

The Dolores News.

CHAS. A. JONES, Editor and Publisher. RICO, COLORADO.

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Leading Circulation of South Colorado.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

United States Officials.

Senators: T. M. Bowen, N. P. Hill. Member of Congress: J. B. Belford, Moses Hallett. District Judge: Walter Smith. Marshal: Edward F. Bishop. Clerk of Court: E. L. Johnston.

State Officials.

Governor: J. B. Grant. Lieutenant-Governor: W. H. Myer. Secretary of State: Melvin Edwards. Auditor: J. C. Abbott. Treasurer: J. F. Walden. Supt. Public Instruction: J. C. Shattuck. Attorney-General: D. F. Urmy. Adjutant-General: S. A. Shepard. Private Sec'y to Gov.: N. P. Babcock.

County Officials.

Sheriff: David Swickhimer. Clerk and Recorder: W. L. Hull. Treasurer: A. H. Munde. Judge: E. A. Robinson. School Superintendent: O. H. Taylor. Assessor: H. Danton. Surveyor: J. F. Wannemaker. Coroner: A. A. Shell. Justices of the Peace: R. C. Darling, J. P. Norton, J. J. Heffernan. Constables: John Garland, N. J. Bradley. Commissioners: H. Cahn, W. G. Barnett.

Town Officials.

Mayor: William J. Cox. Daniel R. Clay, John Elder. Trustees: S. W. Bartlett, C. J. Bang, George O. Gilbert. Treasurer: George Nolte. Night Watchman: J. J. Heffernan.

Postoffice Directory.

SOUTHERN AND EASTERN MAIL. Arrives... 6 p. m. | Departs... 7 a. m. OFFICE HOURS. Postoffice open from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays from 11 to 12 a. m. REGISTRY AND MONEY ORDERS. Registry and money order windows open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Mail going south and east closes at 6.45 a. m. D. A. McGRAW, P. M.

Lodge Directory.

SILVER CRESCENT LODGE NO. 10. Holds its regular meetings at the hall on Wednesday evenings at 8 o'clock. Visiting brothers are cordially invited to attend. JOHN GARLAND, N. G., HENRY HENSEL, R. S.

Organizations.

JOCHMUS GUARDS. RICO FIRE COMPANY. Court Sessions. U. S. Circuit Court—District of Colorado, Western Division at Del Norte, first Tuesday in September.

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VOLUME 5.

RICO, COLORADO, SATURDAY, APRIL 5, 1884.

NUMBER 238.

Commercial AND ALL OTHER KINDS OF Job Printing AT THE Dolores News Office. The Finest Stock and Most Experienced Workmen Employed. Orders at home or from abroad, attended with promptness.

The Magnolia Route.

Dave Day has his day and improves it thusly: "Mayor Fred Sherwin, of Silverton, went south over the magnolia route Monday, and submitting to an interview before departure, we gleaned the following facts regarding that strange and unexplored region beyond the divide: Representative.—Mr. Sherwin, will you please give the Muldoon a few facts regarding the remarkable snowfall that annually visits your section?"

Mr. Sherwin.—Certainly, sir. The Muldoon has an extensive circulation in the Polar regions during the summer months, and I cheerfully submit. R.—You use the term summer months, Mr. Sherwin, will you please tell us which months those are?"

S.—Well, the expression may be slightly expansive as to the word "months," but generally speaking we have excellent weather during the last six days in August and the first forenoon in September. R.—Umph, humph! What pursuits do your people follow generally, Mr. Sherwin?"

S.—Well, hunting the polar bear and raiding neighboring camps for ore form the chief pursuits. R.—I suppose "raiding," as you term it, is a species of larceny, that the habits and customs of the country condone.

S.—Yes, sir, it's a cardinal virtue and one viewed in the light of a necessity since the earliest settlement of the country. R.—Who were the first explorers that history accepts as authentic in your region?"

S.—A missionary by the name of Reese, a Mormon named Snowden and an Italian called Mickey Breen, were among the earliest visitors. R.—Mr. Sherwin, have your people any religion or tradition of note that they cling to?"

S.—Well, generally speaking, they cling to anything they get their hands on. R.—I supposed as much, but what I am aiming to get at, have missionaries ever made any attempt to reclaim them?"

S.—Yes, sir, a missionary called Parson Hoge was in our country last spring. R.—Did he meet with any particular success?"

S.—Yes, he got away with the collection and and blowed us in generally. R.—Well, that was shameful, but have not other sky pilots of different denominations visited you?"

S.—Yes, we have a Rev. Brownie Lea now in our midst. R.—Does he teach baptism by immersion or a plain, unadorned creed?"

S.—Well, I am not sufficiently posted to answer correctly. R.—Have you never attended his meetings?"

S.—Yes, sir, I was present on one, possibly two occasions. R.—Well, now if you can call to mind any of his utterances, I can possibly locate his creed.

S.—Well he asked one of the audience to copper the jack and play the queen open, and told another to keep his d—n clutches away from that stack on the nine. Think they spoke of him as a Siwash Presbyterian. He evidently represented some outlandish and unheard of creed, observed the reporter as he gathered up his notes and retreated in the direction of Palmer's intriguing emporium.

The Santa Fe's Energy.

The completion of the Mexican Central Road from El Paso to the City of Mexico in the time it was built and the manner is an evidence of the wisdom and enterprise of the Santa Fe company, which will be recognized nationally both by Mexico and the United States. The work of construction on the Central Road was pushed rapidly from the beginning. It is but a little over three years since the work was first commenced. The driving of the last spike completed a system of 1,225 miles, which does not include the work done on branch lines. The subsidies on the main line, when paid, will amount to about \$19,000,000, but the company has wisely pushed ahead independent of the subsidy granted, and has completed the system with a large per centage of the subsidy still due. The great mistake made by the officers of the road was in attempting to build branch lines from Tampico, on the gulf, and San Blas on the Pacific, to connect with the main table land road. On the Tampico division some 100 miles of road have been built which connect with nowhere, and will be of no earthly use until pushed through to San Luis Potosi. Some of the work was exceedingly costly. Bonds have been issued on this division, and the managers will be forced to meet the interest charges out of the receipts on the main line, for, as there is but one train a week run on the completed 100 miles from Tampico, it is hardly probable that this weekly train will pay interest or even operating expenses.—Denver Republican.

A KANSAS JURY gave the following verdict in a case where a man died in a state of intoxication: "Death by hanging—round a rum shop." It is a verdict that might be rendered in a multitude of cases instead of laying the blame on a "mysterious Providence."

Assessments on Placer Claims.

It does not appear to be generally understood, says the Leadville Herald, that it is as necessary to do the annual assessment work on placers as on lode claims prior to the issue of patents. A Pacific Coast contemporary prints the following judicial decision on this point: The Supreme Court in banc has remanded the cause of Joseph E. Carney vs. the Arizona Mining Co. on appeal from Sierra county Superior court, where judgment was given for the plaintiff, which judgment the Supreme Court reverses. The court in its decision says: "When this cause was before department two of this court it was held that the provisions of the revised statutes of the United States requiring a certain amount of work to be performed or improvements each year on a mining claim located after the tenth of May, 1872, and until a patent is issued therefor, applies as well to that class of claims known as placer claims as to the class known as lode or vein claims. We are satisfied of the correctness of that construction of the statute."

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End of the Egyptian War. The last battle of the Egyptian war occurred on last Monday, March 31st. The following information is condensed from General Graham's dispatch of that date: Monday morning, evening and night were cool. Reveille sounded that morning at 3:30 and as quickly as possible the troops got in readiness to advance on Tameieb. The cavalry were in front, the infantry following in brigade squares, with guns between the brigades. They advanced on Tameieb and burned the village, the Arabs fleeing. The advance began at 5 o'clock. Firing opened at 7 and was brisk on both sides, the rebels being in larger numbers than on Sunday. The English cavalry and mounted infantry drove the rebels from the rocks, dispersing them among the hills. There were no British casualties and the loss of the rebels is unknown. The rebels fired on the British troopers from rocks upon the left. The cavalry dislodged them and advanced to within 100 yards of Tameieb. As soon as Graham came up with the infantry and guns, shells were thrown among the flying Arabs and exploded close to them. On reaching the village, men and horses made straight for the wells and slaked their thirst. After a brief halt, the cavalry moved out to the right and left, in pursuit of the retreating rebels. The village fort, however, was burned to the ground. General Graham will explore the region in the vicinity of the wells of Tameieb, and will return to Suskimi with his whole force. The campaign is at an end.

Nine Notable Trees.

The trunk of a sycamore near New Madrid is forty-three feet in circumference. An oak in Barnwell county, South Carolina, measures twenty-four and a half feet in circumference eighteen inches above the ground. A white oak tree on the premises of Amos Harvey, of Mansfield, Burlington county, New Jersey, measures twenty-one feet in circumference. An apple tree in Mercer county, Kentucky, has borne fruit for sixty seasons without failing. Five feet from the ground its trunk measures ten feet nine inches in circumference. A lemon tree on the farm of Thomas Kennedy, at Noonan's Lake, Florida, 19 years old, has borne fruit 11 years, and has earned \$106 in a single season. In the negro cemetery at Americus, Georgia, is a cedar tree that was planted in a pitcher at the head of a grave ten years ago. It burst the bottom of the pitcher and rooted in the earth. The pitcher still encircles the bottom of the cedar, which is ten feet high. The "Major Oak" near Edwinstone, England, fell before the recent gale there. Its trunk had a girth of twenty nine feet and the circumference of the top was twenty four feet. The hollow stem was used by picnic parties, and seven persons had at one time partaken of a meal in it. It was known to have stood seven hundred years. Delos Hotchkiss, of Marion, Connecticut, has an apple tree in his orchard that is supposed to be 175 years old. Its annual yield is about fifty-five bushels of apples. The circumference of the trunk is sixteen feet near the ground. It bears fruit on five limbs one year, and on four different limbs the next year. In 1876 it bore fruit on every one of its limbs. The soft maple tree that was cut down on the White House grounds, last December, had many historic associations. President Lincoln had a habit of stopping under this tree, when thoughtfully strolling about the grounds, and pulling a twig from it. Then he would take out his pocket knife and slowly whittle the stick as he went on. The tree was planted during the administration of Andrew Jackson.

A TRANSCRIPT of the proceedings in the matter of the incorporation of the town of Ironton, over in Oury county, has been filed with the Secretary of State. A plat of the town accompanied the transcript.

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The Dolores News.

CHAS. A. JONES, Editor and Publisher.

RICO, COLORADO.

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Leading Circulation of South Colorado.

MINING NEWS.

THE LELIA DAVIS.

Work on the Lelia Davis tunnel is continued under the direction of the Co. It is in over 500 feet and will be pushed "as long as the grub holds out."

REED WANTS ANOTHER LEASE

John Eder and Fred Reed, are absent up in the Trout Lake country, and have been away since Thursday afternoon. Mr. Reed wants a lease on the Honduras, briefly described in our Ames notes.

THE CLYDE.

This winter the Clyde has been faithfully developed by L. S. Dickenson and Hank Phillippi, who have perforated the hard rock with a cross cut tunnel 160 feet long. They expected to cut the vein in 150 feet, but the rock continued to pitch from them and carried the vein further into the mountain, but a few feet more will make the difference.

AMES NOTES.

The Hardcash is located on the mesa above Ames and has been worked during the entire winter, the development showing up in the shape of a shaft 175 feet deep. There is no mineral in place, but is scattered greatly, the owners anticipate great results when the ore is found properly confined between walls.

The Nevada is one of the old reliable producers of the district and is developed in good shape under the management of Mark Folsom, General Manager, for the Evans Mining & Milling Co., the present owners.

The Santa Cruz is on Silver Mountain, just above Ophir, and is developed by a cross-cut of 125 feet and a drift on vein of 150 feet, showing ore all the way, with pay streak from 6 to 18 inches, the ore running about 120 ounces. It is a good claim, belonging to F. P. Brown, Thos. Lowthian and Chas. H. Toll, Colorado's Attorney General.

ore returned 371 ounces in silver and 13 per cent. in copper. Owners: J. M. Fox, C. J. Rutan, E. J. Warner and Milton Evans.

The Big San Juan Mining Co. of New York, is the owner of the San Juan, on the west end of Yellow Mountain, about one mile from Trout Lake P. O. Manager Sissons has been working it by contract all winter, drifting on the vein and is in over 200 feet. Three weeks ago the pay streak widened to four feet of ore that runs in the neighborhood of 100 ounces. A shipment to Rico last year ran 113 ounces: character of ore, copper pyrites and gray copper.

The Honduras, on St. Bernard Mountain, is the property of John Eder and Gus Giamboni, but has been worked all winter under lease to Pete Anderson, Herman Nieland and James Barton, who made some pleasing developments and were sacking some fine ore. Two levels were run, showing three and four feet, respectively, of gray copper ore, from which assays have been had as high as \$3600, but no mill runs or shipments have yet been made.

The Minnie is at the west end of Yellow Mountain, about 150 yards from the San Juan and is owned by Meyersick & Shelly, Con Meenan and Wm. Gillan, who have just struck some splendid mineral of purplish color and high grade (one assay made when the ore was first discovered running 937 1/2 ounces in silver, and from 8 to 12 inches of paying mineral are now being developed.

The Gold King is one of the most noted properties in the whole section and was located in 1877 by the Mann brothers—Dave and Jack. Jack sold eleven-ninths of the mine to various people and as he ran two-ninths short on delivery there was much trouble. A. W. Neumeier, of the Lake House, was one of the earlier owners and held the mine for some time against an armed committee.

The Grand View is very near the Gold King and is on the very summit of Silver Mountain. It is an old time property, owned by Goddard & Son and William Crimm, but is now under lease to Henry and Charlie Wing, who claim to have 400 ounce ore.

The Mizpah, on Willow creek, about 3 miles from Sargent's toll gate, was located by Jack Lyon, of Rico, and is owned by himself and Beverley R. Keim, who have a tunnel 80 feet on the vein, showing one foot of galena and gray copper ore; some of the mineral has been sent east for test. These gentlemen also own another claim on Blk creek, on Mount Wilson.

In 1878 some placers were located on the South Fork, which include all of the valley land from about 1 1/2 miles below Ames to the mouth of the Fork. Considerable gold has been panned out, but a large capital will be necessary in proper development. These placers were located by Jim Vance and are owned by himself, L. M. Kelley and S. S. Mann.

The Gilded Age is owned by Jim and Alex McCaw, O. P. Posey, and Crawford, of Yankee Girl fame. They have developed systematically and with good results.

BILLY SEED'S LITTLE YARN.

We clip the following interesting article from the Santa Fe Review. The W. H. Seed alluded to was formerly a partner in the firm of E. G. Segner & Co. of Rico and is known to all our people. Mr. Wright is also somewhat known here, but J. W. Burns, the hero of the narrative, is new in our midst, but with the modesty for which he is noted, has refrained from giving us the thrilling particulars of the awful dangers hereinafter described. We now see in imagination the gallant form of the "sturdy mountaineer," as he bravely breathes the beeting snow drifts, huge drops of perspiration congealing upon his majestic forehead and every iron nerve strained in the effort to "do or die."

The Fox lode, up on Wilson creek, St. Bernard Mountain, is being worked under a lease which continues in effect a year from some time in October last. Lessees have the privilege of sinking 100 feet and drifting without limit; they to pay a ten per cent. royalty on ore extracted while sinking and twenty-five per cent. while drifting. A mill-run on two tons of the

and took quarters at the Palace. They looked like they had been wearing mustard plasters on their faces for a week.

The outfit was dried and cracked and curled up over their noses and cheeks like the sun-dried bottom of a Missouri creek on a windy day. They nobly stiff-crowned hats had been discarded for large som-bros; they wore blue flannel shirts and leggings, and the handkerchief of each had in it a suspicious looking hole torn in the center calculated to give the impression that they had figured in some desperate deed common to highwaymen. The gentlemen had hardly been assigned to rooms before a reporter was on their trail to learn what it all meant, and the party went over their adventures in the mountains again with decidedly more relish than had been displayed while going through their first experience.

On March 2 Messrs. Seed, Clark and Wright boarded the D. & R. G. passenger train at Antonito en route to Durango on a commercial visit. There were nineteen passengers aboard, including two ladies and four children. That afternoon the train struck a snow bank four miles east of Cumbres. The fires went out in the engine, every wheel was clogged, and the "beautiful" began drifting over the train. In this condition they remained till March 9—just a week. At the end of that time the situation became desperate—a clear case of life and death with the chances largely in favor of the worst. There were two cases of eggs in the express car and the train boy had a limited stock of apples, peanuts, pecans and oranges. By the stunted use of these the party of nineteen managed to keep off starvation for the first three days, and then, again something had to be done. Desperate as it was a couple of Mexicans agreed to undertake a trip to Cumbres in search of provender provided they were well paid for it. The snow was anywhere from ten to forty feet deep, but they got through and returned with a supply of provisions sufficient to last two days. Hungry as they were the party had the good sense to appoint a commissary with instructions to figure out the greatest daily allowance per head, and shoot the first man that showed signs of desperation. But there was nothing to drink—nothing but melted snow, and that was—well, it was simply fearful for some of those passengers. However, the commissary allowed them one sandwich, two eggs and one cup of coffee daily, and by this means they fared comfortably until Sunday the 9th. Then the train men despaired of aid and gave orders that everybody who could must take to the snow bank and walk out.

One poor fellow who was traveling with his little daughter complained bitterly and said his child would perish, but he had to go; for the provisions were low and barely sufficient remained to keep the two ladies and three children alive, together with the husband of one of the ladies, until some of the party could get out and send aid. Such times of peril make men brothers, and all took turn about in carrying the child on their backs and after a desperate struggle through a blinding storm reached Cumbres. In order to make the journey the party were compelled to crawl through a 400-foot snow shed in which the snow had drifted till it formed a perfect tunnel not larger than three feet in diameter, and, as Mr. Seed says, the Lord only knows how high it was above the shed.

At Cumbres the party found a train so completely snowed in that the men had made holes in the snow and went in and out of the cars like prairie dogs enter their burrows. A similar aperture was made through five feet of snow on top of the section house and the railroad employes entered the house through the roof. Here the party slept and remained till Tuesday, the 11th inst., when they started out and walked eight miles to a point on the road where Division Superintendent Lydon's train had been snow-bound and "dead" for four days in an endeavor to reach Cumbres and render relief to them. Despairing of all other hope, the gentlemen above named started on Wednesday morning to walk to Chama. A sturdy mountaineer named Burns led the way and broke the trail, the snow being breast deep for four miles out of the entire distance of eight. In a number of instances they sat down and rested on the cross-arms of the telegraph poles, and sometimes poles and wires were found completely buried. On several occasions the commercial men lost all hope. They had been cooped up in a "dead" train for eight days and were weak. "A jack knife was a burden, and a man's hat felt like a mountain," said Mr. Wright. "We are indebted to Burns for our lives. He cheered us on and often and often came back after he had broken the trail and helped us out of a snow pit in which we had floundered for ten minutes. Most of this time it was snowing and wind cutting our faces till they cracked and bled. Burns saved us some pain, however, by slitting holes in our handkerchiefs, and tying them tight over our faces, giving us the appearance of veritable highway robbers."

At Chama they secured snow shoes—"A man who has never slipped down a 500-foot glacier doesn't understand what kind of a gait is his favorite until he sets on his first pair of snow shoes," remarked Mr. Clark. Friday night, the 14th inst., found them at Los Ojos; thence on horse-back to Esquibel's ranch, thence by team to Abiquin and Boquet's, where they boarded the Espanola stage for Santa Fe. Thus far these are the only three men out of the San Juan country since the first of the month. What became of their fellow passengers is unknown, but Superintendent Lydon is within eight miles of Cumbres, and it is believed that ere this he has gone to their relief. The day these gentlemen left he had given orders for a dozen carpenters to push their way through on foot to Cumbres and build a number of sleighs to be manned by mountaineers and sent to the relief of the women and children on the "dead" train. They were to start on this mission yesterday. All this is on the Durango extension. A large force of men are at work, but up to the time of this party's leaving the continuous storm and drifting was so severe that but little could be accomplished in the way of clearing the track. The Espanola branch is in much better condition. A day's work would put trains through, but all efforts to clear away the snow and save the valuable property—and perhaps life—now endangered, are centered on the Durango extension.

The five Bisbee murderers were hung at Tombstone last Saturday. P. J. KEEGAN, of the Durango Board of Trade, is exploring a southern outlet from Durango. He decides on Gallup as the connecting railroad point. A DAIRYMAN advises: "Slip a knitting needle into your pocket, and when you go to a meal dip it into a milk pitcher; if any of the milk adheres to the needle the fluid is pure, but if it does not it is adulterated with water." No doubt this is a sure test, but it is rather hazardous. If a dozen boarders were to come to the table, and each one take a knitting needle out of his or her pocket and insert it in the milk pitcher, the boarding mistress, if she didn't faint dead away, might seize a carving knife and demoralize the testers.

Advertised Letters. Advertisers list of letters remaining un-called for in the Post Office at Rico, Colo. March 22, 1884.

ASSAY OFFICE and CHEMICAL LABORATORY. ESTABLISHED 1866. All samples by mail or express will receive prompt and careful attention. Write for terms. 416 Lawrence Street, Denver, Colo.

ORDINANCE NO. 64. ANNUAL APPROPRIATION BILL. Be it ordained by the Board of Trustees of the town of Rico:

That the following sums be and are hereby appropriated to the several funds for the purpose of paying expenses of said town of Rico for the fiscal year ending the first day of April, A. D. 1885, to-wit:

Salaries of town officers and employees \$3,500 Sinks, fuel, lights, stationery and printing 550 Fire Department 140 Patents and surveys 500 Streets, alleys and bridges 500 Outstanding warrants 1,500

Passed and approved this 25th of March, A. D. 1884. GEO. O. GILBERT, Acting Mayor.

NOTICE OF FORFEITURE. Rico, Dolores County, Colo., March 23d, 1884. To B. WAGNER and CLARK NORRIS: YOU are hereby notified that I have expended one hundred dollars in labor and improvements upon the Little Mohawk lode, situated on Elliott Mountain in Pioneer Mining District, Dolores County, State of Colorado, being the amount required to hold said premises under the provisions of Section 2324 Revised Statutes of the United States, for the year ending December 31st, 1883.

NOTICE OF FORFEITURE. Rico, Dolores County, Colo., March 23d, 1884. To A. P. ADAMS: YOU are hereby notified that I have expended one hundred dollars in labor and improvements upon the GUNSHOT lode mining claim, situated in Pioneer Mining District, County of Dolores, and State of Colorado, and duly recorded in the records of said county, in order to hold said premises under the provisions of section 2324, Revised Statutes of the United States, being the amount required to hold the same for the year ending December 31st, 1883.

DISEASE CURED WITHOUT MEDICINE. A valuable discovery for supplying Magnetism to the human system. Electricity and Magnetism utilized as never before for healing the sick. THE MAGNETON APPLIANCE CO.'S Magnetic Kidney Belt!

WARRANTED TO CURE Or Money Refunded! The following diseases without medicine—Pain in the back, head, hips or limbs, nervous debility, lumbago, general debility, rheumatism, paralysis, neuralgia, sciatica, diseases of the kidneys, spinal diseases, torpid liver, gout, seminal emissions, impotency, asthma, heart disease, dyspepsia, constipation, erysipelas, indigestion, hernia or rupture, catarrh, piles, epilepsy, dumb arctic, etc.

COAL. Having made all Necessary Arrangements, we can offer Good Quality COAL DELIVERED IN RICO. The Coal is from the Grand View Bank, a sufficient Guarantee of its Quality. STANBAUGH & QUINN. J. P. NORTON, Justice of the Peace. Real Estate & Mining BROKER. Notary Public and Conveyancer. RICO, COLORADO. PASQUEALE FINELLO, DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF FRUITS, Etc. ORANGES, LEMONS, APPLES, And all choice fruits in their seasons. Fine Candies, CIGARS And Tobacco.

O. K. RESTAURANT. Has been re-opened by J. W. DYSON. Whose reputation as a Restaurateur is such that he CANNOT AFFORD! To slight his business, and RATES ARE SO LOW THAT IT IS CHEAPER THAN BATCHING! \$7 Per Week; Meals, 50c. The usual excellence of the table will be maintained. In rear of O. K. Sample Room. The fare will always be as varied and complete as the markets will admit.

HERMOSA HOUSE! TRIMBLE HOT SPRINGS, COLO. This popular house has been re-opened under the management of A. LARKIN, Prop. THE FAVORITE PLEASURE AND HEALTH RESORT! Of the San Juan. THE HOUSE IS FIRST-CLASS IN ALL RESPECTS. FINE BAR AND BILLIARD ROOMS. FINE BAR AND BILLIARD ROOMS. Curative Qualities of the Spring UNSURPASSED. Nine miles north of Durango. Thirty five miles south of Silverton and 88 miles from RICO! ON D. & R. G. RAILROAD. Four Trains Daily.

To the Ladies: If you are afflicted with indigestion, back, weakness of the spine, falling of the womb, suppressed or irregular menstruation, leucorrhoea, chronic inflammation, ulceration of the womb, barrenness and change of life, this is the best appliance and curative agent known. For all forms of female difficulties it is unsurpassed by anything before invented, both as a curative agent and as a source of power and vitalization. Price of either belt with magnetic insoles, \$10, sent by express C. O. D., and examination free, or by mail on receipt of price. In ordering send measure of waist and size of shoe. Remittance can be made in currency, sent in letter at our risk with size of shoe usually worn, and try a pair of our Magnetic Insoles, and be convinced of the power residing in our Magnetic Appliances. Postively no cold feet when they are worn, or money refunded.

COAL. THIS SPACE IS RESERVED FOR J. N. BROUGHTON, Rico Carriage Works. The Miner's Meat Market, JOHN GAULT, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in All Kinds of Fresh meats, and Vegetables in season, At the old stand on Glasgow Avenue. G. W. BEMIS, HORSE CREEK SAW MILL, Leave orders At Habermann's Hardware Store For all kinds of building lumber, either on hand or sawed to order. OUR TERMS ARE CASH. WAKEMAN & PELLET, TINWARE, STOVES, CUTLERY, IRON, Steel, Nails, Mining AND FARMING TOOLS. POWDER, FUSE AND CARTRIDGES, CARPENTER'S TOOLS, Sash, Doors, Building Paper and Glass. A complete tin shop in connection. Everything in the tin and sheet iron line manufactured on short notice and at reasonable rates. GLASCOW AVENUE. COLLINS & CO., HARTFORD. Established 1826.

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STANBAUGH & QUINN

The Old Reliable Forwarders of Freight

Will Continue Making Their Regular Trips From Rico To Rockwood and Return, All Winter, Making The Round Trip Every Five Days.

CAHN & BISHOP

Gen'l. Merchandise

RICO COLO. LOUIS HABERMANN, DEALER IN HARDWARE GROCERIES, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. Complete Tin-Shop in Connection. Everything Manufactured from Best Material. GLASGOW AVENUE, RICO, COLORADO.

LOCAL BREVITIES

Did W. H. HAZEN left on Thursday evening for Durango.

BILL KINSEY has joined the struggling band for Cour d'Alene.

J. F. WANNEMAKER has a little private laboratory and is experimenting in assay ing.

F. O. LORING, the surveyor, thinks of going to Denver on business in a few days.

JAY SHELLEY started out from Alamosa and he was induced to shovel snow a week in his anxiety to get through.

The old street car stables in Denver, corner of Curtis and 15th streets, were burned a few days since.

RAILROADS are beginning to take interest in the San Miguel and Dolores regions.

At Telluride last Tuesday Wm. Wheeler was elected Mayor over Henry Pamper in by a considerable majority.

In crossing the meadows last Monday, D. F. Taylor slightly frosted his feet and one ear.

W. H. BEAN has lost his elegant diamond scarf pin in Denver.

Two of the boys who have been working on the Little Susie all winter—Hesse Musgrave and Tom Williamson—came over on Tuesday and were considerably troubled by snow-blindness.

AMONG a list of recovered stolen articles in Denver, we find the following property described:

The residence of Geo. Andrus, one of the finest residences in San Juan, and erected at a cost of \$9,000, was burned at Telluride on Wednesday night.

J. M. SEMPLE, as he was known in Rico, has blossomed out in New York.

The Hoffman family made a start on their trip to Salt Lake this morning.

The Pioneer Hotel was the scene of the latest in the surprise party line on last evening.

The Senate has at last passed the bill to provide for the payment of ten claims for depredations committed by the Ute Indians at the time of the massacre of the White River agency in 1879.

FRANK RAYMOND has a tempting offer from an old partner, Mr. Merrill, to go to Huron, Dakota, and take charge of a large real estate business.

At the meeting held last Sunday afternoon to consider the advisability of opening a road or trail to some point, where provisions were available, it was decided to send out three messengers to inspect the resources of as many localities.

The Railroad

The storm of Saturday and Sunday has had a very demoralizing effect on the Conejos range, and a letter to Charlie Ashcom from freight agent Jackson, says the cuts are filled as badly as ever.

DURANGO people are anxious to have the A. & P. build to them from Fort Wingate.

An Irksome Imprisonment. DURANGO, Colorado, March 29.—We are still in the embrace of the beautiful snow.

The report of the total destruction of the concentrator at the Sampson mine on Cement creek, above Silverton, proves to be correct.

Two men are reported to be buried in a slide at Ice Lakes, and two at the Virginia mine, near Ophir, and others in the vicinity of Animas Forks.

The snow slides have been very destructive this winter, and it will be impossible, for weeks and months, to get the facts to the world.

When we rejoiced, on the 1st of this month, that the trains would begin making regular trips after four weeks of blockading, we little thought that we had four weeks more before us.

As there is now only about twelve miles of road to shovel out, and as the company have sent Superintendent Lydon one hundred fresh men from the first division, we are now hoping for regular trips within the next week.

The people of the San Juan are very anxious that something should be done this season to prevent a repetition of this winter's blockade.

SOME through sacks of mail are lying at Trout Lake and Ames, the destination being Rico.

Reply to A. J. C.

I saw in the News of last week a little "Adopted" waif, of which "tis my duty to speak.

That's what we are with relation to Jim Holden's matrimonial intentions and aspirations.

On Thursday evening the O. B. B. D. C. (characters now too familiar to require explanation) entertained their patrons for some hours with the comedy of "Our Boys" and the farce of "Who's Who."

A Very Pleasant Evening. On Thursday evening the O. B. B. D. C. (characters now too familiar to require explanation) entertained their patrons for some hours with the comedy of "Our Boys" and the farce of "Who's Who."

Salaries town officers, etc. 2,747 55

Salaries of Officers, etc. 2,089 25

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THE CITY DADS!

Wm. J. Cox, Mayor.

Geo. O. Gilbert, Clerk.

Geo. E. Nolte, Treas'r.

D. R. Clay, C. J. Bang,

S. W. Bartlett, and

John Eder

Chosen as Trustees.

The city election is over and we append the official count of the votes which place the reins of city government for the ensuing year in the hands of the successful candidates as shown below:

For Mayor: WILLIAM J. COX 137 JOHN GAULT 103

Majority 34 For Town Clerk and Recorder: GEORGE O. GILBERT 151 ALFRED H. MUNDEE 89

Majority 62 For Town Treasurer: GEORGE E. NOLTE 218

For Town Trustees: D. R. CLAY 192 C. J. BANG 187 JOHN EDER 162 S. W. BARTLETT 158 CALVIN HOUSE 96 W. G. BARNETT 88 W. H. BRAN 51

Report of Town Clerk. For the year ending April 1st, 1884.

Warrants outstanding April 1, 1883, per statement \$1,961 90

Warrants issued April 2nd to 7th, '83 on no fund 2,205 81

Debts contracted in 1882 assumed by present Board and warrants drawn for same on the following funds, viz: Salaries of town officers and emp. 100 00

Sts., Alleys, Bridges, 1,240 00 Rents, Stationery, Printing, etc. 86 50 Patents and Surveys 36 90 5,631 11

Warrants issued by the present Board for the bills contracted during the year ending April 1, 1884:

Salaries town officers, etc. 2,747 55 Sts., Alleys, Bridges, 1,157 70 Fire Department 156 00

Patents and Surveys, 40 30 Rents, Fuel, Lights, Printing, etc. 338 60 Contingent 32 00 3,493 55

Warrants cancelled during year ending April 1st, 1884:

Salaries of Officers, etc. 2,089 25 Sts., Alleys, Bridges, 1,203 05

Fire Department 156 00 Patents and Surveys, 32 90 Rents, Fuel, Lights, Printing, etc. 402 10

Outstanding warrants 2,711 29 6,631 09

Attest: GEO. O. GILBERT, Town Clerk.

Approved by Financial Committee. F. WAKEMAN, Chairman.

TREASURER'S REPORT Of receipts and disbursements of town of Rico, Colo., from April 16, 1883 to March 25th, 1884, inclusive.

RECEIPTS. From C. F. Middlehigh Treasurer \$ 2 87

From Co. Treas., Taxes 1,982 60 From Police Judge, Fines 53 00

From Town Clerk, Licenses, etc. 4,709 55 \$6,745 02

DISBURSEMENTS. Paid to Fund of Salaries and Emp. 2,124 48

Paid to Fund of Fire Department 160 00 Paid to Fund of Stationery, Print'g, etc 345 00

Paid to Fund of Patents and Surveys 32 90 Paid to Fund of Sts. and Bridges 1,370 00

Paid to Fund of Outstanding Warrants 2,715 94 6,745 02

RECAPITULATION. To total amt. of receipts 6,745 02

By transfers to above named funds 6,710 14

Call Number Two.

Another meeting of citizens is called for to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock at Winkfield's to discuss the road question.

The business men are earnestly requested to assemble an hour earlier than the time stated.

MISSOURI and MISSISSIPPI FLOODS. The great snow fall and late thaws of the mountain regions will cause disastrous floods a little later.

The added burden is having its effect on the Mississippi, and the overflow has destroyed the wires along the stream in Louisiana.

The snows of San Juan will not worry them any, but the Rio Grande and Colorado will boom on their way to the Gulf of Mexico and the Pacific Ocean.

In Silverton, last Tuesday, W. J. Crow was elected Mayor over Fred C. Sherwin by 132. Trustees elected: Micky Breen, Eugene McCarthy, James H. Robin and Jerry Ryan, formerly of Rico.

The Odd Fellows have decided to give a dance on the 25th inst., celebrating the 65th anniversary of the order.

THE Durango election resulted in the choice of Thomas C. Graden for Mayor with a majority of 21 over J. L. Pennington.

B. E. LADD returned this afternoon from Durango and reports an abundance of flour there and George Kephart says he will rush in a carload as soon as the road is open.

JAS. BURNS returned Thursday from Unawep canon, where he has been since the first of the year in company with Jim Hall, Bob Allison and others.

We have received a copy of the West Cumberland Times, (England), which states that our friend and fellow citizen, Wm. Davidson, is on his native heath.

The article referred to says: "Mr. Wm. Davidson, of Cleator Moor.—This gentleman, who is the eldest son of Mr. James Davidson, pit manager, Crossfield, Cleator Moor, and who emigrated to America some 20 years ago, where he has held important mining and government positions, is now on a visit to Cleator Moor, having arrived last week.

He was a passenger by the steamer "Celtic," which met with a mishap, and consequently he had a long passage. He intends remaining some months in his native district."

An esteemed contemporary talks in this fashion about those who came West in the "sixties" and previous to them.

The pioneer prospector of the Rocky Mountains endured the privations and hardships of the soldier, and should likewise be entitled to a pension for his daring and energy.

We owe the great financial prosperity of our country to day largely to him. But few appreciate what he has done and how poorly he has been rewarded for the dangers he dared and the hardships he endured—danger from the Indians, the wild beasts and the snowsides, often sleeping under pine trees and ledges of rock when above timber line, suffering for food and water, enduring cold at high altitudes, with no wood to make a fire he wrapped himself up in his blankets to sleep as best he could to the harsh music of the mountain lion and the hurly bear.

Many have slept their last sleep under such circumstances, "a large majority of the pioneer prospectors having gone on their prospecting trip 'over the range' to that country from which none ever return to tell of the strikes they have made there. Of the few old pioneer prospectors left none are ready to go on that last trip, not knowing that the reports from there are reliable. It is not Pike's Peak or bust with them, but soon they must go, whether they will or no, and will never return to let us know what strikes they have made."

THE CHEAPEST YET!

A RARE CHANCE FOR EVERYBODY! No live man, who desires to be well informed as to what is occurring in the live-stock, agricultural and commercial circles of the great New West, can afford to do without the old reliable Live Stock Indicator of Kansas City.

The Parlor Barber Shop. TWO DOORS SOUTH OF HARRY CAIN'S. A. V. CORLA, Prop. The longest established shop in Rico.

Shaving, Hair-Cutting, SHAMPOOING.

SEA-FOAMS! FINEST CIGARS.

Bath Rooms in connection!

Prompt, Neat, Reliable.

NOTICE OF FORFEITURE.

Rico, Dolores Co., Colo., Feb. 2, 1884. To A. B. Gilbert, R. A. Rhuland, Joseph Hall, P. K. Scott and Frank Haney:

YOU are hereby notified that I have expended one hundred dollars in labor and improvements upon the Pizzler lode, situated on the western slope of Elbert mountain, in the Pioneer mining district, county of Dolores, state of Colorado, in order to hold said premises under the provisions of section 224, Revised Statutes of the United States, being the amount required to hold the same for the year ending December 31, 1883.

And if within ninety days of the service of this notice by publication you fail or refuse to contribute your proportion of such expenditure as co-owner, your interest will become the property of the subscriber under said section 224.

NOTICE OF FORFEITURE. Rico, Dolores Co., Colo., Jan. 5, 1884. To L. F. Hill:

YOU are hereby notified that I have expended one hundred dollars in labor and improvements upon the Flying Fish lode, situated on Expectation mountain, on the south side of Horse creek, about three and one-half miles northwest of Rico, Pioneer mining district, county of Dolores, state of Colorado, in order to hold said premises under the provisions of section 224, Revised Statutes of the United States, being the amount required to hold the same for the year ending December 31, 1883.

And if within ninety days of the service of this notice by publication you fail or refuse to contribute your proportion of such expenditure as co-owner, your interest in said claim will become the property of the subscriber under said section 224.

NOTICE OF FORFEITURE. Rico, Dolores Co., Colo., Jan. 5, 1884. To A. C. Loomis:

YOU are hereby notified that I have expended one hundred dollars in labor and improvements upon the Orphan lode, situated on the western slope of Elbert mountain, one half mile from Johnny Bull mine, Pioneer mining district, county of Dolores, state of Colorado, in order to hold said premises under the provisions of section 224, Revised Statutes of the United States, being the amount required to hold the same for the year ending December 31, 1883.

And if within ninety days of the service of this notice by publication you fail or refuse to contribute your proportion of such expenditure as co-owner, your interest in said claim will become the property of the subscriber under said section 224.

APPLICATION FOR A PATENT. District No. 7. U. S. LAND OFFICE. DENRAGO, COLO., January 24, 1884.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A. J. Clark and Chas. H. Green and A. P. Posley, A. J. Clark, their attorney in fact, whose postoffice is Rico, Colorado, have made application for a patent for 1500 linear feet on the Skeptical No. 1 Lode, bearing silver, the same being 750 feet northwesterly and 750 feet southerly from discovery shaft thereon, with surface ground 20 feet in width, situated in the Pioneer Mining District, Dolores county, State of Colorado, and described in the plat and field notes on file in this office as follows:

Beginning at Cor. No. 1, whence N. W. Cor. Sec. 36, T. 40 N., R. 11 W., bears N. 75° 10' 27" W., 287.1 ft. to R. 1: 900 chiseled on face of rock bears S. 0° 17' E. 123.9 ft., portal of Chicago tunnel bears N. 5° 5' W., West Peak of Dolores Mountain bears S. 88° 22' E., thence S. 74° E. 300 ft. to Cor. 2, whence Calico Peak bears N. 45° 47' W., Expectation Mountain bears N. 88° 42' W., thence S. W. 180 feet, thence N. 76° W. 30 ft. to Cor. 4, whence Calico Peak bears N. 45° 47' W., Expectation Mountain bears N. 88° 42' W., thence S. W. 180 feet to point of beginning, containing 10.2 acres and forming a portion of the No. 1 Lode, Section 36 in Township 40 N. of Range 11 West of New Mexico Principal Meridian, said location being recorded in Vol. 21, page 153 of the Records of Dolores county, Colorado, adjoining claimants of this Lode none on nearest known claim B. P. Suydam on Rico Mulden Lode.

D. L. SKEETS, Register.

APPLICATION FOR A PATENT. District No. 7. U. S. LAND OFFICE. DENRAGO, COLO., January 24, 1884.

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The Admission of Dakota.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—Senator Harrison attempted to secure a special order for the consideration of the bill admitting Dakota as a State, but discovered that it was to be made a party issue, as the Democrats were solid in their opposition to the bill, and Senator Cockerell, of Missouri, gave notice that it would not be allowed to pass this session. Mr. Harrison said that it ought not to be made a party question, for the people of the Territory were entitled to the benefits of State government, but the Democratic Senators insisted on the position they had taken, and some of them who had acted with Harrison changed their votes in obedience to the dictation of party leaders. This incident tends to show that the prospects for the admission of Dakota, even under the Harrison bill, are not great, for if it is made a political question in the Senate it certainly will be in the House, where the Democrats have an enormous majority.

Opium Barred Out.

Opium smoking and eating, as popular vices have grown of late years to such an extent as to now demand national legislation. Some interesting statements are contained in the bill of Representative Budd, lately introduced in the House. It recites that the habit of opium smoking among the people of the United States was spreading with such frightful rapidity under the fostering care of the Chinese, that the importation of opium has increased from 85,075 pounds in 1881 to 258,152 pounds in the year ended June 30, 1883, and it is now proposed to reduce the duty thereon about 20 per cent. Fully 50 per cent of our Chinese population are slaves to the opium pipe, and the cessation of the importation of the drug would cause a large exodus of that people. The bill provides that the importation and sale of opium, except the aqueous extracts for medicinal use and tinctures, shall be prohibited under heavy penalties.

Timbering Mines.

The Rocky Mountain Mining Review thinks that it behooves miners to be as careful in timbering while prospecting a mine as when it is thoroughly developed. After a mine has been partly opened, but poorly timbered, if a new management take hold of it, they must, to place the mine in proper shape, retimber before a single pound of ore can be extracted. Mine owners who allow others to work under a lease should look sharply after them in this respect, for they almost always have the sole object in view of working out a pocket without regard to the condition in which the property is left on the expiration of their lease. Capitalists seldom seek a mine in which it will be necessary to replace every timber before getting any returns, or to work the property systematically. Judicious work in timbering is a very important consideration. Nothing adds so much to the appearance of a prospect as clean, solid timbering, whether shaft, tunnel or incline. If a purchaser is favorably impressed as he enters the mine by its general appearance, it is a much easier matter to sell to him; but, on the contrary, let him get disgusted in the manner in which it has been developed, and he must see considerably more good ore in sight to warrant a purchase.

A Warning.

Fears are being entertained as to the safety of Red Cliff, as the steep side of Battle mountain overhanging the town is covered with from six to ten feet of snow, which anything may serve to start as an avalanche liable to destroy the entire town. The continuous and heavy snow fall has put a stop to the running of trains on the Eagle River branch of the Denver & Rio Grande and the town is almost out of supplies of every kind. The severity of the present winter will convey a needed warning to miners on the subject of so building their cabins as to be free from the danger of being crushed by slides, and of laying in sufficient supplies to be entirely independent of the outside world for at least four months of each year.

In this connection the Philadelphia Record says, editorially: "It is very hard for Americans to understand that they cannot set up their habitations or their industrial works anywhere that the laws will let them, but the people of Colorado are gradually finding out that the sides of their precipitous mountains, with terrible snow-capped cliffs heaving over them, are not safe places to cling to. They have introduced a new feature into the current of domestic news—frequent destructive snow slides—genuine avalanches, like those which occasionally overwhelmed Swiss villages until the people learned wisdom enough to build out of range. It is becoming quite too common for our national reputation for shrewdness to rest on snowslides among the Colorado mountains, which not only carry away chance travelers, but overwhelm villages and mine buildings that have been set down in their natural paths. Of course it is the pursuit of mineral wealth in the veins cropping out high on the sides of these volcanic hills that leads men to build in such hazardous spots, but the object is defeated when buildings and inmates are swept away together by a rushing mass of snow and rock. Such recklessness does not 'pay' in a monetary sense, and surely it does not from a social or political economic point of view. The miners must learn to protect their works better, and to build their houses in sheltered spots, even though access to them may be a little inconvenient." The suggestion as to choice of location is a good one.

The swelling streams in Minnesota are impeding railway travel. No trains are running over the river division of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

Extraordinary Offer to All Wanting Employment.

We want live, energetic and capable agents in every county in the United States and Canada, to sell a patent article of great merit, on its merits. An article having a large sale, paying over 100 per cent profit, having no competition, and on which the agent is protected in the exclusive sale by a deed given for each and every county he may secure from us. With all these advantages to our agents, and the fact that it is an article that can be sold to every house owner, it might not be necessary to make an extraordinary offer to secure good agents at once, but we have concluded to make it to show, not only our confidence in our invention, but in its salability by any agent that will handle it with energy. Our agents now at work are making from \$150 to \$600 a month clear, and this fact makes it safe for us to make our offer to all who are out of employment. Any agent who will give our business a thirty day's trial and fail to clear \$100 in that time, above all expenses can return all goods unsold to us and we will refund the money paid for them. Any agent or general agent who would like ten or more counties and work them through sub-agents for ninety days, and fail to clear \$750 above all expenses, can return all unsold and get their money back. No other employers of agents ever dared to make such offers, nor would we if we did not know that we have agents now making more than double the amount we guaranteed, and but two sales a day would give a profit of over \$125 a month, and that one of our agents took eighteen orders in one day. Our large descriptive circulars explain our offer fully, and these we wish to send to every one out of employment who will send us three one cent stamps for postage. Send at once and secure the agency in time for the boom, and go to work on the terms named in our extraordinary offer. We would like to have the address of all the agents, sewing machine solicitors and carpenters in the country, and ask any reader of this paper who reads this offer, to send us at once the name and address of all such they know. Address at once, or you will lose the best chance ever offered to those out of employment to make money.

RENNER MANUFACTURING CO., 161 Smithfield St., Pittsburg, Pa. 236-288.

UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO.

Sixth Year.

COLLEGE.

Three full courses, four years each. Scientific, Latin Scientific and Classical.

PREPARATORY SCHOOL. Pupils fitted for any one of the College courses.

NORMAL SCHOOL.

Three years' course, with thorough training for the teaching business.

SPECIAL COURSES.

Excellent facilities for giving instruction in chemistry, assaying, etc. The laboratory is as complete as any in the country.

Tuition Free.

For full particulars send for catalogue and circular. J. A. SEWALL, President, Boulder, Colorado.

J. P. LANDON.

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON, RICO, Colorado.

Office on Glasgow Avenue, opposite St. James Hotel.

FERRY'S SEED ANNUAL FOR 1884.

Will be mailed FREE to all applicants and to customers of last year without ordering it. It contains illustrations, prices, descriptions and directions for planting all Vegetables and Flower Seeds, Plants, etc. Invaluable to all. D. M. FERRY & CO., DETROIT, MICH.

LOOK HERE. BUILDING LOTS FOR FOUR (4) DOLLARS.

We will sell a limited number of building lots for four (4) dollars each. Peace Dale, situated near the St. Paul M. & M. R. R., Grand Forks County, Dakota. We will be with its expected manufacturing interests and its productive wheat country surroundings, one of the growing places in the Great West. In reference to title and quality of land we refer to the present Auditor of Grand Forks County, also Hon. Newton Porter and others if desired. For circulars, diagrams and further information, address J. H. STOLL & CO., Real Estate Brokers, No. 8 E. 10th St., New York.

J. F. Wannemaker, THE SCENIC LINE E. A. Robinson,

CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEER U. Dep Min. Surveyor.

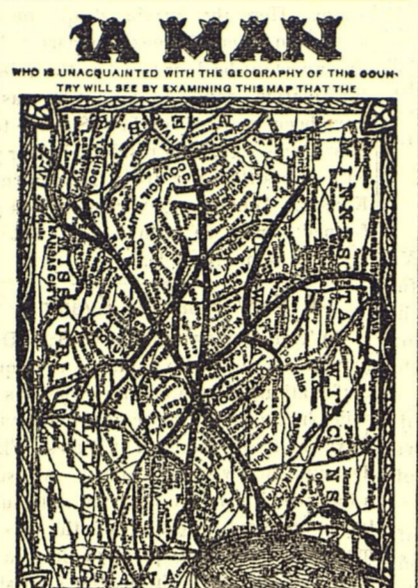
UN D R GROUND SURVYS MAD AND PLANS FURNISHED.

MINING PROPERTIES Reported Upon.

Frank C. Loring, U. S. Deputy Mineral Surveyor.

MAPPING, UNDERGROUND SURVEYS, AND REPORTS.

RICO, COLORADO.



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