The Ballas Morning Aems.

VOL. 1.

DALLAS, TEXAS, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1885.

mporters and Grinders of Spices, Roasters of Coffee, Manufacturers of Mustard, Baking

STANDARD SPECIALTIES.

WE ARE RECEIVING:

2000 Bags Coffee. 500 Barrels Louisiana Molasses. 1000 Barrels Yellow Clarified Sugars. 500 Barrels White Clarified Sugars. 500 Barrels Granulated Sugars. ALL NEW CROP.

Send us Your Open Orders or for Samples Before Purchasing.

T. L. MARSALIS & CO

HOLIDAY GOODS CHRISTMAS Sanger Bros.' Sanger Bros.' DOLLS! DOLLS! DOLLS! TOYS!

Sanger Bros.' Sanger Bros.'

Come and see them. We have just succeeded in gaining room enough to show them. All goods bought now will be kept on storage until Christmas.

SANGER BRO

E. BAUMAN,

- WHOLESALE -

MILLINERY, CLOAKS,

Ladies' Suits and Fancy Goods,

DALLAS

don office for

Dallas Opera-House.

EXTRAORDINARY ATTRACTION.

Two Nights Only-Wednesday and

Thursday, Dec. 2 and 3.

The Greatest, Grandest and One Spectacular Success of the Season,

"ZOZO!"

The celebrated Pantomimist and Comedian

GEO. H. ADAMS

ADELAIDE CHERIE,

and a full Dramatic and Comedy Compan An army of men and women appear in the monstrous production. Box office now ope

Friday, Dec. 4—"Only a Farmer's Daughter.' Monday, Dec. 7—Madison Square Theater Company, in "Private Secretary."

Consider reports that Tickle, the fugitive from

barons are beginning to show up at the State capital—El Paso enjoys the prospects of a

ew daily paper—Four prisoners, suspected of

charged—Heavy investments in real estate

at El Paso are reported—A two thousand

acre farm is to be purchased for the employ

ment of penitentiary convicts next year—The

Texas and St. Louis Narrow Gauge Railroad

was to have been hung at Bryan Dec. 3, has

RAILROADS.—Surmises about the purchasers

of the T. & St. L .- Arrival of the Texas Trunk

officials—On to Athens—The Santa Fe's work across the Trinity—The Santa Fe bound

THE CITY.-Gave business up-Paving off

—A healthy sign—Real estate transfers— Remanded—The Y. M. C. A.—The Owl Club's

NEW YORK SPECIAL DAILY REPORT.

Stocks Dull-Bonds Strong-Wheat Up-Cotton

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—Stocks were hammered

Santa Fes 1161/2 bid. Forty thousand ditto

Seventeen thousand Fort Worth and Denvers

Twenty thousand Texas and Pacific incomes

Twenty thousand Houston and Texas Central

Jay Gould says a Missouri Pacific and Kansa

and Texas consolidation is not likely to occur

Sterling steady; spinners' bills \$4 81@4 811/2;

Cotton declined in the absence of support

and indifferent Liverpool. Some parties are

Wheat was advanced by Western parties, who scooped in the holdings of the weak longs

Archbishop Purcell's Matters.

assignee of the late Archbishop Purcell

made his first report of the condition of the

affairs of the deceased divine to-day.

The report shows that the assignee has received \$40,000, of which sum \$31,000 was for legal services. He has now on hand \$74,000, but does not disburse it among the archbishops and creditors on account of a case pending in the Supreme Court which may largely increase the value of the estate, which may make

CINCINNATI. Nov. 30 .- J. B. Manning,

all day on various bear rumors, and closed

Down-Gould's Idea-General Quotations.

pecial to The News.

lull; offerings moderate.

Six thousand Sabines at 97.

One hundred stock at 37%

Silver \$1 03; London firm.

months next year.

t 48: 14 000 Rios at 62.

will be sold at public sale at Tyler to-day-

been commuted to imprisonment for life.

being

connected with the servant murders at Austin, were dis-

W. L. MOODY & CO.

LONDON Cables authorizing Sight Draft on their Lon-

\$125,000 to cover all their losses in the late fire.

BEERS & KENISON. General Agents,

FOR SALE.

The Nonparell that is now being used on THE GALVESTON NEWS will be sold for

15 Cents per Pound.

The type is but little worn, as will be seen by referring to the Commercial Department of THE NEWS, which is set in the type to be disposed of. In fact, some of it is but little worn, and is to be sold simply because an entirely new dress will soon be put on THE NEWS.

There are also many fonts of

DISPLAY TYPE.

such as is used in the Advertising Columns, most of it in good condition, that will be sold the same price.
The Nonpareil will be sold in large or small quantities.

Persons intending to purchase will please send their orders in at once, as the change in type will soon be made.

TERMS, CASH.

A. H. BELO & CO., NEWS OFFICE, GALVESTON, TEXAS.

THE NEWS OF THE DAY.

Indications for To-Day.—For the West Gul States fair weather and variable winds, gen-

erally and slightly colder. DOMESTIC.—Thousands viewed the remains of the dead Vice President at Indianapolis; the

funeral arrangements are all completed-No mining region-The Baltimore and Ohio Tele graph Company gained their right of way suit in Louisiana-An effort to start a suspended mill at Camden, N. J., idle on account of a strike proved a failure—Congressman Morrison's views are published touching a proper division of committee work-Three children left alone by their mother, lost their lives in a Southern Express safe at Hope, Ark., was

FOREIGN.—The British have made a clean sweep against King Theebaw in Burmah—All the premonitory symptoms of a revolution near at hand are visible in Spain-Another big battle, with varying fortune, was fought vesterday in Servia-The great powers are gradually drifting into the danger line-The Liberals are still in the lead on in great shape and is fighting gamely in Peru Mahdi have resumed active hostilities in the

THE STATE.—An old case, charging murder, ' the \$74,000 net enough to satisfy claims.

ALL READY FOR THE FUNERAL.

INDIANAPOLIS FULL OF STRANGERS.

Opinions and Rumors Concerning President Cleveland's Course-Universal Honors to the Dead-Programme of Obsequies.

OFF FOR THE FUNERAL.
WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—A special train of five coaches, containing the Senate and House committees, in charge of their respective sergeants-at-arms, left at 9:30 this morning over the Pennsylvania Road to attend the funeral of the late Vice President Hendricks. The party was made up of the following:

Senators: Edmunds, Allison, Pugh, Haris, Conger, Blair, Dolph, Vest, Beck, Camlen, Vance, Jones, of Arkansas; Sergeantat-Arms Canaday, of the Senate, and Gen.

IcCook, Secretary of the Senate. Representatives: Morrison, Blount, Herbert, Holman, Springer, Hepburn, Ward, Phelps, Kleiner, Ryan and Dunn; Sergeant at-Arms Leedom, Justices Matthews and Blatchford, of the United States Supreme Court, and Assistant Marshal Reardon.

The train is in charge of Col. Parke, of the Pennsylvania Railroad, and Mr. Barry, of the Pullman Car Company.

A special train conveying members of the Cabinet to Mr. Hendricks' funeral left here, via the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, at 2:30 p. m. ert, Holman, Springer, Hepburn, Ward,

First Assistant Postmaster General Stevenson this afternoon issued a general order to all postmasters directing them, out of respect to the late Vice President Hendricks, to close their offices to-morrow between 12 noon and 5 p. m.

IN THE SUPREME COURT. When the United States Supreme Court met at noon to-day all the members were present except Justices Blatchford and Mathews, who left Washington this morning to attend Mr. Hendricks' funeral. On the opening of the court Attorney General Garland made a formal announcement of the death of the Vice President. He said: "Since the adjournment of this court on last Wednesday the heart of the nation has been sorely touched by the death of the Vice President, Thomas A. Hendricks. This is not a proper occasion to pronounce a eulogy upon the useful life and splendid character of Mr. Hendricks, but he has been so long conspicuous in the public service, has filled thoroughly and admirably so many places of high trust, including the second in rank in the gift of the people, and has been a prominent member of this bar for so many years, I deem it becoming to request the court to lay aside its docket and pause before this sad event, that now overshadows the whole country, and out of respect for the memory of this 'good and faithful servant,' to cease its labors until after the last funeral rites are performed on to-mor on last Wednesday the heart of the

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 30.—The decision of the President not to attend the funeral is the subject of much unfavorable comment, although few prominent Democrats are the authority to suggest that he was not expected to be present. The great mass of them can scarcely conceal disappointment and regret that President Cleve-

land should have failed in a mark of respect due to the Vice President. Gov. Gray said this morning to a United Press reporter: "I think President Cleveland has been misinformed as to the wishes of the Indiana people in this matter and has made a blunder which will not soon be forgiven. My idea is that public men ought to move about just as other men and I feel that the course adopted by the President is scarcely in harmony with the theory of our institutions. I think the President should have come."

Dispatches received to-day state that the Cincinnati Common Council will attend in a body; also the Jackson Club of Columbus, the Americus Club of Peoria, Ill., the Evansville City Council and the Jefferson Club of Dayton, O.

Club of Dayton, O.

It is estimated that 35,000 to 40,000 people passed through the Courthouse and viewed the remains between noon and midnight yesterday. To-day the crowd was almost equally as dense, and has been passing the catafalque since 8 o'clock at the rate of seventy-five a minute. It is universally admitted that the decorations of the city and mitted that the decorations of the city and the Courthouse far surpass those at Senator Morton's funeral eight years ago. THE STREETS JAMMED.

Notwithstanding the threatening weather and the probability that rain will fall before night, the streets are jammed with sightseers, and thousands are pouring in on every train. A large number of distinguished lawyers are here to attend the bar meeting this afternoon. Judge Gresham will preside. Among noted arrivals this morning was ex-President Hayes, who was driven to Mrs. Morton's residence. He was looking fatigued and would not be interviewed.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

Most of the prominent people who are to attend the funeral will not arrive until late this evening or on the early trains to-morrow. Ex-Gov. Bishop, of Ohio, has arrived, and ex-President Hayes came here at 4 p. m. He was accompanied by Gov. Hoadley and staff. The committee on reception is headed by Senator Harrison and ex-Congressman Calkins, who have made arrangements for the reception of distinguished guests. All civic delegations are being received by a committee of the City Council. The Boston City Council, who arrived last picht were today given a carriage drive night, were to-day given a carriage drive

A FLOATING RUMOR. There is a floating rumor that, notwithstanding the publication in the morning papers, President Cleveland is really coming, and that private arrangements have een made for him at the Bates House. Tot less than 4000 Irishmen will take part in the procession. Every train entering the mion depot is crowded with passengers, and the streets are already thronged with

Up to noon to-day 25,000 people viewed the remains of Mr. Hendricks at the court-

continue to pour in from all parts of the country. Ladies are now graping and decorating the Hendricks house, preparatory to the removal of the body thither at 5 o'clock this evening.

ing were crowded, and several roads were compelled to run extra trains to accommodate the people who desired to attend the funeral of Vice President Hendricks.

DAVID DAVIS DETERRED BY DEATH. Hon. David Davis, of Illinois, who was expected to arrive here to-day and deliver an address at the bar meeting, telegraphs that on account of the death of a relative at Springfield, Ill., he will be unable to attend. Mrs. Hendricks remained quietly at home

this morning seeing but few callers. A committee of ladies has elaborately draped and decorated the family residence with white crape, smilax and flowers.

At a meeting of the State Bar Association this afternoon Hon. Walter T. Gresham, of Chicago, presided. Judge David S. Turpie presented a lengthy memorial and brief. Eulogistic addresses were made by several distinguished gentlemen.

ARRANGEMENTS COMPLETE. The arrangements for the funeral of Vice President Hendricks are now completed, and as the weather promises fair, a very large attendance is expected. The programme, as given in these dispatches yesterday, will be adhered to.

The bar meeting in the United States courtroom to-day, was largely attended by the leading attorneys of the State. Speeches were made by the following gentlemen: Jas. David Turpie, James S. Frazer, William Mack, T. F. Davidson, B. K. Elliott, Hon. John R. Cravens, Benj. Love, Senator McDonald, John R. Coffroth and D. E. Wiliamson. A lengthy memorial and a series of complimentary resolutions were adopted Among the prominent people already here are ex-President Hayes, ex-Secretary of the Navy Thompson, Senatoor Voorhees, ex-United States Senator Graham N. Fritch, of United State's Senator Graham N. Fritch, of this State; Elihu Washburn, delegation of twenty from Tammany Hall, New York, the Mayors and a committee from the cities of Boston, St. Louis, Detroit, Grand Rapids, Bloomington, Ills., Evansville, Topeka; Senator Jones, of Florida, exsergeant-at-arms of the Senate R. J. Bright, Gen. Schofield, Gov. Hoadley and staff, Senator Payne and party, from Cleveland, O.; Postmaster Judd, of Chicago; Senator Palmer, of Michigan, and Gen. Denver, of Ohio.

Senator Falmer, of Michigan, and Gen. Denver, of Ohio.

A large number of delegates from the Duckworth Club, of Cincinnati, and the Iroquois Club, of Chicago, will arrive at 4 o'clock to-morrow morning. Gov. Oglesby and staff are also expected at that hour. Several members of Congress are in the

of the Vice President remained at the court. house until 4 o'clock this afternoon, when it was returned to the Hendricks residence, escorted by the local military companies.

The Congressional and Senate committees will arrive to-morrow morning. St. Paul's Church, at which the services will be held, will not hold to exceed 1000

people, and tickets to that number will be given to the more prominent guests.

The following foreign military companies have arrived: Busch Zouaves, of St. Louis; Depauw University Cadets; others are expected early to-morrow. It is estimated that 40,000 people viewed the remains at the courthouse during Sunday and to-day.

A SOMBRE SCENE.

There was an early lighting of the streets and city buildings this evening. During the afternoon there were evidences at hand in every direction of preparations for the gan to grow denser, the business portion of the city and the hotels took on a crowded appearance. In the residence streets the finishing touches were given to mourning decorations, the work of draphaving been pra ed in the business centre. Washington street, the main business thoroughfare, presented a sable appearance, no structure appearing without its drapery of black, relieved occasionally with an intermingling of white. The face of the dead Vice President met one arraywhere. The street led remains of the dead statesman lay exposed to view, and a surging and ever-increasing throng was to be met at any point along its entire length, but grew more dense when approaching that public edifice. Here military and police were called into requisition to keep the mass moving and to prevent a blockade. When the great doors of the building were ordered closed this afternoon, a waiting crowd, numbering thousands, stood in line to obtain a last glance at the face of the dead, but were unable to do so.

After 1:30 o'clock the presure of the crowd to view the remains became greater. The line formed on the street extended two squares back from the entrance.

Shortly before the noon hour.

SENATOR VOORHEES

and party were admitted by the south entrance, and the Senator paused for a moment for a close inspection of his friend. He went with reluctance, saying in a few moments that he preferred to remember Hendricks as he last saw him, but after viewing

dricks as he last saw him, but after viewing the remains he expressed surprise at their lifelike appearance. "Perhaps a little pale, but remarkably lifelike," was his remark. A similar opinion was expressed by other gentlemen who were given more than a passing glimpse.

At 4:15 o'clock the doors were closed. In a quarter of an hour the Marshal and his assistants and representatives of committees marched to the courthouse, the casket was home through the south entrance to the borne through the south entrance to the street, where it was placed in a hearse and escorted by the four Indianapolis military companies. It was returned to the parlor of the homesteed

escorted by the four Indianapolis military companies. It was returned to the parlor of the homestead.

All along the line of march people flocked to see the sad spectacle. Until it is removed to the church to-morrow the body will lie at rest beneath the roof where the last living hours were spent, and will be surrounded by the tokens of affection and symmetry placed there by friends.

sympathy placed there by friends.

The orders are such that no one will be admitted to the church edifice in the absence admitted to the church edifice in the absence of a proper card. A detachment of soldiers and police will be on duty to see that this order is carried out. In the funeral procession there will be seventeen carriages for the exclusive use of relatives and intimate private friends. These will follow the hearse from the family residence to the church. The procession will be formed at the church during and after services. The remains will reach the church promptly at 12 o'clock. The line of march to Crown Hill Cemetery, where the remains are to be interred, is fully five miles. fully five miles.

At midnight the sky is overcast, and the propabilities of rain to-morrow are stronger. The hotels have received large additions, especially from points in Indiana and Illinois. Gen. Sherman is expected early to-

morrow morning. CHICAGO CITY COUNCIL.

CHICAGO, Nov. 30.—The City Council held special meeting this afternoon to take action on the death of Vice President Hendricks. The Council passed appropriate resolutions, and will attend the CROWDED TRAINS.

Hendricks. The Council passed appropriate resolutions, and will attend the priate resolutions, and will attend the funeral in a body. All the city offices will morial services to-morrow.

be closed here to-morrow as a further mark of respect to the dead. Mayor Harrison was directed to appoint twenty-five citizens to attend the funeral in a body.

SENATOR LOGAN is in town on private business. He refuses to talk on the subject of the presidency pro tempore of the Senate, and says he will have nothing to say until after the meeting

of the Republican caucus.

JUDICIAL HONORS. At a meeting of the Judges of the Appellate, Circuit, Superior, County and Pro bate Courts, held here this afternoon, it was decided to adjourn all the above courts from to-day until Wednesday, out of respect to Vice President Hendricks. All city offices and the United States Customhouse will remain closed the entire day. The postoffices will be closed in accordance with the Postmaster General's order, and the Board of Trade will adjorn at 1 p. m.

WHAT THE B. & O. DID.
KEYSER, Va., Nov. 30.—Immediately following the announcement of the death of Vice President Hendricks, Mr. Robert Garcett, of the Baltimore and Ohio road, tendered to President Cleveland a special train, with every facility afforded by their system to take the chief executive and his cabinet to Indianapolis and return. President Cleveland decided early if he made the trip he would avail himself of the courtesy. So signifying his intention to Mr Garrett's representative, Maj. J. G. Pangham, that gentleman immediately began the arrangement of all details necessary to insure the comfortable transit of the presidential party. Probably in the history of railroading there have never been more complete preparations than those made for running the President's special, and while the Baltimore and Ohio management is characterized by the closest attention to every detail in the operation of its system, still in obedience to the great public concern, as to the safety of the present route, extraordinary precautions were taken. train, with every facility afforded by their

THE PARTY AT PARKERSBURG. PARKERSBURG, Nov. 80.—The presidential special train over the Baltimore and Ohio arrived here at midnight, central time, having made the trip thus far without the ing made the trip thus far without the slightest deviation from its schedule time. It has been decided by the Cabinet to leave Indianapolis on the return trip at 6 o'clock Tuesday evening, arriving in Washington shortly after noon on Wednesday. It has also been determined by the members of the Cabinet not to go to a hotel in Indianapolis, but to occupy the special cars as such. The committee at Indianapolis have been so notified. It is the intention to return immediately from the funeral to the cars, as it is very important that the cabinet officers should be back in Washington at the earliest possible hour to act upon measures which must come before Congress at the opening of the session on Monday next.

A ST. LOUIS DELEGATION. A ST. LOUIS DELEGATION.

twenty-five citizens, headed by Mayor D. R. Francis, left to-night for Indianapolis to participate in the funeral ceremonies of the late Vice President Hendricks. The Busch Zouaves, a military company of this city, will leave for the same destination and for the same purpose at midnight. The customhouse and post office was draped in mourning this afternoon, and various other buildings here bear the insignia of mourning. The United States Court and the State Courts will be closed tomorrow. There will be no afternoon board at the Merchants' Exchange. All public offices will be closed and due and fitting respect will be rendered to the illustrous dead.

OBSERVANCE AT BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 30.—A general meeting of the members of the Corn and Flour Exchange was held to-day, A resolution was journ to-morrow at noon out of respect to the memory of the late Vice President Hendricks. All the courts in this city adjourned at 3 o'clock this afternoon until Wednesday morning as a mark of respect to the memory of the illustrious dead. Memorial service will be held at noon to-morrow at Ford's Opera-house.

SPORTING NOTES.

GLOVE CONTEST.

CHICAGO. Nov. 30.—Battery D was comfortably filled with spectators this evening o witness the six round contest, Marquis of Queensbury rules, between Tom Chandles and Frank Glover, the champion heavyweight of Illinois. In the first round Glover knocked Chandler down four times. and at the end of the round knocked him on the ropes. While on the ropes Glover struck him again. Chandler's seconds claimed a foul, which was not allowed, because Chandler was "not hanging on the opes." The dispute over the claim lasted come to time for the second round. From that to the finish Glover forced the fighting, Chandler doing little but to avoid punishment. In the third round, Chandler struck Glover below the ground Chandler doing little but to avoid punishment. In the third round Chandler struck Glover below the

PROVIDENCE PURCHASED BY BOSTON. Boston, Nov. 30.—President Soden, of the Boston League Base Ball Club, says to-day that he had bought the franchise of the Providence Club personally and controlled the reserved players. Radbourne tonironed the reserved players. Radoourne has signed with Boston. Daily is expected to do likewise. Farrell will go to Philadelphia. The Nationals, of Washington, will probably join the league, if a club can be found to replace Buffalo. Otherwise the League will play the season with only six clubs. Mr. Soden favored Pittsburg rather than Cincinnati.

THE TERRELL RACES. TERRELL, Nov. 80 .- Owing to the condition of the track the races will not com mence until Tuesday, Dec. 1, and continue three days in the following order:

Tuesday—Half mile heats, purse \$75. Entries: Comet Mare, Little Joe, Eva Britton. Wednesday—Half mile dash, purse \$75. Thursday—Matched race for \$1000; Snow's Colt Endown, Chisolm, Gray Allice. Also, purse of \$75 for three-fourths mile dash.

Anniversary of the Battle of Franklin. ZANESVILLE, Nov. 30 .- The twenty-first an-

niversary of the battle of Franklin, Tenn., was celebrated here to-day by a reunion of about 250 remaining soldiers of the Ninetyseventh Regiment Ohio Veteran Volunteers Infantry and the Twenty-fourth South Caro lina Regiment, who brought about this meeting to recapture the colors of the Ninety-seventh Regiment which have since been on exhibition. The morning was spent in receiving and quartering visiting companies and their friends, numbering in all about 1000. At a meeting this afternoon in Gold Hall addresses were delivered by Mayor Gillespie and others

GALVESTON'S NEW HARDSHIP.

HEAVY INCREASE IN INSURANCE RATES.

GALVESTON, Nov. 30.—One of the severest

penalties of the big fire has just been in-

A Verdict for Damages in the United States Court-Investigating the Failure to Arrest the Great Fire.

Special to The News.

flicted upon those whose property did not burn by an increase of 50 per cent in the rate of insurance on frame dwellings, which class of houses may be said to comprise the entire residence portion of the city, with the exception of a dozen or so brick residences. It seems that no sconer had the horde of adjusters reached the stricken city than they set up an almost unanimous cry for higher rates. The predominating idea seemed to be that inasmuch as Galveston had caused their companies to sustain heavy losses, why poor Galveston must make up that loss to them, otherwise certain big companies threatened to leave the State. It is a noticeable fact that some of the smallest losing companies are doing the loudest crying. Last Saturday the State Board of Underwriters recommended to the local board an increase of 35 cents per \$100 on the basis rate for frame dwellings. This was the minimum recommendation of the State Board, which in all previous instances have been adopted by the local board. In this instance, however, the local board, spurred on by the presence of some twenty browbeating adjusters, overshot the mark, in the opinion of many, and raised the minimum recommendation of the State board a cool 15 cents on the \$100 by adopting the high tariff of premiums. Frame dwellings and contents, old basis was \$1 on the \$100; State Board recommended \$1 35; local board adopted \$1 50. Frame dwellings with fire proof roofs, basis rate increased from \$5 cents to \$1. Brick dwellings with fire proof roofs increased from \$1 50 to \$1 75, while the premium on frame business houses is increased from \$1 50 to \$1 75, while the premium on frame business houses is increased these rates in secret session, wherein each member was pledged not to divulge the causes, etc. In their supposed secret discused as a mere sham. Its membership they said, comprised a good many men, including the chief, who were wont to spend too much time in lager beer saloons. The waterworks were pronounced a fraud. They would never squirt when it was most needed, and one insurance man declared they were simply built to defraud the city, etc. prise the entire residence portion of the city, with the exception of a dozen or so

if the rates were not immediately raised.

Among those companies whose traveling representatives are known to be contemplating advising their principals to withdraw from Texas are the North America, the Ætna of Hartford, the Hartford, the Royal, the London and Lancashire, and several others. Texas has proven poor feeding ground for some of these slick corporations, and they want to get out, but hate to quit such heavy losers.

In the United States District Court tonight, Judge Sabin presiding, the jury in the case of Wm. Angerhoffer, Jr., of Housa verdict in favor of plaintiff for \$2500. The suit was brought for \$10,000 damages which plaintiff claimed, alleging that defendant company had uttered fraudulent and libelous reports against him touching his busi-

COUNCIL MEETING.

The Board of Aldermen met at 10 a.m. in pursuance of the requirement of the city charter, which makes it obligatory upon the Board to meet in the month of November of each year and make careful estimate of all the probable revenue of the city for the ensuing year and provide for the disburse. ment and expenditure of same. The board resolved itself into committee of the whole and elected Capt. Charles Fowler, Alderand elected Capt. Charles Fowler, Alderman from the Fifth Ward, chairman, and Mr. Frank L'Estrange, City Auditor, clerk of the budget committee. This committee will appoint a sub-committee, whose duty it will be to frame a budget embracing the various revenues of the city and stipulating how they shall be disbursed and for what purposes expended. A joint committee consoners poses expended. A joint committee consisting of the water supply, finance and fire committees held a meeting to-night for the purpose of devising means for better protecting the city from fire. Nothing, however, of a definite character, was done, and the joint committee adjourned to meet to-morrow.

The joint committee while in session to-The joint committee while in session to-night examined the engineer of the water-works relative to the charge made by Chief Engineer Oldenburg, of the fire depart-ment, that the weight of pressure on the waterworks on the night of the great-fire was feeble and inadequate to throw a stream over the roofs of one-story buildings, hence the inability of the fire de-partment to check the spread of the great conflagration. This statement the engineer of the waterworks denies in toto, and states conflagration. This statement the engineer of the waterworks denies in toto, and states that there was full pressure on at the outbreak of the fire, and that it was continued for several hours after it had subsided, and the great destruction was the result of utter inefficiency on the part of the fire department. It is the intention of the commission to pursue the investigation further, and rich developments are expected. ments are expected.

KILLED BY INDIANS.

A White Family in Arizona Reported to Have

Been Slain. WILCOX, Nov. 30 .- The Indians who left Cedar Springs early this morning killed Wm. Johnson and his 12 year old boy, and then proceeded the Underwood ranch, where they ran off all the stock and horses. They continued soutoward and are now in the mountains. People in this vicinty have been warned, as it is feared a general outbreak is imminent. Johnson's wife is also missing, and is believed to have been killed.

EL PASO, Nov. 30 .- During the past ten days no cattle have arrived at the stockyards here for transfer to Territorial points. It is stated, however, that this is simply a lull in the movement and that trains from the East will begin to arrive in a few days. A large number of the cattle that arrived recently were in poor condition, and many were taken from the trains dead and others died in the stocks

Increase in the National Debt for November. Factions of the Apaches Committing Counter Atrocities, Etc.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30 .- The President made the following appointments to-day: John C. Thompson, Harrodsburg, Ky. Surveyor General, of Wyoming, vice John W. Meldrum, resigned.

To be Register of the Land Office, Samuel C. Williams, of Merida, Collector at Del Norte, Cal.

Natt H. Harris, of Vicksburg, Miss., at

David Webb, of Covington, Mo., at Salt Lake City. Fred A. McDonald, of Oregon, at The-

dalles, Oregon. To be Receiver of Public Moneys, J. Massie Martin, Opelousas, La., at New Or.

William Garrard, of Lawrenceville, Ill.,

William Garrard, of Lawrenceville, Ill., at Cheyenne, Wyo.

John W. Causy, Collector of Internal Revenue for the District of Delaware.

The President to-day appointed the following presidential postmasters:

At Stockbridge, Mass., Charles H. Willis vice H. L. Plumb, commission expired.

At Lenox, Miss., Edward McDonald vice Thos. Post, office became presidential.

Collinsville, Ill., Charles A. Hartman vice Sarah H. Nelson, suspended.

Lexington, Mich., C. E. Ressequie vice Fayette Brown, not commissioned.

THE DEBT INCREASED. It is said at the Treasury Department that there will be an increase instead of the usual decrease in the public debt, during the month of November. Receipts have been light, and disbursements unusually heavy. Payments on account of pensions alone amount to about \$11,000,000. The debt statement is not to be issued until Wednesstatement.

A TAX TEST. The Great Falls Company, of which B. F. Butler and Wm. E. Chandler are chief owners, intends to make an issue with the State of Virginia to the reception of the tax receivable coupons for taxes. The acceptance of these coupons has been refused by the State officials, but there is a decision of the Supreme Court which declares that they are receivable.

MR. MORRISON SPEAKS OUT AT LAST. Congressman Morrison now comes out in favor of distributing the work of the House appropriations committee. He thinks it is simply impossible for one committee to properly do all the work now assigned to that committee, no matter who is the chairman. He favored a proposition brought up in the Forty-sixth Congress to disribute some of the work of this committee, but when Mr. Randall had been defeated for Speaker of the House in the Forty-eighth Congress, and the proposition was again agitated. Mr. Morrison opposed it and favored leaving the appropriations committee all the power the appropriations committee all the power and potency it ever held, as a matter of courtesy, to Mr. Randall, its chairman. Since that time Mr. Morrison says he has learned not to allow a desire to act courteously to an opponent to prevent his doing what he believes to be right. He thinks the appropriation bills are more than any one committee can manage, and he will favor the distribution of part of them among the committees to which they properly belong. REPORT ON RAILROADS.

Commissioner of Railroads Johnston, in his annual report on the property and accounts of the subsidized Pacific railroads. places the total indebtedness of the roads to the United States on June 30, 1885, at \$102,-647.424. Of this amount there is due from the Union Pacific railroad, including the Kansas Pacific, \$48,914,056; from the Central branch of the Union Pacific, \$3,115,134; from the Central Pacific, Central branch of the Central Pacific, \$47,478,877; and from the Sioux City and Pacific \$3,109,356. The Commissioner suggests that it might be alike advantageous to the government and the Pacific Roads to substitute for the present law one fixing annual or semi-annual payments by the comnual or semi-annual payments by the comanies concerned, which should extinguish their debts to the government in a reasonable time, as is proposed in bills reported by Senator Hoar in the last session of the Senate. The Commissioner points to the fact that more than \$20,000,000 credited to the Pacific railroads, now lies idle in the treasury of indicious invest. lies idle in the treasury, a judicious invest-ment of which would be of great benefit to those concerned. He, therefore, recom-mends that the attention of Congress be called to the matter. He also suggests that the Kansas Pacific, and the Sioux City and Pacific, and the Central Branch of the Union Pacific, he included in the provisions of the Pacific, be included in the provisions of the law of May 28, 1878, creating sinking funds for the Pacific railroads.

MR. SPARKS SPEAKS. Commissioner Sparks, of the General Land Office, states that the various newspaper reports which have recently appeared as if furnished the press, through some ulterior design, alleging a coolness between himself and the head of the departtment, and that he is being unpleasantly overruled and reversed by the Secretary in his official action, are falsehoods manufactured from whole cloth, Gen. Sparks states emphatically that no rules, amended or otherwise, have been promulgated by him that have not been approved by the Secretary, and that the attempt to produce the impression that there is discord in the department between the Secretary, who is at its head, and the Commissioner, who have charge of one of its most important. e desire of rings, whose opera-ns are interfered with by an ministration in the interest honesty and against the wholesale spoliof honesty and against the wholesale spoliation of the public domain. "This administration," says the Commissioner, "means a reform of abuses and a return to honest and just methods of government. No man is more reverently enlisted in this movement than the Secretary of the Interior, and I am quite sure he has the full confidence that his Commissioner of the General Land Office will do all in his power to this end."

Adjutant General Drum to-day received the following telegram from Gen. Crook; Sanchez brought into Fort Apaches last evening the head of one of the hostiles named Ogare Tuelah. He also reports that the hostiles are killing all the White Mountain Indians they can find scattered over the reservation. It seems probable that up to this time they have killed eleven women, four children and five men and boys. The but these are close to Fort Apache and carefully guarded. The Indians on the reservation are extremely alert, and several parties of seouts and troops are hunting the hostiles. All the Indian camps have been notified. There is reason to hope that more of the hostiles will be killed.

MURDER AMONG THE MINERS.

Bad State of Affairs in Missouri-The Military Called Out.

St. Louis, Nov. 30 .- For some time pas there has been quite a disturbed condition of things at the Cevien coal mines, about five miles from Macon, Mo. The miners struck for higher wages during summer, and the operators imported a lot of negroes to work the mines and built a stockade for the protection of their men. This created a very bad feeling, and several little outbursts have occurred. On Saturday last a

collision occurred and one white miner and one negro were killed. Another man was killed last night, and the situation was con-sidered so critical to-day that the Governor went to the scene, and after looking over the ground ordered out the first regiment of the State guards in this city, and about 400 men will leave on a special train at 2 o'clock to-night for the mines, to preserve order and protect the miners.

VERY LATEST FOREIGN NEWS.

A Hopeless Outlook for English Liberals-Still Bombarding Widdin.

London, Dec. 1, 3 a. m.—Thirty-seven dirisions voted yesterday. The results will be announced during to-day.

Sir Richard Asheton Cross, the Conservative Home Secretary, is elected for Newton LeWillows, Lancashire, over Mr. McCorquodale, Liberal, by a vote of 4401 to 4031 The total number of Liberal members thus far elected is 182 and of Tories 150.

There is still no sign of a Liberal majority. The present nominal majority of the Liberals is due to Scotland's temporary impulse. There are in England and Wales 230 unpolled divisions, of which the conservatives estimate that they will secure 150. London divisions. complete, return 37 Conservatives and 23 Liberals.

The Pall Mall Gazette, in its analysis of the voting up to the close of Saturday, makes the Conservative gains 89 and Liberals gains 43, and estimates the total vote cast as follows: Liberal 1,042,203, Conservative 990,210.

BELGRADE, Nov. 30.—Gen. Lishjanin continues to bombard Widdin. It is expected general fighting will be resumed in a day or two in disregard of the armistice, as Prince Alexander demands possession of Zitcher and Berot as a guarantee of payment of a war indemnity by Servia. Col. Heroatowitch, the Servian Minister at St. Petersburg, has arrived here to take command of the forces. Reserves are going to the front. A number of persons have been arrested on the charge of attempting to ferment a revolution.

Of the 6000 wounded Servians in the hospitals here, one-third have self-inflicted wounds of the trigger finger, having been impelled by cold and hunger thus to mutilate themselves in order that they might be sent home.

The Servian ministry has resigned. TO PROCLAIM AMNESTY. London, Nov. 30.—The Porte has sent

agents to Philipopolis to proclaim amnesty to revolutionists

OSMAN DIGNA'S VENGEANCE. Rome, Nov. 30.—A letter to the Rassignau from Massowah says that Osman Digna is not dead, as was recently reported, and that he has avenged the prisoners hanged in Abyssinia by massacreing all the people of Kassala, Europeans included, and reducing

the town to ruins. ALFONSO'S FUNERAL.

Madrid, Nov. 30.—The funeral services of the late King have been fixed for Dec. 10. They will be held in the Cathedral of Sonisidra, in the presence of the Ministry and foreign delegates. The theatres have been reopened and business resumed, and the usual quietude prevails in the city. The government has ordered that the state of siege be raised whenever the provincial authorities report that there is no fear of a revolt.

The rumor of the non-payment of the coupons on the national debt is true. The national bank is buying the coupons freely. The Cortes will be dissolved in January. NOTES FROM THE WEST INDIES.

HAVANA, Nov. 30.-The Governor General and the Superintendent of the Treasury have tendered their resignations, but they

have not been accepted. The mail steamer from St. Thomas brings the following advices: The Consul of Santo Domingo at St. Thomas has received a dispatch stating that the rebel Generals, Caceres, Guildemo and Hernandez had been killed, and that Babodillo Sentana and Recio Sobriano had been said, had been crushed.

The Penal Code on the Ticket Business.

The attention of the railway passenger agents and brokers in this city is of great general importance, and the moves of the parties are watched with great interest. The law on the situation is of interest at this time. In 1882 a number of the prominent brokers of the State fearing that, on the restoration of both east and west-bound rates on Jan. 23 of that year, the ralroads would seen to enforce the provisions of the law and close up all of the scalpers' offices in the State, and in order to protect themselves, pushed a bill through the Legislature repealing section 615 of the Penal Code. This described the method of appointment of agents. But the same puroose is accomplished by sections No. 616 to 621, inclusive. These provide for the sale of tickets by authorized agents and none others, and provide a penalty for unauthorized sales except by a person who shall have purchased a ticket in good faith for his own use and shall be preyented from using it. Such a person can sell it at a price not exceeding the regular rate. Conspiring to sell tickets in defiance of law is punishable by imprisonment in a tate prison for a term not exceeding five ears. All offices kept for the purpose of elling tickets in violation of these laws are declared disorderly houses and the keepers are liable to imprisonment in the county jail for a period of from three to six

That the railroads will take steps to enforce these laws is expected. A railroad agent said: "The matter is not now in the hands of the agents. The presidents are directing this matter, and there is no chance recting this matter, and there is no chance left for the agent except to obey orders."
The present pool is said to be the strongest ever formed, on account of the money forfeit which is put up by each road. One of the arguments made by the brokers is that by turning all of their business over to the road they will break the pool. As each road receives a proportion of the earnings of all the roads based on the average earnings of each, it is unlikely that they will care to again repeat the experience of the rate war which was begun by the West Shore nearly two years ago in the effort to gain recognition in the effort to gain recognition in the

pool.—Buffalo Express Fay Templeton Sued for Divorce.

CHICAGO, Nov. 30 .- William H. West, of Thatcher, Primrose & West Minstrel Company, to-day brought suit for divorce from his wife, Fay Templeton, the popular comic opera star and actress. Mr. West claims his wife deserted him a few weeks after marriage and returned to the stage, although she had promised him to give up her professional career.

To test his marksmanship a young man of Sonora fired at a crow. His aim was bad, for Miss Ella Hewitt, who was passing on the highway, received the ball in her mouth between her parted lips. She suddenly shut her teeth upon it and held it. Her only injury was a slight cutting of lips and the breaking

JOSEPH HATTON'S LETTER.

THE WOMAN SUFFRAGE QUESTION.

Agitation for Laws to Purify Health and Morals-Pleasant Houses for Working Girls to Live in.

St. Louis Republican.

London, Nov. 14.—One of the questions which will come prominently before the country during the pending general election will be the claim of women to vote for members of Parliament. Nothing better illustrates the social progress of women in these days than the serious advancement of this claim by prominent leaders of political A few years ago the idea of the enfranchisement of women was treated as a popular jest. Punch made fun of it, and old-fashioned politicians found it an easy subject to humor. In the meantime the advocates of woman suffrage procured their admission into minor institutions. They were permitted to vote at municipal elections and to sit on school boards. This change in the body politic not having brought the world to an end, many distinguished statesmen have condescended to admit the right of women to vote for members of Parliament into the arena of controversy. The late Lord Beaconsfield was in favor of the extension of the franchise to women; but Mr. Gladstone refused point blank to acknowledge even the principle of female suffrage in his last reform bill. He was invited to relent by a very powerful deputation. Probably he was right to confine his work on that occasion to the agricultural laborer, but having now raised that humble citizen to the dignity of the franfranchise, women of property can hardly be much longer excluded. The advocates of woman suffrage only claim the right of spinsters and widows with household or property qualifications to enjoy the same electoral privileges as their servants, the peasant and the workingman. They have a tremendous organization, which they mean to bring to bear upon candidates for the next Parliament, and they look forward with every reasonable hope of an early success. FEMALE BARTENDERS.

Apart from the wretched business of the

Pall Mall Gazette and the action of women

in respect of certain legislation for the purification of health as well as morals, Englishwomen are creditably and honorably in the foremost ranks of progress and reform. Among the "institutions" of England which always shocks American visitors of anything like moral tone is the barmaid. There is no occupation more calculated to is no occupation more calculated to degrade a young girl in her own estimation than that of bartending. There are thousands of men who waste the greater part of their lives in lounging about whisky bars. They indulge in conversation which is often unfit for the ears of men, much less of women, and the more they drink the more attention they expect from the lady of the bar. Lady Brabazon, Miss Gough and several other ladies of position have recently formed a society in the interest of London barmaids. The chief complaint of the girls themselves is in respect to their hours of labor. Many of them are employed from 9 in the morning chief complaint of the girls themselves is in respect to their hours of labor. Many of them are employed from 9 in the morning to 12 at midnight, with not more than an hour and a half for meals and rest. Miss Gough is directing her efforts to place the work and the hours of labor on a practical footing, and to make arrangements for social, moral and religious help. She has upon her books the names of 500 young women, and she has thirty-six ladies in association with her, who write letters to the barmaids and visit them. On Sunday afternoons meetings are held for such as are able to attend. Lady Brabazon has a Sunday afternoon Bible class in her drawing room, where she regularly receives at tea fifty or sixty visitors from the various London bars. The other evening Lord and Lady Brabazon gave a concert at their beautiful residence at Lancaster Gate to the members of the restaurant branch of the barmaid business. Girls engaged at restaurants and cafes have much lighter hours than those who are occupied at drinking bars and railway depots, and they are enabled to indulge in some kind of recreation at night. Should the suffrage they are enabled to indulge in some kind of recreation at night. Should the suffrage ever be obtained by women, an effort will be made to regulate this branch of female employment by act of Parliament; but the greatest blessing that could be conferred upon the sex would be to exclude it from the demonstration of partending. the demoralizing occupation of bartending. PLEASANT HOUSES OF CALL FOR WORKING

GIRLS. Throughout the provinces ladies of social distinction are engaging in movements for the amelioration of the condition of working girls in all kinds of occupations, helping them in their studies and amusements and co-operating with them for the better recognition of their work and status. As an example, Lady Laura Ridding, daughter of Lord Selborne and wife of the bishop of Southwell, has instituted at Nottingham a number of evening homes for girls. At this center of the lace trade thousands of factory girls find themselves in an evening but social control or guidance. At all day in a close atmosphere, they for entertainment at night, and it is seek for entertainment at hight, and it is said that the more experienced very often lead their innocent companions astray. Many of them go to the low music halls and come under vicious influences. What Lady Laura Ridding thinks they want as an antidote to all this and a rivalry are homes where they can be pleasantly received and entertained not merely with dry instruction and study, but with harmless recreation, music, singing, reci-ting games, and with all the general influence of pure home life and good, womanly companionship. Many large manufacturers supply these desiderata as much as possible on the spot, but the tendency of the factory on the spot, but the tendency of the factory hands is to get away in an evening from the scenes of their daily labors, and the establishment of homes and pleasant places of call under proper and engaging control cannot fail to be of the highest social value. FEMALE PATENTEES IN ENGLAND AND

A list of American women who are patentees has called the attention of social reformers to this interesting subject, and while the number on this side of the Atlantic of women who have taken out patents for new inventions is very small indeed when compared with those of the United States. the number of patents granted to women from July, 1884, to the end of March, in the current year of 1885, shows a great increase on previous years, and is not without special interest at the present moment. It is, however, noticeable that while American women soar right into the masculine atmosphere of mechanical and scientific research and invention, English women are mostly content with what is generally regarded by men as their own particular sphere. While an with what is generally regarded by men as their own particular sphere. While an American woman invents the Burton horseshoeing machine, an Englishwoman takes out a patent for an improved pea soup; while Miss Mary E. Waltren perfects a system for deadening the sound of elevated railroads, her English sister, a governess, patents a registering label and means of attachment to boots and shoes at hotels and other establishments; while Mrs. A. H. Manning invents a new mowing and reaping was a slight cutting of lips and the breaking of the enamel of her two upper front teeth.

The provements for the manufacture of bread; for six years. She was taken to Weatherford for burial beside her husband.

The provements for the manufacture of bread; for burial beside her husband.

The provements for the multiple of the water, the English widow of a bookseller registers improvements for the manufacture of bread; for burial beside her husband. Sheriff Davis captured, on Saturday, a young man by the name of Watkins, wanted in Falls County for assault to murder.

AMERICA.

compound sardine paste, and so on. Not that I would infer there is no evidence of higher mechanical genius than is represented by these English patents, for, among others, women have taken out papers for improvement in pianoforte key-boards, in the manufacture of non-alcoholic beverages from fruits, and improvements in connection with circular frame knitters. The comparison I have given above is, nevertheless. parison I have given above is, nevertheless, a just one, although it may fairly be said for Englishwomen that just as they are only now entering upon a course of social and political freedom they are only beginning to take up the role of inventors.

WOMAN IN HER WORST ASPECT. It is curious to note that, with all the tender susceptibilities of women, they have throughout history shown themselves to be almost as capable, perhaps more so, of cruelty as men. Fashion has the power to lead them very much astray in this respect. There are no more interested or excitable auditors of a Spanish bull fight than the Spanish ladies. Until within the last year or two the pigeon matches at Hurlingham, a fashionable resort near London, were largely attended by ladies—not merely the ordinary society women, but by ladies of the highest culture, breeding and associations. Pigeon shooting is a form of sport in England which has always been more or less condemned in the press and on the platform as a degrading sport, unmanly and cruel. It was discovered that the providers of the birds frequently mutilated or injured them on special occasions that they might become more easily victims to the gunners. As Hurlingham gradually became a fashion resort for society, where ladies became a feature among the audience, satirists, essayists and humanitarians began to attack the institution with force and bitterness, and in the midst of the discussion Dr. Carver arrived from America with his substitute for pigeons in the shape of glass balls. Thereupon a bill was brought into Parliament for the suppression of pigeon shooting. The measure was passed in the Commons, but defeated in the Lords by a small majority. It will no doubt be revived at an early day, and will be sure to be eventually carried. In the meantime, so strange and cruel are the vagaries of fashion, French ladies have inaugurated on their side of the channel an entirely new sport, the shooting of larks. This year gunning among ladies, with larks as the victims, has become a feature of country life and sport at many of the leading chateaus. As a rule English ladies do not shoot. They ride to hounds, they are great at tennis, they play cricket, they fence; in many country houses they are adepts at billiards, they walk immense distances, they row on our rivers. swim at every bathing place, and once in a lifetime you may see a woman with a gun. During the shooting season they may be seen driving to the cover with their husbands and guests, occasionally joining them in the field at luncheon, but when the hunt is un they are often first at themet and or two the pigeon matches at Hurlingham. a fashionable resort near London, were seen driving to the cover with their husbands and guests, occasionally joining them in the field at luncheon, but when the hunt is up they are often first at the meet and first at the death, splendid equestriennes, and as a rule on affectionate terms with their horses.

I hate men who are always saying: I hate men who are always saying: "I told you so." But Stead, of the Pall Mall Gazette, is in prison picking oakum. "The Minotaur" is the myth. I told you he was The systematic immorality and hunting down of young girls, as described in "the revelation," is now proved, on legal investigation before two juries, to have been the tissue of lies I warned you they would turn out to be. Stead had to confess that when he vouched for them as facts he was merely repeating Stead had to confess that when he vouched for them as facts he was merely repeating what the procuress and brothel keeper Jarrett teld him. Stead was "a young man from the country." In Chicago they would call him "a granger," in New York "fresh." He came from Darlington, a provincial editor, to "set the Thames on fire," and he may be said to have done it. He has debauched the public mind with a stream of filth, but he is now numbered with a number and marked with a sign in one of her majesty's jails.

JOSEPH HATTON.

A FORTUNE FOR TWO MULATTOES.

The Legal Fight for \$400,000 Bequeathed by Eccentric David Dickson to a Former Slave.

SPARTA, Ga., Nov. 23 .- The Dickson will case, which has been before the jury for the past week, ended late last night with a verdiet sustaining the will. Mr. David Dickson died suddenly on Feb. 13, 1885, leaving an estate worth \$400,000. He left a will, bequeathing \$5000 to each of the four children of his sister, \$2000 each to five or six other persons, and \$1000 each to half a dozen others. The rest of his superb property was left to Amanda Dickson, a colored woman, in trust for her 45 years old. Mr. Dickson had deeded to 45 years old. Mr. Dickson had deeded to her and her mother a handsome property before his death. They had been slaves of his, and had lived on his plantation for many years under circumstances which did not elevate Mr. Dickson's social standing or exalt the regard in which his neighbors held him. He lived twelve miles from Sparta, in the center of a plantation covering about 3000 acres of land. Until he was 60 years old he was a bachelor and a man of solitary habits. He seldom went to Sparta, and the chief break in the monotony of his life was his annual visit to Augusta. of his life was his annual visit to Augusta. He attended regularly the Georgia railroad conventions in that city, because he was one of the largest stockholders in that road.

one of the largest stockholders in that road. In 1870 he married Miss Clara Harris, of this county. She lived as his wife for about two years and died childless.

The morning he died he called for his favorite saddle horse and rode several miles over his plantation. On returning to his house he complained of a pain in his side, and lying down on his bed, expired in a few minutes. By his own direction he was buried in his garden, with an open white silk handkerchief across his breast, a gold toothpick in his right hand and a penknife in his pocket. Soon after his death Amanda Dickson, her mother and her sons moved to Augusta, where they now reside moved to Augusta, where they now reside in a house of their own.

As soon as the will was offered for pro-

bate, notice of a contest was served upon the executors by some of the children of Mr. Dickson's brothers and sisters, who would have inherited his property but for

his extraordinary will.

The case was tried before Hancock Superior Court, Judge Lumpkin presiding.
It was all the talk in Hancock and surrounding counties, and its progress was watched with intense interest, nonly because of the large amount in was watched with intense interest, noonly because of the large amount in.
volved, but by reason of the delicate questions of evidence and law which arose.
Two days were consumed in an effort to obtain a jury. At the close of the trial the
jury retired, and in two hours and a half
returned with a verdict sustaining the will,
The case now goes to the Supreme Court.

Both Condemned to Hang.

Sr. Louis, Nov. 30 .- The case of Sadie Havs, a negress who shot and killed Sergeant of Police Jenks, of this city, Oct. 8, 1883, and Charles Wilson, the negro who killed William David, mate of the steamer Fannie Tatum, July 31, 1882, were passed upon by the Supreme Court this afternoon, and the judgment of the Court of Appeals was affirmed. Both Hays and Wilson will be hanged Jan. 1.

ARLINGTON, Nov. 30.—There will be a mass neeting of citizens in this city to-morrow

night for the purpose of publicly expressing the sorrow of our people at the death of Vice President Hendricks. Mr. Thomas Spruance will leave to morrow morning for Eastern Texas in the interest of the Arlington Lumber Company.

One hundred bales of cotton have been sold

Wichita Falls.

WICHITA FALLS, Nov. 30 .- Mrs. M. E. James of the Panhandle National Bank, died last Fri THE ORDER OF SUCCESSION.

IT SHOULD BE SET FINALLY AT REST.

Nothing Short of a Constitutional Amendment Sufficiently Strong to Meet all Emergencies-Possibility of Revolution.

New Orleans Picayune.

The question of the Presidential succes sion is now hotly debated in every quarter of the land, and although it is regarded by some persons of consequence as a matter not deserving much consideration, still it cannot be denied that it contains the ele ments of a possible revolution. It should therefore be set finally at rest by an authoritative exposition of the will of the people in the form of a constitutional amendment A law is esteemed by many to be sufficient, and so in a certain sense it is, since it would be supreme authority over everything but Congressional action. But since Congress can repeal a law, a matter of fundamental importance should be set above the action of Congress, by being embodied in the constitution itself. To go over the whole matter from the or-

ganization of the government would be somewhat tedious. It may suffice to state that the law placing the presiding officers of the Senate and House in the line of succes sion probably originated in the accidental occupancy of the State Department by Thomas Jefferson, and the desire of the Federals, then predominant, to exclude the great Democratic chief from the succession. Often as the uncertainty of the political situation has thrust forward the question, it has never been settled, and remains to-day

has never been settled, and remains to-day in the same shape as ever.

The objections to the law as it stands are many. In the first place it is of very doubtful constitutionality. The constitution declares that "the Congress may by law provide for the case of removal, death, resignation or inability, both of the President and Vice President, declaring what officer shall then act as President; and such officer shall act accordingly until the disability be removed, or a President shall be elected." It is judicially established and certain that a member of Congress is not an officer of the United States; consequently, it is not clear that either the President of the Senate or the Speaker of the House can act as President. The case has never arisen, and the matter has therefore never been decided; but it has repeatedly happened that there was but a single life in its way, and if that life had dropped out it would have a view of must have here age. nappened that there was but a single life in its way, and if that life had dropped out it would have arisen, and must have been settled. It is barely possible that the Supreme Court would decide that it was a case of so much doubt that the benefit of that doubt should be given to the act of Congress. But how much better would it not be to abolish doubt in the matter by taking such a course doubt in the matter by taking such a course that doubt could not arise.

It is a curious fact that the Republican Senate has adopted a Democratic measure, proposed by a Democrat, which would, if it were now law, place the succession in Democratic hands, strictly conform to the constitution, and prevent any trouble arising.

were now law, place the succession in Democratic hands, strictly conform to the constitution, and prevent any trouble arising, and this bill is not law because it was not accepted by the Republican House of Representatives. The author of the bill was Senator Garland, of Arkansas, now Attorney General. The fact that the Senate did not regard it as a party measure is clear from the interesting discussion of it, and is moreover an immediate deduction from the vote upon it. In the negative Edmunds, of Vermont, and Jonas, of Louisiana, voted side by side, while in the affirmative were ranged such Republicans as Dawes and Hoar of Massachusetts, Anthony and Aldrich of Rhode Island, Hale and Frye of Maine, Sherman of Ohio, Hawley of Connecticut, Harrison of Indiana, Windom of Minnesota, and Logan of Illinois, right along with such Democrats as Garland of Arkansas, Lamar of Mississippi, Hampton of South Carolina, Davis of West Virginia, Gorman of Maryland, Beck of Kentucky, Jackson of Tennessee, Saulsburn of Delaware Mayey of Tayse Puch

West Virginia, Gorman of Maryland, Beck of Kentucky, Jackson of Tennessee, Saulsbury of Delaware, Maxey of Texas, Pugh of Alabama, and Morgan of Alabama. No one will doubt, after running down the array of names, that the measure was sound in point of law and could be opposed on grounds of expedience.

on grounds of expediency.

The bill provides that the Cabinet officers should succeed to the Presidency in case of vacancy, the Secretary of State first, Treasury next, War third, and so on, so that if the President and Vice President should both die or otherwise be incapacitated there th die or otherwise be incapacitated ther would always be seven Cabinet officers standing in line, and it could probably never happen that a vacancy could occur without a man being ready to fill it.

The tenure of the president pro tempore of the Senate depends entirely on the will of the Senate. While no one will dispute the wight of the Senate to make a new one at

of the Senate depends entirely on the will of the Senate. While no one will dispute the right of the Senate to make a new one at any time, yet there may easily be disputes over what the Senate has done. Whenever dispute has occurred in the Senate the question has been put lightly by, any defect being covered up by a re-election. Whenever the question has arisen whether so and so was now the president pro tempore, or there should be a new election, instead of settling the matter forever the Senate has dodged it by having a re-election.

The greatest lawyers in the country differ regarding the constitutionality of the existing laws. There is no such thing as an agreement about the matter even in the Senate itself. The proposed law vesting the succession in the Cabinet was again passed by a Republican Senate, reported to a Democratic House by a Democratic committee, placed on the calendar, and allowed to die there, because that House had no time for any they rapidly deciring the requestion.

because that House had no time for any other public business except the reduction The special advantage which the method

offers is the keeping of the succession win the party which has been intrusted by nation with the task of administration. nation with the task of administration. Our readers may perhaps remember that in the spring of 1881 the Senate was equally divided, and could not get along without the casting vote of the Vice President, Gen. Arthur. The wrangle over the offices was left unsettled. After Garfield's assassination, Arthur regarded it as of so much importance that there should be some one ready to take the reins in case of his own unexpected death that he called a special session of the Senate. That body in October of that that he called a special session of the Senate. That body in October of that year elected Senator Bayard, of Delaware, President pro tempore. Three new Repub-President pro tempore. Three new Republican Senators were immediately sworn in, and this changed the constitution of the Senate again and led to the election of Senator Davis, of Illinois, a life long Republican, who had been elected to the Senate by the Democrats of his State Legislature because of his moderation. He held the office of President of the Senate till the expiration of his term, March 4, 1883, and was an excellent presiding officer, always cool, able and impartial; yet he was never able to overcome the hostility of the country to him on account of his acceptance of the office at the hands of the Republican Senators, when he had himself been chosen to his seat by Democratic votes. So long as the present system is continued there is liability of recurrence of such political asperities. The true remedy is to change

The suggestion is now made in many Re The suggestion is now made in many Republican quarters that the Senate could not do a more graceful act than elect Gen. Logan, of Illinois, who was the Republican nominee for Vice President. Really it could not do a worse thing: such a choice would immediately inspire some political crank with a mission of assassination. If we have to reckon with assassination as one of the forces of our modern civilization, at least we should try to keep it within bounds. The probability is that the Senate cannot be induced to undertake any rash experimentation in sentimentality, and that the office will be held by Senator Edmunds of Vermont till the expiration of his term, we have to reckon with assassination as one of the forces of our modern civilization, at least we should try to keep it within bounds. The probability is that the Senate cannot be induced to undertake any rash experimentation in sentimentality, and that the office will be held by Senator Edmunds of Vermont till the expiration of his term, March 4, 1887. He is distinctly and decidedly not a persona grata with those elements of the Republican party which the people have cause to fear; his contemptuous si-

ence during the last Presidential campaign mass of Republican corruption. It would avail the lobby nothing to put a Cleveland avail the lobby nothing to put a Cleveland out of the way in order to make room for the accession of an Edmunds. If the Senate really desires to do a graceful act, let it elect Harris of Tennessee or Brown of Georgia, the old Confederate war Governors, known and trusted all over the country. Such an election would mean something. It would recognize the termination of internecine strife, as it has never yet been recognized. It would continue the succession with the party which ought to have it. It would eliminate the danger of assassination. It would abolish sectionality and moderate partisanship. It would warm the hearts of the nation, and would be heralded over the round globe as the testimony of a republic to universal peace. to universal peace.

THE OLD BELLE OF THE CAPITAL Seeks to Clear up Past Scandals by Prosecuting

Alleged Perjurers. Pittsburg Gazette.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—The famous, or nafmous, Belt-Godfrey divorce case is to be again hauled over the legal coals here. The arrest to-day of five persons for perjury gives a fresh start to the most corrupt case probably which has ever been in court. These persons are a policeman, an ex-policeman, a watchman and two restaurant keep-

The two colored men came into court and boldly confessed their false swearing. The three white men were contradicted point blank by both reputable witnesses and collateral circumstances. Under these conditions the case of the wealthy Baltimorean failed, and the divorce was granted to Mrs. Belt, nee Godfrey. She will be remembered as the once most beautiful woman in Washington, and was involved in the Acklen scandal.

The whole case, so far as the Washington testimony was concerned, rested upon fraud, and the testimony of confessedly hired and and the testimony of confessedly hired and perjured witnesses, and was the most singular instance of corruption ever known here. For instance, the warrant against Battle Minor alleges that he falsely, wilfully and corruptly testified that he knew a certain Mrs. Godfrey (meaning the said Mary Alice Belt) very well, and had furnished oysters and beer to her, and that he had taken oysters to Mrs. Godfrey's room in a house numbered 1706 L street, Northwest, in this city, and that he had seen Mrs. Godfrey, and that there was another person present, a gentleman, who seemed to be going around the room there between the hours of 11 and 12 o'clock at night. It is charged that Minor never knew a lady living at 1706 L street by the name of Mrs. Godfrey, and had never carried beer and oysters into her room, and had never seen a gentleman there. The truth is, Mrs. Godfrey never lived there at all, and the house has always been occupied by a respectable

has always been occupied by a respectable family.

In reference to the well known Acklen scandal, at Welcker's Hotel, the warrant against Benjamin Golly charges that on the 19th day of July he testified falsely that in the year 1878 he was employed at Welcker's; that he remembered an excitement which occurred there in which a gentleman from New Orleans was concerned; that a young man named Louis waited on the gentleman mentioned and Mrs. Godfrey, and affiant was in the office; that when he heard the scream and went to the room he found the door locked, but it was broken open; that the gentleman said she wanted to get money from him; that he saw the lady in 1879 and 1880 at the hotel, where she was refused a room, and that he identified her by the photograph of Mrs. Belt; and he testified further that he had seen the same lady at ther that he had seen the same lady at Solari's—all of which allegations, it is charged, were false. The other warrants are of a similar tenor, and some thirty-two witnesses, many of them prominent people, are named therein.

PICTURING THE RESCUE OF GREELY.

William Bradford Describes the Race for the Dying Explorer and \$25,000. New York Tribune

In the introduction to his third lecture on 'Arctic Life and Scenery" last evening, William Bradford alluded to the "one contingency which the projectors of the Greely Expedition had left out of account—the blundering stupidity of human nature," adding: "When a relief expedition that should move rapidly and with certainty become a necessity, it was certainly unfortunate that the command of the fleet should have been given to a cavalry officer, the sailors drawn from other branches of the army, and the two vessels given con-flicting orders."

flicting orders."

Then the gas was turned down and the portrait of Commander Schley was thrown upon the screen. This officer was in command of the third and successful relief expedition sent out on the steamers Bear and Thetis. The story of the northward voyage of these vessels was told with the ever shifting scenery on the screen to aid the imagination. The race of the two United States vessels and the eight steam whalers through the ice of Melville Bay, all bent on the rescue of Greely and the \$25,000 reward, was graphically narrated. The contestants was graphically narrated. The contestants were shown in all imaginable positions; anchored to the ice fields all in a row, waiting for the ice king to raise the blockade, ing for the ice king to raise the blockade, then see-sawing by one another in the effort to run their way through, sometimes shelved by a too attentive floe and again steaming at full speed along lanes and open stretches of clear water. The audience were delighted to learn that the American navy was for once able to hold its end up, and neither broke its shaft nor was sunk by a fishing smack, but actually smashed through the ice and beat the whalers. Then the search for records of the expedition was described, up to the moment when the strongest of the survivors was seen coming down to the shore in response to the whistles of the steamers. The photographic reproduction of the seene when the rescuers cut their way into the tumble down tent, that covered the seven survivors of the party of seven-

way into the tumble down tent, that covered the seven survivors of the party of seventeen, stood out on the screen; and a view followed showing the removal of the living and the discovery of the dead.

In speaking of the Jeannette expedition, Mr. Bradford told the tale of preparation, vividly portrayed the parting scene between commander De Long and his wife, traced the weary driftings of the vessel through the ice fields of the Arctic seas, and illustrated, with views taken from sketches, the wandering of the wretched survivors along trated, with views taken from sketches, the wandering of the wretched survivors along the bleak Siberian coast. In closing, he referred to the honors now being heaped upon Lieut. Greeley's head by foreigners and contrasted their actions with the apathy and backwardness of our government in recognizing the merit and services of one who had done so much to unfold the honor of ad done so much to uphold the honor of

> No Flowers. Texas Siftings.

Enthusiastic recalls for prima donna at opera. Ushers passing down aisle with imnense baskets of flowers and floral devices. Prima Donna (in low tone to conductor of orchestra)—I vill not take ze flowers.

Conductor—Vy not?
Prima Donna—Ze florist sharge a great deal too much for vun night's use of the flowers ven he sells zem again ze next day.

The trial to test the validity of Zachariah The trial to test the validity of Zachariah Chaffee's title to ex-Gov. Sprague's homestead, "Canonchet," near Narragansett Pier, R. I., ended in the Court of Common Pleas at Kingston, the court directing a verdict in favor of Chaffee and against Sprague. The ex-Governor will be ejected at once.

THE OLD WORLD ALL TORN UP

MORE DESPERATE FIGHTING AT PEROT.

Russia and Austria Getting Ready-The British Clean Up Burmah-Revolution Ripening in Spain-English Elections.

THE SERVIAN-BULGARIAN WAR.

HARD FIGHTING AT PIROT. LONDON, Nov. 30.—There has been desperate fighting at Pirot. The town was taken and retaken, remaining at last in the hands of the Bulgarians. It is estimated that both sides lost 3000 killed and wounded.

SERVIA'S PEACE PROPOSALS. The Times this morning savs it learns that Servia is willing to accept peace without the payment of an indemnity, and she will refuse to give either money or territory as the price of peace.

NEWS FROM BELGRADE. BELGRADE, Nov. 30 .- The third reserve have been called out for service.

It is stated that England has approved the proposed increase of Servian territory, on the condition that Servia agrees to a union of Bulgaria and Eastern Roumelia.

THE GREAT POWERS PREPARING. The war preparations of the three powers directly interested in the Balkan Peninsular squabble continue with unabated vigor at all the military centers of the powers referred to, namely: Austria, Russia and Turkey. Active preparations are being made for any emergency that may arise. Although an armistice has been agreed upon between Bulgaria and Servia, that a permanent peace will be reached is by no means certain. Bulgaria's claim for a war indemcertain. Bulgaria's claim for a war indemnity is the principal bone of contention. The Servian ruler, King Milan, is bitterly opposed to the payment of any monetary consideration to Bulgaria, and it is stated that he will fight until the last rather than acquiesce in any such demand. The question of a war indemnity, however, has been referred to the great powers for settlement. The armies of both the Servian and Bulgarian rulers meanwhile retain their respective positions, pending the settlement of the question, and the formal signing of a treaty of peace.

THE RUSSIAN PRESS.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 30.—Russian newspapers, in discussing affairs in the Balkans, appear anxious about the situation and consider that the attitude of Austria is tantamount to openly siding with Servia. They ask how the action of Austria will influence Russia, who, as a signatory power to the treaty of Berlin, loyally refused to support Bulgaria?

THE DEAD KING.

RESPECT TO ALFONSO. MADRID, Nov. 30 .- Emperor William, out of respect for the memory of King Alfonso, desires to sign the Carolines agreement di-

THE KING IS DEAD.

There was an imposing scene at the Palace of the Escurial upon the arrival of King Alfonso's body. When the procession reached the monastery, the Duke De Sorte, the royal chamberlain, knocked and requested admittance for Alfonso. When inside the gates the Duke unlocked the coffin and called three times in Alfonso's ear. Then, according to the ritual, he said: "There is no reply. It is true the King is dead!" He then relocked the coffin and broke his wand of office.

ISABELLA TO LIVE IN PARIS.

Paris, Nov. 30.—Ex-Queen Isabella has telegraphed to the Spanish Embassy to prepare a residence for herself and the infantas Isabella and Eulalia. She fears that if she

remains in Madrid she will be nominated Regent against her will.

The Temps says that Senor Morel, the new Spanish foreign minister, in an interview, stated that Spain would amend her commercial relations with England and America, and maintain a cordial attitude toward France and Italy.

AFRAID OF ZORILLA.

The new Cabinet has been approved throughout Spain. The only fear is in regard to Senor Zorilla, the Republican chief, who will lose prestige unless he at-tempts a revolt. If he is captured the sen-tence of death already passed upon him for participation in former risings will be executed immediately.

DON CARLOS BOBS UP. The manifesto of Don Carlos, promising to confirm to the Spaniards all their present civil and religious liberties, is considered a direct bid for the throne, and is also interpreted as a prelude to a proposal of marriage of Don Carlos' son, Prince Jaime, and the Princess of the Asturias, in the event of no heir to the throne being born. Both the Carlists and the Monarchists would welcome such a settlement with acclamation as it would end a fifty years' conflict and

position among the powers of Europe BURMAH.

THEEBAW'S ARMY SURRENDERS.

RANGOON Nov. 30.-King Theebaw, of Burmah, becoming alarmed at the rapid ap proach of the British expeditionary force, nothwithstanding resistance offered by the Burmese, sent a messenger to Gen. Prendergrast, begging him to grant an armistice for the purpose of peaceably settling the difficulty between Burmah and the Indian government. Gen. Prendergast, in reply, de-manded the surrender of the Burmese army manded the surrender of the Burmese army and Mandalay, the capital, stating that only then could he entertain any request looking to a settlement of the dispute. King Theebaw acceded to the terms, and forthwith twenty-eight guns were turned over to the British troops. A garrison was placed there and the British troops proceeded to Mandalay on the 28th inst Mandalay on the 28th inst.

MANDALAY ALSO TAKEN.

London, Nov. 30 .- A dispatch from Mandalay to one of the evening papers conveys the intelligence that the British forces are now in possession of that city, and that the Burmese army has unconditionally surrendered to Gen. Prendergast, the commander of the British expeditionary forces. The Burmese capital, the dispatch adds, is now entirely under British rule, and English troops have been stationed throughout the city for the purpose of preventing any disorders.

ENGLAND.

THE LIBERALS STILL LEAD. London, Nov. 80.—Election returns thus far received show that the Liberals are still ahead, notwithstanding the large gains of the Tories. The Liberals have the lead by eleven seats, and many of the more sanguine assert that ar official count will materially increase their advantage. The Liberal leaders deny the story that an agreement has been entered into with the Tories with a view to crushing the Parnellites' programme in the next Parliament, some of them going so far as to assert that under no circumstances will they countenance any such arrangement.

The returns received up to midnight show the election of '180 Liberals, 157 Tories and 28 Parnellites. The Liberals are developing unexpected strength in the counties.

THE IRISH IDEA. The Irish National League, of Great Britain, has telegraphed every unpolled election district throughout the United Kingdom that it trusts the Irishmen in those districts will stand by Mr. Parnell's | 736 Elm street, Dallas, Tex.

manifesto, recently issued to the Irish voters, and vote the straight Tory ticket, thereby adding other victories to those already gained by Irishmen in England and

A BIG FIRE. The Chamber of Commerce and other pubic buildings in Sthetiers, Island of Jersey, and the tramways building in Glasgow, to-gether with ten horses and forty cars, have

been destroyed by fire. A SICKENING GALLOWS SCENE. Norwich, Eng., Nov. 30.—A horrible and sickening sight was witnessed to-day at the hanging of Robert Goodale, a market vender, for the murder of his wife. A 15-stone weight was used, and the drop was six feet. When the trap was sprung the rope bounded violently and Goodale's head was severed from the body, the trunk and head falling to the ground, the head lying at the feet and blood ozing freely from both body and head. The spectators were horror stricken, becoming sick at the scene, An inquest was held. Goodale's head looked as 'hough it had been cut with a knife. He had a thin vertebral. The surgeon said the hangman was sober and cool when he sprung the trap. The jury rendered a verdict in accordance with the facts, attaching no blame to the hangman.

THE SOUDAN.

to the hangman.

HOSTILITIES RENEWED.

CAIRO, Nov. 30.—Gen. Grenfel telegraphs that bodies of rebel cavalry and infantry are demonstrating on the left bank of the Nile, near Koslay. The armored steamer Lotus is employed in shelling the rebels. The following is an extract from a recent letter of a British officer stationed at Assouan: "El Mahdi's death, instead of decreasing his prestige, has increased it. His tomb has become the center of fanaticism. His mantle has it. His tomb has become the center of fanaticism. His mantle has fallen on Khalifa Abdhulla El Taashae, who wields authority by direct legacy from Mahomet Achmet, and whose claim is recognized. With the fall of the garrison the immense quantities of ammunition in the arsenal at Khartoum, the skilled artisan supplies and material for steamer building have fallen into the hands of the rebels, who are able to organize steamer convoys between Senaar, Khartoum, Berber and Dongola. They have unlimited camels and ample craft on the river south of Abu Fatmeh. Steamers are working, others are under repair and others are building. The enemy may now be said to be in contact with the English outpost at Norlay, and they have all the necessary supplies for an advance, except the important item of food. In a month's time the crops will be gathered and with the rich Province of Senaar in their hands they will have all they require. As they advance north regular governors of districts are appointed and men are sent forward to count the date trees, measure the fields under cultivation and levy taxes. They have adopted a conciliatory policy toward the people of Dongola. Men well known as having been in the employ of the British are being placed in responsible posts. Letters are sent to the few remaining loyal sheikhs urging them to come in and assuring them of a good reception. THE ARABS

are now with the rebels, heart and soul. The recent heavy rains have filled all the tanks and wells, and it is not impossible the Dervish army will advance, and evading the British outposts, take the desert route, and make a direct attack upon Lower Egypt, leaving the English garrisons in a critical position. Any reverse at a small post would no doubt set against England the Ababdeh and Risharic tribes, now wavering in their allegiance. It is no longer a question of putting off, but an absolute necessity to crush forever the increasing power of El Mahdi. Had the British remained at Dongola, it is not only probably, but almost certain, that the movement would not have been increased to the present alarming extent."

FRANCE.

A DEAD OFFICIAL. Paris, Nov. 30 .- M. Kushn, chief of detec tives of the city, was found dead in his chair yesterday in the office of the Police Bureau. It is supposed the cause of death was pulmonary embolism.

MISS BERNHARDT BAD OFF.

PARIS, Nov. 30.—Sara Bernhardt fainted twice at the Porte St. Martin Theater last night during her performance of "Theodora." She is now confined to bed in con-sequence of the shock to her nervous sys-

A BATTLE IN PROGRESS. PANAMA, Nov. 80.—Caceres is within three miles of Lima. Business is at a standstill. Many commercial houses are closed, and the greatest consternation prevails. A battle is now in progress.

Death Sentence Commuted-Arrested for a Series of Burglaries. Special to The News.

BRYAN, Nov. 30 .- Deputy Sheriff R. H Smith arrested to-day John Henry McKinney, a negro, who is charged with having committed a series of burglaries. He has four charges of burglary against him. Andrew Jackson, who is under sentence to be hanged here on Dec. 3, has had the death penalty commuted by Gov. Ireland to confinement in the penitentiary for life. The commutation is generally approved by all classes. The death penalty in this case was regarded as too a punishment, considering the facts

A TIE VOTE.

Result of the Aldermanic Election in Shreveport. Special to The News.

SHREVEPORT, La., Nov. 30.—The election o-day for councilman in the first and sec ond wards passed off quietly. In the first ward great interest was manifested and the day's voting resulted in a tie between Arthur Toombs and Herman Herrold. No that Toomba and Herman Herrada. No votes being east for any other candidate in the second ward, Dr. J. G. Ford was elected by fifty-seven majority. The tie vote in the first ward was a surprise to the friends of both candidates, and is the topic of conversation on the streets to-night.

The Parnell Fund.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30 .- At a meeting of the executive committee of the Parnell Parliamentary Fund Association to-night, Hon. Eugene Kelley presiding, it was stated that arrangements were nearly completed for holding a mass meeting. Additional subscriptions of \$3000 to the fund were announced, making a total of about \$15,000. Resolutions of regret for the death of Vice President Hendricks and sympathy with his wife, were adopted.

Hearne.

HEARNE, Nov. 30.—Mr. H. Weltman, a popular merchant, returned from Waco yesterday where he has been engaged in a lawsuit in the Federal Court against Hudson Bros., of St. Louis. This is the second trial and each time Mr. Weltman gained a verdict, but was over he verdict at this trial was for \$1877, in favor f Weltman. A motion for a new trial was verruled by the Judge. The many friends of

The goose that does not lay the golden egg is the one that ought to be plucked.

Lewis Bros. and Co., Boots and Shoes.

FROM THE STATE CAPITAL.

COL. GOODNIGHT DISCUSSES FREE GRASS

Good Effects of the Lease Agitation-Other Remarks on the Subject-Penitentiary Farm-An Unclaimed Infant.

Special to The News.

Austin, Nov. 30.—There was to have been a meeting of the Land Board to-day, but Commissioner Walsh had been attached as a witness in a land forgery case in East Texas and had left. To-morrow is the board's regular meeting day to pass upon applications for leases. There are applications for 113 sections, which is the smallest business reported for several months. A CATTLE KING IN TOWN.

Col. Charles Goodnight, the great cattleman of the Panhandle, was here to-day and had a pleasant interview with Treasurer Lubbock and other officials, and says he has the money to pay down for the first year's rent on the school land in his range. He has inclosed some 750,000 acres of school land and other public lands, and altogether, incloses a million and a half acres. The annual rent will be some \$40,000, which will probably be paid in during the next month. Mr. Goodnight, however, wants the Land Board to give him some protection if he leases. Probably what he wants is to keep actual settlers out, except those who are exclusive ly farmers. When the conversation turned on the use of rangers, he said if they interfered with his fences he would lodge com-plaints and have writs issued for their

arrest. Lubbock asked, "Would you arrest

Lubbock asked, "Would you arrest them?"

He replied, "Yes." He had a posse that would arrest them or anybody else; that the grass agents are mistaken. The people out there are law abiding, and it is the most peaceable section in the State. He also thinks the land is not worth more than 4 cents an acre for grazing, as it will take twenty acres to feed a cow.

Doc Day, the

CATTLE KING OF GREER COUNTY, was present and confirmed Goodnight's

The grass agents, Swink and Gass, say Mr. Goodnight is mistaken about the country up there being law abiding, the fences being not according to law, also inclosing school and public lands contrary to law and leaving no gates according to law. They say that Goodnight admitted to them that the jurors up there, if stockmen, are all on one side, and if nesters, are all on the other side.

other side.

Mr. Goodnight thinks the State should sell the lands, and this Gov. Lubback agreed to as the best solution of the land question. They also agreed that the lease made ought to be protected from the actual settler who goes into the inclosed lands with live stock to breed cattle.

There were several other stockmen from There were several other stockmen from the upper country here to-day, and it is suspected the advanced position assumed by the majority of the Land Board early last week has had the effect of bringing them to terms with the State. Whether the board braces up the executive or not, it is pretty certain the effort has brought in forty or fifty thousand dollars.

OTHER ITEMS. Chartered: The Mutual Endowment Educational Association, Rusk County. It is a co-operative insurance association to insure education to children of members.

The Governor left for a visit to Seguin this morning.

The report of Capt. Swink, filed to-day, says in his territory of 22,795 square miles of free grass, there is a population of about one thousand outside of towns. of about one thousand outside of towns. The country is generally stocked with cattle and mostly fenced, and most of the school lands not leased. There are no courts in the district. The jury of pasturemen regard settlers as trespassers, and the latter look upon pasturemen as usurpers. Pasturemen obstruct settlers in various ways. He reports also extensive depredations upon timbered lands, timber on school lands being taken off for 100 miles for fencing and building houses. 00 miles for fencing and building house He thinks if the State sent agents out there to remove fences from public lands not leased or purchased there would be no

physical resistence.
Mr.Swink is the agent who interviewed Col. Mr. Swink is the agent who interviewed Col. Goodnight in his free grass principality and informed him of the existence of the Land Board with the caution that when the Land Board began to enforce the law he, as the king bee, would probably be the first man visited. The advice was also given that he come down and lease, which it appears he intends to do.

To-day four colored men who have been intended to the control of the

grand jury having failed to present indictments against them.

PENITENTIARY FARM.

The penitentiary board will probably purchase a 2000 acre plantation on the Lower Brazos in time for next season's planting. The board will have the money to purchase from the proceeds of convict labor on the Kansas and Gulf Short Line and other railroads without drawing anything from the appropriation by the last Legislature.

Stone for the inside walls of the new Capitol is expected to commence coming in by the 15th inst. and granite by Jan. 1. The penitentiary officials have just inspected the arrangement for housing and working convicts at the quarries and are highly

WHOSE CHILD?

Sergeant Chenneville reports that on the 17th of September last a well-known married man of this city went to the house of a Ger man widow who lives on the outskirts of the city, and made arrangements with her whereby she was to take care of and provide for a young babe, for, and in consideration of \$15 per month. On the following day early in the morning a young man, accompanied by a well-dressed, refined looking lady, was driven to the house

San Antonio.

SAN ANTONIO, Nov. 30.-The slayer of M. N. C. Leakey, of Uvalde, which took place on Sat urday night at Marfa, was a man named Sam Trindleton. He was a cook in the rangers

Yesterday morning a negro named Frank Bumber attempted to assault his mother with a knife at his step-father's house. He did not skinic at his step-lather's house. He did not succeed, an officer putting in an appearance, whereupon he made a sudden dush and escaped. He has not been arrested.

Eleven deaths occurred in the city during the past week.

T. Rogers was arrested this evening on a warrant from Liberty County for embezzlement.

WAXAHACHIE, Nov. 30.—Justice Lancaster's court convened to-day with eighty-five appearance cases on the docket.

The city has been crowded with cotton tolay—something between 300 and 500 bales. Vaxahachie has to date received something over 12,000 bales of cotton. John Fleming, City Marshal, is down with the

A small fist fight between one of the business men and another gentleman created a little fun for the boys this evening.

are prepared to offer extra inducements to the trade on

HAPGOOD STEEL AND WOODBEAM PLOWS AND DOUBLE SHOVELS. McDermott Cultivators, Barb and Smooth Wire, Turnbull Wagons, Hay Baling Ties, Engines and Boilers and Mill Machinery, Kingsland & Ferguson Power Corn Shellers AND HAND SHELLERS.

We call the attention of merchants and farmers of Texas to the fact that we have just closed a contract with the largest and most reliable CORDAGE manufacturer in the United States for a large amount of

BINDER TWINE,

and can furnish pure manilla, mixed or straight sisal at lower figures and better terms than can be had from any one else. We invite correspondence or a visit from parties handling twine before closing contracts. It will be to THEIR INTEREST to get our prices and terms.

STATE SPECIAL SELECTIONS.

DRIFT CAUGHT IN THE NEWS DRAG NET.

All Sorts of Items of the Day Culled and Condensed from Every Point of the Compass in Texas.

Specials to The News.

Marshall.

MARSHALL, Nov. 30 .- Rufus Price, of San Augustine, spent a few days with friends here on his way to Houston to attend the Masonic H. Hollis, of San Augustine, is visiting his

brother-in-law, E. J. Fry and family. R. L. Jennings, applicant for postmaster at this place, will leave to-day for Washington to

this place, will leave to-day for Washington to look after that interest.
Lillie Pearl, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. McVay, died yesterday and was buried to-day.
Hon. F. B. Sexton left last night for Beaumont. He will attend the Grand Lodge at Houston before returning home.
A set of resolutions adopted by Gray Commandery No. 16, Knights Templar, at this place, in honor of Grand Master Benjamin A. Botts, lately deceased, have been engrossed in chaste and elegant style, and a copy forwarded to Miss Katie Botts, daughter of deceased, and a copy to the Grand Recorder Brewster to be presented to the Grand Lodge.

NAVASOTA, Nov. 30.—Gen. James W. Barnes is on a visit here to old friends and relatives, among whom he has dwelt forty-four years The General has been residing a short while in

Boycotting by certain parties has been pracced on one who little thought he deserved it Cotton comes in nearly as rapidly as it did a onth ago, but there is a feeling of disappoint

month ago, but there is a feeling of disappointment and despondency in consequence of short crop. Gathering is about all completed. Much is yet to be ginned.

Gloomy, raw weather. No sickness.

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No sickness.

Alvarado.

past few days has been very inclement and business has been almost at a standstill. It is

Alvarado has received so far 6292 bales of cot-The receipts of the entire season are ex pected to reach 9000 bales. It is thought by some farmers that the young

wheat has suffered very materially from the long protracted dry weather. Messrs Cotte & Co. have large contracts for grain, which taxes their big steam sheller to its utmost ca y. e pay cars on both roads have just passed eft several thousand dollars in Alvarado

ne. A social hop will be given on Dec. 2, at the pera-house, for the benefit of the sufferers at Galveston.
John Kelly, the renowned violinist, exhibited three nights in Alvarado the past week.

TYLER. Nov. 30.-C. H. Rew, a homepathic physician, of Carrollton, Ill., arrived in the city to-night on a prospecting tour. There is only

The streets are enlivened to-night by a cou ple of white minstrels, who amuse the crowd by song and dances and sell patent medicines. Dr. J. H. Stribbling, of Rockdale, preached

Marshall.

MARSHALL, Nov. 30.—Rev. Father Granger took up a collection in his church yesterday for the benefit of the Galveston sufferers. A nice little sum was contributed. The stationery department of Jennings Bros.

printing establishment was entered vesterday and a lot of gold pens and other valuables

John Lee was arrested yesterday, charged with the theft of a satchel, the property of John E. Kerr, of Dallas. The stolen property was found in his possession and fully identified by Kerr. Lee will have a preliminary hearing this morning.

A. H. Haynes, chief of the motive power of the Texas and Pacific, arrived in the city last night.

Palestine.

PALESTINE, Nov. 30.-Last evening at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. O. B. Sawyer, Mr. J. W. Norwood, of Corsicana, was Mr. Mathis officiating. There was an elegant bridal supper, after which the happy pair departed for their home near Corsicana

Mr. Sam Kaiser, one of Palestine's popular Mr. Sam Kaiser, one of Palestine's popular merchants, arrived home from Chicago last night, bringing a beautiful young bride.

Judge A. B. Williams telegraphed from Crockett this morning that he could not leave home on account of the serious illness of his wife. The bar elected Judge Theo. G. Jones special judge, and proceeded with the business of the court, commencing with the jury trial docket.

Queen City.

QUEEN CITY, Nov. 30.—Rev. Mr. Godby, who as been ho'ding a series of meetings here, has been quite unwell. An interesting feature

Lewis Bros. & Co., Boots and Shoes,

Chickering, Wheelock, Mathushek PIANOS.



Mason & Hamlin, Western Cottage ORGANS.

733 and 735 Main Street, Dallas.

The Progress of Texas.

North American Review for December, It is a beautiful tradition that, when the panish explorers first landed on the shores of Matagorda Bay they were met by the natives with emblems of peace, and that the first word spoken by the chief, as he advanced to meet the holy father who stood under the banner of the cross, was "Tekas," meaning welcome. By easy transition Tekas became Texas, and thus named the province which is now the State. When pronounced in the language of the Cid. Tejas* (Tehas) is soft and musical, and its significance (welcome) is symbolic of the generous hospitality of the people that inhabit the State and form her government; and, surely, no State or nation has a history more resplendent with acts of true hospitality and genuine welcome.

In 1822 a colony of three hundred families came to Texas, under a contract made by Stephen F. Austin, a native of Connecticut, with the Mexican government. They were of that hardy, intelligent race who were the pioneers of civilization on the North American continent, and they brought with them the qualities that make men great and useful. They were imbued with the love of liberty, and of the principles upon which the United States government was founded. The colonists settled on the rich alluvial lands of the Brazos, Trinity and Colorado very prudence became their offense. They were annoyed, and finally oppressed, by that despotic government. Then, throwing off all allegiance to Mexico, they declared their independence, and with their swords carved their boundaries from the Sabine to

the Rio Grande. The men who formed the constitution of 1836 were typical of the free institutions under which they were born. Descendants the men of 1776, the first act of the newly freed people of Texas was to extend invitaion and welcome to all the world, by offerng to every man who would come among hem a portion of the domain they had won. epublic, as well as her chivalric and ro-nantic history, attracted settlers from all irections. A government patterned after hat of the United States was formed, and he Republic of Texas established itself-mong the nations as a sovereign power, ecognized and respected.

Nine years of independence passed away-from 1837 to 1846—when, after due delib-ration, without pressure from any source, ike the son who had wandered from his ather's roof and tested the world's at-ractions but found nothing so congenial as

fixe the son who had wandered from his father's roof and tested the world's attractions but found nothing so congenial as the old home, the men of Texas, seeking no grander destiny, asking no other fate, threw this magnificent empire, all their own, this rich diadem glittering with deeds of patriotism, courage and wisdom, at the feet of the mother country, and became a part of the great American Union. The survivors of that time, and of those events, look back through the dim vista of time upon the historic drama of 1846, only to realize that the annexation of Texas was the direct cause of the war with Mexico, the acquisition of California, and of the political questions beginning with the repeal of the Missouri compromise and culminating in the war between the States, which closed at Appomattox. Yet these patriarchs feel that their action was right, and that the fate which ruled it was the fate of brothers; and with their brothers they shared it.

which ruled it was the fate of brothers; and with their brothers they shared it.
In 1865, at the close of the war, Texas was demoralized and almost ruined. It is true he had been spared the tramp of hostile rmies; yet her material wealth was gone, for loss in slaves alone being \$137,000,000. Her labor system had been destroyed, condence had fied, and hope had departed the pursuits of the people, be it remembered, had been essentially agricultural and asstoral; but agriculture lavy paralyzed, and he flocks and herds of the grazier were cattered and lost. Added to such misortune, the iron heel of the conqueror came or crush the really brave and genuine man scattered and lost. Added to such missfortune, the iron heel of the conqueror came
to crush the really brave and genuine manhood of Texas. But the men who had
strongly met the storm of war were
prepared to meet | its consequences—
the placing m their stead the
selfish stranger and the ignorant negro.
Governed, however, by a class that only
sought the deeper degradation of the people, we can understand that Texans naturally reverted to the oppressions of Mexican
rule, and found no consolation by comparison. The days seemed dark indeed. This
state of things, ameliorating gradually but
with agonizing slowness, came to an end in
1874. Reason resumed her throne. After
nine years of experience, those who controlled the government of the nation realized that the way to treat brave men was to
trust them, and so restored to the people
their political rights. Upon this restoration, Texas entered with a bound, as it were,
upon her new career.

And what of the State to-day? apon her new career.

And what of the State to-day?

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BIDS WANTED. The Texas Trunk Railroad Co. want bids on 18,000 first class cross ties, to be furnished on its line of road between Dallas and Kemp; ress H. R. IRVINE, Gen'l Supt., Dallas, Tex. specifications. Address

variety of good and rare things she possesses, she is again able to say: "Tekas"—"Welcome." And to what does she invite? Embracing all the territory between the 94th and 106th degrees of west longitude, and the 26th and 36th degrees of north latitude—a territory of 274,000 square miles—larger than New England, New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio and Maryland combined—larger than the half of Europe, omitting Russia—she can support a population equal to the present population of the United States, and yet not crowd her people. She has a genial climate, whose uniformity of temperature gives health and comfort, and does not shut up labor for six months in the year with ice and snow. She has a soil rich and diversified, producing wheat as in California, cotton as in Egypt and corn as in Illinois. She is the grazing ground of a continent, where within the memory of man countless herds of buffalo roamed over her prairies, from her northern to her southern boundary, but whose trails are now covered with inclosures, breeding cattle with which to feed the world.

Let me call earnest attention to a few remarkable facts, which I take from the official reports of the State. Our tables of statistics show that in 1836 the population numbered about 50,000. In forty-nine years it has increased fifty-fold, and we now have

Rivers. Attending strictly to their own affairs, they avoided the various political complications of the government under which they had come to live. Yet their this strict show that in 1830 the population lumination of the Brazos, Trinity and Colorado listers show that in 1830 the population lumination of the Brazos, Trinity and Colorado listers show that in 1830 the population lumination of the Brazos, Trinity and Colorado listers show that in 1830 the population lumination of the Brazos, Trinity and Colorado listers show that in 1830 the population lumination of the strength of the population lumination of the population lumination of the strength of the stre Yet the tax rate for 1885 is only 25 cents on the \$100, one-half of which is for the public

> In this important matter of public schools and the education of our youth, it must be remembered that the fathers of 1836 set aside and the education of our youth, it must be remembered that the fathers of 1836 set aside one-tenth of the annual revenue of their republic for a perpetual school fund, and also granted to each county four leagues of land, or 20,000 acres. Still, in addition, they set aside fifty leagues—more than 220,000 acres—for a university. Subsequently the State of Texas donated to railroads sixteen alternate sections of land to the mile, and coupled this donation with the obligation to survey an equal area for the school fund. This fund now owns, from that source, 32,000,000 of acres, worth, at the minimum government price, \$46,000,000. It has, besides, \$7,000,000 in cash, bonds and stocks, which yield even more than \$2,250,000 as an available school fund for the year 1885, allowing each child in the State \$5 for six months' tuition. The increase in value of the school lands, whether from lease or from sale to actual settlers, will in a short time relieve the people from paying any school tax at all; for, with the interest on nearly a \$100,000,000 of capital invested, there will be enough revenue for the grandest free school system ever known.
>
> I have stated the taxable value of all the property of Texas at \$603,000,000. Let me enumerate, in round numbers, a few of the items which go to make up that sum:
>
> The land is counted at about \$247,000,000, not including \$86,000,000 for town lots; cattle stand for \$\$1,000,000; horses, \$32,000,000. The assessed value of railroads is \$40,000,000. The assessed value of railroads is \$40,000,000. The sassessed value of railroads is \$40,000,000. Of the 274,000 govern with in minored irre-

Of the 274,000 square miles of Texan territory, 20,000,000 are rich in minerals—iron, coal, copper, lead and silver. The timber lands, with 194 varieties of wood, comprise 46,000,000 acres. And over this various territory run, already, 7300 miles of railroad, connecting us with the markets of the world. The crop estimates for 1885 include 1,300,000 bales of cotton, 4,000,000 bushels of wheat, 8,000,000 bushels of corn and 32,000,000 pounds of wool. Tweive million head of live stock sustain themselves on our 353 varieties of the grasses. We can feed New England with cheap meat. We can supply Old England with fine beef, France with fat mutton and ingratiate Germany with the best of pork, though not one-fifth of the area of Texas is yet occupied or utilized. We have a good government, a moral, Christian population, with activity, progress and peace on every hand. Where on earth are such inducements for the present; and such prospects for the future, Tekas—welcome! Come and share with us all these blessings.

JOHN IRELAND.

*The a in Tejas pronounced soft. Of the 274,000 square miles of Texan terri-

Gen. Shaler in Jail. NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—Gen. Alexander

Shaler, president of the Board of Health. was arrested at his residence, 147 West Forty-eighth street, at 7:30 this evening, by Inspector Byrnes, on a warrant issued by Recorder Smith, which charged him with malfeasance in office and bribery. He was locked up at police headquarters and refused to see anyone. The prisoner, who is major general of the first division national guard, was a member of the armory commission, and it is alleged that while holding that position he commit-ted the crime for which he was arrested. Charges of bribery were served upon Gen, pon her new career.

And what of the State to-day?

Imperial in her domain, attractive in the State to-day.

It is expected that other arrests will follow.

they are not placated. These same gentry,

by opposition to the reforms which the

party is pledged to support, can very soon

demonstrate the unsuccess of the Demo-

cratic experiment. If the government is to

be held in the old ruts by protectionists

like Mr. Randall and spoils hunters in all

the States who spurn at civil service reform,

nothing has been gained by change. The

attitude of the President and his cabinet

leads the country to expect better things,

but they can do nothing without the steady

support of their own party." Mr. Ran-

dall's influence, if so great, should have

been seen in securing better behavior by

his party adherents in his own State. Then

if they had lost the Legislature the moral

THE silver dollar is now quoted at 79 cents. Pretty soon, if the coinage is not stopped and efforts continue to put it into circulation, people who have anything to sell will boost up prices so as to give but 79 cents' worth of goods for it, although the simple silver enthusiast

Ky., died the other day, aged 61. He was

an eminent lawyer, and recently a candi-

A DRUG store in Kansas shows seventy-

five prescriptions for as many different dis-

eases, and the medicine furnished was raw

whisky. The rum power may be crushed

in Kansas, but the liar still blooms and

MILAN marched his army up the hill, but

unlike the old King of France, he did not

march it down again. It came down of its

own accord-"every man" for himself, in-

EVEN the mugwump makes fun of Milan's

THE Emperor of Austria sympathizes

with the Servs. He sent them a million of

cigarettes. Their fighting showed them to

THERE are some doubts as to whether Alfonso died of pulmonary phthisis, tuberculosis of the intestines or general anæmia. There are none as to his being dead.

THE frequency of the cards of Cuthbert

Jones and J. Floyd King has the effect of

cluding the King himself.

be cigarette smokers.

date for the United States Senate.

although the simple silver enthusiast believe that it is still going at par.—Chi-

Record has to deplore.

scarce by flat of restriction.

blossoms.

campaign.

effect would not have been such as the

The Morning News.

A. H. BELO & CO., PUBLISHERS.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

NE MONTH..... HREE MONTHS... SIX MONTHS.....(by mail)......TWELVE MONTHS...(by mail)..... Weekly. comprising TWELVE PAGES OF SEVENTY-TWO columns, made up from the cream of the daily dition, is the largest and cheapest newspaper of the South.

Invariably in Advance. FREE OF POSTAGE TO ALL PARTS OF THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA.

Remit by draft on Dallas, postoffice money-order or registered letter. If sent otherwise we will not be responsible for miscarriage.

A. H. BELO & CO., Dallas, Tex. Specimen copies sent free on application. ALL PAPERS DISCONTINUED AT THE EX PIRATION OF THE TIME PAID FOR.

Look at the printed label on your paper. The date thereon shows when the subscription expires. Forward the money in ample time for renewal, if you desire unbroken files, as we can not always furnish back numbers.

Subscribers desiring the address of their paper changed will please state in their communication both the old and new address.

ADVERTISING RATES. Daily Edition.

[Classified Advertisements on Fifth Page.]
Three Lines—Nonpareil—One time, 40c; each additional insertion, 20c; one week, \$1 60; two weeks, \$2 65; three weeks, \$3 35; per month, \$3 90.

month, \$3 90.

ix Lines—One time, 80c; each additional insertion, 40c; one week, \$3 20; two weeks, \$5 30; three weeks, \$6 70; per month, \$7 80. For additional space, if the advertisement is to be inserted with those that are classified, charge will be made pro rata for excess of space. Advertisements of 7 Lines and Over.

Advertisements of 7 Lines and Over.

[When to be inserted on any page publishers may select.] Cts. per line. Displayed or solid nonpareil. \$10 ne week's consecutive insertions. 42 Two week's consecutive insertions. 64 Three weeks' consecutive insertions. 84 Per month, or over, consecutive insertions. 1 01 When ordered on first page, double price; eighth page, 50 per cent additional; on any specified inside page, 25 per cent additional. Reading Matter.

Nonparell measurement, leaded or solid non-parell or minion solid, double price for space occupied; specified pages, 50 per cent extra. Weekly Edition.

READING MATTER—Nonpareil measurement—leaded or solid nonpareil or minion solid, double price for space occupied.

Weekly advertisements inserted every other week charged at 14c per line each insertion.

No advertisements taken for either edition for a less space than three lines.

Double column advertisements, in either edition, 25 per cent additional.

tion, 25 per cent additional.

SPECIAL POSITIONS—Subject to special con

tract.
Terms strictly in advance. Those having open accounts with us will be rendered bills in full each month. Discounts.

Contracts running for three months or more are subject to the following discounts, provided the payment of the whole amounts are made in advance: Twelve months ...

Branch Offices of The News:

NEW YORK—News and Advertising Agency, F. Abbott, Room 21, United Bank Building, rner Wall street and Broadway.
FORT WORTH—Reportorial and Business Office, 1 Houston street, in office of Fort Worth Gascht Co. ACO—Reportorial and Business Office, 171 South OUSTON—Reportorial and Business Office, at annex to Prince building, Main street, near AUSTIN—Reportorial and Business Office, 810 ongress avenue. San Antonio—Reportorial and Business Office,

THE NEWS is on sale and may be procured at the following stands: following stands: S. Roose, Metropolitan Hotel, Washington, Roeder, 322 Olive street, St. Louis, Mo.

Ed. Jett, 802 Olive street, St. Louis, Mo.
James Overton, Southern Hotel and Union
Depot, St. Louis, Mo.
George F. Wharton & Bro., 5 Carondelet
street, New Orleans. George Ellis, opposite postoffice, New Orleans.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1885.

Notice to the Subscribers of the Dallas Herald.

Office of the Dallas Herald, Dallas, Nov. 30. Dear Sir: By announcement made in the

Herald of this morning you will see that it has ceased publication, and the individual proprietors and owners of the Herald have become stockholders in THE NEWS, published at Galveston and Dallas. We have made arrangements with THE DALLAS News to send you specimen copies, so that you can have the opportunity to examine it, and hope that you will transfer your patronage to that paper, with which we are now identified. Thanking you for your patronage in the

past, and hoping to receive an early response, we remain, very truly yours, THE DALLAS PUB. AND PRINTING CO.

Referring to the above notice of Messrs. Prouts, Elliott and Hall, THE NEWS man agement begs to state that it respectfully solicits the subscription of every person formerly subscribing to the Herald. The subscription rates to THE NEWS can be found at the head of this column. Remittances can be made through the local agents, or by money order, registered letter

A. H. BELO & Co., Publishers.

Notice to Newsdealers.

or draft on Dallas or Galveston.

In view of the fact that the Dallas Herald discontinued its publications with yesterday's issue, we have, commencing with today's edition, increased all orders of newsdealers to what is thought will supply the new demand created. If the increase is too small or too great please notify us at A. H. BELO & Co.

Publishers.

DEPOSITS AND THE TAX ON BANK CIRCULATION.

The proposal made by the secretary of one of the New York national banks for insurance of depositors is that the government might set aside the bank tax for that purpose. It is premised that the government does not need the tax. Some other tax might as well be selected. As the revenue yields a surplus, it can not be fairly alleged to proceed from one source more than from another. And just as truly some other risk might be covered by governmental benevolence. Money lost

to lay a better claim to governmental re- are willing the party shall go to the devil if placement than bank deposits; but the principle might be applied to cover various losses. The import duties could be held as a fund out of which to pay losses of imported goods. The internal revenue could be drawn upon in case of whisky or tobacco being burned. The money derived from land sales could be used to insure farm houses, and license fees could be taken to insure stocks in the hands of licensed dealers. There never was an honester tax than that on the bank currency. It is practically 1 per cent interest upon the issue of currency loaned to the banks. Some take more, some less. There would be no equity in appropriating the amount of the bank's tax to insure depositors. There is no direct relation between currency issues and deposits. The government has no control over the action of citizens in trusting their available assets in one place or in another. Unless the government wishes to enter the banking business, to receive deposits and be fully responsible, it should not make a present of some of its revenues to partially guarantee deposits. The argument fails to show anything but a demand for a donation which would give national banks an advantage over other banks and depositories at government expense; but which would give this out of a fund which is not contributed in proportion to the deposit business done, but from an entirely different branch of the business -a branch which some banks carry on extensively and others not at all, though the latter happen to have large deposits. The proposition would, therefore, insure them out of a fund to which they do not contribute and would be a discrimination against other places of deposit. It is an easy matter to propose an unsymmetrical development of benevolence with money

A COMMUNIST WITHOUT KNOW-ING IT.

taken from revenue.

The action taken by the barbed wire makers to form a strong pool and control production and prices in their specialty, brings out a comment in the Indianapolis

This would be well enough if they contended for a fair profit. But it seems in this case that they do not, for they resolved "that a curtailment of the product of the manufactories was the only means that could be adopted to maintain high prices." It will have to come, now that associations and pools for controlling prices are the rule, that the law will be invoked for the protection of the community, and their prices set by the courts. Sentinel, which says:

The loose expression, "a fair profit,"

which no one is authorized to define, may

a declared pool. This is the way through-

out the tariff protected enterprises-with

or without pooling. The way to determine

what is a fair profit being to permit free

competition, it sounds queer to talk about

establishing the necessary means of deter-

government, for the courts to set prices

would certainly be communism. The

majority are supposed to control

the courts and all other branches

of government. If they do not

they cannot thus secure prices to suit the

majority. If they do, they can take prod-

acts at their own prices. The court would

at present have no natural guide to fair

profits or fair prices; it could but try to

ring them down as demanded by the ma-

jority. The danger of communism comes

not from the avowed communists, but from

Democrats and Republicans who know no

better than to tolerate and cherish mon-

opoly privileges, and then resort to arbi-

trary means of mitigating their effects.

This procedure would finally make the

whole people communistic. Fair prices,

as set by courts, would be like a fair supply

of money as determined by the will of a

Greenback Congress-anv amount the ma-

jority determined, and that, in dealing with

individual property, is equivalent to hold-

ing it on sufferance-not knowing from

day to day what it shall be worth. The re-

peal of laws sustaining and protecting

monopoly is apparently too simple for

some people. They prefer to maintain what

is wrong and fight off its consequences if

they have to ruin social institutions in the

THE NEWS takes pleasure in acknowledg-

ing the valuable services of its attorneys,

Messrs. Crawford & Crawford, in connec-

tion with the negotiations between THE

Dallas Morning News and the Dallas

Herald which have just closed, and have

occupied their close and serious attention

during the past ten days. At one time in

the process of the negotiations there

seemed almost insurmountable complica-

tions, owing to the intricacies incident to

this kind of transaction, but their thorough

examination of the law, with their clear

comprehension of the varied details, brought

a solution free from all entanglements and

ELSEWHERE appears an article on Texas,

contributed by Gov. Ireland to the North

American Review. It is short but to the

point, and is entirely historical and statis-

tical, giving the leading data of the progress

of the State and the salient features which

mark its wonderful advancement in all the

industrial lines. The facts recited are all

familiar to our people, and coming thus

direct from the Governor may be regarded

as eminently trustworthy by those desiring

THE Philadelphia Record says that the

Pennsylvania Legislature "is lost through

satisfactory to all the parties.

information about Texas.

making the people wish that even Chauncey be taken to mean a profit which would not Depew would come out with another remexcite remark. There are many profits which are much higher than the average, iniscence. out are not obtained by any close pool vis-THERE is a great deal of interest manifesible to the general public; the amount of ted in the President's message, particularly profit would not show whether it is fair as to when it will be finished. He has as things go. The means must be looked stated that he will not consider any more into to determine the point. Where there applications for office till its completion. is a combination that can force up profits and stop competition, it is always

ATLANTA has set the example and she will look longingly for other cities to follow based upon a legal monopoly. Where this legal monopoly exists it will give un-

conscionable profits in some cases without Mr. Logan remarked that there was but one life between the government and anarchy, which goes to show that since the last election Mr. Logan has but little faith in the people's love for their government. Their can be no anarchy in this country in assuming something as a fair profit without the present state of peace. If the President and its congressional representatives mining it. Still more strange-and alarmwere to die, the American people would ing indeed-is the suggestion that prices quietly go to work and fill their places.

will have to be set by courts. Does the IF Blaine had been a candidate for Vice case justify such a remedy when simple re-President instead of the candidate for peal of protection will let in the corrective President, his old cry would be heard, competition? No doubt the Sentinel will denounce communism, but, under majority

> THEEBAW is to be pitied. He lost his only man of war, has eaten up all of his queens but four, and now, it is said, is wearing out his last pair of sandals in hurriedly walking away from his kingdom.

> FRANCE intends to make Tonquin pay the expenses of the war. She was taught this trick by Germany.

JOHN SHERMAN is irate over the prospect of the Democrats stealing his senatorship. He knows now something of the keen pangs felt by the Democrats when he stole a presidency at one time.

Moody sang to the people of St. Louis, and, failing to convert them, pronounced them hard of heart and stiff of neck. Sam Jones goes after them with a club, the only discovered way of bringing the St. Louis man to repentance.

HAYES has signified his intention of attending the funeral of Mr. Hendricks. And yet there are people who believe that in retiring to his hen farm his conscience hurt him for the presidential theft. Time hath not softened the hardness of his cheek.

THE Nashville American reports ninety Mormon elders preaching in Tennessee, and 400 converts to Mormonism passed through Chattanooga for Utah during the past year. It is pitiful to think that any white people in the United States are so ignorant that they can be converted to such a superstition.

DIAMONDS always are regarded as vulgar by persons of refined tastes and limited means.— New Orleans Picayune. Regarded long and earnestly as a rule.

Typhoid fever in Brooklyn is traced to dirt in drinking water after every storm. Graveyards surround the source of the water supply.

PENCIL POINTS.

George Francis Train says history is a great liar. Now it is history's time.

Prohibition wars are being waged all over the South, but Jackson, Miss., takes the palm for originality in the conduct of the fight. Prohibition and anti-prohibition petitions are circulated, and the man who refuses to sign either petition, or, out of the abundance of his generous nature, signs both, is "black-listed." Both the petitions and the black list have been printed for general circulation, and the latter is said to contain the greatest number of names.

An exchange says among very sentimental songs "Roses Bloom Where Mother Sleeps' is in extraordinary favor. Indeed all the "mother songs," as well as "baby songs," are now the rage. Some years ago, it may be remembered, it was suggested that the in the mails by fire or robbery would seem | the misbehavior of the spoils hunters, who | monotony ought to be relieved by a "father |

song" or so, and thereupon an accommodating song writer produced a touching ballad under the title of "The Old Man's Drunk Again." but it didn't seem to catch on. There does not appear to be enough sentimentality about the father business to warrant the song writers in giving the old man much of a show.

The Tory victory in England is history, but Parnell doesn't know whether it is his Tory or not.

In answer to the question of "Clarence" it may be stated that last Thursday afforded the first opportunity of observing a thanksgiving day proclaimed by a Democratic President. The uniform observance of a day of thanksgiving called for by the proclamation of the national executive and the Governors of the States is of comparatively recent date, though thanksgiving day in the East has been observed for many vears.

When Mr. Hendricks was first elected Vice President, a man by the name of Wheeler stepped up and took the seat without even so much as "by your leave." Where is Mr. Wheeler now?

Do tell what is 79 cents' worth of goods. Gen. Logan cannot be elected president With such a standard in goods one might pro tem of the Senate, to take the place of be able to see when he is forced to give the Vice President, for the reason that the \$1 50 worth of goods for dollars made president must be elected before the Senate is organized for the admission of new members, one of whom Gen. Logan is un-ISAAC P. CALDWELL, SR., of Louisville, fortunately which.

> Cincinnati wanted the earth and now she has it. It is published every day, and like the average Cincinnati paper, it is of the earth, earthy.

Ex-Senator Dorsey was robbed of a fine gold watch at the Chicago Cattle Convention, and when he went to the St. Louis Convention he wore an iron watch worth \$2. He now has time to spare.

THE STATE PRESS.

What the Newspapers Throughout Texas Are Talking About.

The Laredo Times says:

Galveston can not be so all-fired broken up, as represented, as they have "a skatorial queen" down there.

The Brownsville Cosmopolitan says: A peculiarity of the alleged Republican Institutions in these United States is shown institutions in these United States is shown by the Chinese outrages in Oregon and the Territories, where a lot of foreigners who can vote, beat, murder, rob and turn out sick and destitute from their homes, a lot of other foreigners who cannot vote. One thing is sure, were Americans outraged in China the government would be held strictly responsible, because the despised despotic responsible, because the despised despoted monarchy is supposed to have power enough to check and punish such disorders among its subjects, while the great United States government sets supinely by and makes not an effort to suppress the outrages committed by these foreigners. Foreigners who

The Wills Point Local Chronicle points some paragraphs on etiquette, one of which

When the visitor says he believes it is time for him to go, it is consistent to show his faith by his works.

This may be true if the visitor is a "he," but if it is a she, the visit is only half over at that point. Fifteen minutes afterward she rises to her feet, in fifteen more reaches the hall, fifteen more is about at the front door, and the remainder of the hour at the

The Vernon Guard puts in a plea for the Attorney General:

Attorney General:

During his stay in Vernon this week, Attorney General John D. Templeton made quite a "mash" on us "rural roosters," and whatever may be said of the many apparently erroneous rulings and regulations passed by that much abused mistake of the Eighteenth Legislature, the Land Board, of which he is a member, after witnessing his earnest and practical efforts here in the interest of the actual settler, people of this section will be slow to believe that he acquiesced in any schemes to retard the agricultural development of West Texas as in favor of pasture lords and land syndicates. favor of pasture lords and land syndicates.

The Guard preaches this little lay ser

It is not the men who have abandoned themselves to the gambling tables and firam shops who are doing most to retard Christianity. Not those who struggle through a miserable existence with blotched through a miserable existence with blotched faces, haggard brows and palsied hands, unpitied, shunned and laughed at. The vices of such men shock our moral sensibilities and show by contrasts the beauties of the Christian life. Church members who profess the religion of Christ and violate every principle of it in their dealings with the world, are those who inflict the deepest wounds upon the cause they pretend to espouse. So called Christian men who practice all manner of dishonesty under names of "smartness," shrewdness" and "business tact," are the deadliest violators of Christian morality.

The Guard says: An average of twenty-six bushels of wheat to the acre is a mighty fine yield for almost any country, but that is exactly what Wil-barger can proudly boast of this season.

The Panola Watchman explains the case of which it has been said:

One Cornelius Gaines, colored, from Panola County, was received at the Rusk Penitentiary Friday under a fifteen-minutes sentence on a charge of bigamy. It only cost the State of Texas \$2775 75 for the privi-The Watchman says:

The Watchman says:

The defendant, Cornelius Gaines, was an old, ignorant darky, living in East Panola. His wife left him and was gone more than three years, during which time she had not been heard from by Cornelius or any of his neighbors. The old man called on several of his old white friends and neighbors to know if he could get a divorce and marry again. They advised him (fireside lawyer like) that it was not necessary to get a divorce that in advised him (fireside lawyer like) that it was not necessary to get a divorce; that in all probability his wife was dead, and if she was not, then, under the law, three years' abandonment gave him a divorce and he could marry again if he saw proper. Under this advice (and it was from as good, elever, honest and law abiding farmers as live in the State) the old darky took unto himself another rib. Shortly afterward, wife No. 1 put in her appearance and claimed him as her own. The old darky at once abandoned wife No. 2. pearance and claimed him as her own. The old darky at once abandoned wife No. 2. This gave rise to a feud between Cornelius and wife No. 2, and he was indicted by the grand jury for bigamy, and on the trial, the facts were brought out as we have detailed them. Ignorance of law being no excuse for crime, the jury could not do otherwise than find the old darky guilty, but like any other humane jury would have done, they made it as light as possible; hence the verdict of fifteen minutes confinement in the penitentiary.

The Palestine Advocate bestows this del icate compliment:

We know that Uncle Daniel is not proud or vain of anything except his sobriety and good looks, hence there is no harm to him in saying that the Houston Age is now, with late improvements, one of the very best evening papers in the State. If he isn't proud of it we are for him. The Cleburne Chronicle says:

The Cream a number of younglings of Texas who are quietly grooming for congressional honors. These fledgelings are troubled with "waulting ambition which o'erleaps itself." Many of them are neither fitted by education nor worth to the position they hunger for. They are all "very young men," and should learn "to labor and to worth."

since they were old enough to vote. Hope THE CIVILIZATION OF MEXICO

The El Paso Times says:

The El Paso Times says:

The grand jury report, published in our issue of yesterday, is a document that will create considerable interest and no end of discussion throughout the country. In some respects it is a remarkable document. It treats the vexed courthouse question in about as gingerly a manner as it was well possible to treat it. It did not find any true bills in connection with that cause celebre, but it is pretty outspoken in severe condemnation of the whole business.

These who have the power may take. The

Those who have the power may take. The Sherman Courier says:

East Texas wants the gubernatorial honors n 1886. The land of pine trees and sand ots will get very badly left. North Texas claims it, and she will have it. The Glen Rose Citizen says;

It is the paramount duty for all Texas to unite in an effort to secure deep water at Galveston.—The Citizen expects Hon. R. Q. Mills to arouse the country on the tariff

The San Antonio Times says: What is Attorney General Templeton good

In an article on the value of practical èdu-

cation the Brownsville Cosmopolitan says All over the world are struggling doctors, lawyers and clerks, who cannot make their salt at the profession which cost them somuch time and money. But the skilled mechanic can always make a comfortable living and more. Soon people will find that education beyond a certain point is a waste of time. Then the thorough farmer, the scientific miner, the educated handler of stock and the sailor brought up to his profession will be the men who will secure the ession will be the men who will secure the est living easily and well.

It seems to require constant effort to teach people the fact that it is intelligent labor and good common sense that constitute the wealth and strength of a nation. The distinction between labor and capital is rather one of terms than real. They are parts of the common wealth. Capital has been defined as the accumulation of past labor. This is not always strictly true, but it is mainly of value as the representative of labor, and would be as useless by itself as the precious metals within the earth and never brought into use.

The New York Antimonopoly League announces the following principles: "We advocate and will support and defend the rights of the many as against privileges for the few. Corporations, the creation of the State, shall be controlled by the State. Labor and capital—allies, not enemies, justice for both."

The Colorado Citizen says:

Among the numerous losses by the Galveston fire we regret to note that of the residence of Col. Hamilton Stuart, "State Press" of The Galveston News. His fine library, the collection of years, went up in smoke, and this loss is irreparable. The only consolation is that Mr. Stuart carries so large a portion of it in his head.

One small head connect convertes

One small head cannot carry the records of a lifetime in Texas, much less the lore of a miscellaneous collection of books. When other doctors used to ask an old Dutch doctor of Galveston, who had no books, where e kept his library, he would tap his head and say, "I haf it here," but they smiled at his reply. Much of the loss of "State Press" is irreparable.

The Austin Statesman, which is supposed

The Austin Statesman, which is supposed to speak by authority, says:

The discussions for the last few days before the Land Board of the question of moving illegal fences from around State lands, has developed the fact that Gov. Ireland will not call an extra session of the Legislature to pass additional acts on this subject, from the fact that the same state of affairs existed prior to and during the regular session of the Legislature, and they failed to pass any law to remedy the deficiencies of the inclosure act, nor will be call out the militia or order the rangers to act, unless the Attorney General, whose duty it is to inaugurate legal proceedings against the trespassers, fails to obtain sufficient civil authority to enforce the writs of the courts. These are certain facts. The discussion before the board seems to be exceedingly desultory and unsatisfactory.

The Laredo Times says:

The Laredo Times says: The Greenville Herald reckons the Laredo Times as one of iis most sensible and spicy

The Times does not deny it, and it may be put down as a fact.

"Cast your bread." The Times says: A tramp printer, to whom the editor of the Northeast (Md.) Star gave a quarter two years ago, acknowledged the kindness last week by an editorial on Maryland hospital-ity in a prosperous Minnesota paper, of which he was the proprietor.

The San Antonio Light remarks: THE GALVESTON NEWS has virtually swallowed up the Dallas Herald, and there will be in a few days only one morning newspaper in that city, which will be THE NEWS. Texas can well be proud of THE GALVESTON NEWS, by reason of its value as a great newspaper.

The papers begin to discuss the next meeting of the Press Association. It is hoped that it will prove as pleasant as the last. The social enjoyment and cultivation of the esprit de corps are most that can be expected from such reunions. The first ever attended by the writer convinced him of this. A Kentucky paper says:

this. A Kentucky paper says:

The editorial reunions which began with the election of Prentice as president of the Kentucky Press Association were enjoyed by the few members of those days, however little good may have resulted to their newspapers. They came to an end through overcrowding and from the system which grew up of invitations to the editors to meet in certain towns, with a view to somebody or something being benefited. The plan of the Press Association in its later years did nothing to advance the reputation of the editorial fraternity, so that some of the best journalists in the State preferred not to be connected with it. No organization can bring together all the editors at any one time, because they are men who work and who have not always the time or the money for recreation away from home.

The Cleburne National Greenback Labor party paper is not to start as suddenly as was said by some others. The Telegram is requested by the editor to say:

The paper will not be started till a cash subscription list of several thousand is first secured. The doctor believes the list can be made very soon, as he has assurances from leading Greenbackers from all parts of the State. The Abilene Reporter says:

Haskell County has no County Clerk. A couple who wanted to get spliced had to go over into Throckmorton County.

The Reporter says: It is reported in Dallas that the Herald has been sold to The News. If the report is true it will be best for all, and while we can but wish The News the success it de-

serves, we are sorry to lose our old friend.

the Herald. The Reporter also says:

A silver mine is reported in Stonewall County, the mineral, it is claimed, is found County, the mineral, it is claimed, is found in paying quantities. Stonewall is north of Jones. It will not be many days before paying silver, copper, iron and coal will attract thousands to Stonewall, Dickens and King Counties. Nearly every prospecting party and every surveyor who has been in that country finds traces of minerals, and more than one carries the secret location of some good claim. Some day in the near future they will be worked.

Several papers upon a geological survey.

Several papers urge a geological survey at the expense of the State. Something might be said on both sides of this question. o'erleaps itself." Many of them are neither fitted by education nor worth to the position they hunger for. They are all "very young men," and should learn "to labor and to wait."

Mines developed on the property of individuals would be private property. In California and other great mining regions private enterprise has been the chief agency in finding and securing valuable minerals.

Mines developed on the property of individuals would be private property. In California and other great mining regions private enterprise has been the chief agency in finding and securing valuable minerals. Mines developed on the property of indi-

AS FOUND BY JUDGE CROSBY OF TEXAS.

The Country Peaceable and Not Inclined to Revolution-Commercial Intercourse With the United States Anxiously Desired.

special to The News.

EL Paso, Nov. 30 .- Judge J. F. Crosby, of Houston, has arrived here from the City of Mexico, where he had been on a mission involving intercourse with the government. In reply to inquiries about the condition of affairs at the capital city of the sister republic, the Judge said that false impressions exist in the United States about the stability of the Mexican government and about the condition of Mexico in general. 'I have on the last trip and in times past spent much time in the republic," said he, 'and I have made it my business to look into matters political, and I possess information from the best sources, and feel able to state positively that there is no danger of revolution, as has been published in some American papers. The government is managed by men of patriotism and great ability and is surely in a state of advancement and development. It would be difficult to find in any country men at the head of the government who are so little actuated by selfishness and who are so untiring in their efforts to better the condition of affairs as is President Diaz and the distinguished gentlemen he has around him. The Cabinet, you may say, is made up regardless of political and personal affiliations and is

organized purely in the interest of the nation. The men composing it are worthy of every confidence.

"The government is greatly embarrassed just now, but the situation is improving and the outside world can expect to see a resumption of the subsidy payments which were temporarily discontinued by necessity."

were temporarily discontinued by necessity."

"Is there not a great deal of red tape—useless formality in official circles?"

"I did not find it so; I experienced less difficulty in getting through the departments than I would perhaps have had at some other capitals. The government is being run as near as possible on a business basis. Americans would also find less difficulty in society if they would abandon false impressions and act in Mexico as they would be compelled to act at home. Americans go to Mexico with the idea that the people of the country are not enlightened and are morally careless, but such is not the case. The better classes are as intelligent and refined as you will find anywhere, and the men, like our males in Texas, are quick to avenge insults to females. I am not speaking as an enthusiast, but I have a thorough knowledge about what I am talking. I am certain that Mexico has been badly misrepresented; any American who has frealy mingled with her nearly has been badly misrepresented; any American who has freely mingled with her people will state the same. It is true that Mexico has a vast proportion of ignorant and degraded people. So has portions of the United States, but we should not judge the country by her neon population any country by her peon population any more than the United States should be udged by the disfranchised negroes. A great many Americans go to Mexico, and without forming the acquaintance of natives of the better class, and without endeavoring to obtain correct information about the government, accept as gospel truth the wild statements of disappointed and, in many cases, vicious adventurers who preceded them."

them."
"Did you find the people and officials of

"Did you find the people and officials of the country friendly to and anxious to encourage more intimate commercial relations with the United States?"

"I did; Mexico is more anxious for close relations with the United States than with any other power, and would go more than half way to see the reciprocity treaty carried into effect. Her officials and leading private citizens see that the democratic spirit and practical business methods of Americans would do more to advance the country than the deluge of old ideas and the servile monarchical ways which an influx of Europeans would inculcate."

The Judge stated also that the next presidential election is several years off, and that neither Gonzales nor President Diaz was seeking to gain power through the

was seeking to gain power through the army, as is sometimes stated in this country. The intelligent people of the republic are everywhere disgusted with revolutions, and like the people in our portion of the United States, desire to build up their for-

Much importance can be attached to the Much importance can be attached to the statements of Judge Crosby; he has been intimately acquainted with Mexico and Mexicans for over thirty years, and has long been the personal friend of many of the leading men of the Southern Republic. A knowledge of these facts caused a number of the Texas delegation last winter to urge him for the mission to the country, but he declined to enter the government service. He speaks and writes the Spanish language like a native, and this also gives language like a native, and this also gives him an advantage in making a study of the condition of the country.

UVALDE.

The Killing of N. M. Leakey by an Ex-Ranger.

Special to The News. UVALDE, Nov. 30.—The remains of N. M. C. Leakey, a former resident of Uvalde, arrived here from Marfa this morning and was taken immediately to Leakey, Edwards County, the home of his family, where his wife is very ill, for interment. It is learned that an ex-State ranger of Capt. Gillespie's company took occasion to abuse Capt. Seiker. Leakey remonstrated, when the ranger drew his pistol, but was promptly covered and forced to put it up, and, after taking a friendly drink, left the saloon. About 2 o'clock Friday morning he returned to the saloon, and immediately upon entering fired two shots into Leakey's breast from a six-shooter, which penetrated his body, producing instant death. The shooter mounted his horse, and has not since been heard from. Mr. Leakey was a peaceable citizen, and formerly Deputy United States Marshal under Marshal Gosling, and recently an esteemed Deputy Shering, and recently an esteemed Deputy Sher-ff of this county, where he had many

The death of Vice President Hendricks created considerable excitement here and elicits sentiments of profound regret from

A Mexican was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary in the late District Court of Zavalla County for burglary.

McKinney.

McKinney, Nov. 30 .- A subscription is being raised to build a large room to the Baptist Church for the benefit of the Sunday-school.

Elder Caleb Sewell, who has preached to the Christian Church at this place for the past two years, was on yesterday elected by a majority of the church to be their minis-ter for the next ensuing year, Justice Gray's Court was full of litigants

and lawyers to-day. Cooper.

COOPER, Nov. 30.—The wife of Rev. I. M. Carter died here last night at 9 o'clock. She had been sick for some weeks. Miss Eva Crozier, of Sardis, Miss., who

has been spending some months with rela-

RAILROAD RUMBLER'S REVIEW

THE FRESH TRAIL OF THE IRON HORSE.

Facts, Figures and Fancies Gleaned, Originated and Wired Specially for this Department of the News

According to a special in yesterday's is-Bue of THE NEWS, Receiver Fordyce and party went to Tyler to attend the sale of the Texas and St. Louis, which presumably takes place to-day. This sale will take place under a decree of the United States District Court, rendered at Waco by Judge Pardee some weeks ago, and is made to satisfy certain holders of the company's first mortgage, 6 per cent, forty year gold bonds and coupons, secured by first mortgage to the Central Trust Company of New York. The indebtedness aggregates the sum of \$1,817,000 principal and \$272,500 interest, and other sums mentioned particularly in the original decree.

The sale will carry with it the unencumbered title to all the company's line in Texas, about 316 miles of road, with its rolling stock, right-of-wav, lands and all its

other belongings.

It has been put forward that the Chicago and Alton will make an effort to get possession of the road, with a view of broadening the gauge and running a trunk line from Chicago direct to Gatesville. This would make a powerful competitor to Gould's lines and hurt St. Louis.

Another runner, has it that the Illinois

Another rumor has it that the Illinois Central people have a similar object in view and will strain every nerve to gain posses-

and will strain every nerve to gain possession of the narrow guage.

While from still another source comes the statement that Huntington's agent will be on hand with a big bid when the sale takes place, and by means of the Houston and Texas Central will make the narrow gauge a feeder to his Southern Pacific system. It is highly probable that Mr. Paramore and the original stockholders of the road will step in under the plan of reorganization adopted sometime ago in New York City, obtain possession of the Texas and St. Louis, broaden its gauge and run it to ans the state of the state o

TEXAS TRUNK PROGRESS. A large party of men and teams, equipped with scoops and other necessary appliances, passed through Dallas yesterday morning for Cedar, to begin work on the extension of the Texas Trunk toward Athens.

All taxes due to the County of Dallas for the past three years by the Texas Trunk were paid in full to Tax Collector Gillespie yesterday. They amounted to nearly \$5000.

OVER THE TRINITY.

The work of repairing and reconstructing the bridge work across the Trinity bottom and river in progress since last July is now nearly completed. C. A. Ralston, assistant engineer in charge of the work, told the Rumbler yesterday that he had a force of thirty-five men now employed. They are thirty-five men now employed. They are putting in position two stone piers to replace the wooden ones in the old bridge which age had begun to impair. They are putting in 600 additional feet to the embankment, and raising the bridge and the entire bottom four feet higher than their former level. The piers will be completed by Saturday. Two weeks more will be needed to complete the earthwork. The old piers and the new ones are 200 feet apart, and it will be necessary to move the entire bridge structure fully twenty-six feet south of its former position.

THE GULE, COLORADO AND SANTA FE. This railroad has until March, 1887, under the act of Congress, to complete its extension into and through the Indian Territory, involving an additional lengthening of its line from its present terminus, Fort Worth.

of about 175 miles.

It is highly probable that the surveying parties who have been monkeying around north and northwest of Coleman City, in the direction of Abilene, Mer'rel and Colorado City, will be called in and the work of extending the main line commenced within a very short time. TRUNK LINE OFFICIALS.

train over the Missouri Pacific, Mr. Francis L. Russ, of New York, a member of the new directory of the Texas Trunk, and E. B. and Justus A. B. Cowles, his associates in interest. They were accompanied by Messrs. Hugh Stevenson and Richard H. Barker, New York capitalists. This is Mr. Russ's first visit to Texas. Mr. Cowles was warmly greeted when he reached the Windsor by several friends he made during his wint of a few weeks acceptance.

sor by several friends he made during his visit of a few weeks ago.

"I have not much news for you," he said to the Rumbler. "We are going right ahead. The pine forests along our projected route are equal to coal mines, and we must reach them in order to make money out of the investment. I emphatically deny that Mr. Gould has bought or owns any interest whatever in the Trunk. That report is an injustice to Judge Henry and to every stockholder in the road."

The party will remain in Dallas several party will remain in Dallas several

E. P. Turner, Dallas passenger and ticket gent of the Missouri Pacific, accompanied by his wife, leaves this morning for El

E. B. Cowles, of the Texas Trunk, telegraphed to the clerk of the Windsor yesterday afternoon to secure rooms for himself

w. J. Sherman, assistant chief engineer of the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe, arrived in the city yesterday morning from Galveston. A telegram yesterday evening assured Mr. Sherman that the two cases of yellow fever in that city had been removed to the quarantine station, and that if he would return there were lots of his friends willing to take out insurance policies on his life.

turn there were lots of his friends willing to take out insurance policies on his life.

R. Cowardin, of the McKenzie Route, returned yesterday from a tour of the State.

R. DeArmand, attorney of the Houston and Texas Central, is in the city.

Mr. C. H. Marshall, of New York, contracting agent of the Southern Pacific, Galveston, Harrisburg and San Antonio, Houston and Texas Central, and Morgan's Louisiana and Texas Railway, is in the city.

THE SMOKESTACK. The Northern Pacific has another series of ea trains on the road from Tacoma to St. Paul, a bark load having been received from

The receipts for passenger service on many of the Indiana roads for November have decreased from 20 to 25 per cent, as compared with November, 1884.

President Layard, of the Michigan Central, is quoted as saying that his company has taken up \$1,500,000 of mortgage bonds since 1878, and has on hand \$2,000,000 with which

There are three distinct parties seeking control of the Indiana, Bloomington and Western Road, and the Rock Island is mentioned as one of them. Its importance as an East and West connection is just beginning to be appreciated.

The Milwaukee and St. Paul is negotiating with the Union Pacific for an entrance to Omaha over the latter's bridge. Mr. Callaway, the general manager, states that while it is the wish and ultimate purpose of all the Eastern roads to cross the bridge, the matter could not be considered at this time.

Lyman Van Camp, a young farmer in Osceola Township, Mich., the inventor of a car coupler which had not been successful at the Buffalo test, committed suicide Nov. 18, in a fit of temporary insanity, by first pounding his head with a stone and after-

A gentleman who has just been through the country traversed by the St. Paul branch of the Chicago, Burlington and

that the work is progressing rapidly and is being done in a superior manner. The country is represented as rich, well im-proved and competent to give the new line a large local business.

All of the roads members of the Chicago and Ohio River pool feel that their percentages should be increased upon the reorganization of the association, and the usual problem of "how to do it" presents itself.

The New Jersey Congressmen are unanimous in opposition to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company's project for bridging the Kill von Kull. They say an act of Congress will be required to authorize the building of the bridge, and Representative McAdoo is confident that Congress will not allow a navigable channel to be bridged to the obstruction of navigation.

ADDITIONAL SUBSCRIPTIONS

In Aid of the Sufferers by the Galveston Fire.

Special to The News. GALVESTON, Nov. 30.—The following additional subscriptions were made to-day to the relief fund for the sufferers by the late

MEMPHIS COTTON EXCHANGE, Memphis, Nov. 28.-W. L. Moody: I have the pleasure of sending you per express to-day the additional sum of \$10 for the benefit of the Galveston fire sufferers, making a total of \$1453 50 forwarded by the citizens' committee to date. HENRY HOTTER, Secretary. GALVESTON, Nov. 30 .- W. L. Moody: By request of W. H. Goddard, of Washington City, I herewith hand you \$200.

A. R. CAMPBELL. LEDBETTER, Nov. 27 .- P. J. Willis & Bro. Please pay to the proper committee \$10 for the benefit of the sufferers by the late fire in

Please pay to the proper committee \$10 for the benefit of the sufferers by the late fire in your city and charge the same to my account.

W. R. McClellan.

CLIFTON Springs. N. Y., Nov. 25.—Capt. Robert Irvine: Inclosed we send you check on New York for \$112 26, the amount of a subscription by the residents of the sanitarium and our village for your fire sufferers. Trusting the whole country may respond so as to meet all pressing wants, we are yours truly,

CLIFTON Springs Sanitarium Company.

New York, Nov. 25.—Messrs. Halffweis & Co.: Your favor of the 20th inst. to hand. We beg you to find enclosed our check on the Ninth National Bank of this city for \$50, to be placed by you where it will help the poor sufferers most. We are glad to hear that personally you have gotten off quite moderately.

Swartz & Jerkowski.

Galveston, Nov. 30.—W. L. Moody: I enclose you check for \$50, the contribution of L. M. Hitchcock, an old Galvestonian now residing in Leesburg, Florida.

WM. R. Johnson.

Rockport, Tex., Nov. 23.—Capt. Chas. Fowler: Inclosed find our check on Whitney National Bank for \$100, which you will please turn over to the relief committee as our contribution.

Coleman Fullton Pasture Co.

COLEMAN FULTON PASTURE CO.

COLEMAN FULTON PASTURE Co.

DAINGERFIELD. Nov. 29.—Mayor Fulton,
Galveston: Please find inclosed the sum of
\$5\$ as the amount contributed by our Lodge
K. of H. Please hand it to a member of our
lodge and request that it be appropriated to
members of our order. Yours, etc.,
B. C. CHRISMAN.

MARION, Va., Nov. 26.—To Mayor of Galveston: At the close of a thanksgiving service held here to-day the amount for which
I inclose check (\$26) was handed to me to
be forwarded to you for the relief of those
made destitute by the recent destructive
fire in your city. Please acknowledge the
receipt of the within and oblige, yours, etc.,
REV. J. J. SCHERER.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 28.—Hon. R. L. Fulton, Mayor, Galveston: I beg leave to enclose New York exchange for \$50, being
balance of amount collected for relief of
your city by the New Orleans Produce Exchange. I have no doubt that the amount
would have been of more liberal propor-

would have been of more liberal proportions but for the general depression and dullness among our business men of the exchange. Yours, etc., N. D. WALLACE,

Practical

change. Yours, etc., N. D. Wallace,
President.

Madison, Ga., Nov. 26—To the Mayor of
Galveston, Tex.: A few of the good people
in this town, without reference to denominational sentiment, met to-day in the Baptist Church and gave thanks to Almighty
God. Toward the end of the service, as a
thanks offer, we collected \$10 for your suffering people. Please find herein New
York exchange for that amount. Yours,
etc., E. D. Butler, Pastor.
CHICAGO, Nov. 26—Hon. R. L. Fulton,
Mayor of Galveston: This is a thanksgiving
day. It has been sad to me because of
the news of the death of our Vice President.
Thinking of others who may have greater

reasons for sadness than I had, I remembered that I had not sent my mite for the relief of the sufferers by the late fire. Enclosed please find my check for \$50, which you will please hand to your relief committee, and oblige Carter Harrison. ADDITIONAL AMOUNTS.

Tibby Bros., Pittsburg, Pa., \$20; E. Rothschild & Bros., Chicago, \$25; F. N. Gunnell, Washington, D. C., \$5; S. D. Felt, proceeds of skating rink benefit, \$32 50; contribution and headquarters of the United States army at San Antonio, \$59, making a total sub-scribed to date of \$117,494 66; amount paid in, \$100,612 76; amount disbursed, \$59,886 75.

New Daily Paper Projected-The Movement of Cattle.

Special to The News.

EL PASO, Nov. 30 .- Several well known newspaper men are in the city from other points. For some time it has been rumored that an additional daily paper would be started, and it is thought that their presence leads a new candidate in the field of journalism, which will have full press dispatches and be metropolitan in makeup.

New York parties to-day invested \$7000 in El Paso real estate through Kneeland the Large real estate through kneedand & Cox. Transactions from the same source involving \$20,000 will also culminate in a few days and papers are ready for signature in another transaction, involving \$18,000, San Francisco parties being the investors. Several Northern millionaires are in the city and collossal transactions, it is expected will startle real estate circles in a pected, will startle real estate circles in a

A Victory for the B. & O. NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 30 .- The Supreme Court of Louisiana to-day affirmed the judgment of the lower court in the case of the Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Company vs. Morgan's Louisiana and Texas Railroad Company and the Western Union Tele graph Company. This suit was originally prought to enable the Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Company to build its line in the right of way on the railway between New Orleans and Lafayette, La., 144 miles. The right was awarded, damages assessed and right was awarded, damages assessed and paid into court, and the case appealed in the interest of the Western Union Telegraph Company, which claimed an exclusive right of way under its contract of usual character. The decision to-day establishes the right of the Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Company. The line in question has been in operation since Jan. 1 of this year. The motion of the Western Union Company to remove the case to the Federal Court was denied.

German Socialist Meeting.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30 .- A memorial meeting in honor of Leiske, the German who was hanged for assassinating Henry Rumpf, his hearers to exterminate the enemies of socialism, not only in Germany, but in every nation on the globe. Resolutions commendatory of the action of Leiske in the assassination of Rumpf, and consigning like enemies to similar punishment, were passed amidst great applause.

Quincy, now in course of construction, says | Cough Cure. It contains no opiates.

THE COUNTRY'S CURRENCY

THE REPORT OF COMPTROLLER CANNON

The Coinage of Standard Silver Dollars Said to be in Excess of the Needs of the Country.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—The annual re port of H. W. Cannon, Comptroller of the Currency, has been completed and copies have been furnished to the President and Secretary of the Treasury.

It shows that during the year ended Nov. 1, 1885, 145 banks were organized, with a capital of \$16,938,000, and circulating notes were issued to the new associations amount ing to \$4,274,910. Since the establishment of the national bank system, Feb. 25, 1863, there have been organized 3406 national banks. Of these 432 have gone into voluntary liquidation to wind up their affairs; 79 have gone into voluntary liquidation to reorganize; 64 are in liquidation by expiration of their charter, of which number 38 have been reorganized and 104 have been placed in the hands of receivers to close up their affairs, leaving the total number in existence 2272, on Nov. 1. 1885, which is the largest number that has been in operation at any one time. Under the provisions of the act of July 12, 1882, national banks with a capital of from \$50,000 to \$150,000 may be organ ized upon a minimum deposit of United States bonds equal to 25 per cent of their capital. The Comptroller states that this reduction to the minimum deposit of bonds has had the effect of increasing the number of small banks organized. While the num ber of banks organized from July 1, 1879, to July 1, 1882, with a capital of \$150,000 and under, was 232, the number of banks of this class organized from July 1, 1882, to July , 1885, was 548. He calls particular atten tion to the fact that banks are no longer organized especially for the purpose of issuing circulation, for the reason that in a great majority of cases only the minimum amount of bonds required by law is deposited for the purpose of issuing circulation and states in this connection: "It is believed that the national banking system will be continued even if the associations organized under it cannot issue circulation at a profit, inasmuch as the experience under it has shown it is for the best interests of the public, as well as of the banks, that the business should be carried on under a general law having effect throughout all the different States. This statement is made without prejudice to banks organized under the statutes of those States which contain provisions and restrictions similar to those of the national banking law. In many of these States, however, the banking laws are defective, and it is evident that the legislation upon the subject cannot be homogenous, nor the minimum amount of bonds required by the subject cannot be homogenous, nor the working of the law so harmonious and useful under statutes passed by thirty-eight States as under one general law of Congress applicable to all banking institutions."

gress applicable to all banking institutions."

Under the provisions of the original national currency act of Feb. 25, 1863, banks organized had a period of succession not exceeding twenty years from the date of the act. The national bank act of June 3, 1864, superceding that of Feb. 25, 1863, provides that each national bank shall have succession for twenty years from the date of its organization. The act of July 12, 1882, permitted the extension of the corporate existence of national banks for twenty years, and under its provisions 1199 associations have extended their corporate existence, of which number 801 extended during the year ending Nov. 1, 1885. The Comptroller gives details in regard to the action of the banks expiring since July 12, 1882, and refers particularly to the operation of the law of extension, which appears to have been generally satisfactory, but calls attention to certain amendments which the experience of the past three years has shown to be necessary. Information is also given as to the number of banks which will expire in each year prior to Jan. 1, 1900, and also for each month during the year 1886. A larger humber of banks expired by limitation during the past year 1895 than have expired or will expire during any year prior to 1900. Among the banks

ing the year 1886. A larger number of banks expired by limitation during the past year 1885 than have expired or will expire during any year prior to 1900. Among the banks which have been extended during the past year, were thirty in the city of New York, with an aggregate capital of \$35,350,000, as well as a large number in Boston, Philadelphia and other principal cities, being some of the largest banking institutions in the United States. Attention is called to the fact that many of these banks were originally organized under the various State laws, and that the continuation of their existence under the national banking system indicates the belief of their ests to do business under the general banking laws of the United States. The Comptroller calls attention to the additional labor which has been entailed upon his office by the extension of the corporate existence of national banks during the past year, and also to certain facts in connection with the deposit of lawful money by extended banks to retire their old circulating notes under the provisions of section 6 of said act, and the course taken to prevent as far as possible any difficulty on this account.

to retire their old circulating notes under the provisions of section 6 of said act, and the course taken to prevent as far as possible any difficulty on this account.

Notwithstanding the organization of new banks the aggregate amount of bonds on deposit to secure circulation has, during the past year, diminished from \$325,316,300 \$308,364,550, and the net decrease in circulation during the year has been \$15,545,461. The reduction in circulation has been less that was estimated by the comptroller in his last annual report, as no United States bonds have been called for payment during the year ending Nov. 1. The reduction from other causes, notably the small profit on circulation, has been greater than was anticipated, and the Comptroller believes the contraction of national bank circulation will continue unless some legislation is had which will increase the profit which national banks derive from the issue of circulating notes. He proposes that the tax on circulation be removed and the amount of circulation which national banks are permitted to issue be increased to the par value of the bonds deposited by them. He refers to the fact that although banks are permitted to issue be increased to the par value of the bonds deposited by them. He refers to the fact that, although there has been a contraction in national lank notes, the circulating medium of the country has been increased by silver dollars and silver certificates, and in this connection he calls attention to the statement in his last annual report that the continued coinage of the standard silver dollar under the present provisions of the law is in excess of the requirements of the country and is liable to bring the business of the country to a silver basis and cause some degree of financial disturbance.

As under the present law the bonded

gree of financial disturbance.

As under the present law the bonded debt of the United States is the only security for national bank notes, information in regard to the public debt is given, the amount of the same held by the national banks during the past twenty years, as well as such information as could be collected regarding the amount of bonds held by the State banks, savings banks, trust companies and the public. Information is given relative to the operation of the act of June 20, 1874, section 3 of which requires the banks to keep on deposit in the treasury of the United States 5 per cent of their circulation as a redemption fund. The amount lation as a redemption fund. The amount of notes issued, destroyed and outstanding is given in detail.

hanged for assassinating Henry Rumpf, chief of the political police in Germany, on the 29th of December, 1884, was held yesterday. Herr Most in his eulogy advised his hearers to exterminate the enemies of socialism, not only in Germany, but in every nation on the globe. Resolutions commendatory of the action of Leiske in the assassination of Rumpf, and consigning like enemies to similar punishment, were passed amidst great applause.

Mothers know the benefit of Red Star Cough Cure. It contains no opiates.

sents carefully prepared information in re-gard to the bank issues of other countries. Full statistics in regard to the taxation of

Full statistics in regard to the taxation of national banks are given, showing that during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885, there were paid to the government of the United States \$2,794,584 taxes on circulating notes of national banks. There is also a chapter on State taxation of national bank shares, in which the various decisions of the United States Supreme Court are referred to and interesting information is given in regard to the action of national banks in order to prevent unjust discrimination against capital invested in national banking associations.

anking associations. Information is given as to loans and rates of interest throughout the county, particularly in the principal cities, and the attention of Congress is called to the difficulty of enforcing the provisions of section 5200, Revised Statues, which restricts loans on national banks to any one individual, firm or corporation to one-tenth of the capital stack

Tables are presented in the report in order that comparisons may be made between the annual dividends paid by the national banks in the United States and those paid by foreign banks to their stockholders, which indicate that the average dividends and earnings of national banks in the United States are, as a rule, less than those of banks in other counties. Statistics are given showing the losses of national banks from Sept. 1, 1880, to Sept. 1, 1885, and the Comptroller is of the opinion that the national banks have not been seriously affected by the large number of mercantile failures by the large number of mercantile failure, which have occurred during the past two

years.

Information is given in regard to the various clearing houses throughout the country, and particularly to that in New York, together with interesting information

concerning clearing house certificates of various kinds.

The usual tables in regard to the distribuvarious kinds.

The usual tables in regard to the distribution of coin and paper currency throughout the country, among the people and the banks, are brought down to date, showing an increase for the year in gold, silver and paper currency. In response to the requirements of section 333, Revised Statutes, the Comptroller presents statements of the condition of State banks and savings banks organized under State laws, derived from official reports obtained through the courtesy of the various State officers. The report contains comparative statements of the resources and liabilities of the national banks during the past ten years, and a detailed statement of their condition Oct. 1, 1885. The different items indicate that the business of the national banks has largely increased during the past year, although the items of United States bonds and circulating notes have decreased. Liabilities to depositors and correspondents have increased more than \$180,000,000. During the year the banks have increased their specie resources more than \$46,000,000. This increase is made up of \$44,471,714 of gold coin and \$1,791,384 of silver coin. The legal tender notes held by the banks have, however, diminished about \$2,500,000.

FORT WORTH AFFAIRS.

Court Notes-Real Estate Transfers-Personal Mention and Miscellaneous Local.

pecial to The News. FORT WORTH, Nov. 30 .- In the District Court to-day the \$25,000 damage suit of Allen Howard, colored, vs. the Fort Worth Street Railway Company was taken up and is still on trial. In September, 1882, defendant's street car ran over and killed plaintiff's 6 year old child.

The case of Letchworth vs. Macy is still on trial in the County Court.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS. The following real estate transfers were recorded in the County Clerk's office to-day Richard Cohn to J. O. McKinsey, part of lot 8, block 21, consideration \$800.

John Mathews and wife to W. M. Wilson

John Mathews and wife to W. M. Wilson, 60 acres of the 160 acre tract patented to G. W. McKenzie, consideration \$282.70.
R. T. Valentine and wife to H. E. Valentine, 20½ acres out of the W. W. Wilmot survey, consideration \$800.
B. J. Valentine and wife to B. F. Valentine, 1 acre situated in the town of Bedford, known as the T. M. Williams survey; consideration \$400.

known as the resideration \$400. The following marriage licenses were ssued to-day: Charles Ash and Abbie Walker, W. J. Dungan and Mrs. Charity Turner, Pedro Garcia and Miss Sallie

NOTES. Rev. J. H. Wiseman, of Anson, and Miss Molly Seely, of this city, were married this morning at the residence of the bride's mother, Rev. A. A. Allison officiating. Mr. and Mrs. Wiseman left on the morning train for their future home in Jones County.

Arrangements are being made by a gentleman of means in Indiana to open up a large cracker factory and spice mill in this

arge cracker lactor, ity in a short time. Contractor Oglesby passed through the city this morning, having in charge three ty this morning, having in charge thre risoners from the West, for the peniten

Col. J. P. Smith returned from the cattle-nen's convention at St. Louis to-day. men's convention at St. Louis to-day.

Capt. Thos. F. West, of Jacksboro, is in

the city.

Paul Glucksman and F. J. Dickey, of Dallas, are in the city.

J. J. Hittson, a well known stockman of Palo Pinto County, is in the Fort.

John S. Triplett, of St. Louis, is here.

Walter S. Liddell and Norton Wisdom, of Dallas, were leveling at us today. Dallas, were looking at us to-day.

THREE CHILDREN SACRIFICED. One Burned to Death and the Other Two Smothered.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 30.—About 11 'clock this morning, Mrs. Mary Fitzgerald, wife of Patrick Fitzgerald, who lives on Tingley street, had occasion to go out for a few moments on an errand, leaving three small children in the house. In her absence the children found some matches and com menced striking them, setting fire to a bed in which a baby lay. When the neighbors went into the house they found the babe in the bed burned to a crisp and two children, aged 3 and 4 years, smothered to death. When the mother returned and found her children dead, she was almost wild with grief and her shrieks were heartrending.

All Quiet in Coal Valley.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 30.—Contrary to expec tations there was no trouble at Coal Valley to-day. The strikers assembled about Pine Run mines in large numbers this morning but no attempt at violence was offered when the non-unionists went to work. All is quiet now. The strikers say they will not disturb the men working. No serious trouble is apprehended. not disturb the men working. No serious trouble is apprehended.

All reports from the Monongahela River mining districts to-day state that quiet reigns, but that the uneasy feeling of the past few days is hourly becoming intensified. The great excitement at Coal Valley last night was occasioned by some half drunken miners, who fired several shots from pistols and made use of boisterous language. Two mines are at work to-day, viz: Stone & Co., paying the price demanded, and a few non-unionists at Lynn & Co.'s. There are no indications of violence to-day. There are but few, if any, men working at the fourth pool to-day. News was received late last night that raiders would be on hand this morning, which deterred non-unionists from going to the ers would be on hand this morning, which deterred non-unionists from going to the mines. A few strangers made their appearance near the mines this morning, but made no demonstrations. Sheriff Chambers and his deputies have made several arrests to-day at Lucyville. Twenty-five of the striking miners and citizens who are recognized as raiders have been locked up, charged with conspiracy and riot. The exexcitement is intense. Word of the arrests has been sent throughout the pool, and large squads of men are on their way to Lucyville to attend the hearings to-night. A conflict is probable,

GALVESTON GLEANINGS.

Out of Respect to the Late Mr. Hendricks Turned Loose. Special to The News.

GALVESTON, Nov. 30.—Joseph Martin, who several months ago was arraigned and convicted on the charge of seduction in the lower courts, had his case nolle prossed at the recent term of the Criminal Court, and

is again enjoying his liberty.

As a mark of respect to the obsequies of the dead Vice President, which occur to morrow, all of the courts of the city adjourned this evening until Wednesday, and the members of the Galveston bar will meet at the Federal Courthouse at 10 o'clock to-morrow morning to take appropriate ac tion in reference to the solemn occasion,

Downs Dismissed in Disgrace,

Boston, Nov. 30.—The Baptist Ministerial Conference, at its weekly meeting this morning, adopted a preamble and resolu-tions declaring that W. W. Downs had disgraced his profession and damaged the cause of Christ, and expelling him from membership in the conference.

A Lynching in Virginia. LYNCHBURG, Nov. 30 .- The negro Henry

Mason, who killed a white man named J. R. Hammersly, at Campbell Courthouse, Va., on Saturday last, was taken from jail last night and lynched. He was hanged to the limb of a tree and his body was riddled with hullets.

Made a Failure.

CAMDEN, N. J., Nov. 30.—The attempt made this morning by the iGloucestor Gingham Mills to start up their works at the old rates without employing any one of the striking weavers proved a failure. But three hands came to work, and the attempt was indefinitely postponed.

Ladies' Kid Button Worked Holes \$1 50. at Lewis Bros. & Co.'s, 736 Elm street.

Patterson's drug store, 700 Main street, cor. Poydras, just west of St. George Hotel. For spectacles and eyeglasses go to L. E. Curtis, jeweler, 701 Main street, Dallas.

Patterson, the people's prescription drug-gist, 700 Main street, corner Poydras.

Classified Advertisements. PERSONAL.

G. W. LOUDEN will rent you anything in the specialty. 726 Elm street. Telephone.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED-A competent servant for housework. Apply at once. MRS. A. H. BELO, Corner Ervay and Cadiz streets.

WANTED— A first class barber. Apply at once to Bennett & Knapp, Abilene, Tex. WANTED—One hundred tie-makers to make ties, and teams to haul on the Houston East and West Texas Narrow Gauge Railroad. Apply at Shepard or Lufkin Stations or to Wm. Sullivan, Globe Hotel, Houston; good prices and cash paid. G. L. MILLEDGE, Contractor. WANTED—A first class carriage trimmer; one who has had a knowledge of painting preferred. Add. C. J. Wickham, Bonham, Tex.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS. WANTED-A long narrow table or open counter, suitable for sample table; also a short counter. Address Box L, News office.

ANTED-A good milch cow, in exchange for an A No. 1 cow pony. Apply for three s, "Oasis," this office. WANTED-A gentleman and wife to furnish front room, or two gents to take furnished room and board with private family; convenient to business and street cars. Apply 814 Wood street.

FOR RENT.

DOR RENT-Furnished room at 107 North Lamar, first door north Ross avenue. FOR RENT-A new store house, corner of Caruth and Magnolia sts.; first class stand for grocery. Apply 317 Caruth st. FOB RENT—Corner two story brick business house, 25x125 feet, second floor, divided into rooms; next to Thompson's Theater. Also well furnished two story residence, No. 1211 Main street, of 8 rooms, cistern and stable, waterworks and gas. Desirable parties can rent on easy terms. Apply to MURPHY & BOLANZ, 721 Main street.

FINANCIAL

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE—At low rates, and on time to suit borrowers. C. E. WELLESLEY,

MONEY TO LOAN—For long time at reason able rates, and in amounts to suit.

J. B. WATKINS L. M. CO., Dallas, Texas.

VETERAN CERTIFICATES

For Sale by

STEWART & HABICHT, Austin, Tex SALOONS.

KING'S PLACE— For Fine Liquors, Ales and Cigars. Lamar street, between Elm and Main streets BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS.

TEXAS COTTON BOOK, \$2 50 and \$3 50; Texas Cotton-Gin Book, \$2 50; Cotton Man's Hand-Book, \$1 50. ok, \$1 50. CLARKE & COURTS, Stationers, Printers and Lithographer Galvest

INSURANCE AGENTS.

JOHN S. ALDEHOFF, FIRE INSURANCE OTARY. Poydras street, Dallas.

A. BRYAN,
FIRE INSURANCE,
OOM 20. Merchants' Exchange, Dallas.

PRESSED BRICK.

PRESSED BRICK-Best pressed brick a' M. W. RUSSEY'S YARD, second yard below bridge. Orders promptly filled. DENGUE CURE.

PARR'S ENGLISH PAD cures and prevents dengue. Try it. W. H. HOWELL & BRO.,

BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES. WEIR PLOW CO.—Makes a specialty of fine Buggles, Carriages, etc. General agents for Racine Wagon and Carriage Co.'s spring wagons. Write for prices, etc.

BEER AND ICE.

J. LEMP'S Agency for Beer and Ice, Dallas, Tex. CHAS. MEISTERHANS, Agent. THE ANHEUSER-BUSCH AGENCY for Beer L. REICHENSTEIN, Agent.

COAL.

E. G. CHILDS, dealer in hard and soft coal.

Also the celebrated Piedmont smithing coal. Office corner Jackson and Lamar streets. TAST DALLAS COAL AND WOOD YARD-DYSTERBACH, 1424 Elm st. Telephone 140. FRUIT COMMISSION MERCHANTS

FOR WESTERN PRODUCE, FRUITS AND all kinds of nuts by wholesale, go to De Stefano Bros., 405 Main st. Bell telephone 180.

SECOND-HAND FURNITURE. HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR SECOND HAND furniture by G. W. LOUDEN at his new stand, 726 Elm street. Telephone call.

LAUNDRY.

Dallas Steam Laundry - The finest equipped laundry in Texas; work called for and del. Telephone 10, Grand Windsor building. PAWNBROKERS.

DALLAS LOAN OFFICE—Money loaned on personal property. Business strictly confidential. Robert E. Baird & Co., 607% Main st.

PRINTERS.

MILLIGAN BROS., BOOKBINDERS AND PRINTERS,

Classified Advertisements.

PHYSICIANS AND DENTISTS.

E. D. ANDRUSS—DENTIST, corner Elm and Murphy sts. (Reinhards building). Residence 1126 Main st.

ATTORNEYS.

CRAWFORD & CRAWFORD,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

723 Main street.

DALLAS, TEXAS. J. C. BIGGER, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, No. 316 Main street, Dallas, Tex. Special attention given to civil and criminal cases in the United States Courts of Texas. Late United States at-torney Will practice in all courts. Collections a specialty.

REEVES & SPENCE, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, 604 Main street, Dallas, Texas,

EDWARD GRAY, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Merchants' Exchange Building, Dallas, Texas. FRANK FIELD, Attorney-at-Law, Dallas, Tex. Practices in State and U.S. Courts. Special attention to commercial and corporation law.

W. T. ROBERTS,
LAWYER AND LAND AGENT,
GAINESVILLE, TEX.,
Has complete abstract of titles to Cooke
County lands.

BALL & BURNEY-

Attorneys at Law, Colorado, Texas. Special attention given to collections. BALLINGER, MOTT & TERRY,

ATTORNEYS AND

COUNSELLORS AT LAW,

GALVESTON, TEXAS. FOR SALE.

LOR SALE-Horse and spring wagon. Inquire at Chair Factory, East Dallas. THE WELL KNOWN MULLINS RANCH OF 20,000 acres in Tom Green County, fine land, plenty of grass, good water in abundance, for sale cheap. ROBERTSON & TARVER, Land Agents, San Angelo.

Land Agents, San Angelo.

FOR SALE—Half block of well improved property, consisting of four cottages, one large stable, two cisterns and plenty of well water; always occupied by good tenants; healthy locality and good neighborhood. Terms reasonable. Apply to W. P. Siler, Grand Windsor Hotel.

FOR SALE—Furniture and lease of boarding house, clearing \$150 and over per month. Address "Business," News office.

DANK FOR SALE—In one of the richest sections of Texas; owns a handsome bank building, centrally located, and is doing a large and lucrative business. Will sell a controlling interest in the stock or will sell the bank, building, steel chest and furniture, thus affording the purchaser a choice twixt an incorporated or a private bank. Add. Lock Box 286, Dallas. FOR SALE—Caligraph writing machine, almost new, in perfect order, cheap. Address caligraph, this office.

A TA GREAT SACRIFICE, three lots and two houses at half their value. \$550 only for all. Apply to J. IZEN, 1026 Polk street.

DUSINESS CHANCE—The finest Restaurant Din the city for sale or rent,
Apply at 726 Elm street.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for Dallas city-property, two lots in the town of Lampasas, each 69x128 feet, favorably located. For further particulars, inquire of J. P. JONES, 930 Main street, Dallas. VAULT DOOR for sale at a bargain; Hall's patent; good as new. Apply to Dargan & Trezevant.

REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

THOMSON & DONNAN, GENERAL LAND AGENTS, AUSTIN, TEXAS,

LERCH & LANDRUM,
GENERAL LAND AGENTS,
San Angelo, Tom Green County, Tex. MURPHY & BOLANZ, Real Estate and Collecting Agents, established 1871 M lecting Agents, established 1874, 721 Main street. Dallas, Texas, sell city property, farms and vacant lands, rent houses and collect rents; take acknowledgements, negotiate loans, render property and pay taxes; our city and county maps for sale.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

ERICSON & HAMLUND, (successors to H. Zimmerman) 507 Main st., Dallas. All orders promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed.

FRANK J. SMITH & CO., general agents Detroit fire and burglar proof Safes. Also bank time locks, 812 Elm street.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

WANTED—Heating stoves and all kinds of second hand furniture. G. W. LOUDEN, 726 Elm street. Telephone call.

SADDLERY AND LEATHER. SCHELKOPF & CO.—Jobbers and Manufacturers, Saddlery, Leather, Shoe Findings. Only Exclusive Wholesale House in the State, Solicit orders from the Trade (Merchants and Manufacturers), only. 830 and 832 Main Street and 813 and 815 Commerce Street, Dallas.

F. A. CAMPBELL, practical plumber, gas and steam fitter, No. 710 Murphy street. Work promptly attended to.

CIGAR MANUFACTURERS.

FRESH Havana and Domestic Cigars. Try our new brands, "Get There Eli," and 'Lucky Color," 5c cigars. Trinity Cigar Factory.

H. CLANCY—Manufacturer of Shirts, Gents' Underwear and Furnishing Goods.

STAMPS AND ENGRAVING. DODSON'S Rubber Stamp and Stencil Factory and Sanders Engraving Co., engravers on wood, 912 Elm street, Dallas, Texas.

TELEPHONE G. W. LOUDEN, 726 Elm street, if you have second hand furniture, books and clothing for sale.

HOTEL.

HOTEL CAMP STROTHER—New hotel, 20 feet from Union Depot, Dallas; rates \$2 per day; ladies' parlor free; lunch counter connected. Strother & Johnson, Proprietors. THE well known, long established Commercial Hotel, at Morgan, for sale; good stand; old established business; located at junction of Texas Central and Santa Fe Railroads; good opening for right man; satisfactory reason for wishing to sell. Ap. JOHN KELLY, Morgan, Tex.

LUMBER. SHINGLES, ETC. CRUTCHER & HARRISON, wholesale and re-

B. E. ANDREWS, Manager, McKinney road. LIVERY, SALE AND FEED STABLES.

WHEAT & WHEAT-Livery and hack stable, Elm, corner Live Oak st. Good turnouts, careful drivers. Telephone No. 324. CLARK, KIRLAND & CO.—Always ready, night or day, for carriages, buggies and saddle horses; horses bo't, sold, etc.; nr. Grand Windsor

L ANG'S RESTAURANT-725 Main st.; open day and night; every variety of game and flish in season; meal tickets \$6 per week. MERCHANTS' RESTAURANT—And Coffee House, 510 Main street; meals 25c; oysters served in every style known to the trade.

FISH, OYSTERS, ETC.

HOUSTON FISH AND OYSTER CO. Orders solicited and promptly filled. Selected Berwick Bay oysters 55c per 100. J. O'Brien, Prop. B. MARSAN & CO., Galveston, Texas, J. Wholesale dealers in FISH and OYSTERS, Orders solicited from the country.

THE COWBOY.

BY JOHN ANTHROBUS, THE POET-PAINTER. [On a Work in Preparation.] [On a Work in Preparation.]

"What care I, what cares he,
What cares the world of the life we know;
Little they reck of the shadowless plains,
The shelterless mesa, the sun and the rains,
The wid free life as the winds that blow."
With his broad sombrero,
His worn chappararas,
And clinking spurs;
Like a centaur he speeds,
Where the wild bull feeds;
And he laughs ha, ha!—who cares, who cares!

Ruddy and brown, careless and free—A king in the saddle—he rides at will
O'er the measureless range where rarely change
The swart gray plains so weird and strange,
Treeless, and streamless, and wondrous still!
With his slouch sombrero,
His torn chappararas,
And clinking spurs;
Like a centaur he speeds,
Where the wild bull feeds;
And he laughs ha, ha!—who cares, who cares!

He of the towns, he of the East,
Has only a vague, dull thought of him;
In his far-off dreams, the cowboy seems
A mythical thing, a thing he deems
A Hun or a Goth as swart and grim!
With his stained sombrero,
His rough chappararas;
And clinking spurs;
Like a centaur he speeds,
Where the wild bull feeds;
And he laughs ha, ha!—who cares, who cares!

Often alone, his saddle a throne,
He scans like a shelk the numberless herd;
Where the buffalo grass and the sage grass dry
In the hot, white glare of a cloudless sky;
And the music of streams is never heard.
With his gay sombrero,
His brown chappararas,
And clinking spurs;
Like a centaur he speeds,
Where the wild bull feeds;
And he laughs ha, ha!—who cares, who cares!

Swift, and strong, and ever alert, Yet sometimes he rests on the dreary vast; And his thoughts, like the thoughts of other men,
Go back to his childhood days again,
And many a loved one of the past.
With his gray sombrero,
His rude chappararas,
And clinking spurs,
He rests awhile,
With a tear and a smile,
Then he laughs ha! ha!—who cares, who cares!

Sometimes his mood from solitude
Hurries him, heedless, off to the town;
Where mirth and wine through the goblet
shine,
And treacherous siren's twist and twine
The lasso that often brings him down;
With his soaked sombrero,
His rent chappararas,
And clinking spurs;
He staggers back
On the homeward track
And shouts to the plains—who cares, who
cares!

On his broncho's back he sways and swings,
Yet mad and wild with the city's fume;
His pace is the pace of the song he sings,
And the ribald oath that maudlin clings
Like the wicked stench of the harlot's room.
With his ragged sombrero,
His torn chappararas,
His rowel-less spurs;
He dashes amain
Through the trackless rain;
Reeling and reckless—who cares, who cares!

'Tis over late at the ranchman's gate-'Tis over late at the ranchman's gate—
He and his fellows, perhaps a score,
Halt in a quarrel o'er-night begun.
With the ready blow and the random gun—
There's a dead, dead comrade! nothing more.
With his slouched sombrero,
His dark chappararas,
And clinking spurs;
With a face o'ereast,
With a face o'ereast,
And growls in his throat—who cares, who cares!

Away on the range there is little change; He blinks in the sun, he herds the steers; But a trail on the wind creeps close behind, And whispers that stagger and blanch the Through the hum of the solemn noon he hears.

Where the grasses brown
May hide his face, while he sobs—who cares!

But what care I, and what cares he-But what care I, and what cares he—
This is the strain, common at least;
He is free and vain of his bridle rein,
Of his spurs, of his grun, of the dull gray plain;
He is ever vain of his broncho beast!
With his gray sombrero,
His brown chappararas,
And clinking spurs;
Like a centaur he speeds,
Where the wild bull feeds;
And he laughs ha, ha—who cares, who cares!

NORTH TEXAS NOTES.

What an Observant Gentleman Has to Say on Texas Matters.

utterly ruined of all the Roman cities, overwhelmed in the hour of her greatest prospects and buried beneath the ashes of devastation, yields to the antiquarian to-day the richest specimens of Roman art. The same element that wrapped in oblivion the once proud city preserved in its silent and secret bosom those treasures which other and more fortunate of her contemporaneous cities have yielded to the corroding influences of atmospheric changes and the destructive agency of hu-

man hands through successive generations. Jefferson, the once proud metropolis of North Texas, and vieing with Galveston in population and trade, has been buried commercially. But the observant visitor, who has the time, opportunity and inclination, to look into the social life of Jefferson, will find that in the ruins of this decaying city are to be found rich treasures of cultivated brain, moral training and social embellishment. Railroads have killed Jefferson instead of building it up, and while it has suffered from want of commercial thrift and the energy usually imparted by the influx of railroad population, it has at the same time been able to preserve to a great extent the peculiar features of our old Southern society and manners.

been able to preserve to a great extent the peculiar features of our old Southern society and manners.

In the lawyers and doctors' offices, in the counting rooms and in the houses of Jefferson, one meets with gentlemen and ladies of that old fashioned Southern school which reminds us of the long ago, when education was one of the characteristics of cultivated society, and modesty and politeness were the crowning features of Southern female accomplishments. The seclusion which causes commercial decay preserves these admirable qualities. Jefferson is destined to be once more among the busiest and thriftiest of Texas cities. Her vast fields of unexcelled iron ore, yielding 95 per cent of the finest iron on the continent, within five miles of the city; her forests of timber, her rich alluvial lands, her transportation facilities by both rail and water, her salubrious climate and abundance of pure freestone water; all these guarantee in the near future a thrifty manufacturing city, which, in time, will encourage agriculture in the surrounding country, and her streets once more thronged with a busy multitude. No place in the South, west of the Mississippi River, offers equal terms with Jefferson as a manufacturing point. She has everything save capital to offer, and capital will surely find her out.

with Jefferson as a manufacturing point. She has everything save capital to offer, and capital will surely find her out.

In politics the people of Jefferson and Marion County are anomalous. The people are of all shades of politics, and they elect men of all shades of politics to office. Hon. W. T. Armstead, their representative in the Eighteenth and Nineteenth Legislatures, is one of the leading lawyers, not only of Jefferson, but of Northeast Texas. He is a staunch and enthusiastic Democrat, a member of every State convention, a prominent ber of every State convention, a prominent member of the Legislature, and one of the few men of that body whose eloquence is sufficient on all occasions to silence and fill

sufficient on all occasions to silence and fill the House. His constituents regard him as the successor of Hon. D. B. Culberson in Congress, when they shall see Culberson promoted to the United States Senate.

The intelligent citizens of Jefferson are somewat puzzled as to a choice of gubernatorial candidates. Their sympathies and interests are more with Eastern than North Texas, and this is in fact East Texas territory. Swain is from this congressional district, if he is located at Clarksville, his old home, and might claim the vote of Marion County on sectional grounds but for the fact that he is posing as a North Texas man and

claiming votes as such. This, of course, alienates sectional feeling in his behalf in Eastern Texas. Since Reagan declined to be a candidate, and the "Old Alcalde" smokes his pipe in peace regardless of the calls of his admirers to stand once more at the head of the ticket, Jeffersonians seem inclined to accept Ross, a Central Texas man, and geograpically representative of all Texas, as their choice for Governor. As between Col. Oglesby, of Collin County, and McCall, Swain's chief clerk, for Comptroller, the sentimenthere is very one-sided, in favor of Oglesby. McCall is remembered as a very old and efficient clerk in the Comptroller's office. It may be his misfortune, however, to be too old in the office. He has seen many changes of administrations and has much experience in that direction. It may be that this will not be the best thing for a candidate.

For Land Commissioner the people here don't seem to know who they want, but they know they want a change. They want a man who will enforce the law as to syndicates of grass monopoly; a man who will stop the depredations on timbered lands of the State, or suggest some measure for doing so.

For Treasurer, the people here are satis-

the State, or suggest some measures ing so.

For Treasurer, the people here are satisfied with "Uncle Frank" Lubbock. They believe him honest and capable and worthy. And, then, they say Uncle Frank and Gov. Ireland beat Swain, Walsh and Templeton in the Indiana limestone business.

For Attorney General, McKinney, of Walker, is regarded here as the coming man, and Col. Richardson, for Superintendent of Public Instruction, seems the choice of this section.

OBSERVER.

GILMER GLEANINGS.

A Hung Jury in an Interesting Case—The New Postmaster-Local Dots.

GILMER, Nov. 30 .- In the County Court yesterday the jury reported that they could not agree on a verdict in the noted case of M. A. and J. S. Marshall vs. G. O. Richardson. Judge Hackler explained how im portant it was for them to render a verdict if possible, and then ordered them to retire again for further consultation. At 12 o'clock they returned to the court and reported: "We find it impossible for all the jury to agree on a verdict in this case." They were then dismissed. case came up as follows: Last spring Mr. J. S. Marshall and his wife separated, and in his absence she sold Mr. G. O. Richardson \$100 worth of property for \$35, and gave him a bill of sale to it.

Mr. Richardson claims it was a bona fide sale; but Mrs. Marshall claims that she only intended it as a mortgage, or agree-

sale; but Mrs. Marshall claims that she only intended it as a mortgage, or agreement, to "secure himfor his money and herself for the return of her property on repayment of the money." The case was first tried in Justice Court at Lafayette, in which defendant gained his suit. Plaintiffs appealed to the County Court and had a trial at the May term thereof, in which plaintiffs gained suit, and defendant was granted a new trial. This case at its present trial occupied the court an entire week, and the costs have run up to hundreds of dollars. The case will come up again at the next term of court. erm of court.

The case will come up again at the next term of court.

Court adjourned until next Saturday morning, but Judge Hackler has some probate business to attend to next week.

Mr. W. F. Shrum, the new postmaster, is filling out his bond, and will take charge of the office next week.

Hon. J. D. Peteet left here this morning to go to his home in Mt. Pleasant.

Dr. Ragland will take charge of the Ragland House Hotel again next week and Mr. H. Bussy will move into his old home again.

Mr. R. M. Hales and his family are visiting relatives in Louisiana this week.

Marriage license was issued to Mr. J. B. Owens and Miss M. E. Walker to-day.

Miss M. Greer, late operator here, has been given the position of operator in the office of the master mechanic of the Texas and St. Louis Railroad at Tyler.

INDIAN TERRITORY.

Lehigh Coal Mines-Newspaper Opportunity. Bushy Head and the Cherokees.

Special to The News. LEHIGH, Nov. 20.-No. 3 of the coal mines is to be abandoned in the next few months. It is a slope and the company expended a great deal of money upon it, but it has never paid. No. 4, a shaft, is running ahead of expenses. The company has determined to sink a new shaft, to be called No. 5, about a mile north of No. 3. It is to be on a very a town is forming around the preliminary

The Indian Champion, a newspaper published at Atoka, in the Choctaw Nation, by the Roberts Brothers of Muscogee, under a

lished at Atoka, in the Choctaw Nation, by the Roberts Brothers of Muscogee, under a contract made with the Choctaw Council, issued its valedictory on the 28th. There is a dissatisfaction between the Choctaws and the publishers, and the result is as above. A live, enterprising newspaper man could succeed well at Atoka. A newspaper, the organ of the Choctaw and Chickasaws together, with a job office, would secure a large and profitable patronage from the people and officials of these two nations.

The Cherokees are having a very exciting session at their council meeting. The Governor, Chief Bushyhead, and his party are chargedwith grave misdemeanor in securing \$300,000 some year or so ago, from the United States government, as a per capita payment. It is charged that to secure this sum, a considerable percentage of which went into the pockets of the leading parties in the transaction, the claim of the Cherokees to the neutral land strip northwest of Cherokee Nation, adjacent to Kansas, was heavily compromised, and that it is now doubtfulif the Nation can justly and legally prevent the United States from obtaining a clear titles to those lands. The Bushyhead party deny that any such compromise was made, and say they are true and loyal to the interests of the Cherokees and entitled to the gratitude of the people in securing \$300,000 from the United States government to enable their people to buy provisions at a time of great scarcity and distress.

A Choctaw woman, Mrs. Lucas, was murdered and her little child wounded a few days ago by Tandy Walker, also a Choctaw. There had been a feud between Walker and Sol Folsom. Walker went to the house where Folsom staid at night, and creeping in shot the woman while in bed asleep, supposing it to be Folsom. Walker was not apprehended at last accounts.

Eastland.

EASTLAND, Nov. 30.-Mr. Will I. Cole, who has been for some time practicing law here, has secured the Strawn, Tex., high school and has gone to take charge as principal. Mr. Cole is the same who has instituted suit against the Texas and Pacific Railroad for \$1000 for being ejected from the cars west of Big Springs, a few days ago. Commissioners' Court has been convened for several days and is doing away with a

great deal of old business. Mrs. Lott, from Kauffman, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Eversole, for some weeks past, has returned home. The western climate did not agree well with the

lady's health.
Miss Bettie Bowles is now visiting friends

Miss Bettie Bowles is now visiting friends in Cisco.

J. H. Calhoun has moved his stock of goods into his new and commodious brick building on the corner of the square.

This section needs a good soaking rain.

Mr. Raymond, the evangelist, has been holding a series of meetings here for the past week, and with his concise manner of addressing his audience has done much good among the people. There have been eight or ten professions of conversion nearly every night. He makes the old, hardened sinners think and take active parts by his scathing, searching remarks. There are no signs of the meeting breaking up for a week to come.



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Leopold Van Ranne, the famous historian Leopold Van Ranne, the famous historian, although nearly 90 years of age, is still strong and hearty. He is a little man, with abundant white hair, tossed carelessly back from a magnificent forehead; white beard, quite as abundant, frames the lower part of the face, and the eyes, beneath their heavy gray brows, have wondrous depth and kindliness.



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at Kansas City, St. Louis and Hannibal for all points. Solid Trains San Antonio to St. Louis (via Fort Worth,

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tiful Indian Territory.

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COMMERCIAL.

DALLAS, Nov. 30 .- The close of November and the opening of the current week present a cheerful general outlook except in cotton which is in favor of buyers.

Frequent fractional changes will be given in

the next issue. Many commodities are a little higher.
The decline in cotton is based upon very weak cables, Liverpool spot decline, decline at New York, weak speculative effort and in fact upon the reports of to-day showing general prostration.

DALLAS SPOT MARKET.

DALLAS SPOT MARKET.
Cotton closed in favor of buyers, with few transactions and 5 points off, middling being quoted at 8.35c.

By wagon.
By rail.

2222
By rail.

2222
Total.

2222
Total receipts to date.

2335
Shipmonts to day. Shipments to-day 50 Stock on hand 2,579

THE GENERAL LOCAL MARKET.

APPLES—Western \$3@3.25 \$\psi\$ bbl. Apple and peach butter by the barrel \$c \$\psi\$ b.

Bacon—Short clear smoked 7c, short clear dry salt 6\psi_c, breakfast bacon 9\psi_c.

Bagging and Ties—Boston 1\psi\$ th 11\psi_c, Southern 2 th 12\psi_013c, Empire 1\psi\$ th 10\psi_c. Ties—Arrow, full length \$1.50.

Bananas—\$\psi_00@3.50 \$\psi\$ bunch.

Baking Powder—Standard goods in the \$\psi_00 \psi_00 \psi_00

BEESWAX—Texas product 25c, refined Northern 50c.

BROOMS—Dallas or Northern best \$3.50 \(\psi \) doz, medium \$2.25, common \$1.75.

BUTTER—Fresh country choice 20\(\pi \) 25c, choice western dairy 18c, fancy creamery 30c.

BUILDING MATERIAL—Coopered lime \$2 \(\psi \) bbl, in bulk \$1.35; plastering lath \$3.50 \(\psi \) M; goat hair 75c \(\psi \) bu; doors, common \$1.50\(\pa \) according to size, molded \$4.68 according to finish; sash, common \$1.60 \(\psi \) pair according to size; bilnds \$1.50\(\pa \) 8.50 \(\psi \) pair according to size; bilnds \$1.50\(\pa \) 8.50 \(\psi \) pair according to size; bilnds \$1.50\(\pa \) 8.50 \(\psi \) pair according to size; bilnds \$1.50\(\pa \) 8.50 \(\psi \) pair according to size; bilnds \$1.50\(\pa \) 8.50 \(\psi \) pair according to size; bilnds \$1.50\(\pa \) 8.50 \(\psi \) pair according to size; bilnds \$1.50\(\pa \) 8.50 \(\psi \) pair according to size; bilnds \$1.50\(\pa \) 8.50 \(\psi \) pair according to size; bilnds \$1.50\(\pa \) 8.50 \(\psi \) pair according to size; bilnds \$1.50\(\pa \) 8.50. Louisville \$3.25. English Portland \$4.75. Michigan plaster \$4.50. Lumber, per M, under 25 feet \$17.50, over 25 feet \$19.50; dressed on one side, clear \$22.25, do star \$20.00 sheeting \$17.50.00 \quad \pa \) 9.52, do star \$2.50, pound reiling \$4.75.00 \quad \pa \\$ \$2.50, over 100 \quad \pa \\$ \$17.50.00 \quad \pa \\$ \$2.50.00 \quad \pa \\$ \$1.50.00 \quad \pa \\$ \$2.50.00 \quad \pa \\$ \$2.50.00 \quad \pa \\$ \$2.50.00 \quad \pa \\$ \$1.50.00 \quad \pa \\$ \$2.50.00 \quad \pa \\$ \$2.50.00 \quad \pa \\$ \$2.50.00 \quad \pa \\$ \$1.50.00 \quad \pa \\$ \$2.50.00 \quad \pa \\$ \$1.50.00 \quad \pa \\$ \$2.50.00 \quad \pa \\$ \$2.50.00 \quad \pa \\$ \$2.50.00 \quad \quad \pa \\$ \$2.50.00 \quad \quad \pa \\$ \$2.50.00 \quad \quad ern 50c. Brooms—Dallas or Northern best \$3.50 \(\psi\) doz,

Name \$5.16, pears \$2.06, pearies \$2.50, plans \$2.15.

CRACKERS—No. 1 X 5½ ¢ \(\psi \) th, No. 3 X 6c, cream soda 8½ @9c, Excelsior P. O. 6½ @7c; ginger snaps, No. 3 X 8½ c, lemon cream No. 3 X 8½ c; cakes and jumbles 11@12c, knick knacks 12½ @13c, alphabets 11@11½ c; cartoons, 10½ @12c.

CHEESE—Full cream twins 13½ c \(\psi \) th, Young America 13½ c, cheddar 12½ @13c.

COAL OILS—Eupion in bbls 27c \(\psi \) gal, Brilliant in bbls 17c \(\psi \) gal, Eupion in 2-5 cans \(\psi \)3, Brilliant in 2-5 cans \(\psi \)2, Brilliant in 1 gal cans, \(\psi \)3.85, gasoline \$3.

line \$3. COFFEE—Prime to choice 10@12c \(\psi\) \(\text{th}\), pea-berry 13@13\(\psi\) \(\text{c}\), Mocha 23\(\psi\)2\(\text{c}\), Java 19\(\psi\)2\(\text{c}\), washed Rio 13\(\pi\)14c, golden Rio 13\(\pi\)14c. COTTON SEED—At mills \(\pi\)7\(\psi\) ton, for feed 12c

CRANBERRIES-Cape Cod \$10 # bbl, bell and CURRANTS—New crop in barrels 7½c # B, in half barrels 7½c, in 50-B boxes 8c, old cooked DRIED FRUIT—Apples, Alden's process evap-

DRIED FIBIT—Apples, Richer's process exponanted 969% b, bright quarters 464%; sliced peaches 56%; prunes 68%7c; dates in frails 75.4 w B
DRUGS AND OILS—Acids, benzoic, 21c \$\psi\$ oz, carbolic 40c \$\psi\$, citric 56\pi600c \$\psi\$ B, gallic 18c \$\psi\$ oz, salicylic \$\frac{1}{2}\$ \$\psi\$ b, charles 1.65 \$\psi\$ coz, salicylic \$\frac{1}{2}\$ \$\psi\$ b, charles 1.65 \$\psi\$ coz, salicylic \$\frac{1}{2}\$ \$\psi\$ b, charles 1.65 \$\psi\$ b. Casterio powd 56c \$\psi\$ b. Alonal \$\psi\$ coz, salicylic \$\frac{1}{2}\$ \$\psi\$ b, land \$\psi\$ coz, salicylic \$\frac{1}{2}\$ \$\psi\$ b, land \$\psi\$ coz, salicylic \$\frac{1}{2}\$ \$\psi\$ b, land \$\psi\$ coz, salicylic \$\psi\$ b, land \$\psi\$ coz, salicylic \$\psi\$ coz, salicylic \$\psi\$ coz, salicylic \$\psi\$ coz, salicylic \$\psi\$ b, land \$\psi\$ coz, salicylic \$\psi\$ coz, sa

Boston \$1.21, to New York \$1.08, to Liverpool \$1.32 22-100.

FUEL—Indian Territory coal \$6 \$\psi\$ ton at yards, Cumberland coal \$13, coke \$6; hard wood \$3.25 \$\psi\$ cord at cars.

GLASS—Per box of \$0 feet classes A or B 60 per cent off list price for single thick; for double thick \$0\$ and \$10\$ per cent off GRAIN AND BREADSTUFFS—Wheat 75@80c for milling grades; corn, Texas in sacks 40c, in shucks from wagon 5c lower; oats in sacks 26c, in bulk \$2 lower; bran, at mills \$15 \$\psi\$ ton; corn meal, fine botted \$1 \$\psi\$ ewt; hominy and grits \$5 \$\psi\$ bbl; feed, chopped corn 90c \$\psi\$ cwt, chopped corn and oats \$1.05 \$\psi\$ cwt, corn bran 35c \$\psi\$ ewt; graham flour \$2.25 \$\psi\$ cwt, the cords \$1\$ \$\psi\$ on, millet \$10 \$\psi\$ ton.

GRAPES—Malaga \$9 \$\psi\$ bbl; New York Concords \$1 \$\psi\$ 0 basket.

GRAPES—Malaga \$9 \(\psi \) bb!; New York Concords \(\psi \) \(\psi \) bb basket.

HAMS—13 to 15 \(\psi \) bs average 10\(\psi \).

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HAMS—13 to 15 \(\psi \) bs average 10\(\psi \).

HARDWARE—Bar iron \$3, Norway 8c, No. 22 sheet iron 4\(\psi \) c, No. 27 B sheet iron 4\(\psi \) c, galvanized sheet iron 90\(\psi \) c, No. \(\psi \) so 06 17c, No. 1 \(\psi \) do 15\(\psi \) c; 20\(\psi \) sare since \$1 \text{ No. 1} \) \(\psi \) do 15\(\psi \) c; 20\(\psi \) sare since \$3 \(\psi \) horse shoes \$6 \(\psi \) Northwestern horseshoe nails \$5 \(\psi \) tate; trace chains 6\(\psi \) -62 5c; iron nails \$4 \(\psi \) tate; trace chains 6\(\psi \) -62 5c; iron nails \$4 \(\psi \) tate; axes, standard brand \$6.50\(\pi \) -7.59; barbed wire, painted 4\(\psi \) \(\psi \) b, galvanized 5\(\psi \) c) box tacks \$1 \(\psi \) box, papers \$2; tinware, discount 50 per cent; hames, 2 loop \$3.25, 3 loop \$3.50; singletrees \$2; xalegrease 60\(\psi \) 00c.

HIDES—No. 1 dry flint under 20 \(\psi \) sard over 14c, No. 2 do 10c; dry bulls and badly damaged \$6c, dry glue 4c; No. 1 green salted 7\(\psi \) c, No. 2 do 6\(\psi \) c; (2 \(\psi \) 00 31c; No. 1 oak harness, Ohio, 34c, No. 2 do 32c; No. 1 hemlock harness 30c, No. 2 do 32c; No. 1 oak harness, Ohio, 34c, No. 2 do 33c; No. 1 oak harness, Ohio, 34c, No. 2 do 32c; No. 1 hemlock harness 33c, No. 2 do 31c; California 40\(\psi \) 43, according to quality. Sole, oak, heavy X 39c, do medium 36\(\psi \) 37c, do medium 36\(\psi \) 37c; one brand to each side, heavy 39\(\psi \) 36\(\psi \) 24c one brand to each side, heavy 39\(\psi \) 37c; do medium 36\(\psi \) 37c; one brand to each side, heavy 39\(\psi \) 37c; do medium 36\(\psi \) 37c; one brand to each side, heavy 39\(\psi \) 37c; do medium 36\(\psi \) 37c; one brand to each side, heavy 39\(\psi \) 37c; do medium 36\(\psi \) 37c; one brand to each side, heavy 39\(\psi \) 37c; do medium 36\(\psi \) 37c; one brand to each side, heavy 39\(\psi \)

7%c, 20 b pails 7%c, 10 b pails 7%c, 5 b pails 7%c, 3 b pails 7%c, 10 b pails 7%c, 5 b pails 7%c, 3 b pails 8c.

LEMONS—Choice \$4.25 \$\psi\$ box.

LYE—Western Union f. w. \$2.90@3 \$\psi\$ box, Philadelphia l. w. \$2.75, Americus f. w. \$4.

LIQUORS—Highwines \$1.09. Brandies, apple \$1.75@3, peach \$2@4, domestic cognae \$1.50@3, imported brandy \$4.50@10. Gin, domestic \$1.50 @2.75, imported \$3.50@7. Whiskies, XX \$1.25, XXX \$1.25, western \$1.40, rye \$1.50@5, Scotch imported \$5@7, Irish \$5@7; Tennessee spring of '81 \$2.50, spring of '82 \$2.25. Clarets, California 70c@\$1, Zinfandell best 90c@\$1.30; imported \$70@80 \$\psi\$ cask; Medoc, quarts \$6 \$\psi\$ case, pines \$7; St. Julien, quarts \$6.50, pints \$7.50; Chateau Boullac, quarts \$8, pints \$\psi\$; California claret, quarts \$4, pints \$\psi\$; California hock \$1@1.50 \$\psi\$ gallon, quarts \$4. Case, pints \$5. Brandy, 0tard Dupuy \$12, Chateau Lafitte \$18. Champagnes, Piper Heidsleck, pints \$31, quarts \$29; G. H. Mumm, pints \$31, quarts \$2\$; Jules \$30, quarts \$2\$; Cook's Imperial, pints \$16.50, quarts \$16.50; duarts \$28; Cook's Imperial, pints \$16.50, quarts \$17. Cider \$7.50 \$\psi\$ bbl.

Molasses—Old crop. prime to choice \$5@50c:

.50 # bbl. Molasses—Old crop, prime to choice 35@50c; new crop, choice 60c, prime 50c, fair 45c, NUTS—Almonds 22c \$\psi\$ th, filberts 15c, Brazil nuts 11c, old or new pecans 4\psic, cocoanuts \$5 @6 \$\psi\$ 100, peanuts 6c. ONIONS—Western \$3.50 \$\psi\$ bbl. Texas or North-

ONIONS—Western \$3.50 \(\psi \) bbl. Texas or Northern \$5\infty 900 \(\psi \) box; Louisiana or Florida \$3.25\infty 8.75 \(\psi \) box; Louisiana \$7.00 \(\psi \) bbl.

POTATOES—Western in sacks 80c \(\psi \) bu, \$3.25 \(\psi \) Lipsek bbl.

box; Louisiana \$7.00 \$\psi\$ bbi.
POTATOES—Western in sacks \$0c \$\psi\$ bu, \$3.25 \$\psi\$
Ilpeck bbl.
POULTRY—Mixed coops of chickens \$2\pi 2.50;
turkeys \$5\pi 95c, outside rates for grown gobblers; geese \$5 \$\psi\$ doz.
PowDer—Rifle and shotgun \$3.50 \$\psi\$ keg,
blasting \$2, Eagle ducking \$3.50 \$\psi\$ keg,
PoTASH—Babbit's (2) cases \$2\pi 2.15, Union (4)
\$2.50\pi 2.75.
RICE—Prime to choice \$5\pi 07c.
ROPE—Sisal \$\psi\$ inch basis \$9\psi c \$\psi\$ \$\psi\$, cotton
rope 17c.
RAISINS—California London layer \$3 \$\psi\$ box,
Spanish London layer \$3.73, Muscatel \$3
SARDINES—French \$13, American \$1.
SAUERKRAUT—\$5.75 \$\psi\$ bbl, \$7 \$\psi\$ bbl.
SWEET POTATOES—\$60\pi 65c \$\psi\$ bu.
STARCH—Royal gloss, 61 \$\psi\$ box, \$6\psi 6\psi_6\psi_6\psi\$, c \$1 \$\psi\$ 5\psi_6\psi_6\psi\$, c \$1 \$\psi\$ 5\psi_6\psi_6\psi\$, c \$1 \$\psi_6\psi_6\psi_6\psi\$, c \$1 \$\psi_6\psi_6\psi_6\psi\$, c \$1 \$\psi_6\psi_6\psi_6\psi\$, c \$1 \$\psi_6\psi_6\psi_6\psi\$, c \$1 \$\psi_6\psi_6\psi_6\psi_6\psi\$, c \$1 \$\psi_6\psi_

TALLOW-Local product 5c, country cakes

4½c. TEAS—Gunpowder 35@50c ♥ tb, Imperial 40@ TEAS—Gunpowder 300000 V B, Imperial 200600, Oolong 35050c.

TOBACCO AND SNUFF—Standard plug, navies 40045c V b, do bright plug 7 oz 35045c, 11 inch plug 30035c; smoking assorted standard goods 42054c. Snuff, Garrett's 6 oz bottles \$11.25 V box, do 1 oz boxes \$4; Ralph's 6 oz bottles \$10.50, do % oz boxes \$4.25.

VEGETABLES—Good western cabbage \$2.50 V erate, or \$13.50 \(\psi\$ 100. Wool.—Good medium 15\(\phi\$ 20c, Mexican 11c, burry from 2c to 5c less.

LOCAL LIVE STOCK MARKET. Note—All sales of stock in this market are made & cwt, live weight, unless otherwise

stateu.	New York,		
DESCRIPTION.	Medium.	Good to extra.	New Orlean American s
Cattle— Steers. Feeders. Cows. Bulls. Veal calves. Milkers, # head. Hogs— Packing and shipping. Light weights. Stock hogs. Sheep— Natives.	1.90@ 2.40 1.50@ 2.00 1.00@ 1.25 3.00@ 3.50 20.00@30.00 2.50@ 2.75 2.75@ 3.00 1.50@ 3.00	2.45@ 2.70 2.25@ 2.50 1.25@ 1.50 3.50@ 4.00 30.00@35.00 3.00@ 3.25 3.00@ 3.25	Bank rate of Silv Consols for EX Sterling—B Commerce Francs—Ba Commerce Reichsmark
Stockers, # head	1.50@ 2.00	2.25(d) 2.50	EXC

FORT WORTH MARKET REPORT.

FORT WORTH, Nov. 30.—Fort Worth has enjoyed a good trade to-day, both in the wholesale and retail departments. The streets and the square presented an animated appearance, there being a large number of country people in town. in town.

Cotton receipts to-day about 100 bales. The market is firm. market is firm.

Low middling 8.25e, strict low middling 8.35e, middling 8.45e, good and strict middling 8.56e.

COTTON MARKETS.

GALVESTON, Nov. 30.—General business has been fairly active to-day considering that it is the close of the month, and the outlook is good for a large trade movement next month, which only needs an advance in cotton to develop into the largest holiday trade that has been known for years.

The cotton markets are decidedly heavy to-1-16c, Charleston %c and Norfolk 1-16c. New York closed steady at previous quotations, with sales of 1520 bales, according to official report, and in addition there was reported on good authority the sales of 4,000 bales of old cotton in one lot for spinners. The Galveston market, though quiet, was steady at previous quotations. The receipts to-day at Galveston and the receipts at all United States ports were larger than ever known on any one day previously. Liverpool futures declined 2 points. New York futures declined from 7 to 8 points. New Orleans futures declined from 7 to 8 points. New Orleans futures declined from 4 to 6 points for all months except December, which is about ½ point better than on Saturday night. Cotton compressed in Galveston Saturday is reported as follows: Shippers' press 866, Gulf City press 710; total bales compressed Saturday 1807.

Galveston stock this day 105,293 bales, same date last year 65,715; in compresses this day 54,595, same date last year 41,774; on shipboard this day 50,698, same date last year 23,941; receipts thus far this season 414,871, same date last year 312,197.

The Galveston Cotton Exchange closes tomorrow (Tuesday) at 12 m. in honor of the funeral of the late Vice President Hendricks. The New Orleans Cotton Exchange closes at 12:30 p. m.

GALVESTON SPOT COTTON. York closed steady at previous quotations,

GALVESTON SPOT COTTON. Tone. Quiet Sales. 954

HOUSTON COTTON MARKET. HOUSTON, Nov. 30.—Tone quiet. Sales 487 bales. Ordinary 7%c, good ordinary 8%c, low middling 8%c, middling 9%c, good middling 9%c, mid-

RECEIPTS AT UNITED STATES PORTS.
Galveston
New Orleans
Mobile
Savannah 7,135
Charleston 3,409
Wilmington 688
Norfolk 8,908
Baltimore
New York 917

..69,350 ..54,724 ..53,089 Total this day
Total this day last week.....
Total this day last year.....

MIDDLING. To-day Yest'y To-day Steady Quiet Dull 9% 9% 9% 8% 9% 9% 9 9 9 9 9 Quiet Quiet Dull EXPORTS FROM UNITED STATES PORTS.

U. S. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT. U. S. CONSOLIDATED STAT
Receipts thus far this week.
Receipts same time last week.
Receipts same time last week.
Receipts this day.
Receipts this day.
Receipts this day last year.
Total this season.
2
Degrease this season.
Exports to Great Britain.
Exports to France.
Exports to Continent.
Stock this day last week.
Stock this day last week.
Stock this day last year.
Excess this day. . 899,558 796,928

884,861 14,697 FUTURE MARKETS. New York, Nov. 30.—Futures opened very lull, ruled quiet but steady and closed steady; becember 9.3809.39c, January 9.4609.47c, Februry 9.5609.57c, March 9.6809.69c, April 9.7909.80c, day 9.9009.91c, June 10@10.02c, July 10.09@10.10c, lugust 10.18@10.19c, September 9.9609.98c; sales

Ob bales. EW ORLEANS, Nov. 30.—Futures opened and ed dull and closed quiet; December 8.90c, nuary 8.97@8.98c, February 9.11@9.12c, March. @9.25c, April 9.39@9.40c, May 9.54@9.55c, June

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 30 .- Futures opened very LIVERPOOL, Nov. 83.—Futures opened very dull, ruled quiet and closed weak; December 5.08d asked, December January 5.07d bid, January-February 5.08d bid, February-March 5.11d asked, March-April 5.13d bid, April-May 5.17d asked, May-June 5.20d bid, June-July 5.24d asked, July-August 5.27d.

HAVES, Nov. 30.—Spots firm; tres ordinaire 64%, low middling afloat 65, low middling loading 64%. Futures steady; November 61, December 60%, January 61%, February 61%, March 62%.

FINANCIAL.

cember 60% March 62%.

NEW YORK MONEY AND STOCK MARKET. NEW YORK, Nov. 30.-Money closed easy at Exchange closed quiet at \$4.83½@4.86; actual rates, \$4.82½@4.83 for sixty days, and \$4.85½@

4.85% for demand. Government bonds closed firm; currency 6's

128%, 4's coupons 125%, 4%'s coupons 113%.

The stock market this morning was moderately active, while the course of prices was irregular. At the opening the tone was weak, and during the first half hour there was some selling of the list, especially Western Union, which was raided on a report that the Baltimore and Ohio Telegraph Company had cut rates between New York and New England points to 10c for ten words. The report proved to be untrue, but nevertheless the price of Western Union dropped 1 per cent, After the first call there was better feeling, and some first call there was better feeling, and some covering by the early sellers brought prices up by noon to about those of Saturday's closing, and the sales for the morning amounted to 191,000 shares. The market was extremely duff during the afternoon. Speculators seemed to be awaiting developments in the New York Central and West Shore injunction case. Prices were well sustained, however, until just before the close, when a sharp decline took place on some selling induced by the new requirements of the Secretary of the Interior in regard to reports of subsidized railroads. The closing prices were generally ½ to 1½ per cent lower than those of Saturday. Western Union recovered only a fraction of the early depression. The specialties were dull.

epression. The specialties were sales aggregated 313,000 shares.

EXCHANGE AT GALVESTON. Buying. Selling.

4.83 % pre ¾ pre par sight. % dis is, sight. % dis liver. par ONDON MONEY MARKET. To-day. Yesterday. CHANGE AT NEW YORK.

nk, 60 days... -Com'l, 60 days... 94 11-16 CHANGE AT NEW ORLEANS.
 Sterling—Bank, 60 days.
 Buying.
 Selling.

 Commercial.
 4.83½
 4.83½

 Francs—Commercial, 60 days.
 5.25
 4.81½
 Francs—Commercial, 60 days... New York Sight—Bank......

GENERAL TELEGRAPH MARKETS.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET. CHICAGO, Nov. 30.—Immediately before the opening the crowd were undeniably bearish, the foundation of this feeling being an absence opening the crowd were undeniably bearish, the foundation of this feeling being an absence of anything except depression and lower prices in public cables, but light inspection saturday and an absence of any fresh talk making any larger figures on the visible than the crowd had heard for two or three days past, started a spurt of "short" covering, which proved contagious, and by 10:30 o'clock nearly all the crowd were on the buying side. Naturally this made offerings less free and prices slowly mounted upward, being strong even around \$5½@85½c for January, though around that figure the advance was slow owing to the general covering prior to the time the market touched that point. For Monday there was a very satisfactory volume of business. At the beginning of the afternoon hour the bull yell again went up with all its former vigor, everybody in the pit wanting a small lot on the basis of \$5½ bid for January. Offerings, however, were restricted, the sudden craving for war wheat tending to make holders suspicious. The demand continued, however, up to the close of the morning session, January having sold at \$5½c. The market was strong at this figure, an advance over Saturday of 1½@1½c. Prices for corn averaged higher than on Saturday, for all options, year being the faithful figure and selling up 1c over opening figure. Other grains were inclined to be featureless, while at the same time quotably firm. Short interests and local longs were quite liberal buyers of provisions, principally pork. The January option picking up 1½@2, and sustaining the advance, the whole list closed firm at 10'clock.

CLOSING PRICES.

Wheat—Active and easier; December \$5c,

at 1 o'clock.

CLOSING PRICES.

Wheat—Active and easier; December 85c, January 85½c, February 86c, May 91½c.

Corn—A shade easier; November 41c; December 40%c, year 40%, January 39½c.

Oats—Nominal; January 28%c, May 31%c.

ST. LOUIS GRAIN MARKET. St. LOUIS Nov. 30.—Wheat opened %0%clower, but soon rallied and advanced almost steadily. The demand increased, and selling pressure very much abated; the close was strong at top prices, 1@1%c above Saturday's

strong at top prices, 1@1%c above Saturday's closing.
Corn higher, but dull and neglected.
Oats firm, but dull.
CLOSING PRICES.
Wheat—December 92%@92%c bid, January 94%c bid, February 97c asked, May \$1 02% bid.
Corn—December 34%c bid, May 36%c.
February 35@35%c bid, May 36%c.
Oats—December 27c bid, May 30%c bid.

NEW YORK GRAIN MARKET. NEW YORK, GRAIN MARKET.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—Wheat opened depressed and %2% lower, and later strengthened and recovered the decline; trading moderate; receipts 101,650 bu; November 91% c, December 91% 2092c, January 93% 2094c; 672,000 bu February at \$1.05% 21,65%, May \$1.00% 21.00.

Corn %c higher and moderately active; mixed western, spot 40256c; futures 48% 255c; receipts 205,490 bu.

Oats 40% higher; western 42@43c; receipts 133,350 bu.

asked; December 68%; January 71%@71%e; May 80%@81c; No. 2 soft, cash nominal, December Corn—Receipts 17,359 bu; market quiet; No. 2 cash 26% asked; November 26%c year; 26%c bid, 26%c asked; May 29%c bid; No. 2 white, 28h 27c asked.

NEW ORLEANS GRAIN MARKET. NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 30.—Corn quiet; mixed, yellow and white 45c.
Oats quiet and steady; No. 2 35½ @36c.
Bran easier at \$0@82½ c.
Hay steady and firm at \$17@18, prime \$14@16.50.

CINCINNATI GRAIN MARKET.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 30.—Wheat a shade firmer No. 2 red 92@93c. Corn dull; No. 2 mixed new 36@37c. Oats quiet and firm; No. 2 mixed 30@31c. ST. LOUIS PROVISION MARKET.

ST. LOUIS PROVISION MARKET.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 30.—The market was firmer with a better demand, though actual transactions on spot were not heavy. For up country meats the inquiry showed marked improvement, even at an advance.

Pork—Mess steady; old \$9@9.25, new \$10.

Lard—Prime steam \$6.

Dry Salt Meats—Shoulders \$3.60, longs \$4.80, clear rnos \$4.90, short clear \$5.05; boxed longs \$4.75@5, clear ribs \$5@5.12½, short clear \$5.15@6.55.

5.35.

Bacon—Boxed shoulders \$3.50@3.55, longs \$5.60
@5.62½, clear ribs \$5.75@5.80, short clear \$5.90@6.
Sait steady and firm; domestic \$1.10.
Whisky steady at \$1.10.
Breadstuffs quiet and easy with prices un-

NEW ORLEANS PROVISION MARKET.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 30.—Flour dull; extra ancy \$4.90, fancy \$4.60, choice \$4.40, Cornmeal quiet and dull at \$1.95@2. Provisions quiet and easy. Pork \$9.37½@9.50. Cut Meats—Shoulders \$3.90@4, sides \$5.12½. Bacon—\$3.50@5.87½@6; long clear sides \$5.75@1874. 5.87½. Hams—Choice sugar cured \$10@10.50. Lard—Refined tierces \$6.25, packers' tierces \$6.87½.

CINCINNATI PROVISION MARKET. CINCINNATI PROVISION MARKET.
CINCINNATI, Nov. 30.—Flour quiet; family \$4@
25, fancy \$4.55@4.75.
Pork quiet at \$10.
Lard quiet; steam \$6.05@6.10.
Bulk meats steady; short ribs \$4.90@5.
Bacon scarce and firm; short clear \$6.25@6,30.
Whisky steady and firm at \$1.09.

CHICAGO PROVISION MARKET.

CHICAGO PROVISION MARKET.
CHICAGO, Nov. 30.—Pork heavy; \$8.90 December, \$10 January, \$10.12½ February, \$10.47½ May.
Lard easy; \$6.10 December, \$6.17½ January, \$6.25 February, \$6.35 March.
Short ribs quiet at \$4.90 January, \$4.97½ February, \$5.07½ March. NEW YORK PROVISION MARKET.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—Beef dull; new extra mess \$10.
Pork steady; new mess \$9.87½@10.25.
Sugar dull; crushed 7@7½c, powdered 6%@
7e, granulated 6%c.
Molasses steady.

ST. LOUIS LIVE STOCK MARKET.

ST. LOUIS. Nov. 30.—Cattle—Receipts 1285, shipments 834 head. The supply was fairly large this morning and contained some very decent cattle, but the bulk, as usual, was made up of light thin stuff and inferior cows, heiters and mixed lots. The demand was only moderately good, and without a particle of urgency the movement slow and the market about same as last week. Butchers and dealers were the principal operators, and all the early sales were to them. Butchers' steers fair to choice, \$3.25@4.25; common, \$2.75@3; cows and heifers, fair to good \$2.75@3.50; common \$2.25@4.25; native bulls \$2.25.5; good to choice wintered Texans. \$3.25@3.75; Indian and Texas range steers \$2.75@3.50, common do \$1.75@2.55, cows, common to good, \$1.75@2.75; bulls, \$1.75@1.90.

Hogs—Receipts 7691 head; market active and firm. Yorkers selling mainly at \$3.50, packers \$3.70@3.75, and butchers to choice heavy \$3.80@3.85.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET ST. LOUIS LIVE STOCK MARKET.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

CHICAGO, Nov. 30.—Cattle—Receipts 8000 head; market steady; shipping \$4.25.85, butchers \$3.24, stockers \$2.302.36.
Hogs—Receipts 44.000 head; market active and higher; light \$3.2523.75, heavy packing and shipping \$3.7023.90. shipping \$3.70@3.90. Sheep—Receipts 300 head; market steady at \$2@3.75.

LONDON WOOL SALES.

LONDON WOOL SALES.

LONDON, Nov. 30.—Last week's wool sales included 1500 bales for America. At to-day's sales 8000 bales, comprising 2500 of Sydney, 1600 of Cape, 1500 of Port Philip, 1050 of Adelaide, 850 of New Zealand and 500 of Falklands were disposed of. The demand was active and prices unchanged. Saturday's sales were at unchanged rates.

NEW ORLEANS SUGAR AND MOLASSES.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 30.—Sugar—Open kettle, choice 5c, strictly prime 4½c, prime 4½c, fully fair 4½c, good fair 4½c, good common and fair 4½62 footomen and fair 4½64 footomen and footomen NEW ORLEANS SUGAR AND MOLASSES.

GALVESTON COFFEE AND SUGAR MARKET.

GALVESTON COFFEE AND SUGAR MARKET.
GALVESTON, Nov. 30.—Coffee is steady, with full stocks of all grades. Ordinary 999%c, fair 9%@9%c, prime 10%@10%c, choice 11@11%c, peaberry 12%@12%c, Cordova 12%@13c, old Government Java 21%@25%c, according to grade. Importers of Rio coffee fill orders for round lots at the following prices: Fair 8%@8%@8%c, good 9%@9%c, prime 9%@9%c, choice 10%@10%c, peaberry 11%@11%c.
Sugar—Market easier. Round lots are quoted by plantation agents as follows: Louisiana choice white 6%c, choice off white 6c, yellow clarified 5%@5%@5%c, according to grain and color. Northern refined firm; wholesale grocers quote as follows: Crushed and cut loaf 8%@8%c, powdered 8@8%c, granulated 7%@8c, standard 4.7%@7%c, off 4.7%@7%c.

NEW YORK COFFEE FUTURES.

NEW YORK COFFEE FUTURES

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—Coffee for futures opened: November 6.50@6.55c, December 6.50@6.55c, January 6.55@6.60c. Noon: November and December 6.55c, January 6.60c. Closed: November 7.15c offered, December 6.55@6.60c, January 6.50

NEW YORK DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, Nov. 30.—The market for dry goods has presented few new features of special interest to day, business having been light in nearly all departments of the trade. The tone of the market is fairly steady.

WARINE.

GALVESTON, Nov. 30.—Arrived: Norwegian bark Pusnas, Capt. Rummelhoff, from Barbadoes in ballast.

Cleared: Bark Nina, Capt. T. Neilsen, for Rouen, France, with 1578 bales cotton. Steamship Crete, Capt. Enceh James, for Liverpool, with 4040 bales of cotton. Bark Speranza, Capt. Andersen, for Leith, with 6400 sacks oil cake. Bark Norden, Capt. Mortensen, for Tyne dock, England, with 2966 sacks oil cake. Bark Heldos, Capt. Lydersen, for Cork, with 5202 sacks oil cake. Sailed: Steamship Georgia. Steamship Crete to sail during the night.

Social Affairs at Shreveport.

To The News. SHREVEPORT, Nov. 29.—Society circles have been regaled, during the week, by no less than four weddings, all of which have been telegraphed THE NEWS. The bridal parties all seem happy and as contented in their new sphere in life as possible.

Mr. George Bartholomaei, known as the

"Little Joker," formerly of Baltimore, but now a resident of San Antonio, spent sev-

now a resident of San Antonio, spent several days in town lately, the guest of his old friend, Mr. B. C. White. He is always a welcome visitor here.

Hon. William H. Wise and ex-United States District Attorney M. C. Elstner, of this city, are in New Orleans on business and pleasure.

The German Club had another enjoyable sociable during the week.

Judges John C. Moneure and A. B. George, of the Circuit Court, are again at home from a legal trip. Judge Moneure found a granddaughter to greet him on his return.

The young folks are preparing for a series of grand sociables and entertainments during the holidays, which will be duly recorded.

CHANDLER-BROWN CO., GRAIN AND PROVISION Commission Merchants.

Oats 120 %c higher; western 42043c; receipts 133,550 bu.

KANSAS CITY GRAIN MARKET.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 30.—Wheat—Receipts 12,900 bu; market steady; No. 2 red, cash 68c bid, 69c

MILWAUKEE, CHICAGO, Board of Trade.

Established 1863. Orders for cash or future divery promptly executed on the Chicago Board of Trade.

SOMETHING FROM SHERMAN.

Dullness in the Courts-An Old Criminal Case Comes Up To-day-Trouble Anticipated.

Special to The News.
SHERMAN, Nov. 30.—This has been one of the dullest days of the season in court cir-

Justice Court-This being the last day in the month, it was appearance day before Justice Hinkle. Several cases came to trial, but forty went in favor of the plaintiffs by default. The sequestration case of Gobb vs. Bridges has been in progress all

United States Commissioner's Court-The case of the Government vs. E. M. Askew, charged with swindling, was up for preliminary examination, and the defendant remanded to Jones street jail in default of \$500 bond. James Lynch, the illicit distiller from Cooke County, has been on trial all day. District Court-The attention of this court

has been occupied all day in the case of the State of Texas vs. Howell Ellis, charged

State of Texas vs. Howell Ellis, charged with assault to murder. This is a case where a brother shot at his sister's husband, who had struck her. Several civil motions were disposed of during the morning session of the court.

At a late hour the jury returned a verdict of guilty of aggravated assault in the Howell Ellis case, and assessed his fine at \$750. He is now in jail.

The case of the State of Texas vs. Newt Chance, charged with the murder of E. Junius Foster, is to be taken up in the court to-morrow. This case will, perhaps, attract more attention than any case which has been tried this term of the court, as the crime for which Chance is to be tried occurred in this city twenty-three years ago. Witnesses who have not been in the city before since the killing occurred are here now ready to testify. Chance was arrested here sometime since by Sheriff Douglass. In the Police Court a large docket greeted his honor this morning and ten convictions were recorded. During the month of November, just ended, there have only been fifty cases docketed. This is the lightest docket for any month for years.

County Court—A little mute, who was picked up on the street last night by Policeman Burgess, was taken to the almshouse this afternoon, by order of County Judge Gregs.

HONORING HENDRICKS' MEMORY.

The members of the Grayson Rifles met at their armory, on the east side, this evening at 8 o'clock, and decided to participate in a grand street parade, which is to take place here to-morrow, in commemoration of the burial of Vice President Hendricks. The parade will be a grand affair. THE HEADLESS BODY ITEM.

No later developments have come of the Bells affair, with the exception that reports from Missouri say that young Gillum was demented before he came to Texas. There is no doubt that it was a clear case of self-LOOKS SQUALLY. Intelligence received from Basin Springs

late this evening says that matters are extremely squally in that section and an out-

break is to be expected at any time. The attempted lynching of young Smillie has added much to the disturbance. A FURIOUS FOCUS FEARED. The Delaware Bend outbreak has not yet come to a focus, although it is hourly expected to develop into a perfect fury.

A TICKLISH THEORY

About a Supposed Dead Man-Local Cullings from Corsicana.

Special to The News. Corsicana, Nov. 30 .- It is now thought that Henry Tickle, a fugitive from this county, who was reported in THE NEWS as having been killed by officers in Coleman some days ago, is in fact still alive. Sheriff J. L. Walton has received information that leads him to believe, beyond question, that the party killed was not Tickle.

The case of Moseley vs. Kernan et al., was tried in the County Court to-day. Moseley sued for the possession of a brick yard and its appurtenances in the hands of one J. R. Redding, one of the defendants. The jury gave the plaintiff a judgment for the property and the defendants \$33, advanced by them before notice of Mosley's claim thereto The Justice's Court held its regular

monthly session to-day. Judgment by default was taken in about twenty cases. Several important cases were set for trial. Five penitent souls occupied the mourner's bench at the Recorder's office this morner's bench at the Recorder's office this morning. Each one contributed something to the city treasury.

Only one marriage license was issued today, that of Mr. Frank Endaly and Miss Edna Tidwell, but if Madam Rumor be correct, a regular matrimonial cyclone, such as was never witnessed before in this latitude will stribe the text in the scale latitude.

as was never witnessed before in this latitude, will strike the town in the early days of December.

The Corsicana Daily Courier, after a sleep of ten days, greeted its friends again this afternoon. It comes out as an evening paper in a somewhat larger form, now containing seven columns. Owing to some

mits alternoon. It comes out as an evening paper in a somewhat larger form, now containing seven columns. Owing to some misunderstanding with the management of the Associated Press dispatches it has failed so far to secure the telegraphic reports, but it assures its patrons that its columns will contain them in a few days.

The total cotton receipts of Corsicana up to date by actual count make 19,700 bales.

There is a vague rumor on the streets that Will Smith, one of the parties who shot Tom Luster here about a week ago and whom the officers have failed to capture, is still lurking in the county, hid out somewhere, having a wound treated which he received in the difficulty.

Mrs. J. H. Mackey, who has been absent for a long time in Waco visiting her father, Capt. Thad Sparks, during his severe illness, returned home to-day.

DENTON.

The Attachments Against the House of R. C. Scripture. Special to The News.

DENTON, Nov. 30 .- The following parties have filed attachments in the courts of this county against the grocerv house of R. C. Scripture, the closing of which has already been noted:

 Deen noted:
 \$2,421 60

 C. P. Scripture, Dallas.
 1,925 00

 S. J. & J. M. Johnson, Denton.
 1,300 00

 Kehllor Bros., New York.
 500 00

 First National Bank, Denton.
 1,424 88

 P. J. Willis & Bros., Galveston.
 1,500 00

 Kraff & Holmes Grocery Company, St.
 30 00

 Louis.
Blackmus & Co.
Edel Bros.
P. Lutz.
L. Waterbury.
Victor & McGuire. Total.....\$26,372 18

Mr. W. H. Cleveland sprained his back seriously to-day while lifting a sack of potatoes into his delivery wagon.

SAFE ROBBERY.

Cracksmen Do a Bit of Tapping at Hope, Arkansas, LITTLE NOCK, Nov. 30 .- At Hope, Ark.,

this morning, the safe of the Southern Express Company was found open, and a package of \$5000 in greenbacks, consigned to W. Y. Foster, was gone, It had been sent from the German National Bank, of Little Rock, on Saturday afternoon's train. Other packages, aggregating \$1700, were not taken, and nothing else was disturbed.

Louisville has a Law and Order Club. It is nothing like the club of a policeman.

ST. LOUIS.

are sold by all first-class dealers.

Double daily trains each way. Through Pullman Sleepers, Houston to St. Louis, via Dallas, Denison and Sedalia. Through tickets to all points. Quickest route to New Orleans and points in the Southeast. Choice of routes, via Denison and St. Louis or Houston and New Orleans. Steamship tickets to or from any point in Europe.

	LOCAL	TIME (DARD			
Going Sou					ing N	ortl
Les	ave			Ar		
2:20 p. m.	2:00 a.m.	Denison	1:15	a.m	12:15	p.m
2:45 p. m.		Sh'm'n				
4:15 p. m.	3:52 a.m.	M'Ki'n'y	12:25	p.m	10:25	a.m
5:55 p. m.		Dallas				
8:50 p. m.	8:15 a.m.	Corsic'a	7:30	p.m	6:35	a.m
8:30 a. m.		Cisco			5:50	a.m
3:50 p. m.	6:45 a.m.	Morgan				
8:30 p. m.					6:30	
	12:01 p.m.				2:20	
6:35 p. m.					7:45	
2:08 a. m.		Bre'h'm	1:28	p.m	1:07	a.m
	Arrive		R. C. C.			
6:30 a. m.		Houst'n	10:00	a.m	9:00	
	M - 40				0.10	

For information about rates, tickets, routes, etc., apply to any agent of Houston and Texas Central Railway, or to D. TICHENOR, Union Depot Ticket Agent, Dallas, Tex., E. O. FLOOD, City Ticket Agent.

LAND LOANS

\$500,000

To lend on land, on long time, at low rates.

JAMES B. SIMPSON,

Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe Ry. THROUGH TEXAS.

THROUGH TEXAS.

The only route to the celebrated Lampasas Springs. Two trains daily between Dallas and Cleburne. Daily trains to Galveston, Brenham, Milano, Temple, Belton, Lampasas, Goldtwaite, McGregor, Morgan, Cleburne, Alvarado, Montgomery, Navasota and Fort Worth.

	P	ASS	ENGI	ER,	MAIL	ANI	EX	PR	ESS:		
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100000000000000000000000000000000000000	San Paris	2005/016	Name of the last o		ACTIVI	IT)	INCOME.	anti-syl	STATE OF THE PARTY OF		

3:30 p. m. L've..... Dallas..... Arr. 9:40 a. m 7:45 p. m. Arr.... Cleburne... L've. 5:15 a. m 8:40 p. m. Arr... Montgomery.. L've-10:30 p. m Through tickets and baggage checks to all points and to and from Europe. For tickets and other information call on or address W. J. STORMS, Ticket Agent, Dallas.

The Morning News.

THE CITY.

No one is authorized to make any purchases for our account or have work performed for any department of our establishment without the written order from the business manager, and these orders should invariably accompany monthly statements rendered at the close of each A. H. BELO & Co. Dallas, Tex., Oct. 16, 1885.

NOTICE

To the Herald's City Subscribers.

For the next two or three days THE MORN-ING NEWS will, at the request of the proprietors of the Herald, be delivered to all former patrons of that paper in this city. Our city circulator, Dr. F. A. Wilmans, will make a complete canvass of the town as soon as possible, but can be materially aided if those who wish to subscribe for THE NEWS will send in their names to this office or call in person.

.The following readings of the temperature of Dallas were taken yesterday at Reinhardt & Co.'s thermometer, on Elm street: At 9 a. m. 47°; 12 m., 59°; 6 p. m., 59°.

Remanded.

James Cunningham, charged with stealing \$20 from J. C. McKarsen, at the Bear Hotel, had an examining trial yesterday before Justice Schuli, who placed him under \$500 bond, in default of which he was remanded.

Matrimonial.

Four marriage licenses were issued to-day, as follows: Mr. Henry Ray and Mrs. M. J. Jones Mr. E. Carson and Miss A. J. Cook, Mr. J. H. Farr and Miss Mattie Smith, and John Morgan and Miss Ella Hines. Mr. Farr and Miss Smith were made one and indivisible by Judge Bower in the Clerk's

Y. M. C. A.

An enthusiastic meeting of this association was held last night in the Second Presbyterian Church. President W. R. Howell presided Proceedings were opened with prayer by Rev David Clark. A large number of names of embers, both active and associate, was added to the roll. The finance committee was enlarged to twelve members, with a view to a thorough canvass of the city for subscriptions. The following gentlemen compose the committee: J. S. Hetherington, A. C. Reeves, A. F. Hardie, Ohas. Ott, C. R. Jones, A. J. Hendricks, G. W. Grove, L. R. Wright, Rudolph Axmann, W. D. Knowles, W. A. Nason, J. W. Thompson

Thompson.

The whole number of members enrolled and proposed is now 164. The next meeting will be held in the Lamar Street Church on Monday evening, Dec. 7, at 7 o'clock.

Gave Himself Up.

W. B. Herlitz, a respectable looking young man called at the office of the Pacific Express yesterday, saying he desired to surrender himself to the company to deal with him as they might elect. His trouble, as detailed by him self to a NEWS reporter, is as follows: While in the service of the company last month he used \$440 of its money in speculating in pecan nuts. He quit the service on the 16th inst., and a week later went to New Orleans to look after his enterprise, which did not pan out. Three days later he started for Dallas to throw him-self on the mercy of the superintendent. He has made good \$140 of the defalcation, and promises to discharge the remainder of the obligation if he is allowed the chance of doing so and of redeeming himself. He is in the hands of the Sheriff, awaiting the return of Mr. Alken.

Memorial Meeting To-day.

The following proclamation, in observance of the public respect due to the memory of a great and good man, will be obeyed as far as practicable by those to whom it is addressed: The honored Vice President of the United States, Thomas A. Hendricks, having lately de parted this life, and his funeral obsequies ap ointed for to-morrow, Dec. 1, at his home in Indianapolis, in the State of Indiana, we the undersigned do hereby call upon the people of Dallas city and county to meet at the court house to-morrow, Dec. 1, and in mass express their regret at the death of a distinguished great official and their sympathy with the lation in its loss, and his family in their distress. The meeting is called for 10 o'clock a. m. E. G. BOWER, County Judge,

JOHN HENRY BROWN, Mayor of Dallas.
Dallas, Tex., Nov. 30, 1885.

Infants' Kid and Goat Button 50c, "Izes two to five, at Lewis Bros. & Co.'s.



Purest and strongest Natural Fruit Flavors. Vanilla, Lemon, Orange, Almond, Rose, etc., flavor as delicately and naturally as the fruit. PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.,

PERSONAL.

Mr. B. Hirschfeld of Cincinnati is the city. Mr. B. F. Smith, of Corsicana, is in the city. Mr. Joe Farley is in the city taking bearings Miss Laura Cullum, of Oaklawn, has the Mr. W. R. Cavitt. of Bryan, was in the city yesterday.

Mr. A. Harvets, of Waxahachie, is registered at the St. George.
Miss Henry, of Weatherford, is registered at the Grand Windsor. Mrs. V. R. Chamberlain, of Corsicana, is a guest at the St. George.

Capt. John Rowan, a prominent citizen of Texarkana, is in the city. Mr. J. H. Smith, the ubiquitous postal clerk, is in the city on business.

Mr. R. A. Dean, a prominent citizen of Wills Point, is at the St. George. Father Peters and Dr. Moller of Marienfeld were in the city yesterday.

Mr. H. G. Donald, of Decatur, paid the city a visit yesterday on business. Mr. A. G. Magiunis, of Neosho Falls, is quartered at the Grand Windsor. Hon. W. A. Gibson, of Waxahachie, is quartered at the Grand Windsor.

Messrs. W. L. Brown and N. B. Jewett, of Fate, are stopping at the St. George. Capt. B. B. Paddock, of Fort Worth, was in Dallas yesterday, and reports the Fort well and

Mr. J. W. Wilson, a widely known Houston mercantile broker, is stopping at the Grand Windsor.

Mr. J. Sherman, of Galveston, is in the city. Capt. F. G. Greer, of Kaufman, is stopping at the St. George.

Mr. Perry Luster, of Carthage, Tenn., and Mr. Wes Clark, of the city, called at The News office last evening.

Mrs. Lee H. Ensel has returned much improved in health from a visit to relatives and friends in St. Louis and Kansas City.

Mr. A. B. Sullivan. a prominent attorney at Denver, has arrived on a visit to his relatives, Messrs, John F. and James C. O'Connor. Col. J. D. Lynch, author of The Bench and Bar of Texas, and son, Mr. Rufus G. Lynch, paid The News a pleasant call last night.
Mr. D. M. Oldham, recognized as one of the best and jolliest commercial tourists, is in the city, and paid The News a pleasant visit.

THE NEWS had a pleasant call last night from ir. S. Lehman, of New York, and Mr. George viehl, of Fort Worth both well known mod-st commercial travelers.

The following parties leave to-day for Henerson County, where they will engage in a eer hunt: Henry, Charlie and Pres. Sims, ohn Givens, Cab. and Sam Whitaker and Dick liller. They are all old deer hunters and have he best trained dogs in the State.

Mr. A. D. Sadler, chief clerk of the House of Representatives of Texas, and collecting agent for the Southern Historical Society, is in the city. Mr. Sadler paid The News a pleasant call, and in the course of conversation had much to say of State politics, on which he is remarkably well informed. He is an observant gentleman and a genial talker.

LOCAL NOTES.

The civil dockets were called in the Justices' courts yesterday.

The grand jury, after several weeks recess, econvened yesterday. There were twenty-four cases tried in the Mayor's Court yesterday.

The sale of the Texas and St. Louis Railroad takes place to-day at Tyler. The Owl Club effected permanent organization last night by the election of officers. The Hoe perfecting press that was ordered by the management of the Dallas Herald ar-

Deputy United States Marshal Tooley left st night for Cleburne to sell property on vrits of execution.

Capt. Collins, a Luling banker who proposes moving to Dallas, has purchased Mr. J. M. Payne's handsome residence on Live Oak street for \$4000.

A delegation from the Young Men's Christian Association have visited the jail in the hope of sublimating its inmates. One case of profession is recorded.

Cora Randall, a 16-year-old white girl, was be-ore Justice Kendall yesterday on the charge f being drunk in a public place. She was ned \$1 and costs.

THE NEWS is obliged to Mr. Paul Erb for a opp of the December number of the North American Review, containing Gov. Ireland's rticle on the "Progress of Texas."

Interest in Prof. Black's preaching continues to increase. Last night after his sermon on "The Confession," five persons came forward and took their stand on the Lord's side. His sermon to night will he on "The High Relation of the Christian."

of the Christian."

Mr. O. K. Harry has contracted for the ironwork of the Blankenship & Blake building, which is to go up on Commerce street. From City Engineer Johnson The News has received the following estimate of material to be used in the structure, viz.: 285,000 feet of lumber 2,000,000 bricks, 75 tons of iron, 12,500 square feet of roofing, 6655 square feet of glazing, 60,000 square feet of painting and 9000 square yards of plastering. The cost of the building will be \$50,000.

The Cattlemen's Return.

The Texas delegation of the St. Louis Convention returned yesterday in a special car, the most beautiful that ever rolled over a Texas railroad, not excepting that placed at the disposal of the Princess Louise. The car was chartered by Capt. C. W. White, of Waco, one of the leading cattlemen of Texas. With him the following gentlemen owning short horns and long horns occupied the traveling palace: Messrs. John Blocker, Frank Maddox, Austin Robinson, Bud Driscoll and James Taylor, of Austin; E. Manyell, of Kimble County; W. A. Garner, S. P. Cunningham and Peter Smith, of Fort Worth; John Little and Jes Presnell, of San Antonio; C. Crosby, J. Crosby and W. E. Wheeler, of Mason; Judge Carroll, of Denton; W. S. Terry, of Junction City; J. G. Johns, of Dallas; H. G. Bedford, of Seymour; Henry Allen, of Freestone; W. L. Prayther, W. W. Seley and Frank McGregor, of

Waco.

The country was scoured by hunters in advance of the train for canvass duck, pate defois gras, calamars and other luxuries which the French cook and his Italian assistants stewed, broiled and garnished after the latest scientific methods for the select travelers. No drink stronger than lemonade and no game more emphatic than whist were indulged in, and the finer lucidity of the modern cattle man over the rude original, whose food was jerked beef and black coffee, was given expression by an operatic chorus with the accompaniment of a piano, over whose keys the taper fingers of an Austin baron ran as dexter-

would be difficult to conceive than 'Zozo, the Magic Queen.'"
"Only a Farmer's Daughter" follows "Zozo" at the Opera-house, and on Monday next we are to have the great comedy success, "The Private Secretary."

THOSE CHICAGO GIRLS.

They Started for Home on Foot, but Were Picked Up and Forwarded by Kind People.

In Saturday's News appeared an interview with two young women who had complained the meaning of which they did not understand. nto a Dallas variety theater. They attached into a Dallas variety theater. They attached no blame to the proprietor of the theater—the wording of the contract sufficiently vindicated him—and if that institution is in any sense offensive to public decency and good morals it should not be the target for criticism. If there be cause for critieism on such grounds it should be directed at the city government, which licenses the theater. And surely if there is anything wrong about an institution that has its location in the heart of the city, in a thoroughfare that young ladies and married ladies are compelled to take when engaged in shopping, an institution, too, that uses a brass band to attract attention, the city government cannot be reasonably supposed to be ignorant of the fact. It is therefore presumable that there can be nothing wrong about the variety theater, and that the young women who saw or imagined that they saw, an impropriety in the exhibition of bare legs and bare arms were incapable of identifying angels. Be that as it may, the reputation of the young women was questioned by some who, strange to say, called in evidence the statements made against them by variety actors, and by others, who, from the fact that they consented to work in a wineroom, deduced the inference that they must have been abandoned. On the latter head it is only necessarily destructive of good merals. Among the other stories in circulation against those females was one to the effect that they had left the National Hotel on Friday night in company with men, and were to be found in a denit the National Hotel on Friday night in company with men, and were to be found in a denit the National Hotel on Friday night in company with men, and were to be found in a denit the National Hotel on Friday night in company with men, and were to be found in a denit the National Hotel on Friday night in company with men, and were to be found in a denit the National Hotel on Friday night in company with men, and were to be found in a denit the National Hotel on Friday night in company with men, and were to be found in a denit the National Hotel on Friday night in company with men, and were to be found in a denit the National Hotel on Friday night in company with men, and were to be found in a denit the National Hotel on Friday night in company with men, and were to be found in a denit the National Hotel on Friday night in company with men, and were to be found in a denit the National Hotel on Friday night in company with men, and were to be found in a denit the National Hotel on Friday night in company with men, and were to be found in a d compelled to take when engaged in shopping

females was one to the effect that they females the National Hotel on Friday night in company with men, and were to be found in a den in the city.

Yesterday Officer Scott, who had taken a humane interest in the girls, called on a NEWS reporter with the suggestion that he visit the National Hotel and there learn facts in refutation of the reports which had been circulated for reasons beyond the power of ordinary comprehension. At the hotel The News representive met its clerk, Mr. L. J. Bisbie, who made the following statement, which is corroborated by the proprietor, Mr. Hodges:

"Those young women were here Friday night and went to bed early. They did not leave until Saturday, and then they said they were going home if they had to walk. They left a note for Mrs. Hodges thanking her for her kindness, and saying they would send after their trunks when they got home. I did not believe that they seriously contemplated starting home afoot, and I watched them till they disappeared. The next I heard about them was from a train man named Gills, who told me that the girls were picked up by Conductor Hartor White—I do not exactly remember the name—a short distance on the other side of Mesquite."

At this point a bystander remarked:

"Yes, and he said the little one's (Frances Phillips) feet were sore and she was crying."

"Mr. Gillis," continued the clerk, whad a sister who worked in the same store with the older of the women in Chicago, and he offered her \$10, which she at first refused but afterward accepted. All of them were crying, and the passengers made up a collection of \$5. From Texarkana they were permitted by the conductor on the Iron Mountain road to take his train to St. Louis, and the money contributed by the kind hearted passengers was sufficient to pay their way thence to Chicago."

The clerk said, in regard to the employment offered them by Messrs. Blankenship & Blake, that after giving the matter some consideration they concluded they could not succed at the work: To him they appeared as if dazed with t

OWLS AND GHOULS.

A Flock of Live Birds Devours a Flock of Dead Ones.

The Ancient and Original Owl Club gave its preliminary bone-picking of the season yester-lay in the presence of several witnesses at the

Toowho, the boss owl from Baltimore, presided at the head of the table, while Toowhit, the Chicago bird, did the honors and the carving at the opposite end of the board. The following feathered Songsters roosted at

the sides of the table: Frenchfeather, a black owl from Boston. Shevelinski, a Polish fowl from St. Louis. Ghostichoke, a white bird with grey wings,

aptured in the swamps of Mississippi

aptured in the swamps of Mississippi.

Hydenride, a black-eyed songster from Cinimati on the Rhine, and
Hinson, raised a pet by Capt. Jenks of the lorse marines, in London.

Soup, fish, flesh, solids and liquids followed ach other seriatim with celery, and were decoured by the assembled owls, all roosters, in apid succession. Claret, sherry, champagne nd pousse cafe liquidated turkey, duck plover and "marionated" pheasants' poults a braize imperiale.

a braize imperiale.
Several toasts were twittered over in notes which brought tears to the eyes of all the eathered tribe present. Ghostichoke, the only we allowed to hoot outside the Hootery, was elected to perpetrate the following:

Watch those ears!
Hear their howls!
Are they ghouls?
It appears
They are owls!

Birds of night, they delight Honest people to affright, As they're scooting, loudly hooting, With their everlasting might! Hear the questions that they put

To the copper out on foot, Trying hard to get a nap 'Neath his stiff new leather cap,

As they flutter past his beat, While he tries to beat retreat. But this hoot arrests his treat, Piercing thro' his sleepy head: "Hoo—hoo—heo—are you?"

Till he'll drop his club and run,
Never thinking of his gun,
While the "hoot, hoot, hoot?"
Follows after the galoot
In an echoing pursuit;
Mounting higher, higher, higher,
Making that boor man perspire,
Till he yell d with fright and ire,
As he ran: "Oh, scat, you butte!
Your infernal tail's after!"

At the conclusion of the affecting effusion Toowhoo gave the command: "Get thee to thy Hootery!" and every owl got.

A Healthy Sign.

The Trunk Railroad Company yesterday paid County Collector Gillespie \$4773 30, its State and county tax for the years 1881, 1882, 1884 and 1885. A large force of men, with all the neces sary appliances, were forwarded yesterday to commence grading for the extension of the road from Cedar to Athens. From the signs of the times, it may be assumed with a great de-gree of certainty that there will be no halt made until the heart of the pine regions will be struck.

Foremost in the Ranks.

It is the intention of one of the chroni-ders of The News to apprise our readers in pression by an operatic chorus with the accompaniment of a piano, over whose keys the taper fingers of an Austin baron ran as dexterously as a lady's.

Before their arrival at Dallas the delegates adopted a resolution of thanks to the St. Louis Republican and Globe Democrat for their full and faithful reports of the proceedings of the convention.

Amusements.

The great spectacular drama of "Zozo" will be produced at the Opera-house Wednesday and Thursday evenings of this week. As a wrong impression may have been gathered concerning the moral status of the piece, the following is cheerfully reproduced from The Galveston News of Nov. 19: "The gorgeous posters and lithographs of female loveliness, which have advertised last night's attraction at the Tremont Opera-house, may have led some to suppose that a second edition of the 'Black Crook' was to be presented. If any such were present at the performance last

DAY'S HAPPENINGS AT WACO

COMING SALE OF THE COTTON BELT ROAD

Honoring the Memory of Hendricks-Prisoners' Break for Liberty-The Colored Church Entertainment.

WACO, Nov. 30.—Eleven delinquents were arraigned and fined in the Recorder's Court for minor offenses.

In the District Court, after disposing of the motion docket, the case against Ned Hayes, for assault with intent to murder, was taken up and is on trial. The offices of the United States District

Attorney, Marshal, Clerk of the Court and the entrance to the Federal Court room were draped in mourning at noon as a tribute to the memory of Vice President Hendricks. ATTACHED STOCK SOLD.

The attached stock of cigars and tobaccos belonging to Henry Pohalski was sold today by the Sheriff. It was bid in by M. M. Rosenthal for P. Pohalski, of New York, one of the parties who attached the stock. It brought \$4100.

BREAK FOR LIBERTY.

Harry Wayne and Jim Burkett made an neffectual break for liberty at the jail when the inmates of the cage were ordered into the cells last night. Burkett and Wayne crouched behind a tub and bench in the corridor when the guard entered the corridor. Later on Wayne sprang past him followed by Burkett. The guard overpowered the latter and locked him up.

SUCCESSFUL ENTERTAINMENT. The colored entertainment for the benefit of the building fund of the new Hope Baptist Church realized \$225, notwithstanding the prevailing inclement weather during the three days of the festival.

The corner stone of the new church edifice will be laid with appropriate ceremonies on next Saturday afternoon.

FUNERAL OF COKE WALLACE. Dr. and Mrs. D. R. Wallace arrived from Terrell last night, accompanying the remains of their son, Coke. The funeral took place this afternoon, the interment being in Oakwood. The bereaved parents have the sympathy and condolence of the community. They formerly lived in Waco, and named their son after Senator Richard

Coke. The saloon of R. J. Harralson was closed by an attachment to-day run by Isaac Simmons, agent of W. J. Lemps, of St. Louis. The value of stock and fixtures is not

TEXAS AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY. The sale of the Texas and St. Louis Rail way takes place at Tyler to-morrow. It is inderstood that President Paramore and Director Kerens will be the purchasers. This belief if based on the fact that these gentlemen represent 98 per cent of the stock. It is further understood that the reorganization will make but few changes in the general officers of the company, and it is intimated that the principal officers of the road will be located in this city as soon as the gauge of the road is changed to the standard.

Burial of an Estimable Lady-Matrimonial, Personal, Etc.

WEATHERFORD.

Special to The News.

WEATHERFORD, Nov. 30 .- Last night, on west bound train, the remains of Mrs. Bettie James were shipped to this place for interment. She was the wife of Col. Charles James, who died at this place in 1876. She lied at Wichita Falls last Friday night, and her last request was that she be buried in Weatherford by the side of her husband. She was interred in the City Cemetery today at 11 o'clock.

Mr. John Squyres, who contracted a serious illness while attending the Milliken rious illness while attending the Milliken trial in Granbury, Hood County, this fall, and since that time has been sick, a report of which appeared in The News, is able to hold his court, he being Justice of the Peace in Precinct No. 1 of this county. His docket is very full, as this is the busy season of the year, and business has been accumulating for nearly three months. However, he said to a reporter that he thought he would be able to clear his docket now, as he was much improved in health.

he was much improved in health.

Mrs. Dr. W. L. Simmons returned Saturday night from a visit to Alabama to see day night from a visit to Alabama to see her mother, whom she had not seen for sev-

Col. Isaac Hill and wife, of Chicago, arrived Salurday night on their way to the ranch of their son, Arza Hill, in Palo Pinto

County.

Hamp Campbell replevied eleven head of cattle from Sheriff Baylor to-day which had been sequestered at the suit of T. M. Miers & Co., of Dallas.

Mr. R. G. Guiles and Miss L. B. Kim, a couple from the rural districts, to-day appled to County Clerk Thomas A. W. Wythe for license to be made as one. Procuring the license they were immediately made one by Judge B. L. Richey, who performed the ceremony before they left the County Clerk's room.

Messrs. Chase, Womack, Joe Yancy, Tom

Messrs. Chase, Womack, Joe Yancy, Tom Lisk and Mr. Rockmore, of this place, have bought the Metropolitan Hotel in Fort Worth. They will go down Dec. 1 to take

Paying off.
City Secretary Parry to-day pays off the corporation's employes in full of their accounts.
The rolls exhibit the following totals, viz: Fire department, 28 men, \$1130; the street gang, 20 men, \$972 90; hospital, 4 men, \$180, and police force, with a total of 20 men, \$1885. During October the Secretary turned over fines to the amount of \$705.

The people in Northern Mexico are strongly opposed to the settlement of the Mormons in that part of the country, and threaten to resist them with powder and shot.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

| 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 00 | 10 0

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

GRAND WINDSOR.—E. B. Haden, Stanfort, Ky.; M. S. Barker, Louisville, Ky.; J. R. Williams, St. Louis, Mo.; J. R. Ransom, city; W. R. Cavitt, Bryan, Tex.; F. D. Matthews, city; N. R. J. Sherman, Galveston; James M. Sture, Dalas; J. Smith, Texas; Mrs. Fisher, Miss Henry, Weatherford; A. G. Maginnis, Neosho Falls, Ks.; G. A. Evans, Mississippi; W. R. Hamby, Tennessee; C. E. Staley, St. Couis; T. F. Ray, Springfield, O.; John Rowen, Fexarkana; R. Walsh, Sherman; Ben Collins, Marshall; F. A. Francisca, New York; J. M. Baer, Cincinnati; W. F. Evarts, St. Louis; W. A. Corning, Bridgeport, Conn.; B. F. Smith, Corsicana; H. L. Page, St. Louis; L. H. Phillips, agent Louis Sylvester Company; F. A. Carter, Owensboro, Ky.; W. McB. Smith,

Sam H. Noland, Sherman; W. W. Randall, New York City; E. C. French, Oleveland, O.; J. P. W. Harlan, New York; Seth Stedman, city; Leon Apolant, New York; E. A. Garey, Marshall; A. Block, New Orleans; S. P. Maginnis, Neosho Falls; B. B. Padock, Fort Wortn; R. Cowardin, city; C. H. Jett, St. Louis; H. Hardeman, city; S. Lehman, New York (2); R. Cowardin, city; S. Lehman, New York (3); R. Cowardin, city; C. W. Gibson, W. A. Gibson, Waxahachie; J. W. Cherry, New York; G. B. Bennett, city; J. W. Keys, St. Louis; H. Buddenberg, Little Rock; Thomas F. West, Lockport; Geo. Diehl, Woodbine; W. F. Ramsey, Cleburne; J. W. Morrison, Fort Scott, Kas.; J. H. Trezwant, Texas; W. H. Dinsmore, Boston; Edward B. Cowles and Frank L. Russ, New York.

ST. GEORGE.—Mrs. Fish, Miss Henry, Weath-

Cowles, Hugh Stevenson, R. A. Barker, J. B. Cowles and Frank L. Russ, New York.

St. George.—Mrs. Fish, Miss Henry, Weatherford; S. I. Cary, Ennis; B. Head and wife, Alvarado; John Farror, S. H. Farror, Ennis; F. G. Greer, Kaufman; W. Wilkins, Brenham; J. E. Turner and wie Richardson; W. L. Griggs, I a las; F. N. Chapman, O. Halleburton, St. Louis; J. P. Lasater, Howe; S. P. Wilson, Waxahachie; F. A. Atwood, Texarkana; W. S. McKenzie, Kenny; R. B. Shaw, Prarieville: R. A. Dean, Wils Point; Henry Adamson, Boston; A. A. Laroe, Terrell; G. B. Hill, Paducah, Ky.; W. L. Brown, N. B. Jewett, Fate; Boswell Sterling, New York; A. P. Moore, Philadelphia; H. D. Donald, Decatur; G. P. Kelly, San Marcos; Jno. C. Kelly, Huntsville; Mrs. V. R. Chamberlain, Corsicana; A. T. Watson, Fairfield; Sam Johnson, Texas; R. Van Slyke, New York; W. W. Julian, Frankford, Tex.; A. Horvets, Waxahachie; Diamond King Company; Wm. A. Ish, Waco; D. Daugherty, Forney; J. W. Patterson, Kingston; Jno. McDowall, Columbus, Kan.; S. W. Alexander, Plano; E. D. Allen, Lawrence, Kan.

Bennett & Barnard's Fancy Slippers at Lewis Bros. & Co., 736 Elm st., Dallas.

New Friends

New Friends

FOR THE CHICKERING PIANO.

Mme. Julia Rive-King, queen of American pianists, will use the Chickering Grand exclusively during the concert season of 1885-1886. Robert Goldbeck and the Chevalier de Koutski, Court pianist to the Emperor of Germany; Richard Hoffman, Ferdinand Carri, and Miss Josephine Ware will do likewise.—American Art Journal. This famous piano is for sale by C. H. Edward's Music House, 733 and 735 Main street, Dallas.

Dr. F. L. Foscue. Physician, Surgeon, Oculist, 810 Main street, Dallas. Office Telephone, 67; Residence, 208.

A PARALYZER.—All-wool cassimere suits, worth \$14, at \$5; all-wool pants, worth \$6, at \$2 50; best quality stiff hats, worth \$5, at \$2 50. Globe Clothing House, 703 Elm st.

Trunks and Traveling Bags, all shapes, styles, colors and prices, at Henry Pollack & Co.'s Trunk Factory, 722 Elm street.

has opened offices at Wootan Wells, Tex.; Reagan, Tex.; Marlin, Tex.; Harrison, Tex., and Perry, Tex.

The Pacific Express Company

To have your watches and jewelry repaired go to L. E. Curtis, jeweler, 701 Main street, Dallas.

Closing Out at Block Bros.
Great bargains in all kinds of ladies' shoes. The shoe house of Dallas is Hunstable. Patterson sells a clear Havana filler cigar for 5c, the best in the city, and we mean it.

Do you wear the Will Hunstable shoe? Dr. F. J. Dickey, 824 Elm street, Dallas, Tex. Piles and all rectal diseases cured by a new and painless method, without the knife, ligature, or carbolic acid. Consultation free.

Lewis Bros. & Co., Boots and Shoes, 736 Elm street, Dallas, Tex.

Patterson has electric night bell and two telephones. 700 Main street, corner Poydras. For Pure Home-Made Candy Go to

The Hunstable B. & S.Co. 712 Elm. for shoes

Sample Trunks and Cases made to order at the Trunk Factory, 722 Elm street. Patronize Home Manufactures. Use Dallas Mills fresh-roasted Coffees. "WHITE FOAM" BAKING POWDER—Fresh, Pure, Strong, and Wholesome.

For sale by all grocers.

BABCOCK, FOOT & BROWN.

86 50 Will Buy Hanan & Son's hand-sewed shoes at Block Bros, 704 Elm st. Charlotte Cushman thought Pozzoni's Medicated Powder the best she ever used. For sale by all druggists.

Great Reduction in Children's Shoes t Block Bros., 704 Elm street. Misses' School Shoes, \$1 to \$1 50.

at Lewis Bros. & Co., 736 Elm street.

My Hunstable boots fit well.

Douglas Bros., the Merchant Tailors, 703 Main street, will give you better satisfaction than any other house in the city or State. Call on them when you need a suft made up in correct style and of reliable material

Shopping Bags, Pocket Books, Card Cases and Bill Books at astonishing low prices, at the Trunk Factory, 722 Elm street.

Blue Front.

705 Elm street, opposite Reinhardt's, have the best and coolest beer in Dallas; also fine cigars and liquors. Lunch every day.

The Dallas Actual Business College affords a rare opportunity for thorough business education. The busines is brought up before the student just as it is in a business house. The president is an expert in all complicated book-keeping.

The boys buy shoes at Hunstable B. & S.Co.

Holiday Work. Painting on silk and satin, 525 Caruth street.

at J. F. Caldwell & Co.'s. Court House square. Patterson, Patterson. Everybody knows Patterson. 700 Main street.

R

BURTON, Tex., Feb. 15, 1884. We have sold several kinds of female tonics and bitters, but believe that

MOELLER'S

Or, Black Haw Bitters,

is better than any other kind of tonic or bitters put up for Female Complaints. We know of three cases where BERLINER TONIC effected a cure after other preparations of similar kind had falled; and we know of one case where a lady has been suffering for two years, employing the best doctors, but without any relief even. After she had used the first bottle of BERLINER TONIC a marked change for the better was noticed. She has now used three bottles and is in a fair way of recovery.

We believe that BERLINER TONIC is the best preparation of its kind for all kinds of Female Complaints in the world, and we can not recommend it too highly to the suffering female sex.

We make this statement unsolicited, for the benefit of suffering humanity.

Yours yery truly,

Yours very truly, C. F. JENSEN & CO.

A For Sale by all Druggists and by The Thompson Drug Co.,

Galveston, Tex.

[CHASE'S]

WHISHY.

Rich in flavor, mild and elegant in taste. It does not contain one drop of impure oil. Being a genuine Barley Malt Whisky, it possesses much nutriment, and is a fine tonic for use in malarial sections. It greatly prevents attacks of Pneumonia. A splendid tonic for weak lungs and feebleness. Most excellent for drinking, and purest for home use.

E. H. CHASE & Co., Distillers, Louisville, Ky. For Sale by J. H. POTTS, Dallas, Texas REGALIA CHICA At the Electric Light Saloon, 609 Elm.

the best of beer and whiskies always at the Electric Light Saloon. CHORZ-HAND Writing thorough-Best and sertess system now in use. Circulars Best and surfest system now in use. Circulate Free. Prof. A. N. GAEBLER, Box 404. St. Louis.

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"My suit cost just as much as yours, and isn't any better, but I didn't get a watch with it.'

One of these celebrated watches will be presented by REINHARDT & CO., THE ELM STREET CLOTHIERS, to every Cash Purchaser to the amount of Fifteen Dollars or over. Please remember that we do not charge for the watch, but offer it to our generous patrons as a present. REINHARDT & CO.,

WHAT CAN IT

WHAT IS THE CAUSE OF IT? SUCH AN IMMENSE JAM-SUCH A CROWD OF CUSTOMERS AT

Read a few of the prices and you will also join the crowd, for it is much easier to save a dollar than to make it:

New all-wool double-breasted cassi Men's black diagonal or whipcord mere-lined extra long storm Over- Suits, \$15.

mere-lined extra long storm Overcoat, Scat, \$3.

Men's winter Overcoat, dark gray, \$4 50.
Men's all-wool extra quality blue beaver Overcoats (color will not fade), worth \$16, now selling at \$12.

Men's dark check cassimere Sack Suits, \$8 and \$10.

Suits, \$15.
An elegant Overcoat for \$20.
Boys' and Children's Suits at \$2 50, \$3, \$4 and \$5, worth \$1 50 more per Suit.
Only at Reinhardt's can you find such genuine bargains.
Boys' Caps, 50c, 75c and \$1.
Boys' Overcoats, \$2, \$3, \$4, \$5 to \$12, \$15. Special Attention to Mail Orders.

Elm and Murphy Streets.