GALES & SEATON.

PRICE, FOR A YEAR, TEN DOLLARS; FOR SIX MONTHS, SIX

DOLLARS. PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.

Those subscribing for a year, who do not, either at the time of ordering the paper, or subsequently, give notice of their wish to have the paper discontinued at the expiration of their year, will be presumed as designing its expiration of their year, will be presumed as desiring its continuance until counter manded, and it will be continued accordingly, at the option of the Editors.

D. KING & JOHN WILSON, Land and Gene D. KING & JOHN WILSON, Land and Gene or al Agents, Washington city, D. C. Cffice in the room lately occupied by the Bank of the Metropolis, corner of F and 15th streets.

OTICE.—Mrs. BEALE has three very comfortable rooms unoccupied, at her house on Capitol Hill, directly south of Gen. Green's dwelling.

OTICE.—A general meeting of the stockholders of the Washington, Alexandria, and Georgetown Steam Packet Company will be holden at the Bink of Washington, on Monday, the first day of January next, from 10 o'clock in the forenoon till three in the afternoon, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year.

W. GUNTON, President.

MOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a general meeting of the stockholders of the Bank of Washington will be holden on the first Monday in January next, at the banking house, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year. Poll to be opened at 10 o'clock A. M. and close at 3 P. M.

JAS. ADAMS, Cashier.

CARD.—SAMUEL M. CHARLES, Artist, corner 7th street and Pennsylvania Avenue, has returned to Washington, after an absence of a few weeks, and may be see as heretofore, at his rooms.

dec 18—dtf (Glo.)

KINCHY, CONFECTIONER—Thankful fo past favors, respectfully informs the ladies and gentle-men of Washington thath e continues at his old stand between 10th and 11th streets, where he has just received a large as-sortment of French Ben Bons and other Confectionary, paper-shelled, soft-shelled, and shelled Almonds, Bunch Muscatel Raisins in whole, half, and quarter boxes, Dates, Currants, Sul-tana Raisins, Prunes, Figs, Malaga Grapes, Citron, &c. FOREIGN FRUITS IN SIRUP.

Canton Ginger, Pine Apple, Prunes, Limes, Apricots, Quinces, Cherries, Strawberries, &c.
CORDIALS, FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC.

Mareschino de Zara, Extrait d'Absinthe, Kirschen wasser, &c. London Sauces, French Chocolate, French Mustard.
Salad Oil, English, French and Domestic Pickles.
Truffles, Mushrooms and Peas in steam, Sardines in oil, &c. SIRUPS.

Capilare, Lemon, Pine Apple, Raspberry, &c.
Also, from Paris, a handsome assortment of Sugar Toys,
Fancy Boxes, Dolls, &c.
Vermicelli, Maccaroni, Oranges, Lemons, Cranberries, Nuts,

and all other articles in his line of business.

Large Cakes, Jellies, Blanc Mange, Fromage Bavorous,
Charlotte Russ, Pyramids, &c. made to order.

All orders for balls, dinner parties, will be thankfully received and punctually attended to at the shortest notice.

dec 20—3taw2w (Glo)

GALABRAN, Confectioner and Restaurateur, opened a new establishment of that branch of business at the corn r of 13th street and Pennsylvania avenue, where he will be ready to execute every order in his line. As a Cook, he is proud to say that he will give satisfaction to

those will favor him with their custom.

Dinner, supper, or any parties where his services will be requested, shall be attended punctually.

L. G. engages himself to supply those who will call on him with every thing that can be provided in the season, such as chickens and game of every description.

Pastry of every kind will be found at his store every day.

Also, any persons who would wish to have their dinners set to their houses, will be attended to.

CASH FOR ANY NUMBER OF NEGROES including both sexes, up to the age of thirty. Person having likely servants for sale will do well to give me a call, a

al will give the highest prices; in cash.

All communications directed to me, in Washington city, will be promptly attended to. I can be found at Levy Pumphrey's tavern, corner of 6th and C street, back of Gadsby's hotel, or at the Farmers' and Citizens' hotel, kept by Mrs. Barber, also back of Gadsby's, Washington city.
dec 1—dlm
THO. M. JONES.

OLD CREAM.—Superior Cold Cream, for softening and beautifying the skin, and preventing it from chaping. The above is from the most distinguished establishment French, English, and American. LEWIS JOHNSON, etween 11th and 12th streets, Pennsylvania Avenue.

CONCORD ACADEMY.—The exercises of this sem-inary for the year 1838 will commence on the 1st of Feb-ruary, and terminate on the 30th of November. The price of board and tuition, including washing, bedding

and fuel, will be \$100 for a session of five months, payable in advance. The course of instruction embraces the languages and sciences generally, and is designed to prepare student thoroughly for colleges and universities. There are at present a few vacancies, which it will be desirable to fill with youths whose educations are intended to be on a liberal scale.

patrons for the grateful sense which they manifest of the im-provement of their sons and wards. As to the general charac-ter of the institution, reference is made to Professors Bonny-castle, Harrison, Emmet, Tucker and Davis, of the University

The seminary is easy of access to students coming from the North or from the South, being situated about three miles from the Richmond and Fredericksburg Railroad.

Letters addressed to either of the subscribers, and directed the Street Access to the Company of the Street Access to the Street Access to

to Concord Academy, Caroline county, will be promptly attened to.

A. C. COLEMAN,

OIL FLOOR CLOTH. - Just received, and for sal

200 pieces Oil Floor Cloth
12 do. Curtain do. for carriages.
dec 14—tf (Globe) SETH HYATT.

SUGAR, TEA, COFFEE, WINES, &c. received by recent arrivals, and for sale by recent arrivals, and for sale on reasonable terms b

20 bbls. Sugarlouse do
30 boxes Loaf and Lump do
60 chests and half-chests fresh Teas
150 bags Java and Rio Coffee

50 baskets Champagne Wine 20 qr.casks Marseilles Madeira do 20 do Sicily Madeira do

20 do Sicily Madeira do
10 do Sweet Malega do
10 do Seignette Brandy
5 half-pipes Otard do
2000 gallons Bleached and Unbleached Winter Oil
30 baskets Superior Sweet Oil

40 casks Cheese

50 boxes Old do 30 half-barrels Goshen Butter 100 boxes Sperm Candles

60 bbls. and half-bbls. Buckwheat 50 bbls. Cranberries 9—tf (Glo.)

JIFTY DOLLARS REWARD.- Eloped from m Triff y DOLLARS REWARD.—Eloped from my and size, but strongly made, about 22 years old, color of a chest-nut or brown, long thick woolly hair, which is commonly neatly combed, parted before, and tucked with combs. Her clothing consists of several calico frocks, white cotton aprons and collars, &c. and a black bombasin dress. She has had from her birth a very singular mark, resembling the dashing on the skin of coffee grounds or some black substance. This mark, to the hest of my recollection, commences on the neck or collar bone, and covers part of her breasts, body, and limbs, and when her neck and arms are uncovered is very perceptible. I unher neck and arms are uncovered is very perceptible. I understand that she calls herself Louisa, and has been frequently seen east and south of the Capitol square, and harbored by ill-disposed porsons of every complexion for her services, where by diligent search she may be found, unless she has hired herself elsewhere as a cook or house servant. I will give the

set eisewhere as a cook or nouse servant. I will give the above reward if canght in the District of Columbia and delivered to me, or if out of the District I will give an additional sum of ten dollars for every ten miles beyond the District line in any direction, provided the distance does not exceed fifty miles, and if beyond that distance one hundred dollars, and secured so that I get her again, in case it should not be convenient to deliver her as aforesaid.

WM. ROBINSON. WM. ROBINSON,

NAVY AGENT'S OFFICE,

WASHINGTON, D. C. DEC. 20, 1837.

ROPOSALS will be received at this office until the 1st
day of January next, for furnishing all the fresh meat
and vegetables that may be required at the Navy Yard and staon in this city, during the year 1838. dec 23—dt1J

ADAM GAUBERT, of Philadelphia, has the honor to inform the ladies of Washington that she has just re-ived by the last Havre packet, 1 case of ready-made morning dresses, of chintz, of the new-est patterns, from \$10 to \$15

walking and evening dress, from \$25 to \$35

1 case of do embroidered crapes, for balls

1 case of do cloaks and pelisses, from \$40 to \$55

1 case of velvet toques and opera hats, and one of reps and

Also, turbans of rich blonde lace and of tulle, starred and Also, turbans of rich blonde lace and of tune, stated and fringed with gold and silver.

Caps of rich blonde and thread lace, for dinner dress; also

morning caps.

1 case of fichus and neckerchiefs, a la paysanne, for even

Ladies desirous of having walking dresses need only send with their commands the length of the petticoat and the circle of the waist; and the former for pelisses, cloaks, &c.

Madam GAUBERT has also a large assortment of head dresses a la Napolitaine, for young ladies, composed of ribands and flowers, and numerous cartons of garlands and flowers, of various fashions and hues.

OR SALE.—A First-rate Carriage and harness, and a pair of well-matched carriage horses. They may be seen

pair of well-matched carriage and narness, and a it Smith's Livery stable, who will give any information that may be desired, and will state the terms of sale. dec 20—dtf

RS. PAGE'S Boarding House, on Pennsylvania RS. PAGE'S Boarding House, on Pennsylvania avenue, opposite the Centre Market, is in readiness to accommodate persons spending the winter in the city, or those visiting it transiently. A family can have commodious parlors as well as comfortable chambers.

SINGLE Gentleman, or a Gentleman and Lady, can be accommodated with Board in a private family in a central part of the city. Apply to

H. DE KRAFT.

dec 18—eotl

GOR RENT.—The two-story frame house formerly occupied by Mr. Joseph L. Peabody, and recently by Mr.

J. B. Morgan, seuth of the Tiber, fronting on the Mall, and on the same square where Messrs. Langtree & O'Sullivan reside. The house is new, convenient, and in good order, with a carriage-house, stable, and good lot attached. Inquire of E. BROOKE, near the premises.

TOCKS, GLOVES, AND HOSIERY-20 dozen silk, velvet, bombasin, and satin Stocks 30 do white, black, and colored Gloves Also, a large assortment of seasonable articles

and for sale by

JOHN ALLEN,

dec 23-3t

Between 11th and 12th streets keeps, and has now on hand, a full and general assortment of Boots and Shoes of almost every description and quality, at wholesale and retail, consisting in part of the following,

Gentlemen's Buffalo-robe Water-proof Over Shoes, pecuarly adapted to the comfort of travellers. Gentlemen's Gum Elastic Over Shoes

adies' do do plain and fur trimmed
Do Morocco fur lined and trimmed
Do do and Kid walking Shoes and Slippers, in grea Do white and black Satin, French and American
Do embroidered Kid Sandals and Morning Slippers,

Gentlemen's full-dress Pumps and Shoes

Do water-proof, fire, and common Boots
Men's and Boys' coarse Boots
Do do do Brogans
Do do lined and bound Brogans
dec 23—3t

A. C. RUSTEE'S SALE.—Valuable Land and Mill

rustrer's sale.—Valuable Land and Mill property.—By virtue of a decree of Frederick County Court, sitting as a Court of Equity, I will offer at public sale, at Unionville, Frederick county, Maryland, on Tuesday, the 2d day of January, 1838, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 3 o'clock P. M. all the following descibed property, to wit:

A valuable Farm, containing 308 acres of land, by patent, situated about one mile east of Unionville, and embracing in said quantity 140 acres of good Timber and Wood. The improvements on this farm are a large two story Brick Dwelling House, together with all customary out-houses; also a large Switzer Barn, and Stabling, and a flourishing Orchard of choice fruit.

choice fruit.

There are also on this farm a large and highly operative three story Brick Grist Mill, with three pairs of burrs, all in excellent order; and known as "Worman's Mill."

Also, a good Saw Mill. The dam from which the above mills are supplied is very extensive and deep, and the supply of water never fails in the dryest seasons. Both of these mills are situated directly on the main road from Liberty to Baltimore,

Also, will be offered for sale, on the same day, at the sa place, another three story $Grist\ Mill$, commonly known as "Lugenbeall's mill," with $27\frac{1}{4}$ acres of land, situated in and adjoining said town of Unionville.

There is on this parcel of land, besides said mill, two Stone Dwelling Houses, and one Log Dwelling House; also a Log Store House, and two Stables; all being a part of the said town of Unionville. This tract will be sold in parcels or lots, to suit purchasers.

The whole of the above is the estate of which the late Wm. Worman died seized and possessed.

The terms of Sale, as prescribed by the decree, are: That more-third of the purchase money shall be paid on the day of sale; and the residue in two equal annual payments, to be se-

ured by notes, with approved security, bearing interest from Possession of all, or any of the above property, will be given to purchasers on the 1st of April, 1838.

JOHN DUDDERAR,

OTICE.—Dr. THOMAS has removed his residence to 14th street, in the house formerly occupied by Dr. Huntt, and again offers his professional services to the Public. dec 21—3t

CHILDREN'S BOOKS, several hundred va-

Toy Books, Dissected Maps
Paint Boxes, Drawing Books, Purses
Pocket Books, Penknives
Gold and Silver Pencil Cases
Juvenile Souvenirs, Chess and Backgammon Battledores, Bronze Inkstands

Albums, Books of Engravings Elegantly bound and illustrated editions of favorite au Porcelain Slates Ladies' and Gentlemen's Writing Desks
Ladies' Workboxes, Portfolios

Motto Seals, Ivory and Shell Card Cases Children's Games.

Children's Games.

And a great variety of other articles, suitable for Christmas and New Year's Gifts, just received, and for sale at the lowest New York and Philadelphia prices, by

F. TAYLOR, Bookseller, dec 23

Immediately east of Gadsby's Hotel. TEMS OF BEAUTY FOR 1838.—A splend

Souvenir, large folio size, just imported into New York, this day expected for sale by F. TAYLOR.

Also, Pearls of the East, Book of Gems

Brockedon's Passes of the Alps

Hofer's Views of the Tyrol Winkle's Cathedral Churche Gems of Flora. Authors of England Illustrations of the Rhine
Harding's Sketches at Home and Abroad

Shakspeare Gallery
Byron Gallery
Gallery of the Graces
And many others too numerous for an advertisement; such seautifully illustrated editions of various favorite authors, in petry and prose; illustrated books of Travels; books of Environs. Prawing hooks: illustrated Allums; and prosecons

AYNARD AND NOYES'S BLACK INK may be had by the gallon, quart, or pint, and in bottles of various sizes. Also, the INK POWDER, by the single, do zen, or gross. This ink has a brilliancy and permanency of color which are not commonly found in other ink, and at the late "Fair" in Boston, M. and N. were awarded with a diploma of "First Quality Ink." For sale at No. 5, Varnum's row, between 9th and 10th streets. Pennsylvania avenue. between 9th and 10th streets, Pennsylvania avenue.

dec 22

R, FARNHAM.

dec 25-3t

her former residence, and has taken that pleasantly situated and commodious house, on E street, nearly opposite Rev. O. B. Brown's, where, on account of its equi-distant location from the Capitol and public Departments, and its exemption from the annoyance of the dust of the avenue, she anticipates a continuance of the patronage of gentleman transiently visiting Washington, as well as those wanting heard but the monthing ng Washington, as well as those wanting board by the month

sons in music as above, or Mrs. M. will attend on them a their lodgings.

dec 15—eo4w

DOARDING.-Mrs. CUMMINGS can accommodate gentlemen in Congress, or others, either with or without lies, at her house, pleasantly situated on the south side of Pennsylvania Avenue, between 9th and 10th streets, being

Centlemen of Congress that are not yet located for this session Mrs. C. assures those who may locate at her house, that no

easonable expense shall be spared to give comfort to her board-rs. Her house is in good style, and location desirable, being ut a pleasant walk to the Capitol. Gentlemen that have rooms from the house can be accorded with their meals. dec 11-eo8t

RS. M'LAUGHLIN invites members of Congress, desirous of residing in a pleasant and healthy part of the city, to call and examine her apartments, which have been recently fitted up in the most tasteful and comfortable manner.

Her house is on F street, between 11th and 12th streets.

dec 5—3taw3w near Sixth street. Inquire at Mrs. S. A. Hill's, Pennsyl vania Avenue.

OARDING.—Mrs. ROWLEY respectfully informs the Public that she can accommodate ten or twelve genteel poarders, by the week, month, or year, at her residence on the corner of 9th and F streets.

oct 5—2awtf

WE HAVE THIS DAY OPENED— 100 pieces super. Irish Linens, very cheap 20 do extra fine do 150 do long cloth Cotton Shirtings

150 do long cloth Cotton Shirtings
ALSO.
50 do 8-4, 9-4, and 10-4 Damask Diapers
100 Damask Table Cloths, all sizes.
dec 11—3taw2w BRADLEY & CATLETT. dec 11—3taw2w BRADLEY & CATLETT.

ERVANTS WANTED.—A gentleman, a resident of this city, (personally known by me,) wishes to purchase for the use of his own family, a Negro Boy from 12 to 15, and a Negro Girl from 10 to 13 years of age, slaves for life. None but likely, well disposed, and intelligent negroes are wanted, as they are for house servants. For such a fair price, in cash, will be given, and a good home obtained. For further information, inquire of EDWARD DYER.

Cows wan. TED.—A person living in the country wishes to purchase a number of dry Cows and severa Cows and Calves, for which the highest price will be given.

Application to be made to Mr. Philip Otterback. dec 22

of Lafore, Philadelphia, offers her services to the Ladies o Dress Hair for balls and parties. From her long experience, and the well-known taste of Mr. Lafore, she hopes to give gen-She may be found at Mrs. Doyne's, Pennsylvania Avenue etween 9th and 10th streets. dec 12—eo3w

TARTHE NWARE, CHINA AND GLASS.—
THOMAS PURSELL has just received, in addition to his former stock, at his store, opposite Brown's Hotel, Pennsylvania Avenue, 79 packages of the above articles, of the latest patterns and shapes, which he offers, whole ale or retail, low, for cash, or to punctual customers. He solicits a call from his friends, and the Public generally. Goods packed up securely to go to any next of the content. go to any part of the country.

THOMAS PURSELL.

P. S. Three farnished rooms to rent. dec 9—SI&T6t

ANE & TUCKER, Merchant Tailors, north A side of Pennsylvania avenue, a few doors west of 4½ street, have just added to their stock of FALL and WINTER GOODS a very beautiful and fashionable assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, selected with great care from some of the best importing houses in New York; also a general assortment of faucy articles for gentlemen's wear.

Citizens, strangers, and members of Congress, are respectfully selicited to sail and avaning for thomselves. Grateful for

ully solicited to call and examine for themselves. Grateful for cast favors, our best efforts shall be exerted to give general satisfaction to all who may favor us with their patronage. Our

Reports of fashions just received and for sale. dec 2-3taw3w

COAT DRESSING AND CLOTH DYING, renue, Washington, and No. 31 South street, Baltimore city.
WM. BELL, the proprietor of the above establishments, and
the London process for perfectly erasing all extraneous subances from Cloth, and giving to an old Coat the appearance of without in the least affecting the color or shape, is now ington, and will devote his attention to members of Co ress and strangers visiting the city, so as to have their order xecuted with all possible despatch, and in a first-rate style of

致量 Woollens dyed to any color; warranted fast colors. dec 13-7teod

NARMERS' LIBRARY.—The American Gardener containing practical directions on the culture of fruits and vegetables; including landscape and ornamental gardening landscape.

regetables; including landscape and ornamental gardening, grape vines, silk, strawberries, &c. By Thomas G. Fessenden, editor of the New England Farmer.

The New American Orchardist, or an account of the most valuable varieties of fruit, of all climates, adapted to cultivation in the United States, with their history, modes of culture, management, uses, &c., and the culture of silk, with an appendix on vegetables, ornamental trees, shrubs and flowers. By Wm. Hendrick.

Wm. Hendrick.

THE COMPLETE FARMER, and Rural Economist, containing a compendious epitome of the most important branches of agricultural and rural economy. By T. G. Fessenden.

For sale between 9th and 10th streets, Penn. Avenue.

dec 11

R. FARNHAM.

COTTON OZNABURGS.—30 bales, No. 1 and 2 from the Manufactory, Richmond; a good article; for sale at factory prices, by LAMBERT & McKENZIE, dec 20—6teod Agents, Alexandria.

TEN DOLLARS REWARD.—Lost about ten days ago, between steamboat (Chesapeake) wharf and railroad depot, or at one of said places, a Bandbox, covered with blue check, and marked "Miss Louisa Rose, Fredericksburg." The said bandbox contained a pink bonnet, several entire dresses, besides bodies and capes. The above reward will be paid to any one who will deliver this bandbox at the office of the Native Level several said said to the light several said said to the light several said said. tional Intelligencer, or give such information as may lead to its recovery. dec 20—eo2w

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.—A very great variety of new and beautiful articles, suitable for Christmas Presents, is now opened and for sale at Stationers' Hall, consisting, in part, of handsome Rose and Satinwood Work Boxes, fur ing, in part, of handsome Rose and Satinwood Work Boxes, furnished and unfurnished, with and without music; Ladies' and Gentlemen's Dressing Cases, richly furnished, at prices from \$10 to \$65; Embroidered Satin Satchels and Cushions, highly perfumed, for Gloves, Handkerchiefs, and the Wardrob; Writing Cases and Portfolios, Toilet Cases, Gold and Silver Pencil Cases, splendid Silver, Pearl, Ivory and Shell Card and Needle Cases; large and small Musical Boxes; Rosewood and other Card Baskets; an extensive assortment of Bronze Goods, Fancy Boxes, English Annuals for 1838, with many other handsome and desirable articles, too numerous to particularize.

Adv. Met.)

W. FISCHER.

LIGHBLE OFFER.—A resident of the First Ward, in the immediate vicinity of the Seven Buildings, is desirous of congress.

The House is of quite convenient dimensions, comfortably

The House is of quite convenient dimensions, comfortably and tastefully arranged for a small family. The furniture to correspond, and all to suit the immediate wants and uses of a gen-The terms will be moderate, and made known by addressing line to N. M. O. at the office of the National Intelligencer.

dec 21—eo3t

District of Columbia, Washington county, to wit:

District of Columbia, Washington county, to wit:

District of Columbia, to be discharged from imprisonment under the act for the relief of insolvent debtors within the District of Columbia, on the first Monday of January next, at 9 o'clock A. M. at the Court Room, when and where the conditions are requested to attend. his creditors are requested to attend.

WM. BRENT,

rth, all of the very best editions, and many elegantly.
The following will be found:

Marshall's Washington Goldsmith's, Dryden's, Johnson's, and

Locke, Blair, Shakspeare, Byron, Cowper Long's Expedition, Josephus, Rollin's, Hume's, Scott's, Bulwer's, Cooper's, and Irving's Works, British Drama Canning's, Huskissou's, Windham's, Phillips's, &c. Speeches, &c.

With a great variety of
History, Poetry, Travels, Belles Letters, &c.
An assortment of
English and American Annuals, Souvenirs, I English and American Annuals, Souvenirs, Keepsakes,

Abetter selection than this has not before been offered at uction, and a good opportunity offers for citizens, members of Congress, and gentlemen sojourning here to supply themselves.

The books will be arranged for examination on Thursday morning, and catalogues furnished.

dec 25-3tMW&T (Globe) ALEX. McINTIRE, DOUQUETS.—WM. BUIST, Florist, corner of 12th and H streets, returns his sincere thanks to the citizens of Washington and the Public in general for the liberal patronage extended to him.

W. B. having enlarged his green-house, he is now prepared forming the liberal patronage.

o furnish the lovers of Flora's kingdom with the most splendid Bouquets, of any size or form, put up with his usual taste, and in the shortest notice. Also, a choice collection of Tea Roses, together with a gene-

I assortment of green-house and parlor plants.

N. B. All orders punctually attended to. dec 20—3taw4w (Glo.)

HIG ALMANAC.—The Whig Almanac and Political Register, for 1838, containing full tables of the votes for President in the several States, by counties, compared with the votes cast in the same States and counties during the last year, with a list of the chief Executive and Judicial officers of the United States and the members of Congress. Also, a variety of anecdotes, besides the usual Almanac tables, &c. Also, The Christian Almanac, The Farmers' Calendar, The Town and Country Almanac, The Churchman's Almanac, The Pocket Almanac, American Comic Almanac, Davy Crockett's Almanac, and the People's Almanac. For sale at No. 5, Varnum's Row, between 9th and 10th streets, Penn. Avenue. dec 20-3taw4w (Glo.)

Row, between 9th and 10th streets, Penn. Avenue. dec 13

R. FARNHAM. Merchant Tailor, Pennsylvania avenue, respectfully calls the attention of his customers and the Public to his large and elegant assortment of FALL AND WINTER GOODS; which he vill make up, to order, at the shortest notice, and in the best nd most fashionable style.

Together with a first-rate stock of fashionable READY MADE

LOTHING, FANCY ARTICLES, &c., which will make his assor

per Swedish brig Ulla, Captain Hillman, from Stockholm, 160 tons Swedish IRON, consisting of flat, round, and square bars, plough plates, and land sides; which, with his stock of wedish and English Iron, previously in store, makes his as ortment very good, and will be sold, as usual, on accommoda Also, on hand and for sale :

The choicest and most superior extra old L. P. MADEIRA WINE

WINE
Choice extra good old L. P. Madeira Wine
Very choice old Tinta do. do.
Do. do. do. Sercial do. do.
Do. do. do. Burgundy do. do.
Do. do. Madeira Grape Juice do.
Do. do. superior old Port do.
In bottles, put up in boxes of one and two dozen, be forwarded to order, being ready packed one at

be forwarded to order, being ready packed so as to carry with Also, choice and superior old Madeira and Port Win pipes, half-pipes, quarter casks, and half-quarter do. all of his win importation, which will bear comparison with any wines in his District or in the United States.

dec 15—eo7t (Globe, Mad. & Pot.Adv.)

ECOLLECTIONS OF A SOUTHERN MA-TRON, by Caroline Gilman, author of Recollections of a New England Housekeeper. Just received by KENNEDY & ELLIOTT, dec 25—3t In the Athenæum, Pennsylvania avenne.

BEAVER AND MILLED CLOTHS FOR
OVERCOATS.—

3 pieces Beaver Cloths, Brown and Green
6 do Blue-black and Royal Purple
5 do Superfine Milled Cloths
110 do Blue-black and Medley Cloths
ALSO

100 do Velvet, silk, and other vestings 100 do Lambs Wool Drawers and Shirts

50 dozen Woollen Socks for boots Any of the above Cloths or Cassimeres will be made up at the Also, 50 dozen gentlemen's Evening Gloves dec 11-3taw2w BRADLEY & CATLETT.

EAL GERMAN COLOGNE WATER.—The subscriber has for sale fifty boxes real German Cologne Water, of a very superior quality, at \$2.50 per box. Also, every variety of perfumerics, extracts, scented soaps, &c.

LEWIS JOHNSON, dec 25 between 11th and 12th streets, Penn. avenue NOTIUS LATINITATIS LEXICON, in tw

quarto volumes. Jacobi Facciolati et Egidii Forcel-lini, edited by Bailey. London edition. A single copy of the above is just received by F. TAYLOR, For sale at 25 per cent. below the usual price. dec 25 AINE CUT CHEWING TOBACCO.—Lorillard's

and Mrs. G. B. Miller & Cos. always on hand in the best order, at the old Snuff, Tobacco, and Fancy Store, between 11th and 12th streets, Penn. Avenue.

SKATES, SKATES.—A large supply of Skates, of all sizes, plain and strapped, comprising a handsome as-

sortment, of a fine quality, of the above article.

LEWIS JOHNSON, Between 11th and 12th streets, Pennsylvania Avenue. dec 25

NEW NOVELS.—Gentleman Jack, a Naval story.
Pretension, by Miss Stickney.
The Old Commodore, by the author of Ratlin the Reefer.
Samuel Slick, I vol. The Duke of Monmouth, by the author of the "Collegians." Also, the complete works of Charles Lamb.

Are just received, and for sale by F. TAYLOR, or for circulation among the subscribers to the Waverley Circulating Library, immediately east of Gadsby's Hotel.

dec 25

VE PLUS ULTRA TRAVELLING CASES, a

PLENDID ENGLISH ANNUALS for 1838, now opening for inspection and sale at GARRET AN-DERSON'S Book, Stationery, and Fancy Store, Pennsylvania avenue, between 11th and 12th streets, viz.

enue, between 11th and 12th streets, viz.

1 Finden's Tableaux, 12 folio engravings
2 Heath's Keepsake
3 Picturesque Annual, 19 plates, embossed velvet
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22 Literary Souvenir, 12 plates, 12mo

22 Literary Souvenir, 12 plates, 8vo. morocco 23 Baltimore Book, 6 plates, 12mo 24 Token and Atlantic Souvenir, 12 plates, 12mo

Private lessons given to ladies and gentlemen either at thei esidence or at the Saloon. dec 20—eolw THE FOREIGN QUARTERLY REVIEW

No. XXXIX, for October, 1837, is this day put shed, and may be had of Mr. William Fischer, agent for

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 History of the present state of Bohemia, and of the Sclavonian Nations
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 V. History of Pope Pius VII
 V. Carl Ritter's Researches in the Island of Hayti
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 VII. Ancient Music
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VIII. German Literature
IX. Fresnel's Letters on the History of the Arabs
X. War between Buenos Ayres and Bolivia
XI. Journal of an Hungarian Traveller in England
XII. Dr. Lassen on Ancient Persian Inscriptions

I. The Quarterly Review, No. CXVIII
II. The Edinburgh Review, No. CXXXIII
III. The London and Westminster Review, No. LIV
IV. Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine for November
V. The Metropolitan Magazine for November

WILLIAM LEWER,

Corner of Broadway & Pine st. The Public will please take notice that the Agency of Mr. Franck Taylor, for the reprints of British Reviews and Me

gazines, is this day cancelled.

WM. LEWER,
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A large assortment of ANNUALS, and the greatest variety, to be found in the city, of JUVENILE BOOKS, suitable for presents, may be had at the lowest prices, between 9th and 10th streets, Varnum's Row, Pennsylvania avenue.

dec 22

R. FARNHAM.

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30 do do plain white and colored Satins,
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100 pieces Ingrain Carpetings
100 pairs large and heavy Blankets
50 Marseilles Quilts

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West Chester.—The above school, for the education
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Philadelphia, by the Columbia Railroad.

The buildings have been planned and completed expressly
for a Boarding School.

r a Boarding School.

The school has been in full operation since May, 1834.

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ouths for many years.

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nanners, and personal neatness of the pupils.

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ranches—except in French, Spanish, and German—for Board-ig, Lodging, Washing, Fuel and Light, including also the use Bedding, Maps, Globes, and of Books for reading. Pupils studying French, Spanish, or German, pay for each \$50 extra per annum.

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Cosgrove, Chas. Burton, Louis Beer, M. Gole, and F. Le Barbier.

References.

In Philadelphia.—Rev. Samuel B. Wylie, D. D., *A. D. Bache, Henry Reed, Professors in the University of Pennsylvania; Charles Picot, *Matthew Carey, *S. Jaudon, *Peter Graham, *Gerard Ralston, *Ashbal Ralston, A. de Valville, Robert Walsh, Esquires; *Professor Walter R. Johnson; *John M. Brewer, M. D.; M. E. Hersan, Esq. French Consul; *John Swift, Esq. Mayor of Philadelphia; Hon. John Sergeant; *Hon. Joseph Barnes; John K. Mitchell, M. D.; Peter S. Duponceau, *H. D. Gilpin, Henry Toland, *S. C. Walker, *John Frost, *Manuel Eyre, Esquires; James Rush, M. D.; *Hon. George M. Dallas; *John M. Scott, Esq.; George McClellan, M. D.; S. Calkoun, M. D.; Professor Jacob G. een; *John M. Read, *Clement C. Biddle, *Moses Kempton, Esquires; *Hon. Wm. Duane; Colonel Wm. Drayton; Charles J. Ingersoll, Esq.; *Wm. Gibson, M. D.; *Robert E. Griffith, M. D.; J. J. Vander Kemp, *Colman Fisher, *P. J. Van Hall, *Isaac Harvey, *Wm. Read, *Henry C. Carey, Esqrs.; Samuel Jackson, M. D.; Philip M. Price, M. D.; John Bell, M. D.; *Isaac Lea, *Jacob Gilliams, *Isaac Roach, John Laval, *Charles Chauncey, Joseph R. Ingersoll, Esqrs.; *Isaac Hays, M. D.; N. Shoemaker, M. D.; *General Patterson; *Joseph G. Nancrede, M. D.; Eli K. Price, Esq.; *Thomas Harris, M. D.; *Algernon S. Roberts, *Henry White, *John Stewart, *Wm. B. Fling, *Durden B. Carter, Esqrs.; *Col. John G. Watmough; *Condy Raguet, *Thomas U. Walter, *Samuel H. Carpenter, *L. Kimball, Esqrs.; and *Pablo Chacon, Esq., Consul General of Spain. Kimball, Esqrs.; and *Pablo Chacon, Esq., Consul General of

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**To LABBE'S DANCING ACADEMY.—F. AT CARUSI'S SALOON.—Mr. L. CARUSI'S SALOON.—Mr. L. CARUSI'S Academy is open on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, and Saturdays,

ANIFOLD LETTER WRITERS.—W. FIS-CHER has just received an assortment of Wilson's su-perior Manifold Letter Writers, from five to ten dollars, enve-loped covers, steel mounted, with lock and key.

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W. FISCHER.

HE LOVE TOKEN, by Miss Sedgwick, a tale for children; price 62 cents. Just published. dec 22 F. TAYLOR.

CORONER'S NOTICE.—The subscriber has been duly authorized by the Coroner, Thomas Woodward, Esq. to hold inquests in his absence, in the City of Washington. WM. THOMPSON,

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Juniores.—Adams's Latin Grammar, Valpy's Greek Grammar, Tacitus, Gr. Minora and Majora, Geometry, (Euc.) (Leg.) Mensuration and Surveying, (Gum.) Con. Sec. and S. Trig. (Sim.) Profane History, Sacred History and Ethics, Elocution, Composition, Criticism, Debating.

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nglish Department, parents and guardians will select the ranches desired.

A good miscellaneous library is accessible to the students at all times, in which are statedly deposited a number of the most approved periodicals, devoted to education, literature, and sci-

al reference to ventilation and comfort. And every practice

n the part of the student calculated to injure health is carefully

A system of manual labor is adopted, (altogether voluntary with the student,) uniting healthful exercise with pecuniary re-The morals of the pupils are most sedulously guarded. Their nusements and recreations are limited to such distances as t

ents as must meet the cordial approbation of all religious de-

Monthly and annual examinations are statedly held, and the esults forwarded to parents in regular monthly reports and annual certificates, with statements respecting progress, deport-ment, health, accidents, &c. &c. The school is at all times open for the inspection of friends and the Public generally.

The most flattering testimonials have been received from a very large majority of those educated in the institute, speaking in the highest terms of the system of instruction, mode of government, personal treatment, &c. &c. Many of these individuals are now actively engaged in professional life, and it is presumed that they are competent to judge of the merits of the ns titution. The Eighth Annual Session will commence October 15th, 837, and close August 15th, 1838.

It is not desirable that the pupil visit home during the session, excepting under very special circumstances.

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ay require.

The most approved methods and systems are adopted; such as are calculated to obviate useless drudgery, and to elicit the exercise of mind. In connexion with the study of the Greek and Latin classics, particular attention is paid to those minor branches of English so frequently neglected.

Besides a separate English Department, and a Preparatory Classical School, the Institute includes four classes, embracing a personal of the property of the property

most of our colleges, and at much less expense. It is presumed that a youth, after completing the course of any one of these classes, will be prepared to commence with a class of the same name in college. As far as time and circumstances admit, the following constitutes the course of studies:

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A Lyceum is in successful operation, affording opportunities nd facilities for mental exercise.

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void all contact with improper associates. The Sabbath is de oted to attendance on public worship, or to such moral employ

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The pupils are daily associated with the family circle, and their government is purely parental. The rules and regulations for their deportment and attention to study are enforced by themselves, and yet are such as to challenge the severest scrutiny of the most rigid disciplinarian. A strict regard to truth and personal integrity are the principles upon which they are taught to act; and a youth whom repeated efforts cannot induce to regard these principles as most sacred and inviolable, must speedily close his connexion with the institution.

Monthly and annual examinations are statedly held, and the

DEBATE IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

REFERENCE OF THE MESSAGE.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1837. The House having gone into Committee of the Whole, and resumed the consideration of the resolutions offered by Mr. HAYNES, of Georgia—

The debate which began on a preceding day was re Ohio, of which it has not been in our power to obtain report in time to take its place here. After which,

Mr. HOLSEY addressed the House as follows: Mr. Chairman, I am in favor of the resolutions, submitted by my honorable colleague, now under discussion. They propose to refer, first, the subject of finance to the Committee of Ways and Means; secondly, the reissue of the notes of the old Bank of the United States, to the Com mittee on the old Bank of the United States, to the Committee on the Judiciary. The objections to the first resolution apply to the committee; to the second, the want of jurisdiction. I shall attempt to answer them. As to the Committee of Ways and Means: the gentleman from Massachusetts (Mr. Reed) objects, first, that the voice of the People has spoken against the system of finance reported by them at the last session, and still entertained by the committee; secondly that they submitted to Executive. the committee; secondly, that they submitted to Executive dictation in receiving and reporting the draught of that bill from the Treasury Department. Mr. Chairman, when I am called upon to yield obedience to the voice of the People, I should like to know what People. If the People of the United States, I shall deny the relation of principal and agent, of constituent and representative, between this House and such a People. I derive my commission from no such authority. I am not sent here to obey its man dates. In giving my vote, I shall yield obedience, neithe directly nor indirectly, to any power, but that of the People of Georgia—a component State of a federal system. The members of this House find their duties only in their oblimembers of this House and their duties only in their obtigations. They are sworn only to support the Constitution. In consolidated forms, I acknowledge the obligatory
power of the vox populi. It is the standard of action for
the representative. It is the vital principle of democracy.
To it, I trust, I shall ever yield a ready acquiescence. But,
sir, this House is not the representative of a nation; it is
a branch of the councils of confederate States, each with full power, under the compact which unites them, to urge, insist upon, and carry out through the forms of the Contheir delegated authority. And this, sir, you will permit me to say, is not only the theory, but it is, in an eminent degree, the practice of this Government. It is confirmed at every stage of your proceedings, when the Yeas and Nays are entered on the journals. In recording his vote, what member takes the voice of the People of the Union as his guide? Not one. It is in vain, therefore, that the gentleman from Massachusetts reverberates the "thunder" of the People's voice. I flatter myself it will have no terrors for a single member. The voice of their respective districts or States, of the People who constituted them, and sent them as their immediate representatives, will be the supreme law of the members of this House, in their deliberative capacity, any thing, in any supposed expression of the general will, to the contrary notwithstanding. Thus much for the law, as laid down by the honorable gentleman much for the law, as laid down by the honorable gentleman from Massachusetts. What are the facts? He says the People have spoken against the system of finance adopted by the Administration. Concede it. Have they spoken for any other? There are but three propositions before the country; a separation of the fiscal action of the Government from banks, its connexion with the State banks, and a third party advocating a Bank of the United States. Now, will the gentleman from Massachusetts tell me which of these propositions is foremost in the race of public opinion? Will any one compare the advocates for the State banks, in point of number, with those of the system proposed by the Administration? Have the friends of a national bank, so signally defeated at the last session, again tional bank, so signally defeated at the last session, again rallied under the cry of victory? Nothing could strengthen them, but the defection of the Conservatives. Ask the Conservative if he is for a national bank in preference t the plan of the Administration. His answer is in the negative. Have the national bank party gone over to the Conservatives? The two banks are, from their natures, antagonist powers, and cannot unite but in opposition to a third power, which assails them both. I am persuaded Mr. Chairman, that, of the three schemes before the People, the scale preponderates decidedly in favor of the separaion. I think, therefore, neither the law nor the fact, arising from the argument drawn from the influence of publication. lic opinion, sustains the objection to the committee. But, sir, I come to consider the charge of submission to Execusir, I come to consider the charge of submission to Executive dictation. This is a grave charge, sir, and requires examination. The committee that could consent, and the Executive that would attempt to dictate without the warrant of the Constitution, would be equally unworthy the confidence of the House and the nation. The question is, whether, under our Constitution, the President has the power to propose laws to Congress? In consulting that instrument for the powers and duties of the President, I find these words: "He shall, from time to time, give to 'the Congress information of the state of the Union, and 'recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall

recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall that, by the English Constitution, the proposing power is denied to the King; whilst in ours it is vested in the President. But the reason is obvious, if we attend to the dif-ference between the power and influence of the two Executives. In England, where the King has power to raise of the nations of the earth, surrounded by the pomp and galia of a throne, the power to recommend measures to Parliament might often be equivalent to a power to pass them. He is, therefore, wisely restricted to a simple nega-The American President, on the other hand, dive ed of the power to raise a single soldier without the consent of Congress, and, even if he could, without any sustaining power but in his own private fortune, liable to imeachment by one branch of the Legislature, and subjec to trial, conviction, and punishment before the judicial tri bunals, may safely be trusted with the power in question Sir, it is a master-piece of skill, that may challenge either the past or the future, that our ancestors, after weakening the Executive arm below the capacity of extensive injury availed themselves of the wisdom so often found in a single head to give form and impetus to the confusion and diffi-culty of movement which have so often marked popular assemblies. Is there any thing either in the form or spiriof the Constitution which restricts this power to mere out

which the President "shall judge necessary and expedient?" I think not. The power is general. It includes all the particulars. The power to recommend a measure comprehends that of detailing all its parts. It is particularly necessary and proper in all schemes composed of many distinct parts. General descriptions will give no adequate idea, but only serve to bewilder. Specification—detail—is not only consistent with, but in perfection of the general power. It is only the counsel of the Executive in that presize form in which you cannot mistake it—a form that precise form in which you cannot mistake it—a form which imparts to all counsel its chief value. It is, therefore, in my opinion, no departure from the Constitution for a committee to receive draughts of bills, particularly complicated in their nature, upon such subjects as are re commended by the President to Congress "as necessary

lines, and prohibits a specification of the precise measures which the President "shall judge necessary and expe

and expedient."

I come now, sir, to consider the second resolution under debate, proposing to refer the conduct of the Pennsylvania Bank of the United States, in reissuing the notes of the old bank, to the Committee on the Judiciary. An honorable member from Ohio (Mr. Bond) objects to this resolution—an attempt to infringe the jurisdiction of one of the States (Pennsylvania,) by reviewing the conduct of an institution chartered under her authority. Is it so? The charter of Pennsylvania bears date the eighteenth of February, 1836. It binds the bank to the redemption of such bills or notes as they shall issue. Its banking privileges bills or notes as they shall issue. Its banking privileges commence from that date, look to the future, and have nothing to do with the past. It has no authority under the charter, then, to reissue the notes of the old bank as part of their circulation. It cannot be made liable for their redemption under the charter of Pennsylvania, because those bills are antecedent in date to the charter. The foundation for their redemption must be sought in the charter under which they originally issued. The banking privileges of that charter expired on the 3d day of March, 1836. The reissue must be either by the old or the new bank, or both, as partners in the transaction. It by the old bank, it is clearly contrary to law. If by the new, it is unauthorized by the law of Pennsylvania. If by both it is couplly as it is the law of Pennsylvania. it is equally an infringement of the charter of 1816, without the color of State authority for its protection. Th principal and the agent become particeps criminis in the transaction. But the question may arise, does the circulation by the new bank, of the notes of the old one, amount

I shall not deny that distinct corporations may circulate the bills of each other acquired in the fair and regular course of trade. Are they distinct corporations? Is not the same stock liable for the redemption of the circulation of

incorporates the president, directors, and company of the Bank of the United States, with the exception of the United States and their Treasurer. With these exceptions which do not amount, I think, to more than one-fifth the capital, there is a community of profit and loss between the two institutions.

"Not wholly different, yet not quite the same,
Their features their affinity proclaim!"

But, admit them to be separate corporations. By an agreement between them, the effects of the old bank were ransferred to the new one "in trust for the discharge of the debts and the settlement of its affairs." With the fund of the former institution in its hands, in trust for the re-demption of the bills of the first, is it not fair to presume that the notes of the former bank, coming into the hands of the trustee, since the creation of the trust, have been purchased trustee, since the creation of the trust, have been purchased by the funds transferred for that purpose? If so, the character of a reissue is indelibly stamped upon their subsequent circulation. It is not in the fair course of trade, but in violation of the trust. Such a transaction by an individual would be justly regarded as devanight forgery. It would be falsely uttering, or publishing, the bill or note of another. Will the consent of the former bank be urged in expensive. tenuation. Both institutions, principat and agent, would still find it impossible to escape the charge of aiding and abetting each other in violating the charter of 1816. That charter, sir, was a license by Congress (whether constituvery high prerogative of sovereign power. The power to issue a currency that shall represent the property of a nation, has always been held among the jura summi imperii, or rights of the supreme authority. The exercise of this rower by individual account. ower, by individuals or associations, without warrant from that authority, may justly be regarded as entitled to a pre-eminent rank on the list of high crimes and misdemeanors. On the 4th day of March, 1836, the power to issue money, hitherto granted to the Bank of the United States, re-verted to the grantors—the Congress of the United States. Since that time, however, an association of individuals in the State of Pennsylvania, under color of authority from that State, but really without it, have continued to exercise this high political power, notwithstanding the expire tion of its charter. But conceding for a moment the agis of the State to be thrown over the bank as contendegis of the State to be thrown over the bank as estimented, the inquiry must still be met, how far a State may legalize the reissue of a currency originated under a distinct and independent authority? Sir, upon this question of reissue I have no doubts. The doublings and windings of the bank, in its two-fold capacities of new and old, of principal and agent, shall not delude me. It is sufficient that a body of men, within the limits of the Union, continue to exercise a charter which has reverted to this Government. t is its duty to arrest it in a matter at all times so delicate and important as the currency. I hope, therefore, the resolutions of my colleague will be adopted. Mr. C. H. WILLIAMS, of Tennessee, ad-

dressed the House as follows: Mr. Chairman, I am opposed to referring the subject now under consideration to the Committee of Ways and Means. As such, I consider it my duty to give my reasons for wishing to deviate from the usual course. That committee is composed of the same members who served on the committee at the late extra I am satisfied in my own mind that the ger men who compose that committee did give to the subjective now proposed to be referred to them that consideration which its importance demanded; and that, in reporting this House the result of their inquiries, they were governed by a wish and a hope that the measures proposed would prove beneficial to the country. I am further of the opinion prove beneficial to the country. I am further of the opinion that the majority of that committee entertain precisely the same opinions now that they did then, on the great questions that now agitate the country. If I am not mistaken in the last conclusion, I would greatly prefer passing a resolution directing the Committee on Unfinished Business to report to this House for its further action the rejected sub-Treasury bill of last session. That course would save this House from the imputation of going through an unmeaning ceremony. Independent of that view of the subject, the President of the United States, so far as I recollect, or believe, on all occasions, when he has given pledges ect, or believe, on all occasions, when he has given pledge against a United States Bank, has based those pledges upo against a United States Bank, has based those pledges upon the supposed, or rather the assumed fact, that a majority of the People of the Union were opposed to an institution of the kind. Although I believe the fact to be different, and the mode of reasoning by which he arrived at that conclusion to be fallacious and unfounded, still it proves to my mind that he is not committed beyond redemption. Further, in both of his Messages to Congress, he has expressed the utmost deference and reverence for the will of the People, in

organizing a committee that will respond to the voice of the People, and that cannot be done by the proposed reference for it is a well-known fact, that the President and a majo city of that committee entertain precisely the same views upon the subject of the currency and the finances of this Government. I believe it to be due to the late developnents of public opinion that the subject should be referre to a committee who entertain different opinions from those of the Committee of Ways and Means. I care not how the committee is formed. All I desire is to have one appointed that will anxiously and earnestly inquire whethe the re-adoption of the State banks as fiscal agents, th adoption of the sub-Treasury system, the special deposite plan, or the chartering of a national bank, ("from the lights now before them,") is, in the estimation of the People of the United States, best calculated to restore the currency of the country to a sound condition, and best adapted to the management of the fiscal affairs of the Government, with In England, where the King has power to raise out loss or injury. It is not my intention at present to disport armies, with a revenue equal to that of many cuss the merits or demerits of either plan. In fact, sir, my principal object in addressing the committee at this time is to notice the effusions of a dinner orator, in which my own rinciples, and the principles of those with whom I general y act, have been denounced; and, in doing so, the merits of the sub-Treasury system and other acts of the Administration will, perhaps, be incidentally noticed by me. Another reason why I oppose this reference is, that a false issue has been made before the People of the United States in relation to the financial plans of the Administration and Opposition. It is therefore due to the interest of the coun-ry, as well as to the political parties with which we are all associated, on the one side or the other, that this part of the President's Message should not be referred to a committee who have prejudged the matter, but to a new committee who have prejudged the matter, but to a new committee composed of an equal number of the friends of the sub-Treasury scheme, the friends of the State bank system, and the friends of a United States Bank, three of each. This

would be paying a proper respect to an honest set of con-flicting opinions which pervades this House, and the coun-try would have an opportunity of seeing for the first time in a number of years what kind of a bantling a committee formed on an equitable plan would bring forth. If the Pre-sident is sincere in his wish to ferret out public opinion and obey it, it seems to me that the course I have suggested obey it, it seems to me that the course I have suggested would come nearer effecting his object than any other. It is known, Mr. Chairman, that there are three divisions in this House, and each division, from its numbers, talents, and respectability, is entitled to a fair hearing in the councils of the country. Sir, much has been said, here and else-where, in relation to the motives which have governed the action of these parties, much crimination and recrimina-tion have been indulged in, and I regret to see that a most wanton and unmanly attack has been made upon the divi-sion to which I belong, in the dinner speech to which I have just alluded; their motives and patriotism have been irectly impugned, and, so far as Tennessee is concerned

n an especial manner.
"The federalist of 1798 is the whig of 1837," is the language used by a distinguished modern democrat, (th Hon. Mr. Polk, of Tennessee,) on a very recent occasion at Nashville, at a party dinner. The remark of Cicero that he could not imagine how the Roman soothsayers could look each other full in the face, without laughing at their impositions played off upon mankind, is full of meaning; and in my observation through life on men and things I have fancied to myself that its applicability was muc more general than a superficial observer might suppose Custom is all-powerful; hence it is, sir, that we see that the once revered name of democrat has been distorted for political effect until it embraces within its ample fold ever croaking politician that sings hosannas to the powers that be; and I fear it is destined to become as odious to the American People as the cry of "beef! beef!" was to the Virginians at the close of the American Revolution; fo no matter how wild and totally disconnected the measur may be, from the principles that distinguish a federalist from a democrat, if it is but an "Executive measure," a certain class of politicians on their return home to their constituents, cry "democrat, democrat," and never once think of sustaining the measure by argument and reason. Such was the case, sir, when the sentiment was uttered that "the federalist of 1798 is the whig of 1837." What, I would ask, in the name of common sense, had the Pre-sidential recommendations in favor of withholding th fourth instalment due the States under the deposite law of June, 1836, or the issuing of Treasury notes, or the sub-Treasury scheme, to do with the principles of democracy? Can the author of that speech be so blind as to suppose the

wind? Should he reason with unprofitable talk or wit speeches wherewith he can do no good?" Can it be possible that the gentleman, even in his midnight dreams, in dulges the delusive hope that the portion of the Tennesse lelegation who opposed those measures, and particularl hat withholding the fourth instalment, can be branded i the estimation of enlightened Tennessee as federalists When I recollect that the far-famed American system er bled the General Government to appropriate some on undred and fifty or two hundred millions of dollars to ob ects of internal improvement and other national objects in he last fifteen years, and only a few thousand dollars ha one to Tennessee; and that, by common consent, that olicy had been consigned to the tomb prospectively, and hat Congress, in order to avoid that unjust mode of spend ing the surplus which would necessarily accrue in the national treasury, before the day of burial arrived, had, a was hoped, substantially distributed it among the States I confess, sir, I am amazed that a Tennesseean should endeavor to snatch from Tennessee her pittance of the con promise; much less did I expect to hear those who felt wish to see justice done the States, denounced as federa ists! It is a true saying that "drowning men will catel at straws." Proud and gratified am I that Tennessean at straws." Proud and gratified am I that Tennesseam are capable of judging from acts, which speak louder than words, who are federalists, and who are democrats; they nderstand well the history of the two parties; they know full well that a latitudinarian construction of the Constitu-tion, coupled with a blind support of Executive will, render-ed the once honored name of federalist odious to a majority of the American People. How stands the case now? Who ir, occupies the place of the federalist of 1798? Is it thos who have been battling manfully against Executive en roachments, or those who, on all and every occasion, tame y acquiesced in the suggestions of their superior, the Presi ent? The author of that speech has been in public life eries of years, and, happy man, he has never differed in word, thought or deed from the President, unless perchance that been in "low and disconnected murmurs." Who, le that been my low and obscommentation, the ask, is most of a democratic republican, he who surrenters the proud privilege of thought at the footstool of power he who acts up to the exalted privileges of his birth by hinking for himself, and boldly avowing his opinions re

ardless of party considerations?
I repeat that I am proud indeed that the Tennesseear

are capable of understanding the meaning of terms, and that they will indignantly reject and rebuke all attempts to impose upon their understanding. That gentleman must know that the division originated during General Washington's administration; for until then the two parties were known as Federalist and anti-Federalist; or, in ther words, as the opposers and supporters of the preser Constitution. It is true that it was on the question of ational bank that the old Federal and Republican partie riginated; those who opposed the bank assuming the itle of Republicans; but in 1816 the Republicans came, supported the bill chartering the late Bank of the United States, and merged the question. Since which time, in the estimation of every man who understands the question, and who is willing to do justice to those who differ with him in opinion, it has not been considered a test of a Federalist or a Democrat to be either for our against a national bank. The gentleman must also know that the godfather of the modern Democrats believed tha that the godfather of the modern Democrats believed that a national bank could be chartered in accordance with the Constitution. In every age since the world began it has been the custom of the party who felt a conscious inability to meet their antagonists with the weapons of truth and reason, to resort to misrepresentation, and a seeming trembling sensibility for the fate of their country. For instance, this dinner orator exclaims, (I will read you his exclamation,) "But suppose it possible that by means of panics, and pressure, and organized wealth, skilfully directed with a view to the acquisition of political power, the ected with a view to the acquisition of political power, the Whigs could succeed in overthrowing the democratic part now dominant in the country, (a result which I have nears can ever happen,) what must be the consequences Whig principles must of course be the ruling principles the Government. All the doctrines and principles which the People of Tennessee, in common with the democrat party of the Union, have heretofore professed and pra ised, must be abandoned or reversed, and in their stea he American System must be revived; a protective tarif with all its withering and ruinous effects upon the planting States, would be again fastened upon the country or objects of internal improvement." Would you no hink, sir, from this oratorical flourish, that since the molern democrats had obtained the reins of government, th xpenses of the nation had been lessened? How stand he case? When the old democrats (a name, who

poken in its proper sense, I honor and revere,) ruled million, thirteen million, thirteen million five undred thousand dollars, were the usual annual exenses of the Government. But now, in the full blaze of modern democracy, from thirty to forty-five millions is spent each year, and a democrat is heard to exclaim that the poor General Government would soon have nothing to subsist on. Cannot any human being see, who has sense enough to get out of a shower of-rain, that the promised retrenchment and reform were hollow pretences? And now, sir, because a portion of the Tennessee delegation are struggling to arrest the course of things which has beggared the country, are they to be branded with the elebet of Federalists, and thieves who have filched a nam without indignantly denouncing the attempt as a dema-gogueical misrepresentation of political facts? If the fear of this dinner orator in relation to a protective tariff were sincere, where slept the thunders of this mighty democra when the political sun around which he has revolved, and had all of his greatness reflected, (General Andrew Jack this Government, and that he would not surrender the opinion for any thing short of a seat in heaven? The opinion for any thing short of a seat in neaven; Then it was all gospel; but now, when the protective policy has become merged in the compromise act, and but one man during the last Congress, and that man a new-born democrat, declared for a protective tariff; and when even the champion of the system has sacrificed his policy upon the altar of his country's peace, it is conjured up at a dinner speech, and placed in bold review before the People of Tennessee as a bugbear to frighten them into the support of princip not federal, but monarchical; and that, too, by a man wh alls himself a democrat. Well might an old democrat ex im, "He who steals my purse steals trash; 'twas son hing, 'tis, nothing, 'twas mine, 'tis his, and has been slav thousands; but he who filches from me my good name obs me of that which does not enrich him, and makes m

What are the principles for which Tennessee has been truggling so long, which this gentleman is so fearful will be abandoned or reversed? Is it that the General Govern ent shall continue to waste from thirty to forty-five n ions of dollars each year, and that her Representatives Congress must assist in registering the edicts of the President, or be denounced as federalists and intriguers? was such conduct as this which has produced the division n Tennessee that the gentleman so feelingly regretsivision which he denominates "an unhappy division That division has won for Tennessee a proud name For it is true that Tennessee, for a time, has been misle upon a question involving her dearest interests—not only Fennessee, but a majority of the People of the Unit States, were induced to believe that they were engaged a contest with a "monster" that was about to overshad he liberties of their country; and when the hero of Ne Orleans, with his helmet and plume, charged the ranks the friends of the bank, Hugh Lawson White, of Tenno sec, fought by his side without disguise; and when the riends of General Jackson were trembling for the fate s Administration, in consequence of his having rough-shod" over the Bank of the United States and stem of internal improvements, the two darlings of the Ley-stone State, where was your democratic President

o be a question of the deepest importance and of doubtf I will tell you, sir, when the bugle sounded the note or victory, who should be seen but Martin Van Burer bearing down gallantly to the charge on the monster the lay bleeding and lifeless at the feet of General Andrev Jackson? He rushed up and ignobly endeavored to snatc from the brow of the gallant White the wreath of victor with which he was crowned, and ingleriously endeaver to entwine it around his own coward brow, by drinking health of uncompromising hostility to the monster; he mark you, not until the battle was over, and the dan had disappeared. His conduct on that occasion has orcibly reminded me of the conduct of the gallant Sir Jo forcibly reminded me of the conduct of the gallant Sir Joh Falstaff on the plains of Shrewsbury, when Hotspur an the Prince of Wales were engaged in deadly combat. Falstaff, who had been dodging the fight, chanced to be pasing by; he cried out, "Well done Hal, well done Hal; but, unfortunately for the equanimity of Sir John's nerve he was discovered by Douglass, a gallant Scot; he, from prudential considerations, feigned to be dead. But whe danger had disappeared, he was seen rising slowly from th ground, covered with sweat and dust, indulging in the recourse of trade. Are they distinct corporations? Is not the same stock liable for the redemption of the circulation of both; and is not the stock of the old bank held by the president, directors, and company of the Darwing of the proposition to these measures constitutes a federalist, and that thou that a support of them makes a democrat? If so, sir, a stabs the dead body; and, finding his fears were ground-president, directors, and company of the Darwing of the proposition to these measures constitutes a federalist, and that thou the stock of the old bank held by the president, directors, and company of the proposition to these measures constitutes a federalist, and that thou the stock of the old bank held by the president, directors, and company of the proposition to these measures constitutes a federalist, and that thou the stock of the old bank held by the president, directors, and company of the proposition to these measures constitutes a federalist, and the total proposition to these measures constitutes a federalist, and the total proposition to the second prop president, directors, and company of the Pennsylvania in- portion of scripture hitherto in my mind, of doubtful ap- less, he shouldered the body, and bore it in triumph over cian. For sale by

stitution in trust for that purpose? The act of that State ncorporates the president, directors, and company of the Bank of the United States, with the exception of the United States, which the exception of the United States, which the exception of the United States, which the exception of the United States and the United Stat of Wales, the very man who had slain him, and claimed a dukedom for his gallantry and bravery. When rebuked for his cowardice and his attempt at imposition, he exclaims, "Lord, Lord, how this world is given to lying." In strict keeping is the conduct of the two mighty per-

> Yes, sir, I repeat that Tennessee, by the regretted divi sion, has won for herself a proud name. She has prove to the world that she is capable of honoring, rewarding and sustaining a gallant soldier so long as he asked for himself; but the moment he showed a disposition to transfer their suffrages to another, and that, too, in opposition to on of Tennessee's favorite sons, they nobly threw themselve of Tennessee's favorite sons, they nobly threw themselves on their constitutional rights, and firmly, though respectfully, declared that their suffrages were not transferable. True, some office-seekers, who believed that the influence of General Jackson was omnipotent, (for, until the commencement of the struggle in Tennessee, it had operated like the vivid flashes of lightning from heaven, and had blasted in a moment whatever it came in contact with,) obeyed his wishes, and went the way they believed would come unexpressed they ware saidy mistaken. come uppermost in Tennessee; they were sadly mistaken and some of them have paid the reckoning, and others fee the sad misgivings of their coming fate. For, sad to relat the time has arrived in Tennessee when measures, sub Treasuries, and all, will have to stand or fall upon their ow merits, and the cry of democrat! democrat! availeth not Oh, misguided Whigs! what folly, what weakness you have displayed in applying the test of principles to you measures. The trouble of thinking for one's self is so but densome; how much more pleasant to go home and say densome; how much more pleasant to go nome and say it was an Administration meas ure, and you were elected on a pledge to support the Administration. What a delightful retreat from accountability; a sovereign balm for every political sin. I wonder if the honorable gentleman does not know that the Tennesseeans will put the democratic square to the acts of their public servants, and judge for themselves how the matter stands. A few years ago, the State banks were safe depositories for the public money, and all who thought differently were denounced as federalists. But now, sir, your President has taken it into his head to denounce them as the most base and perfidious institutions on earth; and the same democrat now denounces all as ederalists who do not change with the President. In fact sir, no man is a democrat, in his estimation, who does no cossess the admirable talent of walking the slack-rope, o possess the administration to walking the stack-tope, of is an adept at ground and lofty tumbling—two qualities in dispensably necessary for a modern democrat to possess, in order to keep from breaking his neck by the sudden veering

of his file-leader. As an evidence of the truth of this assertion, only view for one moment the treatment which the Conservatives have received at the hands of their party. Because, sir, they would not change with the President, at his bidding, and thereby place themselves in the ridiculous attitude before their country of denouncing that which they had but yesterday as it were, been eulogizing to the skies, and because the would not join in a wild, desperate crusade against the cre dit system, they have been denounced as federalists and serters; and the Swiss band have been called on to sho them as they run. Can it be possible that any party can be sustained in this yet free country under circumstance so completely at war with the fundamental principles o liberty? No. It would be a direct insult offered to the virtue and intelligence of the People, to suppose for one moment that they will countenance those who expect to live in the high places in the synagogue by such unworthy means. The People will come to the receive of their publication. means. The People will come to the rescue of their pul lic servants, who have been denounced for refusing to be converted into mere machines and instruments, and act only as a higher power acts upon them. I will notice one mo expression of this dinner orator, and I am done. It is this: "The best definition of modern whiggery of which I can think is, that it is a struggle of the outs to misplace the ins, that they may take their places." What patriot what lover of his country, nay, sir, what American who has one spark of patriotism burning in his bosom, can reach this declaration without fedling for the author the decree this declaration without feeling for the author the deeper commiseration? What, sir, notwithstanding all the pron ises of the party in power in relation to the currency hav been broken, twenty millions of the public money wasted and one universal cry of distress pervading our whol country, still all who are anxious to arrest this state of things, and stay the desolating effects of misrule, are, if the estimation of this honorable gentleman, governed by the base and ignoble considerations of political preferment Man is too apt to judge his fellow-man by the feeling which pervade his own breast. Be that as it may in the particular case, every friend of our free institutions who places any confidence in the statement must exclaim, Oh

House to recollect that the remarks I have made on this oc-casion have been strictly in the defensive. For I shall make it a rule through life never to impugn the motives of any man who assails me with honorable weapons, and doe justice to the motives which have prompted me to action. [DEBATE TO BE CONTINUED.]

FAIR for the benefit of the Female Charity School Association, will be held at Mr. FILL's, next door but one to the City Post Office, on Wednesday and Thursday, 27th and 28th of December, from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.

POSTON AND NEW YORK COAL COM-PANY.—The stockholders of the Boston and Nev York Coal Company are hereby notified that, by a resolve apital stock is laid, payable on or before the 20th day of Januy next, to Reuben Withers, Esq. Treasurer of the company, the Bank of the State of New York, in the city of New York, By order of the Directors:

by order of the Directors:
THO. W. STORROW, Secretary

DARLEY'S UNIVERSAL HISTORY .- Pete Parley's Universal History, on the basis of Geography, for use of families; illustrated by maps and engravings, 2 vol

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This work is an attempt to present an outline of University of the desirable object of imprinting on the minds of youth, it is desirable object of imprinting on the minds of youth, it is oright and unfading colors, a clear outline of the story of markind. The author has endeavored to avoid be wildering diffused. sess on the one hand, and repulsive chronological brevity on the other, and to present, in a small compass, a continuous tale of the great human family—one that may be both comprehen-ible and entertaining to the young reader. The work is print-d and bound in a superior manner. Just published and for ale between 9th and 10th streets, Pennsylvania Avenne. nov 10—

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clopedia of History, ancient and modern, forming a co-ious historical dictionary of celebrated institutions, persons laces, and things; with notices of the present state of the prin-ipal cities, countries, and kingdoms of the known world. To which is added a chronological view of memorable events—as arthquakes, volcanic eruptions, storms, conflagrations, disises, famines, inventions, discoveries, battles, treaties, se ents, origins of religious sects, &c. By F. A. Durivage.

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YRON'S WORKS.—The works of Lord Byron, in cluding the suppressed poems. Also, a Sketch of hi Life, by J. W. Lake, complete in I vol. handsomely printed Cowper's and Thompson's Works.—The works Chompson and Cowper, including many letters and poems not be before published in this country, with a new interesting nemoir of the Life of Thompson, complete in one volume. The poetical works of Milton, Young, Gray, Beattie, and

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Marriage Relation; by Wm. A. Alcott, author of the Young Man's Guide, and Honse I Live in, an editor of the Library of Health. For sale between 9th and 10th streets, Pennsylvania avenue.

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NGLISH ANNUALS.—W. FISCHER will open to morrow the greatest variety of English annuals that have ever been offered for sale in the District. A list of them will be given hereafter, and the prices for them will be very reasonable. Purchasers will do well to inquire at Stationers' Hall before they purchase.

OCK & KEY BLANK BOOKS.—A few just re decived, from the first lot that has reached this country d ceived, from the first lot that has reached this countries from England. The lock is so sunk in the cavity of the book as to present no incumbrance whatever; useful to the mer-chant, the banker, the broker, the diplomatist, or the politi-cian. For sale by F. TAYLOR, TO THE EDITORS.

WASHINGTON, DECEMBER 26, 1837. Messrs. Gales & Seaton: The statements of Mr. SHEPPERD, Gen. THOMPSON, and Gen. CARTER, render a ew remarks necessary on my part.

In referring to the two former, in my former commun ion, I did not suppose that either of them had authorized he article which called forth my former remarks; nor had any intention to wound their feelings. My object was to oring out all the facts, with the view to put down effectualby the slanderous charge of inconsistency in reference to my course on the fourth instalment at the extra session, with

course on the fourth instalment at the extra session, with the vile insinuations as to my motive.

We have now a full statement of the conversation, according to the recollection of those present, and it turns out, as I felt confident it would, that "in voting to postpone the fourth instalment, rather than borrow money to meet it," I did not act inconsistently with any thing I had said. The alternative on which I acted was a contingency not contemplated in the conversation, and on which, of course, it did not turn. As to the fourth instalment, I was then, amony and ever have been in favor of executing the act, acnow, and ever have been, in favor of executing the act, according to its true intent and purpose. We all know its object was to get clear of an unavoidable surplus, by depositing it with the States, with the double view of withdrawng it from the immediate control of the Executive, and the deposite banks, where it was believed to be a dangerous source of patronage and corruption, and placing it in a deposite safer than those banks; and I stand prepared to execute the act to the full, as far as my vote may go, whenever there is an available surplus beyond the probable ex-penditure of the Government, which the States will receive whether it be cash or paper. Several of my friends in Con gress know that such were my views at the extra session and that there was none more solicitous than myself to car y out the act, according to my conception of its true inten and object. But further I could not go. I shall never agree to raise money by loan or taxes, to make a surplus to be decosited with the States; and this was the ground I took i lebate on the postponement of the fourth instalment. Such course would, indeed, have been inconsistent in me, ab orrent to every thing I have ever done or said in reference o the subject; and rather than raise a cent by taxing o orrowing, to be deposited, I would not have hesitated oment to obliterate the act from the statute book. To d ither, would be a gross and dangerous perversion of the

ict, and resist its execution.

In my former remarks, I neither affirmed nor denied the truth of the statement as to the alleged conversation, and confined myself simply to repelling the charge of inconsistency between what I may have said and did; because I had a very indistinct recollection of the conversation. I had an impression of having conversed on the subject on my way here, but whether it was in the stage, or on the steamboat, or in some public house, or with whom, or what I said, I had no recollection; but of one thing I was perfectly confident, that I could not have said any thing, fairly understood, incor sistent with what I did, as that rested on fixed principles, lon established in my mind, and on which I stand openly commit ed in report and debate. I complain not, but it is deeply to be egretted, that casual conversations, which are so easy to bushisunderstood, should find their way into public journals t places those in public life in an awkward situation. ney are reserved, they expose themselves to the imputation of improper motives, and if they converse freely, they are lable to be misrepresented.

I ask, as an act of justice, that those who may publish

the statements to which this refers, should publish this also J. C. CALHOUN.

DOARDING, at Mrs. CONNOR'S Boarding House, the north side of Pennsylvania avenue, east of 4½ stree Gentlemen of Congress that are not yet located for this sessi an be accommodated with parlors and chambers, suited either or single gentlemen or families.

Mrs. C. assures those who may locate at her house, that no

Mrs. C. assures those who may locate at her house, that no reasonable expense shall be spared to give comfort to her boarders. Her house is in good style, and location desirable, being but a pleasant walk to the Capitol.

Gentlemen that have rooms from the house can be accommodated with their meals.

CAXES, TAXES, TAXES.—Notice is hereby given

that the Collector of the 5th and 6th Wards whe sale of City Lots and Squares for Tax due the Co which remain unsold at his former sales, on Thursday, the astant, at 12 o'clock, at the City Hall. Persons that are rous of purchasing property will please give their attending GEO. ADAMS

GEO. ADAMS,
dec 22—6t

N. B. Those that have purchased Lots, &c. at his form
ales, and have not settled for the same, are requested to make the returns to the composition.

G. A.

THE MANUFACTURES AND MACHINERY OF GREAT BRITAIN, by P. Barlow and Charles Babbage, in one quarto volume, with many hundred engravings exhibiting all the perfections and improvements up to this date; with an introductory view of the principles of manufactures; exhibiting the operation by which British manufactures have attained to their present state of pre-eminence; with views of their effects on the population, wealth and revenue of the British Empire. Is just imported and for sale by

Also, McCullock's Statistics of the British Empire, in two octavo volumes, London, 1837; and a variety of other works of the same and other classes of literature and science, too many to enumerate; recently imported, at the most reasonable prices. dec 27

THE CITY OF THE SULTAN, by Miss Pardoe in 2 volumes; and
Vandeleur, or, Animal Magnetism, a novel, in 2 volumes, this
lay received for sale by F. TAYLOR, or for circulation among

bscribers to the Waverley Circulating Library.

ISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES, or REPUBLIC OF AMERICA, designed for schools ate libraries, fifth edition, revised and corrected

HISTORY OF ENGLAND .- Hume and Smollett' elebrated History of England, from its first settlement to the ear 1760, accurately and impartially abridged; and a contin-tation from that period to the coronation of George IV. illus

THE HISTORICAL CABINET; containing an hentic accounts of many remarkable and interestin which have taken place in modern times, carefully and compiled from various and authentic sources, and not to b found in any other work hitherto published—illustrated wit engravings. For sale, between 9th and 9th streets, Pennsyl TETERINARY SHOEING SHOP, Four-and-

a-half street, Washington City.—The subscriber in return for the unprecedented patronage which he has received, would consider silent gratitude no longer a virtue; he ceived, would consider silent gratitude no longer a virtue; he therefore publicly and gratefully returns his most sincere thanks to his numerous patrons of the District of Columbia and its vicinity, for their patronage and support. He would further inform the members of Congress, and other gentlemen visiting the city, who have valuable and favorite horses, that he is prepared, at all times, with the utmost despatch, to SHOE, or otherwise attend to such horses as may be sent to his shop. He will also, with promptitude, attend any gentleman who may wish to consult him, concerning any natural or accidental disease of that noblest of the brute creation. He respectfully and earnestly hopes, when it is known and considered thathe served 12 years in the flower of the British Cavalry, as Smith and Farrier, on various arduous continental duty, and that he otherwise practised his profession with almost unparalleled success in many cities in Europe, and with what success for years past in this city, he leaves for his fellow-citizens to say; he will only (without further prolixity) say that his advice, when consulted in Veterinary cases, shall be always candid, and charges moderate, for he thinks with the old man of Scio, that—

"Who dares think one thing and another tell,

Why and detests him as the grates of Hell."

"Who dares think one thing and another tell,
My soul detests him as the gates of Hell." The Public's obedient servant, M. FOY,
Veterinary Surgeon and Horse Shoer, and
dec 13—2awlm Smith in gene

Of Lafare, Philadelphia of Laf of Lafore, Philadelphia, offers her services to the Ladie o Dress Hair for balls and parties. From her long experience nd the well-known taste of Mr. Lafore, she hopes to give gen ral satisfaction.

She may be found at Mrs. Doyne's, Pennsylvania Avenue etween 9th and 10th streets.

dec 12—ee3w

COAT DRESSING AND CLOTH DYING,
No. 2 East of the National Billiard Room, Pennsylvania
avenue, Washington, and No. 31 South street, Baltimore city.
WM. BELL, the proprietor of the above establishments, and WM. BELLL, the proprietor of the above establishments, and of the London process for perfectly erasing all extraneous substances from Cloth, and giving to an old Coat the appearance of new, without in the least affecting the color or shape, is now in Washington, and will devote his attention to members of Congress and strangers visiting the city, so as to have their orders executed with all possible despatch, and in a first-rate style of week massing.

Woollens dyed to any color; warranted fast colors.

ERVANTS WANTED.—A gentleman, a resident this city, (personally known by me,) wishes to purchase for the use of his own family, a Negro Boy from 12 to 15, and a Negro Girl from 10 to 13 years of age, slaves for life. None but likely, well disposed, and intelligent negroes are wanted, as they are for house servants. For such a fair price, in cash, will be given, and a good home obtained. For further information, inquire of the cash of the c

AN ODE

Composed for the Dinner of the Tenth Annual Fair of the American Institute. BY RUFUS DAWES, ESQ.

When the banner of freedom first wav'd to the breeze, And the stars and the stripes were to Liberty given, When the thunder of war died away on the seas, And the olive-bough waved where the deluge had driven,

Columbia awoke,
Columbia awoke,
Disenthrall'd from her yoke,
Her brows bound with leaves from her own mountain oak,
And call'd on her children to wake once again,
Their altars to rear, and their rights to maintain.

From the dark rolling wave, at the joyous command,
First COMMERCE emerg'd with her white wings extended;
She wreath'd the old flag of our own fatherland,
Intertwin'd with the banner that freedom defended.
While our Eagle that clung

To the crage, with her young,
Screamed aloud, and aside her red thunderbolt flung,
As the flag of St. George and our banner of stars
Wove a baldric of peace for the temples of Mars.

Arrayed in the garb of her own native skies,

Next Science came down, with a rainbow around her;
While the pride of a mother beam'd forth from her eyes, As she gazed on a son who had sought and had found her;
'Twas Fulton, whose eye

Saw his mother on high,
And drew down the glory that never shall die:
For as long as the sun in his splendour is seen,
His name shall endure, and his laurels be green. 'rom their trance of delight, as the vision pass'd by, THE ARTS sprang to life with a thrill of devotion; they caught every hue as it broke from the sky, And went up again thro' the mist of the ocean; While the Iris that spann'd

While the Iris that spann a Sea and air, sky and land, United the North and the South in a band; And ne'er may a son of Columbia be found To sever the tie which her Genius has bound!

With a sheaf by her side, and her hand on the plough—
With the furrows before, and with plenty attending,
Next Cerrs appeared—as she smiles on us now,
Her fruits and her wine-cup to Labor extending;
While the Arts gather round,
And fair Science was crown'd,
And the Harvest-home song rent the air with its sound:
"Thus ever may SCIENCE and Art, hand in hand,
Bear the emblems of Peace and of Hope to the land."

We have met to rejoice—let us link heart with heart,
In the festival hour which our Genius has given;
And here let us vow, ere we rise to depart,
By the spirits that bend from their circles in heaven,

That true to our trust,
As our fathers were first,
When they pour'd out their life-blood like rain on the dust,
We will rally around the old Liberty tree,
While its limbs yield a staff for the flag of the free.

ATTORNEY AT LAW. Wheeling, Virginia.

Hall of the House of Representatives, 21st Dec. 1837.

WOULD be greatly obliged to the person that took my blue cloth Cloak on yesterday from the room adjoining the Hall if he would return the same. My name is distinctly marked on it.

21st Dec. 1887.

21st Dec. 1887.

My name is distinctly marked on it.

THOICE WINES, selected from the importations of JOHN VAUGHAN, Esq. at Philadelphia.—Duff Gordon & Co.'s Sherry Wines.
Phelps, Phelps and Laurie's Madeira Wines.
Burmester and Brothers' Port Wine.
Splendid Old Malmsey, White Port, Champagne, Claret, &c. of the most approved sorts.
The Subscriber has constantly on hand, at private sale only, a neat assortment of the above described Wines, direct from the stores of the importer, selected with care and bottled, but

a neat assortment of the above described Wines, direct from the stores of the importer, selected with care and bottled, put up in cases of one, two, and three dozens each, expressly for the accommodation of Members of Congress and others at Washington. The purity and character of the Wines are guarantied. Samples at the auction rooms.

SETH HYATT, dec 14—tf [Globe] Penn. av. opposite Brown's hotel.

RESH GARDEN & GRASS SEED STORE, at the old established stand, M'Mahon's, 17

at the old established stand, M'Mahon's, 17 south Second street, Philadeiphia.—The subscriber informs his friends and the Public generally, that he has received his new crop entire of Garden and Grass Seeds, which he war-

and to be equal, if not superior, to any articles of the kind of-cred to the Public.

He has also for sale, at his Nursery, on the township line oad, above the first gate on the Germantown turnpike, a choice official of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, many of the latter uitable for street planting, together with a great variety of gar-

en shrubbery.

Also, a choice collection of Double Dahlias, which he will war rant to be true to name and color.

Also, several thousand Macluras, or Osage Apple, or Orange
Trees, suitable for hedges, together with a great variety of hothouse and green-house plants, all of which will be sold as rea-

onable as they can be purchased in any part of the United States.

Orders left at the store, 17 south Second street, or the In-lian Queen Hotel, 15 south Fourth street, will be promptly at-

ended to.
dec 20—eo3w (Glo.) BERNARD DUKE. NEW STYLE SHALLEYS, SILKS, &c.—The

subscribers have just received, in addition, and consists 50 pieces rich figured and plain Poult de Soie

25 do rich Shalleys and Mousseline de Laines 25 do 6-4 Thibet Shawls 10 do French and English Bombasins black and blue-black Shallevs

Thibet Cloth and French Merinoes Rich Velvet, Satin, Gauze, and other fashionable Trim-

Rich Velvet, Satin, Gauze,
mings for Bonnets
25 dozen superior Hoskin Gloves
50 do Silk, Mchair, Cashmere, and other Hosiery
20 pieces Ladies' Cloak Cloths, very cheap; and
Black Silk Hose, at 62\frac{1}{2} cents pair, good.

J. B. WINGERD & CO.

LOUR, CORN, RYE CHOP, HAY, ROLL BUTTER, &c. BUTTER, &c.
White Wheat Family Flour, superior Superfine Flour, suitable for bakers, families, or for ship-

Corn, on the cob, and shelled.

Chopped Rye, Baled Hay. Ship Stuff and Shorts. Fresh Roll Butter.

Just received and for sale by dec 12—w3t

W. T. COMPTON,
Water street, Georgetown PRINTERS .- The patrons of the late R. B. Spalding (Type Founder) are informed that they can now obtain Types, &c., from that Foundry by applying to

CHARLES CARTER, dec 1-d3t&w3w BOOKS, BOOKS, BOOKS—A large and valuable Collections—On Thursday evening, the 28th, at 6½ o' clock, at the auction rooms, I shall sell, by catalogue, a large and valuable collection of new books just received from the North, all of the very best editions, and many clegantly

nd. The following will be found: Marshall's Washington
Franklin's, Goldsmith's, Dryden's, Johnson's, and
Burke's Works

Locke, Blair, Shakspeare, Byron, Cowper Long's Expedition, Josephus, Rollin's, Hume's, Scott's, Bulwer's, Cooper's, and Irving's

Works, British Drama
Canning's, Huskisson's, Windham's, Phillips's, &c.
Speeches, &c. History, Poetry, Travels, Belles Letters, &c.

An assortment of English and American Annuals, Souvenirs, Keepsakes,

&c. some of which are very handsome

1 set of American Encyclopedia, and 1 set of Rees's do.

1 fine copy of Barlow's Columbiad, plates, &c.

A better selection than this has not before been offered at action, and a good opportunity offers for citizens, members of congress, and gentlemen sojourning here to supply themselves.

The books will be arranged for examination on Thursday

norning, and catalogues furnished.

ALEX. McINTIRE,

dec 25—3tMW&T (Globe)

Auctioneer ANE & TUCKER, Merchant Tailors, north a side of Pennsylvania avenue, a few doors west of 4½ street, have just added to their stock of FALL and WINTER GOODS a very beautiful and fashionable assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, selected with great care from some of the best importing houses in New York; also a general assortment of free writings for gentlemen's were

ne hest importing houses in New Tork; also a general assort-lent of faucy articles for gentlemen's wear.

Citizens, strangers, and members of Congress, are respect-illy solicited to call and examine for themselves. Grateful for ast favors, our best efforts shall be exerted to give general disfaction to all who may favor us with their patronage. Our Reports of fashions just received and for sale, dec 2—3taw3w

OARDING.-Mrs. CUMMINGS can accommodate gentlemen in Congress, or others, either with or without families, at her house, pleasantly situated on the south side of Pennsylvania Avenue, between 9th and 10th streets, being om thence an agreeable walk to the Capitol, or to the Depart-

IN SENATE.

Tuesday, December 26, 1837. VERMONT RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. SWIFT said it would be recollected that, on a former occasion, he had given notice that he should this morning present a memorial from the Legislature of the State which he in part represented. Since then he had learned that several members were now absent, and he would therefore postpone for the time the presentation of that memorial, but should present it as soon as the Senate

The following papers were presented, and referred to

By Mr. McKEAN: A memorial from citizens of Penn sylvania, setting forth the importance and necessity of a dry dock at Philadelphia, and asking Congress to make an appropriation for that object.

Also, a memorial from 143 citizens of Chester county,

Pennsylvania, remonstrating against annexing Texas to the United States. Laid on the table. Also, the petition and documents of Daniel Steinrod, of

Virginia, for compensation for work done on the Cumberland road.

On motion of Mr. McKEAN, a memorial of the Philadelphia Chamber of Commerce, and several memorials from citizens of Philadelphia, presented at the last session of the last Congress, relative to the erection of a new custom-house at Philadelphia, were again referred to the Com By Mr. PRENTISS: The petition of Isaiah Silver

claiming a bounty of one hundred and sixty acres of land and three months' pay, in consideration of his services in the late war, and praying Congress to grant the same to By Mr. SMITH, of Indiana: The petition of Henry

C. Monroe and others, citizens of Indiana, praying the establishment of a post route from Merom, in Sullivan county, via Lehi, to Rawley's Mills, in Clay county, Indiana By Mr. GRUNDY: The memorial of Georgetown College, praying a donation in land for that and all similar in tions throughout the country.
Mr. WILLIAMS: The memorials of two banks in

the District, praying a renewal of their charters.

By. Mr. RIVES: The memorial of William A. Wea

by. Mr. RIVES: The memorial of William A. Weaver, late of the United States Navy, representing his dismission from the service by a court martial as illegal and unjust, and praying the Senate for a remedy.

By Mr. SEVIER: The protest of citizens of Arkansas against the location of certain Indian lands.

By Messrs. CLAY, ROBBINS, STRANGE, ALLEN, and HUBBARD, all on individual claims.

NEW JERSEY MEMORIAL.
Mr. WALL rose and said that, in compliance with the request of the Governor of the State of New Jersey, he presented to the Senate resolutions of the Legislature of the State of New Jersey, and moved that they be printed

Mr. CLAY, of Ken., said he wished to inquire what as the subject of those resolutions?

Mr. WALL said he believed they constituted the creed

of a certain class of persons. He did not feel as if he could particularize it more.

Mr. CLAY called for the reading, and they were read [A copy of the resolutions was published in the National Intelligencer on the 20th of November. They declare it the duty of Congress to provide for the safe-keeping and disposition of the public revenue—approve of the resolution of the Senate which was subsequently expanded from the Lournal—denounce the expanging resonance of the proving the supposition of the senate which was subsequently expanded from the Lournal—denounce the expanging resonance. lution, the removal of the deposites by the President, the issue of the specie circular, the sub-Treasury scheme, the issue of Treasury notes, and a partial bankrupt law—and approve of the course of Senator SOUTHARD on all these subjects, and of the conduct of the present representatives of the State in Congress.]

The resolutions were laid on the table, and ordered to

The following bills were introduced, and severally read

twice, and referred, viz.

By Mr. RUGGLES: A bill granting a patent to James By Mr. YOUNG: A bill for the relief of Samuel Gib-

Mr. LINN, on leave, introduced a bill to ascertain and designate the southern boundary of Wisconsin.

By Mr. CLAYTON: A bill for the relief of Thomas
L. Winthrop and others, Directors of the New England

Mississippi Land Company.

By Mr. HUBBARD: For the relief of John Kurtz and others.

By Mr. WALL: For the relief of the heirs of Francis On motion of Mr. WHITE,

Resolved, That the Committee on Private Land Claims inquire into the expediency of granting relief to the heirs of Henry Sweetser, and report by bill or otherwise.

On motion of Mr. RUGGLES,

Resolved, That the Committee on Commerce inquire in to the expediency of disposing of the site of the custom house in —, (unheard,) and providing another site.

Mr. NILES also offered a resolution, making certain inquiries (unheard) of the Postmaster General; which, on the objection of Mr. CLAY, of Ken., lies over one day. The bill for the relief of Capt. Samuel Warren was read

DISTRICT CURRENCY.

The bill to restrain the currency of small notes in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes, was read a

On motion of Mr. YOUNG, the second section of the bill was so amended, by consent, as to rectify an oversight as to that section, by which it had been left to include bills

A debate followed (to be given hereafter) of considerable length, in which Messrs. CLAY, BUCHANAN, PRENTISS, NILES, SWIFT and WRIGHT parti-The bill was then passed by the following vote

YEAS—Messrs. Allen, Benton, Brown, Buchanan, Clay, of Alabama, Clay, of Kentucky, Clayton, Cuthbert, Fulton, Grundy, Hubbard, King, of Ala., Knight, Linn, Lumpkin, Lyon, McKean, Morris, Nicholas, Niles, Norvell, Pierce, Prentiss, Preston, Rives, Robinson, Seviel Smith, of Conn., Smith, of Indiana, Strange, Tiptor Walker, Wall, White, Williams, Wright, Young-37.

The VICE PRESIDENT presented a communication from the President of the United States, relating to the correspondence of the Executive with other foreign Powers relating to the Territory west of the Rocky Mountains; which, on motion of Mr. BUCHANAN, was ordered to

A numerous batch of private bills from the House of Representatives were then taken up, and severally read twice, and referred. (The list of these bills has already been given in the proceedings of the House.)

On motion of Mr. HUBBARD, the Senate then proceeded to the consideration of Executive business:

NATIONAL THEATRE.-WASHINGTON.

Mr. WARD most respectfully informs the ladies and gentlemen of Washington that the Theatre will open for a very short Season on MONDAY EVENING, JAN. 1, 1838.

Mr. WARD has great pleasure in announcing that he has effected an engagement with the highly talented and justly celebrated Tragedian,
MR. VANDENHOFF,

For Five Nights only, which cannot possibly be extended be youdthat time, in consequence of his other numerous engage ments elsewhere.

lls and advertisements will shortly be issued, announ cing the Entertainments for the Opening Night.

C. SMEDES & T. A. MARSHALL, Coun sellors and Attorneys-at-law, Vicksburg, Mississippi. References.—Hon. Henry Clay, Ashland, Kentucky. James Erwin, Esq. New Orleans.

James Erwin, Esq. New Orleans.

Doremus, Suydam, & Nixon,
Baker, Johnson, & Co.
Foster & Easton,
McIlvaine & Henrys,
Bar, Pinchard, & Co.
N. W. Ford, Esq.
N. & E. Ford & Co. New Orleans.

Guion & Prentiss. Guion & Prentiss, George Smedes & Co. Jas. R. McDowell, Ford, Markham, & Co.

TEW NOVELS .- The Old Commodore, by the author Also, The Duke of Monmouth, by the author of the Colle

Sayings and Doings of Samuel Slick, of Slicksville, 1 vol. Are this day received for sale by F. TAYLOR, r for circulation among the subscribers to the Waverley Circ lating Library, immediately east of Gadsby's Hotel, dec 13 intended,

WASHINGTON.

"Liberty and Union, now and forever, one and inseparable,"

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 27, 1837.

The House of Representatives was occupied, throughout the entire sitting of vesterday, in considering the motion of Mr. Adams to refer to a select committee the memorial of a Peace Society, and other persons, in New York, praying Congress to consider favorably an overture, in the shape of a decree of the Mexican Congress, for an amicable settlement of the difficulties between that counry and this; and, should the effort fail, for a reference of the question in dispute to the mediation of a friendly Power. Mr. Howard, chairman of the Committee on Foreign Affairs, had moved the reference of the memorial to that committee. The speech of Mr. Adams was directed to show that the memorial ought not to go to the latter committee, because a report made by it at the last session (the chairman and many of the members composing the committee at that session remaining still upon it at the present) evinced a predetermination in favor of a rupture with Mexico. Mr. Howard made a brief response, in which he denied that any such overture had in fact been made by Mexico to the United States, and argued that it would be useless to require a report on a matter which had no existence. In the course of the debate, allusions were incidentally made to the relative conduct of the two Governments, and to the tone and language of the President's Message on that part of our foreign relations.

Mr. Adams, in the course of his speech which occupied more than three hours, was repeatedly called to order, especially when adverting, in his opening remarks, to the conduct of the Committee of Ways and Means, as avowed in a late publication by a number of the members of that committee. The discussion excited a good deal of interest for some time, but was so much protracted that when the question of reference came to be taken, between 4 and 5 o'clock, there was no quorum present; so the matter lies over until another day. A full report of what took place will be published as soon as our reporter can prepare it.

Previously to the Debate above referred to, and immediately after the reading of the jour-

Mr. CAMPBELL, of South Carolina, rose, and, by permission of the House, stated that he had seen the Washington correspondence in one of the public papers, which he held in his hand, and from which he quoted the following paragraph:

" As soon as this end had been accomplished, [meaning the adjournment upon Mr. SLADE's speech,] Mr. Campbell, of South Carolina, invited the whole Southern delegation to meet in the committee-room of the Committee of Claims to devise ways and means for the emergency-to take all necessary steps toward a dissolution of the Union. Such was not the tenor of his language, but such was its substance."

Mr. CAMPBELL observed, in substance, that had he known the individual who had written the communication, he should not have troubled the House by calling up this matter to their notice. But, as he did not know the author, and as, on the occasion referred to, Mr. C. had been appointed, together with Mr. Bouldin and Mr. Johnson, of Virginia, a committee to represent he slaveholding interest of the South, he now thought it proper to declare, in his place, that no reference, direct or indirect, had been made by him to a dissolution of the Union. The subiect had not been so much as mentioned, or in any wise alluded to: and he believed that every candid man who witnessed the scene must admit that the course pursued by the Representatives of the Southern interest had been conciliatory rather than such as it was represented in the publication which he had quoted.

Imprisonment for Debt .- Governor VANCE, in his late excellent Message to the General Assembly of Ohio, in speaking of imprisonment for debt justly remarks:

"Imprisonment for debt appears to have attracted the attention of the benevolent and humane portion of society throughout every Government advanced in the scale of sivilization. That it is a relic of barbarism, that ought to e struck from the code of civilized nations, is what I have long believed. In the observations that I have been able to make upon this subject, I have never discovered that it has been carried into execution but on two princi-ples of action: the first, to gratify malice, and the second, to force the debt of the unfortunate out of some humane ance, who, perhaps, had seen better days, incarcerated in the prison-house. Your attention is earnestly solicited to this subject, under the full belief that the year 1837 will close the period in our State history, when to be unfortuate in debt is a criminal offence.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Little Rock to his friend in Louisville, Kentucky, dated December 10, 1837.

"We had an unfortunate scene enacted before us a day or two since. Our Speaker [of the House of Representatives] in consequence of supposed insult offered by a member, came down from his seat armed with a Bowie knife, and was met by his antagonist, Major J. J. An-THONY, with another. The rencounter lasted but a monent, when Anthony was left dead on the floor, and the Speaker was left with one hand nearly cut off, and the other severely wounded. The occurrence produced great excitement. The House, to protect its character, expelled the Speaker, Colonel John Wilson, of Clark county, a man who has for years filled the chair, was President of the Convention, and in every respect an amiable man, but violent in his feelings."-Public Advertiser.

Cotton Crops .- It is computed that the Cotton Crop in Mississippi will turn out 15,000 bales more than that of last year; it will be worth at the present prices—say 330,000 bales—16,-500,000 dollars.—Louis. Courier.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

CHRISKINKLE is respectfully informed that, to our regret, his communication did not, owing to some accident, reach our hands in time to answer the purpose for which it was EDITORS' CORRESPONDENCE.

NEW YORK, DEC. 23.* The lower Canada contests are over for the resent, Sir John Colborne having dispersed he Patriots at Grand Brulé, and taken St. Eustache. But there is a little cloud gathering in Upper Canada, which bids fair to rise to a great storm. McKenzie, with about 600 persons, pretty well armed, and with artillery, has taken possession of Navy Island, a British Island, which he is fortifying, and from which he intends to make sorties into the Province. Loudon district is reported to be in a state of insurrection, but this statement wants confirmation. This force is under the command of Mr. VAN RENSSELAER, formerly of Albany.

From Vera Cruz we have dates to November 29. Mexico was in a very unsettled state The United States ship Concord was there No vember 28, and in eight days was to sail for Pensacola.

From CHILI, September 15, we learn that an embargo had been laid on all the ports of Chili The expedition against Peru sailed on the 15th. The rate of Exchange on London is now 1091; another fall of one per cent. Already, I see by the London Times, shipments of spe

cie are to be made to this country. At the

present rate, bills will be sent out to buy specie with a profit. Exchange on Natchez has dropped down 8 o 10 per cent. premium. Our merchants now

egin to put confidence in Mississippi paper. United States Bank stock to-day is 120. Al tocks are a little firmer. Specie is about 4 per cent. The country banks are now buying it The "Government" is in the market also buy ng it through the agency of the Bank of Ameica, its favorite pet here.

The Albany Argus is seeking to inculcate the dea that the Administration is not hostile to the State banks, but that the WHIGS are their pes! This will be queer logic in Washington.

If the Post Office would let go the small change it now hoards up, shin-plasters would be banished from circulation.

The next Legislature of this State will repea the small bill law. So popular is the proposition, that if the Senate oppose it, that opposition will cost many a Senator his seat. The Governor will approve the law of repeal.

Treasury drafts and notes are very dull, 3 pe cent. under paper par, with no favor in the market. Hard money Government! Gold and ilver constitutional currency! All who do business on borrowed capital ought to break! Paer Barons! Irredeemable rags! and so on, Nota bene for the Globe.]

The packets from Europe are bringing large argoes. The Sheffield brought four times a arger cargo than we have seen for a long while This will fill Uncle Sam's pockets anon.

There is a very large stock of Western Flour here, and the article is heavy in the market.

* This is the letter from our regular correspondent which ought to have reached us by the Express Mail or Sunday evening.

PARTICULARS FROM CANADA. FROM THE MONTREAL HERALD, DEC. 16.

We have received still later information from the sea war. At eight o'clock yesterday morning, the troop marched from St. Eustache with their gallant General a their head, and reached Grand Brulé about noon. Pre riously to leaving St. Eustache, a flag of truce had been received by Sir John: but that did not interfere with hi reconcerted operations. Every house within a mile of the illage of Grand Brulé had a white pocket handkerchief suck on a stick exhibited from a window, to give evidence of the peaceful intentions of its inmates. On arriving of cosite Girouard's house, the General halted and made nis head quarters. Immediately opposite were about two nundred and fifty Canadians drawn up rank and file, ew of them holding up white handkerchiefs on sticks. They exhibited as pitiful an appearance as could possibly be imagined, and surrendered themselves unconditionally n Girouard's house several papers were found, containing lists of his various companies and various other matter connected with his mad projects. A person named Ma re, one of the prisoners at St. Eustache, who was wound ed in the side by an officer with his sword, and who wa one of the fomenters of the rebellion, says that at the bo ginning of the action the rebels amounted to nearly a tho A considerable number of them fled as soon they heard the first discharge of artillery, and it is conjectured that from 150 to 200 were killed by the military, perished in the flames. The stench from the burning the bodies was very offensive. The number of the corps in the church-yard and the nuns' gardens was twenty-eigh and from thirty to forty individuals were killed in the brusl wood in attempting to retreat. When the troops arrived at St. Eustache, Girouard, Peltier, and a few others lef to bring up reinforcements, as they said, but, as a matte course, they never returned. They called at a taver ept by Mr. Inglis, at Grand Freniere, about four o'clock and said that the troops had met with a signal defeat; Mrs inglis asked them how, if that were the case, the village was in flames? To which he replied, that it was accidentally set on fire by themselves. They then went to Frand Brulé and the North river; but were not successfu n either place in raising troops, and they are now suppose to be skulking about the woods. The number of prison ers taken at St. Eustache is 123, and the number of wound ed about 20, of whom four have died since they were placed in the hospital. The troops lost one man killed

nd five men were wounded, though not seriously. On Thursday evening the village of St. Eustache presented a heart-rending appearance, the whole of the lower portion being one sheet of lurid flame. It is supposed that about fifty houses have been burnt, and nothing now is left of them but stone walls or solitary chimneys. The moor looked blue and wan through the thick and curling smoke

and seemed as if mourning over the melancholy scene.

We understand that the prisoners are to be brought int Montreal. Sir John with the troops were to occupy Grand Brulé last night, and proceed this day to St. Scholastique and St. Therese, and thence home. It is supposed that the houses of Jacob Barcelo and Girouard would be burnt by the troops previous to their departure.

The subjoined letter from a gentleman attached to the expedition, gives a more detailed account:

ST. BENOIT, HALF PAST 12 P. M. FRIDAY, DEC. 15, 1837.

We left St. Eustache this morning at eight, and entere St. Benoit about a quarter of an hour since, unopposed The advanced guard, on leaving the first place, met a bod of men with white flags, announcing the flight of thei leaders, and offering an unconditional surrender on thei

parts.

The tale told by the old country people on the road, of the severities they had experienced, is most exasperatin They were calling down blessings on the troops and S ohn, for the protection afforded them; but many respect able persons assured us that there would be no safety for them unless the leaders were summarily dealt with. now writing in Chartier the curé's house, occupied by the deputy Quartermaster General. Chartier was at St. Eustache yesterday, left it on our advance, and I imagine, fron the appearance of things, must have fled from this, or viewing the conflagration last night. I see a smoke as cending in the direction of "les Eboulis," and suppose nust be Major Townshend and his party destroying son Must be Major I townshell and his party descripting the building there. I am told young Hubert, the advocate of Montreal, was shot in the church yesterday. I saw Chenier dead last night. All the lower part of St. Eustache on the river is a heap of ashes.

BATON ROUGE, DEC. 16. FIRE.—Yesterday morning the dwelling house on the plantation of General Thomas, situated about one mile from town, was discovered to be on fire, and, together with the kitchen, &c. was burnt to the ground. Mrs. Benjamin Thomas, who occupied it, had barely time to escape with her family, and could are resulting from the flames. MEXICO AND TEXAS.

FROM THE LOUISIANA ADVERTISER, DEC. 18. To the politeness of the keeper of the Merchants' Exchange, we are indebted for the suboined:

U. S. SLOOP OF WAR NATCHEZ, OFF S.W. Pass, Miss., Dec. 15.

The merchants of New Orleans interested in he trade of Texas are respectfully informed that the subjoined information relative to the movements of the Mexican army and navy was received by me at the Brassos de Santiago, from a source entitled to credit.

WM. MERVINE, Commander U. S. Navy. "November 22. " A battalion of infantry, consisting of about 200 men

rossed the Rio Grande, and took up their line of march towards Texas, with two pieces of artillery. Nov. 23 .- A attalion of cavalry crossed, and joined the infantry, consisting of about 250 men. Nov. 27 .- A battalion of sap pers crossed the river with the intention of uniting with the other men. There were also about 1,200 men stationed ear the stream Colorado, in the limits of Texas. On the 2d, about 600 men entered Matamoras from the interior. The division in that place consists of near 3.000 men. It s confidently believed that this division intends marching into Texas.

"It is supposed that the first movement of the Mexicans is to take possession of the Aransas inlet, which leads to the Copano. Probably the squadron will be up in a few days from Vera Cruz."

FROM THE SAME.

From the best information we can obtain, the object of the Mexican troops, in crossing the Rio Grande (as men tioned above,) has been to overtake or intercept the Ca nanches, who have probably made "a raid" upon the southern provinces of Mexico, and these troops have crossed the river upon their trail. The season, the condition of Mexico, and the number of the troops, alike preclude the idea of a serious attempt on the part of Mexico to invade Texas.

FROM THE NEW ORLEANS TRUE AMERICAN, DEC. 19. In our account of the news from Texas yesterday, we stated that 1,200 men were stationed near the Colorado but we have since learned, through the politeness of General Felix Houston, that it should be called the "Sali Colorado," which is about twenty miles east of Matamo ras, within the limits of Texas. Without this explanation, it might appear to many that the Mexicans were already in the midst of the most thriving settlements of Texas, which are on the Colorado (proper) and the Brassos. We have information, also from the same able authority, that for some time past the Mexicans have had a force of between eight and ten thousand men stationed at three or four points on the Rio Grande; and though portion of them were temporarily withdrawn, it was known to those who were intimate with the country that their removal was merely to place them nearer to the grain country, where supplies could be more easily obtained; but the troops were never more than five days' march from the river. That this invasion would take place had not only been foreseen, but strong remonstrances and communications been made to the President and Secretary of nications been made to the President and Secretary of War, warning them to be prepared. It is the opinion of Gen. F. Houston that Filasola will advance on the lower route by San Patricio, on the Nueces—thence to La Bahia, and San Antonio, to Copano—and thus divide the country in two, and keep up his communications with Mexico, by rebuilding the fortresses at those places. That this supposition is feasible appears in the known fact that Filasola counselled Santa Anna to take that route, and not on any account to divide his forces. The result of his not on any account to divide his forces. The result of his neglect of that advice is known, and is more likely to mak Filasola adhere pertinaciously to his original plan.

Such a mode of operations must inevitably consume much time; and though it will entail on a very populous portion of Texas all the horrors of a sanguinary war, will give leisure for collecting together the scattered and dis-banded troops of the late Texian army, and for arming and organizing the citizens to beat back their sanguinary

An address has been published in the Buffalo papers, signed by 150 of the principal inhabitants, with the Mayor and Gen. PORTER at their head, expressing their deep regret and mortification at some of the recent proceedings in that vicinity; pointing out the violation of law which has been committed therein, urging the abandonment of an enterprise which exposes them to punishment, and promises but little advantage to those whom they wish to serve calling upon the authorities of the city and county to interfere and put a stop to these illegal proceedings; for the attainment of which good end they severally pledge their personal aid in causing the laws to be executed.

FROM THE BUFFALO STAR. We are authorized to say that a letter has been received by the Collector of this port, from the District Attorney of the Northern District of the State of New York, callin the attention of the Collector to the act of Congress pass ed April 20, 1818, and requesting him to notify the Dis trict Attorney of any movements contrary to the provisions of that law. This step is taken to preserve the neutrality of our Government, and prevent the infringemen of treaties with Great Britain, as is most likely to happen n the present excited state of Canadian affairs. assured by the proper authorities, that the laws of the land in relation to neutrality, which our treaties require, will be most rigidly observed by those entrusted with the exe-

HERALD OFFICE.

NORFOLK, SUNDAY, DEC. 24. The U. S. ship of the line PENNSYLVANIA got under way from Newcastle on Thursday, and proceeded down the Delaware, bound for this port. Capt. McCarty, of the sloop Leo, arrived here on Saturday, reports that he came out of the Delaware on Thursday afternoon, in company with the P. The wind has been fair ever since, but the weather thick. On Saturday evening the wind from N. E. breezed up to a gale, with snow and rain, and during the night blew with great violence. Yesterday the weather was thick and stormy all day. So that, if the PENNSYL-VANIA was at sea, there was a good opportunity for trying

The U. S. ship John Adams, Commander Wyman, from New York, arrived at this port on Saturday evening and anchored off the Naval Hospital. The J. A. saw no thing of the Pennsylvania.

A Roman Catholic curate, to free himself from his labo of confession in Lent, gave notice that on Monday he should confess the *liars*; on Tuesday, the *misers*; on Wednesday, the *libertines*; on Saturday, the *bad* women. His scheme succeeded; none attended .- London paper.

Charleston, (S. C.) December 19.

Melancholy and fatal Accident.—A letter to the President of the Charleston and Hamburg Railroad Company, dated Aiken, 17th instant, gives the distressing intelligence of the death of a very worthy young gentleman, Mr. Paul Alison, employed as Engineer of the locomotive Washington. It appears that the Washington started from Hamburg on Saturday afternoon last, with a train of freight cars, and got as far as Horse Creek, about four miles from Hamburg, when, in consequence of some derangement having been caused in the rails, in embanking the road, the locomotive was thrown off. Mr. Alison unfortunately fell under it, and was instantly killed. One of ately fell under it, and was instantly killed. One of e firemen was also somewhat injured, but his wounds are no

ern Courts of Cochin-China, Siam, and Muscat, in the United States Sloop of War Peacock, during the years 1832. ²3-²4, containing interesting descriptions of the manners and customs of the Oriental Nations, by Edmund Roberts, Diplomatic Agent of the United States, dedicated to the Hon. Lev Woodbury, this day received and for sale by KENNEDY & ELLIOTT,

THYRAVELS IN THE EAST.—Embassy to the east

dec 27-3t in the Athenæum, Pennsylvania Avenue.

HOME INTELLIGENCE. [REPORTED FOR THE NATIONAL INTELLIGENCER.]

CHRISTMAS DAY .- The weather being remarkably fine of Monday last, there was a pretty general turnout of our citizens to their respective places of worship in the morning. Numerous parties of ladies and gentlemen were seen sleighing in fine style through the snow along Pennsylvania Avenue, and our style through the snow along Pennsylvania Avenue, and our other principal streets. Here and there were some very handsome and singular vehicles. We saw one gentleman, a remarkably swift and skilful sailor, cutting his way along our streets in a boat sleigh; we saw many others of fantastical shape, drawn by two, four, and even six horses. We also saw some very unskilful steersmen, running foul of every thing and every body in their way; and not a few horses which seemed disposed to throw their drivers into the snow, or to remain at home on the Christmas festival. The confectioners' shops were crowded during the day; and the lads let off lots of squibs and fire crackers at night, notwithstanding the vigilance of the city police. The day, however, passed off without any remarkable disorder, and every one seemed to partake of the usual enjoydisorder, and every one seemed to partake of the usual enjoyments of the season.

EXTRAORDINARY LEMONS.—We have just been shown three remarkably fine Lemons, raised by Mrs. EMILY BEALE, at her farm, south of this city. One of them is of very unusual size and quality, equal to any that we saw at the Fall Exhibition of the Horticultural Society.

Amusing Thert .- The following ruse was successfully prac ised by a gentleman residing in this vicinity, whose larder was obbed last Thursday night. About 11 o'clock at night having earned from his mother, Mrs. McLeod, of Shamrock Hill, that the door of her larder appeared to have been opened, Mr Columbus McLcod went into it, and discovered that the family were minus two bags of meal, a lot of beef, bacon, poultry, and many other good things, such as were intended for their Christ-mas fare. Being of the opinion, from the number and weight of the stolen articles, that a cart must have been used to convey them away, Mr. McLeod seized a hay fork and immediately set out in pursuit. When he had run about a mile, and got near Mr. John Hoover's slaughter-house, Mr. McLeod saw two men sitting on a bag, when, suspecting it contained part of his stolen articles, he brandished his pitchfork, and hallooed with all his might, "Here they are, come on my lads;" upon which the two "colored gemmen" took to their heels, and were out of sight in an instant, leaving "the spoils" in the possession of the rightful owner. Several other citizens residing on the city borders have latterly been robbed of fine hours poultry, and borders, have latterly been robbed of fine hams, poultry, and shad, who have not been so fortunate as Mr. McLcod in rescu-ing them from the felon's grasp.

PUBLIC PROPERTY IN WASHINGTON.

MESSES GALES & SEATON : For the information of the itizens of Washington, the following table is furnished. The Assessors appointed by the Corporation were directed to value all property belonging to the United States (except personal) in addition to the assessments heretofore made; the value of the square foot, &c. of the buildings was fixed by the Assessors jointly; the arrangement, calculations, &c. by JOHN SESSFORD.

Engine-house in 1st, 2d and 4th wards, Stables, workshops, and Hassler's shop, Barracks, &c. on square 927, -	Deduct sqs. A B C D 358,977	1,0	SERVICE SERVIC	77 0 26 3	10 6 0 31 269,799	19 1 27	Und	4 19 1 2 839,074 5 28 2 31 1,248,899	1 83 1 22 3,632,359 2 227 0 8 9,890,298 3 29 3 9 1,293,360	No. Acres, r. p. Square feet. Rate
4th sler		4 03	10	white i	1-1	20	1.53	ಬ ಬ	16 121 7	Rate
4th wards, siler's shop,	3,198,678 22 44,872 06	1,992 87 20,354 13	55,947 37 1,971 09) ing lots. 840,299 02	Converted into build-	36,209 70 93,045 78	192,858 03	25,172 23 24,977 99	581,177 52 1,233,787 25 90,885 21	Value of ground.
3,761,200 9,000 4,800 50,000 3,824,200	3,761,200	11	450,000	5,000		60,000	-	163,000	2,283,000	Value of buildings.
6,915,003 15 9,000 00 4,800 00 00 550,000 00 00 Note.—T braced in the		₩ mber	37	845,299 02 valu	e of	78	192,858 03 iildi	25,172 23 lo 187,977 99 np	\$1,381,177 52 no 3,516,787 25 is 90,885 21 ts	Total value.

FOR THE NATIONAL INTELLIGENCER.

"Feed my lambs," is one of the last injunctions of Him who, when on earth, "went about doing good." Gentle reader, I do not intend to inflict a sermon, but merely to

reader, I do not intend to inflict a sermon, but merely to point out how you may pleasantly obey this sweet command of the "great shepherd."

The managers of the Female Charity School, Capitol Hill, (containing from fifty to sixty pupils,) have, for several weeks past, been getting up a fair, for the purpose of defraying the ordinary expenses of the school. They have prepared, with great labor, and considerable cost, a variety of useful and ornamental articles, suited to the taste and condition of both old and young. They now cordially invite the friends of education and the poor, without distinction, to pay them a visit, at Professor Hall's Mineralcorner of 41 street and Louisiana avenue; where meek yed Charity, surrounded by many of her fair sisters, wil be found in attendance, to-day and to-morrow, to receive with modest hand and cheerful heart, the free-will offerings

Haste then Christian, haste friend of the poor, Haste one and all, to the merry fair! DECEMBER 26, 1837.

of her smiling votaries.

FOR THE NATIONAL INTELLIGENCER. Messrs. Editors: Should the measure of coercion no before the Senate go into operation before the banks in the neighboring States have resumed specie payments, the situation of the inhabitants of this District (Members of Congress and public officers excepted) will be truly deplorable The same party, whose measures have deprived us of silver change for our daily transactions, are now about to deprive us of the substitute which had been provided. It i notorious fact, that the gold and silver paid to Members of Congress and others by the Government has not entered into the circulation of the District; it is therefore folly to suppose that the little that is left in the vaults of our banks would remain in circulation here so long as it will command a premium elsewhere. I would suggest to the chairman of the Committee on Finance to use his influence to procure a resumption on the part of the banks of his wn State, and then, if ours do not follow suit very shortly, his bill may be a proper measure, and I should not ob get to it. I recollect, when this bill was under discussion at the late extra session, it was said that the issue of smal bills by individuals and corporations was a fraud. If it is a fraud for persons perfectly solvent to issue small bills, what are we to think of a Government which acknowledged itself bankrupt, and yet issues large ones? The inhabitants of the District have not petitioned for this measure; then why should it be forced upon them? If the District is to become the seat of experiment for quacks in finance, and every other freak that may enter the heads of men in for one, will petition to be ceded to the States

rom which we have been dismembered. An Inhabitant of the District. DECEMBER 24, 1837.

FAIR .- The Managers of the Female Charity School, Capitol Hill, respectfully announce that they have changed the place for holding their Fair, from Mr. Fill's school room to Professor Hall's Mineralogical lecture room, over the City Post Office, fronting the City Hall.

The Fair will be held on Wednesday and Thursday, the 27th and 28th inst., from 9 o'clock A. M. to 9 o'clock P. M. The Public are respectfully invited to attend.

EW BOOKS.—Embassy to the Eastern Courts of Co chin-China, Siam, and Muscat. By Edmund Roberts.
Recollections of a Southern Matron, by Caroline Gilman.
The works of Charles Lamb, to which are prefixed his Leters, and Sketch of his life. By Thomas Noon Talfourd.
Gentleman Jack, a novel, by the author of Cavendish, Will Pretension, a novel, by Miss Stickney, author of Poetry of

Just received, and for sale at GARRET ANDERSON'S

Book, Stationery, and Fancy Store, Penn. av. between 11th and 12th streets. TOODD'S SABBATH SCHOOL TEACHER.
The Sabbath School Teacher. The Sabbath School Teacher, designed to aid in elevating and perfecting the Sabbath School System. By Rev. John Todd, Pastor of the First Congregational Church in Philadelphia. Just received and for sale between 9th and 10th streets, Pennsylvania Avenue, nov 10 R. FARNHAM.

POSTSCRIPT.

New York, Dec. 25, 1837.

Navy Island (on the Niagara frontier) is yet n possession of the Upper Canada "rebels," who are increasing in strength, discipline, and fortifications, under the command of Gen. VAN RENSSELAER, who, it is said, was General HARRISON'S Private Secretary during the last war. Sir Francis Head had reached Chippewa on his way thither. He intended, it is reported, to throw bombs and Congreve rockets on to the island from the British side. There has been no engagement, as reported, at Navy Island. The report of McNabb's defeat wants confirmation. He writes to Toronto that he has 1,500 loyal militia, and a horde of Indians, with whom he is in pursuit of the patriot Gen. DUNCOMBE. This is about all the news from Buffalo and Upper Canada.

Sir John Colborne, perhaps the best light infantry officer in the world, and a man of consummate ability, has quelled all rebellion in Lower Canada for a while-but the man is blind who reads the Montreal Gazette and Le Canadienne, organs of the same party, who does not see the incompatibility of any unity in such discordant materials. The refugee leaders of the Lower Canadians are not in the least discouraged. I may as well remark here, that with the exception of Lord Gosford, who is not, perhaps, a star of the first magnitude. British America was never before under the lead of so many accomplished soldiers and statesmen. If almost any other man than Sir Francis Head now governed Upper Canada, the government would have been wrenched from him at the first onset at Toronto. The majority, the large majority is opposed to British Government in America-but his intellect carries all before him.

I see by the Eastern papers the British have been making a military road, 30 miles, through the disputed territory.

This being Chrismas, little or no business is done. Before the close of Exchange on Saturday, bills on England were dull at 109. They have not been so low for a long, long while. The Globe is congratulating itself on the restoration of Exchanges! Exchanges on Boston three per cent. and on New Orleans 11. On Charleston 1 per cent., on Detroit 15, on Portland 4 per cent. and on Natchez 8 to 10. Charming regulation, all this! Again, bills on Utica, in this State, are about one per cent. below par. You sell a bill here for that, and go with your check to the bank, and they pay you out Utica bank bills at par! Charming regulation, this! The worst of this is, there is no certainty of any rate, twenty days ahead. Four months hence, Exchanges on New Orleans may be 8 per cent. With these uncertainties and mutations, how can men do safe business? Again, who, or what bank, now here in this importing city, will cash notes to be paid in St. Louis, or Natchez? Who will collect these for merchants here? The fact is, the Globe Locofoco party has broken up this Union, as a commercial Union. Politically we exist, but, as a mercantile People, the Union is broken up.

Sale This Day.

NEW TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE .-On Wednesday next, 27th instant, at 3½ o'clock P. M. on the premises, I shall sell that handsome new twoory brick dwelling, just finished, on the north side of G creet, between 12th and 13th streets, fronting about 18 feet; ne lot runs back 96 feet to an alley. This property is very (Globe) dec 22

HIS DAY .- The sale of the Household Furniture, &co advertised to take place this day, is postponed till Wednesday next, January 3; same hour, if fair—if not, next fair ALEX. MeINTIRE

ANTED.—South Carolina, Alabama, and Mississipp Bank Notes, and Bank Checks, or Certificates of De posite. Also, New Orleans Funds. Apply to W. S. NICHOLLS, Treasury Notes bought and sold at current rates.

EW YEAR'S BALL AT CARUSI'S SA-LOON.—LEWIS CARUSI respectfully informs his friends, members of Congress, strangers, and the citizens, that his next cotillion party will take place on Monday evening, January 1. Those ladies that have not received invitations, and are desirous to visit the Saloon on that evening, may obtain the ame by sending in their cards, with place of residence, at any ime previous to the ball. Tickets of admission, at \$1 each, to be had at Carusi's Mu-

Tuition in dancing, waltzing, gallopade, &c. continued through the season at the above place, on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays. Private lessons at the Saloon, or at academies and private dwellings, as usual.

Cotillion Parties given gratis to pupils.

dec 27—eotd (Globe)

SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY.—By virthe of a deed of trust recorded in liber W. B. No. 60, folios 216, 217, 218, 219, of the land records for Washington county, in the District of Columbia, and for the purposes in the said deed mentioned, I shall, on Thursday, the 4th day of Jantary, 1838, proceed to sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, one full undivided third part of Lots numbered 1, 2, 7, 1, 9, 12, 13, in square 219, as laid down on the plan of the city

Terms of sale. - One-fourth cash, and the residue at 6, 12, and 18 months. Promissory notes, with approved endorsers, to be given for the postponed payments, and to be secured by a lien on the property. The title is believed to be unquestionable. But the Trustee will convey such only as is vested in

Sale to take place at 11 o'clock A. M. at Mr. Dyer's Auction Room.

P. R. FENDALL, Trustee.

nov 18—2awts&ds

ED. DYER, Auc.t

JUST PUBLISHED AND FOR SALE, by W. M. MORRISON, two doors west of Brown's Hotel, Peck's New Gazetteer of Illinois, in three parts, containing a general view of the State; a general view of each county, and a particular description of each town, settlement, stream, orairie, bottom, bluff, etc., alphabetically arranged; by J. M.

Also, a second edition of Peck's New Guide for Emigrants to the West; containing Sketches of Michigan, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri, Arkansas, with the Territory of Wisconsin

Tales from the German, translated by Nathaniel Green; in

Twice Told Tales, by Nathaniel Hawthorn.

The Youth's Keepsake, for 1838.

The Harcourts, or Stories from Real Life, designed to teach rue Independence and Domestic Economy; in five parts. Part 3d: "Extravagance is the disease, economy is the remediate particular and parti y."—Paulding.
The Savings Bank, and other stories; illustrating true Inde-

The Savings Bank, and other stories; mustrating true inde-ependence and Domestic Economy; translated from the French y a Lady. Part 4: Stories from Real Life. The Lady's Annual Register and Housewife's Memorandum Book, for 1838; by Caroline Gilman; with Engravings, by dec 16

Devereux. MERICAN ALMANAC for 1838—For sale be tween 9th and 1.7th sts. Penn. Av. R. FARNHAM.

Ditto to Fredericksburg 3 75
A daily train leaves Richmond for Frederick's Hall at 12½
P. M. Frederick's Hall for Richmond and Fredericksburg, at Stages will be run regularly between Frederick's Hall and Charlottesville by Messrs. Boyd & Edmonds & Stockton & Co. in connexion with the train. The stage fare will not exceed \$2.75. Passengers preferring so to do will have it in their

power to pay at Richmond and Fredericksburg through to Charlottesville,

Charlottesville.

Distance from Richmond to Frederick's Hall about 46 miles.
Distance from Frederick's Hall to Charlottesville about 44.

This train connects regularly with the mail line to and from Fredericksburg and Washington City. Passengers leaving Richmond or Fredericksburg at half past 12 o'clock in the day, arrive at Charlottesville, (with but little night travelling) by 10 o'clock next morning; and, in return, leaving Charlottesville after the arrival of the stages from Staunton, arrive in Richmond or Fredericksburg by half past 8 next morning. Richmond or Fredericksburg by half past 8 next morning.

CHANGE OF HOUR IN STARTING. From 7 to 7½ o'clock a. m.





BY STEAMBOATS, via NEW CASTLE RAILROAD FOR PHILADELPHIA. On and after Sunday, the 17th instant, the steamboats of this line will leave Bowly's wharf, lower end of South street, Balti

more, every morning at half past seven o'clock, for Philadel-phia during the remainder of the season.

No expense has been spared to continue the comforts and



No expense has been spared to continue the comforts and safety to passengers by this line. Passage \$4.

dec 22—2w

T. SHEPPARD, Agent.

WASHINGTON CITY
AND RICHMOND. — The fare by the present route will be seven dollars for each passenger, instead of six dollars, as now charged, from Thursday, the 21st, until March 1st, 1838. The price has been increased with the hope of partially reimbursing the proprietors of the steamboats for their expenditures in fitting their boats to resist ice, &c. &c.

The travellers may rest assured that with this small increased

The travellers may rest assured that with this small increased price, the proprietors will not be able to cover their winter ex-J. WOOLFOLK & CO.

WASHINGTON BRANCH RAILBOAD TRANSPORTATION DEPOT

WASHINGTON, DEC. 13, 1837.

That marchandis and the MADE KNOWN, That merchandise or other commodities received at this Depot for delivery in this city, or to be forwarded to Baltimore, or to points on the line of the road, will, hereafter, be subject o the following regulations, of which those interested will please

take notice:

Ist. The freight and charges on all goods consigned to individuals in this city or its vicinity must be paid before their removal from the depot. 2d. Commodities offered for transportation must be distinctly marked, and be accompanied by a list, in duplicate, of the number and description of packages to be forwarded; the name of the consignee, and of the party forwarding the same; otherwise they cannot be received.

they cannot be received.

The Company will not be responsible for damage arising from leakage or breakage; nor will they be responsible for damage alleged to have been received by any goods or commodities transported by them, unless the claim shall be made before the removal of the goods from the depot; further, if goods which shall have been transported on this road be not received or taken away by their consignees or owners on the day of their arrival at the depot, the Company will not be responsible for, or pay any claims for loss or damage which may be sustained by such goods; in other words, if goods as above described, be per-

such goods; in other words, if goods as above described, be permitted to remain in or on the cars on the railway, or at the depot, one or more nights after their arrival, they will remain so at the exclusive risk of the owners or consignees.

The hours for receiving and delivering goods will, until further notice, be from 9 A. M. till 4 P. M.

By order:

SAML. STETTINIUS,

SAML. STETTINIUS,

FOR NORFOLK.—The steamer COLUMBIA, Captain JAMES MITCHELL, will leave Washington every Thursday, at 12 o'clock A.

M. arriving in Norfolk in due time for the Charleston steamboat, Portsmouth railroad cars, and the Richmond steamboat. Returning, will leave Norfolk at 3 o'clock P. M. every Sunday. Passage and fare \$6. (Globe & Alex. Gaz.)

WASHINGTON BRANCH RAILROAD.—On and after Monday payt the Libbian and after Monday next, the 11th instant, the cars will leave the depot in this city for Baltimore at 9 o'clock A. M., instead of § A. M., as heretofore.

The object of this alteration is to render certain the arrival of

the train at Baltimore early enough to afford ample time for passengers going North to take the steamboat, which now departs daily for Philadelphia, at half past 12 o'clock. The afternoon train will, as heretofore, leave the depot at a

warter after 5 o'clock P. M. FINO CLAIMANTS .- FRANCIS A. DICKINS, of the city of Washingto held by him for several years in the Treasury and War Departments, has undertaken the agency of claims before Congress, and other branches of the Government, including commissioners under treaties, and the various public offices; also, the provided for public lands, presenting claims for services.

crs under treaties, and the various public olices; also, the pro-curing of patents for public lands, prosecuting claims for servi-ces in the Revolution, and for Navy pensions, and generally such other business as may require the aid of an agent at Wash-ington. He will likewise attend to the prosecution of bounty land claims upon the State of Virginia, and the recovery of lands in Ohio which have been sold for taxes.

Persons having, or supposing themselves to have claims, will, on transmitting a statement of the facts, be advised of the pro-per course of proceeding. His charge will be moderate, de-pending upon the amount of the claim and the extent of the service.

He is also agent for the American Life Insurance and Trust Company, which has a capital of two millions of dollars paid in, and for the Baltimore Fire Insurance Company.

Mr. F. A. DICKINS is known to most of those who have been in Congress within the last few years, or who have occupied any public situation at Washington.

any public situation at Washington.

His office is on Pennsylvania Avenue, adjoining the buildings occupied by the Treasury Department, and opposite to those occupied by the Post Office Department.

PAll letters must be post paid.

july 6—d1y

GENCY AT WASHINGTON.—JAMES H.CAUS
TEN, (late of Baltimore,) having made this city his permanent residence, and located his dwelling and office directly opposite to the Department of State, will undertake, with his accustomed zeal and diligence, the settlement of claims generally; and more particularly claims before Congress, against the United States, or the several Departments thereof, and before any board of commissioners that may be raised for the adjustment of spoliation or other claims. He has now in charge the entire class arising out of French spoliations prior to the year 1800; with reference to which, in addition to a mass of documents and proofs in his possession, he has access to those in the archives

forms of office.

Itel 20-1y

INO MARK IS TO GIVE NOTICE that the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Charles county, in the State of Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of Mrs. Juliet Hungerford, late of Charles county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 1st day of June next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this 15th day of November, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven.

J. W. HUNGERFORD, of Va.

Executor.

ASH FOR NEGRUES.—I will give cash and libera

THOMAS G. SLYE, out 24—cp6t

9th street, Washington.

Thomas Cramphin, remaining unsold at this time, consisting of several farms in Montgomery county, Maryland, distant only ten or eleven miles from Washington City or Georgetown.

Any description of this property is deemed unnecessary, as it is presumed that those wishing to purchase would examine for themselves, and they are referred for any further information on the subject, to Charles B. Calvert, National Hotel, Washington City.

GEORGE CALVERT, sept 19—2awtf

Trustee.

20 dozen Reserved Madeira, very old and fine
20 do Burgundy do do
15 do Blackburn do do Grape Juice do 15 do 15 do 15 do Oliveira Tinta Sercial Otranto Malmsey 6 do Constantia

SHERRIES. 40 do Pale Lobo, Carera, Oldham, Gold, &c. very su perior Brown, Lobo, Romano, Duff, Gordon's

Pure Grape Juice, Port
Otard, Dupuy & Co's Brandy, very superior Pale do Champagne Brandy Peach do Jamaica Spirits

Jamaica Spirits
Irish Whiskey
Monongahela Whiskey, 18 years old
CHAMPAGNES. Sparkling Champagne, Napoleon brand do Anchor do do do Anchor do do do Grape do do Harp do do Pints, Napoleon do London Porter, Brown Stout, Scotch Ale, quart and

pint bottles
FRENCH WINES AND CORDIALS. 50 dozen Clarets, Chateau Margeaux, Leoville, Medoc, St. Julien, Sauterne, White and Red Hermitage CORDIALS.

25 dozen Marischino, Curacoa Liqueurs, Perfect Love, Cinnamon, Rose, Lemon, Aniseed, &c.
RHENISH WINES.

RHENISH WINES.
20 dozen Hock, Marcobruner, Hockheimer, &c.
ON DRAFT.
12 pipes Madeira Reserved, Star, Burgundy, Murdoc, Blackburn, Howard March & Co.'s Tinta, Grape Juice, &c.
very superior
4 butts Pale Sherry, Lobo, Carera, Oldham, &c.
4 do Roym do do do do

4 do Brown do do do do
2 do Pure Juice Port
1 do Irish Whiskey, very old and fine
6 barrels Monongahela Whiskey, 18 years old
3 pipes Otard, Dupuy & Co.'s Brandy, old and fine
1 do do Pale do do
1 do Charante Brandy

do do Pale do do Charante Brandy

Champagne do do Holland Gin, Wesp, Anchor and Orange 2 do Jamaica Spirits 2 do St. Croix do 1 do Peach Brandy

Demijohns loaned, and goods sent free of porterage.

dec 4-dtf TO THE PUBLIC.—The trustees of Charlotte Hall School having succeeded in procuring the co-operation of PHILIP BRISCOE, Esq. as principal, JAS. MILITMORE, Esq. as vice principal, and CHARLES A. F. SHAW, Esq. as professor of mathematics in this institution, deem it a due which they owe the institution to inform the Public, and all friends of literature, that his happy arrangement has been effected, and will be carrie

to effect on the 1st day of January, 1838.

The high moral and intellectual standing of those gentlemen niversally acknowledged, needs no commendation, and pecu-rly fits them for the duties of a public institution, where the oral as well as intellectual character of the mind is to b

LYNE SHACKLEFORD, Esq. is steward of the institution ery effort of his will be exerted to advance the comfort, and omote, by a laudable example, the moral character of his

The location is peculiarly healthy, and the terms very moderate, viz.

Board per annum, bed and bedding furnished - \$100 00

Same, where bed and bedding is furnished by the pupil

Tuition for the classics and the higher branches of mathematics, per quarter - 700

Tuition for the classics and the higher branches of mathematics are furnished to the control of the pupils of the classics. Same for the lower branches of an English education,

All these favorable circumstances combining in this institu-on, the trustees feel fully justified in recommending it to the atronage of the Public, in the hope and confident expectation at genius and intellect may not remain uncultivated and unim

Test:
C. C. EGERTON,
nor 14—lawi24thjan
(Globe)
Register.

Bublic Notice.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' court of Prince George's county, Maryland, letters of administration de bonis non on the personal estate of the late Major Theodore W.
Maurice. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warnes to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the first day of June next; they will otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this first day of December, 1837.

B. J. SEMMES

acountly of the company punctually to meet all their engagements:

"The responsibility of the company is believed to be equal, at least, to any similar institution in the Union. Our capital has been increased to one million of dollars. Of this, \$605,-540 has been paid in actual cash; and for this amount, no stockholder is, or ever hus been, indebted to the company by stock-note or otherwise. The balance of the capital is to be paid by instalments during the next nine months."

Any further information may be had of NATHANIEL F. WILLIAMS, Esq.

JOHN G. PROUD, FRANCIS H. SMITH.

dec 13—3td&6teod

The company punctually to meet all their engagements:

"The responsibility of the company punctually to meet all their engagements:

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"The responsibility of the company is believed to be equal, at least, to any similar institution in the Union. Our capital has been increased to one mill

BUBLIC NOTICE.—This is to give notice that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' court of Prince George's county, Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Margaret M. Maurice, deceased. All persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the yearbers thereof to the subscriber.

dec 4—law6w

2000 FOSTER'S COPY BOOKS.—Just re-ceived from Boston, Foster's Elementary Copy Books, designed to render the acquisition of penmanship simple and progressive; to save teachers the trouble of setting conies, and to furnish schools and families with a practical system by which the art may be taught with facility and correctness.

Also, Bascom's Guide to Chirography, in a series of writing books; ruled, with the lines about one-seventh of an inch apart; which style of ruling is adapted to coarse hand, medium hand, for hand capitals for a with a present a present the coarse. which style or ruting is anapted to coarse name, meanth hand, fine hand, capitals, &c.; with engraved copies in each book, and general directions on the covers; being an interovement on the author's system of penmanship and writing book combined. A considerable deduction will be made to those who buy by the

and general directions on the covers; being an insprovement on the author's system of penmanship and writing book combined. A considerable deduction will be made to those who buy by the quantity. For sale between 9th and 10th streets, Pennsylvania avenue.

R. FARNHAM.

dec 8.

WOR SADE, a small Farm, containing about fifty acres, about eight miles from the city of Washington, in a most healthy and pleasant situation, in the midst of genteel and agreeable society, with a comfortable dwelling-house, stables, and other necessary and convenient buildings, suitable for a summer residence for a gentleman with a small family.

The proprietor being desirous to remove from the State of the Stat

other necessary and convenient buildings, suitable for a summer residence for a gentleman with a small family.

The proprietor being desirous to remove from the State of Maryland, is disposed to give a great bargain, and to sell on accommodating terms; which, with other particulars, will be made known on application to

GEO. SWEENY,

dee 6—d3tw3w [Glo] General Agent, Penn. Avenue.

States, or the several Departments thereof, and before any board of commissioners that may be raised for the adjustment of spoliation or other claims. He has now in charge the entire class arising out of French spoliations prior to the year 1800; with reference to which, in addition to a mass of documents of the Government.

Claimants and pensioners on the Navy fund, &c. bounty lands, return duties, &c. &c. and those requiring life insurance, can have their tusiness bromptly attended to by letter, (being the fall the proposed and the proposed lattendance.

Having obtained a commission of Notary Public, he is prepared to furnish legalized copies of any required public documents and agent, that it can only be necessary now to say that economy and prompt attention shall be extended to all business confided to his care; and that, to enable him to render his services and facilities more efficacious, he has become familiar with although the forms of office.

The Mass TO GIVE NOTICE that the subscriber in the State of Maryland. letters testamentary on the state of the state of Maryland. Letters testamentary on the state of the late.

Mee 6—d3tw3w [Glo] General Agent, Penn. Avenue.

Deficition to a mass of documents and pensioners that may be given for apprehending my woman SALLY, and delivery to the sequence of Miss Douton, will be continued the ensuing year, 1838, (being the source of the sum of Mr. Bottone, 1838, (being the source of the sequence, 1838, (being the continued of the sum of Maryland, so that I get her again. She gave the meet of the sequence

J. W. HUNGERFORD, or va.

Executor.

CASH FOR NEGROES.—I will give cash and libera prices for a number of likely Negroes, under twenty-five years of age, families included. I can be found at B. O. Shekell's Tavern, a few doors below Lloyd's Tavern, opposite the june 26—tf

Washington City.

CASH FOR NEGROES.—I will give cash and liberal prices for young and likely negroes of both sexes. I can be found at Mr. Thomas Lloyd's steamboat hotel, on Seventh street, opposite the Centre Market House, in the City of Washington. All letters (post paid) will be punctually attended to.

GEORGE CAIT Eact, sept 19—2awtf

Trustee.

Trustee.

Trustee.

Vihis IS TO GIVE NOTICE that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Washington City.

Sept 19—2awtf

Trustee.

Prince George's county, and pledges himself, if elected, to discharge the duties of that office with fidelity.

Country, in the District of Columbia, letters of administration to the personal estate of Nicholass Barber, late of Washington the personal estate of Nicholass Barber, late of Washington City.

Sept 19—2awtf

Trustee.

Washington City.

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Trustee.

Washington City.

Sept 19—2awtf

Trustee.

Prince Georg's county, and pledges himself, if elected, to discharge the duties of that office with fidelity.

Oct 21—1aw6w

Table Prince Georg's country, and pledges himself, if elected, to discharge the duties of the office with fidelity.

Oct 21—1aw6w

Table Prince Georg

wine store, Pennsylvania Avenue, third door West of 4½ street, City of Washington.

—M. L. GITTINGS, has on hand a superior Stock of old WINES and L1QUORS, consisting in part as follows:

MADEIRAS.

MADEIRAS.

MADEIRAS.

Blue Cloth, 6-4 wide, dyed in indigo and in the wool. Sky Blue Kersey, 6-4 wide. Unbleached Cotton Shirting, 7-8 wide. Flannel of Cotton and wool, 7-8 wide. Canton Flannel, 3-4 wide.

Unbleached Cotton Drilling, 3-4 wide.
do. do. 7-8 wide.
Bleached do. 3-4 wide. Uniform Caps for Dragoons.
do. Artillery and Infantry.
Pompons, white.

Bands and Tassels. Aiguillettes, (white and yellow.)
Worsted Sashes, (crimson and yellow.)
Shoulder Straps for Artillery.

do. Infantry.
Brass do. do. Dragoons.
Epaulettes, Non-Commissioned, Staff, Infantry and Artillery. Forage Caps for Infantry and Artillery.
do. Dragoons.

Laced Bootees, pairs. Leather Stocks.

Leather Stocks.

Woollen Half Stockings.

Woollen Blankets, 6½ feet long, 5 feet wide, weight four

Plates and Tulips for Dragoon Caps. Infantry Cap Bugles, Plates and Tulips. Artillery Cap Plates and Zannon. Felling Axes.

Wall and Common Tents.

Worsted Binding and Cord of all kinds, and Prussian Lace. (The quantities and number of these articles will be deter-ined hereafter.)

Casks and Cooperage for one year from 1st April, 1838. Casks and C-soperage for one year from 1st April, 1838. The whole are to be of domestic manufactured materials. Patterns of all the required Cotton and Woollen Cloths and articles are deposited in the Commissary General's Office in this city for examination. Samples of any of the Woollen and Cotton Cloths will be sent to any manufacturer, on application to this office, (by mail,) and such information in relation to the goods as may be desired. The Bootees are to be of eight sizes, and the Caps of five sizes. The sizes and proportions of sizes will be stated in the contracts. On the samples and patterns exhibited the contracts will be founded and inspections made; exhibited the contracts will be founded and inspections made; and no article will be received that is inferior in the material or workmanship, or that does not correspond in every respect with the pattern on which a contract is founded.

The supplies are to be delivered at the United States Arsenal near Philadelphia, for inspection, in equal monthly portions, and the contracts are to be fulfilled on or before the 1st day of July,

S33.

The proposals must be in writing, sealed and endorsed, "Proposals," and must reach the office of the Commissary General of Purchases on or before the 8th of January, 1838.

Security will be required for the fulfilment of contracts.

C. IRVINE,

C. IRVINE,
Commissary General of Purchases.
Commissary General's Office,
Philadelphia, Dec. 8, 1837.
dec 12—eot jan.8

THE AND MARINE INSURANCE BY THE GEORGIA INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY.—Notice is hereby given, that John G. Proud and Francis H. Smith, of Baltimore, are appointed joint agents The fullest course of classical as well as mathematical studies the firm of JOHN G. PROUD & CO. They are authorized to make insurance on fire and marine risks, to name premiums, issue policies, and settle losses on risks taken at their agency; and all such acts performed by them are binding on this company. Witness the seal of the corporation, and signature of the President, in Augusta, Georgia, this 28th day of October, in the year of our Lord 1837.

THOMAS S. METCALF,

We T. Goven Searctone.

WM. T. GOULD, Secretary.

In pursuance with the above, JOHN G. PROUD & CO. have opened their office opposite the Custom-house (up stairs) and are prepared to issue policies between 9 A. M. and 5 P. M. in all branches of Fire and Marine Insurance, on as reasonable terms as can be had elsewhere. They hereby pledge themselves that all claims shall be adjusted promptly within the period limited by the policies, or sooner, if the nature of the case will justife it. they being invasted with full authority for that will justify it; they being invested with full authority for that

or before the first day of June next; they will otherwise, by law, be excluded from all benefit of said estate. Given under my hand this first day of December, 1837. and Peach Orchard, of choice fruit, now bearing. There is a sufficiency of wood and water. Also, a tract of Wood Land.

containing 60 acres.

Persons wishing to purchase a good farm will do well to call and view the premises, as I am anxious to sell, and a fair price will obtain it.

nov 1—eollt

JAMES P. MILLER.

DOLLARS REWARD.—RAN AWAY from the late residence of Benjamin Buck, in Baltimore county, on Sunday night, 29th October, a negro man named JIM, belonging to the estate of the said Buck; calls himself JIM GETTINGS; he is about 38 years of age; 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high; stout built; black, and has a pleasant countenance; no particular marks about him that are recollected. Had on when he went away, a black cloth cost, and fulled line.

ANTS A SITUATION IN A SCHOOL OR private family, a Classical Teacher, (Graduate of the Irish University,) who is at present disengaged, and who has had considerable experience in teaching in both countries. References to be had on application by letter, post paid, addressed to T. C., Classical Teacher, Georgetown, D. C. nov 29—w3w

Every attention will be paid by Mrs. Green and Miss Denton to the manners and morals of the young ladies entrusted to their care. The location is healthy and pleasant.

Music will be taught by Mr. Kossouski, a gentleman well qualified to give instruction in that branch of education.

Hermitage, Rappahannock county, Va.

dec 5—w3w

HERIFFALTY.—The undersigned having been solicited by many of his fellow-citizens of the upper districts, has consented to become a candidate for the next Sherifialty of Prince George's county, and pledges himself, if elected, to discharge the duties of that office with fidelity.

DENNIS M. WILLIAMS, Nottingham.

nore important matters:

From the Rt. Rev. Levi S. Ives, D. D. Bishop of North

Carolina.

"RALEIGH, MARCH 2, 1835. "RALEIGH, MARGE 2, 1835.

"Having for the last three years been intimately acquainted with Dr. John Beckwith, of this city, and enjoyed his professional services, I take pleasure in stating that his character as a Christian gentleman and experienced physician, entitles his testimony, in regard to the use of his Antidyspeptic Pills, to the entire confidence of the Public. My experience of the good effects of these Pills, for two years past, satisfies me of their eminent value, particularly in aiding in impaired digestion, and warding off bilious attacks. Having been for a long time subject to the annual recurrence of such attacks, I was in the habit of resorting for security against them, and with very partial f resorting for security against them, and with very partial uccess, to a liberal use of calonel or blue pill. But since my equaintance with the Antidyspeptic Pill of Dr. Beckwith, which e prescribed in the first instance himself, I have not been un-er the necessity of using mercury in any form, besides being sholly exempt from bilious attacks. Several members of my amily are experiencing the same beneficial effects.

From the Rev. F. L. Hawks, D. D.

"New York, Feb. 3, 1836.

"I have no knowledge, derived from experience, of the efficacy of Dr. Beckwith's Pills; but I know that several of my personal friends in North Carolina, whom I left some years ago suffering severely under dyspepsia, were in good health when I saw them, on a visit made a few months since, and all ascribed their recovery to the use of Beckwith's Pills.

"I know that the certificates obtained by the Doctor in North Carolina are from gentlemen of the highest respectability, and several of them stated to me verbally that which is contained in their published certificates. I have the most entire confi-

n their published certificates. I have the most entire confi-lence in them.
"I also know Dr. Beckwith, and have known him from my boyhood; and I cheerfully state, with Bishop Ives, 'that his character as a Christian gentleman and experienced physician, entitles his testimony, in regard to the use of his Autidyspeptic Pills, to the entire confidence of the Public.

"F. L. HAWKS."

From Governor Iredell.

"August 21, 1834.

"Dr. Beckwith's Antidyspeptic Pills have been used in my amily, which is a large one, with the most beneficial effects. A number of my friends who have been afflicted with dyspepsia and other disorders of the stomach, have spoken to me in strong terms of the relief they experienced from this remedy. Without the evidence I have received from others, my intimate knowledge of the professional and private character of Dr. Beckwith, for the last twenty years, justifies me in declaring that he would give no assurances of facts of his own experience, or of professional deductions, of which he was not perfectly ent, and on which the Public might not safely rely.

"JAS. IREDELL."

From the Hon. George E. Badger, LL. D.

From the Hon. George E. Badger, LL. D.

"RALEIGH, Nov. 7, 1834.

"For several years past, Dr. Beckwith's Antidyspeptic Pills have been used as a domestic medicine in my family. I have myself frequently used them for the relief of headache, acid, and otherwise disordered stomach, resulting from imprudence or excess in diet, and I have had many opportunities of learning from others their effects, when used by them for like purposes. My experience and observation justify me in saying that the relief afforded by the Pills is generally speedy, and almost always certain; that they may be taken at any time without danger or inconvenience, and that their operation is attended by no nausea or other disagreeable effects whatever; and though I have known many persons use them, I have known none who did not approve them; none who sustained any injury, and none who failed to derive benefit from their use. And, upon the whole, I do not hesitate to recommend them as an agreeable, safe, and do not hesitate to recommend them as an agreeable, safe, and efficacious remedy in dyspeptic affections, and believe them myself to be the best antidyspeptic medicine ever offered to the Public.

"G. E. BADGER."

From the Hon. Richard Hines, late member of Congress from the Tarboro' district.

Hermitage, near Sparta, Edgecombe co. Nov. 10, 1834.

"I was severely afflicted for several years with dyspepsia, jaundice, and general ill health. I called in the aid of emiment physicians, and visited most of the mineral springs of celebrity in the United States, without any material benefit, until my case was thought to be hopeless. Being compelled in the winter of 1824 to spend some weeks in Raleigh, I consulted Dr. Beckwith, when he prescribed what is now known as 'Beckwith's Antidyspeptic Pills,' by the use of which I soon became much better. I continued to take them for some months, until my health was entirely restored, to which they mainly contributed. health was entirely restored, to which they mainly contributed. Another member of my family subsequently used them with

with, I take pleasure in mentioning him as a gentleman of great worth and intelligence, and of known and admitted science and skill in his profession, and in recommending his Antidyspeptic Pills as a most valuable medicine to those afflicted with the

"RICHARD HINES."

From the Hon. Charles Fisher, late member of Congress, Salisbury district.
"Salisbury; Fee. 23, 1837. "Several years ago I was very much afflicted with diseased stomach and bowels; nothing I could eat appeared to agree with me, and I was obliged to be very careful in my diet. A journey to the Southwest afforded me considerable relief, and, as I supposed, had cured me; but, when I left off travelling, the disease returned again, and I was obliged to take medicine constantly, among other things very often calomel; this continued to be my state until about twelve months ago, when, on the recommendation of Major John Beard, I began to try Beckwith's Antidyspentic Pills; I soon found relief from them, and the recommendation of Major John Beard, I began to try Beck-with's Antidyspeptic Pills; I soon found relief from them, and since have taken no other medicine whatever. Whenever I find my stomach or bowels becoming deranged, I resort to these pills, and invariably find relief. I have heard a number of persons speak of the benefits they have received from these pills, in the most decided terms. I am well acquainted with Dr. Beckwith; he for a time resided in this place, and was my family physician. His own testimony with regard to the use of his Antidyspeytic Pills may be fully relied on.

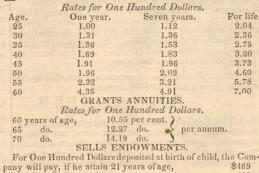
family physician. His way be fully relied on.
his Antidyspeptic Pills may be fully relied on.
"CHARLES FISHER." These Pills may be had at the stores of Dr. W. GUNTON and S. J. TODD, Washington City; R. STABLER, Alexandria; O. M. LINTHICUM, Georgetown, and of almost every extensive Druggist throughout the United States.

sept 2—d6m dec 4—d4m

BALTIMORE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

JOHN J. DONALDSON, PRESIDENT,

NSURES LIVES for one or more years, or for life.



oany will pay, if he attain 21 years of age,
At six months,
One year, The Company also executes trusts; receives money on deposite, paying interest semi-annually, or compounding it, and makes all kinds of contracts in which life or the interest of money is involved.

WILLIAM MURDOCK, Secretary.

AGENTS.

James H. Causten, City of Washington.
Dr. B. R. Wellford, Fredericksburg, Virginia.
John O. Lay, Richmond, Va.
D. Robertson, Norfolk, Va.
A. S. Tidball, Winchester, Va.
George Richards, Leesburg, Va.
Neilson Poe, Frederick, Md.
feb 3—1y

CASH FOR NEGROES.—I will give the highest cash price for likely NEGROES from 10 to 25 years of age. Myself or agent can at all times be found at the establishment formerly owned by Armfield, Franklin & Co. at the west and of Dalla Charles and the condition. west end of Duke street, Alexandria.
mar 14-tf GEORGE KEPHART.

WIE DE WASHINGTON.—The Life of Gen. Geo. Washington, in French, by A. N. Girault. For sale between 9th and 10th streets, Penn. Avenue, nov 3 R, FARNHAM,

form the ladies of Washington, and strangers visiting the city, that she will open on Tuesday, the 12th of December, a handsome assortment of Fashionable Winter Bonnets, Hats, and Caps. Mrs. D. has the pleasure of offering to the ladies the Victoria Opera or Dinner Hat, just from England; a splendid assortment of Ornamental Hair; also, a lot of superior Perfumery, direct from Paris.

N. B. A furnished parlor and two chambers for rent. Inquire of Mrs. Doyne, Pennsylvania Avenue, between 9th and 10th streets.

Postage to be paid on business letters. oct 17—d&cly and 10th streets.

Postage to be paid on business letters. oct 17—d&cly and over its most whose we are already dyspeptic, or by their habits and pursuits in a fair way to become so, are commonly not much in doubt of the fact, and sufficiently disposed to the mploy a readey entitled to their confidence. The object of this advertisement is, to offer to those who may require a medicine of this kind, such weight of testimony as will satisfy any readedy entitled to their confidence. The object of this advertisement is, to offer to those who may require a medicine of this kind, such weight of testimony as will satisfy any readedy entitled to their confidence. The object of this advertisement is, to offer to those who may require a medicine of this kind, such weight of testimony as will satisfy any reasonable mind that, under all circumstances, these pills may be tried with safety, at least. It is presumed such evidence as the following would be thought sufficient to establish much more important matters:

Weom the RI. Ren. Leni, S. Incs. D. D. Bishon of North. Since boys cannot be expected to learn when they do not pay attention to the requests or commands of their teachers, such as do not do so, after sufficient warning has been given them of the consequences, will be suspended, and, if still incerrigible, will be dismissed from school. The school fee is \$20 per session of five months, with an extra charge of \$5 from those who study French, payable in advance. No deduction except in case of sickness. Circulars will be issued from time to time, showing the progress and deportment of the pupils. It is desirable that application be made early, as the number of scholars will be limited to 25, and that parents or guardians, who may wish to send their sons or wards to my school, should communicate with me relative to what branches they wish their sons or wards to study. Richard Duke, Esq. on whose plantation the school-house is situated, about nine miles northeast of Charlottesville, Virginia, will receive bearders (board, fuel, washing, bedding, and candles included) at \$55 for five months, payable in advance. Dr. William G. Carr, with whom I board, will also receive boarders (board, &c. included) at \$50 for five months, payable in advance. For the information of parents and guardians, I publish the following testimonials:

"Having examined Mr. George Clive as to his knowledge of

and guardans, I publish the following testimonials:

"Having examined Mr. George Clive as to his knowledge of
the Greek and Latin languages, I feel myself authorized to
say that he is well acquainted with both, and capable, from his
acquirements, of teaching them successfully. I feel no hesitation in commending him as a teacher, to the confidence of
parents.

"Professor of Ancient Languages in the University of Va.

"December 1, 1834."

"At M. Clive's request there exercises are recommended in in

"At Mr. Clive's request, I have carefully examined him in Arithmetic, Algebra, Trigonometry, and Geometry, and regard him as qualified to teach any of those branches of the Mathematics to the extent commonly attained in the seminaries of the country; and can therefore recommend him to the

f parents.

C. BONNYCASTLE,
"Professor of Mathematics.
"University of Virginia, Dec. 13, 1836." Letters directed to me, Stoney Point, Albemarle, will receiv rompt attention. GEORGE CLIVE. dec 23-w5w

TOP THE THIEVES AND RUNAWAYS.—
Eight Hundred Dollars Reward.—Ran away from the subscribers, living in Loudoun county, Virginia, near Middleburg, on the 11th day of November last, negro man named ABRAHAM, about 40 years of age, upwards of six feet high, thin visage, and small chest, small whiskers, high up near the hair, dark yellow complexion, no flesh marks recollected. Had on when he eloped, a full suit of drab fulled linsey, white round-crowned wool hat, but may have changed them as he had

round-crowned wool hat, out may have changed them as he had other clothing. He is a rough shoemaker, and may endeavor to procure employment as such.

Also, negro JOHN, about 18 years of age, about five feet four inches high, stout made. He also had on when he ran away a full suit of drab fulled linsey, but stole a blue close coat, which he

left side.

The above reward will be given for the negroes and horses; or seven hundred dollars for the negroes alone; or two hundred and fifty dollars for either of the men, secured in any jail so that they can be recovered.

The foregoing described negroes were seen on the road leading from Rockville, Md. to Westminster. They doubtless have parted with the horses, and have continued on afoot. The foregoing reward will be paid as above mentioned, with all reasonable charges, if brought to us.

able charges, if brought to us.

dec 16-w3t

WILLIAM R. SWART,
WILLIAM BATSON.

TEACHERS .- The Rev. JESSE RANKIN having resigned as Principal of the Oxford (N. C.) Female Academy, the Trustees hereby give notice that the Principal's house is for rent the ensuing year, and that propositions for a successor are now invited.

The school is in a preparative condition purposing 60 or 70.

successor are now invited.

The school is in a prosperous condition, numbering 60 or 70 scholars the last session. The Principal's house is a commodious one, well arranged for the accommodation of a large number of boarders, and within a short distance of the Academy.

dec 12—2awjan15

Secretary, Oxford.

The subscribers, trustees of the City Hotel, will offer this valuable property at public auction, on the premises, on Thursday, the first day of February next. This stand has been known as the principal HOTEL in Frederick City for upwards of seventy years, and has been so extensively enlarged and improved as to furnish accommodations for as large a number of guests as any similar establishment in the interior towns. The building is of brick, with the front rough cast. It has three stories, and in the two upper stories has FORTY CHAMBERS. This property fronts on Patrick street, the great thoroughfare on the national turnpike, from east to west 62 feet, with appropriate back buildings, and runs back 238 feet 8 inches, and has extensive and convenient STABLING connected with the yard, fronting on Court street.

This stand being so well and generally known as "TALBOTT'S HOTEL," a more particular description is deemed unnecessary.

The terms will be, one-third of the purchase money to be paid to the trustees on the day of sale, and the balance in one, two, and three years, secured by bonds bearing interest from the day of sale, with security to be approved of by the trustees.

Possession will be given on or before the 15th of February part and parameters of the city Hotel, will offer the subsets of the city Hotel, will offer the subsets and find it a great saving, and a far superior machine to any other cutting knife I have ever seen, and I have those that cost from 5 to 50 dollars; indeed, its real value can be known of it, after using it one winter, (1836-7,) "None but cut hay was fed to my horses and cows, (15 horses and 3 cows,) and their condition in the spring was far better than if fed upon uncut hay; better indeed than of any other cutting knife I have ever seen, and I have those that cost from 5 to 50 dollars; indeed, its real value can be known of it, after using it one winter, (1836-7,) "None but cut hay far meles, and find it a great saving, and find it a great saving

Possession will be given on or before the 15th of February next, and on payment of the whole a deed will be made by the

trustees to the purchaser.

WILLIAM LORMAN, Baltimore. JOHN BALTZELL, NIMROD OWINGS, GIDEON BANTZ, BASIL NORRIS,

nov 14-eo3t&wts nov 14—eo3t&wts

| EW INKS.—Just opened at Stationers' Hall, a very large quantity of Stephens's unchangeable dark-blue Writing Fluid. This entirely new composition, from its intensely vivid and agreeable contrast to the paper, from its power of resisting the usual bleaching agents by which its durability can be insured, will be found to be better fitted for all the common and business purposes of writing, and for all durable records, than any other solutions of color ever yet offered to the Public. Also, Stephens's brilliant Red Writing Fluid. The brilliancy and beauty of this color will be found to surpass any red solution now in use, for the purposes of writing.

| For sale only by | (Adv. & Met.) | (Adv. & Met.) |

dec 18

[Adv. & Met.]

DOLLARS REWARD.—Ren away from the subscriber, living near Piscataway, Prince George's county, Md., on the 15th August, 1837, two negro men, DAN-IEL and TOM. The former calls himself DANIEL BROOKS, the latter Tom Joice. They are dark copper colored. Daniel is about 37 or 38 years of age, rather slender made; is about 5 feet 10 inches high; has a considerable impediment in his speech; when examined, a scar may be found on the back of his right hand. Tom is about 35 or 36 years of age, stont made, and about the same height; has three of his toes cut off the right foot. If taken out of the State of Maryland, I will give \$50, if delivered to me, or secured in jail so that I get them again.

HENRIETTA OSBOURNE, nov 17—2awImcp

W. FISCHER.

WILLIAM P. TAYLOR.

In the discharge of the laborious duties of his station, the principal will be aided by his present assistant, Mr. Buckner, and also by Mr. Vaw by his present assistant, Mr. Buckner, and also by Mr. Vaw by his present assistant, Mr. Buckner, and also by Mr. Vaw by his present assistant, Mr. Buckner, and also by Mr. Vaw by his present assistant, Mr. Buckner, and also by Mr. Vaw by his present assistant, Mr. Buckner, and also by Mr. Vaw by his present assistant, Mr. Buckner, and also by Mr. Vaw by his present assistant, Mr. Buckner, and also by Mr. Vaw by his present assistant, Mr. Buckner, and also by Mr. Vaw by his present assistant, Mr. Buckner, and also by Mr. Vaw by his present assistant, Mr. Buckner, and also by Mr. Vaw by his present assistant, Mr. Buckner, and also by Mr. Vaw by his present assistant, Mr. Buckner, and also by Mr. Vaw by his present assistant, Mr. Buckner, and also by Mr. Vaw by his present assistant, Mr. Buckner, and also by Mr. Vaw by his present assistant, Mr. Buckner, and also by Mr. Vaw by his present assistant, Mr. Buckner, and also by Mr. Vaw by his present assistant, Mr. Buckner, and also by Mr. Vaw by his present assistant, Mr. Buckner, and highly recomended by the Faculty of that institution. The discipline

nov 17—2awImcp Piscataway.

Piscataway.

DOLLARS REWARD.—Ran away from the subscriber, living near Allen's Fresh, Charles county, Md., on the 31st of July, a negro boy, named JOHN, aged 18 years, 5 feet 6 or 8 inches high, complexion quite black, and form rather slender; he is rather handsome than other wise, and has a small round sunker season, the and other wise. black, and form rather slender; he is rather handsome than other wise, and has a small round sunken sear on the end of his nose, which has the appearance of a scar occasioned by the small-pox; he had on when he left a pair of burlap pantaloons, a drab cloth roundabout, and a seal-skin cap. As he went off without any provocation, I have no doubt his object is to get to a non-slaveholding State. I will give the above reward if he is taken out of the limits of Maryland, 50 dollars if taken in the District of Columbia, or within the limits of Maryland, Charles county excepted; if taken in Charles county, 25 dollars. In either case he must be lodged in jail or brought home to me; bit flyrought home I will ony all reasonable expenses.

Few situations offer more advantages for the establishment of a Dairy Farm, for the supply of the markets of the District, or are better suited to the usual crops of this part of the country. At the same time and place, will be offered for sale, at auction, a two acre lot, well enclosed, on the east side of the road from Alexandria to the Hunting Creek bridge.

Terms of sale.—Ten per cent on the amount of the purchase money to be paid in cash at the time of the sale, to be forfeited

monnis from the day of sale; to be sectived by the bonds of the purchaser, with sufficient securities; the title to the land to be withheld until the payments shall be made, and the land to be liable to be re-sold by the decree of the Court if the terms the sale be not complied with.

R. I. TAYLOR,
THOS. R. LOVE,
Commissioners of Sale.

nov 10—dts

Commissioners of Sale.

WHITE HOUSE FISHERY FOR SALE AT

AUCTION.—Under the authority of a decree of
the Superior Court of Law and Chancery of the county of Fairfax, in the suit of Elizabeth Irwin, complainant, against William Herbert and others, defendants, the subscribers will offer
for sale at public auction, at 12 o'clock, at noon, on the 12th
day of January, at Samuel Cati's tavern, West end, in the county aforesaid, that valuable tract of land called "BELVOIR,"
in the said county, on the river Potomac, about 14 miles below
Alexandria, containing about two thousand acres, with the wellknown Fishery thereon, commonly called the "White House
Fishery," which has always been considered the best Shad

Fishery," which has always been considered.

Fishery on the river.

Terms of sale.—One-tenth part of the purchase money to be paid in cash on the day of sale; the residue in three equal instalments of one, two, and three years, with interest from that day. The deferred payments to be secured by the bonds of the purchaser, with sufficient security, and the title to be retained till the deferred payment shall be made.

R. I. TAYLOR,

THOMSON F. MASON,

THOMSON F. MASON, Commissioners of Sale

nov 9—ts Commissioners of Sale.

PATAPSCO FEMALE INSTITUTE, at Ellicott's Mills, Md.—This Boarding School for female youth is located in an interesting and healthy place on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, one hour's ride from Baltimore, and two from Washington. It is believed to be, in all respects, an advantageous situation for the education of the young ladies of the South. Its Fall Session commences on the 25th of September.

TERMS .- For board and tuition in the Latin, French, and

farm called GREEN HILL, being that portion of the Duffey tract which binds on the southeast side of the turnpike road leading from Warrenton to Alexandria, 2½ miles from the 15 hands high, about ten years of age, paces finely, and carries her tail very much one side, rarely ever trots or alters her gait.

They also took a black mare, about eight years old, about 15 hands 1 inch high, trots and walks well, and carries her tail inch high, trots and walks well, and carries her tail side of her back. Also, a dark bay mare, about ten years old, about 16 heads birth repulsed by the results of the property all the land kinds of the property all end with the land know its advantages, and others inclined to our chase of course will view it. Improved property in Warrenton will be taken for a part of the purchase money. For erms, &c. address me (post paid) at Warrenton, Fauquier conservations.

tharles County Court, August Term, 1837.—On the appearance of Zephaniah H. Turner, a petitioner for the benefit of the insolvent laws of this State, it is ordered by the court here that the bond of said Zephaniah H. Turner be the court here that the bond of said Zephaniah H. Turner be respited until the 3d Monday in March next, and that he give notice to his creditors that they be and appear before the Judges of Charles county court, on the third Monday in March next, to show cause, if any they have, why the said Zephaniah H. Turner shall not have the benefit of said laws; provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper in the District of Columbia, once a week for two months successively previous to the said third Monday in March next.

Test,

dec 21—law2m CHENNIS BACKENIK STRANK CHENTER is of

REEN'S PATENT STRAW CUTTER is of-fered for sale by the subscriber, in full confidence that it is the best machine hitherto invented for cutting hay, straw, corn stalks, &c. for farm stock. It has won several premiums ber of boarders, and within a short distance of the Academy.

To persons wishing a permanent location, no place in the Southern country is known to possess superior advantages. As heretofore, the School must be taken upon the responsibility of the undertaker, and to be commenced by the 15th of January.

By order of the Board.

JAS. M. WIGGINS, dec 12—2awtjan15

Secretary, Oxford.

Secretary, Oxford.

JAS. M. WIGGINS, and a far superior machine to males, and find it a great saving, and a far superior machine to males, and find it a great saving, and a far superior machine to males.

the knives, which are as easily taken out, sharpened, and re-placed, as is a scythe, or a common hay knife. The machine is 3½ feet long, 2 feet broad, 3 feet high, and weighs about 150

ounds. It may be seen at D. Maupay's Seed Store, No 5 outh Fifth street.

Letters, post paid, must be addressed to

I. 1. HITCHCOCK. Agricultural Agent, Philadelphia. Who, as such, has the selling of a remarkably large and well-proved JACK, 14 hands high, nine years old, and has no supe-tior; and of a very fine JENNET, four years old, large, and in oal by the above.

will be opened again on the 15th of January next, under the superintendence of its present Principal, Mr. C. A. Erwis. The course of instruction will be extensive, embracing the Latin, Greek, and French languages, History, Mathematics, the theory and practice of Surveying, the elements of Chemistry, and Natural Philosophy; together with those branches which constitute a good English education. In the discharge of the laborious duties of his station, the principal will be aided by his present assistant, Mr. Buckners, and also by Mr. Vaw

TOR RENT.—The dwelling-house and grounds of the late Lewis G. Davidson, Esq. situated on the extreme right of the heights of Georgetown, D. C. and comprising every advantage most desirable in a private residence. The house is substantially built of brick, and is of two stories, and spacious, acatly furnished with garrets, having four large rooms on each door, with wing for kitchen, servants' rooms, pantry, &c. Stables, carriage-house, cow-house, and gardener's house, and other offices, all of brick, are attached. The lot covers an extent of twenty acres and more, which is now under fine cultivation as garden, orchards, grass lots, woodland, &c. The prospect from this residence, south, is perhaps more extensive than that of any other part of the heights, while it embraces a very beautiful northern view, of which all the others are deprived.

For terms, apply to R. R. CRAWFORD, on the premises. if brought home I will pay all reasonable expenses.

nov 21—lawif

J. D. STORKE.

june 10—dtf

English studies, with no extra charges, \$125 per session of five months, payable in advance. Application may be made to Rev. J. H. TYNG, aug 30-2awtf Principal, Ellicott's Mills, Md.