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Vol. 12.

CLARENDON, DONLEY COUNTY, TEXAS, FRIDAY, AUGUST 17, 1900.

No. 21

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When you read this paper, hand it to your neighbor, ask him to read it and send in his subscription.

## ARE NEARING PEKIN.

Allied Forces Are Only a Short Distance from Chinese Capital.

## ARE ONLY 33 MILES.

They Have Left the Railroad and Are Forging Ahead—The Enemy Has Not Attacked Their Rear as Yet.

Washington, Aug. 14. The American commander in China in a dispatch of just three words received at the war department late Monday sent a thrill of excitation and expectation throughout official circles by announcing his arrival at Ho Si Wu, only 33 miles from Peking last Thursday.

The last heard from him before this was at Yang Tsun, which had been captured after a hard fight and word of his movements since then had been eagerly awaited. Thursday he was 18 miles beyond Yang Tsun. Lang Fang, the place where the ill fated Seymour expedition met its fate and turned back, had been left behind. The battle at Yang Tsun was fought on Aug. 6 and the advance to Ho Si Wu was accomplished on the ninth day, a march of 18 miles. This was four days ago and at the same progress Chaffee is even now fairly within striking distance of the wall of Peking.

The dispatch from Chaffee conveying so much in so few words was as follows: "Che Foo, Adjutant general, Washington: Tenth—Arrive at Ho Si Wu yesterday."

Word of the advance soon spread throughout official quarters. In the enthusiasm of the moment a report got about that this was the day for the actual arrival at Peking. But the war department had not a word of the advance beyond Hi So Wu. It was deemed hardly likely that the march to Peking could have been made since last Thursday. At the rate of progress, six miles a day, made from Yang Tsun to Ho Si Wu, about 24 miles, would have been covered in the last four days and up to now this would still leave the international forces nine miles from Peking.

Viewed from any standpoint, the advance to Ho Si Wu was of the utmost importance, not only strategically, but also in showing that communication was open back to Che Foo that the expected opposition from Chinese forces had not been sufficient to prevent the steady forward movement and in the influence it would have upon the Chinese government.

Brief as the dispatch is, it conveys much information beyond that specifically contained in its few words. Although it is not stated what force has arrived, the war department accepts it to mean that this is the international force which first took Pei Tsang and then Yang Tsun. It has gone steadily forward along the left bank of the Pei Ho river, keeping on the main road which skirts the river bank. At Yang Tsun the railway crosses the river and branches off to the west. Now the forces have left the railway far in the rear and are depending upon the highway and the river.

Ho Si Wu is a place of considerable size and the largest town between Tien Tsun and Chung Chia Wan. The latter place and Chung Chow are the two cities of considerable size in the line of advance after leaving Ho Si Wu. It is surrounded by orchards and gardens and is not a place likely to have afforded an opportunity for a strong defense. It is the highest point on the Pei Ho river where the water is dependent on the native walls are a source of supply on the balance of the route to Peking.

As it has taken five days for Gen. Chaffee to report the advance to Ho Si Wu, it is evident that wire communication is not open to the front. This was hardly to be expected and the safe arrival of the message at least show that a certain measure of communication is open.

One of the chief sources of knowledge among officials is that the forces of China have not materialized, or at least have not prevented the international column from drawing close to the gates of Peking.

Shortly after this dispatch arrived another message from General Chaffee, far more lengthy, gave the melancholy result of the fighting at Yang Tsun. The casualty list was given in detail with the additional information that the dead had been buried at Yang Tsun and that the wounded had been sent back to the hospital at Tien Tsun.

**Enrolling Cherokees.**  
Muldrow, I. T., Aug. 14.—The Dawes commission has begun the work of enrolling Cherokees here. Colonel T. B. Needles and Major C. B. Breckenridge are superintending the work. The commission has decided to move to Fort Gibson next Monday and remain there three weeks.

**Gold From Skagway.**  
Seattle, Wash., Aug. 14.—The City of Seattle has arrived at Port Townsend bringing considerable gold from Skagway. Senator Mason of Illinois, was a passenger.

**Rural Delivery in Arkansas.**  
Washington, Aug. 14.—The postoffice department has ordered that rural free delivery service be established on Aug. 15 at Dardanelle, Ark.

## SEEKING WORK.

Puerto Ricans Asking the Governor for Work to Keep From Starving.

San Juan, Aug. 14.—More than 100 laborers, with their wives and children reached this city after two days of weary marching without food, from San Lorenzo, a distance of 27 miles. The procession was made up of all sorts and conditions, led by a negro woman with an American flag and carrying banners on which was inscribed the words: "Give us Work," and marched quietly through the city to the executive mansion where a halt was made.

The spokesman then called upon Civil Governor Hunt and explained that the object of the visit was to ask the government to open a road between Caguas and San Lorenzo, thus enabling the laboring classes of the district to get a livelihood.

She said at present there was no work of any kind in the district and the people were wholly dependent upon their daily earnings, were without bread and suffering. Mr. Hunt replied sympathetically and promised that the government would do all in its power to relieve the situation.

The delegation immediately retired, well pleased with their interview and the procession left the city an hour after it had entered and began the return journey.

Orders were promptly issued for work to be begun on the road and for the employment of as many people as possible who might apply from the district. The spokesman of the deputation had said there was no expectation of gratuitous government assistance, but merely a desire for work. Official investigation shows that the district in question is very bad off and that no work of any sort has been in operation there for some time. It is pointed out that the conditions are partially due to the old system of government relief which had a tendency to pauperize the recipient and lead many to believe that the government would indefinitely support the poor in idleness.

**Little Girl Abducted.**  
Kenosha, Wis., Aug. 15.—Little Hazel Patterson was stolen from the arms of her mother, Mrs. William Maloney. Her abductors made their escape by means of a carriage held in readiness close at hand. The abduction has caused great excitement. It was the result of a family quarrel over the possession of a child. The little girl is 11 years old and is the child of a former marriage. Her mother came here from Mansfield, Pa., three years ago.

**Much Disaffection.**  
Chicago, Aug. 14.—W. J. Bryan had a conference with delegates of colored men headed by J. Milton Turner of St. Louis, former minister to Liberia. They represented that there was much disaffection among the members of their race with the present administration and assured Mr. Bryan that they would receive the votes of many of them. They therefore urged the importance of the organization of Bryan Democratic clubs.

**Making an Investigation.**  
Havana, Aug. 14.—Postoffice Inspector Gregory and Messrs. Conant and Wright, special counsel in connection with the postal frauds, will begin their investigation into all postoffice documents bearing on the case of C. F. W. Neely next Thursday. The data thus collected, will also serve as a substitute for the lost ledgers. Estes G. Rathbone has given up the official residence he formerly occupied at El Corro and is now living at the Hotel Trocha Elvadoro.

**Trains Collide.**  
Tennille, Ga., Aug. 14.—A Southern railway train from Augusta was wrecked here and 13 people were badly hurt. Several other were less seriously hurt. All of the injured are doing well. The train broke in two on a steep grade and the two sections collided. The train was partly made up of excursionists from Tennille to Savannah.

**Texas Truck Growers.**  
Mathis, Tex., Aug. 14.—At the annual meeting of the South Texas Truck Growers' association, resolutions were adopted demanding of legislature an annual appropriation of \$50,000 for the establishment and maintenance of experimental stations in different sections of the state; memorializing the legislature to pass drainage laws which are practicable; also various resolutions having to do with truck farming as an occupation.

**A Big Purchase of Cars.**  
Santiago, De Chile, Aug. 13, via Galveston.—The Chilean congress has voted \$2,500,000 Chilean currency for a cargo of cars, the greater portion of which will be purchased in the United States. Tenders have been invited for building the great iron bridge over the river Maipo.

**Cuban Desperado Killed.**  
Santiago, Aug. 14.—Parajita, the well known bandit, was killed about 20 miles from Santiago by a corporal of the rural guard. This outlaw, who was a Cuban marauder, had been terrorizing the country for several years. He was a thorough desperate character and had committed numerous murders.

**Candidate for Senator.**  
Omaha, Aug. 14.—The World-Herald will print from Gilbert H. Hitchcock, publisher and owner of that paper, the announcement that he will be a Democratic candidate for United States senator to succeed John M. Thurston.

**Jeffries Hurt.**  
New York, Aug. 14.—Champion James J. Jeffries wrenched one of his limbs by falling from a bicycle at his training quarters at Loch Arbor, near Asbury Park, N. Y.

## AN ARKANSIAN MISSING.

G. M. Street a Prominent Politician, Is Supposed to Have Suicided.

Little Rock, Ark., Aug. 14.—George M. Street, chairman of the Democratic county central committee, and one of the most prominent men of the state, has disappeared and is thought to have committed suicide in St. Louis. A letter from that city dated Aug. 9, and signed by Street, avers that he will have committed suicide by drowning in the Mississippi river before the letter reaches its destination.

Mrs. Street has returned from St. Louis after an investigation and is convinced that her husband is dead. Street was a member of the firm of Miles & Street, owning several race horses now in New York. He leaves a wife and two daughters, the latter at Rienza, Miss.

## IT IS NOT TRUE.

President Kruger Has Not Given Any Money for Democratic Campaign.

New York, Aug. 14.—Touching a dispatch from Pretoria printed in London under date of Aug. 10, in which it was stated that President Kruger is contributing between \$2,500,000 and \$3,000,000 to the election of W. J. Bryan and that Webster Davis has received \$125,000 from the same source, as a contribution for the Democratic campaign fund, C. D. Pierce, consul general and treasurer of the Boer relief fund and P. Lauter Wells, special commissioner of the South African republic, of this city, gave out a denial of both statements, adding to the denial the following:

"The Boers have another and better use for their funds. England is in desperate straits for the 'sinews of war' when she will resort to such despicable means to influence the American people against the Boer cause, who fully 95 per cent of her citizens are in our favor."

## Stevadors Strike.

Baltimore, Aug. 14.—The strike of 2000 union stevedores who went out last week is assuming an ugly aspect and minor disturbances are of daily occurrence. A big crowd Monday night attacked a streetcar at Locust Point in which were a number of nonunion negroes who had taken the strikers' places and bombarded it with bricks and other missiles until dispersed by police.

Last night they attacked a gang of 15 colored men as the latter emerged from the Baltimore and Ohio docks at Locust Point, following them several blocks and pelting them with stones and bricks. One of the negroes drew a pistol and fired five shots into the crowd of men, women and boy who were following them. Three of the shots took effect, wounding Henry Prosser, Joseph Bensch and Arthur Baynier. None of the wounds are serious and the man who did the shooting, together with his companions, fled and has not been captured.

## Will Be There.

New York, Aug. 15.—The National Association of Democratic clubs has received personal assurance from W. J. Bryan that he will attend the quadrennial convention of the association in Indianapolis on Oct. 3 and 4. It is announced that during the three weeks the three weeks the association headquarters in this city have been opened 125,000 new members have been received into the organization.

## Boers Still in Force.

London, Aug. 14.—The Boers have left Marchador, according to the London Marquee correspondent of the Daily Mail, and occupied Waterbolder in force. A considerable portion of Commandant General Botha's camp and stores at Dalmanthus was destroyed by fire. According to another special dispatch Barberton has been proclaimed the new seat of the Transvaal government.

**Philip H. Morgan Dead.**  
New York, Aug. 14.—Philip H. Morgan, former United States minister to Mexico, died in this city as a result of a cancer, aged 75 years. Mr. Morgan was born in Baton Rouge, La., and was prominent socially and politically in Louisiana for many years. During recent years he has been engaged in the practice of law in New York City.

**Ordered to China.**  
Little Rock, Aug. 14.—Company A, First Infantry, which has been stationed at Fort Logan H. Root since its return from the Cuban war, has received orders to leave at once for San Francisco. They will leave in a special train and expect to sail for Nagasaki on Aug. 20. Company K of the Twelfth infantry will be sent to this post.

**Charged With Selling Liquor.**  
Ardmore, I. T., Aug. 13.—Deputy United States marshals Friday brought down from Wynwood 11 men charged with selling liquor. Seven of them gave bond and were released, the other four being committed to jail.

**Killed With a Toy Pistol.**  
Fort Smith, Ark. Aug. 13.—John Frieman, a colored boy of 16 years, accidentally killed Mittie McDavid with a toy pistol, which he did not know was loaded.

**Rural Free Delivery.**  
Washington, Aug. 13.—The postoffice department has ordered that rural free delivery service be established on Aug. 15 at Hennessy, O. T., and New Boston, Tex.

**Collision at South McAlester.**  
South McAlester, I. T., Aug. 1.—A Choctaw, Oklahoma and Gulf passenger train was run into by a freight train while standing on the crossing here. One coach and the engine was damaged, but no one hurt.

## THE STATE PLATFORM.

Some Strong Planks Adopted at the Waco Convention.

## INDORSES SAYERS.

No Free Passes to Be Issued—Wants Compulsory Arbitration to Settle Disputes Between Employer and Employee.

Waco, Tex., Aug. 11.—The committee on platform and resolution received the following report from the subcommittee:

1. Recognizing that the American people are now confronted by issues, the decision of which will mark an era in the life of our republic, the Democracy of Texas, in convention assembled, desires to emphasize its indorsement of the platform of the party set forth by the Kansas City convention as being wise, patriotic and expedient, and as presenting a righteous solution of the great questions involved, and invites the cooperation of all classes of our citizenship in maintaining the fundamental principles of government as announced therein.

2. We congratulate our people upon the nomination by our party of a man for president whose splendid statesmanship knows no section and whose lofty patriotism has elevated American manhood, and we pledge to the Democracy of the nation 15 electoral votes for William Jennings Bryan and Adlai E. Stevenson.

3. We especially commend the manner of their selection as voicing the spontaneous will of a free people, uncontrolled by the whip of the party boss and uninfluenced by organized greed.

4. Believing that United States senators ought to be elected by a direct vote of the people, we instruct our delegation in congress to work for the submission of a constitutional amendment having this end in view.

5. Recognizing that Texas is the natural gateway for the commerce of the Mississippi states, we commend our senators and members of congress for their earnest efforts toward obtaining Federal aid in deepening our harbors and improving our waterways, and we urge them to use all honorable means to further these enterprises.

6. In the confident expectation that the ownership, construction and control of the Nicaraguan canal by the United States government would be of great substantial and permanent benefit, not only to the entire country, but to Texas especially, our senators and representatives in congress are requested to give their earnest and active support to such legislation as will accomplish this purpose.

7. We indorse and commend the administration of Governor Sayers as being wise, patriotic and economical, and we especially approve of the enlargement and maintenance of the state eleemosynary institutions, putting them in the highest degree of efficiency and enabling them properly and promptly meet every demand; the successful management of the penal establishments; the reduction of taxation to the lowest rate of any state in the union save one; the energetic enforcement of the criminal law, giving protection to life and property without regard to race or conditions; the making of needed reforms in the method of purchasing supplies for the state institutions; the inhibition upon counties, cities and towns to issue bonds without authority from a direct vote of the people, and the requirement upon the treasurer of counties, cities and towns to make annual reports of all bonded indebtedness and of the disposition of the sinking funds which shows the honest effort to equalize taxation; enactment of a law making rebating and discriminating by railroads a felony, thereby stopping the pernicious practice for the first time in the history of any American commonwealth; 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## INDUSTRIAL WEST.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY BY

W. P. BLAKE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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Clarendon, Texas, Aug. 17 1900.

For President,  
**Wharton Barker**, of Penn'a.  
For Vice-president,  
**Ignatius Donnelly**, of Minn.

It is becoming fashionable east, so the papers say, for men to wear shirt waists. When the fashion strikes this county we have a scheme to induce our better half to get up first mornings. The first one up shall have choice of the garments.

THE democratic party offers no practical remedy for trusts. Bryan wants the national rail road commission to take the trust in hand when it is evident to everybody that the commission could not control a peanut stand.

In his speech at Dublin before the Erath and Comanche Ex-Confered Association on August 2nd, with his usual egotism and gall in parading himself before his hearers, Hon. Jas. W. Bailey asserted, "I am the only unconstructed rebel in congress."

JAMES K. JONES, chairman of the democratic national committee, is out in a long, labored article trying to explain that the American cotton Co. in which he is a stock holder, is not a trust. But with its millions invested, its numerous paid newspaper articles and its refusal to sell its presses outright it will be very hard for him to convince the public of his sincerity.

IF North Carolina had disfranchised the negroes outright, without conditions, the chances for future fraud in elections would not be as great as they now are. As it now stands the election boards can easily decide that a voter who will not vote their way cannot read and correctly interpret the constitution and shut him out, while one who votes to suit them can make the proper construction.

Gov. BECKHAM, of Kentucky has issued a call convening the general assembly in extra session, Tuesday, Aug 28. The call names but one subject upon which legislation can be introduced—the amendment or modification of the Goebel law. This law has proven so obnoxious that the state administration are not willing for it to stand until the general election, fearing it will bring about their defeat.

The Democrats are in convention at Waco this week, and a warm time between the Hogg faction and the Bailey forces is anticipated. Bailey needs a spanking awful bad, and if "By Gathias" don't give it to him, we've put our money on the wrong "hoss."—Wichita Falls Times.

O, no, Ed. The slick politicians were too sharp to go far enough to divide the convention into factions. It is true Hogg and Bailey have no love for each other, but they patched up a truce in the committee whereby the Hogg amendments can be paraded as a campaign measure and Bailey's questionable connection with the oil trusts as well as the dickering of the administration with that octopus would be shothered up or whitewashed.

Combinations of capital are the order of the day. It stands to reason that the workers will have to combine, too, in self-defense, and no class need to do this more than the farmer.—Quannah Tribune.

Yes, and when they do so the very papers that give such advice heap upon them all the ridicule they can for doing so, as has been proven by their past attempts in this line.

Collis P. Huntington, the great railroad magnate, died suddenly at his summer home in the Adirondacks during Monday night ten minutes after he was heard first to groan. He was a hard worker, always planning new lines. He was supposed to be worth \$30,000,000.

Marion Butler says he is neither a Democrat nor a Republican and he won't support Stevenson.

The Wise County Recorder is a new populist monthly at Decatur. The populists of that county should see that it is made a weekly at once.

## Bryan's Change of Front.

The New York World in sizing up Bryan's Indianapolis speech says he devoted 7,780 words to the Philippine policy, 520 words on national destiny, 500 on democracy and plutocracy, 67 words on money and 35 words on trusts. Four years ago in his great Madison Square Garden speech it stood this way with him: Money and silver 9,450 words, income tax 783, trusts 402, Chicago platform 295. This year his 67 words on money is but a tame mention of the subject, with no reference to free silver, legal tender notes nor the gold standard. The income tax was ignored as completely as it was in the platform. Stevenson in his speech of acceptance only gives 26 tame words to the money question.

## Butler Telegraphs A Denial.

LINCOLN, Neb., Aug. 14—The Independent, a local Populist paper today telegraphed Chairman Butler of the Populist national committee, for a denial of the report that he would take the stump for McKinley. The following telegram was in reply:

"Raleigh, N. C. Aug. 14—Report unqualifiedly false. I am for Bryan and the People's party nominee for vice president. I am in favor of the committee nominating candidate Aug. 27. I am not a Democrat; I am not a Republican. I am a Populist. I was not for Stevenson in 1896 and am not for him now."

MARION BUTLER, chairman.

## Bill Taylor Killed Bud Newman, But Was Afterwards Captured.

Coleman Tex., Aug. 13—Sheriff Knox and party arrived here this morning with Bill Taylor, who was captured below Sonora, a few days ago after he had killed Bud Newman and had himself received a serious wound from Newman's gun. Taylor was one of the four men who held up the Santa Fe train near this place in June, 1898, in which Fireman Johnson was killed. Newman was also one of the four, but was captured at the time the other three were lodged in jail here. Keeton and a brother of Bill Taylor are now serving life sentences in the penitentiary. Newman turned State's evidence and was released and he was used to capture Bill Taylor.

After he had succeeded in planning another train robbery near Comstock. Newman betrayed him to Sheriff Knox and he was lodged in jail at Coleman. In a few months he managed to saw out of his steel cage and escape about daylight on a Sunday morning, but, unfortunately for him, walked right up to the Sheriff's house and was again captured and lodged in another cell. About two months ago he again sawed out of his cell and escaped together with Noah Wilkerson, who had a ninety-nine year sentence from Runnels County.

Newman was again put on his trail and found him about seventy miles south of Sonora. Taylor got the drop on Newman and killed him, but not before Newman had fired his Winchester, which took effect in Taylor's groin. He is now resting easy after his long ride and says as he has killed Newman which was his object in life, is perfectly willing for the law to take its course.

## Dummies Gaggling at the Dose.

Although Texas' much talked of anti-trust law is now supposed to be in operation, our Attorney General goes right ahead issuing permits to such concerns as the Waters-Pierce Oil Co., only requiring that they make affidavit that they are not in a trust. H: does not seek to controvert these affidavits by evidence that would be furnished him willingly. Other states that have talked about copying the Texas anti-trust law had better look before they leap. There is a flaw in it somewhere, and the Attorney General seems to be making the most of it. Unless the State can elect officers who are in sympathy with this law, it had best be repealed. It is a mere nothing as it stands and is interpreted by Attorney General Smith, who, by the way, has just been re-nominated by the Democratic convention at Waco, and who every good Democrat is bound to support whether he wants to or not.—Wichita Falls Times.

Dr. Simmons' Sarsaparilla imparts new life and energy to all parts of the body. Good as well for baby as for grand-father. 130 doses \$1.00. Sold by Ramsey.

## Reform Growth in Texas.

It may not be uninteresting to retrospect the growth of the reform movement in Texas. Like all things else, it has had its reverses; but at all times it has had within its ranks men of honor, men of principle, men who have stood by their convictions in the darkest hours, men whom the lust for place, power and pelf could not swerve from their honest convictions. Such men are an honor to any party; they are the advance guard of a civilization which tends to elevate mankind and to establish on earth the Fatherhood of God, and the Brotherhood of Man. Such men stand out in shining contrast to the vacillating mercenary; time serving, place-hunting few, who have been unable to stand the persecutions for opinion's sake, the unholy lust for greed and gain and the venal promptings of their perverted natures. There still remains a goodly number who have not "bowed the knee to Baal" who have kept the faith, and are laboring still for that reward that will surely come to those who are faithful to the end. The rebound is always equal to the impact, and as the pendulum swings it shakes off the accumulated dust. So it must ever be. In order to note the ebb and flow of independent thought in Texas, we call attention to the following facts:

The figures given below show the independent or opposition vote in the years named, for governor, also the per cent, of the total vote cast:

1878, Hammond, 55,102, or 23 per cent.
1880, Hammond, 33,725, or 13 per cent.
1882, Jones, 102,501, or 40 per cent.
1884, Jones, 88,450, or 27 per cent.
1886, Dahoney, 19,288, or 7 per cent.
1888, Martin, 98,447, or 28 per cent.
1892, Nugent, 108,483, or 24 per cent.
1894, Nugent, 152,731, or 36 per cent.
1896, Kearby, 238,692, or 44 per cent.
1898, Gibbs, 114,855, or 36 per cent.

The thoughtful student of political history will find much in these figures to corroborate the claim that there is something wrong in our state methods of administering government. Under normal conditions, before Fusion had its ill effects on Texas Populism, our candidate received 44 per cent of the vote cast, which was nearly 100,000 more votes than any independent ticket in Texas had ever received. And even with a half-hammered candidate in the field in 1898, and with fusion clawing at the vitals of Populism everywhere, the vote was held up to the percentage of our 1894 campaign. If such a good showing could be made under such adverse conditions in 1898, may Populists not have great hope for the outcome this year with a sterling candidate in the field, and with no fusion to hamper him?—Mercury.

The household remedy is Hunt's Lightning Oil. All aches and pains quickly relieved. Satisfaction or money refunded. For sale by Ramsey.

An alleged interview with Col. Milton Park of Dallas, is being given publication in the democratic press of this district in which it is stated Park should have said that "the populists and the republicans in Texas will enter into a fusion deal similar to that of 1896." The reported interview is a myth, a pure concoction of the idle brain of a democratic reporter who wishes to mislead the people. The pops have already named their electors from the various districts and from the state at large and the state convention has instructed them to vote, if they are elected, for Barker and Donnelly. The foolishness therefore, of such assertions is ridiculous in the extreme and no democratic editor in Texas who is well enough posted on the geography of the country to know what state he lives in, for one moment believes any such reports, even though they do presume upon the ignorance of the people in publishing them.—Dublin Progress.

For digestive weakness, nervousness, pains in the side, flatulence, dizziness, wakefulness, headache and other annoying accompaniments of unequalled, Herbine is a prompt and costless remedy. Price, 50 cents at Ramsey's.

## More About India Famine.

"Yearly Famine in India: their Cause and True Remedy," is the title of a very comprehensive sixteen page pamphlet by George E. Buel. The cause of the famine, the author declares, is not the failure of crops' as many tell us, but because of the exportation of the enormous crops raised, and he proves it all beyond question by tables taken from government reports, showing yields and exports. We quote as follows:

"The natives who plowed, seeded, cut, reaped, bound, shocked, threshed and loaded the wheat on the great ocean steamship to be taken to England, are dying for want of it. What a sad commentary on Christian England, sitting down to a plentiful repast while in its richest empire millions of unhappy wretches are dying of starvation in the midst of most bountiful harvests of the world.

"It will be observed from the above tables that the Northwestern Provinces and Oudh, the Central Provinces and Bombay, which Sir Williams says were most intensely affected with famine in 1896-7-8, produced the largest crops in India with one exception. The British Indian Government and Sir William have made the civilized world believe that the crops in these provinces were an utter failure, and given this as a cause for millions dying of starvation, and have appealed to the world for subscriptions from year to year to aid the sufferers, at the same time permitting millions of bushels of wheat to be exported to England for greater profit.

"A famine is profitable to the government for the reason that when food is plentiful the laborer demands nine cents per day for his labor in building railroads. The government does very little work at these times, but waits until after the heavy exports of wheat, food becomes scarce and famine is on; then it offers the natives two cents per day and they must accept it or starve. Afterwards the people are taxed for the money expended for this labor on government work, as they call it. 'expenditure for famine relief.'

"The present method (remedy) of the government is to make an eloquent annual appeal to the civilized world for subscriptions of money and grain for its starving subjects, while the outflow of wheat from India to England still continues in volume.

"The true remedy is for the government to prohibit the export of wheat from India until there is an accumulation of a visible supply, from which it can feed its people.

"Under native rule, in some districts there was a law, which was carried out to the letter, that there should be built in every village and town, government granaries to hold sufficient grain for the population to live on for a year, in case of famine; and a 'head man' of the village or town was made responsible, under penalty of death, to see that sufficient grain was stored in these granaries.

"The British government' at the conquest, confiscated the grain so deposited and entirely did away with this philanthropic system. Let such system be restored and I believe there would be an end to these awful famines.

"And further, why should not the government loan seed grain to the poor farmers, requiring, if necessary, the return of the same after harvest, or upon a low rate of interest, instead of leaving them to the mercy of the unscrupulous grain dealers?"

Extreme hot weather is a great tax upon the digestive power of babies; when puny and feeble they should be given a dose of White's Cream Vermifuge. Price, 25 cents. Sold by H. D. Ramsey.

John Posey, a young man of Lamar County, was struck on the head with a croquet mallet and killed recently while in a row over the game.

For mosquito bites, bites or stings of insects, animals or reptiles, apply Ballard's Snow Liniment. It counteracts the poison in the wound, subdues the inflammation and heals the flesh. Price, 25 and 50 cents. For sale at Ramsey's drug store.

The Austin Statesman, in its report of the democratic state convention says: "When the floor was cleared Hogg attempted to speak again, but the crowd renewed its jeering. Finally Hogg began talking amidst all the din and amidst the uproar the words, 'Damn coward,' 'lying scoundrel,' 'cowardly curs,' floated out to the hearing of everyone, and finally some semblance of order was being secured, when suddenly a fight was seen to be in progress in the center of the hall. A cry went around that some one had drawn a sixshooter and was trying to kill Hogg. Pandemonium prevailed at once, delegates sprang to their feet, shrieked, gallery crowds howled and spectators on the grand stand nearly pushed the speaker and Hogg and press men off into the audience by their onward rush to the front to see the fight. A dozen men sprang to the front to prevent the fight. Some tired delegates had become incensed at Col. Jim Swain of Ft Worth and tried to settle differences in old Kentucky style. The fight was suppressed within a few minutes and order was restored and the speaker resumed."

## SUPERIOR WOOL.

English and American Manufacturers Looking For High Grades.

In the present unusual wool situation the growers should do everything possible to prevent the market from suffering from a flood of inferior goods, says E. P. Smith in The American Cultivator. The market is lacking today, especially in a fine assortment of good wool. There is more shoddy and inferior and poorly prepared wool than anything else. Manufacturers are looking around for grades that will suit high class fabrics, and some of them have even sent their agents to the London market to secure a better assortment. It is possible for farmers to improve this condition of affairs by a little more attention to details.

One thing in particular is that much otherwise fair wool is injured by the number of burs in it that have to be cut out. This always spoils good wool, and if all weeds and plants that produce these burs were cut down before they could blossom the wool product of the country would be greatly improved. It would be an easy matter to conduct a crusade against all plants that produce burs, and by cutting them down on the roadside and farm wherever found they would soon cease to cause trouble. Quite a little improvement in this line has been made in recent years, but there is still room for further improvement. Manufacturers like to see the wool come to them in fine shape, free from dirt and burs, and too much attention cannot be paid to this end of the business.

More careful washing and packing of wool call for some caution. Washing wool is a process that can be conducted thoroughly almost as well as carelessly. Washed wool needs to be made as clean as possible, and it should be packed and prepared for the market with the idea that its appearance will determine the price for it. This is often the case, and 1 or 2 cents a pound extra may be obtained for wool properly washed, packed and shipped. The long, curly, white wool seems to be in special demand now, and manufacturers are willing to pay the highest prices for this wool. The demand is more than likely to continue for several years, and it will pay to raise sheep that will produce this wool.

The Delaine type of ewe and ram will produce this wool better than any other breed. Select a few ewes of this breed with small bodies and long, curly white wool and breed them to rams of the same general type. The wool of such animals will sell better than the coarser wool of the Merino type. The fleece is heavier because longer in staple, and this is just what the market demands now. Fine wool with long staple will always command its price, and it is especially in demand now.

A Mother Tells How She Saved Her Little Daughter's Life.

I am the mother of eight children and have had a great deal of experience with medicines. Last summer my little daughter had the dysentery in its worst form. We thought she would die. I tried everything I could think of, but nothing seemed to do her any good. I saw by an advertisement in our paper that Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy was highly recommended and sent and got a bottle at once. It proved to be one of the very best medicines we ever had in the house. It saved my little daughter's life. I am anxious for every mother to know what an excellent medicine it is. Had I known it at first it would have saved me a great deal of anxiety and my little daughter much suffering.—Yours truly, Mrs. Geo. F. BUDICK, Liberty, R. I. For sale by Ramsey.

## Dr. P. M. Mehren,

Veterinary Surgeon.

Cures Horses or Cattle of Ringbone, Spavin, Fistula, Polleyil, Sore Eves or Blindness. Well recommended by citizens and Stock owners.

Call or leave orders at Fred Aurin's Tailor Shop. Permanently Located in Clarendon.

## H. W. TAYLOR & SONS

Carry the Largest and Best Assorted Stock of Hardware and Farm Implements In the Panhandle.

Call and get prices on Windmills, Pipe, Casing, Tanks, Farm machinery of all kinds. Builder's Hardware, Stoves, Ranges, Tinware, Cutlery and Queensware. Blacksmith and wagonmaker's supplies, Painter's supplies. Stock Fresh and Clean.

## Easum & Posey

ARE THE Draymen and Coal Dealers That give Prompt attention to all Orders And take only a small profit. CLARENDON, TEXAS.



HARTMAN for HARDWARE, Stoves, Tinware, Ammunition, Cutlery, Paints, Oils, Binder's Twine, Granite-ware Etc. Tin work and Repairing of all kinds.

Agent for Deering Harvesting Machinery. G. C. HARTMAN, Clarendon, Texas.

## CLARENDON COLLEGE

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A Chartered Literary Institution with a Faculty of Nine Teachers who are Specialists in their Departments. In addition to the Literary Department there are departments of Music, Art, Elocution, Book-keeping, Stenography and Type-writing. Reasonable Board, Reasonable Tuition, Healthful Location, A Ten Months Session.

FALL TERM OPENS SEPTEMBER 3, 1900. FRANK B. SR. JOHN, President. For Catalogue and Information, Address DR. J. D. STOCKING, Clarendon, Texas.

## Wharton Barker FOR PRESIDENT. Ignatius Donnelly FOR VICE-PRESIDENT.

## THE PEOPLE'S PARTY CANDIDATES.

All populists must know what our standard bearers have to say during the campaign before us, a campaign that promises to be the most aggressive and momentous in its consequences of any in the history of the country. Others also will want to keep thoroughly informed on the progress of the fight.

For the benefit of our present readers and others, and in furtherance of the cause of populism we have succeeded in making arrangements with The American (Wharton Barker's paper) and The Representative (Ignatius Donnelly's paper) by which we are able to offer both or either in combination with the INDUSTRIAL WEST at exceedingly low prices, to wit:

THE AMERICAN } one year for \$2.40.  
THE REPRESENTATIVE }  
THE INDUSTRIAL WEST }  
THE AMERICAN } one year for \$1.75.  
THE INDUSTRIAL WEST }  
THE REPRESENTATIVE } one year for \$1.65.  
THE INDUSTRIAL WEST }

The campaign has opened and will be pushed throughout the country, without cessation and with the utmost vigor until election day. Now take off your coats and in the spirit of populism, which knows no defeat, go to work with a will and elect your ticket.

Send your subscriptions to this office.

Populist National Platform, 1900. The Peoples party of the United States, assembled in National convention this 10th day of May, 1900, affirming our unshaken belief in the cardinal tenets of the People's party, as set forth in the Omaha platform, and pledging ourselves anew to continued advocacy of those grand principles of human liberty until right shall triumph over might, and love over greed, do adopt and proclaim this declaration of faith:

1. We demand the initiative and referendum and the imperative mandate or such changes of existing fundamental and statute law as will enable the people in their sovereign capacity to propose and compel the enactment of such laws as they desire; to reject such as they deem injurious to their interests and to recall unfaithful public servants.
2. We demand the public ownership and operation of those means of communication, transportation and production which the people may elect, such as railroads, telegraph and telephone lines, coal mines, etc.
3. The land, including all natural sources of wealth, is a heritage of the people, and should not be monopolized for speculative purposes, and alien ownership of land should be prohibited. All land now held by railways and other corporations in excess of their actual needs, and all lands now owned by aliens should be reclaimed by the government and held for actual settlers only.
4. A scientific and absolute paper money, based upon the entire wealth and population of the nation, not redeemable in any specific commodity, but made a full legal tender for all debts and receivable for all taxes and public dues, and issued by the government only, without the intervention of banks and of sufficient quantity to meet the demands of commerce, is the best currency that can be devised, but until such a financial system is secured, which we shall press for adoption, we favor the free and unlimited coinage of both silver and gold at the legal ratio of 16 to 1.
5. We demand the levy and collection of a graduated tax on incomes and inheritances, and a constitutional amendment to secure the same if necessary.
6. We demand the election of president, vice president, federal judges and United States senators by direct vote of the people.
7. We are opposed to trusts, and declare the contention between the old parties on the monopoly question is a sham battle, and no solution of this mighty problem is possible without the adoption of the principles of public ownership of public utilities.

**TIME TABLE.**  
Fort Worth & Denver City Railway.

**SOUTH BOUND.**  
No. 2, Mail and Express—Leaves 7:40 p. m. Arrives 7:40 p. m. Leaves 7:40 p. m. Local, daily except Sunday—Arrives 7:50 p. m. Leaves 6:15 a. m.

**NORTH BOUND.**  
No. 1, Mail and Express—Leaves 7:41 a. m. Local, daily except Sunday—Arrives 7:52 p. m. Leaves 7:35 a. m.

**RELIGIOUS EXERCISES.**  
Baptist, 2d, 3d and 4th Sundays at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.—Rev. J. Tommie, pastor. Sunday school 10 a. m. Prayer meeting every Tuesday night. Sunbeams 4 p. m. every Sunday.  
M. E. South, services every Sunday—Rev. J. B. Henson, pastor. Sunday school 10 a. m. Prayer meeting every Wednesday night. Junior Epworth League at 5 p. m. Epworth League at 4 p. m. every Sunday.  
Christian, Elder P. T. Denson, pastor. Services 3d Sunday and Saturday and Friday night before. Society of Christian Endeavor every Sunday at 10 a. m. Sunday school 10 a. m. First M. E. 2d & 4th Sunday 11 a. m. and 8:30 p. m.—Rev. J. Tommie, pastor. Sunday school 10 a. m. Prayer meeting every Wednesday night.  
Presbyterian—Services every Sunday 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Rev. W. F. Dickey, pastor. Sunday school every Sunday 10 a. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday, 8:30 p. m. Meets in the Court House. Every body cordially invited.  
Catholic, 3d—Rev. \_\_\_\_\_ priest in charge.

**SOCIETIES.**  
I. O. O. F.—Clarendon Lodge No. 381, meets every Thursday evening in their hall in 3rd story of courthouse. Visiting brothers made welcome. W. T. Jones, N. G.  
J. O. O. F.—Evening Star Encampment No. 143 I. O. O. F. meets 1st Tuesday night in each month.  
FRANK WARD, scribe.  
A. F. & A. M.—Clarendon Lodge No. 700, meets 3d Saturday night in each month over the Bank of Clarendon. Geo. Morgan, W. M. W. H. Cooke, Sec.  
CLARENDON CHAPTER, No. 216 R. A. M.—Meets the 1st Friday night in each month at 8:30 o'clock—Visiting companions cordially invited. J. K. Palmer, H. P.  
G. F. Morgan, Sec.  
W. O. W., Woodbine Camp No. 478—Meets in Odd Fellows Hall 3d and 4th Friday evenings. Visiting choppers invited. W. T. Jones, C. C.  
W. R. Silvey, Clerk.  
CLARENDON CHAPTER, ORDER EASTERN STAR—Meets every third Friday of each month at 7:30 o'clock in Masonic Hall over Bank of Clarendon. Mes. Mary Anderson, W. M. Miss Lida Blankenship, Sec.  
K. of P.—Panhandle Lodge, No. 90, Meets 1st and 3rd Tuesday nights in every month in their Casino Hall, Johnson's Hall. Visiting Knights cordially invited.  
W. H. Cooke, C. C.  
MORRIS ROSENFIELD, K. of R.

Business locals ten cents per line first insertion, five cents for subsequent, and all notices run and are charged for until ordered out. Job work cash on delivery, other bills on first of month.

**Announcements.**  
For Sheriff and Tax Collector, W. H. OLIVER, AL GENTRY, V. S. TERRY.  
For County and District Clerk, GEO. F. MORGAN, J. E. MOORE, J. S. TOWNSEND.  
For County Treasurer, H. D. RAMSEY.  
For Tax Assessor, G. W. BAKER, LEE S. SMITH.

**Business Locals.**  
All kinds of fruit at Anderson's. Pure Kentucky apple cider at Anderson's.  
John Townsend is now killing fat, home-grown cattle.  
Bargains in all kinds of 2nd hand goods at Hill & Decker's.  
Do not fail to try a sack of Anderson's famous B B Flour. Only \$2.20 per ewt.  
Don't forget that August Williams keeps ice drinks, ice cream and candies at his new confectionery store.  
Barrett strives to please his customers both in shaving and hair-cutting.  
Sewing machine for sale or rent at Hill & Decker's, Hartman's old stand.  
For delicious cookies, cakes, light bread and doughnuts go to August Williams.  
Anderson's famous B B Flour still holds the lead as the finest flour in the city. Only \$1.10 per sack.  
Barrett, the barber, keeps his razors keen and nerves steady and can give you a shave that is a pleasure.  
Call on August Williams for fine fruit, candies, nuts, cakes, cold drinks, etc., at the Calwell building.

**LOCAL ITEMS.**  
Chipped beef at Anderson's.  
Miss Lula Kendall is visiting in Memphis.  
Mrs. Jno. Hoffer has been very sick all week.  
Mrs. M. J. Holston returned home Monday from a visit at Childress.  
Jno. Townsend has added a room to his meat market, also a smoke room.  
Rich Bowlin and W. H. Morrison favored us with watermelons last week.  
L. L. Works, the life insurance man, has concluded to make Clarendon his permanent headquarters and will move his family here from Midlothian.  
We are the recipients of two large watermelons this week, weighing 39 and 47 pounds, through the generosity of W. R. Claunch and J. O. King. They were fine.  
Capt. Goodnight was in town this week and awarded to H. W. Kelley & Co. the moving of the Goodnight school building from its present location to the college grounds.  
Found—near the Baptist church a lap-robe. Owner can get it at this office by describing and paying for this notice.

Apples, oranges, lemons and peaches at Griffin's.  
Fresh barbecued meat on hand at Townsend's meat market.  
Frank Ward is spending this week at home.  
Mrs. A. F. Harrington is visiting at Fort Worth.  
F. N. Page left Wednesday night for Kansas City.  
J. M. Clower made a trip to Canyon City this week.  
Go to Ramsey's drug store for your school books.  
Miss Bernice Richards is reported quite sick this week.  
The depot has undergone a fresh coat of paint this week.  
T. Davis of Temple spent Monday here, the guest of Bert Trent.  
T. J. Tedlock and wife returned from Ft. Worth Sunday night.  
Chas. Wright left Monday morning for a trip to Wise county.

There is an examination of teachers going on today and tomorrow.  
Miss Edna Smith contemplates a visit to Hall county in a few days.  
Mrs. W. H. Meador returned Tuesday night from a visit at Memphis.  
Mr. Erwin has returned from Denton and reports his mother improving in health.  
The family of Rev. Skinner was "pounded" Wednesday night by the Baptist members.  
Reports have it that Ex-Senator Ingalls and Ex-President Cleveland are both in very bad health.  
Rev. McKeown and family, left last night for Channing, which place they will make their home.  
T. J. Braidfoot and daughter, Miss Girtie, came over from Silverton yesterday on a trading trip.  
A sister of Mrs. W. R. Claunch, Mrs. Cowser, arrived here from Tarrant County this week on a visit.  
Albert Erwin returned from Denton county last week, where he left his mother much improved in health.  
Mrs. St. John and two daughters, who have been visiting in central Texas, arrive at their new home here Monday.  
T. P. Davis has gone back to carpentering and Clarence Crowe is filling his place on Caldwell & Jacques delivery wagon.  
Sam L. Gary and Miss C. M. Harrison were married Saturday evening by Rev. Dickey at the home of the bride's parents.  
The Baptist Ladies Aid society will meet at the Baptist church Wednesday afternoon and a full attendance is desired.  
J. F. McReynolds and wife, relatives of Dr. White, are here on a visit and for the benefit of Mrs. McReynolds' health.  
Troup, the butcher, bought a young bear Tuesday from R. L. McLaren, who roped it near Goodnight some two months ago.  
Mrs. E. E. McGee and son, John McGee, of Pilot Point, Texas, arrived here this week on a visit to their daughter and sister, Mrs. B. F. Naylor.  
Myrtle Easum, the two year old daughter of W. M. Easum, whom we mentioned as being sick last week, died Saturday morning and was buried Sunday after funeral services at the M. E. church.  
A fishing party consisting of a number of Clarendon people left Monday for Elm Creek, Collingworth County, where they will put in the week hunting and fishing. Another party started Wednesday for an outing.  
The College directors have appointed a committee to make an examination of the college rooms for the purpose of seeing what, if any, improvements can be made in the way of additional room, so as to be ready for all the scholars that might apply.  
Mr. J. P. Hodges called to see us Monday, the first time he has been to town since May. He is in feeble health, but we hope he will soon be fully recovered. He has a good crop and says this is the easiest place to make a living he has ever lived in.  
Reports have it that W. T. Jones will move his stock of groceries in the new I. E. Jones building as soon as completed, Caldwell & Jacques will move to the Donabue building and Jackson & Collier will open up a stock of merchandise in their building next to Ramsey.

R. B. Hearne and wife of near Mobetie were here the first of the week on business.  
Dr. Morris informs us he is looking for his mother and niece, Miss Daisy Lacy, on a visit.  
Will James, one of the J A ranch boys was slightly crippled by a yearling he roped a few days ago.  
A Movement for Railroads.  
A mass meeting is hereby called of citizens of Clarendon to convene at the court house Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock for the purpose of taking some steps toward securing the Rock Island railroad.  
The above call was signed by M. Rosenfield, H. D. Ramsey, W. T. Jones, McClelland Bros., W. P. Cook, W. B. Ware, Jno. T. Sims, John Hoffer, Nelson & Co., H. W. Taylor, W. F. White.  
When you want the best ice cream don't fail to go to Griffin's.  
All school books and school supplies at Ramsey's drug store.  
To Donley County Populists.  
All persons in Donley or adjoining counties who believe the populist platform comes nearest of any of the political platforms in advocating reforms that will be beneficial to the masses, and are willing to support the nominees of that party, are asked to fill out the following blank and send it to W. P. Blake, Clarendon, secretary of Donley County Populist executive committee. These names are wanted that headquarters may more easily communicate with the individual voters.

You may register my name, being an advocate of Populist principles.

Name \_\_\_\_\_  
Postoffice \_\_\_\_\_  
County \_\_\_\_\_

Rev. W. L. Skinner left yesterday for Clarendon where he has accepted the pastorate of the Baptist church of that place. The News, together with a host of friends, wish him well wherever he may go. He was accompanied by his daughters, Misses Norma and Willie, two very popular young ladies, who will be greatly missed by the young people of our town.—Seymour News.  
Only One Sample of Gall.  
A Western editor recently received the following letter.  
"Send me a few copies of the paper which had the obituary and verse about the death my little child a week or two ago, and publish the enclosed clipping about my niece's marriage, and I wish you would mention in local columns, if it don't cost me anything that I am going to have a public sale and will rent my farm, also that I have a few extra calves to sell. Send me a couple of extra copies this week, but as my time is out you can stop my paper, as times are too hard to waste money on a newspaper."  
Dr. Simmons' Sarsaparilla invigorates the nervous system, tones and strengthens the digestive organs, and at the same time eradicates disease. 130 doses \$1.00 For sale at Ramsey's.  
The democrats never take up an issue till it is settled. They took up the bank question about thirty years after the banks became a fixture. They took up the silver question a quarter of a century after silver was demonetized. Now, they will make the fight on a dead issue, one that has been settled, that is the question of expansion which they make their "paramount issue." They are always behind.—Courier.  
Excursion Rate to Colorado.  
On act of Farmer's National Congress at Colorado Springs the Fort Worth & Denver road will sell round trip tickets Sep. 19 and 20th to Col-Springs and Pueblo at \$24, and to Denver \$26. Good to return to Sep. 26th.  
Summer Excursions.  
Summer excursion tickets to eastern and northern points will be on sale by the Fort Worth & Denver R'y from June 1st to Sept. 30th; for further information inquire of F. A. Kennedy, Agt.

Commissioner's Court.  
The regular term of commissioner's court was held this week and the various reports of county officers were examined and approved, and the bond of the new commissioner, Jasper Stephens, was approved.  
An election was ordered to take place Sep. 8 in school district No. 4 to determine whether or not a special school tax of 20 cents on the \$100 should be levied.  
The following bills were allowed: Troup Bros., hauling, \$1.20; Hartman, supplies, \$8; Clark & Courts, claimed \$96.25, allowed \$82.20; Baker, assessor, \$200; Brinley, hauling, 50c; Banner Stockman, printing \$9.15; West Pub. Co. \$16; Wheeler Corrugated Iron Co., courthouse material, \$134; H. W. Kelley, water trough, \$7.30; Barnard & Co. \$19.70; E. H. Robeson, work on court house, \$220.25; Jas. Myers, hauling gravel, \$5.50; Buntin & Baker, hauling, \$1; Sheltons, road work \$13; P. D. Hudgins, road work, \$22; A. F. Lipe, work, \$1; W. H. Carpenter, road work, \$53.40; W. J. Thaxton, road work, \$7.50; Geo. Coursey road work, \$10; Geo. Crain, road work, \$7.50; I. W. Russell, road work, \$3.75; R. E. L. Smith, road work, Ben Chamberlain, supplies, \$5; W. H. Oliver, expense of prisoner, \$9.70; Sheriff, ex-officio, \$93; R. F. Clifton, boarding prisoner, \$61.50; Ramsey, supplies, \$5.95; Sawyer, lumber, \$78.43; J. P. Divine, road work, \$12.  
You can get all of your school books at Ramsey's drug store.

Buffalo Jones Loses Two Buffaloes.  
A Dispatch from Sherman says: Ill fate has followed the buffalo brought from the Goodnight ranch to Sherman for exhibition during the jubilee. Two of the three rare and splendid specimens have died. "Buffalo Jones," who is in charge, states that the market value of the animals lost there was in excess of \$1,000. The head of the one that died last will be mounted. It is stated that the head of a buffalo properly mounted commands \$250.  
Ramsey's prices on school books and school supplies are what most of small dealers pay for theirs.

**PANHANDLE NEWS.**  
Memphis has subscribed for 40 phones.  
L. B. Whitlow was thrown by a horse at Floydada Sunday and is not expected to live.  
The crops of Hale county are reported to be fully up to or above the average. Corn and oats are said to be much above the average. The fruit crop of the county is the heaviest ever known, and the fruit is better. Peaches plums and grapes are abundant.  
The newest new town on the Southern Kansas railroad is in Gray county, between Codman and Pampa, and has been named Hoover, in honor of the attorney general of the Southern Kansas of Texas Railway. H. E. Hoover of Canadian. It will be the county seat when Gray County organizes.—Canadian Record.  
For Sale.  
The Baptist parsonage, a house of four rooms, conveniently located, fair sized yard and stable is offered for sale at only \$600. See D. J. Calvary or call at this office.  
Old papers for sale at this office, 15 cents per 100.  
Now Is The Time.  
In the interest of your own welfare, now is the time to enlighten yourself as to the best place, and to begin providing for your next summer's comfort and pleasures. With this in view, consider the matchless climate, the grandeur of scenery and the numerous resorts of Colorado.  
Drop a postal to W. F. Sterley, A. G. P. A. or A. A. Gilson, G. A. P. D. of "The Denver Road," at Fort Worth, Texas, and you will be provided with exhaustive and magnificently illustrated literature without expense.  
Have you paid your subscription for '99 or renewed for 1900?

**DEATH.**  
Is threatening the American Republic. If you would help avert it read...  
SOUTHERN MERCURY.  
DALLAS, TEXAS.  
It discusses all reform measures fairly and in a way that will not offend.  
Weekly, 16 Pages. \$1.00 a Year.  
Foremost, oldest and most widely circulated middle-of-the-road populist paper published.  
It tells what good government is, and how it is to be established in a way that is acceptable to every honest citizen, regardless of politics.  
WRITE FOR FREE SPECIMEN.

**Special 25c Club Rate.**  
The INDUSTRIAL WEST until the November election for 25 cents each in clubs of not less than ten. Now, do yourself, your neighbors, and us a favor by getting up clubs. It is easy, if you will only try it.  
To Candidates.  
That there can be no misunderstanding, we will make our announcement rates the same as heretofore:  
District and county - \$5.00.  
Precinct - \$1.50.  
Above prices are cash, and in clubs name on election tickets. Those who do not announce will be charged 1/2 the announcement fee for name on ticket.  
National Bank Permit.  
TREASURY DEPARTMENT—OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY.  
WASHINGTON, D. C., June 27, 1900.—Whereas, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that "The First National Bank of Clarendon," in the Town of Clarendon in the County of Donley and State of Texas has complied with all the provisions of the Statutes of the United States, required to be complied with before an association shall be authorized to commence the business of banking:  
Now therefore I, Thomas P. Kane, Deputy and Acting Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that "The First National Bank of Clarendon" in the Town of Clarendon in the County of Donley and State of Texas, is authorized to commence the business of banking as provided in Section Fifty one hundred and sixty-nine of the Revised Statutes of the United States.  
In testimony whereof witness my hand and Seal of office this twenty-seventh day of June, 1900.  
T. P. KANE, Deputy and Acting Comptroller of the Currency.

**THE MISSOURI WORLD,**  
Published weekly at Chillicothe, Mo., at 50 cents a year, is a good paper for general news is uncompromisingly Populist, is not local, but intended for and circulates in all the States. Sample copy free.  
CLUB RATES.  
We will furnish the following papers and this paper at the annexed prices for the two:  
News, (Galveston or Dallas) - \$1.50  
Southern Mercury - 1.50  
Texas Live Stock Journal - 1.50  
Scientific American, - 3.00  
Phrenological Journal, - 1.50  
Chicago Express - 1.30  
Texas Farm and Ranch - 1.50  
We please others in job printing, both in quality and price, and believe we can please you.  
Give us a trial.  
The Missouri World, published weekly at Chillicothe, Mo., at 50 cents a year, is a good paper for general news is uncompromisingly Populist, is not local, but intended for and circulates in all the States. Sample copy free.  
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**MONUMENTAL BRONZE COMPANY,**  
BETHLEHEM, PENN.  
I am agent for the above and take pleasure in showing samples, quoting prices, etc. Orders solicited. Call or address me at Whitefish, Texas.  
W. L. OLIVER.

**TO YOU**  
who enter our Store, stand face to face with **Great Bargains!**  
The destiny of our Goods and prices is a Journey of Advertising for us.  
You pay so little for so much value, you cannot help telling others about it.

**Out Summer Clearance Sale**  
is a mammoth Bargain Counter.  
Do not fail to ask for coupons for Hand-painted China.  
**MORRIS ROSENFIELD,**  
The Reliable and Popular Dry Goods merchant.

E. A. KELLY, President. B. H. WHITE, Vice President. W. H. COOKE, Cashier.  
**THE CITIZENS' BANK,**  
Clarendon, Texas,  
Opened for business Nov. 1, 1899.  
Will transact a general Banking Business.  
We solicit the accounts of Merchants, Ranchmen, Farmers, Railroad men and Individuals.  
Money to loan on acceptable securities.  
Directors.  
E. A. Kelly, B. H. White, W. H. Cooke, M. Rosenfield, L. C. Beverly, I. E. Jones, I. G. Tackitt.

**ROBT. SAWYER,**  
Dealer in  
**LUMBER,**  
Sash, Doors, Blinds, Building Material, Etc.  
Stock New, best quality and prices low. Call and see.  
Clarendon, - - Texas.

**W. T. JONES,**  
Successor to I. E. Jones.  
**General Grocer.**  
Buy and Sell All Kinds of Produce.  
Clarendon, Texas

**H. W. KELLEY & CO.**  
Contractors and Builders,  
Plans and Specifications Furnished.  
Fine Cabinet Work A Specialty.  
CLARENDON, TEXAS.

**CLARENDON LIVERY STABLE.**  
BUNTIN & BAKER, Pros.  
Drummers Accomodated.  
First-Class Turnouts, Horses boarded, Feed Sold Cheap.  
**TROUP BROS.,**  
**DRAWMEN**  
And Dealers in  
**COAL AND WOOD.**  
Clarendon, Texas.  
Miss ANNIE I. BABB,  
Teacher of  
**Pianoforte and Theory of Music.**  
Graduate of Cincinnati Conservatory of Music. Your Patronage kindly solicited.  
For further particulars confer with her at her home.

**ALL THE NEWS!**  
Foreign News, Campaign News, Industrial News, National News, State News  
**ALL THE NEWS!**  
You can get both The Semi-Weekly News (Galveston or Dallas) and The Industrial West for 12 months for the low clubbing price of \$1.50. You thus get three papers a week (50 cents a year) which will give you at a merely nominal cost all the news of the week. The closing of the 19th Century will be a period of unusual interest, as will also be the year '99. Keep posted! Take the Semi-Weekly News in combination with your local paper and thus get your information quickly.  
Twenty cents for 25 words or less. This is the rate for classified advertising in any one of the following papers: Galveston Semi-Weekly News, Dallas Semi-Weekly News, Galveston Daily News, Dallas Morning News, and cash with order for advertising to Dallas News.

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who enter our Store, stand face to face with **Great Bargains!**  
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Twenty cents for 25 words or less. This is the rate for classified advertising in any one of the following papers: Galveston Semi-Weekly News, Dallas Semi-Weekly News, Galveston Daily News, Dallas Morning News, and cash with order for advertising to Dallas News.

### How Much of a Populist Are You?

A Few weeks ago Mr. J. A. Wayland conceived the idea of sending 10,000 copies of his paper, the Appeal to Reason, to the officers of the various labor organizations of the country until the election. He estimated that the cost of the undertaking would be \$1,250.00, and he issued an appeal to the readers of his paper for contributions of that amount for that purpose. In the last issue of his paper he announces that more than one-third, or nearly \$500.00, of the amount called for had been contributed and sent in. This in less than three weeks. Populists, this is the way Socialists are pushing the propaganda of their cause. Now, what are you doing for yours? Like the Populists, Socialists have no Trusts, Corporations or Saloon-keepers Association to draw on for campaign or educational funds. They must take of their own small incomes whatever they can to help on the cause, and this they are doing. Populists, our cause is just. It is worthy of the best efforts of free men and women. Why not all put their shoulders to the wheel and push. It will do you good, if nothing else, just to see how much easier and more rapidly the cause moves forward by thus lightening the load of those who so far have borne the brunt of it. Send in your contributions to the campaign fund, no matter how small, but the larger the better. Not a voter should be permitted to miss the opportunity of hearing a good Populist speech or reading a Populist paper.—Dallas, Ga., Herald.

### Again Stabbed By its Pretended Friends.

Four years ago Mr. Bryan said: "When we have restored the money of the constitution all other necessary reforms will be possible, and until that is done there is no reform that can be accomplished." It is now generally admitted even by Democrats and by Mr. Bryan himself that this was all a mistake. A platform declaring eloquently for the free and unlimited at the same old ratio was ruthlessly destroyed at Waco. Thus the white metal is again stabbed.—Dallas News.

The amount of government funds deposited in the national banks as a free loan was on Aug. 1, 1900, \$90,855,606.00 and the amount deposited in such banks for the convenience of the government was \$5,729,091.00. The free loan has been reduced some in the last two months, the government using the deposits to pay off some of the old two per cent bonds. These two per cent originally bore 4 1/2 per cent but in 1891 the holders of them were given the option of having them continued at two per cent or paid, and they preferred to have them run on at two per cent. These bonds, too, are coin bonds, or were before the recent currency law was passed. They were payable in silver or gold under the law. So the great blow and bluster over the McKinley administration's getting money at two per cent on gold bonds is not well founded, for Harrison's administration nine years ago got money at 2 per cent on bonds payable in either gold or silver, just which ever the government might prefer to pay in. The fact is wealth is so concentrated in the hands of the few that money could be had by the government at one per cent if it would absolutely refuse to pay more. What is called "the splendid credit of the government" is only evidence of the fact that the wealth created by all the people has been gobbled up by a very few.—Mo. World.

Chicago claims 2,000,000 people, but the Census Bureau gives them 1,675,000. This is a remarkable growth. Ten years ago the population was 1,099,850.

Mr. Bryan credits to Lincoln, as nearly everybody does, the coining of the phrase "government of the people, by the people and for the people." It was Daniel Webster who in 1830 first spoke of "the people's government, made for the people, made by the people and answerable to the people."—New York World.

Rosy cheeks, bright eyes and a quick step can be secured by using Dr. Simmons' Sarsaparilla. The peculiar feature of this remedy is that it strengthens and builds up the system while it eradicates disease. 130 doses \$1.00. Sold by Ramsey.

For job printing try the Ind. West

Senator Butler will retire from the United States Senate on the 4th of March next. Senator Allen of Nebraska is very likely to retire from the Senate soon after the November election. If so, he will be succeeded by a gold standard Republican. So this is the way fusion works. And it is no doubt the very way which it was intended that it should work—defeat the Populist in the South with gold Democrats and beat the Populist in the West with gold Republicans. Experience is a dear school, but it teaches well. Fortunately there were enough members of the Peoples party who had graduated in that school as Greenbackers, Alliancemen, etc., to keep the party in the middle-of-the-road in spite of the fusionists, and it is with no excessive discomfiture that they witness the downfall of fusion and its promoter.—Dalton Herald.

By using the long distance telephone instead of the telegraph, a gang of sharpers succeeded in taking about \$100,000 from various pool rooms in New York. The telephone being quicker than the telegraph, the sharpers were able to bet on a horse that had already won in St. Louis and Chicago.

### WHAT MILK COSTS.

Only Cows of Superior Quality Are Generally Profitable.

No question in farming is more often asked without reply than that as to the cost of the milk which all who keep cows produce and sell. It is an inquiry to which no positive reply is possible that will fit all cases, says The American Cultivator. Those who sell milk directly to the consumer or through middlemen who take too large a share of the profits know that unless they have the most expensive cows or unless they can breed calves that will bring high prices milk production does not pay them. The cow costs for keeping from \$50 to \$75 or more per year, and that at rising prices for milk and milk products does not leave much chance for profit unless it is found in making the herd more valuable by breeding pure stock of some good dairy breed. If this can be done, the owner of the herd may also by another flank movement make his land richer and add to the value of his farm, at the same time extending his business to the production of fruit, flowers and vegetables, which he could not grow with profit while the soil was poor. How good a cow is required to make the herd pay at present prices? We should say that it needed a cow that will produce 350 or more pounds of butter per year. If the milk is made into butter and sold at market prices, this will pay the cost of a cow's keep, leaving the farmer to make what he can from the byproducts of the milk and from the manure which the cow will make. It will require as good a cow as this to make it pay for him to sell his milk as produced at the wholesale prices that milk dealers offer. In all the large cities milk is contracted for from a large extent of country, and prices are put down as low as possible, and it is diluted so that, however good it may have been at the farm, the middleman secures a larger profit than the prices at which he sells for would indicate. This excessive profit which the milk dealer takes lessens the amount of milk consumed, and the fact of its poor quality decreases consumption still more.

**Fine Creamery Butter.**  
Oscar Reed of Lebanon, O., discussed "The Science of Manufacturing Fine Creamery Butter" at the recent Columbus convention. He is reported by The National Stockman as saying:

The average creamery patron has not been able to avail himself of the opportunities to learn the principles of butter making as the butter maker has; therefore the butter maker has to act as the patrons' instructor in order that they may know the important part they play in this great industry. They must be taught the absolute necessity of delivering good milk, and to do this they must know the value of strict cleanliness in every detail both in milking and caring for the milk, the value of aeration and quick cooling in an atmosphere that is pure and wholesome, removed from the cow stable odors and others that are equally bad; then to carefully keep the milk free from infection until delivered to the factory, and to feed the proper feeds that exert an influence on the flavor of the butter.

In the ripening of his cream the butter maker is called upon to use the utmost care and in his judgment. This is the critical part of the work and one that too often receives less attention than it should. The cream, of course, will go through some sort of souring process if left to itself, but the butter maker that allows this can never expect to make fancy butter. If he does, it will be the exception, not the rule.

Churning should be done at the lowest temperature possible and yet have the butter come in a reasonable length of time. No set rule can be laid down, as the temperature must be varied to suit existing conditions. The low temperature gives more exhaustive churning and leaves the butter in better condition to be handled. It can also be freed from the buttermilk with less washing, which is an important point.

Constipation, impaired digestion and a torpid liver, are the most common ailments that are responsible for that tired, listless, fagged-out feeling that makes the summer a dreaded period to so many people. Herbine will cure constipation, it improves the digestion and arouses the liver to normal activity. Price, 50 cents. Sold at H. D. Ramsey's drug store.

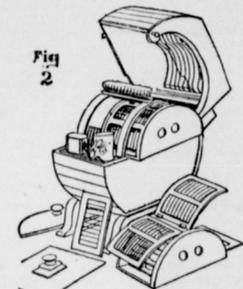
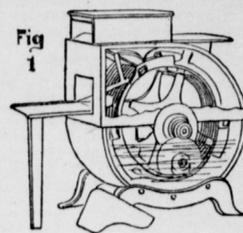
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### EASY DISHWASHING

NEW MACHINES FOR LESSENING THE DRUDGERY OF THE HOUSEHOLD.

In the accompanying illustrations, says The Scientific American, we present two forms of a new dishwashing machine so constructed that the dishes to be cleaned are held rigidly in place to avoid all danger of breakage. The machine is the invention of Robert D. Parry and Edwin Evans.

The power driven machine shown in Fig. 1, designed for hotels and restaurants, is composed of two parts, a water reservoir and a cover hinged or hooked on the reservoir. Within the water reservoir two carrier frames are mounted, the one rotating within the other. The outer carrier frame is provided with spring pressed clips shaped to receive and hold a dish firmly. The



DISHWASHING MACHINE, inner carrier frame is provided with brushes which pass over the inner surface of the dishes held in the clips, the outer surface being cleaned by brushes mounted in the reservoir. The two carrier frames are so mounted and connected by gearing that the inner brush carrying frame rotates at a speed many times that of the outer dish carrying frame. In the cover of the machine two openings are formed—an upper feed opening and a lower discharge opening. As the dishes are placed in the feed opening the clips are automatically opened by spreaders mounted in the cover to receive the dishes. The dishes in rotating are thoroughly brushed and washed. As they reach the discharge opening another spreader opens the clips, thus releasing them to glide out upon the table. The water reservoir can be heated in any desired manner. The inventors claim a speed of more than one dish per second for their power driven machine.

The smaller hand driven machine shown in Fig. 2, designed for family use, differs from the first in some details of construction. A single carrier frame is used containing semi-cylindrical sections similar to that lying beside the machine in Fig. 2. Each section consists of two hinged outer members and a number of horizontal wirework trays, upon which the dishes are placed. Brushes on the outer portion of the frame pass over the outer surface of any dish placed on the wirework rack fixed immediately over the carrier in the cover.

Both of the machines described are designed to wash dishes of all kinds, as well as knives, forks and spoons. Public tests made by the inventors have demonstrated the utility of their device.

### Twenty Uses For Corn.

The Indian corn propaganda at the Paris exposition and the conventions recently held in the west in the interest of corn producers have brought out the fact that over 20 important products are now manufactured from corn. One of the most important products is distilled spirits, the demand for which has increased greatly since the invention of smokeless powder in the manufacture of which the spirits are largely used. Among the other products made from corn are mixing glucose, crystal glucose, grape sugar, anhydrous grape sugar, special sugar, pearl starch, powdered starch, refined grits, flourine, dextrin, British gum, granulated gum, gum paste, corn oil, corn oil cake, rubber substitute, gluten feed, chop feed, gluten meal and corn germ. With the present economical methods of manufacture not a particle of corn is wasted. There is no refuse.—California Vineyardist.

### Last Memorials of Lunar Life.

Writing in Knowledge on the moon as a dying world, Mr. Tepper says that with the diminution of the water and the atmospheric gases the decay of dying organisms would be more and more delayed. Since the total disappearance of the atmosphere no currents can possibly exist, and the finest, lightest dust must remain eternally undisturbed. There is no body more absorptive of light than finely divided carbon particles, hence their intensely black aspect. In the "seas" of the moon we may, therefore, have large areas covered by carbonaceous dust, the last remains of the former vegetable and animal organisms of our satellite.

### Ho For Oklahoma!

Congress has authorized the opening to settlement of the famous Kiowa and Comanche reservation—offering rare opportunities to secure free, fine farms, valuable town lots and rich mineral claims. Excellent openings for business and the professions. Morgan's Manual, a book of nearly 200 pages, tells you how to initiate and perfect your claims. A complete settler's guide. Recognized authority. Morgan's Manual, a fine sectional map of this new country and Oklahoma, and a book, (illustrated) over 100 pages, full of valuable information concerning Oklahoma, all three sent on receipt of \$1.00. Address Dick T. Morgan, Land Attorney, Perry, Oklahoma.

### Inconsistent Wrath.

If Democrats claim a right to accuse and abuse each other as they did at Waco, they can not afford to grow wrathly when others suspect or criticize them.—Dallas News.

During the civil war, as well as in our late war with Spain, diarrhoea was one of the most troublesome diseases the army had to contend with. In many instances it became chronic and the old soldiers still suffer from it. Mr. David Taylor of Wind Ridge, Greene Co., Pa., is one of these. He uses Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and says he never found anything that would give him such quick relief. It is for sale by Ramsey.

If a load of coal is left out of doors exposed to the weather, say a month, it loses one-third of its heating quality. If a ton of coal is placed on the ground and left there, and another ton is placed under a shed, the latter loses about 25 per cent of its heating power, the former about 47 per cent. Hence, it is a great saving of coal to have it in a dry place, covered over, and on all sides. The softer the coal the more heating power it loses, because the volatile and valuable constituents undergo a slow combustion.

Piles are not only in, and of themselves very painful and annoying, but often greatly aggravate and even cause other grave and painful affections, and should, therefore not be neglected. Tabler's Buckeye Pile Ointment is a great boon to sufferers as it will cure them. Price, 50 cents in bottles. Tubes, 75 cents. At H. D. Ramsey's.

There were 17 deaths and 15 prostrations from the heat in Philadelphia Sunday.

The soothing and healing properties of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, its pleasant taste and prompt and permanent cures, have made it a great favorite with the people everywhere. For sale by Ramsey.

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Summer Excursions to All Eastern and Northern Resorts. Tickets on sale June 1st to September 30th, limit Oct. 31st. See agents for rates. Summer Excursions to Galveston and Lampasas from all points on the G. C. & S. F. Ry. and to San Angelo from all points except Temple and San Angelo branch.

### Letters of Acceptance.

The National Chairman, J. A. Parker, of Louisville, Ky., by order of the Executive Committee has had printed a number of 16-page pamphlets, containing the Letters of Acceptance of the nominees, Barker and Donnelly, a biographical sketch and fine cut of Mr. Barker, the preamble of the Omaha platform and a correct copy of the Cincinnati platform. This is a most excellent campaign document and should be widely circulated. These pamphlets will be sent by mail in any quantity for one cent a copy, or by express for 88.00 per thousand. Orders should be addressed to J. A. Parker, Chairman Populist National Committee, Louisville, Ky.

### The Jew and His Money Ways.

This is the book for the campaign of 1900. It is an educator. Buy it and loan it to your neighbor and convert him. It is endorsed by all reformers. "It is unanswerable," says S. F. Norton. "It is the best thing written on that line," says W. S. Morgan. "It is full of valuable information," says Whittaker Barker. "More truth could not be crowded into the same space," says Rev. D. Oglesby. "It follows a line of thought different from any other author," says Gov. Burkit.

Liberal commissions given to agents and organizers. Price by mail 10 cents. Send silver dime or stamps to the author, Editor QUILL, West Plains, Mo.

### The Question, Where Shall I go for the Summer?

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### The Great Presidential Campaign of 1900.

The policies of the great political parties are now being formed and the candidates discussed. The voice of the people as recorded by ballot at the approaching Presidential election will probably decide the policy of the nation for the next decade. Every citizen must study the great questions that are to come before the people. This can only be done through the medium of a great newspaper. Now is the time, therefore, for every voter to subscribe for the best and most reliable newspaper obtainable. The Semi-Weekly Republic covers the whole field of political news. While it is Democratic, it publishes the news in regard to all political parties without prejudice. Its telegraphic and cable news service is superior to that of any other paper.

Attention is also called to The Republic's Sunday Magazine. Its half-ton illustrations are also worth the subscription price. It is made up of special articles by the best literary talent, embracing a variety of subjects of current interest. For the benefit of the ladies the latest fashions are handsomely illustrated. The policy of Sunday Magazine is always interesting to every member of the family.

The subscription price of the Semi-Weekly Republic is \$1.00 per year. The Republic Sunday Magazine \$1.25 per year. Both papers are now being offered at the very low price of \$1.50 for one year. To secure this low rate both must be ordered and paid for at the same time. Address all orders to The Republic St. Louis, Mo.

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