

CLARENDON A.Faithful Ohromiele of Looal and General Events.
 intended gold to be the wedium of of Indian, corn, $\$ 10$ for best 20
exchange" are invited to glance at $h$ heads of kaffir and maize is the of-
this slort table showing the annual
fer made by H. B. S. Sanborn, Amathis short table showing the annual
production of that precious metal
un the ioitial years of the last five.
cention centuries:
15
1600.
1700.
1600.
1780.
$1800 .$.

The most devoted $\$ 262,000,000$ champion of "hard money" will be compelled to admit that if there be eloguence in figures, the above
table contains it. Here is a world table contains it. Here is a world
which plods along for unnumbered centuries with a fairly steady in
crease in its accamulations of gold
 deluge!
The
enough, but the detailed facts are more so. In the period from 1821 to 1840 , the average production of
gold was only $\$ 11,445$, ooo gold was only $\$ 11,445,000$. In the
decade included in the year $1896-$
1905 the average sold production 1905 the average bold production
rose to the staggering amount of $\$ 305,760,000$ ! In the present year we will produce new gold which will sell in the mints for not less than $\$ 425,000,000$
If these figures
they prove that gold is absolutel worthless as a standard of value They prove it so conclusively that no defense is possible. If it takes from McKinuey. untold centuries for a precious met-
al to attain-an aunual production

$\qquad$ the cious" is it in 1906, when
the mines turn out $\$+00,000,000$ of
the mines turn out $\$+00,000,000$ of
it?-Federick Upham Adams Sucess Nagazive.

Prohibition in georgia.
A prohibition bill has passed both houses in Georgia, with an amendment which permits the sale of pure alcohol by retail druggists on the prescription of a reputable
physician, and also allow wiolesale druggists to carry alcohol in stock for sale to retailers only.
The bill prohibits the manufacture or keeping on hand in any place of business, the sale or giv. ing away to induce business within the state of any liquor that may
produce intoxication. The new produce intoxication. The new
law is to become effective Jan. I , law is to
1908.
 of State and Mrs. Elihu Root, to
Lieut. Ulysses S. Grant III, U. S. A., a son of Major Gen. Frederick Dent Grant, and grandson of the late President Grant. No date has yet been set for the wedding, but it will p
tumn
First bale of the 1907.08 Georgia cotton crop was sold on New York Cotton Exchange Monday for 26 cents per pound.
In some parts of this county a
small worm from half to an inch
long has made its appearance in
such numbers as to almost destroy whole fields of cotton. It is stated in some districts one-fourth of the crop has been destroyed within the last two weeks by these worms.
Ver non Call.
Mr. Schwab says: "This coun-
try can build five battleships to
Japan's one." What Mr. Schwab Japan's one." What Mr. Schwab
means is that this country can pay for five battleships to Japan's one, and Mr. Schwab and his merry
trust friends can build em as fast trust friends can build em as fast
as the country will pay exhorbitant as the country will pay exhorbit
prices for them. - Commoner. prices for them, -
The railways are bringing tbo ands of new people into Texas.continually, but at present the Panhan
dle appears to be the fave dle appears to be the favored
tion. Ft . Worth Telegram.
 hat day at $20^{\prime}$ clock p. m. all samples will be passed upon by a disinterested, experienced person who
may be selected by the exhibitors an the day above mentioned, Sept. All sai
All samples must be labeled stating the name of the person who
raised the corn and his place of residence, which must be porth of he south lines of the following counties: Deaf Smith, Randali, Armstrong, Dopley and Collings-
worth, in the Panhandle of Texas. This is for the purpose of secur ng some creditable samples of cor products raised in the Panhandle Great Internationial corn exhibition to be held at the Collosseum in the
city of Chicago, October 5 to 19 in clusive, 1907. Therefore he hopes
the growers of corn products with ine growers of corn products with this exhibit may be to the entire
then people of the Panhandle and furnish a liberal supply of samples
And to further explain this objec he quotes an extract from a letter received from the Capital Freehold
Land \& Investment Co., Ltd. Chicago:
"At this exposition this company has arranged for a booth decorated
by the same parties who decorates by the same parties who decorate
the exposition aud in which decoraion Panhandle maize products ar cated at this booth some intelligent practical Texan who will provide and furnish informartion as to th
irtues of the Panhandle to suct armers or investors who attend the exposition and are desirous of ol
aining information relative to that taining information relative to
section of the United States. successfully carry out this scheme, requires more than the efforts of o
party, and it is with a view of se party, and
curing your
ddress you

## Donley county should secur

 iree of these premiums.War On Mail Order Honses.
War has been deglared on the
great catalogue houses of Chicago and other cities by the 500,000 re ail merchants of the west. novements this country ever has ing, they say, for their lives. The housands of workers, doing their business entirely through the medi um of their bulky catalogues
spending no money in the commu nities whence they derive annually millions of dollars of patronage, ar
forcing increasing numbers home merchants to the wall and so their opponents claim, are
"making commercial graveyards of once pro
ican Press.
The United States governtient
States Steel Corporation for United ission towers; which are to be utilized for wireless telegraph service in Alaska. The governmen
intends to have a chain of the tow. ers erected along the Atlantic and
Pacific coasts, and on the Gulf of Mexico. The towets will be 176 At San Antonio, July 30 , John C. Roberts, Confederate veteran,
was instantly killed by falling off the second-story gallery.. He was leaning against the banister, when tgave way, precipitating him to
the street. His neck was broken and his'skull shattered.
For a live paper try the Chronict:

Decatur, Tex., is endavoring

At Smithfield Monday Mrs. Willis was struck by lightning ad instantly killed while standing neath two trees in her yard.
Lyman, the 5 -year-old son
r, and Mrs. W. R. Farmer Aledo, met death Tuestay by fal ng off a wagon and being run over A child nine months old of J. Culver's at Texarkana was chok
o death Tuesday by getting ead caught between a bed $\boldsymbol{\text { spring }}$ d the bed railing.
While hunting on the Hoffman anch near Canyon Tuesday, W.
I. Whisnant was shot in the arm H . Whisnant was shot in the arm
by the accidental discharge of a the accidental discharge of
un in the hands of W. M. Green oth of Amarillo.
Captain T. C. Alexander, a ran of the Mexican and civil war iederacy, died at Meredian, Wednesday, aged eighty-three. He According to a Houston report the corralling Japanese who have neaked into Texas over the Mexihere are at 300 of roaning over the state. About
ed.
Captain E. A. Bolmes, who has controller's department at Austin, elieves that withing the next year here will be approximately and after that time the number will after that time the number wil
begin to decline on account of the creased mortality of old soldiers. In the case of R. W. Varden,
harged with killing his son near Stamford last spring, the jury reurned a verdict of guilty and as in the penitentiary. Defendants
insed attorneys gave, notice of appeal, and his bond was set at $\$ 5,000$,
pending appeal, which was made. A baru and its contents, . belong.
ing to P. E. Popé, burned at Alvarado Tuesday. One mule burned up and a mule and a fine driving mare
were badly burned and may have to were badly burned and may have to
be killed. There is no itlea as to how the fire originated. There were several tons of hay, a buggy

The Kety railway has selected
The Katy railway has selected
oth Fort Worth and Dallas as new both Fort Worth and Dallas as new
freight division points. This i reight division points. This made necessary by recent legisia
ive enactments. Somethingं lik 500,000 will be spent between the
wo cities, of whick the greater
ortion will be expended at. Fort
Worth. At Dallas the yards wil be enlarged, a number of small ouses torn down and coal chutes constructed and tracks laid

## Fort Worth an immense $r$

 ouse is to be built, also a larg freight depot and more yard trackslaid.
President Calvin, estimates the country's cotton crop at not less
than 12,000,000 bales, of which Texas will furnish approximately ,ooo,ooo. He expresses the opin-
$\qquad$ e says that the Texas cotton crop as shown such marked improve
ment that the Farmers' Unio warehouse storage will be increased eyond the capacity heretofore planned. There are now mor han 300 warehouses completed bales." The number will be at once ncreased to 500 , and provide stor cking shall be well under way,

## THE CITIZENS: BANK, <br> Olarendon. 'Texas <br> The accounts of Merchants, Ranchmem Farmers, Railroad men and others solicited. Money to loan on acceptable securities <br> CLOSING OUT SALE. $\mathbf{\$ 5 , 0 0 0}$ worth of High-grade Merchandise to be distributed in the homes of the people at cost. <br> Prices will reach thie lowest limit in this sensational sale of Nen's and Boys' Clothing, Hats, Shoes and Furnishing goods. <br> JONES, HENDRIX \& GAULT, HEDLEY TEX. $^{\text {G }}$. <br>  attention to Groceries Alone. WE MEAN BUSINESS. Let prices speak for themelves. SEE OUR CIRCULARS FOR PRICES.  HUIAIII I UULIU <br> price. F. E. Harrington

If you want good fresh choclates Clarendoin Bakery sells.
For Ruofing Paper and Coruiga,

## Old newspapers for sate at this office. Only 15 cts per 100.

- Make you any kind of Shovel or
Plow Shear you want.



drawers will hold thing. A chast of
sions, wwille others dangle posses.
raftes. sions, while others dangle from the the
rafters. A block of wood serves for
pillow; the a pillow; the Oriental sees nothing
strange in Jacoobs stony pillow at
Bethel. The houses $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Bethel. The housses are thy pillow at } \\ & \text { straw, tied on with ropes. A willage } \\ & \text { sith }\end{aligned}\right.$ straw, tied on with ropes. A village
presents a dull gray appearance seen
from Prom any distance. Lapgearance usil doen
fogs,
notsy but cowardly, swarm the streets noisy but cowardly, swarm the streets
waiting for the inevitable day when
they will find their way onto their they will find their way onto thetr
master's tables. Taiku is surrounded
by a wall in the cy a wall, in the fashion of all Korean
cites; but the day I arrived the Jap-
anese had begun anese had begun to tear this down
after standing for centuries. after standing for centurles.
The American Colony Abroad On a commanding site outside the
city of Taiku I found a settlement of
American misslonaries American missionaries living in
houses of mixed Korean and Western
architecture. Formerly some of them architecture. Formerly some of them
lived in native houses right down in
the heart of the city, where, I do not the heart of the city, where, I do not
hesitate to say, no white man, mis-
sionary or otherwise should ever live. sionary or otherwise should ever live
I quite agree with the contention tha
a missionary should get as close a
as possible to his people; but not at the
price of discomfort sion, dirt and disease which are 11
separable from residence tn dive house in a crowded Korean com-
munity. munity.
These These misslonariez at Taiku are all
Presbyterian, except the French priest,
who has an imposing European crurch
on the edge of the city on the edge of the city. The Presby.
terians, North, houth and Canadian,
and the Methodists, North and South,
and the Roman Catholics, have a monopoly of the mission work in Korea
except a modest enterprise by the Aus tralian Presbyterians and the Anglic
ans. All the missionaries in Taicu
are young people; yet some are called
ald missionaries, which "old missionaries," which reminds one
of the fact that all mission work in
Korea is of comparatively velopment. It is only 20 years sinc
Korea was "the hermit nation, and
years since the arrival of the fir
missionary. Each year since the b
misno missionary.
ginning. the number of converts ha
been doubling and the additions the Protestant churches for the pres-
ent year are given at 30,000. Korea,
with 12,00,000 population, and 200 with 12,000,000 population, and 200
missionarles, has nearly, It not quite,
man many Protestant converts as Japan,
with 45,000 , as many Protestant converts as Japan,
with $45,000,000$ population and mor
than 800 missionaries. than 800 missionaries.
The itttle colony of
The ilttle colony of nine Americans
here-incluing one unmarried wor-
an, MIss Cameron, who lives alone in a ittle house overrun with rats and
mice, of which she rs atraid!-consists
of Rev. and Mrs. J. E. Adams, Dr. and mice, of which she is afraid!-consists
of Rev. and Mrs. J. E. Adams, Dr. and
Mrs. W. O. Johnson, Rev. and Mrs Mrs. W. O. Johnson, Rev. and Mrs
H. M. Bruen, Rev. E. F. Macfarland
and Rev. Walter J. Erdman. They and Rev. Waiter J. Erdman. The
have imparted somewhat of an Ameri-
can air to their compound (every can air to thetr compound (every mi
sion residence is surrounded by
s. sion restidence is surrounded by a
fence or wall, and is called a a com
pound) by setting out frutt trees and rence or wain, and is called a com-
pound) by setting out ruutt trees and
flowers from the homeland, so that flowers from the homeland, so that
they have apples, and peaches, straw.
berries, etc. They exchange plants $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { and cuttings with thetr neigenbor, the } \\ & \text { French priest. From htm they obtain }\end{aligned}\right.$ French priest. From him they obtain-
ed their strawberries, whith proved to
be bread upon the waters, for last be bread upon the waters, for last
year every one of the prist's plants
perished and he was obliged to get a perished and he was obilged to get a
fresh start from which he had given
to the Americana. to the Americans. $\quad$ Re-Making a Nation.
A busier lot of mlssionarles than
these 1 have not yet seen; most of hem are engaged chiefly in country
work, ittinerating for weeks at a time among the villages. Down in Taiku I
visited the missson's primary school,
where a hive of gally dressed where a hive of gally dressed schoon,
sters were crowded in a native hous. sters were crowded in a native house
studylng therr lessons at the top
thetr lungs, and swaylng to and fro thetr lungs, and swaylng to and fr
as they studed In another little na
ation as they studied. In another little na
tive house Ifound Mr. Adams teach
ting the beginnings of a ing the beginnings of a highier eacuca-
tion to 25 Korean young men-most of the to, by the way, with their hoir oup,
the token that they are married. There
in is practically no modern education in
Korea except that given by the mis-
sionatien sionarles. The latter are spreading
sione desire and the opportunity for an
the education throughout the country, and
many say that this will be the means
of preserving the of preserving the national ddentity. So general Is the belief that the in-
fuence of Christian schools, churches and literature may help Korea to find
herself after centuries of Ignorance corruption and oppression, that I have
been told by other than missionaries,
that the Jap hat the Japanese government is back-
ing a Buddhist propaganda and organ-
 ance of Christianity. The mission-
aries are alert to keep the churche ries are alert to keep the churches
from being used for poiltical purposes.
The Koreans, for example, not lon ago established more than 1,000 patr
otic socities, which they called " H. C. A.'siles, and the officials of the as
Mociation had to secure an sociation had to secure an imperial
edict correcting the abuse.
The missionaries have The missionaries have a thousand
Protestant and a thousand Roman
Catholic adherents in Taiku. The church of the former is simply a
primitive native house, enlarged again primitive naitve house, eniarged agan
and again, unt1l more than 500 person can crowd into it for the weekly serv
tiee. It looks scarcely large enough to
hold 100, American fashion, but the hold 100, Amerlican fashion, but the
Koreans sit cross-l.egged on the floo
and crowd closely together. The and crowd closely together. The
women are separated from the men by
a curtain, and in church they remo a curtain, and in church they remove
the cloak which ordinarily conceals
their faces. This particular church, their faces. This particular church,
tike ant others in Kiorea, is entirely
sei-supporting. Mission funds are seir-supporting. Mission funds are
here not used for the churches, but
entirel



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