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Vol. 11.

CLARENDON, DONLEY COUNTY, TEXAS, FRIDAY, JANUARY 19, 1900.

No. 43

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Local Surgeon F. W. & D. R'y.

CLARENDON - TEXAS.

S. J. WHITE,

Physician and Surgeon offers his professional services to the people of Clarendon and vicinity. Office west of Taylor's hardware store.

Established 1889.

A. M. Beville,

Fire, Life and Accident Insurance Agent. Land and Collecting Agent and Notary Public. Prompt attention to all business. Clarendon, Texas.

CHRISTMAS SALE.

We are now offering at special holiday sale Babies' Caps and Misses' Hats. This is a new and up-to-date stock just received.

MESDAMES MORGAN & GAGE

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PRACTICAL

BOOT AND SHOE

MAKER.

CLARENDON, TEX.

I. W. GARHART & SON,

Real Estate.

Represent Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York.

Clarendon, Tex.

D. E. HUMPHREY & CO.,

DEALERS IN

"WIND MILLS,"

Wind Mill Repairs, Plumbers Gas and Steam Pipe Fitters.

Practical Machinists. All Work Strictly First class.

Lead Pipe Work a Specialty.

CLARENDON, TEXAS.

J. N. BOZEMAN,

Painter and Paper Hanger.

All Kinds of

Decorating.

JAMES HARDING

Merchant

Tailor.

Fashion, Neatness and durability are special points in all work.

B. R. HOOKS,

Carpenter and

Contractor.

Plans and Specifications Furnished.

Estimates Carefully Prepared.

CLARENDON, TEXAS.

Black Locust, Fruit and Shade Trees.

Black Locust any size or in any quantity.

Orders also solicited for Fruit and Shade Trees and Blackberries.

W. R. CLAUNCH.

W. P. BLAKE,

NOTARY PUBLIC.

Acknowledgments and other notary work solicited.

E. G. SENTER,

203 MAIN ST., DALLAS, TEXAS

General Attorney Texas Press Association.

100 Envelopes 40c.

With name and address printed and post paid at this office.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Philippine Question Causes Lively Debate in the Senate.

PETTIGREW SEVERE.

He Attacks the Administration for its Policy in the Philippines and Senator Walcott Scathingly Arraigns Pettigrew.

Washington, Jan. 16.—A spirited debate on the Philippine question occupied the attention of the senate for nearly three hours Monday. Mr. Berry of Arkansas, first addressed the senate in support of the resolutions recently introduced by Mr. Bacon of Georgia, regarding the disposition of the Philippines. He was followed by Mr. Pettigrew of South Dakota, in support of his resolution of inquiry. Mr. Pettigrew was very bitter in his attacks upon the administration.

Mr. Walcott of Colorado replied to Mr. Pettigrew, scathingly arraigning the South Dakota senator for the attitude he had assumed on the Philippine question. He declared his belief that Aguinaldo himself occupied the seat in the senate held by Mr. Pettigrew, representing the people of South Dakota, who had sent their sons as soldiers to the Philippines; he would be too patriotic, too devoted to the interests of the country to assume the attitude assumed by the present South Dakota senator. Mr. Walcott also referred to the speech recently delivered by Mr. Beveridge of Indiana, sharply criticizing it for the spirit of greed which seemed to animate the senator in making such a deliverance.

At the conclusion of the Philippine debate Mr. Rawlins of Utah addressed an elaborate argument to the senate in opposition to the proposed financial legislation.

The House. Washington, Jan. 16.—Monday's session of the house was devoted to consideration of the District of Columbia business.

Representative Jane W. Gayle of Kentucky was sworn in. Mr. Cannon reported the urgent deficiency bill with a notice that he would ask that it be taken up at once.

Hard Subject to Settle. Washington, Jan. 16.—The ways and means subcommittee, recently named to inquire as to the legal meaning of the "United States" as applicable to newly acquired islands or dependencies, discussed the general subject. The members feel that the question is a pivotal one, on which will depend the adoption of a tariff system for the islands.

The only decision directly bearing on the point is by Chief Justice Marshall, holding that the term "United States" means the entire territory over which this government exercises control. The members of the committee are inclined to view the foregoing decision as a dictum incidental to the case and not establishing a fixed principle of law.

Substitute to Financial Bill. Washington, Jan. 16.—Senator Butler has given notice of a substitute he will offer for the financial bill. It provides for the manufacture or coinage of gold, silver, paper and copper. The bill provides that no piece of money shall be of greater denomination than \$20, and it makes gold, silver or paper money legal tender for any sum. It makes provision for the free coinage of both gold and silver.

Assistant Paymasters. Washington, Jan. 16.—The following persons have been appointed as assistant paymasters in the navy: J. B. Robbette of Texas, Stewart Rhodes of California, George W. Pigman, son of Captain Pigman of the navy, and Perry G. Kennard of Illinois.

Urgent Deficiency Bill. Washington, Jan. 16.—The urgent deficiency appropriation bill, the first of the important supply bills for the government, which has been reported to the house by Chairman Cannon, carries \$36,127,841, of which \$47,692,322 is reappropriation for the military and naval establishments, and \$8,925,919 direct appropriations.

Resolution of Thanks. Washington, Jan. 16.—Senator McComas of Maryland has introduced a joint resolution tendering the thanks of congress to Rear Admiral Sampson and Commodore Schley and officers and men of the fleet for services during the Spanish war for the destruction of the Spanish fleet off Santiago.

Clayton-Bulwer Treaty. New York, Jan. 16.—The Journal's Washington special says: The state department officials believe that in the event of Great Britain's attempting to apply the Clayton-Bulwer treaty to the Nicaragua canal the treaty would be abrogated by this government.

Plague at Honolulu. San Francisco, Jan. 16.—The steamer China has arrived from the orient via Honolulu. The China did not dock at Honolulu, but anchored off that port, the Hawaiian mail being carried out on tugs. Up to Jan. 8 there had been 14 cases of plague.

Homer Orr Killed. Sherman, Tex., Jan. 16.—Homer Orr, aged 32 years, died of suffocation under a slide of about 20 tons of earth sand in a pit from which he was digging in West Sherman.

CATTLE CONVENTION.

Third Annual Meeting of National Live Stock Association at Fort Worth.

Fort Worth, Tex., Jan. 16.—The convention of the National Live Stock association which met here today will be the most important gathering of cattlemen ever held in this country. The city is rapidly filling up with delegates and visitors and a fair estimate places the number at hand at 2500. It is expected 5000 men, interested in the cattle industry, will be here.

The convention was called to order at noon by President John W. Springer at the Greenwall opera-house. The following is the programme for today: Address of welcome on behalf of the state—Governor J. D. Sayers. Mayor B. B. Padlock of Fort Worth welcome from the city. Response for the cattlemen—D. W. Smith of Illinois. Roll call and approval of list of delegates. Annual address of President John W. Springer of Colorado. Annual report of executive committee and the consideration of the report. Introduction and reference of resolutions.

Conditions of the industry in the United States—Five minutes talks from delegates from each state.

"The cattle industry of Canada"—Henry Wade, secretary Dominion Short Horn Breeders' association of Toronto.

"The next livestock census"—Hon. L. G. Powers of the department of agriculture, Washington.

The convention will be asked to pass a resolution requesting congress to empower the interstate commerce commission to correct and establish rates on all shipments of cattle.

The fight for the next convention will be a lively one. Chicago, Salt Lake City and Kansas City are avowed candidates with the odds in favor of the latter place.

JUDGE'S LIFE ATTEMPTED.

James Welsh Makes an Effort to Kill Judge Lochren at St. Paul.

St. Paul, Jan. 16.—James Welsh made a desperate attempt here to assassinate Judge William Lochren of the Federal court. Welsh had a damage suit against the Northern Pacific railroad for being thrown off a train at Mandan, N. D. After a trial lasting three days Judge Lochren took the case from the jury and delivered a verdict for the defendant.

Welsh appeared Monday at Judge Lochren's chamber and leveled a revolver at the judge's head. Court Crier Conway jumped on Welsh and bore him to the floor. Welsh was then disarmed and locked in a room. Before officers arrived on the ground he smashed out a window, jumped from the second floor to the ground, but was recaptured and jailed.

COLORADO COUNTY FEUD.

Arthur Burford Was Killed and Will Clements Mortally Wounded.

Bastrop, Tex., Jan. 16.—The political feud in Colorado county had a fresh outbreak here Monday afternoon, resulting in the killing of Arthur Burford and the mortal wounding of Will Clements. Several parties were arrested and are now in jail.

Captain Brooks and a company of rangers were present and quelled the riot. Another company of rangers had been ordered to Bastrop by Governor Sayers.

Wedding Guests Poisoned.

Chicago, Jan. 16.—Nearly a hundred guests who assembled at 569 Canal street to witness the wedding of Morris Pollock and Annie Schan were poisoned during the dinner which followed the ceremony. In less than half an hour after dinner nearly all in the hall were in a helpless condition. What article of food contained the poison no one has yet been able to learn.

Opie Rode an Actor.

Chicago, Jan. 16.—Opie Read, the novelist, has entered upon a stage career appearing first at the Chicago opera house in vaudeville. Mr. Read will recite original character sketches and is expected to pay particular attention to the southern dialect stories which have made him famous.

His Wounds Fatal.

Lockhart, Tex., Jan. 16.—R. T. Abbott, the party shot from ambush near Dale last Friday night, died from the effect of the wound. He made a statement before his death, naming the party who he said did the shooting, but no arrest has been made.

Attorney Hewlett Dead.

Austin, Tex., Jan. 16.—David H. Hewlett, a prominent attorney of this city, died at his residence after a brief illness. Deceased was recognized as one of the brightest legal minds at the Austin bar. He was 53 years old.

Woman Cashier National Bank.

Wabash, Ind., Jan. 15.—Mrs. Sarah F. Dick, the only woman who is cashier of a National bank in the United States, was for the eighteenth time elected to that responsible position in a bank in this city. The institution has deposits of \$250,000.

Killed a Woman and Suicided.

Bozeman, Mont., Jan. 16.—At Belgrade, 13 miles west of here, Frank Rogers a merchant shot and killed his landlady, Mrs. Davis, and then committed suicide. Jealousy caused the deed.

Three Cured at Once.

Blum, Tex., Jan. 16.—Monday some of the citizens of Blum were reported to have been cured of smallpox.

UNEASY AS TO BULLER.

Nothing Heard from Him Since His Arrival at Springfield.

London, Jan. 16.—General Buller's latest authentic word as to what he and his 30,000 men are doing was wired from Springfield after his first forward step. Striving to think out the unknown London is confused by surmise and rumor and disquieted by suspense.

Spencer Wilkinson, the lucid military expert of the Morning Post, asserts that the Boer force in northern Natal is larger than General Buller's and Sir George White's together, so that the Boers are able to leave a force around Ladysmith larger than that within the town and yet to oppose General Buller with a force superior to his own. Reports from the Boer camps affirm that the circle of investment has been drawn closer by the occupation of some hills nearer the town, thus liberating reinforcements to oppose General Buller.

KAISER IS FURIOUS.

Emperor William Still Disturbed Over the Bunderath Seizure.

Berlin, Jan. 16.—Emperor William still takes the deepest interest in the Bunderath incident and holds frequent conferences on the subject with the foreign secretary, Count Von Dassel.

The matter was under consideration Monday and the correspondent of the Associated Press was informed after the conference that the emperor is still furious about the seizure, which he regards as particularly ungraceful and recalled for on the part of Great Britain, inasmuch as he was led to believe during his recent visit that England would hereafter do everything in her power to preserve amicable relations. In view of all this his majesty regards the seizure of German vessels as "apparent bad faith on the part of Lord Salisbury."

The German ambassador in London, Count Von Hatzfeldt, has informed the German government that the seizures were made upon the order of the British admiralty and not of the foreign office. The kaiser, however, considers this a mere subterfuge.

Warren Crossed the Tugela.

Cape Town, Jan. 16.—A dispatch to the Argus dated last Friday says:

"The authorities have received news that General Warren crossed the Tugela river and occupied a strong position north of the river."

This report has been current here since Sunday, but it is discredited in official circles.

A Plea for Peace.

New York, Jan. 16.—A dispatch to The World from London says:

A circular appealing for peace and pleading for the Boers, signed by 400 clergymen of all denominations in The Netherlands, has just been delivered to the ministers of all Christian churches in Great Britain. It closes as follows: "We beseech you brethren to use your influence that all such in England on Christian principles, who disapprove of this war, may try whatever lawfully may be done for its speedy cessation."

DOWN TO WORK.

Investigation Began in the Kentucky Election Contest at Frankfort.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 16.—The contest boards sitting in the contests for governor and lieutenant governor got down to work yesterday. Most of the day was taken up with sparring between the attorneys over legal technicalities and when adjournment was taken only two witnesses had been examined. The proceedings were conducted with the utmost courtesy.

The spectators evinced a feeling of partisanship by applauding on several occasions when their respective sides happened to make a hit, but the demonstrations were not extraordinary and the sergeants-at-arms easily restored order.

Governor Taylor was not a spectator during any of the proceedings. Senator Goebel and Lieutenant Governor Marshall were present during the afternoon session.

The senate committee on judiciary which was directed by resolution to inquire into the questions raised by Taylor and Lieutenant Governor Marshall as to the eligibility of the senators who are serving on the contest committees, held a meeting but did not formulate its report.

Whallen and Ryan Indicted. Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 16.—The Franklin county grand jury has returned indictments against John H. Whallen and Charles H. Ryan, charging them with unlawfully conspiring to bribe Senator S. B. Harrel. Bench warrants were also issued for Whallen and Ryan, and bond being placed at \$1000 in each case. The cases were set for trial on Jan. 23.

Woman Cashier National Bank.

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Three Cured at Once.

Blum, Tex., Jan. 16.—Monday some of the citizens of Blum were reported to have been cured of smallpox.

THE PHILIPPINE WAR.

Ex-Minister Barrett Charges the Insurrection to Senator Hoar.

HIS SPEECH DID IT.

Mr. Barrett Says Mr. Hoar's Antipathetic Speech Was Telegraphed to Hong Kong and Incited the Filipinos to War.

Chicago, Jan. 14.—John Barrett, ex-minister to Siam, for the first time publicly named Senator Hoar Saturday night at Lake Forest university as the United States senator whose antipathetic speech was telegraphed to Hong Kong and subsequently put in the hands of the Filipino soldiers, causing as Mr. Barrett believed, the open insurrection. Frequently this speech and its presumed effect have been mentioned, and the reading public has connected the name of Senator Hoar with it, and it is probable that Mr. Barrett would not have used the lawmaker's name on this occasion had he not been facing an audience known to be largely hostile to the administration's policy in the oriental islands.

It appeared further from the ex-minister's speech that the government has discovered privately the stages by which the antipathetic address reached Luzon.

There was much interest in the reception Mr. Barrett's speech would meet. At the close of the meeting he was cheered and the audience of several hundred waited in line to shake hands with him.

In the course of his address, which was on the general subject of the "Philippines," the speaker said it had been discovered in the government investigation that Hoar's speech was cabled in cipher and in fragments to Paris, where it was put together and forwarded to Hong Kong.

Mr. Barrett said the speech was shown him at Hong Kong by the president of the Filipino junta there who sent it to the Philippines at Manila, where it was published and distributed over the islands.

Ward Again Convicted.

Memphis, Jan. 15.—For the third time in his eventful career as a defendant in the criminal court, A. K. Ward has been convicted of forgery. The jury which has heard the evidence in the last case reported Thursday night. The jurors fixed his punishment at three years imprisonment in the state penitentiary. His counsel entered a motion for a new trial.

General Maury Dead.

Richmond, Jan. 15.—News has been received here of the death in Peoria, Ill., of General Dabney H. Maury of the Confederate army and for some time minister to Columbia. General Maury is particularly remembered in history for his gallant defense of Mobile bay. The remains will be brought to Fredericksburg, Va., for interment.

Free Rural Delivery.

Hillsboro, Tex., Jan. 15.—Postmaster Harry Peck is in correspondence with the postoffice department at Washington relative to free rural delivery of the mails. He is not free to say that he will be successful, but he thinks the indications are favorable for the success of the undertaking.

Honors for Sheppard.

Washington, Jan. 15.—The Texas delegation has selected Representative John L. Sheppard of the Fourth district as the Texas member of the Democratic campaign committee. This is rather a signal honor for Judge Sheppard, since he is serving his first term.

Indiana Bank Robbed.

Princeton, Ind., Jan. 15.—The McGinnis bank at Owensville, Gibson county, was entered Thursday night and the safe blown open. It is rumored about \$15,000 was taken, but the official of the bank refused to give any information.

Given a Five Year Sentence.

Uvalde, Tex., Jan. 15.—In the district court here Victoriano Martinez, on trial charged with murder, was adjudged guilty and given a five year sentence in the state penitentiary. The case was stubbornly contested by both sides.

Hangar at Segulo.

Seguin, Tex., Jan. 15.—Ellis Mischner, convicted at the May term of court in Guadalupe county for criminally assaulting Rosa Moecha near Weimar, Colorado county, was hanged here. He protested his innocence.

Kills His Wife and Suicides.

Knoville, Jan. 15.—Jacob Schudon, a Swede, murdered his wife and then killed himself at their home six miles from this place. The tragedy is supposed to be the culmination of domestic troubles.

Given Two Years.

Galveston, Tex., Jan. 15.—James B. Ford, a negro, was convicted of cutting the throat of Pauline Peese, a negro, on April 7, 1898, and sentenced to two years in the penitentiary.

Spotted Tail Dead.

Paris, Jan. 13.—Spotted Tail, a well known Sioux chief, who has been exhibiting here, died of heart disease. He was 69 years old.

Young Man Killed.

Commerce, Tex., Jan. 15.—A young man by the name of Owens fell under a loaded wagon and was killed almost instantly.

NO ISSUE PRESENTED.

The Quarantine Suit of Louisiana Against Texas Is Dismissed.

Washington, Jan. 16.—The United States supreme court has dismissed the suit of the state of Louisiana vs. the state of Texas and the Texas health officer, involving the right of the latter state to quarantine so rigorously against the former, as was done during the recent prevalence of yellow fever in New Orleans.

Justice Fuller handed down the opinion of the court holding that no direct issue between the states was presented in the controversy.

Prominent Man Dead.

Des Moines, Jan. 16.—J. N. Camp died at his home here aged 63 years. He was born in McMillin's county Tennessee. He was educated at Abingdon, Ill., appointed by President Lincoln consul to Kingston, Jamaica, in 1861, where he was connected with important questions during the war, was appointed collector of internal revenue at Galveston, Tex., in 1880 and in 1883 was supervisor general of customs in Texas. From 1890 to 1893 he was editorial writer on the Iowa Homestead in this city, and for two years later was editor of the Des Moines Daily News.

Cashier Robbed.

New York, Jan. 15.—Two men entered the Long Island City branch of the Prudential Insurance company early Thursday night and at the point of a revolver compelled Harry Athing, the cashier, to give up the money he was counting at the time. This amounted to over \$800. The robbers, in entering and leaving the place, walked past the open safe in which were thousands of dollars. The robbers escaped.

Reese Not in Contempt.

St. Louis, Jan. 16.—Judge Thayer in the court of appeals rendered a decision in the case of John P. Reese, a member of the executive committee of the United Mine Workers of America, who is now in jail at Fort Scott, Kas., for contempt of court, ordering his release. The contention that the Reese injunction, under which he was imprisoned for addressing striking miners, did not apply to him, was upheld by Judge Thayer.

Will Run for Senator.

Nashville, Jan. 16.—Though he is saying nothing there is hardly a shadow of a doubt that Governor McCallie is in the field for United States senator. Various movements in the past few weeks point to the fact that he will announce his candidacy in a few days.

Killing in Kentucky.

Whitesburg, Ky., Jan. 13.—In a blind tiger at Pound Gap, John and Taze Hall and Archie and Henry Leap opposed Henry Sutherland, Henry Long and Henry Campbell. Two hundred shots were exchanged. Taze Hall and Henry Leap were killed and Archie Sutherland and Henry Campbell mortally wounded. Arch Leap and Henry Sutherland were also wounded. A game of cards caused the fight.

Pleading for More Power.

Washington, Jan. 16.—The interstate commerce commission in its annual report renews its complaint of lack of power to deal with railroads effectually in the regulation of rates and renews their recommendation that legislation by congress to strengthen its authority. In this connection attention is called to the advance in freight rates and the consolidation of railroad interests.

A Nun Suicides.

Kenosha, Wis., Jan. 12.—The holy of Sister Augusta, an Episcopal nun, formerly Miss Augusta Henderson, of St. Louis, was washed ashore from the lake. She disappeared from the retreat at Kemper hall last Tuesday evening, and it is thought that she took her life because of an old love romance which dates back some years.

Next Cotton States Convention.

Atlanta, Jan. 16.—Secretary Daniel of the Cotton States' Association of Commissioners of Agriculture, which held its annual convention last week in New Orleans, has named August 21, as the time for the next convention to be held in Raleigh, N. C.

Forced to Adjure by Smallpox.

South McAlester, I. T., Jan. 13.—The United States court of appeals for the Indian Territory has adjourned its January term until the first Tuesday in October, on account of the prevalence of smallpox at this place and vicinity.

Kitchener the Chief.

New York, Jan. 15.—A dispatch to The Herald from London says that now it has leaked out that Kitchener is really the chief in South Africa at the head of the British troops and Roberts is a figurehead.

Child Fatally Killed.

Victoria, Tex., Jan. 13.—The 4-year-old daughter of Florence Schmidt Jr., living west of this place, met death by being kicked in the forehead by a horse, cracking the child's skull.

Trouble Amicably Settled.

Buffalo, Jan. 15.—At a meeting of the United Trades and Labor council the trouble between organized labor and the Pan-American Exposition company was amicably settled.

Money for a Cotton Mill.

San Marcos, Tex., Jan. 13.—A cotton mill movement is on foot among local capitalists of San Marcos, and a company with \$100,000 capital has been organized.

The Lawton Fund.

Washington, Jan. 13.—Adjutant General Corbin has received, altogether \$100,000 for the Lawton fund.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

INDUSTRIAL WEST.
PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY BY
W. P. BLAKE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
Subscription price, \$1 per annum in advance.
Mailed at the Post Office at Clarendon, Tex.,
as Second-class Matter.
Clarendon, Texas, Jan. 19 1900.

LOUISIANA IS TO HAVE a "lilly white" ticket in the race next fall. Texas can claim the honor of introducing such an organization.

THE English are still buying American mules. If foreign wars continue much longer mule and horse steaks will cost as much as good Panhandle beef.

THE special session of the legislature will meet Tuesday and the general opinion is that the session will be long drawn out on account of the fight over the tax bill.

THE news from South Africa for a number of days have been conflicting and unsatisfactory. Everything is censored, and it is only guess work as to what is being done.

A MAN in Franklin county has concluded that there is money in following the plow. He plowed up \$700 in his field, but it was counterfeited, hence no more profitable than plowing 4-cent cotton.

THE principal office of the "Chicago Platform Democracy" is to be located in New York. The associations there will not improve the character of the organization any nor increase the confidence of the public in its honesty.

PENNSYLVANIANS are certainly partizan republicans. Pittsburgh proposes to give a campaign fund of \$200,000 if McKinley will make his opening speech there April 27, when they will celebrate the anniversary of Grant's birth. This is a big sum of money, but it will be much easier to raise among the mine owners, oil magnates and manufacturers than it will be to raise a few dimes and nickels among the laboring classes for the spread of reform literature towards the expense of an able reform speaker.

ADMINISTRATION officials are somewhat worked up over the statement of John Barrett, ex-minister to Siam, that it was the anti-expansion speech of Senator Hoar cabled by way of Hong Kong to Aguinaldo in Luzon that precipitated the Filipino insurrection, has led to an inquiry as to who paid the \$4,000, the amount it cost to cable Senator Hoar's message of sympathy and comfort to the rebellious Tagalos. This has brought out the report that Andrew Carnegie paid the bill. Carnegie says, "I did not pay the cable tolls for Senator Hoar's message to the Filipinos. They do not need messages of sympathy or comfort. I would, however, subscribe that amount to a fund for the circulation of the speech among Americans, who do need it and could follow the advice it contained wisely."

The Educated Reading Man.
"Every department of human endeavor is pulsating with progressive activity. There is a smaller sphere for the uneducated man every decade, and a diminishing possibility of success for the man who does not read. The reading man is in the saddle. The thinking man is guiding our national destinies. The United States never occupied such a sphere of universal influence as the twentieth century will witness. It has been brought about by active men, reading men, thinking men. It marks the beginning of a world-wide influence. It means that our civilization, our institutions, our laws, our commerce, with our humanitarian ideas, shall exert a powerful effect on mankind the world over. So remember that while we venerate the fathers and the statesmen of the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries, yet we, the present generation, must live and work and prosper under totally different environments, circumstances and conditions, and a more active and cosmopolitan view of life than those enjoyed by Washington, Jefferson, or even Lincoln and Webster's address to the

Three Killed in Kentucky.
At Frankford, Ky., Tuesday Ex-Congressman David G. Colson shot and killed Ethelbert Scott, Luther Demaree and Charles Julian and dangerously wounded a fourth man named Golden.

The killing was the result of a renewal of a quarrel between Colson and Scott, which arose while they were in the army last year. Demaree, Golden and Julian were bystanders and were shot by accident. It develops that Colson was shot in the arm, but not dangerously hurt. After the shooting he ran to the residence of Chief of Police Williams, nearby, and gave himself up. Later a warrant was sworn out by Clint Fogg, who witnessed the killing. Fogg says Colson shot first.

The shooting occurred in the lobby of the Capitol hotel, which was densely packed with people who are here attending the trial of the contests before the legislature. Harry McEwing of Louisville was hit by a stray bullet, but was not seriously wounded. Persons who witnessed the tragedy say fully twenty shots were fired.

Scott was a nephew of ex-Governor Bradley. Demaree was assistant postmaster at Shelbyville and an active republican politician.

How the Wealthy Beat Their Taxes.

Through Secretary Gage the big National City Bank of New York is evading the payment of quite a sum in taxes. The Secretary was brought before Congress for a statement, and this is what he said: "The custom-house property was sold to the National City Bank as the highest bidder on July 3, 1899. Under the terms of the sale it had the option of paying in cash all of the purchase money at any time or any part it might elect over \$750,000, which sum it was absolutely obliged to pay. It exercised this option by choosing to pay \$3,215,000, leaving \$50,000 yet due. No deed will be executed until full payment has been made."

As no deed has passed, the property stands in the name of the government and is thus relieved of taxation. But it practically belongs to the bank, which has paid all but \$50,000 of the purchase price, and to which the government pays a rental for the use of the property, pending the building of a new custom-house, of 4 per cent. on the purchase price. By keeping back the \$50,000 and holding up a transfer of the papers, the bank is able to avoid taxation on the property.

Springer on the Public Domain.

"The beginning of a new century should witness a change in our public land system. The citizens of this country should be encouraged to lease the great tracts of wild grazing lands and bring them to a state of usefulness. Every homesteader should be given first choice to lease for from five to ten years at 2c per acre twenty acres for every acre he owns, and the balance of the public lands lying in the various counties of the Western States should be valued by the county commissioners of the various counties and the land then advertised by the Federal Government and leased to the highest bidder, rent payable annually in advance, for a period of from five to ten years, with good bonds for future payment.

"The general government should be entitled to keep the first year's revenue from all leases of the public domain, and each succeeding year's lease money should be paid into the various state treasuries to be paid out by a uniform state law for the destruction of predatory animals and for the erection of reservoirs, force dams and a better water supply on the various ranges over the semi-arid portions of the country."

The Washington correspondent of the Dallas News said Wednesday: "Representative Stephens said today that he would be a candidate for re-election to Congress from the Thirtieth Texas district, subject to the action of the democratic convention. It is well enough to say that all the Texas Representatives excepting Mr. Hawley and Mr. Bailey are candidates for re-election. Mr. Hawley will retire to private life and Mr. Bailey will run for the Senate."

The total of the Lawton fund is now \$90,908.
The Herald is a new daily paper at Weatherford by Ed R...

No Overtures to the State Committee.

A Dallas News local says, "At a meeting of the state committee of the populist party, called by the chairman to assemble in Dallas Saturday, there were present Chairman J. S. Bradley, Harry Tracy, O. P. Pyle, J. H. Foster, J. J. Eager and F. C. Thompson. Action was taken on an editorial published in a populist paper and a card ordered published refuting the implication that a proposition or propositions had been made to any member of the State committee to betray a single populist principle."

"The committee says that the dates for holding various congressional conventions at different dates were so placed in order that the state chairman or any other populist who desired might attend and aid in the thorough organization of the populist forces for the opening campaign."

Butler's Financial Bill.

Senator Butler Monday gave notice of a substitute he will offer for the financial bill. It provides for the manufacture or coinage of money out of gold, silver, paper and copper. The bill provides that no piece of money shall be of greater denomination than \$20, and it makes gold, silver and paper money legal tender for any sum. It makes provision for the free coinage of both gold and silver.

Kansas Fusionists at Work.

A Topeka reporter for the Star says "a plan mapped out by the fusion leaders is to call the three state nominating conventions—the populist, the democratic and the silver republican—for the same time and place, and for a joint conference, or mass meeting, of all, to be held the day before. At this conference the scheme is to informally discuss the availability of candidates and the division of the ticket among the three elements of the proposed fusion. It is understood emphatically that the democrats will insist upon a fair share of the ticket, but are willing to give the governor to the populists. The populists also want the associate justice and a further understanding that they may dictate the legislative nominees, but the democrats are not so willing to yield these points as the other, and the joint conference may be a stormy one from the outset. Another threatened danger is the disposition of individual populist candidates to refuse to surrender. There are populist candidates for all the places on the ticket, but if the democrats are to be recognized some populist aspirants will have to give way, and then will come the tug of war."

Origin of the Boers.

The Boers are descendants of some of the most distinguished families of the Batavian Republic. Their expressive, energetic faces remind one of the portraits of a Rubens, Teniers, Ostade and Van Eyck. The Southern climate of Africa has developed their sturdy physique, and there are few men measuring less than six feet two. Under the brilliant African sky the Boers have preserved the principal characteristic of the Netherlands: Endurance, hospitality, charity, honesty, frugality, simplicity and fealty to themselves. They may not be as cleanly as their compatriots in the old home across the seas, but what's the wonder? For months and even years they were compelled to live in their wagons in which they traveled across the land, defending themselves by day and night against the attack of savage beasts and men.

The Boer women are as large as the men. They are white skinned, blooming and fresh of face, but their hair's adornment is meager. The men, on the other hand, wear large beards and long flowing locks.

In their relationship with each other the Boers are very cordial. Older persons address each other as oom and aunt, the younger generation uses the terms neef and nicht (nephew and niece.) Strangers address them with mynheer and meyouwrouw.

The Kaffirs, who serve the Boers as servants, are, as a rule, well trained, inoffensive people; only in the English colonies where they are entirely free and can indulge in intoxicants, are they a dangerous element. The native regards the white man as his master, and he does not like to be treated as an equal.

necessary to his... and in the Transvaal... and Kaffirs live quite peacefully together.—Ex.

Bryan and the Nomination.

Our impression is that the next democratic convention will not tender the nomination for the Presidency to Mr. Bryan. And many of his friends coming to a like impression are certainly exerting themselves to secure his nomination by the peoples and silver republican parties, and to induce him to accept such nomination and run independently of the democracy, in opposition to the candidates of both democratic and republican parties. And to this end they press him to train himself a little more along populist lines, aye, a great deal more. Thus the Executive Committee of the Democratic National Ways and Means Committee for Brooklyn, N. Y., an organization in line with the Chicago Platform Democracy of the State, and at the instance of Mr. Eugene V. Brewster, an ardent friend of Mr. Bryan, urges the democracy "to declare for a paper currency only, having no qualities of redemption," and for "public ownership of public utilities, such as railroads, telegraphs, telephones, etc." Now if the democrats have so far advanced as to believe in these things they might as well come over to the peoples party in a body, for it is for these things that the peoples party stands. But, of course, the democratic party in national convention will not declare for any such things, nor have those who urge it to declare for these things any expectation that it will. Rather will it take a step backward than forward. But expecting this these democrats do hope that Mr. Bryan will take a step, a great stride forward, and they thus take occasion to make known to him their feelings.

How much Mr. Bryan will listen to them remains to be seen. If he, too, is gaining the impression that the democracy is like to go backward at its next national convention and not forward, and as well he may, he may listen deeply and work hard to gain for himself the populist nomination. As for the silver republican nomination that will come easy to him. But to make headway with the populists he must show himself more of a populist than he has so far. Indeed, up to this time he has shown himself opposed to the cardinal tenets of populism, believing in metallic money, holding that all paper money should be made redeemable in coin and refusing to discuss the railroad question, proclaiming himself in favor of government ownership. But we do not believe that he as yet harbors any serious doubt as to his nomination by the democracy next year, or treats seriously the suggestion that he make himself more of a populist.—The American.

Last week Mrs. Joe Marshall, who lives at Ragsdale, twelve miles north of Bonham, was fatally burned. Her clothing caught fire while she was standing in front of the fireplace. Her screams attracted the neighbors, who came to her rescue, but too late to save her life. Her clothing was burned from her body.

Roswell, N. M., has voted in favor of issuing \$25,000 bonds for sewerage, \$5,000 bonds for street improvement and \$25,000 bond for educational purposes. Only thirty-seven negative votes were cast on the educational question.

B. Wilson Edgell has associated with him in the publication of the Panhandle Farmer and Stockman at Verno H. L. Edwards, and they are making one of the neatest, wide-awake papers in the Panhandle.

In Kansas in 1893 the Democrats and Republicans fused in twenty-three counties.

Women's Complexions depend for beauty upon Digestion. Dr. M. A. Simmons' Liver Medicine Regulates the Stomach, Liver and Kidneys and secures the blessings of good Digestion.

Now is the Time.

In the interest of your own welfare, now is the time to enlighten yourself as to the best place, and to begin providing for your next summer's comfort and pleasures. With this in view, consider the matchless climate, the grandeur of scenery and the luxurious resorts of Colorado.

Drop a postal to W. F. Sterley, A. G. P. A. or A. A. Gilson, G. A. P. D. of "The Denver Road," 25 Fort Worth, Texas, and you will be provided with exhaustive and magnificent illustrated literature, without cost.

Populist Call... the recommendation... party at its session

The American Lawyer Crop.

Mr. Percy L. Edwards, in the Michigan Law Journal, avers that the law school "has furnished ample relief to the once aching necessity in this country for more lawyers!" We should say so, responded the Legal Advisor. There are now in this "model republic" not less than 90,000 professional lawyers, or one lawyer to every 800 of the population. In the greater cities, the ratio of lawyer to other folk is still greater. In Chicago, for example, a recently compiled directory of lawyers shows that nearly five thousand lawyers are struggling for existence, or one lawyer to every 350 inhabitants. In half a dozen other American cities the ratio of lawyers to laymen is about the same. In other civilized countries the proportion of possible clients is much smaller, France, with a population of 40,000,000 people, has only 6,000 lawyers—1,000 less than Chicago—a ratio of one to less than 5,000. Germany with more than 45,000,000 population has but 7,000 lawyers—one to about 6,500. In Great Britain the proportion of lawyers to other folk is about the same.

Statistics show an amazing increase in the annual "crop" of American lawyers in the last fourth of a century. In 1870 the law schools reported 1,611 students; in 1885, 3,054, in 1891, 6,106 students; 1894, over 7,600 students. Last year the reported number of law schools had swollen to 85, and of law students to more than 10,000. This rapid increase of the supply of lawyers certainly has not been the consequence of an increasing demand. Instead of increasing in the ratio of increase of lawyers the business and emoluments of the legal profession have diminished. In Chicago and its environs, for example, the bulk of legal business is transacted by hardly more than one hundred law offices, leaving more than 4,000 lawyers to skirnish and forage for a precarious existence as they can. It is the same in other populous centers.

The principle on which a prodigious number of these prolific law schools are based seems to be much the same as that of our political system, namely, that the less a man knows of the science and art of administration, the better is he qualified for the administrative service of government. The consequence is a steadily increasing annual deluge of underdone lawyers cast upon the barren shore of a congested profession to struggle for existence in "ways that are dark and tricks that are the reverse of elevating to American manhood.—Scientific American.

Made Young Again.

"One of Dr. King's New Life Pills each night for two weeks has put me in my teens again" writes D.H. Turner of Dempseytown, Pa. They're the best in the world for Liver, Stomach and bowels. Purely vegetable. Don't gripe. Only 25c at Ramsey's.

Wise county voted local option last Saturday.

Ellis county has voted in favor of a stock law.

A well-known Italian traveler who has just returned to Rome from Transvaal declares that the Boers have heavily mined the Johannesburg gold fields, in preparation for an attack when the British force advanced to the Transvaal.

I want to let the people who suffer from rheumatism and sciatica know that Dr. King's New Life Pills will relieve them. It is a medicine that will cure them. It is a medicine that will cure them. It is a medicine that will cure them. Only 50c. at Ramsey's.

T. SAWYER,
Dealer in
LUMBER.

Sash, Doors, Blinds, Building Material, Etc.
Stock New, best quality and prices low. Call and see.
CLARENDON, TEXAS.

FULTON MARKET,
HILLIARD & WOOD, Prop's.
Keep on hand Choice Corn-Fed Beef.
Pork, Mutton, Poultry, Game and everything usually kept in a Market. Will give a Liberal Discount on the Coupon system.
Remember the place; fronting the bridge on East First Street, Clarendon.

Only 2 Cents per week Pays for this Paper if Taken by the year; can you afford to do without it?

TO BUSINESS MEN.

If you have a sign over your door you are an advertiser. You can not carry everybody to your sign, but THE INDUSTRIAL WEST can carry your sign and your message also to the people of this and surrounding counties. Persistent publicity is the price of business prosperity. An advertisement does not sell the goods, but it puts you in touch with the buyer and helps you sell them. "When times are dull and people are not advertising," says John Wanamaker, "is the very time that advertising should be the heaviest." Such is the advice given by America's merchant prince. Some traders say it don't pay to advertise. They think they know more than Wanamaker. That's where they make a big mistake. Wanamaker's advertising has made him rich and famous. Wanamaker's methods on a smaller scale would be as good in Clarendon as they are in New York or Philadelphia. Turn over a new leaf and advertise in THE INDUSTRIAL WEST. Did you ever think of it? "Every newspaper reader is a buyer." If you have anything to sell, the people will not know it unless you advertise. Talk to Panhandle people through an ad in the INDUSTRIAL WEST. The largest and oldest established paper is always the best advertising medium. If you want results, put your ad in this—the people's paper. If you don't want any more trade, don't ask for it. The people will accommodate you by going to the man who does advertise.

Nearly 2500 people read this paper every week. Are you getting your share of their custom? People are reading it who might be induced to visit your store if you saw fit to attract their attention through the paper they read. The people are here, and they are buying their supplies somewhere. If you are not getting your share it is no fault of ours. How is it with you? The live dealer, who keeps his name and business promptly before the public eye, is the one who attracts trade. That's natural. People don't hunt for stores in a cemetery. Tell them where you do business and give them a reason for trading with you. Place a catchy ad in plain terms in THE INDUSTRIAL WEST, where advertising space is worth more than it costs. Every reader is a buyer.

One reason why national banks do not take out more national currency is they can do so much better in another way.

By depositing bonds as security the secretary of the treasury will deposit with them government funds. They thus get the money and pay nothing for the use of it. Whereas by taking out national currency they have to pay the government one per cent. interest, or tax, as it is called. On January 1 of this year there was the vast sum of \$80,914,640 deposited by the government in the banks as a free loan. There was also on that date the further sum of \$6,338,533 of government funds on deposit in national banks for the use of disbursing offices.—Mo. World.

During the year 1899 there were 199 employes killed and 5,339 injured upon 89 roads, against 209 killed and 5,484 injured in 1898, a result attributed to the more general equipment of the roads with safety appliances.

Old People Made Young.

J. C. Sherman, the veteran editor of the Vermontville (Mich.) Echo, has discovered the remarkable secret of keeping old people young. For years he has avoided Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Indigestion, Heart trouble, Constipation and Rheumatism, by using Electric Bitters, and he writes: "It can't be praised too highly. It gently stimulates the kidneys, tones stomach, aids digestion and gives splendid appetite. It has worked wonders for my wife and me. It's a remedy for old people's ailments. Only 50c. at Ramsey's."

It has been demonstrated repeatedly in every state in the Union and in many foreign countries that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is a certain preventive and cure for croup. It has become the universal remedy for that disease. M. V. Fisher of Liberty, W. Va., only repeats what has been said around the globe when he writes: "I have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in my family for several years and always with perfect success. We believe that it is not only the best cough remedy, but that it is a sure cure for croup. It has saved the lives of our children a number of times." Sold by Ramsey's.

When you read this paper, hand it to your neighbor, ask him to read it and send in his subscription.

TIME TABLE.
Fort Worth & Denver City Railway.

NORTH BOUND.
No. 2, Mail and Express—Leaves 7:40 p. m. Local, daily except Sunday—Leaves 7:40 p. m. Arrives 7:50 p. m. Leaves 6:15 a. m.

SOUTH BOUND.
No. 1, Mail and Express—Leaves 7:11 a. m. Local, daily except Sunday—Leaves 7:35 a. m. Arrives 7:55 p. m.

RELIGIOUS EXERCISES.

Baptist, 2d, 4d and 6th Sundays at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.—Rev. L. Tomme, pastor. Sunday school 10 a. m. Prayer meeting every Tuesday night. Sunbeams 4 p. m. every Sunday.

M. E. South services every Sunday—Rev. J. B. Hanson, pastor. Sunday school 10 a. m. Prayer meeting every Wednesday night. Junior Epworth League at 3 p. m. Epworth League at 4 p. m. every Sunday.

Christian, Elder F. T. Danson, pastor. Services 3d Sunday and Saturday and Friday night before. Society of Christian Endeavor every Sunday at 4 p. m. Sunday school 10 a. m.

First M. E. 2nd & 4th Sunday 11 a. m. and 8:30 p. m.—Rev. J. B. Hanson, pastor. Sunday school 10 a. m. Prayer meeting every Wednesday night.

Presbyterian—Services every Sunday 11 a. m. and 8:30 p. m. Rev. W. P. Dickey, pastor. Sunday school every Sunday 10 a. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening, 8:30 p. m. in the Court House. Every body cordially invited.

Catholic, 3d—Rev. J. A. Lenett, priest in charge.

SOCIETIES.

I. O. O. F.—Clarendon Lodge No. 351, meets every Thursday evening in their hall in 3d story of courthouse. Visiting brothers made welcome. W. T. Jones, N. G.

John McKillop, Sec'y.

Evening Star Encampment No. 148 I. O. O. F., meets 1st Tuesday night in each month. W. T. Jones, N. G. John Laugel, C. P.

FRANK WARD, Sec'y.

A. F. & M.—Clarendon Lodge No. 790, meets 2d Saturday night in each month at 8 o'clock in Masonic Hall over Bank of Clarendon. Geo. Morgan, W. M. W. H. Cooke, Sec'y.

CLARENDON CHAPTER, No. 216 R. A. N.—Meets the first Friday night in each month at 8:30 o'clock. Visiting companions cordially invited. J. K. Palmer, H. P.

G. F. Morgan, Sec'y.

W. O. W.—Woodbine Camp No. 476—Meets in Odd Fellows Hall 3d and 4th Friday evenings. Visiting choppers invited. W. T. Jones, C. C.

W. R. SILVEY, Clerk.

CLARENDON CHAPTER, ORDER EASTERN SEAS—Meets every third Friday of each month at 8 o'clock in Masonic Hall over Bank of Clarendon. Geo. Morgan, W. M. W. H. Cooke, Sec'y.

K. of P.—Panhandle Lodge, No. 90. Meets 1st and 3rd Tuesday nights in every month in their Court Hall, in Johnson's Hall. Visiting Knights cordially invited. W. H. Cooke, C. C. MORRIS ROSENFIELD, K. of R. S.

Business locals ten cents per line first insertion, five cents for subsequent, and all notices run and are charged for until ordered out. Job work cash on delivery, other bills on first of month.

Business Locals.

The nicest butter in town is at Morgan's Meat Market.

Oysters, fish and celery will be on sale at the Morgan Meat Market every Friday.

That new smoked Iceland Halibut at Anderson's beats any canned goods for lunch or supper.

Barrett strives to please his customers both in shaving and hair-cutting.

Highest prices paid for chickens and eggs at Morgan's Meat Market.

Barrett, the barber, keeps his razors keen and nerves steady, and can give you a shave that is a pleasure.

LOCAL ITEMS.

All kinds of fruit at Anderson's.

H. W. Taylor returned from Dallas last night.

Mrs. D. W. Jones left Tuesday night for Amarillo.

R. L. Collins is making a tour through South Texas.

H. B. White made a business trip to Miami the first of the week.

Fred Aurio has leased lot 11, block 2 and will put up a building for a tailor shop.

Miss Lillie Ball has finished her school term at Rowe and has returned home.—Memphis Leader.

Miss Kate Green returned last Sunday night from Quam, where she has been visiting the past two weeks.

C. W. Ryan moved his family to Clarendon this week. We regret to lose such good citizens.—Miami Chief.

The Clarendon College is being put in possession of an excellent library, mostly by donation of generous citizens.

J. S. Scott moved a residence to a lot north of the Episcopal church this week and is fitting it up for his own use. He is having a well put down also.

The Baptist ladies will give a supper at the new Ramsey building Monday night. The central location and the way they "feed" should draw a large crowd.

A musical social will be given Friday evening Jan. 26, at the residence of Mrs. White for the benefit of the new Presbyterian church. Refreshments will be served after the program.

We notice in the Versailles Leader that J. K. Guyon, who is a brother of Mrs. W. R. Silvey, and founder of the town of Floydada, has been elected president of the new Wetmore tobacco manufacturing company of St. Louis at a salary of \$50,000 per year. That will beat working up Panhandle boom towns, both in pocket and peace of mind.

The finest line of cheese at Anderson's for the Christmas trade. Full American Cream, Brick, Swiss, Limburger, Rotterdam, Amsterdam and

Pure Kentucky
erson's.

A number of Donley people went to the cattle convention this week.

Dr. Nelson returned from Dallas last night.

J. B. Williams was down from White Deer Monday.

Finis Simpson has recovered sufficiently to be knocking around town some.

Dr. White reports a new daughter born to Mrs. D. Barnhart yesterday afternoon.

Eason & Sims have bought the Harrington mill and will move it to where the Agitator office now stands.

B. T. Lane and wife returned home from their Georgia visit several days ago. They say the winter was severe back there.

E. A. Kelley, president of the Citizen's Bank, spent yesterday in town. The fixtures will be moved into the new building tomorrow.

Mrs. Forest Stocking, of La Junta, Colo., is here visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Hawkins.

There has been less wind and disagreeable weather this winter than for years. "The beautiful weather," is a common remark.

There will be a music and elocution recital at the college tonight, followed with refreshments by the ladies of the M. E. church.

The Baptist Ladies Aid society will meet next Wednesday afternoon at the residence of Mrs. Fred Dewey. A full attendance is desired.

Hilliard & Wood, of Childress, have opened the Fulton Meat Market at the end of the bridge. Mr. Wood will be the manager and invites your trade through an ad in this paper. The best corned beef is a specialty and they propose to please their customers.

The Colorado, Utah and Idaho delegation of cattlemen went down to the convention Monday in a special train of sleepers, including a cafe car and a smoker. There were about 400 of them and they had the First Regiment band, of Denver, with them, composed of twenty uniformed men. During the fifteen minutes the train stopped here they played several pieces of music.

If Irritable, Out of sorts, Depressed in Spirits, have a Dull Headache, take a few doses Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine for quick relief.

Railroad Pickups.

The pile driver has been put on the third district.

Engine 30 went in the back shop Thursday for general repairs.

A pinch bar fell from the coal chute yesterday, striking V. R. Lane in the back, making a painful bruise.

During the past thirteen years we have established a reputation for business integrity, promptness and reliability, which is approached by no house in the country; and our financial strength enables us to extend favors to our patrons far more liberally than any other house in our line. Again thanking you and asking that you favor us with your orders in future as in the past, and wishing you success and happiness for the new year, I am your friend, H. D. RAMSEY, the Drug Man.

Armour's Mince Meat, 3 pkgs. for 25c at Anderson's.

Mr. Sanger, of the firm of Sanger Bros., Dallas, says if he were given his choice of doing business without insurance or without advertising he would drop the insurance, because if his business interest suffered by fire he could re-establish himself by the liberal use of printer's ink, while if he had plenty of insurance but was deprived of the use of advertising he could accomplish nothing.—Panhandle Farmer and Stockman.

In 1885 we run a paper at Arlington and Sanger Bros., had an ad in every issue. The bills were promptly and cheerfully paid the first of every month, and no questions asked as to whether we ever traded with them or not. Then their advertising bills were \$66,000 per year—what they are now we do not know; but they attribute their mercantile success largely to advertising.

His Wife Saved Him.

My wife's good advice saved my life writes F. M. Ross of Winfield, Tenn., for I had such a bad cough I could hardly breathe, I steadily grew worse under doctor's treatment, but my wife urged me to use Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, which completely cured me. Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, LaGrippe, Pneumonia, Asthma, Hay Fever and all maladies of Chest, Throat and Lungs are positively cured by this famous medicine. 50c a bottle. Every bottle gives you the free trial.

Term.

JURY.

S. Bugbee, W. S. Boydston, J. D. Jeffries, W. H. Carpenter, W. A. Caldwell, Jasper Stevens, W. M. Muir, W. F. Dewey, Clarence Dubbs, Frank Jope, D. J. Murphy, Alfred Rowe, Vince Terry, W. R. Claunch, T. F. Baskin, W. W. James.

PETIT JURY.

E. A. Taylor, Chas. Turney, G. C. Hartman, C. E. Fyfe, J. H. Hastings, E. B. Spencer, J. F. Journey, Chas. Phillips, G. A. Antrobus, J. H. Myers, Geo. Bugbee, I. E. Jones, Martin Coyne, J. B. McClelland, Fred Weidman, W. H. Patrick, Rich Bowlin, W. H. Shaw, R. A. Chamberlain, R. B. Edgell, W. J. Atterberry, V. Tallon, W. J. Lewis, G. W. Hard, G. T. Hamlin, J. H. Kelley, W. W. Dyer, A. M. Beville, Jno. Donahue, M. W. Easum.

A few doses of Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine will do more for a Weak Stomach than a prolonged course of any other medicine.

Those new crop evaporated apples, peaches and apricots at Anderson's are too good to last long at the price he sells them.

President Springer to Stockmen.

John W. Springer, president of the Live Stock Association, in his opening address said:

"Is it any wonder, my friends, when you look the facts squarely in the face, that the livestock industry of the United States is to be found harnessed to the chariot of progress?"

"Is it numbers or quality that commands the world's gold dollars today? I answer it is quality. And now permit me to lay down five axioms, which I hold are self-evident:

- "1. That no State can realize a heavy immigration that is not liberal with its livestock interests.
- "2. That no railway management will prosper long which turns a deaf ear to the complaints of stockmen.
- "3. That no livestock market will continue to grow which imposes a terminal charge on every car of livestock for the privilege of unloading at their yards.
- "4. That no stockman will prosper who does not read and liberally advertise in stock journals, papers and magazines.
- "5. That the stockman who gains the greatest reward will be he who places quality above quantity in all of his dealings in livestock."

Bucklin's Arnica Salve.

Has world-wide fame for marvellous cures. It surpasses any other salve, lotion, ointment or balm for Cuts, Corns, Burns, Boils, Sores, Felons, Ulcers, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Chapped Hands, Skin Eruption; Infallible for Piles. Cure guaranteed. Only 50c. at Ramsey's drug store.

Anderson's famous B B Flour still holds the lead as the finest flour in the city. Only \$1.10 per sack.

Tax Notice.

All persons are hereby notified that the law compels me to collect ten per cent additional on all taxes not paid by January 31. Pay your taxes and save cost. W. H. OLIVER, Tax Collector.

Do not fail to try a sack of Anderson's famous B B Flour. Only \$2.20 per cwt.

Rooms to Rent.

Also single beds from 25c up. I have the warmest house in Clarendon. If you come to town and want a clean bed, or a nice room come to my house and we will treat you the best we know how.

AUGUST WILLIAMS.

PANHANDLE NEWS.

Fred Burks, a negro preacher, fell under the car wheels at Quannah Monday and was killed.

The son of ex-Editor Arnold has been appointed post master at Wellington to succeed R. H. Butterworth, who resigned.—Leader.

To Our Patrons.

We will carry the choicest beef, mutton and pork in stock. Call for what you want, as we keep it in the best of condition in our refrigerator.

MORGAN MEAT MARKET.

An Interesting Announcement.

The management of the Great Texas-Colorado Chautauqua at Boulder, Colorado, announces that its next session is to be from July 1st to August 15th inclusive, longer and in every way stronger than ever.

The management is now booking, regardless of great expense, the very best educational and platform talent procurable in this country for the edification and pleasure of the hundreds who will be on hand during the season. The further announcement is made that, in the interest of the complete satisfaction of the Chautauqua patrons, the following list of speakers are positively cured by this famous medicine. 50c a bottle. Every bottle gives you the free trial.

United States Land Office.

Woodward, Oklahoma Territory, December 16, 1899.—Notice is hereby given pursuant to instructions and in accordance with the directions of the Secretary of the Interior under the provisions of the act of July 5, 1884 (23 Stat., 103), that all the buildings on the Fort Elliott abandoned military reservation, situated near the town of Mobeetie, in Wheeler County, Texas, the said buildings consisting of officers' quarters, barracks, stables, out-buildings, etc., will be offered at public sale on the reservation on the 20th day of March, 1900, commencing at ten o'clock, A. M., to the highest bidder at not less than the appraised value thereof, the purchase money to be paid at the time of the sale and the buildings to be removed from the reservation within ninety days from the date of the sale, their retention on the reservation after that time being at the risk of the purchasers. FRANK D. HEALY, Register; JOHN W. MILLER, Receiver. Approved, E. A. HITCHCOCK, Secretary.

Wide county voted prohibition last Saturday by about 400 majority.

"We find the United States credited with nearly 55,000,000 head and a beef production of nearly 4,000,000 tons per annum. Look at the result at our great markets this past year—beef selling on the hoof as high as \$8 per 100 pounds, live weight. This, of course, given for the highest quality—produced only by thoroughbred bulls. However the average price of all beef at the markets has been so satisfactory that I have yet to hear of a single complaint from any beef producer."—Springer's address.

If Gloomy and Nervous, and looking on the dark side of things, take a few doses Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine, and the gloom will disappear.

J. S. Harrison, real estate dealer of Kansas City, and a brother of the ex-president, was kicked on the head by a horse at Beaumont, Texas, Sunday, fracturing his skull.

The Greer County Sun says half of the prairie dogs in that county have been drowned out.

S. K. Patterson, Montague, Texas, writes: For 20 years have used Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine for Coughs, Colic, and Sick Headache. In my opinion it is stronger, and acts more naturally than either Black Draught or Zelin's medicine.

Notice to Coal Stealers.

Notice is hereby given that any or all parties found taking company coal from the yards, round house, cars, depot or any premises of the Fort Worth & Denver Ry. Co., will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law. D. BARNHART, Agent.

Texas Live Stock Association San Antonio

January 22 to 24, 1900, rate of \$12.00 for round trip has been authorized. Tickets on sale January 20 and 25, with final limit January 26, 1900. Continuous passage both directions.

Meeting of Interstate Merchants Association, St. Louis, Feb., Mar., and April.

Tickets will be on sale as follows at rate of one and one fifth fares for the round trip, certificate plan.

Date of sale February 14th to 26th inclusive good for return until March 8th.

Date of sale March 3rd to 15th inclusive good for return until March 25th.

Date of sale March 19th to 31st inclusive good for return until April

Eureka Harness Oil

On your best harness, your old harness, and your carriage top, and they will not only look better but wear longer. Sold everywhere in cans—all sizes from half pints to five gallons. Made by STANDARD OIL CO.

proportion by the Eastern man with only a few. With these conditions existing, it seems as though there is only prosperity in store for the livestock man for many years to come."

Having a Great Run on Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

Manager Martin, of the Pierson drug store, informs us that he is having a great run on Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. He sells five bottles of that medicine to one of any other kind, and it gives great satisfaction. In these days of a gripe there is nothing like Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to stop the cough, heal up the sore throat and lungs and give relief within a very short time. The sales are growing, and all who try it are pleased with its prompt action.—South Chicago Daily Calumet. For sale by H. D. Ramsey.

Table Mountain, at Cape Town, South Africa, is a magnificent natural curiosity. It is nearly 4,000 feet in height and has a level top about three square miles in area.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE.

Woodward, Oklahoma Territory, December 16, 1899.—Notice is hereby given pursuant to instructions and in accordance with the directions of the Secretary of the Interior under the provisions of the act of July 5, 1884 (23 Stat., 103), that all the buildings on the Fort Elliott abandoned military reservation, situated near the town of Mobeetie, in Wheeler County, Texas, the said buildings consisting of officers' quarters, barracks, stables, out-buildings, etc., will be offered at public sale on the reservation on the 20th day of March, 1900, commencing at ten o'clock, A. M., to the highest bidder at not less than the appraised value thereof, the purchase money to be paid at the time of the sale and the buildings to be removed from the reservation within ninety days from the date of the sale, their retention on the reservation after that time being at the risk of the purchasers. FRANK D. HEALY, Register; JOHN W. MILLER, Receiver. Approved, E. A. HITCHCOCK, Secretary.

Wide county voted prohibition last Saturday by about 400 majority.

"We find the United States credited with nearly 55,000,000 head and a beef production of nearly 4,000,000 tons per annum. Look at the result at our great markets this past year—beef selling on the hoof as high as \$8 per 100 pounds, live weight. This, of course, given for the highest quality—produced only by thoroughbred bulls. However the average price of all beef at the markets has been so satisfactory that I have yet to hear of a single complaint from any beef producer."—Springer's address.

If Gloomy and Nervous, and looking on the dark side of things, take a few doses Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine, and the gloom will disappear.

J. S. Harrison, real estate dealer of Kansas City, and a brother of the ex-president, was kicked on the head by a horse at Beaumont, Texas, Sunday, fracturing his skull.

The Greer County Sun says half of the prairie dogs in that county have been drowned out.

S. K. Patterson, Montague, Texas, writes: For 20 years have used Dr. M. A. Simmons Liver Medicine for Coughs, Colic, and Sick Headache. In my opinion it is stronger, and acts more naturally than either Black Draught or Zelin's medicine.

Notice to Coal Stealers.

Notice is hereby given that any or all parties found taking company coal from the yards, round house, cars, depot or any premises of the Fort Worth & Denver Ry. Co., will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law. D. BARNHART, Agent.

Texas Live Stock Association San Antonio

January 22 to 24, 1900, rate of \$12.00 for round trip has been authorized. Tickets on sale January 20 and 25, with final limit January 26, 1900. Continuous passage both directions.

Meeting of Interstate Merchants Association, St. Louis, Feb., Mar., and April.

Tickets will be on sale as follows at rate of one and one fifth fares for the round trip, certificate plan.

Date of sale February 14th to 26th inclusive good for return until March 8th.

Date of sale March 3rd to 15th inclusive good for return until March 25th.

Date of sale March 19th to 31st inclusive good for return until April

ONLY

would attempt
pute our claim.
whelming popular
claim.

People Eat Our Pudding

and ask for more, and if "the proof of the pudding is in the eatings," there is no doubt that we are the chosen caterers of critical customers.

It's The Plums in the Pudding

that please the public palate, and our pudding is full of them—bargain plums in every line of goods.

Let No Bluffer

make you suffer the loss of a bargain.

We offer the Best Goods and the Lowest Prices to Every Buyer.

MORRIS ROSENFIELD,
The Pioneer dry goods merchant.

E. A. KELLY, President. B. H. WHITE, Vice President. W. H. COOKE, Cashier.

THE CITIZEN'S BANK,
Clarendon, Texas,
Opens for business Nov. 1, 1899.
Will transact a general Banking Business.
We solicit the accounts of Merchants, Ranchmen, Farmers, Railroad men and Individuals.
Money to loan on acceptable securities.
Directors.
E. A. Kelly, B. H. White, W. H. Cooke, M. Rosenfield, L. C. Beverly, I. E. Jones, I. G. Tackitt.

H. D. RAMSEY,
White Lead, Pure Lined Oil and Mixed Paints.

Dealer in
DRUGS,
Toiletries, Stationery

WINDO GLASS AND PUTTY.

GEO. ANTROBUS,
Will loan money on first mortgage or good personal security.

W. T. JONES,
Successor to I. E. Jones.
General Grocer.
Buy and Sell All Kinds of Produce.
Clarendon, Texas

H. W. KELLEY. T. M. WILLIAMSON.
KELLEY & WILLIAMSON,
Contractors and Builders,
Plans and Specifications Furnished.
Fine Cabinet Work A Specialty.
CLARENDON, TEXAS.

CLARENDON LIVERY STABLE,
BUNTIN & BAKER, Pros.
Drummers Accomodated.
First-Class Turnouts, Horses boarded, Feed Sold Cheap.

TROUP BROS.,
DRAWMEN
And Dealers in
COAL AND WOOD.
Clarendon, Texas.
Miss ANNIE I. BAFB,
Teacher of
Pianoforte and Theory of

WEST.
PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY BY
W. P. BLAKE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
 Subscription price, \$1 per annum in advance.
 Mailed at the Post Office at Clarendon, Tex.,
 as Second-class Matter.
Clarendon, Texas, Jan. 19 1902.

Three
 At FA War Dictionary.
 Ex-Congt lowing list from the Lon-
 shot and k ill be found useful by
 Luther Demarewar news. The pro-
 and dangerous the more difficult
 man named, (en):
 The kil River (Arpies.)—Runs
 newal of Pretoria into the Limpopo,
 and S. skander.—A white man born
 in South Africa, of European stock.
 Berg.—A mountain.
 Bethulie (Beth-ooly.)—Town in
 the Orange Free State.
 Biltong.—Boer provender. Dried
 meat.
 Boer.—A peasant.
 Burger.—Males over 16 years
 old possessing the franchise.
 Commandant.—Commander.
 Commando.—A body of Boers.
 Commandeer.—To mobilize; to
 requisition.
 Dam.—An artificial lake.
 Disselboom.—Pole of an ox wa-
 gon.
 Donga.—A water hole or deep
 ditch.
 Dop.—Boer brandy.
 Dopper.—The Puritanical-Lu-
 theran Boer.
 Drorp.—A village.
 Drift.—A ford.
 Etshowe (Etsh-owy.)—Camp in
 Zululand. Residence of Commis-
 sioner.
 Field Cornet.—A Magistrate
 with certain military powers.
 Fontein.—A spring.
 Gaberones (Gab-ber-oons.)—
 Very important tive town, nine-
 miles north of Mafeking.
 Geldenhuis (Geld-den-hise.)—
 Formerly member of the Volksraad
 for Johannesburg.
 Griqualand West (Greek-a-land).
 —District of Kimberley diamond
 mines.
 Kantoor (Kantore.)—Rocky
 little chicken-headed sucker in
 Transvaal.
 Klip.—A stone.
 Kloof.—A ravine.
 Komati Poort (Ko-marty-poort.)
 —Bordertown, Transvaal and Por-
 tuguese territory.
 Kopje.—A hillock.
 Kraal.—A cattle pound, or col-
 lection of native huts.
 —A cleft between hills.
 —A Boer camp.
 —Indian corn; staple
 food of natives, and much grown
 and used by the Boers for bread,
 etc.
 Nek.—The saddle connecting
 two hills.
 Oorlog.—War.
 Palapswe (Pal-larp-sway.)—
 Very large native town in Bechu-
 analand. Chief Khama's head-
 quarters.
 Pan.—A sheet of water.
 Pont.—A ferry.
 Poort.—A pass between or over
 the mountains.
 Ramathlabama (Ray-math-lay-
 barmer.)—Near Mafeking; British
 camp.
 Rooinek.—Literally red neck.
 Boer term for English soldiers.
 Schuin's Hoogte (Skeins-hoog-
 tay.)—Hill in Natal; just over the
 Transvaal border. Battle in war
 of 1881.
 Sluit.—A dry ditch.
 Spruit.—A small stream.
 Taal.—Boer Low Dutch lan-
 guage.
 Trek.—Traveling by ox wagon.
 Uitlander. A nonburgher of the
 Transvaal.
 Veldt.—The South African prairie.
 Veldt Cornet.—See Field Cor-
 net.
 Vereeniging (Far-eyny-ging.)—
 First station on the Transvaal side
 of the Vaal River. Customs-house.
 Vierkleur. The four-colored
 Boer flag, red, white, blue and
 green.
 Vlei.—A small lake.
 Voorlooper.—The boy leading
 the first span of an ox team.
 Voortrekker.—The older genera-
 tion of Boers, who took part in
 the Great Trek of 1837.
 Zarp.—A Boer policeman.
 Zoutspansberg (Zoot-pans-berg.)
 —Very large northern district of
 Transvaal. Highly mineralized.
 The case of J. W. Dent, alias John
 T. Murphy, Jr., and other aliases, is
 set for January 18, in the district
 court here. Dent is charged with
 forgery, having forged a draft on
 the American National bank of this
 city. Dent is the same person who
 was arrested some time ago in Ari-
 zona and brought here. He is also
 said to have forged the pardon of
 George Isaacs, the convict, who was
 liberated on a bogus pardon at
 Huntsville penitentiary, where
 he was serving a life sentence.
 The Herald is a new daily pa-
 per at Weatherford by Ed

THE PRICE QUESTION
REVIEW OF TRUST PRICES UNDER
RISING LEVEL OF PRICES.
 Wages Under Rising Prices For the
 Products of Labor—How Farm
 Products Are Affected—Owners of
 Monopolies Alone Benefited.
 The following is taken from advance
 sheets sent out by George H. Shibley,
 director of the department of money
 and prices, Bureau of Economic Re-
 search, New York city:
 Since the rising price level set in dur-
 ing 1897 there has been a deluge of
 trust formations. What has been the
 effect of these trusts upon the prices of
 the things they sell and upon the prices
 of the things they buy?
 Before the development of trust
 prices—before the control of prices by
 boards of directors of private corpora-
 tions instead of by the law of supply
 and demand—as the volume of money
 increased the business expanded so
 that the average price did not rise
 in proportion to the increase in the
 volume of money, but now the average
 price goes up faster than the volume of
 money. In other words, the boards
 of trust directors are putting their sell-
 ing prices up unduly fast and new en-
 terprises are not being established as
 was always the case heretofore when
 there has been a considerable rise in the
 price level.
 One cause of the absence of new en-
 terprises is the fact that the wage
 earners have not received any material
 increase in the amount of money
 paid them for their labor, and there-
 fore have nothing with which to ex-
 tend their purchases to new articles;
 nor have the owners of land and build-
 ings any more money, except in rare
 instances; nor have the creditor class;
 nor have many of the employers out-
 side the trusts any more money. In
 short, the class who are reaping in-
 creased profits are the owners of the
 monopolies—namely, the owners of the
 trusts, railroads, telegraph lines, street
 cars, etc. This class is receiving not
 only the increased quantity of goods
 which results from the industrial ac-
 tivity, but the real wage—the purchas-
 ing power of the money wage—is ac-
 tually being lessened in most cases,
 the owners of rents are receiving a
 lessened purchasing power, the owners
 of credits are not receiving as much
 purchasing power, and the employers
 outside the trusts, including the farm-
 ers, are paying so much more for what
 they purchase that, combined with the
 unduly low prices of most of their prod-
 ucts due to the trust prices being put
 up so as to take up the increase in the
 money volume and leave but little for
 farm products that, even if they, the
 farmers and other employers outside
 the trusts, are being injured under a
 rising price level, or at least are not
 benefited.
 The surplus which the monopolists
 are taking to themselves they are ex-
 porting now and have been doing so
 for a couple of years, but soon they can
 no longer get securities for their sur-
 plus, and therefore must exchange it
 for other produce for consumption in
 this country, and then they cannot find
 purchasers for it here, for all the in-
 come of our people is already being ex-
 pended. Then some of the mills and
 factories will be closed down, and with
 such stoppage of wages, and this
 will lessen still further the demand.
 This gradual running down will con-
 tinue with fitful starts, owing to wars,
 etc., until the trusts are so controlled
 that the income of the people will pur-
 chase nearly all that they can produce.
 Before the development of trusts—
 that is to say, before the abolition of
 competition among business firms, for
 the abolition of supply and demand as
 the determinant of particular prices—the
 periods of industrial depression were
 caused by the falling price level, due to
 an insufficient volume of money. But
 now a new cause of industrial depression
 has been developed in the affairs of
 men. The trusts are an additional
 cause of industrial depression. If a
 falling price level occurs along with
 the existence of trust prices, then the
 tendency to industrial disorganization
 will be seriously accentuated.
 The development of monopoly in the
 production and distribution of com-
 modities during the past two years
 has been the greatest industrial change
 the world has ever witnessed. A sec-
 ond great change is the rising flood of
 gold, and it has been during the rising
 price level, caused by this gold, that
 the development of trusts has taken
 place.
 Let us consider some of the details
 which are now included in the forego-
 ing.
 History shows that for the past hun-
 dred years at least the condition of the
 wage earning class in this country has
 been benefited by a rising price level,
 except since the loss of competition be-
 tween business firms and the existence
 of monopolies—trusts.
 History shows that this is so. Statis-
 tics show it, and descriptive history
 shows it. Take a chart showing the
 periods of rising prices, and observe
 that when falling prices existed the
 tendency was for the unemployed to
 increase, owing to the disorganization
 of industry, and the real wages tended
 to fall. Big crops have temporarily
 offset this tendency, but when normal
 crops came the evils from the falling
 price level have been accentuated.
 On the other hand, with a rising
 price level the tendency has been for
 the unemployed to receive work, and
 then the competition for help has put
 up the money wage and to such an
 extent that the real wage has been
 increased. But with the abolition of
 competition between business firms
 for the services of workmen there is
 no longer the rise in the real wage un-
 der a rising price level, except where
 the contract provides a sliding scale or
 where political necessity compels the
 trusts to put up wages. The trusts
 are trying to protect themselves from
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 and therefore are desirous of cultivat-
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