

**TWICE-A-WEEK.**

# The Clarendon Chronicle.

One Dollar a Year.

A Faithful Chronicle of Local and General Events.

Advertising Rates on Application.

Vol. 16.

CLARENDON, DONLEY COUNTY, TEXAS SATURDAY DECEMBER 10 1904.

No. 98

**Pointed Paragraphs From President's Message.**

Abundant revenues and large surplus always invite extravagance.

The cost of doing government business should be regulated with the same rigid scrutiny as the cost of doing a private business.

As long as the states retain the primary control of the police power the circumstances must be altogether extreme which require interference by the Federal authorities.

I believe \* \* \* that there should be organization of labor in order to better secure the rights of the individual wage worker.

They (the labor unions) have under no circumstances, the right to commit violence upon those, whether capitalists or wage workers, which refuse to support their organizations.

There should be a stringent employer's liability law.

The passage of a law requiring the adoption of a block signal system has been proposed to congress. I earnestly concur in that recommendation.

I shall shortly lay before you in a special message the full report of the investigation into the Colorado mining strike.

It is an absurdity to expect to eliminate the abuses in great corporations by state action.

The bureau of corporations has made careful preliminary investigation of many important corporations. It will make a special report on the beef industry.

Great corporations are necessary, and only men of great and singular mental power can manage such corporations successfully, and such men must have great rewards.

I urge that congress carefully consider whether the power of the bureau of corporations can not constitutionally be extended to cover intestated transactions in insurance.

It is necessary to put a complete stop to all rebates. Whether the shipper or the railroad is to blame makes no difference.

The most important legislative act now needed as regards the regulation of corporations is this act to confer on the interstate commerce commission the power to revise rates and regulations, the revised rate to go at once into effect, and to stay in effect unless and until the court of review reverses it.

The farmers, the mechanics, the skilled and unskilled laborers, the small shopkeepers make up the bulk of the population of any country; and upon their well-being, generation after generation, the well-being of the country and the race depends.

There are certain offenders, whose criminality takes the shape of brutality and cruelty towards the weak, who need a special type of punishment. \* \* \* Probably some form of corporal punishment would be the most adequate way of meeting this kind of crime.

The veterans of the civil war have a claim upon the nation such as no other body of our citizens possess.

I desire again to urge upon

the congress the importance of authorizing the president to set aside certain of these (forest) reserves or other public lands as game refuges.

Our consular system needs improvement.

The attention of the congress should be especially given to the currency question.

Let us remember that the question of being a good American has nothing whatever to do with a man's birthplace.

There is no danger of having too many immigrants of the right kind.

I recommend that an examination be made into the subjects of citizenship, expatriation and protection of Americans abroad, with a view to appropriate legislation.

I recommend the enactment of a law directed against bribery and corruption in Federal elections.

Of recent years there has been grave and increasing complaint of the difficulty of bringing to justice those criminals whose criminality, instead of being against one person in the republic, is against all persons in the republic because it is against the republic itself.

The privilege of citizenship should be given to such (natives of Alaska) as may be able to meet certain requirements.

It is not merely unwise, it is contemptible, for a nation, as for an individual, to use high-sounding language to proclaim its purposes, or to take positions which are ridiculous, if unsupported by potential force, and then to refuse to provide this force.

It would be a wicked thing for the most civilized powers, for those with most sense of international obligations and with keenest and most generous appreciation of the difference between right and wrong, to disarm.

The congress \* \* \* should keep ever vividly in mind the fundamental fact that it is impossible to treat our foreign policy, whether this policy takes shape in the effort to secure justice for others, or justice for ourselves, save as conditioned upon the attitude we are willing to take toward our army and especially toward our navy.

It is not true that the United States feels any land hunger or entertains any projects as regards other nations of the Western hemisphere save such as are for their welfare.

There are occasional crimes committed on so vast a scale and of such peculiar horror as to make us doubt whether it is not our manifest duty to endeavor at least to show our disapproval of the deed and our sympathy with those who have suffered by it.

It has proved very difficult to secure from Russia the right for our Jewish fellow citizens to receive passports and travel through Russian territory. Such conduct is not only unjust and irritating toward us, but it is difficult to see its wisdom from Russia's standpoint.

\* \* \* Indignation inevitably excited in seeing such fearful misrule as has been witness-

ed both in Armenia and Macedonia.

I most earnestly recommend that there be no halt in the work of upbuilding the American navy. There is no more patriotic duty.

Our voice is now potent for peace, and is so potent because we are not afraid of war.

The main standby in any navy worthy the name must be the battleships, heavily armored and heavily manned.

Our great fighting ships and torpedo boats must be ceaselessly trained and maneuvered in squadrons. The officers and men can only learn their trade thoroughly by ceaseless practice upon the high seas.

The marksmanship of our navy has improved in an extraordinary degree during the last three years.

No other civilized nation has, relatively to its population, such a diminutive army as ours; and while the army is so small we are not to be excused if we fail to keep it at a very high rate of proficiency. It must be incessantly practiced.

At present they (the Filipinos) are utterly incapable of existing in independence at all, or of building up a civilization of their own.

Our chief reason for continuing to hold them (the Philippines) must be that we ought in good faith to try to do our share of the world's work.

There are points of resemblance in our work to the work that is being done by the British in India and Egypt, the French in Algiers, the Dutch in Java, the Russians in Turkestan, the Japanese in Formosa.

Hitherto those of our people here at home who have specially claimed to be the friends of the Filipinos have in reality been their worst enemies.

The prime duty of man is to work, to be the breadwinner; the prime duty of woman is to be the mother, the housewife.

If a race does not have plenty of children . . . then the race is decadent.

The period of prosperity through which the country is passing justifies expenditures for permanent improvements far greater than would be wise in hard times.

There should be drastic punishment for any railroad employe, whether officer or man, who by issuance of wrong orders or by disobedience of orders causes disaster.

It is an absurdity to expect to eliminate the abuses in great corporations by state action.

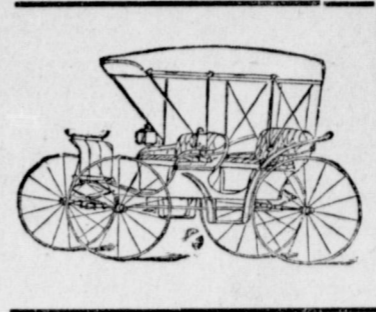
No amount of industrial prosperity can atone for the sapping of the vitality of those who are usually spoken of as the working classes.

It is most undesirable that a state should on its own initiative enforce quarantine regulations which are in effect a restriction upon interstate and international commerce.

Probably the great majority of government reports and the like now printed are never read.

Every silver dollar should be made by law redeemable in gold at the option of the holder.

Good Americanism is a matter



New Stand,  
New Stock,

—Opposite Depot—

**Agricultural Implements**  
Studebaker and Moline Wagons, Saddles  
and Harness. Also COAL.

G. W. Antrobus, CLARENDON, —TEXAS.

## Thinking of the Holidays,

If so think of us at the same time. Our Stock is now at its best. All Lines are now being shown. We are already selling from this

## Stock for Christmas,

and in a few days the stock will be broken again. As the careful buyer buys early, so come along and let us supply your wants while we have them in stock. The well known fact that we Lead in QUALITY and LOW PRICE of Goods makes it imperative that you come to see us, if you work to your best interest.

Let us Show You.

## BARGAIN - STORE.

of heart, of conscience of lofty aspiration, of sound common sense but not of birthplace or of creed . . . No fellow citizen of ours is entitled to any particular regard because of the way in which he worships his Maker, or because of the birthplace of himself or parents, nor should he be in any way discriminated against thereof.

There is no danger of having too many immigrants of the right kind. It makes no difference from what country they come . . . We should not admit any man of an unworthy type.

If the great civilized Nations of the present day should completely disarm the result would mean an immediate recrudescence of barbarism in one form or another.

—♦♦♦—  
**Reappointed Crum.**

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—(Special.)—President Roosevelt has again sent the name of Dr. Crum to the senate for confirmation as collector at Charleston. Some of his friends who had hoped he would find another way of caring for Crum, without forcing him upon Charleston, do not hesitate to express their disappointment.

Senators Tillman and Lattimer of South Carolina have abandoned hope of preventing confirmation. They will probably enter a strong protest when the matter comes up, but will attempt no obstructive tactics. The commerce committee is expected to report the nomination favorably by a partisan vote as they did at the last session and the present indications are that it will go through.

J. E. Crisp. J. M. Wattenbarger.  
**CRISP & WATTENBARGER,**  
Commission Agents,  
**LAND AND LIVE STOCK**  
Good Farms and Ranches for  
Sale in all parts of the Pan-  
handle Country.  
We put Buyers and Sellers together.  
Write us what you want.

**J. H. O'NEALL,**  
**LAWYER.**

And Notary Public.  
Clarendon, Texas.  
Office over Ramsey's

Established 1859.  
**A. M. Beville,**  
Fire, Life and Accident In-  
surance Agent.  
Land and Collecting Agent  
and Notary Public.  
Prompt attention to all business  
Clarendon, Texas.

**CLARENDON**  
**NURSERY COMPANY,**  
W. R. CLAUNCH, Manager.  
Growers and Dealers in All Kinds of  
Fruit, Shade and Ornamental Trees,  
Shrubby Stock, Vines, Berries, etc.  
Black Locust trees a Specialty.

**I HAVE JUST RECEIVED**  
a Large Shipment of the fine  
**DOLYE FELTS**  
and Warm Lined Shoes.



JOHN H. RATHJEN.

## The Clarendon Chronicle

Published Twice-a-Week by

W. F. BLAKE, Editor and Proprietor.

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CLARENDON, TEX., DEC. 10 1904

THE President's message was a very lengthy one, and we only give a synopsis of it on our first page, from which you can see the subjects he touches upon.

THE department of agriculture has decided that Paris green is not a successful remedy for the boll weevil pest and a report containing the reasons for this decision and the deductions made will be issued within a few days. This report has been prepared by W. D. Hunter and contains the result of observations made by him, Dr. W. E. Hinds and J. C. Crawford, Jr.

WHILE the government cotton report indicates the largest crop on record, there is little doubt that there is concerted action on the part of the speculators to beat down the price. They are succeeding, too, as the farmers are about the first class of people to become "panicky" over prices of his product. Of course cotton will not go back to the high price of last year, but when the bulk of that now held off the market is sold, the cotton brokers are going to demand better price from the spinners. Mr. Dillon, commercial agent of the Santa Fe, says two classes are holding, the county merchant and the farmer. The farmer who is holding is the one who has sold enough cotton to clear him of debt, and the merchant who is stocked up on cotton is worse off, because he is, in most cases, indebted to the banks for the bulk of money invested in cotton bought at 8 cents, and in case the banks insist on getting their money out of cotton it will result in forcing many a country merchant to the wall. He also says very little of the cotton moved to date has fallen into the hands of the spinners in America, France and Germany. Especially is this the case with the disposition of cotton from Texas and the territory. The cotton movement thus far has been exported mainly to England spinners, and when the spinners of this country and in France and Germany enter the market for their supplies it is predicted that there will be a radical increase in price of cotton. But it depends largely on the grit of the farmer to hold, and on the banker to extend the merchant credit who has cotton on hand.

### Panhandle People to Visit.

"It looks as if the whole Panhandle country will be depopulated within the next three or four weeks," said Chief Clerk McClure of the Denver road Thursday. This condition, he said, is brought about because of the great number of inquiries from people along the line in that part of the state who contemplate spending the holidays with friends and relatives in the Southeastern states and also to points in South and Southeast Texas. Mr. McClure says that this character of travel this year will be unusually heavy.

The latest news from Tokio, dated Thursday, says the Russian turret ship, Poltava, the battleships Retvizan, Pobieda and Pallada have been sent to the bottom of the bay or badly damaged.

Just received a shipment of Maple Syrup and Honey.

WILLIAMS BROS.

### To Bring Foreigners to Texas.

Alfred Holt, general agent for the North German Lloyd Steamship Company, headquarters at Galveston, when seen recently made a statement regarding the efforts of transportation companies to induce immigration Texasward, and especially from Europe through Galveston, as he regards that port the natural entro for immigrants who are bound to the southern and western states.

Referring to the movement of aliens to this country Mr. Holt says he finds that during last year there were 842,465 who reached the United States from Europe. Of this number more than two-thirds settled in New Jersey, New York, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, Connecticut, Rhode Island and West Virginia; 180,063 settled in the states of Michigan, Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Illinois, North Dakota, Ohio and Wisconsin; 25,713 settled in Washington and California, and 11,439 in Florida and Louisiana. These nineteen states, therefore, took 793,789 immigrants, leaving only 48,676 for the remaining states, none of which took as many as 5,000 each.

Mr. Holt says that the most striking point is that Texas and the adjacent states and territories of Louisiana, Arkansas, Arizona, New Mexico, Oklahoma and Indian Territory only had 10,283 between them, of which number more than half settled in Louisiana. Continuing along these lines Mr. Holt said:

"I have been in correspondence with the Texas railroads for some months to see if we can not remedy this state of affairs and divert a larger portion of the better class of the immigration traffic through Galveston than we have had before. I have asked the railroads to join us in advertising Texas in Europe and so far I am well satisfied with the disposition they show to help us. The immigrants brought to Galveston by the Lloyd steamers are of the very best type and make excellent citizens, and I expect that before long that the immigration via Galveston will greatly increase, and that as soon as they realize that it is much better for them to come to the newer and less populated states than to pour into the already overcrowded cities of the eastern states, we shall have a large addition to the desirable citizenship of the south."—Ft. Worth Telegram.

### STATE NEWS.

Monday, at Macomb, Grayson County, the residence of Robert Hollingsworth was burned. Loss \$2,000; insurance \$850.

While Morgan Johnson and Miss May Sission, living east of Paris, were returning from a wedding Sunday night the horse ran away and upset the buggy in a ditch. Miss Sission was seriously injured and was conveyed home in an unconscious condition, but will recover.

At Killeen Monday night, C. R. Hoid, a blacksmith, returned to his shop to feed his horse and while opening the lot gate two men approached as if to pass on down the street. Suddenly one of the men struck him on the head with a sandbag, knocking him senseless. They took his purse, containing something like \$30 and carried him into his shop, chained him to a table and left him. Several hours later he recovered and crawled two blocks home with the chain still locked to his ankle in a dazed condition and almost frozen.

# 10 REASONS 10

## FOR BUYING FOR CASH!

- 1 You get Goods CHEAPER
- 2 You get BETTER Goods for your money
- 3 You don't pay for bookkeeper's salary
- 4 You keep even with the world
- 5 You are never dunned
- 6 You never Pay for Goods Twice
- 7 You don't blush when you meet your merchant
- 8 You enable your merchant to pay cash, therefore he buys cheaper
- 9 You and your merchant are always on friendly terms
- 10 You are always sent for, or phoned to, when new goods arrive.

## WILLIAMS BROS., THE CASH GROCERS,

### COLLEGE NOTES.

CHRONICLE College Reporter.

Since our last appearance several visitors have been in our midst. W. E. Garrison labored with the Primary Department one day this week.

The Adkissonian Society royally entertained the Castalian and Panhandle Societies Friday afternoon.

Mr. R. S. Thompson stayed over night with us one day this week. Miss Willie is all smiles when papa comes.

Ash Davis, the cartoonist, and second number of the College Lyceum course, will be at College Chapel, Sat. night Dec 10.

Bro. Ben Hardy, one of our former teachers, and Joe Hardy, of Nashville, Tenn., are guests of their brother and our Pres., G. S. Hardy.

On Prof. Johnson's roll this week we notice the new names of Roy and Mabel Dodson, and on the Primary roll are Ethel, Warren, and A. C. Dodson.

Among the new students is Rev. J. A. Laney who has charge of the Rowe circuit this conference year. We welcome Bro. Laney among us and wish him much success.

Rev. Sam B. Sawyers and wife of Lubbock, while on their way to Canadian, their new work, stopped several days at College Hill. The guests of their daughters Linna Mae and Beulah.

Mr. J. F. Isbell no longer wears the title of Capt., but has donned one of more dignity, that of Prof. Mr. Isbell has a school in the Naylor community. Success to you, Fletch.

We are glad to have Rev. B. W. Dodson, our pastor, with us Thursday morning. After chapel services, which he conducted, he gave us a practical and helpful talk on "Realization of Ability."

One good thing about doing right is that you so seldom have to undo it.

Look in at Stocking's store and price Christmas goods, and you will save money.

Oh look! at that pyramid of beauty at Trade's Concert next Monday night

Miss Jackson is an artist of rare merit. Hear her impersonations next Monday night at opera house.

No trouble to show goods and give prices at Stocking's store whether you are ready to buy or not. The ladies are particularly invited to call and ask for 1905 calendar and you will receive a work of art.

Buy 30lbs. Rice at Powell's for \$1.00. Best breakfast food to use.

See the "Cowboy" on stage at Trades Concert.

15 barrels Pure Ribbon Cane syrup due to arrive next week. Call and get your supply. Prices, the lowest. WILLIAMS BROS..

Giving is not always charity—Charity is not always in giving.

### Notice--Remember Our

## Big Removal Sale

Now on at the Noland corner. Satisfaction in prices guaranteed. Everything going at greatly reduced prices to close out all the Goods we can before moving to Main Street. Come and see us and get our figures on all Supplies before you buy. Assist us to move and we'll save you Cash. Don't miss the opportunity of your life. Only a few days more to secure all kinds of bargains in

**Dry Goods and Groceries.**  
**5 to 25 per cent discount**

on values for Cash on all lines of

**Dress Goods, Clothing,**  
**Shoes, Hats and Notions.**

Bargains for the Rich and Poor alike at our store, and clerks always ready to serve the trade and treat you right. Don't forget us.

## W. P. Powell & Sons.

For Sale, a Valuable

## Piece of Land,

Near Goodnight College.

137 acres WITHIN the College section and 640 acres joining the College section on the north. I will sell altogether or in parts, as follows:

(1) 30 acres with good house, (five rooms), 300 young peach trees, good new barn, dirt tank. This place has 4 or 5 subdivisions with good fences.

(2) 102 acres of very fine land with 50 or 60 acres in cultivation. The building situation is very beautiful, commanding views of the surrounding country and fronting on a 100 foot street over a mile in length and terminating west at the main college building where it shall be built.

(3) The section as a whole is in quarters, or in half-sections. The section corners with the main college plant. It has a nice building site half mile from boy's dormitories.

My object in selling is, having resigned the presidency of the Goodnight College, I desire to continue my college work in another locality. Purchasers can get these lands NOW at a bargain.

**Marshall McIlhany,**

Formerly President of Goodnight College,

P. O. Goodnight, Texas.

## Goodnight College,

GOODNIGHT, TEXAS.

A Thorough High Grade School For  
Girls and Boys.

FIRST TERM OPENS SEP. 6, 1904. LAST TERM CLOSSES JUNE 6, 1905.

This School offers superior facilities for all who seek a thorough course in Preparatory, Intermediate or Collegiate Department, and at the most reasonable rates. Pure moral surroundings, attentive, thorough teachers, and economical methods, are among the leading inducements the School offers. Send for Catalogue to  
H. C. WEBB, Goodnight, Texas.

### Small Farm Settlers.

The Southwestern Colonization Co. in addition to their 7,000 lots here, which they are selling for \$40 apiece, have purchased 1500 acres of suburban property, which they will cut up in small farms, besides buying options on a number of sections near town.—Quanah Tribune.

At imperial army headquarters, Tokio, is published a list of thirty-six officers killed and fifty-eight wounded. No mention is made as to where the casualties occurred, but it was presumably at Port Arthur.

One good fresh milk cow and calf for sale, if taken at once will go for \$35. Call at this office.

### CLUB RATES.

We will furnish the following papers and this paper at the annexed prices for the two:

News, (Galveston or Dallas.)	\$1.80
Southern Mercury	1.60
Texas Advance.	\$1.50
Scientific American,	3.60
Phrenological Journal,	1.60
Texas Farm and Ranch.	1.75

### TYPE FOR SALE.

57 Pounds of this B. B. & S 8-pt. No. 15, in fine condition, only 28c per pound. Cases \$1.

60 lbs of this 11-point, Fine for Brief work. Only 25c per pound.

**100 Envelopes 40c**  
With name and address printed and postpaid at this office.

104 of these papers only \$1.



**Fruit in the Panhandle.**

Realizing that I will have a very intelligent class who may investigate this subject, and knowing I am dealing with a difficult subject, I will be very pointed in my remarks, as the time is upon us to transplant trees.

First, buy the best well tested varieties, good sized yearling trees, four to six feet high. Know what you are buying. This is one of the most important matters in an orchard. Have land in best of order; cross off to desired distance. Take post-digger, dig holes some 18 inches deep, trim roots until they will pass down into a common post-hole without cramping roots. Be sure to remove all dead points of roots as far as dead, if it takes it to the main root. A tree will not grow with dead roots on it; better have none at all. If hole is too deep to receive tree, throw in nice pulverized dirt to desired depth. You may use rich top soil, but in no case use manure under the tree. Top to within about three feet of ground, using judgment according to root supply. Be careful not to leave too much top. Set tree in hole, lean a little south, fill in nice loose soil, filling hole over top of roots, then pour in water to cover dirt; throw in more soil until you are satisfied it is thoroughly settled in all crevices and filled well about the roots, then leave until water all soaks in, then fill with soil and press down firmly with foot, leaving tree leaning south. Don't be afraid to use the knife on the roots; cut all roots back until they are large enough to throw out a stout new root. When you cut a limb back to where it is large, it throws out a stout large growth; it is the same way by the root growth. Never leave a long, slender root, cut close and you will seldom lose a tree. Never dig a large hole. The tree will establish itself in firm ground quicker, stand drouth better and will not whip about any, nor become loose in the ground when set firmly. The tree when established in this manner is nearer like a tree in its original condition. Following this mode of transplanting will save thousands of trees each year and save most all damaged trees. If trees are received while frozen, saturate well with water and allow to freeze, then thaw in a shady place or cell. By all means do not allow to lay and thaw as shipped, for it will kill the roots. **A. L. BRUCE.**

**Scale Books For Sale.**

Scale Books with 500 neatly printed, perforated tickets for sale at this office, only 75c.

Old papers for sale at this office, only fifteen cents per 100.

**Stockmen's Excursion to Denver.**

On account of the Annual Convention of the National Live Stock Association and National Wool Growers' Association to be held at Denver, Colorado, beginning January 10th, 1905, the Fort Worth & Denver City Railway company (the Denver Road) announces a rate of one fare plus \$2.00 for the round trip, applicable from all points in Texas. Tickets will be sold January 7th, 8th and 9th, will be good for return until January 31st, and holders will be allowed stop-over privileges on the going trip and at north of Pueblo within final limit.

As many matters of vast importance to livestock interests are to receive attention in these conventions an unusually large attendance is expected from all sections and it goes without saying that Texas will, in all respects, be well represented.

Those interested who may desire further information regarding transportation arrangements or wish to reserve sleeping car accommodations, etc., in advance, should address Mr. A. A. Glisson, G. P. A., "The Denver Road" at Fort Worth.

**RUSSO-JAPAN WAR NEWS.**

**Japs Damage Bears Boats.**

TOKIO, Dec. 6.—The effective bombardment of the Russian battleships in Port Arthur which began Saturday last, was one of the results of the capture of 203-meter hill. Up to that time the warships had been able to seek shelter from the Japanese fire under Peiyu mountain, but the capture of 203-meter hill November 29-30 enabled the Japanese to train their guns on the Russian vessels with the result that a number of them have been set on fire and the others must either put to sea or suffer irreparable damage. The Port Arthur besiegers reports as follows: "Saturday, Dec. 3, our naval guns bombarded the enemy's ships. The Pobiedea (battleship) was struck six times, a vessel of the Retzivan (battleship) type was hit eight times, and on another ship sixteen shells took effect.

"Monday following the same plan the Pobiedea was hit seven times, the Poltava (battleship) eleven times, and the Retzivan eleven times. At about three o'clock in the afternoon three of our shells struck the magazine south of Peiyu mountain, causing a heavy explosion. The conflagration which followed was not extinguished for two hours.

"The same day our heavy guns were directed at the enemy's ships. The Perseviet (battleship) was struck twice and two more shells were lodged in other ships. A vessel of the Poltava type was observed to be on fire one hour, sending up a great volume of smoke.

"The attacking operations against the Sungshu mountain forts eastward are carried on day and night. Two 36-milimeter quick-firers were captured yesterday in a half-moon fort defending a counter-scarp on Rihlung mountain."

In the villages near the actual Japanese lines, houses are being repaired and built, scores of wells are being dug, villages are being denuded of trees and quantities of fuel is being prepared. Every indication points to the intention to remain on the line during the winter. The cold weather is not affecting the Japanese, although the temperature has fallen to a few degrees above zero. There are a few sick men.

**Jap Cruiser Blown Up.**

MOSCOW, Dec. 6.—A special dispatch from Vladivostok says that a steamer which has just arrived there from Shanghai reports that the Japanese armored cruiser Adsuma has been blown up and sunk by a mine.

The Adsuma, also referred to as the Acuma and Adzuma, was built at Saint Nazaire, France, and was launched in 1901. She carried four 8-inch guns, twelve 6-inch guns and twenty-four smaller rapid-fire guns, had five torpedo tubes and a complement of 482 men. The cruiser is said to have been sunk north of the Miatotao island.

The Miatotao islands are in the Liaotie channel, between the Kwangtung peninsula on which Port Arthur is situated, and the Sbantung promontory.

MURDEN, Dec. 6.—Everything now indicates that the prospect of an immediate encounter on a large scale has passed. During the fighting below Tsinkhetchen the Russian loss was 25 men killed and 132 wounded, including 2 officers. Seventeen Japanese prisoners were taken, one of whom committed suicide.

Give us your order for your 1904 job work.

**For Rent.**

A 13 room building, the best location in town for a boarding house. Apply at this office.

**E. CORBETT**

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BOOT AND SHOE  
MAKER,  
CLARENDON, Tex

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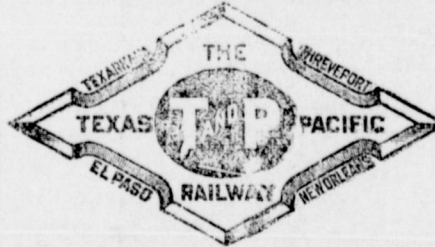
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*The Shortest and Quickest Line to our Best Service*

**E. P. TURNER,**  
Gen'l Pass' and Ticket Agent,  
DALLAS, TEXAS

**TRADE AND AUCTION SALE DAY**  
**First Monday, Each Month.**

The business men of Clarendon have selected above date as a General Trade and Barter Day, and will also put on Special Sale certain lines, and it can be made profitable to all interested. On these days J. E. Crisp, an experienced Auctioneer, offers his services for a small fee.  
**REMEMBER THE DAY.**

**FARM LANDS**  
Along  
**"THE DENVER ROAD"**  
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