

# The Hereford Brand

VOLUME 18

THE HEREFORD BRAND, AUGUST 1, 1918.

NUMBER 27.

## CANTEEN HAS MADE BIG HIT WITH SAMMIES

### "Eats" and "Smokes" Stamp Hereford On Our Military Map

To the People of Hereford: We take this opportunity the only one we have, to thank the people of Hereford, Texas, for the kindness, their generosity, and patriotism they showed in turning out in such large numbers at the depot.

Much to our grief and disappointment we did not get to stop there, but we appreciate it all just the same, and we are going to beat up on the train dispatcher for not stopping at Hereford. You had the best looking crowd at the depot that we have seen at any town on our trip, and we will remember it. We will also remember the girl in the car that ran along beside the train for quite a distance, and also the crowd of girls in the Buick Six, that had bad luck and had to stop.

(Signed)

The bunch that passed thru about six o'clock and didn't get to stop, P. S.—Most of us are New Mexico and Texas boys. That is all we can tell you.

Hereford's newly organized Canteen Service is rapidly assuming a leading role in the activities of the local Red Cross. Organized along military lines, with commissioned and non-commissioned officers, the members of the new patriotic service are winning places in the hearts of hundreds of new Sammies, enroute from training camps to "Somewhere Over There."

The letter of appreciation at the top of this column gives an idea of what the Canteen is doing. Another letter printed elsewhere in this issue, gives the impressions created on the soldiers by the reception accorded them at Hereford. Light refreshments are served, or else tobacco. Troop trains over this division drill and eat at division points as a rule, but it is hoped that Hereford will have the pleasure of greeting the boys at drill later on, when word goes back that the people here will turn out.

A great deal of credit for quickly whipping the local Canteen into serviceable shape belongs to the Commander, Mrs. Dr. W. A. Price. She has worked hard and faithfully, and results are gratifying. Another feature of the Canteen is the singing of the Liberty Girls, and of a newly organized bunch of younger girls, as yet unnamed, trained by Miss Elzina Mounts. The soldier boys greatly enjoy the war songs of these young ladies, and frequently reply in kind. The Hereford Canteen is organized as follows:

- Commander, Mrs. W. A. Price.  
 Assistant Commander, Mrs. Seth B. Holman.
- Squad No. 1.  
 Captain, Miss Belle Woolburn.  
 Lieutenant, Miss Bula Head.  
 Sergeants, Miss Clara Dunlap, Miss Elzina Mounts.  
 Privates, Miss Bond Seed, Mrs. Edna Fuqua Waller, Miss Cassie Phillips, Miss Edith Razor, Miss Zula Wood, Miss Lillian Bennett, Miss Zina Owens, Miss Louise Oberthier.
- Squad No. 2.  
 Captain, Mrs. Oscar Cardwell.  
 Lieutenant, Mrs. Audrie Thompson.  
 Sergeants, Miss Dimple Gass, Mrs. Webb Lamb Dennis.  
 Privates, Temple Sites, Mary

### URGENT CALL FOR NURSES IS REPEATED

The Dallas News of July 31, says: "Twenty-one young women of Dallas enrolled yesterday for service with the United States Student Nurses' Reserve at the four recruiting stations in the city. Considerable interest was manifested with a large number of young women applying for information as to qualification, length of service, pay and other details incident to enrollment in the nurse reserve. Forty young women called at the Red Cross headquarters, Jackson and Lane streets, during the day for information."

"Of the enrollments made all were made in the preferred class. They signified their willingness of accepting assignments to whatever hospital the Government directs them, although they will be given an opportunity to state what training school they refer to be sent to. Those who register in the preferred class will be assigned first and all possible consideration will be given to their preference in the training school as stated. The deferred class is composed of those who limit their pledge of service—that is, who will not engage to go except to certain hospitals. This class is intended largely for those who, for family reasons, can not accept training at a distance from their homes. Those who register in the deferred class will be assigned only after the preferred class is exhausted."

The need of the army is immediate. The Government asks for an immediate enrollment of 25,000 student nurses, and the officials hope that the majority of the enrollments will be signed for the preferred class. Enrollments will be accepted until Sunday evening, Aug. 11. Those enrolling will be given application blanks, both for army training school and the civilian training school, and instructed to fill out at home and return as soon as possible. The physician's and dentist's certificates should be filled out by the family physician and dentist, respectively. Upon the return of the application blanks to the recruiting office they will be sent to the Washington office. The recruit will receive a certificate of enrollment direct from Washington."

Chairman Evans of the local Red Cross urges that those who are interested in this work in this county should at once communicate with Mrs. Seth B. Holman, chairman of this branch of the work, whose telephone number is 229, and obtain information desired.

It is earnestly hoped that Deaf Smith county may be enabled to contribute her share toward this great need of our government.

- Parmer, Juanita Caylor, Zoia Williams, Claudia Duncanson, Alma Wiles, Bernadine Price, Alma Metcalf, Grace Smith, Bobbie Aston.
- Recreation Squad.  
 Misses Clyde Wilson, Douglas Wilson, Waldine Wilson, Ethel Fuqua, Mattea McClarkin, Johnnie Estes, Jane Gregg, Annie Price, Mrs. Bess Nance Johnson.
- The Liberty Girls.  
 Bonnie Chamness, Hazel Wilson, Helen Sisk, Margaret Estes, Ana Gregg, Elizabeth Black, Mary Gallagher.
- The Junior Liberty Girls are Misses Lura Gregg, Ethel Dunlap, Olive Wilson, Mary and Gladys Hicks, Hazel McQueen and Mae and Mattie Mounts.
- Forest Randell was a business visitor in Amarillo Thursday.

## OFFICIAL COUNT

### Democratic Primary, Deaf Smith County, July 27

	Hereford 1	Hereford 2	Walcott 3	Howarth 4	Womble 5	Port 6	Finley 8	Corral Lake 9	Day 10	Total
<b>County Judge:</b>										
Jas. A. Hughes	339	575	23	13	31	26	8	9	34	1058
<b>County Attorney:</b>										
W. M. Mergert	336	572	24	14	30	26	7	9	34	1051
<b>Sheriff &amp; Tax Collector:</b>										
C. S. Purcell	333	573	22	13	31	25	7	9	34	1047
<b>County &amp; Dist. Clerk:</b>										
A. O. Thompson	173	280	13	5	20	12	3	6	21	533
J. S. Jones	151	271	11	8	9	11	5	3	13	482
<b>Tax Assessor:</b>										
W. T. (Red) Smith	47	29	1	0	25	0	0	0	10	112
C. E. Lester	90	164	10	10	2	6	0	0	3	285
C. P. Arthur	53	106	0	0	0	8	4	2	1	174
Albert Murphy	131	233	9	1	3	11	3	7	20	418
S. G. Moore	7	17	4	0	1	0	1	0	0	30
Arthur C. Thompson	13	19	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	35
<b>County Treasurer:</b>										
J. J. Ward	345	570	24	13	31	27	8	9	34	1061
<b>Com. Precinct 1:</b>										
C. C. Bowman	126									126
F. W. Curtis	130									130
C. V. Walker	70									70
<b>Com. Precinct 2:</b>										
W. B. Parmer		231								231
A. L. Gibson		323								323
<b>Com. Precinct 3:</b>										
J. K. Gray			18				8	9		35
<b>Com. Precinct 4:</b>										
W. B. Phillips				13	30	24			34	101
<b>Justice of Peace:</b>										
R. M. Johnson	173	261								434
J. M. Boone	128	246								374
<b>Constable:</b>										
Omner Baker	338	566								904
<b>County Chairman:</b>										
W. C. Dameron	23	3	7	1						34

## WOMEN WILL VOTE AUG. 24

The impression seems to prevail in some quarters that women will not be allowed to vote in the Second Democratic Primary to be held on August 24. County Chairman W. E. Dameron states that the idea is wrong, and that women can vote in the Second as they did in the First Primary, although not in the General Election.

Deaf Smith County took her stand most emphatically last Saturday on the side of good government, by the people. Governor Will P. Hobby was given a vote of 990 to Ferguson's 55. The total vote cast in the nine boxes was 1073. Senator Morris Sheppard received the highest vote of any candidate, 1064. Uncle Joe Ward headed the county's list with 1061. Senator S. B. Cowell was favored for Lieutenant Governor, Senator O. S. Battimore for Associate Justice, Court of Criminal Appeals, C. M. Cureton for Attorney General, while Miss Annie Webb Blanton ran away with the race for Superintendent of Public Instruction.

In the local election the tightest race was between Alex Thompson and J. S. Jones for County Clerk, with Thompson nosing out by a hair. In the Assessor's race Albert Murphy was an easy leader throughout the day, with C. E. Lester second. These two will fight it out for the nomination at the second primary August 24.

Some curious kinks are noted in the voting. Morris Sheppard's heavy vote is accounted for by some on the ground that many Ferguson men scratched the election ticket below the Governor's race, and as Sheppard's name was above, it was not molested. One would think that in hotly contested races like those of County Clerk and Tax Assessor the full vote would be polled, yet such was not the case in either instance.

The feature of the day, of course, was the first votes cast by the women of the county. They appeared at the polls early and probably voted their full strength during the day. They were undoubtedly instrumental in piling up such heavy counts for certain state candidates in whom the women's club of Texas are especially interested.

## Bulletin

Our troops in France are making a great fight. Thousands of our boys here are moving to the front. Ships are being built at a rapid rate. Our factories are turning out immense quantities of war supplies. The Government must have more money or everything stops and we lose all. Everybody help fight by SAVING and investing in WAR SAVINGS STAMPS. Take them sooner than you pledged if you can, the sooner the better. See that your pledge card gets credit. Remember, AN IDLE DOLLAR IS A SLACKER. A dollar needlessly spent is worse than a slacker. It is a traitor working against its own country by taking material and labor which the government must have to win. Tell the others—Everybody keep fighting and we win.

## CITY'S AUDIT POINTS WAYS TO SAVE MONEY

### POOR TIME TO MIX POLITICS AND WIN WAR

"The reason Federal recognition has been withheld for the last week was because of the delinquency of the Panhandle Regiment," Brigadier General R. H. McDill of the Texas National Guard, cavalry, said yesterday. "I have just learned that the Bureau of Military Affairs at San Antonio has never sent in a recommendation concerning the Panhandle Regiment on account of the failure of certain officers of that regiment to prepare necessary papers. I have been notified that everything is straight now, and the recommendation will be sent to the War Department at once."

"This information was received from Major J. Watt Page, who is connected with the Bureau of Military Affairs of the Southern Department. I have every reason to believe that the report he is sending to the War Department concerning the Panhandle Regiment will speak just as highly of that regiment as his previous reports have of the other two regiments of the North Texas Brigade."

"I understand that the negotiations with the War Department are to be handled by wire, and, if that is the case, Federal recognition will come much quicker than if it was handled by mail. The officers of the brigade have done everything in their power, and the matter is now out of their hands. We have organized the Brigade, mustered it into State service, undergone a rigid inspection by Federal officers specially delegated to that task, and I understand that they have spoken very highly of this organization in all their reports, which have been made from time to time as the inspection progressed. The officers and men have both been complimented very highly."

Taking all this into consideration, I believe that Federal recognition may reasonably be expected some time during the coming week. That is entirely out of our hands, however."

The above is from the Dallas News of July 30, and from all information obtainable, is very much resented by the Panhandle officers of this regiment.

The Brand does not know the "inside" of this Cavalry squabble, but to a blind man standing outside looking in it would appear to be an awful mess, shot through with rotten politics. Local business men have put up liberally for the support of our troop, our boys have volunteered, and then been made to stand around on heavy personal expense, week in and week out, with nothing tangible to go on, while the "powers that be" at Dallas and Austin are apparently fighting over the spoils.

Somebody, who is responsible for all this confusion, ought to be brought out on the carpet.

**With Apologies to Abe Martin**  
 A prominent Hereford citizen says that the difference in the "near beers" and the "good brews" is the same difference in kissing your own wife and the other fellow's wife.

### Every Cent Accounted For But Up-to-Date Books Suggested

Mention was made last week in the Brand of the fact that the City Commission had an audit made of all of the back accounts of the city from April 1, 1912, to April 1, 1918 by H. V. Robertson, an expert accountant of Amarillo. This audit includes the six years of the administration of the city affairs under the Commission form of government. The auditor's report has been received and goes extensively into the details of the various transactions of the city during the six years mentioned.

Among other things the audit shows that the accounts of the city, which show the receipts and expenditures from all sources and for all purposes, balances to a cent. This is a pretty good showing when it is considered that the total receipts during that time amount to over \$116,000.00.

The audit has disclosed in a systematic way the different things of which the city's money has been expended as well as the different sources from which it has been obtained year by year. A number of suggestions have been made by the auditor in regard to keeping the changes will be made in order to comply with his views.

The expenditures of a city's funds naturally fall into expenditures by departments and as it is important that the records shall be kept so as to show what the expenditures of the several departments are from year to year certain changes will be made in the system of bookkeeping. For instance it is important in the distribution of expenses of the several departments to know the particular amount that has been expended in each department.

Experience has shown that in a city of the size of Hereford the several departments for which money is spent are something like the following: Salaries, Police Department, Fire Department, Health Department, Street Department, Street Lighting, Water Works and Sewer Department, and contingent expenses. The audit just made shows in a systematic form the exact amount of money that has been spent in each one of the departments above named so that one can ascertain at a glance the exact amount that has been spent in each department month by month. Each one of the departments above named has been subdivided so that the exact purpose for which the expenditure was made in any department can be readily ascertained.

It is of paramount importance that accounts shall be so kept with the water works system that will enable the city government at any time to determine the exact condition of affairs. For instance the accounts must be so kept as to reconcile if possible the total earnings of the water works system with the quantity of water pumped for it is easily possible that there might be a considerable loss in this department and nobody know just where to locate it, unless the accounts are kept in such a way as to show the expense of operation with considerable detail, as well as the total source of revenue. On considering the suggestions made by the auditor it was found that the method of keeping the accounts in the water works department could be considerably improved and steps have already been taken to accomplish their improvement.

The city of Hereford has never adopted the policy of requiring

# Castro County News

## EAT A POTATO FOR FRANCE



**CASTRO COUNTY NEWS**

**RED CROSS**

Parrot Auxiliary has sent in 165 many tails; 40 triangular bandages and 13 pajama suits.

Big Square auxiliary has sent in 10 under shirts and 6 pairs of socks.

Mrs. Watson and Mrs. D. C. Laird visited the Red Cross room.

The Red Cross has received a box of muslin from headquarters for surgical dressings. This is the first box that has been received direct from the head department since Castro county organized an independent society several weeks ago.

More yarn is needed—every lady is busy with knitting when not at work in the surgical dressing room or sewing. A large number of perfect sweaters and sock have been finished the past week.

Several of the ladies have been unable to work in the Red Cross room lately—our boys at home and those who are "over there" need the articles that are sent—they are depending on not a few but every woman in United States to do her share. Other things may go, but the need of those on the battle field can not wait. Think about the work!

Number of hours the ladies have worked.

Name	hrs.	min.
Mrs. Bruce Qerdes	16	10
Mrs. Lennox	10	30
Mrs. B. B. Eastes	22	
Mrs. Flanagan	36	5
Mrs. Reed	15	30
Mrs. Patton	11	75
Mrs. Tom Tate	20	30
Mrs. Clifton	42	30
Miss Stacy Easter	9	30
Miss Lillie Easter	0	0
Miss Ruby Bell	0	0
Miss Getty Lovelace	0	0
Miss Dora Turner	3	0
Miss Vera Johnson	7	0
Miss Velma Gillespie	0	0
Mrs. J. W. Bell	7	0
Mrs. Vaden	46	20
Mrs. W. A. Tate	0	0
Miss Greathouse	0	0
Miss Alice McLean	0	0
Mrs. J. A. Hastings	13	75
Mrs. Green	4	0
Mrs. Baron	0	0
Mrs. Stanly	12	40
Miss Lottie Caldwell	3	0
Mrs. Earl Lust	6	0
Mrs. McNeely	17	15
Miss Ruth Cowser	12	30
Mrs. Lovelace	4	0
Mrs. Douglas	0	0
Mrs. Pickett	0	0
Mrs. Turnbow	0	0
Mrs. C. E. McLean	3	0
Mrs. Lee Lusk	9	0
Mrs. Cash	5	30
Miss Maggie Boyd	3	0
Miss Willie Boyd	3	0
Mrs. Kerr	10	0

Mr. Percy Estes was a Dimmitt visitor Monday.

Mrs. Dixon Turner, Misses Dora and Clara Turner with Messrs Royal Lusk and Claude Johnson visited Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Jones of Claud Sunday.

Mrs. J. F. Lust has returned from a very pleasant visit with her parents in Iowa.

Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Hardy and family spent the week end with friends at Lubbock.

Mr. Elliott and son Culbertson have returned to their home at Ft. Worth, after a few weeks visit on the Elliott ranch west of Dimmitt.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Cash and family spent Sunday in Canyon visiting relatives. Miss Fannie their daughter, returned home after a pleasant two week's visit there.

Mr. Kendall Greathouse, who has received an honorable discharge an account of his health is home from Camp Kearny, Cal.

Mr. C. E. McLean has returned from Mineral Wells where he has been for several weeks for his health.

Mrs. Jim Walker and mother, Mrs. Andrews left Wednesday for an extended visit in East Texas.

Miss Jessie Sisk of Hereford was a Dimmitt visitor Monday.

Mr. C. B. Kilgore sent several days in Amarillo the past week on business.

Mrs. W. W. Warwick of Canyon principal of the Dimmitt school spent a few days in Dimmitt this week.

Mrs. Dixon Turner is visiting relatives and friends in Castro county. Her husband is now in France with a number of other Castro boys.

Mr. and Mrs. O. C. Axtell and family spent Monday in Hereford.

Miss Ruth Loving of Amarillo who has been a guest of Miss Faye Alexander for several weeks has returned to her home.

In honor of Miss Loving of Amarillo a large crowd gathered at the Alexander place and spread a delicious picnic supper on Saturday evening. The picnic was enjoyed by each one.

The election for county officers are as following:

County Judge, B. D. Woodlee.

County Clerk, undecided. All boxes not heard from and a close race between Mr. Walter Pickett first, Luther Baron second, and Joe Wasting third, only a few votes to decide.

Treasurer, Mrs. Etta Brashears.

Tax Assessor, Tom Tate.

Sheriff, Arch Johnson.

Commissioner, W. A. Tate.

**The Strong Withstand the Heat of Summer Better Than the Weak**

Old people who are feeble and younger people who are weak, will be strengthened and enabled to go through the depressing heat of summer by taking GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILI TONIC. It purifies and enriches the blood and builds up the whole system. You can soon feel its strengthening, invigorating effect.

A War Savings Stamp and a five-dollar bill differ in only two respects: The Stamp bears interest and the bill does not. The Stamp will help win the war while the bill will not if it is not lent the Government.

In 1848 millions of men, women and children immigrated from Ireland to America because of the famine, caused by a failure of the potato crop and unfortunate economic conditions in the Green Isle.

We have in Texas today 2,000,000 pounds, or fifty carloads, of potatoes that are rotting, when Belgians starve.

The French speak of the potato as "The Apple of the Earth," and the French hold a view toward their fruit trees and their garden plants which should be the proper relationship between man and the fine things which nature has blessed him with. A potato is not something to be cast aside because it is abundant; but a fine, splendid, God-given ration, and always regarded as such.

We have in Texas today 2,000,000 pounds, or fifty carloads, of potatoes that are rotting, when French women and children starve.

"We don't like to think of the Kaiser setting the pace," says Administrator Peden, "but after the Byng drive against Cambrai he found time to issue a medal commemorating the bringing of the potato from America to Europe.

"I want the jobber to play up his potatoes; I want the retailer to make potatoes his lead for the next month. I want the hotels and restaurants to put the potato on their menus at the smallest margin of profit, and I want every patriotic household to make a potato serve where formerly a slice of bread was used. We must not waste our abundance. It would be unpardonable when France, England, Italy and Belgium are in need."

"We have in Texas today 2,000,000 pounds, or fifty carloads, of potatoes that are rotting, when England, Italy, Belgium and France are even cutting down their ration of bread for the men who stand between America and despotism."

I will welcome letters from every man, woman and child in Texas who will promise to eat hereafter a potato instead of a slice of bread; and the citizen who will do this in the name of Freedom need no honor roll—their name is already there inscribed.

E. A. PEDEN,  
Federal Food Administrator for Texas.

# Special Cut Price

BEGINNING FRIDAY, AUGUST 2 and Continuing for Two Weeks

on all goods mentioned below. We will cut the price very low for the purpose of closing out these hot weather goods. Now is the time to buy to save money. THESE CUT PRICES ARE FOR CASH

**MEN AND BOYS' BEACH SUITS AND BEACH TROUSERS**

\$15.00 quality in grey, sizes 36, 37 and 38, cut price... **10.00**

10.00 quality in grey, sizes 34, 36 and 38, cut price... **6.98**

8.50 quality in beach, sizes 34 and 35, cut price... **5.00**

6.50 Boy's beach Cut price... **4.98**

5.00 quality in Boy's beach Cut price... **3.85**

3.50 quality in Men's beach trousers, cut price... **2.65**

**MEN AND BOYS' PANAMA AND CLOTH HATS**

\$5.00 value, Men's Panama hats, cut price... **3.48**

4.00 value, Men's Panama hats, cut price... **2.65**

1.50 value, Men's cloth hats Cut price... **.95**

1.00 value, Men's cloth hats Cut price... **.75**

**MEN AND BOYS' B. V. D. STYLE UNION SUITS**

\$1.25 regular value Cut price... **1.00**

1.00 regular price Cut price... **.75**

.65 regular value in boys Cut price... **.50**

**FIGURED AND STRIPED LAWNS AND BATISTE**

35c value Cut price... **.25**

25c value Cut price... **.18**

20c value Cut price... **.14**

15c value Cut price... **.11**

12 1/2c value Cut price... **.09**

See our show window of ladies and girls slippers in white, tan and black, in last seasons styles, but are excellent values, and especially good for every day wear, sizes 2 to 5 for only \$1.98.

**MEN AND BOYS' SPORT SHIRTS WITH WIDE LAY DOWN COLLAR AND HALF SLEEVES**

\$4.00 value, in silk, close out price... **1.98**

3.50 value, in silk, close out price... **1.75**

3.00 value, in silk, close out price... **1.48**

1.75 value Close out price... **.95**

1.50 value Close out price... **.85**

1.25 value Close out price... **.75**

1.00 value Close out price... **.65**

.75 value in Boys' Close out price... **.48**

**BOYS' SLIPPERS SIZES 2 1/2 TO 5 1/2**

\$4.50 kind, English style, sizes 3 1/2 to 5 1/2, sale price... **2.98**

3.50 kind, black, button Cut price... **2.65**

3.00 kind, black or tan Cut price... **2.25**

**MEN'S SLIPPERS**

In these we have new stylish patterns, in English lace or button, and in colors, chocolate, tan, black and white canvas.

\$7.50 value, chocolate, tan or black, cut price... **5.95**

6.00 value, black or tan Cut price... **4.48**

5.00 value in black or tan Cut price... **3.65**

4.00 value, black, tan or white Cut price... **2.85**

**MEN AND BOYS SUMMER CAPS**

\$1.50 value Cut price... **1.00**

1.25 value Cut price... **.85**

1.00 value Cut price... **.75**

.75 value Cut price... **.50**

**Geo. A. Stambaugh**  
HEREFORD, TEXAS  
THE STORE FOR SAFE BUYING

**Boys' Clothes for School Wear**

In a Short Time School will be Open Again

And what we want to do is to advise you that you should buy them at the earliest possible moment, for not only are the clothes going to be higher in prices, but the quality will not be the same when the new clothes are received from the manufacturers.

**THIS IS WHY WE ADVISE YOU NOW**

It is because we are well supplied with the old quality clothes, shoes, underwear, shirts, blouses, in fact everything that Boys and Girls wear. Go to your regular shopping store and see what they have on hand, the Manufacturers themselves cannot get the materials from Mills, therefore cannot supply the stores with the goods bought for this coming season.

**WE PREPARED FOR EVENTUALITY**

And the Panhandle people will later on thank us for having had such foresight, for we have the old standard quality goods to offer you only, no substitutes of any kind, and the prices are slightly higher than they have been

**TAKE OUR TIP AND BUY NOW**

**5th & Polk The Fair Amarillo**

The store that always has the right goods.

**THE APPLE OF THE EARTH MAN'S FRIEND THE POTATO**

Supplies of potatoes are good in England. Liverpool is installing machinery to prepare 20 tons of potatoes daily for distribution to bakers for use in the manufacture of bread.—Peden.

Potatoes are nourishing, palatable and well liked by all of us. The more we eat the more wheat we can ship to the soldiers on the front and the famishing people of the Allies.—Peden.

Several hotels and restaurants in London have adopted the plan of giving baked potatoes free with each meal, provided no bread is served the customer. The Texas division of the United States Food Administration has suggested that this plan be tried in hotels, restaurants and public eating houses in Texas as a wheat conservation measure.—Peden.

**FARMERS URGED TO RAISE WHEAT**

May Retain Twelve Pounds a Month for Each Person in Family.

There are two distinct classes of wheat producers in Texas—those in the northern part of the State, who have been in the habit of raising wheat for commercial purposes, and those in scattered sections of the State who, beginning last year, planted sufficient wheat to feed themselves and those dependent upon them. This latter class, the Food Administration announces, should first arrange for sufficient wheat out of their crops to feed their families for the coming year on a basis of 12 pounds per month per person also enough for seeding purposes. If they have more wheat than covers that of providing for their families and seeding, the farmers should sell their surplus to their neighbors for seeding purposes exclusively, thereby putting more farmers in a position to produce their own bread for the coming year.

"It is the policy of the Food Administration," states Administrator Peden, "to have all farmers, wherever possible, plant sufficient wheat for their own consumption and those dependent upon them. If there is any other impression it should be corrected at once.

"The public may rest assured that the United States Food Administration will do everything it possibly can for the farmer producing wheat for home

consumption, and the only reason they were restricted in the use of wheat last year was that the crop was so short that it was absolutely necessary to get every grain of wheat to the mills in order that this government could take care of the obligations in the army, navy and allied countries.

"Because of the fact that there would be a considerable waste and spoilage if the quantity retained on farms were ground at once, the Food Administration requires that out of the 1918 wheat crop only sufficient wheat of the 12-pound per person per month allotment be ground to last until October 1. When that period has passed additional grinding is in order.

"Both the commercial wheat producer and the small producer for family use and seeding operate on the same plan so far as the 12 pounds per person a month goes. The exception is only in that the small producer may distribute his surplus among his neighbors for seed."

**NO NEW BAKERS TO SECURE LICENSES UNTIL AFTER AUGUST FIRST.**

Until the end of the present critical shortage of wheat flour the Food Administration will discourage the opening of new commercial bakeries. Administrator Peden announced that those intending to enter the business of baking bread and rolls are requested not to apply for licenses until after August 1.

Under the wheat distribution rules, bakers of products other than bread and rolls, who were not in business in 1917, are not permitted to purchase or use any wheat flour in the manufacture of such products until after August 1. Such bakers should not apply for license until after that date.

**Eat game**

U. S. Food Administration.

Old Br'er Rabbit better make hise 'mighty skeerce en not go braylin' roun' whar dere's a cookin' goin' on, 'cause a rabbit in a pot 'is ter roin' ter look mighty good to anybody 'fo' long count er fouts havin' ter save on meat. Sides folks' kinder have ter save 's wheat flour fer comp'ny en eat bread made outen dis yere 'substuties' flour. Dat wise owl done say 'dat to win de war you got ter feed de sojer boys dat's doin' de fightin' Dat's wat's takin' de wheat en meat.

St. Louis, July 29—The 700 local chapters of the American Red Cross in Missouri, Arkansas, Kansas, Oklahoma and Texas have been urged to establish Red Cross Women's Motor Service Corps. Such corps are now in operation in St. Louis, Kansas City, Galveston and San Antonio in this division. The one in St. Louis has 128 active members with as many automobiles and two ambulance trucks available for service at any time. Women members of the corps wear a regulation uniform.

**BROOD SOWS AND DAIRY COWS!**

# NURSERY STOCK

## FRUIT, SHADE ORNAMENTAL

YOU WILL WANT YOUR NURSERY STOCK TO BE GOOD. CLEAN, HEALTHY STOCK IN VARIETIES THAT WILL FRUIT. OUR STOCK IS YOUNG AND FREE OF DISEASE, AND WILL FRUIT WHEN OTHERS FAIL. ASK FOR CATALOG. SALEMEN WANTED.

## HEREFORD NURSERY CO.

"27 Years of Knowing How"  
HEREFORD, TEXAS

daughter, Marguerite Anierit, J. H. Burts, J. H. Sauliers; Amarillo, E. R. Gustavus, Gene Gustavus; Greenville, Mrs. B. N. Charles, Eloy Charles; El Campo, Mr. and Mrs. Philip Rolfe; Floydada, Mr. and Mrs. James E. Hall; Houston, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. McFarland; Dallas, C. A. Simmonds.

During the last week the following Texans visited the Cave of the Winds, the famous attraction at Manitou: Dallas, Mrs. M. R. Ward, J. B. Elliott, Mrs. Jack Elliott, Mr. and Mrs. Roy Ferris, Dr. C. L. Morey and wife, Mrs. Emma Kiffie and family, Mr. and Mrs. F. C. McFarland and family, Frank Wood, Sr. and family, Ethel Haste, W. H. Hamilton, Edna R. Hamilton, Marine Seppes, Marlin, Mrs. J. M. Jolly, Mr. and Mrs. B. V. Cooley; Houston, Mr. and Mrs. Joe C. Kling; Whitesboro, Mrs. W. B. Lucas; Breckenridge, Mrs. J. W. Lucas; Wichita Falls, Rith Groszay; Dundee, Hugh O'Reilly; Wichita Falls, Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Broun; Abilene, Mrs. Emma Dada; Waco, R. M. Tancher; Kurke, Bob Ballard, Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Nardin; Waco, S. M. Griswold and family, E. Bryan; Houston, Mrs. W. V. Hopeworth; Marlin, Margaret Jordan; Wichita Falls, Margaret M. Berlin, A. McHuck; Fallertine Callahan; Wheeler, A. H. Crump and family; Shamrock, A. M. Giffins; and wife, Mrs. D. T. Stamlet; Plover, Wadley; Houston, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Kim; Wichita Falls, F. Burke, Mrs. Mollie Rinason; Miss M. Arnold, Mrs. J. D. Johnson, Lewis Johnson, Mrs. Grace Lucock, Mrs. Maude J. Erwin, Miss Beulah Erwin; Archer City, Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Garrey, Miss Meta Hart; Fort Worth, Miss Druzilla Johnson; Quanah, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Dupuy; Coleman, A. Purner; Blooming Grove, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Smith; Wichita Falls, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Druke; Houston, Thomas H. Bussey; Manger, Mrs. V. H. Anderson, Mr. Shirley Gregg.

Texans who registered at the information bureau conducted by the Chamber of Commerce in Colorado Springs during the last week were as follows: Dallas, H. Thatchers, Henrietta Eisenlohr, Emma Bentele, Mr. and Mrs. W. Perry Clements, E. L. Scully and wife; Brownwood, Mrs. A. H. Richardson; Miami, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. King; Kossee, Mrs. W. R. Thomas; Austin, Mrs. Chester G. Haskell; Oliver, H. Maude; Canadian, Newton P. Willis and family, Mr. and Mrs. L. A. McAdams, Dr. and Mrs. F. T. Meeks; Amarillo, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Gustavus; Frankton, P. W. Curtis and family; Waco, J. C. Stealy and wife; Wichita Falls, S. M. Griswold, Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Haskett; San Antonio, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Longstaff; Denton, Glen Russell, Alice, H. F. McGib; Royce City, W. T. Simmons and family; Landonia, Miss F. Jackson, Kate Jackson; Louisville, Mrs. A. Teague and child; ren, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Tague; Yorkum, J. Lyons and wife; Haskell, R. C. Juch and family; Vernon, A. M. Works; Houston, Thomas H. Bussey; Amarillo, R. L. Roberts; Ranger, Mrs. Warren Wagner; Houston, W. J. Hepworth, Mr. and Mrs. H. N. Baker; Texas, A. J. Patton; Electric, D. Z. Graas and wife; San Antonio, Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Miller; Mrs. Will Scott and family; Houston, John M. Knowlsey and family; Ray, Dela. Mates and family; Abilene, Mrs. F. L. Russell and family; San Donito, Mrs. W. E. Thomas; Marlin, Louise Emerson; Branner and family, Mrs. John Johnson; Canadian, A. H. Fandy; San Antonio, Mrs. S. W. Scott, Elsie Scott, Mrs. Hugh Morgan, Miss Gladys Morgan; Wichita Falls, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Davis and family; Temple, George A. Smith and family; Port Arthur, H. F. Banker and family, L. Lyons and family.

Texans staying at Manitou hotels during their vacations in the Pikes Peak region are as follows: Fort Worth, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Ward; Bryan, Mr. and Mrs. Allen Smith, Alice Smith; Dallas, John Wilkins and wife, J. Purin and wife; Breckenridge, Mrs. J. B. Lucas; Whitesboro, Mrs. W. B. Lucas; Beaumont, Mrs. W. M. Campbell; Big Spring, Robert Piner and wife; Bonham, R. T. Hendricks and family; Breckenridge, C. Walker; Waco, Mrs. D. M. Baker and daughter.

Registered at hotels in Colorado Springs during their Pikes Peak region visits: Cleburne, Mrs. Frank Williams; Dallas, Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Bettison; Mrs. E. F. Annspaugh; Wichita Falls, J. J. Perkins and wife; San Antonio, Mrs. Frank Curtis; Smith, Mrs. Marietta S. Cloyd; Grand Saucier, F. D. Adams; Houston, Tony Day; Tyler, Mrs. Dabney White, Miss Dora Morris, Miss Anne Morris; Dallas, G. W. Shelby; Huntsville, L. V. Lamkin and wife; Dallas, W. P. Futter and wife, Mrs. W. T. Skillman; Francis, Olga and Bernice Skillman; Italy, S. M. Dunlap and wife; Waxahatchie, F. A. Ferns and wife; Arlington, W. H. Davis and family; Phoenix, Mrs. H. P. Prince; Dallas, J. D. Dickey; Mrs. E. T. Bicknell; Electra, Mrs. N. E. Honaker; Dallas, E. A. Jattimer and family, Mrs. G. W. Matthews, Gene Matthews; Houston, T. N. Davidson, Jr., G. G. Hall; Cleburne, E. A. Baker, B. O. Brown; Ft. Worth, J. H. Terree; Dallas, W. D. Hawkins, Homer L. Noldington and wife; Iowa Park, W. A. Arnold; Houston, Mrs. Jennie Waxo and children; Canadian, J. H. Parcell and wife; Dallas, Mrs. A. P. King, children, and maid; Pinaris, Mrs. Dave Reed and child; Denton, Mr. and Mrs. Bob Wilkins; Mrs. A. D. Turner, Miss Minnie Turner; Wichita Falls, Mrs. W. E. Carls and family; El Paso, Mrs. L. S. Isterhaus; Fort Worth, Mr. and Mrs. William Bailey; Houston, Mrs. H. Levy, Adeline Goldman, Mrs. Joseph Goldman; Denton, Mrs. W. H. Piper and family; Mercedes, John P. Gause and wife; Houston, T. M. Moser; Dallas, Dr. A. Wilkinson, Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Hill, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Johnson, Roy Reizer and wife, Mrs. W. H. Rice; Houston, Helen Peters, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Waters, John Elliott, Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Kincaid, Mrs. W. F. Rawlings; Wichita Falls, H. J. Fonten, W. J. Grishaven; Dalhart, Miss Willie Ritchey; Texarkana, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Dairs and son; Fort Worth, Mrs. R. T. Spencer, Mrs. E. C. Campbell.

During the last few days the following Texans who are spending vacations in Colorado Springs and Manitou, made the trip up Pikes Peak, taking the Cog railroad: Blooming Grove, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Smith; Denton, Mr. and Mrs. Glen Russell; William Russell; Wichita Falls, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Brown; Iowa Park, W. R. Arnold; Dallas, Dr. A. P. Thomason; Byers, Effa Grogan and Ruth Grogan; Saratoga, Miss Wilberta Shoemaker; Fort Worth, A. J. Hakkramacher; Dallas, T. H. Smith; Cleburne, J. A. Sanderlin, R. L. Steed; Dallas, Mrs. Isabel Hamilton and children, Mary C. Pettit; Quanah, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Norton, Mrs. J. W. Shaw; Cleburne, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Dietrich; Marfa, Miss Sue Henderson; Denton, Leah Owens; McKinney, Charley Brannon; Dallas, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Reizer; Hillsboro, J. L. Cunningham; Frankton, Mr. and Mrs. P. W. Burts; and

On and after Thursday, August 1st, 1918, we, the undersigned Garages and Filling Stations will sell for Cash Only. We are forced to do this because the Wholesalers demand cash for almost every item we buy, and our customers demand the very best of service of us, therefore we must demand cash for our goods, otherwise we can not remain in business.

Our Government has asked that all business enterprises reduce their help to the minimum and let Uncle Sam have the men to help win the war. We, as loyal Americans, must reduce our expenses that we may save and help with our part towards winning the war.

Therefore we deem it our duty as business men to adopt a strictly cash system of doing business. Are you with us?

Yours very truly,  
Hereford Garage  
Miller & Fallwell  
Renfro & Son  
H. E. Renfro  
Ford Garage  
Thompson Garage  
Gulf Filling Station  
Hereford Grain & Coal Co.

The Gummy That Does Not Affect the Head Because of its tonic and laxative effect, LAXATIVE BRUNO QUININE is better than ordinary Quinine and does not cause nervousness or ringing in head. Remember the full name and look for the signature of E. W. GROVE, INC.

After you have used the ordinary lubricating oil for a few days you will find it heavy with sediment. This caused by the terrific heat of the engine. The oil breaks down and the sediment crowds out a large part of the good oil. As a result you get friction instead of smooth running. Sediment causes a definite loss in power, as well as increased cost for oil, and worn parts in your engine. The increased cost may not be immediately evident but it is certain. Veedol prevents formation of sediment because it resists heat. The Faulkner Process, used exclusively in the manufacture of Veedol, causes 80 per cent. less sediment. This has been repeatedly proven in scientific and practical tests. Veedol will reduce the upkeep of your car from \$50 to \$115 a year. Try it the next time you buy motor oil.

## TEXAS PEOPLE IN COLORADO

Colorado Springs, Colo., July 27.—With many officers and men spending furloughs in the Pikes Peak region either alone or with families, and with many Canadian, French and British officers visiting here during the summer months the Pikes Peak region has taken on quite a military air this summer for a city without a cantonment or aviation camp. A large number of sailors, convalescents, are at the famous Modern Woodman sanitarium here and 200 drafted men are taking radio work at Colorado college.

The summer season is now at its height in the Pikes Peak region and large numbers of tourists from the southwest and Texas points arrived during the week. Automobile arrivals are numerous daily. During the last week the following motorists from Texas reached Colorado Springs: Gainesville, A. Teague; Gen. R. T. Alexander; Italy, S. M. Dupuy; McCain, J. S. Morse; Canadian, Will Camp; Wichita Falls, J. A. Perkins, W. C. Sanders, Mrs. J. M. Kenny, W. J. Grisham, F. W. Griffin; J. C. Davis, T. P. Adams; Dr. J. C. A. Guest; Dallas, A. L. Egan, Herman Muester, J. R. Bibby, L. R. Jester, C. L. Morey, F. L. Cully, Mrs. O. K. Harry; San Antonio, Mrs. G. R. Nelson; Dorchester, August Dryer; Kansas Pass, Eugene A. Houghton; Waco, C. B. Harmon; Lipscomb, J. E. Shahan; Kerrville, A. W. McKillup; Willis Point, H. L. LeBrand; Fredericksburg, August Zinke; Fort Worth, W. T. Wagener, W. G. Goidwin; Texarkana, J. H. Davis; Dallas, Chas. Pettit; Fort Worth, J. R. Halson; Waxahatchie, T. A. Ferris; Memphis, C. A. Mayo; Quanah, W. R. DuPry; Haskell, R. C. Couch; San Antonio, Paul M. Beck; Sedwick, W. C. Owens; Canadian, W. J. Todd; Claude, F. H. Wilson, Waco, H. H. Crouch; Templeton, G. A. Smith; Houston, J. W. Sanders, Amarillo, Edward Cobb; Dallas, Mrs. Emma Peltie, Plainville, J. E. Drain; Houston, W. H. Hopeworth, Waco, R. A. Burroughs, Palmer, F. F. Farror; Fort Worth, George W. Armstrong; Royce City, W. T. Simmons; Greenville, J. V. Kizer; San Antonio, W. J. Criswell, S. W. Scott; Formosa, F. W. Wellsey; Corsicana, Jack Cunningham; Waco, A. R. Marks; Lufkin, J. M. Waters; Abilene, Miss Eunice Parramore; Tankston, P. W. Burton; San Benito, Mrs. W. E. Thomas; Texarkana, G. E. Daniel.

Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Banker and daughter are visiting relatives in Colorado Springs during the warm weather at home.

Captain William V. Ochs of Marfa, has been visiting friends in Colorado Springs a few days.

W. E. Green and daughters Lolla and Margie, of Palacios, recently climbed Pikes Peak over the foot trails, having a hard, but enjoyable trip. Joe Cuppell of Dalhart, also made the trip.

Texans who made the trip to the summit of Pikes Peak over the automobile highway—the world's highest highway—during the last week were as follows: Amarillo, E. D. Williams, C. E. Gustavus; Oken City, W. L. Perkins; Dallas, S. S. Wray; Marshall Creek, Eldyville, Henry Rasmino; Palmer, W. W. Horne; Lubbock, L. E. Yates; San Angelo, R. J. Atkinson; Big Springs, Robert Piner; Waco, C. A. Nabors and son; Canadian, Mrs. Sam McAdams; Wichita Falls, Leslie Hayward; Dallas, R. H. Baldrige;

### SPECIAL TAX FOR MAINTENANCE OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND FURNISHING FREE TEXT BOOKS.

House Joint Resolution No. 27. Section 1. That Section 3, Article 7, of the Constitution, be so changed as to read as follows (creating a new section 3):

Proposing an amendment to Article 7 of the Constitution of the State of Texas by changing Section 3, providing for a thirty-five cent tax levy for the maintenance of the public schools of Texas, and providing free text books in public schools of the State of Texas, and making an appropriation therefor.

### Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

Section 3. One-fourth of the revenue derived from the State occupation taxes and a poll tax of one (1.00) dollar on every male inhabitant of this State, between the ages of twenty-one and sixty years, shall be set apart annually for the benefit of the public free schools; and, in addition thereto, there shall be levied and collected an annual ad valorem State tax of such an amount not to exceed thirty-five cents on the one hundred (100.00) dollar valuation, as, with the available school funds arising from all other sources, will be sufficient to maintain and support the public schools of this State for a period of not less than six months in each year, and it shall be the duty of the State Board of Education to set a sufficient amount out of the said tax to provide free text books for the use of children attending the public free schools of this State; provided, however, that should the limit of taxation herein named be insufficient, the deficit may be met by appropriation from the general funds of the State, and the Legislature may also provide for the formation of school districts by general or special law without the local notice required in other cases of special legislation; and all such school districts, whether created by general or special law, may embrace parts of two or more counties. And the Legislature shall be authorized to pass laws for the assessment and collection of taxes in all said districts, and for the management and control of the public school or schools of such district, whether such districts are composed of territory wholly within a county or in parts of two or more counties. And the Legislature may authorize an additional ad valorem tax to be levied and collected within all school districts heretofore formed or hereafter formed, for the further maintenance of public free schools, and the erection and equipment of school buildings therein; provided, that a majority of the qualified property tax-paying voters of the district, voting at an election to be held for that purpose, shall vote such tax, not to exceed in any one year fifty cents on the one hundred dollar valuation of the property subject to taxation in such districts, but the limitation upon the amount of such taxation shall be in force only if the qualified voters of the district, voting at an election to be held for that purpose, shall vote such tax, not to exceed in any one year fifty cents on the one hundred dollar valuation of the property subject to taxation in such districts, but the limitation upon the amount of such taxation shall be in force only if the qualified voters of the district, 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# The Labor Problem

## IS OF SPECIAL INTEREST TO THE FARMERS JUST NOW

There is but one solution of the farm labor problem—IMPROVED FARM MACHINERY. It is up to you, Mr. Farmer, to provide tools that will enable one man to do the work of two this year. We have those tools—THE JOHN DEERE LINE. From a gee-whizz to a farm tractor, we have all the new labor-saving machinery. We want to show you how easily you can not only keep up you regular work but actually exceed what you have been accustomed to do. See us if you want to increase farm efficiency.

### WE HAVE THE JOHN DEERE LINE ON EXHIBITION GARRISON BROTHERS

#### THE HEREFORD BRAND

SETH B. HOLMAN  
Editor and Publisher

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

Entered April 17, 1904, in the post office at Hereford, Texas, as second-class mail matter. First number of the paper issued Feb. 23, 1901, as the Hereford Reporter; first number of The Brand issued March 21, 1908.

Subscription Price \$1.50 a Year : : : : : Strictly in Advance

ADVERTISING RATES—Local 10 cents per line first insertion, 7 cents per line subsequent insertions (no ad taken for less than 25 cents). Classified: first insertion 1¢ per word, minimum 25¢; subsequent insertions 1¢ per word; minimum 25¢. Professional cards \$1.00 per month for one inch space. Display advertisements 15¢ per single column inch per week. Special rates for time contracts.

Wise ones are preparing now for the after-war problems and opportunities. The man with vision will make a fortune after the war. There will be vast works of reconstruction, repair and reorganization in Europe and in the Americas. The airplane will duplicate the rapid growth of the automobile industry, the much discussed Merchant Marine will come into its own, what is left of the Public Domain will disappear into the ownership of the "back to the land" movement, led by returning soldiers, Pan-American commerce will increase tremendously, epochal political events, both domestic and international will crowd on one another's heels, the oceans, so far far as their isolating function is concerned will be no more, international brotherhoods and associations will spring up, great movements, social and economical, will be born and grow rapidly. In fact, the old world is going to "go some," in the twenty-five years following this war. The wise man is preparing now to seize his own special opportunity when it shall come.

The Kansas soldier who after taking part in a battle on the western front wrote to his mother, "Say, mother dear, I never knew courage was so common." Aren't you proud of the showing? and aren't you glad that YOU helped save some of that 141,000,000 bushels of wheat?

Have you read Mr. Hoover's report of the food shipped abroad during the last fiscal year? Aren't you proud of the showing? and aren't you glad that YOU helped save some of that 141,000,000 bushels of wheat?

H stands for Heroic, Hold'em Haig, F for Foxy, Fighting Fox, P for Pent-up Powder Perishing, and W for War Weary Willie.

The newest styles of clothing are old styles. These will continue to be most worn for the duration of the war.

What Germans are left after the war will probably die from over-eating and drinking, after their long fast.

Write to your boy abroad or in a cantonment here. A soldier's letters from home are half his life.

We learn that the Hungarian Diet is taking steps to improve the diet of Hungary.

When Yanks meet tanks, then comes the tug of war.

#### WHAT WE FIGHT FOR

The high aims of America and her allies are well expressed in President Wilson's greetings to France on Bastille day:

"As France celebrated our Fourth of July, so do we celebrate her Fourteenth, keenly conscious of a comradeship of arms and of purpose of which we are deeply proud. The sea seems very narrow to-day. France is a close neighbor to our hearts. The war is being fought to save ourselves from intolerable things, but it is also being fought to save mankind. We extend our hands to each other, to the great peoples with whom we are associated, and to the peoples everywhere, who love right and prize justice as a thing beyond price, and consecrate ourselves once more to the noble enterprise of peace and justice, realizing the great conceptions that have lifted France and America high among the free peoples of the world. The French flag flies to-day from the staff of the White House, and America is happy to do honor to that flag."

#### Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic

restores vitality and energy by purifying and enriching the blood. You can soon feel its strengthening, invigorating effect. Price 60c.

#### GOVERNMENT LOANS TO FARMERS.

During the month of June \$8,245,420 was lent to farmers of the United States by the Federal Land Banks. The Federal Land Bank of Spokane leads in amount of loans closed, \$1,262,800.

During June 1,396 applications were received asking for \$5,127,011, and 2,516 loans were approved, amounting to \$6,793,527.

On July 1 the total amount of mortgage loans placed since the establishment of the Federal Land Banks was \$109,517,308, covering 48,297 loans, distributed as follows:

Spokane	\$17,000,553
St. Paul	16,205,090
Omaha	13,263,140
Wichita	12,292,700
Houston	9,897,744
New Orleans	7,616,546
Louisville	6,704,106
Berkeley	6,038,490
St. Louis	5,172,172
Columbia	4,746,545
Baltimore	4,140,526
St. Charles	3,571,343

#### BROOD SOWS AND DAIRY COWS:

#### Victory or Defeat— Make Your Choice

Air castles in Spain are easily built, but that variety of carpentry will not construct the war machine of the United States Government.

The three necessary factors are men, money, labor and materials. By the selective draft system the former have been and are being obtained, but it is only through systematic, regular and intelligent economy, taught by the War Savings Campaign, that money labor and materials will be forthcoming.

Men alone cannot win the war. They must be backed by the essentials of war—money, labor and materials.

Saving is a patriotic duty; it is a necessary service. There is not enough money in the country to procure luxuries and necessities both. There is not enough labor in the country to produce both essentials and non-essentials. There are not enough materials in the country to construct needed and unneeded articles.

Texas must make her choice. There is but one victory or defeat. If money, labor and materials are not provided the Government for the prosecution of the war, then defeat is inevitable. War can not be won as air castles in Spain are built with imagination. As money, labor and materials are provided the Government, the pointer swings to success.

Money invested in War Savings Stamps cannot be spent for non-essentials. Money invested in War Savings Stamps cannot be spent for labor which will manufacture non-essentials. Money invested in War Savings Stamp cannot be spent for materials which should be used in the manufacture of war necessities.

The War Savings Campaign is the fundamental basis of the Government's wartime financial program. Victory depends on it.

Victory is in your purse. Invest in United States Government War Savings Stamps. The question is not whether you can afford to spend the money, but whether your Government, which needs it can afford for you to spend it other than for War Savings Stamps.

Save and buy for victory.

#### CALL ISSUED BY THE GOVERNMENT FOR MALE STENOGRAPHERS

The Civil Service Commission is now planning a drive to make up for the great lack of stenographers in government departments. They will hire examiners in all states, and have asked the United States Employment Service to cooperate with them in getting male stenographers.

The Civil Service Commission is now trying out an experiment in two or three places which, if successful, will enable them, they hope, to get the papers through in forty-eight hours after the examination. This will do away with one of the greatest defects of the system—the delay in putting through the papers of applicants.

There is practically no limit to the number of stenographers that will be required and there is no danger of going beyond the number wanted.

A campaign for women stenographers is going to be launched through the Council of National Defense, but any young women who apply now will be most acceptable.

Examinations for Stenographer-typist or Typist only, will be held every Tuesday at the following Texas places: Abilene, Amarillo, Austin, Beaumont, Braham, Brownsville, Corpus Christi, Corsicana, Dallas, Denton, Eagle Pass, El Paso, Fort Worth, Galveston, Greenville, Houston, Laredo, Lubbock, Marshall, San Angelo, San Antonio, Texarkana, Tyler, Victoria, Wichita Falls, Waco.

The stenographer-typewriter examination with clerical subjects includes the following: Stenography, Dictation and transcription; copying from rough draft and from plain copy; spelling; letter writing; penmanship and Arithmetic. Time consumed in copying is taken into consideration in the above tests. These examinations may also be taken, omitting the clerical subjects.

Any inquiry addressed to the United States Employment Service, Box 102, San Antonio, Texas, with respect to the foregoing, will be given prompt attention.

#### OCEANS OF WATER

#### No Worms in a Healthy Child

All children troubled with worms have an unhealthy color, which indicates poor blood, and as a rule, there is more or less stomach disturbance. GROVE'S TASTELESS chill TONIC given regularly for two or three weeks will enrich the blood, improve the digestion, and act as a General Strengthening Tonic to the whole system. Nature will then throw off or dispel the worms, and the Child will be in perfect health. Pleasant to take. 60c per bottle.

#### HOW TO SELECT LAYING HENS

By F. W. Kazmeier, Poultry Husbandman, Extension Service, A. & M. College, College Station, Texas.

Every farmer and poultry raiser should make it a point to closely cull his flock in the fall of each year. It is often possible to discard a third of the number; or more, thus reducing feed bills without noticeably affecting egg yields. The following proven facts should enable anyone to detect the best layers:

1. Hens that molt late, and quickly, are the best layers. By this is meant hens molting during the latter part of September, October and November are better layers than those molting earlier. It is poor judgment to keep those birds molting early and sell those molting late although this is done on many farms. Experiments have repeatedly proven that 200 egg hens do not begin to molt until November.

2. Individual hens with pale colored shanks, in such breeds as the Rock, Wyandottes, Red Leghorns, are considered better layers than those with bright and yellow shanks. This indication is true only when applied in the fall of the year, and among breeds with yellow shanks.

3. The above principle applies also to the color of ear lobes in breeds with yellow, creamy or white lobes. The many varieties of Leghorns can be divided by this indication. The Rocks, Wyandottes, and other American Asiatic and English breeds have red ear lobes, hence this indication for these breeds is valueless. Experience has shown that Leghorn varieties with white ear lobes in the fall are better layers than those with yellow or creamy colored ear lobes.

one that passes through the molt quick-

ly and easily, is a better layer than one that develops all kinds of ailments.

5. Hens that show the least broodiness are better layers than those that are broody a large part of the time.

6. A bird with closely worn toe nails is considered a better layer than one with long nails.

7. A hen that goes into the molt with worn and ragged plumage is a better layer than the bird with no such marks that bespeak hard work during the preceding year.

8. A bird first off the roost in the morning and the last to return to it at night is considered a better layer than the one that spends the major portion of her time on the roost, or stands around with a "humped-up" appearance in a corner of the pen or bask all day in the sun.

9. A single and working individual is always a better layer than the quiet and lazy kind.

10. Hens that go to roost with a full crop are good layers, hence the saying: "A heavy eater is a good layer."

11. A fowl must carry a little fat in order to be in laying condition. A poor or lean hen can never be a laying hen.

12. Rather large comb and wattles for the breed is considered another characteristic of a good layer.

13. Some breeders insist that Leghorns with rather high tails are better layers than those with very low tails.

14. Pullets that commence laying early are considered better layers than those that mature late, hence the statement: "Keep the early laying pullets."

YOU'LL LIKE HEREFORD

**Partnership Dissolution**  
The public is hereby advised that on March 1, 1918, the firm of Scott & Mayhall was dissolved. Reid B. Scott retiring and J. A. Mayhall continuing the business under the name of J. A. Mayhall. All outstanding obligations have been assumed by J. A. Mayhall, and all bills due the firm are payable to said Reid B. Scott.  
(Signed)  
REID B. SCOTT.  
24-4\*

#### IT'S FOOLISH TO SUFFER When So Many Hereford People Are Pointing the Way Out

You may be brave enough to stand backache or headache or dizziness. But, if, in addition urination is disordered, look out! If you don't try to fix your sick kidneys, you may fall into the clutches of dangerous disease before you know it.

But, if you live more carefully and help your kidneys with Doan's Kidney Pills, you can stop the pains you have and avoid future danger as well. Don't experiment—use the remedy Hereford people are publicly endorsing. Read this case:

Mrs. J. B. McCord, 611 N. Second St., says: "I had been bothered for some time by weak kidneys. My back has given me the most trouble, for it has ached constantly. My kidneys were also irregular in action. I used Doan's Kidney Pills, procured at Betts-Clark's Drug Store, and they proved perfectly satisfactory in every way. I have noticed very little trouble since they cured me and I gladly advise their use to others."

Price 60¢ at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. McCord had. Foster-Milburn Co. Mfgs., Buffalo, N. Y.

# CASH ONLY

To OUR FRIENDS AND PATRONS:

We have decided that it will be the best for YOU and best for ourselves to go on a straight CASH BASIS on and after August 1st.

We have long hesitated over this step, as it is in many ways a radical change, but we feel that the financial situation and sound common sense demands it.

We have to pay spot cash for everything we buy in our line—grain, coal, etc., prices are constantly rising, interest rates are high, and money to carry the investment for a credit business the size of this one is scarce and the amount of money carried in the Accounts Receivable is too heavy for the volume of business done in these tight war times.

By going on a cash basis, we will cut out many overhead expenses and the resulting saving will go to YOU. Also we can figure intelligently ahead and make close prices that will give us a living profit and give you the goods at prices you can afford to pay.

This policy will apply to ALL departments of our business—including ICE.

Yours for straightforward business methods,

## McQueen Grain & Coal Co.

#### A Columbia in the Home

The value of good music in the home can not be measured. It stands next to good reading in the development of right tendencies with the young, and as a means of entertainment in the home; good music stands in a class by itself.

The Columbia offers the best means of introducing good music in the home. The best line of records, and these records are for sale at our store.

INVESTIGATE THE COLUMBIA BEFORE YOU BUY

W. H. Ray

YOUR LAWYER

Will recommend our correct Abstracts, because they are better made. We have just added, at big expense, complete plats of every thing in Deaf Smith county. Lawyers demand these, and appreciate Prompt, Intelligent Service. POTTS & JONES, Abstracts, Loans.

RED CROSS NOTES.

Since last report seven boxes of supplies have been shipped. 2 boxes of surgical dressings. 2 boxes of refugee garments. 2 boxes of hospital supplies. 1 box of comfort kits.

SEWING

Our quota of the cut helpless cases bed shirts and cut refugee garments have been received; plenty of sewing for all the ladies.

KNITTING.

Any one desiring yarn for knitting may obtain same by phoning, 398, Mrs. F. T. Roloson who will have charge during the absence of Mrs. J. E. Ferguson. At the Red Cross headquarters Tuesday and Saturday afternoons of each week, there will be instructors in all lines of knitting. Please measure and make all sweaters according to rules. Phone 398 if you want yarn delivered.

CANTEEN DEPARTMENT

The canteen workers have met five troop trains, delivered 400 journals besides daily papers and post cards, served lunch to the noon train Sunday.

Report of Red Cross work done by the ladies of the Christian Church during June and July.

Table with 2 columns: Name and hrs. min. listing various individuals and their contributions.



PURE BRED RAMS FOR TEXAS FLOCKS

By M. W. Coll, Sheep Specialist, Extension Service, A. & M. College of Texas.

We can no longer dispute the value and the necessity of using "good blood" in any branch of livestock production. It has been demonstrated in beef cattle, in dairy cattle, in sheep, in hogs, etc., that beyond the shadow of a doubt, "blood" will tell. Especially in the use of pure bred stes to improve grade herds, good blood will work wonders. The old haphazard plan of using any kind of a sire to head the flock or herd, is gradually disappearing.

The practice of using pure bred rams in the flocks of Texas, however, has developed very slowly. This has been due in the past years, to indifference on the part of the sheep owner, and also to the fact that very few flocks of pure bred sheep of any of the breeds, were raised in the state, and flock owners hesitated to buy rams from breeders in distant states.

Now we find that many pure bred flocks have been established and good registered rams from these flocks are available. The next step necessary is

for every flock owner who does not already use pure bred rams, to line up with what he knows to be the best and most profitable plan and purchase such a ram with which to head his flock.

The farmer or ranchman should determine for himself the breed of sheep he wishes to raise, and buy good rams of this breed, and no other. The practice of switching from one breed to another, is not profitable. If a man will select almost any of the recognized breeds of sheep which are adapted to his conditions of soil, climate, etc., and will work to bring out the best in this breed, he will meet with success.

During these war times especially should we get the greatest production of wool and meat, as it is so badly needed. It is our duty to put forth our best efforts and give our sheep the opportunity to put forth their best efforts. This opportunity can come only through the continued use of good rams with which to head the flock and improve the lamb crop.

Now is the time for the flock owners of Texas to do away with the scrub ram and replace him with a good pure bred animal. Let each sheep man set an example for his neighbor to follow in building up his flock.

FEEDING AND CARE OF BABY BEEVES

Prof. John C. Burns, Prof. of Animal Husbandry A. & M. College of Texas.

After selecting a calf of the proper individuality and breeding, it remains for you to feed and care for it properly in order for you to develop it according to its possibilities. A calf of inferior individuality and breeding though it may receive the best kind of feed and care, will never make a winner. Likewise, a calf of the very best individuality and breeding, unless it is properly fed and cared for, will never make a winner or as a rule any profit.

Milk for Calves

Cow's milk is one of the best feeds that can be used in developing a calf. For this reason it is best to select a calf whose mother is a fairly good milker if this can be done without sacrificing good individuality and breeding. Of course in the case of a calf whose mother is a poor milker, a nurse cow can be used but this means feeding two cows for one calf, a practice that is not to be recommended if economy is to be taken into consideration as it should be. However the calf should be allowed to nurse one good cow whether it be its mother or a nurse cow and such a cow should yield at least 2 1/2 gallons of milk per day. Of course when the calf is young it will not likely be able to take all of the milk in which case the remainder should be drawn by hand and used for some other purpose or another calf should be allowed to nurse the cow in order to prevent any likelihood of the udder's swelling. Even after the calf is older and able to take apparently all of the milk, it is well to strip the udder by hand after each nursing that no milk is left, for the reason that leaving milk in the udder tends to dry the cow up.

For the first 6 or 8 weeks after birth there is no better plan than to let the calf run in the pasture with the cow. At the end of this period the best to keep them in separate pastures and to turn them together at the barn or feeding pen only twice daily, morning and evening, for nursing.

Starting a Calf on a Grain Ration

When the calf is from three to six weeks old it will start to eating grain and it is then well, even while it is nursing with its mother, to begin to feed it morning and evening. A hard full of a mixture of equal parts of weight of ground corn, oats and wheat bran supplied at each feeding in a low box not accessible to the cow makes an excellent ration for starting the calf. Ground kafir, milo maize, or feterita may be substituted for the corn if available, the quantity of the ration should be increased gradually according to the calf's appetite. It is not likely that it will eat more than is good for it at this age.

Good Rations

When your calf is about three months old, well-balanced and effective rations may be formed for it as follows:

(1) The proportions by weight of 2 parts ground corn, kafir corn, milo maize or feterita; 3 parts oats; 2 parts wheat bran; and 1 part cottonseed meal fed in connection with such roughage as prairie, Bermuda, Sudan Grass, Johnson Grass, millet or fine stemmed hay, or sheep oats.

(2) The proportions by weight of 1 part cottonseed meal; 2 parts wheat bran; and 4 parts ground corn, milo maize, kafir or feterita, fed in connection with roughage such as stated in Ration No. 1.

(3) The proportions by weight of 1 part cottonseed meal and 4 parts ground corn, kafir, milo maize or feterita thoroughly mixed with silage, and a little cottonseed hulls as roughage, or to the place of hulls, any of the hay-mentioned in ration No. 1, may be used.

Any of the above stated rations are good, but No. 1, on account of the high value of oats for calves and

show cattle in general, would likely prove somewhat superior to the others. The one should be chosen that best suits your conditions. You should purchase no more feeds than absolutely necessary, as home grown ones will nearly always prove most profitable.

Animals of course, vary in their appetites, some being able to consume more feed to advantage than others. As a general rule, after gradually getting your calf to full feed it should be allowed about as much of the concentrates (grain, etc.) as it will clean up readily twice daily. This will likely amount to about 1 1/2 pounds per 100 pounds of live weight per day through the summer months. During the last 60 to 90 days previous to showing when your calf should be forced, as much as possible, if may, if a good feeder, consume as much as 13-14 lb. 2 pounds of concentrates per 100 pounds of live weight per day with good results.

Use Pasture

Cheaper grain and better results will be obtained if your calf has access to grazing in a small pasture provided with shade. In hot weather, especially if pasture does not have good shade, it would be better to give it access to grazing only at night and to keep it in a cool barn or shed during the day. It should not have any more exercise than is conducive to good health and as much exercise as is needed will be taken if it has access to pasture.

The amount of hay or similar roughage required will, of course, be less if your calf has access to pasture than if kept in a barn or dry lot altogether. In either case, however, some hay of good quality should be fed. With grazing the amount required will hardly be over 1-2 pound per 100 pounds of live weight per day. Without grazing the amount may be around 1 lb. per 100 lbs. of live weight per day, varying, of course, according to the amount of concentrates being eaten. If alfalfa is available, it may constitute about half of the roughage to advantage, and especially if neither pasture nor silage is available. In other words, about equal parts of alfalfa hay and one of the other hays mentioned would afford greater variety and would likely give better results than using only one kind of hay. The price of alfalfa hay, however, may not justify its use provided your calf will eat one or more of the other hays sufficiently well. If silage is being raised for other stocks on your place you can use some of it for your calf, thoroughly mixed with the concentrates of any of the rations stated to advantage. Enough of it may be used to take the place of about half of the hay otherwise necessary.

It will generally prove best to supply the concentrates to your calf immediately after it nurses, morning and evening. It may then receive its hay which it should be given time to eat before turned to pasture, or if convenient the hay may be supplied to it in the pasture. If it should be kept up during the day it would be well to supply it a little hay at noon.

Your calf should have free access to good, pure water or be provided with it regularly at least twice daily and preferably three times during warm weather. It should also have free access to salt or be provided with it in small quantities at regular and frequent intervals, the former method being preferable.

In order that you may properly mix your feed, you should provide yourself with a mixing box, which should be about 2 feet wide 4 feet long and 1 foot deep. You should also have a pair of scales for weighing the different feeds, for an accurate record must be kept of the quantity and cost of each feed that you use.

Depend on Yourself for Success

If you are to attain the greatest success in your efforts to produce a winner, you must realize that this depends not only on the kind of calf you have and on the feed it receives, but on you. Regularity as to time of feeding must be strictly adhered to, feeding at 6 o'clock one morning and 7 the next morning will never accomplish the best results. You must set a convenient time and stick to it persistently. Any changes in quantity, especially in the case of increases and in kind of feed in the ration should be made gradually. Only gentle, kind treatment should be practiced in handling your calf. Abuse and excitement must be absolutely avoided. Remember that it is the well fed, quiet, contented animal that makes the best progress in fattening.

Though this discussion began with the very young calf, it should be understood that the methods of feeding and handling that have been set forth also applies to the calf of more advanced age.

St. Louis, July 29.—It was announced at the Southwestern Division office of the American Red Cross today that thousands of Red Cross workers in the Southwest already had promised to take an active part in the campaign to enroll 25,000 young women for nursing training schools. The campaign begins this Monday and continues until August 11th. The enrollment of the young women will be under the auspices of the Women's Committee of the Council of Defense co-operating with the American Red Cross.

The young women, who enlist during the campaign, probably will be called to the hospitals for training in September. By entering civilian hospitals they will permit the release of trained nurses needed in military hospitals here and abroad. It has been estimated that at least 25,000 additional trained nurses will be needed in the next few months.

Women who enter the civilian hospitals will receive diplomas as trained nurses at the end of three years. Should an emergency arise, which would demand their immediate services, they may be transferred to a military hospital after two years in a training school. The transfer will bring with it a salary for their services and credit for three years in a training school which is essential for membership in the American Nurses' Association, and acceptance in many hospitals.

Women between the ages of 19 and 35 will be enrolled. The enrolling will be at such places as named by the

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BROOD SOWS AND DAIRY COWS!

The Duplex Alcaza COMBINATION COAL AND OIL STOVE

A wonderful advance in stove industry—

TWO STOVES IN ONE

A tremendous boon for the housewife with a small kitchen—Cool oil cooking in the summer time; warm coal cooking in the winter time

ALL IN ONE STOVE

The discriminating housewives of this vicinity are rapidly adopting the Alcaza. Ask the lady who has one.

Dunlap Hardware Company Hereford, Texas

HOW TO SECURE MEXICAN LABOR, THAT'S THE IDEA

Mexicans of Military Age Coming to Texas to Work Won't Have to Register—Peden Confers.

Labor for all crops in Texas, and especially labor for caring for the cotton crop, is the biggest problem facing industrial Texas today. For a number of days Food Administrator Peden has been in continuous conference with representative citizens from the cotton growing sections of Texas, particularly on the subject of Mexican labor and after exchanging many telegrams with Washington, Mr. Peden received the following message from the Food Administration on the attitude of the war department upon Mexican laborers of military age.

"Provost marshal general of war department rules as follows:

"Mexican citizens of military age who have not been residents of the United States and who temporarily come into this country after this date are not required to register and are consequently not liable to military service. A Mexican citizen of military age who has previously resided in the United States, but who has not registered and who returns to the United States, is required to register, but the selective training law and regulations provide for his complete exemption from performing military duty unless he waives his right thereto."

Under a ruling of June 29 Mexican can be brought into the United States for agricultural purposes for the period of the war. The head tax is waived as well as the literacy test. Applications for the importation of Mexican labor should be made to the United States Employment Bureau or the Immigration Bureau.

The laborers must be provided with housing and sanitation as provided by the State law. In the absence of a State law the housing and sanitary conditions must be approved by the United States Department of Labor. Further information in this connection can be secured from W. E. Hall, director United States public service reserves.

Council of Defense. At each enrolling place an American Red Cross nurse will be in attendance.



(By John H. Regan, Director of Education.)

"We return thanks to THEE, ALMIGHTY GOD, for these bounteous gifts which Thou art about to bestow upon us."

It is a simple prayer, and still on the lips of millions who have not divorced themselves from normal dreams and normal goals, though I take it that the words do not ascend as freely today in an abundantly blessed Texas as was the case before the soul became distracted with automatic and mechanical things. Certainly wherever pride has been laid low, sorrow has cast its mantle over the cradle and the marriage bed, and want and destitution have replaced ease and luxury, the utterance does sometimes well again to the lips at the breaking of bread, the drinking of the cup of milk, and the contentment in a bit of meat—man's dependence upon something more than himself.

I can well believe that the Belgians hold for America something akin to Divine Worship, that the French, in throwing flowers upon our boys, threw them with the same sense of a something religious that they place flowers before the altars of their cathedrals; and when our men marched through London Town there was surely the feeling that there walked with each of them an invisible presence, which was the culmination of the prayers of English widows and orphans.

In the backwash of things as most of us are—only remotely in touch with the wretched misery and suffering across the seas, it seems to me (and so it should seem to everyone) that all these requests and admonitions to save and conserve are unnecessary. The mere knowledge that a French peasant and his household lower their heads in thanksgiving for what we have sent them; through "going without" seems to me the greatest conceivable compensation for the paltry business of "going without." We seem an arduous time getting the viewpoint, nor do I see why a multiplicity of mourning, abating and killing are required to intensify the fact that frugality during these times is a magnificent privilege, rather than bovine acceptance of an obligation.

Washington, N. J., July 29.—The American Red Cross has shipped 20 tons of supplies to the Sisters of St. Vincent de Paul, who have charge of the leper colony at Firafanana, South Madagascar. The Sisters recently sent an appeal to the French Minister for the Colonies in Paris, but he was unable to send the supplies because of the enactment of a law which forbids the exporting of it during the present war. The matter was turned over to the American Red Cross and as a result the supplies were on a vessel which set sail from an American port several days ago. The supplies are essential because of the prevalence of fever.

In Canada the Canadians give until it hurts. Are we saving until it hurts? The Canadians give; we are only called upon to save and lend.

We have picked the President's most our obligations as rapidly as we can. Stamps bought now mean breaks in the Hindenburg line.

For Indigestion, Constipation or Biliousness

Just try one 50-cent bottle of LAX-FO5 WITH PEP5IN. A Liquid Digestive Laxative pleasant to take. Made and recommended by the public by Paris Medicine Co., manufacturers of Laxative Bruno Quinlan's Tonic's Tasting and Tonic.

TRADE

Practically new 5 passenger Chalmers automobile, 1918 model, in good condition. Will trade in part for good city property.

J. E. GYLES

27-4t Hereford, Texas.

Ask Yourself the Question Every Day

"What Am I Doing for My Country That Has Done So Much for Me?"

Rockwell Bros. Lumber Company

# Bargain Counter Sale

## Canvas Slippers and Odd Sized Shoes, Your Choice \$1.25

Ordinarily, these shoes sell at from \$1.50 to \$2.50, but all will go at this low price as long as they last.

# D. R. Gass & Son

## SOCIETY AND CLUBS

MISS CECIL GILLILAND, Phone 38

On the evening of July 29th Mrs. P. W. Price's home and lawn even unto the chicken roost was the scene of some festivity and much gaiety. The fete was in honor of her cousin, Miss Bond Seed, of Georgetown.

The ladies were invited at seven thirty and the gentlemen at eight. Each of the latter received his invitation in reverse form and there by hung the puzzle from which he was to fathom the name of his partner for supper.

After much laughter and a few difficulties which were soon settled to the satisfaction of each couple they proceeded to the rear end of the lawn where all the "cats" were arranged on a large table. There in cafeteria style they served themselves to fried chicken, salmon salad, bread, pickles, potatoes, cucumbers, stuffed eggs, milk and ice tea.

Then they scattered over the lawn and on the porch in different groups, some on the grass in picnic fashion, other at various small tables arranged for four and a few standing up they said to grow taller, but one could have another idea on the subject.

Quiet reigned for a while but it was short lived. The hostess next announced that each couple as they finished their refreshments should carry their dishes to the kitchen and then proceed to wash and dry them. In due time and with little order this command was carried out and on the whole it was a good job. One young man spent most of his time dobbing various young ladies faces with his wet dish cloth.

The crowd was next asked to adjourn to the lawn as the porch would be used as a stage for a few stunts. First on the program were Misses Clyde and Hazel Wilson dressed in (Yama Yama) suits and their feet arranged upon roller skates, who represented Remy Brothers at one time the fastest skaters in the world. Next Mr. Forest Walker calling himself "Jonnie Jump Up" and dressed in "True Little Boy Blue Fashion" and sang a song entitled "When I am a man a soldier I'll be."

A slight shower bath. However they felt in part repaid when one revengeful youth disturbed the chicken roost and played the startled chicken on the enemy's head where it caused some slight surprise and discomfort. Peace again reigned when the crowd settled around the card tables for a few games before breaking up such a pleasant company. All to soon mid-night came and they tore themselves away, one and all declaring that it had been a most enjoyable and unique evening.

The Methodist Missionary society will be entertained by a few of their daughters on Aug. 7,

## HOUSEWIVES URGED TO USE LESS SUGAR IN CANNING

Food Administrator Gives List of Sugarless Recipes. : : : : :

### SUGAR MUST BE SAVED!

A teaspoonful means nothing. You say, let a heaping teaspoonful saved each meal for 120 days for each of the 100,000,000 persons in the United States makes a pile as big as the Washington Monument to supply the entire annual needs of the nation.



The loss of sugar and sugar ships by German submarines, a shorter crop than was anticipated, and the transfer of 50,000 tons of shipping allotted to other purposes in order to meet the requirements for Belgian relief have caused the sugar situation again to become serious. Sugar now available for home canning must be sold only in accordance with instructions of the local representative of the Federal Food Administration.

The modern airtight container and the development of scientific canning methods in the home have done away with the absolute necessity of using sugar as a preservative.

Fruits—Without sugar: Acid fruit juices can be neutralized with carbonate of lime, sterilized, bottled without sugar. Fruit juices can be sterilized without sugar, bottled and used for jelly making when sugar is more plentiful (Both of the above can be used as beverages, flavoring, in puddings and in ice cream.)

Every fruit can be completely and successfully sterilized with boiling water by increasing time of cooking, that is processing. Sugar may be added when served if desired.

Fruit butters. A tart butter is made without sugar. Sugar may be added when served if desired.

Drying of fruit will save sugar. With sugar: Pectin test. 1. Jelly. After cooling the cooked fruit juice to room temperature test it to determine the amount of pectin present. This test gives some idea of the proper proportion of sugar to juice. Add one tablespoon 95 per cent strain alcohol to an equal volume of cooled fruit juice and shake gently. (If saturated alcohol is used, remember it is poison.) The effect of the alcohol is to bring together the pectin in a jellylike mass. If a large quantity of pectin is present, it will appear in one mass or clot when poured from the glass. This indicates that equal quantities of sugar and juice may be used. If the pectin does not slip from the glass in one mass, less sugar will be required. The material used in this test should be destroyed. A fair proportion is three-fourths cup of sugar to one cup of juice. If the pectin is thin and much separated, one-half cup

of sugar allowed for each cup of juice will be sufficient. By employing this test sugar can often be reduced. In this case the jelly texture will be fine, less rubbery and the flavor better. 2. Preserved fruits. The preservation of fruits without sugar is a common household practice and depends upon accurate following of the method. Excess sugar will frequently form crystals and impair the appearance and quality of the product. A thin syrup made with four parts of water to one part sugar may be used for all fruits. If more sugar is desired it can be added at time of use either on the table or in general cooking. 3. Jam and marmalade. These require a larger amount of sugar than canned fruits and are used for special rather than general purposes. If made use less sugar than "half and half" and cook longer. 4. Sweet pickle, watermelon rind pickle, etc. These require a large amount of sugar on account of the presence of vinegar. Except for the sugar, they have no more food value than pickles. They could well be omitted this year.

Note.—Canning without sugar will give good results provided that the time of cooking with sugar is about doubled.

Avoid the Use of Sugar. 1. Can vegetables freely. These require no sugar. 2. Encourage drying of fruits and vegetables. 3. Storage of fresh fruits, such as apples, winter pears and quinces, in a cool cellar, saves sugar.

### APPOINT PUBLIC EATING PLACE STAFF OF DIRECTORS

Henceforth the principal work of the Federal Food Administration for Texas as with the hotels and restaurants will be performed through the District Directors in the fifteen districts of Texas. The purpose of the District Director is to make him responsible for inspecting the proprietors of hotels and restaurants and other public eating places in his district.

When no appointment of a District Director of Hotels and Restaurants is made the work is handled by the District Administrators. The districts and the men responsible for them for the proper instruction of public eating places list up as follows:

- First District, Otto Herold, Dallas; Second District, Coke Murphy, Lufkin, Texas; Third District, George W. Seibert, Beaumont; Fourth District, Karl M. Roberts, Houston; Fifth District, John R. Furman, San Antonio; Sixth District, Administrator Porter A. Whaley, Brownwood; Seventh District, Charles N. Bassett, El Paso; Eighth District, Administrator O. L. Williams, Amarillo; Ninth District, W. N. Manroe, Paris; Tenth District, H. C. Knowles, Fort Worth; Eleventh District, V. E. Stampfl, Wichita Falls, Texas; Twelfth District, Administrator L. M. Hewitt, Navasota; Thirteenth District, R. E. Pellow, Waco; Fourteenth District, W. L. Stark, Austin; Fifteenth District, Administrator T. F. Owen, San Angelo.

### The Mother's Club Honors Mrs. Rob. Elliott.

The mothers of this Club are loyal to Red Cross; they are also loyal to each other, as was shown at their sewing room at the court house last Tuesday. On the event of her leaving, which is much regretted by all the ladies planned a delightful and happy surprise. They managed it with so much secrecy and dispatch, as if they had been employed by the secret service. So Mrs. Elliott not having an idea of the elegant dinner waiting for her, and made ready by the kind and loving friends, refused at first, but by stratagem and much planning was induced to come, just in time. She was almost overcome with joy and surprise, but entered into the spirit of the never-to-be forgotten occasion, which every one enjoyed extremely. The repast was abundant and delicious, if it was according to Hoover restrictions: fried chicken, cornbread etc., with ice cream sweetened with Karo. Mrs. Coddell took the scraps home to feed her chickens, therefore wasting nothing.

Mrs. Elliott has been a member of the club for years and has by her faithful service and many kindnesses endeared herself to all; in fact she might be called the "pillar" of the Mothers Club. In appreciation of this she was presented with a beautiful fountain pen by Mrs. McClarkin with words fitting the occasion. And such an occasion long to be remembered by every one present! Two visitors added to the pleasure of the day Mrs. Moore and Miss Rountree.

### TO THE VOTERS

To those who voted for me on July 27th I wish to express my sincere thanks and appreciation. To those who did not vote for me I wish to say I have the very kindest feelings in the world, for I know they voted conscientiously and, as they believed, for the best interests of our county.

I would like to call attention to the fact that the run-off between Mr. Murphy and myself will occur on August 24th. I earnestly solicit the votes and good will of the voters, both the ladies and the gentlemen, in this final test. If I am entrusted with the important office of County Tax Assessor, I promise a faithful, conscientious and business-like administration of the office.

Respectfully, E. E. LESTER.

### NOTICE

To the Voters of Deaf Smith County, Texas:

I take this method of thanking first the ladies and second the men for their votes and support, for I certainly do appreciate your kindness to me, so again thanking you one and all.

Respectfully, J. J. WARD.

Better known as Uncle Joe Ward, 27-It.

When you want substitutes for your flour order we have anything that you want. Hereford Produce Co. 27-It.

## SOLDIER BOY BOOSTS HOSPITALITY HERE

Miss Olga Hammer has just received a clipping from an Axtell, Nebraska, paper sent her by Mrs. Arthur Carlson, formerly Miss Collier, and well known in Hereford. The clipping is the printed letter of an Axtell boy to his mother, and was written after passing through Hereford recently. The letter follows:

Dear Mother: We just arrived here this morning about 7 a. m. We didn't get to leave Cody Monday or Tuesday as we expected, but we left Wednesday morning about 9:30. I was on guard Monday night, and all day Tuesday. Sunday we took down all the tents and packed them. Friday and Saturday we packed all quartermaster and ordinance property. I was boss over part of the work because I have moved so many times, they wanted a man of experience and so I got the job, even if I didn't want it. To tell the truth it is much harder to tell the other fellow just how to do it and see that he does it right, than it is to do it yourself, so consequently I did an awful lot of work. More manual labor than I have done altogether since I have been in the army. I saw Earnest Daily Friday night and promised I would see him before I left but he wasn't home either time, so I didn't get to say "good bye" to him. I am going to write to him when I get time. He has his commission now and certainly looks swell in his officer's uniform. Well, to go on with our trip Wednesday morning we got up at three o'clock and had breakfast at four and

then waited around until nine o'clock and then marched down to the train with an infantry band in the lead. They played all the time until we left. We were the last battalion to leave. Headquarters and supply companies left Monday morning, also the first battalion. The second battalion left Tuesday, and the third (our) battalion left Wednesday. We were sure a happy bunch to leave. Just imagine it, ten months and never saw a natural blade of grass or tree; not even a solitary weed. Nothing but yuca plants, sage brush and sand. Down there I would much rather have seen a green weed than I would up north to have seen the prettiest flowers. No rain at all there. During the ten months we were there, it rained three times. When I used to go to school I never thought there could be such a desert in the U. S. We went to the northern part of N. M. and it certainly was fine to see green trees, grass and running water. Thursday morning we got out at Clovis, N. M. and put on a parade. It was about six o'clock in the morning so we didn't have many spectators. We stayed there until about nine o'clock. Of course after the parade we couldn't get off the train. The second station from there was Hereford, Texas. When ever we came to a town we always stuck our heads out of the window to take in everything. Well when we came towards the depot all we could see was three trainmen and two girls. When we were about 200 yards away those girls ran as if they were scared to death, but in less than three minutes there was no less than 2000 people at the depot. We could not help, noticing their service flag and there were no less than 150 stars in it. The town was just about the size of Axtell. They were having a program in the town hall and were right in the midst of an address when these two girls run in and shouted at the top of their voices, that a troop train was in town, and those people would not have gotten out of that hall any quicker had the building been aflame. You just had ought to have seen them flock to the depot. They weren't afraid to talk either. Then some of them went up town and bought every cigarette and magazine there was in town, also seeds of candy, oranges and everything. Also they gave us a flag for each car. We sure told them what we thought of them. They all talked to us like old friends and when we pulled out of there you ought to have heard the cheering and they kept waving at us until the train was out of sight. They kept saying, "If we only knew you were coming thru we would have been able to do something for you." They tried to get us to stay for dinner and give them a parade. They went to the engine and conductor and Major Todd, but nothing doing for we were scheduled to give a big parade and sham battle at Amarovilla, Texas, at 10 o'clock. Amarovilla is a town about the size of Hartsburg. They had street car lines all through the city. It was a good looking town but we got to the depot and there were scarcely a dozen people there. We went up main street and a few business men came to their doors. We marched up one street and down the street for nearly an hour and we scarcely saw 100 people. The major was disgusted, he cancelled the sham battle. And, would you believe it, in a town, size 20,000, we never saw a solitary flag of any description. Only one lonely starred service flag in the window of a poor looking dilapidated house. When we pulled out we also told them what we thought of their town and it wasn't anything we told the little town of Hereford. We had a grand and glorious time all the way, until last night when we were pulling out of a town the train going about ten miles an hour, and we were smoking hands and waving at everybody. One car was among those at the rear end and of the train and as my shirt pocket was unbuttoned, what should happen but my pocketbook should drop out. I had about \$6.35 in it (all I had). I tried to find out the name of the town, but it was impossible, so I haven't a single postage stamp or anything.

I can't tell you much about the camp here this time, but I will next time. I don't remember the name of the town, they say it has about 12,000 population. The only thing I know about Ft. Hill is that it is the largest artillery range in the world, and this is Heaven besides Camp Cody, and may be never have to go anywhere near here again. I hate even to think about it.

I have twenty-one letters to write and if I write as much in all of them as I have in this one, it will take until doomsday to finish. Pass this on to Ed and Anna, so I won't have to write the same things over so many times. I would like to write more but

I guess this is enough for this time. Lovingly, Ray.

### Car load of new furniture—New styles; new things of all kinds prices right 27-2t.\*

E. B. Black Co.

### JUDGE GOUGH HAS A BIRTHDAY AND HOLDS CELEBRATION

Judge L. Gough had a birthday Monday. There was no candle-cake, or other means of identifying the exact span of years behind the Judge, but through the spirit of good cheer which prevailed there could have been no thought of regret at the advance of Father Time. The party consisted of Mr. and Mrs. George A. Stambaugh, Vivian Stambaugh, Misses Alta Renfro and Cassie Phillips, and the Editor of the Brand and wife. They were royally entertained at Sulphur Park by Judge and Mrs. Gough and son Roy, first with a fishing party, then with a tremendous fish fry and old fashioned "spread." The guests unanimously and vociferously voted the occasion a success, and sincerely wished the host many returns of the day.

### OCEANS OF VINEGAR

at Cash & Carry Grocery. 27-It

### Local Shriners Attend Ceremony Held at Roswell

A ceremonial session of the Albuquerque, N. M. Shrine was held at Roswell on Saturday, July 27th, which was attended by Shriners from all over this section of the country. Local Shriners who went by train were: J. W. McQueen, C. H. Barrett, Jno. W. Sherman and George Muse. Carl Cockrell and A. L. Gibson drove through in a car. They were accompanied by Mrs. Gibson and Doug Fox. A class of seventy were initiated at Roswell, and the visitors were royally entertained by the citizens of that good city.

Refrigerators closed out at Wilson's. We don't want any left, come and select what you want. Wilson's Furniture Store. 27-3t.\*

### August Draft May Clean Up Class 1 Local Draft List

Information received by Chief Clerk Crouch from the Adjutant's office at Austin would indicate that the call for selected men in August will at least equal that of July, and may eclipse it. In which event, Deaf Smith's Class One will shrink to minute proportions. Including men sent out for special mechanical training, the July call almost reach thirty. Two men have gone this week, and three more leave Monday. Ralph Smith went to the mechanic's school at Austin Tuesday, and Melvin A. Jenkins went to Camp Travis on the same date. John B. Renfro, John M. Reed and Clyde Cocanougher will go to Camp Cody, N. M., next Monday.

The new registrants of June 5 will undoubtedly be called upon to furnish part of the August quota, and the remainder will go in September.

A district meeting of members of county Exemption Boards will be held at Amarillo Friday; where they will meet Major Townes, in charge of the Texas board work at Austin.

### BROOD SOWS AND DAIRY COWS!

## Raise Berkshires It Pays

In May I sold Geo. Hitz, Black, Texas, two bred Berkshire gilts that later farrowed seventeen pigs. These pigs at 4 weeks of age outweigh sows 4 months old. This week I delivered Mr. Hitz ten bred sows and one boar for which he paid me \$1,400.00—all registered. Last week I shipped 49 Berkshires to the Wichita market that sold for \$2,550.34—45.04 each.

It pays to raise hogs, but there's more money in BERKSHIRES.

**D. L. McDONALD**

# Licked the Prussian Guards!

All Huns look alike to our Sammies, whether they are famous or infamous. On to Berlin!

Meanwhile I am still selling pure drugs, Norris Candies, smokers' supplies and fountain accessories. At least a share of your business will be appreciated.



**Geo. E. Burns**  
The Druggist  
Phone 300

"Hurry Back Some Time"

## BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

Want Ads., Rentals, Lost and Found, Exchanges, Lands and Stock, City Property, etc. RATES: classified, first insertion, 1c per word; minimum 25c; subsequent insertions, 1/2 cents per word; minimum 25c. CASH WITH ORDER.

### MICKIE SAYS

SAY, LOOKIT HERE, JERRY! YOU'N ME IS GOIN' TO MIX IT THE VERY NEXT TIME YOU WADE 'ROUND IN THE INK FOUNTAIN AN' THEN GO FER A STROLL ON THE BOSS'S DESK. I'VE STOOD FER A LOT FROM YOU, BUT THERES A LIMIT, CAT!



Mickie, the Printer's Devil

**WANT ADS**—Will be run until ordered out unless special number of times is given. If an ad is marked with "tf" following a number, it means that the ad will run until forbidden. 1-1f

**FOR SALE**—A good home, well located. Geo. A. Stambaugh. 2-1f

**BASKIN LAND COMPANY**  
Hereford, Texas. Resources \$25,000. 00. In Hereford since 1906. Best equipped land office in N. W. Texas. Write us if you want to buy or sell anything in the Panhandle. 32-1f

**HAY! HAY! HAY!**  
Alfalfa on hands for sale—PRICED RIGHT. Phone 202-823. GEO. W. SMITH. 21-1f

**SAND AND GRAVEL**—Suitable for any work, at pit, on my ranch one mile east of town, or delivered. Price right. 49-1f. T. B. SLAUGHTER.

**FOR SALE**—Old Papers in bundles at 10c per. THE BRAND.

**FRESH JERSEY COW** with calf for sale. Address Mrs. B. M. Hester, 806 Harrison, Amarillo, Texas; 26-21-1f

**SAND AND GRAVEL FOR SALE**—Guy Smith, residence telephone 87, will make dates and price for sand and gravel delivered. Give 4 days notice at least. Have the best found in Deaf Smith County. T. B. SLAUGHTER. 8-1f

**LETTERHEADS! ENVELOPES! and STATIONERY!**—neat printing at living prices. THE BRAND.

**MODERN** well improved desirable residence of 8 rooms, close in, for sale. Small cash payment and very reasonable terms—might lease it. 25-41\* J. E. GYLES.

**FOR SALE**—Old Papers in bundles at 10c per. THE BRAND.

**FOR SALE CHEAP**—Two second-hand cars, good condition. 24-41-1f ARCH D. COLLINS.

**FOR SALE**—Old Papers in bundles at 10c per. THE BRAND.

**FOR SALE**—Well matured, re-cleaned Sudan seed, tested 53 pounds, 25 lbs. for 50c; less than 25 lbs. 32c; over 40 lbs. 25c. Bring sacks for 100 lbs. 15-1f\* GARRISON BROS.

**LETTERHEADS! ENVELOPES! and STATIONERY!**—neat printing at living prices. THE BRAND.

**FOR SALE OR TRADE**  
Garage doing a good business, on Guif Colorado highway. 1920 acres land 2 miles from town, on railroad; \$12.50 acre; good terms. 1 Residence, East front, two lots, for sale or trade, East of Nursery. 1 Six-room Residence, 200x300 ft. east of Nursery. See E. A. WINTERBROWL at Panhandle Lbr. Co. 21-1f

**FOR SALE**—Baby Go-Cart, good as new. See W. F. ORR, at Orr's Tailor Shop. 25-1f

**FOR SALE**—60 inch Buffalo finished in early English. Inquire E. F. Borden. 25-1f

**FOR SALE**—Section of land near Holle, N. M. 4-room house, well and wind mill, 150 acres in cultivation. All good Plains land. Price \$10 per acre. CRUM & WINN, Ft. Collins, Tex. 27-21-1f

**CITY PROPERTY** in the best school town in Texas, to trade for land, cattle, horses or automobile. 27-1f\* W. L. SULLIVAN.

**HOUSE FOR SALE or Rent**. 16-1f\* Western National Bank.

**FOR SALE**—A few thorough-bred Duroc-bred sows. Also registered boar and about 40 head of shoats. GEO. W. SMITH, Phone 202-F22. 23-1f\*

**FOR RENT**—New bungalow, furnished. See Mrs. Fred Davis or phone 82. 27-21-1f.

**FOR RENT**—House and 4 acres. See Earl E. Wilson. 27-3c (14)\*

**LETTERHEADS! ENVELOPES! and STATIONERY!**—neat printing at living prices. THE BRAND.

**OLD FALSE TEETH WANTED DONT MATTER IF BROKEN**  
We pay up to 15 dollars per set. Also cash for Old Gold, Silver and broken Jewelry. Check sent by return mail. Goods held 10 days for sender's approval of our offer. Mazer's Tooth Specialty, Dept. A, 2007 S. 5th St., Philadelphia, Pa. 21-101-1f

**STRAYED**—On to my place 8 miles southeast. 3 two-year-old horse mules, one sorrel horse about 2 years old; one grey mare about 20 years old, branded Lazy R left hip. 8-1f. C. C. SLAUGHTER.

**STRAYED**—Two 2-year-old heifers, branded H with slanting line on left hip; one heifer branded bar under E left hip; one heifer branded E left hip with three underbits in right ear. Flinder notify. 15-1f\* H. W. ENGLE.

**LOST!**  
Lady's Diamond Ring at Sulphur Park, while on fishing trip. Liberal reward will be paid for return if found. Notify 25-1f (13)\* THE BRAND.

**LOST**—Small quarter curlious, for Buick automobile. Return to Renfro Garage. 27-11-1f.

**STRAYED**—White-faced cow, OX on left hip. Notify W. H. Russell, Canyon, Texas. 27-21-1f.

**LOST**—Cameo Brooch Pin near the depot Sunday, July 28th. Zola Williams. 27-1f\*

**LOST**—on the Court House lawn last Friday afternoon a dark grey coat. It has the initials "C. C. F." on the inside pocket, and full name written on the inside of the pocket. Flinder please leave at the Brand office. 27-11\* C. C. FERGUSON.

**FOR NATIONAL PARKS**  
To facilitate the use of the national parks by the people during the continuance of the war, the Railroad Administration has appointed a Western Lines Bureau of service, under the management of Howard H. Hays, with headquarters at 226 West Jackson St., Chicago.

Application may be made to this bureau for information about reaching the national parks by rail. Bulletins containing information about the parks themselves will be sent upon application to the Secretary of the Interior.

**BROOD SOWS AND DAIRY COWS!**

**TO THE VOTERS**  
I am deeply grateful to those good friends who stood by me so steadily throughout the late campaign. I bear no ill will to those who could not vote for me. I am a good Democrat, and believe in the rule of the majority. Again thanking my friends. Sincerely, J. M. BOONE.

**LODGE DIRECTORY**  
Hereford Lodge No. 849, A. F. & A. M. meet Saturday night on or before full moon in each month. Visiting brethren cordially invited. GEO. BEAMS W. M.; J. S. Jones Sec.

**WOODMEN OF WORLD Meets ever**, Second and Fourth Saturday nights in the I. O. O. F. hall. Visiting Brothers always welcome. Troy Wagon, Consul Commander; W. W. Bennett, Clerk.

**Professional and Business Cards**

**ASHBROOK & SUGGS**  
Fire, Life and Accident Insurance  
All Kinds of Bonds Executed  
We Are Specialists  
On Fruit and Nut Trees  
Shade and Ornamental Trees  
Shrubs and Evergreens  
Roses and Greenhouse Plants  
Hereford Nursery Company

FORBES Auctioneer  
Clovis

## WE WON'T WIN IF WE WASTE

Tested Wartime Recipes for Use in Texas.

For the month of April the Food Administrator urges potatoes, in place of bread, and recommends these Potato Recipes.

### EARNEST CO-OPERATION NEEDED.

**POTATO BISCUIT NO. 1.**  
1 cup mashed potato 1 teaspoon salt  
1 cup flour 2 tablespoons fat  
4 teaspoons baking powder 1/2 cup water or milk  
Sift together flour, baking powder and salt. Work in fat with fork or knife. Add potato and mix thoroughly; then add enough liquid to make a soft dough; roll the dough lightly to about 1/4 inch in thickness; cut in biscuits and bake 12 to 15 minutes in hot oven.

**POTATO BISCUIT NO. 2.**  
Boil and mash six or eight potatoes; white warm lay on a floury pastry board and run the rolling-pin over and over them, until they are free from lumps; turn into bowl, set with a cup of cream milk and add a teaspoon of melted fat when well mixed work in half a cup of salted flour, or just enough to make a soft dough; return to hot board, roll out quickly and lightly into a thin sheet, and cut into round cakes; bake in a quick oven; butter as soon as they are done, leaving one on top of the other in a pile; eat before they fall.

**POTATO PANCAKES NO. 1.**  
4 raw potatoes 1/2 teaspoon milk  
1/2 cup grated egg beaten  
1 1/2 teaspoon salt  
3 tablespoons flour  
Mix the above ingredients, beat thoroughly, and cook on hot griddle.

**POTATO PANCAKES NO. 2.**  
1 cup diced potatoes 1/2 cup beaten egg  
1/2 teaspoon salt 1/2 cup milk  
Mix the above ingredients in the order given, beat thoroughly and bake on hot griddle.

**POTATO MUFFINS.**  
4 tablespoons fat 2 cups flour  
2 tablespoons sugar 2 teaspoons baking powder  
1 cup mashed potato 1/2 teaspoon salt  
1 cup milk  
Cream the fat and sugar, add the egg well beaten, then the potato and mix thoroughly. Sift flour, baking powder, and salt, add milk and flour alternately; bake in greased muffin tins 25 to 30 minutes.

**POTATO SOUFFLE.**  
4 cups hot mashed potato 2 tablespoons milk  
1/2 cup potato 1/2 teaspoon salt  
1 tablespoon melted butter 1/2 teaspoon pepper  
Whites of 2 eggs beaten stiff.  
Mix all but the whites of the eggs in the order given, beat thoroughly, fold in the stiffly beaten whites, put in a baking dish and cook until the mixtures puff and is brown on top.

**SURPRISE BALLS.**  
Form mashed potatoes into balls and with a teaspoon make a depression in the top of each, mix one cup of grated cheese with salt, celery salt, and butter substitute, and put one teaspoon in the hollow of each potato ball; hold the ball so the stuffing is concealed and brown in the oven or broiling pan.

**IRISH POTATO STARS.**  
2 cups rice baked 1 1/2 cup cream  
1 potato 1/4 cup thin cream  
4 eggs beaten slight 1/2 cup top milk  
1/2 cup sugar Juice and rind one lemon  
Mix up the order given, beat hard for minutes, then baking dish, bake in hot oven 20 or 30 minutes, or until custard is set.

**POTATO IN CAKE.**  
In the evening substitute one cup of mashed potatoes for one half cup of milk and one half cup of flour, mash the potatoes and beat up with milk until very thick. Fold in the cake mix and dry out so quickly as all-four cake.

## THE LETTER HE WROTE HOME

Our boys have learned of food scarcity and hunger in Europe, and write touching letters of their findings to the home-folks.

Letter No. 1.  
No one will ever know how much these people have suffered over here, and we are their only hope. We can only pray that we are not too late. It will be an unthinkable tragedy if all their sacrifices are in vain. I hope the folks at home will shake a leg and keep up the good work they are doing. It seems strange to come to a place where it is absolutely impossible to obtain the things we have always regarded as necessities. We are off in the country, yet we never get milk.

At one place I was billeted with a woman over 70 years old. There was a little lump of coal which rested on a shelf in front of the stove. She burned twigs and looked at the coal to keep warm. One day she dug down behind some papers in a cupboard and pulled out an egg which she showed me with all the pride in possessing a diamond necklace. She said she was saving it for some day when she was sick.

We have in Texas today 2,000,000 pounds, or fifty carloads, of potatoes that are rotting, when Belgians starve.

## OHIO MAN, OWNER IRRIGATION FARM

HERE ON VISIT  
Ira M. Petershime of Gettysburg, Ohio, accompanied by Mrs. Petershime and son, arrived overland in Hereford the current week, after a six days' drive. After spending a few days looking into conditions locally, the party will motor through to Springer, N. M. Mr. Petershime, with his partner, Mr. Toman, owns a fine 320-acre irrigated farm northeast of town, which is handled by Roy Begeman. This is his first visit since 1914, and he expressed great satisfaction at the growth of the irrigation idea in this section and expressed the greatest faith and confidence in the future of the irrigation farmer of this section.

## AMARILLO PARTY ON TIERRA BLANCA FOR FISHING AND CAMPING

John McKnight, of the McKnight Transfer Company of Amarillo, accompanied by his wife and children, and other members of his family, are camped at Sulphur Park, trying their luck at catching the elusive black bass and perch. Mr. McKnight was formerly a business man of Hereford, and is well known here.

## MRS. VOGELE IS NOW IN THE EAST

Mrs. Vogele and Miss Lillian Bennett are now in the eastern market and are sending home many beautiful new fall styles, which are now on display at the Vogele Millinery Parlor. Mrs. Katharine M. Davis is in charge during Mrs. Vogele's absence.

## MRS. ELI DUNLAP ENJOYS A VISIT FROM HER SON

Sterling P. Brodie of Greeley, Colorado, and eleven-year-old son, Paul, are visiting Mr. Brodie's mother, Mrs. Eli Dunlap. This is Mr. Brodie's first visit to Hereford in several years.

Every body wants to make money—We both make when you trade with me. 27-31\* Wilson's Furniture Store.

## ARMY HAS OWN WAY OF BUYING CANNED GOODS; HOME CANNERS SHOULD NOT SEEK TRADE

The army and navy are at times embarrassed by offers of canned goods, vegetables and so forth by good-intentioned housewives and other citizens in some instances such supplies are offered to the army for sale or to be distributed gratis to soldiers in the caniments.

Administrator Peden is advised that neither the army nor navy has the privilege of accepting these gifts, nor are they in a position to purchase them. In view of the fact that their purchases must be made according to specification and inspection. This explanation is made, not to discourage some saving and preserving of foods, but that the public may understand that purchases made by the army and navy must be through the proper channels.

## DAIRYMEN NO LONGER REQUIRED TO PAY 50c. MINIMUM CHARGE

Shippers of milk and cream through the country were relieved of the minimum charge of 50 cents in each shipment, established June 25 by the Railroad Administration when a general increase of 25 per cent in rates went into effect.

This was effected through the co-operation of the Food Administration with the Railroad Administration, which had received protests from dairymen that the minimum, which had to be paid on shipments even so small as a single can of milk, no matter how short the haul, would knock a serious blow particularly in suburban territory near large cities.

The minimum will be done away with entirely as soon as the tariffs on the milk can be lowered, but the general increase will stand.

## REVOKE LICENSE OF WEST TEXAS DEALER

Effective July 19, the United States Food Administration announces the revocation of L. Poteet, West Texas, a wholesaler, jobber and retailer of meat, lard and corn, has been revoked by the Food Administration. This action followed a hearing of the committee charging that Mr. Poteet had fraudulently refused to accept two cars of corn shipped to him by the Federal Grain Company of Waco.

The hearing was conducted by special examiner appointed by E. A. Wilson, Federal Food Administrator for Texas, and the enforcement division announces that the revocation will continue in effect until further notice, and an application for the reinstatement of license will be entertained by the Food Administration prior to September 9.

## BROOD SOWS AND DAIRY COWS!

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic, restores vitality and energy by purifying and enriching the blood. You can soon feel its Strengthening, Invigorating Effect. Price 50c.

## No One Loves a Four Flush

but that's no reason why one shouldn't acquire a sixty dollar look at less than half that price if he can.

You would have to pay a fashionable retail tailor in Chicago twice as much as we charge but in all probability you would not receive a stitch more of genuine merchant tailoring than we give.

The all-wool texture of our fabrics and the thorough manner in which the parts are sewed into a finished garment perpetuates the original style.

We give you this same service in our Cleaning and Pressing Department.

THE HOME OF FINE TAILORING

## ORR'S TAILOR SHOP

Phone 16  
ASSOCIATED WITH LAMM & COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

## NEW TELEPHONE MANAGER ARRIVES AND IS TAKING UP THE REINS

B. C. Lindsey of Lockney, Texas, who succeeds R. W. Lovelace as local Telephone Manager, has arrived and buckled down to the routine of his new position. Mrs. Lindsey and children will follow after suitable quarters are found. Mr. Lindsey is a telephone man of experience and is busily engaged in meeting the business men and in acquainting himself with local conditions.

## Winterrowd is Back From Nice Trip Through Texas

E. A. Winterrowd and family returned Saturday from a pleasure trip, which included Fort Worth, Ennis, Dallas and Garrett, Texas. Mr. Winterrowd was gone two weeks and his family one week. He states that he had the best time he ever had before in his life and visited friends and relatives, some of whom he had not seen in twenty years. Among others, he met a niece sixteen years of age for the first time.

## Party from Rawls Transacted Business and Goes Fishing

A party composed of M. A. Moses and J. J. Canale, with their families, from Rawls, Texas, spent a day or so in Hereford this week on combined business and pleasure. They drove through in cars, and camped at the Slaughter place where some fishing was indulged in. These gentlemen, old friends of Rex Types of Hereford, own some property south of Hereford, and came up here primarily to look after their interests.

The United States will be short of potash next year. Estimates for 1918 show an available supply of about 500,000 tons of potash salts, or only about half of the normal imports, before the war. Commercial fertilizer concerns must bear brunt of the shortage.

The Food Administration Grain Corporation organized to carry out the Government price guarantee to the producer, had a turnover during the year in wheat, flour, beans, and other products purchased for internal and allied army and navy purposes of about \$450,000,000. It has a small surplus as a result of its trading operations. The capital stock of \$50,000,000 all Government held, has been increased to \$150,000,000 in view of the expected large harvest this year.

## EAT CORN SAVE WHEAT



# Every Dollar Counts These Days

Here are some real Bargains:  
1. Close in 4-room house for rent.  
2. Three Sections, close in, shallow-water land, for sale. Cheap and easy terms at 6 per cent.

**E. F. CONNELL**  
THE Land Man

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

(Furnished by Potts & Jones)

R. W. Hough and wife Josephine Hough to B. T. Fulkerson a part of sec. 62 Blk. No. 14 of the Evans addition to the town of Hereford, \$500.00.

REGISTERED AT HOTELS

Amarillo—C. P. Bryant, John Arnot, E. B. Southfield, J. M. Nealy, Mr. and Mrs. Chapmell, Dr. and Mrs. Gillen, W. F. Vittrp, M. O. Stalling, J. A. White, C. H. Ball, J. W. Turley, O. S. White, Canyon—A. E. Bennett, C. G. Kellas, J. C. Vester, H. C. Baird, Texico N. M.—Chas. Deats, Plainview—H. L. Henderson, Bellview, Texas—Orvis Cotton, St. Louis—R. E. Wheeler, Dallas—W. S. Lowe, Chas. Hogwood, W. C. Buster, Ft. Worth—Diek Connally, El Paso—Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Pound, St. Joseph, Mo.—C. Ketsch, Kansas City—K. P. Nichols, St. Burg, Ohio—Mrs. S. O. Perterson, Ray Perterson.

PARROT ITEMS

During the month of July the following work was turned in to the chapter by this auxiliary triangular bandages; 100 shot bags; 300 gun-wipes; 22 pajama suits; 2 helmets; 3 pair socks; and 1 sweater. No meeting was held for the Red Cross Thursday, as all the work was distributed among the members to be made before meeting. The members and their husbands and families all met with Mrs. Horace Baird on Thursday evening, when all the work was returned, and enjoyed a picnic supper. Numerous good things were served and every one spent a very pleasant evening. After supper the remainder of the evening was spent in singing.

Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Hacker spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Hunter. Mr. and Mrs. H.F. Neely and daughter returned Sunday morning, after a few days visit in Amarillo. Mr. and Mrs. Milton Hardy and family left Friday morning for a few days visit in Lubbeck. Miss Zula Woods spent the week end with Miss Naomi Hunter. Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Cash and Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Ireland spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Will Wright. Mrs. H. F. Neely spent the day Wednesday with Mrs. Copeland. Mr. and Mrs. R. T. Nunn and daughter Viola visited with Mr. Nunn's sister, Mrs. W. A. Hunter and family the past week. Little Lillian Birkenfield spent a few days with Grandma and Grandpa Wagner the first of the week. Miss Hazel Hacker spent the latter part of the week in Dimmitt visiting with Miss Stacy Easter.

HOW THE 1917 CROP OF PINTOS WAS HANDLED

In checking up our records of the 1917 crop of Pinto Beans handled by the U. S. Food Administration after March 1st, we have the following figures which we believe are interesting and of value to you.

- 1. Total amount of beans contracted by Colorado growers 31,071,172 lbs
2. Total amount of beans shipped from Colorado 46,786,500 lbs
3. Total amount of beans contracted by New Mexico growers 5,462,557 lbs
4. Total amount of beans shipped from New Mexico 9,174,300 lbs
5. Total amount of beans contracted by Kansas, Nebraska, Wyoming, and Texas growers 862,829 lbs
6. Total amount of beans shipped from Kansas, Nebraska, Wyoming, Texas, and Oklahoma 1,027,000 lbs
7. Total amount of beans contracted by entire territory 37,906,558 lbs
8. Total amount of beans shipped from entire territory 56,967,800 lbs

Beans have been shipped to the following points:

Table with 2 columns: Location and Quantity. Includes Los Angeles (1 car), Eau Claire, Wis (2 cars), Elyria, Ohio (2 cars), Marshalltown, Iowa (9 cars), Baltimore (15 cars), Cincinnati (25 cars), Kansas City (44 cars), Philadelphia (50 cars), Indianapolis (52 cars), Albion, N. Y. (54 cars), Boston (76 cars), St. Louis (117 cars), New York City (150 cars), Chicago (154 cars).

We are advised that the large shipments to the various eastern cities mentioned above are being distributed generally throughout the entire eastern territory, especially in the New England States. We have shipped 42 carloads direct to canners. All reports from the canners who have used Pinto beans are very satisfactory. The canning trade should be a good market for the Pinto bean in the future. Just recently two straight cargoes of Pintos were sent abroad.

Yours very truly, O. H. KIEBERS, U. S. Food Administration.

EAT PEACHES, IT WILL SAVE SUGAR, SAYS PEDEN.

It requires approximately 15,000,000 pounds of sugar a month to feed the 5,000,000 people of Texas, based on the ration of three pounds per person per month. The three pounds ration is based on sufficient to maintain strength and health. In the Elberta peach crop of East Texas, now being shipped to market, there is approximately 5,775,000 pounds of saccharine, or sugar, not matured. If the people of Texas were to consume this one fruit crop alone they would save over a third of a month's ration.

In 1916 the Texas peach crop amounted to 2,860,000 bushels; in 1917, to 2,352,000 bushels; while the crop for 1918 is estimated at 3,000,000 bushels. The crop is bringing an average of \$2 a bushel, or enriching the treasury of Texas by \$6,000,000. The price is better this year than in either 1916 or 1917.

The peach crop in 1916 represented a value of \$2,860,000 and for 1917 \$3,998,400.

It is also interesting to know that the tomato season in Texas for 1916 showed shipment of 721,000 crates and 1917 of 1,152,000 crates. The 1918 crop is a little short of 1917. The value of the tomato crop for 1916 was \$553,790, and for 1917, \$1,036,000, so it can be reasonably estimated that the 1918 tomato-crop will bring in at least \$1,000,000.

In the matter of icing and securing quick transportation of the peach and the tomato crop the Federal Food Administration has given the growers every assistance within its power, and the results are that the distribution has been up to the expectation of the shipper in all things.

PROFIT MARGIN SET FOR SALE OF WHEAT FLOUR AND SUGAR.

Wheat flour and sugar are two commodities over which the Federal government has complete control. Failure to observe the margins of profit set by the United States Food Administration cost Jacob Kulla, a wholesale flour dealer of New York City, recently a fine of \$25,000 to be paid the American Red Cross. Kulla was charged with selling large quantities of flour at profits in excess of the margins set by the Food Administration. The trial disclosed that he sold flour at margins of from 75 cents to \$1.65 a barrel. The margin allowed by the Food Administration for flour handled by the wholesaler and jobber per barrel is 50 to 75 cents. The retailer is allowed from 30 cents to \$1.20 a barrel profit and 1 cent a pound on broken packages. This flour must be bought with an equal amount of substitutes and the prevailing retail price is .07 to .07 1/2 cents.

LOW GRADE SUGARS FOR MAKERS OF SWEETS ARE ORDERS OF FOOD DEPT.

All wholesalers and jobbers and district and county Food Administrators have been notified, effective immediately, that no dealer handling sugar is permitted to sell sugar except Louisiana seconds and thirds to manufacturers of non-essentials who may present sugar certificates marked "State A."

The industries affected by this order are manufacturers of beverage syrups, candies, cereals, chewing gum, cocoa and chocolate, condiments, confections, flavoring extracts, invert sugar, syrups, soda water, soft drinks, sweet pickles and wines.

Seconds and thirds are low grade sugar left after the high grade or granulated white sugar has been extracted. Administrator Peden hopes that this is only a temporary measure, but it is absolutely necessary in order that the ordinary household and preserver be taken care of at the present time.

RULES FOR TESTING MILK FOR FAT WITH BABCOCK TEST

By J. Lynn Thomas, Dairy Manufacturing Specialist, Extension Service of A. & M. College of Texas.

- 1st.—If testing cow, she should be milked dry and sample for testing taken from whole milking.
2nd.—Mix milk thoroughly before taking the sample to be tested.
3rd.—Take test sample with a clean 17.6 c. c. pipette, and transfer to a clean milk test bottle.
4th.—Add commercial sulphuric acid to milk slowly and mix by giving the bottle a rotary swing. Add acid and mix until the mixture assumes a coffee color. If acid is of correct strength 17.5 c. c. will be required.
5th.—Place test bottles in tester and whirl at even speed for 4 minutes—90 to 100 turns of L. handle per minute.
6th.—Add clean hot water to test bottles until contents rise to base of neck.
7th.—Whirl again for 2 minutes.
8th.—Add hot water a second time until the fat column in neck of test bottle raise above the zero mark.
9th.—Whirl for one minute.
10th.—To read per cent of fat, if dividers are available, take length of fat column, place one arm of dividers on zero mark, the other will indicate the per cent of fat. If dividers are not available, subtract the reading at the base of the fat column from the reading at the top.
Skim milk and butter milk can be tested in exactly the same way, except that a bottle with smaller graduation or readings is necessary. (a skim milk test bottle.)
To test cream, a cream test bottle is required, and the test cream should be weighed into the bottle. (9 or 18 grams) as there are two kinds of cream test bottles. With an 18 gram cream test bottle approximately accurate results can be obtained by use of the pipette for measuring the sample, if cream is not too thick. The remainder of the process is the same as for milk.

The First State Bank & Trust Co. Hereford. The value of satisfactory banking connections is being demonstrated in these unprecedented times. As a Guaranty Fund Bank and a Working Capital of OVER \$100,000.00 we OFFER SAFETY. As a member of the Federal Reserve System, we use its facilities and extend its accommodations to our customers.

FEDERAL AID FOR TEXAS ASKED IN LABOR SHORTAGE

STATEWIDE CONFERENCE AT SAN ANTONIO RESULTS IN SENDING MESSAGE TO SECRETARY OF LABOR AT WASHINGTON.

Government is Asked to Raise Immigration Ban on Mexican Labor; Mexican Editors Entertained.

Food Administrator Peden has returned from San Antonio, where he was present at a conference on the labor situation, the result of which was a message to William B. Wilson, secretary of labor, urging that for a period of 90 days the immigration laws as to Mexican labor be immediately suspended and the bars be let down except as to the health requirements.

The conference brought out the fact that a small group of Texans in Southern Texas alone required 40,000 Mexican laborers in addition to those they already have, and that the need is manifold over the entire State.

As an interesting climax to the request that the present restrictions on Mexican labor be removed, Mr. Peden had an opportunity to address the Mexican editors who were recently received in Washington by President Wilson. These editors were in San Antonio on their way back to Mexico after a tour of the United States. In his address following a luncheon at the Gunter Hotel Mr. Peden read the message from the provost marshal general of the army to the Food Administration with reference to Mexicans of military age engaged in labor in the United States and the generous rulings provided for their military exemptions.

Administrator Peden also wired Herbert Hoover, United States Food Administrator, requesting that Mr. Hoover take the matter up as a military necessity with the Department of Labor the need of additional labor at once in order that the farmer, who was urged to plant larger crops, may not be discouraged to do likewise in 1919.

Hot air is no assistance in repelling a German liquid fire attack, but War Savings Stamps will turn the trick.

Save regularly, systematically, intelligently. Add to your pledge. Make your War Savings Stamp Certificate grow.

St. Louis, July 29.—American Red Cross prize medals probably will be offered to the winners of all tennis, shooting, swimming and other events following the action of the United States Golf Association, which has arranged to provide Red Cross medals in golf tournaments when entry fees are given the Red Cross instead of being used for the purchasing of substantial prizes.

Capt. H. D. Whittier, secretary of the Golf Association, has agreed to become responsible for keeping the matter on a high plane. The medals, handsomely wrought in bronze with a cross of red enamel, are inscribed "Awarded in Recognition of Aid to the Cause of Humanity." The medals are to be awarded as first prizes in the more important events and only when no other prizes in the more important events and only when no other prizes are offered. Red Cross certificates will be given as second and third prizes and as first prizes in minor events.

St. Louis, July 29.—The insular and foreign chapters of the American Red Cross have contributed more than \$1,400,000 to the second war fund, it was announced here today. These chapters had been asked to contribute \$300,000. More than \$100,000 was contributed in China where 50,000 Chinese became associate members of the American Red Cross. From Japan more than \$60,000 has been received. The Hawaiian Islands contributed \$677,000; Porto Rico \$100,000; Dominican Republic \$70,000; Argentina \$70,000; Brazil \$40,000; Canal Zone \$30,000; Chili \$27,000; Mexico, \$40,000; Peru, \$15,000; Spain, \$5,000 and Guam \$5,800.

St. Louis, July 29.—At least one American Red Cross nurse and a English and French speaking Red Cross aid have been assigned to each French military hospital, it was announced today by George W. Simmons, manager for the Southwestern Division of the American Red Cross.

Recently during an engagement several Americans were severely wounded. They were rushed to French military hospitals. As none of the attendants understood English and as the Americans were not able to understand French, a peculiar state of affairs existed. The Americans were under the impression they were in enemy hospitals. They also found it difficult to describe their symptoms.

The new arrangement will mean that the soldier, should be taken to a French military hospital, will find an American to cheer him, as well as to attend to his wants including the writing of letters should he be unable to do so. Also he will not suffer the illusion that he has been captured by the enemy.

It's not you bit but your best that counts. Add to your pledge. Make it grow. Every additional stamp purchased strengthens Pershing's line.

As the individual prospers, so does the community. The War Savings Campaign is our opportunity.

BLACKLEG ERADICATED! See or Write Corner Drug Store Hereford, Texas

BROOD SOWS AND DAIRY COWS!

Millet Seed— Fresh supply has just been received. HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR HIDES. Corn, chops, oats, hay and coal. Hereford Grain & Coal Co. J. A. MAYHALL, Mgr.

Lighten the labor of home with THE HOOVER electric SUCTION SWEEPER. Combines broom, carpet-beater, duster and dust pan into one easy operation, because it Beats—Sweeps—Suction Cleans. Raises no dust. Takes no muscle and only 1.4th the time. Remember—only The Hoover replaces all those housecleaning "implements" because only The Hoover has a patented motor-driven Beating-Sweeping Brush. Come in and try The Hoover. Hereford Light & Power Co.



## From Camp Travis

CAMP PUBLICITY OFFICE  
U. S. N. A.  
July 27, 1918.

As an expected effort to undermine the strength of the forces fighting under the stars and stripes, German propagandists throughout the United States spread broadcast many and numerous false reports of how drafted men in the great National Army were being mistreated by their officers, how they were ill fed, poorly clothed and quartered, and how sanitary conditions were "awful". But their "Kultur" movement merely proved a boomerang for it has led thousands of these who have come to Camp Travis, as well as to other camps, to write letters home at once denying and refuting many of the rumors brought to them of the hardships they would endure.

Every week thousands of letters pass through the hands of the Camp Publicity Officer, written voluntarily to the newspapers of the home towns of the drafted men by the men themselves. They are alone indicative of what is to be found in the training camp. Each man tells his impression of army life and he has found the discipline, food and sanitary conditions. Written over the signature of the men themselves such letters are not capable of being branded as falsified reports.

A few excerpts of the letters—have been gathered promiscuously. They show what the recruit thinks of Camp Travis. They stress in particular "that letter from home." It is something that should not be forgotten, to help the soldier and the cause.

Some of the excerpts, typical of the others, follow:

"I am in love with this place. I have one fine law; that is there shall be no bread, not a crumb, wasted; eat it all."

"I am tempted to ask some of you underfed people to take Sunday dinner with me. For this old bean talk went stand up. We have the best to eat, a great variety, and all we can eat, but don't waste a thing. I don't remember having seen a fly since landing here."

"If every person in the state could come and remain until he caught the spirit of the United States in this thing there would be no further need for speaking campaigns to sell Liberty Bonds, and War Savings Stamps, and to canvas for the Red Cross and similar organizations."

"The boys are proud of their company and determined to make it the best in their battalion. All cleaning up is done without grumbling and is thoroughly carried out."

"At mail time the boys flock around the mail box like geese at feeding time, anxious to receive a word from those they love."

"One thing that greatly impressed me was that practically every business and profession was represented in our company. To see Justice Lee Daniels walking guard with Sam Miller, the newsboy; and Jack Eldridge,

a former city manager, marching in ranks with a famous Tulsa bootlegger, really proves that this war is to be won by the masses."

"Am writing you a few lines just to put you next to conditions here. It's a man's game, and if you are not a man it will be found out pronto. Sanitary conditions are all that could be desired. The food, to be absolutely square about it, is far better than a lot of fellows were accustomed to. Here just as in civilian life, if you do your best you will never fail to reap the benefit of it."

"We are getting along well. I am enjoying life alright, and all I hate about the army is that I did not enlist long ago. I would have been a man by now."

"All are in the best of spirits and showing a determination to make efficient soldiers. There are all classes of compliments, passed on what a good Mess Sergeant we have and the 'Eats' he is putting out. It would surprise most of you civilians to see how well we are cared for from every point of view."

"Why do some people harbor the idea of coming here, as a number of persons do? We have plenty to eat, a good place to sleep and a great deal of good exercise. Sanitary conditions measure up to the standard. We also have the privilege of going to the movies and the Y. M. C. A. which furnishes most every kind of entertainment. So why should we worry?"

"I always thought that life in the army was fierce. It is not. There were twelve of us who left Plainview and we all like it fine. They think as much of the drafted men as they do of the ones who volunteered. I want to say we have a nice place to sleep and plenty to eat. Some of you people do not know what a real man is, get in the army and you will like it. Some of you men who sit on dry goods boxes and chew tobacco and 'gossip' about being in the war, wake up and get to work and save. The sooner you do this the sooner the war will be over. Some people think that all a soldier does is to smoke and play cards and go down town and have a good time. That is all a mistake. We have our Y. M. C. A. here in camp. They have singing and sermons and pictures every evening. We all enjoy this very much. I want to say that we have everything here to make life worth while that anyone could ask for, hospitals, libraries, etc. There is one thing I want to mention. All our officers are liked. They are smart men, and must be to know how to teach us to be soldiers. I am proud that I am in the army. I am going to try to get the Kaiser."

"I find things in the army very pleasant. The rules are awful strict and I like it alright. It is good to build up your strength and make a man out of you. Sleep is regular. We get plenty to eat, and I feel better here than I did in civilian life."

"I will try to tell you some of the things I have learned about army life in the camps. Everything is done systematically and on the minute. I for one like military life just fine, and

all the boys in my company seem to be pleased. I know our officers can't be beat and if they can't put us in shape to get the Kaiser, no one else can. Believe me, this is the life. I never felt better than I do now. I just wish some of the boys back home could see us drilling. I am sure they would lose that streak of yellow they have up their backs and fall in line. Army life is just what it makes it."

"Well I am in this war like a submarine. I am all under. But if I ever get off the rock pile I will keep my shirt pocket buttoned, believe me. How are the slackers getting along? If they will quit sticking around where those saloons had to be and answer call of their country and get in Camp Travis it will make men of them—at least it has begun to make one out of me. I have been here two weeks and I have decided to stay. It is because I like it here so well."

"I'm all O. K. and feeling fine. The army life is great. The physical training isn't near as hard as some people try to make out. I have seen several home boys and they seem to be well satisfied. We get Wednesday and Saturday afternoons when to do as we please. We are going to have a ball game this afternoon. The Y. M. C. A. is a fine thing. There is some kind of free show there every evening. Tell all the village loafers to come on down. It will be good for what ails them."

### LOANS TO OUR ALLIES.

With another credit of \$100,000,000 to Italy and \$9,000,000 more to Belgium, the credits advanced by the United States to our allies now total \$6,380,000,000.

Remember! The War Savings Campaign does not end until December 31, 1918. Keep on punching the time clock. Continue to stamp your certificate. Money and materials are the needs of the time. The American is known by the way he is meeting his pledge.

### CALOMEL DYNAMITES A SLUGGISH SYSTEM

Crashes into sour bile, making you sick and you lose a day's work.

Calomel salivates! It's mercury. Calomel acts like dynamite on a sluggish liver. When calomel comes into contact with sour bile it crashes into it, causing cramping and nausea.

If you feel bilious, headachy, constipated and all knocked out, just go to your druggist and get a bottle of Dolson's Liver Tonic for a few cents which is harmless vegetable substitute for dangerous calomel. Take a spoonful and if it doesn't start your liver and straighten you up better and quicker than nasty calomel and without making you sick, you just go back and get your money.

If you take calomel today you'll be sick and nauseated tomorrow; besides, it may salivate you, while if you take Dolson's Liver Tonic you'll wake up feeling great, full of ambition and ready for work or play. It's harmless, pleasant and safe to give to children; they like it.

# ARE YOU AN ANT OR A GRASSHOPPER

?

Are you reading the various warnings from the Government that there will not be enough coal for all this winter?

Somebody will suffer. Surely not those who provide in summer.

Are you going to imitate the grasshopper?

If your family suffers for coal next winter, who will be to blame?

WE HAVE COAL NOW!

# E. W. Harrison

Phone 76

# Cash Grocery—

**ON AUGUST 1st I am going to put my Grocery Business on a CASH BASIS—nothing whatever will be sold on credit to anyone.**

I HAVE BEEN RUNNING A CREDIT GROCERY IN HEREFORD FOR 16 years—some of you have been trading with me for that long and paying me each month, and I want to tell you that I appreciate it. It's hard to tell you that you will have to pay cash. But I am compelled to make the change or quit business altogether. I have to acknowledge after 16 years experience, that I am a failure when it comes to running a credit business during war times. We are going to cut our prices down to the very least we figure we can pay expenses on and make a living. We will try to give you the very best service possible, delivering amounts from \$1.00 up. Please remember that they are to be paid for at the house. The wholesalers who have always backed me tell me that I can either do this or finance the whole thing myself, which I am unable to do.

# Cardwell's Grocery

The Store of Long and Efficient Service



# OVER THE TOP

AN AMERICAN SOLDIER WHO WENT

## ARTHUR GUY EMPEY

MACHINE GUNNER, SERVING IN FRANCE

© 1917 BY ARTHUR GUY EMPEY

The star shells from the German lines were falling in front of us, therefore we were safe. After about twenty minutes we entered the star shell zone. A star shell from the German lines fell about five yards in the rear and to the right of me; we hugged the ground and held our breath until it burned out. The smoke from the star shell traveled along the ground and crossed over the middle of our line. Some Tommy sneezed. The smoke had gotten up his nose. We crouched on the ground, cursing the offender under our breath, and waited the volley that generally ensues when the Germans have heard a noise in No Man's Land. Nothing happened. We received two taps and crawled forward slowly for five yards; no doubt the officer believed what Old Pepper had said, "Personally I believe that that part of the German trench is unoccupied." By being careful and remaining motionless when the star shells fell behind us, we reached the German barbed wire without mishap. Then the fun began. I was scared stiff as it is ticklish work cutting your way through wire when about thirty feet in front of you there is a line of Boches looking out into No Man's Land with their rifles lying across the parapet, straining every sense to see or hear what is going on in No Man's Land; because at night, Fritz never knows when a bomb with his name and number on it will come hurtling through the air aimed in the direction of Berlin. The man on the right, one man in the center and myself on the extreme left were equipped with wire cutters. These are insulated with soft rubber not because the German wires are charged with electricity, but to prevent the cutters rubbing against the barbed wire stakes, which are of iron, and making a noise which may warn the inmates of the trench that someone is getting fresh in their front yard. There is only one way to cut a barbed wire without noise and through costly experience Tommy has become an expert in doing this. You must grasp the wire about two inches from the stake in your right hand and cut between the stake and your hand.

made any unnecessary noise. During the intervals of falling star shells we carried on with our wire cutting until at last we succeeded in getting through the German barbed wire. At this point we were only ten feet from the German trenches. If we were



Receiving First Aid.

discovered, we were like rats in a trap. Our way was cut off unless we ran along the wire to the narrow lane we had cut through. With our hearts in our mouths we waited for the three-tap signal to rush the German trench. Three taps had gotten about halfway down the line when suddenly about ten to twenty German star shells were fired all along the trench and landed in the barbed wire in fear of us, turning night into day and silhouetting us against the wall of light made by the flares. In the glaring light we were confronted by the following unpleasant scene.

All along the German trench, at about three-foot intervals, stood a big Prussian guardman with his rifle at the aim, and then we found out why we had not been challenged when the man sneezed and the barbed wire had been improperly cut. About three feet in front of the trench they had constructed a single fence of barbed wire and we knew our chances were one thousand to one of returning alive. We could not rush their trench on account of this second defense. Then in front of me the challenge, "Halt," given in English rang out, and one of the finest things I have ever heard on the western front took place.

From the middle of our line some Tommy answered the challenge with, "Aw, go to h—l." It must have been the man who had sneezed or who had improperly cut the barbed wire; he wanted to show Fritz that he could die game. Then came the volley. Machine guns were turned loose and several bombs were thrown in our rear. The Roche in front of me was looking down his sight. This fellow might have, under ordinary circumstances,

been handsome, but when I viewed him from the front of his rifle he had the goblins of childhood imagination relegated to the shade.

Then came a flash in front of me, the flare of his rifle—and my head seemed to burst. A bullet had hit me on the left side of my face about half an inch from my eye, smashing the cheek bones. I put my hand to my face and fell forward, biting the ground and kicking my feet. I thought I was dying, but, do you know, my past life did not unfold before me the way it does in novels.

The blood was streaming down my tunic, and the pain was awful. When I came to I said to myself, "Emp, old boy, you belong in Jersey City, and you'd better get back there as quickly as possible."

The bullets were cracking overhead. I crawled a few feet back to the German barbed wire, and in a stooping position, guiding myself by the wire, I went down the line looking for the lane we had cut through. Before reaching this lane I came to a limp form which seemed like a bag of oats hanging over the wire. In the dim light I could see that its hands were blackened, and knew it was the body of one of my mates. I put my hand on his head, the top of which had been blown off by a bomb. My fingers sank into the hole. I pulled my hand back full of blood and brains, then I went crazy with fear and horror and rushed along the wire until I came to our lane. I had just turned down this lane when something inside of me seemed to say, "Look around." I did so; a bullet caught me on the left shoulder. It did not hurt much, just felt as if someone had punched me in the back, and then my left side went numb. My arm was dangling like a rag. I fell forward in a sitting position. But all the fear had left me and I was consumed with rage and cursed the German trenches. With my right hand I felt in my tunic for my first-aid or shell dressing. In feeling over my tunic my hand came in contact with one of the bombs which I carried. Gripping it, I pulled the pin out with my teeth and blindly threw it towards the German trench. I must have been out of my head, because I was only ten feet from the trench and took a chance of being mangled. If the bomb had failed to go into the trench—I would have been blown to bits by the explosion of my own bomb.

By the flare of the explosion of the bomb, which luckily landed in their trench, I saw one big Boche throw up his arms and fall backwards, while his rifle flew into the air. Another one wilted and fell forward across the sandbags—then blackness. Realizing what a foolhardy and risky thing I had done, I was again seized with a horrible fear. I dragged myself to my feet and ran madly down the lane through the barbed wire, stumbling over cut wires, tearing my uniform, and lacerating my hands and legs. Just as I was about to reach No Man's Land again, that same voice seemed to say, "Turn around." I did so, when, "crack," another bullet caught me, this time in the left shoulder about one-half inch away from the other wound. Then it was taps for me. The lights went out.

When I came to I was crouching in a hole in No Man's Land. This shell hole was about three feet deep, so that it brought my head a few inches below the level of the ground. How I reached this hole I will never know. German "typewriters" were traversing back and forth in No Man's Land, the bullets biting the edge of my shell hole and throwing dirt all over me. Overhead shrapnel was bursting. I could hear the fragments slap the ground. Then I went out once more. When I came to everything was silence and darkness in No Man's Land. I was soaked with blood and a big flap from the wound in my cheek was hanging over my mouth. The blood running from this flap choked me. Out of the corner of my mouth I would try and blow it back, but it would not move. I reached for my shell dressing and tried, with one hand, to bandage my face to prevent the flow. I had an awful horror of bleeding to death and was getting very faint. You would have laughed if you had seen my ludicrous attempts at bandaging with one hand. The pains in my wounded shoulder were awful and I was getting sick at the stomach. I gave up the bandaging stunt as a bad job, and then fainted.

When I came to, hell was let loose. An intense bombardment was on, and on the whole my position was decidedly unpleasant. Then, suddenly, our barrage ceased. The silence almost hurt, but not for long, because Fritz cornered us with shrapnel, machine guns, and rifle fire. Then all along our line came a cheer and our boys came over the top in a charge. The first wave was composed of "Jocks." They were a magnificent sight, kilts, flapping in the wind, bare knees showing, and their bayonets glistening. In the first wave that passed my shell hole, one of the "Jocks," an immense fellow, about six feet two inches in height jumped right over me. On the right and left of me several soldiers in colored kilts were huddled on the ground, then over came the second wave, also "Jocks." One young Scotie, when he came abreast of my shell hole, leaped into the air, his rifle shooting out of his hands, landing about six feet in front of him, bayonet first, and stuck in the ground, the butt trembling. This impressed me greatly.

Right now I can see the butt of that gun trembling. The Scotie made a complete turn in the air, hit the ground, rolling over twice, each time clawing at the earth, and then remained still, about four feet from me, in a sort of sitting position. I called to him, "Are you hurt badly, Jock?" but

no answer. He was dead. A dark red smudge was coming through his tunic right under the heart. The blood ran down his bare knees, making a horrible sight. On his right side he carried his water bottle. I was crazy for a drink and tried to reach this, but for the life of me could not negotiate that four feet. Then I became unconscious. When I woke up I was in an advanced first-aid post. I asked the doctor if we had taken the trench. "We took the trench and the wood beyond, all right," he said, "and you fellows did your bit; but, my lad, that was thirty-six hours ago. You were lying in No Man's Land in that bally hole for a day and a half. It's a wonder you are alive." He also told me that out of the twenty that were in the raiding party, seventeen were killed. The officer died of wounds in crawling back to our trench and I was severely wounded, but one fellow returned without a scratch, without any prisoners. No doubt this chap was the one who had sneezed and improperly cut the barbed wire.

In the official campaign our trench raid was described as follows:

"All quiet on the western front, excepting in the neighborhood of Gommecourt wood, where one of our raiding parties penetrated into the German lines."

It is needless to say that we had no use for our persuaders or come-alongs, as we brought back no prisoners, and until I die Old Pepper's words, "Personally I don't believe that that part of the German trench is occupied," will always come to me when I hear some fellow trying to get away with a fishy statement. I will judge it accordingly.

### CHAPTER XXVII

#### Blighty.

From this first-aid post, after inoculating me with antitetanus serum to prevent lockjaw, I was put into an ambulance and sent to a temporary hospital behind the lines. To reach this hospital we had to go along a road about five miles in length. This road was under shell fire, for now and then a flare would light up the sky—a tremendous explosion—and then the road seemed to tremble. We did not mind, though no doubt some of us wished



In "Blighty."

that a shell would hit us and end our misery. Personally, I was not particular. It was nothing but bump, jolt, rattle, and bang.

Several times the driver would turn around and give us a "Cheero, mates, we'll soon be there—" fine fellows, those ambulance drivers, a lot of them go West, too.

We gradually drew out of the fire zone and pulled up in front of an immense dugout. Stretcher-bearers carried me down a number of steps and placed me on a white table in a brightly lighted room.

A sergeant of the Royal Army Medical corps removed my bandages and cut off my tunic. Then the doctor, with his sleeves rolled up, took charge. He winked at me and I winked back, and then he asked, "How do you feel, smashed up a bit?"

I answered: "I'm all right, but I'd give a quid for a drink of Bass."

He nodded to the sergeant, who disappeared, and I'll be darned if he didn't return with a glass of ale. I could only open my mouth about a quarter of an inch, but I got away with every drop of that ale. It tasted just like Blighty, and that is heaven to Tommy.

The doctor said something to an orderly, the only word I could catch was "chloroform," then they put some kind of an arrangement over my nose and mouth and it was me for dreamland. When I opened my eyes I was lying on a stretcher, in a low wooden building. Everywhere I looked I saw rows of Tommies on stretchers, some dead to the world, and the rest with fags in their mouths.

The main topic of their conversation was Blighty. Nearly all had a grin on their faces, except those who didn't have enough face left to grin with. I grinned with my right eye, the other was bandaged.

Stretcher-bearers came in and began to carry the Tommies outside. You could hear the chug of the engines in the waiting ambulances.

I was put into an ambulance with three others and away we went for an eighteen-mile ride.

I was on a bottom stretcher. The lad right across from me was smashed up something horrible.

Right above me was a man from the Royal Irish rifles, while across from him was a Scotchman.

We had gone about three miles when I heard the death-rattle in the throat of the man opposite. He had gone to rest across the Great Divide. I think at the time I envied him.

The man of the Royal Irish rifles had had his left foot blown off, the jolting of the ambulance over the rough road had loosened up the bandages on his foot, and had started it bleeding again. This blood ran down the side of the stretcher and started dripping. I was lying on my back, too weak to move, and the dripping of this blood got me in my unbandaged right eye. I closed my eye and pretty soon could not open the lid; the blood had congealed and closed it, as if it were glued down.

An English girl dressed in khaki was driving the ambulance, while beside her on the seat was a corporal of the R. A. M. C. They kept up a running conversation about Blighty which almost wrecked my nerves; pretty soon from the stretcher above me, the Irishman became aware of the fact that the bandage from his foot had become loose; it must have pained him horribly, because he yelled in a loud voice:

"If you don't stop this bloody death wagon and fix this d— bandage on my foot, I will get out and walk."

(To Be Continued)

## BANKRUPT SALE OF LAND

By order of the Federal Court at Fort Worth, Texas, in the Bankruptcy matter of E. J. Broad, the following land in Castro County, Texas, will be sold, subject to unpaid taxes, to the highest bidder for cash, at private sale, to-wit:

Section No. 5 School File No. 2311 awarded to G. W. Nelson.

Section No. 6 School File No. 2311 awarded to G. W. Nelson.

176 acres off of the West end of Section No. 7 School File No. 4231 awarded to G. W. Nelson; in all 1194 acres.

Bids to be sealed and forwarded to the trustee not later than August 25, 1918.

For further information address

J. W. STITT

Trustee

Fort Worth, Texas.

### MOST ABLE PHYSICIANS PRESCRIBE BLAUD'S MASS

#### Pep Systemic Pills Contain Iron in Blaud's Mass Form

Iron in Blaud's Mass form has long been recognized as the most assimilable form of iron and these pills being composed of Blaud's Mass and other valuable nerve, blood and alterative tonics, make a combination for purifying the blood, stimulating the liver and as a reconstructing tonic.

The advantage that Pep Systemic Pills have over other iron tonics is that it appeals to every thinking person, because of their perfect solubility, and this is the reason why results are noticed so quickly after taking a few doses.

Pep Systemic Pills will not discolor the teeth or upset the system. They are recommended for nervousness, constipation, rheumatism, liver trouble, loss of appetite, malaria, sallow complexion, impure blood, impotence or fatigue.

If you desire a general strengthening tonic, something to make you strong and full of "Punch," a few bottles of Pep Systemic Pills, containing iron in Blaud's Mass, will do the work effectively and quickly.

Physicians recommend this form of iron. Try a bottle today. Mail orders will receive prompt attention.

For sale by Betts-Clark and other druggists.

ACCEPT NO SUBSTITUTE FOR PEP SYSTEMIC PILLS.

### OCEANS OF WATER

#### RED CROSS VANISHING CREAM

(WITH PEROXIDE)

A greaseless cream of snowy whiteness. Delightfully perfumed. A day cream for oily skins. Softens the hard lines of the face. Protects it from sunburns, winds, tans and cold weather. Affords an excellent foundation for applying Amrico Beauty Face Powder. This and more than one hundred other Red Cross Remedies and Toilet preparations sold and guaranteed only by

THE CORNER DRUG STORE

## CALLED HER FAMILY TO HER BEDSIDE

Six Years Ago, Thinking She Might Die, Says Texas Lady, But Now She Is a Well, Strong Woman and Praises Cardui For Her Recovery.

Royse City, Tex.—Mrs. Mary Kilman, of this place, says: "After the birth of my little girl...my side commenced to hurt me. I had to go back to bed. We called the doctor. He treated me...but I got no better. I got worse and worse until the misery was unbearable...I was in bed for three months and suffered such agony that I was just drawn up in a knot... I told my husband if he would get me a bottle of Cardui I would try it... I commenced taking it, however, that evening I called my family about me... for I knew I could not last many days unless I had a change for

the better. That was six years ago and I am still here and am a well, strong woman, and I owe my life to Cardui. I had only taken half the bottle when I began to feel better. The misery in my side got less... I continued right on taking the Cardui until I had taken three bottles and I did not need any more for I was well and never felt better in my life... I have never had any trouble from that day to this."

Do you suffer from headache, backache, pains in sides, or other discomforts, each month? Or do you feel weak, nervous and fagged-out? If so, give Cardui, the woman's tonic, a trial.

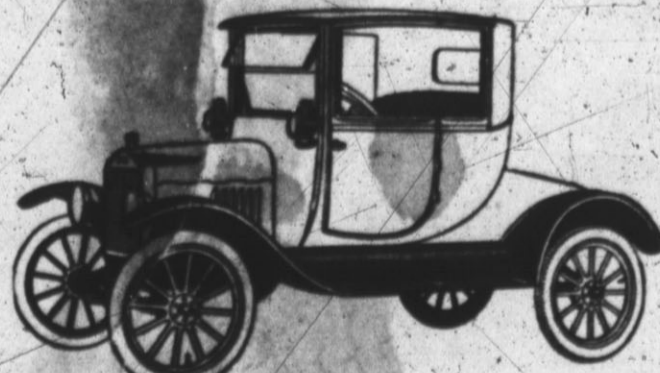
J. 71



# FORD

THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Ford cars are important servants everywhere. They help the family enjoy life, bring the pleasures and advantages of the town within reach of the farmer and give practical service every day in country and town. They require a minimum of attention; any one can run the Ford and care for it, but it is better to have repairs and replacements taken care of by those who are familiar with the work and have the tools, the genuine materials, and skilled men to do the work promptly. We pledge Ford owners the reliable Ford service with real Ford parts and standard Ford pieces.



# FORD GARAGE

Phone 177

Ford Agents

Hereford, Texas

BUY WAR SAVINGS STAMPS BUY THRIFT STAMPS

CHURCH NOTES

ready for the country brethren, to bring their dinner and spend the entire day Sunday if they care to.

J. M. ASBELL, Pastor.

SUNBEAM PROGRAM BAPTIST CHURCH SUNDAY 3 P.M.

Song—Prayer.  
 Song—Leader, Haskel Runton.  
 Subject, "Love."  
 Scripture readings:  
 John 15: 13; 17: 26.  
 Rom. 8: 35; 13: 10.  
 I Cor. 2: 9; 8: 3.  
 II Cor. 5: 14.  
 Heb. 6: 10.  
 Mark 12: 31.  
 Luke 10: 27.  
 I John 4: 19.  
 Rom. 8: 28; 13: 8.  
 Story of Love by Mrs. Rayzor.

C. E. Program For Aug. 4th.

Business.  
 Ambitions—Consecration meeting.  
 Leader—Lena Bodkins.  
 Song, followed by sentence prayer.  
 What is ambition?—Roy Nunn.  
 Scripture reading, Phil. 3: 4-11  
 Leader.  
 Why should we have ambition and what happens to those without it?—Audrey Carroll.  
 What was the matter with the ambition of John and James?—Arthur Rogers.  
 Why should we be more ambitious about our characters than any thing else?—Ruth Lee.  
 Piano Solo—Viola Nunn  
 Why was David not permitted to attain his ambitions?—Emma Belle Elliott.  
 Summary of the lesson—Mr. Fertsch.  
 Writing of letters to soldiers.  
 Roll call.

YOU'LL LIKE HEREFORD

The Methodist Missionary Society decided to use the fifth Wednesday in July for special "Prayer Service" and Miss Lula Edwards was asked to take charge of this service. She has arranged the following program—  
 Condition of successful Prayer—Mrs. Stegall.  
 Condition of the heart in acceptable prayer—Mrs. G. W. Heard.  
 Prayer Habit—Mrs. G. A. F. Parker.  
 Song—Mesdames Cartlwell, Brockhahn, and Stocking.  
 Characteristic of prayer—Mrs. D. F. Ashbrook.  
 Sentence-prayer  
 Reading—Mrs. D. W. Hawkins.  
 Prayer Ideals—Mrs. Oscar Harrison.  
 Consecration Service and Testimony meeting.

For several weeks now the ladies of the Methodist Church have been observing a daily prayer service. Nine o'clock in the morning being the hour selected to spend in a few moments in prayer. Miss Lula Edwards is also in charge of this daily prayer service, and she has asked us to pray for a Revival and for our boys in service.

In order to strengthen the social life of the Methodist Missionary society an outing on the creek was planned for Thursday evening, husbands and babies being the honor guests of the evening. An enjoyable and delicious lunch was prepared and autos were provided for all.

The Report of Circle No. Three.

The B. W. M. W. was entertained by Circle No. Three last Wednesday at the attractive home of Mrs. Dr. Hicks. There were several friends and visitors from other churches, besides the two honored guests, Mrs. Jhonson of Canyon, and Mrs. Garrison of Amarillo.

In honor to the Boys, there was a service flag made of flowers, unique and beautiful and showing the skillful hand of an artist.

The house was artistically decorated with flowers and filled with an eager, expectant and joyous assembly. Such an ingathering, and hand shaking, and general good feeling, it is beyond words to express.

The happy surprise was planned and made possible by Mrs. Hicks and Mrs. Mounts.

After two favorite songs, accompanied by Miss Estes on the piano, Bro. McClurkin made an earnest prayer for the soldier boys.

Mrs. Estes led in devotional by reading selections from Scripture, showing God's guidance.

Then a beautifully rendered song by Mrs. Wilkinson.

A prayer by Mrs. Johnson in which the very "windows of Heaven were opened" and the loving Father showering down blessings overall, abundantly.

Mrs. Garrison gave an excellent talk on "service", emphasizing forgetting self and giving out to others. She also told how much she was touched by the remembrance of dear friends and how difficult it was to speak of tender associates and precious memories.

Mrs. Hicks, the president, made suitable comments of welcome and appreciation.

Sister McClurkin made a good talk of praise for the achievement of our women and hope and cheer for the future, especially for the young people.

Gladly Hicks played a very beautiful instrumental solo, enjoyed by all.

Mrs. Johnson then gave a most inspiring and uplifting address on "service", especially in the lowly walks of life. Lack of space forbids details, but at the last she gave an incident about a soldier dying and saying "carry on, carry on." She also mentioned Red Cross work as worthy.

During her talk she faced us, A I, which met with applause.

Mrs. Johnson gave a few personal remarks of appreciation of the invitation when Mrs. Mounts laughed over the phone and how her heart was just running over with joy to come.

Our hearts went out to Mrs. Connel in sympathy and a special prayer was made in her behalf.

There were sentence prayers in which each one expressed cooperation in the cause and loyalty to the Boys.

Delicious refreshments were served of angel food cake and patriotic ice cream. During the social period, Miss Elzina Mounts sang a fitting close to a great day and a glorious occasion.

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days  
 Druggists refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Instantly relieves itching Piles, and you can get mental sleep after the first application. Price 6c.

YOU'LL LIKE HEREFORD

I Wish to Announce

that I have moved to the John A. Johnson old place of business. I want to thank the people of Hereford and country for the support they have given me in the grocery business, and hope you will continue to do likewise.

I will sell for cash only.  
 Bring me your eggs and poultry.

Phone 7

L. W. Carlyle

Getting Ready

for the Fourth Liberty Loan Drive of SIX BILLION DOLLARS!

Each day you note thru the press that county managers are being carefully selected and announced for the next big drive in September.

That is a VERY short few weeks away. Many of us are still busy cleaning up from the Third Drive, and Red Cross Campaign.

This bank will be glad to serve patriotic citizens in adjusting their business to handle the new strain just ahead of them.

The First National Bank

SAFETY SERVICE SECURITY

Citation By Publication.

THE STATE OF TEXAS, To the Sheriff or any Constable of Deaf Smith County—GREETING:

You are hereby commanded, that you summon, by making publication of this Citation in some newspaper in the County of Deaf Smith if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in any newspaper published in the sixth judicial district, but if there be no newspaper published in said judicial district, then in a newspaper published in the nearest district to said judicial district, for 4 weeks previous to the return day hereof, Chas. E. Foster whose residence is unknown, to be and appear before the Hon. District Court, at the next regular term thereof, to be holden in the County of Deaf Smith at the Court House thereof, in Hereford on the 28 day of October 1918, then and there to answer a Petition filed in said court, on the 18th day of July A. D. 1918, in a suit numbered on the docket of said court No. 1154, wherein Bertha Foster is plaintiff and Chas. E. Foster is defendant. The nature of the plaintiff's demand being as follows, to-wit:

That on the 18th day of October 1916, plaintiff and defendant were lawfully married in Kansas City, State of Missouri, and thereafter removed from said Kansas City, Mo., to the City of Hereford, in Deaf Smith County, Texas, plaintiff claiming to be a resident citizen of the State of Texas for a period of more than 12 months. That on or about the 1st day of January 1917, the defendant began a course of harsh and cruel treatment toward the plaintiff, and continued said treatment toward plaintiff until on or about the 23rd day of March, 1917, at which time such treatment became unbearable and rendered the living together by plaintiff and defendant insupportable, and on account of which plaintiff left the defendant, and since said time has been permanently separated from him. The plaintiff avers that she was at all times kind and affectionate and dutiful toward said husband and that said conduct on the part of the defendant, was not caused by the plaintiff; that from the date of said separation, defendant cursed and abused plaintiff and in other ways struck her.

Plaintiff avers that prior to her marriage with defendant, she had been married to Jack Stanton, who had died leaving plaintiff a widow with three children, the result of said marriage, and for that reason plaintiff desires her name to be restored to Bertha Stanton.

Plaintiff prays that defendant be cited to appear and answer this petition and on final hearing she have judgment against defendant, permanently dissolving the bonds of matrimony between herself and defendant; for a divorce; for the restoration of her name to Bertha Stanton and for cost of suit.

HEREIN FAIL, NOT, and have you before said Court, on the 31st first day of the next term thereof, this writ.

with your endorsement thereon, showing how you have executed the same. Given under my hand and seal of said Court, at office in Hereford this 22nd day of July A. D. 1918.

A. O. THOMPSON,  
 Clerk District Court, Deaf Smith County, Texas.  
 By J. R. JONES, Deputy.

Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic  
 destroys the malarial germ which are transmitted to the blood by the Malaria Mosquito. Price 50c.

OCEANS OF WATER

Flight over there or save over here. Go across or come across. Every American has a duty to perform. Texas should make War Savings Stamp his 16c.



BROOD-SOWS AND DAIRY COWS!

Back to Nature!

There are a lot of people around Hereford talking trade of their city property for country property.

Better not spring this on me unless you mean business, because I have a trade on this basis that will just simply

Make You Trade

or else take your property off the market. See or phone me at once.

Elliston Realty Company

P. S. Please don't bring me any more Cultivators—I have all I can possibly use for the time being.

J. B. E.

I have insured the lives of several cattle sold at the recent Red Cross Auction Sale. Have you insured the life of the one you purchased?  
T. K. WILSON.

# THE HEREFORD BRAND

PUBLISHED AT HEREFORD, DEAF SMITH COUNTY, TEXAS

REGISTERED CATTLE are too valuable not to be insured. Is the life of yours insured?  
T. K. WILSON.  
All kinds of Insurance.

## Keep your implements under cover

Nothing does your machinery so much harm as standing out in the weather—either sun or rain. Make money by saving this useless expense. We will be glad to help you plan a machinery shed.

### Panhandle Lumber Co., A. C. Thompson, Mgr.

Successors to the Palmer Lumber Company

"SERVICE OUR MOTTO"

OUR AIM—TO HELP IMPROVE THE PANHANDLE

## LOCAL AND PERSONAL

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Hamm returned last Friday from Del Rio, where Mr. Hamm has been in training. On account of the illness of her husband Mrs. Hamm has been down there. At present they are at the home of Mr. Hamm's parents in Castro county. Mr. Hamm will have to return for duty Aug. 11th.

Refrigerators will be closed out at extra low prices now.  
E. B. Black Co.  
27-2t\*

Pleas Watson left Tuesday morning for El Paso where he will enlist in the navy. Also Ralph Smith and Roy Haber who will enter Technical training school at Camp Mabry, Austin.

When you want pure apple cider vinegar we can fill your order.  
27-1t\* Hereford Produce Co.

Mrs. Lillian Stanberry, of Midlothian, Texas, arrived Saturday and visited in the home of D. W. Hawkins. She left Monday and will visit in Amarillo and Memphis before returning to her home.

We are closing out porch furniture at Wilson's Furniture Store.  
27-3t\*

Lottie Stagner and her aunt, Mrs. W. H. Stagner, went to Canyon Wednesday to spend a few days with relatives.

OCEANS OF VINEGAR at Cash & Carry Grocery. 27-1t

Miss Nellie Parmer returned Wednesday from a visit in the home of Sam Braton, of Clovis, N. M.

### W. E. HICKS

Brand: O Right Shoulder  
Dealer in Hereford Cattle  
Hereford, Texas.

Mrs. C. C. Slaughter left Thursday to visit relatives in Skidmore, Missouri.

Now is your opportunity to buy a good piano, a good talking machine or sewing machine on terms to suit your self.  
E. B. Black Co.  
27-2t\*

Miss Gladys Hilliker went to Amarillo Wednesday to visit relatives.

Big close out sale on Croquet Sets at Wilson's Furniture Store.  
27-3t\*

Miss Floss Johnson, of Riceville, Iowa, arrived Wednesday to visit her sister Mrs. Frank Lambert.

Pickling season is on, get your Apple Cider Vinegar at Cash & Carry Grocery. 27-1t\*

G. M. Suggs and family went to Clovis last Saturday in an auto to visit Mrs. Sugg's sister Mrs. E. A. Comer.

We are ready to fill all orders for groceries and save you money, why pay the big price when you can buy better for less.  
27-1t\* Hereford Produce Co.

Homer Wilkinson and Earl E. Wilson made a business trip to Amarillo last Wednesday.

Pickling season is on, get your Apple Cider Vinegar at Cash & Carry Grocery. 27-1t\*

W. E. Dameron returned Tuesday from a visit to the Ranger oil fields.

Our line of rugs were bought and paid for last fall. Hence we are selling away below present market price. Linoleums too.  
Wilson's Furniture Store.  
27-3t\*

Mrs. J. P. Allen returned Wednesday after a visit with her sister Miss Ethel Sutton of Amarillo.

Would you like some spice pickles. 15c per dozen.  
27-1t\* Hereford Produce Co.

Mrs. W. M. Eason of Amarillo, who is Deputy of the Woodman circle came down Wednesday to install some new members.

California Canned Goods cheaper than you can pack them. Cash & Carry Grocery. 27-1t\*

Dr. G. W. Heard left the first of the week to be gone for two weeks visiting friends and relatives at his old home in Ashland, Ala.

Pea Berry Coffee \$1.25 per peck.  
27-1t\* Hereford Produce Co.

Mrs. R. F. Scott of Denver, Colorado, is visiting relatives at Big Square.

### FARM LOANS

Money to loan on farms. We are in position to loan money for Five, Seven, or Ten years. See us if you need money.  
3-tf. ASHBROOK & SUGGS.

Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Phillips have returned to their home in Celina, Texas, after a two weeks visit with their son W. W. Phillips at Big Square.

CONSERVE that New Grass with good fencing! Foil the Flies with good SCREENS. We carry complete lines of fence posts and wire screens.  
20-tf\* Panhandle Lumber Co.

Mrs. C. E. Lester went to Dawn last Wednesday to spend a few days with her husband and son who are keeping "batch" on the ranch.

We have some extra good grape juice. 40c per quart.  
27-1t\* Hereford Produce Co.

Miss Willie Dickert returned to Canyon Tuesday where she is attending school after a few days visit with her parents.

We candle each egg before it reaches your table. Call Hereford Produce Co. for fresh eggs 21-tf\*

Mrs. C. W. Warick of Canyon, was a Hereford visitor last Tuesday. Mrs. Warick will teach school at Dimmitt next year.

\*If you have Real Estate for sale we would be pleased to have it listed with us. If you wish to buy, see US. 50-tf ASHBROOK & SUGGS.

Miss Lela Paton and her mother went to Amarillo Tuesday where Miss Lela will undergo an operation for appendicitis.

We want your poultry, eggs, cream and produce. Come and get the Cash.  
16-tf\* Hereford Produce Co.

Mrs. Dr. Bowe returned Monday from a visit with her father B. J. Park, of Goldwaite, Texas.

Chas. Phillips left Tuesday to visit relatives and friends in his home at Celina, Texas, before entering training camp.

As cane sugar is scarce, let the soldiers have the best. We have plenty of corn sugar—can sell any amount you want from one pound to a ton.  
27-1t\* Hereford Produce Co.

Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Harberer of from a three weeks' visit with Mr. Harberer's sister, Mrs. Jake Faist of Portland, Ore., returning via San Francisco, Cal.

Miss Mayme Storey left Friday to visit her aunt, Mrs. L. C. Fox, of Colorado Springs.

Miss Vivian Coffman, who is attending school in Canyon spent the week-end last week with her sister Mrs. Fred Elliston.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Cavett, of Post, Texas, arrived Thursday to visit their son, O. B. Cavett.

Mrs. Beulah Grason was a business visitor in Hereford Wednesday.

Mesdames Geo. W. and Ward Taylor of Friona, were in Hereford last Friday shopping.

Mrs. Clyde Beach and mother went to Lubbock Saturday to visit Mrs. Ward's father W. J. Luna.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Ferguson left Saturday for a months visit with relatives in Amarillo.

Mrs. R. F. Parks of Taft, Calif., and Mrs. G. L. Davidson of Fellows, Calif., arrived Friday to visit their parents Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Ricketts.

If you need any bran for your stock call us before it is all gone, we'll make the price right.  
27-1t\* Hereford Produce Co.

Mrs. J. P. Broiles and son, John left last Friday for a visit with relatives in Southern Mo.

Mrs. S. J. Sites and daughter left Thursday to visit her daughter, Mrs. John Henson, of Pampa, Texas.

Mrs. M. J. Moseley left Thursday for Headley, Texas, to visit her daughter, Mrs. Bell Hill.

Mrs. W. H. Davis received a message that her brother was very ill therefore left for his home in Girard, Kansas, last Thursday.

Mrs. J. H. Miller and children left Friday to visit her sister Mrs. W. H. Newberry, of Childress, Texas.

### Pioneer of Plains Goes on a Visit to California

Mr. and Mrs. B. T. Bell of Castro county, parents of Mrs. Allen Bell of Hereford, and Mrs. Harvey Cash and Mrs. Edgar Ireland of Dimmitt, left Hereford Wednesday for California, where they will spend some time with their son, Bareley Bell, Jr., of Los Angeles. Accompanying them was little Miss Lillian Cash, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Cash, who is not in the best of health. It is hoped that a change in climate will benefit her.

Mr. and Mrs. Bell are pioneers in this section, and number their friends and acquaintances by the hundreds.

## A New Ford

### For \$1.75

A One-Coat Paint that Gives a High Finish in 24 hours

The Result is CORNER DRUG STORE

### Executive Committee of Local Red Cross Thanks the Breeders.

On behalf of the membership of the Deaf Smith County Chapter, express to those breeders of registered Hereford cattle who so generously donated to the Recent Auction Sale, and to those who bought the animals or otherwise contributed to the success of the Sale, our most sincere appreciation of an amazing patriotic effort successfully carried through, and our most profound gratitude for the financial aid thus providentially rendered, the local Chapter in the conduct of its work.

It was a magnificently BIG idea and one worthy of the class of men behind it. We are proud of the neighborhood in which we live and glad to be enrolled among the citizenship of a county that boasts an honor roll as was unfolded on July 15th.

(Signed)  
The Executive Committee—Deaf Smith County Chapter American Red Cross.

### Wyoming Man tells of Big Coal Mines in the Northwest

N. A. Doolittle, an electrician of Sheridan, Wyoming, is spending a few days with his father, W. A. Doolittle of Hereford, before being called in army service.

Mr. Doolittle has been with a large electric concern at Sheridan which supplies power for the big coal mines in that vicinity. He states that one of these coal veins is 45 feet thick. He has been drafted, and is to be sent to a camp soon to be trained as a radio operator.

### NOTICE

On and after August 1st, the sugar allowance to a family will be on the basis of 2 pounds per head per month, children under years of age are not being counted. Patter county and other counties are placing families on the card system, the administrator of this county has so far hesitated to put this system into effect, this county owing to the fact that 95 per cent of the people have obeyed every order issued.

While this is a reduction of one third from the allotment heretofore allowed I am expecting the people of Deaf Smith county meet this order in the patriotic spirit which they have always displayed. It will be rather hard for the grocers to keep an exact count of the sugar purchases, as I am depending on the individual families to see that they do not go over their allowance. All the who willfully go over the allowance set, will be placed on the card system.

JOHN S. JONES  
County Food Administrator

### FORMER LIEUTENANT IN HEREFORD GUARDS NOW IN THE ARMY

H. B. Carpenter, brother-in-law of George Brockhahn, who recently departed for the wheat field of Kansas, is now a drill Sergeant in the Fifth Infantry, U. S. Jefferson Barracks, Mo.

Carpenter will be well remembered as Second Lieutenant of the Deaf Smith County Guards upon his departure recently. He formerly served an enlistment in the army, and was immediately given a high non-commissioned rank upon re-enlistment.

## Hard Luck Stories

### Are Common Now

Let everybody do their best and their full duty in every respect

Sacrifice, Save and Serve

Better conditions and times will return to us

## The Western National Bank

"U. S. Depository"  
Operating Capital \$125,000.00

## Pianos

OUR STOCK OF PIANOS IS QUITE COMPLETE AT THIS TIME.

We are justly proud of the splendid line we are handling. We can serve you best in this department of our store—than any one anywhere.

We handle

The BALDWIN LINES  
The KOHLER and CAMPBELL LINES  
The IVERS and POND LINES.

We show all these goods in stock. We are prepared to save you 50.00 to \$100.00 on your piano and will sell you on terms to suit your wants or requirements.

## Pathe Phonographs

We have on hand a full stock of those wonderful talking machines. If you don't own one—you should investigate their most excellent qualities. They give perfect satisfaction. We sell them also on terms.

### Singer Sewing Machines

This subject needs no introduction. You know what they are. If you need a machine—you are safe in selecting a SINGER

Price of all machines will advance materially in the near future. It will pay YOU to buy NOW and save the extra price. You can own a Singer like renting it. Your credit is good with us.

Yours very truly,

E. B. Black Co.