NO. 17.

JUST RECEIVED.

5000 CASES NEW PACKING CANNED GOODS

WINSLOW'S CORN,

WINSLOW'S CORN,

COLUMBIA RIVER SALMON,

STANDARD BRANDS TOMATOES, ETC., ETC.

T. L. MARSALIS & CO.

FOR SALE.

The Nonpareil that is now being used on THE GALVESTON NEWS will be sold for

15 Cents per Pound.

The type is but little worn, as will be seen by referring to the Commercial Department of THE NEWS, which is set in the type to be disposed of. In fact, some of it is but little worn, and is to be sold simply because an entirely new dress will soon be put on THE NEWS.

There are also many fonts of

DISPLAY TYPE.

such as is used in the Advertising Columns, most of it in good condition, that will be sold at the same price. e same price. Nonpareil will be sold in large or small

Persons intending to purchase will please send their orders in at once, as the change in type will soon be made.

TERMS, CASH.

A. H. BELO & CO., NEWS OFFICE, GALVESTON, TEXAS.

THE NEWS OF THE DAY.

Indications for to-day: For the West Gulf States fair weather followed by local showers, variable winds, generally from east to south, southern portions slight change in tempera-

DOMESTIC.—Considerable of a tumble in wheat at Chicago—New York special on the industrial situation—Wall street stock market red hot-Cotton gin fire near Shreveport; scheme for a new daily paper—Sensational killing in Indian Territory—George Clark killed by Henry Murphy, near Des Arc, Ark.—The returns from Ohio continue to be interesting— More Federal appointments—Carl Schurz declares for Davenport—It is thought Leonard, the actor, will die of his wounds-Philadel phia is excited over an elopement—A den of killed—A pontifical high mass was celebrated for the repose of the late Cardinal's sonl— Danziger, New Orleans, made an assignment— All gamblers have been ordered to leave Cleveland-The session of the American Board of Foreign Missions has closed—The Assistant Secretary of the Interior is giving some attention to the land grant railroads-Farrar was interviewed in Washington on the effect of the Pall Mall Gazette exposures— John W. Coffee was hanged at Crawfordsville, Ind., for murder and arson-A woman charged with murder was arrested in New Orleans, and the Chief of Police sent to jail for contempt for -Probable arson and suicide-The G. A. R. committee called on the Secretary of the Treasury-Gov. Eaton revokes his cattle quarantine proclamation.

THE STATE.—Controversy between railroads at Sherman on drainage; citizens active in getting Marshall and Northwestern Railroad -Heaviest week's receipts of cotton at Galveston in the history of the port-Burton House burned at Henrietta-Marshall and Northwestern surveyors at Denison—Bold highway robbery at Waco; healthy showing on finances-The longshoremen and Santa Fe strikes in Galveston are still unsettled—Grass Commissioner Wallace in his report at Austin shows up extensive timber depredations on school lands-El Paso's fire department had a big celebration—How Spiro worked the Eu ropean fortune racket at El Paso—A fight. very much akin to a color line riot, occurred at a San Antonio brewery—The first shipment of cotton from Sylvan was made yesterdaycustoms officials-Jordan Adams was arrested at Tyler charged with a murder committed at Elmo eighteen months ago-The Fort Worth committee to meet Gov. Brown and Vice Presi dent Hoxie at St. Louis is not entirely satisfac tory to all parties-It is rumored that a pro ject is on foot for the purchase of the Fort Worth waterworks by the city.

FOREIGN.-Lord Strathrairn is dead-A break has occurred in the boycotters' ranks in Dublin-Marquis of Ripon said in a speech that in case of a Burmese war the best way to settle would be to depose King Theebaer-Sir Hugh Childress admits there are differences in the Liberal party-A gunboat is being fitted up at Calcutta and troops are ready to march from Madras against Burmah—Great Britain declared her ultimatum, and it looks like war.

RAILROADS.-Missouri Pacific and Wabash issued orders against taking damaged freight for Texas points-W. H. Newman declined Mr. Olds' former position, but Mr. Ripley will accept it—Traffic agreement between the Baltimore and Ohio and Valley roads—Plan formulated for funding the Mexican National's first mortgage bonds—The Northern Pacific will build docks at Duluth-Facts about rail way bridges—Local personals—The wrangle over car load rates—Annual report of the Western Union—W. M. Clements appointed superintendent of the New York, Ohio and Pennsylvania—Charles Payne will be promoted to the vice presidency of the Erie— Conductors returned home—Threatened rate war at Chicago-Old emigrant pool re-estab lished at Castle Garden—Dearth of freight business at Kansas City—Mr. Sherman made route—A cloud of sparks and a bundle of spikes—Description of traffic association

THE CITY.-Made an assignment-The

Dallas Opera House.

IT'S FUNNY, VERY, VERY FUNNY! DALLAS' LAUGHING FESTIVAL,

Friday and Saturday, Oct. 16 and 17. GRAND MATINEE SATURDAY AT 2 P. M.

The Comedy Sensation of modern times. Fowler & Warmington's Comp'y in Harrison & Gourlay's phenomenally successful and universally acknowledged most humorous of all plays known to the annals of the modern stage,

SKIPPED BY THE LIGHT OF THE MOON

Wednesday, Oct. 21—BLACK FLAG. Friday, Oct. 23—BELLA MOORE.

W.L. MOODY & CO.

GALVESTON, TEXAS. Parties wishing money in advance of ship nents are requested to correspond with us.

H. W. GRABER & CO.,

BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES.

751 and 753 Elm Street, Dallas, Texas.

NEW YORK SPECIAL REPORT. Trunk Liners, Grangers and Freight Agents

all in Harmony-Cotton Higher-Stocks Red Hot-Wool Steady and Strong-Leading Quotations. Special to The News.

NEW YORK, Oct. 16.—The trunk line executive committee to-day made further progress in the formation of a west bound passenger and freight pool, and expect to complete the same Tuesday.

All general passenger agents report handsome increase in business and earnings swelling largely. The Granger roads have restored broken

pools west of the Missouri River.

Government bond dealers say Secretary of the Treasury Manning will not call bonds without a heavy gold reserve to fall back

Sterling and grain markets were considerably excited over the reported shipment of 100,000 tons of wheat from Indiana to England. Sterling was stiffened and wheat

D. o. c. payments \$4 824 @4 823. Silver, Cotton advanced on dearer silver, 'short' covering, and continued favorable news from Oldham. Receipts at New Or-

fee firm at 8 Bonds active and further advance.

Bonds active and further advance.
Santa Fe seconds, 80.
Houston and Texas Central firsts. par;
westerns, 93½ to 94; seconds, 77½.
Morgan's Louisiana and Texas, 105.
Texas and Pacific Rios 62, shares 11½.
Kansas and Texas 5s 74½, shares 26½.
Stocks closed red hot. Fort Worth and
Denver bonds 83, stock 21¾.
The Philadelphia wool market to-day was
very strong and generally held higher. Manufacturers continue steady buyers of all desirable grades, with considerable speculation in coarse and medium. Sales of the week
1,780,000 pounds, including fall Texas at 19, ,730,000 pounds, including fall Texas at 19,

Only a Bumb Left.

From the Chicago Tribune. A little weazen faced, dried up old man stepped briskly to the bar in the Armory Court in charge of a police officer four

"Where you drunk?" asked Justice Meech. "What was the matter with you, then?"
"Sandbagged," was the answer, as brief as the speaker.
"Anything clos?"

Anything else?"

"Gold watch gone?"
"No gold watch."
"What did they take?"

"Twenty-seven cents and a lead pencil."
"What have you got left?"
"Bump where they hit me. Feel," and he craned his neck forward and held his head within reaching distance of the justice by a great affort."

great effort.

The justice felt.

"Bump's there. First class in phrenology dismissed. So's the prisoner."

The Liberal Leader. London, Oct. 16.—Speaking of politicians the Daily News, in a powerful editorial declares that Lord Hartington's leadership of the Liberals is a thing of the past, Mr. Chamberlain now being the man upon whom ton," the News adds, "has only himself to thank for the position in which he finds himself." The editorial is inspired, both Lord Hartington and Mr. Chamberlain hav-ing recently met Mr. Gladstone at Ha-

A New Paper Project.

Special to The News. SHREVEPORT, Oct. 16.—Rumor has it that

J. SHERMAN IS SWAMPED.

At Least the Ohio Democracy Claim That He Is.

And Returns to Date Confirm the Claim-Hamilton County Conceded Solidly-The Bloody Shirt Painted Red and Stretched-Congressman Jones Interviewed-Schurz for Davenport.

UNOFFICIAL RETURNS. CINCINNATI, Oct. 16.—Complete unofficial returns on the head of the ticket in Ohio have now been received. The counties not given last night are: Brown 800 plurality for Hoadly, Hamilton 300 for Hoadly, Ottawa 1150 for Hoadly. This makes a total of 53,201 for Foraker, and 25,513 for Hoadly. Foraker's majority is 17,688.

TRYING TO INSURE A FAIR COUNT. There is very little change in the muddle ver the Hamilton County legislative ticket. The Democrats have weakened on their claims of yesterday, and now say the vote s very close and none of their candidates vill have a majority of more than 200, while wo or three Republicans may pull through two or three Republicans may pull through when the official count is made. This will begin Monday next. Attorneys representing both parties will be engaged, and committees from the Lincoln and Young Men's Blaine Clubs, on the part of Republicans, and Duckworth and Jefferson Clubs, for the Democrats, will be on hand to see a fair count

CLAIMS AND CONCESSIONS. Republicans concede the election of Buterfield, candidate for the Legislature, but claim the balance of the ticket.

The Volks Freund (Democratic) says this morning that the Republicans have elected one Senator and two Representatives in Hamilton County to the General Assembly. A dispatch from Columbus to the Times-Star says: "It is now definitely settled that the Republicans have seventeen Senators without Hamilton County, lacking two of a majority. Greiner is beaten in Muskingum district by 140, and Neil in Athens by a little more. This would have given the Republicans both branches outside of Hamilton Court

The executive committee of one hundred held a meeting at noon to-day and sent a letter to the Judges of the Common Pleas Court, asking them to summon a special Grand Jury to examine into cases of violation of the election laws of Ohio. "THESE ARE ALL DEMOCRATS."

CINCINNATI, Oct. 16 .- The Evening Telegram (Republican) made its appearance on the streets to-night at 8 o'clock, with the latest returns, showing majorities for senators and representatives. It says:

The following are absolute, and the offfcial returns will not vary twenty from the

majorities:
Senators—Hopple 389, Kuehnert 346, Brashears 316, Wilson 398.
Representatives—Crane 391, Murphy 360, Sands 359, Zimmarman 363, Grevor 346, Butterfield 386, Johnson 361, Maloney 348, Howe

These are all Democrats.

While it does not give the majority for Bohnert, the paper says in another column that the Democrats secure the fourteen members of the Legislature from Hamilton

ALL QUIET AT CINCINNATI. To-day there were low, but earnest, protests against the frauds that were, on Both parties came in for a share of condemnation. It was from men, however, who had no thought of resorting to mob violence to right a wrong, but rather citizens who could find a remedy for evil doing in the courts of justice. The only threats against life and property have been by drunken irresponsible persons, and this has given color to the rumor that a riot was imminent. From all appearances the people are calmly awaiting the official count to determine who is elected. The city is unusually calmly awaiting the official count to determine who is elected. The city is unusually quiet to-night, and no trouble is apprehended. An evening paper came out about 8 o'clock with display headlines announcing a riot in Columbus. This caused the Chief of Police to order an extra force of men on duty at the Central Station as a precautionary measure, but up to that time he

Columbus, Oct. 16.—A new banner was suspended across the street, opposite the headquarters of the Democratic State Committee to-day. It is in the form of a large shirt, suspended by the outstretched sleeves. and painted here and there agay red. Upon one sleeve were the words, "New North," on the other, "New South," while below the bosom appeared "A New Deal—The last of the bloody shirt."

The Democrats claim to have a majority of the Legislature on joint ballot, and this remarkable banner is intended to signify the retirement of John Sherman, the so-called apostle of the bloody shirt, from the United States Senate.

About 3 o'clock several members of the

United States Senate.

About 3 o'clock several members of the Grand Army of the Republic seeing it became indignant, held an impromptu meeting and sent a representative to the Democratic headquarters to have it taken down None of the committee were present at the time, but one of the clerks consented to take it down. While it was being lowered some enthusiastic Republican grabbed it and started for the Republican headquarters. They changed their minds, however, and saturated it with coal oil, brought it back in front of the Democratic headquarters, where they made a bonfire of it, while ters, where they made a bonfire of it, while one of the members made a little speech. The affair attracted a large crowd and caused considerable excitement at the time.

POLITICS ELSEWHERE.

CONGRESSMAN JONES INTERVIEWED. special to The News

MINEOLA, Oct. 16.-Hon. James H. Jones. Congressman from this district, spent vesterday in the city feeling the public pulses and whooping up the boys generally. He expressed himself in full sympathy with Gov. Coke and Col. Mills in their fight against prohibition. He says that the State has no right to assume such paternal control over her citizens as the prohibitionist advocate. That the theory of prohibition is incompatible with the true interest of this government and is dangerous to the principles upon which it was founded. He claims to be a temperance man and in favor of a temperance reformation, but thinks such reformation should come from the family hearthstone and from a general elevation of morals and public sentiment, and not be forced on an unwilling people under penalty of a strenufactors in the Dallas cotton market—The recent horror—statements of Druggist Waller and the coroner—The theatre—Personal.

a new paper, with good financial backing, will soon be started here, representing the business interest of the city.

ous law. That when the minds and consciences of men were locked under the business interest of the city.

complished a revolution, not by law so strict that it was feared and hated, but by teaching them and leading them from darkness to light. He thinks our laws we already have are strong enough, if enforced, and that any further agitation will result in the defeat of the present prohibitionary laws. that any further agitation will result in the defeat of the present prohibitionary laws, to the chagrin of the blatant prohibitionist. He is with Reagan on the silver question, but thinks the President will remain firm in his views, as expressed to Congressman Warner and others, and therefore he looks for a bitter warfare between the President and the House of Representatives, a large majority of whom are opposed to the stoppage of the coinage of silver. He does not know how Mr. Carlyle is on the question, but thinks he rather favors the President's views, and if so he does not think Mr. Carlyle will be re-elected Speaker, as the majority of the party regard the silver question of more interest to people than even the tariff.

He thinks the civil service bill a heterogeneous mass of moonshine, and, as understood and practiced, a complete fraud. He expresses himself as a Jacksonian Democrat, and believes to the victors belong the spoils. Although he does not think that an office should be looked on in that light, but as a trust, but he believes there are a plenty of good Democrats to fill all the offices properly. He thinks Mr. Cleveland has been rather slow in removing offensive office-holders who have no title to them except that acquired by extreme adherence to the Republican party. That the bulk of the officeholders South are of such a class and should be removed, not because they are Republicans, but because they are distasteful to the better class of citizens whom they serve.

serve.

He greatly deprecates the tendency of communism in this country, yet he says the spirit is growing, and unless the press, the wielder of public sentiment, and all true patriots unite in crushing it there is danger ahead. Col. Jones was quite fluent in expressing himself, but we only give an outline of bis views. line of his views.

INVITATION DECLINED.

Boston, M., Oct. 16.—This afternoon a correspondence is published between Congressman P. A. Collins, chairman of the Democratic State Committee, and the Hon. Alonzo W. Beard, Republican candidate for Treasurer of the Commonwealth, under date Oct. 15. Mr. Collins invites Mr. Beard to meet Capt. Henry M. Cross, the Democratic candidate for Treasurer, in joint discussion of the political questions of the day. In his reply under to-day's date, Mr. Beard de-clines the invitation, saying that the office of Treasurer is not sufficiently connected with politics to make such joint discussion important or interesting. important or interesting.

SCHURZ FAVORS DAVENPORT. NEW YORK, Oct. 16.—Carl Schurz, replyng to a letter from the Brooklyn Independent Republican committee asking his views upon the present political situation in New York, replies in a very lengthy letter, which is published in the Evening Post of to-day. In it Mr. Schurz declares himself emphatically in favor of Davenport for Governor and gives his reasons therefor.

SPIRO WAS SOLID.

The European Fortune Racket Worked Well and He Had Lots of Friends-But He's Broke and Friendless Now.

Special to The News. EAGLE PASS, Oct. 16.—About eight months ago there drifted into this place a man who began peddling with a sack. Shortly after he opened up a small dry goods store under the name of M. D. Spiro; then came the report and legal documents from Germany, stating that he had fallen heir to 162,000 marks by the death of his father: then immediately after Spiro started a was taken in as a partner in the firm, as M. D. Spiro & Co. D. A. Oppenheimer, J. Oppenheimer & Co., A. B. Frank & Co., Hugo & Schmeltzer, and several other San Antonio merchants sold him all the goods he wanted. Spiro was doing a rushing business while his draft was on the way to Europe to bring back his windfall. In addition to his business he was fall. In addition to his business he was taking steps to erect a large Masonic Temple and furnish it complete. This morning Mr. Anton Oppenheimer, of San Antonio, arrived at an early hour to levy an attachment on Spiro's entire stock, which had been placed in a large building of Landa & Bro. to accommodate his enormous business. Mr. Oppenheimer claimed to have received a telegram from Europe that the papers and will were spurious and his whole statement unfounded. Other attachments will follow. It is computed that his liabilities will reach \$15,000. Spiro is now in Piedros Negras, \$15,000. Spiro is now in Piedros Negras, Mexico, with, it is thought, a considerable amount of cash, and a broad grin prevails in town at his adventure.

Quahna Parker at El Paso.

Special to The News. EL Paso, Oct. 16.—Quahna Parker, Chief of the Coherdy Comanche Indians, of the Indian Territory, arrived here to-day, accompanied by four of his tribe. Parker is a half-breed, and is the son of Cynthia Parker, the celebrated stolen Texas girl. He goes to the Territories in search of his sister, who has been lost among the wild tribes of the West for many years. Parker the West for many years. Pa is an educated man, and prought to El Paso by Ju L. H. Davis, who met him at the Pecos sale. Judge Davis is well acquainted with the Territories and gave Parker letters to Maj. Llewellyn, the Mescalero reservation agent, and other agents who would be likely to aid the chief in finding his lost sister. Parker is man of much natural intelligence, and in past years has spent much money searching for his sister, whom he remembers from childhood days and whom he seems to yet deeply love. He went to Mexico to-

The Flint Glass Workers.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 16.—At the meeting of the Eastern Association of Flint Glass Manufacturers held in New York Oct. 7, an ultimatum was adopted calling on the workmen to return to work on or before the 19th instant, and requesting answer by the 16th. In accordance with that circular a com-In accordance with that circular a committee representing the workmen, called upon the manufacturers to-day and stated that they had carefully read the circular promulgated by the association and had failed to find therein anything which would bring about a settlement of the existing troubles. Nothing definite can now be known until after the meeting of the manufacturers to be held in New York to-morrow.

They Salted a Mine. BOSTON, Oct. 16.—A Halifax special to the Record says: Godfrey Smith and Franklyn McLeod are on trial here for "salting" worthless gold mine at Chezzelcook and selling it to American purchasers. The prisoners fired a blast in the presence of the purchasers, blowing out quartz and gold specimens, on the strength of which the specimens, on the strength of which the Americans paid \$5000 cash and 10,000 shares for the mine and invested \$16,000 in machinery. A miner named William Vaughan testified to-day that he had been instructed by the prisoners to bore holes in the leads and fill them with gold and quartz before the firing of the blast. His testimony was sciences of men were locked under the the firing of the blast. His testimony was thraldom of Roman Catholicism, Luther active that of two other witnesses.

THE NEWS FROM SHERMAN

Drainage Trouble Between the Railroads Solved by Nature.

The People Wide Awake for a New Line-Interesting Litigation in the Various Courts-Persons, Business Briefs and General Locals.

SHERMAN, Oct. 16 .- A few months ago the

Special to The News.

Texas and Pacific and Houston and Texas Central Railroads became involved in a little misunderstanding over the course in which the drainage from that part of the city lying north of the Texas and Pacific and east of the Houston and Texas Central should be turned. The Texas and Pacific got the best of the fight, and in consequence the already large ditch which runs on the east side of the Houston and Texas Central has been worn to a great extent; in fact, at several points south of Cherry street the grade is washed from under the ties. Realizing that the right of way was gradually being carried away the company has begun the construction of a stone wall of sufficient height to protect the grade from the rush of freshet overflows. The wall is over a quarter of a mile long and will cost over

The citizens of Sherman are thoroughly awake in regard to the Marshall and Northwestern (narrow gauge) Railroad, and when Vice President Hartsill returns to make a proposition it will undoubtedly be accepted if it is at all reasonable. It is probable that the survey already made from Sherman to Pittsburg, Camp County, via Ladonia, Cooper and Mount Vernon will be tendered as an additional inducement to secure the road.

The Texas and Pacific repair gang is stationed here for the time being and is overhauling all of the bridges and culverts near the city. All of the pump houses,

near the city. All of the pump houses, switch targets, water tanks and turntables in the yards have been lately repainted and everything has a fresh look.

Since the increase of transfer business at this point the switch engine in the Houston and Texas Central yard at Denison has devoted half its time to the yard here.

The tramway between this city and Denison, which has been talked of so long, is now an assured fact and it is understood that work will soon be commenced. The guage is to be compromise (4 feet 8½ inches). The rails selected are of the best steel used for that purpose and will weigh thirty pounds to the yard.

The Houston and Texas Central pay car passed through yesterday and the boys are happy in the possession of their hard-earned shekels.

Trainmaster Griffin, Division Superin-endent Dimmick and Roadmaster Turner, f the Texas and Pacific, came in from Bon-

ham this morning.

Sheriff Douglass returned from a foraging trip through Fannin County this morning.

Work of putting in new gas mains on Branch and Mulberry streets has been in

Branch and Mulberry streets has been in progress several days.

Gus Miller, a wood chopper, had the mis-fortune to amputate the great toe on his right foot this morning at a wood yard on

Postoak creek.

Owing to a conflict between grain dealers and individual buyers to-day, the price of corn rose from 25 to 30 cents per bushel.

The infant son of Obed Burdett, of North Maxey Street, died yesterday and was interred in the West Side Cemetery this

morning.

A negro, pretty well under the influence of liquor, fell off an elevated sidewalk on North Broughton Street this morning about 1 o'clock, and broke his left wrist.

Although dengue is becoming milder, a number of citizens are still down with it.

Dixie Williams, the noted evangelist from Lebanon, Tenn., who has been holding successful revivals throughout the Southwest, will visit Sherman soon. A tabernacle will

will visit Sherman soon. A tabernacle will be erected on the ashes of the South Travis Street Methodist Episcopal Church.

The exposition buildings at the park are nearly completed and will soon be ready for account or buildings.

occupancy by the exhibitors. COURT NOTES. Police Court.—There was but one case before Judge Buckler to-day. Joe Tolby, indecent behavior, fined \$5 and costs. docket thus far this month has been very

District Court.-Nothing of any importance was transacted in this court to-day. The interesting divorce case of E. C. Hall vs. Jennie Hall will be taken up to-morrow morning. The plaintiff is on the shady side of seventy and the defendant is a compara-

United States Commissioner.—Jim Hunt, R. B. Farris and J. E. Miller, charged with theft of household goods in the Kiowa and Comanche reservations, had their preliminary hearing before Judge Ricketts to-day. e defendants were discharged from cus-

In the Justice Court in the case of the State of Texas vs. John R. Cox, charged with carrying a pistol, defendant was discharged, the evidence introduced having with carrying a pistol, detendant was discharged, the evidence introduced having shown that the instrument drawn on Don. aldson was a broken vase and not a pistol. The following bridge contract were awarded to-day by the County Commissioners: Over-Post Oak, Mitchell & Wells, \$364; over Wheless Creek, Mitchell & Wells, \$364; over Wheless Creek, Mitchell & Wells, \$360; repairs on Sister Grove bridge, Mitchell & Wells, \$115. Nothing else was Jope.

A day or two since J. P. Houcke, a farmer who lives avur miles east of the city. He was reported to the officers and John Morris went in pursuit. Hook was followed & Jenning's Thicket, Hunt County, where he eluded the officer. Morris remained to-day without his man.

Several months ago a horse ridden by Mary Gibson, colored, stepped in a de-

Mary Gibson, colored, stepped in a defective culvert on Crocket street. She was thrown and received injuries, for which she brought suit to recover damages to the amount of \$1000. The case was called to-

hung jury.

The Board of School Commissioners met in the City Court room this afternoon and revised school regulations. There was a full attendance.

full attendance.

James Boeter, colored, was painfully bruised while attempting to alight from a Central passenger train this afternoon.

At a meeting of the Sam Houston Fire Co. to-night Lee Frost was elected foreman; James Alshoff, secretary; C. C. Moora, assistant secretary; J. F. Bowles, Charles Judd and Thomas Dixon, trustees.

George F. Freeman, a respected citizen and ex-merchant, was arrested and jailed this evening at 7 o'clock on a charge of disposing of mortgaged property.

John Donaldson and his step-mother had another little racket on Grays Hill to-night. A knife was flourished and a little calico torn.

orn.
There was a social gathering at the residence of Chief of Police Blain, on South Elm street, to-night.

Tragedy in Arkansas.
LITTLE ROCK, Oct. 16.—A terrible tragedy

| Direct Importation---Whole Spices

Assorted Grades-Lowest Prices.

Importers, Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers.

details of which are as follows: Henry Murphy, a farmer living near Des Arc, had a tenant on his plantation named George Clark. Prior to the trouble, Murphy called at Clark's house and inquired where he had got the corn which he (Clark) was feeding to the horses of some friends who were visiting him. Clark replied: "At a neighbors." Murphy rode away, saying nothing, but he returned an hour later armed with a shotgun and drawing rein in front of the gate called Clark to the door. As the latter came out Murphy fired at him. Clark fell on the door steps and died in a few minutes. A portion of the charge struck Mrs. Clark, who was preparing supper, wounding her seriously. Murphy is in custody.

WASHINGTON.

PRESIDENTIAL APPOINTMENTS.

Washington, Oct. 16.—The President today made the following appointments: To be Consul General of the United States, Berry F. Bonham, of Oregon, at Calcutta; to be Consul of the United States, Wm. A. Garesche, of Missouri, at Martinique; Chas. Foster, of Indiana, at Elberfeld; Mageeb J. Arbelly, of Tennessee, at Jerusalem; Ernest P. Baldwin, of Missouri, to be deputy first auditor of the treasury, and Henry R. West, of Ohio, to be Indian agent at Fort Peck Agency, in Montana.

A QUESTION OF BOUNTY-INVITED TO RESIGN. The Second Comptroller of the Treasury has decided that the government cannot reain any part of the soldier or sailors' local bounty upon his exchange, and that in cases where this has been done the amount re-

tained must be refunded.

Mr. Davis, deputy fourth auditor of the treasury, has been requested to resign, and will be superceded by a friend of Auditor Shelley, who is now chief of a division in that hypers.

CANON FARRAR INTERVIEWED.

The distinguished English churchman, Archbishop Farrar, arrived in Washington to-day and will remain here several days. In an interview to-day, speaking about the recent revelations of the Pall Mall Gazette in England, he said charity would not permit of his questioning the sincerity of the publishers of the Gazette in their efforts, but he did not think the method adopted was a wise one. The feeling in England was that it was a mistaken idea to give wide publicity to such shocking details. It had an evil effect upon the young mind, rather than a reforming influence upon the community. He said he did not think, either, that England was as bad morally now as it and other countries had been in the past. In this particular it was getting better, and this great wickedness was confined, not general. He lectured to-night on "Dante," at the Congregational Church, and will deliver another lecture on Robert Browning's poems at the same church to-morrow evening

THE LAND GRANT RAILROADS.

Assistant Secretary Jenks, of the Interior Department, has been giving considerable attention of late to the law governing the land grant railroads. He finds that there is ample power vested in the Secretary of the Interior to inquire into all matters relating to the roads, but that in the past that power has not been exercised. He intends, at frequent intervals, to require detailed accounts of the operations of the roads, instead of annual statements, as has been the custom

ANOTHER APPOINTMENT. The Secretary of the Treasury has appointed Jeremiah Gatchell, of Boston, bank

examiner for Massachusetts TEXAS PATENTS. The following patents were issued this week to Texas inventors:

F. H. Brown, Fort Worth, rocking chair. J. F. Davis, Marshall, table. C. J. Follett, Galveston, beer cooler,

R. J. Gardner, Lovelady, planter. W. A. Nowlin, Mexia, paint brush. R. E. Williams and W. A. Tramme as, combined flour and meal bin and flour D. Womack, Cameron, vermin poison. Amato, Dallas, hair dressing (trade-

THE MONTANA COMPANY'S SUITS. The suits which were recently brought against the Montana Improvement Co. and Northern Pacific Railroad Co., for trespass in cutting timber on unsurveyed public lands in Montana, have been suspended.

E. L. Bonner, president of the improvement company, is in Washington trying to effect a compromise with the Government. The case will have a hearing before Secretary Lamar on Monday next.

THE GRAND ARMY CALLS. At an interview had by representatives of the Grand Army of the Republic to-day with the Secretary of the Treasury, the latter denied making some disparaging remarks about the Grand Army, recently published and attributed to him. He gave them a cordial reception and substantiated proof of his good will. Capt. Burke, Senior Vice Commander and chairman of the G. A. R. employment committee of this department testifies to the cordial receptions on all occasions and the Secretary's evident sym-

procure employment for worthy and competent ex-Union soldiers and sailors, their widows and orphans, and instances a number of appointments by the Secretary. SECRETARY WHITNEY'S NEW RESIDENCE. Secretary Whitney has leased from the Frelingheysen estate the residence on I street, formerly occupied by the late Secretary and his family.

Smallpox in Vermont.

Burlington, Oct. 16.—Recent rumors that smallpox had broken out here were to-day investigated by the United Press correspondent. He finds that in the pesthouse there are two genuine cases, both of which are considered hopeless. The patients live in the filthiest section of the city. They were taken ill ten days ago and were at once cared for by the authorities, who until now have concealed the facts. A house-to-house vaccination by the officials was begun here

Killed By An Express Train.

New York, Oct. 16.—Detective William Daker, of the Thirty-fifth precinct, while going from his residence to the stationhouse this evening, was knocked down and instantly killed by an express train on the New York Central Railway.

Elevator Damaged.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 16.—The floating elevator Maryland, while working at Henderson's LITTLE ROCK, Oct. 16.—A terrible tragedy is reported here to-day from Prairie County, wharf this morning, capsized and fell against the barge Joseph Grane. The elevator was damaged \$2000.

STATE SPECIAL SIFTINGS.

Proceedings of the Criminal District Court at Castroville.

Midland Reports Good Wool Trade-Sheriff Cunningham Jails an Alleged Horse Thief at Abilene-Bonham's Postoffice a Local Issue-The State at Large.

Terrell.
Terrell, Oct. 16.—At the last meeting of the city fathers Marshall Alvis stated that to properly guard the city required a man to be in more places at one and the same time than he could easily be, and asked that an assistant be appointed. In compliance with this request Mr. William Quinn was appointed deputy city marshall. Capt. Dale Carter, of Dallas, is here to-

day.

The Terrell Times displays commendable actions out with a enterprise this week, coming out with a supplement and a whole picture gallery.

Cotton receipts for yesterday were 331 bales; shipments, 398 bales; ruling price,

8% cents.

The following people are autographed at the Harris House to-day: A. S. Goode, St. Louis; George B. Harrison, Chicago; J. D. McPhearson, Buffalo; R. J. Williams, Dallas; Dale Carter, Dallas; John T. Rankin, La Grange; D. T. Lubbock, Houston; Henry Credo, Houston; Tobe Johnson and lady, Fort Worth; William F. Jarvis, Waxahachie.

Fort Worth; William F. Jarvis, Waxahachie.

Mr. Fuller's challenge to Mr. Crouch to run Sam Bass against Crouch's mare for \$500 or \$1000, with \$250 forfeit, has created a breeze among the lovers of the sport here. The challenge will no doubt be accepted, and the race will probably be run on the Terrell track about the 3d of December. This will make a lively time for the first week in December, as two races have already been arranged for that date, that of Snow's Endower and Joe Chisom's gray gelding for \$500, and Sam St. Mary's colt and Bud French's colt for \$250.

A mass meeting will be held at the Operahouse one night next week with a view to organizing a joint stock company for the purpose of fitting up grounds and holding annual fairs at Terrell. With a little outlay of money Miller's Park could be made one of the finest fair grounds in the State.

Castroville.

CASTROVILLE, Oct. 16.—The District Court adjourned yesterday evening. The following is the work secomplished in the criminal line: John Logan, theft of a horse, found guilty and verdict of eight years in the penitentiary; Henry Starks, theft of a horse, pleaded guilty, verdict five years in the penitentiary; William Simms, theft of a horse, verdict not guilty; B. Cude, theft of a horse, continued; Joseph Hueck, theft of a horse, continued; William Chisum and John Stapleton, theft of a horse, continued; two cases against Rudolph Jackson, theft of cattle, continued; Rufus Rathbone, burglary, continued; Rufus Rathbone, theft, continued; Brown and Alf Littleton, burglary, continued; F. Thumm, laggravated glary, continued; F. Thumm, laggravated assault, verdict not guilty. Several case of fence cutting and misdemeanors were tried and resulted in acquittal.

Wm. Parks, editor of the Medina County News, was, after due examination, admitted to practice law.

Louis H. Rowan, an attorney from New York was also granted license.

York, was also granted license. Quite a number of civil cases were tried and finally disposed of. The grand jury re-turned ten felony indictments and one mis-

demeanor.

JudgelPaschal and District Attorney Diggs proceed to Bandera on Sunday, and will open court there on Monday.

Rain is much needed. The cotton yield this year will not exceed 1200 bales.

McKinney. McKinney, Oct. 16.—A little over 4600

bales of cotton have been received here to Two hundred and twenty-three white chil-

dren are getting the benefit of the public free schools of McKinney. Last night a mare was stolen from J. J.

was a bay mare, branded I on the left shoulder, fifteen hands high. Reely Graves, who has been dangerously

sick for some time, was out to-day.

Judge Wolfe was engaged this evening trying the constitutionality of the city ordimance. Wm. Miller was arrested for violating an

ordinance prohibiting any male citizen over fourteen years old from being seen in the company of a lewd woman, or visiting a house kept by one in the day time. Miller sued out a writ of habeas corpus, and it is believed by the legal profession that the ordinance will be held null and void. James Marks was fined \$10 to-day for

gaming.
John H. Sandridge was fined \$25 for carry-

DENISON, Oct. 16 .- About one hundred and fifty bales of cotton were brought in yesterday. Prices average from \$8.60 to \$8.75. A Wagon train loaded with thirty-five bales of cotton came in from south of Sherman last evening to Denison, as they were only

evening to Denison, as they were only offered \$60 to \$65 in Sherman. They were offered \$8,70 for the lot, but did not sell it until this morning, when it was bought by J. H. Porter at \$8.75.

Mr. Charles Meisterhans, Lemp's agent at Dallas, is stopping at the McDougall.

Mr. Sam Hanna, who has been quite sick with dengue, is able to be out again.

Kennedy & Little, cotton buyers, associated with J. W. Soady, of Bonham, have settled in Denison, and hade their first shipment of fifty bales of cotton to-day.

While arranging some of the belts this afternoon at the Denison cotton granery, N. Callamore's shirt sleeve was caught by a shaft, and in an instant he was revolving around the shaft at a terrible rate. The engine was stopped and Callamore taken down. Strange to say his injuries were only slight.

strace—Quarter dash: Won by Mur-sorrel gelding Old Ball. Time, 27%

seconds.
Second race—Trotting, 3:00 class: Won by J. E. Burch's iron gray gelding Judge B; Holsell's Village Blacksmith second.
Third race—Pacing: Won by J. M. Davis' sorrel stallion Hunter; Burch's brown stallion Lake Reno second. Time, 3:05.
Defiance, a brown stallion entered by W.
T. Campbell, gave a trotting exhibition, two one mile heats. Time, 2:44 and 2:38.

Bonham.

BONHAM, Oct. 16.- The following gentlemen returned last night from a week's hunt in the B. I. T .: Judge E. D. McClellan, Hon. B. N. Woodson, Sheriff J. W. Evans, County Clerk J. P. Noble, H. E. Taylor, William A. Bramlette, G. W. Ragsdale, C. T. Ingram W. W. Brownlee, T. H. Lawrence, M. A. Bridges and J. H. Nail. They succeeded in capturing three deers and a wild cat, besides smaller game.

The public are in the dark as to what the

The public are in the dark as to what the new Council is going to do in regard to protection against fires, and await anxiously to hear from these gentlemen.

The moving of the postoffice is now engaging the mind of the average citizen. The postoffice is now on what is commonly called Postoffice Row and more than a block from the public square. All the leading merchants on the square want it moved to the northwest corner of the square, where a commodious building is ready to receive it. This place is more central than the present situation, but the Postoffice Row people are making a big protest, because, it is said, it will injure their business to take the postoffice away from them.

Major Turnbull is entering the city with

ffice away from them.

Major Turnbull is entering the city with reason of Hon. B. F. Freymeir having cotton are received here daily.

his telephone wire from Ravenna. The Major is receiving much praise for his public spiritedness in building the line and thereby giving the people telephone and telegraph facilities. This line will help the business interests of both this city and Ravenna

The work of getting up a Pan Electric Telephone Exchange is progressing slowly, many of the people not fully understanding the benefits derived from an exchange on a cheap plan.

Gainesville.

GAINESVILLE, Oct. 16 .- Yesterday was a very dull day in Gainesville. The Farmers Alliance, with their 750 bales of cotton, failed to put in an appearance. There is a gradual but slow increase in the cotton receipts at this point. One hundred and fortyfour bales were received yesterday. All cotton received here to date have been of good quality, both as to staple and cleanli-

The adjourned session of the County The adjourned session of the County Court opened this morning with the case of The State vs. Albert Theabald, for disturbance of religious worship. About forty witnesses were called.

Wyatt H. Williams, of the Williams-Murray-Indian-Territory-Cowboy battle fame, and who was supposed to be hiding in Mexico, has returned to Gainesville.

The Whitehouse, once a notorious dance hall, was sold to-day under a deed of trust, and was purchased by ex-Mayor J. T. Walker.

During a row at Silver City, a suburban

Walker.

During a row at Silver City, a suburban locality not famous for its morality, Charlie Boswell, a policeman, while trying to arrest one George Farnsworth, had one of his ears bitten entirely off by that worthy. Farnsworth is in jail.

Prof. Brewer, of elocutionary fame, will give an interesting entertainment at the

give an interesting entertainment at the M. E. Church South to-night for the benefit

M. E. Church South to-night for the benefit of the church.

J. R. Farthing, whose dwelling and furniture burned on the night of the 10th and were insured in the L. & L. & G. Ins. Co. for \$4000, has secured a settlement with that company by which he receives a sum total of \$3765, that amount being the actual value of the premises at the time of the fire over and above the salvage.

Unimproved city real estate is changing hands very rapidly now in anticipation of a boom when the Santa Fe reaches here.

Midland.

MIDLAND, Oct. 16. - The special train oaded with city lot buyers bound for Pecos City passed through here on Wednesday The railroad company was smart in taking them through this beautiful country in the dark. Midland expects to catch many of them on their way back.

Wool men are jubilant at the advance in wool. Fourteen and one-eighth cents is the highest that has been paid here for a fall highest that has been paid here for a fall clip, but that is an advance of 3 cents in two weeks. One enthusiastic sheepman told THE NEWS correspondent that his flock was worth 100 per cent. more than it was a month ago. When a man can increase his capital 100 per cent. in a month, times can be fairly said to be good.

The weather is delightful; no severe northers as yet.

We people here are expecting a call from Mr. J. Gould, of New York.

Calvert. CALVERT, Oct. 16 .- This city was honored by a visit from the Hon. A. D. Sadler, chief elerk of the House of Representatives, of Austin. His visit was in the interest of the Confederate Home at Austin, and Calvert's citizens, as usual, responded liberally to the deserving cause in the way of cash donations.

The dengue is still raging. We are having cool nights and pleasant lays, with business good.
Cotton continues to roll in. Number of cales received to date, 9000. Calvert will provid 20,000 bales this season. Collections

Dr. C. C. Garrett is recovering from a severe attack of the dengue. So far we have had no deaths, as physicians seem to master the disease with little trouble.

Abilene.
Abilene. Cunningham returned this evening with Joseph Boyd, accused of horse theft. Boyd was arrested in Castroville and held for Cunningham. Stambaugh, near Rowlett Creek Church. It He sued out a writ of habeas corpus, was nded to the custody of the Sheriff of or County, and took an appeal. Mean-Cunningham hurried him off before could be served, and he is now in

thousand pounds of wool were from here to-day. Good wool is shipped from here to-day. Good a worth 17 cents.

District Court is engaged on a damage suit of Terry, Davidson & Grasscup against William Cameron & Co. for \$40,000.

Texarkana.

TEXARKANA, Oct. 16 .- Miss Lena Bell, of Boston, is visiting Miss Enma Taylor, of

J. H. Gilliland, of the Daily States, is on a visit to friends at Shreveport, his old home.

Rev. H. B. Pender, of Dangerfield, formerly pastor of the First Baptist Church of this city, passed through the city last

Mr. T. H. Humphrey, one of the oldest and most substantial merchants here, was married Tuesday night to Mrs. Rosa Ware, of Shreveport, daughter of Judge Hargrove and sister of Mrs. E. R. Gaither, of this city.

Henrietta.

HENRIETTA, Oct. 16.—The Commissioners' Court yesterday sold the old courthouse to the representative of a large colony of German farmers, who have arranged to locate here near town, the building to be used by them for church purposes. Numbers of pros pectors are daily seen on the streets, and the indications are that there will be a large tide of immigration to this county during the fall.

The rumor that the Gainesville road will contribute liberally to secure it to this

Henrietta has a magnificent \$18,000 public school building and the public schools, un der the management of Prof. Culley, are in a flourishing condition

DECATUR, Oct. 16.—The square to blocked with wagons and teams, loaded with cotton, corn, wheat, hay, oats, and, in fact, ever

kind of produce. Mrs. J. J. Lang, who has been sick for some time, has recovered so far as to be able to sit up. She is a noble lady, and her many friends are rejoiced to think that she is in a fair way to regain her health.

is in a fair way to regain her health.

The Graded School, the pride of the people, under the management of Prof. Walpool, has about 300 pupils enrolled.

Mr. Hass, news agent, reports The Dalas Morning News in general demand on the arrival of the train.

Decatur will take on a big boom when her older sister, Dallas, reaches out and shakes over the Dallas and Northwest Railroad.

Houston, Oct. 16.—The house of Ed. Carson, corner Winter street and Houston avenue, in the First Ward, was burglarized this morning, between 2 and 8 o'clock. Shoes and groceries were stolen. Officers and detectives are on the trail and will soon run down the thieves. Mr. Carson is foreman of the switch gang of the New Orleans Railway word.

Crockett.

CROCKETT, Oct. 16.—There is a vacancy in

moved out of the Eighth Senatorial District, of which he was chairman, and therefore one of the State executive committee. It will be Col. Barry's duty, as chairman of the State executive committee, to fill the place. As Mr. Freymeir was a resident of this county, no doubt Col. Barry will appoint some gentleman of this county to fill out the unexpired term.

The District Court is moving along rapidly. Nearly all of the State docket except.a few set cases has been disposed of.

Cleburne.

CLEBURNE, Oct. 16.—About a dozen Pres byterian ministers arrived this morning to attend the Presbytery, which begins to-

The County Court has finished the probate and non-jury business, and takes up the criminal docket Monday.

J. D. James sold a valuable piece of land

J. D. James sold a valuable piece of land Saturday, near Stubblefield, to Uncle Tommie Richardson, for \$6000.

Marriage licenses were issued to F. M Faulkner, a merchant of Grandview, and Miss Luella Van Sickle, and E. M. Jones and Miss Katie West.

It is learned from a freighter, who hauls between this place and Granbury, that a merchant of that place, as an experiment, sent thirty bales of cotton to Fort Worth last week. He got only 8.45 for his cotton, while in Cleburne he got 8.46 and upward.

Ed. McDaniel, elerk of the Cleburne House, drew a fifth of \$1000 prize in a lottory this month.

Twenty-eight hundred bales of cotton have been shipped to date; 4044 were shipped to same date last year. It must be, remembered, however, that the crop last year was unusually early.

The north bound passenger train is several hours late.

Corpus Christi.

CORPUS CHRISTI, Oct. 16 .- Dr. Lewinthal, of San Antonio, who is here in the interest of the Jewish Widows' and Orphans' Home. raised about \$600 here and in Laredo, \$400 of which he raised here. He intends visiting Brownsville, but will go by steamer from Galveston.

The railroad committee has raised over \$49,000 for the Aransas Piss Railway and will make it reach \$50,000 by to-morrow night. Bee County failed to raise the required bonus in the time specified. Taking into consideration a land donation and another conditional donation, the amount will reach about \$57,000.

The steamer Aransas left this morning

reach about \$57,000.

The steamer Aransas left this morning with an unusually large freight, having over twelve hundred bags of wool, besides a lot of miscellaneous freight. She left over a thousand bags of wool in this city. Twenty-four bales of cotton were also shipped on her.

wide berth.

The office seekers are preparing to beseige
Capt. Bailey next week when he takes

charge.
Capt. Miffin Kennedy is on the bond of J.
J. Cocke, the appointee for Brownsville.

far the dengue has given this city a

Midlothian.
MIDLOTHIAN, Oct. 16.—This town is again crowded with wagons loaded with the Farmers' Alliance cotton, brought from their proposed sale at Cedar Hill, which sale was not consummated, owing to the

sale was not consummated, owing to the small figures offered them there. They have sold every bale brought here at satisfactory prices, and speak in high terms of Midlothian as a market.

The gins in town and vicinity are running night and day, and our buyers are confident that they will ship double the number of bales bought last season.

The grain is moving as fast as cars can be supplied, five cars having been shipped East this afternoon.

Farmers contemplate feeding a large number of steers this winter. Several car loads of steers have already been unloaded, and they look for upward of thirty next week.

Marshall. Marshall. Oct. 16.—The cotton compress has been stopped for several days on account of the supply of water failing. An additional supply has been obtained and the rouble is overcome. The press has resumed

full work.

The grangers had a District Grange Convention at Harrison Grange Hall, in the Blalock neighborhood, to-day. Besides the regular business of the grange they had an elegant dinner on the grounds and a dance at night by the young people. Delegates were present from all the granges in the county and a large number of citizens from county, and a large number of citizens from town and country partook of the dinner and participated in the social enjoyments of the occasion.

Denton.
Denton, Oct. 16.—J. N. Fowler, the man who was shot at in the dark a few nights since, died this morning about 5 o'clock. His dying declarations were to the effect that J. M. Smith, now in jail, did the shoot-

Rabbi Henry Schuhl, of Dallas, spoke at the courthouse to a good audience last night in behalf of the Knights of Labor. A large crowd at the races to day. The best trotting time was 2:38. W. B. Roberts has been appointed Deputy Sheriff.

Thorp Springs.

THORP SPRINGS, Oct. 16.—A fine rain fell nere yesterday. The ground is in good fix for sowing wheat and the farmers are put ing in their time.

Cotton is some better than last year, though the drouth cut it shorter than was

Az Carpenter left here to-day for Pecos, where he will gather a herd of cattle and

SYLVAN, Oct. 16.—Yesterday we flagged down Conductor Washington's train and shipped the first bale of cotton from this thriving little city, situated on the Western Branch of the Houston and Texas Central Sylvan expects soon to have telegraphic communication with the outside world. The city contains a residence, steam gin, blacksmith shop and store. A fine country surrounds Sylvan, which was founded by Dr. Thighen.

Arlington. ARLINGTON, Oct. 16.—The quarterly convention of the Tarrant County Farmer's Aliance has been in session here to-day, and has been attended by delegates from about fifty subordinate lodges. A majority of the lelegates attending this meeting are repre-Schoolive men in their calling.
Col. M. Shults, of Dallas, has been looking after his interests here this week.
A party will be given here to-night at the residence of B. A. Mathers.

Longview.
Longview, Oct. 16.—The little child of R.
R. Chaney, who was reported yesterday as having had a large dose of opium by mis-

over 300 bales more cotton have been received this season than to a corresponding date last year. The streets are crowded with loaded wagons. Notwithstanding this merchants report trade is comparatively

PALMER, Oct. 16.-To-day has been the busiest of the season. One hundred and fifty bales of cotton were bought here to-day by Mr. Joe Hawkins, of Ennis. He has bought all that has been sold here this sea-

Palmer.

son. Weather pleasant, and everything on a boom. Wills Point. WILLS POINT, Oct. 16.—Business is toler-

THE NEWS FROM WACO.

Bold Highway Robbery on the Suspension Bridge.

The Elopers Located-A Hitch in the Electric Light Contract-Favorable Facts and Figures on the City's Financial Condition-Local Pickups of the Day.

Special to The News.

WACO, Oct. 16 .- A man named Thompson was robbed last night on the suspension bridge of \$160 by two negroes named Harrison Tennesse and Albert Lewis. They were arrested before day this morning and jailed. No money was found on their persons. Lewis says Harrison did the robbing. The matter is being investigated.

The whereabouts of J. N. White, who ran away with his sister-in-law, has been located by his wife. The guilty pair bought tickets over the Missouri Pacific for Pilot Point. Instead of taking the train at the depot, they boarded the Texas and St. Louis as a blind. As stated in these dispatches last night, they rode to the railroad crossing

as a blind. As stated in these dispatches last night, they rode to the railroad crossing in East Waco, where they got off and boarded the Missouri Pacific. The irate brother is on their trail.

The electric light contract hangs fire. The Mayor announced to the City Council at its session last night that he had received two communications bearing on electric light. One was from the Jenney Electric Light Co. of Indianapolis, Ind., and the other from the Jenney Electric Light Co. of Indianapolis, Ind., and the other from the Jenney Electric Light Co. of Fort Wayne, Ind., both claiming to be the owners of the original Jenney patent. The communication from the first named company inclosed the five years contract recently agreed upon between the city and agent of that company. The document, duly signed, was forwarded to the Mayor for final ratification by the Council. His honor said in view of a possible triangular complication between the city and the two electric companies, he had replied to the Jenney Electric Light Co., of Indianapolis, that the city of Waco would require an indemnity bond from the company as a condition precedent to the final satisfaction of the contract. The action of the Mayor in the premises was approved by a unanmous vote of the Council. It is understood the indemnity bond will be furnished and work inaugurated by Nov. 1.

Waco's financial condition is good. The collections and disbursements of the city for the quarter ending Sept. 30 were:

Licenses	01 6611 00000
Fines	495 00
Old taxes	
Scale money	
Cart money	
Stock sold	19 55
Balance Muhl lease	
Powder house lease	
2 O H COL MOUSO LOUSO	10 00
Total	\$6,436,18
	40,100
CREDIT.	
Vouchers paid	\$2,562 38
Deposit school fund	1.477 52
Railroad fund	738 76
Street fund	
Costs on tax sales, bought by city	
Commissions	
Expense account	10 01

..\$6,436 18

DEBIT.

The amounts now on deposit to the city's credit are as follows: Railroad bond fund. \$
School fund.
Current fund.
East Waco Cemetery fund.
Oakwood Cemetery fund.

in the District Court judgment was rendered for plaintiff in the case of Charles A. Westbrook vs. M. Griderson. The action was for fifty acres of land in McLennan

County.

Two decrees were granted divorcing Frank Dodson from Lizzie Dodson and Lottie Andrews from Richard Andrews.

The funeral of Mrs. Rosa Frank was largely attended. The deceased was a lady of social graces and accomplished. She was the mother of Abe Frank and Mrs. A. Friedlander, of this city, and has relatives and friends at Galveston, San Antonio and Dallas.

Charles S. Marse, clerk of the Supreme Court, was shaking hands with his many riends in the city to-night. He leaves for Austin by the 1:20 a. m. train.

FIRE RECORD.

THE WORK OF INCENDIARIES. FOWLER, Mich., Oct. 16.—A fire at this place last night destroyed an entire block of buildings. The place had been set on fire by incendiaries and the absence of proper fire fighting facilities made the extinction of the blaze an impossibility. Loss \$30,000;

FIRE AT KINGSTON KINGSTON, Oct. 16 .- Thos. Mills' fur establishment, Felix Shaw's dry goods store and H. Henderson's photograph gallery were burned this morning. Loss \$40,000; nsurance \$30,000.

HOTEL BURNED AT HENRIETTA. Special to The News.

HENRIETTA, Oct. 16.—About 5 o'clock this norning a fire broke out in a small wooden building at the rear of the Burton House, and before assistance arrived had gained such headway that to save the building was

impossible.
This hotel, fortunately, stood apart from other buildings and the crowd that responded to the alarm of fire had but little difficulty in preventing the spread of the flames. The hotel belonged to Mrs. Ann F. Burton and the loss is estimated at \$3000; insuracee \$2250. The greater part of the furniture was removed with but little

AT SHREVEPORT. SHREVEPORT, Oct. 16.-R. R. Harwell's cotton gin on the Nicholson place, two miles above here, burned to-day. Total loss, about \$3000; insurance on cotton stored \$900 in Pelican Insurance Co., of New Orleans: no insurance on gin.

A DESTRUCTIVE FIRE. Owasso, Mich., Oct. 16 .- A destructive fire broke out last night in the dry goods store of Brown & Mahoney, which was consumed, together with H. L. Lewis' produce store and Henry Woodward's furniture factory. The latter was only saved by desperate efforts Monday night, when Howell & Cossett's engine works burned. Mrs. Barnes' residence and the Knights of Labor Hall, over Brown & Mahoney's store, were included in the destruction. The losses will aggregate \$75,000. Insurance unknown.

AT HOUSTON. Houston, Oct. 16.—This morning at 10 o'clock the mattress factory of the Latman Bros. was totally destroyed by fire. Loss on building and stock \$1000; insured with Chelds & Taylor for \$500 on stock and \$400 on building. Several adjoining buildings were in danger, but the fire department kept the flames confined to the burning building.

BUSINESS FAILURES.

DAVID DANZIGER ASSIGNS. NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 16 .- David Danziger, dealer in dry goods, has made an assignment. His liabilities are about \$230,000, assets \$124,000.

SHIRT MANUFACTURERS ASSIGN. TROY, Oct. 16.-Wilbur, Krum & Wilbur, manufacturers of shirts, collars, etc., have made an assignment to Frank Irving. Assets \$71,500; liabilities \$56,000.

SANGER BROS.

ARE OPENING NEW THINGS IN

such as Hats, Plushes, Fancy Velvets, Afghan Material, Ornaments and Wings.

GRAND DISPLAY OF LADIES' AND MISSES'

HAS BEEN MATERIALLY ENLARGED YESTERDAY.

SHORT WRAPS AND NEWMARKETS.

MANY NEW NUMBERS IN

LOOK OUT FOR OUR BIG ADVERTISEMENT TO-MORROW.

A BIG TIME AT EL PASO.

The Festivities of the Fire Parade and Celebration a Great and Joyous Success.

Special to The News. EL Paso, Tex., Oct. 16.—To-day was a gala day for El Paso. The grand tournament for the fire department, which is the favorite institution of the city, occurred and thousands appeared on the streets as spectators and bands played continuously, and the business houses closed in honor of the occasion. At 2 p. m., the time appointed the two hose companies, robed in brilliant uniforms, and the members of the P. E. Kern Hook and Ladder Co., also gaudily clad, marched through the intervening streets to the principal thoroughfare of the city, headed by martial music. Thousands had preceded them, and when they began to prepare for the exercises the sidewalks along

nad preceded them, and when they began to prepare for the exercises the sidewalks along El Paso street, and the upper balconies and roofs of the commercial establishments were crowded with a dense mass of enthusiastic humanity. Many Mexicans were present and joined with the American population in joyously celebrating the occasion.

The order of exercises began with a foot race between A. Mackley and George Aaron. The distance was 100 yards and was run in ten and a half seconds by Mackley, who was declared winner amid vociferous cheers from the multitude.

Then came another foot race, between J. Fisher Satterthwaite, president of Hose Company No. 2, and John Julian, president of No. 1, for a gold-headed cane worth \$40, presented by P. E. Kern, the city's prominent jeweler. Both runners are wealthy and well known residents. Mr. Julian is United States Commissioner. The latter is the oldest and largest and was given an advantage of twenty feet. The distance was sixty yards and the race was won by Mr. Julian. The race created much merriment and cheering.

The contest between the two hose companies then took place and was won by No. 2, which ran the set distance, five hundred feet, to the water plug, attached two hundred feet of piping, which was ran out and shot water in 41 seconds—the best time ever

feet of piping, which was ran out and shot water in 41 seconds—the best time ever made in the State.

The Kern Hook and Ladder Co. then ran five hundred feet and mounted a twenty-four foot ladder in 29% seconds, and was avanided the first prize consisting of a silly ty-four foot ladder in 20% seconds, and was awarded the first prize, consisting of a silk banner, a silver cup and cash presents.

The second prize was awarded to No. 2 Hose, and consisted of a silver cup and

cash presents.

A grand ball was given to-night at Schultze Opera-house, in honor of the boys. The elite of the city was present and dancing and merriment was continued until

Next season the department will issue a challenge to the State. FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

ENGLAND. A GOVERNMENT CONCESSION. London, Oct. 16 .- The government has given its consent to the employment in the

Congo country of laborers from Sierra

LORD STRATHNAIRN DEAD. Lord Strathnairn, Field Marshal of the British Army, is dead, aged 82 years.

THE "STANDARD" ON JOSH BILLINGS. The Standard says: "In many circles the death of Josh Billings will cause more unaffected regret than would the loss of a more eminent instructor of the people." A CANTANKEROUS DEVIL.

The Marquis of Ripon, in a speech tonight, said that if a Burmese war became a fact, the best way to settle it would be to depose King Theebarr, who, at the best, is a cantankerous devil. Lord Ripon opposed the annexation of Burmah, as it would frighten the other Indian princes.

CHILDERS MAKES AN ADMISSION Sir Hugh C. Childers, who was Chancel-lor of the Exchequer in the Gladstone Ministry, declared in a speech to-night at Ferry Bridge, that it stood to reason that there Bridge, that it stood to reason that there must be differences in the Liberal party on various matters. This statement derives especial interest from the fact that it is the first public admission by a prominent Liberal of the existence of a division in the party and the belief that only when it was found impossible to ignore the dissensions it was deemed best to boldly take the bull by the horns and acknowledge their existence. istence.

A new custom tariff has been announced by the Dutch East Indies government. The import duty on petroleum is fixed at 2 florins per hectolitre, on salt at 2 florins to 100 kilogrammes. The export duty on tea is abolished and that on sugar is reduced one-half and on coffee one-third.

DUTCH EAST INDIES DUTIES.

ENGLAND'S ULTIMATUM. The Indian Government has formulated an ultimatum which will be immediately forwarded to Burmah. It demands the reception of the British Envoy and the sus pension of action against British merchants; otherwise British troops will enter Burmese territory and war will be declared.

IRELAND.

dealers to-day shipped eighty-two head of cattle to England by this line. The rest, however, remain firm in their intention of boycotting the obnoxious company, and to-day sent 169 head of cattle to Waterford to be shipped from there.

THE CORK STEAMSHIP BOYCOTT. Cork, Oct. 16.—In spite of the secession of several members from the cattle ring the remaining dealers obstinately adhere to their determination to boycott the vessels of the Cork Steamship Co. The corporation has granted to the dealers ground upon which to erect pens, but it is doubtful if the private council will grant the necessary license for their erection.

CANADA.

MONTREAL, Oct. 16.—S. Carsley, who is considered one of the most extensive dry goods merchants in the Dominion, is suing the Bradstreet Mercantile Agency for \$100,-000 damages, alleging that in June last he was represented by the agency as appealwas represented by the agency as appealing to his English creditors for an extension of notes amounting to \$400,000. He has disproved the assertion, and is putting in evidence that it injured his credit. Carsley always refused to subscribe to mercantile agencies, and he declares himself to be a victim of blackmail. The case excites a good deal of attention.

INDIA.

PREPARING FOR WAR WITH BURMAH. CALCUTTA, Oct. 16.—As part of the preparations being made for possible hostili-ties with Burmah, a gunboat is being fitted up here with two heavy and four machine guns, suitable for service on the Irawaddy

TROOPS READY TO MARCH MADRAS, Oct. 16.—The Madras officials are ready to dispatch troops to Rangoon at a moment's notice in the event of trouble with

FROM SAN ANTONIO.

A Case of Typhoid Fever-Serious Affray at a Brewery Between Negroes and Germans-A Magistrate at Law-Other News.

SAN ANTONIO, Oct. 16 .- A case of typhoid

fever has broken out in the city, a man named Wisdom having been found this evening prostrated with the disease at the

Special to The News.

Sunset Depot. He has been in the city thirty days, fourteen of which he has been ill with the above malady. A serious fracas took place this morning at the Lone Star Brewery, between three negroes and three Germans, the colored men coming off victorious. All three of the Germans were badly injured, Henry Kramer being cut in the leg by a knife and his body badly contused; Cutzman had a severe scalp wound inflicted by a blow from an eight-pound sledge hammer, and serious doubts were at first entertained as to his surviving the injuries. This evening he is reported to be progressing favorably. Oswald, the third German is believed to be badly injured, but he fied and has not since been heard from. The three negroes' names are George Rea, Jesse Evans and Ed. Johnson, and all escaped unhurt. Jesse Evans was arrested, but the other two have not yet been discovered. The cause of the fight was due to the negroes persisting in drinking out of the beer glasses used by the white employes of the brewery.

A boy named Nasche broke his wrist last night while climbing a pecan tree and gathering nuts. He fell from the tree a considerable height.

It is probable that Max Nuendorff will appeal from the recent decision of the jury which removes him from the office of justice of the peace. The case will come up for hearing at the Galveston term of the Court eight-pound sledge hammer, and serious

of the peace. The case will come up los hearing at the Galveston term of the Court

of Appeals.

A brick yard is shortly to be started a few miles down the Aransas Pass Railway, on Calaveras Creek, near the toll bridge, Mr. Johnson, a contractor from Catulla, being the originator.

The City Council will make an excursion over the Aransas Pass Railway to-morrow morning to visit some gravel pits which have been offered to the city on advantage-

Election at Victoria.

Special to The News. VICTORIA, Oct. 16.—At the recent meeting of stockholders of the Victoria division of the Atlantic system of the Southern Pacific Co. the following board of directors were elected, to wit: C. P. Huntington, M. D. elected, to wit: C. P. Huntington, M. D. Monserrate, Chas. Crocker, A. C. Hutchinson, F. S. Stockdale, C. C. Gibbs and C. S. Wells, after which the board was organized by electing C. P. Huntington, president; M. D. Monserrate, vice president and general superintendent; C. S. Wells, secretary, and D. C. Proctor, treasurer. The officers on the division give universal satisfaction. The headquarters will continue at Victoria.

Trusting the Government.

Boston, Mass., Oct. 16.—Congress having failed to provide funds for the payment of the customhouse employes in this city for Dublin, Oct. 16.—A break has already occurred in the organization of cattle dealers, formed for the purpose of boycotting the Cork line of steamships. Three of the

BARGAINS

GOODS.

THE LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSE

IN TEXAS.

NEW ATTRACTIONS

COMING IN

EVERY

DAY.

0

EZ

MAKE A

SPECIALTY

CHILDREN'S

The Most Complete Stock Ever

Shown in Dallas.

UNPRECEDENTED ASSORTMENT OF OVERCOATS

BARGAINS

CLOTHING.

AFFAIRS AT FORT WORTH.

A Committee Appointment Creates Two Parties.

A Question as to the Location of a Union Depot-What Mayor Smith Hopes from a Conference-The Waterworks-General Local News.

Special to The News. FORT WORTH, Oct. 16.—Capt. Beall, who represents the Gould system here in legal matters, received the passes to-day for the famous committee of ten which is asked to meet Gov. Brown and Vice-President Hoxie in St. Louis on Monday next. The commit tee will leave to-morrow night by the Missouri Pacific. The selection of this committee has created two parties in this city, one that favors putting none but Houston street men on guard, while the other claims to be of broader statesmanship and wants a more general conference with the railway magnates than that embraced in the mere discussion of the opening of one street.

Mayor Smith, in conversation to-day, said that he hoped for great things from this conference. Fort Worth and the railroad companies needed a union depot commensurate with the vast business done here. Fort Worth wanted shops established, and many other things, involving the expenditure of at least \$300,000, and these were the questions he was desirous of discussing at St. Louis. The committee, it is claimed, stands three for Houston street and seven against it, but singularly enough no two of the committee agree as to who are the three.

RECORDER'S COURT ADJOURNED. Recorder Feild gave notice to-day that the City Court would be closed to-morrow, as he was compelled to attend the meeting of the Presbytery at Cleburne, and his Honor, Mayor Smith, as well as Acting Mayor Daggett, refusing to hold court, he was in necessity bound to close for two days.

STARTLING DEVELOPMENTS PROMISED. There are whispers on the streets to-day about startling developments soon to be made in regard to the purchase of the water-works by the city. One of the Aldermen is said to be on a hot trail and wil doubtless give the public the benefit of his discoveries. WOOD'S CASE CONTINUED.

Wood, who has been in Woodbury, Tenn., for several months past awaiting a charge of murder, telegraphed to friends here today that the State had continued the case, and that he would leave at once for his nome in Forth Worth.

LOOKING AFTER HIS FENCES. Comptroller Swain has been in the city since last night, and has been mixing with the people to-day very generally. Whether mending fences or not is a question of opinion, but the Comptroller has certainly his best foot forward and made many

GOULD IS NOT COMING After repeated announcement that Mr. Gould would be here, word comes to-day that he will not enter the State. PINE TIES.

The first lot of pine ties from Eastern Texas for the Fort Worth and New Orleans Railroad will be received here next week. Post oak ties are being gotten out along the line of the road.

A BIT OF A BREEZE.

A prominent cattleman, who is wealthy and liked by everybody, drew his pistol to-day on another man almost as well known in the White Elephant. He was disarmed, notwithstanding his herculeans strength, but no arrest was made, as no charge has been presented. No further trouble is likely to arise, as both parties are men of generally good judgment.

COURT NOTES.

In the County Court the case of H. S. Broiles et al. vs. A. Widmer, suit on a note, judgment was rendered for plaintiff for \$350. In the case of the Aldine Publishing Co. vs. the Fort Worth Publishing Co., judgment was rendered for the amount sued for by

plaintiff.
The plaintiff also came out victorious in the case of the Stonemetz Printing and Machine Co. vs. the Fort Worth Publishing Co., suits on note. Judgment was rendered for \$150. In Nat Kramer against Robert Morris the

plaintiff got \$150.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL. No marriage licenses was issued to-day. J. T. Trezevant and Alfred Davis are

among the late arrivals in the Fort. Only one real estate transfer were recorded to-day, J. P. and J. A. Gibson and wives to Wallace Hendricks, sixty-three and a half acres of the L. G. Ginsley survey, and five acres of the 1. Elliot survey; consideration \$1712 50.

One of the Rosedale Co.'s street cars was hadly wrecked pear the payilion to-day.

badly wrecked near the pavilion to-day.

Mr. and Mrs. George Dimmick arrived on a special train to-night.

TRYING TO CHANGE THE ROUTE.
Bryan T. Barry, of Corsicana, is consulting with the Fort Worth and New Orleans Railroad with a view to having the road go direct to Corsicana instead of by way of Waxahachie.

THE WILL WAS WORTHLESS.

Sam Bennison's Open and Honest Admission on the Witness Stand at Galveston-Popular Belief That He Was Duped.

Special to The News. GALVESTON, Oct. 16.—The evidence in the Bennison-Owens will case closed to-day. The plaintiff, Sam Bennison, was on the stand, and testified that he would not have brought suit had he known his witnesses would testify as they did-in other words, a case apparently made out has fallen through, when the witnesses are put through the ordeal of the witness box. The general impression is that Mr. Bennison has been impression is that Mr. Bennison has been made a tool of in this matter by designing parties, as his motives in the matter are given the credit of being honest. The case will not go to the jury until to-morrow, but the verdict is a foregone conclusion. Sheriff Owens, one of the defendants, says he will make it lively for some one at the next meeting of the Grand Jury.

The Board of Foreign Missions. Boston, Oct. 16.—The final session of the seventy-fifth anniversary meeting of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions was held in Fremont Temple this morning. Prayer was offered by the Rev. Dr. Vose, of Providence. The Rev. Mr. Fisher reported as chairman for the committee appointed to consider the subject of missions in the papal lands. The following named gentlemen were appointed as the committee of arrangements for the next annual meeting: Rev. A. E. Frisbie, D. D., chairman; Hon. Samuel Merrill, J. P. Porter, A. G. Rawson, George H. Lewis, J. S. Clark, H. C. Harris and S. A. Merrill. the thanks of the board to the Revs. George L. Walker, D. D., and Richard S. Storrs, Bros. & Co., 736 Elm street. Resolutions were then adopted extending

D. D., for their sermons, and also acknowledging the courtesies of various railway companies, etc., as well as the generous hospitality of Boston. Dr. Judson Smith then spoke for missionaries who had gone to the field within the year, and Dr. Clark ran over the list of those on their way or about to start for foreign fields. The Rev. Joseph Neesam, of Japan, and Dr. E. K. Alden then made brief addresses. Prayer was offered by the Rev. Dr. Brand, of Oberlin, O., followed by a hymn, entitled "The Last Command," written for the occasion by a member of the board. The closing prayer was offered by the Rev. Dr. Todd, of New Haven, and the benediction pronounced by President Porter, of Yale College.

WEATHERFORD.

Mr. and Mrs. Cameron Entertain a Party of Friends at a Wedding Anniversary-Cotton Photography.

WEATHERFORD, Oct. 16 .- Last evening Mr. and Mrs. Mat C. Cameron celebrated their marriage anniversary by giving an en tertainment to all those who were present at the marriage ceremony, just one year ago. A remarkable feature of the occasion was that not one face of those who assembled to witness the marriage one year ago was missing evening. A handsome repast was set, which was hugely enjoyed. Many handsome compliments were paid Mrs. Cameron in regard to her accomplishments in the culinary department of housekeeping. Among the many persons present, The News reporter noticed the following: Rev. M. H. Wells and lady and their little daughter Tinny, Major Andrews and lady, H. M. Kidwell and lady, Wm. Davis and lady, W. H. Eddleman and lady, Capt. Tom Lewis and lady, Mrs. W. J. Carson, Mrs. Hilliard, Mrs. Faut, Mrs. Cary, Mrs. Fain (mother of Mrs. Cameron), Miss Lucy Ford, Miss Susie Couts, Miss Laura Sloan, Mr. H. P. Hilliard, Mr. A. N. Grant, Mr. L. S. Norvell and Mr. Fred Finnie. The evening was spent, after the usual ceremonies on such occasions, in social conversation, music, etc. Many were the kindly wishes expressed by the departing guests for the future prosperity and happiness of Mr. and Mrs. Cameron.

The Farmers' Alliance men who sold their cotton yesterday in bulk have hardly gotten their cottonweighed as yet. A large number of baleswere driven on the square this morning and photographed. in the culinary department of housekeep

THE PALM FOR PECOS.

Biggest Lot Sale on Record in Texas-A Boy Born and Bounced-Gibbs' Gift to the Girl "to Get"-The Country.

Special to The News PECOS CITY, Oct. 16.—The sale of town lots at this place was continued to-day and 175 lots were sold, making a grand total of 674 lots, bringing \$54,522 50, making this the largest sale ever made in the State.

A boy has already been born in the new town and has been named Pecos Callahan, and this fact having been announced at the sale this morning the railway company donated a lot to him. Gov. Gibbs, that the girls might have an even chance, donated a lot to be deeded to the first girl baby born in the new town. The bidding was very spirited, the investors eager and no disappointment expressed by any one. The air pointment expressed by any one. The air is delightfully bracing and pure, and though the water at first has an unpleasant effect, that soon passes away and it is then perfectly healthful. Water is brought here from Monahan Wells, thirty miles east in the sand hills, and this water is pure and palatable. Many of the investors go to El Paso on an excursiou trip today, and will go east on Sunday.

Joe Means, of Gainesville, will publish a paper here at once, the name to be the "Pe-

paper here at once, the name to be the "Pecos Valley."

A Verdict for Ejectment.

TEXARKANA, Oct. 16.—Sometime during the autumn of 1883 Mr. Henry Boyce, of Boston, and tax collector for Bowie County, In the District Court, in the case of Reeves
vs. Higbee, Randall & Darling, the jury,
which went out yesterday afternoon, had
returned no verdict up to to-night.

This afternoon the case of J. P. Smith et
al. vs. Thos. Leach et al. was taken up. The
suit is trespass, to try title of lots on the
South Side, and is still on trial.

In the District Court, in the case of Reeves
being in this city on a certain occasion,
the district Powlock Folker
being in this city on a certain occasion,
the district Powlock In Court Standard averaged
the Creeks and of Tom Bahard averaged
themselves.

Special to The News.

New Orleans, Oct. 16.—Last February
Mrs. A. M. Schaefer was charged with aborticket in the county of the creeks and of Tom Bahard averaged
the C him and demanded his ticket. Boyce explained the case to him and tendered his fare in cash, which the conductor refused to planed the case to that are fare in cash, which the conductor refused to accept, saying it was strictly contrary to the regulations of the company, and that he could not and would not under any consideration take anything for his passage but a ticket, and at the same time informed Boyce that he was going to stop the train; that he must get off. When the train halted Boyce refused "to get off," but again tendered payment for his passage. The conductor then secured assistance and forced Boyce from the train, and the latter found that he must return to Texarkana afoot, which he did. He at once filed suit for damages against the railroad company, and a day or two ago (the news has just reached here) was awarded a verdict of \$2000 in the District Court at Boston. \$2000 in the District Court at Boston.

CASUALTIES.

A FATAL FALL. WILKSBARRE, Pa., Oct. 10.—Ivor Williams, aged fifteen, employed in the Dodson Mine of the Plymouth Coal Co., fell down a shaft last night, a distance of 600 feet. His body was crushed into a shapeless mass.

PUSHED FROM A BRIDGE.

Springfield, Mass., Oct. 16 .- This morning Rev. Lester Williams, aged 60, the Chaplain of the jail in this city, was pushed by a Boston and Albany switch engine from the dry bridge in West Springfield and fell fourteen feet to the street below. His injuries may terminate fatally.

LOST AN ARM. Special to The News.

SHREVEPORT, Oct. 16.—Albert Butler, a colored planter, had his arm badly torn from the elbow to the wrist to-day by being caught in a cotton gin.

Casting a Big Gun.

Boston, Oct. 16.—At the South Boston Iron Works this afternoon the casting of a fifty-four ton, 12 inch breech-loading rifle gun, took place in the presence of a large concourse of people, which included many military men. It was the third attempt to cast this gun, the two previous attempts having failed. At 12:44 Foreman Wood gave the order, and from two furnaces holding over forty tons of metal each the molten iron began to flow, sending forth showers of sparks as it ran into the receiver and thence to the mould. A few minutes later the third furnace was tapped and for fifteen minutes the flow of metal went on without interruption. Suddenly a dense volume of flames shot up in the air, followed by clouds of steam. The furnaces were shut off, but after a careful investigation the iron was again turned on. investigation the iron was again turned on. There is a possibility that the core arbor of the mould is damaged somewhat, but from present appearances the casting is a success. Over 105 tons are now in the moulds. By to-morrow it will be known what, if any, mishap has occurred.

Cattle Quarantine Raised.

DENVER, Oct. 16.—Governor Eaton to-day issued a proclamation revoking the provisions of his proclamation of last April, declaring quarantine against live stock from Missouri, Indiana and Ohio. This was done on the recommendation of the State on the recommendation of Veterinary and Sanitary Board.

FROM THE STATE CAPITAL.

Commissioner Wallace Shows Up Timber Thieving on School Lands.

The Lumber and Logging Industry Waning in Certain Localities—Suing a Sheriff for a Reward-Gleanings About the City and the Departments.

Special to The News,

Austin, Oct. 16.—Grass Commissioner Wallace, who was detailed to work up trespasses upon timber lands, reports investigations in San Augustine, Jasper, Newton and Angelina Counties and portions of Tyler. He found considerable loss from timber thieves, in some cases where parties had perhaps ignorantly cut timber beyond the lines of their own tracts of land. Cases are shown where parties have cut a swarth of fifty feet wide. a distance of two miles through school lands. Old depredations were discovered, but it was impossible to discover who committed them. The cases of the greatest depredations are on the streams. Parties have settled on some sections as actual settlers to cut the timber and sell to the mills and to timber dealers to raft down the streams.

Mr. Wallace found the lumber business inactive, without apparent cause, unless on account of the new railway tariff. It was thought the dull business at Beaumont and Orange was owing to the railroad pool. At any rate it has about played out the logging business on the Sabine, the Neches and the Angelina, where logging camps are generally deserted. He thinks the action of the board in sending out agents to investigate will do more good to stop depredations than a regiment of rangers.

The libel case against Jeff McLemore, editor of the Hayes County News, was dismissed to-day. The case against Sheriff Hornsby, to make him pay the \$500 reward he offered for the arrest of Tom Pearson, is on trial and excites interest.

J. J. Walker was to-day appointed assistant postmaster by Postmaster Johnson, Mr. Wallace found the lumber business

J. J. Walker was to-day appointed assistant postmaster by Postmaster Johnson, Mr. Pillow having declined the appointment. Walker is a worker, and will give satisfaction. While some years ago he affiliated with the Greenbackers, yet he recovered promptly from the delusion and voted the Cleveland and the State Demogratic fields. Chartered to-day: Fort Worth Electric Light and Power Co.
About \$50,000 was deposited in the State

About \$50,000 was deposited in the State Treasury to-day.

The tax rolls of 164 counties show a net increase of \$14,409,507 in taxable values.

Bosque County's Tax Collector squared accounts with the State to-day.

Johnson County tax rolls show up no material change in values from last year.

The evidence of London financial papers is adduced to show that the capitol syndicate has put the lands into a big cattle and land company at \$1 an acre.

and company at \$1 an acre.
The Phi Delta Theta, a Greek fraternity association of Texas, wound up its biennial convention this evening with a grand

CRIMINAL MATTERS.

A KILLING IN INDIAN TERRITORY. MUSKOGEE, I. T., Oct. 16.—News of the killing of W. Lovitt, near Greenleaf Courthouse, Cherokee Nation, has just been received here. He was on trial for the killing of Tom Ballard, in 1882. The testimony was all in Wednesday night, but the jury failing to agree, he was taken to W. Thompson's house to spend the night, and on his return house to spend the night, and on his return to the courthouse, Thursday morning, he was waylaid, shot and killed by three Indians. His horse was also shot dead at the same time. His guards chased and fired several shots at his slayers, but none took effect. Lovitt, about four years ago, killed three Creeks at a barbecue in the Cherokee Nation in self defense. During his absence Wednesday the jury returned a verdict of not guilty, and it is supposed the friends of the Creeks and of Tom Ballard avenged themselves.

lowed to escape and was heard of no more until a few days ago, when newspaper reuntil a few days ago, when newspaper reporters discovered that she had several months ago quietly returned. They insisted on her arrest but the police refused, saying Mrs. Schaefer had settled the matter to their satisfaction, notwithstanding the charge of murder still pending. The District Attorney was informed of the matter and ordered the woman's arrest, but she was arbitrarily discharged by Chief of Police Bachemin. Judge Davey heard of the affair and ordered the rearrest of the woman and sent Bachemin to the Parish Prison for contempt.

KNIGHTS OF THE SWITCH.

NEW ALBANY, Ind., Oct. 16 .- A band of fifty masked men, who call themselves "Knights of the Switch," all mounted, called at the residences of a dozen families last night on Burch Creek and left warning of an intended visit at another time. They then went to the house of a well known citizen, W. A. Williams, broke down the door, zen, W. A. Williams, broke down the door, took Williams from bed, tied him to a tree, and whipped him with hickory switches until he swooned. They refused to give a reason for their action. They then visited the houses of John J. Welker and William Astell, old and highly reputable citizens, and broke all the windows and tore off the weatherboards. Great excitement exists in Harrison County over these outrages.

PROBABLE ARSON AND SUICIDE. LINCOLN, Neb., Oct. 16.—The house of Peter Hengen, near Ithica, in Saunders County, burned to the ground last night, while Mr. Hengen was away from home. Neighbors went over and found the Neighbors went over and found the dead bodies of his wife and daughter in the ruins. An investigation of the premises revealed the dead body of Hengen's brother, who had been living with him, in a barn with a revolver at his side. It is supposed that young Hengen killed his sister-in-law and niece, fired the house and then committed suicide. The coroner is investigating vestigating.

A DEN OF THIEVES RAIDED. DETROIT, Oct. 16.—A number of burglaries have recently been committed in this city, and the police have been quietly following up a clue to the burglars. Last night about 10 o'clock the thieves were located in a low den on Atwater street, and a squad of police were detailed to arrest the inmates. The were detailed to arrest the inmates. The squad was divided and four policemen entered the saloon. On seeing the police the thieves drew pistols and began firing. The police returned the fire, and Charles Strong, a notorious character, was fatally shot. He died at Harper's Hospital this morning. Two other of the inmates were injured and several arrests were made. The police were uninjured.

KILLED WITH A POCKETKNIFE

EVANSVILLE, Oct. 16.—At Smith Mills, Henderson County, Ky., about noon to-day, David Crouch became engaged in a quarrel with Martin Gano over some clothes that the former had left with Gano for safe keep ng, and which the latter refused to surrender. During the altercation Crouch drew his pocketknife and stabbed Gano, from the effects of which he died to-night. Crouch fled, but was arrested at 10 o'clock to-night and lodged in the Henderson jail. Special to The News.

CONVICTED OF MURDER.

WILLS POINT, Oct. 16.—Ivan Thompson, the last of three defendants jointly charged with the murder of Edmund Hill, an old ton holes, \$150. Lewis Bros. & Co., 736 Elm.

negro, about two years ago, was to-day con victed of murder in the first degree and hi penitentiary for life. Maj. J. C. Kearby of Dallas, who was to have closed the argu ment for the State, was taken very ill abou 0 o'clock this morning and was unable to

A YOUTHFUL BUFFALO BILL SLAIN. NEW BRIGHTON, S. I., Oct. 16.—Lemuel Collins, fifteen years old, alias "Buffalo Bill," was met this morning at Dutch Pond by Wm. Sullivan, aged sixteen. Sullivan had an old gun and ordered Collins to throw up his hands. Not doing so directly. Sullivan fired the gun, which was loaded with buckshot, at him. Twelve shot entered Collins' head and body. Sullivan was arrested. Collins will die.

LEONARD'S WOUND PRONOUNCED DANGEROUS. PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 16.—George G. Herbert Leonard, actor, who was shot by Manager Ehrlinger, of the Dagmar Co., at the Continental Hotel, two weeks ago, has been compelled to retire from the Janisch Co., of which he was a member, on account of his injuries, and is now an inmate of St. Luke's Hospital, New York City. The attending physician of the institution has pronounced his wound a dangerous one.

SHOT DOWN FROM BEHIND. Last night Jud Osborn, a saloon-keeper at the village of Trenton, Wayne County, closed his place of business and started for his boarding house. Before he reached home some unknown assassin came up he-hind and shot him dead in the street. Os-born was about 30 years old and unmarried. Ed Flaherty, an employe at the stave mill, has been arrested on suspicion.

BURIED WITHOUT SHROUD OR COFFIN. BIDDEFORD, Me., Oct. 16 .- On June 6 last Nashum Morrison was drowned in the river. Dennis O'Connor, superintendent of burials for this city, buried the deceased, as was afterward learned, without shroud or coffin To-day the widow of Morrison brings suit against O'Connor for obtaining money un-der false pretenses, having charged her, as she says, for the coffin, robe and full ser-AN ELOPING TAR.

Boston, Oct. 16.—Yesterday the steamship Norman, of the Philadelphia and Boston line, arrived here without her captain, Henry Googins, who for many years had commanded her. It was learned that Googins had left the ship at Philadelphia. It is stated here that he has eloped with Mrs. Emma A. Whittaker, once of Marlboro, Mass., but lately of Philadelphia. The Captain's whereabouts are unknown. He has a wife and family in South Boston. JORDAN ADAMS ARRESTED.

TYLER, Oct. 16.—Sheriff Marsh arrested in this city to-day a white man by the name of Jordan Adams, charged with the killing of a man by the name of Myrick at Elmo, Tex., eighteen months ago. Adams offered no resistance and when arrested acknowledged to the Sheriff that he had killed Myrick. A reward of \$200 had been offered for the aporehension of Adams.

JOHN W. COFFEE HANGED. CRAWFORDSVILLE, Ind., Oct. 16.—John W. Coffee was hanged here to-day, the drop falling at 10:23. He was executed for the murder of an old man named McMullen and his wife in Janauary last, the house being burned afterward to hide the crime. Coffee was utterly prostrated since last night, and this morning the efforts of his spiritual adviser failed to afford him any consolation. He had to be carried to the scaffold. Before the drop fell he made a short speech. The rope broke twice, but was finally adjusted satisfactorily, and in twelve minutes life was extinct.

SPORTING.

BRIGHTON BEACH RACES. NEW YORK, Oct. 16 .- The first race at Brighton Beach to-day was a selling race, hree-fourths of a mile. Spartacus first Castellon second, Bric-a-Brac third. Time

Mutuals paid \$15 30.

Mutuals paid \$15 30.

Second Race—Consolation purse, seven furlongs. Error first, Audacity second, Brunswick third. Time—1:33.

Mutuals paid \$8 55.

Third Race—Selling allowance, one mile and three-fourths. Pilot first, Joe Howell second, Regretthird. Time—2:00%.

Mutuals paid \$4 58.

Fourth Race—Handiagn allower constitutions.

Mutuals paid \$27 60. Fifth Race—All ages, one mile. Olivette irst, Strabismus second, Leman third. Time

Fourth Race—Handicap, all ages, one

BASE BALL.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16 .- New York 1, Na-BALTIMORE RACES. BALTIMORE, Oct. 16.—Third day of the

caces at Pimlico; weather fine, track good. First race—purse \$500, of which \$100 to econd: seven furlongs: Portico first; Elkwood second: Al Miller third. Time-1:32. Mutuals paid \$8 30.
Second race—Vestal Stakes, club to add \$500; one and a half mies: East Lynne first; Unrestsecond: Maumee third. Time—2:41%. Mutuals paid \$10 75.

2:41%. Mutuals paid \$10 75.
Third race—purse \$500; one and one-eighth miles: Foster first; John C second; Mendley third. Time—1:50. Mutuals paid \$27 90. Fourth race—purse \$600: one and one-eighth mile heats. First heat—Portico first; Sovereign Pat second; Bob Cook distanced.

Time—1:58.

Fifth race—purse \$350; three-fourths of a mile: Queen Esther first; Rosette second; Pat Dennis third. Time—1:17.

Sixth race—free handicap steeplechase; purse \$500: Abraham was the only horse entered and the race was given to him. No time time

QUARTER RACE AT SWEETWATER. SWEETWATER, Oct. 16.—In the race between Newman's gray and Coggin's sorrel, distance a quarter of a mile, purse \$500 a side, Coggin's sorrel won by nineteen feet. Other races to-morrow. CINCINNATI, Oct. 16.—Cincinnati 4, Detroit 8. BASE BALL PLAYERS IN COUNCIL.

NEW YORK, Oct. 16.—The joint committees of the League and American Association of Base Ball Players met at the Fifth Avenue Hotel to-day to consider the action taken conjointly at Saratoga, Aug. 24, and to report the result of the consideration to the asso iation for their consideration. The committees are as follows: Day, New York; Spaulding, Chicago; Soden, of Boston, representing the National League, and Byrnes, of Brooklyn; Vonderahe, of St. Louis, and Simmons, of Philadelphia, representing the association. The committees were in session from 2 p. m. to a late hour to-night. As far as could be learned, the principal thing discussed was the best plan to harmonize the two associations and to prevent, if possible, a reduction of the salaries of the players. The deliberations of the committee will be laid before the convention to-morrow morning. Base Ball Players met at the Fifth Avenue morrow morning.

CINCINNATI RACES. CINCINNATI, Oct. 16.—The first race at Latonia to-day was a selling purse for twoyear-olds, five furlongs. Fabius first Stoney Batter second, Winona third.

Time-1:04%. Second race—Selling purse, six furlongs. Rosiere first, Eva K. second, Gold Band third. Time—1:18¾.

Third race—Seven furlongs. Vie first, Kirklin second, Cuban Queen third. Time—

Fourth race—One mile dash. Erebus first, Gleaner second, Pink Cottage third. first, Glemer Second, 1 m. Time—1:41. Fifth race—A free handicap, one mile and seventy yards. Kosciusko first, Baldy Gilmore second, Powhattan third. Time—1:50.



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onth, \$3 90. Lines—One time, 80c; each additional in-tion, 40c; one week, \$3 20; two weeks, \$5 30; ee weeks, \$6 70; per month, \$7 80. For ad-ional space, if the advertisement is to be erted with those that are classified, charge I be made pro rata for excess of space. Advertisements of 7 Lines and Over.

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SATURDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1885.

THE NEWS is now perfecting arrangements whereby its distribution will be systematically and promptly effected upon all lines of railway centering upon and connecting with Dallas. It may be a few weeks before this is accomplished, but that it will be accomplished the public may rest assured. To the west and northwest of Dallas there have been some difficulties experienced in the matter of distribution within the past week, but it will not be long before the reading public of Texas all over the State will find THE NEWS a prompt daily visitor.

THE attention of the readers of THE NEWS is directed to the completeness of its | as the rest? Until men possess more intelcommercial columns. The management is making constant additions to this department of the paper, and will make no cessation in this direction until the commercial features of The News meet pretty much every requirement.

LAND BOARD LEGISLATION.

The State Land Board has reached and passed resolution No. 18, which again changes the law of the Eighteenth Legislature creating the board. A careful inspection of all the orders and resolutions of the board will show that there is no authority in the Legislature, in connection with the public lands, that has not been exercised at one time or another by the board. When the law creating the board was passed the Governor and other members of it declared this law to be absurd and inoperative. If resolution No. 18 is authorized by law the law is not absurd; or, at least, is operative. How can a law be inoperative when it confers authority upon five chief State officers to alter and amend it so as to render it operative? Ordinarily a law is unchangeable save by the Legislature, and must be tested by its unchangeable provisions; but here is a statute containing no provision, apparently, that cannot be changed for the better any day by the five political chiefs. If in the execution of any of its provisions defects are discovered, an extra session of the Land Board may immediately be called and the defects be cured. Now, it is a little singular that the board should. under the circumstances, exhibit so much anxiety for another land law. Even the Governor refuses to take part in the deliberations and actions of the board in executing this law. The Legislature has been importuned to make a better law. How can the Legislature be expected to improve

board first assumes all the power of the Legislature; then it is able to have monthly, weekly, or even daily, sessions. The moment experience shows a defect in the law the board can meet and apply the remedy by resolution. But the Legislature cannot have frequent sessions. If a little defect appears in its enactments, an extra session cannot be immediately ordered to repeal or amend, as may be necessary. The only argument to be adduced for asking the Legislature to make a better law than that now in operation must plead the presumption that the Land Board is incapable of making the better law needed-that with ample authority, with experience and with fidelity to duty, the members of the board yet contend that they are not able to devise an operative land system. When the board, under the circumstances, asks legislation it concedes legislative superiority in the constitutionally ordained Legislature. It thereby acknowledges its failures and would discard its experiments as valueless. Let this be fully admitted. When the board first began operations under the law as it came from the Legislature, there were at once very extensive leases and sales inaugurated. The fact that the law exhibited so much value induced the board to interpose its authority and to set out upon the road of legislation itself, since which time it has gained a vast amount of experience, but the school tax has been increased. In July Comptroller Swain made an effort to get back as near as possible to the law as adopted by the Legislature, or to the legislative provisions under which there had been every evidence of a successful lease policy. He was supported by the Treasurer, and the Governor offered a compromise between the Legislature and the board, which was adopted. When the Treasurer and the Governor, at a late session of the board, were absent, resolution No. 18 was adopted, repealing an important provision of this compromise. This indicates a want of faith in the Legislature's provisions, and in the judgment of the Treasurer, the Governor and the Comptroller. Two members of the board practically controlled the majority of the board, and succeeded in maintaining the repeal of the Legislature's provisions, which Comptroller Swain had endeavored to re-enact in modified shape. From all these facts it is inferred that what is wanted is that the Legislature shall reduce the board to two members, with unlimited power, who cannot be hampered with the ignorance of legistures, governors, treasurers and comptrollers, but who shall at all times be a law unto themselves.

JUSTICE AND REFORM UNDER NEW CONDITIONS.

The correspondent over the signature of

Jefferson has taken the trouble to state in a lucid manner a view of struggling and conflicting class interests in relation to politics. Jefferson also has a few measures to propose which he thinks will accomplish a reform. Will it be possible for the country to get back to former rules and conditions, and, if not to the conditions, will it be possible to get back to the rules without the conditions? The reservation of the land to actual settlers may be decreed after the land is gone. That rule at least would not be a restoration of the old way, for from the first Iand was granted under the United States government in fee to others than actual settlers. But to get back to such ideas of the general purposes of government as prevailed power is this to be accomplished? Are busy men expected to yield their actual interests involved in a variety of schemes appealing to government for aid? Will they do this on a pure and benevolent view of what is abstractly right? What is the mode and what the motive power for reform? It appears upon a general view of industrial and social changes that all men are striving for their well being; that old conditions, once passed away, never return; that inventions and combinations bring new powers into play and things have to readjust themselves. Jefferson-our present modern Jefferson of Houston-blames legislation or the disposition to use legislation in selfish ways. Granting the justice of the complaint, does not every observer know that it is human nature to use whatever tools and levers are found handy-the legislative power, as well ligence, or a better conception of the points to which to direct their intelligent efforts, the use of legislation as complained of will be continued, because it will be profitable to some, at the expense of others. The correspondent, who asserts that all men are not born equal, does not define equality. Perhaps the accidents of fortune should be disregarded, and it may be urged that greater or less endowment of special faculties has nothing to do with equality. The singer excels the cook in singing, but the cook excels the singer in cooking. That the singer is able to command more money is purely owing to an artificial society. Equality of natural right is conceived as a principle of justice. Our Houston Jefferson shows that he would go back, but the world goes forward. The private corporations he would put under a prohibitory law as to some objects. Yet the organization of industry by corporate and co-operative methods is one of the facts of proper sequence to the growth of population and increase of scientific knowledge, both of which favor division of labor and economy in production and exchange. Private capital in a corporation for private isiness is private capital still, and it is arbitrary legislation to prohibit its use in that form; consequently, to argue for prohibit-

a few wealthy men.

ing it is not to work for the simplification

of government, but the extension of gov-

the confirmation of existing companies as

monopolies for a time or violence to equity

by abolishing them. The most arbitrary and vicious interference with business

would be involved in decreeing that com-

panies on the corporate and co-operative system should not compete with indi-

viduals, for it would be tantamount to decreeing that all the large enterprises should

given over separately and exclusively to

ent, and at the same time to propose

the monetary situation. Among other remarks, Mr. Grenfell said: "The Indian budget is said to lose by the depreciation of silver, which is expressed in the fall in exchange. As long as the Indian budgets are returned in pounds sterling at the rate of 2s. the rupee the loss must appear very serious. But the persons who have to pay the Indian revenues are Indian producers, and as Indian producers pay in silver, and, as far as regards their exports, receive in gold, they are actually making a profit on their private revenues by that fall in exchange which makes so pernicious an item in the government budget. I am strongly of the opinion that India, as a whole, is reaping a golden harvest by the present state of affairs; the people who are losing are English producers, English manufacturers and Anglo-Indian bankers. It was at first taken for granted by everybody that because officials and those interested in the Indian trade were losing India itself was losing, but it is now almost universally acknowledged by those who have studied the question in India that it is in England that the loss takes place, and not in India." Referring to a proposal to force the gold standard upon India, he said if that were done "the price of commodities all over the world would fall, and India would partake of that depression in trade from which by the maintenance of her silver standard she is not only protected, but by which her trade is actually stimulated." Mr. Grenfell further expressed his belief that British supremacy in commerce is due to banking economies and abundance of stored capital, and not to her gold standard. Banking facilities are so good there that little money passes in proportion to the revenues of British subjects. He said:

jects. He said:

Our maritime position gives us the power to receive goods in pledge from all parts of the habitable globe. These are the true reasons of our banking supremacy, and not our monometallic gold standard. The belief that our monometallic gold standard has something to do with it lies at the bottom of the determination of the States and Germany to refuse to make a bimetallic standard unless England will join. And it also has much to do with the determination of our banking friends to refuse to discuss the question fairly. No one likes attention called to his own business. Still less does any monopolist desire to have his monopoly discussed. While bankers in London are appealing to Ricardo, McCulloch, Peel and Overstone, what they really mean is: "I have got a monopoly, and I am not going to have it exposed if I can help it." My desire is to disabuse them of any such notion.

IF men and administrations were to be rewarded at once for being virtuous, where would be the trial and proof of virtue?

In New Jersey the State civil rights law admits the colored man to the ball room. but not to the supper table. It required the wisdom of a Judge to decide that the latter is not a place of public amusement. Isn't that a question of fact?

THE Republicans have always said, when the Democrats carried a dubious State in an off year, that there was plenty of time and opportunity for the Democrats to make mistakes. So it may be with the Republicans in Ohio.

As a horse and cart, apparently with a load of hay, were about to pass the customhouse of Vroenhoven, on the Belgian frontier, the animal suddenly stopped, and either would not or could not budge an inch. Two customs officers came up to lend a hand, whereupon the driver took to his heels. It turned out that the hay concealed about 750 kilos of Dutch tobacco. A writer says: "Conscientiousness must now be added to the other good qualities of the horse. in earlier days of economy and simplicity | Why now? Does he not remember reading may be conceived as possible. By what Swift's remarkable satire? But the rational Honyhuhums had no institution so pervert ing to conscience as a customhouse.

> In a letter to a Democratic club in Buffalo, Mr. Cleveland says: "Membership in a party might as well rest upon a blind, unreflecting enthusiasm for a certain continued partisan companionship as the hope of personal reward and advantage, and more upon a deliberate attachment to well defined and understood party principles." It ought to be so, and as the citizen who wants no office needs no permission or direction as to how he shall vote; he can be of what party he pleases despite the machines.

> THE Texas statesman who can father and bring to life a good road law, is the coming man in this commonwealth.

> Some of the Land Board organs, with the hardihood of despair, are inviting another dose of medicine from Temple Houston. Well, Houston is generous and obliging, and if they keep on asking they may get it.

> SINGULARLY enough there is no marriage law in Utah except Mormon law. Hence when a polygamist is convicted the court cannot determine which is his lawful wife. He can retain which one he pleases. A prominent Mormon recently pleaded guilty, paid \$300 fine, was dismissed, and it was stated he would go to Chicago, keeping wife No. 2.

> Now that Hell Gate is blown up there ought to be a demand for more preachers in New York.

HOADLY is not much deader now than he was a few months ago. Unlike Ben Butler, he is likely to stay dead, too.

LABOUCHERE, of London Truth, is getting a fine law practice. Laubouchere is his own lawyer in all libel suits.

THE Scotch are responsible for Boodle. The word was an old acquaintance in Scotland a hundred years ago. This relieves the election managers in Ohio and Indiana of a heavy responsibility.

RETURNS from the back counties come in slowly. The Hamilton County precincts had not all been heard from at last accounts. Even the county site, just across the river from Covington, was still in doubt as late | South. as yesterday.

In one of "our" esteemed contemporaries "we" observe a harmonious blending of personality and power that cannot be otherwise than pleasing to "us." In a paragraph of sixteen lines the editorial plurals "we," "us" and "our" occur just sixteen times by actual count. "We smoked a cigar, presented to us by the Mayor, of our town,' AT Glasgow, before the local chamber of says the e. c., with a most reckless disrecommerce, Mr. Grenfell, ex-governor of the gard for all rules of English grammar, but a large number of zealous admirers who

ality and autocratic ownership of an entire community, "and," he might have added, "we don't care who knows it." If such a newspaper staff should have political aspirations the powers of Mugwumpery could not prevail against it, him, her or them.

WHEN Cleveland heard from Ohio he telegraphed Vilas to work the machine for all it was worth on the fourth-class postmas-

Among the first who will vell "I told you so," will be Mr. Henri Watterson, of the Courier-Journal. He is always first at a funeral or a wedding, prepared to pray with the corpse or kiss the bride.

THE Mugwump has not yet cultivated sufficient gall to approach Roscoe Conk-

DR. LEONARD takes but little interest in Ohio politics now. Sherman may have lost his seat in the Senate and Thurman may have gained it, but Dr. Leonard goes on undisturbed by any ambitions.

MR. DILKE talks just as if he were the head of a family.

BELVA LOCKWOOD has got back to Washington and is lecturing. Thus it is demonstrated that we have the best and most charitable government on earth.

THE whole country will now go back and guess about the Keely motor. After an Ohio election the United States sits down and bets that Keely don't make it go.

MR. CHENOWETH, of Texas, has cut off the white wine of the government fish commissioner. Mr. Chenoweth is becoming repulsive.

MR. CLEVELAND will be remembered as a President who did not take stock in the Ohio election.

IF Mr. Cleveland cannot take any stock in the New York election, he might get his sister Rose to write a Republican sonnet. THE news from Ohio is offset by the telegram that Josh Billings is dead. The

vided it is accompanied by such a funeral AND John Logan sighs. His old guerrilla side-partner, Josh Billings, is dead. There is no one left but John now to assault the

Democratic party can stand defeat, pro-

mother tongue. Onio always rushes out and saves the country three or four months before the

regular election. THE Democratic Indian agent hits Manafraid-of-his-horse over the head with a club one day and fills him up with beef the next day. Just to show him that he can

be kind as well as cruel.

bloody shirt.

Texas may have a short cotton crop, but there is consolation in the knowledge that there are other people a great deal worse off than we are. The Legislature of Georgia is in session.

Ohio campaign went off without an alliteration. IT takes a long, long time for the Ohio

DR. BURCHARD tip-toes and says that the

election to get over. MR. SHERMAN does not yet sit steadily

in his seat. IF Mr. Sherman don't go to the Senate he can sit down and wrap up a sore toe with a

ALL Randolph Churchill needs to make shirt. His language in speeches smells strongly of such a garment.

THERE are no mugwumps in Ohio. There they pose as two-dollar-a-head people. The crisp, new bill has more attraction for them than reform.

THEY say Logan is strictly an honest man, and yet when he says the negro in the South cannot vote as he pleases people living in this part of the country are forced to declare him ignorant.

Miss Anderson in "As You Like It" is creating a sensation in New York. When she comes out as Rosalind in short dresses the whole male part of the audience likes it.

MR. SAM RANDALL comes forward and shakes the hand of the New York Democracy, with these words: "I have come to offer my hearty co-operation," and then the New York Democracy wants to know what it has done to deserve this.

AFTER a time it may creep into Garland's head that he ought to sell his telephone stock. The present administration is making a character for "purity," and Mr. Garland ought not to mar the picture.

SAM JONES is up in Missouri doing good work. His conversions are, so far, limited to dry goods and grocery clerks, but he has not yet succeeded in grabbing and yanking from the bonds of iniquity a single Missouri politician.

THE whisper of the President is more easily heard than the howl of a State administration. When Cleveland gently told the bullionaire to move he gathered unto himself, with celerity, his herds and moved without further ado.

IF THE Ohio Legislature should be Democratic, the Democrats can afford to put up with the loss of Hoadly.

MR. THURMAN is satisfied he has done his whole duty. If the Ohio Legislature is Democratic he expects to receive a reward commensurate.

IF Mr. Sherman goes back to the Senate, in his heart of hearts he may forgive the

THE report is going the rounds of the press that Arthur offered Fred Grant a place in the army, but he declined it on the ground that he didn't want a place where his creditors could not reach him. His creditors don't feel that they are much nearer to him than if he were in the army.

Mr. Jay Gould's Western tour has been at once a surprise and a disappointment to

guished railroad magnate. At Kansas City the customary and ubiquitous committee had prepared a gorgeous entertainment for "our honored guest," but, while awaiting his arrival, learned incidentally that he had skipped off by another route, leaving Kansas City on the side track some hundred miles distant. Kansas City, however, has the consolation of knowing that she is not alone in her sorrow and disappointment.

Now that the smoke of battle has cleared away, the country is reminded that although Thurman was led up to the Hoadly trough he was not induced to swallow the Hoadly draught. Though he declaimed for Democracy, he never once mentioned Hoadly.

Ohio furnishes the only example of modern times of a political election with the results of which both Republicans and Democrats are well pleased.

A NEW YORK paper imputes to Attorney General Garland a sinister desire for the promotion of Solicitor General Goode to a position in the exterior department.

THE Bulgarian-Eastern Roumelian union is not exactly a conundrum, but it looks very much like Prince Alexander will be obliged to give it up.

THE New York World's Richmond, Va., correspondent regards the success of Mahone as possible because of the over-confidence and lack of organization on the part of the Democratic party of the Old Do-

THE hope has been indulged for the two days last past that John Sherman, who was wont to indulge his imagination during the campaign, may now be forced to "lay, like a warrior taking his rest," with Thurman's bandanna around him. The figures have been somewhat encouraging.

MATERIAL for a thrilling story for "The Boys' Own" is afforded by a tragedy on Staten Island, in which a youth of fifteen red hot summers and nearly as many biizzard producing winters, while masquerading as a juvenile "Buffalo Bill," was brought down by the trusty shotgun of a boy avenger, aged sixteen. The details could easily be worked up by any sensational romancer of the dime novel type.

FERD WARD is gradually but surely getting even with the world. He is talking it to death.

STATE PRESS.

What the Interior Papers Say. The Aurora Texas Western, says of farming in Jones County:

The first step of the farmer after having provided himself with a residence, is to remove the growth of mesquite timber on his provided himself with a residence, is to remove the growth of mesquite timber on his future farm. The trees are small, with one large root, and the earth is removed from around that root by digging. With an axe, the root is then chopped off below the soil, and the tree is forever removed. On account of the size of the trees, and their scattering growth, the work can be carried on very rapidly. This sod land does not produce very abundantly the first year, but subsequently it yields abundantly. But on the whole, the first year's crop is very satisfactory. The second year, if planted in wheat, its yield will be from twenty-five to forty bushels. If planted in oats it will yield from forty to seventy-five bushels. In corn it will yield from thirty to sixty bushels to the acre. In cotton it will produce from one-half to two-thirds of a bale per acre. A man who comes here with the expectation of purchasing a farm and improving it should have about \$1000, but many do well on smaller amounts. A payment on his land, construction of a house, supplies and stock, with getting his farm in shape for a crop, will require some ready cash, and \$100 will but a man in good shape. Like all other will require some ready cash, and \$1000 will put a man in good shape. Like all other localities this country has its disadvantages, and no man need expect to come here and step into a big thing all at once. It requires patience and perseverance.

The moral tone of the Texas press gets a

boost every time a new paper starts. The salutatory of every new journal reminds one of the constant talk of "higher educa tion," or the shouts of the blindfolded little man who was endeavoring to step over the imaginary sword in the lodge of the Knights of Malta, "higher!" higher!" at every effort. Every new paper is like the bard of Stanislaus:

I reside at Table Mountain, and my name is Truthful James; I am not up to small deceit or any sinful

The Abilene Reporter says: The Texas and Pacific agents will sell im-migrant tickets from New York to Abilene for \$16 for the next few weeks. This low rate was made by the Pennsylvania Central, and was made by the Pennsylvania Central, and it will no doubt be the means of adding very largely to the immigration from the Northeast to Texas. There is room in Texas for thousands, yea, millions of working people; but none other need apply. Capital and labor is all Texas wants, but she wants these bad. And we wish it understood that Abilene wants a great big share of both for Northwest Texas. We need capital for tanneries, shoe factories, cotton and woolen mills, flour mills, live-stock productions, agricultural development; and brawn is wanted to take a hold and help push with a vim. When work cannot be found in the towns, the work seeker should look to the farms in the country. As a rule, the towns have enough mae help, but Abiline alone could give profitable employment to twenty or thirty male help, but Abiline alone could give profitable employment to twenty or thirty industrious young women who would serve as house servants, in good families, ot \$10 to \$22 per month. This is one class of help which has always been insufficient here.

It is so all over Texas. The housewives throughout the State keep up the Macedonian cry for help continually.

Newspapers are as hard to count as the Irishman's pig that kept running in and out of the sty and mixing itself up with the herd that he had no chance to number it. The Brenham Banner says:

Texas has 369 newspapers which insert advertisements, of these forty are dailies. "Or thereabouts" should be added. Every day some paper is discontinued or started, the new ones, however, outnumbering those that die. Newspaper statistics form an interesting study as indexes to civilization and enlightenment.

Galignani's Messenger has compiled some Gailgnant's messenger has complied some interesting figures as to the total number of newspapers and other periodicals published in every part of the world, and brings the total number up to 35,000, thus giving one to every 28,000 inhabitants. Europe, according to these calculations, has 20,000 newspapers, Germany coming first with 5500, of which 800 are published daily. Great Britain comes next with 5000 news papers, of which 800 are published daily while France has 4092, of which 360 only are while France has 4092, of which 360 only are daily. Italy comes fourth, with 1400. Spain has about 50 journals, of which a third are political, and Russia has only 800. Greece has upwards of 600. There are 3000 journals published in Asia, of which no fewer than 2000 appear in Japan, but in China the only newspapers not published by residents at the treaty ports are the Ning-Pao, an official journal published at Pekin, the Chen-Pao, and the Hu-Pao, published at Shanghai, and the Government journal which was brought out in Corea last year. Africa can boast of upon the action of the Land Board? This Bank of England, spoke at length regarding | with a sublime assumption of a dual person- were anxious to do honor to the distin- only 200 papers, of which 30 appear | He didn't specify the section.

in Egypt and the remainder in the Colonies of England, France, etc. The United States possesses about 12,500 period icals of which 1000 are published daily. Among the United States journals there are no fewer than 120 edited and published by negroes. Canada has 700 newspapers, a considerable proportion of which are published in French. Out of the 35,000 periodicals enumerated above, 16,500 are in English, 7800 in German, 6850 in French, 1600 in Spanish and 1450 in Italian.

The San Antonio Times says:

The San Antonio Times says:

The Governor shows himself to be a good American. He is opposed to importing pauper labor. He is glad to see "good men with vim and energy come to our country," but is not in favor of giving a bonus to those who have not the energy to seek homes in Texas without being paid to do so. Gov. Ireland is certainly right in principle. He is borne out by the acts of Congress. It is contrary to United States law to import labor under contract. Giving bonuses or premiums to induce destitute foreigners to come to Texas is the same in principle as importing labor under contract. It is certainly wrong to hold out inducements to immigrants which do no exist. This has been done, it is claimed, by many now in Texas. The frank expression the Governor has given to his ideas will not deter a single good man from coming to Texas. If itstops the riff-raff so much the better.

Texas editors do not all feel bound to work themselves to death. Every year some of them omit a number of their papers to attend the meeting of the Press Association and to celebrate the Christmas holidays. Now the Kerrville Eye signifies about how many other holidays a publisher is entitled

The editor of the Eye has worked hard for eighteen months, and during this period, but twice has the Eye failed to twinkle; ye editor feels like taking a trip for a few days? rest, and we hope our subscribers will not think, if they do not receive their Eye next week that the Eye has received a black eye; it is only taking a wink.

The Texas Law Review copies and comments on a paragroph from THE NEWS touching the libel law as pronounced in the case of Wren vs. THE GALVESTON NEWS, and the Review remarks:

Give such a journal freedom of speech and what man's reputation is not subject to be trailed in the dust by ignominious and unjust criticism?

This sounds very much like a remark made by some one else long before its appearance in the Review-some one supposed to be very sensitively afraid of newspaper criticism on his own official acts. The Review is to be commended for the frankness with which it states its opposition to "freedom of speech." The newspapers will understand what is meant by "unjust criti-

The El Paso Lone Star says: Jim Zabriskie, the United States District Attorney of Arizona, has resigned his commission, pending an investigation of his official career under an indictment just found by the United States grand jury. Jim is an old resident of El Paso and, to those who know him, such an act does not seem at all strange. He always did have a knack of looking at things differently from other people, and the wonderfully vivid imagination of which he is possessed used to always lead him to discover the most irrational and unheard-of explanations of the most commonplace occurrences. Is it possible that he feels that he is guilty of the offenses charged, and thinks by resigning his office to escape punishment? If so he has read to little purpose the signs of the times. The Democratic administration does not find it necessary to use the machinery of the courts to get rid of obnoxious officials. It simply removes them from office without ceremony, and if one has been guilty of offenses against the laws he need not expect to escape the penalty by sending in his resignation. Jim Zabriskie, the United States District

The Houston Post savs: There are some features of the present [libel] law which should be changed, because they are unjust. The verdict against The GALVESTON News in favor of Wren was an outrage. Such verdicts as that should be made impossible.

The Sulphur Springs Enterprise asks: In what does W. J. Swain's executive ability consist? Has he left the impress of a single act in his political life as Representative, State Senator or Comptroller upon the pages of Texas history, now being written, that any man of moderate brains could not have done as well?

But would "any man of moderate brains," There is considerable difference between could and would. One means the power, with or without the purpose, to do: the other both the purpose and the power to do.

EAGLE PASS.

Troubles With Customs Officials - Secretary Bayard Appealed-The Recent Oil Seizure.

EAGLE PASS, Oct. 16.—Some time ago Judge F. C. Deel, of this place, attempted to oring some horses from Mexico to this side without paying the export duty, a duty which has long ago been abolished by an act of Congress, but nevertheless he was brought up before his august highness, the Federal Judge, and mulcted out \$55, which he paid, and his half-starved and ridden-down horses were delived to him. He appeal to Secretary Bayard to compel the authorities to disgorge. Wednesday last he received a letter gorge. Wednesday last he received a letter from him saying, in effect, that as an American he forgets himself to leave a good country like this United States and go so far, either to live or trade, in one like Mexico. He must abide by their laws and suffer the consequences. This beautiful theory is very nice in dealing with enlighted and Christian nations, but in dealing with some nations in this manner there would be unsatisfactory results to the interested narties in some esults to the interested parties in some

There seems to be some misunderstanding concerning the recent seizure of a carload of oil at M onclava, Mexico, by the custom authorities there. The following are the facts; There was no attempt made at smuggling it whatever. The oil was imported in a legal manner, and the duties amounting to nearly \$1000, were paid upon it as documents in the customhouse at Piedras Negras will show. Besides it would have been an impossibility to smuggle it over the railroad, and mercenary custom officials there detecting a clerical and triffing error in the documents covering the oil, seized the opportunity that promised to yield such a rich harvest and confiscated the oil. The matter has been taken to the federal courts, and no doubt the harpies will have to disgorge. Should there be any loss, it will, of course, fall on the customhouse broker. Mr. J. W. Riddle, the agent of the oil company here and owner of this There seems to be some misunderstanding of the oil company here and owner of this oil, will replevy it.

THE HIGHER COURTS.

SUPREME COURT. TYLER, Oct. 16.—Supreme Court affirmed: International and Great Northern Railroad

vs. Osmand, from Anderson County. International and Great Northern Railroad vs. Watts, from Anderson County Redding vs. Boyd et al., from Anderson

county. Reversed and remanded: Taylor et al. vs. Granville Merrim, from Gregg County. Reversed and rendered for appellants: Pelham et al. vs. Murray et al., from Hen-

derson County.

Submitted on briefs and argument for both parties: International and Great Northern Railroad vs. Irwin, from Wood County.
Crescent Insurance Co. vs. Camp et. al.,

A Worcester delegate to the Massachusetts

RAILROAD RUMBLINGS.

Heard on the Iron Highways that Center at Dallas.

Rigid Resolutions of the Missouri Pacific and Wabash Regarding Texas Freight-Mr. Sherman Makes a Correction by Wire-Assorted Sparks.

The general traffic manager of the Missouri Pacific Railway Co. at St. Louis has issued a notice stating that it will decline to receive or forward any property destined to points in the State of Texas that is in a damaged condition or which is in apparent bad order, as a release has no binding force in the courts of that State. This being the case, the Wabash, St. Louis and Pacific Railway Co. declare they will refuse to receive at any of the junction stations freight destined to points in Texas, unless the same is free from damages and in perfect shipping condition. This rule is rather strict and it is likely to be felt by merchants in Texas as well as shippers sending goods into this State, when enforced.

CORRECTED BY WIRE.

To the Railroad Editor of The News: ON G., C. & S. F., TRAIN No. 2, Oct. 6.-The interview published in The News of today credits me with saying that the Santa Fe directory has decided to build through Coleman City to Runnels, the county seat of Runnels County, from which the point is not improbable. The road will pass almost due north through Merkle, on the Texas and Pacific, thence on through Greer County and the Nation, to a connection with some of the Northern roads, with the further in-formation that if the Texas and Pacific is not crossed at Merkle, then the line north

ou have evidently misunderstood my brief remarks on this subject, for I have given no expression of opinion as to the probable route of the road beyond the Runprobable route of the road beyond the Run-nels County line, nor the effect of the further extension of the Brownwood line upon the line north from Fort Worth. Will you please favor me with this cor-rection, and oblige yours very truly, W. J. SHERMAN.

RAILWAY BRIDGES.

Mr. B. Baker, of the British Association, said in a recent lecture: "Hundreds of existing railway bridges which carry twenty trains a day with perfect safety would break down quickly under twenty trains per hour. The fact was forced on my attention hearly twenty years ago by the fracture of a number of iron girders of ordinary strength under a five minute train service strength under a five minute train service. Similarly, when in New York last year, I noticed in the case of some hundreds of girders on the Elevated Railway that the alternate thrust and pull on the central diagonals from trains passing every two or three minutes had developed weakness which necessitated the bars being replaced by stronger ones after a short service. Somewhat the same thing had to be done recently in this country with a bridge over the Trent, but, the train service being small, the life of the bars was measured by years instead of months. If service being small, the life of the bars was measured by years instead of months. If ships were always among the great waves the number going to the bottom would be largely increased, for, according to Mr. John, late of Lloyd's, 'many large merchant steamers afloat are so deficient in longitudinal strength that they are liable under certain conditions of sea to be strained in the upper works to a tension of from eight to nine tons to the square inch and to a compression of six to seven tons—stresses which the experiments already referred to proved would cause failure after a definite number of repetitions.' ""

NORTHERN PACIFIC DOCK IMPROVEMENTS. C. C. Wrenshall, superintendent of bridges and tracks for the Northern Pacific, is preparing plans for the improvement of the lands recently purchased by the company at Duluth from the Duluth Improvement Co. The improvements are to consist of new docks and warehouses. The docks are to be 140 feet long and 300 feet wide. They will be entered by a new slip, to be built by the improvement company. This slip will run parallel with the railroad track inside of the railroad company's warehouse. The Northern Pacific neid \$88,000 The Northern Pacific paid \$28,000

> HAS NEWMAN DECLINED? Chicago Tribune

Although it has been stated that Mr. E. P. Ripley, general freight agent of the Burlington, would not accept the position of traffic manager of the Missouri Pacific system in place of Mr. George Olds, who goes to the Canadian Pacific, it is again asserted by parties who claim to be well posted that he will accept the place after all. The posi-tion, it is stated, was first offered to Mr. W. H. Newman, traffic manager of the Texas and Louisiana lines of the Missouri Pacific, but he prefers to remain where he is, and but he prefers to remain where he is, and therefore declined to accept the place.

B. AND O. AND OHIO VALLEY. The Cleveland people are greatly elated over the prospective traffic agreement between the Baltimore and Ohio and the Valley Railroads. The plan contemplates through business from Cleveland to Washington and Baltimore, both passenger and freight. The plan has been discussed for some time, and one of the objects of the Baltimore and Ohio officials' visit to Cleve-Baltimore and Ohio officials' visit to Cleve-land was to ascertain the facilities of the Valley Road for doing business. It is con-templated to place through passenger trains on the road. At Akron the Valley Road connects with the Pittsburg, Cleveland and Toledo, leased by the Pittsburg and West-ern and operated in the interest of the Bal-timore and Ohio. An effort is also to be made to develop a trunk line freight busi-ness over this route to the southern sea-board.

THE MEXICAN NATIONAL'S BONDS. The Mexican National Railway Co. has issued a circular to its first mortgage bondholders, which sets forth a plea requiring nine coupons, maturing between April, 1884, and July, 1888, to be funded, for which the holders shall receive second mortgage debentures bearing not more than 5 per cent interest, which will be cumulative. The plan interest, which will be cumulative. The plan also provides that the company may issue its preferred first mortgage bonds at the rate of \$10,000 per mile. The proposals are for the purpose of continuing the construction of the road and connecting the Northern and Southern divisions. Signatures of United States holders of Mexican National Railway first mortgage bonds to the circular have been received to the amount of \$8,750,000. The agency in London is receiving English and Continental signatures. CAR LOT RATES.

It is announced that a meeting will be held in Chicago on Nov. 5 for the purpose of considering the dual classification system. An attempt was made by merchants in St. Louis and Chicago to abolish car lot rates—a step that was promptly opposed by merchants in this city. A meeting for the purpose of abolishing these rates was held recently in St. Paul, at which merchants from Chicago, St. Louis and Kansas City were present. It was decided that there was no sufficient reason for abolishing the car lot rates. The merchants in Chicago and St. Louis expressed considerable dissatisfaction at the decision, and desired to arrange another meeting at which the matter could be reconsidered. The coming meeting has been called by J. W. Midgley, and the general managers of the different railroads interested will be present. It is not believed that any change from the present system will be made. A Chicago paper, in speaking about the coming meeting, says:

"The arguments in the case from shippers this city. A meeting for the purpose of ing about the coming meeting, says:

The arguments in the case from shippers | 11. Although the freight business is at present poor, agents are expecting a steady

have been closed, and nothing remains for the railroads to do except to finally decide what course shall hereafter be pursued. Since the Iowa railroad commissioners have submitted their forcible argument against the proposition the majority of the railroad managers in this city have openly declared themselves opposed to the propo-sition, and the few roads which are in favor of the proposition do not care to openly adsition, and the few roads which are in favor of the proposition do not care to openly advocate the abolition of the car lot system. It is therefore a foregone conclusion that the present system will not be changed. From what can be learned, the Chicago merchants are not a unit in favor of the proposition. Some of the leading ones say it would have been unwise to make the change in the face of the opposition of all the merchants of Western points, and the decided stand taken against it by the Iowa commissioners."

WESTERN UNION EARNINGS. The annual report of President Norvin Green, submitted at New York on the 14th, at the meeting of the stockholders of the Western Union Telegraph Co., makes the following showing of business for the year ending June 30, 1885. Surplus July 1, 1885, \$4,157,468. Revenues, expenses and profits of the year ending June 30, 1885, were as

From this there was applied, for dividends, \$4,999,325; for interest on bonds, \$495,072; for sinking fund appropriations, \$39,991; total, \$5,534,388, deducting which leaves a surpls June 30,1835, of \$4,324,004.

CLEMENTS CHOSEN-PAINE PROMOTED. Last Thursday W. M. Clements succeeded Mr. Charles Paine as general superintendent of the New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio Railroad. For about eight years he has been master of transportion of the Baltimore and Ohio Road. This change suggests a promotion for Superintendent Paine. The official notice has not been received, but he will be appointed vice president of the Erie Road, and assume his dent of the Erie Road, and assume his duties within a few days. Under the Jewett regime the Erie road had three vice presidents, and it has recently had but two. S. M. Felton, who has had charge of the traffic, and E. S. Bowen, who has acted as master of transportation. Mr. Bowen, on account of ill health, has not actively discharged his duties since early in the summer, and quite recently, his health not having improved, he has resigned. Mr. Paine will be his successor and have charge of the transportation. CONDUCTORS RETURNING HOME.

About 100 members of the "Old Reliable" Railroad Conductors' Association passed through Kansas City last Wednesday on their way home from Denver, where the eighteenth annual meeting of the organization was held. About 400 members, including 136 delegates, who represented 1000 votes, were present. A special train containing 360 members went from Chicago to Denver, and members from Canada, as well as this country, were present. The members were in session two days, on Oct. 7 and 8. The meeting was the largest that the organization has ever held. Afterwards a four days' excursion took place. The conductors were accompanied by their wives and enjoyed themselves very much. On the first day Silver Plume and Georgetown, Col., on the Union Pacific were visited. On the second day the excursionists went to Leadville and stayed over Sunday, and on Monday last they went down the Grand Canon to Colorado Springs and Manitou, on the Denver and Rio Grande. votes, were present. A special train contain-

A SPECK OF WAR.

Indications are that the war in east bound freight rates is likely to break out anew soon at Chicago. When the general managers of the Eastern trunk lines advanced the rates on Oct. 1, they decided that all freight in transit, that is to say, all contracts made at low rates must be at their Western termini by Oct. 15, necessitating the billing at points west of Chicago either on the 12th or 13th. Wednesday was really, therefore, the first of advanced rates, and already a kick has commenced. It is claimed that from Peoria, the place where the trouble usually commences, freight has been billed, both vectoraday and to day at a consideration.

SPIKES AND SPARKS. The extension of the Rock Island to St. Joseph will be completed by Jan. 10.

John Cline, stock agent of the Southern Kansas, went to Lawrence, Kan., yesterday. T.B. Early, general live stock agent of the ish, arrived in the city yesterday from

W. D. Murdock, traveling passenger agent of the Chicago and Alton Railway, is running around in the West.

It is estimated by the London Railway News that the railways of the world carry 6,500,000 passengers a day.

3,500,000 passengers a day. Joseph Lyon, Western passenger agent of the Missouri Pacific Railway at Topeka, be-took himself West yesterday via the Santa Fe Railway.

A. H. Whitney, general passenger agent of the Niagara Falls Short Line, has gone to Tueson, A. T., accompanied by W. N. McDearmon, traveling passenger agent of the

E. R. Tuttle, traveling passenger agent of the Union Pacific Railway at St. Louis, passed through Kansas vesterday with a party of seventeen Illinois people bound for Los Angeles, Cal.

Frank Waldon, an old conductor, was Frank waiten, an old conductor, was killed a few days ago on the Kansas division of the 'Frisco Line, near Pierce City. While leaning out from the platform of one of the cars, he was struck in the head by a bridge, slmost instantly killing him. LOCAL PERSONAL.

Geo. F. Lupton was again in the city yes-terday. He has been working up business for the Q. and C. over the North Texas lines

W. H. Winfield, the popular Texas passenger agent of the Wabash, St. Louis and Pacific, returned to Dallas yesterday after a trip through South Texas and Old Mexico. THE EMIGRANT BUSINESS.

Having practically disposed of first and second-class business on Tuesday, the Trunk Line passenger agents at New York took up emigrant traffic the following day. It was substantially agreed to revivify th old pool and establish at Castle Garden a joint passenger and ticket agency. Assistant Commissioner Pierson, as chairman of ant commissioner Fierson, as charman of the passenger committee, will, for the present, have charge of the arrangement. It will virtually control the entire immigrant traffic from the Atlantic seaboard, of which a division will be made. The rates from New York and Boston to Chicago are \$13; from Philadelphia, \$11 75; from Baltimore, \$11 45; from Montreal and Quebec, \$11 50. The whole matter will go to the executive committee on Friday.

DULLNESS AT KANSAS CITY.

The freight business is duller just at present, says the Kansas City Journal, than it has been for some time. So little is being moved that agents do not claim that they are doing any business whatever. The fast freight lines are sticking to tariff and in consequence are getting no business at present. There is some wheat to be moved, out there is no market for it in the East. Although the freight business had been very poor during the present year and not as much was moved altogether as there was last year, the only article that has fallen short is wheat. A larger quantity of other articles has been moved than last year. The wheat crop has been remarkably poor. It was said that it would amount to about 60 per cent of what it was last year, but it has not amounted to more than 20 per cent. The corn crop has been very good, better than it was last year, and it is hoped that there will be considerable of it moved East. A large quantity of corn has been left standing in the fields. Many farmers will not attempt to ship their crop, but put it into live stock, which pays them better than selling it. Although the freight business is at present poor, agents are expecting a steady as much was moved altogether as there was

improvement. It is thought that even with the restored freight rates there will

improvement. It is thought that even with the restored freight rates there will soon be a demand in the Eastern markets for Western wheat.

Every precaution has been taken by the heads of the trunk lines to maintain tariff rates. The cutting of rates has been one of the greatest difficulties to overcome. Under the agreements recently made any agent who is found cutting rates will be discharged.

charged.

Up to the 15th freight in transit before Oct. 1, the day when the restored rates went into effect, has been accepted by the trunk lines at the contract rates, but after the 15th tariff rates will be demanded.

TRAFFIC ASSOCIATION HEADQUARTERS.

Special to The News.

HOUSTON, Oct. 16.—The News correspon-

dent to-day visited the Texas Traffic Assocition headquarters, in W. H. Coyle's new building, on Franklin street. He was astonished at the beauty and usefulness of the establishment. Commissioner Waldo's office is in the south corner. It is furnished with Brussells carpet, is supplied with modern business appliances, and is well lighted and comfortable. Next to it, on Franklin street, is the room of the secretary of the association, and adjoining that is the office of the executive committee. Adjoining Mr. Waldo's room on the side, fronting toward San Jacinto street, is the auditor's room. This and the two Franklin street rooms last mentioned are finely carpeted and supplied with useful and neat furniture and appliances. A broad hallway that traverses the full length of the hyllding on the porth side connects. of the building on the north side connects with these rooms. Back of them is the clerical department, which is 35x60 in dimensions. It is lighted with nine large windows on side and end. The wall next the hallway are seven square pivot windows, or transoms, which let in both air and light. hallway are seven square pivot windows, or transoms, which let in both air and light. Distributed through the room are thirty flat desks, each having five drawers and a bookcase. The floor is covered with heavy and fine matting. Extending along one whole side of this department is a well wrought wood cabinet for stationery, waybills and other matter that may be used by the department, much of which is printed with copying ink of a variety of shades. At one end are five coat and cloak rooms, with a row of hooks to each. At the other end is the ladies' lavatory and toilet room. It is spacious, airy and well lighted. Lining one side of the hallway, on the outside of the clerical department, is a row of closets. The above is a brief mention of the new headquarters of the Texas Traffic Association. No better building could have been secured for the association, nor could a better or fairer landlord than W. H. Coyle have been found in the State of Texas, and it may be stated as a finish to them that no more competent railroad man than J. Waldo could have been appointed to run the affairs of this complete and commercial railway establishment.

THE READING RAHLROAD.

THE READING RAILROAD.

Special to The News.
PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 16.—The amount of subscription to the Reading Railroad foreclosures scheme, obtained by the committee of trustees up to 3 o'clock this afternoon. was nearly \$3,000,000. The reconstruction trustees held another meeting this afternoon, but their plan was not ready for submission to the public.

SUIT CONTINUED. MARSHALL, Oct. 16 .- On account of the press of criminal cases in the Federal Court at Jefferson, the injunction case between the Texas Pacific Railway Co. and the City of Marshall was not tried yesterday. Judge Sabin postponed it until next Tuesday.

SURVEYING NEAR DENISON. DENISON, Oct. 16.—The surveying corps of the Marshall and Northwestern Railroad were in the city to-day looking over the land for an approach of that road into Denison.

J. G. HOLDS NOT THE FORT. Special to The News. FORT WORTH, Oct. 16.—A dispatch has been received here which says that the Gould

party have abandoned their intention of coming as far as Fort Worth. They are probably now on their way home. CORSICANA WANTS THE ROAD. FORT WORTH, Oct. 16 .- Bryan T. Barry of Corsicana, is consulting with the Fort Worth and New Orleans Railroad, with a view to having the road go direct to Cocana, instead of by way of Waxahachie.

PRINCESS NELLIE.

Rumored Separation of Mrs. Sartoris from Her

Special to the Globe-Democrat.

Washington, Oct. 12.—The recently published reports of the permanent separation of Mrs. Nellie Grant Sartoris from her husband caused Washington people to remember how much astonished and disgusted they were over the match. The impression Sartoris made in Washington was that of a rough, coarse brained and decidedly vulgar.

low bred Englishman. His general coarse conduct, in connection with the fact that he had exhibited some of Miss Nellie's letters to him, accempanied with gross remarks, to persons in a Wisconsin town where persons in a Wisconsin town where an accomplished young lady had rejected his addresses, caused solicitude among many of Gen. Grant's warm personal friends, and some of them consulted as to the propriety of informing him of Sartoris' conduct, with a view of regaining possession of Miss Nellie's letters. Senator Matt Carpenter finally consented to broach the delicate subject to Gen. Grant. He called at the White House, and in as delicate a manner as possible commenced relating the current scandal as to Sartoris' notorious conduct, when the General, quietly remarked: "That will do, Senator; but my daughter is engaged to Mr. Sartoris and the wedding will take place." Senator Carpenter, in speaking of the interview, said he never felt so chagrined as at the President's abrupt closing of the conversation, and that he would never again, under any circumstances, attempt to advise about the domestic affairs of any one. It was well known that Gen. Grant was opposed to the alliance, but when his daugeter's affections were engaged he acquiesced and would listen to no argument or suggestion to the contrary. When Gov. Jewell was returning from his mission at St. Petersburg to accept a position in Gen. Grant's Cabinet he stopped a day at Southhampton, to call upon the elder Mr. and Mrs. Sartoris, the parents of Miss Nellie's husband. He was cordially received by them, but in the course of conversation Mrs. Sartoris astonished the ex-Minister to Russia by remarking "that she did not see what there was about Algernon (her son) to cause the daughter of the President of the great United States to fall in love with and marry." Gov. Jewell subsequently expressed the same astonishment. an accomplished young lady had

Dallas, Tex., October.

Mr. Editor—A vote of thanks is certainly due The Dallas News for the excellent results of our first attempt at advertising in that splendid medium. From Bryan, Mexia, Groesbeeck, Corsicana, Ennis, Fort Worth, Weatherford, Marshall, etc., etc., we have had orders for those \$20 dinner and \$3 chamber sets; but many ask us whether we have goods still more elegant than the beautiful sets we sell at these prices. Please state to the people that in addition to these, we can furnish anything to the taste of the most fastidious. For instance, the Burslem Ragoon dinner sets, ivory body, underglaze decoration, worth \$100, we sell at \$40. In hanging lamps, glassware, silver plated goods, hotel and barroom fittings we defy competition. Our specialties in wedding presents are superb. But in order to tell your readers all that they can find at extremely low prices in our house, please have your special news agent call, look through the stock and inform the public what he saw in the way of assortment and prices and what he thinks of the China Hall, corner Elm and Murphy streets, DALLAS, Tex., October. corner Elm and Murphy streets, D. Goslin, Manager.

CORSICANA CULLINGS.

A Lady Robbed and the Culprit Captured-Probably a Fatal Fall-Commissioner Johnson on the New Orleans Exposition.

Special to The News. CORSICANA, Oct. 16.—This morning as Mrs. E. Dunn entered the residence of P. McCameron, her father, she placed her portmanteau on the bed and went out of the room a few minutes. On her return her purse was gone, and on looking down the street she saw a negro boy in a fast run, going in a direction from the house. She immediately started in pursuit, believing he had the missing purse. Mr. T. Robins, who happened to be passing, saw the boy running and

started in pursuit also, overtaking him in a short time. On being caught the boy dropped two \$10 bills and \$1 in silver. money was returned to Mrs. Dunn and the negro turned over to Marshal Barrett, who saw him safely to the county jail. "Thus one by one the rogueses fall."

It is reported that the Farmers' Alliance will make another big sale in this city next week.

will make another big sale in this city next week.

We are sorry to report that Mr. H. Lucke, the well-known flute player of the Corsicana String Band, met with a very serious accident last night. While ascending the steps leading to his room over the Clark building, his foot slipped, causing him to fall down-stairs backward. He was not found until this morning, when he was in an unconscious condition. He was at once removed to his room and medical aid procured. At this time the prospects for his recovery are not very hopeful. He is supposed to have received some internal injury. Capt. S. J. T. Johnson, Commissioner to the North, South and Central American Exposition, has received a letter from Hon. S. B. McConnico, in which he states that "every foot of space in the Exposition buildings has been assigned."

"France yesterday made formal application for 15 000 foot and the government will

buildings has been assigned."

"France yesterday made formal application for 15,000 feet, and the government will be represented by the Departments of Agriculture, Commerce, Public Works and Post and Telegraph, besides a number of individual exhibitors."

He states further that he has had to refuse additional sync to Alabama and Marian as

additional space to Alabama and Mexico as requested by them for State displays. Capt. Johnson will leave about Nov. 1 for

the Exposition.
Capt. Joseph Henry and lady, who have been North spending the summer, returned

last night.

Mrs. D. Jester, whose illness we reported a few days since, died very suddenly today. She was the mother of the well known firm of Jester Bros., bankers. The funeral services will take place to-morrow at 4 p. m. at the Methodist Church in this city. Judge R. C. Beale, who was never before

known to surrender, to-day passed over to the innumerable hosts of dengue victims.

We will have some newspaper news to report in a very few days—so says a newspaper man of this city.

Cotton receipts to-day, 338 bales; total to date, 9723. The market has been firmer to-day though micro ware about the market to deter though micro ware about the market to deter the market to deter though micro ware about the market to deter the market to determine the market to d

day, though prices were about the same as yesterday.

Driving Out the Gamblers.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 16.—Superintendent of Police Schmidt, on Wednesday last, issued Police Schmidt, on Wednesday last, issued an order for the suppression of gambling and the closing of gambling houses and ordering all gamblers to leave the city at once. The gamblers are enthusiastically complying with the order, and it would appear that they were all trying to be the first one to leave. Some of them, who have not the means for leaving otherwise, are going away on foot. The destinations of the most of the gamblers are Pittshurg. Columbus away on foot. The destinations of the mos of the gamblers are Pittsburg, Columbus and Chicago.

A Strike Ended.

WOONSOCKET, R. I. Oct. 16.—By authority of the Knights of Labor, the Very Rev. M. McCabe publishes a card to-day telling the Millville Rubber Works strikers to retun to work. This virtually closes the striks.

Sick With Smallpox. EAST HAMPTON, Mass., Oct. 16 .- A young Frenchman, recently from Montreal, has been sick several days with smallpox at New

Read Our Record for Four Years.

Age 35 | Age 44 | Age 55 | per \$1000 | per \$1000

*Texas Bevint As.. \$28 00 \$35 00 \$87 00 Knights of Honor. \$9 00 \$9 50 156 00 Old Line Life..... 105 52 145 84 239 64 *The Texas Benevolent Association relieve members of all lodge duties, an immunity worth, in itself, fifty dollars per annum to any

worth, in itself, fifty dollars per annum to any business man.

The Texas Benevolent Association, independent of death claims, allows sick benefits to indigent members (a sum sufficient to enable them to keep up their protection during sickness), also pays claims until the total disability clause, which includes one half of their certificates in cash, in case of insanity, or loss of both arms or feet, which makes their indemnity worth 50 per cent. more than any other co-operative company doing business in the world, all of which is included in the above record.

nnex the number of assessments mode by the eading orders doing business in Texas during

Best in the World-Dr. Julius King's spectacles and eye glasses. For sale in gold, silver and rubber frames by F. Austin.

Men's Balmorals, good style, \$2. Lewis Bros. & Co., 736 Elm street. Patterson, the People's Druggist, 700

Main Street, corner Poydras. Bennett & Barnard fine slippers and low shoes. Lewis Bros. & Co., 736 Elm street.

Latest styles Men's hand-sewed custom work. Lewis Bros. & Co., 786 Elm street.

Superior Early Breakfast stoves and ranges, hard and soft coal and wood heating stoves at Harry Bros. For spectacles and eyeglasses go to L. E. Curtis, jeweler, 701 Main street, Dallas.

To have your watches and jewelry repaired go to L. E. Curtis, jeweler, 701 Main street, Dallas.

Do you wear the Will Hunstable shoe?

GRAND OPENING. Headlight Saloon

At the Central Crossing, on Main St. Will be opened on Saturday night, 17th inst. Come one. FREE LUNCH.

JOHN S. ALDEHOFF. INSURANCE AGENT, DALLAS, TEXAS. Will answer letters of inquiry about Dallas or Texas. ANOTHER DALLAS ENTERPRISE.

Messrs. BLACH & CO. will open on or about Nov. 1 a wholesale

PRODUCE AND COMMISSION

BUSINESS AT 726 COMMERCE ST.

They will always keep on hand a full line of Northern Produce, such as Apples, Onions, Potatoes, Beans, Dried Fruit, etc.

The Genuine and Original

LUCY HINTON TOBACCO.

T. C. Williams & Co., Richmond, Va.

For sale by jobbers generally. J. A. SLAUGHTER, Ag't

GALVESTON, TEXAS. F. G. MOORE,

DEALER IN

MOULDINGS, STAIR WORK, Shingles, Lath, Lime, Cement, Plaster, Hair, etc. Mixed Paints and manufacturers of Stone Flues

709 Elm Street, Dallas, Texas. HILL. FONTAINE & CO..

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

OFFICES:

No. 116 South Main st., St. Louis, Mo 206 and 208 Front st., Memphis, Tenn CRUTCHER & HARRISON, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

LUMBER. Shingles, Sash, Doors, Blinds, Molding, etc.

Office and Yard: McKinney Road, Dallas, Tex. B. E. ANDREWS, Manager. W. J. LEMP'S

WESTERN BREWERY ST. LOUIS, MO.

A full line of Keg and Bottled Beer and Ice on hand. The finest and most popular Beer in the United States.

CHARLES MEISTERHANS, Manager. WINDOW GLASS,

WALL PAPER PAINTS, OIL, ETC. HAMILTON & YOUNG.

826 Elm Street, Dallas. PEACOCK & SHIRLEY.

HOUSE, SIGN DECORATIVE PAINTING

SHOP: 110 MARKET ST., DALLAS. D. W. MILAM.

Produce and Commission Merchant

I receive three cars a week. APPLES IN THREE BUSHEL BARRELS A SPECIALTY No. 4. Sycamore Street. Louisiana Oranges-Louisiana Oranges

OUTTERSIDE BROS. have just received a cargo of Louisiana Oranges, and solicit orders from interior merchants, promising lowest market prices.

OUTTERSIDE BROS., 127 Mechanic st., Galveston, Tex.

M. D. GARLINGTON. Wholesale dealer in Grain Bags, Fruit and Western Produce.

APPLES A SPECIALTY. A. McWHIRK.

Steam, Gas and Water Fitter, 406 ELM ST., DALLAS, TEX.

EXTRAS FOR STEAM ENGINES. FOR SALE. SEALED BIDS ARE INVITED for the pur chase of the entire plant of the

DALLAS BARREL AND WOODEN-WARE FACTORY, ware factors, including real estate, buildings, machinery and stock. Bidders can procure information relative to the property from Messrs. Frank M. Cockrell and W. J. Betterton, trustees. Bids will be opened at a meeting of the present owners to be held at office of Geo. J. Dexter & Co., No. 707 Main street, on Tuesday evening, Oct. 20, 1885, at 7.30 o'clock. Right reserved to reject any or all bids. Bids to be handed to GEO. J. DEXTER, Secretary.

Wedding Cards Elegant work guar-assortment of Fancy Goods a Specialty. to select from. Commercial a Specialty. Printing of all kinds. Correspondence solicited. BOLLES & SANDERSON, MERCANTILE JOB PRINTERS 609 Main st., Dallas, Texas.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION TO-DAY Fine Very Fine's.

Furniture, stoves, boots and shoes, tinware, classware, fish, crackers, pig's feet, canned fruit, clothing, sewing machines, all kinds, in good order. Sale commences at 10 a. m.

GROCERIES, ETC.

T. G. TERRY,
Dealer in
Staple and Fancy Groceries, Country Produce,
Nails, Tin and Queensware.
305 Main Street,
DALLAS, TEXAS.

SITUATIONS WANTED. WANTED-Employment by a young man of good business qualifications and industry. Address B., at this office. REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

THOMSON & DONNAN, GENTS, GENERAL LAND AGENTS, AUSTIN, TEXAS. JENKINS & ROBERTSON,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS,
MERIDIAN, BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS.
Write us for Circulars.

P. TAYLOR & CO., Real Estate Agents, Texarkana, Tex. and Ark. Lands bought and sold, taxes paid, special bargains in timber and prairie lands; impr'd farms for sale or rent.

LERCH & LANDRUM,
GENERAL LAND AGENTS,
San Angelo, Tom Green County, Tex.

PROFESSIONAL.

C. BIGGER, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, No. 316 Main street, Dallas, Tex. Special attention given to civil and criminal cases in the United States Courts of Texas. Late United States attorney Will practice in all courts. Collections a specialty.

EDWARD GRAY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Merchants' Exchange Building, Dallas, Texas.

THOMPSON & CLINT, LAWYERS. Especial attention given to Federal Court prac-tice. 709 Main street, Dallas. FRANK FIELD, Attorney-at-Law, Dallas, Tex. Practices in State and U.S. Courts. Special attention to commercial and corporation law. W. B. WRIGHT, G. G. Wright, J. J. Eckford, Wright, Wright & Eckford, Lawyers, 715 Main St., Dallas.

N. R. MORGAN, Attorney at Law and Nota-tions. Public. Special Attention to Collec-tions. Meridian, Bosque Co., Tex.

W. T. ROBERTS, LAWYER AND LAND AGENT, GAINESVILLE, TEX., Has complete abstract of titles to Cooke County lands.

Morgan, gibbs & freeman, ATTORNEYS AT LAW
513 Main St., Dallas.

Will practice in the State and Federal Courts. REEVES & SPENCE—ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, 604 Main Street, Dallas, Texas.

ROB'T L. BALL.

BALL & BURNEY— Attorneys at Law,
Colorado, Texas.
Special attention given to collections.

FOR SALE.

OR SALE—At the Auction and Commission House, jewelry, albums, blank books, stadonery, oil paintings, hosiery. 613-615 Elm st. FOR SALE—At the Auction and Commission House, sample boots and shoes, tinware, glassware, crockery, underclothing. 613-615 Elm,

BUSINESS CHANCE—The finest Restaurant in the city for sale or rent.

Apply at 726 Elm street.

RERRY BOAT—Cheap for cash, or will sell for cord wood. W. R. HICKS, Cedar and Alamo streets. Also cord wood for sale.

COTTON BRANDS, ALPHABETS, AND FIG-ures, Rubber Stamps, Stencils, etc. FRED A. SMITH, 114 Tremont street, Galveston. FOR SALE—Pure-bred acclimated Jersey heif-ers of the finest butter strain; bred to regis-tered bulls, at Rutherglen Stock Farm, Dallas. FOR SALE—3 regist'd A. J. C. C. Jersey bulls; Choice butter strains Cchampion of America, Albert-Pansey, St. Helier. Geo. W. Jackson, Waco FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for Dallas city property, two lots in the town of Lampasas, each 69x128 feet, favorably located. For further particulars, inquire of J. P. JONES, 930 Main street, Dallas.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A clerk, lady or gentleman, ac customed to use of type writer. Address stating salary expected, Postoffice box 65. WANTED—Help of every kind in demand. If you want work, or if you want help of any kind, apply to this office. We are constantly placing help in all parts of the State. Intelligence and Employment Office 609 Main street, Dallas.

FISH, OYSTERS, ETC. CALVESTON FISH AND OYSTER COM-PANY. P. O. BOX 13. A. J. MUSGROVE, Galveston, Texas. B. MARSAN & CO., Galveston, Texas,
Wholesale dealers in FISH and OYSTERS.
Orders solicited from the country.

BOARDING. BOARDING-At Mayer's Garden European Restaurant. Positively the best meals in Dallas; by the week \$4; with room \$5.

A GENTLEMAN, or gentleman and wife, can find a nice, furnished room with board, at 320 St. Louis street.

SADDLERY AND LEATHER. CHELKOPF & CO.—Jobbers and Manufacturers, Saddlery, Leather, Shoe Findings. Only Exclusive Wholesale House in the State, Solicit orders from the Trade (Merchants and Manufacturers), only. 830 and 832 Main Street and 813 and 815 Commerce Street, Dallas.

JOHN J. MILLER,

DEALER IN

SADDLERY AND HARNESS,

DALLAS, TEX. FURNISHED HOUSE WANTED.

WANTED—A comfortably furnished house for six months from Nov. 1 or Dec. 1. Address, stating location and terms,
B. Dallas Morning News office.

BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS. DAUF F. ERB,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER, DALLAS, TEX. TEXAS COTTON BOOK, \$2 50 and \$3 50; Texas Cotton-Gin Book, \$2 50; Cotton Man's Hand-Book, \$1 50.

ok, \$1 50. CLARKE & COURTS, Stationers, Printers and Lithographers, Galveston.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE. The undersigned desires to state that he has this day admitted Mr. C. W. Brown as a partner in his FLOAT LINE, and the style of firm will hereafter be MELONE & BROWN. We shall be pleased to receive orders for work in our line, and will guarantee satisfaction and dispatch, and will guarantee satisfaction and dispatch.

Office with Sinker, Davis & Co. Both telephones. [Refer to DALLAS MORNING NEWS.]

Dallas, Oct. 1, 1885.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN
ON REAL ESTATE
at low rates, and on time to suit borrowers.
C. E. WELLESLEY, MONEY TO LOAN—For long time at reasonable rates.

J. B. WATKINS L. M. CO.,
Dallas, Texas.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS. WANTED-A small male black and tan dog about 2 or 3 months old. Address at once B., NEWS office.

\$90 A MONTH for services and use of \$2000, to man to take charge of business. Address YALE, box 100, Marshall, Texas.

GENIUS IN GOVERNMENT.

The Great Necessity of Adherence to Fundamental Principles.

Effects of Economic Evils from Infringements Upon Individual Liberty-Reforms Demanded and Remedies Suggested -A Plea for the Preservation of Primary Principles.

Houston, Oct. 14.—In a former article I endeavored to show that the rapid spread of socialistic doctrines among our people was one of the evil results of class legislation. As a supplement to this declaration, I think we may safely lay down the proposition that the economic evils which now afflict our country, and which can but cause anxiety for the future, have their origin not in any inherent weakness of our institutions, but in the disregard of the principles upon which these institutions are based. The fundamental principles underlying our theory of government are those of individual liberty, and the absolute equality of all men before the law. Every addition to or extension of the powers of government involves an abridgment of the liberty of the individual. A due regard for the principle of individual liberty looks, therefore, to the restriction rather than to the extension of those powers, and is concisely expressed by the maxim, that government is best which governs least. The principle of equality requires that all laws shall be equal and uniform in their operation, affecting all classes alike—the same law for all, high and low, rich and poor; and forbids the creation by law, either directly or indirectly, of any privileged class. It is not true that all men are created equal. The accidents of birth, fortune and surrounding circumstances, and difference of mental and physical powers, give to some an advantage over their fellows in the struggle for existence. It is no part of the duty of government to undertake the removal of these natural inequalities; but it is the duty of government to see that no one is given an advantage over his fellows by the operation of law. stances, and difference of mental and physi-

THE OBJECT OF GOVERNMENT.

The primary object of government is the enforcement of justice between man and man. The exigencies of civilization have led to the conferring upon government of additional functions, and the proper limitation of these functions constitutes the problem with which we now have to deal. This problem is complex and difficult, but its solution lies in the application of the two primary principles above set forth. If we keep them steadily in view we shall not go far astray. They are the cornerstones upon which our forefathers erected the magnificent structure they bequeathed to us, and each succeeding year bears additional testimony to their wisdom. If we examine our existing legislation and its results by the light of these principles, we shall find that we have so far departed from them that they are almost lost sight of. We shall find the taxing power of the government perverted from its proper function and applied to the enrichment of the few at the expense of the many, through the operation of our tariff system—an iniquity that stinks to heaven. We shall find the power granted to government for the execution of works of public necessity made use of to squander the resources of the government—the common property of the people—for the benefit of a favored few. We shall find the constitutional powers of Congress strained to authorize the creation of corporations—artificial persons, endowed with powers and privileges denied to the individual. We shall find these artificial creations of the government—grown rich upon the bounty of their creator—using their enormous wealth to corrupt legislation and still further extend their privileges. And, worst of all, we shall find all those who have been enabled through government favor, to accumulate immense fortunes, grasping, with greedy hand, the land—the life of the people. The aggregation of large bodies of land in the hands of individuals and corporations is one of the greatest evils with which we are now confronted. An agricultural population owning the land it tills is the surest basis for a free government. He who owns the soil is master of those who live upon it. God forbid that the British system of tenant farmers should ever be established in America; yet to this end must we come if our land policy be not speedily reversed. far astray. They are the cornerstones upon which our forefathers erected the magnifiica; yet to this end must we come if our land policy be not speedily reversed.

THE PERVERSION OF PRINCIPLES.

Bad as all this is, a still more serious evil has grown out of the perversion of our government from its original principles. The meddling of government with matters outside of its legitimate domain is an evil that grows by what it feeds upon. Our people are becoming demoralized; they are losing their self-reliance and their perception of the proper sphere of government. The curse of the country is too much legislation. but the cry is still for more. Instead of being regarded as a necessary evil, legislation is looked upon as a panacea for all evils. Each of the many diverse and evils. Each of the many diverse and a complex civilization, demands special legislation in its own behalf. Where is it to stop? We must remember that government is only what we make it and partakes of our imperfections. There is no mysterious principle in law that will enable it to take the place of Providence. An act of Congress can not make two and two five, neither can it remove the inequalities of nature. The principle of compensation prevails here as elsewhere. Whatever government gives to one it must take from another. We must return to the plain and simple principles with which we started. All this talk about the rights of labor, the labor vote, and legislation for the benefit of the laboring classes, is foreign to the genius of our government. It knows no classes and no distinctions between its citizens. Class legislation and class politics are alike pernicious. The rights of labor and the rights of capital are the same—the right to justice—nothing more, nothing less. Justice to all, favor to none—to this basis must we bring our government back, or our future will be as dark as our past has been brilliant. rapidly increasing interests, resulting from

WHAT MUST BE DONE.

We must get back into the plain course our fathers marked out for us or we are

The practical application of the great inciples I have indicated suggests the llowing leading measures of reform: 1. The abolition of the protective tariff

system, root and branch, and the substitusystem, root that Manta, and the subsection of an ad valorem tariff, so calculated as to produce, when honestly collected, a sufficient revenue for the support of the government, economically administered.

2. The abolition of the internal revenue system, because we do not need the revenue it produces, and it is vexatious and demoralizing in its effect upon the public.

3. A conservative policy in the creation of corporations, restricting their operations to such fields of enterprise as are beyond the reach of private capital, strictly defining their purposes and limiting their powers to such as are actually necessary to the accomplishment of those purposes.

4. The reservation of the public domain for actual settlers, with all possible safeguards against fraud in the entry of land.

5. Prohibition of land ownership to persons not subject to the duties and legal conditions of citizenship—i. e., aliens.

A wise policy as to the powers of corporations will prohibit their holding land for speculative purposes.

Of equal if not greater importance is a retion of an ad valorem tariff, so calculated

speculative purposes.

Of equal if not greater importance is a reform in methods of administration, and the progress we are now making in this direc-

tion is one of the most gratifying signs of the times, on account of the ground it affords for confidence in the future. The real hope of a nation is, after all, in the character of its people, in their virtue and intelligence,

The Balkan Complication.

Chicago Inter Ocean.

To clearly understand the complications in the Balkan Peninsula, the relations of Servia, Roumania, Bulgaria and Roumelia to Turkey as they were and as they are must be kept in mind. Servia was a part of Turkey from 1521 until the insurrectionary war, which, beginning in 1815, ended in 1829 in the virtual independence of the country. Under the treaty of Sept. 14, 1829, Servia was made a semi-independent kingdom, paying tribute to Turkey. From that date until 1878, Servia occupied about the position so far as government is concerned, taken by Bulgaria. That is to say, the people chose their Prince in the beginning, the title was made hereditary by the Sultan, and the State paid tribute to Turkey. Under the treaty of Berlin, signed July 13, 1878, Servia was made a sovereign independent State of Europe. In the readjustment of affairs Servia claimed that the territory known as Old Servia, extending southward to and taking in a part of Macedonia, should be included in her dominions. This claim was disallowed by the Berlin Congress. As Servia is bounded on the north by Austria, on the east by Roumania and Bulgaria, on the south by the Turkish province of Macedonia, and on the west by Bosnia and Herzegovina, Turkish provinces occupied by Austria, and it will be seen that any disturbance in her dominions is of importance to both Austria and Turkey. Roumania, the territory lying between Austria and the Same river, was up to 1861 known as the Turkish principalities or provinces Wallachia and Moldavia. The two provinces were united in 1861 and became, like Servia, a virtually independent State paying tribute to Turkey. On the 21st of May, 1877, the representatives of the people proclaimed the actual independence of the State, and this was confirmed by the treaty of Berlin Servia was made a sovereign independ-

and this was confirmed by the treaty Bulgaria, the country between the Danube tian inhabitants brought on the Turko-Russian war of 1877, and under the treaty of Berlin it was declared that Bulgaria should be constituted a self-governing and tributary principality. It was ordered "that the Prince of Bulgaria shall be freely elected by the population and confirmed by the Sublime Porte with the consent of the powers." Under the constitution of 1879 the princely title was made hereditary and the details of representative government were perfected. As planned by Russia, Bulgaria was to have included the territory south of the Balkans known as Eastern Roumelia and Macedonia, but this claim was disallowed by the Congress of aim was disallowed by the Congress of

claim was disallowed by the Congress of Berlin,
Eastern Roumelia, by the treaty of Berlin,
was made an autonomous province of Turkey. It was provided that the Governor
General must be a Christian; that he was
to be appointed by the Sultan with the assent of the powers, and that the wishes of
the people were to be consulted. Under the
organic statute of 1879, drawn up by an International Commission, the legislative
power was placed in the hands of a Provincial Assembly. Ten of the members were
to be nominated by the Governor and thirtysix elected by the people.

cial Assembly. Ten of the members were to be nominated by the Governor and thirty-six elected by the people.

As the independence of Roumania and Servia and Montenegro, and the virtual independence of Bulgaria was secured through the interference and by the influence of Russia, the action of these States is regarded with suspicion by Austria and Turkey. The Servians and Bulgarians come in conflict because in annexing Eastern Roumelia to Bulgaria the claims of Servia to Northern Macedonia are jeopardized. The ambition of the Bulgarians is to unite all the Bulgars in one great State. The ambition of Servia is to include in the boundaries of the present State all the country known as Old Servia and Bulgaria, because when the Turkish Empire goes to pieces she expects to absorb Macedonia, Albania, Thessaly and Epirus, or all the country between her northern border and the southern boundary of Servia.

The old Roman province of Macedonia included the country with the northern boundaries of the present kingdom of Greece to the Balkans. The Servia of Charlemagne's time extended northward from the northern boundaries of Epirus to the Danube. The Bulgaria of a few

from the northern boundaries of Epirus to the Danube. The Bulgaria of a few centuries later took in the greater part of the Province of Salonica, which is the modern Macedonia. If all of Old Servia were added to the present country of Servia it would give that kingdom a port on the Adriatic Sea. If Macedonia were added to Servia it would give her the old port of Thes-

Under the treaty of San Stefano it was arranged that Bulgaria should include wha is now known as Bulgaria as well as East ern Roumelia and Salonica, or Macedonia ern Roumelia and Salonica, or Macedonia, but the protests of Greece, Austria, England and Servia overthrew this arrangement. Greec puts forward the claim that Macedonia properly belongs to her, and she put forward this claim very forcibly in the Congress of Berlin. She was, however, overruled. The relations the Bulgarians, the Servians and the Greeks have sustained to Macedonia explain why each nationality is interested in taking a decided stand for or against the policy of annexing Eastern Roumelia to Bulgaria.

The Telephone Suits.

It is still generally expected here in Washington that the suit to try the Bell telephone patents will be ultimately begun in the name of the United States. In this connection it is said that the original patent to Prof. Morse, when it reached the Supreme Court in the course of litigation, was defeated on the ground that it was too broad, in that it made a monopoly of a law of nature. In this same connection a gentleman, who has had years of experience in the Patent Office, says that if the telephone controversy should ever come before the Supreme Court it would meet a fate similar to that of Prof. Morse's claim. Patent Office officials say that there was never a greater mistake made than when it is charged that the annulment of the Bell telephone would benefit any other particular company or inventor. If set aside it would put all telephonic inventions on the market, just as the sewing machine, Woodworth planing machine and a score of other former monopolies are now common property. The statement that the Pan Electric or any other company would gain advantages by the cancellation of the Bell patent is positively denied by the friends of the latter company. What they do claim is that in any event they are masters of the situation. So long as they hold the monopoly they can dictate rates. If defeated, they still have their plant and their investment, and could afford to give a service at a lower cost than any competing company. The public would be the gainer in getting a better and cheaper service, but no corporation or contesting patentees would have an advantage. The other question is, would a competing company be allowed to stretch its wire over a city or put them under ground? Patent office experts say that it is absurd that any government official should have calculated on exhausting his wealth by attacking the validity of the Bell Telephone patent. Whether fraudulently issued or making a claim too broad to be sustained by the courts, whatever the ground on which it may be canceled, the existing company would still have to fight for its support and would be only a question of 5 per cent on the investment as against 40 or 50 per cent profit, as it is now alleged the stockholders receive. feated on the ground that it was too broad, in that it made a monopoly

Going Under the Rod

The Bourbon Republicans deserve praise for one thing—they are placing themselves beyond the reach of presidential lightning.—Philadelphia Times.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

A Chapter on Contracts, or the Middleman in Mail Matters.

The Way it is Worked, the Way of Wickedness and the Way of Wisdom-Men Who Desire to be Doorkeeper-General Washington News.

Special to The News. WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—Under the present postal laws regulating contracts for carrying the mails, it can not be doubted that it is still possible for "rings" or combinations to control the lettings, and thus crush out all honest competitions. It is still the rule for single individuals to secure or control hundreds of contracts, and while standing on the official records as mail contractors, they simply farm out the lines to residents of the localities where the mail routes are located, and thus receive annual tribute for the performance of government service. The department has made honest endeavors to suppress this abuse, but hitherto without

THE WAY IT IS WORKED.

The way in which the mail routes are operated is as follows; A single individual or combination makes proposals at the annual lettings for all the contracts offered by the department, making, of course, his bid a little less than the price paid on the mail route under the existing contract. In such wholesale operations it is but natural that a large number of contracts are secured. Then the successful bidder writes to the man who has previously carried the mails offering him a stated sum for continuing the route service, reserving, of course, a pretty good proportion of the contract price for himself, the original contractor. This offer of a sub-contract must be accepted or the business given up. Another condition is imposed. The sub-contractor, or the man who actually performs the service, must-bear all losses for failures, such as not arriving on schedule time, etc., which makes the percentage of the contractor in name with the department free from all losses. It can be seen, therefore, that the present system simply enables a go-between to exact tribute from the man who is doing honest work for a branch of the government simply because he is a speculator in mail contracts.

THE CASE OF TEXAS. contract price for himself, the original con-

THE CASE OF TEXAS. Take the case of Texas, and the whole thing is apparent. Last year there were awarded ninety-five mail contracts on star routes in Texas allowed by the department. It would be supposed that the contracts were secured by men in the State, on the spot, and having the facilities to do the work. But of the number given but sixteen contracts were awarded to residents of Texas. Contrast this with the success of Mr. Garrett D. Jackson, who lives in London, Ky.; or this place is given as his official address. This gentleman secured forty-seven out of the ninety-five contracts let for mail routes in Texas, or about one-half. The balance was divided between a few other gentlemen, two of whom give this city as their legal residence. No criticism can be made upon the department for this state of things, because no option is left the executive officers but to accept the lowest bidder. It is the system, which is regulated by law, that is at fault. The middler en, or regular contractors, only take the service to secure the percentage; and the question naturally arises why the government should not receive the benefit of this commission—the difference between the contract price paid by the United States and that received by the sub-contractors actually engaged in the transportation of the mails. spot, and having the facilities to do the

A BETTER WAY. There is a way, although submitted with much diffidence, and that is for the contracts to be let at the place where the service is to be performed. The department has official agents at each locality where mail transportation is required, postmasters and traveling and local postoffice inspectors. and it cannot be doubted that such agents, who are bonded officers, will, under the direction of the department, faithfully perform such duties. In such a manner of letting the mail service, the men who will do the work, if allowed the contract at the lowest possible figure, can be had, for this class of men cannot afford to come to Washington, employ expensive counsel, and meet all incidental expenses, to secure a single contract paying but a few hundred dollars annually, as these professional mail contractors who never lift a letter pouch or canvas sack are enabled to do with their hundreds of contracts, aggregating thousands of dollars annually in payments from the treasury. and it cannot be doubted that such agents, ments from the treasury.

THE WAY OF WISDOM. It would be a wise thing for Congress next winter to take hold of this matter. There are other features of the subject, but THE NEWS correspondent at this time simply desires to call attention to a system which preys alike on the government and the faithful mail carrier. The fact that so many of these star routes are in Texas gives additional interest to our people.

DESIRE TO BE DOORKEEPER. The contestants for Jim Wintersmith's place as Doorkeeper of the House of Repre sentatives are each and every one confident of success. Higgins, the present Appointment Clerk of the Treasury Department, his friends say, will go in with a rush when the time comes. It is his civil service record which is so taking with hungry Democratic statesmen, but as he is not even supported unanimously by the Maryland delegation (his own), possibly the predictions are not more than friendly desires. Trainer, of New York, one of Wintersmith's subordinates, also has aspirations, holy if not wise. He claims the entire New York delegation and the Eastern Representatives, but has an opponent, so far as the sectional question is concerned, in a Connecticut man. It is true, as these parties claim, that the East has no representative in the present House organization, and this is their strong card: that with their thirty-nine votes they have not a single elective position. As opposed to this it is said that the position of Doorkeeper was, under the original allotment, awarded to the South, and that, in consequence, its holder should come from that section. This brings to the front Donelson, of Tennessee, who is now an employe of this department. THE NEWS correspondent has not, as yet, heard that the Texas delegation intend putting forward a man to succeed Wintersmith. which is so taking with hungry Democratic

THINGS TOPSY TURVY. If the present appearance of the Capitol be any indication, there is no prospect of any Congress, for everything is upside down; but, then, it does not take the large and efficient corps of employes very long to put things in ship-shape order for a session put things in ship-shape order for a session of Congress. As yet not even the carpets have been laid, and the desks and chairs are still piled in a jumbled mass. Not much has been done to the interior of the Capitol during the present interim, but mechanics of different classes have been busy on the exteriors, whitening the marble fronts, making the new improvements designed by Olmstead, and kindred work. The foremen, however, say that everything will be in readiness for the work to begin on the foremen, however, say that everything will be in readiness for the work to begin on the first Monday in December.

Special Delivery Service on Sunday.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—The arrangement of the special delivery service of Sundays has been left by the Postoffice Department largely with the postmaster. In this city, as in other cities, protests against the em ployment of the boys on Sunday have been made by ministers, who think the boys should

be in Sunday school. The Washington be in Sunday school. The Washington Postoffice authorities think that letters with special delivery stamps arriving here Sundays are entitled to immediate delivery. Yesterday, according to the postmaster's instructions, all such letters were delivered, but local or drop letters were not. This arrangement required the keeping of only three messengers on duty at the mail office in the morning and three in the afternoon, and thus reduced the evil complained of by the ministers to the minimum.

LEON & H. BLUM,

IMPORTERS OF AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

STAPLE AND FANCY

HATS.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Gents' Furnishing Goods, Notions, Etc.

GALVESTON, - - - TEXAS.

Undisputed in the BROAD CLAIM of being the

QUICKEST SELLING.

MOST PERFECT COOKING RANGE

EVER PLACED ON SALE.

HUEY & PHILP, - - Dallas

B. M. Bond & Bro. Wholesale and retail dealers in

MORONEY HARDWARE CO

DALLAS, TEXAS.

Wholesale dealers in

SHELF AND HEAVY HARDWARE.

Our line of specialties is large and prices low.

405 ELM ST., DALLAS, TEXAS.

FLIPPEN, ADOUE & LOBIT,

TEXAS

DALLAS.

SOLD BY

HANDSOMEST AND

YERY BEST OPERATING.

SIMPLICITY

PADGITT BROS.,

Manufacturers and Jobbers in

Saddlery, Saddlery Hardware, Leather and Shoe Findings, 718 Elm and 717 and 719 Main Street, Dallas, Tex.

P. J. WILLIS & BROTHER, COTTON FACTORS,

Importers and wholesale Dealers in

Groceries, Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps and Notions.

Willis Buildings, Strand, Galveston, Tex.

INFORMATION FOR THE TRAVELING PUBLIC.

YOUR CHOICE OF ROUTES-TRAVEL VIA THE

It is the great thoroughfare between Central

It is the most popular route between the EAST and WEST.

It is the SHORT LINE to NEW ORLEANS and all points in Louisiana, New and Old Mexico, Arizona and California. It is the favorite line to the North, East and

Southeast. It runs elegant PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPING CARS through between ST. LOUIS (via Texarkana) and DEMING, N. M.; also PULLMAN PALACE SLEEPING CARS between FORT WORTH and NEW ORLEANS without change. Solid Trains El Paso to St. Louis (via Texarkana).

It runs a line of SUPERB PULLMAN HOTEL and SLEEPING CARS between St. LOUIS (via Denison, Dallas and Fort Worth) and SAN ANTONIO.

tiful Indian Territory.

It runs DOUBLE DAILY trains, making close and sure connections in Union Depots at Kansas City, St. Louis and Hannibal for all points. Solid Trains San An-TONIO TO ST. LOUIS (via Fort Worth, Dallas and Denison.

Texas and all points North, East and West

It is the only line passing through the beau-

By either of these Lines there is but ONE CHANGE of cars to CHICAGO, CINCINNATI, NEW YORK, BOSTON, LOUISVILLE. WASHINGTON,

PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE and Other Principal Cities.

Train for Little Rock, St. Louis and the Southeast and East via T. & P. R'y—"Buffet Car Line"—leaves Dallas 8:40 a. m.

Trains for New Orleans via T. & P. R'y leaves Dallas 8:40 a. m. and 3:10 p. m.

Train for the West and points in Southwest Texas via T. & P. R'y leaves Dallas 6:45 p. m.

Train for St. Louis and the North, East and West via Mo. Pac. R'y—"Hotel Car Line"—leaves Dallas 10:30 p. m.

Passengers booked to and from all points in EUROPE via the AMERICAN Steamship Line, between Philadelphia and Liverpool, and the RED STAR Steamship Line, between New York, Philadelphia and Antwerp. For full information or tickets call on

E. P. TURNER, Ticket Agent, No. 506 Main St., Dallas, Tex. H. P. HUGHES, Pass. Agent, Houston, Tex.

W. H. NEWMAN, Traffic Manager, Galveston Tex.

B. W. McCULLOUGH, G. P. & T. A., Galveston Tex-

THE

Issued simultaneously every day in the year at

GALVESTON AND DALLAS, TEX.

A. H. BELO & CO., PUBLISHERS.

The greatest medium of public intelligence in the entire limits of the great Southwest.

Every section of the State of Texas served with all the news, full and fresh, on the day of publication, through a systematic and scientific division of territory and intertransmission of intellgence. The distance from

Galveston to Dallas, 315 Miles,

is so overcome by this system that the long felt want of a first-class daily newspaper "on time" and thoroughly reliable to every point of the compass from the two offices is at last secured now and for all time to come, neither conflicting nor clashing and each combining the leading excellent features of the other. A most complete and extensive

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embodying full market reports from all the leading centers of trade and commerce, features so essential to the desires and necessities of every well regulated business

house and man or firm making financial investments.

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Contains carefully epitomized selections of reading matter from the columns of the two daily issues, with particular attention paid to the demands of its specific class of readers.

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S. S. FLOYD & CO.,

Grain, Provisions, Cotton and Stocks FOR FUTURE DELIVERY.

COMMERCIAL.

jubilant feeling over the advance in the price of wool. The rise is 3c per pound in two

L. Levy, clothier, assigned yesterday, liabili-

ESTIMATING THE COTTON CROP.

tions of "one million bales more than last year," has had its natural result of causing exporters and spinners to reduce their bids. It is hard for the people of the South to have their only product for sale so greatly depre-

ciated by mere guess work of a department of There is wisdom in the lesson intended to be conveyed in the above quotation, and the idea suggested that there should be less imaginary and hasty crop estimates is worthy of consideration, although no matter how newspapers and cotton firms write. The practice of making estimates of the cotton crops will continue as from time immemorial. Reforms are slow, and in no direction are they slower than in the matter under consideration. But are the parties-Messrs, Hill, Fontaine & Co.-referred to out much in their calculation as indicated in this particular circular? Their figures (700,000 acres), an increase of acreage, are about right.

For sale, fresh Cotton Seed Meal and Hulls. BEST FEED IN THE WORLD for cattle and milch cows, at their Mills in EAST DALLAS.

PIANOS. ORGANS. FREES & SON

THE HOWARD OIL CO

PAY HIGHEST CASH PRICE FOR

Cotton Seed and Seed Cotton

MUSIC HOUSE

OF TEXAS. 812 and 814 Main St., Dallas, Texas.

HARDMAN. New England, and Frees & Son PIANOS.

NEW ENGLAND AND STANDARD ORGANS, AND ALL KINDS OF

MUSICAL MERCHANDISE

And other first-class Pianos for sale by C. H. EDWARDS

Nos. 733 and 735 Main St., Dallas, Tex. Send for catalogue and prices before buying elsewhere.

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J. S. DAUGHERTY DALLAS, TEXAS,

will give special attention to securing good investments in land for COLONIES, location for Stock Ranches, Pine Lands for Saw Mills and Farming Lands. He will also give special attention to the investment of Texas and Pacific Railroad Company

LAND GRANT BONDS In the Lands of the Company.

Having had a surveying corps on the frontier of Texas for the last eight years, and traveled extensively in the State, he is thoroughly acquainted with the quality of lands in different portions, as well as the value of the same, and

RAILROADS. his facilities for assisting purchasers to good bargains are unsurpassed, and he guarantees satisfaction to all parties entrusting him with their business. He is also prepared to furnish on short notice complete abstracts of title of Dallas city and county property.

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Real Estate and Collecting Agents, Established 1874.

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PRATHER & ARDREY, Real Estate Agents and Collectors. Buy and sell lands and city property, furnish abstracts of titles, render property for taxes, negotiate loans, etc.

741 ELM STREET, DALLAS, TEXAS. J. C. O'CONNOR, M. L. CRAWFORD,

J. F. O'CONNOR, Cashier. CITY NATIONAL BANK, DALLAS, TEXAS.

 Cash capital
 \$100,000

 Surplus
 67,000

BROKERS

DALLAS, Oct. 16.-Trade was good to-day Merchants were kept busy all day. Buyers from the country were in town in goodly numbers and so were orders. Retailers kept the ball rolling. Quotations are steady and with-

The Midland special this morning notes a

Messrs. Hill, Fontaine & Co., of St. Louis, in a circular dated Oct. 13, have this to say:
"The National Agricultural Bureau's predic-

acres), an increase of acreage, are about right. Texas has a marvellous increase in population and a corresponding increase in acreage. Her cotton crop this year will be close on to 2,000,000 bales, the crop yield alluded to. The estimate of the crop in this instance was, therefore, nearly correct. At the time it was made (August) it was founded on the prospect. The prospect, owing to weather and other propitious influences too numerous to mention, all of which are familiar to the cotton trade, continue good. The point to be made, as per suggestion of Messrs. Hill, Fontaine & Co., is that estimates of excessive crop yield ane too frequently made. It might be further said that there is a mania in this direction and there may be some method in the mania. But why accept any estimate of the crop whether made by the National Bureau, the newspapers or cotton firms? It is the old story of let the buyer beware. The intelligent business community is fully alive to the great difficulty of getting an estimate of a growing crop, and are consequently sufferers by their own stupidity if they accept obvious uncertainty for certainty. The estimates take color from different influences. Farmers generally cry hard times and short crops. The buyer and manufacturer will urge that it will be large. Railroads boom stocks with great accounts of the yield along their lines. Newspapers have no good reason to overestimate. If any source of compilation of estimates should be correct the National Bureau ought to be. Perhaps the cotton firms and producers and manufacturers object to estimates made by newspapers. But The News would not make the accusation that any estimating source would assume any kind of attitude to disparage the National Bureau or

show that a hadjointy of them will overestimate the crop, whether the season be propitious or not.

In the particular case of the estimates made and sent abroad by the letter writer referred to, they were close on to the mark. Their statements are so near the statements of the prospects made by THE GALVESTON NEWS, at the time mentioned, as to suggest that they were inspired by that paper. Of course, it is agreed, that the sooner the facts regarding the probable yield are known, the better for the farmer, the buyer and the merchant. The sooner the figures of the cotton in sight are correctly collected throug accurate data, approximate at best, the better for all concerned. Values will thus be more firmly fixed and there will be far less injustice to the producing class. Even the spinner and manufacturer, who may not object to excessive estimates of the crop if the effect will be to enable them to secure cotton at low figures, will find in the long run that correct information all along the line will be the best policy. If they buy cotton at low prices they are apt to overstrain the volume of production, and when the staple settles down to its proper value the consuming class will not be able to indulge freely in the luxury of cotton goods, particularly if the crop is so short as to cause a hard season.

DALIAS SPOT MARKET.

DALLAS SPOT MARKET. Cotton closed quiet, middling being quoted RECEIPTS TO-DAY.

 Total
 421

 Receipts to date
 7,267

 Shipments
 415

 Stock on hand
 1,058

THE GENERAL LUCAL MARKET.

APPLES—Western \$3 50@3 75 \ bbl. AXLE GREASE—65c@\$1 \ doz. BACON—5hort clear smoked 73/c, short clear ry salt 7c, breakfast bacon 93/c; hams, short

ry sait 7c, breaktast bacon 9%c; nams, snort lear canvased 10%c.

Bagging And Ties—Boston 1% th 11%@12c, outhern 2 th 12%@13c, Empire 1% th 10%@11%c. ies—Arrow, full length \$1 47%@1 60.

Bananas—\$2@4 \(\psi\$ \) bunch.

Baning Powbers—Standard goods in ths \(\psi\$ \) \(\psi\$ oz, grape in ths \(\psi\$ 2 50. \)

Beans—California in bags 4%c \(\psi\$ th, hand ieked medium 4c, Lima beans in sacks 4%c. \)

Blueing—Bag blueing 60c \(\psi\$ doz, 4 oz liquid lo, pints 85c, 8awyer's \(\psi\$ 3 50. \)

Beeswax—18@20c.

BLUEING—Bag bitteing 69c & doz, 4 oz liquid c, pints 85c, Sawyer's \$3 50.

BEESWAX—18@26c

BONES AND HORNS—Bones, clean and dry \$11 ton delivered on track; horns, fresh and ean, ox 5c each, steer 2c, cow ½c each.

BUTTER—Fresh country choice 15@20c, choice estern dairy 18c, fancy creamery 30c.

CANNED GOODD—Apples, 3 to cans \$1 50 & doz, allon cans \$3, 90@4; blackberries, 2 th \$1 20@
30; strawberries, 2 th \$1 30@1 60; gooseberries, b \$1 10@1 20; raspberries, 2 th \$1 30@1 35; hortleberries \$1 30@1 70; standard corn \$1 45 1 50, seconds corn \$1 30@1 35; lobsters 2 th 15@2 25; mackerel, 1 th cans \$1 10@1 15 & doz, 5 5 50@5 75; oysters, 1 th f. w. \$1 10@1 15 & doz, 2 th f. w. \$2 10@2 15, 1 th 1 w 50@65c, 2 th 1. w. 10@1 25; peaches standard goods 3 th \$1 70@ so & dods 2 th \$1 60@1 75; peaches 3 th \$1 50@1 60, Numn's 2 th \$1 60@1 75; peaches 3 th \$1 50@1 60, Numn's 2 th \$1 60@1 75; peaches 3 th \$1 50@1 60, Numn's 2 th \$1 60@1 75; peaches 3 th \$1 50@1 60, Numn's 2 th \$1 60@1 75; peaches 3 th \$1 50@1 76, soaked \$5c, 1, French Chatelein 26c each, French Dupon c; Salmon, Columbia River \$1 50@1 75, soaked \$5c, 1, French Chatelein 26c each, French Dupon c; Salmon, Columbia River \$1 50@1 55 & doz, ceramento City \$1 35@1 40; shrimps, standard, adds, 2 th \$2 90@3; tomatoes, standards, 3 th 25@1 30, 2 th \$100.

s, 2 h \$2 90000, buttoned at 130,2 th \$100 105.

SDLES—Full weight 8 11½@12c \$7 h, full int 6 11½@12c \$7 h, full Annershies—Cape Cod \$9 \$7 bbl.

PRINTS—New crop 6@6½c \$7 h. CURRANTS—New crop 6@634c \$\forall b\$.

ROUGH LUMBER—Per M, 20 feet long and unCALIFORNIA CANNED GOODS—Table fruit, 23/- 15

der \$20, 26 feet and over \$22 50, clear select \$25,

Fox's flint stick 10@12c & b, fancy

b.
OAL OILS—Eupion in bbl 27c \(\psi \) gal, Brilliant
bbl 17c \(\psi \) gal, Eupion in 2-5 cans \(\psi \), Brilliant
\(\psi \) cans \(\psi \), Brilliant in 1 gal cans \(\psi \), 83.

DRIED APPLES—Alden's process evaporated 909%c \(\psi \) b, \(\psi \) bright 3% 04\(\psi \) coross evaporated 909%c \(\psi \) b, \(\psi \) bright 3% 04\(\psi \) c, \(\psi \) carbolic 86\(\psi \) 07c, currants 66\(\psi \) c.

DRIED APPLES—Alden's process evaporated 909%c \(\psi \) b, \(\psi \) bright 3% 04\(\psi \) c, \(\psi \) carbolic 86\(\psi \) c.

DRIED AND OLLS—Acids, benzoic 21c \(\psi \) oz, carbolic 80c \(\psi \) b, tannic \$1 65 \(\psi \) b, tantaric powd 50c \(\psi \) b. Alun 3\(\psi \) 65 \(\psi \) b. Ammonia, carbonate \$16c \(\psi \) b; muriate, cryst, 15c \(\psi \) b.

Assafetida 200\(\psi \) b. Almosia, carbonate \$16c \(\psi \) b; muriate, cryst, 15c \(\psi \) b.

Assafetida 200\(\psi \) b. Biu mas \$45c \(\psi \) b.

Assafetida 200\(\psi \) b. Calomel, American 75c \(\psi \) b. Calomel, American 75c \(\psi \) b. English \$\psi \ \psi \) b. Calomel, American 75c \(\psi \) b. English \$\psi \ \psi \) b. Caloriosive sublimate \$5c \(\psi \) b. Cream tartar, cp 40c \(\psi \) b. Extract logwood 10\(\psi \) B. \(\psi \) b. cyrsive \$1 60. Chloroform 75\(\psi \) 50c. Conchonidia, 1 oz vials 23c, 5 oz cans 18c \(\psi \) c. Cocaine muriate, cryst 10c \(\psi \) pressed \(\psi \) 50c b. B. Gun, arable 50c \(\psi \) b. Cream tartar, cp 40c \(\psi \) b. Extract logwood 10\(\psi \) B. \(\psi \) b. Senna leaves 20c \(\psi \) b. Morphine, P. & W. \(\psi \) 33 05 \(\psi \) oz, qoi unces \$2 80 \(\psi \) oz.

Buchn leaves 15c \(\psi \) b. Senna leaves 20c \(\psi \) b. Sage, pressed \(\psi \) 212 c \(\psi \) b. Mercury 50c \(\psi \) b. Morphine, P. & W. \(\psi \) 33 05 \(\psi \) oz, do ounces \$2 80 \(\psi \) oz.

Ozin brasium, bromide 40c \(\psi \) b. Belmoward 16c \(\psi \) b. Morphine, P. & W. \(\psi \) 33 05 \(\psi \) c. Quo ounces \$2 80 \(\psi \) oz.

Divi brasium, bromide 40c \(\psi \) b. Belmoward 16c \(\psi \) b. Chlorate advanced cryst 25c \(\psi \) b. Acy do 5 oz can 78c \(\psi \) oz. Red precipitate 55c \(\psi \) b. Chlorate 6c, Peabody 50c; b. Inhe

1ARD—Refined in tierces 7% c \(\psi \) b, 50 \(\bar{b} \) pails 7% c, 20 \(\bar{b} \) pails 7%, 10 \(\bar{b} \) pails 7% c, 5 \(\bar{b} \) pails 8c, 3 \(\bar{b} \) pails 8c,

7%c, 20 lb pails 7%, 10 lb pails 7%c, 5 lb pails 8c, 3 lb pails 8%c.

LEMONS—Chotce \$4 25@4 50 \(\psi\$ box.

LEMONS—Chotce \$1 25@6 50 \(\psi\$ box.

LEMONS—Chotce \$4 50@6 50 \(\psi\$ box.

LEMONS—Chotce \$4

rts \$17. Cm—Western Union f. w. \$2 90@3 \(\psi\) box, ladelphia l. w. \$2 50@2 65, Americus f. w. \$4. OLISE—Almonds 206 \(\psi\) liberts 15@16c, Bra-cuts 10@12c, pecans 7@8c, cocoanuts \$5 50 \(\psi\)

responds \$6\[\psi\) c. NIONS-Northern \$2 75 \$7 bbl, Texas 75c@\$1

Du. Dranges—Louisiana \$5 \$\forallet\$ box. POTATOES—Western, in sacks, 75@850 \$\forallet\$ bu. POULTRY—Mixed coops of chickens \$2 50@3, rkeys 75c@\$1. DER—Rifle and shot gun \$3 65 \(\forall \) keg, \$25, Eagle ducking \(\forall \) kegs \$3 50. \$81—Babbit's (2) cases \$2\tilde{\tilde{2}}2 15, Union (4)

-Prime to choice 5% @6c & th.
-Sisal % inch basis 8%c & th, cotton e 11c. Muscatel \$3, California layers \$2 40. Arrch—Royal gloss, 6 tb boxes 6% 66%c, 3 tb es 5% 25%c, 1 tb boxes 5% 26%c, 1 tb doxes 5% 26%c, 1 tb boxes 5% 26%c, bulk 4% 26%c; -Bicarb, in kegs 4% @5c # \$,1 \$ pack

54, 66c; sal soda 24, 63c. FF-Garrett's 6 oz bottles \$11 25 \$7 box, do 1 oxes \$4, Ralph's 6 oz bottles \$10 50, do ½ oz 184 25. "-Michigan flat hoops \$2 15@2 25 \ bbl, iana fine \$2 15@2 25. coarse \$1 95@2. LES-Black pepper in grain 18@20 \ \bar{b}, ce in grain 8@9c, ginger in grain 14@16c,

megs 65c.

UGAR—Standard granulated 8½@8½c \(\psi \) th,

confectioners' A 8@8½c, cut loaf 8½@8½c,

powdered 8½@8½, N. Y. extra C 6½@7½c.

CRAP IRON—Wroughtscrap \$7 \(\psi \) ton, heavy

tings \$10@11, stove piate \$7@8, pig iron

oth) No. 1 \$14 50.

ARDINES—French \$13, American \$6 75.

AUR KRAUT—\$4@4 25 \(\psi \) ½ bbl.

WEET POTATOES—75@90c \(\psi \) bu.

EAS—Gun powder 35@50c \(\psi \) th, imperial 40@

, Oolong 35@50c.

OBACCO—Standard plug, navies 40@45c \(\psi \) th,

60c, Oolong 35@50c.
TOBACCO—Standard plug, navies 40@45c \(\psi \) \text{th},
do bright plug 7 oz 85@45c, 11 inch plug 30@35c;
smoking, standard goods, assorted 42@54c \(\psi \) \text{th}.
VEGETABLES—Good western cabbage, \(\psi \) 50@
2 75 \(\psi \) crate.
WOOL—Good medium 15@18c, fine 14@16c,
Mexican 11c, burry from 2@5c less \(\psi \) \(\psi \).

HARNESS-No. 1 oak 33@36c # th according to quality, No. 2 do 31@32c. Hemlock, No. 1 32c,

LEATHER.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

LIME-Coopered \$2 \ bbl, in bulk \$1 35.

4 50.

LATH—Plastering \$3 50 \(\psi \) m.

HATR—Goat 75c \(\psi \) bu.

DOORS—Common \$1 50\(\pi \) according to size, nolded \$4\(\pi \) 8 according to finish.

SASH—Common \$1\(\pi \) 60\(\pi \) 50 \(\pi \) pair according to size.

BLINDS—\$1 50\(\pi \) 3 50 \(\pi \) pair.

MOLDING—White pine inch \(\pi \) c \(\pi \) foot.

LOCAL LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Note-All sales of stock in this market are made # cwt, live weight, unless otherwise

culls all lengths \$15, ½ inch by 3 inch battons \$17.50, ½ inch by 6 inch cling \$15, cypress se-

CEMENT—Rosendale \$2 50 \$\psi\$ bbl, Louisville 25, English Portland \$4 75, Michigan plaster 50

DESCRIPTION.	Medium. Good to extra.
Cattle— steers. Feeders. Cows. Sulls. Veal calves. Milkers, \(\psi \) head. Hogs—	2 00@ 2 50 2 50@ 2 75 1 50@ 2 00 2 25@ 2 50 1 00@ 1 25 1 25@ 1 50 3 00@ 3 50 3 50@ 4 00
Packing and shipping Light weights Stock hogs Sheep— Natives. Stockers, # head	3 00@ 3 25 3 25@ 3 50 1 50@ 3 00

COTTON MARKETS.

GALVESTON, Oct. 16 .- Business is as previously reported.

The receipts of cotton in the city this week amounted to 40,712 bales, the largest receipts for one week ever known here. The receipts thus far this season are 165,247 bales; same time far this season are 165,247 bales; same time last season, 137,878 bales; stock this day, 62,429 bales; in compresses, 31,422 bales; on ship-board, 31,007 bales; total exports this week, 32,448 bales; thus far this season, 106,110 bales; same time last season, 90,287 bales; sales this week, 8,270 bales; total this season, 44,280 bales. There are fifteen steamships in port receiving cotton and several others which will commence loading at once. There is a good demand for cotton and middling is 1-16c higher here than it is in New Orleans.

here than it is in New Orleans.	
GALVESTON SPOT COTTON.	
Tone	teady
Good Ordinary	
Middling	9 5-16
Good Middling	9 9-16
Middling Fair	9 13-16
HOUSTON COTTON MARKET.	

CONSOLIDATED SPOT MARKET.

		MIDD	Sales			
	Tone.	To-day	Yest'y			
Liverpool		5 7-16	51/2	7,000		
Galveston	Steady	9 5-16	9 5-16	777		
NewOrleans	Steady	91/4	91/4	5,700		
Mobile		91/8	9 3-16	800		
Savannah	Quiet	93%	93%	3,000		
Charleston		9 3-16	9 3-16	2,500		
Wilmington	Quiet	9 5-16	9 5-16			
Norfolk		9 7-16	9 7-16	755		
Baltimore		9 11-16	93/			
New York	Dull	9 13-16	9 13-16	394		
Boston		10	10			
Phil'delphia		101/8	10%			
Augusta				1,231		
Memphis	Quiet	9 3-16	9 3-16	2,800		
St. Louis	Quiet			1,024		
RECEIPTS AT UNITED STATES PORTS.						

RECEIL IS AT UNITED STATES TOTALS.
Galveston
New Orleans 8,789
Mobile 849
Savannah b,310
Charleston
Wilmington 1,225
Norfolk
Bltimore
New York 865
West Point
Other ports 2,461
Total this day 37,071
Total this day last week
Total this day last year
U. S. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT.
Receipts thus far this week
Receipts same time last week191,897
Receipts same time last year240,541
Receipts this day 37,071
Receipts this day last year 39,322
Total this season
Total last season
Excess this season 10,092
Exports to Great Britain

Exports to Continent. Stock this day. Stock this day last week. Stock this day last year. Excess this day.		459,901 390,390 453,551 6,350
y	This w'k.	This w'k last year.
Sales-Total	46,000	58,000
To exporters	3,500	
To speculators	1,600	1,200
To the trade	40,900	48,600
Of American	34,000	41,000
Of other sorts	12,000	17,000
Forw'rded from ships' sides	5,100	6,000
Imports-Total	20,000	43,000
American	17,000	37,000
Other sorts	3,000	6,000
Total since Aug. 31	106,000	194,000
A case white water	04 000	740 000

FUTURE MARKETS.

FUTURE MARKETS.

New York, Oct. 16.—Futures opened steady, ruled quiet, and closed steady; October 9.67% 9.68c, November 9.65c, 9.68c, December 9.65c, January 9.77@9.78c, February 9.89@9.90c, March 10@10.01c, April 10.11@10.13e, May 10.23@10.24c, June 10.34@10.35c, July 10.44@10.45c, August 10.51 @10.53c; sales 54.600 bales.

New Orleans, Oct. 16.—Futures opened steady, ruled steady, and closed very steady; October 9.11c bid, November 9.11@9.13c, December 9.18@9.19c, January 9.31@9.32c, February 9.47@9.48c, March 9.62@9.63c, April 9.77@9.78c, May 9.91@9.93c, June 10.05@10.06c, July 10.17@10.19c; sales 34.200 bales.

Liverpool, Oct. 16.—Futures opened dull, ruled dull, and closed firm; October 5.24d asked, October November 5.21d, November December 5.20d bid, December January 5.21d, January February 5.22d bid, February-March 5.26d asked, March April 5.28d bid, April-May 5.31d bid, May-June 5.34d bid.

HAVRE, Oct. 15.—Spots quiet and easy; tres ordinaire, 68; low middling, aloading, 66. Futures easy; October 63, November 63, December 63, January 63½c, February 63½, March 64, April 64¼.

COMMERCE AND FINANCE.

NEW YORK MONEY AND BOND MARKET. NEW YORK, Oct. 16.—Money closed easy at 1½ per cent. Exchange closed firm and higher; posted rates \$485@487; actual rates \$484. @484. for sixty days, \$484. @486½ for demand. Governments closed firm; currency 6's 128½ bid, 4's coupons 123½ bid, 4½'s coupons 112½.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

CHICAGO, Oct. 16.—There was another harvest to day for the bears. There was a shrinkage of %@% before the official opening on an advance of %c in consols, and when trading began there was a rush to sell wheat. It soon became noised about that the large crowd of small "longs" were being shaken out of the deal. From an opening of 92c there was a moderately steady decline to 91%c for December, after which a little recovery of %@%c came in, but it was not sustained. When values were growing quite weak New York telegrams were received announcing the posting of some 2,000,000 bushels of wheat in New York. This made the situation additionally heavy. A large share of today's offerings was stuff on which margins had expired. Millers at Minneapolis declined ic today and will put it down another 2c to-night. The close was barely steady at the decline noted.

Corn received only a small share of attention CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

forn received only a small share of attention and barely moved e%, the tendency being downward in sympathy with other grains.

CLOSING PRICES.

Wheat closed steady; 89% for October, 90% for November, 92% for December, 93% for December, 93% for December, 93% for December, 90% for December for Decembe

January. Corn a shade firmer; 421/2 for October, 401/20 for November, 37%c for the year, 35%c for January.
Oats unchanged, 25%c for October, 25%c for November, 29%c for December.
NEW ORLEANS GRAIN MARKET.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 16.—Corn steady; mixed 55c, yellow 56c, white scarce, 55@56c.
Oats firmer; No. 2 Texas 35@36c, rust proof

Bran quiet at 92%c. Hay firm at \$17 50@18 50, prime \$15@16. ST. LOUIS GRAIN MARKET. St. Louis, Oct. 16.—Wheat lower and dull. Cables, fine weather, declining markets everywhere else and a flood of bearish intelligence made an extremely weak and depressed market. There was free selling early and after an opening at 10% lower prices eased off 10% 10mes.

more. Later it recovered partially, but at the

elose was %@%c below yesterday's close.
Corn.—The market is still dull and trading insignificant. The fine weather, weakness in wheat and easier markets elsewhere gave a weak feeling, except for October, which improved %c with eash later.
Oats firm but dull.
CLOSING PRICES.
Wheat—October 97%c asked, November 97%c bid, December \$1 00\frac{1}{2}\$, day \$1 0\frac{1}{2}\$.
Corn—October 38%c bid, November \$5\frac{1}{2}\$c, year \$3\frac{1}{2}\$c bid, January \$3\frac{1}{2}\$c, May \$3\frac{1}{2}\$c bid, December \$2\$ to d, November \$24\frac{1}{2}\$c bid, year \$24\frac{1}{2}\$c bid, May \$29\frac{1}{2}\$c.
KANSAS CITY, GRAIN MARKET.
KANSAS CITY, Oct. 16.—Wheat—Receipts 13,893

KANSAS CITY GRAIN MARKET.

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 16.—Wheat—Receipts 13,893
bu; market lower; No. 2 red, cash 76%c bid,
77%c asked; November 77%c bid, 77%c asked;
December 79%c bid, 80%c asked; May 89%@90%c;
No. 2 soft, cash 85c bid, 87c asked.
Corn—Receipts 1673 bu; market quiet; No. 2
cash nominal; November 30c, year 25c bid, 26%c
asked; No. 2 white, cash nominal.
Oats—No. 2 cash 25c asked.
Hay unchanged.
2 p. m.—Wheat lower; cash 76%c bid, 77%c
asked; November 77%c bid, 78%c asked; May
89%@90%c.

ST. LOUIS PROVISION MARKET. St. Louis, Oct. 16.—The provision market to-ay was dull as ever; values about the same as esterday for pork, lard and bacon, but up ountry dry salt meat was offered lower and

not taken.

Pork—Standard mess sold at \$9, heavy new heid at \$9 50; on orders—standard \$9 25@9 37%.

Lard—Prime steam \$5 90 bid; on orders—refined tierce \$6 50@6 75, fancy leaf \$7@7 50.

Dry Salt Meat—Shoulders \$3 30, tongs \$5 35, clear ribs \$5 50, short clear \$5 70 on orders—shoulders \$3 62% 23 75, longs \$5 80.

Bacon—Longs \$5 75@5 55, clear ribs \$6 05@6 10, short clear \$6 37% @6 40, shoulders nominal at \$6 87% @6 50.

pp 51/4/00 50.

Hams quiet at \$9 50@11; on orders—shoulders \$3 75, longs \$6 12/4/06 25, clear ribs \$6 37/4/00 50, short clear \$6 75. Breakfast bacon quiet and steady at \$7 50@

Beef-Family \$10@12, according to brand. Country Lard-Hardly any offered; worth \$5 50@5 75. 55 50@5 75. Country Bacon—We hear of none on the narket; good sides worth \$6; shoulders and

market; good sides worth \$6; shoulders and hams nominal.

Salt firm; domestic \$1 05@1 10.

Whisky steady at \$1 03.

Flour—Receipts 2768 bbls, shipments 10,945 bbls; market quiet but steady; XX \$3 30@3 40, XXX \$8 55@8 65, family \$8 75@3 85, choice \$4 10 @4 20, fancy \$4 60@4 70, extra fancy, including favorite brands, \$4 80@5 05, patents \$5 25@5 60.

Rye flour unchanged at \$3 65@3 75.

Corn meal steady and firm at \$1 90@1 95.

XEW ORL FAAS, PROVISION MARKET.

NEW ORLEANS PROVISION MARKET.

NEW ORLEANS PROVISION MARKET.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 16.—Provisions unsettled.
Pork \$9 25.

Cut Meats—Shoulders \$4, sides \$5 75.

Bacon \$3 50\tilde{0} 25, long clear sides \$6 10.

Hams—Choice sugar cured \$10 50\tilde{0} 11.

Lard—Refined tierce \$6 25\tilde{0} 63 75, refined packers' tierce \$6 62\tilde{0} 67 5, kettle \$6 87\tilde{0}.

Flour steady and firm; extra fancy \$5 25\tilde{0} 50, fancy \$5\tilde{0} 50 10, choice \$4 75\tilde{0} 485.

Corn meal quiet at \$2 15.

Molasses—Open kettle good prime 56\tilde{0} 62c, centrifugal good prime 56\tilde{0} 62c, good fair 50c; receipts sold up; syrup 30\tilde{0} 60c; receipts 327 bbls; sales \$27 bbls.

Sugar—Open kettle, 13 hhds new at 6c, centrifugal choice white 6\tilde{0} c, off white 6\tilde{0} c, gray white 6 9.16c, prime yellow 6\tilde{0} c; receipts sold up; receipts 13 hhds and 301 bbls; sales 13 hhds, 301 bbls.

up; receipts is fine and sold bbls.
OHICAGO PROVISION MARKET. OHICAGO PROVISION MARKET.

CHICAGO, Oct. 18.—The receipt of some 26,000 hogs was expected to break down the provision market, but offerings all through the line of hog products were remarkably light and sustained the market all through the morning session, even a slight advance being established in remote deliveries.

Pork unchanged; \$8 40 for November, \$8 45 for December, \$9 30 for January.

Lard steady; \$5 97½ for November, \$6 for December, \$6 56 for January.

Short Ribs steady; \$5 30 for October, \$5 02½ for November, \$4 77½ for January.

ST. LOUIS LIVE STOCK MARKET.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 16.—Cattle—Receipts 605 head;

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET. CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

CHICAGO, Oct. 16.—Hogs—Receipts 25,000 head; market active and firm; light \$3 40@4 05, rough packing \$3 40@3 60, heavy packing and shipping \$3 60@3 95.

Cattle—Receipts 7200 head; market steady; shipping grades \$4@6, butchers \$1 50@4, stockers \$2 20@3 50, Texans \$2 75@3 60.

Sheep—Receipts 3000 head; market weak; sales 125 head at \$3 50.

ST. LOUIS HIDES, WOOL, ETC.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 16.—Wool—Receipts 44,190 lbs; offerings liberal; demand good, and trading moderate at steady prices. We quote (spot cash): Texas, Southwest Arkansas, etc., medium choice, 12 months, 23@23½c; choice, 12 months, 23@23½c; choice, 12 months, 23@23½c; choice, 12 months, 23@23½c; choice, 12 months, 24@23c; medium choice, 6 to 8 months, 19@21c; short and sandy western 12@17c, carpet stock or low 12@17c, hard, burry, cotted, etc., 10@15c.
Sheep Pelts—Green skins 50@70c, dry 25@60c, dry shearlings 10@25c.
Hides—Offerings light, demand good, and market firmer; green salted 9½c, damaged 8½c, part cured 7c, green uncured 8c, green uncured 7c, green uncured 8c, green uncured 7c, damaged 1½c, glue stock 3c, dry flint 17c, damaged 1½c, glue hides 6c, hides under 10 bs classed as damaged.
Tallow—Market quiet and generally easy for most of the offerings, but choice in oil barrels at 5c, ½c less in irregular packages; No. 2 in oil barrels at 5c, ½c less in irregular packages; tallow grease 4½@4½c \(\psi \) b. Grease dull; brown and yellow 3@3½c, white ST. LOUIS HIDES, WOOL, ETC.

%c less in irregular partial 4%.04%c with the Grease dull; brown and yellow 3.08%c, white 4%.04%c.

NEW YORK DRY GOODS MARKET.

There was a fair move.

NEW YORK, Oct. 16.—There was a fair movement on account of former transactions, but a small amount of new business was done in commission circles to-day. Seasonable goods were mostly quiet in first hands but some fair orders were placed for spring fabrics to be made. The jobbing trade was fair but irregular. GALVESTON COFFEE AND SUGAR MARKET.

GALVESTON COFFEE AND SUGAR MARKET.

GALVESTON, Oct. 16.—Coffee—No receipts, but a steamship is expected to arrive from Rio Janeiro with a eargo of coffee about the first of November; stocks light. The wholesale grocers quote; Ordinary 969½c, fair 9½-90%c, prime 10½-010½c, choice 11@11½c, peaberry 12½-012½c, Cordova 12½-013c, old Government Java 12½-025½c, according to grade. Importers of Rio coffee fill orders for round lots at the following prices: Fair 8½-09c, good 9½-010c, prime 10½-010½c, choice 10½-011c.

Sugar—No receipts of new crop reported yet, but plantation agents offer sugar to arrive at prices from ½-0%-c above present quotations. There is no disposition to purchase at these figures as receipts are expected to be ample in the course of three weeks. Present quotations are: Louisiana pure white nominal, choice white 6%-07½c, choice seconds 6½-06½c, prime seconds 6c, old crop low grade 5½-06½c, open kettle entirely nominal; grocers fill orders at ½-0½-c advance; northern refined firm; wholesale grocers quote as follows: Crushed and cut loaf 8½-08½c, powdered 808½c, gramulated 7½-08c, standard A 7½-07%c, off A 7½-07%c.

MARINE,

MARINE.

GALVESTON, Oct. 16.—Arrived: Steamship Lone Star, Mason, New York, with full cargo of general freight; schooner Martha Brower, Hand, Philadelphia, with coal.

Sailed: Steamship Comal, Bolger, New York, with cotton and wool; bark Bare, Cork, with olicake; schooner Hattie Dunn, for Pensacola. QUEBEC, Oct. 16.—Fears are entertained for the safety of the steamer Foscalia, from Ant werp, for this port, she being now twelve days overdue. On a Commercial Basis.

On a Commercial Basis.

A prominent member of a Boston church, says the New York Tribune, in speaking the other day of a possible change in the pastorate, said: "I think it is a matter of buying up stock—excuse me, I mean pews. If Mr.—'s friends can buy up pews enough before the parish meeting they will of course call him. If the other side get the pews, why, Mr.—'s friends will be left. You laugh, but the control of a church is a good deal like the control of a bank or railroad nowadays. If you can buy up a majority of the pews you can run it to suit yourself."

An Ambition Easy to Gratify. A Massachuseets farmer wants to have his body burned. He has only to get upon his haymow and light his pipe.—Hartford

INDUSTRIAL SUMMARY.

Good Inquiry Prevailing for all Rail and Iron Products-The Western Nail Strike Pushing up Prices.

Special to The News. New York, Oct. 16 .- Steel rail brokers and mill agents have inquiries and offers for about 200,000 tons of steel rails for winter and spring delivery. Many large buyers do not believe the steel rail combination can arbitrarily hold rails at a 20 per cent advance at this time, and will defer placing orders until the ability of the syndicate to do so is tested. Quotations are \$30 to \$31; offers \$28 to \$29.

The Western nail makers' strike since June 1, involving 3800 of the 6000 nail machines, has crowded prices from \$2 to \$2 40 and stocks are exhausted.

June 1, involving 3800 of the 6000 nail machines, has crowded prices from \$2 to \$2 40 and stocks are exhausted.

Heavy orders for wrought pipe, sheet iron and merchant steel were placed in Pennsylvania mills this week at card rates, and small orders for merchant bars \$1 70, plate iron \$1 90, bridge iron at 2 to 3 cents per pound. Best makes of crude iron are firm at 50 cents per ton advance. Ordinary makes are declining.

The week's imports of slab iron, Swedish iron, wire rods and tin plates are heavy.

Prices are firm for coal.

Lake and coastwise freights are advancing under efforts at combination and increasing season demand. Heavy deliveries are being hastened forward on old anthracite contracts. Rail rates to Eastern points will be advanced Nov. I, and circular prices will follow.

Boston and Chicago markets have advanced 25 cents, and orders are crowding in from local and outside buyers.

Manufacturing demand is active in view of higher November prices.

A sharp improvement in demand for bituminous coal has set in at all Western markets to cover early winter requirements, and to take advantage of the possibility of an advance in freight rates by trunk lines under consideration.

Lumber dealers here and throughout all Eastern lumber markets have been stocking up liberally for the future trade, aided by the cut freight rates recently restored. Yards are temporarily well stocked, but a remarkably active distribution for building railroad and furniture requirements is in progress at steady prices, though all manufacturers buy cautiously, showing a preference to pay higher prices if necessary, rather than make speculative purchases. Low wools are wanted and are scarce. Fine fleeces and pulled wools are scarce and firm. Confidence is gaining and higher prices are probable.

Clothing manufacturers are crowded with orders. Everywhere carpet orders are thirty to sixty days ahead. Hosiery and knit goods are rather quiet, but an enormous demand holds prices firm. Woolens are gaining in activity and manufacturers re

The Remedies in Vegetables.

is slowly expanding.

At this particular season of the year nature bountifully supplies us with much that is cooling in the way of fruit and summer vegetables, which are not only de-licious articles of food, but are really health-preserving, for often a slight indisposition of children, ar older persons, can be readily cured by the free use of these culinary remedies. Spinach has a direct effect upon complaints of the kidneys; the common dandelion, used as greens, is excellent for the same trouble; asparagus purifies the blood; celery acts admirably upon the nervous system and is a sure cure for rheumatism and neuralgia; tomatoes act upon the liver; beets and turnips are excellent appetizers; lettuce and cucumbers are cooling in their effects upon the system; beans are a very nutritious and strengthening vegetable; white onions, garlic, leeks, chives and shallots, all of which are similar, possess medical virtues of a marked character, stimulating the circulatory system and the consequent increase of the saliva and the gastric juices promoting digestion. Red onions are an excellent diuretic and the white onions are recommended eaten raw as a remedy for insomnia. They are tonic and nutritious. A soup made from onions is regarded by the French as an excellent restorative in debilito of the digestive organs. We might go through the entire list and find each vegetable possessing its especial mission of care, and it will be plain to every housekeeper that a vegetable diet should be partly adopted at this period of the year, and will prove of great advantage to the health of the family. can be readily cured by the free use

Senator Beck Interviewed.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 12.—In the course of an interview to-day Senator Beck, of Kentucky, was asked about the winter's work. "Will the tariff be discussed?"

"Did you ever know a session of Congress when it was not?" was his rejoinder.

"But do you think any material change will be made in the tariff laws?"

"That depends on the House of Representatives. Tariff legislation originates in the House. If they get up a new bill, a good one, we will try and take care of in the Senate."

Senate."

"Do you anticipate any trouble about the confirmation of the President's appointments?"

"I do not."

"How about your plan for the division of the treasury department, so that there will be a secretary to receive the national funds, and a chancellor of the exchequer, or something of that sort, to disburse them? Will Congress be asked to consider it?"

"When it has nothing better to do, perhaps it will. Everybody knows that the treasury is too big for one man to manage, and it will have to split up some time."

A Young Inebriate.

John Maroney. a youth of twelve summers, was a prisoner in the dock of the Second Recorder's Court, this morning, having been arrested while beastly drunk and unable to take care of himself.

In response to "you were drunk?" from

In response to "you were drunk?" from his Honor, a workingman stepped up to the bar and said: "Your Honor, this is my son; it is his first offense, and I hope you will let him off this time."

His Honor responded: "I dislike to discharge a boy of that age. The idea of a twelve-year-old boy getting drunk. An early beginning. Picked up in the streets drunk. I will not discharge him, but will send him to the Boys' House of Refuge for awhile as a lesson to boys of his kind." The boy resides on Victory, between Elysian Fields and Marigny streets, and works at the Jute factory. He was paid off Saturday night, and just for fun got drunk.

A Diplomatic Secret.

The State Department encourages the idea that our diplomatist at Madrid has laid an egg, but won't tell where the nest is.

Old Wrinkles.

A Pittsburg woman sued a neighbor for calling her a witch. It is needless to add that she was old and ugly. It never angers a young and pretty woman to be called a witch.—Philadelphia Press. Browning's Poetic Feet.

Browning walks five or six hours a day while writing his new poem. His feet always covered a good deal of ground.—Boston Record.

The only route to the celebrated Lampasas Springs. Two trains daily between Dallas and Cleburne. Daily trains to Galveston, Brenham, Milano, Temple, Belton, Lampasas, Goldthwaite, McGregor, Morgan, Cleburne, Alvarado, Montgomery, Navasota and Fort Worth.

PASSENGER, MAIL AND EXPRESS:

READ	D	ow	N.					RE	AD	UP
9:00 1:00 4:05	a. p. p.	m. m. m.	L've Arr Arr Arr	Cle	ebur empl npas	ne	L've	e. 10:5 e. 6:4 e. 3:3	5 p. 5 p. 5 p.	m m m
		10-20		M	IXE	D.	A 10			

3:30 p. m. L've..... Dallas.... Arr. 9:40 a. m 7:45 p. m. Arr... Cleburne... L've. 5:15 a. m 8:40 p. m. Arr...Montgomery.. L've-10:30 p. m

LAND LOANS

\$500,000

To lend on land, on long time, at low rates.

JANES B. SIMPSON,

The Morning News.

THE CITY.

No one is authorized to make any purchases for our account or have work performed for any department of our establishment without the written order from the business manager, and these orders should invariably accompany monthly statements rendered at the close of each A. H. Belo & Co. Dallas, Tex., Oct. 16, 1885.

To the Public.

It is the desire of the management of THE DALLAS MORNING NEWS to have that paper on sale, in sufficient quantities to supply the demand, on all railway trains running into or connecting with trains to and from Dallas. The traveling public are respectfully requested to bear this fact in mind and to report to the business department any failure on their part in being able to purchase copies of the paper in the manner indicated, giving date, train and other particulars.

To City Subscribers.

We beg to announce that the failure of our city circulator to call upon a number of citizens for their subscriptions is not due to oversight, but is the result of his finding it necessary, for the time being, to devote his entire time and attention to the systematizing of the routes, and the supervision of his carriers, to insure the prompt delivery of the paper each morning to the subscribers already obtained This work has prevented him from making a thorough canvass of the city. He expects, however, to resume this canvass this morning and continue daily until every section of the city has been visited. In the meantime be pleased to send names and addresses to the counting room, where they will receive prompt attention. Subscribers failing to receive their papers with regularity and promptitude will please notify us.

PERSONAL.

Mr. and Mrs. S. N. Zemansky, of Sherman,

Mr. John T. Rankin, of LaGrange, was in

Hon. G. W. Davis, of Galveston, is here in

Major J. C. Kearby was taken suddenly ill at Wills Point yesterday.

Dave Brien, of Waxahachie, was in the city yesterday to meet his wife. Mr. W. T. Ellis, of Fort Worth, is quartered at the Grand Windsor.

Gen. A. S. Roberts, of Austin, is registered at the Grand Windsor.

Fine, Very Fine, is expected home this morning from the Pecos land sale.

H. S. Marx, of Galveston, is in the city and paid The News a pleasant visit.

Mr. C. D. Wingfield, of New Orleans, paid THE NEWS a pleasant call last night.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Pearson, of Midlothean, are registered at the St. James.

Miss Annie Childress, of Terrell, is in the city and is the guest of Mrs. Col. F. Alford. Messrs. C. W. Gibson and N. A. McMillan, of Waxahachie, were in the city yester-

Mayor Aford, of Wills Point, was in the city yesterday and saluted by hosts of friends.

Mrs. L. A. Foote and daughter and Mrs. Jennie Spain, of McKinney, are at the Grand

Mr. James Smith, city editor of the Dallas Herald, has recovered from a severe attack

Judge Bower and Mr. Lawrence Knep-fly paid THE NEWS office a friendly call

Messrs. William Battleworth, Con Daley and Ed Henkak, of Hale, are stopping at the

Judge J. T. Harcourt, of Weatherford, vas a welcome visitor at The News office

Mr. J. C. Rugel, Justice of the Peace of the Fourth Precinct of Dallas County, was in the city yesterday.

Messrs. R. H. Barnes and E. P. Lingenfelter, of Fort Worth, were in the city yesterday and called at The News office.

Messrs. J. A. Bailey, Fate; T. D. Solomon, Corsicana; N. Holland, Midlothian; S. C. Smith, Mountain Peak, were buying goods

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Smith, of Cleburne, were in the city yesterday visiting their grandaughter, a pupil at the Dallas Female

Mrs. Waters and Mrs. Dickson, who had been summering in Virginia, returned yesterday, and are stopping at Mrs. Walker's,

Messrs. A. L. Perry and E. W. Leter and Misses Alice Phelps, Emma Morton and Laura Perry, all of Lancaster, were regis-tered yesterday at the St. George.

Made an Assignment. L. Levy, the clothier, 643 Elm street, made

an assignment last evening to Bernard Wolf with liabilities set at \$5943 45, and assets about \$3300. The following is a list of the creditors and the several amounts due

the circuitors and the several am	ounts and
them:	
Light Brothers, New York	\$1998 75
Shulman & Lewis, New York	1090 50
J. Lagowitz & Co., New York	55 00
L. Gordon, New York	220 00
Rosen & Fuchs, New York	100 00
Hecht & Son, New York	225 00
Henry Eiser	36 00
R. Jablaivitch, Buffalo, N. Y	
Shannon & Co., Kansas City, Mo	150 00
M. Benedict, Dallas	559 00
Cahn Brothers Dallas	693 20

STEMWINDER AND SPINNER.

The Factors in the Dallas Cotton Market, Two prominent street buyers of cotton. huffed at what a local paper had to say about them, called at THE NEWS office yes terday afternoon to remark that they were not "snide" traders, but the real solid transactors who were bringing country cash to Dallas coffers and so keeping the head of the metropolis up stream. They said, and it is given in their words: "We are the ones who are buying the cotton. There are not exceeding three spinner agents in town that can buy cotton on the streets and give their checks on the banks. The principal part of the money handled for cotton is handled by the street men and not by spinner agents, from the fact that the latter can only get money on bills of lading. If it was not] for these street men this market would average 50 cents a bale lower than it is selling at. Much of the time if the street men did not buy cotton it would not be bought at all, for the spinners do not speculate, and can only buy when they have orders to do so. It is those spinner agents who are buying cotton at intermediate stations, and it is bought on bills of lading. There were forty bales offered Wednesday last for sale by the Howard Oil Mills. The biggest spinner buyer in this town offered 8.55 and a street buyer offered 8.60. the metropolis up stream. They said, and

THE OTHER SIDE. That the public might have the benefit of what the other side had to say about it a News reporter proceeded to hear them for their cause. One gentlemen remarked: "I do not think the 'stemwinders' are benefitting the market. They run up the cotton beyond what a legitimate buyer can pay, and they can only buy in a limited quantity They are speculative, and as such are compelled at times to buy at any cost to discharge their obligations. For example They sell the shipper 500 bales at 8.65, to be delivered by next Monday. They have to get it as it comes in, so as to be able to deget it as it comes in, so as to be able to deliver it, and in this way they may have to pay more than a legitimate price for it. They have always treated me very well; have discharged every obligation promptly, but with them the cotton goes through a third hand and they only pay high prices, as I before remarked, when they are forced to meet their contracts. Another thing that hurts the market is the fact that the press charges of 50 cents a bale are too high."

Another gentleman remarked: "The stem-winders take chances that we cannot, because they have stores and expect to sell

because they have stores and expect to sell goods to the purchasers." LOCAL NOTES.

The teachers of the public schools will be paid off to-day for their services during the first scholastic month.

A little son of J. W. Murray, residing in the country, fell from a tree yesterday and broke one of his legs.

The Board of School Trustees, at their meeting last night, authorized the employment of a janitor for the colored school. The Sunday evening's sport at the Fair Frounds will consist of a footrace between

Black, of San Francisco, and Williamson, of Kansas City. The boy Barkley, who was shot by the boy Johnson while playing soldiers Thursday evening in the country, is still suffering

A meeting of Irishmen will be held to-morrow at 2 p. m. at the hall of the Red Men, for the purpose of organizing a Dallas branch of the National League and assist-ing its leader with funds to push his policy

The Knights of Macabees passed appropriate resolutions of respect to the memory of Mr. Samuel Pollock, in which he was justly referred to as an honest, upright and generous citizen, whose heart was ever ready to sympathize with and whose hands vere ever ready to aid the needy and dis-

A suit for divorce was filed in the District Court yesterday by Colomb Richmond against Samuel D. Richmond, based on the allegations of cruel treatment to her person and character. She also took legal steps to secure half of the property, estimated at \$250, but the defendant and her attorney fixed up that part of the business in the Sheriff's office.

A horse attached to an express wagon Mr. H. A. Parish, of Houston, is on a visit | took fright on Elm Street yesterday and ran apples which went flying like a shower of providence to the small boys, of whom several hundred congregated speedily to the scene. One little fellow dropped his books, as the King's cat did the candle when a mouse heaved in sight, and instinctively

THE RECENT HORROR.

Statements of Druggist Waller and the Coroner. Mr. Waller, at whose store the vial was bought which attracted so much attention during the inquest on the death of Mr. Samuel Pollock, called on a News reporter yesterday and made the following state-

"I have been in the drug business two years and six months, and I have never een more than an eighth of an ounce of morphine in one bottle. I am aware that it is bottled in larger quantities, because in that shape it costs less; but I have never seen it. With us morphine and quinine are kept at opposite ends of the store; are properly labeled, and it would be impossible to mistake the one for the other. I would like the have Turn Nava sublish this letter from have THE NEWS publish this letter from

The following is the letter referred to:

C. V. Waller, Druggist, Elm Street, City: 2. V. Waller, Druggist, Elm Street, City:

Dear Sir: In answer to inquiries made rerarding the sale of a certain bottle from your
tore to Chas. Pollock, and which bottle was
landed to the jury of inquiry, I can but say
hat, after close investigation, I am of a
lositive opinion that said bottle contained
when it was gotton at your place quinine, and
ould have contained nothing else; therefore
le assured that no blame of the unfortunate
histake can, under any circumstances, be
ttached to you and yours.

Very respectfully,

H. SCHUHL, J. P.,

Acting Coroner.

THEATRICAL. "Skipped by the Light of the Moon" is a play which will not admit of analysis or lescription. Its very excellence lies in its incongruities of situations and its musical oddities. It is the creation of the two sterling comedians, Harrison and Gourlay, who have made fame and fortune with it, and was given last night at the Opera House by ctors who are fully the equals of their prototypes. As constituted, Fowler & Warmington's company offers superior talent in the cast, and in the Lennoxs, Fred and Walter, the comical personages of the play, Felix Crackle and Obediah Dingle found capable exponents. "Skipped by the Light of the Moon" deals with the mishaps of two Philadelphia clerks, who have gone to Saratoga to have a good time, having left their wives at home under the impression that a camp meeting in Connecticut was the objective point of their summer saunterings. The feative pair are confronted later at the same fashionable resort by their better halves and a seene of indescribable confusion ensues, in which the traditional cop appears. The play has all the dash of "Forbidden Fruit," with nothing of the latter play's delicate situations, and on this score it must find commendation. The fun is clean. The business of the play is well divided between Fred Lennox and Walter Lennox, Jr., who impersonate the two heroes. Their singing of the "Very, Very, Very, Funny," was of itself very funny, and the scene on the garden wall in the second act was a clever bit of acting. If any fear existed as to the success of "Skip-" home under the impression that a camp

ped by the Light of the Moon," without the presence of its originators it must have soon been dispelled after the applause which greeted the Lennoxes in their introductory song. Their ballad, "Clementine," was equally enjoyed by the audience. Garnishee McIntyre, the typical stage policeman, by Mr. Charles J. Hogan, was good, and Miss Hattie Geary, as Sarah, looked charming in her coquettish costume and artful hotel simplicity. The parts of Mrs. Felix Crackle and Mrs. Obediah Dingle were well sustained by Miss Dollie Thornton and Miss Nellie Pierce, while the baby was as docile as the average stage baby, insensible to numerous knocks and somersaults—a robust and elastic infant. The audience last evening was a large one for an opening night, and those who attended must have enjoyed the play immensely, if one may judge by the pronounced demonstrations.

"Skipped by the Light of the Moon" will be given at the matinee this afternoon, at the usual hour. Its last representation will be given this evening. It will be "funny, very, very funny," indeed, if the theater is not packed at both performances, for the play and the actors both deserve an extensive patronage.

The "Black Flag" is promised for Wednes-

ped by the Light of the Moon," without the

play and the actors both deserve an ex-tensive patronage.

The "Black Flag" is promised for Wednes-day of next week. Edwin Thorne's com-pany form the cast, and the play comes to us with the highest recommendations of the Eastern press and the verdict of long runs in New York and Philadelphia.

THE COURTS.

The following cases were disposed of yesterday in the District Court:

Schneider & Davis vs. W. G. Baird, suit on notes for \$641 98; judgment by default. Elizabeth Elkins vs. A. D. C. Miller and Sarah M. Miller. Plaintiff admitted having received full satisfaction; judgment for de-

fendants, plaintiff to pay costs. J. F. O'Connor vs. W. T. Hudson et al., suit on note for \$1515; judgment by default, with a writ of inquiry.

Mitchell & Scruggs vs. C. B. Gillespie, Tax Collector of Dallas County; injunction against levying on property for taxes sus-tained by default.

tained by default.

T. L. Marsalis & Co. vs. J. S. Downs, suit a note for \$1985 94; judgment by default and foreclosure of attachment.

The Citizens Bank of Texarkana vs. the Dallas Paint and Color Works, judgment by default for \$774 50.

The First National Bank of Bradford vs. W. H. Williams, et al., suit on a note for \$2726 40; judgment by default against E. T. Morris and B. Roff; and cause continued for service on other defendants.

service on other defendants.

The Dallas National Bank vs. H. W. George et al., suit on a note for \$2478 80; judgment by default against J. B. Graham and H. W. George; and continued for service as to other defendants.

Jesse Edwards vs. Laura Edwards, suit for disprace; judgment for plaintiff by defendants.

or divorce; judgment for plaintiff by de-

R. W. Tickell vs. J. S. Downs, suit on note for \$1250; judgment by default and fore-closure of attachment lien.

R. V. Tomkins vs. J. E. Carr and T. S. Binion; judgment against defendants by default for \$1751 60 and \$176.

Jesse Reese, charged with perjury, sued out a writ of habeas corpus and will be heard before Judge Aldredge to-day.

The case of the Champion Machine Co. vs. C. A. Keating came to a close in the County Court yesterday. The jury found for the defendant on the suit for the value of the machinery, but found for the plaintiff for the machinery and against defendant for freight on same, amounting to \$24.

freight on same, amounting to \$24.
The following civil cases were disposed of in Justice Schuhl's Court:
Dr. Schiff vs. R. Z. Seibig, suit for \$74 on

Dr. Schiff vs. R. Z. Seibig, suit for \$74 on account of professional services. Verdict for plaintiff, attachment lien on a piece of land foreclosed and order of sale issued.

A. G. Swor et al. vs. A. H. Lyman. Judgment in \$56 60 for plaintiff, and attachment lien on a parlor organ foreclosed.

Harry Lundy, colored, was brought before Justice Kendall, on the charge of disturbing the peace by entering the Fremises of a blind man and cursing him without restraint. Harry was fined \$10 and costs, which he expects to discharge to-day from the sale of a bale of cotton, the fruit and promise of a year's aggricultural effort.

United States Commissioner McCormick

promise of a year's aggricultural effort.

United States Commissioner McCormick had before him Jesse Jones, the western kid, charged with holding up and robbing a mail stage. Jesse semed to realize that he was the leading character in court, and when told that his bond was set at \$10,000 he treated the matter with levity, remarking that had it been put at \$100,000 he might feel like hunting up sureties. Jesse is a bright boy, but his brilliancy shows that the normal action of his mind has been hindered from the excessive use of yellow back liter-

Mayor Brown had a number of drunks on Mayor Brown had a number of drunks on his docket, and the victims came up squarely to the scratch. Although all of them gave symptoms of relaxation from riotous living, none seemed to suffer from gout. They were taxed the regulation charge of \$3 each, and their names were Joe Powers, Ed Burns, John Rufus and T. B. Hopey. John Brokton had his case continued. Joe Powers also paid \$3 for disturbing the peace, and was transferred to Justice Schuhl's Court on the charge of theft. The females were harge of theft. The females were hen paraded before the judgment seat. Sessie Godberry and Easter Swindell, or fighting, were analyzed in the crucible and Bessie put through to the extent of \$3, while Easter was allowed to bask in the sunshine of liberty, although she looked as if the might have had the best of it at the

ke-off-my-head interview.

Mollie Clark, charged with vagrancy, was ess as if nobody else could attend to it for

The finale was reached by the disposal of a charge of assault and battery against W. H. Moore and Charles Hall. Moore was fined \$5 and Hall discharged.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

GRAND WINDSOR.—William Warmington and wife, Fred. Lennox, Walter Lennox, Jr., W. D. Stone and wife, Miss Dollie Thornton, Miss Hattie Geary, Charles J. Hagan, Harry C. Browning, Charles Voigt, H. A. McDowell, Clarance Montaine, Charles Raymond, Skipped by the Light of the Moon Co.; Wm M. Cosgrove, Pittsburg: Howard S. Raker. Hattie Geary, Charles J. Hagan, Harry C. Browning, Charles Voigt, H. A. McDowell, Clarance Montaine, Charles Raymond, Skipped by the Light of the Moon Co.; Wm. M. Cosgrove, Pittsburg; Howard S. Baker, New York; C. D. Wingfield, W. H. Paton, W. Jackson, C. Goichel, W. S. Frazier, William Hazelton, Wm. M. Robertson, St. Louis; M. M. Marable, Mrs. J. C. Chermette, Henrietta; F. Searl, Boston; M. C. Nicholson, New York; Ed Goldberg, Chicago; H. G. Bedford, Knox County; S. N. Zemansky and wife, Sherman; J. D. Worrall, St. Louis; C. H. Owens, New Orleans; Wm. G. Morony, New York City; L. S. Bartlett, St. Louis; Mrs. L. A. Foote and daughter, Mrs. Jesse Shain, McKinney; J. C. Murphy, Chicago; M. D. Hunton, New York; C. W. Gibson, N. A. McMillan, Waxahachie; H. Nathan, New York; Frank Gambet, Boston; F. D. Matthews, city; John G. Winter, Waco; E. S. Perryman, Mobile, Ala.; H. A. Jones, Texas; T. H. Shive, Dallas; Conrad Byars-Hess, Hongkong; Ed. McGarty, Kansas City, Mo.; W. T. Ellis, Fort Worth; H. J. McNulty, A. C. De Vere, Chicago; R. B. Maguire, Cincinnati, O.; Oscar, Schmidt, Milwaukee; John L. Burrows, Louisville, Ky.; T. A. Manning, city; C. F. Simmons, St. Louis; Arthur C. Lebkercher, Newark, N. J.; Geo. F. Lupton, Queen and Crescent; E. Van Horn, Houston; J. S. Borger, Ohio; J. L. Sullivan, Jefferson City; W. H. Berry, Chncinnati; Geo. W. Davis, Galveston; Buck Smith, Fort Worth; N. T. Hedden, Columbus; Jno. T. Harcourt, Weatherford; A. S. Roberts, Austin; Ed. S. Richardson, Detroit; G. E. Bennett, City. Jas. J. Gannon, St. Louis; W. P. Stephens, Cedar Hill; S. H. Farrar, Ennis; A. L. Perry, E. W. Liter, Miss Alice Phelps, Miss Emma Morton, Miss Laura Perry, Lancaster; C. Cooley, Gerard, Ks.; G. D. Luder, city; W. J. Rutledge, Cleburne; Bernard Milme, Jeanerette, La.; J. L. Turner, T. and P. Ry.; T. J. Mason, city; T. M. Daniel, Forney; G. W. Johnson, Abilene; F. E. Sage, Texas and Pacific Railway; J. B. Wells, Texas; Alex McK. Cameron, Dallas; Robt. Donnell, Morgan; Wm. Butterworth, Con Daley, Ed Hickok, Hale

Local Temperature. The following readings of the tempera-

ture of Dallas were taken yesterday at Reinhardt & Co.'s thermometer, on Elm street: At 9 a. m., 71°; 12 m., 84½°; 6 p. m., Local weather predictions: Fair and staSTRIKERS AT THE SEASIDE

Longshoremen Have a Labor Lock With the Mallory Line.

Partial Suspension of Work at the Galveston Wharves-A Conference Fails to Arbitrate-The Santa Fe Railroad Strike Still Unsettled.

Special to The News.

GALVESTON, Oct. 16.—It will be remembered that last Sunday the longshoremen on the New York wharf struck for an in crease in wages, and in the absence of Capt. J. N. Sawyer, the agent of the Mallory line in this city, Messrs. Ross & Stannard, lessees of the labor on that wharf, to facilitate matters, temporarily offered the men 50 cents per hour all round, including night and Sunday work, in lieu of the wages of 40 and 60 cents for Sunday and night work, over which the dissatisfaction arose, which concession was accepted by the longshoremen and work immediately resumed, with the understanding, however, that this rate was fixed only temporarily and subject to the approval of Capt. Sawyer upon his return. This first strike was made on the ship Comal, but the differences were soon adjusted by the above action of Messrs. Ross and Stannard, the men agreeing to abide their promise till the return of Capt. Sawyer, who was at the time in St. Louis attending a rate meeting. AN OPPORTUNE TIME.

Capt. Sawyer returned to the city Thurs day, and immediately following him arrived one of the Mallory steamers, State of Texas. This was considered an opportune time for bringing the question of wages to a final crisis, and Capt. Sawyer was waited upon by the following committee and presented

GALVESTON. Oct. 16, 1885.—To Capt. J. N. Sawyer—Sir: At a meeting held on the above date by the employes of the Mallory steamship line, the undersigned committee was appointed and elected to confer with

nd now await your convenience.
spectfully,
P. Foley,
F. Holmes, Respectfully, J. ALPHONSE THE CONFERENCE.

With the committee the situation was fully discussed. The grievance seems to be that in May last a general reduction was made by eliminating the 20 cents extra for night and Sunday work, making the rate uniform at 40 cents per hour, with the understanding on the part of the men that on Sept 1, when times began to brighten up, the old rate would be restored. A failure of this restoration is the cause of the present trouble, though Capt. Sawyer claims not to have understood any such agreement. In consequence of the strike the New York wharf was almost deserted to-day and the steamship State of Texas, lay with her cargo undischarged, save by an attempt made to do so by a a few of the foremen. A few of the workmen stood around idly awaiting results and the settlement of the difficulty. Written in chalk on the side of the vessel was the inscription: "Men wanted at 40 cents per hour, 60 cents at night." To this there were no applicants, the response of the men being "50 cents an hour all round."

A COMPROMISE RATE REJECTED.

The committee waiting on Capt. Sawyer demanded 50 cents an hour, night and day. Capt. Sawyer's reply was that 40 cents an hour for day work and 60 cents for extra time, the old rate before the reduction, was all that the company could give, with the and that the company could give, with the additional guarantee that this would be the rate all the year around. The committee reported the result of their conference, but the men refused to return to work at these rates, claiming that it would be virtually fighting the rate at 50 cents an hour, as they would not get any Sunday work nor night work.

ork.
A few non-members of the association
at work to-day—about six in all—with were at work to-day—about six in all—with a few of the foremen, but as about 100 men tre usuary employed in the work very hours so being accomplished. The strike is being conducted orderly, no effort at intimidation being resorted to. Both sides seem equally letermined and so far no settlement of the

WORK ON OTHER WHARVES. Work was going on satisfactorily to-day on the Morgan wharf, where mainly colored men are employed, they stating that they would not attempt to infringe on the Mallory men's territory, as they were fully satisfied with the rate of wages given them, their request for additional compensation having been promptly met.

The workmen on the New and Labadie wharves, it is reported, are also satisfied with a recent compliance with their de-

THE SANTA FE DIFFERENCES. Mention was made in The News a few days ago of a committee from the Knights of Labor and a like committee from the directory of the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe Railway Co. going from this city to Temple to adjudicate the trouble existing there between the road and the order of the Knights of Labor. The cause of this trouble seems to be that during the recent strike ble seems to be that during the recent strike a Mr. Bacus, yardmaster at Temple, was discharged. His affiliation with the strikers as a brother Knight of Labor was, on an investigation by a committee from the Knights, alleged to be the only cause, and hence, under the alleged terms of agreement entered into by that body and the Santa Fe, Mr. Bacus was reinstored. This bowever did not suffered leged terms of agreement entered into by that body and the Santa Fe, Mr. Bacus was reinstated. This, however, did not suffice. Capt. A. C. Murrell, the alleged objectionable instrument of authority, used against Mr. Bacus and others of the brotherhood must be removed. Capt Murrell made himself unpopular with the brotherhood, and his retirement was deemed by them essential to the future good feeling between the Knights and their employes. The Santa Fe officials refused this. They wanted proof of his oppression in office and other acts to justify such extreme measures. The Knights' investigation committee, as the result of their researches at Temple, submitted the report of their case, and their final adjudication of the matter was sent back to Galveston, and Santa Fe and the executive committee of the Knights of Labor were in conference the greater part of the day over the matter, but the conference adjourned in the afternoon without accomplishing anything. The ter unsatisfactory to the Knights of Labor

Pontifical High Mass.

New York, Oct. 16.—A pontifical high mass of requiem for the repose of the Cardinal's soul was celebrated to-day by Archbishop Williams, of Boston, in the Church of St. Francis Xavier, West Sixteenth street. The assistants were all members of the Society of Jesus. At the end of the mass Archbishop Williams gave the solemn absolution at the catafalque in the middle

A Crazy Woman's Suicide. XENIA O., Oct. 16 .- A few days ago, Mrs. Almaner, of this city, disappeared from her home and was found wandering in a creek in a demented condition. This morning she jumped from a second story window of her fatherin-law's house, fracturing her skull. Her recovery is impossible. She became mentally unbalanced a year ago by the death of her child.

BUYERS

WHEN YOU NEED

STATIONERY AND PRINTED SUPPLIES

A. D. ALDRIDGE & CO., 623 Elm St., Dallas.

SHIPPERS. MEN WHO WRITE RISKS.

Some Singular Statistics About the Relative Length of Male and Female Life.

To the life insurance man human nature presents many an intricate problem for his unraveling. In his examination of the duration of existence he follows the necrological statistics of the various nations of civilization, and foots up with his pen the figures which show the average duration of existence in the several countries under consideration.

Consulting the mortality tables of a certain country, and letting the investigation extend over a number of months, let us say in Prussia, Berlin and Hamburg, the first representing country life and the others city life, under widely divergent circum stances, it is puzzling to find that the total duration of life is longer among females than males; and another singular discovery is made, that while in the places cited the average duration of life among males is longest in Prussia, the country next is Hamburg: least of all is Berlin; and that with females the reverse rate is the rule.

This result has nothing to do with making the specific proof that old maids live longer in the city than old batchelors do in the country; nor does it afford encouragement to a man who wants his mother-in-law to join the angels to move out of town; for the country air, unfavorable to women in general, according to the statistical tables examined, might shorten the existence of the wife and lengthen that of her female parent. But this has nothing to do with the picture gallery of Dallas' underwriters.

Sam P. Cochran is a Kentuckian, born and raised in the insurance business. His uncle was general Southern agent of the Franklin, of Philadelphia, for years at Lexington, Ky.; his father special agent for the same company. He claims that instead of being spanked with a slipper, his mother used on him an old Russian leather poeket book for applications. He thus imbibed insurance after the duplex method. He has served as special several companies, including the Phœnix and Springfield Fire and Marine; was taken into full partnership, a year ago, with Dargan & Trezevant. He is thirty-two years old, five feet ten inches high, good figure, an 18 carat blonde, soft blue eyes, and a smile so honest, so childlike and ingenue, that the most hardened claimant immediately fancies he has a "soft snap." Right here he commits his first and fatal error. Cochran is an untiring worker, and when he is hot on the trail of rascality, preserves his unruffled, easy manner, and even when his fish is landed, betrays no suggestion of a thought that he has done some good work. He does not drink or smoke or swear, but chews a few plugs a day and wears a big Southern black slouch hat.

J. L. Wood, State Agent of the Home, of Franklin, of Philadelphia, for years at Lex-

J. L. Wood, State Agent of the Home, of New York, is the disciple of "culcha" in the profession. He is thirty years old, 5 feet 9 inches high, slight of build, black hair, black eyes, high cheek bones, brown mustache, pre-eminently genteel, and the girls say good looking, but his gentlemen friends say he could not head a pig in a lane, owing to a slight deflection of his legs outwardly from a straightline. He is from Ohio, has been in the business four years, and already stands high with his company and his fellow specials; does not drink or swear; sings a good tenor and has achieved social success "pari passu" with his professional work.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

G. B. Williamson and wife to John M. Crockett, 4 acres of the W. H. Horde 50 00

Stricken With Apoplexy.

MILWAUKEE, Oct. 16.—Peter McGeoch was stricken down by something like apoplexy at an early hour this morning, and for several hours it was thought that he would die. He has grown very stout, and was stricken down at his home near the city without a moment's warning. Dr. Moore was hastily called, and after working with the sufferer for some little time gave him relief. It is not believed his sickness is regular apoplexy but it is so like it that his call was very close. Mr. McGeoch was very much better at noon, but his illness is still regarded as very serious.

Will Pay Weekly.

Lowell, Oct. 16.—The treasurers of the Hamilton, Lawrence, Tremont and Suffolk, Appleton, Merrimac Boot, Massachusetts and Prescott, Lowell Carpet and Bleachery Cos. have decided to pay the employes of those companies weekly. A meeting of the agents was held this afternoon to arrange details. The Lawrence Manufacturing Co., which has been idle a month while making repairs, will start up Monday, employing

Patronize Home Manufactures. Use Dallas Mills fresh-roasted Coffees. "WHITE FOAM" BAKING POWDER—Fresh, Pure, Strong, and Wholesome.

BABCOCK, FOOT & BROWN.

Use Odontikos for the Teeth. For sale by Hickox & Hearne, the leading druggists, No. 601 Main st., corner Lamar.

One thousand boys' shirt waists at Reinardt & Co.'s at 25 cents each. They are a argain. Take the Little Ones

to the matinee of "Skipped by the Light of the Moon" this afternoon. I have now the most complete line of Fancy Goods, Books and Toys that can be found in Texas. Call and see for yourselves. J. D. A. HARRIS, 730 and 732 Main Street.

Clara Morris uses Pozzoni's Powder. Clara Louisa Kellogg does likewise. For sale by all druggists and fancy goods dealers.

Now is the time to buy your fall and winter dresses. Cahn Bros., 635 and 637 Elm street, are offering special reductions this week.

"Skipped by the Light of the Moon."

Matinee this afternoon. It is funny, very very very funny. Alston's Hungarian Patent, the finest flour in the market.

The handsomest of traveling bags, collar and cuff boxes in the city at Castles Bros. The shoe house of Dallas is Hunstable.

Iron and slate mantels, coal hods, coal vases, fire sets, tile hearths. Harry Bros. French, German and Spanish wines at

Ed S. Alston's.

Fine glassware, china, tea and dinner sets, plain china, crockery and lamps of all kinds at Harry Bros.

CAPITOL HOTEL



G. McGINLY, Propr., - - HOUSTON, TEX.

THE WINDSOR AND TREMONT HOTEL COMPANY

THE GRAND WINDSOR HOTEL,

DALLAS-BURK & WOODS, Managers,

AND THE TREMONT HOTEL.

GALVESTON-HENRY WEAVER, Mgr., are the largest, finest and best appointed hotels in the State, with all modern improvements. The most liberal management, offering superior attractions to any other hotels in Texas. Rates, \$2 to \$3 50 per day. Large sample rooms and special accommodations for commercial men. Reduced rates for theatrical companies. Cuisine of superior excellence.

Dr. F. L. Foscue.

Physician, Surgeon, Oculist. 810 Main St., Dallas. Telephone No. 67.

Bridal Presents. Just opened, large and elegant line of Bronzes,
Brass Goods,
Bisque Figures,
Music Boxes,

Silverware,
Fancy Clocks and
Royal Dresden China,
at J. W. Webb's, 610 Main street. Hughes Bros. Manufacturing Co. Hughes Bros. Manufacturing Co. are prepared to supply the wholesale and retail trade of Texas with Dr. Hughe's Grape Baking Powder, Flavoring Extracts, Vinegar, Apple Butter, Peach Butter, Peach Marmalade and Preserves, Pure Fruit Jellies, Peach Pickles, Tomato and Walnut Catsups, Pure Apple Cider in barrels or half barrels, Champagne Cider in quarts or pints, and Victor Blueing. We manufacture every article we sell and guarantee them to be genuine and equal to any that are manufactured in the United States, and always to give satisfaction to the consumer.

On easy terms, 200 select brood mares, bred to Kentucky jacks, 150 fine young mules, 4 thoroughbred Kentucky jacks and 1200 head of young well graded 6-fb sheep, bred to fine bucks. Pastures in which the stock are now running are situated near Kyle, Hayes County, Tex., and can be leased on easy terms for the winter. Address R. J. Sledge, Kyle, Tex.

K. Hunstable, Boot and Shoe Factory,

732 ELM STREET, DALLAS, TEXAS.
A full line of Boots and Shoes in stock. Cusom work to order, and repairing neatly and Just Half Price.

Heavy all wool scarlet knit suits of underwear at \$1 50 a suit (last year's price \$3) at Reinhardt & Co.'s, corner Elm and Murphy streets.

This week great bargains in dress goods at Cahn Bros., 635 and 637 Elm street. F. Austin, 612 Main street, makes a specialty of repairing fine watches.

The boys buy shoes at Hunstable B. & S.Co. A bewildering array of bargains are shown this week in the dress goods department of Cahn Bros., 635 and 637 Elm street.

Den't Forget the Grand Matinee for ladies and children of "Skipped by the Light of the Moon" this afternoon. Mati-

Fears & Jones., 505 Main St.,

carry the largest line of blank books, school books and stationery of any house in Dal-las. Call and see our stock and get our

Misses' school shoes, \$1 25 and \$1 50. Lewis Bros. & Co., 736 Elm street. This week, double width Cashmere, all colors, at 15 cents per yard, at Cahn Bros., 635 and 631 Elm street.

736 Elm street. Alston's Suprema Cigar is all the rage. Castles Bros. exhibit the most complete line of gents' furnishing goods in the city. 512 Main street.

Men's button boots, \$2. Lewis Bros. & Co.,

Try our 5 cent cigar, the best in the State. Hickox & Hearne, Druggists, 601 Main street, corner Lamar.

One of the Attractions.
One of the great attractions this week at
Reinhardt & Co.'s is their boys' school suits

Diamonds at Austin's. Closing out at about half their value. The Secret of Our Success is that we understand our business and attend to it. We keep the purest and best drugs that can be had in the market. Hickox & Hearne, the Leading Druggists, No. 601 Main street, corner Lamar.

We Pay Special Attention to physician's prescriptions, and use the very best materials in compounding them.

HICKOX & HEARNE,

The Leading Druggists, No. 601 Main street, corner Lamar. Alston's is headquarters for fancy groceries and fine liquors.

Complete stock Laird, Schober & Mitchell goods. Lewis Bros. & Co., Dallas. For Pure Home-Made Candy Go to

812 Main Street. J. W. SKAER. See J. K. Hawes before buying your furniture, has he as the nicest stock in the city, 725 and 727 Elm Street.

This week fourteen yards brocaded dress goods for \$1 at Cahn Bros., 635 and 637 Elm st. Dr. Thomas, Dentist,

has moved his office over China Hall; office telephone No. 162, residence 256. Shirts made to order and fit guaranteed. Castles Bros., 512 Main street.

J. K. Hawes, at 725 and 727 Elm Street, sells furniture on installments. "Alston's Pride" has no equal for a choice

We can fit the largest and smallest and suit the most æsthetical. Castles Bros. For bridal and party outfits go to Castles Bros. They will be sure to please you. 512 Main street.

The Hunstable B. & S.Co. 712 Elm, for shoes My Hunstable boots fit well.

Dr. Davis, homœopathic physician and specialist, 909 Elm st., opposite P. O. Bell tele phone 238.