

The Baird Star

Our Motto—"Tis Neither Birth, Nor Wealth, Nor State. But the Get-Up-and-Get That Makes Men Great."

FORTY-EIGHTH YEAR

BAIRD, CALLAHAN COUNTY, TEXAS, FRIDAY, SEPT. 6, 1935

NUMBER 39

FRANK WHEAT IS FOUND DEAD IN HOME

Frank Wheat, 73, a resident of Baird and Callahan county for the past 52 years was found dead in his home late Wednesday afternoon. Mr. Wheat was a bachelor and lived alone in a one room cabin. He has been in ill health for some months and his death was from natural causes.

Mr. Wheat is supposed to have died as he was preparing to retire Friday night as the last time he was seen was late Friday evening when he was seen returning home from town with a loaf of bread.

He was found by Sam Gilliland who lives near the deceased's home. Mr. Gilliland said he had not seen Mr. Wheat out for several days and went to see if he was sick. When he got no response to calls he opened the door and found Mr. Wheat lying on the floor. He immediately notified Deputy Sheriff C. R. Nurdyke who went into investigate. Mr. Wheat was found lying near the foot of his bed. He had removed his shoes and was partly undressed when he evidently suffered a heart attack and die suddenly as he was lying just as he had fallen.

T. J. White, Justice of the Peace and Dr. S. P. Rumph, county health officer and W. O. Wylie, undertaker was called and an inquest held, after which the body was removed to the funeral home. Mr. White rendered a decision that Mr. Wheat's death was due to natural causes.

Mr. Wheat is survived by two nieces, Miss Jessie Wheat of North Little Rock, Ark. and Mrs. Lillian Stevel of Memphis, Tenn. who were notified by Deputy Sheriff Nurdyke of their uncle's death.

Funeral services will be held from the Wylie Funeral Home this morning, hour to be announced later, rites being conducted by Rev. P. E. Yarborough, pastor of the Methodist church, assisted by Rev. Joe R. Mayes Baptist pastor and Rev. R. A. Walker Presbyterian pastor and burial made in Ross cemetery.

Miss Jessie Wheat arrive on the Sunshine Special yesterday to attend the funeral.

Frank Wheat was a native of Mississippi and came to Callahan county in about 1882. He made his home for many years at Admiral with the late W. F. Walker, father of Jess and Miss Susie Walker of Baird.

Mr. Wheat was a member of the Woodmen of the World. He owned his home in Baird, also some real estate in Fort Worth and some personal property.

"Football Special"

It takes all the horses in a team pulling together to get a loaded wagon out of a mud hole. It takes every one in Baird pulling together to get Baird out of the rut. It is time that Baird High School should occupy a prominent place on the football map.

The largest squad in the history of the school is out and ready to do more than their share of pulling. The school is behind them one hundred per cent. The school board is behind them in a big way. The citizens are talking it up and all we need now is to pull together. We believe that the time is ripe.

The weather has dampened practice but not the enthusiasm of the boys. There will be a hustling and fighting ball club representing Baird this year. Although there are a few lettermen returning, they are above the average and will be under two great leaders, co-captains Horace Cook and Bill Austin. These boys can go places and do things.

The board has shown its faith in the boys by buying eleven new uniforms. The boys appreciate this very much so it is up to us to let the boys know we appreciate them by giving our moral and financial support by turning out for all the games.

LET'S GO B, H, S!

Earl Johnson Motor Co., Ford dealers report the sale of new Ford cars to H. L. Hughes, Dr. W. S. Hamlett, W. W. Alexander and Homer McIntosh Baird, E. F. Saffle, Oplih; R. L. Berry and Kenneth Whitten, Abilene

Clubs of City Resume Meetings Following Vacation Days

With the closing of summer vacation days study and civic clubs, who had disbanded during the summer months will resume their meetings.

First of those to meet will be the Alpha Delta Delphian Club, which will meet Tuesday Sept. 10th with Mrs. Irvin Corn as hostess. The following is the program:

- 1 Roll Call, Current Events.
- 2 Making the Most of Books -Headley, Mrs. C. B. Snyder, Jr
- 3 Address, Mrs. J. F. Boren, President of the Club.
- 4 Piano: Country Gardens-Grainer by Mrs. Sidney Foy.

The following officers will serve the Chapter for 1935-1936:

President, Mrs. J. F. Boren; Vice-President, Mrs. T. A. White; Recording-Secretary, Mrs. Frank Bearden; Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. Alton Hutchison; Treasurer, Miss Ethelyn Clark; Critic, Mrs. W. P. Brightwell; Reporter, Mrs. E. C. Fulton

The Delphian Chapter meets on the Second and Fourth Tuesday in each month. The course of study for the year is Contemporary World Literature.

JUNIOR WEDNESDAY CLUB

The Junior Wednesday Club will hold their first meeting following summer vacation days on Wednesday, Sept. 18th with Mrs. Clark Edwards, as hostess. The following is the opening program:

Roll Call, answered with points remembered from former studies.

Song, "America the Beautiful", by assembly.

Address, by Miss Irma Dell Mitchell, president of the club.

The following are club officers for the year: Miss Irma Dell Mitchell, President; Miss Burma Warren, First Vice-President; Mrs. Wilbur Brian, Second Vice-President; Miss Jewell Grimes, Recording Secretary; Miss Juanita Johnson, Cor-Sec.; Mrs. Jack Ashlock, Treasurer; Mrs. Stafford Alexander, Critic; Miss Leota Alexander, Reporter; Miss Beatrice Green, Librarian; Mrs. L. L. Blackburn, Club Counsellor.

The club meets twice a month, the years work beginning on the Third Wednesday in Sept. The club will study Texas Poets and Poetry.

WEDNESDAY CLUB

The Wednesday Club will hold their first meeting of the season on Wednesday, Sept. 29th with Mrs. S. P. Rumph as hostess.

The following is the opening program:

Roll Call, Echoes of Summer.

Greetings, by Mrs. J. R. Jackson, President.

Mending Wall-Robert Frost, by Miss Edith Collier.

The club will study Recent American Literature. Meetings of the club are held each Wednesday afternoon beginning the last Wednesday in Sept.

Officers of the club include, Mrs. J. R. Jackson, President; Mrs. C. B. Holmes, First Vice-President; Mrs. W. P. Brightwell, Second Vice-President; Mrs. Irene Moore, Recording Secretary; Mrs. B. L. Russell, Jr, Treasurer; Mrs. W. Clyde White, Reporter; Mrs. L. B. Lewis, Librarian; Mrs. Ace Hickman, Legislative Chairman; Mrs. Corrie Driskill, Club Counsellor; Mrs. L. L. Blackburn, Junior Club Counsellor; Mrs. Charles Coats, Corresponding Secretary.

PARENT TEACHER'S ASSO.

The Parent-Teacher's Association will resume their meetings on Thursday, Sept. 12th, the meeting being held at the High School building at 4 o'clock.

The officers of the Association will be installed at this time, the new officers include: Mrs. L. B. Lewis, President; Mrs. Charles Coats, first vice-president; Mrs. Cliff Harville, second vice-president; Mrs. Ace Hickman, Secretary; Mrs. Wm. A. Fetterly, Treasurer; Mrs. F. E. Mitchell, reporter

The offices of third vice-president and Corresponding Secretary are to be filled, these vacancies being caused by the resignation of Miss Virginia Rice and Mrs. D. J. Anderson who are now living at Longview.

A chairman of room mothers will also be elected this year. Room mothers for the year will also be appointed at this time.

Herbert Bowyer Galligley of Bartlesville is visiting his grandparents, Judge and Mrs. Otis Bowyer.

Miss Virginia Rice Becomes Bride of Eugene Wait

Miss Virginia Rice, of Cleburne and Eugene Wait of Longview, were married in Longview Sunday, August 25, 1935.

Mr. and Mrs. Wait are well known and have many friends in Baird, where Mrs. Wait was a teacher in the Baird High School, being head of the Home Economics department for several years and Mr. Wait being associated with the Octaine Oil Refining Company. Mrs. Wait is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Rice of Cleburne.

Mr. and Mrs. Wait will make their home at Longview where Mr. Wait is employed by the Premier Refining Company.

Death Claims Young Mother

Mrs. Harvey Barbee, 26 of Lawn, died Saturday night in the West Texas Baptist hospital where she was carried Friday for treatment. Mrs. Barbee had been gravely ill since Wednesday when she gave birth to twin boys, both of whom died.

Funeral services were held at Rogers cemetery Saturday afternoon and her body laid to rest beside her two baby boys.

Mrs. Barbee was Willie Dawson born at Oplin, March 16, 1909. She was married to Mr. Barbee in Abilene June 9, 1928. Since their marriage the couple had resided at Lawn.

Survivors are the husband and two children. Donald, six, and Robbie, two years old; her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jack A. Dawson of Lawn; two sisters, Mrs. Annie Baker of Ballinger and Mrs. Bessie O'Shield of Lawn.

Dr. W. S. Hamlett has a freak pear tree growing in his yard in West Baird. The tree has ripe pears, green pears the size of quail eggs to as small as black eyed peas and blooms at this season.

HEAVY RAINS FALL OVER COUNTY

Heavy rains have fallen over the county this week. The rain began at 3 o'clock Monday morning when a fall of 5 inches was registered up to 12 o'clock Monday and rain has continued to fall at intervals every day since.

This is the heaviest rain fall we have had for several years. The water ran over the dam at the T-P Lake at a depth of 15 inches. All creeks have been higher than for many moons.

While it is likely cotton has been damaged by the rain it is fine on late feed and grass.

NEW PASTOR ASSIGNED TO CHURCH OF CHRIST HERE

The Baird Church of Christ announced that Batsell Baxter is to preach each Sunday. He preached for the church here last fall and the membership holds him in very high esteem.

Bro. Baxter was president of Abilene Christian College several years. He is now head of the Bible Department in the same school. He is a preacher and Bible scholar of extraordinary ability. We feel sure that the people of Baird and Callahan Co. will enjoy as well as be benefitted by going to hear him.

Preaching will be at eleven A. M. and 8 P. M. The public is invited to attend these services.

Presbyterian Revival

The revival meeting being conducted by Rev. R. A. Walker the pastor at the Presbyterian church is being attended by god crowds notwithstanding the bad weather. The meeting will close Sunday night.

Take your eggs and chickens to Will Boydston.

Bride Honored With Shower

One of the prettiest social events of the season was a miscellaneous shower given Friday night, August 30 in the home of Mrs. Donna McGoweh Leon in honor of Mrs. Archie Nichols, formerly Miss Maurine Iverson who has taught in the Baird High School for the past few years. Mrs. Nichols ex-Pep Squad Sponsor was further honored by the use of red and white decorations High School colors.

The following program was given: Songs: "I Love You Truly" and "When I Grow Too Old To Dream" By Mrs. Dorothy Boydston Harper Reading: "The Patchwork Child" By Dorothy Estes.

Piano Selections: "Pop Goes The Strings of My Heart" and the Wedding of the Painted Doll" by Shelba Jones.

Song: "Mr. and Mrs. Is The Name" by Elise Adams

Reading: "Goodnight" by Mildred Leon, of Rotan, Texas A Duet: "Wedding Bells" by Mrs. Haynie Gilliland and Mrs. Sidney Foy.

Immediately after the conclusion of the last number, members of the Pep Squad gave fifteen rabs for Mrs. Nichols.

The Pep Squad Mascots Master Kenneth Jones and little Miss Bobbie Sue Edwards dressed in red and white costumes brought to the honoree a red and white wagon laden with beautiful tokens of love and affection for the new bride.

Who everyone had viewed the lovely gifts, punch and sandwiches were served to ninety-four friends and relatives of the young couple; all wishing them a long and happy married life.

Hostesses for the occasion were members of the Pep Squad assisted by Mrs. R. F. Mayfield, Mrs. Corrie Driskill, Miss Rubye Harp, Mrs. R. D. Williams, Mrs. S. L. McElroy and Mrs. C. D. Leon.

Will Pay 20 cuts for eggs in merchandise, W. D. Boydston

453 PUPILS ENROLL IN PUBLIC SCHOOL

Baird Public School opened for the fall term Monday morning and notwithstanding the heavy downpour of rain there was a fair attendance of pupils and patrons of the school.

The opening exercises were held in the High School Auditorium with the following program:

Invocation, Rev. P. E. Yarborough Singing led by Rev. Joe R. Mayes, with Miss Julia Ojerholm presiding at the piano; Address by Rev. R. A. Walker followed by an address by Supt. J. F. Boren, who also introduced the teachers.

There are six new teachers in the Baird school this year, four in high school and two in grammar school. In high school Mr. Arthur Niebuhr of Brenham, who is a graduate of the University of Texas, with a B. A. degree is athletic director and history teacher; Miss Mary Elizabeth Beard, of Fort Worth, a graduate of the State University with B. A. degree is head of the mathematics department, Miss Mary McLean Powell of Waco, a graduate of Baylor University with B. A. degree is teacher of Spanish and Latin; Miss Margaret Borg of Kennedy, a graduate of the State University with a B. A. degree is at the head of the Vocational Home Economics department.

In grammar school Norris Kelton of Baird, a graduate of Texas Tech, with a B. A. degree is teacher of arithmetic and spelling and Miss Viola Boatwright of Baird, a graduate of the University of New York with M. A. degree is teacher in the overflow department.

The weather has been so bad that attendance, especially in the grammar school has been low.

The enrollment in High school is the largest for some years.

There are some twenty five pupils from other districts attending school here.

The enrollment up to yesterday was 283 pupils in grammar school and 170 in high school, a total of 453 pupils.

Mrs. Minn N. Walker Buried Here Sunday

Mrs. Minn N. Walker, a former resident of Baird, died at her home at 4041 Highland Ave., Abilene, Saturday, Aug. 31 at 2:40 p. m. Mrs. Walker has been in ill health for time but her condition became critical Friday.

Funeral services were held from the First Presbyterian church in Abilene Sunday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock the rites being conducted by Dr. T. S. Knox the pastor. Following the services the body was brought to Baird for burial beside her husband, Charles Eugene Walker who died Jan. 16, 1924, the burial service being held at 5 o'clock.

Pall bearers were A. V. Smith, Pink Wooten, R. D. Green, Dr. C. E. Adams of Abilene, Dr. V. E. Hill and Homer Driskill, of Baird. Burial was made under direction of Laughter's Funeral Home, Abilene.

Quite a number of friends from Baird went to Abilene to attend the funeral and accompany the body to Baird for burial.

Mrs. Walker whose maiden name was Minn Noland was born in Grayson county and was educated at Nash institute, now Kidd-Key college, Sherman. She was married to Mr. Walker at Sherman.

Before moving to Abilene 10 years ago, Mrs. Walker had lived at Baird for 12 years. Previously she and Mr. Walker had lived in El Paso.

Mrs. Walker was a member of the First Presbyterian church and of the Music Unit of the Woman's Forum, in both of which she took an active part.

Survivors are two daughters, Mrs. Harold D. Austin and Miss Marjorie Walker, both of Abilene, and a brother J. E. Noland of Whitesboro.

Mrs. August Horn of Fort Worth spent several days here this week on business. She was a guest of Mr. and Mrs. John Asbury



Big Free Rodeo and Trades Day BAIRD

Monday, September 9—Parade at 1:30 p. m.

All Rodeo Events Open to Everyone, Entrant Fees must be in by 1 p. m. sharp. This Free Rodeo is sponsored by the following business firms and citizens of Baird:

NOTE: If weather conditions continue bad the Rodeo will be postponed until Monday, September 16th

Plaza Theatre, Ray Motor Company, Wylie, Nubbin Corn, J. Rupert Jackson, Blue Arrow Filling Station, Geo. Crutchfield, W. E. McCarty, J. W. Hays American Cafe, Vogue Beauty Shop, Lacy Meridith, W. D. Boydston, Leach Store, Bob and Buddy (Barber Shop) T. Emmons, Loyd Hughes, S. E. Settle, Vernon R. King, Mrs. Will McCoy, R. L. Edwards, Judge J. H. Carpenter, Dr. S. P. Rumph, B. C. Chrisman, Sam Gilliland, F. E. Mitchell, County Attorney, Mae Hotel, Harold and Glen Alton Chrisman (Magnolia Station), Billie Henry, Miss John Gilliland, E. C. Fulton, Leland Jackson, T. J. White Mrs. Will Rylee, Russell-Surles Abstract Company, Jim Jernigan, Mrs. Flora Norlyke, Frank Stanley, C. M. Mills, Mitchell Blacksmith Shop, Jester Cafe, C. T. Gleghorn, City Bakery A. E. Hornsby, Price Ice Company, L. R. Hamby, Dorothy Barnhill, Nurdyke Brothers.

News Review of Current Events the World Over

Congress Quits as Long's Filibuster Kills Deficiency Appropriation—Russia Rejects America's Protest Against Communist Subversive Activities.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD
© Western Newspaper Union.

CONGRESS ended its session at midnight Monday—after the clock hands had been moved back three times—the house hilarious with refreshment, song and rustic antics, the senate furious because Huey Long of Louisiana had conducted a lone filibuster for seven hours and talked to death the third deficiency appropriation bill. This measure carried \$93,000,000 tax to pay pensions to the aged, retirement pay to railroad workers and money for crippled children.

The Kingfish defeated all efforts to silence him and was adamant to pleas that he was cutting off funds for humanitarian purposes. He was insisting that the house be forced to vote on the cotton and wheat loan amendments to the bill which the senate had inserted but which the lower chamber had rejected. A compromise had been reached between the administration and the bloc of cotton state senators by which the cotton raisers were to get government loans of 10 cents a pound, and the wheat farmers were left out. Long would not stand for the elimination of the amendments thus arranged.

The Democratic leaders were afraid that if submitted to the house government loans not only on wheat and cotton but on other commodities would be voted at a cost of upward of \$2,000,000,000.

They determined to let the appropriation bill fail rather than submit to Long's terms, although Robinson stated that information from the controller general's office indicated there would be no available funds for the social security program unless the deficiency measure were passed.

The compromise cotton plan was accepted reluctantly by the AAA, and many of the southern senators were dissatisfied with it. The senators from the wheat states were disgruntled because the wheat loan policy was completely abandoned.

SOME of the congressional leaders lingered in Washington long enough to hold a conference with President Roosevelt and Comptroller General McCarl on ways of obtaining funds cut off by failure of the third deficiency bill. They came to the conclusion that the administrative agencies provided for in the social security act, as well as the other agencies scheduled to receive appropriations in the deficiency bill, could be set up with money either from the work relief or other unexpended funds.

However, Mr. McCarl advised, and the congressmen agreed, that grants in aid to states for old age assistance, the blind and dependent children, cannot be paid out of the work relief fund, because such activities would not create employment.

This restriction, it was concluded, would not apply to grants to states for the setting up of administrations for unemployment insurance and other activities contemplated by the social security bill, for this would provide jobs.

It is apparent that the Long filibuster will work a great hardship, but a study is being made with a view to proceeding wherever it is possible with a preparation for the administration of the social security, the railroad retirement law and other measures provided for in the deficiency bill, said Senator Joseph T. Robinson, Democratic leader.

NOTWITHSTANDING the general protest by newspapers against the financing of paper mill construction by the Reconstruction Finance corporation, on the ground that government control of print paper supply threatens the freedom of the press, Chairman Jesse Jones of the RFC intimated that this practice may be extended and at the same time said this question was for congress to decide. He produced figures showing that 500,000 tons of paper pulp is imported annually.

company's previous earning record, including the last few years, assures its payment, he argued.

RECONSTRUCTION Finance corporation announced that, in order to encourage the construction of new homes and to assist the housing administration, it will buy and sell insured mortgages. Chairman Jones said a \$10,000,000 revolving fund had been made available to the RFC mortgage company for this purpose. The mortgage company also was authorized to lend money to companies formed for the purpose of helping property owners pay taxes.

Jones also said that debt burdened school and reclamation districts have become eligible for loans. Advances to them will be on much the same principle as loans to aid drainage and levee districts in refinancing, he said. Both will be expected to compromise their debts with bondholders and then the corporation will refinance them on a lower level.

FRIENDLY diplomatic relations between the United States and Russia, established in November 1933, will not longer be maintained unless the Soviet government mends its ways and keeps its solemn pledges to prevent Communist organizations on its soil or under its control from plotting to overthrow the government of the United States.

This was the warning handed to N. N. Krestinsky, assistant foreign affairs commissar of the U. S. S. R. by Ambassador William C. Bullitt in Moscow, whose note was written by direction of the Department of State in Washington.

The language of the note was not quite so blunt as the above, but it did not mince words and its implications were not to be doubted. It said the United States "anticipates the most serious consequences if the government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics is unwilling, or unable, to take appropriate measures to prevent further acts in disregard of the solemn pledge given by it to the government of the United States."

Within two days the Soviet government replied, through Krestinsky, with a coldly worded note flatly "rejecting" the American protest. It was based on the old and more than dubious contention that the Moscow government is not and cannot be held responsible in any way for the doings of the Communist International, and continued:

"Thus the statement about a violation by the government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics of its obligations contained in the note of November 16, 1933, does not follow from the obligations assumed mutually by both parties, in view of which I cannot accept your protest and am compelled to reject it."

Krestinsky concluded by declaring the Soviet government is striving for "further development of friendly cooperation" between the Soviet union and the United States.

PREMIER MUSSOLINI, in an interview granted to the correspondent of the London Daily Mail, declared flatly:

"It should be realized without the possibility of misunderstanding that whoever applies sanctions (penalties for treaty violations) against Italy will be met by the armed hostility of our country."

The duke added that if the League of Nations voted sanctions against Italy, his country would at once leave the league.

This was enough for France, which has been sitting on the fence, trying to retain the friendship of both Italy and Great Britain. Premier Laval called the cabinet together and was empowered by it to oppose the application of sanctions by the League of Nations against Italy. He expounded to the ministers his plan to persuade the council of the league to look upon Italy's projected attack on Ethiopia as a "colonial expedition" rather than a war. This would permit the league to slide out of a situation that gravely threatens its prestige. It was understood that Laval told the cabinet England was less determined to act drastically, having realized the danger in Mussolini's stand that sanctions would mean war. He also said that the duke's agreement to present the case at Geneva indicated his desire to avoid a quarrel with the great powers or a break with the league.

JOHN N. WILLIAMS, long prominent in the automobile industry and ambassador to Poland for two years in the Hoover administration, died in New York at the age of sixty-one. He had been ill since last May when he suffered a heart attack. Mr. Williams, forced into business at eighteen by the death of his father, made his first fortune in selling bicycles. In 1908 he took over the Overland Automobile company, which was about to go into the hands of a receiver, and organized the Willys-Overland company at Indianapolis. Later he purchased the Pope-Toledo company at Toledo, Ohio, and moved the Willys-Overland plant there. He sold his automobile holdings to a syndicate in 1929, the deal involving several million dollars.

Thomas Alva Edison, Jr., eldest son of the famous inventor, died suddenly in Springfield, Mass. He was head of the research engineering department of the Edison plant at West Orange, N. J.

IN HIS radio address to the convention of Young Democrats clubs in Milwaukee President Roosevelt insisted that he was not speaking with any political motive but was saying "precisely—word for word—what I would say were I addressing a convention of the youth of the Republican party."

He justified the New Deal as an intervention by government to protect and aid common men in the complex scheme of modern existence, and asserted its aim was not socialism, but regulated individualism.

Championing a philosophy of change, the President said that "rules are not necessarily sacred—principles are. The methods of the old order are not, as some would have you believe, above the challenge of youth."

"To the American youth of all parties I submit a message of confidence—unite and challenge."

Under the auspices of the Republican national committee, Representative Bertrand H. Snell of New York spoke over the radio in direct reply to the President's appeal to youth—for both parties are making strenuous endeavors to capture the allegiance of the young men and women. Mr. Snell argued that a change in the Constitution abolishing rights of individual citizens would place "those who possess the power, the wealth and the cunning" in control of the government.

"Surely the youth of America," he said, "are not prepared to endorse any administration which is seeking to bring about such a condition."

JOHN G. WINANT, former governor of New Hampshire and a Republican, has been appointed chairman of the social security board, the body that will direct the part of the New Deal of which the President is proudest and which he declares is one of the outstanding social reforms in the history of the government.

Mr. Winant's two associates on the board are to be Arthur J. Altmeyer of Wisconsin, who has been serving as an assistant secretary of labor, and Vincent Morgan Miles of Fort Smith, Ark., an attorney who has been associated with the Public Works administration. Each is to receive an annual salary of \$10,000.

In sending his nominations to the senate the President stipulated that Winant will serve six years, Altmeyer will serve four years and Miles one year. All appointments date from last August 13 when the social security bill reached the White House.

As chairman of the new national labor relations board, operating under the Wagner act, the President named Joseph Madden, a Pittsburgh attorney. The other members appointed are John M. Carmody of New York and Edwin S. Smith of Massachusetts. J. D. Ross was nominated as a member of the securities and exchange commission, a job that had been thought would be given to Benjamin Cohen.

APPLICATIONS for money from the four billion dollar works relief fund must be in by September 12, according to an executive order issued by the President. In addition, he directed all agencies—federal, state or municipal—to be prepared either to ask for bids or begin works operations by October 22.

The President has set November 1 as the date for putting his works program into high gear and taking all the unemployed off the relief rolls. The new orders, issued to the heads of all departments and emergency agencies, were regarded as moves to realize that goal.

JAMES A. MOFFETT has resigned as federal housing commissioner carrying out his long expressed desire to return to private business. It was presumed in Washington that he would be succeeded by Stewart McDonald.

In his letter of resignation Mr. Moffett told the President that, despite necessary delays in getting the housing program under way, the housing administration was insuring construction and repair loans at the rate of \$69,000,000 a month.

BRISBANE THIS WEEK

Off in the Mountains Communists Would Weep Congress Goes Home Disobedient Twice

McCLOUD, CALIF. This is far off in the mountains; telegraph office closed, you feel like an incurable "shut-in."

But Jack Adams is here, an old-time telegrapher who can make a message go from anywhere to anywhere and find wires to carry it. He will "dig up" Percy Thomas, another old-time telegrapher in the Universal Service office in San Francisco, 350 miles down the coast, and this unimportant message will go to many newspapers in many cities, just as though it were news from Ethiopia, or some dear little Hollywood lady's explanation of what caused her to separate from "Jack, but we are, and always shall be, the best of friends."

This is a city that would make a good Communist gnash his teeth, slatter them, hurry to Lenin's tomb, mumble Marxian prayers and butt his head against the walls of the Kremlin.

First, the whole city belongs to the lumber company. Nobody else owns or can own a house or any other property.

But no worker is idle, rents are low, prices in the company store are lower than in any big city, and for mountain climbing your narrator bought wonderful heavy socks, striped alternately red, white and blue, patriotic enough to make a true Communist mount his soap box and ask the crowd, if any, what the world is coming to.

It is good news that congress has gone home at last, really and truly gone home to stay, heaven permitting, until early next year.

Until the fire is out, and you count the furniture carried out on the lawn, you cannot know just what the fire has done to you. This session of congress seems to have been a pretty good fire. The San Francisco Examiner tells you that congress spent, in its short life, just \$10,256,258.928.00, or, spelled out, ten billions two hundred and fifty-eight millions two hundred and twenty-eight dollars and six cents. Who do you suppose got the six cents?

Congress disobeyed the President only twice in the session. The senate refused to put this country in the World court. Can you imagine what that World court would do to us now, in connection with this Ethiopian marauding expedition?

Second, congress, in both houses, overrode the supposed wish of the President by passing a neutrality resolution, making it mandatory for the President to forbid shipments of ammunition to any nation at war.

Ethiopian rains are ending for this year and Mussolini is ready to go shopping for African land. France and England, now virtuously indignant, have taken almost everything, but the cool, high tablelands of Ethiopia offer good territory for Italians.

To other nations Mussolini says: "Keep your hands off unless you want a war in Europe. Let me do my fighting in Africa. Know when you are well off." He knows that France wants no war; that England, still digesting the anaconda supper of the last war, could not send her young men to war, even if she were foolish enough to want war. The young men would not fight.

You know, now, why Mussolini assembled half a million fighting men, that could not possibly be needed for an Ethiopian foray that airships can attend to. He wanted Europe to know that he was ready for a real war if anybody wanted it.

California's vigilante attack on extreme radicals is thoroughly organized, under a central command, with details of handpicked rifle marksmen, intelligence squads, and strong armed squads.

The American Civil Liberties union will bring suit on behalf of alleged Communists, tarred and feathered, and offers \$1,000 reward for the conviction of any vigilante of felony.

The vigilantes declare their intention to wear no masks or disguise, saying, "We shall pick up our men in broad daylight. The whole country is behind us."

More interesting than anything in the northern part of California, only 50 miles from the Oregon border, is tall, snow-covered Mount Shasta, rising toward the sky more than 14,000 feet.

When you travel be sure to visit that mountain. You will find it worth while. All around its foot the great pines and firs are crowding, as though seeking refuge and protection from the giant sawmill and its 1,200 men that eat trees by the hundreds of thousands every year.

Washington Digest

National Topics Interpreted
by William Bruckart
National Press Building
Washington, D. C.

Build Campaign Battle Lines

Washington.—Politics being inseparable from governmental administration under our system, it becomes pertinent at this time to examine what has happened in the late session of congress. In a nation where a two-party political structure obtains, politics cannot be segregated from the administration in the larger sense. It is not with a critical attitude, therefore, that the magnifying glass is held over the doings of President Roosevelt, his cabinet and brain trust advisers and the congress that has lately adjourned.

I believe it will be agreed that politics has predominated in the management of our national affairs during the last eight months especially. The fervor and appeal that was held for recovery by all of us during the earlier days of the Roosevelt administration seems to have been largely dissipated. That is not to say that no one wants to see recovery accomplished. It is to say, however, that this fervor and this appeal has been somewhat subordinated. Thus, it can be summarized in a brief sentence: The administration, looking to the elections of 1936, has been engaged in building campaign battle lines and forging campaign ammunition.

The 1934 congressional elections presented to the country an issue based on the performances and the future program of President Roosevelt. It was accorded a proposition where citizens were voting either to give the New Deal a future mandate and the President authority to proceed as he thought best or to vote a mandate that would call a halt on those same performances and policies. The country supported Mr. Roosevelt, some of his advisers since have told me, in a manner even more substantial than he had anticipated. He emerged from that campaign with a larger Democratic majority in the house than he had before. In addition he was accorded much more than a necessary two-thirds of the senate. The picture looked rosy.

Though the congress that has just ended its session gave the President many anxious hours, I think that on the whole it can be regarded as having provided him with a record of rather arduous and faithful response to his wishes. He did not obtain quite all that he wanted nor did he obtain that portion of his program exactly in the form he desired. But, again, politics in congress is almost a matter of general compromise anyway so that the President can be said to have come out very well. He can proceed now to any plans for that session of congress which convenes next January and which, in accordance with nearly all precedents, will adjourn ahead of the national political conventions next June.

Politics being the game that it is, one must look into the future to discover the ultimate goal. So, looking into the future, one discerns several objects or objectives of decided, as well as important, interest to the individual voters.

In the first place, the consensus surely is that Mr. Roosevelt has built a legislative and administrative structure in our government that presents a concrete and unqualified issue to the American people, namely, to proceed along New Deal lines and make the necessary changes in the Constitution to permit execution of those policies or to throw the whole thing overboard. There can be no equivocation.

As the structure stands at this time and as it will stand until the next session of congress is under way, many New Deal propositions are of doubtful constitutionality. If they are so held by the Supreme court of the United States then Mr. Roosevelt is believed certain to turn to the country and request Constitutional revision.

His latest and perhaps his most definite move in this direction was in connection with the so-called Guffey coal bill. It will be recalled that, in placing that piece of legislation on the "must" list of measures to be acted on before congress adjourned, Mr. Roosevelt advised house leaders that he wanted it passed and he did not care particularly whether some members of congress had "reasonable doubts" about its constitutionality. In effect, therefore, the President commanded passage of legislation that must place before the Supreme court a vital question for determination. It will be tested. Of that there is no doubt. If the law is held unconstitutional, it merely means that its provisions form another part of the campaign battleground observed to be shaping.

Mr. Roosevelt also succeeded in forcing through congress the legislation destroying the public utility holding companies. It was a tough fight but the President was victorious. Now, I hear from many sources that court examination of the legislation likewise will come because some folks are convinced it is confiscatory. If it is, it is unconstitutional.

And so it is in the case of several other pieces of legislation enacting New Deal ideas into statutes. One by one, it appears they will get before courts for review.

While the President has remained silent, neither denying nor confirming the undercurrent of information that I have reported here, one cannot fail to reach the conclusion that if many of the New Deal measures are held invalid, the President and his New Deal supporters, of necessity, must go to the country in the next election seeking constitutional modification to permit the use of policies now inimical to our form of government. That is the issue which the voters will be called upon to decide.

Since we have examined the circumstances from the New Deal side, let us likewise see what the Republicans and other oppositionists are doing. Lately, I have talked with some of the recognized Republican wheel horses. Whether they speak the sentiment of the masses of Republican voters or whether they voiced only their own views is not important here. Political straws do show which way the political winds are blowing. So when these veterans of many political battles say that they welcome the creation by the New Dealers of an issue, they evidently see in the situation worthwhile opportunities. When they say that they are willing to go to the country in defense of the Constitution as it stands and the traditions it represents, they evidently feel they are on firm ground.

Much water can go over the dam between now and November, 1936, and much sentiment can be changed in that time. But the Republicans thus far have done very little in the way of building up their case. While they appear to be enthusiastic about their chances against Mr. Roosevelt in 1936, they have thus far failed to develop even a nucleus of an organization.

It may be their strategy not to start their cannonading too early. Indeed, I have heard the thought expressed that it would be unwise to use ammunition too far in advance. At any rate, there have been only a scattered few direct attacks on what certainly must be the issue of 1936, the question of revision or retention of our Constitution. It is to be noted in this connection that those Republicans who have let go with a few shots have been of the ultraconservative type. I think it is generally agreed that the Republican set-up next year will be managed not by the old ultraconservatives but by those who have pulled away to some extent and who are willing to admit that times have changed conditions and a new model, perhaps not streamlined, is necessary.

One argument advanced why Republican leadership has not been more active is that if a G. O. P. Bides start is made too early, the Roosevelt administration will have an opportunity to answer all of the criticism. Said one Republican leader: "We would be utterly foolish to permit the New Dealers to know all of our arguments too far in advance. I, for one, am content to let them proceed with their socialistic regimentation because I know that every time a calf is given too much rope, it chokes itself to death."

Then there is another factor which I understand is responsible for the delay in Republican attacks. A good many Republicans have a hope, at least, that a campaign based on a plea for maintenance of our Constitution and the traditions and modes of living which it represents will draw to the Republican candidate a certain segment of Democrats who are unsympathetic with the New Deal. There has been plenty of evidence in the session of congress just adjourned that at heart numerous Democrats lean to the conservative as distinguished from the New Deal method of government. The closing hours of the congressional session seemed to belie this. But anyone who mingled among old time Democrats in the house could not fail to have observed existence of a doubt as to the wisdom of many New Deal policies. Those men were forced to line up behind the Presidential program not because they believed in it fully but for two other reasons. These reasons were: first, they still entertained some fear that if they broke with the President it might mean their political defeat for renomination and re-election, and second, they were harassed and physically and mentally tired and wanted to go home.

The late summer and fall months during which these representatives and senators naturally will be among their constituents is rather likely to provide them with a better knowledge of where they stand. They will come back next January either convinced that they must be fast to the New Deal or they will be more obstreperous than they have been in the recent session. If the strength appears to be on the Roosevelt side, the next session of congress will be simply a rubber stamp for the Chief Executive. If, on the other hand, they find that the enthusiasm for the New Deal has waned, I think it is fair to predict that the next session of congress will be one of the most troublesome with which any President has yet been confronted.

Thus, the line of cleavage is marked.

THE BAIRD STAR

Established by W. E. Gilliland, December 8, 1887
Baird, Texas

Issued every Friday, Baird, Texas

Entered as Second Class Matter, December 8, 1887, at the Post Office in Baird, Texas, under the Act of 1879.

ELIZA GILLILAND
Editor and Publisher

HAYNIE GILLILAND
Associate Editor

COUNTY AGENT NEWS

By ROSS B. JENKINS

CALLAHAN COTTON PLANTINGS FOR 1935

The completed check on all cotton plantings in Callahan County for the year 1935 shows 30,829 acres. There are a total of 1228 farms which have made application for tax exemption certificates. Producers who have signed a contract with the government number 974 and the no-signers are 254. Cooperating farmers were permitted to plant 28,701 acres. They actually planted 25,404 acres. Non-cooperators made application for certificates based on 6,161 acres but actual measurement showed them to have planted 5,474 acres.

The 5 year average planting as based on the 1934-35 contracts showed the county to have planted 35,122 acres. The same group showed an average of 9,934 bales per year. This yield was secured during the high producing years of 1928 through 1932.

An interesting observation is that there are more acres planted in 1935 than in 1932. Farmers were not under any control program in 1932 yet did not choose to plant but 30,368 acres to cotton. They have planted 561 acres more this year than in that year. Some critics point out that the control program cuts out labor from the lessening of acres in cotton. It may be so in some counties but such cannot be truthfully claimed from the above figures in Callahan County. The farmers have not been required to plant less than their last year of "do as I please" in planting and have received a yearly benefit and parity payment of about \$80,000 and have received an average of 12 cents for their cotton whereas in 1932 they received 5.4 cents per pound.

Some wisecracking non-farmer read the statement sometime recent that when anyone advocates reducing the acres so as to control prices, just ask him if he would cut his salary half into. This writer will gladly reduce his salary 40 per cent which was the amount required of cooperating farmers under the 1934-35 contract, if the income will be increased accordingly the 122 per cent as was the cotton farmers income through such reduction. Furthermore, it has been observed that most every person who gets his name in print in opposition to the beneficial results of the AAA is some person who does not farm and were he on a farm would not know the difference between a pumpkin and a gourd.

It does seem strange that nature has been so unkind to some individuals as to permit them to see all the fault in a public piece of legislation but did not endow them with sufficient wit to enable them to reach such an advantage point that they could do something about it. No national legislation is going to be enacted to the tune of one out of ten that are disgruntled. The Bankhead act was voted by the cotton farmers of the south at the rate of nine to one for continuance and that was strong enough for the Congress and the President. The other 10 per cent would probably vote for the same measure if they were correctly informed of the true merits rather than have seeds of discontent sown in their hearts before they had a chance to learn how the measure was designed to help the whole of agriculture.

Hammonds Scores Ginners; Boosts Co-Op Plan

Mr. J. Walter Hammond of Tye, Texas member of the Texas Advisory Board, released for publication in the Abilene Reporter, September 3, the following statement: "When the Texas Ginners association obtained a temporary injunction on its petition attacking constitutionality of the Bankhead act they tied up Texas cotton. The state advisory board went to Washington and got that straightened out. The Ginners association was not satisfied for some reason and it is going ahead with its suit, with the announced intention of carrying it to the Supreme Court. "The farmers never have tried to limit the price charged for ginning. They helped the ginners get a bill gacy of soils shall this generation through congress allowing them 25 leave for the next and the next?"

cents per bale to cover cost of administering the Bankhead act. It is not the farmer's fault that Huey Long killed the appropriation to cover this when he staged his filibuster during the closing night of congress. "Texas farmers have organized a defensive committee which has charge of fighting this case. It has employed the ablest attorneys to represent the cotton growers. The state cotton advisory committee already has met in Houston and arranged for individual ginners who did not wish to be parties to the federal court suit to get out from under provisions of the temporary injunction.

"If the ginners of Texas as hired hands of the farmers are not satisfied with the Bankhead act—which the farmers have approved—and do not wish to do what we want them to do then the farmers will build their own gins.

"Already there are in operation in the state 150 of these cooperative, farmer-owned gins, built and operated on a per bale dividend basis. The number is increasing rapidly. A number have been formed in the past few weeks near Abilene. These gins have been operating at \$2 to \$3 per bale profit after footing the cost of administering the Bankhead act.

"All farmers are not familiar with the plan under which these gins can be built and operated. The state defensive committee and advisory board are planning to lead an educational campaign among the farmers on this cooperative gin plan and where ginners try to tear up the Bankhead act this type of gin operation will be put into effect. Then the ginners who are joining in his destructive movement will have plenty of time to devote to defending the constitution of the United States.

"Another thing we are going to find out—we haven't been able to yet, but we will—is exactly who is financing this federal court action against the Bankhead law. It seems very queer that it is so hard to find out where the money behind this suit is coming from."

(Editors Note) The Star is informed that those gins under management of E. L. Boydston which comprise of Baird, Putnam and Eula and that under management of W. H. Bryant at Clyde signed an affidavit that they were not apart of the Texas Ginners Association and did not and will not have any part in the above mentioned suit.

Texas Soils And The Centennial

(Contributed)

A hundred years ago a pugnacious handful of Anglo-Saxons were settled upon the sod of a tyrannically governed Texas, bent upon the precarious establishment of an agrarian civilization under the noses of hostile Indians. Today these heroic men and women, builders of an empire, live only in legendary memories and the stirring pages of history. Everyone who has thrilled at Travis' immortal "We shall neither surrender nor retreat" has paid an unconscious tribute to all of the hardy Colonel's contemporaries.

We have ill-used their bequest of land. With a characteristic and almost universal carelessness we have allowed an insidious but ruthless scourge to steal the fertility of our soil, yes, even the soil itself from a land won by the blood and strife of heroes. A danger that has out-lived the Indians and is infinitely more dangerous and damaging than the sporadic raids. A force whose weapons are impersonal, all pervading, deadly—the wind and the rain. A force that rips and tears our land with a Gargantuan knife, and is rendered powerless by intelligent land use. The force, the power, the danger of soil erosion.

We, too, have a fight on our hands and not one of our own seeking. We fight for self-preservation, for our land, for our homes, for our every existence. A fight that is romantic if not heroic, and whose spoils will be shared with us by future generations. Texas is ushering in a new era in agriculture.

Next year Texas will celebrate its Centennial, its one hundredth year of independence. And on thousands of farms throughout the State the visionators from the far corners of the state will see that Texans cherish their soil as well as their memories.

The question that Callahan County will need to answer is: "What legacy of soils shall this generation leave for the next and the next?"

EULA LOCALS

September 2, 1935

Well how is The Star force? We have gone wet out this way; we have had a wonderful rain. In my way of thinking, I believe it was just what we were needing. Those who had stubble to break were wanting rain. We can have fall oats and barley now which will be a feed saver. We all have made lots of feed when the country has plenty of feed you will find us in good shape.

We have had a bad case of leaf worm in our cotton. We can tell later what the rain has done for the cotton. We are in hopes the worms will quit and let us go on and make a good cotton crop, for the Lord knows we need a real good cotton crop. I am sure most of us have debts to meet and cotton is the money crop. Sure would be fine to have a little money to pay the preachers and get a glass of beer, if we want it.

I was sorry to hear about my old friend John Asbury being sick; hope he soon will be all o k.

I was also sorry I could not attend the celebration of Mrs. Berry. Miss Eliza Gilliland gave us a special invitation, I have known the Berry family for 47 years and they are special friends of mine.

I happened to be in company with the late J. B. Cutbirth when Mr. Berry was killed with a team of mules; if I remember correctly.

My best wishes are with the Berry family. All of the old timers seem like kind folks to me.

One of my greatest pleasures is to meet up with these old timers and hear them talk of early days. As long as the late W. E. Gilliland lived I made it a point to go around and have a talk with him when I was in Baird.

I am glad to see Judge L. L. Blackburn able to be up again.

With best wishes to all who read The Baird Star; To those whom do not live here any more, I often think of some of you, like A A Callahan Dr. H. H. Ramsey, Charley Mahan and many others.

PATSIE.

SUNSHINE CLUB

Mrs. O. E. Eastham entertained the Sunshine Club of the Woodmen Circle with a lawn party Wednesday night, August 28th.

The following visitors were present: Mrs. Stella Green, Mrs. W B Griggs, Miss Alice Powell, Miss Mae Eastham, Miss Juanita Johnson and Mrs. Alex Oglesby of Anson.

During the refreshment hour the hostess passed ice cold watermelon to the guests and the following members:

Mrs. Mary Kehler, Mrs. W G Bowlus, Mrs. L L Ford, Mrs. Bud Walker, Mrs. Fred Estes, Mrs. A. T. Vestal, Mrs. Frances Myers, Miss Mary Walker, Miss Edith Bowlus and Mrs. W J Cook

WITH BAIRD BAPTIST

A good service Sunday morning, 122 in Sunday school and 30 in B T U. Next Sunday let's have 140 in Sunday school and 50 in B T U.

Remember the Sunday school meets at 10:00 A M just before the preaching service and the B T U at 7:00 P M just before the evening preaching. We have 4 unions going good and want another. We have the adult, the intermediate, Juniors, and Sub-Juniors. We need are trying to get a Senior union, then we will have a place of training for all Come on and help make the work go.

Our regular services next Sunday at their regular time except the night

Modern Shoe & Boot Shop

Located in Telephone Bldg.

—Bring Us Your School Shoes—

REPAIR WORK

Baird, Texas

LAUNDRY

Call Phone No. 131

Will call Monday, Wednesday and Friday, of each week.

Abilene Laundry Co.

HOMER DUNN

Representative, Baird, Texas

BANNER QUALITY

ICE CREAM

10c

THE PINT

HOLMES DRUG COMPANY

Dr. T. J. Inman

OPTOMETRIST

Special Attention Given to Fitting School Children's Eyes

Baird, Texas

preaching. Will you be there far these services?

Too much rain for the association this week. We will have it at Clyde Sept. 17 and 18, that is just two weeks later on Tuesday and Wednesday after the 3rd Sunday at Clyde instead of Oplin.

Sunday afternoon is our regular preaching day at Midway. I will be there the Lord willing at 2:30 and will be glad to have the whole community present.

Joe R. Mayes
iaog BVM etain etain shrld uni

Wheat Association Election Saturday

We will hold an election of wheat association officers at five points Saturday, September 7th

You are invited and urged to attend the one nearest to you and elect the officers you wish to transact the business for the association for the next year.

The new program will start next week. It runs for four years.

Meetings will be held at all places at one o'clock

At Dressy with Norrell L. Long and Fred Stacy.

At Oplin with Sidney S Harville and Claude Morse.

At Denton with W. R Williams and E J. Kendrick

At Baird with A E. Young and N M George

At Putnam with E. H. Williams and R L McKinney

Try to be at one of them

N. M. George
Secretary-Treasurer.

AN OLD TEXAN

There is a man in this state one hundred and eleven years of age and still going strong, unfortunately, he is shortening his days by bad habits. He states that he has had three toddlers every day for years, I hesitate to mention this fact because it will make the mouths of some of my prohibition friends water, and take to home brew stronger than ever.

He has indulged in tobacco also, and still looks kindly upon the ladies.

Now, it is a shame that this man's life should be cut short, and "there ought to be a law passed" so that our Puritan governor could sue out an injunction and send the rangers to discover and shut off his source of supply, and the pros could hold prayer-meetings over him, and finally he might be put in a glass case somewhat shaded so that he could not see the attire or rather the lack of attire of the present day.

If all this doesn't kill him, as probably it will, he may live as long as Methuselah.

OTIS BOWYER, Sr.

Harness Repaired, Saddles Relined, Tugs Made To Order, Modern Shoe and Boot Shop. Located in Telephone

FEDERAL LAND BANK AND COMMISSIONERS LOAN

If you wish to refinance your loans with 4 and 5 per cent money on long and easy payment plan, see or communicate with M. H. Perkins, Sec-Treas. Citizens National Farm Loan Ass'n. Clyde, Texas



PERMANENTS

CROQUINOLE

\$1.50

VOGUE ART OIL PERMANENT

\$2.50

or two for

\$4.00

FRENCH PALMOIL

\$3.50

NAVIETTE PERMANENT

\$4.00

EUGENE

\$5.00

JAMEL MACHINELESS

\$6.50

ZOTAS MACHINELESS

\$10.00

Vogue Beauty Shop

(Formerly Marinello)

Mrs. Corrie Driskill, Mgr.

WE HAVE—

American Express Travelers Cheques

FOR SALE

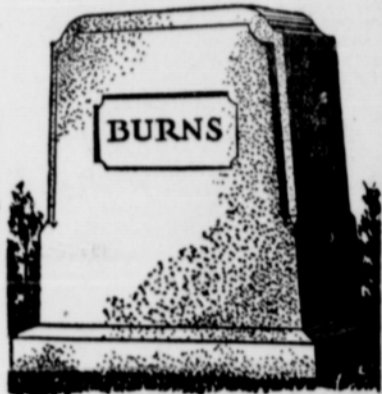
The Safe Way To Carry Your Money

The First National Bank

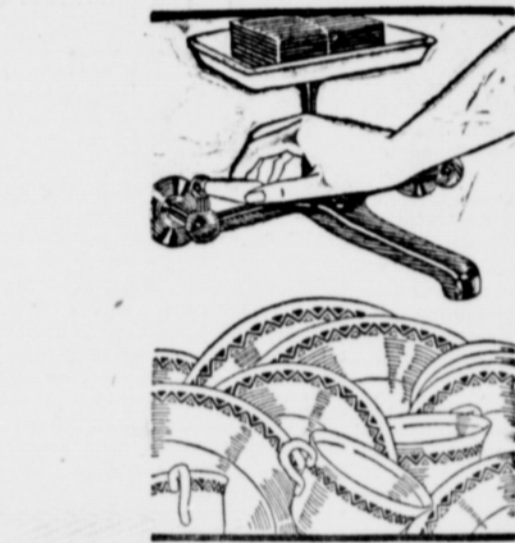
BAIRD, TEXAS

Fitting Tribute to a Loved One

The fitting tribute to one whom you have loved is a monument of permanence and grace; a stone that will go down through the years marking the last resting place of one whose name you respect and honor.



SAM L. DRYDEN & SON
Cor. Walnut and 8th Street, Abilene, Texas



Now! Lowest Prices and Terms!

Gas Automatic Water Heaters

Here's a modernizing opportunity the like of which has never been offered by your gas company. To make it easy for any home to enjoy the conveniences of an automatic hot water service we're offering our lowest in history prices and terms.

The automatic gas water heater completely eliminates hot water failures... does away with waiting for the tank to get hot. Its operation is entirely automatic... you don't even have to think about it. Come in and investigate. See how much our lowest in history prices and terms save you! Terms below are for a limited time only!



1. Special discount on all models, with extra discount for cash.
2. Trade-in allowance on old water heater, regardless of type.
3. Down payment so ridiculously low that any home can afford to switch to this modern automatic system for hot water.
4. Monthly terms so small that they will never be missed from the most modest of budgets.

Community Natural Gas Co
LONE STAR GAS SYSTEM

PERSONALS

Mr. and Mrs. Ross Jenkins spent Sunday with friends in Roscoe

Mrs. Lou Burkett of Burkett, Tex as is visiting her daughter Mrs Jackson

See our specials that we could not put in print, W D Boydston.

Raymond Foy of Dallas spent the week end with his mother, Mrs H F Foy and family.

Mr. and Mrs. A J Robinson of Roscoe spent the weekend with Mrs Robinsons mother, Mrs D C Barton.

The Eastern Star Chapter will meet in regular session, Tuesday night Sept. 10th. All members requested to attend

Mrs P C Caylor of Fort Worth visited her brother Lee Estes and family last week end.

Mr. and Mrs. Alex Ogelvy and children of Anson visited Mrs Ogelvy's parents, Mr and Mrs W G Bowls the past week

Billie Dick Hickman returned to his home in Coleman Wednesday after a weeks visit with his uncle, Ace Hickman and family here.

Mrs. D J Anderson and children D J Jr., and Reba Jane returned to their home in Longview Tuesday after a visit with relatives here

Mrs. J. G Varner and Blanche returned from a weeks visit with Frank Varner, Mrs Varner's son, and family from Roswell, New Mexico.

Miss Mary Elizabeth Fetterley, who received her B A degree from N T S T C, at Denton, this spring left Thursday for Palacios, Texas where she will teach Spanish and History in the Palacios High School. Mrs. Fetterley and Ida Louise accompanied her

Master Milton Young of Abilene has returned to his home after a weeks visit with Billie Bob and Stan Johnson little sons of Mr. and Mrs Earl Johnson Mr. Johnson is head of the Earl Johnson Motor Co., Ford dealers recently established in Baird

Mrs. E C Fulton who has been a patient in the Sealey hospital at Sanna Ahna for the past two weeks undergoing major surgery returned home Wednesday accompanied by Mr. Fulton and Miss Aline Crutchfield, Mrs. Fulton while yet confined to her bed is doing nicely

Miss Bess Holmes of Gatesville is visiting her uncles and aunt, Misses M J and C B Holmes and Mrs W B Atchison this week, Miss Holmes who taught school several years in Callahan county is now teaching in the Gatesville public school. She has just completed a summer course in the San Marcos Normal.

R V Hart of Big Springs is back on his regular run on the T & P Ry. following a two weeks vacation and a visit accompanied by Mrs Hart and their son Kenneth, to points in Canada, Detroit, and St. Louis. Mrs Hart returned home from St. Louis while Mr. Hart and Kenneth made a visit to Tennessee visiting Mr. Hart's old home at Dayton, also visited Nashville and Chattanooga and other points. This was Mr Hart's first visit to his old home in nineteen years, Kenneth Hart stopped at his home in New Orleans.

More rain, more shoes. See us for shoes W D Boydston

LOOK, LISTEN. Come and get some of those bargains we are offering for Saturday and Monday W D Boydston.

Baird H. S. Senior Class of 1931 Hold Reunion

The graduating class of 1931 held their annual reunion Thursday night August 27 at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ace Hickman. After a brief check up on members of the class it was found that 17 of our 33 had been married.

Ice cold watermelons was served to the following class members: Mr. and Mrs. Preston McIntosh, and son Dale; Mrs. R. L. Murphy and daughter, Kara Gale; Helen Settle; Ethel Sprouse; Mary Elizabeth Fetterly; Billie J. Henry; Reaves Hickman; Willis Cooke; Lowell Boyd; Rupert Jackson, Jr.; and Harold Haley.

Guests were Herman Cooke Denton Juanita Thomason, Brownwood; Mrs. Harold Haley Beatrice Hickman and Polly Rumph.

This is the only class of Baird High School that has held more than two annual reunions.

Marriage Announced

Mr. and Mrs. H. Austin, prominent family of Baird, announce the marriage of their daughter, **Bonnie Jeanne** to Aubrey Kenneth Brown, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Brown of Cisco, Sunday evening September 1 at 8:00 o'clock in the home of Judge and Mrs. J. H. Carpenter with Judge Carpenter officiating

The couple were accompanied by the bridesmaid and best man, Miss Ethel Sprouse and Mr. Paul Walker, respectively.

Mr and Mrs. Brown are leaving Thursday of this week for Fort Worth where they intend to make their home.

Their many friends of Baird wish this young couple all the happiness and success of life.

Before leaving, the bride will be honored with a miscellaneous shower; given by Miss Sprouse and friends at the home of Dr. and Mrs. R L Griggs

Carrie Beth Griggs Celebrates Birthday

Carrie Beth Griggs little daughter of Dr. and Mrs. R L Griggs celebrated her 8th birthday on Aug 8th and in honor of the occasion her mother entertained with a birthday party from 4 to 6 P.M. Games and contests were enjoyed, Martha Work winning the prize as favors Ice cream and cake was served to the following: Frances Austin, Martha Work, Sallie Gay Corn, Wanda Brame, Don Belcher, Billie Claude Flores, Junior McGowen, Elaine Russell, Virginia Stevens, Marjorie Conner, and the honoree.

O. D. Brown, manager of the Blue Arrow Service Station, Humble Oil dealers in Baird recently returned from a trip to Houston where he with 26 other Humble dealers from this section were guests of the Humble Oil Co. The trip was given the agents as a reward for sales of Humble products. The guests visited the San Jacinto Battle ground, saw Sam Houston's house which he built from logs hewn himself, also a pecan tree planted by Houston 95 years ago which is bearing many pecans. They also visited a spring on the place which was dug by Sam Houston. The Fifty million dollar Humble refinery party also visited the state penitentiary at Huntsville.

Brown is also a contestant for another trip during September.

SPECIAL SUBSCRIPTION OFFER
The Abilene Reporter-News is making a special offer on subscriptions, the rate being \$4.85 per year. All subscriptions received up to Sept. 15 will be dated to expire Oct. 15, 1936. Get this, one month free Send your subscription in at once, Eliza Gilliland Authorized Representative, Baird.

Dr. Joe McFarlane Weds Kansas Girl

The following write-up of the wedding of Dr. Joe McFarlane, a former Baird boy, and Miss Helen Russell of Great Bend Kansas, is taken from the Great Bend Tribune. The marriage took place on Sunday, August 11th.

One of the most attractive wedding of the season took place at 9 o'clock yesterday morning in the garden at the Russell home when Miss Helen Russell, daughter of Senator and Mrs R. C. Russell was married to Dr. Joe McFarlane of Brownwood, Texas, son of Mrs. J. R. McFarlane of Baird, Texas.

The single ring ceremony was read by Rev. Paul Bockoven of the Congregational church before an arch of ferns and asters banked on either side with baskets of multi-colored gladioli. Only the relatives and close friends of the bride and groom were present.

While the guests assembled, Mrs. M. F. Russell the bride's aunt played "On Wings of Song," Mendelssohn-Liszt, ad "Liebestraum" by Liszt. As the bridal party entered, she played Lohengrin's wedding march. The bridal procession was led by the flower girl, little Joan Russell, niece of the bride, dressed in crisp white organdy and carrying a bouquet of pink rose buds. Miss Virginia Post was maid of honor and she wore a long dress of light blue lace and carried an arm bouquet of Briarcliff roses. The bride, escorted to the altar by her father, was lovely in a gown of all-over Alecon lace made princess style with a short train and long close fitting sleeves and the high cowl neckline was held with a brilliant clip. Her tulle veil was caught to her hair with brilliant clips similar to that used on the dress. She carried a shower of Johanna Hill roses and lillies of the Valley, Dr. Louian Carter of Marlin, Texas was best man.

At the conclusion of the ceremony Mrs. Russell played Mendelssohn's wedding march.

An informal reception and wedding breakfast was served buffet style at a attractive table centered with a three-tier all-white wedding cake.

After a honeymoon trip through Colorado and New Mexico, Dr. and Mrs. McFarlane will be at home at 2315 Austin Avenue, Brownwood, Texas.

Mrs. McFarlane is one of the most charming and talented young women of Great Bend.

She is a graduate of the University of Kansas, and is a member of Gamma Phi Beta, social sorority, Mu Phi Epsilon and Pi Kappa Lambda, national musical organizations and of Mortar Board. She spent one semester at Southern Methodist University in Dallas, Texas, where she took graduate work in music.

Dr. McFarlane was graduated from the University of Texas medical school where he became a member of Alpha Mu Pi Omega medical fraternity and Osteon, inter-fraternity club. He did intern work at St. Mary's Infirmary in Galveston, Texas, and at Buffalo General Hospital, Buffalo, NY. For the last three years he has been practicing medicine at Brownwood, being associated with Dr. A. L. Taylor.

Out-of-town guests were: Mrs. John Burkett of Lincoln, Nebr., Miss Elizabeth Post of Topeka, Miss Julia Markham of Parsons and Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Matthews, Miss Dorothy Sinz and Mrs. Marshall Newcomb, all of Dallas, Texas, Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Brightwell, Nick Jackson and Mrs. J. R. McFarlane of Baird, Texas, Dr. Louian Carter of Marlin, Texas, Mr. and Mrs. Willard Mayberry of Topeka and Mrs. O. L. Martin and daughter Louise of Hoisington.

APARTMENTS—Two and three room apartments for rent. All modern conveniences everything furnished. See or phone Mrs. J H Terrell, Phone 112, Baird. 39-1f

WOW and WC MEETING IS POSTPONED

The WOW and WC joint Meeting to be held tonight has been postponed until Friday night Sept. 13th. This was made necessary because the Abilene drill team who were to put on the program cannot come today

MAN WANTED for Rawleigh Route 800 families. Write today. Rawleigh, Dept. TXI-38-SA, Memphis, Tenn. 3939-4t.

IMOGENE ANDERSON School of the Dance

—announces—
OPEN HOUSE
in the home of
Mrs. Otho B. Lidia
Thursday, Sept. 12, 1935
2:30 to 5:30



SHOWING ONLY THE BEST!

Friday and Saturday, Sept. 6-7



Saturday is "GROCERY NITE"
Free Groceries Given At 9 P. M.

Saturday Nite At 11 P. M.
Again Sunday-Monday



TUESDAY SEPT. 10

100
Reasons Why You Should See
"Here Comes Cookie"
WITH
GRACIE ALLEN
GEORGE BURNS

Wed.-Thurs. Sept. 11-12

The Life and Love Of The Man
Who Wrote "My Old Kentucky
Home".
DOUGLAS MONTGOMERY
IN

"Harmony Lane"

With
EVELYN VENABLE
ADRIENNE AMES
JOSEPH CAWTHORN

Matinee Every Day Except Monday and Thursday.

Griggs Hospital News

Born to Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Sutphen Saturday morning Aug 31 a 9 lb. boy

Jack Lawrence of Fort Worth was a patient Saturday for treatment of injuries received in a car wreck.

L. T. Bane of Clyde was a patient Saturday and Sunday suffering from hemorrhage from the throat.

Sam Yeager of Putnam was a minor patient of Tuscola underwent major surgery Sunday night nor surgical patient Wednesday.

Jimmie Maltby of Rowden was a medical patient Tuesday.

Alfred Allen, 14 year old son of Ben Allen, was able to leave the hospital Thursday of last week following an appendix operation.

Mrs. R. B. Boston of Oplin returned home Thursday of last week following major surgery

Ivey Hart of the Hart ranch was a medical patient the past week

Mrs. Bill Noble of Oplin who had major surgery ten days ago was able to return to her home Friday.

"Punch" Burrows of Oplin was a medical patient Saturday and Sunday

FOR SALE—Two saddles for sale or will trade for cattle, James E Ross, Baird. 39-1tp

DON'T FAIL to read our ad , then come buy some of the many bargains we have, W D Boydston

Meet Your Friends at the NEW T. P. CAFE
F. E. STANLEY, Mgr.
Delicious Sandwiches, Plate Lunches, Dinners
Coffee, Cold Drinks and Beer
BAIRD, TEXAS

Why Not Trade Your Present Car For A DEPENDABLE WINTER CAR

1934 Plymouth DeLuxe Sedan	1932 Plymouth DeLuxe Coach
1933 Chevrolet Master Coach	1931 DeSoto 6 Sedan
1934 Olds 5 Passenger Coupe	1931 Pontiac Sedan
1933 Chevrolet 6 Wheel Sedan	1929 Pontiac Sedan
1933 Plymouth DeLuxe Coach	1930 Chevrolet Sedan
1933 Dodge Panel Delivery	1929 Nash Sedan
1933 Dodge Pickup	1929 Chevrolet Coupe
1932 Dodge 4 Door Sedan	1929 Ford Coupe

ALLISON-STEVENS MOTOR COMPANY
Walnut at Third —Dodge-Plymouth Dealers— Phone 7447, Abilene

Plates As Low As \$5.00
SPECIAL! Natural Pink Plates \$20

Broken Plates Repaired \$1.00	Extractions Included
Fit, Material and First Class Work	

EXTRACTION \$1.00
Fillings \$1.00
Teeth Cleaned \$1.00

Dr. E. W. CROW
Over Jones Dry Goods Co.
3rd and Pine Abilene, Texas

CANDY, TOBACCOS, COLD DRINKS
BEST SANDWICHES
BEER ON DRAUGHT AND BOTTLED

Delicious
Del Monte
ICE CREAM

10¢ PER PINT 4 FLAVORS
Vanilla, Strawberry, Banana Nut
Orange, Pineapple

THE LITTLE ONION SANDWICH SHOP

COME GET YOURS MANY BARGAINS FOR ALL

SPECIAL RODEO SALE

WELCOME TO BAIRD AND MY STORE SATURDAY AND MONDAY.—Do Your Shopping Here and Save On All Merchandise.

Extra Special —Mens Pants	85c	EGGS AND CHICKENS	8 Yards Broadcloth	\$1.00
Extra Special —Boys Pants	25c	I will pay 14 cents per pound for Heavy Hens; 20 cents Per Dozen for Eggs in Merchandise, Saturday and Monday only. Get Our Cash Prices on Eggs and Poultry.	10 Yards Broadcloth	\$1.00
Better Grade, Boys Pants	79c	WILL D. BOYDSTUN	8 Yards Brown Domestic	\$1.00
9-4 Brown Sheeting	25c		12 Yards Brown Domestic	\$1.00
3 Lb. Roll Cotton	30c		14 Yards Brown Domestic	\$1.00
Two Towells	25c		Boy's Overalls	55c
All 5c School Supplies	4c		Boy's Shirts	39c
Men's Work Shirts	45c		One Lot Shoes	25c
Diapers	12 For \$1.00		One Lot Shoes	\$1.35

WE SELL IT FOR LESS

JACKSON ABSTRACT COMPANY
RUPERT JACKSON, Mgr.
BAIRD, TEXAS

OTIS BOWYER
Attorney-at-Law
Office in Odd Fellows Bldg.
BAIRD, TEXAS

DR. S. P. RUMPH
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON
COUNTY HEALTH OFFICER
nos. 143—Phones—Office 65
If no answer call 11

Dr. M. C. McGowen
DENTIST X-RAY
Office, First State Bank Bldg.
BAIRD, TEXAS

OTIS BOWYER, JR.
Attorney-at-Law
305 Mercantile Bldg.
DALLAS, TEXAS

V. E. HILL
DENTIST
Office:
Upstairs, Telephone Building
BAIRD, TEXAS

TOM B. HADLEY
CHIROPRACTOR
18 Years' Practice in Baird
Since August 15, 1922
Office: 3 Blocks East of Court
House on Bankhead Highway
Phone 89

VIRA L. MARTIN
Chiropractor
Spinal Examinations and
Analysis Free
(One Mile South of Clyde)

TELEPHONE . . .
... SUBSCRIBERS
Use your telephone to save
time. It will serve you in
many ways, business, social-
ly or emergency. Your tele-
phone is for yourself, fam-
ily, or your employees only.
Please report to the manage-
ment any dissatisfaction.
T. P. BEARDEN,
Manager

GRIGGS HOSPITAL
X-Ray Laboratory and
Special Diagnosis
DR. R. L. GRIGGS
Local Surgeon, T. & P. Ry. Co.
City Health Officer
DR. R. G. POWELL
DR. W. V. RAMSEY
Office Phone 310
BAIRD, TEXAS

BLANTON, BLANTON & BLANTON
LAWYERS
Suite 710, Alexander Building
Abilene, Texas
Albany National Bank Bldg.
Albany, Texas
THOMAS L. BLANTON
MATHEWS BLANTON
THOMAS L. BLANTON, JR.

G. A. Hamlett W. S. Hamlett
Phone 29 Res. Phone 73
Hamlett & Hamlett
Physicians and Surgeons
Special Attention to Diseases
of Women and Children
Office:
Telephone Bldg. Phone 29
BAIRD, TEXAS

W. O. WYLIE
FUNERAL DIRECTOR
Phone 68 or 139—Baird, Tex.
AMBULANCE SERVICE
Flowers for All Occasions
BAIRD, TEXAS

L. L. Blackburn
Lawyer
BAIRD, TEXAS

Miss Ruth Akers
Special and Private
Nursing
Phone 318 Baird, Texas

Flowers
For all occasions. Special
attention given to orders
for flowers for funerals.
ORDERS DELIVERED
Mrs. A. R. Kelton
Phone 212-L S L Baird

"QUOTES"
COMMENTS ON
CURRENT TOPICS BY
NATIONAL CHARACTERS

UTILITIES DEFENDED
By PHILIP H. GADSDEN
Chairman, Committee of Public
Utility Executives.

MILLIONS of men and women who have invested their savings in utility securities are asking the question: "Are these savings to be destroyed because a few minor utility officials have resorted to scandalous and even dishonest methods in opposing the Public Utilities bill? Is the small utility investor to be penalized and the industry to be crippled because of isolated incidents of this kind?"

That is the real issue before the American congress. The house committee's investigation into government lobbying has disclosed certain activities on the part of government officials that will be condemned by the American people. No one would, for that reason, issue a general condemnation of the government.

The headlines of Senator Black's investigation have nothing to do with the merits of the proposed public utility legislation. The disclosures before that committee must not be utilized to create an atmosphere of passion and prejudice in which the sponsors of government ownership can force the passage of any bill, however destructive of the public interest.

NAVAL AGREEMENT
By SIR BOLTON EYRES-MONSELL
First Lord of British Admiralty.

IN JANUARY, 1934, Germany agreed to accept an army of 300,000. Nothing was done about it. Today she has 550,000. It has been the same way with the air. We could not afford to have that sort of thing happen with the navy.

Some hard things have been said about us across the Channel, but not by everybody in France. The president of the French senate's foreign affairs committee admits that there was nothing in the Anglo-French declaration of February to prevent us from making a preliminary bilateral agreement with Germany any more than it prevented Italy from taking separate action in Africa or France from doing the same thing in regard to Russia.

All countries will gain by our naval agreement with Germany, and it is the first essential step in getting a limitation program.

RETORT HUMOROUS
By SEN. JOSEPH T. ROBINSON
Replying to Mr. Fletcher.

AMONG the measures he exco-riates, for example, is the Wagner bill, drawn by a senator who for seven years was a justice of the Supreme court of New York.

I notice that among those who voted for this bill which Mr. Fletcher describes as of doubtful constitutionality is that wild radical, my friend Senator Barbour, Republican, of New Jersey. Also Senator Borah of Idaho, whom his fellows of the G. O. P. describe as the greatest constitutional lawyer in the senate; Senator McNary, senate Republican leader, who some people think will be the Republican nominee for President next year, and that firebrand, Senator White, of the reckless old state of Maine.

In another part of his speech the Republican chairman forecasts that the United States Supreme court will knock out all the New Deal measures. It may be that Mr. Fletcher is an authority on constitutional law, but I have never heard of him in that connection.

HITS RECOVERY PROGRAM
By NEIL CAROTHERS
Professor of Economics, Lehigh.

OUR concern here is with the recovery measures. And about them I speak frankly, first as an economist who sees the matter scientifically, and secondly as a citizen who urgently prays for an end of the distress and privation of the people.

As an economist I reject and condemn the entire recovery program as unsound in principle, impractical in operation and harmful in result. It has consisted of a bewildering mass of experimental measures forced upon the country by arbitrary political action in defiance of economic science and the advice of competent authority. It has been forced upon the country in violation of individual rights of free contract, free enterprise, private property and constitutional protection.

THE CONSTITUTION
By PATRICK J. HURLEY
Former Secretary of War.

THE attack of the New Deal upon the Constitution is significant.

Certainly it would be easier for a dictator to govern America under a collectivist form of government than under a democracy. Dictators have sneered always at the institutions of democracy and always fought self-government. Bills of rights, charters of liberty and constitutions have been irksome always to autocrats. . . .

The Constitution should not be changed by subterfuge. If it is to be changed the people have a right to consider the proposed changes and to approve or reject them.
WNU Service.

Congress Backs Up Roosevelt

Adopt Entire New Deal Program; More Progressive Plans For Next Session

By EARL GODWIN

WASHINGTON. — Roosevelt's program went through a severe test in the congress just closed; but it averaged nearly 100 per cent of accomplishment. The President's friends would have been satisfied with about 80 per cent; and they were flabbergasted at the idea of what now seems a perfect score. A few corners were knocked off the program but congress delivered the goods—and who cares about a few apples lost from a freight car load. A President has a good batting average if he gets two-thirds of what he goes after; and yet here is a President facing a tough Tory lobby, and he knocks out a complete program; then goes on the air and tells the world by radio that his critics are standing still; that the New Deal means progress and that there is going to be more of the same program when the boys return to the Capitol.

Roosevelt had a program as he ran for the Presidency and he outlined it in his campaign speeches which were splendid documents for any student of governmental philosophy. There isn't a word of his campaign speeches in that fight with Hoover which doesn't harmonize with his program as enacted thus far. You know the list: The farm program; the banking reform; the social security act with its old age and jobless insurance; the insurance of bank deposits; the tremendous aid to honest business; the guarantee of labor rights; the brave handling of the problem of hunger; the lashing for the crooked utilities and the defeat of the power trust; the tremendous boost for cheap power by the development of the Tennessee valley and dams in other regions as well.

There seems to be a breath of fresh clear air in all this achievement. Roosevelt looks ahead; he has not shot his bolt by any means. He will have more progressive legislation in the next session; and if he is re-elected next year, with any sort of a majority in congress, you are going to see two things: One: the most advanced, intelligent and beneficial legislation for the betterment of the American people; two: the most vicious and determined opposition on the part of the same groups now opposing the New Deal. There appears to me to be a chance for an all time decision, in a second Roosevelt session, between progress and reaction.

You got a glimpse of this new field of thought in the Roosevelt address to the young Democrats at Milwaukee; that was a fine example of the Roosevelt philosophy of government. Intelligence plays the largest part in this new program. If it were carried to the ultimate, the old fat-bellied politician would be out of his easy chair, and his place taken by some one of wide experience and long vision. Roosevelt makes it clear that we have passed the last frontier; that the new days have problems to be met with co-operation, long time planning, unselfish devotion to principle; co-operation and no partisanship.

KEEP OUT OF FOREIGN WARS

This country doesn't want to mix in any more European wars; and congress reflected the American idea when it clamped down an embargo on American shipment of arms and munitions abroad in case of war abroad. There can be no mistake about what America thinks; you would believe this embargo idea would have 100 per cent support, but there are many people in Washington who shake their heads and declare this rigid embargo is a straight-jacket to cramp our style if we have to negotiate with foreign governments.

Somehow or other, we have a lot of diplomats and State department boys who have suffered under foreign influence. The Europeans like long winded round-about negotiations; they like back room confabs, dark lantern sessions that are a Twentieth century type of the old Middle-ages conspiracies. Instead of coming out with a straight "yes" or "no," they spend years in trying to fool each other, and generally end up in a free for all and in the meantime they are, in Europe, largely responsible for the biggest load the people carry—armies and navies. Europeans back off from American shirt-sleeve diplomacy as if it were the smallpox; and most of the social season in this city is devoted to one long attempt by the foreign diplomats and their social satellites who throng here by the trainload to break down the American idea of direct dealing. And they are quite successful, especially among those Americans who look on an English butler as the noblest work of creation. This sounds like cheap bombast, but it is none-the-less true. And, of course, back of the whole European system of diplomacy, stands the business of building ships, manufacturing guns and shells. The

war business is the motivating power.
We could have avoided that last war, possibly, had we called in the children and locked the doors. There is a dispute about that, but, at any rate, we are trying that method now.

Until March 1 congress directs Roosevelt, in case of a war between two or more foreign nations, to proclaim that war exists and to keep our arms makers, munitions makers, food packers and everyone else who would rush to sell murder and destruction to the combatants, that they will have to keep out. This country is not going to supply war materials to any foreign war; not going to protect our ships trying to smuggle war munitions abroad; and Americans who wrangle their way into the war zone for curiosity or any other purpose are there at their own risk.

The idea is that if we are not there we won't get into trouble. By March 1 congress, which is supreme in these war matters, will be in session again and can take necessary action. Meantime the diplomats can't make us much trouble.

POWER TRUST HIT

Electric light users and investors in utility stocks and bonds will save many hundred million dollars in years to come through the operation of the "death sentence" on crooked and water-soaked utility holding companies. This blow was dealt the power trust in the closing hours of congress after it had begun to look like the power trust had licked Roosevelt in one of his most serious crusades. No honest, well financed corporation will be eliminated; and there will be no such wholesale losses of property as the power lobby charges. A milking machine is taken off the electric light business and household electric users will eventually have less to pay for more received.

The power lobby collapsed utterly as Senator Hugo Black of Alabama turned the searchlight on its methods. Black showed the mass of protesting telegrams were mainly fakes paid for by the power trust; he showed up one water-soaked monstrosity of a company had never paid a dividend, but could spend more than a million dollars in lobbying in Washington against the President's program; he exposed one big power magnate as milking his stockholders for more than three million dollars which had gone to him personally in a few months—while the "widows and orphans" for whom he wept, had received no dividends from his companies—although there had been no compunction about selling these unfortunates all the stock they could buy.

It will take some time to get rid of these excrescences; meantime the power business will be regulated so that holding companies allowed to remain will have a logical and useful part in the electric light business.

The intention is to remove only those which have been skimming off the cream and giving nothing in return.

FIND PLACE FOR YOUTH

While some people who have property have been looking at "share-the-wealth" programs as something like organized highway robbery, a typical Roosevelt painless wealth sharing program slipped into low gear and will soon be humming along in high. I refer to the National Youth administration. For the first time in all history youth has a definite, organized place in a natural plan to beat a world-wide depression.

Long and arduous hours of thought, planning, organization and work precede the definite promise to boys and girls in schools, high schools and colleges that those who really need money for carfare and necessary expenses will be given an opportunity to work for it. There are other activities; other areas of work and activity for young men and women out of school and college; but typical of the simplicity of the nationwide plan is the method of aiding students.

All a needy student has to do to share this distribution of wealth is to go to his teacher, his superintendent, or whatever faculty man he contacts. The plan here is to spread useful work so that this army of needy youth can have a chance at it. But it will not be done with brass bands, parades, separate organizations; it will center around home, church, family and school—natural traditional American centers. It will not take on any aspects of various "youth movements" abroad; it should not be used for any special political purposes. This special job for the boys and girls is the result of the constant driving at the subject by Mrs. Roosevelt, I am told.

White House guests talked about the plan in the upstairs studio after dinner—a plan to get the boys and girls out of the slough of the depression. Those White House talks took into consideration the fact that literally millions of young people are facing a blank wall. This Youth administration is designed to lift them over the wall. I think it is one of the most valuable contributions to America's future.

Aubrey Williams, executive head of the National Youth administration, knows his business. He went through gruelling hardship when he was a boy; his \$3.50 a week as a lad was all the cash his mother and three brothers saw for months at a time. He earned every nickel, worked for every promotion, earned every honor which came rapidly as he took on manhood. He is Harry Hopkins' right-hand man—which in itself is one of the greatest honors that can come to a man seeking to help with this social problem. Hopkins, the relief ace, is the heart and soul of the New Deal social program. Roosevelt counts on him.

Several Such Dresses Solve Sports Problem



Having everything "under control" is the best way to put in a poised charming appearance on every occasion. That calls for a wardrobe extensive enough to fill the increased demands for which we nominate this dandy "Handy Sport" pattern. The clean-cut neckline is achieved with unique sleeve sections running right across a trimly tailored neck band. Darts over the bust lend a flattering note of softness and the pockets are a welcome change from the usual square. Shantung, sports silk, linen, plique would all be good whether you make it as is, or with contrasting yoke, sleeves, belt and pocket.

Pattern 2345 is available in sizes 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40 and 42. Size 16 takes 3 1/2 yards 36 inch fabric. Illustrated step-by-step sewing instructions included.

SEND FIFTEEN CENTS (15c) in coins or stamps (coins preferred) for this pattern. Write plainly name, address, and style number. BE SURE TO STATE SIZE.

Address all orders to the Sewing Circle Pattern Department, 243 West Seventeenth Street, New York City.



REVENGE

"I don't care," said the little girl who had not been invited to the party. "I'll be even with them."
"What will you do?" asked her mother.
"When I grow up I'll give a great big party and I won't invite anyone."

Thoughtful

John came to his mother the other day, crying and complaining that his sister had been teasing him.
"Mamma," he said, between sobs, "I wish you would punish Elizabeth."
"Now, John," his mother replied, "you would not want to see your little sister punished, would you?"
"No, ma'am! But you can take her upstairs where I can't see you."

You Gluttons!

"What was your plum crop like?"
"Well, a heavy storm blew down 50 per cent of it, and we'd hardly gathered that when another wind blew down the rest."
"Bad luck! Could you do anything with them?"
"Well, my wife ate one and I ate the other."—Answers Magazine.

SATISFYING
WRIGLEY'S
PEARMINT
THE PERFECT GUM
AFTER EVERY MEAL

Dine in Comfort..
For real pleasurable dining there's no substitute for the combination of good food, cooked to a delicious flavor. Courteous service. Drop in for lunch or meals.
QUALITY CAFE
ESTES & ESTES, Props.

SAM GILLILAND
BETTER
SHEET METAL AND PLUMBING
Sinks, Bath Tubs, Gas Stoves
Electrical Wiring
BAIRD SEWER COMPANY OFFICE
ALL PATRONS OF THE BAIRD SEWER COMPANY ARE REQUESTED TO PAY THEIR SEWER BILLS AT THIS OFFICE

FOUNDATIONS
— OR —
FORTUNES
An Ad Will Sell It For You
are right here in the advertising columns of this paper. If what you're selling has merit, advertise it.

Housewife's Idea Box



Excellent for Kneading Bread
The marble top from an old-fashioned bureau will find a handy place in your kitchen. You will find it excellent for kneading bread, also for beating candy. It is fine, too, for rolling out pastries. It is usually cold to the touch, and for that reason is well adapted for these purposes.

THE HOUSEWIFE.
© Public Ledger, Inc.—WNU Service.

Telephone English

Recently, when I was trying to get a telephone call through, writes an Englishman, my listening for the familiar buzzing was suddenly interrupted by an operator's: "What number are you, darling?" "Darling!" Could it be—a telephone operator?

"Beg pardon," I gasped timidly. "What number are you, darling?" came the question once more. I strangled back a desire to banter small talk. There was something hard and commanding in that voice that I could not reconcile with such inviting words.

Bravely I ventured again. "I—er—what did you say?"

A definite snort of exasperation traveled over the wires, followed by a slightly acidulated: "What number are you, darling?" "Darling?" There must be some mistake. Oh, "darling." Of course! Of course! —From the Manchester Guardian.

State Identifies Fish

Because so many California fish are known by several names, and because the same names are applied to different fish, state officials have published a booklet which housewives may carry to market for use in identifying the kind of fish they want.

FLY-TOX
Kills MOSQUITOES, FLIES, SPIDERS and OTHER INSECTS
BEST BY 10,000 TESTS
REFUSE SUBSTITUTES

Use for the Gore
Some unbreakable buttons are made from blood.

alotabs
BILIOUSNESS

Good Law
Currency smugglers in China will hereafter face a death sentence.

Try CARDUI For Functional Monthly Pains

Women from the 'teen age to the change of life have found Cardui genuinely helpful for the relief of functional monthly pains due to lack of just the right strength from the food they eat. Mrs. Crit Haynes, of Essex, Mo., writes: "I used Cardui when a girl for cramps and found it very beneficial. I have recently taken Cardui during the change of life. I was very nervous, had head and back pains and was in a generally run-down condition. Cardui has helped me greatly."

Tortured with Itching of Pimples

Relieved After Using Cuticura

"My face was a mass of pimples due to some external irritation, and I was in agony for three months. The pimples were hard, red and large and were scattered all over my face. I was tortured with the itching and it kept me awake."

"I used many remedies, but to no avail. A friend asked me to try Cuticura Soap and Ointment, so I did. Soon an improvement could be seen, and after using for two and a half months my complexion was clear." (Signed) Joseph Paradis, 1078 S. Blvd., New York City, May 2, 1935.

Soap 25c, Ointment 25c and 50c, Talcum 25c. Sold everywhere. One sample each free. Address: Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. R, Malden, Mass.—Adv.

Nationalism Creates European Crisis



Above: Here are four figures who will have plenty to do with maintaining world peace. Left to right: Haile Selassie, Ethiopia; Pierre Laval, France; Anthony Eden, Great Britain, and Benito Mussolini, Italy. Below: A light artillery unit in Germany's new conscription army, during maneuvers.

By WILLIAM C. UTLEY

RADIO, flying, moving pictures, telephone, fast steamships, swift railroads and all those other marvels of our present age have made the entire world as small as was eastern Europe say 150 years ago. But human nature has changed little, and since pride in his country is still one of the most outstanding aspects of man's nature, the nationalism of individual nations still maintains the high pitch which obtained to it a century and a half ago.

But where 150 years ago travel and communication were so slow that the nationalism of individual countries irritated only that of countries whose borders coincided with their own, today we find an entire world beset by fears of great wars, and nations arming frantically against one another. They are still trying to maintain airtight national borders and policies, just as they did in the old days, when as a matter of fact their interests are so closely aligned that almost any major war today is a potential world war.

Especially is this true of Europe, where there are many countries, most of them as small as their own national jealousies, and each trying to live to the full measure of what its own people believe to be its rights. Behind the present tension is the struggle of one of the most proud of nations to regain its pride through armament to the level of the other European nations with which it was once on a par.

Following the failure of the Paris peace conference and the rejection of the League of Nations by the United States, France was forced to the alternative of forming an alliance with the Little Entente and Poland to keep Germany cowed into submission to the terms of the Versailles treaty. The Washington treaty was supposed to bring peace and armament understanding in the Pacific and the Far East.

Now Germany, as it inevitably must, has recovered enough strength to declare for herself how much arms she needs for protection, has junked the Versailles treaty and is rapidly arming. Japan has violated the 5:5:3 naval ratios and has invaded China. There is universal armament and the world talks of war.

Two Alternatives.

Europe seems to be torn between a return to a military alliance between France, Russia, Italy and Great Britain to keep Germany in line, or a three-power "Locarno" treaty between Germany, France and Great Britain, ensuring that peace shall be maintained through the League of Nations, or some modification of the league.

The first alliance would simply recreate the situation which brought about the World War, except that Japan, fearing Russia, would be more likely to line up with Germany than the "Allies." The second agreement would leave Germany, considerably re-armed, with eastern Europe before her, and would in all probability lead to a war between Germany and Soviet Russia.

Into the already tense situation has suddenly been thrown the Italian invasion of Ethiopia. In the old days this would have been countenanced simply as a bit of colonizing, and everybody was doing it. But today it is generally regarded as out and out aggression, and therefore in violation of both the covenant of the league (since Italy has refused to submit her case to arbitration) and the Kellogg pact. If France, Great Britain and other member nations refuse to close the Suez canal or otherwise save Ethiopia from the Italians it will be not because they cannot, but because they will not.

The League of Nations was of course formed to preserve, in large measure, the political state of Europe in 1919. The result was inevitable. The nations which were satisfied by this arrangement have become the chief supporters of the league. Those which

benefited from the agreements of 1919 have formed coalitions both inside and outside the league, forcing those which did not to act more or less on their own. Germany has already withdrawn from the league, and Italy threatens to do so if the league interferes with her African policy—although it must be admitted that Italy certainly gained more than she lost, if indeed she lost anything by the 1919 pacts.

The league has, even so, been of more benefit in Europe than elsewhere. It handled the Saar plebiscite with admitted efficiency. It handled the Balkan case in a satisfactory way. It has otherwise fostered the peace of Europe. Its chief value, perhaps, has been as a safety valve.

Fear Characterizes French.

As to the attitude of the principal league powers on the continent, that of France is still created by the German problem which overshadows everything else. But France has with in her own boundaries a political struggle which may affect her attitude sooner or later; there are movements, especially among the youth, against the parliamentary republican form of government, and crying for much greater concentration of authority. There are definite Fascist trends.

The French press and the French foreign office has educated the people to the fact that the Reich is standing today on the threshold of complete bankruptcy, financial and economic. The reason for this is that the wheels of German industry which have been humming so loudly for years, have been humming in the manufacture of arms and not of goods to be sold. The time cannot be put off much longer, says the French government to its people, when Germany will be faced with doing one of two things: Using these gigantic war supplies in an aggressive war, or giving up to a complete collapse which will mean good-bye to national socialism. There can be no doubt about what the Nazi choice will be, says France.

There are in France many who believe that she should prevent such a war by starting one against Germany herself, before Germany has had a chance to arm to the limit of her schedule, but the consensus is that it is hardly likely France would ever engage in such a war.

Efforts of the Reich to form a peace pact with France have fallen down, and France has entered into a pact with Russia, a step aimed only at Germany. There is little likelihood that this agreement will cause any great stress in international relations for the simple reason that it is everywhere recognized as a negative agreement, which France entered into only to keep Germany from being first to ally herself with Russia.

A similar alliance has been entered into with Poland and the three countries of the Little Entente—Czechoslovakia, Rumania and Yugoslavia. Of course, so many alliances have the difficulty of meaning that France is likely to get involved in almost any war in Europe.

Fear has been the theme of the entire French foreign policy. After Pierre Laval's visit to Rome in January, it is believed that even the present Italo-Ethiopian situation arose out of French fear, for it is hardly possible that Mussolini would have embarked on so aggressive and obnoxious a venture unless he were reasonably certain of French assent.

Italy Set on War.

More than anything else, France realizes that alignment with Great Britain is necessary to protect her against Germany and she is therefore unlikely to do anything which will seriously disturb Franco-British relations.

Italy seems to be the only nation who has her heart set upon war—and that is not a European war. She has only one idea in mind—the conquest of Ethiopia, and probably nothing can prevent the war in Africa.

Since the failure of Mussolini's Four-Power pact, which was designed to make the four great European nations—France, Great Britain, Germany and Italy—agree to force the others to maintain the peace in Europe, Italy has minimized in its press every act of the league. She has shown her ill humor with the league by militarizing consistently and completely over the past few years.

Italy's single purpose today is territorial expansion through a protectorate over Ethiopia, for she must have more room for her people. With respect to European affairs, she will fight to maintain the status quo. She would like, of course, to reach some sort of agreement with Germany, because the African campaign, when and if it starts in earnest, will weaken Italy on the north.

Italy will continue to attempt friendly relations with the Little Entente, with Yugoslavia in particular. The only real uncertainty in her foreign relations is Austria, for Germany may attempt a revival of the "Anschluss." Italian military maneuvers along the Austrian frontier will be increased.

Through all this it may be seen that Italy's policy is maintenance of the status quo, with plenty of military power in reserve should that policy fail.

Germany Wants No War.

As far as Germany is concerned, a war seems to be out of the question, at least for the present. It would be too heavy in cost to a nation which is just beginning a program of conscription and of building up military reserves. Germany has honestly sought an understanding with France and honestly desires one. She views France with concern only because of the Franco-Russian pacts and the Franco-Polish pacts.

German relations with Soviet Russia leave much to be desired, Hitler having made peace offerings to every important European nation except Russia. Nazi dislike for Bolshevism may appear to be a reason on the surface, but more probable is the competition for influence in the Baltic states. Germany is set upon building a navy to operate in the Baltic sea, so it may be seen that she is not to be left holding the bag in affairs of eastern Europe.

Germany and Poland have their ten-year pact signed in 1934, aimed principally at Russia. Hitler is not going to forget about his interests in Austria; more of this, as has been said before, may be heard when Italian strength on the northern frontier is weakened by the expedition into Ethiopia. At any rate, Germany is likely to be the last nation in Europe to enter a war, in the opinion of students of international affairs.

Russia, who has been steadily arming for several years, until today she possesses one of the greatest of all military machines, is definitely for the status quo. Her vast land has more than enough natural resources for its people. She is building a new nation, in a way of speaking, and a war would seriously upset her schedule.

For this reason, Russia has been one of the leaders in efforts for collective security in Europe. But she has not hidden her belief that it is Germany who will topple the equilibrium of Europe since the war and that the Italian movements in Africa will affect the situation. Says the spokesman of the Kremlin, Karl Radek:

"Seizure of Abyssinia may involve greater difficulties than Italy suspects. German Fascism, which shows no disposition to discourage Italy in this adventure, takes this into account. Italy's adventure in Abyssinia may lead to such changes in the unstable correlation of European powers as will accelerate another European war. In the present situation in Europe, war in Abyssinia may have the same significance as war in Libya had for the war of 1914."

© Western Newspaper Union.

GREAT BRITAIN'S NEW SCHEME FOR BIG NAVAL FORCE

With statements and denials flying back and forth in London about the new navy Britain will build when the present sea power limitation treaties lapse, one clear fact emerged:

King George intends to have a navy second to none.

Surrendering before immovable Japanese objections to continuing limitations under a system of ratios, the British are now negotiating with the principal powers for an exchange of building programs beyond which the powers concerned would agree not to build.

Thus, the United States would agree to lay down only five battleships in a stated time, Britain would agree to build only five and Japan five.

But even if such naval programs are declared in advance, they will not be binding on the powers, Lord Londonderry, the cabinet's spokesman in the house of lords, now reveals.

Any power changing its mind would promise to give a year's notice, he stated.

Chief initial difficulty about this system is that no government wants to declare what it is going to do until it learns what the other nations will build.

So Britain has taken the bull by the horns and submitted its tentative building program in the next few years to the United States, Japan, France and Italy. Germany already is tied to 35 per cent of the British navy.

But the British cabinet refuses to whisper a single detail of this program to parliament, which will have to vote the money, let alone the public, which will have to foot the bill.

So a sensation was caused when what purports to be the British seven-year naval plan was published and the cost of the vast armada put at approximately \$750,000,000.

"Sunburst" Collar and Cuff Set for Fall

By GRANDMOTHER CLARK



This Collar and Cuff set is quite a departure from the many models shown in open net work. The solid work gives the pieces more definite form and very little starching is necessary to hold the shape. Collar and Cuff sets are going to add attraction to fall dresses more than they did last spring so a little time given your crochet now will find you ready when the season makes its change.

Package No. 711 contains sufficient white Mountain Craft crochet cotton to complete this three piece set. Complete instructions and set illustrated on a model are also included.

Send 25 cents and you receive this package by mail postpaid. Instructions and illustrations will be mailed for 10 cents.

Address Home Craft Co., Dept. B, Nineteenth and St. Louis Ave., St. Louis, Mo.

Enclose a stamped addressed envelope for reply when writing for any information.

American Planes Favored
American sport planes are favored by private flyers of Switzerland.

The Choice of Millions
KC BAKING POWDER
Double Tested — Double Action
Manufactured by baking powder specialists who make nothing but baking powder — under supervision of expert chemists.
Same Price Today as 44 Years Ago
25 ounces for 25c
You can also buy
A full 10 ounce can for 10c
15 ounce can for 15c
Highest Quality — Always Dependable
MILLIONS OF POUNDS HAVE BEEN USED BY OUR GOVERNMENT

THIS BREAKFAST CHOW IS GREAT, AND HOW
EAST OR WEST THE FLAVOR'S BEST
YIPPETY-YAY WHADAYA SAY?
GRAPE-NUTS FLAKES!
ONCE you taste Grape-Nuts Flakes, you'll cheer too! You'll love the flavor of these crisp, sweet flakes—and find them nourishing. One dishful, with milk or cream, contains more varied nourishment than many a hearty meal. Try it—your grocer has it! Product of General Foods.

NOTICE

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED 2000 Ladies Home Journal Patterns, Nellie Don Dresses, Princess Coats, Miss New Yorker Dresses, Ann Wesley Frocks.

COME IN See the New Styles, Special Prices Will be given Saturday and Monday

JONES DRY GOODS

Mrs. J. W. Jones Dies In Oklahoma

Mrs. Ada Wayborn Jones, wife of Jim W. Jones, former Baird resident died at her home in Limestone precinct west of Claremore, Oklahoma Friday morning August 9th, death resulting from heart trouble.

Jim W. Jones is the oldest son of the late Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Jones, pioneer residents of Callahan county and a brother of Roy and Dave Jones of Big Spring trainmen on the Texas and Pacific Ry.

The following is clipped from a Claremore paper:

The Methodist church in this city was filled to overflowing Sunday afternoon with friends from all parts of the county, who came to pay last respects to Mrs. Ada Wayborn Jones truly a pioneer of Rogers county who was born south of Claremore and lived her entire life, 56 years in and adjacent to this city, a victim of heart trouble Friday morning.

Rev. Golden F. Shook, pastor of the church, preached a simple impressive sermon, a fitting tribute to the deceased.

A large floral offering indicated the position this good woman held in the hearts of her many friends, the altar was banked high with beautiful sprays and wreaths.

Interment was made in Woodlawn, Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock, under direction of A. L. Musgrove Funeral Home. It was delayed pending arrival of the deceased's sister, Mrs. Fred Atterbury, who came from Los Angeles, Calif. Mrs. Jones's son, Ray Fields, of Gettysburg, Ky., was unable to come here for the services.

Deceased is survived by her husband, Jimmie W. Jones, one son, Ray Fields of Gettysburg, Ky., and one sister, Mrs. Fred Atterbury of Los Angeles, Calif.

At the time of her death, Mrs. Jones was secretary of the Rogers county democratic organization. She has always been a staunch democrat and strong party worker. Since early childhood, she has been a member of the Methodist church, and loyal to its belief and activities. She was also a member of the Rebekah and Woodmen Circle lodges.

REVIVAL MEETING AT MIDWAY CLOSED SUNDAY

An eleven-day revival closed at Midway last Sunday. Fine crowds and conversions measured success for the services in which people of various denominations cooperated in a fine way. On last Sunday afternoon eleven were received into the Methodist church at Baird and one was referred for membership in the Presbyterian church at Baird.

The community spread supper together at the school house Sunday evening and the evening was a time of rejoicing and Christian fellowship. Rev. C. R. Hardy, Methodist pastor at Clyde, did the preaching.

Chickens--Turkeys

Give them Star-Sulphurous-Compound in drinking water regular. Use as directed and it will keep them free of germs and worms that cause diseases. Also free of blood-sucking lice, mites, fleas and blue-bugs that sap their vitality and we will guarantee you to have healthy, good egg-producing fowls and strong, healthy baby chicks at a very small cost or your money refunded.

For Sale by
HOLMES DRUG COMPANY
BAIRD, TEXAS

County Drilling Report

E. P. Campbell has taken over the well on the Dr. H. H. Ramsey property in NW Baird and he has contracted to commence drilling on the 9th inst.

G. C. Barkley has set storage on the Jno. W. Woods farm for his production, the well is making about 50 barrels of oil per day. Leasing has been increasing in the vicinity, some leases selling for \$4 per acre.

H. H. Adams et al C. B. Snyder is closed down at 830 feet on account of rain.

Humble Oil & Reining Co, Mrs. Louie M. Williams A2 has spudded in Drew Beams I N Jackson No. 3C, closed down at 670 feet.

Ungren and Frazier, I. N. Jackson No. 5 rigging up.

E. G. Johnson, A. G. Hobbs, No. 1 closed down for pipe at 680 feet.

A 12 barrel well has been completed on the Leo Clinton farm, about 6 miles Northeast of Putnam.

The Wittwer Properties Co., have completed three small wells on the Mrs. R. D. Williams ranch north of Putnam.

Several blocks are being secured for deep tests one northeast of Baird, to be drilled to 2150 feet, one near Atwell to 4500 feet, and one near Cross Plains to be drilled to the Helburn sand.

WANT TO BUY Maize Heads and Bundle Feed also Milk Cow WANT TO SELL OR TRADE Good Wagon, Disk Harrow, Feed Mill, Cream Sep. 56 years, 8 months and 28 days and arator and Battery Radio. See N. M. George, Phone 209 LS

A gloom shrouds the whole country we have all lost a friend, He departed this life at the age of 56 years, 8 months and 28 days and arator and Battery Radio. See N. M. George, Phone 209 LS

39-1ttery at Ramona, Okla. Aug. 28, 1935.

OBITUARY

Newton Andrew McMillan was born at Cameron, Texas, November 28, 1878. Second child of Will McMillan and Elvira Sherfield, he was united in marriage to Mary Frances Holloway at Baird, Texas, June 25, 1905. Four daughters were born to this union, their first-born preceding the father in death in May 1928 at the age of 22 years.

He had suffered ill health for several years and death came to him at 12:30 A. M. August 26 1935, bringing relief after a week of intense suffering. He is survived by his wife Mary, three daughters, Mrs. W. M. Hawkins, St. Joseph, Mo.; Mrs. Elbert Seabolt and Mrs. Jonn D. Lymon both of Ramona, Okla.; four granddaughters, Joan Lymon, Frances and Lucille Seabolt of Ramona, Okla. Ruth Alene Ward and one grandson, Claude Andrew Ward of Longton, Kansas, his mother, Mrs. E. A. McMillan, Cross Plains, Texas, five brothers, Jim Will, Buel, J. P. of Texas and Orval of Wichita, Kansas, four sisters Mrs. Bob Quisenberry, Houston, Tex., Mrs. Henry Blackwell, Wharton, Tex., Mrs. Jerry McDonald Rowden, Texas, and Mrs. Joe Kennedy of Stratford Okla. He also leaves a host of neighbors and friends to mourn his passing and grieve over the loss of a friend.

A parting to a life of neighborly service was voiced by a neighbor to whom he had been a helping friend indeed.

Funeral services will be held at 10:00 a. m. Sunday, September 8, at the First Baptist church, Baird, Texas. Burial will be in the cemetery at Ramona, Okla.

Funeral services will be held at 10:00 a. m. Sunday, September 8, at the First Baptist church, Baird, Texas. Burial will be in the cemetery at Ramona, Okla.

Funeral services will be held at 10:00 a. m. Sunday, September 8, at the First Baptist church, Baird, Texas. Burial will be in the cemetery at Ramona, Okla.

Funeral services will be held at 10:00 a. m. Sunday, September 8, at the First Baptist church, Baird, Texas. Burial will be in the cemetery at Ramona, Okla.

Funeral services will be held at 10:00 a. m. Sunday, September 8, at the First Baptist church, Baird, Texas. Burial will be in the cemetery at Ramona, Okla.

Funeral services will be held at 10:00 a. m. Sunday, September 8, at the First Baptist church, Baird, Texas. Burial will be in the cemetery at Ramona, Okla.

Funeral services will be held at 10:00 a. m. Sunday, September 8, at the First Baptist church, Baird, Texas. Burial will be in the cemetery at Ramona, Okla.

Funeral services will be held at 10:00 a. m. Sunday, September 8, at the First Baptist church, Baird, Texas. Burial will be in the cemetery at Ramona, Okla.

Funeral services will be held at 10:00 a. m. Sunday, September 8, at the First Baptist church, Baird, Texas. Burial will be in the cemetery at Ramona, Okla.

Funeral services will be held at 10:00 a. m. Sunday, September 8, at the First Baptist church, Baird, Texas. Burial will be in the cemetery at Ramona, Okla.

LET Want Ads

LOST—Lock hub cap from Chevrolet car between Cottonwood and Baird Saturday, Aug 31st. Return to James E. Ross, Baird, Texas 391tp

\$5.00 REWARD for return of Gray Mare Mule. Last seen at Seales' corral on Coleman highway. Notify A. O. Freeman, Baird, Texas, Star Rt No. 2 39-2tp

APARTMENT—2 room apartment, all conveniences. See Mrs. Lee Estes, phone 234. 36-1f

STOCKMEN SAVE! Use Durham's Red Steer Screw Worm Killer and cut your Screw Worm Bill in half. Kills quicker than chloroform and costs less. Sold and guaranteed By City Pharmacy No. 1. 32-15tp

FORT WORTH STAR TELEGRAM—Delivered twice daily, Morning, evening, Sunday, Tom Warren, Agent.

FOR SALE—Car of young draft mares. Some broke, all gentle raised. R. E. Clark, Putnam Tex. 37-1f

WANTED: All Poultrymen in Baird Trade Territory to use M & L Mineral for worming your Chickens and Turkeys. A Flock treatment and a sure shot for worms, fully guaranteed. Sold only at Holmes Drug Co, Baird, Texas 33-1f

HEMSTITCHING—I am now doing hem repair electric washing machines, re-stitching and peoting. Bring your work to me. Located at the building formerly occupied by The Baird Star. Mrs. J. W. Farmer. 27-1f

FOR SALE.—Quilts, Hooked Rugs Embroidered and crocheted scarfs dresser sets, etc. Will also take order for quilting, rug making or fancy work Mrs. Henry Lambert, Miss Jeffe Lambert. 41-1f

little sandy fruit farm 8 miles south of Baird, well and windmill. A. G. Hobbs, 2641 S. 5th St., Abilene, Texas

APARTMENT—2 room furnished apartment, everything furnished, near school building, Mrs. J. E. Gilliland. 37-1f

ABILENE NEWS-REPORTER Distributed twice daily in Baird. See me or phone No. 100 for delivery of paper. Cliff Johnson.

NOTICE FARMERS! I can not deliver bale certificates to anybody other than owner with out a written order or power of attorney from said owner. Arthur L. Cook, Asst. Adj.

Bleeding Gums Healed The sight of sore gums is sickening. Reliable dentists often report the successful use of LEOTO'S PYORREHEA REMEDY on their very worst cases. If you will get a bottle and use as directed druggists will return money if it fails. HOLMES DRUG COMPANY. 29-1f

HOME CANNING—I am prepared to do home canning—have all necessary equipment. See me. Mrs. W. H. Berry Baird 25-1f

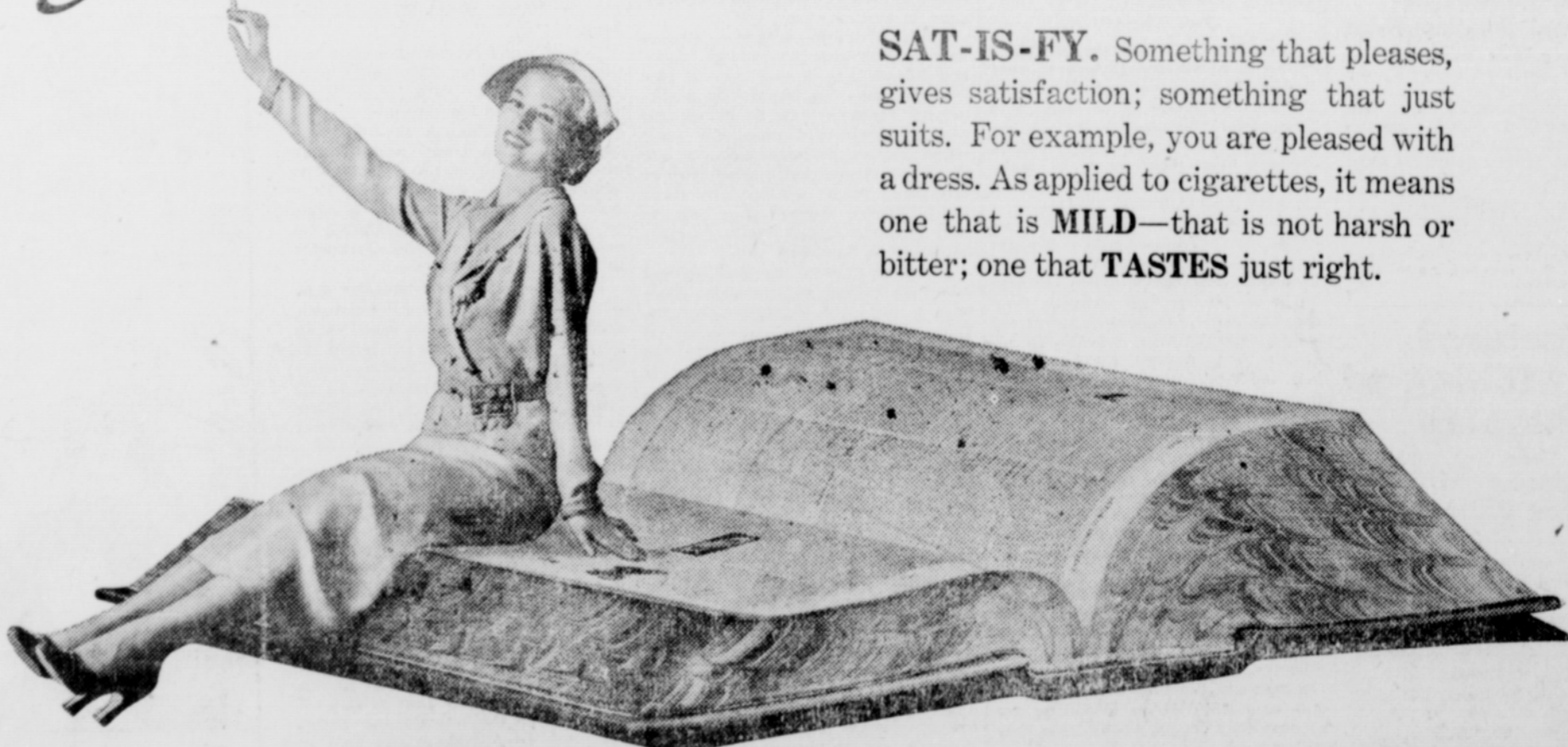
HOME CANNING—I am prepared to do home canning—have all necessary equipment. See me. Mrs. W. H. Berry Baird 25-1f

Gas on Stomach
Why suffer the terrible distress of Sour Stomach, Indigestion, Gas on Stomach, Acid Stomach, Heartburn, Bloating after Meals and Dyspepsia due to excess acid when GORDON'S COMPOUND gives prompt relief? Money back without quibble if one bottle fails to help you. CITY PHARMACY No. 1

checks
666 MALARIA in 3 days
COLDS first day.
Salve - Nose Drops
Liquid - Tablets Tonic and Laxative

FREE! about STOMACH TROUBLE
Explains the marvelous Willard Treatment which is bringing amazing relief. Sold on trusted recommendation guaranteed.
PRICELESS INFORMATION — For those suffering from STOMACH OR DUODENAL ULCERS, POOR DIGESTION, ACID DYSPEPSIA, SORE STOMACH GASTRITIS, HEARTBURN, CONSTIPATION, HEAD RHEAS, SLEEPLESSNESS OR HEAD ACES, DUE TO EXCESS ACID.
Ask for a free copy of Willard's Message. We are Authorized Willard Dealers.
Holmes Drug Company

I looked up Satisfy and it says—



SAT-IS-FY. Something that pleases, gives satisfaction; something that just suits. For example, you are pleased with a dress. As applied to cigarettes, it means one that is MILD—that is not harsh or bitter; one that TASTES just right.

Chesterfield... the cigarette that's MILDER
Chesterfield... the cigarette that TASTES BETTER