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Vol. 20

CLARENDON, DONLEY COUNTY, TEXAS, SATURDAY, MARCH 27, 1909

No. 25.

Representative Indicted for Gambling.

Austin, March 24.—Representative Thad Adams of Bexar county gave bond before Judge Wilcox in the sum of \$500 following the return of an indictment by the grand jury charging the permitting of gaming on premises under his control. The case will be called for setting April 12.

When the deputy sheriff appeared at the house of representatives it was thought necessary to ascertain from the attorney general whether or not under the constitution a member of the house was privileged from arrest on such a charge. The constitution prohibits the arrest of a legislator during the session of the legislature except when charged with felony, treason or disturbing the peace, and an explanation to this effect was given by the attorney general's department.

The indictment grows out of the recent poker playing episode. It is charged that games of poker were played in the rooms occupied by Representative Adams.

A Millionaire's Texas Farm.

Port Arthur, Tex., March 22.—John W. Gates has just completed the principal part of the improvements on his 300-acre tract of land north of this city. This place is indeed a model dairy and fruit orchard. The large dwelling house and outhouses are very large and conveniently arranged. On the construction of these buildings Mr. Gates spent about \$12,000.

In the dairy Mr. Gates has 100 registered Jersey cows, and he is contemplating adding to this herd.

In the near future a large poultry plant will be put on the place, which will be equalled by none in the south.

In the orchard 3500 trees are planted, there being 120 acres in fruit trees and a ten-acre grove is planted with over 5,000 eucalyptus trees, which Mr. Gates brought from California. About 12,000 more of these trees are planted around the place. The fruit trees consist of about 12,000 fig trees, 2,000 orange trees and 4,000 grape fruits. As an experiment a small number of various other trees were planted, most of which are a variety of lemon trees.

Twelve thousand of the eucalyptus trees were planted along the fence of the original 300-acre tract and entirely surrounds this tract and a number of other small tracts purchased by Mr. Gates and which he will annex to his farm.

Mr. Gates has spared no expense in improving his place and no doubt he will demonstrate what can be accomplished here in this line, and will thereby open up a new industry at this place, as others will be induced to follow his example.

Census to Cost \$14,000,000.

If congress desires the decennial census taken next year, S. N. D. North, director of the census bureau, wants about 14 million dollars to defray expenses. He made a request to the house Monday for an appropriation for that amount.

None of the appropriation bills at the last session carried the money to do the work. The House leaders have been conferring about the best method of procedure. To avoid the necessity of appointing the committee on appropriations in the house or the bringing in of a special rule, it is probable that the senate will be asked to amend the census bill so as to include the appropriation.

The time has arrived, says a Kansas paper to make that garden that the old hen has been dreaming about all winter as she loafed about on the perch instead of attending to business and laying thirty-five cent a dozen eggs.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

THE TARIFF WRANGLE.

Special Correspondence.

Washington, D. C. March 20.—The men from the south as a whole seem to be pleased with the tariff bill, with the exception of the Senators and Representatives from Texas, and they feel that any revision of the tariff that places hides on the free list is an attack upon them. The states on the Pacific coast are fairly well satisfied, California especially being delighted with the new schedules. Idaho, Montana, and Wyoming join Texas in protesting against the removal of duty on hides, claiming it means the ruin of the cattle industry. The representatives from the Dakotas, Kansas and Nebraska are dissatisfied with the action of the committee respecting hides and lumber. From Wisconsin, Minnesota and Iowa opposition is heard to the reduction of the tax on barley and barley malt, the allegation being made that this is a concession to the malsters of New England and a direct blow to the agricultural interests of the Mississippi Valley. Representatives from West Virginia and Pennsylvania complain of the placing of bituminous coal on the free list, and from the New England states the only opposition is to the inheritance tax. The reduction in the duties on lead and zinc is the principal complaint of the Missourians. The lead and zinc men are trying to enlist Champ Clark, the minority leader, to assist them in the fight. They claim to have developed a big industry in low grade ores and that the margin of profit is so small the industry will be wiped out if the lead and zinc duties are lowered, with the result that the state will be lost to the republican party.

About four-fifths of the democrats in Congress have announced their readiness at all times to join any "insurgent" republicans who wish a reduction on any schedule. The democratic leaders, in fact will join with insurgent republicans whenever there is a chance to obstruct speedy revision. As the republicans are no longer the solid phalanx which fought for the old rules on Monday last, the leaders of the House, after a review of the situation, have come to the conclusion that the wise plan is to snatch the bill away from the House as quickly as possible and send it to the Senate, where the minority is comparatively weak, and where compromises can be more easily effected.

FOR AN INCOME TAX.

Representative Ollie James of Kentucky has introduced a resolution the purpose of which is to ascertain the attitude of President Taft concerning an income tax. In this resolution President Taft is quoted as saying, in a speech at Columbus, Ohio, on August 16, 1907, that "In times of great national need, however, an income tax would be of great assistance in furnishing means to carry on the government". And, again, Representative James refers to President Taft's message, wherein it is estimated that there would be a deficit in the Treasury by July 1, of \$100,000,000. With these utterances as a basis, Mr. James asks the House to request of the President if, in his opinion, the "times of great national need" have not arrived when "an income tax would be of great assistance in furnishing means to carry on the government", and the President is asked, if he does so believe, to submit to Congress recommendations relative to imposing a tax upon incomes, "to the end that the rich may bear their just proportion of the burdens of the government".

Whipping Necessary in School

Chicago, March 22.—The efficacy of corporal punishment in the public schools has again been brought to the front as a topic of discussion by the Rev. M. P. Boynton, a Baptist minister, who, though declining to express his own views on the subject, declares that he has written to a number of teachers and has found only one who believes that the abolition of such punishment has aided discipline. One letter made public says:

"There is a spirit of lawlessness and disrespect in the schools, a spirit of 'I'll do as I please,' and a disregard for the rights of others that is appalling. When other methods of discipline have been used and found wanting, I believe that the refractory pupils should be given a sound trouncing by the principal."

Assistant Attorney General Crawford, in an opinion to the senate committee Wednesday holds that the election in Senator Thomas' district is not void because of the failure to post notices, because the Terrell election law in this respect is directory and not mandatory.

To End Kirby Lumber Company Receivership.

A Beaumont reporter has it that April 20 is the day named when the Kirby Lumber Company receivership will cease and the tremendous properties of the Kirby Company will be given back into the control and management of John Henry Kirby as head and president of the company. The change will be so gradual and has been under way so long that it will not be noticeable.

The working force of the company has been so well and perfectly organized under the administration of the receivers that will move along practically the same, except in the legal features, however, will come numerous changes and transactions which have been awaiting that time.

The most important is the transfer of the property in Beaumont known as the Texas Tram and Lumber Company's planer and yard site, to the Frisco Railroad, and which is to be used for a passenger station and terminals. The Frisco has had an option on this property since the receivers have been in charge, but it could not be disposed of under the receivership.

AUSTIN LETTER

CHRONICLE Correspondence.

Austin, March 23.—The regular session of the 31st legislature spent a great portion of its time in investigations and the special session finds the docket still crowded. The probable result of the investigation into the penitentiary system of the state is beginning to fill the corridors of the capitol with gossip, and the Text Book Board investigation promises disclosures rich and racy. The tilt between the Kennedy followers and the administration forces promises to result in a general wash day in which all the dirty linen will be thoroughly aired.

That we are sure to have more laws is the mandate of the administration. The governor has opened the flood gates and a rain of bills for 40 days and 40 nights is inevitable. Twenty measures have been submitted for legislation and there is said to be more to follow; those who are supposed to know, declare that unless the legislature makes a noise like more laws, they will celebrate the 4th of July in Austin. That the administration is rowing against an ebbing tide is apparent to the most casual observer and no amount of political power can turn the legislative current inbound. Telegrams, resolutions and petitions have been pouring in on members from their constituents asking that the appropriation bill be passed and adjourn.

In the house the past week has been spent in re-organization. The chairmen of all important committees have been changed and the personnel of the committees have in most instances been re-arranged. The new alignments bear the imprint of the administration and the insurgents are by no means idle and have among their leaders some of the strongest members of the house.

In the senate a few bills of minor importance received consideration during the week, but there was a noticeable lull before the storm. The personnel of the senate has been carefully canvassed by the administration for recruits for the final struggle but the senate has so far refused to take dictation and the anti-administrationists claim a safe majority.

The bank guaranty and the two-cent fare bills are measures nearest the governor's heart and a vote on these bills will disclose the administration's strength. These subjects were considered by the regular session and it is likely that all the evidence is in and all the arguments have been heard. It is simply a question of filibustering and voting.

"Is it true that many of these Mormons have a half dozen wives each?" asked a visitor to Salt Lake City of a policeman who was stationed near the Temple, says the Saturday Evening Post. "Sure," said the policeman. "Well, will you kindly tell me why on earth a man wants to marry half a dozen wives?" "I dunno," said the policeman, "unless he thinks that that maybe he can get a good one out of the bunch."

Some people are always ready to take a pessimistic view of most all situations. Some are already predicting crop failure because we have not had any ground soaking rains this winter. The ground is not as dry as it was at times in 1907-08, and we had pretty fair crops each year. The fellow with the one crop idea can't expect every year to be to his notion, and he should get the diversification idea into his head, try other crops, and by all means plant a crop of pigs and poultry.—Cisco Round Up.

Our school shoes are guaranteed. Rathjen's Shoe Store.

STATE NEWS

Mount Pleasant street car line will soon be in operation.

Two more gas wells have been brought in in the Henrietta field.

An artesian well that spouts forty feet is holding forth eight miles from Corpus Christi.

Strawberry shipments from the Tyler section, it is expected, will begin between April 5 and 10.

S. P. Fambrough of Monroe, Ga., says he was robbed while asleep at Dallas of \$2,100. Two men were arrested.

The business house of J. D. Bowlin at Aledo was robbed at an early hour Tuesday morning. About \$20 in cash and other articles were taken.

The residence of W. J. Shepherd at Greenville was destroyed by fire Monday night, together with nearly all of its contents. The loss on building and contents will aggregate \$1,000, partly covered by insurance.

James Callan of Menardville was elected president of the Texas Cattle Raisers' association by a vote of 241 to 217. His only rival for the honor was Al McFadden of Victoria, who had a strong following in north and south Texas.

At Gilmer Saturday County Judge Albert Maberry received severe knife wounds in the abdomen, side and back. Two of the wounds are serious, but are not considered dangerous. Dr. Charles Rogers of Rosewood was placed under a \$2,000 bond, which was given.

D. C. Luck, age 40 years, traveling collector for a Dallas house, suicided at Ennis Tuesday night with carbolic acid. He left a note for the care of his body, which was sent to Winnsboro, his home. He leaves a wife and son. The letter failed to give cause for the suicide. Another evidence that there is not much in a name.

The famous Sour Lake Springs Hotel, at Sour Lake, was burned Sunday. The building was owned by the Sun Company and was partly insured. The fire originated in the kitchen from a gas stove. Loss is about \$15,000. Long before Sour Lake became an oil field the place was noted as a health resort, and this hotel was at one time one of the finest in the State.

An addition which will enable the placing of twenty beds is being constructed to the dormitory of what is known as the "half orphanage" at the Buckner Orphan's Home. The addition is a frame building. At the half orphanage are kept the children whose parents are able to pay a small amount for their support. The institution is benevolent rather than charitable.

All records were broken in the Ft. Worth yards Wednesday, with the receipt of 7,800 head of hogs, the greater part of the supply coming from Oklahoma points. The early run came from Texas, but about noon two train loads arrived over the Rock Island from Oklahoma, giving that state the majority of receipts and making the total about 600 in advance of the previous high mark. The previous high mark made Oct. 5, when 7,200 head of hogs were marketed here. On March 18, 1907 the receipts were 7,184.

Three more Indiana counties—Montgomery, Green and Benning—voted dry in the county option elections. This makes fifty seven of the ninety-three counties in the state dry.

One of the mysteries that may never be solved is how so many girls can get through college without ever learning the multiplication table.—Snap Shot in Dallas News.

We Have in Stock Today

Triumph and Early Rose Seed Irish potatoes, Red, Yellow and White Onion Sets, Onion seed in bulk, also a nice, fresh line of all kinds Garden seed.

Have Just Received

A Fresh shipment of Heinz goods, consisting of Table Vinegars, Mustard, Catsups, Relishes, Mince Meat, Cranberry Sauce, etc.

Don't Forget the Fact

that we have the Best Coffee, Tea and Flour in town: Chase & Sanborn Coffee and Queen of Pantry Flour. We are still headquarters for the

Best of Everything in Groceries

E. M. OZIER
THE GROCERYMAN

Want Horticultural and Feeding Stations.

Senators Veale, Harper, Bratchfield, Bryan and Kelsey introduced a bill in the senate Wednesday appropriating \$25,000 annually to establish and maintain horticultural and feeding stations over the state, whenever the board, consisting of the governor, the agricultural commissioner and the lieutenant governor may decide.

Texas is going to grow more corn and better corn this year. Indeed, the demand for selected seed has taxed the stocks of grain and still orders come in. That sort of response to the work of the Texas Corn Growers' Association, and the solid backing of the Texas Press, is decidedly encouraging. Meanwhile don't forget the 7 cent hog as a money making side line to the corn field cultivated intelligently and strenuously. Keep Texas growing.—Ft. Worth Telegram.

The Chicago schoolmistress who wrote to the Governor of each State saying that David is reincarnated in John D. Rockefeller has done the oil man a grievous injury. David was a warrior, with a penchant for poetry and affinities, while Mr. Rockefeller is an exceedingly peaceful person who runs mostly to dividends and platitudes.—Dallas News

As soon as title passes the Frisco is expected to make announcement of its plans and commence work on improvements on the property.

Textico Fire.

Textico, March 23.—Three frame buildings and merchandise were destroyed in Textico by fire originating in rooming quarters in the First National bank building at 1 o'clock this morning, creating a total loss of \$8,100.

The First National bank loss is \$2,500, insurance \$1,200.

Garner Bros. Mercantile company, loss on building \$1,000 and on goods \$4,000. Insurance on their \$8,000 stock was \$5,000 and \$4,000 worth of goods were saved.

J. B. Green's building, which contained his fruit store and the office of Commissioner H. R. Putman, the loss was \$600, insurance \$400.

The buildings will be replaced at once by modern brick structures.

"I saw a farmer near Clinton, Ok., the other day who was beating all records I ever heard of," said F. W. Gist, special agent of the United States Department of Agriculture. "He was listing corn through three inches of snow, and singing like a lark."

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CLARENDON, TEX., MAR. 27, 1909.

Yes, the wind was pretty disagreeable, but it did not blow trains from the track, as it did on the Rock Island in Kansas, nor do the destruction in property and life it did in several counties below the cross timbers.

Although most of the jurors in the Carmack murder trial could neither read nor write, they were not deaf and dumb. They heard all the evidence and pronounced a verdict of guilty against Colonel Cooper and his son. An illiterate's idea of justice may be as correct as that of his learned brother, and more so if the latter is lacking morally.

Undismayed by failure after failure every year since the reconstruction days, southern representatives are introducing bills in congress for the refunding to the southern states of the cotton tax collected during the civil war and the reconstruction days. The amounts claimed foot up to millions of dollars, but the government has never been induced to pay any portion of the sum to the various states which claim it.

Because Colorado is "the nation's playground" according to Roosevelt, Representative Taylor of Colorado has introduced a bill in congress asking an appropriation of \$250,000 for the erection of an executive mansion at Glenwood Springs for use in the summer months. Glenwood is near the scene of Roosevelt's hunting trip in 1907. If such a spirit is fostered how long will it be until the president will have to have as many summer and winter residences as some of the royal heads of European countries?

Tired of Solons Who Do Nothing but Wrangle and Draw Pay.

Austin, March 25.—A flood of petitions from various parts of the state were read in the house this morning urging the legislature to adjourn and go home.

Members say they don't know whether the people think they (the members) have earned a rest or whether the people think they are accomplishing little here; but evidence of increasing demand to quit is now worrying the legislators.

Hill declares his belief that a majority of the members are in sympathy with the petitions, but says the lawmakers are powerless to act, since the governor has not submitted the subject of appropriations.

Hill is urging that the petitions be sent to the governor instead of the legislature.

Speaker Marshall today declared he believed all such petitions are inspired by special interests to defeat special legislation.

The house refused to permit these resolutions in the journal.

A report from Jefferson City, Mo., says Governor Hadley, Attorney General Mayor and Vice President Gray of the Frisco system, are in conference regarding the 2-cent passenger rate. It is believed they will agree on a 2-cent through rate and a little more than that for short distances.

Purchased an Auto for Quick Professional Trips.

Drs. Standifer and Hamm have purchased a new, fast automobile in which to make their country visits. Much time can be saved in this way, as it can be started in a great deal less time than required to hitch up a team, and the trip can be made so much quicker after starting. Anywhere in the county can be reached in a short time after receiving a phone call. They say they can now make many trips, which without the auto they would have to decline.

Mayor Journey tells the attorney-general has approved the bonds for sewer purposes. When sold work will begin.

Thos. Durham, the Hedley paper man, with Mrs. Durham, was here Wednesday.

Mrs. E. P. Dishman and Mrs. J. A. Adams, of Hedley, spent Wednesday in Clarendon.

Mrs. Elsa Tarpley, of Hedley, visited Mrs. Adamson here this week.

J. G. Dodson has traded his residence property and his interest in the elevator to H. S. Dye of Claude for land near Jericho.

Mrs. M. E. Harrington has been down from Dalhart a week visiting the family of her son, F. E. Harrington, her sister, Mrs. Abbie Patton, and other relatives.

A. B. Ewing, in point of service, one of the oldest and most careful engineers on the Denver road, was here Saturday shaking hands with old friends, and called at our office to set his Chronicle figures ahead for the 17th year. Mr. Ewing formerly lived in Clarendon, and in our 14 years acquaintance with him and many of his associates we have never heard an unfavorable remark about him.

Several times we have called attention to the necessity of a broom factory. First, we believe it will pay. Second, it will furnish employment for several additional people. Third, it will make a demand for an additional money crop, and fourth, it will be the means of keeping quite a little sum of money at home that is now sent away for brooms. A man remarked to us yesterday that if brooms continue to advance in price they would soon be \$1 each, and that the price of broom corn is now \$100 per ton. Such prices are putting some of our people to thinking, knowing how easily our soil produces a fine quality of broom corn. A grain man has just told us that he would procure seed if the farmers would agree to cultivate 150 or more acres, and further he would use his efforts to procure a factory to take all that could be raised. He also said he would rent as much as 150 acres of land to any one who understands the cultivation and care of such a crop, for the purpose.

City Confectionery.

Bryan & Land have fitted up a neat confectionery and cold drink stand next door north of their store and have stocked up with the best brands of candies, fruits, popular cold drinks, cigars, tobaccos, and post cards. They cordially invite your patronage, promising courteous treatment and prompt service. Gus Johnson will make that his headquarters and with the assistance of Mr. Kelso, will carefully answer all calls. When the season is a little more advanced they will have a formal public "opening."

Memphis.

J. B. Pope has bought him an up-to-date automobile and will be in Memphis in a few days on a general tour of the west.

Miss Kittie Fleming of Clarendon is spending several days out at the Swearingen ranch with Mrs. Swearingen and Miss Hoopengartner.

Mr. and Mrs. G. J. Teal of Clarendon were down Sunday visiting C. W. Adair and family. While here Mr. Teal learned to like Memphis so well that he got busy at once and began the negotiations for some of our business property.

The Presbyterian finance committee has hopes of raising their subscription for a new church to the \$18,000 mark. Having solicited from their own members first they are now ready to receive subscriptions from any and all sources.

W. B. Kennedy and C. N. Scruggs were out hunting Saturday and brought in six fine ducks and a six pound black bass fish, and all out of the same pond. The fish was seen in shallow water, Mr. Kennedy took a shot at it while it was moving for deep water. The force of the shot blew the fish out of the water. This is Kennedy's fish story. This is what we call shooting fish in the Panhandle.

Tornado Sweeps Wise County—Twelve Dead.

Decatur, Texas, March 24.—Tuesday night a terrific windstorm swept through the northwest part of Wise county, doing considerable damage in the Brumlow, Dan, Greenwood, Slidell and Crafton communities. The storm was two miles wide and in some places assumed the shape and motion of a cyclone.

While Mose Casey and family were in their storm cellar their residence and barn caught fire and burned to the ground, destroying all the household goods and farming implements. When the family emerged from the cellar after the storm their property was a pile of ashes; no insurance.

Doc Thompson's house, also in the Brumlow community, was blown down and literally torn to pieces. The family were in the storm house and escaped uninjured.

The Baptist church at Brumlow was destroyed by the wind.

The Cottonwood Union church was blown down and scattered for miles. The cemetery at this church was badly damaged, many of the stones and monuments being blown down and moved. The Atkinson tomb was badly damaged.

Mr. Powell's house, close to the Cottonwood church, was blown away and most of the household goods destroyed. Mr. Powell had some insurance.

The houses of George Smith, Ben Williams, two houses owned by Green Standley and occupied by George True and Mr. Foster, were badly damaged in the Brumlow community.

The houses of Bill Moore and Berry Thompson in the Dan community were also partially wrecked.

The storm did much damage at Greenwood. The Christian church was blown into kindling wood. The Masonic hall was blown off the blocks.

Dick Willis' house was blown down. Mr. Willis and family barely escaped before the house went. All were slightly injured, but finally reached the stormhouse. Mr. Stowe's house was blown down.

The family of Ira Rice, living near Slidell, were burned to death in a hay stack. The family consisted of Mr. and Mrs. Rice and six children. They had no storm cellar and when the storm struck the house they ran to a hay stack and crawled under it. The house caught fire and blew on the hay stack, setting the stack on fire and cremating the entire family.

Sam Wilson, a bachelor living near Slidell, was killed when his house was blown down. He had a storm cellar, but failed to go into it.

The Slidell gin was destroyed and the Baptist church was torn to pieces. Several residences were blown away. The two-story school building was blown down.

Near Audubon considerable damage was done by the wind. The residences of Mark Mauldin and Riley Buckner near Park Springs, and Joe Stokes at Crafton, were burned during the storm, taking fire while the families were in storm caves. The rain was the heaviest since November, but being followed by very high winds today, will not much aid the farmers. More rain is needed.

Among the buildings totally wrecked or blown away in Crafton were the Methodist and Baptist churches, the schoolhouse, hotel, postoffice and gin. At this place the storm did some damage to out-buildings. Mrs. J. H. Martin was struck by a cellar door and her arm badly fractured.

The Baptist church at eHemming was blown down. Two negro children were killed.

It is also reported that the residence of George Brown, near Bolivar, was blown down and afterward turned, the family escaping unhurt.

If we would all spend one-half as much time talking the advantages of our town as we do in criticizing some one or some institution we would be more profitably employed, feel better and have more friends.—McLean News.

"Spitting" Consumptives Asked to Remain Out of Texas.

Austin, Tex., March 24.—"The physicians of America are hereby put on notice that the State of Texas no longer welcomes the expectorating consumptive. Change of climate is not essential, and all authorities agree that indiscriminate travel on the part of the consumptive should be discouraged. A majority of our hotels and boarding houses refuse to lodge them. Please do not send your consumptives to Texas, unless they are in the incipient stage and you have arranged beforehand for accommodations. Otherwise, they may be denied lodgement."

Dr. W. M. Brumby, State Health Officer, today sent the foregoing warning to the medical and health authorities of other States through the medium of the largest medical journal now published. It is one of the first steps in a campaign to localize responsibility in the care of indigent tubercular patients and to advance the cause of scientific control of the disease.

Dr. Brumby is very much pleased with the bill introduced in the Senate today by Senator Hudspeth authorizing the State Health Officer to return indigent consumptives to their homes in this State when they have wandered to a distant community.

STATE NEWS.

Mrs. M. Shaffer, an aged woman residing alone, in Denison, was burned to death in a fire Thursday which destroyed her home there.

Fire of unknown origin early Thursday morning destroyed part of the Scott-Wilson Lumber company plant in Ft. Worth and burned to death fourteen horses and two mules. The flames spread to a stack of lumber, making the total loss \$5,000.

The Nash and Howard communities, southeast of Waxahachie, were visited by a terrific windstorm Tuesday evening about 7 o'clock. An unoccupied house near Nash was blown away and a number of overground tanks near Howard were wrecked.

The Howard Lumber company mill at Nacogdoches was destroyed by fire Wednesday night. The loss is \$120,000, partially insured. The blaze originated in the fuel house preventing the pumps from working. A high wind baffled the firemen. Four men were injured, two seriously, and a number were overcome by the heat.

While demented Mrs. Annie Christian, wife of a prominent citizen of Findley, south of Texarkana, gave poison to her 7-year-old son and then taking her baby, aged 2 years, waded all night in Sulphur bottom. She was captured after a diligent search and was removed to the county jail at New Boston where she will be held until arrangements can be made for her removal to the insane asylum.

At Ft. Worth early Thursday morning J. D. Schaefer, aged 30, was fatally burned in the rear of a store when he lighted a match in a large dry goods box, where he spent the night. Schaefer struck the match to see to climb out, when a quantity of paper ignited. His clothes were a mass of flames in a few moments. His screams brought help. The man's home was at Walnut Springs, Ark.

German Millet and Oats Seed at T. H. Allen's.

Household Goods For Sale. At Al Warner's residence (Byler house.)

Half Block for Sale. Near college and handy to public school with 6-room house, well, windmill, tank, nice shade, sheds, etc. For price and terms see A. W. McLean.

SEED KAFFIR CORN FOR SALE

A quantity of good clean seed Kaffir corn. Also chops for sale, by


J. B. SUMMEROUR, at the Concrete Yard

Phone us your local news items.

W. T. McFarland, Pres. F. E. Caraway, Sec.-Treas. Ross Dunn, V.-Pres.
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Household Furniture, Iron and Wooden Beds, Bed Springs, Couches, Tables, Chairs, Sewing and Washing Machines, Stoves, wardrobes, Dressers, etc.

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WASHINGTON & BUNTIN

Hats, Hats!

Latest Styles, Best Quality,

MODERATE PRICE

At MISS PORTER'S

KIMBERLIN LUMBER CO.

Dealers in

LUMBER AND COAL

Fresh Pop Corn, Home-made Candy and Choice Chewing Gum at

Jim Capehart's Booth,

National Bank corner.
Your trade in this line solicited and will be appreciated.

W. P. BLAKE,

NOTARY PUBLIC

Acknowledgements Taken.

NOTARY PUBLIC

CLARENDON, TEX.

100 Envelopes 40c
With name and address printed and postpaid this office

Old papers 15c 100 at this office.

Business locals five cents per line for first insertion and 3 cents for subsequent insertions. All locals run and are charged for until ordered out. Transient notices and job work are cash, other bills on first of month.

Phone for 150 and 11 us all of the local news you can think of that will interest our readers. This will be but little trouble to you and greatly help us to make a more newsy paper.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Mrs. Mike McComas is one of the many with lagrip this week.

J. R. Tucker has bought three lots and will build him a residence.

Dr. Fields, who bought the G. J. Frame place north of Rowe, has moved out to it.

Bond W. Johnson and Ed Dishman, of Hedley, spent Thursday here on business.

One of Mrs. Rogers' boys living out on the Murphy farm has pneumonia, but is now improving.

Kersey & Martin report the sale of three lots near the M. E. church for Henry Williams to Mrs. Houk at \$650.

Mrs. H. C. Patton and Nellie Devine came up from Ft. Worth Tuesday night and will likely remain a month.

Miss Kittie Fleming returned home yesterday from Hall county, where she has been visiting on the Swearingen ranch.

Miss Lena Anderson of Green ville, who has worked in the phone office here before, has returned to again work in central office.

A wrecked ballast train south of Giles yesterday delayed passenger train 7 eight hours. No one was hurt in the wreck, but ten cars were thrown off.

There will be services tomorrow at both the usual hours at the Baptist church, conducted by the pastor, Rev. T. B. Pittman. He extends a cordial invitation to all to be present.

Judge O'Neill issued an order Thursday for an election in the Hedley school district to determine whether or not the trustees should issue bonds for \$8,500 with which to erect a school building.

Editor Dial has bought the Lane concrete shop building and will fit up the front half of it for the Banner-Stockman office. J. Walker Lane has leased the west half in which to continue his blacksmith business.

The city authorities are to put out a circular asking a general clean-up of all premises, alleys and streets. This is a good move. Now let everyone take pride in dressing up their yards and surroundings in regular, clean spring garb.

Wednesday was the windiest day we have experienced for several years. However, but little damage was done so far as we have learned. J. L. Reed's windmill east of town was demolished and the top of the new flue on Mrs. Adamson's house was blown off.

Dr. Stocking reports Mrs. John Johnson as being very ill with pneumonia. He also says he has been called in seven different cases of pneumonia recently, a greater number than at any one time before in his practice since coming to Clarendon. Very few people have escaped colds the past few weeks.

J. M. Shelton of Giles was here Saturday and called in to set his figures ahead for the Chronicle. He is an old timer in Donley and one of its best citizens. He has recently gone into business again, but this time with his son, T. P. Shelton, at Hedley. He will continue to make his home at Giles, however.

C. W. Ryan places his name in our announcement column this issue as a candidate for City Marshal. Mr. Ryan has been in and adjacent to Clarendon for the past twelve years and has been a good industrious citizen, has an extensive acquaintance with our citizenship and is qualified in every way to fill the office. For a number of years he has run a dairy and has never before asked for an office, but would now appreciate your vote.

Sneaking Burglar Visits Four Houses.

Tuesday night some gum-shoe scoundrel who had made himself familiar with several places in town made four unwelcome calls in Clarendon.

He first visited the Shepherd rooming house and entered Courtney Allen's room and took 20 cents from his pockets, then to a room occupied by Mr. McAdams, of Alanreed, stealing his shoes and \$3.40. He entered Mart McCracken's room at the Hilderbrand house, but was frightened away by Mr. McCracken being awake. He entered the Cottage hotel about two o'clock and entered Neal Blake's room and as he secured Blake's pants the latter awoke and bounced up and gave chase, but by the time Blake reached the head of the stairs the burglar was out of the door at the foot of the stairway. Blake supposed that the thief had just begun to enter the room and that he chased him off before he secured anything, hence, went back to bed without lighting a lamp or giving an alarm. Next morning when he arose he discovered his pants were gone, in the pockets of which were \$12.80 and his store keys.

The officers made a close search, but no clue has been obtained. During next day, D. L. McClellan found the pants just west of his place, the keys yet in the pockets, but the money gone.

Mr. Drew's house was entered but nothing there has been missed. One arrest was made but nothing could be proven and the party was released.

A Clarendon Manufactory.

A few days ago we were shown through the large shops of Jenkins, Caroway & Co. In fact the numerous departments make the plant more than a shop, for with their improved machinery, skilled workmen and convenient arrangement, it is really a factory where anything in the farm machinery line, in wood, iron or steel can be turned out, such as boiler and engine work, wagon and plow work, buggies built, repaired or painted, discs perfectly sharpened on an up-to-date machine, and everything else in their line is carefully done with dispatch.

Each man is skilled in his line of work from the expert horse-shoer to the head machinist and there is little necessity for a customer having to wait long for his work. If you have never been in this establishment, call in just to see how they do the work. All members of the firm are courteous and will be pleased to make any explanations.

Favors "Buffalo Bill."

The Texas Stockman Journal of Ft. Worth, has this to say of Col. Bugbee of our town:

"T. S. Bugbee of Clarendon is in the city on his annual pilgrimage to the Fat Stock Show and takes a deep interest in the progress of the stock raising industry in the state. He is widely known among the cattlemen and is rendered particularly conspicuous by his striking resemblance to Colonel William Cody (Buffalo Bill). Colonel Bugbee is quite proud of the distinction and many amusing incidents have occurred through strangers mistaking him for the great plainsman. In fact he is an old friend of Colonel Cody's, having first met him in 1865 when they were both crossing the plains. At that time Colonel Cody was hunting buffalo under contract, and Colonel Bugbee was driving a large herd of Texas cattle in Idaho.

"Colonel Bugbee settled in Texas in 1868, and came to Dallas when that place was a village of some 400 inhabitants. Shortly after he came to the little trading post where now stands the great city of Fort Worth, and ever since has been prominently identified with the cattle raising industry in the West."

For Sale.
Four tons millet hay, 1/2 mile west of town on what is known as the A. T. Cole place, at \$10 per ton. F. W. Saunders.

Clean up the City!!!

Spring is here and it is time to again CLEAN UP our beautiful City! Our revenues do not admit of the maintenance of public trash wagons, etc., as in larger cities, therefore it is incumbent on the people themselves to take up and carry away the trash and rubbish which has accumulated. The 2nd and 3rd days of April, 1909 are hereby designated "CLEAN UP" days, and all citizens are requested to clean up their premises and the streets and alleys adjacent thereto on or before the said dates. The city can then easily be kept clean through the summer. It is important that all should clean up near the same time, for if one person gets their premises clean and the neighbor does not, the wind soon litters and trashes up the clean premises from the dirty ones. Therefore by hearty, active, co-operative effort we should easily be able to have Clarendon in good shape for the warm weather.

The ready response with which a former clean-up request was met is appreciated.

A. L. Journey Mayor.
C. W. Bennett City Secretary.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Now is the time to plant onion sets. The best are at Stocking's store.

The best flour always on hand at Allen's—Belle of Wichita and White Crest.

Instant Louse Killer, non-poisonous, kills chicken lice, fleas, bed bugs and all insects. For sale by Cantelou. Try a package. Just the thing.

J. A. Carlisle, the shoe maker, makes a specialty of fine shoe repairing and guarantees his work. He keeps in stock shoe laces and shoe polish. Davis building near bridge.

We are thoroughly prepared to do drug and pharmaceutical work correctly, being a regular graduate in pharmacy with years of experience. We would like to be your druggist. Come in and let us get acquainted. Satisfaction guaranteed in every transaction at Stocking's store. Roy M. Stocking.

Pumpkin Yam Seed Sweet Potatoes
for sale. Will deliver in town on notice by card. A. L. Bruce.

Onion sets and garden seeds, the finest and freshest ever, at Dr. Stocking's drug store.

Art Squares, Axminster and Brussels, latest designs at special prices at Kerbow's.

Six Milch Cows for Sale.
Apply to Chas. Wright, south part of town.

SAFE CAB SERVICE.
In the sale of the livery business I have retained the cab, which will at all times be in hands of a careful driver with a safe team to meet all trains, regardless of the weather. Your patronage solicited.
J. H. Hodges.

Best brands of canned goods at Allen's, and by the case at special prices.

A Bargain for Cash.
Four choice blocks. Would sell in quarter blocks. Near chutes. Call on or address J. H. Yeoman, Clarendon, Tex.

550 Trees Yet,
150 of which are a large size, all locusts, ranging in price from 15 cents to \$1.50, according to size. Taken up in good order. I will be found at Chamberlain's or my own nursery, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of each week. Trees are inspected. Cash when trees are delivered. Sample of these trees may be seen at Wesley Knorrp's. Happy Joe.

Election Notice.
Notice is hereby given that on the first Tuesday in April, the same being the 6th day of April, 1909, an election will be held at the Court House in the city of Clarendon, Texas, for the purpose of electing a mayor, five aldermen and a city marshal of said city.

No person shall vote at said election unless he is a qualified voter in said city under the constitution and laws of the State of Texas. D. C. Sullivan is hereby appointed judge and manager of said election which shall be held as nearly as may be possible in conformity with the general election laws of the state.

A. L. JOURNEY, Mayor of Clarendon, Tex.

Wedding Breakfast Coffee is the best and will satisfy the most exacting. T. H. Allen sells it.

An advance shipment of slippers just in at Rathjen's, and more on the road. Call and see them.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

Announcements of candidates for city officers will be inserted as follows: Mayor and marshal, \$2.50 each. Aldermen, \$1 each.

For City Marshal:
J. E. CARROLL
T. E. PHILLIPS.
C. H. HODGES.
C. W. RYAN.

Order for an Election

To Determine Whether or not Bonds Shall be Issued for the Improvement of the Public Roads of Donley County. To Whom These Presents May Concern, Greeting:

Be it remembered that at a session of the Commissioners' Court of Donley County, Texas, held on the 8th day of March, 1909, the following proceedings were had, to-wit: Monday, March 8th, 1909.—Now at this time comes on to be heard the petition of the citizens of Donley county, for an election to determine whether or not bonds shall be issued for the purpose of building and repairing and maintaining the public roads of Donley County.

After a careful consideration of the same by the Court, all members being present and voting, the said petition was granted by unanimous vote of the entire Court, and an election ordered as prayed. It is therefore ordered by the Commissioners' Court of said County that an election be held at the several voting boxes in their respective precincts and for said Donley County, on the 24th day of April, 1909, for the purpose of determining by a vote of the property tax-paying voters of said County whether or not the Commissioners' Court of said County of Donley, Texas, shall cause to be issued bonds as aforesaid—said bonds to be in the sum of \$90,000.00, and to bear interest at the rate of five per cent per annum and payable in forty years after date, with option of redeeming same at any time after five years from date, interest payable annually.

Said election shall be held at the usual places in the several precincts, viz: the school houses thereof, and the following named persons are hereby appointed managers of said election: Prec. No. 1—Frank Kendall, presiding judge; J. J. Goldston, associate judge. Clerks, Dick Nichelberger and G. H. Whitehead.

Prec. No. 2—W. H. Thompson, presiding judge; W. T. Hayter, I. W. Carhart, Jr., and E. W. Bromley, associate judges. Clerks, J. H. Rutherford, J. J. Alexander, B. F. Smith and Price Baker.

Prec. No. 3—Phil Jackson, presiding judge; C. H. Ellis, associate judge. Clerks, J. F. McCrary and E. H. Kerbow.

Prec. No. 4—E. H. Watt, presiding judge; J. A. Lemons, associate judge. Clerks, J. L. Reed and Dayton Shelton.

Prec. No. 5—E. R. Clark, presiding judge; John Moreman, A. A. Beedy and S. P. Hamblin, associate judges. Clerks, J. T. McHan, Charles Kinslow, E. E. McGee and J. E. M. Hedley.

Prec. No. 6—L. F. Gregory, presiding judge; T. L. Naylor, associate judge. Clerks, Tom Renfro and Roy Kendall.

Prec. No. 7—J. H. Altizer, presiding judge; Levi Angel, associate judge. Clerks, O. C. Brown and J. H. Downing.

Prec. No. 8—S. R. Spradlin, presiding judge; F. R. McCracken, associate judge. Clerks, G. B. McKnight and J. S. Stephens.

Prec. No. 9—J. P. Hodges, presiding judge; W. C. Smith, associate judge. Clerks, E. E. Watkins and F. M. Walton.

Prec. No. 10—W. M. Horn, presiding judge; W. R. McCarroll, associate judge. Clerks, O. C. Hill and J. L. Allison.

And it is further ordered by the Court that on the aforesaid day and date and same time and place there shall be submitted to the property tax-paying voters of said Donley County the question as to whether or not a tax of fifteen cents on the One Hundred Dollars valuation of all the taxable property in said County subject to taxation shall be levied for the purpose of providing interest and sinking fund for the redemption of said bonds.

Said election shall be held under the provisions of Chapter 149, acts of the Twenty-sixth Legislature, Laws 1899, and only qualified voters who are property tax-payers of said County shall be allowed to vote and all voters desiring to support the proposition to issue bonds shall have printed on their ballots the words: "For the Issuance of Bonds," and those opposed shall have printed on their ballots the words: "Against the Issuance of Bonds." The manner of holding said election shall be governed by the laws of the state governing general elections.

It is further ordered by the Court that notices of said election be published in a newspaper or papers of said Donley County and posted as provided by law.

A copy of this order signed by the County Judge of said County shall serve as proper notice of said election and the County Judge is directed to cause said Notice to be posted up at the place designated for holding said election at least thirty days prior to the date of said election.
J. H. O'NEALL, Attest: County Judge Donley Co. WADE WILLIS, Ex-Officio Clerk Commissioners' Court, Donley Co., Tex.

"GRACE HATS"
Need No Apology

How often have you, when visiting the city, been compelled to apologize for the hat you wore because the style was antiquated? No apology will be necessary if you wear a "Grace Hat" because "Grace Hats" really set the style for the entire United States.

"Grace Hats"

are the very latest fashions—the styles ladies are wearing on Fifth Avenue, New York, and Michigan Boulevard, Chicago. It is possible to have the fashions here at the same time as in the largest cities because the makers of "Grace Hats" have connections with the millinery fashion creators in Paris, Berlin and London, from whom they receive advance style hints. Don't determine on your spring or summer hat until you have critically inspected the "Grace Hats" at our millinery parlors. The genuine "Grace Hat" always has the "Grace Hat" label sewed in the crown. "Grace Hats" are no higher in price than millinery of less merit.

The Grace HAT OF MERIT

Mrs. A. M. Beville & Co.
CLARENDON, TEXAS

LESLIE B. KELSO
Funeral Director and Embalmer
PHONE 290
—Open Day or Night—
Satisfaction Guaranteed
Will Go Where Called

THE GEM THEATER
Entertaining Moving Pictures
Instructive Amusement
Different program every night
ADMISSION 10 CTS

H. MULKEY
THE CLARENDON **Photographer**

BUILD RIGHT

You can do this if you buy your material from the
CLARENDON LUMBER CO.

Best Lumber, Fencing, Doors, Sash, Blinds, etc.
Try Sherwin-Williams Paint—None Better :: ::
CLARENDON, TEXAS

DRS. STANDIFER & HAMM,
Physicians & Surgeons.
Special attention given to disease of women and children and electro therapy.
Office phone No. 66. Residence phone No. 55-3 rings.

J. D. STOCKING, M. D.
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Special attention given to obstetrics and diseases of women and children.
Office Phone 42 Residence Phone 80

A. L. JOURNEY,
LAWYER,
Clarendon, Texas.

DR. P. F. GOULD
(Graduated in University of Tennessee, 1901)
DENTIST.
CLARENDON, TEX.
Office in front room over Fleming & Bromley's drug store.
Office phone, 245; residence, 188.

Dr. L. HEARNE
DENTIST
CLARENDON, TEXAS.
Office in Connally building.
Office phone 45. Residence phone 12

Thos. Moran's
Livery, Feed and Sale Stable
Transfer and Bus line meets trains and calls day and night. Safe team and driver. Phone 11 Clardon, Tex.

Ora Liesberg
DRAYMAN
Coal Dealer
Careful hauling and transferring. Best Maitland coal and correct weights. Your patronage invited
Phone 23-3r

DR. J. F. MCGHEE
Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist
At McKillop's Drugstore. Phone 1. Clarendon, Texas

Established 1899.
A. M. Beville
Fire, Life and Accident Insurance Agent.
Land and Collecting Agency and Notary Public.
Prompt attention to all business
Clarendon, Texas.

Have Your Painting done by an Experienced Painter
Have Your Paper put up by Up-to-date Paper Hangers
H. TYREE
Practical Painter and Paper Hanger
PHONE 176—
Special attention given to Staining, Varnishing, Interior Finishing and Decorating. None but Experienced Workmen Employed.

John Beverly
DRAYMAN
Baggage handled day or night. Phone 68.
Clarendon, - Texas

JAMES HARDING
Merchant Tailor
Fashion, Neatness and durability are special points in all work.

Rhode Island Red Eggs
I have on sale eggs of thoroughbred Rhode Island Red hens at the residence of N. C. Duggins in Clarendon, or at my home near Groom. Price \$1.50 per setting of fifteen.
Mrs. Jno. Alexander
Neat job printing at this office.

Walking Around the World.

Joe Mikulec, who is walking 25,000 miles around the world, under contract with Matica, a daily news paper of Agram, capital of Croatia, an Austrian province, for a reward of \$10,000, arrived in Amarillo yesterday afternoon. Yesterday he was 600 miles ahead of his schedule. He has until 1911 to complete the journey, and so far has traveled more than 16,500 miles.

The contract stipulates that Mikulec must neither beg, nor ask in any way for money, making his way entirely through funds gathered by selling postal cards. These he sets no price upon, but allows the person to give what he wishes. He reports to his paper twice a week, embodying in his report a description of the points of historic interest that he visits. He has worn out twenty-eight pairs of shoes.

The amusing situations and the hazardous adventures of Mikulec would fill a book. "I was more afraid," he said, "while passing through Spain than any other country. It was shortly after the war and there were many widows. Each one I met insisted upon marrying me.

"The best country," he stated, "I believe, is the United States. The people are more democratic and enthusiastic and willing to assist one another. I will return to the United States after I have fulfilled the stipulations of my contract."

Mikulec has traveled through Italy, France, Spain, Portugal, Africa, South America and this is his second trip across the United States.

At one time the pedestrian was lost in the jungles of South America, and did not see human habitation for nearly two weeks, and subsisted upon wild fruits and berries. He finally found his way to Rio de Janeiro, the capital of Brazil.

While at Williams, Ariz., he walked to the Grand Canyon, a distance of sixty-four miles, in less than a day and then broke the record for the descent and ascent of the Bright Angel trail, doing the stunt in two hours and fifteen minutes. The manager of El Tovar presented him with a medal for the accomplishment.

He goes from here to Guthrie, and heads from there toward New York—Amarillo Panhandle.

A Woodward young woman, who had been living in Oregon, has come back to Oklahoma to stay, and she knows why. Here are some of her reasons: "Out in Oregon people live in the valleys between high mountains and it is impossible to see anything but the sun, moon and stars, and it soon tires the strongest neck to be looking up all of the time; besides, they are not much acquainted with any body living in that direction, while here in Oklahoma you may look straight forward for miles and see the neighbor women feeding the chickens, the boys hunting jack rabbits and the men milking the cows. Out there it rains so much that if you start to hunt up some one to talk to the face powder is washed off before you get there and your Sunday necktie looks like a fresh dipped dizarag. Here the wind sweeps by and carries the dust along with it, but there it swirls around the rocks corners and twists up numerous sand hills on your coat before you can get back into the house and I spade it off."

Recently two Washington society women making calls arrived at the house of a certain friend and, after ringing the bell, waited. No answer. They rang again, and after considerable delay the door was opened by the new cook, who asked: "Phwat do you want?" Upon being told of the nature of the call the girl replied: "Oil Stick yer cards between me teeth. Ol've been making bread."

Life consists not of a series of illustrations, actions or elegant enjoyments. The greater part of our time passes in compliance with necessities in the performance of daily duties, in the removal of small inconveniences, in the procurement of petty pleasures.—Johnson.

ROADMAKING WITH OIL

Method of Construction Valuable For Dirt and Macadam.

PRACTICALLY SELF HEALING.

Oiled Highways Are Not Only Dustless, Mudless and Noiseless, but They Improve With Use—Oil Makes Roads Firm, but Not Hard.

In the opinion of H. T. Snell, who has made a study of city and country roads in twenty states in the last year, more good roads will be built in Kansas during the next twelve months than in any other state in the Union. Mr. Snell investigated road conditions for the Standard Oil company. The big trust is seeking a market for its surplus of oil left after the more valuable products have been taken from it. The surplus oil is now sold chiefly for fuel.

"The company expects to build a mile of good road near the State Agricultural college at Manhattan, Kan.," Mr. Snell said. "We expect to show by the experiment that an oiled road, whether built with earth or crushed rock, is not only the most durable, but in the end is the most economical. In every state there is annually spent millions of dollars in building new roads. In few cases is any considerable sum spent on the roads to preserve them. Oiled roads are not only dustless, mudless and noiseless, but they are practically 'self healing'—that is, they improve with use. The dirt and oil roads give horses good footing, while the tires of the vehicles 'iron out' the hoof marks."

Experiments made on Kansas City boulevards and on roads in Jackson county, which were coated with oil, have been watched by men and organizations interested in good roads. The use of oil on boulevards and roads in Jackson county was among the earlier experiments in its use. Adopted for use to prevent dust, it was found that oil also is a preservative. In his report to the board of park commissioners on the use of oils on Kansas City boulevards, W. H. Dunn, superintendent of parks, said the results were "remarkable."

The city paid an average of 77 1/2 cents a barrel of forty-two gallons for



DIRT ROAD AFTER ONE OIL TREATMENT AND METHOD OF APPLYING THE OIL.

the oil. An area equal to 1,010,500 square yards was oiled. The cost of oiling per square yard was slightly more than 1 cent, representing the oil, labor and supplies. The oil subdued dust. Had the same area been sprinkled with water to prevent dust the cost would have been 2.4 cents per square yard. Mr. Dunn estimated that the cost of sprinkling the area oiled last summer would have been \$16,207.32. The expense of oiling this area was \$10,671.44. The direct saving in using oil was \$5,535.88, or 34 per cent. The indirect benefit followed in a marked saving in the cost of maintaining the boulevards and the uniform excellence of their condition.

Good roads naturally are a rural problem. In the cities no progress can be made unless the thoroughfares used for business and pleasure are paved and maintained in good condition. Country towns are concerned as much with good roads as are the farmers who use them. In country towns business practically is at a standstill in rainy seasons. Bad roads keep the farmers at home. If the farmer had a fit thoroughfare to the village he could do his trading on days when he could do no tasks in the fields. It is far more desirable that the farmer should visit his nearest town in the rainy season than at any other time, as the commodities he has to sell command the highest prices when rain keeps him at home.

The regents of the Kansas State Agricultural college were among the first of the governors of agricultural colleges in the United States to realize the vital concern which good roads are to farmers. Not only was there the feature of poor roads following rain, but there was the every day feature of ruts, pools and poor roadbed generally. The college board of regents named Albert Dickens to take charge of experimental road work in Kansas. Mr. Dickens selected one-fourth of a mile of road west of the reformatory at Hutchinson to use in the first experiment. He reported upon the test as follows:

The soil was a fair sample of the sandy loam of the Arkansas valley. At the date of its selection no rain had fallen for ten days. The sand was several inches deep. Loads consisting of fifty bushels of grain

made an exceedingly heavy load for a strong draft team. A good carriage team required much urging to pull the carriage faster than a walk.

After the grading was completed and the roadbed was well formed where fills were required the entire road one-fourth mile in length and thirty feet wide, was plowed to a depth of about four and one-half inches and thoroughly pulverized with a harrow and disk. A disk, set straight, was run before the oil sprinkling tank to open small furrows, and a harrow followed the oil sprinkling tank to thoroughly mix the soil and oil.

The oiling was done the first days of October. The oil was not heated. The tank of 500 gallons would cover about 8,800 square yards once. The harrow followed each application. When one gallon to each square yard had been applied the soil seemed nearly saturated to the depth of the plowing, four and one-half inches. After harrowing the last time a heavy coat was used to smooth the surface. In a week the road was sufficiently firm to allow rolling. A twelve ton roller was used, going over the road several times until it seemed to be thoroughly firm. After a week the road was used by all kinds of traffic. It was firm, but not hard. A sharp shod horse left the calk marks plainly outlined, but did not tear up the soil even when driven at a quick trot.

One reason for building the road in the fall was to note the effect of freezing weather. The road was not seriously affected. It seemed that the coating of oiled soil kept the underlying soil sufficiently dry to prevent serious heaving by frost.

Mr. Dickens ended the report by saying that the road is in good condition. Under his direction roads also were built near the Agricultural college in black loam; at Maple Hill, in the Mill creek valley, in soil known as "gumbo;" at Garden City, in "as bad a stretch of road as can be found anywhere," being of sand, which absorbed the oil in places to a depth of sixteen inches, and the race track at Manhattan, which was said to have been improved so much that a widely known trainer of horses, C. B. Michael, terms it a "first class training track."

The cost of the roads varied from \$25 to \$1,300 a mile, Mr. Dickens reported. The average cost of a road eighteen feet wide, three miles from the railroad delivering the oil, is placed by Mr. Dickens at \$600.

The oil used for roadmaking purposes embodies a quantity of asphalt. The California oil is best for the purpose. Texas oil ranks next, with Kansas third. The eastern oils have a base largely paraffin. They must be treated and asphalt added to make them useful in roadmaking.

With proper construction and the use of oil as a binder for dirt and macadam roads the farmers virtually may have asphalt roads past their homes, declare advocates of this method of road construction.—Kansas City Star.

GOOD ROADS IN SWEDEN.

Every Landowner Must Keep His Section of Highways Improved.

G. Zergkrist of Climax Springs, Mo., who is especially interested in the Kansas City Star's fight for good roads, says: "Perhaps it would be of interest to know how the roads in Sweden are maintained. There are three classes of roads there—highways, village roads and private roads. The highways run between county seats, and the grades are limited to 2 1/2 per cent. The village roads cannot be in excess of a 4 per cent grade. The cost of building is divided among the landowners according to acreage, whether it is government land or is owned by private citizens, except where one owner has an extremely costly road to build along his land. In that case he gets due allowance in distance for the cost of construction. No village road can be opened until it is built to the proper grade.

"As to maintenance, every landowner must keep his section of the road properly improved. If he does not a government inspector orders the improvement at public expense, and if the landowner fails to pay the cost the government takes a sufficient amount of his personal property and sells it to satisfy the judgment."

"Every man must maintain his own roads that country under government supervision. One provision of the government law in Sweden also is that the driver is not allowed to ride up the hills on a loaded wagon if it is necessary to use a whip on his horse."

Road Improvement in Cuba.

One of the beneficial results of the American occupation of Cuba has been the establishment of an adequate system of roads and the beginning of construction. These roads are built primarily for the marketing of crops, but they are used extensively by automobiles as well. They are made uniformly thirty-four feet wide, with sixteen feet of macadam in the center. The surface finishing is placed on a foundation of ten inches of broken rock, and they have no grades greater than 6 per cent. Bridges are of steel, culverts of concrete. Ditches are dug in the low places, and the roadway is generally elevated above the level of the contiguous land. The main road is complete from Havana to San Cristobal and from Pinar del Rio to Esperanza, besides numerous short branches.

Bills For Better Roads.

In the Iowa legislature two bills have been introduced in the interests of better roads. One provides for the doubling of the county road tax levy, for the development of the most important roads which radiate from the principal market town in each county. The other bill places a tax of \$5 on all automobiles under thirty horsepower and \$10 on thirty horsepower and over, the proceeds to go into the state good roads fund.

Good Road's Great Value.

A good road is a convenience and a necessity. It helps both the buyer and seller of farm produce. It is invaluable to farmer and merchant alike.

THE KETTLEDRUM.

It is an Instrument That is Pretty Difficult to Handle.

The kettledrum has been so far improved that it has a pitch; in fact, it contains the large range of four notes. It is, as its name shows, a copper kettle, or basin, covered over with skin, which can be tightened or loosened by screws placed around the edge. Drums of this shape were used by the Romans, and even earlier by the Greeks and Etruscans. But they were not known in western Europe before the crusades.

Although it may appear so, the kettledrum is not at all an easy instrument to manage, for in order to get each of the four notes the player has to turn all the screws and adjust the parchment anew. For this reason kettledrums are often used in pairs, one tuned to the keynote, the other to the fourth below. In this way the drummer has always the two chief notes in the scale to work upon, and if the composer has not exacted much from him he will have quite an easy time. But when a change of key is approaching it is quite exciting to watch the drummer screwing and unscrewing the drum and lightly tapping to hear if the pitch is true, and if we recollect that he often has to tune his drum while the whole orchestra is lifting up its voice we realize that he must be no mean musician; that he must possess an exquisitely sensitive and well trained ear and a steady hand and nerve as well.—Jessie K. MacDonald in St. Nicholas.

Order of Sale.

THE STATE OF TEXAS, }
COUNTY OF DONLEY. }

In the District Court of Donley County, Texas.

F. I. Wilson vs. No. 476, M. H. Young et al.

Whereas, by virtue of an order of sale issued out of the District Court of Donley County on a judgment rendered in said court on the 15th day of July, 1908, in favor of F. I. Wilson against M. H. Young, W. R. Shook, T. D. Evans and C. C. Bearden and the Donley County State Bank and entitled and numbered as above, and also a judgment in favor of the Donley County State Bank against all of the other named defendants, directing me as sheriff of Donley County to seize and sell of the following described land lying and being situated in Donley County, Texas:

Being all of the west half of a survey of 939 acres located by virtue of Certificate No. 218 issued to Wm. Williams and patented to J. C. Thompson, being about 8 miles s. e. from Clarendon, and known as the Adam Wiseman place and containing 4694 acres of land. Said order of sale having issued out of said court on the 5th day of February, 1909.

And on the sixth day of April, 1909, the same being the first Tuesday in said month, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m., and 4 o'clock p. m. on said day at the Court House door of said County, I will offer for sale and will sell at public auction, for cash, all the right, title and interest of the said M. H. Young, W. R. Shook, The Donley County State Bank, F. Wilson, T. D. Evans and C. C. Bearden in and to said property.

Dated at Clarendon, Texas, this 15th day of March, 1909.

J. T. PATMAN, Sheriff
Donley County, Texas.

"The Blood is The Life."

Science has never gone beyond the above simple statement of scripture. But it has illuminated that statement and given it a meaning ever broadening with the increasing breadth of knowledge. When the blood is "bad" or impure it is not alone the body which suffers through disease. The brain is also affected, the mind and judgement are clouded, and many an evil deed or impure thought may be directly traced to the impurity of the blood. Foul, impure blood can be made pure by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It cures and purifies the blood, thereby curing, pimples, blotches, eruptions and other cutaneous affections, as eczema, tetter, or salt-rheum, hives and other manifestations of impure blood.

In the cure of scrofulous swellings, enlarged glands, open eating ulcers, or old sores, the "Golden Medical Discovery" has performed the most marvelous cures. In cases of old sores, or open eating ulcers, it is well to apply to the open sores Dr. Pierce's All-Healing Salve, which possesses wonderful healing potency when used as an application to the sores in conjunction with the use of "Golden Medical Discovery" as a blood cleansing constitutional treatment. If your druggist don't happen to have the "All-Healing Salve" in stock, you can easily procure it by inclosing fifty-four cents in postage stamps to Dr. R. V. Pierce, 633 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y., and it will come to you by return post. Most druggists keep it as well as the "Golden Medical Discovery."

You can't afford to accept any medicine of unknown composition as a substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery," which is performed the most marvelous cures. It is a medicine of known composition, having a complete list of ingredients in plain English on its bottle-wrapper, the name being attested as correct under oath. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels.

PATENTS

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CA-SNOW

H. D. RAMSEY, President
P. R. STEPHENS, Vice-President
WESLEY KNORPP, Cashier

The Donley County State Bank
CLARENDON, TEXAS
CAPITAL \$50,000.00

STOCKHOLDERS AND DIRECTORS: H. D. Ramsey, Jno. C. Knorpp, P. R. Stephens, N. T. Nelson, Wesley Knorpp, T. S. Bugbee, J. L. McMurtry, Chas. T. McMurtry

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Nine out of every ten cases of rheumatism are simply rheumatism of the muscles, due to cold or damp or chronic rheumatism. In such cases no internal treatment is required. The free application of Chamberlain's Liniment is all that is needed and it is certain to give quick relief. Give it a trial and see for yourself how quickly it relieves the pain and soreness.

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This is a common form of muscular rheumatism. Apply Chamberlain's Liniment freely four times a day and a quick cure is certain.

Lumbago.
When muscular rheumatism attacks the muscles in the small of the back it is called lumbago. It is usually quite severe and every movement adds to the pain, and especially when one attempts to straighten up. No internal treatment is required. Keep quiet, as every movement aggravates the disease, and apply Chamberlain's Liniment freely, and you will soon be well again.

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