

ALL SUBSCRIPTIONS MUST
BE PAID IN ADVANCE.

The Baird Star.

Our Motto: "TIS NEITHER BIRTH, NOR WEALTH, NOR STATE; BUT THE GIT-UP-AND-GIT THAT MAKES MEN GREAT."

VOLUME NO. 30.

BAIRD, CALLAHAN COUNTY, TEXAS, FRIDAY, AUG. 24, 1917.

NO. 38

First Showing of New Fall Millinery

We are now showing the swellest line of Fall and Winter Millinery ever before shown in Baird. You will find the new Reds, Purples and Greens here. Also Military Hats in all the latest styles. Come in and see our stock

B. L. BOYDSTUN

THE PLACE WHERE MOST PEOPLE TRADE

DRAFT BOARD

The Draft Board is finishing up the work. They have secured out of the 502 men called, about 110 men. The quota for this county is 101 men. All married men who passed the physical examination, save one claimed exemption and all were allowed but two, is the report we got. It is up to the District Board to pass on the claims of the two married men. Married men and farmers are not exempted under the law, though the general opinion seems to be that they are. Later THE STAR will publish a list of acceptations, rejections and exemptions.

BAIRD PUBLIC SCHOOL.

The Baird Public School will open on Monday, Sept. 10th. The teachers with their assignments are as follows: J. F. Boren, Superintendent, Mathematics; J. N. Moseley, Principal, History and Science; Miss Mary L. Ross, Latin and Mathematics; Miss Ruth Doty, English and Science; Miss Vada Duncan, Seventh Grade; Miss Golda Lidia, Sixth Grade; Miss Dott Brown, Fifth Grade; Miss Winnie Davis, Fourth Grade; Miss Naomi Gist, Third Grade; Miss Juanita Young, Second Grade; Miss Beatrice Koepke, First Grade.

HOUSE VOTES TO IMPEACH GOV. FERGUSON

Yesterday by a vote of 81 to 52 the House adopted a resolution to impeach Gov. Ferguson. Thus the University bunch win the first round. The next thing is to pass the appropriation bill vetoed by Gov. Ferguson, repeal the law creating the West Texas A & M. College and repeal the two million dollar appropriation for the common schools. If this plan is carried out it means a straight fight between the Public Free School System and A. & M. College on one side and the State University on the other. Lieutenant-Governor Hobby becomes governor until the trial ends and likely will continue to the end of Ferguson's term, as the senate will likely sustain the charges presented by the House.

BAIRD'S FIRST BALE OF COTTON

The first bale of new cotton was received at Baird Wednesday. The cotton was raised by Sam McCleendon, near Admiral, ginned by Beird Gin Co. and bought by B. L. Boydston. The bale weighed 435 pounds and the price paid was 25 1-2 cents. A cash premium of \$17.75 was made up by the business men for Mr. McCleendon.

Men and Boys' FURNISHINGS

We offer you everything new, with prices right. A very select line for men, and lots of goods on the road. We ask you to step in and look our new place over. Visit us whether you buy or not. We will be glad to see you. Boys goods are beginning to arrive and we will have a complete line soon.

"Style Plus" Suits
Newest Ideas in Hats
Perfecto and E. & W. Shirts
Dress and Work Shoes
Fine Line of Ties
Phoenix Socks

Union Suits 50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.25
A Full Line of Suit Cases and Bags
Suspenders and Belts
Collars and Gloves
Work Pants
Men's and Boy's Overall's

H. SCHWARTZ & CO.
MEN AND BOYS' FURNISHINGS

SUNDAY SCHOOL REPORT

Sunday, Aug. 19, 1917.
Baptist Sunday School
Number present 152
Collection \$3.33
Methodist Sunday School.
Number present 86
Collection \$4.41
Presbyterian Sunday School
Number present 93
Collection \$4.30
Total Attendance 331
Total Collection \$11.84

WEATHER PAST WEEK

Beginning last Friday night we had some rain nearly every night for five nights, but was so light that did little good except to lay the dust. Then came the hot days, hot enough to scorch a horned frog. Wednesday the thermometer at THE STAR office registered 108 in the shade. Yesterday the wind was in the north and some cooler, 99 degrees, 68 degrees this morning at sunrise.

Miss Golda Lidia returned the latter part of last week from a visit with relatives at Stephenville. She was accompanied home by her aunt, Miss Rae Lidia.

PROGRAM

For Baptist Womans' Missionary Society of Callahan County Association to Meet at Clyde, Wednesday Sept. 5, 1917

10 a. m. Devotional led by Mrs. W. T. Denton, Clyde.
Secretary's Report by Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. Geo. Scott.
Report of Local Societies.
Election of Officers
Noon Hour
2:30 Devotional by Mrs. John Tatum, Belle Plaine.
Personal Service by Personal Service Chm., Mrs. Fleming, Scranton.
Orphan Home Needs by Miss Ida Taylor, Potosi.
Missions by Mrs. Strickland, Cross Plains
Sunbeam Work by Mrs. R. A. Scranton, Baird
Question Box.
Mrs. B. L. Russell, Associational President

PASTURE POSTED.

My pastures on Clear Creek are posted and all camping, cutting bee trees, fishing, hunting and pecan gathering is positively forbidden.
38-12t. H. A. McWhorter.

Arrow Collars
Kinsella Hats
New Era Shirts
Ide Collars
Ide Shirts
Georgette Crepe and
Crepe de Chine Waists
Uncle Sam's Work Suits
Crepe de Chine Hand'kfs

"The Same Goods for Less Money"

THE COMADOT

W. D. BOYDSTUN, Mgr.

"More Goods for Same Money"

Seal Pac Underwear
Bathing Suits
B. V. D. Underwear
Monarch Hosiery
Fern Waists
Ladies' Silk Hosiery
Finck's Overalls
"Baird" Pennants
Paris Garters
"Selz" Shoes

NOTICE OF RESIGNATION OF COUNTY AGENT.

I take this method to thank the people of Callahan county for their many expressions of friendship and evidence of kindness during the past year, in my efforts as County Farm Demonstration Agent, and I thank each and every man, woman and child for their hearty co-operation with me in my efforts to try to be of benefit to the farmers and stock raisers of this county.

I am resigning to enter the army, on my own accord, and after I have done "my bit," I hope to return to Callahan county and make it my home, as I have never known a citizenship that I love better than the good people of this county, and I assure you of my profoundest gratitude for all you have done for me while it has been my pleasure to live in this county, and I wish for every one of you all the happiness and prosperity that you so richly deserve.

Your friend,
Roger Q. Evans, Co. Agent.

Texas, Oklahoma and Old Mexico Maps, 50c at THE STAR office.

BIRTHDAY PARTY.

Mrs. Frank Hinds entertained on Aug. 18th, 1917, at 3 o'clock in honor of the birthday of her two children, Charlie Frank age 4 and Lizzie age 6. Several games were played, then refreshments of cake, ice cream and watermelon were served by Effie and Elsie Hinds, assisted by Edith Fulcher, Ora and Aetna Terry to the following guests: Ruth and Martha Strain, Maggie and Vada Fulcher, Mildred Terry, Dorothy Harris, Viola Horton, Dorabeth Brunson, Kerrie Sidney McGowen, Bonner Terry, Charles Strain, R. F. and Curtis Jones, J. B. Fulcher, Clyde Horton and Gilbert Hinds.

FARM FOR SALE

270 acres, about 95 acres in cultivation, balance in pasture. Good house, 4 rooms, hall, 2 galleries, fine well water in yard, good barn also good peach orchard. Located 4 miles west of Oplin. \$25. per acre. Reasonable cash payment and easy terms
W. S. Martin
37-2t. Aspermont, Texas

Frank Terry, of Fort Worth, is visiting relatives in Baird.

J. H. TERRELL

DRUGS

JEWELRY

See our Optician and you will see better

Agent For The Maxwell Car
Now \$720.00

Telephone 91

Baird, Texas

FRENCH STRIKE HARD BLOW NEAR VERDUN

GAIN ON ELEVEN-MILE FRONT
TO DEPTH OF MORE THAN
A MILE IN PLACES

ITALIANS CAPTURE 7,500

Prisoners Captured by Victorious
French Number Four Thousand
So Far Counted

Paris—From the North sea to the Vosges, the French, British and Belgians waged a terrific battle against the Germans, driving them back, spreading terror and panic by overwhelming artillery fire, capturing strongly fortified position and taking many prisoners.

Brilliant success has rewarded the Herculean efforts of the entente allies everywhere. At two points the battle proceeded with unprecedented fierceness, always with the French and the British administering what must be humiliating defeats.

Another terrific battle was on the Verdun front, and at the end of 12 hours of the first day of the encounter the French had counted the German holding on the famous Dead Man's Hill and Hill No. 304 in the loot of battle. They have captured the most important German defenses on both sides of the Meuse, the advance being along a front of more than 11 miles north of Verdun. So spirited was the assault and so keen for the fight were the French forces that they penetrated deep into the German lines, reaching in several places a distance of a mile and a quarter.

After three days of the most stupendous artillery fire ever heard on the whole western front, the word to go "over the top" was given at 20 minutes to 5 o'clock Monday morning. The charge was so powerful and so brilliant that at 6 o'clock, an hour and 20 minutes after the charge began, the troops began to send back hundreds and hundreds of German prisoners. Long before dusk more than 4,000 un wounded German prisoners had been counted in the camps in the rear of the French lines, and more were arriving.

Italians Capture 7,500 Prisoners

Rome—The Italians in their offensive on the Isonzo front began Sunday crossed the Isonzo river and took 7,500 prisoners. It was officially announced by the war department. Guns and many machine guns have been captured by the Italians, and the Austrians have suffered serious losses.

17 TO 25 KILLED IN WRECK

Fire Breaks Out After Explosion in
Huge Powder Factory at
Rigaud, Quebec.

Montreal—Explosions at the powder plant of Curtis & Harvey, Limited, at Rigaud, Quebec, Saturday caused the loss of from 17 to 25 lives. Five thousand men and women are employed at the plant, which covers an area of five square miles. The loss in value of buildings and stock will reach well up into the millions.

The first explosion was caused by the overheating of the machinery in the nitric acid building. The flames leaped along through the buildings and the other explosions occurred. Other explosions occurred every five minutes in the surrounding districts, shaking the district like a series of earthquakes. Altogether 150 detonations were counted.

Boats Purchased by Mexico Blown Up

St. Louis—Two steel boats bought by the Mexican government in Chicago for lighthouse tenders were destroyed in a series of four explosions while the boats were on the Mississippi river opposite the foot of Wash street here. Twenty men were hurt, several of them being Mexican members of the crews. Two of the injured, it is thought, have slight chances of recovery.

111 French Airmen Bomb Germans

Paris—French aviators Saturday shot down seven German airplanes and a captive balloon, in addition to eight German machines which were compelled to land, badly damaged, behind the enemy lines. More than 28,000 pounds of projectiles were dropped in the course of bombing raids, in which 111 French machines took part.

American Troops to Train in Cuba

Washington—Cuba's offer to provide a mobilization and training ground for some American forces has been accepted. The number or description of the forces to be sent can not be disclosed for military reasons.

Issue of \$250,000,000 Treasury Notes

Washington—Another issue of treasury certificates of indebtedness totaling \$250,000,000 and payable Nov. 20 was launched in furtherance of the preparations for financing the second Liberty loan. A \$300,000,000 of certificates for that purpose recently was offered and largely oversubscribed. Subscriptions are to close at noon Saturday, Aug. 25, and the certificates will bear interest at 3 1/2 per cent like those of the last issue.

LIEUT. GEN. KORNILOFF



Lieut. Gen. L. G. Korniloff is the leader of the Russian army that mutinied and fled in Galicia.

BRITISH MAKE GAINS ALONG FRENCH FRONT

GERMANS ATTACK FRENCH IN
THE VOSGES MOUNTAINS, BUT
ARE REPULSED

London—Although for the most part the British and French forces in Flanders and in the vicinity of Lens are consolidating positions won last week from Crown Prince Rupprecht, the British near Ypres have made a further advance on a mile front to a depth of about 500 yards and also in the Somme region have renewed their attacks with advantage. In the latter maneuver Field Marshal Haig's men captured positions near Epehy, inflicting heavy losses on the Germans.

The Germans have been trying the strength of the French lines in the Vosges mountain region, where, after heavy bombardment, they attacked the French around Badonviller and north of Celles-Sur-Plane. Their efforts went for naught under fire of French guns and rifles.

Allied Aviators at Work
Along the Aisne front in the Verdun sector along the banks of the river Meuse continued attempts by the German crown prince to break the French lines met with failure.

Airmen of the allies are working havoc with German flyers and have bombed German positions far behind the lines. In fights Saturday French airmen accounted for 17 German aircraft and British flyers seven, which were destroyed or forced to land inside the Teutonic lines badly battered. Eight British machines failed to return to their base.

In aerial raids behind the lines allied machines have bombed numerous towns, railway stations and cantonments, raids extending as far as Seizette, near the Dutch border, 18 miles from Ghent, which also received a visitation.

American aviators belonging to the Lafayette squadron took a prominent part in French raids and performed notable execution. One of the Americans, Corporal Willis of Boston, was missing from the squadron when it returned to its base.

Quit Trying to Retake Ground

London—Their counter-attacks having failed with severe losses, the Germans in the Ypres area of the western front have not resumed attempts to recapture the ground lost to the Anglo-French troops on Thursday. On the northern wing of the Ypres front the French, after repulsing heavy German counter-attacks on Friday, made further gains near the Steenbeke river. Elsewhere on this front the latest report from Field Marshal Haig says there has been no change. In addition to their capture of more than 1,800 prisoners, the allied forces captured 24 guns from the Teutons.

British Casualties for Two Weeks

London—Reports of British casualties issued during the first two weeks of August total 21,722 officers and men. They are divided as follows: Killed and died of wounds, Officers 223, privates and non-commissioned officers 4,424. Wounded or missing: Officers 1,821, men 15,254. Total 21,722.

Nation Guards to be Sent to France.

Washington—The supply train of the Texas national guard, consisting of six companies, has been made a part of the 46th division, which will soon leave for France, under command of Gen. W. A. Mann, and will be the first division of the national guard to go to Europe. The supply train headquarters and two companies are in Houston, two companies in Dallas, one company in Austin, and one in Big Spring. It will officially be known as the 117th supply train.

LANGEMARCK, BEL. CAPTURED BY ALLIES

ATTACK SUCCESSFUL ALL ALONG
NINE-MILE LINE, EXCEPT
AT ONE POINT

PRISONERS NUMBER 1,800

East of Loos, in the Region of Lens,
British Have Made Gains and
Captured 896 Men

London—Reuter's correspondent at British headquarters in Belgium says he hears that fighting is proceeding well beyond Langemarck.

British and French troops, attacking on a nine-mile front east and northeast of Ypres in Flanders, at 4.45 a. m. Thursday, gained all their objectives except on the right flank.

The French drove the Germans from between the Yser canal and Martjevaart and captured the bridge head on Dreigrachen.

The village of Langemarck was carried by the British after they had taken all their objectives in the center of the attacking lines.

The official statement from British headquarters in France adds that the Germans fought stubbornly on Field Marshal Haig's right for the possession of the high ground north of the Menin road, about five miles south of Langemarck. Suffering heavy losses, the Germans finally pressed the British back from the terrain they had gained early in the day.

More than 1,800 prisoners, including 28 officers, had been counted by the Anglo-French forces. Some German guns also were taken.

The British have made further progress east of Loos, in the Lens area, and the total of prisoners captured there now has reached 896.

On the Lens front where the Canadians captured Hill 70 and made further progress in the environs of the French mining center, all German counter-attacks, the official statement says, were repulsed.

Loss of Hill 70 Arouses Command

Canadian Army Headquarters in France—The taking of Hill 70 stirred the German higher command as nothing else has done on his front this year. Ten times the enemy came on, but they seldom got close enough for fighting with bayonet or bomb. The Prussian guards were subjected to a terrible concentrated fire from our artillery and machine guns. Their losses were frightful.

A veteran machine gun officer tells of having had as a target for an hour and a quarter enemy reinforcements coming up in columns of fours for use in counter-attacks. He said his men killed more Germans than they had seen altogether at any previous time.

Aviators Drop Bombs on Venice

Vienna—Tons of bombs were dropped by airplanes Tuesday morning on the maritime arsenal at Venice, causing a number of conflagrations, according to the official statement of the Austrian war office.

GOVERNMENT CONTROL COAL?

President to Requisition Entire Output Under New Food Law

Washington—Government control of the coal industry appeared imminent when President Wilson turned his personal attention to the subject and heard the mine operators' and miners' presentation of the situation. The interests of the public now will be presented by the federal trade commission, which has just completed its investigation of coal production costs. Provisions of the food control bill giving the president power to fix coal prices from the mine to the consumer and investing in him authority to requisition all coal produced and sell it to the public, are expected to be put into operation almost immediately.

The trade commission's report, it was learned, will say that all present prices coal operators, jobbers and retailers are reaping exorbitant profits and that inequitable distribution is added to the costs in many parts of the country.

Bonds Bearing 4 Per Cent Proposed

Washington—Issuance of \$7,538,945,000 worth of 4 per cent federal bonds, subject only to income super taxes, war profits and excess profits taxes and designed to provide \$4,000,000,000 for further allied loans and to retire the \$3,000,000,000 nontaxable 3 1/2 per cent issue now authorized to cover loans to the allies, is contemplated in suggestions submitted by Secretary McAdoo to the house ways and means committee.

Americans in France Fast Developing

The first contingent of the American expeditionary force has been reviewed by Maj. Gen. William L. Sibert, the American commander. This was the first time that the troops in France had been all together. The review was a splendid military display and General Sibert said he was immensely proud of his men. French officers present were very much impressed. The strict physical training out of doors the American forces are undergoing is having its results.

ALEXANDER OF GREECE



New portrait of Alexander, the new ruler of Greece, who succeeded his father Constantine.

GERMAN STRONGHOLD BEFORE LENSE TAKEN

CANADIANS ARE WITHIN CITY IT
SELF ENGAGING TEUTONS IN
CLOSE QUARTERS

London—With only slight casualties, Canadian troops fighting south and east of Loos have captured German positions on a front of two miles including Hill 70, a formidable defense work, according to the British official communication issued Wednesday night. Five German counter-attacks were repulsed.

Field Marshal Sir Douglas Haig's forces attacked the German positions along a wide front from Lens to the northeast of Loos. The official statement says the British are making progress satisfactorily.

The attack began at 4:25 o'clock. All night the British guns had been pouring a steady stream of high explosive shells into the German positions, great detonations overlapping one another like the rapid crackling of a machine gun fire and swelling into a mighty volume of thunder that shook the earth and stunned the senses.

Then a short time before the hour of offensive arrived the batteries abruptly ceased and a strange, almost oppressive stillness fraught with the portending cataclysm which must follow crept over the country which until then had been an inferno of death.

Suddenly, ten minutes before the time set for the attack, every British gun within range broke out with a hurricane of shelling and solid lines of crimson lightning belched from the German trenches as explosives broke about them. To this lurid picture was added the unforgettable spectacle of the burning oil which the British threw on the enemy lines.

The British barrage was without a flaw. Behind it the Canadians mounted Hill 70 and swept along the rest of the line. The resistance here was not strong and it was not until the dwellings in the outskirts of the suburbs were reached that vigorous fighting occurred.

Systematic Destruction

Following their usual tactics the Germans had carried out systematic destructions of the houses and had constructed strong underground defenses.

The capture of Hill 70 is another triumph for the British fighting organization. The extreme depth reached in the first stage was 1,500 yards and this was achieved in 93 minutes. This new front taken in connection with positions secured in the last few days in the southwestern outskirts of Lens established an angular line like a pair of shears, whose points reached out to the north and south of the city.

Fewer British Ships Sunk by Subs

London—A falling off in British tonnage sunk last week by mines of submarines is indicated in the weekly admiralty statement. Fourteen vessels of 1,600 tons and more were sent to the bottom as against 21 the previous week. Two vessels of less than 1,600 tons were sunk last week, the same reported the previous week. Three fishing boats met with disaster last week.

Threatened Strike Prepared For

Washington—Governmental agencies were placing themselves in readiness Friday to meet any situation which may develop in the northwest and on the Pacific coast as a result of the threatened strike of the Industrial Workers of the World Aug. 20, in Washington, Oregon, Montana and Idaho. Extreme measures even to the dispatch of federal troops into the affected section will be taken if necessary. Troops will be sent, it is expected in case of disorders.

HULEN AND HUTCHINGS UP FOR BRIGADIERS

FOUR TEXANS IN REGULAR ARMY
ALSO ADVANCED IN LINE
OF SERVICE.

COL. SCOTT PROMOTED ALSO

Approximately Two Hundred Appoint-
ments are Announced by Presi-
dent to Command New Army.

Washington—Four Texans in the regular army will become brigadier generals as result of about 200 appointments of general officers made by the president to command the national guard and the national army.

Col. W. S. Scott of McKinney, better known in the army as "Tex" Scott and recent commander of the Leon Springs training camp, is one of those advanced. He is now commander of the 16th cavalry.

Another colonel becoming brigadier general is W. P. Richardson of Paris, Texas, who for several years had been the war department representative in Alaska and supervised the construction of government roads there. He did work in connection with locating the route for the government railroad in the territory.

Beaumont B. Buck of Hillsboro, recently promoted to colonel and now in France, is also to be a brigadier general and probably will lead one of the first large units of the American army against the German line.

The president's list of those to be advanced to the rank of brigadier general includes Col. Guy Carleton of Austin, one of the well known cavalry officers of the army.

Adjutant General Henry Hutchings and Gen. John A. Hulen of Texas are among the brigadier generals nominated by the president. They will command Texas troops.

From the 37 new major generals to be created for the duration of the war and from the existing major generals of the regular army will come the army corps and division commanders of all the forces now being raised of regulars, national guards or national army. Similarly the brigade commanders will be selected from the list of more than 100 new brigadiers.

National Guard Troops to France

Coincident with this announcement of high command came the statement from the war department that a composite national guard division composed of troops from 26 states and the District of Columbia was in process of organization under command of Brigadier General Mann, now chief of the militia bureau of the department.

These will be the first national guard troops to be sent to France. No discussion is permitted by the censorship regulations, however, of the time of their mobilization or departure for the front.

LIMITED HITS FREIGHT; 2 DEAD

Katy Collision Occurs in Watauga
County, North of Fort Worth

Fort Worth—Two persons were instantly killed and seven others were slightly injured when the north-bound Katy limited, which left this city at 9:05 o'clock Wednesday night 45 minutes late, collided head-on with a freight train in south Katy yards at Watauga, twelve miles north of this city.

The dead: Jerry Scott, Denison, passenger engineer; W. A. Hammock, Denison, passenger fireman.

According to statements of railroad officials and witnesses to the accident, the freight train had pulled out onto the main line with the intention of taking the siding to allow the passenger train to pass. For some reason it had not done so, and the passenger train, rounding a sharp curve at the rate of 40 miles an hour, crashed headlong into the train before it could be stopped, although the emergency brakes were applied.

Local Option Election Sept. 10

Dallas—A local option election in Dallas county has been ordered by the commissioners' court after the filing of a petition declared by members of the local option campaign committee to contain more than 6,000 signatures. The election will be held Monday, Sept. 10. A small delegation of anti who were present at the session asked for delay in ordering the election.

Texas Assistant Sec. of Agriculture

Washington—Clarence Ousley of College station, Texas, and Raymond A. Pearson of Ames, Iowa, were nominated by President Wilson to be assistant secretaries of agriculture under provisions of the food survey law.

\$17.95 Paid for Load of Good Hogs

Fort Worth—The cattle market was generally slower Friday, the generous receipts of 4,500 cattle and 1,000 calves causing the undesirable class of stock to sell at prices from 10c to 25c lower. With receipts of 1,500 head the hog market was active and one good load of swine set a new record top price of \$17.95. Outside of the one good load, the quality was not of the tippy variety, but prices made an advance of fully 25c. The majority sold from \$17 to \$17.50.

GOVERNOR FERGUSON DEFENDS HIS COURSE

TAKES STAND IN HOUSE INVESTIGATION OF CHARGES BY
SPEAKER FULLER

Austin—Governor James E. Ferguson was on the witness stand two and one-half hours Friday afternoon engaged in testifying on his behalf in the investigation proceedings being conducted by the house as a committee of the whole into charges preferred against him by Speaker F. O. Fuller.

While testifying Governor Ferguson spoke so that he was heard with ease. Each charge was taken up separately and discussed, but his explanation of only part of the charges was completed.

Among witnesses was Wilbur P. Allen, chairman of the board of regents of the state university, who gave considerable interesting testimony and was subjected to a rigid cross-examination.

Captain W. H. Owens of Galveston testified on direct examination that one ranger had been detailed on one occasion to guard Governor Hogg. On cross examination, he stated that the guard was maintained only a week, for when Governor Hogg found out that he was being guarded he put a stop to it.

LYDAY FARMERS UNION HEAD

Convention Adopts Resolution Favor-
ing Thirty-Cent Cotton Minimum

Dallas—D. E. Lyday of Ravenna, Fannin county, was elected president of the Farmers' Union of Texas at the concluding session here Thursday of the fifteenth annual convention, succeeding H. N. Pope of Fort Worth. During the past year Mr. Lyday has been chairman of the executive committee. Less than a hundred farmers were present for the election, although the attendance Wednesday was estimated at 1,100 or 1,200. Many of them had left for their homes when the election came on.

A resolution asking the enactment by congress of a law fixing a minimum price of 30c a pound for cotton over a period of three years was adopted. This matter of asking the government to fix a minimum price on cotton brought considerable discussion.

Resolutions were also adopted indorsing government ownership of railroads, telegraph and telephone lines; favoring the purchase by the government of coal, oil and gas lands, and favoring the levy of an additional tax upon excessive land ownership by one person.

The convention went on record as opposing woman suffrage and also as opposing the maintenance of a large standing army during times of peace.

MAY BUILD SHIPS AT BEAUMONT

Shipbuilding Company Joins Texas
Steel Company in Offer to
Government

Washington—The Texas Steel company has been joined by one of the leading shipbuilding concerns of the east in its proposal now before the shipping board, looking to construction of steel ships at Beaumont out of Texas materials. This shipbuilding concern is now engaged on contracts for the government and would give added assurance of proper and speedy completion of the work in Texas, providing the government accepts the propositions which Col. J. P. Featherstone, president of the Texas company, has submitted.

The Texas Steel company proposes to use east Texas ore in producing steel plates at \$43.65 per ton. The former proposition has been enlarged by the eastern company agreeing to build ten ships at Beaumont, the first deliveries to be by July, 1918.

The difference between what the government is allowing for plates in the east and the Texas price of \$43.65 will save the government on the contracts quoted, according to Colonel Featherstone, from \$30,000 to \$100,000 determinable by the size of the ships.

Six Texans Become Colonels

Washington—Six army lieutenant colonels from Texas were in the list promoted to the rank of colonel and will be assigned with others to the national guard. Among them is Andrew Moses of Burnet, who is remembered in Texas as commandant of the A. & M. college for four years and who was petitioned by many ex-students of the institution to organize a regiment for war service. Other Texans promoted are W. McK. Lambdin of Waco, W. I. Westervelt of Corpus Christi and San Antonio, R. S. Abernathy of Gonzalez and S. F. Bottoms of Paris. All are made full colonels.

Troops of National Army Assigned

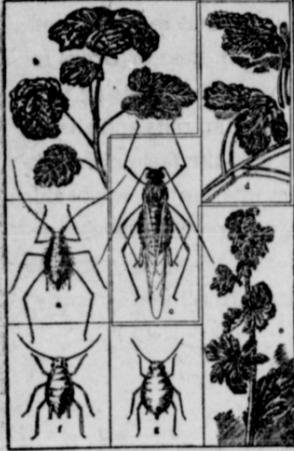
Washington—Secretary Baker has approved the disposition of the 687,000 men of the first draft as recommended by the provost marshal general. The average number of men allotted to each of the 16 cantonments is approximately 43,000. Those going to American Lake, Wash., come from Alaska, Washington, Oregon, California, Utah, totaling 46,159. Those allotted to San Antonio, Texas, include the troops from Texas and Oklahoma, 46,109.

ORCHARD GLEANINGS

QUARANTINE ON BUSH PLANTS

Further Importation of Currant and Gooseberry Plants is Prohibited by Government.

Two important orders have recently been issued by the secretary of agriculture, effective June 1, on account of the white pine blister rust. One of these orders prohibits the further importation of currant and gooseberry plants from Europe and Asia. The other order quarantines all the states east of and including the states of Minnesota, Iowa, Missouri, Arkansas, and Louisiana, and prohibits the movement from these states to points out-



Currant Aphids.

a. Wingless agamic female of the currant aphid; b. distorted currant foliage due to attack of this species; c. spring migrant of the saw-thistle aphid; d. injury to currant by this species; e. work of the green gooseberry aphid on gooseberry; f. wingless agamic female of the New Mexico gooseberry aphid; g. wingless agamic female of Sanborn's currant.

side the quarantined area of all five-leaved pines and currant and gooseberry plants. There is a further prohibition of the movement of five-leaved pines and black currant plants to any point outside the heavily infested region comprising the New England states and the state of New York. This additional quarantine is made for the purpose of protecting other quarantined states as well as the remainder of the country, from possible infection by white pine blister rust by means of the plants mentioned.

SPRAYING FOR GRAPE WORMS

Three Applications of Arsenate of Lead Should Be Made—Plowing in Fall is Favored.

Wormy grapes can be avoided by spraying the vines with arsenate of lead. Three applications should be made, the first just before blooming, the second just after blooming and the third when the grapes are half grown. If soap is added to the spray material it will spread over the fruit and stick better. In making up the spray mixture use at the rate of two or three pounds of arsenate of lead paste to 50 gallons of water.

The grape berry moth that causes the worms in grapes lives over winter on the ground in the pupa stage and in the spring the moths appear and lay their eggs on the stems and fruits. It is the larva that forms the worms seen in the fruit. There is a second brood that hatches out in July. If the vineyard is plowed in the fall many of the hibernating pupae will be destroyed. Otherwise spraying is the panacea.

RUNNING SWINE IN ORCHARD

Practice Has Advantage of Keeping Animals in Open and Affording Needed Exercise.

It is customary in many sections to run the hogs in the orchard during the fall months and let them pick up the apples that drop off. While this practice has the advantage of keeping them in the open and giving them exercise, too much need not be expected from apples as a feed. They have some value in that they give variety and succulence to the ration but do not possess high feeding value. For mature breeding stock they are good as a part of the ration. But for fattening purposes or when used as the main part of the ration they are disappointing.

CHERRY IS MUCH NEGLECTED

For Long Time It Has Been Kept in Background for Growing Apples, Peaches, Etc.

This noble fruit has for a long time been kept in the background for the growing of the apple, peach, etc., on account of the inability to market the crop to good advantage; the main reason for which no doubt is, in not selecting different varieties which ripen at different times. The question of growing the cherry into a tree is of far less importance to the orchardist than the proper selection of varieties, and the care and management of it after it is planted where it is to remain.

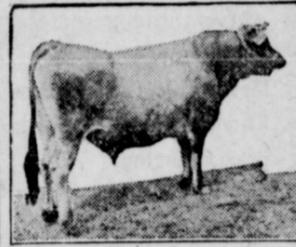
DAIRY



NEED MORE DAIRY PRODUCTS.

Farmers Have Peculiar Responsibility Placed Upon Them—Better Sires Are Needed.

Dairy farmers have a particular responsibility in this time of strict economy, says Secretary C. R. George of the Indiana State Dairy association. "The dairy cow," says he, "is unequalled by any other class of live stock in her ability to convert our farm crops, and particularly the roughages, into human food. The production and storing of the greatest amount of these feeds, feeding them in such a way as to get the largest production, and strict economy in the handling and use of the products are



Jersey Bull of Fine Quality.

the things that should receive our especial attention at this time. "Don't sell the dairy cow at tempting beef prices, for in the end she will do you more good as a milk producer and she will produce more food during the coming year than her carcass will furnish now—and you will have her left to do it again. Be sure that proper housing facilities will be available for the next winter so that the cows will be protected from storms and wind and in this way save feed and increase production. Use better sires than ever before and develop the heifer calves with the best of care. The war department is making its plan on a three-year basis. Why shouldn't we?"

SILAGE IS GOOD FOR CALVES

Gradual Introduction of Feed May Be Begun When Animal is About Six Weeks Old.

By the time the calf is six weeks old we may begin to feed silage, very gradually at first, using care to see that it is free from mold. In a little while the calf will be able to consume quite a quantity of silage and the amount will increase as time advances. The grain fed to the calf always should depend in some degree upon the kind of roughage consumed. There is no better roughage than alfalfa hay. It is easily digested. The leaves of the alfalfa contain a principle indispensable in the development of the young animals and not present in other roughage, but alfalfa hay alone is not good for a calf. Taken in connection with skim milk the ration is too narrow, that is to say, the amount of protein as related to the carbohydrates and fat is in excess of the demands of the animal. This condition is corrected by the feeding of silage and grain like corn, rich in carbohydrates.

REGULAR MILKING IS URGED

Cow Will Do Her Best When Milked at Regular Periods of About Twelve Hours Every Day.

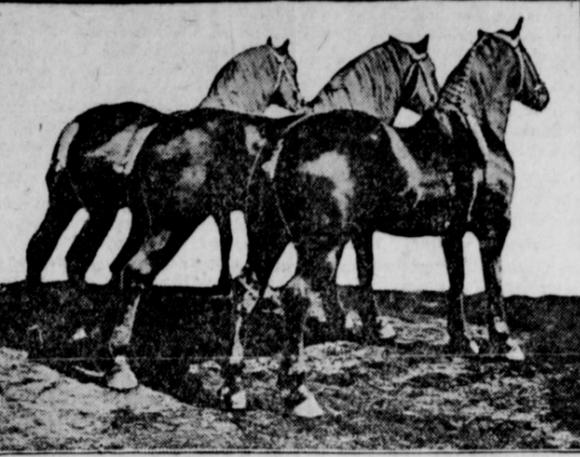
A cow can do her best only when milked at equal and regular daily periods of about twelve hours each year around. The full supply of milk is not in the udder, ready to be drawn out before milking time comes, but some of it is produced by the glands during the operation of milking. The udder, however, is usually filled, and the cow becomes accustomed to this, but if the operation of milking is delayed the glands cease to some extent to secrete milk, and they will then not be stimulated to good activity during the process of milking. This injures the glands and produces a decrease in the milk flow. So it is very important that the milking be done regularly at as near the same time each morning and evening as possible.

IMPROPER FLAVORS IN MILK

If Onions or Garlic Are Eaten by Cow Odor Will Pass Into Milk—Feed is Important.

Milk has its natural flavor, which is a pleasant flavor to most people, and then it can have acquired flavors. These are of two kinds. First, from the food the cow eats. If onions or garlic are eaten their odor will be passed into the milk. Some weeds also cause flavors in the milk. Second, the milk will also absorb many odors. To produce milk with a good flavor it is necessary that the cow is not fed anything that will be kept where it can absorb any odors.—North Dakota Experiment Station.

GOVERNMENT WARNS OWNERS OF HORSES



HEALTHFUL AND VIGOROUS SPECIMENS OF FARM HORSES.

Carbon bisulphid, a cheap and readily obtainable compound, is being unduly exploited under various names and at exorbitant prices as a treatment for bots and worms in horses, according to information which recently has come to the United States department of agriculture. This chemical is a recognized remedy for these ailments, but the department warns farmers against paying \$5 for a quantity, sold under a fanciful name, that probably could be bought at any drug store for 25 cents.

Not only is this compound being thus sold fraudulently, but false claims are made for it and directions for its use improperly prescribed. Carbon bisulphid is poisonous, and if used indiscriminately by inexperienced hands may do more harm than good, the specialists say. The vapor of this substance is suffocating, and inflammable when mixed with air, and must be kept away from all fire. As the method of administering this compound is not altogether easy, it is suggested that the treatment should be given under the direction of a veterinarian.

Administering Compound.
The usual method of administering it is to give about one fluid ounce divided into three doses and to supplement it with a purgative. For yearling colts half the amount, in similar dosage, is sufficient. The carbon bisulphid is administered in sealed capsules in the stomach. Gelatin capsules sealed with glue or otherwise prepared by the druggist so there will be no leakage

may be used. So-called four-dram capsules will actually hold about three drams of carbon bisulphid; two-dram capsules about one and one-half drams. An instrument known as a balling gun or balling iron will facilitate the administration of the capsules. Inhaling of carbon-bisulphid fumes by a horse may have serious consequences, and it is accordingly important not to use leaky capsules or crush them during their administration. The day preceding the treatment the horse is fed lightly and all food is withheld in the evening. A purgative of aloes (one-half to one ounce) or a pint of raw linseed oil is given. On the day of the treatment three drams of carbon bisulphid in a gelatin capsule or capsules are given to the horse, still fasting, at six o'clock in the morning, three drams at seven o'clock, and three drams at eight o'clock—making in all nine drams of carbon bisulphid in either three or six capsules, according to the size of the capsule used. These doses are for a mature horse; a yearling colt may be given half the quantity.

Removing Bots.
When the remedy is used for the removal of "nose-ily" bots, which occur commonly in certain Western states, it should be given during the fall of the year, as bots of this species leave the upper part of the intestinal tract after this time and establish themselves in the lower intestine, where they are but little affected by ordinary medicinal treatment.

CURED ALFALFA HAY SUPERIOR FOR COWS

Result of Experiment Made at New Jersey Station to Determine Feed Value.

In an experiment to determine the feeding value of cured alfalfa hay as compared with green alfalfa fed as a soiling crop for cows producing milk, and to ascertain the physical effect of green alfalfa fed as a soiling crop with silage as compared with alfalfa hay, two lots of cows were fed by the New Jersey station by the reversal method during two periods of 40 days each. Both lots received in addition silage, beet pulp, cornmeal, gluten, distillers' grains, cottonseed meal, and bran. The total average weight of the cows on the alfalfa hay ration was practically the same as of those on the soiling crop ration, and the production of both lots remained remarkably constant during the entire experiment. The average daily milk production was 22.6 pounds per head when alfalfa was fed, as compared with 22.1 pounds on the soiling crop ration. On the alfalfa hay ration 358.4 pounds of milk fat from milk testing 3.27 per cent was produced, and on the soiling crop ration 364.9 pounds from 3.29 per cent milk. The cost of feed was \$153.90 and the profit over feed cost \$100.91 on the alfalfa hay ration as compared with a feed cost of \$132.07 and a profit over feed cost of \$125.99 on the soiling crop ration. For every pound of alfalfa hay that was fed 1.9 pounds of milk was produced, while it required 2.68 pounds of green alfalfa fed in the form of a soiling crop to produce 1.9 pounds of milk.

RIGHT FEEDING AND PROPER SANITATION

Two Important Preventives of Disease Losses in Farm Animals—Hygienic Factors.

(From the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Proper feeding and sanitation are two important preventives of disease losses in farm animals. If carefully applied these measures may prevent many losses of meat animals. Keep the animals sturdy and disease-resistant by feeding a good, wholesome diet. Young animals need particular care and should be kept growing. A balanced ration should be fed—one that contains enough digestible protein to supply the needs of bone and muscle growth.

The farmer should carefully consider the food requirements of his animals, as has been shown by the state experiment stations, in standard

farm-animal books and by the United States department of agriculture. Green feeds have a tonic as well as nutritive value and should be used whenever possible. With some feeds care must be used in feeding to avoid parasitical infection and the infection of such diseases as tuberculosis. Old pastures and milk used as a feed are examples of possible sources of disease to sheep and hogs, respectively. Pure water is another essential to animal health. Animals should not have access to water which may be contaminated, such as streams passing through infested farms above, pools drained from barn lots, and so on.

Two naturally hygienic factors are fresh air and sunlight. Pure fresh air constantly available to an animal reduces the possibility of lung trouble. Impure air reduces an animal's resistance to disease by failing to supply the oxygen necessary for the purification of the blood. Sunlight is a natural germicide and will keep animal surroundings free from disease germs. All buildings for housing farm animals should be well ventilated and have plenty of sunlight reaching to all parts of the building at some time during the day. When weather permits, the animals should be kept outside as much as possible. Yards, lots, pens and buildings should be kept clean, and may be made free of disease by the use of lime and standard disinfectants. Whitewashing the inside of buildings, scattering lime over the ground and floor, and spraying with disinfectants those places accessible to animals but inaccessible to sunlight will aid sanitation and promote the welfare of the farmer.

NORMAL HENS HAVE TIME FOR MOLTING

It Usually Requires 100 Days to Complete the Molt and Few Eggs Are Laid by Fowls.

(By R. H. WILLIAMS, Professor Animal Husbandry, University of Arizona.)

All normal hens have a molting season which comes in the late summer and early fall. It usually requires about 100 days to complete the molt and during this period few eggs are laid. This is a critical period for the hens and they should have special care and attention. Oily meal, sunflower seeds and a limited amount of corn will supply the oil constituents while skim milk, meat meal and green alfalfa are especially good to furnish the protein. During this time the hens should be given granulated bone to furnish the calcium constituents required in the new feathers.

Vigorous hens, properly fed, will molt more rapidly than those lacking vitality, or where they do not receive special attention. It sometimes happens that show birds are made to molt early in the season.

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Here is an English Tommie's estimate of the American soldiers in France: "They are full of beans, and keen as mustard."

At this distance it looks like Speaker Fuller, having gotten in bad politically, is trying to put Gov. Ferguson in that he may get out himself.

The German Kaiser lets out few brags these days, but the reason is plain. The Hindenburg line is being forced back in France along most of the entire line from Alsace to the North Sea. It is no time for bragging even by the boastful Kaiser.

If the government fixes the price of wheat at \$3.00 and cotton at 65c we want to trade THE STAR and some good town property for a farm. We kinder have a hankering to get back to the farm anyway, and you will find thousands of others the same way. This is no joke.

Three dollar wheat and 65c cotton as demanded by the Oklahoma farmers would likely mean 60c wheat and 6c cotton after the war ended; because of the increased number of farmers and new land put in cultivation to get the benefit of such extortionate prices.

We are indebted to our friend, Capt. H. P. Taylor, our representative, for the copies of the House Journal. We notice Capt. Taylor is always conservative and the record shows he is about always right in voting. Capt. Taylor realizes that there are other important issues before the country besides prohibition. Wish Texas had more like him in the legislature.

Gov. Ferguson has asked the legislature to make an appropriation to aid the people in West Texas on account of the disastrous drought. Callahan county is pretty hard hit but is not asking any aid, though some people farther west do need help. The constant stream of movers passing through Baird, bound east tells the story of severe losses and dire want. Only eight years ago this same thing happened in many of the western counties, but people forget these things and neglect preparations in years of plenty to meet the demand of lean years.

The claim that France and England were about exhausted and the only salvation for them was for the United States to send troops to help them. The best answer to this is that both France and England have dealt the German army in France some of the hardest blows in the last ninety days that it has ever received, and the last great offensive in France now going on seems more demoralizing to the German army than ever before. The Italians too are driving the Austrians back on the Italian front. If Russia will only rally it looks now as if Germany will be completely defeated before the United States can get much of an army in France. No reports of our troops being engaged in battle yet but they are there and their very presence helps the French.

The honk of the tourist cars is heard day and night. Yes, they pass through our city at all hours of the night—give us more highways, boys, and better ones. Say, by the way, the road from Albany to Abilene should be fixed—the condition of this road is th talk of the travel. —Albany News.

Send them via Baird, Dick. We have a dandy road from Baird to Abilene. Not a place on it where one has to use a brake and the road is as smooth as a floor, all of it graded and much of it graveled. We made an auto trip to Abilene a few days ago and speak from experience. Send 'em via Baird.

The Czar of Bulgaria, who is too cowardly to even get in range of the enemy's guns, says Americas entrance into the war will not amount to anything because it has no army. It will be the pleasing duty of the American soldier to teach some of

these half-baked, as well as the whole baked European nations that they never knew anything about America or Americans. The time is at hand when they will learn something of them however. With an army of seven hundred and twenty-five thousand trained or partially trained soldiers and six hundred and eighty thousand more called to the colors in September and another half million to follow and five million more if needed. This little Balkan ruler, and the Kaiser too, is in a fair way to learn something of the fighting strength of America.

Maybe so that autocratic Czar of Bulgaria thinks the United States will be easy picking because the Americans once paid a heavy ransom for an American woman missionary held by Bulgarian bandits. The Czar will find it quite different when his entire nation undertakes the highwayman act of holding up Uncle Sam himself. Uncle Sam's boys will answer in Europe the claim of this "bunk" Czar and when the war ends this little Czar may thank his stars if he is still permitted to remain "czar." The Russian Czar, a much bigger Czar than the Bulgar species, is already down and out, and Bulgaria has the sole remaining czar on earth. If he is not unhorsed in the general melee it will be because he is so insignificant that he may be overlooked.

German business men are already alarmed at the trade prospects of Germany in the future. The outlook just now is dark for German commerce after the war because if the war ends with the present Kaiser and his military clique in unrestricted control of Germany he will have to face a hostile commercial world that is about as dangerous as an armed force. "Made in Germany" hereafter in place of being a guarantee of excellence will excite hostility in the larger part of the world. It will require a century for Germany to regain the good will it once had with the nations of the world—that is if they hold onto the discredited Hohenzollern's as rulers. The world despises and distrusts them because of their reputation as despoilers of weak nations. Read the history of this family and learn what they really are. The are international outlaws and always have been.

WHAT ONE LITTLE ROBBER WANTS.

Bulgaria is very modest in stating the terms on which that nation will make peace. Bulgaria wants all of Roumania, Serbia and a portion of Greece and an indemnity large enough to pay the Bulgar war debt and rehabilitate the country after the war. So long as this spirit of robbery of other peoples and rewarding the outlaws that broke the peace of the world, there is but one thing for the entente allies to do and that is to crush the outlaws regardless of the cost. Bulgaria is a worse outlaw than either Germany or Austria, if such a thing is possible, because it deliberately entered the war on the side of Germany at a time when it believed they would win in few months. This is the nation who's outlaws captured Miss Stone, the American Missionary, a few years ago and her friends in America were forced to pay a fifty thousand dollar ransom.

THE BEST SOLDIER REALIZES FEAR

The man who knows what fear is is a much better soldier than our old friend the man who knows not fear; in fact, there is no reason why the man who is consciously a coward should not be the best soldier in the army, and there are many reasons why he might be.

One of the best soldiers I know in France is, if he is still living, a rather short, stout man, considerably overweight, red-faced, an excellent dinner companion, but totally unheroic in appearance.

Coming back from the Somme battle front in the late dusk one evening last September I talked with an officer on the staff of the Sixth army on the question of who makes the best soldier.

"The intelligent man," he said, "who has thought over the question

of why he is here, the man who knows what he is fighting for, makes the best soldier. To stand the strain of the terrific bombardment for days and weeks, a man must know why he is doing it. Mere physical courage will give way under the nervous strain of the incessant, interminable pounding of the guns.

"There are no men of greater physical courage than our black Senegalese troops, but they are not up to the work, for their intelligence is not sufficiently developed for the new style of warfare. Their first time in attack they are magnificent, superb. They will go any place, do anything. The second time they are not so good. One can not be sure of them. The third time—well, one would better not try to make use of them three times.

"On the other hand, the intelligent man improves with each new experience. He appreciates the danger more fully, to be sure, but also he understands it better. His respect for it increases, but his fear becomes intelligent, not blind, unreasoning, and he becomes, not careless, but careful. He takes the little precautions that the new soldier ignores. And because he knows why he is here he can stand the nervous strain that breaks down a man who does not think."

The men who have engaged in this war from a love of adventure, a wish for excitement, an idea that it is a fine thing to be a soldier and wear a uniform, do not as a rule make good soldiers. This is not the kind of a war for them. It is not a war that requires from a man only unlimited physical courage at varying intervals and the capacity to endure hardships for long periods. It is a war that requires, first of all, moral force, the stamina that comes from the belief in a principle.

The conscript armies of France and England have answered the question of our American conscripts. They are the finest armies the world has ever seen. Every man of them wants to get home, to get back to his unheroic task of peace times. And that is why they are such fine armies, such fine and efficient soldiers, the bravest fighters in the world.—Leslie's Weekly.

PUBLIC SCHOOL OPENS SEPT. 10TH

The Baird Public School will open Monday, September 10th. A list of teachers will be found in this issue, and we want to call attention of all parents to the fact that the compulsory school law goes into effect the same day. Don't forget this.

MASS MEETING CALLED

The people of Baird are requested to assemble at the Court House Tuesday, August 28th at 6:30 p. m. The object of the meeting is to devise ways and means to assist the Red Cross. Every one who feels an interest in this great work is earnestly requested to come out and lend your presence and assistance. Other towns are far ahead of Baird in Red Cross work and we must do our duty. Our boys are being called to the front in defense of our country and we must do all within our power to help them in every way. This is a call to those who do not have to go to the battle front, but to help those who do go. Will you come? By Order of the Mayor.

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

The Constitutional Amendment voted on Tuesday is believed to have carried by a small majority. The vote was light. No election was held in this county owing to a failure of election supplies to reach here in time.

TEACHER'S EXAMINATIONS.

The County Board of Examiners will hold an examination for teacher's certificates at the Public School Building at Baird on Friday and Saturday, Sept. 7th and 8th, 1917. Second, first and permanent grade certificates will be granted. S. Ernest Settle, Co. Supt.

Tom Eastham, who was taken to an Abilene Sanitarium, where he underwent an operation about ten days ago, is doing nicely and was able to be brought back to the home of his sister, Mrs. F. L. Walker, Wednesday evening. Mrs. Walker and Mrs. Eastham went up after him in the car.

WANTED—500 Red Cross members in Callahan county within the next 60 days. Join today and do your part towards caring for the sick and wounded soldiers in the great war.

We understand that a movement is on foot to ask the Manager of the T. & P. to assign regular train crews to freight service in the Baird and Big Springs districts. As it is now crews have to take their turn either way from Big Springs. We would be glad to see this put into effect as it would then give the trainmen an opportunity to establish permanent homes, which would be beneficial to the town as many would buy and improve homes, who are now renting or boarding because they do not know how soon they would have to move.

NOTICE, SHERIFF'S SALE.

The State of Texas, County of Callahan. By virtue of an Execution, issued out of the Honorable County Court of Callahan county, on the 11th day of June 1917, by the Clerk thereof, in the case of J. F. Campbell versus S. B. Pentecost, No. 436 and to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered, I will proceed to sell for cash, within the hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's Sales, on the First Tuesday in September 1917, it being the 4th day of said month, before the Court House door of said Callahan county, in the City of Baird, the following described property, to-wit: S. B. Pentecost tract of land being 160 acres out of the 240 acres of land out of Section No. 160 G. H. & H. R. R. Survey and which said section of land is fully described in patent from the State of Texas to J. W. Jones, Oct. 4, 1894 and recorded at page 427, Vol. E. deed records of Callahan county, Texas. Said section containing 640 acres, the north-east 160 acres of which is hereby conveyed to E. B. Pentecost and Ida Pentecost, levied on as the property of S. B. Pentecost to satisfy a judgment amounting to \$244.50 in favor of J. F. Campbell and costs of suit. Given under my hand, this 6th day of August, 1917. J. A. Moore, Sheriff.

NOTICE, SHERIFF'S SALE.

IN DELINQUENT TAXES. The State of Texas, County of Callahan. By virtue of an Order of Sale, issued out of the Honorable District Court of Callahan county, on 14th day of May 1917, by the Clerk thereof, in the case of State of Texas versus Marlin Smith and J. Rathmel No. 1340 and to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered, I will proceed to sell for cash, within the hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's Sales, on the First Tuesday in Sept. 1917, it being the 4th day of said month, before the Court House door of said Callahan county, in the City of Baird, the following described property, to-wit: Lot 4, Block 15, in the town of Oplin, Texas levied on as the property of Marlin Smith and J. Rathmel to satisfy a judgment amounting to \$76.47 in favor of the State of Texas and costs of suit. Given under my hand this 23rd day of July 1917. J. A. Moore, Sheriff.

NOTICE, SHERIFF'S SALE.

IN DELINQUENT TAXES. The State of Texas, County of Callahan. By virtue of an Order of Sale, issued out of the Honorable District Court of Callahan county, on 14th day of May 1917, by the Clerk thereof, in the case of the State of Texas versus Unknown Owners, No. 1367 and to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered, I will proceed to sell for cash, within the hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's Sales, on the First Tuesday in Sept. 1917, it being the 4th day of said month, before the Court House door of said Callahan county, in the City of Baird, the following described property, to-wit: Lot 6 in Block 11 in the Newton Addition to the town of Baird, Callahan county, Texas. Delinquent for the years 1899, 1899 to 1899, 1901 to 1908, 1910 to 1913, levied on as the property of Unknown Owners to satisfy a judgment amounting to \$9.92 in favor of the State of Texas and costs of suit. Given under my hand, this 23rd day of July, 1917. J. A. Moore, Sheriff.

NOTICE, SHERIFF'S SALE.

IN DELINQUENT TAXES. The State of Texas, County of Callahan. By virtue of an Order of sale, issued out of the Honorable Dist. Court of Callahan county, on the 14th day of May 1917, by the Clerk thereof, in the case of State of Texas versus Unknown Owners, No. 1370 and to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered, I will proceed to sell for cash, within the hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's Sales, on the First Tuesday in Sept. 1917, it being the 4th day of said month, before the Court House door of said Callahan county, in the City of Baird, the following described property, to-wit: 2 acres out of F. C. Catonet, Sur. 2, Abst. 112, levied on as the property of Unknown Owners to satisfy a judgment amounting to \$19.99 in favor of State of Texas and costs of suit. Given under my hand, this 23rd day of July 1917. J. A. Moore, Sheriff.

NOTICE, SHERIFF'S SALE

IN DELINQUENT TAXES. The State of Texas, County of Callahan. By virtue of an Order of Sale, issued out of the Honorable Dist. Court of Callahan county, on 14th day of May 1917, by the Clerk thereof, in the case of State of Texas versus Unknown Owners, No. 1329 and to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered, I will proceed to sell for cash, within the hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's Sales, on the First Tuesday in Sept. 1917, it being the 4th day of said month, before the Court House door of said Callahan county, in the City of Baird, the following described property, to-wit: Lot 5 in Block 15 in the town of Oplin, Texas. Delinquent for the years 1911, 1912 and 1913 levied on as the property of Unknown Owners to satisfy a judgment amounting to \$43.38 in favor of State of Texas and costs of suit. Given under my hand, this 23rd day of July 1917. J. A. Moore, Sheriff.

NOTICE, SHERIFF'S SALE.

IN DELINQUENT TAXES. The State of Texas, County of Callahan. By virtue of an Order of Sale, issued out of the Honorable Dist. Court of Callahan county, on 14th day of May 1917, by the Clerk thereof, in the case of State of Texas, versus Unknown Owners, No. 1354 and to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered, I will proceed to sell for cash, within the hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's Sales, on the First Tuesday in Sept. 1917, it being the 4th day of said month, before the Court House door of said Callahan county, in the City of Baird, the following described property, to-wit: Lots 17 and 18 in Blk. 27 in town of Putnam, Texas. Delinquent for the years 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914, levied on the property of Unknown Owners to satisfy a judgment amounting to \$54.96 in favor of State of Texas and costs of suit. Given under my hand, this 23rd day of July 1917. J. A. Moore, Sheriff.

There is a Suit, Coat and Dress Here to Please You
We have no hesitancy in saying that most any woman can find her choice in a Suit, Coat or Dress for fall and winter wear here now. The pleasing variety of styles—the fine range of materials and shades used in the making of them, and the fair prices asked for these garments prompts us to make this statement. And then, too, we know that we've selected only the choicest of the season's offerings. You will find that our stocks will fill your needs at prices ranging:
Coats \$10.00 to \$27.50
Suits 12.50 to 45.00
Dresses 12.50 to 35.00
B. L. BOYDSTUN
The Place Where Most People Trade
BAIRD CLYDE CROSS PLAINS

GROCERIES
We carry at all times a full line of fresh staple and fancy Groceries and are prepared to supply you with the best. We also carry all kinds of Fresh Meats, which makes it very convenient to order your Groceries and Meat at the same time and have all delivered at the same time. Prompt and careful attention given all orders.
E. M. WRISTEN
Phones 4 and 26 Prompt Delivery

An Every Day Banking System
The Federal Reserve Banking System is not merely an emergency system, a financial fire engine to extinguish occasional fires. It is much more than this. It is a vast reservoir through whose member banks its service reaches into every mill, every farm and every store in the country, supplying at all times not only the best banking protection but the best banking service the country has ever known.
If you want to tap this system of which we are members, your connection can be made by depositing your money with us.
MEMBER FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM
The First National Bank
The Old Established Bank. Organized 1864.
OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS.
J. F. Dyer, President. Henry James, VicePresident.
W. S. Hinds, Cashier J. W. Turner, Asst. Cashier.
W. A. Hinds Tom Windham J. B. Cutbirth.

NOTICE, SHERIFF'S SALE.

IN DELINQUENT TAXES.
The State of Texas, County of Callahan
By virtue of an Order of Sale, issued out of the Honorable Dist. Court of Callahan county, on the 14th day of May 1917, by the clerk thereof, in the case of the State of Texas, versus A. J. Price No. 1420 and to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered, I will proceed to sell for cash, within the hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's Sales, on the First Tuesday in September 1917, it being the 4th day of said month, before the Court House door of said Callahan county, in the city of Baird, the following described property, to-wit: Lots 1 and 2 in Blk 43 in the town of Clyde Texas. Delinquent for years 1907 and 1909, levied on as the property of A. J. Price to satisfy a judgment amounting to \$9.82 in favor of State of Texas and costs of suit.
Given under my hand, this 23rd day of July 1917.
36-3t J. A. Moore, Sheriff.

NOTICE, SHERIFF'S SALE.

IN DELINQUENT TAXES.
The State of Texas, County of Callahan
By virtue of an Order of Sale, issued out of the Honorable Dist. Court of Callahan county, on the 14th day of May 1917, by the Clerk thereof, in the case of the State of Texas versus Mrs. N. E. Lilly, No. 1425 and to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered, I will proceed to sell for cash, within the hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's Sales, on the First Tuesday in Sept. 1917, it being the 4th day of said month, before the Court House door of said Callahan county, in the City of Baird, the following described property, to-wit: 40 acres out of the N. W. 1-4 Sec. 74 B. E. & C. Ry. Co. as shown by deed records in Vol. 49; page 335, Deed Records of Callahan county, Texas. Delinquent for the years 1911, 1912, 1913 and 1914, levied on as the property of Mrs. N. E. Lilly, to satisfy a judgment amounting to \$25.13 in favor of the State of Texas and costs of suit.
Given under my hand, this 23rd day of July 1917.
36-3t J. A. Moore, Sheriff.

NOTICE, SHERIFF'S SALE.

IN DELINQUENT TAXES.
The State of Texas, County of Callahan
By virtue of an Order of Sale, issued out of the Honorable Dist. Court of Callahan county, on the 14th day of May 1917, by the Clerk thereof, in the case of the State of Texas, versus W. C. Laseley, No. 1333 and to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered, I will proceed to sell for cash, within the hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's Sales, on the First Tuesday in Sept. 1917, it being the 4th day of said month, before the Court House door of said Callahan county in the city of Baird, the following described property, to-wit: Lot 2 in Block. 37 in the town of Putnam, Texas. Delinquent for the years 1910, 1912, 1913, 1914 and 1915, levied on as the property of W. C. Laseley to satisfy a judgment amounting to \$20.05 in favor of State of Texas and costs of suit.
Given under my hand, this 23rd day of July, 1917.
36-3t J. A. Moore, Sheriff.

NOTICE, SHERIFF'S SALE.

IN DELINQUENT TAXES.
The State of Texas, County of Callahan
By virtue of an Order of Sale, issued out of the Honorable Dist. Court of Callahan county, on the 14th day of May 1917, by the Clerk thereof, in the case of the State of Texas, versus T. J. Davis, No. 1486 and to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered, I will proceed to sell for cash, within the hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's Sales, on the First Tuesday in Sept. 1917, it being the 4th day of said month, before the Court House door of said Callahan county, in the city of Baird, the following described property, to-wit: Lots 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18 in Block 30 in the town of Putnam, Texas, levied on as the property of T. J. Davis to satisfy a judgment amounting to \$6.55 in favor of the State of Texas and costs of suit.
Given under my hand, this 23rd day of July, 1917.
36-3t J. A. Moore, Sheriff.

NOTICE, SHERIFF'S SALE.

IN DELINQUENT TAXES.
The State of Texas, County of Callahan
By virtue of an Order of Sale, issued out of the Honorable Dist. Court of Callahan county, on the 14th day of May 1917, by the clerk thereof, in the case of the State of Texas versus R. Cordwint, No. 1486 and to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered, I will proceed to sell for cash, within the hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's Sales, on the first Tuesday in Sept. 1917, it being the 4th day of said month, before Court House door of said Callahan county, in the city of Baird, the following

described property, to-wit: 27 acres out of the S. W. Rounton, Sur. Abst. 1238 and being out of the N. E. corner of said Survey, Delinquent for the years 1912, 1914 and 1915, levied on as the property of R. Cordwint to satisfy a judgment amounting to \$10.34 in favor of the State of Texas and cost of suit.
Given under my hand, this 23rd day of July 1917.
36-3t J. A. Moore, Sheriff.

NOTICE, SHERIFF'S SALE.

IN DELINQUENT TAXES.
The State of Texas, County of Callahan
By virtue of an Order of Sale, issued out of the Honorable Dist. Court of Callahan county, on the 14th day of May 1917, by the clerk thereof, in the case of the State of Texas, versus Wyatt Hanks, No. 1405, and to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered, I will proceed to sell for cash, within the hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's Sales, on the first Tuesday in Sept. 1917, it being the 4th day of said month, before the Court House door of said Callahan county, in the city of Baird, the following described property, to-wit: Lots 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, & 10 Blk 26 in the town of Clyde, Texas. Delinquent for the years 1912, 1914 and 1915, levied on as the property of Wyatt Hanks to satisfy a judgment amounting to \$29.08 in favor of the State of Texas and costs of suit.
Given under my hand, this 23rd day of July 1917.
36-3t J. A. Moore, Sheriff.

NOTICE, SHERIFF'S SALE.

IN DELINQUENT TAXES.
The State of Texas, County of Callahan
By virtue of an Order of Sale, issued out of the Honorable Dist. Court of Callahan county, on the 14th day of May 1917, by the clerk thereof, in the case of the State of Texas, versus Unknown Owners, No. 1392 and to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered, I will proceed to sell for cash, within the hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's Sales, on the first Tuesday in Sept. 1917, it being the 4th day of said month, before the Court House door of said Callahan county, in the city of Baird, the following described property, to-wit: Lot 7 in Blk. 18 in town of Clyde, Texas, levied on as the property of Unknown Owners to satisfy a judgment amounting to \$4.95 in favor of the State of Texas and costs of suit.
Given under my hand, this 23rd day of July 1917.
36-3t J. A. Moore, Sheriff.

NOTICE, SHERIFF'S SALE.

IN DELINQUENT TAXES.
The State of Texas, County of Callahan
By virtue of an Order of Sale, issued out of the Honorable Dist. Court of Callahan county, on the 14th day of May 1917, by the clerk thereof, in the case of the State of Texas, versus Etta T. Hathaway, No. 1359 and to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered, I will proceed to sell for cash, within the hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's Sales, on the 4th day of said month, before the Court House door of Callahan county, in the city of Baird, the following described property, to-wit: 20 acres out of Survey 6, Blk. 7 S. P. Ry. Co. Abst. 1123, beginning at the N. W. corner of the S. W. 1-4 of said Section 6, Blk. 7, Thense E. 475 vrs. Thense S. 237 1-2 vrs Thense W. 475 vrs; Thence N. 237 1-2 vrs to place of beginning, levied on as the property of Etta T. Hathaway to satisfy a judgment amounting to \$7.80 in favor of State of Texas and costs of suit.
Given under my hand, this 23rd day of July 1917.
36-3t J. A. Moore, Sheriff.

NOTICE, SHERIFF'S SALE.

IN DELINQUENT TAXES.
The State of Texas, County of Callahan
By virtue of an Order of Sale, issued out of the Honorable District Court of Tarrant county, on the 8th day of May 1917, by the Clerk thereof, in the case of The W. C. Belcher Land Mortgage Co., versus G. C. Osborne and Carrie R. Harkrider and Coke W. Harkrider, No. 4632 and to me, as Sheriff, directed and delivered, I will proceed to sell for cash, within the hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's Sales, on the First Tuesday in September 1917, it being the 4th day of said month, before the Court House door of said Callahan county, in the City of Baird, the following described property, to-wit: The S. W. 1-4 of Sec. No. 14, Block No. 8, Southern Pacific Ry. Co. Land, situated in Callahan county, Texas, covered by patent No. 604, Vol. 31, levied on as the property of G. C. Osborne and Carrie R. Harkrider to satisfy a judgment amounting to \$2294.30 in favor of The W. C. Belcher Land Mortgage Co., and costs of suit.
Given under my hand, this 6th day of August, 1917.
36-3t J. A. Moore, Sheriff.

PERSONALS

Dr. H. H. and Mrs. Ramsey spent Wednesday afternoon in Abilene

Miss Maudie Haggard visited in Abilene last Saturday evening.

Mr. Crenshaw, of Oplin, was in Baird, Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam Windham and Miss Winnie Windham, of Oplin, were in Baird last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. White and the boys have returned from a trip to Big Springs and other points west.

Just received a car of 1918 model Chevrolet cars. E. H. Dunlap Motor Co. 38-1t

W. K. Boatwright and J. F. Boren have returned from an auto trip to Fort Worth and other points.

Mrs. Robert Bly, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Claude Gates for several days, returned to her home at Fort Worth, Wednesday.

Mrs. Van Jones and little son, Van, Jr. came down Tuesday from Eskota and spent the day with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Burl Lambert, of Granbury, arrived Sunday on a visit to their uncle, Henry Lambert, and family.

Mrs. Richard Connell and two sons, Clarence and Clayton, of Hamilton, are visiting Mrs. Connell's brothers, J. W. and Melvin Farmer.

Mesdames F. L. Walker, Jno. A. Walker, J. J. Price, Misses Susie and Essie Walker made an auto trip to Abilene, Tuesday.

Mrs. H. E. Jones who has been visiting her sons, Virgil Jones, of Baird, and Henry, of Eula, has returned to her home in Dallas.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Halsted and daughter, Miss Lula, and Mrs. Henry Lambert visited friends at Tecumseh a few days ago.

Mrs. V. E. Hill and her guest, Miss Lucile Pope, of Marian, Ky., spent Tuesday with Miss Cathryn Howell, at her home, south-west of Baird.

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Williams left a few days ago on an auto trip to Sherman. They were accompanied by Mrs. Williams' sister, Mrs. Cherry who lives near Sherman.

Miss Lucile Pope, who has been visiting Dr. and Mrs. V. E. Hill, left Wednesday morning for Fort Worth to spend a few days before returning to her home in Marion, Ky.

Tom Windham and Will Johnson of Oplin, returned Wednesday night from Fort Worth, where they went with a shipment of cattle the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Mitchell and Mrs. Jno. Mitchell, of Granbury visited Mr. and Mrs. Henry Lambert and family this week. Mrs. Jno. Mitchell is a sister to Mrs. Lambert.

Mrs. J. H. Hammans and children left last night for Barnes City, Iowa, where she goes to visit her mother who has been in ill health for sometime.

Geo. B. Scott and family and P. G. Hatchett and family returned a few days ago from a two week's auto trip to Lampassas, Christoval and other points. They report a delightful trip.

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Andrews of Fort Worth, came out last Sunday to spend a few days with their niece, Mrs. Lunsford Hill at the Finley Ranch. They made the trip in an auto

Miss Cola B. Ramsey left Wednesday evening on the Sunshine Special for Sweetwater and from there will go out near Mary Neal to the home of her cousin, Ed Rudd, where she will spend several weeks.

Mrs. N. C. Stanley, who suffered a stroke of paralysis some weeks ago and was seriously ill at the home of her daughter, Mrs. A. D. Williams, for sometime is improving and was able to go to her home south of Baird. All of Mrs. Stanley's children were here during her illness. They were: Mrs. Coffey, Shreveport, La., Mrs. Dickerman and Mrs. Cherry, Sherman; Mrs. Lawrence, Anson. The children who live here are: Dallas, Frank and Jesse Stanley, Miss Lora Stanley and Mrs. A. D. Williams. Mrs. Stanley has 29 grand-children and they were all here to see her.

PYTHIAN SISTERS ENJOY PICNIC

The Pythian Sisters met at the home of Mrs. Fulton Tuesday afternoon and motored to the home of Mrs. Asbury, at Chautauque, where all took lunch baskets to a beautiful shady grove near the house where a bountiful picnic lunch was spread which was enjoyed by all. One member remarked that it did not look like the high cost of living had struck that bunch, however not a morsel of food was wasted and the sisters fixed up a nice lunch for Mrs. Romine, who was leaving on the night train for Arkansas, also a lunch for Mr. Massey, who is sick at the home of his daughter near Chautauque. The occasion was enjoyed by all and after taking a kodak picture of the crowd, we bid our hostess good-bye, hoping to enjoy many more such joyous occasions. Mrs. Van Jones came down from Eskota to attend the picnic.
One of the Sisters.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE

Allen car for sale, or will exchange for Ford car. Phone 191 or write Box 152, Baird, Texas. 38-3t

Rooms for Rent—Four rooms, furnished for light house-keeping—Mrs. N. H. Pratt, 38-2t

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Romine left Tuesday night for Arkansas where they go for the benefit of Mr. Romine's health, which we hope will be fully restored while in the beautiful Ozark Mountains.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Y. Gilliland and son, Jack, Mrs. T. J. Lidia and little daughter, Ima, spent Monday in Abilene with Royace Gilliland and Otha Lidia who are members of Co. I, Texas National Guard.

Several more Callahan county boys have enlisted in different branches of the army. Clyde White, resigned as teacher of the Tecumseh school and enlisted in the navy; W. C. Franklin has resigned as cashier of the First National Bank at Winters and enlisted in the aviation corps, and is now stationed at Fort Leavenworth, Kan. Jim Terry, brakeman on the T. & P. Ry., has enlisted in a truck company recently organized at Big Springs, and Clarence Brock formerly of this county, but later living near Sweetwater, has enlisted in the engineers corps recently organized at that place. Jim and Clarence passed through Baird last Saturday night enroute to Camp Bowie, Fort Worth.

Miss Nell Phillips, sister of Gordon Phillips, who sailed some weeks ago for France and is now with United States base hospital No. 4 of the American expeditionary force. In a letter to her mother, Mrs. Mary Phillips, of Dallas, Miss Nell says: "France is such a beautiful country, such wonderful scenery, woods, hills and flowers. The country we came through was the grain country. The fields are amazing. The wonderful part of all this to me is what the women of Europe are doing in the fields and everywhere. It makes me ashamed of what American women are really doing. We don't have the slightest conception of the word sacrifice. There is no need to worry. I feel just as safe here as I did in Dallas."

**LIVER DIDN'T ACT
DIGESTION WAS BAD**

Says 65 year Old Kentucky Lady, Who Tells How She Was Relieved After a Few Doses of Black-Draught.

Meadorsville, Ky.—Mrs. Cynthia Higginbotham, of this town, says: "At my age, which is 65, the liver does not act so well as when young. A few years ago, my stomach was all out of fix. I was constipated, my liver didn't act. My digestion was bad, and it took so little to upset me. My appetite was gone. I was very weak. I decided I would give Black-Draught a thorough trial as I knew it was highly recommended for this trouble. I began taking it. I felt better after a few doses. My appetite improved and I became stronger. My bowels acted naturally and the least trouble was soon righted with a few

doses of Black-Draught." Seventy years of successful use has made Theford's Black-Draught a standard, household remedy. Every member of every family, at times, need the help that Black-Draught can give in cleansing the system and relieving the troubles that come from constipation, indigestion, lazy liver, etc. You cannot keep well unless your stomach, liver and bowels are in good working order. Keep them that way, Try Black-Draught. It acts promptly, gently and in a natural way. If you feel sluggish, take a dose tonight. You will feel fresh tomorrow. Price 25c. a package—One cent a dose. All druggists. J. 69

WATER COMMITTEE

In giving the list of the water committee appointed by Mayor Schwartz week before last the printer inadvertently left out one name and we here give the full committee as given us: W. A. Hinds, T. E. Powell, L. M. Hadley, G. M. Hall, J. B. Cutbirth. We tried to make correction last week, but the local got lost. This is a good committee and we hope they will be able to formulate some plan to increase Baird's water supply before another year.

Mrs. C. S. Rice and children, Erwin, Verna and Vernon, of McLean, arrived Thursday on a visit to Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Bowlus and other relatives. Misses Esterbell and Jaunita Bowlus, who have been visiting in McLean for several weeks returned home with them. They came through in an auto.

Rev. J. H. Moore, of Abilene, an old time Baptist minister was a pleasant caller at THE STAR office yesterday. Rev. Moore is a native Texan, born in Travis county, was personally acquainted with General Houston and many of the old time Texans. To talk with him is like turning a page of memory's tablet of long ago.

Eugene Bell, who was recently designated as Second Lieutenant of Infantry in the National Army, is visiting his parents, Judge and Mrs. F. S. Bell. Lieut. Bell is a grand-nephew of Peter Hansborough Bell, who fought in the battle of San Jacinto and was the third governor of Texas, 1849 to 1853, two terms. John Henry Brown, Texas historian says that Gov. Bell was the handsomest man in Texas and had not a personal enemy in the state. Here is hoping that Eugene will emulate the example of his great uncle, who was loved and honored by all old Texans, and THE STAR believes he will, because he is a native of Callahan county, named in honor of one of the immortal heroes who fell at the Alamo in defense of Texas independence.

Any Doctor

will tell you a fellow's constitution won't last forever, and in these strenuous times it needs a good over-hauling occasionally.

Mineral Wells Texas



OFFERS EXCURSION RATES DAILY

Two or three weeks there will make you look and feel like new.

Better Go While The Going Is Good
Consult your Local Agent or write
A. D. BELL, GEO. D. HUNTER
Gen. Pass. Agt. Pass. Traffic Mgr.
DALLAS, TEXAS.



KRYPTOK GLASSES

THE INVISIBLE BIFOCALS
Fit by

C. E. Walker

the Optician who stays here 365 days in each year.
With Holmes Drug Co.
Texas, Oklahoma and Old Mexico
Maps, 50c at THE STAR office.



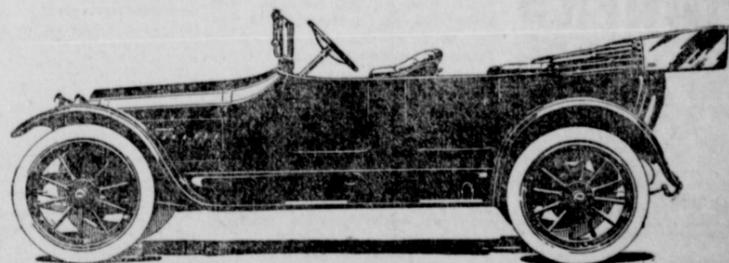
Bank with US
MEMBER FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM OF BANKS
We ask you to bank with us because we give you a safe place to put your money. Progressive men of high character and known financial responsibility conduct our National Bank and we are a member of the Federal Reserve system of banks, which stand together like one vast army for the protection of our depositors. We can get money when we want it on our securities. You can get your money when want it when it is in our bank.

PUT YOUR MONEY IN OUR BANK

The Home National Bank

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C. C. Seale, Pres. H. Ross, V. P.
T. E. Powell Cashier. F. L. Driskill, Asst. Cashier
E. L. Finley M. Barnhill C. C. Sewie



If You Are In The Market For A Real Automobile Ask Us For A Demonstration In

THE NEW REGAL

We are fixed for charging your Storage Batteries, and we inspect your Batteries free. We have a starter and generator man who makes them go. We carry a complete stock of Goodyear, Fisk and Diamond Casings and Tubes, and we have the best grades of Pennsylvania Lubricating Oils. Veedol and Sealy Oils in gallon cans. We will appreciate any part of your business.

Yours For Real Service

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WRIGLEY'S



The goody that is beneficial to teeth and stomach is best for children.

Wrigley's is **Helpful**

to all ages. It massages and strengthens the gums, keeps teeth clean and breath sweet, aids appetite and digestion.

The Flavor Lasts



Southwestern University

Co-Educational. Departments of Pedagogy, Fine Arts and Domestic Science, etc. Best for boys for: The moral conditions are the best. Located in clean old college town away from temptations, distractions and expenses of the city. Student life is clean and democratic. Life in dormitories is under faculty supervision. Boys are taught to be gentlemen by association with gentlemen. Southwestern is thorough in scholarship. Faculty one of the strongest in the South. Course of study vigorous and stimulating. Next term opens September 25. Reserve room now. For catalog address, Registrar, Southwestern University, Georgetown, Texas

SHOW CASES

Will give your business an air of distinction. Send us a trial order. We make all our Show Cases and Fixtures. "Buy it made in Texas." Write THE MAILANDER COMPANY, WACO SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

No Chance to Shine. "Githers must find it rather depressing to wear khaki." "Why so?" "He holds office in several lodges and has a collection of uniforms whose magnificence would shame an oriental potentate."

Ride your hobby, if you will, but don't play horse with your friend.

He Was Scotch Sure. The Tommies were strolling idly along the street when they chanced to gaze into an attractive shop window. Being soldiers, they both had an eye for a pretty girl, and there within the shop was a real winner.

"Sandy," whispered Mike, "shure, she's just the fairest colleen my eyes h've ever rested on. It's mysself that'll go in and buy something, an' perhaps she will have a smile for me." His companion came from 'ayont the Tweed,' as his answer proved. "T'll gang wi' ye," he said. "But, hoots, mon, ye neednae spend a bawbee. A' ye hev tae dae is tae ask fur change o' a shillin'!"

To Drive Out Malaria And Build Up The System Take the Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS chill TONIC. You know what you are taking, as the formula is printed on every label, showing it is Quinine and Iron in a tasteless form. The Quinine drives out malaria, the Iron builds up the system. 60 cents.

Fallen Greatness. "Lizzie does put on such airs. She says the young man she's engaged to is at work in the trenches." "I know that's strictly true. He's employed by a gas company."

WOMAN'S CROWNING GLORY is her hair. If yours is streaked with ugly, grizzled, gray hairs, use "La Creole" Hair Dressing and change it in the natural way. Price \$1.00.—Adv.

Pessimistic. "All Gaul was divided into three parts." "Automobilists, motorcyclists and pedestrians, I suppose."

Difficult to Distinguish. "Look sharp now for a periscope." "But the whole sea's so glassy, sir."—Baltimore American.

When a small boy isn't doing anything else he eats something.

When Your Eyes Need Care Try Murine Eye Remedy No Stinging—Just Eye Comfort. 50 cents at drugstore or mail. Write for Free Eye Book. MURINE EYE REMEDY CO., CHICAGO



University of Notre Dame NOTRE DAME, INDIANA Offers Complete Course in Agriculture Full courses also in Letters, Journalism, Library Science, Chemistry, Pharmacy, Medicine, Architecture, Commerce and Law.

MUL-EN-OL

The Household Antiseptic USE IT For Cuts or Burns After Shaving As a Mouth Wash



Hotel Waldorf 1302 Commerce St., DALLAS, TEXAS Centrally Located, European Style Rooms, Large and well ventilated. Bring your family. W. N. U., DALLAS, NO. 34-1917.

HORSE AND COW COMBINATION BARN

This Article Tells How to Put Up Such Structure With Little Waste.

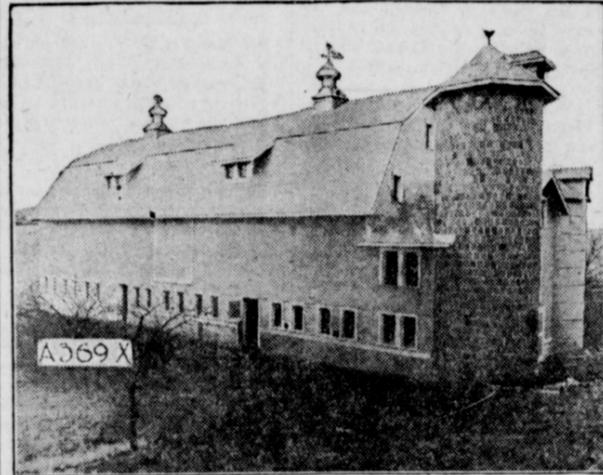
LIGHT AND AIR IN PLENTY

Best Possible Sanitary Condition of Utmost Importance in Housing Cattle That Produce First Grade Milk.

By WILLIAM A. RADFORD.

Mr. William A. Radford will answer questions and give advice FREE OF COST on all subjects pertaining to the subject of building work on the farm, for the readers of this paper. On account of his wide experience as Editor, Author and Manufacturer, he is, without doubt, the highest authority on all these subjects. Address all inquiries to William A. Radford, No. 1827 Prairie avenue, Chicago, Ill., and only inclose two-cent stamp for reply.

Combination barns are often necessary since they may be built at a lower cost per animal than two barns to give the same housing capacity. There is no objection to the combination barn, provided the horse stable and the cow stable are definitely separated, plenty of light is allowed to enter each part and an adequate ventilating system is installed. It is easier to provide for a number of horses in the cow barn than it is to furnish accommodations for a single team of horses, as would be the requirement



If the cow barn happened to be situated a considerable distance from the horse barn. At least one team of horses is usually needed handy to the cow barn, for one purpose or another, and when it is necessary to stable them in the cow barn, they must either be placed in open stalls, which is very poor practice, or a special inclosure must be provided for them, which brings in difficulties in ventilation and lighting.

Ordinarily, the combination barn has the stalls arranged along a central alley and a tight partition is built between the cow stable and the horse stable, sliding doors being provided at the alleys. The method of placing the cow stalls will determine how the alleys are to be used. In case the cows face in, the central alley will be a feeding alley, and it will undoubtedly be continued through the horse stable, where the horses will also face in. The alleys along the outer walls will then be litter alleys, and these also will continue through the other part of the barn. The most important reason why the two parts of the barn should be arranged in the same way is that if modern barn equipment is used, its installation is very much simplified if the barn is arranged symmetrically as far as the alleys are concerned. In a combina-

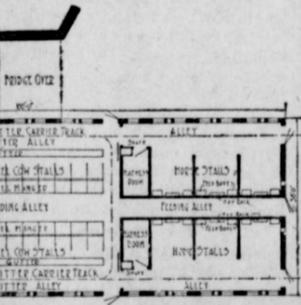
stable in the combination barn will be smaller than the cow stable, so that if the grain feed is stored, say, near the partition between the two parts of the barn, it would probably be unnecessary to install feed carrier equipment in the horse stable.

It is of primary importance that the cow stable be given special attention, with the object of assuring the best possible sanitary conditions, which infers that lighting and ventilation must be carefully treated. It is assumed that at least a part of the animals housed in the barn will be dairy cows, and it is for this reason that the requirements just named are so necessary. Indeed, it is a far-sighted precaution to provide the best there is in lighting and ventilation in any barn in which animals of any kind are housed, for the money spent in this way is returned many times in the improved health of the animals, which means higher sale value, and in the greater ease with which the work in the barn may be done. The secret of maintaining good, clean air in the stables is, of course, in removing the animal waste as quickly as possible. Even extra effort in this direction, however, cannot accomplish successful results if advantage is not taken of the germ-destroying action of sunlight and if an effort is not made to quickly remove what polluted air must of necessity be circulated through the stable due to contact with polluting agents necessarily present temporarily, and to remove the spent air coming from the lungs of the animals. These things have to be mentioned as having special bearing on the dairy cow stable. There are two good reasons why the horse stable should be taken care of as effectively. The most important reason is that it protects the investment in these horses. The lesser reason is that it prevents

air-pollution in the cow stables by possible transmission from the horse stable. The larger combination barn shown in the accompanying illustrations is an example of good practice in the design of a building of this sort. The main barn is divided in the ratio desired, the cow stalls are arranged to face in and the alleys are extended through, in the manner already mentioned. The silos are built a short distance from the end of the barn proper, and a connecting structure is built in, which is used for the feed room and the mixing room. Although not shown on the plan, most owners would probably desire a feed carrier track through the center of the barn from the feed mixing room to the far end of the building. In addition to the twenty single cow stalls, which should be equipped with modern sanitary walls and stanchions, there are four pens which may be used for any special purpose desired or necessary. The double horse stalls are used and harness rooms are as nearly dust-proof as it is possible to make them.

Plenty of large windows are shown on the perspective view. It will be noticed that there is a small opening in the wall of the building at the bottom of each pair of windows. These

openings are the inlet openings of the fresh-air flues. These flues are built into the wall up to the hay mow and are then extended over to the center alley, where the fresh air is liberated near the heads of the animals. The intake openings are fitted with wire-mesh screens. The foul air flues complete the ventilating system up to the ventilators themselves. These flues take the foul air from near the floor at four points adjacent to the litter alleys. Each of the two ventilators serves two of the flues. By-pass openings may be placed in the flues near the ventilators so that the same ventilators will handle the air in the hay mow.



The Hebrew word that has been translated as glass occurs only in Job 28:17, where, in the authorized version, it is rendered crystal.

INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

By REV. F. B. FITZWATER, D. D., Teacher of English Bible in the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago. (Copyright, 1917, Western Newspaper Union.)

LESSON FOR AUGUST 26.

THE CAPTIVITY OF JUDAH.

LESSON TEXT—II Kings 25:1-21. GOLDEN TEXT—As I live, saith the Lord God, I have no pleasure in the death of the wicked.—Ezekiel 33:11.

Many years after the kingdom of Israel was taken captive by the Assyrians, Judah was carried away to Babylon. Judah's captivity was in three stages, covering about twenty years. The first deportation was while Jehoiakim was king. Daniel and his friends went into captivity at this time (Dan. 1:1-6). The seventy years captivity dates from this time. The second deportation was while Jehoiakim reigned. Most likely Ezekiel was carried away with this second company (Ezekiel 1:1-2). The third deportation, some twelve years after the second, is the one described in our lesson. At this time the greater part of the nation was removed to Babylon. Only the poor and unimportant were left. Jerusalem itself was destroyed at this time.

I. Jerusalem Besieged (vv. 1-3). Zedekiah owed his kingship to the king of Babylon (chapter 24:17), who appointed him to the throne after the removal of Jehoiakim. His name was changed from Mattaniah to Zedekiah. He was not a good man (24:19). Though having his position by the will of the king of Babylon, he rebelled against that king. He thought that by the aid of the surrounding nations, especially Egypt, he could throw off the yoke of Babylon. Jeremiah counseled submission, but the king refused. Nebuchadnezzar came in person with all his host and laid siege to Jerusalem, even building forts against it (v. 1). This siege lasted for about a year and a half. For a while during that period the Chaldean army withdrew because of the appearance of Pharaoh's army (Jer. 37:5). Shut off from help from without, the Jews soon were famishing for want of bread. The horrors of this famine were awful. For a description of it one should read the book of Lamentations. Mothers ate their own children (Lam. 4:10). The richest, even ladies in silken robes, wandered about searching for scraps in the dung heaps (Lam. 4:5-10). Their tongues clave to the roofs of their mouths, and their skins were dried up. Added to these horrors were murderous fights between parties among the Jews. Some wanted to surrender; others insisted upon holding out.

II. Zedekiah's Flight (vv. 4-7). At length the city was broken up, and the king and his warriors fled by night. His thought was to escape to the country beyond the Jordan. The Chaldean army overtook him, scattered his army, and carried Zedekiah to Riblah, where Nebuchadnezzar had his headquarters. Here judgment was passed upon him. In his trial it was shown that his solemn oath of allegiance to the Chaldeans had been broken, thus showing himself a traitor (II Chron. 36:13). As a punishment for his treachery his own sons were slain before him, his eyes put out (v. 7), and he himself carried to Babylon, where he remained a prisoner till his death (Jer. 52:11). In this we have a marvelous fulfillment of prophecy (Ezekiel 12:3), which says that Zedekiah shall be taken to Babylon and die there and yet not see the city. He could not see it because his eyes were out. Let us learn from this that that which God says will surely come to pass, even though we cannot explain its details.

III. The Destruction of the City (vv. 8-10). Not only were the people taken captive, but the city itself was subjected to the utmost rigors of war. They plundered the house of the Lord, the palace and the houses of the rich, and then consigned them to the flames (v. 9). They even broke down the walls of Jerusalem (v. 10) and massacred many of the people (Lam. 2:3, 4).

IV. Disposition of the Inhabitants and the Contents of the Temple (vv. 11-21). 1. The inhabitants (vv. 11, 12). They were divided into two classes, those who had deserted to the Babylonians during the siege and those who were found inside of the city at the time it was taken. Many doubtless deserted to the Babylonians during this siege, as even Jeremiah was arrested on this charge (Jer. 38:13). The poor of the land were left to be vine dressers and husbandmen. The wealthy and influential were taken away, as they would be of value to the conquering nation; besides they would be a menace if left behind. The poor were left because pauper captives would be a burden.

Besides it was very undesirable for the land to lie in waste, as then they could not exact tribute from it. To that end encouragement was given by the Babylonians as "vineyards and fields" were given to the poor.

2. The contents of the temple (vv. 13-21). From the temple which had been twice plundered before (II Chron. 36:7, 10), such of gold, silver and bronze vessels as still remained were taken, even the great pillars of the golden sea. The captives and the treasures were delivered to Nebuchadnezzar at Riblah, where more than threescore of men were killed (vv. 19-21).

IN BED FOR WEEKS

Mr. Smith Was in a Bad Way, But Doan's Restored Him to the Best of Health.

In April, 1916, Louis Smith, 90 New St., Hackensack, N. J., said: "Words fail to describe the misery I endured from kidney complaint. In my work I have to do a lot of heavy lifting and this weakened my kidneys. At first I only suffered from a slight backache, but almost before I knew it, I was all bent over like a man a hundred years old."

"I began to grow worse as the days passed and finally I had to take to my bed where I remained for weeks. My head pained terribly and my back just throbbled. I was always dizzy and it seemed as if everything was whirling. Little black specks came before my eyes and I also suffered from painful and scanty passages of the kidney secretions. Everything seemed dark and dreary."

"Doan's Kidney Pills completely cured me and I am enjoying the best of health now."

"Sworn to before me." E. M. Johnson, Justice Peace. On March 19, 1917, Mr. Smith added: "I will never forget what Doan's have done for me. Whenever I catch cold on my kidneys, I can depend on Doan's to fix me up all right."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

A GUARANTEED REMEDY FOR HAY FEVER--ASTHMA

Your MONEY WILL BE REFUNDED by your druggist without any question if this remedy does not benefit every case of Asthma, Bronchitis and the Asthmatic symptoms accompanying Hay Fever, no matter how violent the attacks or obstinate the case.

DR. R. SCHIFFMANN'S ASTHMADOR AND ASTHMADOR CIGARETTES positively gives INSTANT RELIEF in every case and has permanently cured thousands who had been considered incurable after having tried every other means of relief in vain. Asthmatics should avail themselves of this guarantee offer through their own druggist. Buy a 5-cent package and present this announcement to your druggist. You will be the sole judge as to whether you are benefited and the druggist will give you back your money if you are not. We do not know of any fairer proposition which we could make.

R. Schiffmann Co., Proprietors, St. Paul, Minn.

TYPHOID

is no more necessary than Smallpox. Army experience has demonstrated the almost miraculous efficacy, and harmlessness, of Antityphoid Vaccination.

Be vaccinated NOW by your physician, you and your family. It is more vital than house insurance. Ask your physician, druggist, or send for "Have you had Typhoid?" telling of Typhoid Vaccine, results from us, and danger from Typhoid Carriers. THE CUTLER LABORATORY, BERKELEY, CAL. THE CUTLER VACCINE & SERUM WORKS, U. S. DEPT. LICENSEE

PATENTS

Watson E. Coleman, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D. C. Advice and costs free. Rates reasonable. Highest references. Best service. All things come to him who waits—bad luck included.

One bottle of Dr. Peery's "Dead Shot" will save you money, time, anxiety and health. One dose sufficient, without Castor Oil in addition. Adv.

Some Remembrance. "Did your late uncle remember you when he made his will?" "I guess so; he left me out."

A FRIEND IN NEED. For instant relief and speedy cure use "Mississippi" Diarrhea Cordial. Price 50c and 25c.—Adv.

Remedying Matters. "What do you think of this raw recruit exhibition?" "For raw recruits it was very well done."

Excruciatingly Suggestive. In a mining district where a great many soldiers are now quartered they are very kind to the Tommies and get up all sorts of entertainments, for their benefit. The other week-end the following notice was posted upon the door of the hall:

"On Saturday evening a potato pie supper will be given to the soldiers in the district. Subject for Sunday evening, 'A Night of Agony.'"

A Temperance Lesson. Newton Newkirk, who has been amusing newspaper readers for a number of years by chronicling the doings of rural folks in the Bingville Bugle, studies local color in the Maine villages during his vacation periods.

On one of the trips he formed the acquaintance of an old resident who had the reputation of being inordinately fond of cider.

Uncle Hex presented a sorry spectacle when Newton him in the road one day.

"What has happened to you?" inquired the writer.

"I wuz up t' Sam Spradin's and drank a couple o' dippers o' hard cider."

"I see."

"On my way back here I crossed the bridge over Gander creek—"

"Uh-huh!"

"And just as I reached the middle of the bridge I heard a splash!"

"What made the splash?"

"Well, there was a man foundering about in the water, and when I looked around to see who it wuz, durned if it wuzn't me."—Pittsburgh Chronicle.

POST TOASTIES

are bully good for any meal and for all the family



HAS NO MORE NEED FOR WALKING CANE

Retired Merchant Kept Going Down Hill for Six Long Years He Declares.

GAINS FIFTEEN POUNDS

Nothing Ever Helped Him Until He Started Taking Tanlac—Declares His Health Has Been Restored.

William Ludwig, a retired merchant and prominent citizen of Port Arthur, Texas, made the following statement recently.

"For six years I had suffered from indigestion and painful disordered kidneys and fell off until I was little more than a skeleton. I had no appetite and what little I did eat felt like a lump of lead in my stomach. I was so bloated that I could hardly get my breath and I couldn't button my clothes. My kidneys disturbed me so I could scarcely sleep at all. I was so weak I had to walk with a stick and I couldn't go up the steps at all. I had a nervous cough, my limbs ached and I hurt all over.

"I bought Tanlac because I was a sick man and now I'm praising it because it has restored my health. I have gained fifteen pounds in weight, can eat anything I want and sleep as well as I ever could. My cough has disappeared, the gas has stopped forming on my stomach and my kidneys are in good shape. Nothing bothers me now and I have no more use for my walking stick. I have taken many different kinds of medicine and have been coming to San Antonio every year for my health, but nothing seemed to do me much good until I took Tanlac."

There is a Tanlac dealer in your town.

Too many cushions on the bottom may account for the room at the top.

There is No Art in Taking Medicine. Just follow directions on every bottle of "Plantation" Chill Tonic and see how quickly those dreadful chills will leave you. It leaves the liver in healthy condition and yet contains no Calomel. Price 50c.—Adv.

Over the Teacups. "I'd kick about this egg if you weren't so pretty," said the guest. "I think you are rather fresh," said the waitress. "Maybe so, but the egg isn't."

A Waiting Game. "By the way, old man, how is your suit with Miss Roxley progressing?" "Slowly. I'm playing a waiting game just now." "A waiting game?" "Yes; I'm waiting for her to change her mind."

Fastened On. It was small Gilbert's sad fate to suffer the attention of a well-meaning doctor. "Put out your tongue, my boy," the persecutor said. Gilbert feebly produced the tip of that member. "No, no, put it right out," the doctor said. "I can't," he cried, "it's fastened on."—New York Globe.

As in Much Greater Cases. "Johnny, it was very wrong for you and the boy next door to fight." "We couldn't help it, father." "Could you not have settled your differences by a peaceful discussion of the matter, calling in the assistance of unprejudiced opinion, if need be?" "No, father. He was sure he could whip me and I was sure I could whip him, and there was only one way to find out."—Washington Star.



A Call to Your Grocer will bring a package of Grape-Nuts

A delicious, healthful food and a pleasing lesson in economy.

"There's a Reason"

SELF HELPS for the NEW SOLDIER

By a United States Army Officer

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CHANGING THE DIRECTION OF THE COMPANY.

Being in column of squads and wishing to change direction, without resorting to the more cumbersome company front—cumbersome if the space is limited, and altogether impossible if marching on a road—the captain of a company gives the command, "Column right (left), MARCH!" This is executed as "right turn," in the school of the squad; that is, each rank turns to the right separately on a moving pivot and continues the advance without further command.

Being in line if it is desired to form column of squads, and at the same time to change direction, one command is as follows: "Squads right (left), column right (left), MARCH!" In this case, the extreme right squad initiates (that is, begins) the column right as soon as it has completed "squad right," and the other squads follow with a right turn. As far as the change of direction is concerned, it will be seen that the same result could be obtained by "Squads right (left) about," which would completely reverse the front; but this would bring the company back in line, exactly as before, whereas the present requirement was to throw the company into column of squads as well as to change the direction.

The second of the two ways in which a company in line can form column of squads and at the same time change direction is indicated by the command, "Right (left) by squads, MARCH!" At "march," the right squad marches forward; the remainder of the company executes "squads right, columns left," and follows the right squad.

Being either in line or in column of squads, if it is desired either to face or march to the rear, these commands may be given: "Squads right (left) about, MARCH!" or "Squads right (left) about, MARCH, . . . Company, HALT!" In the first command, it is apparent that the march is to continue, but in the opposite direction. In the second command, the company is to halt as soon as the movement is completed, and results in a simple reversal of front.

If the company is in column of squads, the file closers—that is, additional men not included in the formation of squads—turn toward the column and take their posts, which continue to be on the right of the line, at the end of the front rank of a squad. If the company is in line, the file closers dart through the nearest interval between squads and take their posts in the rear of the company.

To march the company to the rear for a few paces, "backward march" may be given, but it is difficult for a company in line to keep the line dressed in this movement, so that it is preferable to command, "About FACE . . . Forward, MARCH!"

In this case, no further movement is executed until the line is brought to a halt and faced to its original front. If in line, the guides place themselves in the rear rank, which has now become the front rank. The file closers, facing about, maintain their relative positions. The reason that the guides change to the rear rank is that their business at all times is to steady and "guide" the line. In order to do this, they must be in the rank which at the moment is leading the company.

THE TWO MOST DIFFICULT COMPANY MOVEMENTS.

We now come to the two company movements most difficult to master. They are "on right (left) into line" and "right (left) front into line." Both movements must be executed from column of squads.

To form the company line on the right or left from the column of squads, the command is "Column right (left) into line, MARCH, . . . Company, HALT, . . . FRONT!" At the preparatory command from the captain, the corporal of the first squad gives his own men the command "Right turn;" the corporals of the remaining squads give "Forward." At "MARCH," the command of execution, the leading squad turns to the right on a moving pivot—that is, it executes "right turn" as taught in the school of the squad.

The command "Halt" is given when the first squad has advanced the desired distance in the new direction. This command is from the captain, and will halt the whole company squad by squad as the successive squads place themselves in line with the leading squad. As soon as the halt is executed by the first squad, the corporal commands, "Right dress," and the squad continues to remain at the right dress until the movement is completed by the company and the captain orders "front" after confirming the company alignments.

The other squads, in obedience to the command "Forward" from their corporals, continue to march straight to the front until each is opposite the right of its place in the line. It then executes "right turn" at the command of the corporal, and is halted on the line at the command of its corporal. He then gives, "Right dress." Each unit in succession dresses on the first unit in line.

To form company line in the front, when in column of squads, the command would be, "Right (left) front into line, MARCH, . . . Company, Halt, . . . FRONT!" At the preparatory command, all corporals, ex-

cept the leader of the first squad, give the command "Right oblique." If the company is at a halt, the corporal of the first squad commands "Forward." (He usually does this anyhow, for the instruction of his men, although it is not required by the regulations if the column already is marching.) At "march," the command of execution from the captain, the first squad moves straight to the front, while the rear squads each oblique as indicated.

When the leading squad has advanced the desired distance, the command "halt" is given by the captain. The squad halts, and the corporal gives the command "Left dress." Each of the succeeding squads when, by obliquing to the right, has reached a point opposite its position in line, marches "forward" at the command of its corporal; by this command it is also halted and executes the "left dress." All dress on the first unit in line.

In this movement it will be observed that there is a variation from the usual series of commands. For example, although we have "right front into line," followed by "right oblique," this is not brought to a conclusion with "right dress," but with "LEFT DRESS." Yet the reason is obvious to the new soldier when he has once seen the movement executed. The leading squad, remember, marches straight to the front and the other squads oblique to the right. This causes them to form on the right of the first squad when they reach the line. The first squad, therefore—the squad upon which all the others are to dress—is now established at their left. It is necessary, then to give "left dress."

TURNING THE COMPANY ON A FIXED OR A MOVING PIVOT.

The company, like the squad, is turned on a fixed or a moving pivot. If a battalion or regiment is in line and it is desired to throw it into column of companies, the movement is executed by "companies right (left)" upon the same principle as "squads right (left)." Likewise, if the battalion or regiment is in column of companies, and it is desired to turn it back into a line of the battalion or regiment, the commands "companies right (left)" will bring about this result, just as "squads right (left)" will give the company front from a column of squads. Also, companies in column, like squads in column, turn on a moving pivot, when it is desired simply to change direction without interrupting the march.

On the fixed pivot, the commands are, "Company Right (Left), MARCH, . . . Company, HALT," or, "Forward, MARCH" as the case may be.

At "march," following the preparatory command, "Company right," the right flank man in the front rank faces squarely to the right and marks time. The other front rank men oblique to the right, place themselves abreast of the pivot man and also mark time.

In the rear rank, the third man from the right—No. 3 of the first squad, as in "squad right"—moves straight to the front until in the rear of his front rank man. He is followed in column by the second and first men from the right in the rear rank. These likewise place themselves in the rear of their front rank men, when all face to the right in marching and mark time.

The remaining men of the rear rank move straight to the front for two paces, then oblique to the right, place themselves abreast of the third man, cover their respective file leaders, and mark time. The right guide steps back, takes post on the flank and marks time. The fourth command, "march," if it is desired to go forward—or "halt," if the company is to come to a stop—is given when the last or end man of the company is one pace to the rear of the new line.

The command "halt," however, may be given at any time after the movement begins; but only those halt who are in the new position. Each of the others halts upon arriving on the line, aligns himself to the right and executes front without further command.

A change of direction on a moving pivot is executed, as has been said, substantially the same way as in the school of the squad. The command is "Right (Left) Turn, MARCH . . . Forward, MARCH!" The difference between right turn in the school of the company and the school of the squad is that with the company the men do not glance toward the marching flank, and all take the full step only at the command, "Forward, MARCH." Meanwhile, all those who have reached the line abreast of the pivot man take the half step of 15 inches. Each rear rank man obliquing on the same ground as his file leader.

In the school of the company, little has been said, so far, of the platoon. The reason is that the squad movements, in the nature of things, come first in the instruction and also because the platoon movements—since platoons are composed of from two to four squads—are simply company movements on a smaller scale and executed in the same manner.

To Protect the Shins. Did you ever come home in the dark and break your shins against the furniture while groping for the electric light switch? Doubtless you did. To save shins and furniture and needless profanity an electrical manufacturing company has perfected a light switch that glows in the dark. The effect is secured by the inclusion of a very minute quantity of a radium compound in one of the screws of the switch. When the light is turned on by a pull chain the radium is included in the little ball on the end of the chain. Either of these devices shines like a tiny star in a dark room.

Lemon Juice For Freckles

Girls! Make beauty lotion at home for a few cents. Try it!

Squeeze the juice of two lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white, shake well, and you have a quarter pint of the best freckle and tan lotion, and complexion beautifier, at very, very small cost.

Your grocer has the lemons and any drug store or toilet counter will supply three ounces of orchard white for a few cents. Massage this sweetly fragrant lotion into the face, neck, arms and hands each day and see how freckles and blemishes disappear and how clear, soft and white the skin becomes. Yes! It is harmless. Adv.

Chances Too Great.

Benjamin Birdie, the famous jockey, was taken suddenly ill and the trainer advised him to visit a doctor in the town.

"He'll put you right in a jiffy," he said.

The same evening he found Benjamin lying curled up in the stables, kicking his legs about in agony.

"Hello, Benny! Haven't you been to the doctor?"

"Yes."

"Well, didn't he do you any good?"

"I didn't go in. When I got to his house there was a brass plate on his door—'Dr. Kurem. Ten to one'—and I wasn't going to monkey with a long shot like that."

SKIN TORTURES

That Itch, Burn and Scale Quickly Relieved by Cuticura—Trial Free.

It takes about ten minutes to prove that a hot bath with Cuticura Soap followed by gentle applications of Cuticura Ointment will afford relief and point to speedy healing of eczemas, itchings and irritations. They are ideal for all toilet purposes.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Parental Confidence.

"So your boy Josh is in the army?"

"Yes," replied Mrs. Cornstossel; "and we're mighty proud of him."

"Suppose something happens to him."

"Well, we haven't thought much about that. When Josh gets into a mix-up he 'most invariably ain't the one that something happens to."

HEADACHES

This distressing ailment should be relieved at once and save strain on Nervous System. CAPUDINE gives quick relief. It's a liquid—Pleasant to take.—Adv.

Right.

"What is the plural of 'man,' Johnny?" asked the teacher of a small pupil.

"Men," promptly answered Johnny. "Correct," said the teacher. "And what is the plural of 'baby'?"

"Twins," was the unexpected reply.

No man ever traveled over the road to fame on a pass.

DEATH LURKS IN A WEAK HEART, so on first symptoms use "Renovine" and be cured. Delay and pay the awful penalty. "Renovine" is the heart's remedy. Price \$1.00 and 50c.—Adv.

Wedlock rhymes with deadlock. You can draw your own conclusions.

UGH! CALOMEL MAKES YOU SICK! CLEAN LIVER AND BOWELS MY WAY

Just Once! Try "Dodson's Liver Tone" When Bilious, Constipated, Headachy—Don't Lose a Day's Work.

Live up your sluggish liver! Feel fine and cheerful; make your work a pleasure; be vigorous and full of ambition. But take no nasty, dangerous calomel, because it makes you sick and you may lose a day's work.

Calomel is mercury or quicksilver, which causes necrosis of the bones. Calomel crashes into sour bile like dynamite, breaking it up. That's when you feel that awful nausea and cramping.

Listen to me! If you want to enjoy the nicest, gentlest liver and bowel cleansing you ever experienced just take a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone. Your druggist or dealer sells you a 50 cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone under my personal money-

back guarantee that each spoonful will clean your sluggish liver better than a dose of nasty calomel and that it won't make you sick.

Dodson's Liver Tone is real liver medicine. You'll know it next morning, because you will wake up feeling fine, your liver will be working, your headache and dizziness gone, your stomach will be sweet and your bowels regular.

Dodson's Liver Tone is entirely vegetable, therefore harmless and cannot salivate. Give it to your children. Millions of people are using Dodson's Liver Tone instead of dangerous calomel now. Your druggist will tell you that the sale of calomel is almost stopped entirely here.—Adv.

WINTERSMITH'S CHILL TONIC

Sold for 47 years. For Malaria, Chills and Fever. Also a Fine General Strengthening Tonic. 50c and \$1.00 at all Drug Stores.

Last year England's tobacco bill was increased by a little more than 21 per cent.

Acid Stomach, Heartburn and Nausea quickly disappear with the use of Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills. Send for trial box to 372 Pearl St., New York. Adv.

Makes for Trouble.

"Just because a man is always giving himself away is no sign that he has a generous disposition."

"No, it isn't. But unless his wife has a generous disposition it's a sign that he is always in hot water."

The Effects of Habit.

In reward of faithful political service an ambitious saloonkeeper was appointed police magistrate.

"What's the charge again this man?" he inquired when the first case was called.

"Drunk, yer honor," said the policeman.

The newly-made magistrate frowned upon the trembling defendant.

"Guilty or not guilty?" he demanded.

"Sure, sir," faltered the accused, "I never drink a drop."

"Have a cigar then," urged his honor persuasively, as he absently polished the top of the judicial desk with his pocket handkerchief.

Of Course They Would.

Election time was drawing near and an enthusiastic politician was addressing his constituents in a frenzied speech. Not a few of his assertions, reduced to cold thought, were diametrically opposed to one another, but such proposal was received with applause. A judge turned to his companion and said: This reminds me of the Irish leader who was cheering his men on to battle. "Min," said he, "ye are on the verge of battle, an' I want to ask ye before ye start, will ye fight or will ye run?"

"We will," came a chorus of eager replies.

"Which will ye do?" says he.

"We will not," says they.

"Aha, thank ye, my min," says he.

"I thought ye would."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Slam on Mother.

Phoebe was bored. In all the six long years of her life she had never spent such a miserable day. Circumstances at last grew too strong for her, and she cried. She was one of those who do not often cry, but when they do make no secret of it. In short Phoebe nearly lifted the nursery ceiling off.

Upstairs came Phoebe's mother, already dressed in her smartest clothes ready to have ten with a friend.

"Why, what's the matter, Phoebe?" she asked.

Phoebe standing helplessly in the middle of the nursery only howled the louder, and refused to see anything cheerful about life.

"Just look, Phoebe, at that ugly little face in the looking glass?"

Phoebe immediately became interested and stopped crying.

"Which one, mamma?" she asked.—Pearson's Weekly.

His Uncertainty.

Farmer Honk—Say, Lem!

Farmer Stackrider—Har!

Farmer Honk—Is that 'ere solemn, spectacled young nephew of yours that's been called "Doctor," and goes around lookin' as wise as a treeful of owls, a dentist, a boss doctor a corn-curer, a layer-on-of-hands, a presidin' elder, or just a common doctor that saws bones and kills folks?

Signer Himself.

"You'll find my ancestor's name on the Declaration of Independence."

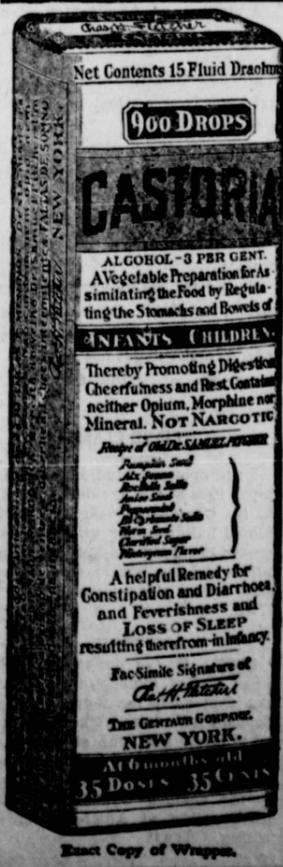
"Well, you'll find my name on the registration lists of 1917."—Kansas City Journal.

STOP THOSE SHARP SHOOTING PAINS "Femina" is the wonder worker for all female disorders. Price \$1.00 and 50c. Adv.

All the world loves a winner, but not for long after the winner becomes a loser.

If your eyes smart or feel scalded, Roman Eye Balsam applied upon going to bed is just the thing to relieve them. Adv.

A good memory is less desirable than the forgetfulness of injuries.



Net Contents 15 Fluid Ounces

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT.

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food by Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Thereby Promoting Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC

Prepared by

Wm. C. Little & Co., Inc.

NEW YORK

A helpful Remedy for Constipation and Diarrhoea, and Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP resulting therefrom in Infancy.

Facsimile Signature of

Wm. C. Little & Co., Inc.

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At 6 months old 35 Doses 35 CENTS

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Children Cry For Fletcher's CASTORIA

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of



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The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Heap big mileage! Built-In!

If you could dissect a SAVAGE you'd realize that "Heap big mileage" is built into it during every minute of its manufacture.

Highest grade rubber and fabric, perfectly balanced design, most careful workmanship, full size.

A tough road-gripping tread—neither so heavy as to produce stiffness, nor so light as to give insufficient protection to the carcass. Cushion of high-grade resilient rubber—absorbs the road shocks. Sidewall specially shaped to distribute flexing—will not crack. And the carcass—finest Sea Island cotton, long fibre, tough, triple tested, built up layer by layer into the strongest carcass that can be made.

High mileage, low cost per mile. Sold from factory to you through our own distributors. Watch for the red Savage sign.

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BAIRD, TEXAS



SAVAGE GRAFINITE TUBES

The only tubes that have graphite vulcanized into the surface. Prevents deterioration, sticking, friction and heating. Makes soapstone unnecessary. Lengthens life of tube.

BAIRD GIRL HONORED.

Dr. Cosette Faust of Baird has been appointed adjunct professor of English on the faculty of Southern Methodist University for the coming year. She received most of her preparatory training at the Denton and Sam Houston Normal Schools, and took her undergraduate work at the University of Texas and the Polytechnic College, where she specialized in music and English. In 1912 she received her M. A. degree from the University of Texas, having made a special study of Anglo-Saxon.

The next year she entered Radcliffe College in order to take work toward the degree of doctor of philosophy under the Harvard English faculty. This was supplemented by summer courses in Columbia University and the University of Pennsylvania. She received her Ph.

D. degree from the examining board of modern languages of Harvard University in June, 1916, the subject of her dissertation being "The Original English Writings of Thomas May." The preparation of this thesis involved research which made Dr. Faust an authority on the literature of the early seventeenth century.

Most of the past college year Dr. Faust spent in continuing her research and preparing her work for publication and in studying music in the College of Music in Cincinnati. She has almost completed a collection of Anglo-Saxon poems translated into the original meter in collaboration with Dr. Stith Thompson of the University of Texas. Dr. Faust has been teaching this summer in the summer school of the Southern Methodist University.—Dallas News.

Miss Faust is in Baird for a short visit with relatives and friends; but will leave in a few days for Wash-

ington, D. C. where she will spend the rest of the summer helping translate French and German letters in the War department.

ADMIRAL NEWS.

Aug. 21.—We are having some fine showers in this part of the country, which we appreciate, but hope for a good rain soon.

We had no preaching Sunday night on account of the clouds, but we enjoyed a fine sermon Sunday morning on "Sowing and Reaping."

Mrs. G. W. Black and Mrs. O. L. Black and children spent a few days last week on the Bayou with relatives.

Mrs. Ruby Heslep and children of Putnam are visiting relatives here. Mrs. Sanders and daughters, Miss Sallie, and Mrs. Tommie Street were the guests of Mrs. S. D. Dunlap at Belle Plains yesterday.

A number of Admiralties attended the picnic at Cross Plains last Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Jones returned last week from a three weeks visit in the west.

Archie Shelton and wife of Llano are the guests of J. M. Shelton and family.

Mrs. H. C. Martin is visiting her sons, Abb and Lon, out in the Plains country.

People are beginning to pick their cotton, but don't think it will take them long as some say that it will take 20 acres to get one bale.

"Dottie Dimple."

PIANO CLASS

I will open my studio on Monday, Sept. 10th at the residence of Mrs. A. B. Chambers, near the Public School building and will be glad to receive the patronage of my former pupils and any others who contemplate taking piano lessons.

37-1f Wren Foy

LOST.—One of our customers lost a bad case of stomach trouble: He lost it by using the thorough bowel cleanser Adler-i-ka. The first spoonful relieved his sour stomach, gas and constipation. A dose twice-a-week keeps him feeling fine and guards against appendicitis. The quick action of Adler-i-ka is surprising. Try it.

25-1f. Terrell's Drug Store.

JUST THE THING FOR DIARRHOEA

"About two years ago I had a severe attack of diarrhoea which lasted over a week," writes W. C. Jones, Buford, N. D. "I became so weak that I could not stand upright. A druggist recommended Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. The first dose relieved me and within two days I was as well as ever." Many druggists recommend this remedy because they know that it is reliable. For sale by ALL DEALERS.

35-5t-adv.

Just received a new list of clubbing prices on all magazines. Phone me about the magazines you want and I can save you money on them—Miss John Gilliland, Phone Nos. 6 and 8.

THE BEST LAXATIVE

To keep the bowels laxative is outdoor exercise. Drink a full glass of water half an hour before breakfast and eat an abundance of fruit and vegetables, also establish a regular habit and be sure that your bowels move once each day. When a medicine is needed take Chamberlain's Tablets. They are pleasant to take and mild and gentle in effect. For sale by ALL DEALERS.

35-5t-adv.

MUSIC CLASS

I wish to announce to my friends and former patrons that I will teach piano and violin at my home in west Baird, beginning when the Public School opens.

Mrs. V. E. Hill.

35-5t-adv.

CURE FOR CHOLERA MORBUS

"When our little boy, now seven years old, was a baby he was cured of cholera morbus by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy," writes Mrs. Sidney Simmons, Fair Haven, N. Y. "Since then other members of my family have used this valuable medicine for colic and bowel troubles with good satisfaction and I gladly endorse it as a remedy of exceptional merit." For Sale by ALL DEALERS.

35-5t-adv.

PIANO CLASS

I will begin my piano class at the opening of public school, studio at Mrs. Eberts. I will appreciate the patronage of all my former pupils and any others.

Sincerely,
Lora Franklin

LIVER TROUBLE

"I am bothered with liver trouble about twice a year," writes Joe Dingman, Webster City, Iowa. "I have pains in my side and back and an awful soreness in my stomach. I heard of Chamberlain's Tablets and tried them. By the time I had used half a bottle of them I was feeling fine and had no signs of pain." For sale by ALL DEALERS.

35-5t-adv.

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TRUTH

As its advertisement—so the car. An honest announcement goes with an honest car. Truth is the eternal test. You will never read a Chevrolet statement making any extravagant claim. True, we have claimed certain qualities for our car—superior motor-power, easy riding comfort, low cost of upkeep—but we have always been prepared to support our statements with the proof. We claim that the Chevrolet model—now as always—stands for the highest motor value in its price class. Test our statement—see the Chevrolet car, ride in it. You will find—as thousands of others have—that we have spoken the truth.

1918 Model Touring Car \$685.00 Delivered

1918 Model Roadster \$670.00 Delivered

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FRIDAY NIGHT, EACH WEEK

Fox Feature

SATURDAY NIGHT, EACH WEEK

"The Seven Deadly Sins---Wrath"

MONDAY, AUG. 27TH

"Honorable Algy"---5 Parts

"His Pride and Shame"---Comedy

TUESDAY AND THURSDAY NIGHT EACH WEEK

"Blue Bird" Photo Plays

WEDNESDAY NIGHT, EACH WEEK

Fox Feature

Coming Monday, Sept. 3rd.

Wm. S. Hart in "Devil's Double"

a Five Part Triangle Feature

also a Two Part Comedy

"Village Vampire"

ADMISSION 10 & 15 CTS.

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THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Touring Car \$395.60

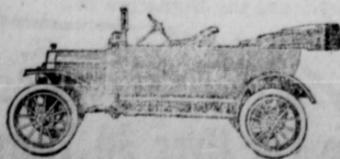
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