

Repeated Licks Drive  
The Nail. Repeated  
Ads Never Fail—If in  
THE CHRONICLE

# The Clarendon Chronicle.

Subscription \$1.50  
—Worth \$2—  
Gives the News while it  
is News.

\$1.50 a Year.

A Faithful Chronicle of Local and General Events.

Advertising rates on application

Vol. 19

CLARENDON, DONLEY COUNTY, TEXAS, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1908

No. 96

**What's Wrong on the Farm?**  
President Roosevelt's Country Life commission held a meeting in Dallas a few days ago. Land-greed was one of the drawbacks discussed.

There were some who did not stop at education in their suggestions of remedies. President Neill of the Texas Farmers' union declared that the government should close the New York cotton exchange, and other officers of the union expressed opinions of the same kind.

There were suggestions, too, of remedies akin to the single tax.

E. W. Kirkpatrick of McKinney advocated high tax upon big land owners who hold their property off the market. S. A. Fishburn of Grand Prairie went a step further in advocating a statute limiting land holdings to 160 acres, present titles, however, not to be invalidated.

Much of the testimony related to conditions and circumstances in Texas that almost are duplicated in Missouri, Oklahoma and Arkansas and some parts of Kansas. As might be expected much of it applied to the growing of cotton. The first speaker, O. P. Bowser, passed from a discussion of that crop to the question of houses. He admitted that the average farmhouse is poor in architecture, few have baths or drainage or ventilation. He suggested that the federal government print in circular form several styles of architecture for country homes, showing the cost, and send them to farmers. Mr. Bowser, a farmer of long experience, advocated a national campaign of education along this line. He believed the national and state governments might cooperate in this plan by sending out lecturers. This, he said, is done for other classes and should be done for farmers. He said that farmers also need national aid in getting good roads. He told or state officials who opposed this idea, foolishly, because they believed it to be "federal interference."

C. W. Wellborn of the Agricultural and Mechanical college in Dallas said that the A. and M. college is promulgating a course of study for agricultural topics for normal schools to be held next summer, so teachers attending these summer normals can take the course and go back to the schools and teach the subjects in the schools. It was said, however, that agriculture is a required subject, but it is the only required subject in which the teacher is not required to stand an examination. He also said conditions in the country schools would have opportunity to be improved by reason of passage at the recent election in Texas of a constitutional amendment giving the country school districts a right to vote a school tax of 75 cents on the \$100 valuation. Another speaker said farmers everywhere are demanding better teachers for their children.

It was the opinion of a majority in the meeting that to make cotton growing successful the raw material should be manufactured where it is produced. Speakers believe farmers received fair prices for all other products except cotton. A law for compulsory education, to keep children and women out of the fields would, it was said, cause higher prices for cotton. It might cut down the production and it might cause some farmers to turn to potatoes and onions and other crops. It was a fact recognized by most of those in the Dallas meeting that a one-crop country was in danger. The national government had sent a man to Texas to teach the planting and handling of other crops and where his teachings were followed the improvement was fully 40 per cent. It would take several years

to bring this idea into the necessary popularity but its success, the speakers believe, meant much to farm life and its betterment. Many farmers had received higher prices for their cotton by holding it, but a majority of them were too poor to do this; many were so poor that they needed their children's help in the field.

The opinion prevailed pretty strongly that the south must learn diversification of crops. One farmer said he had quit growing cotton because farmers had to give two pounds of it for one pound of meat and it cost more to grow, anyway, than they received most of the time. This speaker said he took a farm that had been worked by his grandfather as a cotton plantation. He decided to change it. He gave all his attention to corn and hogs and had made more money in five years in that way than his grandfather had in 44 years growing cotton.

The greed for land came in for much attention. Texas, Kansas and Missouri and other states, too, speakers said, have numerous large tracts that are cultivated. They are owned by men who oppose good roads and take no interest in improving farm conditions. They are speculators. Speakers on this subject believed the government should begin a campaign against such ownerships and in favor of home building and home owning. One delegate believed a statute should limit holdings to 160 acres.

E. A. Calvin, formerly president of the Farmers' union of Texas, and now a prominent factor in the work of that organization, was the next speaker. He said:

"The only way to keep people at home on the farm is to make farming pay. I think diversification is one of the solutions. In this black land belt the school conditions are not all good. Nine out of every ten tenants live in a small house of from one to three rooms, unpainted. The tenant is not responsible. The landlord is. He has no pasture for his stock. He seldom has a place for a truck patch. He is confined to a little yard and a barbed wire fence. He must keep his stock in the lot and feed them all the year.

**THE ONE-CROP IDEA.**  
"The one-crop idea has fastened itself on the people until they think they can't raise anything but cotton. If the landlord will encourage the tenant to diversify they won't have so many tenants leaving from year to year.

"It is because of the poverty of this state that you can't market cotton gradually. It is the landlords. Fifty-three per cent of the farmers are tenants. Not one in twelve can finance his own crop. If they could we could bring about the conditions for building better homes and having more education.

"The Farmers' union teaches education, diversification, marketing, discouragement of the mortgage and credit systems. It has lecturers in the field all the time. The locals meet once or twice a month. We have a membership of about 200,000 farmers in this state and 4,591 unions. Women and all men over 16 are admitted to membership. Our union meetings serve a large purpose in a social way."

The President's commission is unique in many ways. It is made up of experienced men, serving without pay, giving three months of their time to a very important subject; without authority, visiting the states and listening to the suggestions of those directly concerned in the country's most important industry so that the opinions of all may be gained and sifted out for the President's consideration so that the needs of the farmers may go to congress in a composite form in the next annual message. Those

who testified in the first meetings were farmers, farmers who live on farms and farm for a living; officers of the Farmers' union and other farm organizations; editors of agricultural papers, educators, mostly teachers of agricultural branches, country doctors and others whose commercial and industrial activities gave value to their opinions and suggestions. There was no dispute as to symptoms, but there were differences in diagnoses and disagreements as to causes and remedies.

**The Guinness Case.**  
La Porte, Ind., Nov. 24.—The trial of Ray Lamphere for the murder of Mrs. Guinness and her three children was resumed this afternoon with Dr. Haines on the stand. All evidence is expected to be in by the time court adjourns tonight.

Arguments will probably not be made until Friday. Attorney Worden for the defense stated that a telegram had been received by Mayor Darrow today from Kansas City, saying Mrs. Guinness is now at Kansas City, Kan. The matter is being investigated.

**What Some Negroes are Doing.**

The National Negro Business league, an organization of which Booker T. Washington is president, and whose motto is "to promote the commercial and financial development of the negro," sends out from Tuskegee, Ala., a bulletin showing the progress of the negro in business. The following is from the latest bulletin:

A syndicate of colored men, with Dr. R. H. Boyd as the prime mover, have established a factory for the manufacture of negro dolls; the enterprise seems to be meeting with success.

Chicago now has 40 doctors, among the leading ones are Drs. D. H. Williams, Geo. C. Hall, M. A. Majors and A. A. Wesley.

James L. Saunders of Arkansas sold recently 36 bales of cotton to the Goldman cotton company in Little Rock. The cotton was a long staple and sold for 9 1/4 cents per pound. It was raised on his own farm and he received for it \$1,626.75.

A Y. M. C. A. building, costing \$100,000 is soon to be erected in Washington city. An interesting fact in connection with the construction of the building is that every brick will be laid by a colored man and 80 per cent of the work will be done by colored labor. S. W. Pittman, the architect of Washington, drew the plan and wrote the specifications.

J. T. Britts of Fulton, Mo., put up over 10,000 cans of tomatoes, beans, corn, pumpkins, sweet potatoes and fruit this season. The fruit and vegetables were all raised on his farm. He feels so encouraged over the results of his work in this line that he intends putting in a larger canning plant next year and increase the acreage of his truck gardening accordingly.

The negroes of Richmond, Va., own and control four banks, four clothing stores, five drug stores, two first class hotels, four livery stables, five printing establishments, eight fraternal insurance companies and seven meat markets. They also conduct an insurance and banking company with a surplus of over \$300,000, necessitating the employment of 80 clerks. Besides these there are 50 restaurants and many other business enterprises.

A comparison of the wages paid in the woolen mills of Italy, France, England and the United States shows that the wage earners in the woolen industry of the United States receives nearly three times the pay of Italian workers, double that of the French and 70 per cent more than the English.

**Probable Tariff Action.**

Recently the American telegraphed all the 221 republican members of the next congress, asking whether they favored prompt tariff revision, and, if so, along what lines. Reports received show that a new tariff bill will probably pass within two or three months after Taft becomes president, even if the congress which begins its short session next month does nothing.

Following are the figures upon which this opinion is based: Of the 221 republican congressmen, 79 favored prompt revision of the tariff, 11 favored decided reduction; 12 favored adoption of all tariff on some raw materials; 1 favored increase in the tariff; 1 was against any change for the present, and 2 were non-committal.

Now, there is nothing more uncertain than a polling of congressmen, unless it be a straw vote. All sorts of things come up that change their opinions. The crack of the party whip is a loud one. The republican party derives its main financial strength from the campaign contributions of tariff beneficiaries. The size of the tariff deficit makes it necessary to have a high tariff. Of course it would be better for the country to have a low tariff and modern expenses for the government. The government has no money of its own; it is all the people's money that the M. C.'s appropriate for all sorts of purposes in such a lavish way.

Of course, after the campaign pledge the tariff will be revised. But it will be revised without being reformed. Tariff reform would mean the ending of the graft. Tariff revision does not mean anything but tariff changes, from the people's point of view, changes not for the better, but for the worse.—Houston Chronicle.

**Texas Tax Receipts—Telephone Revenue and Oil Co. Evasions.**

Austin, Nov. 24.—When the 31st legislature convenes next January the gross receipt law passed by the 30th legislature will have produced more than \$800,000 in cash to the state, with approximately \$60,000 or \$70,000 due the state from the same law.

Cash already received by the state from this law aggregates \$719,871.34, the law having become effective July 12, 1907. The cash remitted to the state in gross receipt taxes for the quarter ending Oct. 1 amounts to \$62,184.29.

Many of the corporations which have paid their taxes owe 10 per cent penalties for not paying the taxes when due and for not submitting their reports of gross receipts when due, this list having been turned over to the attorney general's department several months ago, but no action has ever been taken to recover the amount due from this source.

Then the Waters-Pierce Oil company now owes in gross receipt taxes the sum of \$35,749.10 and penalties for not paying same.

The telephone companies pay more gross receipt taxes than any other class of corporations, the wholesale liquor dealers second and the traction companies third.

Harry Lehr, leader of the ultra-fashionable element in New York, has introduced into the American society in Paris a custom of counting over a string of beads when bored in polite conversation.

Mrs. Georgia Sampson of Palmyra, N. Y., widow of Harry Sampson, nephew of the Admiral Sampson, was arrested Tuesday at Rochester, N. Y., charged with the murder of her husband, whose death was at first said to be suicide.

**New Panhandle Road**

At the directors meeting of the proposed Enid, Ochiltree & Western railroad company at Dalhart Friday, the decision was made not to let the preliminary survey out by bids, but to employ a private corps for the work.

The position of chief engineer has been offered to Capt. J. M. Conlen, formerly of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific. Capt. Conlen is now roadmaster of the Katy. The work of survey is to begin at Dalhart November 30.

Civil Engineer Will Howren of Amarillo attended the meeting at Dalhart, and reports that the promoters of the proposed road are enthusiastic and declare the line will be built as quickly as such an undertaking can be financed and carried to successful completion.—Panhandle.

**Wonderful Naval Shooting Records.**

San Diego, Cal., Nov. 23.—According to information brought by the Solace which has arrived from Magdalena bay, the Pacific fleet in its present target practice is breaking all records.

It is said the cruisers Tennessee, Pennsylvania and Colorado have broken the world's records of practice at night with three-inch guns. It is reported the Tennessee led with a record of 40 per cent of hits, the Pennsylvania made 38 per cent and the Colorado 37 per cent.

In this practice the ships pick up targets by searchlight and find the range by firing. In the latter course many shots are necessarily wasted, hence the score is considered high in view of the difficult condition.

**Farms 22,000 Acres.**

Missouri has the distinction of having within her borders as a resident the most extensive farmer in the United States, if not in the world. No other state or country can boast of a greater.

David Rankin of Tarkio is accorded the distinction. Not only is he the most extensive farmer in our country, but he is also the largest cattle and hog feeder in America. Besides his big farming industries and undertakings, he is interested in many other lines. He owns a good portion of a bank, hotel, opera house and the principal portion of Tarkio, besides land in every direction from the town.

The Rankin farms are known in Missouri. But adjoining states do not realize the extent of this one man's work. To those who have never visited a big farm or ranch, the method of carrying on the work seems quite a problem. Mr. Rankin owns 14 big farms, containing 22,000 acres of land, and which combined together outrank any individual farm in size. It takes 700 teams to do his work in the busy season of haying, corn plowing and harvesting. He employs something like 300 men during this season of the year.

Northwest Arkansas was storm-struck Monday evening with heavy damage. At Berryville the damage is estimated at between \$25,000 and \$45,000. All reports indicate that the damage in the state would amount to hundreds of thousands of dollars. One tornado started in the extreme southwestern part of the state and went north, following the second tier of the counties from the western boundary line. The other started in the northwestern corner of the state and struck the following counties: Lafayette, Columbia, Miller, Pike, Howard, Montgomery, Yell, Pope, Johnson, Franklin and Carroll.

Bryan-Land Co. carry a full line of the best shoes, hats, etc.

School shoes that wear at Rathjen's Shoe Store.

**Democratic Campaign Expenditures.**

Chicago, Nov. 22.—The democratic national committee received in all \$620,644.77, and spent \$619,410.06 during the recent presidential campaign, leaving a balance on hand of \$1,234.71.

So reads a statement made public by officers of the committee, and the itemized statement will be filed for record in the office of the secretary of state of New York, in compliance with the resolution adopted by the national committee at Lincoln, Neb., July 30. The statement made public tonight includes a certificate of audit by Myron D. King, auditor of the national committee. The statement is as follows:

Chicago, Nov. 18.—To the democratic national committee—Gentlemen: Following is a statement of all the receipts and expenditures: Total amount of money received by the democratic national committee for the year 1908, \$620,644.77. Total amount disbursed \$169,410.06. Balance on hand \$1,234.41.

In compliance with the election law of the state of New York, we have filed in the office of the secretary of state at Albany, a complete list of all receipts and expenditures of headquarters at New York, and in compliance with a resolution of the national committee, passed at Lincoln, Neb., last July, we have filed in the office of the secretary of state at Albany a list of over 25,000 names, representing 100,000 contributors who contributed through newspapers, clubs, solicitors and other organizations whose names are on file in the office of the chairman of the democratic national committee at Buffalo.

The auditor's report confirming the above is attached hereto. Yours respectfully, NORMAN E. MACK, Chairman.

The biggest single item of expense was for printed documents, \$142,537.25; next, organization of states, \$129,053.62. For general fund, \$38,111.80, speakers \$33,786.95, publicity bureau \$88,899.43, labor bureau \$37,491.36, rent and headquarters \$3,746.72, telegrams \$13,761.90, express charges, \$13,061.17, postage \$37,452.54. Clerical and official work counted up considerable.

**Republican Campaign Fund.**

The report of Treasurer Sheldon shows a total of \$1,655,518 contributed.

At the head of the list stands C. P. Taft, brother of the president-elect, with \$110,000.

Some of the large contributors follows: United League, New York, \$37,777; United League, Philadelphia, \$22,500; Larz Anderson of Boston, \$250,000; Andrew Carnegie, \$20,000; J. P. Morgan, \$20,000; Alex Smith Cochran, New York, \$15,000; Whitelaw Reid, \$10,000; M. C. D. Borden, New York, \$10,000; Frank A. Munsey, New York, \$10,000; Jacob H. Schiff, New York, \$10,000; Fred F. Smith, Michigan, \$10,000; Edith Agnes Corbin, Washington, \$10,000; W. J. Dohan, Washington, \$10,000; S. Vail and associates, Washington, \$9,000; H. N. Coe, \$9,000; Mark T. Cox New York, \$7,500; R. C. Kerens, St. Louis, \$7,000; William Barbour, Patterson, New Jersey, \$6,000.

Among those who contributed \$4,000 were Simon Guggenheim, Denver; A. M. Huntington, New York; James Speyer, New York and Gifford Pinchot, Washington.

A summary of the net amount received and disbursed at New York and Chicago headquarters shows \$1,035,368.

In addition to the above there was collected by the national end finance committees in several states and turned over to the state committees for use in their own states, the sum of \$620,150.



# The Clarendon Chronicle.

Published Twice-a-Week by  
**W. P. BLAKE, Editor and Proprietor.**  
Subscription.....\$1.50 a year  
Entered February 10, 1903, at Clarendon, Tex.,  
as second-class matter, under Act of Congress  
March 3, 1879.

CLARENDON, TEX., NOV. 28, 1908.

Yes, kid, a taxidermist is a person who stuffs birds, but a lot of people who are not taxidermists stuffed turkey Thursday.

If cobless corn takes the day what will the Missouri granger do for his old-time smoke? It would be a shame to drive him to cigarettes.

And now it is Tom Johnson, of Cleveland, O., the reform mayor, who has gone busted in politics. Some schemers use politics to get rich, and do get well heeled, but that is the end they work for, not good, genuine reform as did Johnson. Well, he will likely have more denunciation fired at him now than ever, but it will not be from the Chronicle, for we believe his intentions were unselfish.

A town boomer gets off this: "Tell me not in mournful numbers that the town is full of gloom, for the man's a crank that slumbers in these bustling days of boom. Life is real, life is earnest, and the grave is not its goal; every dollar that thou turnest helps to make the old town roll. But enjoyment and not sorrow is our destined end or way; if you have no money, borrow—buy a corner lot each day. Lives of great men all remind us we can win immortal fame. Let us leave the chumps behind us and we'll get there just the same."

During the meeting of the National Grange, just closed, in Washington it adopted a resolution demanding the introduction of the parcels post on rural routes and also of its universal extension. Another resolution was adopted asking for the establishment of postal savings banks for the benefit of farmers. These are measures that have been recommended by Postmaster General Von Meyer and by his predecessors for twenty years. The parcels post has long since been in use in European and even in Asiatic countries. One of the advocates of the parcels post says: "If the United States were an effete monarchy or an oppressed despotism we would long since have had the parcels post here but being a free and independent Government of Senatorial, Congressional and other bosses in the pay of the interests, and having a Senator from New York, representing the Express Companies of which he is President, on the floor of the Senate, and having a powerful express company lobby with its pockets bulging with ill gotten gains ever present at the capitol, we must be content with our vaunted superiority in name over the effete monarchies and despotisms. The recent postoffice deficit was seventeen millions. The postoffice establishment, spending nearly two hundred millions, brings the country in debt seventeen millions a year. The establishment, well managed in a business like way and doing the profitable work that the Express company filches from it, would bring the Government yearly enough money to build a half a dozen Dreadnoughts and would at the same time furnish all of the people of the United States a vastly superior service. With thirty thousand rural routes, nearly all of them supplied with a horse and wagon, the small amount of fifty five pounds a trip would wipe out the deficit." The National Grange has passed a resolution to oppose Senators who oppose the parcels post delivery.

The total vote for the democratic presidential electors in Texas foots up 216,941, republican 65,181. Fourteen counties failed to send in returns.

A report from Dallas says the Baptist Standard has purchased from the Gaston National Bank the entire plant, machinery and outfitting formerly in use by the Texas Baptist Herald Publishing House.

Dr. O. S. Mills, aged 48 years, house physician at the Columbus, Ohio, insane asylum, killed himself at Gallipolis. He assigned no other reason than in a note which only read: "What's the use."

John Williams as principal and "Doby" Williams as an accomplice in the killing of John R. Armstrong, at Bovina last week were held without bail. For safe keeping the brothers were taken soon after the termination of the hearing to the Deaf Smith county jail. This latter action was deemed necessary in face of the unsafe condition of the jail at Farwell.

## Roads Will Still Fight Low Cattle Rates.

The chances are that the railroads will appear in a petition to be filed in the federal courts in a few days, seeking a judicial declaration that the recent order of the interstate commerce commission, reducing the rates on live stock from \$5 to \$7 a car from southwestern points to Missouri river and other eastern markets is not justified. Just where this petition will be filed is a matter of conjecture. But once filed it will mark the beginning of a controversy that will be fought with an intensity that nothing now of court record can be used to cite as a precedent.

Judge Sam H. Cowan of this city will represent the defendants in this case—the Cattle Raisers' Association. Judge Cowan is confident that inasmuch as the Cattle Raisers' Association has secured a judgment from the interstate commerce commission and succeeded in securing the denial of a writ of injunction from the United States circuit court at St. Louis that his luck—or rather the same thing as good luck—will abide with him during the remainder of this litigation.—Telegram.

Promoter Kennedy announces from Childress the proposed road from Altus, Okla., to Childress has been leased to the Kansas City, Mexico & Orient. The Stillwell interests will have complete charge. Track laying will begin immediately from both Altus and Childress. The road crosses the south part of Greer county, Oklahoma, and enters Childress from the northwest.

Missouri voters are at last waking up to the necessity of getting in closer connection with the lawmaking machinery. Those who took a lively interest in pushing the initiative and referendum amendment to the constitution of Missouri declare it has been adopted and that it was the only one of the eight amendments submitted that met with public favor. The amendment as submitted provided that 8 per cent of the legal voters of at least two-thirds of the congressional districts of the state can by petition propose legislation. Five per cent of the voters of two-thirds of the congressional districts will compel the legislature to refer any bill to a vote of the people and that vote will either veto the bill or approve it. It seems to have carried in every large city in the state, and heavy gains are reported over the vote of four years ago, when it was defeated by 50,000.

The new dairy barn at the Iowa state farm cost \$11,000. It has cement floor, iron stanchions and fittings, hardwood and oil finished ceilings and partitions. It is cleaner than a French cafe, more sanitary than some breakfast food factories and some of the cows housed in it make a net yearly profit of over \$70. Still the cows might do this even if they were deprived of the hardwood, oiled ceilings and partitions.—Ex.

We have become so accustomed to the highway robbery by the trusts and millionaire anarchists and law breakers that even a great convention of farmers which went on record as opposed to "night riders" did not mention the lawlessness of those who buy courts and legislatures and trample rough shot over the rights of the people. This does not mean, however, that the farmers are unmindful of these law breakers. A day of retribution is coming.—CoOperator.

Dr. O. S. Mills, aged 48 years, house physician at the Columbus, Ohio, insane asylum, killed himself at Gallipolis. He assigned no other reason than in a note which only read: "What's the use."

John Williams as principal and "Doby" Williams as an accomplice in the killing of John R. Armstrong, at Bovina last week were held without bail. For safe keeping the brothers were taken soon after the termination of the hearing to the Deaf Smith county jail. This latter action was deemed necessary in face of the unsafe condition of the jail at Farwell.

## Roads Not Burdened With Texas Laws.

On the witness stand John D. Rockefeller testified to having investments in five railroads. Of the five, one is located in Texas, one has its most valuable holdings in Texas and one depends upon its Texas connection to fill its coffers. Only two of the five are without a Texas tincture. The Texas and Pacific is Texas property. The Colorado and Southern owns the Fort Worth and Denver and a half interest in the Trinity and Brazos Valley, Texas properties, and the Missouri Pacific gets a large portion of its revenue from its Texas connections. If this testimony is correct, and all must admit that Rockefeller is apparently hewing pretty close to the truth, etc., then how is it that Texas laws governing railroads are said to stand in such horrid light in the east. Rockefeller has built up an immense and burdensome fortune thru exercising wise business judgment. What he has done, others can do with profit. This talk against Texas railroads being disemboweled is overdrawn. They are merely pinched harder than other property in Texas and that is the sole complaint that can be urged with reason against Texas restrictions and Texas laws. The doctrine of the square deal would either take a lot of pressure off the railroads or put a lot of pressure on all other lines of industry and the last step would mean a diseased surplus in the treasury of the state.—Telegram.

Horald.

And still the corn comes in as rapid as ever.

Miss Kate Brown, of Clarendon is in the city visiting.

Dr. Morris, of Dalhart was on our streets Saturday.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Willis, a fine girl on the 13th.

S. P. Hamblen of Rowe made a business trip to Clarendon Monday.

J. G. Guill spent last Saturday and Sunday with his parents at McLean.

J. T. Pierson, of near Clarendon was in the city last Saturday and reported things moving along nicely up his way.

W. J. Luttrell was in the city one day this week, and said that his crops were fine, and that he would never be contented anywhere except in the Panhandle.

D. A. Stephenson, and family of Clarendon, were spending a few days last week on the former's five section ranch and farm a few miles south of town.

## Stray Thoughts of a Crank.

The happy, successful farmer has many friends with odd names. Have you ever noticed it?

He has Experience, Contentment, Patience, Mercy, Faith, Hope, Charity and Love. You will find yourself happy, and successful, too, when all these can be found under your roof.

Did you ever notice how much good there is in honest laughter? The man who is laughing never strikes his horse or cow at that time, neither does he kick the dog.

Any story, the reading of which made one life brighter, one household happier, one heart less sad, was well worth the writing.

The compensation should be equal for men and women, where the amount of work done and the quality are the same.

A mule once drew a heavy load up a steep hill; when he had almost reached the top he kicked himself loose and the load rolled down the hill. That mule had to go back and draw the same load to the top of the same hill again. There are lots of mules in the world. Ponder, and be wise.—Farm Journal.

J. D. Robertson, a painter recently of Memphis, fell from a scaffold at Mangum, Ok., a few days ago and was so badly injured that death resulted.

Found—Bunch of keys, left at this office for owner.

This office for neat job work.

## STATE NEWS.

The residence of H. Snodgrass at Vernon burned Tuesday morning. Loss \$4,000, insurance \$2,000. The family had barely time to escape.

While celebrating Thanksgiving at Sherman Thursday Miss Gladys Ely discharged a target rifle and killed the 18-year-old daughter of E. V. Gates.

Sheriff Hughes of Amarillo made a trip all the way to Salt Lake, Utah, for a forger, W. H. Fenny, alias W. H. Fitzgerald, but let him escape by jumping from a train while returning near Pueblo, Cal.

The plant of the White League Gin company at Howard, 12 miles south of Waxahachie, was destroyed by fire early Tuesday. Forty bales of cotton and 75 tons of seed belonging to customers burned also.

At Cisco Tuesday night the store of O. D. Horn was burned. The confectionery store of J. J. Seitz and a frame house owned by O. T. Maxwell and H. J. Woolridge, adjoining the Horns building, were also damaged by the flames.

Officers at Honey Grove Tuesday raided the "frosty" joints which have been in operation at that place for some time. Fourteen arrests were made. A car load of whisky and beer was confiscated by the officers.

Ten wagon loads of peanuts from one farm were marketed at Gainesville Tuesday and the entire lot which had been thrashed and sacked, was sold for 75 cents a bushel. The peanuts were of the Spanish variety and will be sold to candy makers.

Near Lockhart Thursday Joe Ellison climbed a tree to get a good shot at a deer when his weapon dropped. As it struck the ground the gun was discharged and the load entered one of Ellison's legs while he was 30 feet above the earth.

The body of Anson Kramer, a rich farmer, aged 57, was found in a small pond three miles from Burnet Wednesday. Kramer had been missing from his ranch 10 miles north of Burnet for three days. It is believed he either stumbled into the water or was attacked and killed. A bruise on his head leads to the latter theory.

S. H. Cowan will leave Ft. Worth next week for Washington where he will place claims against the railroads before the Interstate Commission for half a million dollars in behalf of the Texas Cattleraisers association. This is the amount agreed upon for overcharges in accordance with the St. Louis decision.

The residence of B. H. Fannin at Waco burned early Wednesday morning. The family was forced to jump from the windows of the second story of the residence to a one-story portion of the building to escape. There was no time to get clothing or anything. All escaped, but it was a close call. The loss is \$6,000, with partial insurance.

Willis Huey of Brady has purchased from J. P. McConnell, a Menard county stockman, the lease of 17,500 acres in Tom Green county, and also 1,200 head of cattle, cows and steers. The price paid for the lease is 18 1/4 cents per acre, annually for three years, and the stock brought \$16.50 per head. Possession will be given Dec. 1.

In Dallas Tuesday County Attorney Lewelling and city Judge Mathis met in a one-round combat in the city hall and several blows were exchanged before they were separated by bystanders. It is understood that the fight arose over the arraignment of County Attorney Lewelling's brother in the city court. Neither of the combatants was injured.

A Lark.  
What a lark it would be if an egg came down the chimney!  
No, it wouldn't, unless it was a lark's egg, and even then not until it was hatched.  
Eggactly!

The head, like the stomach, is most easily infected with poison when it is empty.—Jean Paul Richter.

# Millinery and Dry Goods

I have put on a CLOSING OUT Sale on Dry Goods, Ladies Furnishings, Notions, etc.; also making very Low prices on some millinery. Come see what you can do before buying. Leave your orders for the New Boston Hygienic Corset, which will please you.

Miss Porter has some furnished rooms to let.

MISS SARAH PORTER hon 15

# Groceries



PHONE No. 5

PHONE No. 5

IT'S easy to make good bread, cakes and deserts when you have high-grade ingredients such as you can always procure from us. Why waste your money in buying inferior Flour, Butter, Eggs, Flavorings, Baking Powders, Jellies, Canned Fruits and Pure Foods generally when you can get the best at low-grade prices from

## SMITH & THORNTON

EXCLUSIVE GROCERS

CLARENDON

TEXAS

## Dorothy Dodd



Smart Boots \$4. \$3.50. \$3

EVERYWHERE "Dorothy Dodd" Boots are noted for their smart style. But that is not all. The new "Dorothy Dodd" styles are the best money's worth of shoes we have ever seen at their prices. We only ask you to see them. For to see them is to want a pair. Many smart new styles now on sale.

## RATHJEN'S SHOE STORE

# BUILD RIGHT

You can do this if you buy your material from the

## CLARENDON LUMBER CO.

Best Lumber, Fencing, Doors, Sash, Blinds, etc. Try Sherwin-Williams Paint—None Better :: ::

CLARENDON, TEXAS

H. D. RAMSEY, President P. R. STEPHENS, Vice-President WESLEY KNORPP, Cashier

## The Donley County State Bank

CLARENDON, TEXAS

CAPITAL \$50,000.00

STOCKHOLDERS AND DIRECTORS: H. D. Ramsey, Jno. C. Knorpp, P. R. Stephens, N. T. Nelson, Wesley Knorpp, T. S. Bugbee, J. L. McMurtry, Chas. T. McMurtry

We Will Appreciate Your Account Irrespective of Amount We Will Take as Collateral Land and Other Good Notes Let Us Do Business With You

## A Dollar

spent at home reacts in its benefits with unceasing general profit. Sent out of town it's life is ended. Kept with the home merchants it is a messenger of continuous benefit. Business men should awake to the importance of keeping this dollar at home and make a bid for it by judicious advertising.



Business locals five cents per line for first insertion and 3 cents for subsequent insertions. All locals run and are charged for until ordered out. Transient notices and job work are cash, other bills on first of month.

**Phone for 150** and 11 us all of the local news you can think of that will interest our readers. This will be but little trouble to you, and greatly help us to make a more newsy paper.

#### LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Mrs. J. D. Stocking is visiting relatives in Henrietta this week.

Prof. H. M. Pile has returned from visiting relatives at Plano, Tex.

Geo. Archer has about completed his new residence and will soon move in.

Part of our help took holiday on Thanksgiving, hence the local page is somewhat shy.

Mrs. J. T. Noland is down from Stratford visiting the family of Conductor Harrington.

Dr. Stocking reports a new son born to J. B. Roy, Southard, and a new daughter to John Johnson this week.

Ben Shepherd came from Memphis Thursday and spent Thanksgiving with relatives here.

Byron and Willie Baldwin of Memphis are spending a few days this week in Clarendon with relatives.

Yesterday was a raw, disagreeable day mixed with a little sleet, a little rain and a little snow.

R. H. Elkins received a letter from John H. Kelley, telling of the arrival of a new son, born in Dallas Wednesday.

Mrs. J. A. Burdett went to Esteline Thursday, having received word that Mr. Burdett had stuck a nail in his foot while down there.

The ladies of the Presbyterian church will entertain the ladies' societies of the other churches Monday evening at the church of the former.

John Hunt, who has been working in the freight department of the Santa Fe at Plainview, came in Thursday evening for a few days visit. He says immigrants are still pouring into that country.

The ladies of the Baptist church took in about \$175 on the Thanksgiving dinner and supper and their bazaar. The dinner was an excellent one and we ate the heartiest meal we have for a month.

Martin & Kersey report the sale of two lots of W. C. Steward's to George Washington at \$350. Also made an exchange of J. R. Neely's residence in Clarendon for Mr. Clark's 40 acres adjoining Rowe.

Rev. O. P. Kiker, the new Methodist pastor, moved in this week. He made us a brief call and we find him an affable gentleman who is calculated to make friends. He is from Missouri Avenue church, Ft. Worth.

All who furnished dishes for the Thanksgiving dinner are requested to examine closely those taken to their homes and return all not belonging to them and exchange for the right ones, as a number were taken away by other than the owners by mistake.

The gentlemen who bought out Ben Chamberlain, as mentioned by us Wednesday, are Tillery Bros., from Montpelier, La. Their families will be here next week, when they will take charge of the business. There are three of the brothers, all thorough business men.

An observing editor remarks that only about half the young men of his town are earning a living and not more than a fourth of the other half are trying to save anything and logically adds: "The indications are that the poorhouse of the future will have to be six stories high, with folding beds in every room."

**Desirable Cottages for Sale.**

Enquire at this office. Also cotage or two to rent.

#### Answers the Priest's Criticism.

Editor Clarendon Chronicle: I read in your neighbor's paper a note headed "A Bit of Information," upon which, if you will permit, I will make a word of comment—a small protest.

I stood outside the Baptist church by a window, many others standing there, the church being crowded, and heard a part of the young gentleman's address. All seemed to believe what the speaker said. That the minister and church gave him the house and audience was to me a sufficient guarantee of his character and as a guest of that church is entitled to be treated with respect by every christian citizen of Clarendon. If the writer of that "Bit of Information" believes him a criminal and ought to be behind prison bars the law is open, let him go before some magistrate and file a criminal accusation. The absent are like children who cannot defend themselves. But if he is to be condemned, branded a heretic for the reasons he gave—the mass—purgatory, transubstantiation, the worship of saints, the mother of God, etc., then I suppose every Baptist, every christian, almost every citizen of Clarendon should be in prison for heresy for not joining that church. There were in the earliest centuries men eminent for their learning the purity of their lives; Martin Luther, Malancthon, Zwingle—four of the greatest sovereigns of England: Queen Elizabeth, Cromwell, William of Orange. Such a law was it in the dark ages but not under the English Bill of Rights; nor the American constitution. No man can be put behind prison bars without a public trial by his 12 peers. The old Roman law permitted the accused to face his accusers and "speak for himself."

The law administered to us Americans comes through our fellow citizens from Washington and Austin not from Rome nor Paris nor India nor even from London. I will be glad to see the day when men could go as freely from the Catholic to the Protestant church and back again as we change from democrat to republican and back again from republican to democrat. Nor do I try to weaken that old church, that masterpiece of the Latin church, but rather to strengthen the Anglo Saxon religion, the Anglo American, the United States American, with an open bible of the King James translation—that bible, "the only rule of our faith and practice."

S. T. Madden of Memphis, Texas, and Miss Caddo Campbell of Elkins, N. M., were married yesterday afternoon in the courthouse, Judge W. Jeter officiating. The young people met in Amarillo by agreement and went direct to the courthouse to secure a license and to get married. Shortly after the marriage Mr. and Mrs. Madden boarded a Fort Worth & Denver train for their home at Memphis.—Panhandle.

The Monitor Gasoline Sad Iron is the most economical and satisfactory iron made. Two cents worth of gasoline is sufficient for a big ironing. Tarlton Brock at the college is agent. Ask him show it to you.

Carlisle's popcorn booth at the bank corner is the place to buy delightful, fresh corn, peanuts and homemade candies.

Our "Good for Bad Boys" school shoes are the ones for boys. Rathjen's Shoe Store.

Finest cut glass at Fleming & Bromley's, the nicest in town. See the window display.

Our fall stock of Dorothy Dodd shoes are on display. See them. Rathjen's Shoe Store.

The best and cheapest line of cook and heating stoves in town at H. C. Kerbow's—the Charter Oak. Call and see them.

The ladies of the Aid Society of the Baptist church would be pleased to tack your comforts for you. We will tack and hem them at only \$1 each, the proceeds go into the building fund of the church. In giving us your work you will assist us that much in building our new church.

Mrs. Mollie Gray, Pres. Mrs. C. W. Bennett, Press Rep.

#### The Teachers' Institute.

The discussions by the teachers this week have been spirited and interesting, we are told.

In her unique way, Miss Edith Garrison read a splendid paper on "Materials and Methods in Teaching Composition."

As Mr. Duggins has been on the program each of the past three years, on the subject: "Rewards and Punishment," it was moved that he again be put on for the same subject next year. However, the motion died for a want of a second, and Mr. Duggins says that had it passed he should have had to leave the country or import a new set of teachers; for he had exhausted his theme.

Miss Kate Stout read a paper on "What the teachers really need," after which was absolute silence. When we found ourselves, however, we heard Mr. Silvey saying that we could not add anything except we call for another reading of the same paper.

Mr. Holcomb departed from the usual method and after reading a paper on "Practical Physiology" he had a real lesson on the subject and asked questions.

Mr. Grover, editor of The Southwestern Magazine, published at Ft. Worth, made a pleasant talk on the merits of his magazine. His wife accompanied him on his trip.

Dr. Burkhead spoke on "Evolution of a Teacher" which showed that the three greatest things for a teacher is self-control, self-reverence and self-knowledge. The talk was full of life, spice and humor.

#### Baptist Church.

The pastor will preach Sunday 11 a. m. on "Evils of Worry and Anxious Forethought." "Take no Thought for Your Life" means no anxious, exciting thought—thought that is lost and dries up the fountains of life.

Looking forward is not wrong, but painful forelooking is. The future belongs to hope and not to fear.

A leap without forethought is fruitless and if men so live they are sensuous and degraded. The want of care and foresight is the fault of the savage, too much stress of thought of civilized life.

So the Savior spoke not against a forecast of wise and enterprising industry, but against an outlook into the future, which wears and frets the soul. The past belongs to gratitude and regret; the present to contentment and work; the future to hope and trust.

Thanksgiving sermon at night.

#### Pasture for Horses.

I am prepared to pasture 100 head of horses or less; fine grass and plenty of water.

J. H. ROBERTS, Clarendon, Tex.

If you are a reader of the Chronicle the news is not old and stale when you get it.

#### Just From the Press

##### "Joe Sap's Tales"

The most laughable book ever published. Beautifully bound in silk cloth. Illustrated by Hal. B. Crandall. Contains 255 pages. A smile in every line; a laugh in every sentence. The book is dedicated as follows:

TO All who "toil and spin" as well as those who "spend and toil not," and those behind prison bars or in dark, dank dungeons, the farmer, the mechanic, the day laborer, the sailor, the soldier; the doctor and all those who suffer from diseases, real and imaginary, such as back-ache, ear-ache, stomach-ache, torpid liver, ingrowing toe nails, sore eyes, night sweats, loss of memory, loss of hearing, loss of character, loss of friends, loss of smell, loss of pride, loss of hair, loss of gratitude, swimming in the head, buzzing in the ears, also saint or sinner, Jew or Gentile, democrat or republican, in fact any one that can raise the price of this book, no matter what your religion, politics or present standing in society, these pages are lovingly

DEDICATED. Agents wanted in every county in Texas. Write at once for exclusive territory and terms to agents. Price of book \$1.50 by mail, address, JOE SAPPINGTON, Temple, Texas.

Good stock, neat work, moderate price, are features of our job work.

#### Resolutions on the Death of M. F. Lee and W. H. Hilderbrand.

Whereas: It has pleased the almighty Creator to take from our midst the much esteemed sovereigns, M. F. Lee and W. H. Hilderbrand, and while we keenly feel our losses, we humbly bow in submission to His will who does all things well, feeling confident that they have been transferred to the great head camp where there are no troubled waters, and where peace and harmony ever prevail, therefore be it

Resolved, 1st; That in the death of Sovereigns Lee and Hilderbrand, Woodbine Camp 476 has lost two of its honored and worthy members, the church, because of their decease, has two members less; the city of Clarendon, two less of its old and best citizens, and two good families have parted with a friend each indeed, who "guarded well the future of their loved ones at home."

Resolved 2nd; That a copy of these resolutions be spread on the minutes of our order and that a copy be furnished to the families of deceased Sovereigns and also to each of the local papers. Done by order of Woodbine Camp No. 476 W. O. W. Clarendon, Tex.

J. L. DAVIS, J. A. BARNETT, Com. D. L. FOSTER.

Read and adopted by vote of Woodbine Camp Nov. 20 1908.

J. J. ALEXANDER, Clerk of Camp.

Bryan-Land Co. guarantee their shoes.

#### BUSINESS LOCALS.

Our school shoes are guaranteed. Rathjen's Shoe Store.

If it isn't an "Eastman" It isn't a Kodak.

The only place to get the Eastman Kodak is at Stocking's store. "Star brand shoes are better." Sold by Bryan-Land Co.

You will find the latest samples of 1908 wall paper at Stocking's store.

All the latest designs in jewelry may be found at Fleming & Bromley's. Also have a nice line of beautiful diamonds.

Souvenir post cards, pretty views in colors, of every town of importance in Texas. I have them; 2 cents each, postpaid. Henry Law, Goodnight, Tex. 9 tf

#### Posted.

Our property on Kelley creek is posted and hunters and other trespassers must keep out or will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law. J. B. McCLELLAND. MRS. L. W. McCLELLAND.

#### First-class Shop Work.

I have bought the Dick Allen Carpenter shop, and I invite all classes of carpenter and cabinet work, furniture repairing, etc. Window and door frames, mouldings, baseboards, mantles and scroll work put up in the best of shape and all work guaranteed. L. D. Clark, Mgr., Clarendon Planing Mill Co.

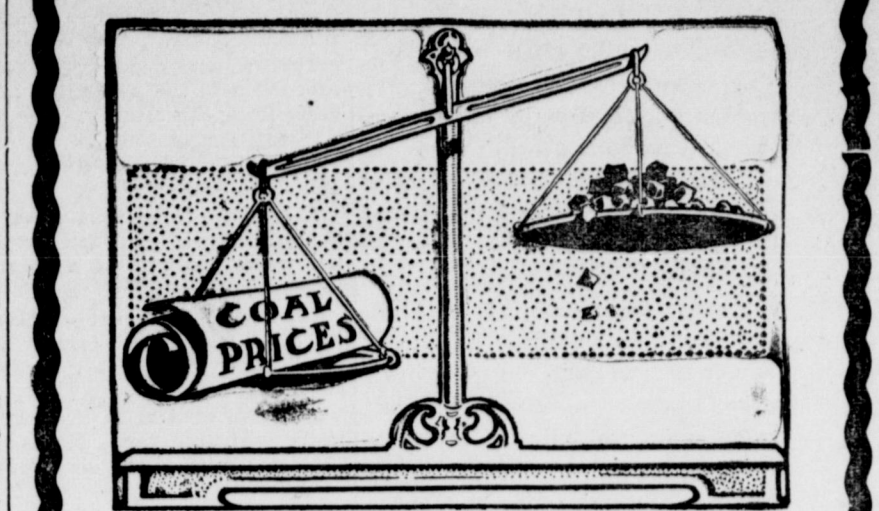
#### Bad Symptoms.

The woman who has periodical headaches, backache, sees imaginary dark spots or specks floating or dancing before her eyes, has gnawing distress or heavy full feeling of stomach, faint spells, dragging-down feeling in lower abdominal or pelvic region, easily startled or excited, irregular or painful periods, with or without pelvic catarrh, is suffering from weaknesses and derangements that should have early attention. Not all of above symptoms are likely to be present in any case at a time. Neglected or badly treated and such cases often run into maladies which demand the surgeon's knife if they do not result fatally. No medicine has such a long and numerous record of cures in such cases as Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. No medicine has such a strong professional endorsement as this. It is a purely vegetable preparation, and its ingredients are of the most valuable. The very best ingredients known to medical science for the cure of woman's peculiar ailments enter into its composition. No alcohol, harmful, or habit-forming drug is to be found in the list of its ingredients printed on each bottle-wrapper and attested under oath. In any condition of the female system, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription can do only good—never harm. Its whole effect is to strengthen, invigorate and regulate the whole female system and especially the pelvic organs. When these are deranged in function or affected by disease, the stomach and other organs of digestion become sympathetically deranged, the nerves are weakened, and a long list of bad, unpleasant symptoms follow. Too much must not be expected of this "Favorite Prescription." It will not perform miracles; will not cure tumors—no medicine will. It will often prevent them, if taken in time, and thus the operating table and the surgeon's knife may be avoided.

Women suffering from diseases of long standing, are invited to consult by letter. Free. All correspondence is held as strictly private and sacredly confidential. Address: World's Dispensary Medical Association, Dr. R. V. Pierce, Pres., Buffalo, N. Y. Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser (1000 pages) is sent free on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps for paper-covered, or 31 stamps for cloth-bound copy. Address as above.

## COAL COAL

Genuine Sunshine Maitland Lamp. The Best Coal handled in this market, and we have the exclusive sales agency for it in this territory. Why not buy the BEST when it costs no more than the inferior grades?



## LUMBER

Don't forget that we carry a complete line of Building Material at all times, and that our prices are in line. When in the market for LUMBER or COAL it will pay you to see us before placing your orders.

**KIMBERLIN LUMBER & COAL COMPANY**  
J. L. SCARBOROUGH, Mgr., Clarendon, Texas

## Western Real Estate Exchange

H. G. SHAW, Manager  
**LAND AND IMMIGRATION AGENTS**  
Clarendon, Texas

We are locating more Homeseekers and Investors than any firm in this section of the country. List your property with us for QUICK SALE

REFERENCES—Any bank or reliable business firm in Clarendon, Tex.

#### DR. T. E. STANDIFER

**Physician & Surgeon.**  
Special attention given to disease of women and children and electrotherapy.  
Office phone No. 66. Residence phone No. 55-3 rings.

#### I. D. STOCKING, M. D.

**PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON**  
Special attention given to obstetrics and diseases of women and children.  
Office Phone 42 Residence Phone 80

#### A. L. JOURNEY,

**LAWYER.**  
Clarendon, Texas.

#### DR. P. F. GOULD

**DENTIST.**  
CLARENDON, TEX.  
Office in front room over Fleming & Bromley's drug store.  
Office phone, 245; residence, 188.

#### DR. R. L. HEARNE

**DENTIST**  
CLARENDON, TEXAS.  
Office in Davis building.  
Office phone 45. Residence phone 12

#### A. M. Beville

Fire, Life and Accident Insurance Agent.  
Land and Collecting Agency and Notary Public.  
Prompt attention to all business.  
Clarendon, Texas.

Have Your Painting done by an Experienced Painter  
Have Your Paper put up by Up-to-date Paper Hangers

#### H. TYREE

**Practical Painter and Paper Hanger**  
Special attention given to Staining, Varnishing, Interior Finishing and Decorating.  
None but Experienced Workmen Employed.

#### John Beverly DRAYMAN

Baggage handled day or night.  
Phone 58.  
Clarendon, - Texas

#### W. C. Stewart

**Plumbing and Electric Supplies**  
Windmill and Repair Work  
Phone 132 Clarendon, Texas

K. of P.—Panhandle Lodge, No. 58. Meets 1st and 3rd Monday nights at Pythian Hall.  
Mrs. H. E. Wirtz, M. E. C.  
Vis. JOHN M. CLOW, M. of R. & C.  
Modern Woodmen of America—Clarendon Camp No. 12, 428. Meets every Saturday night at Woodman Hall. R. T. Johnson, Clerk.  
Royal Neighbors—Auxiliary to Modern Woodmen—Meets 1st and 3rd Thursday in each month in Woodman Hall. Mrs. R. T. Johnson, Oracle.  
Mrs. H. W. Kelly, Recorder.

#### Clarendon LAUNDRY

Good work, Careful Delivery, Reasonable prices. Your patronage solicited.  
CHAS. MCCRAE, Prop'r.

#### Ora Liesberg DRAYMAN

Careful hauling and transferring. Best Maitland coal and correct weights. Your patronage invited  
Phone 23-3r

#### McCrae & Hodges, Livery, Feed and Sale Stable

J. H. Hodges' Transfer and Bus line meets all trains and calls day and night. "WE KNOW THE ROAD." Phone 62. Clarendon, Texas

#### JAMES HARDING

**Merchant Tailor**  
Fashion, Neatness and durability are special points in all work.

#### FARM TO TRADE

For raw plains land in Briscoe or Swisher county, a well improved 400 acre farm eight miles of Clarendon, two miles of Southard. Call on or address A. D. MAJOR, 86 1m Clarendon, Tex.

#### DR. J. F. MCGHEE

**Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist**  
Graduate Western Veterinary College, Kansas City, Mo., can be found at all times at Drew's wagon yard or at McKillop's Goodnight store, Clarendon. Calls answered day or night. Phones: Res. 118; office 1.

#### YOUR DOLLAR

Will come back to you if you spend it at home. It is gone forever if you send it to the Mail-Order House. A glance through our advertising columns will give you an idea whose it will be the most.

#### Wanted—Success Magazine requires

the services of a man in Clarendon to look after expiring subscriptions and to secure new business by means of special methods unusually effective, position permanent; prefer one with experience, but would consider any applicant with good natural qualifications; salary \$1.50 per day, with commission option. Address, with references R. C. Peacock, room 102, Success Magazine Bld'g, New York.

#### W. P. BLAKE,

#### NOTARY PUBLIC

Acknowledgements Taken.  
NOTARY PUBLIC  
CLARENDON, TEX.

100 Envelopes 40c  
printed and postpaid at this office



### Ashamed of the "Old Folks."

Young man and young woman, you may wear better clothes than your father or mother, but never let it be said that you were empty headed enough to be ashamed of that old father and mother for that. "Mother dresses so shabbily and she always has a lot of butter and eggs along that I get out of going to town with her whenever I can." This is what one fine young country maiden said, and we pitted her from the bottom of our heart. Why was mother wearing shabby clothes? Did that daughter forget that it cost that mother much self denial to wear shabby clothes—that her love of good raiment was just as keen, but she was donning last year's bonnet and wearing her good dress more than one season that that same daughter might appreciate her more for its doing. Many a time she has with those toil worn hands baked and washed and boiled and stood over heated stoves through hot days that the daughter spent dressed up and in thumping the piano or over a trashy novel out among the trees in a hammock. The father, on the other hand, has worked long hours choring after the day's toil, and again gotten up before dawn, attempting to do double work and avoid hiring extra help, for what?—that his son might be given a chance to make something of himself in the city attending some college and perchance at the same time ashamed to invite his classmates home with him, because the "old man" never "dressed up" for the process of milking and choring and working in the field and consequently his empty headed son is ashamed of him.

Funny this same son never got ashamed to take the money the "old man" made in such a shabby way. Strange he never donned his "glad attire" and went out to seek his living along the routes his esthetic thoughts led him. Oh no! He never got ashamed enough for that. It sometimes makes us wonder if it pays the father and mother to make sacrifices that are not appreciated until that son and daughter have traveled along the years to the same mile stone themselves, until they, in turn, don shabby clothes and then fully realize that the finest and purest badge of honor man or woman ever wore was the shabby clothes that they scoffed at in that other time before they fully learned that, not what is on the back, but what is in the heart, is worth while, is endearing, is worthy of record where "each shall be judged according to his deeds."—Iowa State Register and Herald.

### Typewriter Telegraphy.

A new attachment for telegraph instruments has been perfected wherein the only experience required is that of an operator working a typewriter. The message is sent in the same manner in which you would proceed to write a letter on an ordinary typewriter. This same message will be received on the sending one.

In some respects it resembles the familiar stock ticker and other printing telegraph instruments, but unlike these it makes possible the use of capital and small letters as in ordinary letter writing. The receiving machine records the message just as written and gives what corresponds to a carbon copy made on the original machine.

There is said to be no chance for mistakes. The machine takes down the message just as sent. There is no human receiver to make a mistake by faulty hearing or carelessness or neglect, as in the case with the present Morse system of dots and dashes used all over the world.

South Dakota will no longer be a mecca for persons seeking a divorce. The new divorce law, increasing the period of residence from six months to one year, was carried on Nov. 3 by a vote of two to one.

They have no curfew in New Guinea, but every night the children are put in a little house at the top of a tall tree and the ladder used to reach it is then removed, and so there they are safely "treed" until morning.

### FACTS IN FEW LINES

Denmark is the original home of the cream separator.

About 60 per cent of the gold product of the world is handled by Great Britain.

A man who once had fame as a chef has been picked up starving in New York city.

Formic acid is coming into vogue in Germany and England as a remedy for tuberculosis and kidney troubles.

Turkey has more aged people in proportion to the population than any other European country.

In England and Wales out of every 100,000 girls and boys 6,820 are called Mary and 6,590 William.

The town of Amherst, Nova Scotia, is supplied with light and power from the waste products of a nearby coal mine.

Outside of the steerage there were 2,957,328 passengers carried in and out of New York harbor last year on steamers.

A Pittsburg firm is making a specialty of glass grave "stones" which show portraits of the deceased blown in the front.

Although glass bottles were made by the Romans as far back as the year 70 A. D., their manufacture was not begun in England until 1558.

The Mexican people are very fond of apples, peaches, pears and other northern fruits. They raise some in their uplands, but these are deficient in fine flavor.

Belgium is rich in stone and marble of various kinds. The general quarrying industry employs over 87,000 men, and its annual output exceeds \$12,000,000 in value.

While the galkwar and mabarane of Kapurthala were driving in a motor car after nightfall through a forest near Glengariff a stag charged full tilt at the car and was instantly killed.

Among other things the human body contains carbons, calcium, phosphorus, sodium, sulphur, potassium, magnesium, iron, copper, lead and silicon, lithium, mercury, arsenic and other solids.

Charles Hauffman, a mail collector in St. Louis, found a new gold watch in a mail box with a note attached asking that it be sold and the money applied to charity, as the watch had been stolen.

On the railway in Wales the brakeman has to announce such stations as Ffestiniog, Bettws-y-coed, Llandegall and Pemanmawr. As in this country, tourists occasionally fail to understand what the man says.

For the last fourteen years a brood of tomits has been reared each spring in the letter box at Uttotter workhouse, Maine. Since the parent birds first took possession of the box they have hatched nearly 200 eggs.

Parts of Oklahoma are being prospected, and mineral deposits in various districts show that gold, silver and copper are likely to be found in large quantities. Asphalt is also being found, and this latter mining is likely to be started immediately.

If the shah of Persia were to be deprived of his income he could still make sure of being one of the richest men in the world. He would only have to sell his ornaments, gems and precious stones to become possessed of about \$35,000,000, the sum at which the magnificent collection is valued.

The French ambassador at Washington writes to the London Athenaeum disputing the statement of Sidney Lee that only two cities on the continent of Europe—Berlin and Padua—possess a copy of the Shakespear first folio.

Mr. Jussorand mentions a copy in the National library of Paris, of the authenticity of which he advances what appear to be convincing proofs.

Marie Hellbrun of Chicago has invented a mechanical device which will throw thousands of her sex out of employment, a letter opener that will open 400 letters in a minute, or 10,000 in a day, the number that had to be opened at the house in which she formerly worked. Her machine is said to fairly gobble up the letters put into it. No girl can open more than thirty a minute by hand.

The Moscow correspondent of the Novosti says Mlle. Trefloff, a Russian actress, has been fined 10 rubles for kissing her mother on a street car. It appears that both in Moscow and St. Petersburg it is unlawful to give kisses in public, a kiss in the street being penalized by a fine of 7 rubles, 10 rubles being the fine inflicted on those who practice osculation in railway trains or in street cars. A recent enactment even renders persons who send declarations of love on post cards liable to a fine of 5 rubles.

France is not the only country with a falling birth rate. The Hon. J. A. Millar, the minister of labor in New Zealand, has been calling attention to the "staggering statistics" on this subject in that part of the empire. The New Zealand birth rate has fallen from forty-one per thousand in 1880 to twenty-seven last year. The reduction of the attendance at their schools is very noticeable. It is feared that New Zealand's industries instead of expanding will shrink and disappear if the population is not maintained.

This kind of paragraph is common in British newspapers: "A medal and £2 (\$10) have been awarded to Henry James of Wellsbourne, Warwickshire, in recognition of upward of fifty years' service on the Walton estate of the Mordaunt family. James, who is eighty-three and commenced work at the age of six, became connected with the Walton estate under Sir Charles Mordaunt in 1832. For many years he kept a wife and two children on 8 shillings (\$2) a week. The veteran is still hale and hearty and often labors from daybreak to sunset."

### UNIQUE BETROTHAL GIFT.

Italian Sultors Add Gem Each Year to Engagement Ring.

The engagement of Mrs. Margaret Dulles Irwin, daughter of Mrs. Andrew Cheves Dulles of Philadelphia, and Etore Romano Fontana of Rome, which was recently announced, is of much interest to society in Philadelphia since it is said that Mr. Fontana is to introduce a very novel fashion in rings, both engagement and marriage.

He is a quiet man of about thirty, good to look upon—in fact, quite handsome—but none the less unassuming and with a manner particularly pleasing.

Unlike most of the Italians who marry American women, Mr. Fontana has no title. In common with them, he has no fortune with which to endow his wife. In fact, while in the United States, it is said, he has been engaged in teaching his native language in New York city. Briefly, he is a plain Italian gentleman, earning his living in approved American fashion.

It is said that Mr. Fontana has shown great originality in that most important tribute, the engagement ring. He will choose no bromide diamond solitaire, but a ring that shall "mean something," that fond desire of all lovers, and that shall grow in value from year to year, sentimentally and otherwise. It is, they say, to have a mounting of such a nature that a stone may be added each year upon the anniversary of the wedding. The idea faintly suggests life insurance, but if artistically done it should be a captivating bit of jewelry and a gift that any woman would joyfully receive.

### CONDITION OF CHILDREN.

Too Clean, Says Swiss Professor—Let Them Play in Dirt and Mud.

"American children are too clean, too vain and too 'puffed up.'" American schoolteachers are too much inclined to be fashionable. American parents are too anxious to earn money."

This is the view of conditions in the United States pictured by Professor Fritz Koch of the Lake Geneva New school, Switzerland. His opinions are stated in an article on "The Conservation of Childhood" in the November number of the Elementary School-teacher.

Professor Koch believes the children would lose a part of their vanity if the too fashionable schoolteachers were banished from the schoolrooms.

"Not least among the detriments to a natural development of children is fashion, a forced culture of vanity and extravagance," he declares in discussing the tendency to place clothes above learning. "Not only do the parents, but also the teachers, set the example."

"Cleanliness is a virtue not demanded from the factory hand while at work, but children while at play are constantly reprimanded because of their dirty hands and spots on their clothes. So frequently are they called away from their real life because of this and so dressed up are many of them that natural, intense wild play is gradually replaced by occupations of lesser value or by systematic games like tennis, basket ball and baseball. "Real boys and girls are rovers in field and forest, in alleys and dangerous places."

### AERIAL GARAGES IN FRANCE

Senate Indorsed Proposal For Government Credit to Begin System.

The French senate unanimously voted its indorsement the other night at Paris of a statement of the minister of public works, M. Barthou, in which he promised to ask a government credit of \$20,000 to begin the establishment of a system of garages throughout France that should command the principal "aerial routes of travel." Prizes for aviation also will be offered by the government if this project goes through.

M. Barthou made his statement in answer to an interpellation by Baron d'Elstournelles de Constant, urging the government to take these steps for the purpose of assuring French leadership in the matter of aviation.

### Studying French in Her Auto.

When a busy woman desires to study languages it is natural for her to seek a teacher who is not averse to imparting knowledge on the fly. Thus Mrs. Alice Roosevelt Longworth is keenly bent on mastering French, but she does not want to give time exclusively to her lessons. So she found a teacher who could give three hours to her every afternoon. These three hours are put in when she is in her auto, shopping or making calls. The teacher has her book, and the two persons study almost as calmly as if they were sitting in a library. Mrs. Longworth guides her machine and repeats words until the proper intonation is attained. By compact not a word of English is spoken on the ride.

### Typewritten Newspaper.

The strike of the typesetters and printers on the two Hungarian papers in Cleveland, the Hungarian News and the Hungarian Szabadsag, has had the result of producing a novel publication. E. P. Kohanyi, editor of the Szabadsag, was able to produce his paper by typing his news. The typewritten sheets were photographed, and from the photographs printing plates were made. The engravings of the typewritten sheets were then placed together in consecutive order, and from these the papers were printed.

### Seaweed as a Water Filterer.

Seaweed may be planted in the Schuylkill river in Pennsylvania as an experiment to attempt to filter the water which is used for drinking purposes in Philadelphia.

# Chamberlain's Cough Remedy

## WILL CURE Your Cold. Try It

The uniform success that has attended the use of this remedy in the cure of bad colds has made it one of the most popular medicines in use. It can always be depended upon to effect a quick cure and is pleasant to take.

It contains no opium or other narcotic, and may be given as confidently to a child as to an adult. Price 25 cents. Large size 50 cents.

### Laundering Shirt Waists.

Mathilde, the popular washerwoman, having sprained her wrist, was unable to do her week's ironing, but she stood over the young Irish girl she had hired and directed the work.

"Maybe, Bridget," observed Mathilde, with a watchful eye on her understudy, "you'll t'ink, you, dat all shirt vaist ees iron alike. Maybe you'll t'ink she ees som' easy job for iron shirt vaist for hall dose lady of different shape."

"But non, Bridget, she ees mos' difficult. Som' of dose vaist ees for dose so fat Mme. Jones, w'at weigh t'ree, two hunder pound. Som' ees for dose so t'in Mile. Smit, w'at weigh lak som' small feddair."

"Eet ees not sufficient to but iron dose vaist, she mos' hall be mold to fit dose bodde."

"De vaist of dose t'in, dose tall, does fat, she ees iron hall of a difference. Dose fat, she ees not desire som' hump hon behin' hees shouldaire. Does t'in, she ees weesh for stick out bilfore. For dose tall mam'selle you mus' mak high dose collaire; for dose fat madame mak wide dose arm'ole."

"Eet ees dose weedom, Bridget, w'at ees bring hall dose mos' bes' shirt vaist dese town to de door of old Mathilde."—Youth's Companion.

### Congressional Bell Signals.

On the floor of the house the door-keeper has his desk, and it is here that the bells are struck that give notice of the needs of congress. One bell calls for tellers when the house is in committee of the whole; two bells indicate a call for yeas and nays; three declare a recess; with four bells the red light over the door goes out; five bells mean a "call of the house," under which the sergeant at arms is supposed to summarily arrest any member on sight and bring him in, whether on foot or horseback. Any member who is subjected to a severe reprimand. Looking down the corridor, the going out of the red light gives the curious suggestion of the tall end of a passenger train dashing through a tunnel. While the red light burns bright and clear it means that congress is under way, but when the light winks and goes out then the visitors understand that the wheels of legislation have ceased to revolve.—National Magazine.

### Countermanded.

A very devout clergyman had just married a couple and, as was his custom, offered a fervent prayer, invoking the divine blessing upon them. As they seemed to be worthy folk and not overburdened with this world's goods, he prayed, among other things, for their material prosperity and besought the Lord to greatly increase the man's business, laying much stress on this point.

In filling out the blanks it became necessary to ask the man his business, and, to the minister's horror, he said, "I keep a saloon."

In telling the story to his wife afterward the clergyman said that as he wrote down the occupation he whispered:

"Lord, you needn't answer that prayer."—Philadelphia Ledger.

### Lord Kelvin and the Cable.

It is perhaps not generally known that the success of the Atlantic cable was due to the calculations and experiments of the late Lord Kelvin, at that time plain William Thomson. He discovered that the current through a long cable would arrive gradually at the receiving end and devised the apparatus which rendered it possible to utilize such a current for making the Morse signals. It was through disregard of his theoretical predictions that the first Atlantic cable, in 1858, was ruined by too powerful currents. Without his mirror galvanometer to translate into visible signals the delicate impulses received through the cable the enterprise would have been a complete failure.

### How to Fill Up Holes in Wood.

It sometimes becomes necessary to fill up cracks or dents in fine woodwork, furniture, floors, etc. The following is the best way of doing it: White tissue paper is steeped and perfectly softened in water and by thorough kneading with glue transformed into a paste and by means of ochers (earth colors) colored as nearly as possible to the shade of the wood. To the paste calcined magnesia is then added, and it is forced into the cracks or very firmly to the wood and after drying retains its smooth surface.

## The City Barber Shop,

R. W. TALLEY, P. O. J. A. POTTS, Mgr.

New shop, new building, new fixtures and furniture, large clean bath room with cold or hot water, the best of workmen and our service will please you. This is what we are here for.

A trial will convince. Call in.

## H. MULKEY

THE CLARENDON Photographer

### Let Us Be Your Waiter

We never tire of helping others when they ask for good job printing. We can tickle the most exacting typographic appetite. People who have partaken of our excellent service come back for a second serving. Our prices are the most reasonable, too, and you can always depend on us giving your orders the most prompt and careful attention. Call at this office and look over our samples.

# SUNSET

Sunset Magazine offers the readers of this paper the best opportunity of the year

REVIEW OF REVIEWS . . .	\$3.00	ALL FOR
SUNSET MAGAZINE . . .	1.50	
WOMAN'S HOME COMPANION 1.25		\$3.00

AND FREE with your order, a beautiful premium, a 75-page book illustrated in four colors with 125 Western views.

SUNSET MAGAZINE  
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA

# \$3.25

BY-MAIL ONLY  
ONE YEAR

DURING ANNUAL Bargain Days  
DEC. 1-15

You can subscribe, renew or extend your subscription, Dec. 1 to 15 (this period only)

## THE FORT WORTH TELEGRAM

You can get this big modern Daily and Sunday newspaper—Associated Press news, special wires for state and news markets; all the news all the time, from everywhere.

# \$3.25

A YEAR DAILY AND SUNDAY BY MAIL

Send in your subscription before Dec. 15. After this date the regular price—75 cents per month—will strictly prevail.

Your remittance may be sent through The Chronicle. No additional cost

### The Campaign Is on in Earnest—Who Will Be President?

To form your opinions and keep in touch with the progress of the campaign, you will need first-class newspapers.

We have an arrangement whereby you can get The Dallas Semi-Weekly News and the Charendon Chronicle (twice-a-week) both for \$2.25 cash.

This gives you a live metropolitan paper and a live local paper, four papers each week, not only through the campaign and election, but for one whole year.

Place your order NOW with The Chronicle

If you read THE CHRONICLE you are always abreast of the times and know what is doing. You don't have to wait until its contents are too old to be of interest. Twice-a-week and only \$1.50 per year.

When you want help of any kind, to sell a business, or to exchange something, tell your wants in The Chronicle, the paper that hits the spot twice-a-week.