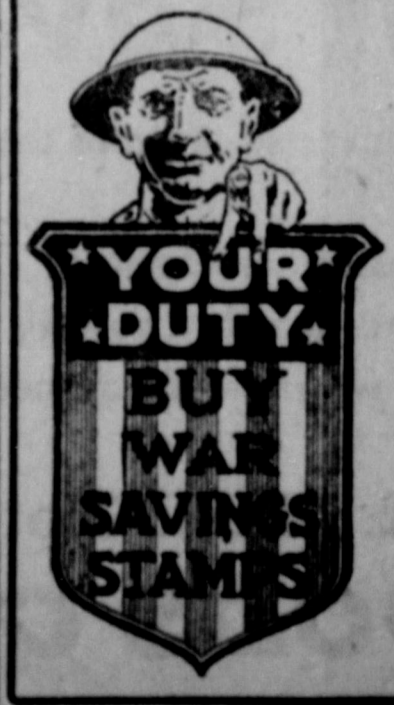
The \$91,000,000 would make a glittering shaft of silver more than 179 miles high.

TRAVELING MEN WILL SELL U. S. WAR SAVINGS STAMPS

Texas traveling men, 1,500 strong, have been commissioned in the service of the Government as representatives of the National War Savings Committee. They will assist in the establishment of War Savings Stamp Agencies; help patriotic merchants to sell War Savings Stamps and solicit persons who can buy the limit in War Savings Stamps. Members of the executive committee in charge of the Texas Traveling Men's Division of the National War Savings Committee are J. Henry Bennett, Charles L. Sanger, Max Eppstein, W. H. Noble, J. M. Hanna, C. J. DeWoody, J. D. Rogers and C. L. Martin, all of whom have headquarters in Dallas.

Today's REMINDER

Pay the President



PROFITEERS WOULD POISON SOLDIERS

Two Packing Companies Charged by Federal Men With Selling Army Spoiled Meat.

That the disloyalty of the profiteers knows no bounds and that they do not even hesitate when the health and lives of our soldiers are involved, has been demonstrated by latest revelations concerning two big Chicago packing companies, charged by the Federal Trade Commission with selling tainted meat to the United States armies in Texas.

Regarding these charges, the Federal Trade Commission has authorized the following statement.

"Complaints have been issued by the Federal Trade Commission, making the serious charge against Wilson & Co. that they have sold and offered to sell meat and other food products to the government with the knowledge that these products were to be used as food for American soldiers and that these products were spoiled and unfit for human consumption.

Spoiled Meat For Sale.
Thousands of pounds of unfit meat were offered for sale to Camp Travis, Texas, according to the information on which the complaints are based. Indictments were returned against the two packing concerns by a grand jury in the United States District Court for the Western District of Texas, charging violation of the fourth section of the food law, but these indictments failed. It was found that no penalty for violating this section of the food law has been provided.

"The Federal Trade Commission has been informed that in addition to spoiled and unfit beef, the National Army Cantonment at Camp Travis was offered chickens for sale which were unfit for human consumption."

It was the profiteers who started the false charges of disloyalty against the Nonpartisan League because, in view of the war, it demanded that all profiteering cease. We doubt if any paid agent of the Kaiser ever plotted anything more infamous than this traitorous and treacherous blow at the vitals of our unsuspecting sold-

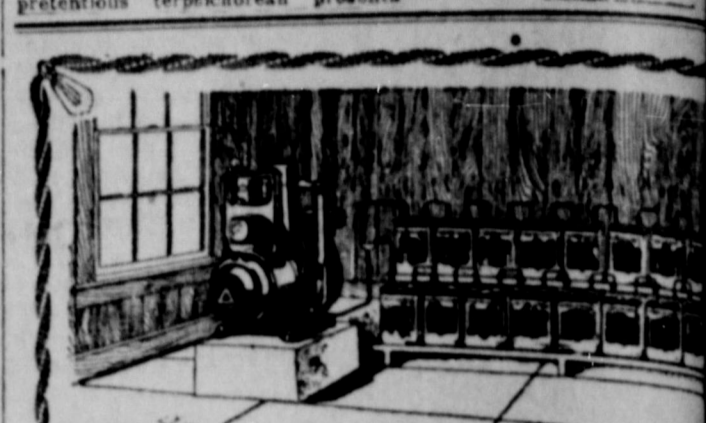
NEW ATTRACTIONS WILL BE IN EVIDENCE OCT. 15-27

Amusements at State Fair of Texas Will be First-Class and Varied.

The Coliseum attractions at the 1918 "Win the War" session of the State Fair of Texas will be of greater variety and even higher grade than ever before. Instruction as well as amusement will be the keynotes of this department.

The headliner offering will be the Karasokoff Ballet. It is the most pretentious terpekorean presenta-

tion ever seen in the South is a "whirlwind top notcher mistake. There are numerous beautiful and entrancing which a lot of curiosity shown by many enquirers management only smiles at mysterious when further ed and announces one of wonderful pyrotechnic attraction produced. This will be before the Grand Stand. The spectacle is staged by the The field fireworks company, known as "The World War," trays the battle fields of the front in a most astonishing manner. Three hundred present it on a 450 foot



DELCO-LIGHT

Increases Farm Efficiency

Fifty thousand Delco-Light plants in use on American farms are saving an estimated most conservative estimate, an hour each—or over 18,000,000 work hours.

That is equal to an army of 60,000 working ten hours a day for a full year.

Delco-Light is a complete electric and power plant for farms and schools.

It furnishes an abundance of clean, economical light, and operates pump, churn, cream separator, washing machine and other appliances.

It is also lighting rural stores, churches, schools, army camps and way stations.

T. S. KEMP
Dealer
Clarendon, Texas

The Domestic Engineering Company, Detroit

Over 50,000 DELCO-LIGHT Plants in Actual Use

Household Goods for Sale

We still have many articles of household goods, for sale at low prices. Among these are a large range, oil heater, batchelor stove, chairs, beds, linoleums, rugs etc. Call at residence opposite old Fire Station Fridays and Saturdays, or after 6:00 p. m. on other days.

Mrs. Jerry Dalton

Phone 130



GIVE

TO THE

**Salvation
Army**

September 23rd to 28th

Help Give "Doughnuts to the Doughboys"

The Memphis Democrat

Jerry Dalton, Editor

Published Weekly, on Thursdays

Entered as second class matter at the postoffice at Memphis, Texas, under the act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

ADVERTISING RATES
 Display advertising 15 cents per inch, column measure, each insertion. Professional cards \$1.00 per month.
 Local readers, among news items, one cent per word, all initials and numbers count as words. Count ten words for each heading in black type.

Cards of thanks, obituaries, resolutions, etc., one cent per word. No charge for church, lodge, club or other similar announcements, except when they derive revenue therefrom. No advertisement will be taken for less than twenty-five cents. Count the words and send cash with copy unless you have an advertising account with this paper.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE
 One Year, \$1.00; Six Months, 60 cents; Three Months, 35 cents



All
Stuck
Up



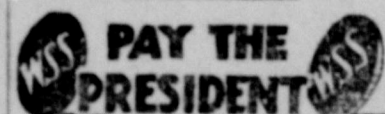
MAVERICK COUNTY MAKES WONDERFUL RECORD IN W. S. S.

Because the people of Maverick County have made it their business to see that the Government gets their full support, this county now leads the whole State in per capita War Savings Stamp purchases. Maverick County people not only over-pledged their War Savings Stamp quota June 28, National War Savings Day, but they have over-bought their annual War Savings Stamp quota by \$32,990.80. For every man, woman and child in the county \$25.55 has been invested in War Savings Stamps.

Records of the National War Savings Committee show that every business house in the county is a War Savings Stamp agency. Advertisers in the newspapers always call attention with pride to the fact that they have these securities for sale. Booths are maintained in all of the principal stores and on the streets of Eagle Pass, the only large town in the county, and the erection of a War

Savings Bank is being considered by the County Chairman, W. J. Niggli, who, although engaged in business, devotes the greater part of his time to the War Savings Campaign.

"The reason that Maverick County leads the State is because the people down there make a business of the War Savings Campaign and they recognize that it's of vital importance to the Government," Louis Lipsitz, State Director of the National War Savings Committee, declared. "They have made a success of their work because they have kept working. Just think of every person in a county owning War Savings Stamps. All of the money they invested will come back in a short time and every person will get more than he lent the Government. They have combined patriotism with financial level-headedness. They have helped the soldiers and themselves."



Over the Counter Means "Over the Top"

Pay the President



The original of this verse was found on an American soldier who bravely fought and as nobly died. The man is yet unknown.

Ye who have faith to look with fearless eyes
 Beyond the tragedy of a world at strife,
 And know that out of death and night shall rise
 The dawn of ampler life.

Rejoice, whatever anguish rend the heart,
 That God has given you a priceless dower,
 To live in these great times and have your part
 In freedom's crowning hour.

That ye may tell your sons who see the light
 High in the heavens—their heritage to take—
 "I saw the powers of darkness put to flight,
 I saw the morning break."

W. S. S. Bank Big Factor in Campaign--Civic Attraction

Pay the President



This is the War Savings Stamp Bank at Wichita Falls, Texas. From the day it was opened for business War Savings Stamp sales have materially increased in Wichita County. Not only are stamps kept here for sale, but almost every person in Wichita Falls has his pledge card at the bank and every time he pays on his pledge it is credited by the cashier. The bank is also official headquarters for the War Savings workers of Wichita County.

Material for the building was donated by Wichita Falls business men. It was built free of cost for the Government by the carpenters of Wichita Falls. Every day in the week, except Sunday, the bank is opened at 9 o'clock in the morning. It stays open for business until late in the afternoon—and the business it does! On Saturdays the bank is kept open until 9 o'clock at night.

The National War Savings Committee desires to see a War Savings Bank in every Texas town of 2,000 or more population. They should be built on the Courthouse Square or on the busiest street corner in town.

EDISON PHONOGRAPH PRESENTED TO CAVALRY

(Continued from front page)

T. L. Wadill	25
Harry Delaney	25
H. Johnson	25
J. A. Batson	25
John McMeiken	25
C. W. Tewiller	25
J. C. Sides	25
Mrs. Elaine Arnett	25
George Forgy	25
O. B. Bigham	25
W. R. Fickas	25
Mr. McNally	25
Chas. Oren	25
Dot Webster	25
Dr. C. F. Wilson	25
Dr. Johnson	25
L. L. Coreman	25
J. H. Brumley	25
Bob Roberts	25
Briece Webster	25
A. N. Ellinridge	25
D. Browder	25
R. Rosamond	25
George Troter	20
A. P. Perry	20
S. A. Bryant	10
Mr. Allen	10
Donator not named	1.60
TOTAL	\$94.00

September 7th, 1918.
 Received from the ladies of the Red Cross, Memphis, Texas, the sum of ninety-four dollars and no cents, (\$94.00) in payment in full for one Army and Navy Edison Phonograph, one attachment for Edison Phonograph, and thirty records. This phonograph was turned over to Lieut. Wm. C. Siliman, commanding Troop "H," 4th Cav. N. G. of T., as a gift to the boys of Troop "H," by the citizens of Memphis.

(Signed) Hendricks & Singer,
 Agents for Edison Phonograph.

For Indigestion, Constipation or Bilelessness

Just try one 50-cent bottle of LAX-FOS WITH PEPSIN. A Liquid Digestive Laxative pleasant to take. Made and recommended to the public by Parke Medicine Co., manufacturers of Laxative Bromo Quinine and Grove's Tasteless Child Tonic.

W. S. S.

The Quinine That Does Not Affect the Head
 Because of its tonic and laxative effect, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE is better than ordinary Quinine and does not cause nervousness nor ringing in the head. Remember the full name and look for the signature of E. W. GROVE, JR.

VEEDOL THE LUBRICANT THAT RESISTS HEAT

The of High-Grade Diesel

When you see it means a diesel sold by a dealer. Veedol is unlike ordinary oil because it is made by the Fuelchem process which gives Veedol its remarkable heat-resisting and wear-resisting qualities. Veedol resists heat, does not evaporate quickly, and does not cake. It will reduce your operating expense by decreasing sediment, one of the causes of friction and wear. Try it the next time you need motor oil.

Also Mobile Oils, Goodyear Miller and Batavia are at your service

Tourist Garage

G. A. SAGER, Prop.

MEMPHIS.

Worth Thinking Over

Have you a late photograph of your Boy?
 Has your boy a late photograph of yourself?

W, D. ORR

"The Photographer in Your Town"

Fall Millinery

Notwithstanding the advance on all velvets, and everything that goes toward making a hat, we are showing you fall millinery at practically last fall's prices. We bought our materials early and avoided most of the advance that took place this summer on everything made out of silk.

Just as fast as our hats come in this season they are put on display and now we have big stock of hats ready for your inspection. We will not have our opening as in the past.

Greene Dry Goods Co.

MEMPHIS

"The Big Daylight Store"

TEXAS



New Fall Styles Now In---

Ladies' \$12.00 Boots	\$8.50	Ladies' \$7.00 Boots	\$5.00	Men's \$12.00 Shoes	\$9.00	Men's \$7.00 Shoes	\$5.00
Ladies' \$10.00 Boots	\$6.50	Ladies' \$5.00 Boots	\$4.00	Men's \$10.00 Shoes	\$7.50	Men's \$5.00 Shoes	\$4.00
						Men's \$4.00 Shoes	\$3.00

Large line of Boys' and Girl's School Shoes now ready for the kiddies.

Connally Shoe Co