The Ballas Morning Ar

HONORING THE DEAD HERO

About the Grant Memorial Services

at Boston.

Eloquent Eulogy by Rev. Henry Ward Beecher.

"Great in War and Great in Peace."

The Grant Benefit Fund.

Boston, Oct. 22.—Beneath kindly tempered rays of a mellow sun thousands of Boston-

ians thronged this afternoon to the Grant

memorial exercises, at Tremont Temple,

under the auspices of the city government

At 2 o'clock prayer was offered by Rev. B.

F. Hamlin, and an ode by Julia Ward Howe

was sung by the choir. A poem written by Louise I. Gurney was read by Frof. Moses T. Brown, of Tuft's College. "Gone Through

the Shadows" was rendered by a choir of

women's voices. Mayor O'Brien, at this

point, in a brief speech, presented Rev.

Henry Ward Beecher as the eulogist of the

Mr. Beecher was received with generous

"Another name is added to the roll of those whom the world will not willingly let die

A few years since, storm-laden clouds filled

his heaven and obloquy, slander and bitter

lies were rained down upon him. The clouds

are all blown away; under a serene sky he

aid down his life and the nation wept.

The path to his tomb is worn by the feet of

nnumerable pilgrims, while the mildewed

ips of slander are silent, and even criti-

which their virtues east. Three elemente enter into the career of a great citizen—that which his ancestry gives, that which opportunity gives and that which his will develops. Grant came from sturdy New England stock, New England derived it from Scotland, Scotland bred it at a time when Covrentees and Puritary were made men.

stock, New England derived it from Scotland, Scotland bred it at a time when Covenanters and Puritans were made, men of iron consciences hammered out upon the anvil of adversity. From New England the stream flowed to Ohio, where it enriched the soil till it brought forth abundant harvests of great men. When it was Grant's time to be born he came forth without celestial portents, and his youth had in it no prophecy of his manhood. His boyhood was wholesome, robust, with a vigorous frame, with a heart susceptible of tender love, yet he was not social. He was patient and persistent. He loved horses and could master them. That is a good sign. Grant had no art of creating, and circumstances and opportunities must seek him, or else he would plod through life without disclosing the gift which God hid in him The gold in the hills cannot disclose itself—it must be sought for and dug out. A sharp and wiry politician, for some reasons of Providence, performed a great deed in sending young "GRANT TO WEST POINT."

"GRANT TO WEST POINT."

West Point, his service in Mexico and California and alluding to his private life he

said: "He was a poor farmer, a worse tan-ner, a worthless trafficker, without civil ex-

w them not. No figures were seen upon e dim horizon of the already near future ne unfurled flag, the garments rolled in

The unfurled flag, the garments rolled in blood, a million men in arms, the sulphurous smoke of battle, gory heaps upon desperate battle-fields, an army of slow moving crippled horses, gravevards as populous as cities, they were all in the clouded horizon, though he saw them not.

"Let us look upon the scene. This contirent law waiting for ages for the seed of

though he saw them not.

"Let us look upon the scene. This continent lay waiting for ages for the seed of civilization. At length the sower came forth to sow, and while he sowed the good seed of liberty and Christian civilization an enemy, darkling, sowed the tares. They sprang up together and grew together. The constitution cradled both slavery and liberty. While yet ungrown they dwelt together in peace. They started in youth, quarreled when half grown and fought when of full age. The final catastrophe was inevitable. The South, like a queenly beauty, grew imperious and exacting: the North, like an obsequious suitor, knelt at her feet, only to receive contempt and mockery. Both parties, Whig and Democratic, drank of the cup of her sorcery. It killed the Whig party, but the Democratic party was tougher and was only besotted. If wise moderation had possessed the South, if they had conciliated the North, if they had met the just scruples of the honest man, who, hating slavery, dreaded the dishonor of breaking the compacts of the constitution, the South might have held control for another hundred years. But it was not to be. God sent a strong delusion upon them. They were seeking to medicate volcances and stop earthquakes by administering political quinine. The wisest statesmen were bewildered, and the politicians were juggening fools. The South had builded herself

Beecher also reviewed Grant's life at

applause, and spoke as follows:

VOL. 1.

DALLAS, TEXAS, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 23, 1885.

NO. 23.

Importers. Manufacturers

GALVESTON

MINNIE WALLACE WALKUP

Dr. Jacobs, Walkup's Physician, on the Stand.

Mr. Walkup's Indiscretion and Aversion to Powders-Must Have Taken a Quantity of Arsenic.

EMPORIA, Kan., Oct. 22.—In the trial of Mrs. Minnie Walkup to-day the certificate of analysis of the stomach of the deceased Mr. Walkup was introduced. It certifies to the finding of arsenic in appreciable quantities. After the examination of several important witnesses, Dr. Jacobs, who first suspected poison as the cause of Walkup's death, tes]

"I saw Mr. Walkup the Tuesday previous to his death and found him very sick, suffering with nausea and vomiting. There was an indescribable, uneasy sensation of pain in his stomach and the region above his stomach; also an uneasy sensation generally in his bowels; also purging. His face manifested suffering; his pulse was frequent and intermittent. There was no "I saw him four times," said the witness,

"the following days, during all of which time he was suffering in a similar manner. In the afternoon of Wednesday I prevailed upon him to let me give him a hypodermic injection of morphine, the effect of which seemed to quiet his distressing symptoms, that is, his nausea and vomiting. Thursday morning, the 20th, I found him better and informed him that he was him better and informed him that he was doing so well that it was unnecessary for me to see him any more that day, and that I would call the next day. Mr. Walkup had informed me that he had eaten cove oysters, served in vinegar, and drank a bottle of pop at some time about noon on Thursday. I rebuked him for so doing and told him a man of his experience ought to exercise more discretion under such circumstances. I was very naturally of the impression that his sickness was the result of that indiscretion in diet. His improvement on Thursday I attributed to the morphia injection. It was the first dose of medicine I had been able to give him, which exercised any influence. I told him his stomach and bowels were in such a condition that the medicine would not affect him. He objected to the hypodermic injunction, but I prevailed upon him to take it. I showed him that it was not painful by running the needle into myown hand. He consented to take it. Thursday evening I was again telephoned for by Mrs. Walkup. I found Mr. Walkup again suffering with vomiting, and in greater distress than at any previous time, and in a condition of collapse. His hands, his face, and his feet were cold and clammy. I tried to prevail upon him to ten me give him a hypoderic injection of morphine, but he declined. He said he wished I would not give him medicine in powders, that he did not want to take powders. Mrs. Walkup said he complained of grittiness in the powders. There should have been no grittiness in the prescription. doing so well that it was unnecessary for that would be likely to produce the appearances and symptoms we have in this case. The corrosive and other poison would, I think, have some typical condition that was not present in this case. I must conclude that Mr. Walkup had taken more than a dose of commercial arsenic given in considerable quantity, as the powder would, in my opinion, produce a sensation of coarseness and grittiness in the throat."

OBITUARY.

DEATH OF MRS. BOOTH. NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—The mother of Edwin Booth died at the residence of her son, Julius A, Booth, in Harris Flats, in Twentythird street, this morning of pneumonia, aged eighty-three years. She will be buried in Baltimore.

DEATH OF AN INSURANCE MAN Morris Franklin, the president of the New York Life Insurance Co., died this morning at his house at Flushing, L. I., aged eighty-

one years. DEATH OF AN ACTOR.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 22.—Augustus F. Boyle, Jr., better known as Harry G. Richmond, the comedian, died in Camden Tues-day last of consumption. His funeral will take place from his late residence, 801 South Fourth street, Camden, to-morrow after-

Let Some Naturalist Explain. CHESTER, Ill., Oct. 19. — Considerable speculation is being indulged in by local scientists and persons interested in arboriculture regarding the strange freak of a maple tree which is constantly absorbing and scattering water over the passers-by on the principal street of our city. The tree is of fine proportions, with a trunk of about twelve inches in diameter and a height to its topmost twigs of about twenty feet. stands on the edge of the sidewalk in front of the residence of Mr. Wm. L. Cohen, and for the past two weeks, day and night, there has been constantly falling from its branches water in sufficient quantity to keep the fence and pavement beneath quite wet, and the drops falling on the passers-by cause those unacquainted with the source from which they come, to think a light shower is passing over. A great many people have visited the place but no reasonable theory has been advanced as to the cause. It is a nut for some of the scientific readers of the Republican to crack, and the solution of the myslican to crack, and the solution of the mystery is looked forward to with interest. To our people it is as much of a riddle as is the probable outcome of the postoffice fight.

Damages Awarded.

CAMDEN, N. J., Oct. 22.—The suit of Dr. W. A. Davis, of Third and Cooper streets, for \$10,000 damages against the Courier Publishing Association, was concluded in the Supreme Court this morning by counsel arguing the case and Judge Parker rendering a most impartial charge to the jury, which at once retired and soon returned with a verdict in favor of the plaintiff for

Unvailing a Statue.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—The bronze statue of the late Mr. Dodge, the millionaire philanthropist, was unvailed to-day at Broadway and Thirty-fifth street. The figure, which was designed by J. O. A. Ward, represents Mr. Dodge in an erect position.

## RECEIVED.

WINSLOW'S CORN.

WINSLOW'S CORN,

COLUMBIA RIVER SALMON,

STANDARD BRANDS TOMATOES, ETC., ETC.

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Blank Book and Paper Box MANUFACTURERS, 66-68-70 Tremont St.

Once more call the attention of the reading and trading public to their extraordinary exhibit of

# lips of slander are silent, and even criticism hesitates lest some iniquitous word should mar the history of the modest, gentle, magnanimous warrior. The whole nation watched his passage through humiliation and misfortunes with sympathy, and the whole world sighed when his life ended. At his burial the unsworded hands of those whom he had fought lifted his bier and bore him to his tomb with love and reverence. Grant made no claim to saintship; he was a man of like passions and with as marked limitations as other men. Nothing could be more distasteful to his honest, modest soul, while living, and nothing more unbecoming to his memory than lying exaggerations and fulsome flatteries. Men without faults are apt to be men without force. A round diamond has no brilliancy. Lights and shadows, hills and valleys give beauty to landscape, and the faults of great and generous natures are often overripe goodness, or shadows which their virtues care. Choice Dry

At this season of the year novelties are being opened daily and constant visitors only can become posted as to actual styles. A great many lines of which we have bought too much have already

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BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES.
Correspondence solicited, and an inspection of our large stock invited.
751 and 758 Elm Street, Dallas, Texas.

THE NEWS OF THE DAY.

INDICATIONS FOR TO-DAY-For the West Gulf States: Slightly warmer, fair weather, variable winds, generally south to west.

Domestic.—Shreveport's cotton receipts are dar ahead of those at this period last season—An old and well known defect in the Smith County Jall at Tyler permitted the escape of prisoners—A stranger dropped dead at Little Rock; Hon. B. B. Battle nominated for the Supreme Bench by Arkansas Democrats-Rev. H. W. Beecher delivered the eulogy at the Grant memorial services at Boston-Grant benefit fund was turned over to Mrs Grant-Necrological-Interesting testimon in the Walkup poisoning case-The Hamilton County returns in the courts-The President sent in a large batch of judicial appointments -At South Bend, Ind., two men were buried alive by a caving sewer—The trial of Ferdi nand Ward—Jay Gould objected to the management of the Grant fund and an interesting discussion ensued—Jas. D. Fish was present as the trial of Ferd Ward.

THE STATE.-A flood of attachments on farm oduce is reported from Sherman-Pete Hull's arm was mangled in a gin at Kyle so that amputation was necessary-On Nov. the Supreme Court is to hear County case as to the constitutionality of the county seat remova act—Synopsis of opinions of the Supreme Court-Unlawfully disposed of school lands of Texas; an Austin letter-Cuero rejoices at a gay volksfest celebration—Efforts are to be made to develop the coal mines near Decatur—The Farmer's Alliance talk of going outside of the State to purchase their supplies—A highly esteemed young man is charged with forgery at Waco— Cotton receipts are heavy and business brisk at Corsicana-Verdict in the Jenett-Owens case is reversed by the Supreme Court—The

TYPE Dallas Opera House.

TWO NIGHTS AND SATURDAY MATINEE. Friday and Saturday,

Friday evening, Saturday matinee, "A MOUNTAIN PINK." Saturday evening—"THE DANITES."
Oct. 30—"The Professor."

Traffic Association-Memphis wants Texas Atlantic—Rate war between two Southern railroads—Jay Gould elected a stockholder in the stock yards—Little boulders for bal-

#### NEW YORK SPECIAL REPORT.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—Government fours active. Sales were made of \$3,000,000 at

ers offered at \$4 83%. Silver dull; \$1 031/4 Stocks were disturbed by the demand of

the Baltimore and Ohio for recognition as a New York trunk line, which must be granted for peace sake. Prices fell 1 to 2 per cent, out rallied, closing with the advance lost.

Bonds were generally firm. Houston and Texas Central firsts, 100%. Santa Fes, 113% bid; do. sixes, 80.

International sixes, 79.
Texas Pacific Rios, 62½; Kansas and Texas sixes, 88½; do. consols, 112; stock, 27.
Fort Worth and Denver, 83; do. stock,

Galveston and Henderson fives, 70 asked. Houston and Texas Central shares, 34%. Thirty thousand San Antonio Westerns were sold at 93.

nglish mana. Sugar firm. Coffee steady. Coffee firm; 1900 dry salted Texas were sold at private figures.

A Tennessee trunk line official says the Baltimore and Ohio matter will be amicably

#### Cotton Trade at Shreveport.

HUNTSVILLE, Oct. 22.—One of the most brilliant weddings in the history of this city occurred last night at the Methodist Church, Rev. I. G. John officiating. The contracting parties were Miss H. Morton Eastham, one of Huntsville's most accom-

OCTOBER 28 AND 24.

Capt. Fowler-Crew of a scuttled brigantine arrested by Baltimore detectives—Prepara-tions made for collecting an exposition exhibit

RAILROADS-More talk about the Texas and t. Louis—Views of a member of the Texas -Progress on the Denver, Memphis and

THE CITY.—The proceedings of several courts —A colored ball and the baked possum— Dallas to exhibit at New Orleans—The Gun Club of this city—A budget of live items in brief shape—Scene in Schuhl's Court—In

Government Securities Active-Baltimore and Ohio Breeze on Wall Street. Special to The News.

Sterling weak. Double name of city bank-

vere sold at vo.
Cotton depressed by Woershoffer selling
short and unfavorable cables regarding
English manufacturing trades.

SHREVEPORT, Oct. 22.—Cotton receipts to date foot up 14,164 bales, against 11,214 bales last year. Shipments 8934 against 7524 last Middling cotton is selling on streets at 9% c and in good demand. Owing to good prices this city is receiving a great deal of Texas cotton, which formerly sought New Orleans and other markets. Shreveport has a number of new buyers in the field this season and is now one of the best markets in the South. Six hundred bales arrived over the Texas Pacific from Mineola to-day

#### Huntsville.

for political success after the war. Thus for two years, not unmarked by great deeds, the war lingered. Lincoln, sad and sorrowful, felt the moderation of his generals, and longed for a man who had but two words in his military vocabulary—victory and annihilation. He was heard from at Forts Henry and Donelson. Three great names were rising, Sherman, Thomas and Sheridan, and, larger than either, Grant. Thus, at length, Grant was really born. He had lain in the nest for a long time as an infertile egg. The brooding of war hatched the egg, and an eagle came forth.

"It is impossible to reach the full measure of Grant's military genius until we survey plished beiles, and Mr. J. B. Jones, a prominent young gentleman from Virginia. The church was beautifully and tastefully decocommittee of strikers conferred with rated with evergreens and flowers.

# war of modern days, or, it may be said, of any age. Into this sulphurous storm of war Grant entered almost unknown. It was with difficulty that he could obtain a command. Grant entered almost unknown. It was with difficulty that he could obtain a command. Once set forward, Donelson, Shiloh, Vicksburg, Chattanooga, the wilderness of Spottsylvania, Petersburg, Appomattox—these were his footsteps. In four years he had risen without political favor from the bottom to the very highest command, not second to any living commander in all the world. His plans were large, his will undiscouraged but patient to obduracy. He was not fighting for reputation nor for the display of generalship, nor for a future presidency. He had but one motive, and that as intense as life itself—the subjugation of the rebellion, and the restoration of the broken Union. He embodied the feelings of common people. He was their perfect representative. The war was waged for the maintenance of the Union, the suppression of armed resistance, and at length for the eradication of slavery. He never wavered, turned aside or dallied. He waded through blood to the horses' bridles.

urned aside or dallied. He waded through dood to the horses' bridles.

'In all this career he never lost courage or quanimity; with a million for whose movements he was responsible, he yet carried a ranquil mind, neither depressed by dissters nor elated by success.

'Gentle of heart, familiar with all, never casting, always modest, Grant came of he old self contained stock of men, of a imple force of being, which allied his enius to the great elemental forces of ature, silent, invisible, irresistible. When is work was done and the defeat of the confederate armies was final, this dreadful and of blood was tender toward his late onfederate armies was final, this dreadful and of blood was tender toward his late diversaries as a woman toward her son, the imposed no humiliating conditions, pared the feelings of his antagonists, sent to be disbanded. Southern men with sood and with horses for working their rops, and when a revengeful spirit in the secutive chair showed itself and threatened the chief. Southern General, Grant with a colv indignation interposed himself and

as only a man of luck. Surely he was. Is it not luck through such an ancestry to have had conferred upon him such a body, such a disposition, such greatness of soul, such unalloyed patriotism, such military genius and such an indomitable will? For four years and more this man performed every function of strategy in grand war which Jomini attributed to Napoleon and Napier to Wellington.

Whether Grant could have conducted a successful retreat will never be known. He was never defeated. Grant has been severely criticised for the waste of life. War is not created for the purpose of life, but by a noble spending of blood to save the commonwealth. The great end which he achieved would have been cheapiy gained at double the expense. When Grant came to the Army of the Potomac he reversed the methods of all who had preceded him. Braver soldiers never were, and valiant commanders, but other Generals had not learned the art of fighting with deadly in-

his generals was as dear to him as as was his own. When Lincoln was dead, Vice President Johnson became President, a man well fitted for carrying on a fight but not skilled in peace. With a morbid sense of the rebellion should be made to suffer as examples, as if the death of all the first born, the desolation of every Southern home, the impoverished condition and bankruptcy of every citizen were not example enough. He ordered Lee to be arrested. Grant refused. When Johnson would have employed the army to effect his purpose, Grant, with quick but noble rebellion, refused obedience to his superior, and arranging to take from his hands all military control repressed the President's wild temper and savage purpose of dishonoring ner, a worthless trafficker, without civil experience, without literary gifts, too diffident to be ambitious, too modest to put himself forward, too honest to be a politician.

"He was, of all men, least likely to attain eminence, and absolutely unfitted, apparently, for pre-eminence; yet God's providence selected him. Ordained was Grant with the ointment of war, black and sulphurous. His opportunity was coming. Already clouds afar off were gathering. He saw them not. No figures were seen upon

per and savage purpose of dishonoring "Having brought the long and disastrous war to a close in his own heart, Grant would have chosen to have rested upon his laurels and lived a retired life. It was not to be permitted. He was called to the presidency by universal acclaim, and it fell to him to conduct a campaign of reconstruction, even more burdensome than the war. It would seem impossible to combine, in one, eminent civil and military genius. To a certain extent they have elements in common, but the predominant element in war is organized force; in civil government, influence. Statesmanship is less brilliant than generalship, but requires a different and higher moral and intellectual genius. God is frugal in creating great men, men great enough to hold in eminence, the elements of a great general and of a great general. At any rate, he had no opportunity to develop the fact. In the readjustment of the political relations of the South Grant was wise, generous, magnanimous in his career. A man, he was, without vices, with an absolute hatred of lies and ineradicable love of truth, of perfect loyalty to friendship, neither envious of others nor selfish for himself; with a zeal for the public good unfeigned, he has left to memory only such weaknesses as connecthim with humanity, and such virtues as will rank him with heroes. For the hour sympathy rolled, as fr a wave, over all our land. It closed the last furrow of war; it extinguished the last prejudice; effaced the last vistage of hatred, and cursed be the hand that shall bring them back. Johnston and Buckner on one side, Sherman and Sheridan on the other of his bier, he has come to his tomb, a silent symbol that liberty has conquered slavery, patriotism rebellion and peace war. He rests in peace. No drums or cannon shall disturb his rest. Sleep, hero, until another trumpet shall shake the heavens and the earth; then come forth to glory, to immortality." "Having brought the long and disastrous war to a close in his own heart, Grant would earth; then come forth to glory, to immortality."

intical quinine. The wisest statesmen were bewildered, and the politicians were juggling fools. The South had builded herself upon the rock of slavery. It lay in the very channels of civilization, like some flood rock lying sullen off Hell Gate. The tide of controversy rushed upon us and split into eddies and swirling pools, bringing violence and disaster. The rock would not move; it must be removed. It was the South itself that furnished the engineers. Arrogance in council sunk the shaft, violence chambered the subterranean passages and infatuation loaded them with dynamite. All was secure. The hand that fired upon Sumter exploded the mine and tore the fortress to atoms. For one moment the waters rocked with wild confusion, then the way of civilization was opened. NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—A meeting of the subscribers to the Grant benefit fund was held this afternoon for the purpose of deciding what disposal should be made of the \$250,000 fund raised for the late Gen. Grant. It was voted that the fund be continued for vilization was opened.
"The South fought for slavery and inde-endence. The North fought for Union, but r political success after the war. Thus the benefit of Mrs. Grant, to be disposed of by her as she sees fit. Since the General's death the income from the fund has been paid regularly to Mrs. Grant. It is stated that Mrs. Grant has already provided for the disposal of the money after her death by will. It will be equally divided between her daughter, Mrs. Sartoris, and her three daughters-in-law.

THE GRANT BENEFIT FUND.

MR. GOULD RAISES AN OBJECTION. At the meeting of the subscribers to the Grant \$250,000 fund held to-day in Oliver Hoyt's office, Jay Gould, one of the subscribers, found fault with the managers of the fund. He said that he would like to know why he and other subscribers had not been notified of a meeting or invited to take

part in the management of the fund. He thought that the fund should have been invested in government He thought that the fund should have been invested in government bonds, and advised that it be so placed now. Mr. Hoyt explained that the investment in Wabash bonds was made at the urgent solicitation of ex-Gov. Morgan. It was against the judgment of the trustees to buy the bonds on their merits, but upon Mr. Morgan's guaranteeing the interest they invested \$216,000 in them. The rest of the fund was kept loaned out on call. As a matter of fact the fund never amounted to \$250,000; one \$50,000 subscription and several smaller ones were never collected. Interest was some times allowed to accumulate at first, but after the Grant & Ward failure Gen. Grant asked for the interest, amounting to \$700 or \$800, and it was paid to him. Part of the money not invested in Wabash bonds was put into Nickel Plate bonds.

Mr. Hewitt wished to state that he was as much responsible as Mr. George Jones was for these investments. The trustees had done as they considered best. He had himself made up deficiencies caused by default in interest. Henry Day, an executor of the Morgan estate, argued that the investment in Wabash bonds was a good one, that the interest was higher than on government bonds and the guarantee of the estate made the fund perfectly safe.

Mr. J. T. Terry, a trustee of the fund, stated that the deficency amounted to \$28,200.

Mr. Gould said that he and Mr. C. P. Huntington stood ready to pay their share

stated that the deficency amounted to \$28,200.

Mr. Gould said that he and Mr. C. P. Huntington stood ready to pay their share to complete the fund, making it \$250,000.

Mr. George Jones said he was heartily sick of newspaper attacks on him in connection with the fund. He did not wish to have the onerous cares of its management any longer. He put in a written statement of his transactions, and requested to be released from further obligations.

A resolution offered by Judge Noah Davis was then agreed to by Mr. Jones, who held proxies for seven-eighths of the subscribers, and was adopted. It provides that the fund shall be placed in trust with the United States Trust Co.

#### POLITICAL.

THE RETURNS IN COURT. CINCINNATI, Oct. 22.—Fully half an hour before the time for opening of Judge Burkwalter's Court the room was crowded with people. At the attorney's table sat W. M. Bateman and Noyes on one side and ex-Congressman I. M. Jordan on the other. At 10 precisely Judge Burkwater took his seat and ordered the issue of a mandamus to the two Democratic judges to put under cover and seal the returns of Precinct E, Ward 18, and hand them to Clerk Dalton, but stated and hand them to Clerk Dalton, but stated that the issue of the mandamus does not indicate what is the duty of Clerk Dalton as to what disposition he shall make of the returns thus delivered to him. Mr. Bateman gave notice of an appeal to the Circuit Court. At the conclusion of the mandamus proceedings the petition came up to continue the temporary restraining order issued last evening, forbidding Clerk Dalton to deliver certificates of election to the four Democratic candidates of Hamilton County for the Ohio Senate. Counsel for the Democrats wanted the injunction dissolved forthwith, while counsel for the Republicans asked that the hearing of the petition be deferred until Circuit Court shall have heard arguments on an alternate writ of mandamus to Clerk Dalton filed this could be made on him and the two assisting esquires, of the papers in the mandamus proceedings before the Circuit Court. These papers were served on Clerk Dalton and 'Squire Bloom at 1:45 o'clock p. m., and the Republican lawyers now claim that, pending the decision of the mandamus proceedings before the Circuit Court, a certificate of election issued by Dalton after service of the papers in the mandamus proceedings would not be worth the paper it was written on.

mandamus proceedings would not be worth
the paper it was written on.

The Circuit Court convened at 2 p. m. in
the consultation room of the Circuit Court,
Judges Cox and Swing present. Dr. Austin
Waulsen appeared for the Republicans, and
John Follett for the Democrats. Judge
Cox, speaking in behalf of his colleagues,
set the mandamus case for hearing at 10
o'clock Monday, when all the Circuit Court
judges will be present.

HON. B. B. BATTLE NOMINATED.

LITTLE ROCK, Oct. 22.—The Democratic Convention to nominate a candidate for a Circuit Judge of the Supreme Court, met to day. Delegates were present from all the counties of the State except two. The lead, ing candidates were Judge J. M. Pittman of Fayetteville, and Hon. B. B. Battle, of Little Rock. There were 244 delegates present. On the first ballot Hon. B. B. Battle received 155, and was declared the nomi-

MR. EVARTS AT SYRACUSE

SYRACUSE, Oct. 22.—Twenty-five hundred people crowded the Wieting Opera-house to the doors to-night to hear Senator Evarts address the Young Men's Republican Club, and a large number of persons were unable to gain admittance. The speech was an argument for a tariff and the protection of labor. A dinner was given this evening in honor of Senator Evarts by Congressman Hiscock. Mr. Evarts left for New York to-

## FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

LI HUNG CHANG RESTORED TO FAVOR. London, Oct. 22.—The Times prints a Shanghai dispatch saying that Li Hung Chang recently paid a long visit to the Emperor at Pekin, and is again in high favor at court. It is also stated that during the visit the Chinese Premier arranged to put in operation at once several important reform measures. The restoration of Li Hung Chang to court favor argues well for the processes of China the progress of China.

IRISH CONFEDERATION.

London, Oct. 20.—With a view of enabling Irishmen to hoist the standard of revolution in event of Mr. Parnell's securing the restoration of an Irish Parliament, Mr James Stephens, formerly head center of the Fenian Brotherhood, is preparing a public letter, to be addressed to Michael Davitt, demanding the union and confederation of the Irish Nationalists in Ireland and America. Mr. Stephens will meanwhile support the Parnellites and endeavor by his influence to induce the dynamiters to give a fair trial to Mr. Parnell's methods before engaging any further in their peculiar tactics.

The Western Union.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—At a meeting of the directors of the Western Union Telegraph Co. to-day, Dr. Green was re-elected president, and Gen. Eckert, general manager. Col. Clowry, of Chicago, was elected a vice-president, and made a member of the exexutive committee.

STATE SPECIAL SIFTINGS.

Weddings at Tyler, Texarkana and Whitesboro. Brenham and the Baylor University. Court Notes and Cotton Trade.

#### Weatherford.

WEATHERFORD, Oct. 22 .- To-day in the County Court the case of the State vs. Jesse Littleton was tried before a jury. The defendant was charged with going into a private house and disturbing the inmates thereof by swearing, cursing, yelling, etc. The proof showed that Mr. Parks gave a select dance at his residence in November last to which he invited Mr. Jesse Littleton among others. After everything had gone merry for a time, Mr. Littleton and a Mr. Smith became involved in a quarrel about a position on the floor. Some hot words a position on the floor. Some hot words ensued, when Mr. Parks, the prosecuting witness, came on the scene and ordered both parties peremptorily to get out of his house, to which Littleton demurred, and he and Parks became involved in a quarrel. By this time a crowd had gathered around and a fight was prevented. The young ladies had adjourned to a private room. One or two witnesses testified that Littleton swore, while others contradicted them. Mr. Littleton was fined \$1 and costs for the action. The County Attorney promised in his closing argument to look after Mr. Smith and the others who were swearing. The parties live about four were swearing. The parties live about four miles in the country.

Dr. J. Wright Dickey, of Poolville, this

county, left on the evening train for Cincinnati, Ohio, to attend the lectures of the Homeopathic Medical School. Dr. Dickey in past years was one of the boys of this place, and his many friends wish him unbounded success. Something over 200 bales of cotton in town

to-day.

The criminal docket of the County Court The criminal docket of the County Court is about completed.
City Marshal D. C. Bratton was around

City Marshal D. C. Bratton was around to-day gathering street tax.

Some substantial improvements have recently been made on Spring street, in the western part of the town.

In the County Court to-day Fred Whitsel was fined \$100 for shooting a dog in April.

James Philips pleaded guilty to an indictment charging him with disturbing the

Justice John W. Squyres has been very sick at his residence for some time, and so far has improved very slowly.

#### Brenham.

BRENHAM, Oct. 22.-The Board of Trustees of Baylor University and Female College. in session here, have appointed a committee of five members to issue an address to the people of Texas, stating terms upon which the schools, jointly or either one of them, will be located at any point desiring them and will receive bids up to Jan. 1 next. The committee of five will report Jan. 6 to the joint committee composed of the Board of Trustees of Baylor University and Baylor Female College for University and gaylor Female College and fifteen members appointed by the Baptist State Convention. At this meeting it will be determined where the institutions will be located. It is expected by that time it will determine whether the General Baptist Association, which controls Waco University, will have agreed with the committee as to whether or not there will be a consolidation of Waco entrols. there will be a consolidation of Waco and Baylor Universities. The following are the committee of five: C. R. Breedlove, A. W. Dunn, Harry Haynes, J. B. Link and F. M.

#### Tyler.

TYLER, Oct. 22.—The social event of the season was the marriage of Miss Florence Brown and Mr. T. T. Cotnam by Rev. Geo. Patterson, at Christ's Church, at 8 o'clock on the evening of the 20th instant. Both the contracting parties being most popular here this supreme epoch in their lives was witnessed by friends and relatives, who crowded the church to its utmost capacity. After the performance of the ceremony the bridal party, with relatives and special friends, went to the residence of the bride's brother, where a reception and sumptuous supper were had. The bride being a young lady of rare beauty appeared to a striking advantage in her costume of white satin, "en train," decked with diamonds.

A concert has been arranged to occur on the 27th inst., for the purpose of assisting the Douglas Rifles to purchase uniforms. This company is now a credit to the city. No intelligence of the prisoners, who escaped from the county jail on the night of the 20th inst., has been received here.

#### Plano.

PLANO, Oct. 22.—A fist fight occurred this morning in Skelton's saloon between Wiley Skelton and Bill Bogges. The latter was badly used up about the eyes. Both parties were arrested and fined the usual sum and Rev. R. W. Thompson, of Marshall, who

has been here for several days, returned home to-day.

Miss M. Schimelpfering, of Lafayette, Ind., has just arrived and is a guest of her brother, Fred Schimelpfering.

Five hundred and two bales of cotton were shipped from this station to-day, and at least 700 bales still remains in the yard awaiting

shipment.

A bale of cotton belonging to J. M. Huff-

man was stolen from Blatack's gin yard last night. No trace of same can be found.

#### Orange.

ORANGE, Oct. 22.-The District Court is progressing slowly with a heavy criminal docket, which is almost concluded. The most important cases were continued. Attorney A. S. Johns, of Beaumont, supplies District Attorney Seal's place, Mr. Seal being absent on account of sickness.

Yesterday was occupied by the case of the State vs. Westmoreland, assault with intent to murder; verdict not guilty.

To-day the State vs. Frank Henderson, as-

sault with intent to murder; not guilty.

The grand jury thus far has only found two bills, both for assault with intent to

murder.
Dr. Edgar Brown, who was wounded at Dr. Edgar Brown, who was would be out Edgerly a short time since, is able to be out again; also Archie McLean, who was accidentally shot the same day.

TERRELL, Oct. 22.—The exposition committee met in the parlors of the Harris Ho tel last evening. The discussion was on the best and cheapest plan of collecting an exhibit that would properly represent the city and adjacent country. Several plans were proposed and considered, but the meeting adjourned without adopting any definite course to meet at the same place on Friday

The Opera-house will be managed this season by Col. Jim Harris, and the theater-going public may rest assured that they

will have an opportunity of seeing some of the best companies on the boards.

A company composed of H. M. Swan and Charley Jett, two drummers, and R. M. Powers and N. H. Nealy, two preachers, went to Sand Lake fishing to-day. Some new and original fish stories may be ex-pected within the next few days.

#### Whitesboro.

WHITESBORO, Oct. 22.—Yesterday evening, Rev. D. F. Fuller officiating, Mr. F. P. Varley and Miss Addie Newman were quietly married at her father's residence on Trolinger avenue. The ceremony ended, the happy couple repaired to the home of the groom, seven miles south of thfs place. This evening at 8 o'clock, at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. W. D. Ligon, Mr George B. Adkins, a successful young mer-George B. Adkins, a successful young merchant, was united in marriage to Miss Annie M. Ligon, one of Whitesboro's popular young ladies. The ceremony was performtd by Rev. Dr. J. C. Carpenter, of Sherman. A number of valuable presents were received by the bride and groom. An elegant supper was served to the numerous guests, and the occasion was one of the hapiest events of the season.

of the season.

Several cases of dengue have been reported, but the late frost is nipping the progress of the disease.

Rev. D. T. Fuller is conducting a revival at the Methodist Church. There have been several converts, and the meeting will continue through this week.

several converts, and the meeting will continue through this week.

About thirty emigrants from Southern Illinois arrived to-day and will locate here. Enmiftakable coal signs have been discovered four miles north of here. The outcropping vein is about three feet thick. A shaft has been sunk seventy-five feet, and the present strata indicates the proximity of a second vein.

FORNEY, Oct. 22 .- Sid Crosslahn, editor of the Forney Century, went to Rockwall yesterday, and returning by way of Terrell, put up at a hotel. This morning on getting up he found that his pants, containing several dollars in money, were missing; also his vest, containing a fine gold watch.

Over 250 bales of cotton changed hands here to-day, bringing the top of the market. Gins are running day and night.

Prof. B. M. Terrell has bought what is known as the Webb corner lot on Pacific avenue, and will erect a two-story brick thereon sometime between the present and the 1st of January. Forney is striving for the bannership of this section.

Marshall. MARSHALL, Oct. 22.—Superintendent Dim mick, of the eastern division of the Texas and Pacific Railway, says that since the first of this month there have been 50,000 bales of cotton shipped over the road in his division. This does not include cotton now in the depots at different stations.

Joe Bright, a sawmill man, left here ten days ago, leaving a job of work unfinished and leaving his wife with three children, and leaving his wife with three children, one of them only four weeks old, in a state of destitution. They are being provided for by neighbors and contributions from citizens generally. He has not been heard from since he left. His wife knew nothing of his leaving and has no idea where he went.

The Mayor and attorneys went to Jefferson this morning, expecting that the injunction case of the Texas and Pacific Railway Co. against the city for opening a street will

Co, against the city for opening a street will be tried. County Court is in session and engaged in civil cases.

#### Abilene.

ABILENE, Oct. 22.-Maud Williams, alias Maud Delisle, died to-day and will be buried by her friends to-morrow.

The Sanders-Lapowskis squabble for a lot terminated this evening by Lapowskis withdrawing from the contest with recourse upon S. P. Leavall for peaceable possession.

The verdict rendered in Terry, Davidson & Grasscup vs. William Cameron & Co. gives Cameron & Co. judgment for \$10,000 and damages to Terry Davidson & Grasscup for \$2000. Cameron & Co.'s claim is for \$8000. Thirteen bales of cotton sold at \$95

8.20. Thirty-seven cars of cattle were shipped this evening, twenty-five to Chicago, the balance to El Paso.

#### Texarkana.

TEXARKANA, Oct. 22.-W. McCarkle, one of the most worthy and prominent young men of this place, was married this afternoon to Miss Lida Mack, one of the reigning and most popular belles of Hope. The ceremony took place in the latter city, and was attended by quite a number of the elite

of Texarkana society. Newton Yarborough, a farmer of this county, while feeding at the gin stand yesterday, had his arm entangled in the saws of the gin. That member was drawn in, and the gentleman so badly injured that he died this morning. He leaves a family and many warm friends to mourn his loss.

Mexia. Mexia, Oct. 22.—The funeral of Mr. H. C. Watson yesterday was one of the largest ever seen here. Every store in the city closed as a mark of respect to the memory of the deceased. The public schools, of which Mr. Watson was one of the trustees, closed and the pupils attended the funeral in a body. The ceremonies were conducted by the Masons and the

were conducted by the Masons and the Knights of Honor.

The trustees of the public schools gave the children a holiday to-day on account of the presence of Barrett's circus. This action on the part of the board is severely criticised by some, who are opposed to circus going, and especially giving such an indorsement as this would indicate.

#### Calvert.

CALVERT, Oct. 22 .- Mr. A. Y. Curtis and Miss Clara Daunis were married last night at the residence of the bride's mother in this city. Miss Clara is a niece of Mr. H. B. Mistrot, of the firm of Adowe & Mistrot. Mr. Curtis is doing business with the

The dengue still holds on. Otherwise the

city is in good health.

Cotton continues to roll in.

The fire companies' new bell, weighing 2400 pounds, that was presented to them by the city, has arrived, and a new tower is now being erected to receive it.

KYLE, Oct. 22.—Pete Hull, who is a ginner at Warnkin's gin, four miles south of town, had his right arm so terribly mutilated this evening by being caught in the saws that amputation above the elbow was necessary. At last accounts the sufferer was resting

The postoffice continues to excite interest, out as yet no appointment has been made.

Everybody almost is down with the den-

Two thousand and five hundred bales of otton have been shipped to date, and it is till rolling in. Weather clear and cool, but as yet no frost has fallen.

#### Greenville.

GREENVILLE, Oct. 22.—This evening the bondsmen of Bud Lawson, who is under indictment for horse stealing, gave him up to the authorities. While looking around the streets for someone to go on his bond, he sought an opportunity to escape by getting on a horse and running off. Deputy Sheriff Simmonds got a horse and gave chase. After an exciting race of about a mile Law-son was caught. He broke jail here some time ago, but was caught in a few hours.

#### Pilot Point.

PILOT POINT, Oct. 22.-Mr. James Holt and Miss Sophia Black were united in the bonds of matrimony this morning at the residence of the bride. Miss Black is the daughter of the proprietor of the Harris House, and Mr. Holt is one of Pilot Point's society

Cotton shipment to date, 1233 bales.

El Paso. El Paso, Oct. 22.—C. Flores, a Mexican, was found near the Parker Hotel to-day in an insensible condition. An examination showed that he had a dangerous wound in the head. He was taken to the city station house, where he testified that he was injured in Paso del Norte. He was placed in the hands of connections and may recover District Court will open here the coming fonday week. There is a good docket acumulated. One of the leading cases that vill come before Judge Falvey is a cattle ase from Valentine Station, involving

The City Council lately ordered the opening of a number of streets, and a committee is looking into the cost of the buildings and ground which will have to be taken for the

problet good. A large adobe structure is now in process of destruction.

Eighteen hundred acres of valley land near San Elisario exchanged hands to-day, and will be devoted to vineyards by experienced postice.

ienced parties.
Several hundred thousand pounds of mission grapes were shipped from here during the season just closed.

#### Gainesville.

GAINESVILLE, Oct. 22.—The cotton receipts vesterday were 191 bales.

Rev. J. E. Eoff, pastor of the Baptist Church, is very sick with malarial fever. A movement is on foot to organize a military company for Gainesville. The requisite number has been obtained and the company will be organized Friday night.

A large lot of cotton was received vesterday from Wise County. The Insurance companies yesterday settled with J. C. Drew, grocer, for his loss in

the fire of the 12th.

The question of the city purchasing the waterworks is being agitated.

The houses burned on the west side of the square recently will be rebuilt at once. Smith and bride returned from Chi-

#### Chapell Hill.

CHAPELL HILL, Oct. 22.—There are only

cago to-day.

five white families in town yet to contract the dengue. Cotton is coming in rapidly, and by Nov.

there will be none in the fields. There have been shipped to date 2288 bales. There are in the cottonyards awaiting shipment 300 bales, and in the country, not yet marketed, perhaps 700 bales more. Planters have about consummated their arrangements with hands to work their plantations another year, and a great deal of corn will have to be shipped in to supply their wants.

#### Palestine.

PALESTINE, Oct. 22.—A good deal of surprise as well as regret was felt by citizens here this morning at the announcement that the photograph art gallery of F. B. Baily had been closed by creditors. Mr. Baily was in arrears for \$200 rent to A. S. Bowers and \$350 to Mrs. Terry, of Ashton, Ohio, whose deceased husband owned an interest in the gallery. It is claimed that the gal-lery, fixtures, etc., are worth fully \$1500, but hard times have made it impossible for Mr. Baily to meet his obligations.

BRACKETT, Oct. 22 .- The County Court has been in session for two weeks and much business was transacted. A dozen of the gambling fraternity were fined and sent to jail for ten days. This has caused quite a sensation, and it is claimed that it will entirely break up gambling in this place.

Chaplain Merrill, of Fort Clark, has returned from a summer's leave of absence to Georgia, and preached to a large sudience of the garrison and citizens on Sunday night.

#### Crowlev.

CROWLEY, Oct. 22.—The dengue an over this town rough shod this last week. It came suddenly, and commenced breaking the people's bones without warning. It was believed it would break the back of one citizen, but it is believed he is about to

rally now.

Crowley has had a fine fall so far for the farmers to finish sowing their small grain.
A cold norther has been blowing for the

#### Cuero. CUERO, Oct. 22.—THE NEWS to-night was greedily sought after when it was learned that Jack Evans had been removed and Senator Kleberg appointed in his place. Great entifusiasm, prevails here over the intelli-gence. For the first time since the war the German population here has a representa-tive in a federal office. Congressman Crain carries another scalp on his belt, and is busy sharpening his scalping knife for

#### Bonham.

BONHAM, Oct. 22.—The new engine for Fisher's mill is being placed in position. This is the finest engine ever brought here Cotton is coming in quite lively. A. P. Chamberlain, the jail contractor,

was called to the bedside of his dying sister, in Sherman, yesterday.

John D. Settle, of Denison, is in the city.
There has just been enough frost to make cotton open fast.

## Elkhart.

ELKHART, Oct. 22 .- A new discovery of medical properties in water on the farm of Mr. Cromwell, two miles east of this place. has created quite an excitement. The analysis of the water shows the same medicinal qualities as those of the Wootan wells but stronger. Some fifteen or twenty gallons are being shipped from here to different points every day and hundreds of invalids are drinking it with evident benefit.

#### McKinney.

McKinney, Oct. 22.—The case of the State vs. Belew, charged with murder, continues to drag its slow length. It will be finished by noon to-morrow.

Amanda J. Lee was to-day declared to be a person of unsound mind and placed under The weather continues fine, and considerable cotton coming in daily.

#### Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 22.—The fire that occurred on the eastbound (No. 143) train yesterday has all been righted and the loss is about \$12,000 or \$13,000. Loss on cotton, \$9000, and the balance on the road and cars. The cotton has been coming in lively all day and commands good prices. Receipts up to 4 o'clock are 2074 bales.

#### Van Alstyne.

VAN ALSTYNE, Oct. 22.—Yesterday Ter-hune & Yeakum filed suit in the Federal Court, at Dallas, for Martin Fowler & Co. of St. Louis, against Hampton & Sledge and levied attachments on a drug store and saloon in this town. Hampton claims to have sold out to his father.

The Farmers' Alliance are in town to-day with about 600 bales of cotton.

#### Marlin.

MARLIN, Oct. 22.—About 8500 bales of cotton have been received here up to date, and about 7000 bales have been shipped. A number of houses are filled with cotton seed and there is a demand for more, on account

Corn is coming in and bringing a good price; selling at 40 and 45 cents a bushel.

Autopsy of a Suicide. WILMINGTON, Del., Oct. 22.-A post mortem examination was made this morning of the body of M. Hoyt. who committed suicide at the Clayton House. The coroner's jury rendered a verdict this afternoon that deceased came to his death from an overdose of morphine, taken with suicidal intent. There is a large scar resembling the marks of a terrible burn on the left side of the abdomen. The body was photographed this morning, and copies will be sent to the police of all large cities. His general appearance was that of a German professor.

## THE BAYOU CITY BUDGET.

Disposition of Cases in the Criminal District Court.

Killed by a Railroad Train-An Entertaining Chapter on Railroad History and the Late Mr. Cowdry.

#### Special to The News.

Houston, Oct. 22.—This morning in the Criminal Court W. J. Willson was arraigned on the charge of murdering Gallatin Gumm On motion of the District Attorney the case was continued and the prisoner placed under \$1000 bond. Adam Clay and Thomas B. Hicks became his bondsmen.

A lawyer fired two shots from a revolver at an opponent whose first had proved a knock down argument. The rejoinder, however, was not sufficiently direct or the points well taken, for he was disarmed without injury to his opponent and placed

A young man named Willie Collins was run over this morning at Chaney Junction by freight train No. 8. Justice Railey held an inquest over the remains. The jury rendered a verdict that deceased came to his death through his own negligence by stealing a ride on No. 8 freight train, and that no blame can be attached to the railroad com-

case of Thomas Williamson vs. the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe Railroad Co. was tried this morning in the District Court. The jury returned a verdict in favor of the plaintiff for \$1000.

#### SCRAP OF RAILROAD HISTORY. A gentleman well informed upon the

subject furnishes THE NEWS with the following bit of railroad history, called forth by an erroneous statement published this morning in a brief sketch of the late N. A. Cowdrey. The Galveston, Houston and Henderson Railroad was built in 1858-59 from Virginia Point to Houston. An agent was sent to Europe to negotiate the bonds of the company, who squandered the larger por-tion of them at Paris and London, and little or no return was made to the company. The road was sold in 1860 to satisfy claims of the contractors for construction, a Galveston syndicate of ten merchants being the purchasers. They to satisfy claims of the contractors for construction, a Galveston syndicate of ten merchants being the purchasers. They organized a stock company and operated the road until 1866, and completed connection with this city. They also purchased terminal property at each end of the road. N. A. Cowdrey and F. P. James, of New York, had gathered up a majority of these bonds in the meanwhile, and began a suit in the United States Court in 1866. Tipton Walker was then appointed receiver; subsequently Robert Calwell, but Cowdrey, during the incumbency of each, was in fact the receiver, The suit in the United States Court, which was begun under Judge Watrous, was continued for years and finally decided before Judge Bradley, a United States Circuit Judge, in favor of Cowdrey and James, and this decision was confirmed by the United States Supreme Court in 1870. The road was sold under this decree in 1871, and purchased by Cowdrey, and James, who subsequently reconveyed it to the former owners, who formed a new company under the style of the Galveston, Houston and Henderson Railroad of 1871, issuing to Cowdrey in payment of the purchase about \$1,500,000 first mortgage 7 per cent bonds. This new company operated the road until January, 1880, when default was made in the interest installments. Cowdrey was then again made receiver, and took possession of the road and operated the same until the fall of 1882, when it was again sold under foreclosure, Jay Gould and Russel Sage becoming the purchasers in this instance. They in turn reorganized the company in December, 1882, as the Galveston, Houston and Henderson Railroad of 1882, under which it is now operated. The foreclosure proceedings, the appointment of receiver, etc., of 1881-82 were instituted and conducted by Cowdrey. Judge E. T. Austin was his attorney. In the proceedings from 1868 to 1871 W. G. were instituted and conducted by Cowdrey. Judge E. T. Austin was his attorney. In the proceedings from 1868 to 1871 W. G. Hale represented Cowdrey & James and was alone save such assistance as Cowdrey (who was an able railroad lawyer) gave him. The railroad company was represented by Ballinger & Jack, and subsequently Jere Black, before the United States Circuit Court (Judge Bradley) here and the Supreme Court at Washington. T. W. Pierce was a large stockholder and president of the company prior to 1871, and subsequently from 1871 up to 1875 or 1876.

#### SAN ANTONIO VOLKSFEST,

## A Fairly Good Time, But the People Disan-

pointed-Award of Prizes, Etc. Special to The News. SAN ANTONIO, Oct. 22.—The chief topic in the city to-day has been the volksfest. The procession which paraded through the city was a fair representation of the business interests of the city, and was supported by a detachment of the United States Third Artillery, the Eighth Cavalry Band, local military companies and the sole visiting company, the Prairie Guards of Weimar,

Tex. The following prizes were awarded: For the best general appearance for military company in line, the prize of \$50 was awarded to the San Antonio Rifles; second best, \$25, was given to the Belknap Rifles.

The first prize for the best decorated wagon was given to Cameron & Co.; second

wagon was given to Cameron & Co.; second best to Lone Star Brewery.

The finest display made by fire companies was awarded to Fire Co. No. 1, and as no second prize was offered honorable mention was made of the Sunset Hose Co. Speeches were made by the president of the association, M. Madaraiz, Mr. C. W. Ogden, Judge Shields and Prof. Seele this afternoon. This evening a display of fireworks took place and various amusements afternoon. This evening a display of nre-works took place and various amusements were provided.

works took place and various amusements were provided.

The general opinion of the public of San Antonio is that the volksfest has been grossly mismanaged, and a feeling of general disappointment has been expressed by the visitors. One of the evening papers states that it does not damn with faint praise, but honestly believes that the volksfest is a gigantic failure.

Hon. Joseph Sayers has signified his readiness to attend a meeting here between the 10th and 14th prox. in the interest of the city, to consider the probability of obtaining deep water at Aransas Pass.

ing deep water at Aransas Pass.

The Eagle Pass Juvenile Band is receiving enconums from all San Antonia on its ability. It was the most attractive feature

#### CORSICANA CULLINGS.

#### Farmers' Alliance-Exposition Exhibits-Mill Industry-Cotton Receipts. CORSICANA, Oct. 22.-THE NEWS reporter

to-day interviewed one of the leading Alli-

ance men of this county, and obtained the

following statement of what they are doing and propose to do and not do in the county The organization is one looking strictly to the financial interests of the farmers of the county. As a body they will take no stock whatever in political measures, leaving its members free to act as they see fit in all political movements. As a body they will likely buy their groceries in New Orleans this winter and their clothing and other heavy goods in St. Louis. He stated that these markets St. Louis. He stated that these markets afford them a very large per cent in salvage over the prices offered by home and other Texas markets. That they had already bought largely of wagons from Northern markets this season, saving on each wagon from \$25 to \$30 over the cost of wagons at home markets. The prime object of the organization is to place the farmers on a cash paying basis, and relieve them of the burden of old debts and mortgages.

The last meeting of delegates to the

# County Alliance was held at Bell Point

county Alliance was held at Bell Point, where, among other business transacted, they adopted a resolution to "pay up" a certain paper published in this city and "stop it," because of its recent and frequent expressions derogatory to their interests. The next meeting of the County Alliance will be held at Bazette.

Commissioner S. J. T. Johnson to-day received a telegram from Hon. S. B. McConnico requesting that the exhibits from this county to the North, Central and South American Exposition be shipped at once. That the Exposition is fast being arranged, and will open without fail Nov. 10, with everything in perfect order.

Bob Heilburn, held here on a charge of assault with intent to murder, was released to-day on a \$500 bond for his appearance at the next term of the District Court.

Hon. L. D. Bradley will have a habeas corpus case in this city on Saturday next. The ground of the writ is that the grand jury that found the bill of indictment against the defendant was composed of thirteen men, which number the Court of Appeals has recently said is one too many.

The News reporter attended the Justice Court of Precinct No. 5, of this county, yesterday and to-day. There were eight civil and six criminal cases disposed of. Litigation is lively throughout the county

Court of Precinct No. 5, of this county, yesterday and to-day. There were eight civil and six criminal cases disposed of. Litigation is lively throughout the county.

The Corsicana Roller Mills shipped to-day one car of flour to Athens. The wife of Mr. Knox, the manager of these mills, arrived from Illinois this morning. Mr. K. is from Farmer City, Ill., at which place he owns large milling interests.

The compress to-day received five hundred bales of cotton from Waxahachie and a large assignment from McKinney. The press is in constant operation, having all it can do.

## There are twenty-four prisoners in the county jail, one half of whom need no guard. They have the dengue.

#### THE NEWS FROM SHERMAN. Bale of Alabama Cotton Settled For-Flood of Farm Attachments-Railroad Notes.

Special to The News. SHERMAN, Oct. 22 .- A few days since a young man by the name of J. T. Caldwell arrived in the city from Jackson County, Alabama, in search of a man who had disposed of a bale of cotton mortgaged to him (Caldwell), and after it was learned in wha part of the country he lived Caldwell swore out extradition papers before Justice Hinkle, and, in company with Deputy Sheriff John Morris, went to his place, two miles this side of Collinsville, in the southwestern part of this county. The matter was amicably adjusted and no arrest was made.

LIBEL CASE. The case of J. C. McDonald vs. M. S. Anderson and J. C. Marshall has occupied the attention of the Dis trict Court all the afternoon. This is a libel case wherein plaintiff sues for \$25,000 actual damages and \$25,000 vindicative damages. The grounds set forth in the petition for damages are that the defendants gave the damages are that the defendants gave the plaintiff a note for \$100, payable at the City Bank on Nov. 1, in exchange for his crop, and that when he, plaintiff, came to collect the money he found that notice had been given the bank that the note had been fraudulently obtained. Plaintiff also alleges. given the bank that the hote had been that ulently obtained. Plaintiff also alleges that he is entitled to vindicative damages on account of a notice having been posted in the courthouse notifying persons not to purchase said note.

#### ANXIOUS CREDITORS. The number of attachments being run on cotton, corn, etc., this year by merchants who have furnished farmers with goods for the year is larger than has been known bethe year is larger than has been known before for years. From every justice precinct in the county comes word of attachment after attachment on cotton. It is said that in some sections the farmers are afraid to gather their cotton on account of the argus eyed creditor, who is always near by to pounce down on anything of value.

NEW ENGINE HOUSE. The question of the erection of a new en-City Council. There is no doubt about the one now occupied being dangerous, but some of the members of the board oppose the erection of a new Council. the erection of a new one on account of the depleted condition of the municipal finances. The trustees of the Methodist Episcopal Church South did wish to exchange lots with the city and to give the city \$1000 difference. The trade was deferred by the Board of Aldermen at the last meeting, but it is now thought that the last meeting, but it is now thought that the trustees will not make such liberal terms

## SHERMAN AND SOUTHEASTERN.

The Evening Register, in an editorial this afternoon, gives an estimate of the taxable real estate which will be tributary to the Sherman and Southeastern Railroad, and places the total valuation at \$25,000,000. The population of the counties tributary is placed at 125,000. A synopsis 1s also given to the character of land to be crossed, and in this the article places the first seventy-five miles from Sherman as good farming in this the article places the first seventy-five miles from Sherman as good farming land and characterizes the remaining thirty-five miles as the gate to the pineries, and says that a territory forty miles wide and eighty-five miles Iong will be wholly tributary to the Sherman and Southeastern, inasmuch as there is no other road therein to prove a competitor. In a conversation with one of the committee who are soliciting subscriptions to the capital stock this afternoon, a News reporter was informed that no doubt rested with the committee in regard to the necessary \$150,000 being speedily raised, and the general sentiment of every citizen is that the road should and will be commenced within the next six weeks. The people have no confidence in the Marshall and Northwestern, and laugh at the boasts of Paris over what she claims to have done over Sherman's endeavors. The question of building the Sherman and Southeastern to or near Mt. Pleasant, Titus County, a distance of 110 miles has been agitated ever since summer, and it only needed a little impetus like the present excitement in regard to the Marshall Road to set the tinder to blazing. "On to Mt. Pleasant" is the battle cry, and capitalists, merchants and all alike are putting themselves in line and will do effective work.

#### EARLY FROSTS.

A general sentiment prevails among the farmers of Grayson and adjoining counties that the frosts of the last few mornings have been beneficial to the cotton crops. BURIED.

Henry Sirpliss was buried in the West Side Cemetery this morning. GENERAL NOTES. Thomas Roberts and Mrs. Naning were married on South Montgomery street to

night. Bride and groom are both on the

shady side of 70.

Tom Smith and Miss Pearl Brown were married in the County Court room this afternoon by Judge Gregg.

The case of Burrel Bond, charged with robbery, is in progress before Judge Henkle; his bond was placed at \$1000.
There was a meeting of the railroad committee to-night. Members report matters

## very bright indeed. South Bend, Ind., Oct. 22.—Just before noon to-day two men were buried under fif-

teen feet of earth by the caving in of a sewer, where they were laying brick. A large force is at work excavating for the bodies. A second cave of earth occurred about 1 p. m. There is no hope of finding the buried men alive.

## LITTLE ROCK, Oct. 22.—This morning an

unknown man, about forty years of age, with dark hair and skin, apparently from the Eastern States, fell dead on the street. The coroner's jury rendered a verdict that the unknown man came to his death from

## THE NEWS FROM WACO.

#### A Business Man Arrested, Charged With Forgery.

Death from Skunk Bite-The Press Association

### President Resigns-Another Social Sensation-Notes.

Special to The News. WACO, Oct. 22.—George W. Smith, late secretary of the Waco Water Co., was arrested this evening on complaint made by the company. He is charged with embezzling \$191 35 of the company's funds. Smith is also charged with raising a check on the Waco National Bank from \$4 50 to \$40 50 by making the word four read forty. He is high ly connected in North Carolina, and is the favorite son of wealthy parents residing in Raleigh. He came to Waco about two years ago, and forged himself to the front as a society beau within six months. The friends of the accused are endeavoring to quiet the

#### a true bill will be returned before nightfall DENGUE. The dengue has taken a fresh start. The latest victims are Judge George Clark and his law partner, Mr. John L. Dyer.

matter by raising a purse to liquidate the

amounts. It is understood the grand jury

has the case under investigation to-day, and

DEADLY SKUNK BITE. The deadly effect of a skunk bite was illustrated at Durango. The valuable dog of Dr. J. M. Lillard was bitten by one of Dr. J. M. Lillard was bitten by one. Paralysis immediately ensued, and in less than three minutes the dog was dead.

The grand jury has returned fifteen additional indictments. The major part were old presentments which had to be drawn anew to conform to the recent decision of the Supreme Court. Henry Griffen, Will Matthews and Albert Hansucker, immates of the county jail, were liberated, the evidence against them not warranting the finding of true bills.

#### true bills.

In the County Court D. K. Dudely, charged with aggravated assault, was fined \$25; Anthony Hodges, stealing a bird, \$12; Charles Foster, theft, \$15; Frank Jones and Charles Foster, their, \$10; Frank Jones and Pleas Bony, escaping from poor farm, two weeks in jail; Tom Davis and T. W. Miles, appeal from City Court, \$1 each. The cases against May Boggess and Amanda Robin son, for keeping disorderly houses; Dick McGhee, for disturbing the peace; William Lynch, for threat with intent to kill, and against Richard MoGee, for assault, were dismissed.

#### TEXAS PRESS ASSOCIATION. To the Members of the Executive Committee of the Texas Press Association:

Whereas, Prof. T. J. Girardeau has resigned the presidency of the Texas Press Association, and left the duties of said office devolving on me, and teeling that the interest of said association will be best served by calling a meeting of the executive committee, the members of said committee are hereby notified and requested to meet in the city of Waco, in the parlors of the Pacific Hotel, on Tuesday, Nov. 10, A. D. 1885, for the purpose of designating the time of the next regular meeting of the association in the city of San Antonio, and arrange for an excursion to the City of Mexico, or elsewhere, as may suit the committee, and for the transaction of the general business of the association.

Arrangements have been made for special rates at the Pacific Hotel and ample accommodation for the whole delegation. The Waco Fair and Racecourse will be open and in session, and arrangements have been maxe with Capt. S. Johnson, secretary of the Fair Association, for open gates to the delegation for the entire four days.

The meeting will be called to order on Tuesday, Nov. 10, in the parlors of the Pacific Hotel tive committee, the members of said com-

Tuesday, Nov. 10, in the parlors of the Pacific Hotel. We expactly desire a full attendance of the committee, and any members of the press who may visit us during our meeting will be accorded a seat and full privileges and courtesies of membership. All officers of the association are ex-officio members of the committee, and we respectfully desired.

# the committee, and the their presence. All papers friendly to our cause will please copy this call. With best wishes for the advancement of the press and the Texas Press Association, J. H. Davis, De Facto President.

the committee, and we respectfully desire

ANOTHER SENSATION. The Axtell Station sensation, involving the breaking up a home by the alleged downfall of a young wife, is the talk of the town. The husband, the woman in the case and the mutual friend are all highly connected and have enjoyed social distinction nected and have enjoyed social distriction in this city. The trio are in Waco, but thus far have made it a point to avoid meeting one another. The outraged husband and indignant mutual friend were on the streets this morning. As they converged towards the plaza the public ear was strained for a target practice. It came not Justed of meeting it public ear was strained for a target practice. It came not. Instead of meeting it was fated that the aggrieved parties should take opposite courses. The party charged with debauching the young wife says the allegation is without the semblance of truth, but is one of those vagaries incident to morphine eaters, to which fatal habit, he says, the husband is addicted. The community is inclined to that belief. The young wife is the daughter of a rich banker doing business in a county additing Pallas.

business in a county adjoining Dallas. DROWNED IN A WELL. The two-year-old son of Thomas Luckett wandered to a well in the yard, crawled upon the frame work, lost his balance and fell in. The body was drawn up lifeless. The mother, some hours before, had drawn a bucket of water and neglected to close the cover of the well. The child was missed some time before it was thought to look in the well for it.

#### DEAD. Judge J. F. Davis died at the family residence in East Waco to-night after a lingering illness.

## A vacant residence on North Eighth street was discovered to be on fire at 12:10 this morning. The residence and outbuildings were totally destroyed. Loss about \$1000. It is not known at this hour whether the buildings were covered by insurance or not. The fire was evidently the work of incendiaries. The property is owned by Mrs. Mary Massman, now a resident of Forth Worth.

#### THE HIGHER COURTS.

THE TERMS AT TYLER. TYLER, Oct. 22.—Both the Supreme Court and the Court of Appeals had sessions today and called the dockets of the second assignment, in which a number of cases were submitted. The only case finally disposed of was that of Oden vs. State, from Coryell, in Court of Appeals, in which judgment was affirmed. The Court of Appeals to-day entered a rule on the relation of the Assistant Attorney General against the members of the firm of Plenimons, Hacklewood & Temple, of Henrietta Clay County, to show cause why they should not be held in contempt of this court for imposing on its jurisdiction in the application for habeas corpus in exparte Merchant, in representing to this court that the Judge of that district had refused to hear the writ of habeas corpus, when, in fact, the Judge had granted the writ.

The case of J. M. Harrell, County Attorney, et al. vs. J. H. Lynch et al., from Bowie County, was to-day set down for hearing by the Supreme Court on Monday, Nov. 2. This is the case which involves the constitutionality of the act of April 10, 1879, providing for the removal of county seats. The court below, Hon. W. H. McLain, held ihis act unconstitutional and perpetually enjoined the officers of Bowie County from removing to Texarkana, in obedience to the result of the late election in that county. Coryell, in Court of Appeals, in

late election in that county.

#### AFFAIRS AT FORT WORTH.

Another Chapter in the Killing of Frank Boyland.

Confession of Ed Collins-Railroad Improvements Assured-Heavy Beef Contract. Personal and General Notes.

Special to The News.

FORT WORTH, Oct. 22.—The arrest day before yesterday of Tobe Turner and Ed. Collins for the killing of the negro boy, Frank Boyland, and the confession of Turner, as reported to THE NEWS last night, have created considerable excitement in the city to-day. This morning Turner was taken to the scene of the killing by Assistant County Attorney Ross Bowlin, Sheriff Maddox and Deputies Tucker and Castle-berry. Turner piloted them to spot where the negro's body had been found, and several teeth and pieces of his skull were picked up. The weapon with which the deed had been committed could not be found, and Turner stated that he had thrown it in the lake. No trace of the dog slain the day of the killing of the negro could be found, and the party returned to the city. This afternoon the same party took Collins out, and while on the way to the thicket an effort was made to extort a confession from him, which proved unavailing until the spot where the killing was committed was reached.

COLLINS CONFESSES. Here Collins weakened, and asked Bowlin If he would allow him to turn State's evidence. Bowlin said he would make no promises, and after further persuasion Collins told what the officers think is the lins told what the officers think is the straight of the whole affair. He stated that he and Collins had driven a few cattle from Coppinger's pasture and turned them into a pasture adjoining. These had been found and driven back by the negro who was in Coppinger's employ. The cattle were driven out again and once more taken back by Boyland. Seeing that it was useless to attempt to steal the cattle while Boyland was around, it was decided to kill him and take the cattle afterward. Therefore, on Aug. 18, Turner It was decided to kill him and take the cattle afterward. Therefore, on Aug. 18, Turner and Collins procured two horses at the livery stable of Turner's brother, in this city, and arming themselves rode out to the pasture. On a pretext of hunting stray cattle, they induced the negro boy to accompany them down in the bottom. The negro rode ahead and Turner dismounted and

of about four feet long. Armed with this he rode up behind Boyland, and after exchanging a few words with him, hit him across the back of the neck with such force that the boy fell from his horse. Turner then dismounted and beat his skull in with three hiews of the club. The two men then then dismounted and beat his skull in with three blows of the club. The two men then attached a rope to Boyland's feet and dragged him about 300 yards into the thicket. The boy gave a groan when he was first struck, but said nothing and was probably dead before he reached the ground. Collins, after this confession, showed the party the trail where they had dragged the body. This trail was plainly visible and was still marked with blood. Collins then went directly to the place where he said Turner threw the club, and there it was found with blood stains still upon it. THE DEAD DOG.

He then directed the party to a clump of brush, where they found the remains of the faithful dog. Collins stated that he had killed the dog the day after the murder of the negro; that he was impelled by somethe negro; that he was impelled by something, he could not explain what, to go to where the dead negro was lying, and that when he came near the spot the dog ran out and barked at him, then ran back. Collins followed and saw the animal licking the face of the dead boy. He stated that he concluded it was best for his own safety to kill the dog, buthe hated to do it "a degight worse than he hated to kill the nigger." He fied a strap around the dog's neck and took him about 100 yards away and shot him.

The strap, the skull of the dog and the club were brought to the city and are now in the possession of the County Attorney along with the skull of Boyland. The general opinion is that Collins tells the truth. and it is predicted that he will go to the enitentiary and Turner will hang. The demendancy and Turner will lang. The Assistant County Attorney says he has evidence enough to do this. The murdered negro was a faithful employe, and it was principally owing to this fact that Coppinger took such an interest in working up the case after his return from England.

RETURNED HOME. W. J. Boaz, C. B. Daggett, C. H. Rintleman and D. W. Humphreys, members of the committee sent to St. Louis to confer with the Missouri Pacific officials, returned this morning and report that the object of the expedition was accomplished. As a result of the conference, Houston street will shortly be opened a result of the conference, Houston street will shortly be opened west of the railroad to a junction with Main street. A street will be run under the track near the Union Depot, and the roundhouse will be moved west of Main street. Nothing definite was done about the location of machine shows at this point the location of machine shows at this point. the location of machine shops at this point, but the promise was made that they will be located here sometime. When this work is begun, Jennings avenue will be bridged across the track.

HEAVY BEEF CONTRACT. Isaac Dohlman, of this city, has closed a contract with an English syndicate to furnish them 3000 beef cattle, frozen by the refrigerator process, to be delivered on wharf at Galveston every fortnight for five years. The price to be paid is 6 cents for the beef and 9 cents per pound for the hides. It is expected the shipments will commence next month.

ANOTHER CRIMSON CONFESSION. Dr. H. E. Wooten, of Kempner, Tex., arrived in the city this afternoon, having in charge J. T. Jones, whom he arrested near Cleburne, this morning, on suspicion of being the man who shot and killed Wm. Chrissman, the stockman, near Harrold, about three weeks ago. In making the arrest Dr. Wooten was assisted by two others. and several shots were exchanged, but no one was hurt. The doctor finally got the drop on Jones, who then surrendered. On his way here Jones made the following statement: He came from Tennessee to Texas about three years ago, and has for some time been robbing stages in Montana and Idaho. He came back to Texas about a and Idaho. He came back to Texas about a month ago, trying to escape from the United States authorities. As he was riding a jaded horse between Harrold and Wichita Falls he was overtaken by Wm. Chrissman and another man, and they traveled several miles together in the direction of the Falls. Failing in his efforts to exchange his horse for the one ridden by Chrissman, he determined to kill them both and take the horses. He accordingly drew his pistol and shot Chrissman through the heart and wounded the other ingly drew his pistol and shot Chrissman through the heart and wounded the other man, who immediately took to the woods. Jones mounted Chrissman's horse and rode off. A reward of \$1000 has been offered for his arrest by Chrissman's brother, who is a wealthy stockman of Gatesville. Jones will be held here to await identification by the man wounded, who will arrive to-morrow. A FIERY FLUE.

An alarm from box twenty seven at 8:30 p. m. called out the fire department, but the fire, which was in the chimney of a house on Twelfth street, was extinguished without its aid.

THEY GATHERED THEM IN. Three tramps walked into the store of Randall, Chambers & Co. to-day and asked Mr. Chambers for some money, which being refused, they cursed and abused him in an outrageous manner. Officers Tucker and

Witcher happened to be passing just then and gathered them in. A bunch of store keys was found on the person of one of them,

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS. The following real estate transfers were

W. S. Pendleton and wife to J. D. Rae, 2 acres A. McLanore survey; consideration,

Texas and Colorado Improvement Co. to Fort Worth and Denver City Railway Co. Fort Worth and Denver City Railway Co., all lots, tracts or parcels of land situated on the said line of railway in the towns from Fort Worth to Wichita Falls, of Wichita Falls, Bellevue, Bowie, Aurora, Wise, Alvord, Dido, Sunset, Nina and Calef; price paid, \$1 and other valuable considerations.

Marriage licenses were issued to J. A. Murphy and Miss Lilian A. Cunningham; Lawrence Kennedy, colored, and Miss Hattie Durham, colored.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

PERSONAL AND GENERAL. Col. J. P. Smith stopped at Kansas City on his way home from the St. Louis conference, and will arrive to-morrow. L. L. Keller, superintendent of the Rio

Grande division of the Texas and Pacific Railway, is in the city on business of the W. H. Warren left for Jefferson and

Marshall to-day on business.

Alderman Daggett presided at the Police Court this morning, Recorder Feild still being down with the dengue.

The city is full of tramps and the number is increasing daily. They come, but they don't seem to go.

don't seem to go.

The Missouri Pacific pay car arrived last night and the Texas Pacific pay car came in this morning. All hands are flush.

No County or District Courty to-day. Thirty-two indictments for misdemeanors were returned to-day by the grand jury, and capiases for the same were issued by County Clerk Swayne.

#### FROM THE STATE CAPITOL.

Elated Over Kleberg's Appointment-Proposed Riflemen's Association-Presbytery.

Special to The News Austin, Oct. 22.-The Democrats are elated over Kleberg's appointment as District Attorney. Members of the bar, however, say Evans has no superior as a prosecutor. He had the criminal element intimi-

The annual report of the Marshall and Northwestern Railway, received to-day, shows a paid up capital of \$63,200, and expenses this |year of \$62,227 from construction. The road is only beginning to take

Gen. Walter P. Lan, of Marshall, is here. It is proposed at the prize shoot of the rifle clubs here the 7th and 8th of next month to form a State Riflemen's Associa-

If the Pecos watered school lands are placed on the market for sale, it is proposed by one member of the board it shall be under competition, after advertising to the world attracting attention to the land.

Col. Herring, of Waco, is here as counsel in an important land suit.

Comptroller Swain emphatically stated to a News reporter that there is no truth in the report that any kind of a combination or understanding exists between Senator Maxey and himself.

Chartered: First Missionary Baptist Church, of Anson; also San Angelo Water Works, capital \$30,000.

The Presbyterian synod had the usual sessions this morning and afternoon. Rev.

Works, capital \$30,000.

The Presbyterian synod had the usual sessions this morning and afternoon. Rev. M. E. Richardson, of Tennessee, delivered an address on the subject of education. The Austin College report was presented, also the report of the Southwestern Presbyterian University of Tennessee, indicating changes in faculty. Thirty students were candidates for the University, ten having entered the theological class at Austin, conducted by Dr. Dabney, of the State University, and De. Smoot, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, Austin, as a promising new departure in theological education and as an adjunct to the Southwestern University. Dr. R. F. Bunting has been appointed financial agent of the latter institution. This report, which was lengthy, was freely discussed. On resolution to indorse the theological class at Austin the objection was urged that it might be to some extent detrimental to the Presbyterian College at Sherman. Pending discussion the synod adjourned for the day.

The ministers in attendance will preach Sunday in most of the Austin pulpits.

## WASHINGTON.

APPOINTED COLLECTOR. Washington, Oct. 22.—The President has appointed Samuel J. Anderson to be collector of customs at Portland, Me.

JUDICIAL APPOINTMENTS. WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—The President late this afternoon made the following appointments: L. K. Church, of New York, Assoiate Justice of the Supreme Court of Dakota; W. W. Porter, of California, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of Arizona; Wm. H. Barnes, of Illinois, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of Arizona; John C. Shields, of Michigan, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Arizona; Evan Long, of Indiana, Chief Justice of the Su-preme Court of New Mexico; Israel Green, agent for the Indians of the Sioux Agency.

RICE MEN PROTEST. The Secretary of the Treasury gave hearing this morning to representatives of Southern rice producing districts, who have come to protest against the action of the collector of New York regarding the duty on broken or granulated rice.

#### CRIMINAL CALENDAR.

THE JAIL BREAK AT TYLER. Special to The News.

TYLER, Oct. 22.—The jail break here, mentioned in yesterday's special, was the result of the Commissioners' Court in not having repaired a hole through the brick wall in the jail, which has remained for two years a tempting and obvious means of escape to any prisoner who could liberate himself from the inner cell. The escape was also made possible by the contractors who furnished the county with the cage, putting nothing substantial under the bottom, sim ply placing it upon loose and soft dirt. which could easily be burrowed through, as was done in this instance. Smith County can boast, among other things more meritokeep them, as any county of her population, "age and chances," in Texas.

SENT UP FOR MISCEGENATION. BRENHAM, Oct. 22.-Lord Eldred, a white man, was tried in the District Court this evening on a charge of miscegenation The jury found him guilty and assessed his punishment at two years in the penitentiary. The prisoner is a blond. He was married

#### in the regular form by a colored minister to a very dusky maiden. SPORTING MATTERS.

TEXAS CIRCUIT RACES. Special to The News.

PARIS. Oct. 22 .- There was a large crowd at the races to-day. The trotting race that was not finished yesterday was completed to-day, and was won by Abner F, Flora P second, Executor third. Time—2:30.
Second Race—One and one-eighth mile dash: Fleur de Lis first, Nat Kramer second, Ailer third. Time—1:59.
Third Race—2:20 pacing. There were eight starters in this race: Buck Dickerson won the first heat: time. 2:25%. Patsey

von the first heat; time, 2:25%. Patsey Clinker won the second heat; time, 2:29%. Little Eno won the third heat; time, 2:30%. The race was postponed until to-morrow.

GLIMPSES OF GALVESTON. Striking Stevedores and Capt. Fowler

Confer Together. The Jennett-Owens Verdict-The City's Ex-

hibit-Boring Holes in a Brigantine to Beat the Insurance Men.

Special to The News. GALVESTON, Oct. 22 .- The opinion in the Supreme Court reversing and remanding the verdict in the Jennett-Owens sheriffalty contest is based on the following reasons. and the judgment is reversed on the following grounds:

1. Because if the jury counted the ballots in the Eleventh Ward, and the returns in the Third, Sixth, Seventh and Twelfth Wards, as contended by the appellee, they came to inconsistant and contradictory conclusions upon substantially the same state of facts, and as improper influences were shown to have existed, which may have contributed to bringing about such a verdict, it must be set aside and a new trial

2. If the jury counted the genuine bal-2. If the jury counted the genuine ballots in the different boxes, giving them to the various candidates for whom they were cast, and gave also to Jennett those which he had lost by reason of their having been tampered with after they were polled, they found upon a state of facts not warranted by the pleading. Had the jury found the special verdict upon the various issues submitted by the parties, the determination of the case here would have been greatly simplified. The judgment is reversed and the case remanded.

A. H. WILLIE, Chief Justice.

THE STRIKING STEVEDORES.

THE STRIKING STEVEDORES.

To-day the committee of the strikers on the New York wharf submitted to Capt. Sawyer, the agent of the Mallory Line, the reply that was made to their proposition by the colored laborers, tacitly agreeing to a division of the work of the New York Steamship Co. but relegating the matter for a positive answer to the proposition to Capt. Sawyer, who replied to the committee that the matter had now been submitted to the Mallory Co., in New York, and he would now have to await a reply from them in reference to the settlement of the present differences. Hence several days will elapse before a decision of the matter may be arrived at.

THE CITY'S COLLECTIVE EXHIBIT. THE CITY'S COLLECTIVE EXHIBIT.

In pursuance of a resolution adopted by the City Council at its meeting Oct. 9, authorizing Mayor Fulton to appoint a joint committee of arrangements of property holders, representing Galveston's interests, by a collective city exhibit at the North, Central and South American Exhibition, at New Orleans, and for the purpose of arranging for the ceremonies of Galveston at said Exposition. The Mayor to-day appointed the following committee, which is necessarily large, as it will require various sub-committees to collect the Galveston exhibits within the time allotted. It is also the purpose of the committee to enlist the copurpose of the committee to enlist the co-operation of ladies in contributing some of their art treasures, as well as securing all classes of exhibits from citizens, and through the instrumentality of Prof. Crowe illustrate the public school system The committee is composed of the follow-

The committee is composed of the following named gentlemen:

On behalf of the City Council—James D. Sherwood, Chas. Fowler, Sr., J. G. Goldthwaite, Albert Weiss and J. M. O. Monard. On behalf of the citizens—Leon Blum, Geo. Walshe, Prof. W. M. Crow, J. A. Robertson, Wm. H. Sinclair, Geo. P. Finley, Garland B. Miller, Julius Bunge, T. C. Thompson, John S. Brown, J. Reymorshoffer and J. H. Hawley.

His honor the Mayor, has designated Alderman Jas. D, Sherwood as chairman of the joint, from whom it is learned that the committee will be called together on Monday evening next.

day evening next.

Most likely the committee will be requested to act in the Ball school building.

A SCUTTLED BRIGANTINE. The American brigantine P. D. Stillman, which was abandoned at sea on Sep. 24, 1884, was picked up and brought into Bermuda in April, 1885. On examination three holes were found to have been bored through her bottom from the inside, her foremast had been cut away and her ports stove in.

THE SCUTTLERS ARRESTED. Alfred Bratherlon, master; George A. Brown, mate, and F. L. Clayton, managing owner, were arrested by Smith West and detectives of Baltimore, last Sep-

tember for conspiring to cast the vessel away and defraud the underwriters.

The hull was insured for \$6000, the cargo for \$14,000 and freight for \$2500, in the Boston Marine, of Boston; the Mellville, of New Jersey, and the Merchants Mutual, of Baltimore, all of which has been paid. The master and mate are now in jail in Baltimore.

#### THE BARBECUE AT BELVILLE.

#### A Genuine Gala Day-Gov. Ireland, Congressman Miller and Others Speak.

Special to The News. BELLVILLE, Oct. 22.-The grand barbecue came off to-day in fine shape. There was plenty to eat and to spare. Gov. Ireland ame last night and was the guest of Hon. William Chesley. The Governor's speech to-day was well received. The people were right glad to see people were right glad to see him in their midst, and kept him busy shaking hands. The Governor's speech was mostly on State and county affairs. Hon. James T. Miller, Congressman from this district, entertained the vast audience for an hour on national politics and ques-tions of vital importance to the country at large.

Charles Miller followed after dinner in an Charles Miller followed after dinner in an anti-prohibition speech, which seemed to please his audience. Mr. Miller was born and raised at Bellville, and fully appreciates the sentiment of the people of Austin County on all questions of local interest. Hon. W. J. Swan had promised to be present, but the dengue prostrated him, and the people were very much disappointed.

Quite a number of Texas veterans were present, some of whom were moved to tears when Gov. Ireland made some feeling re-

when Gov. Ireland made some feeling re which Gov. Ireland made some feeling remark in their behalf.
Gov. Ireland and Col. Miller left for Austin this evening at 5 o'clock.

#### Clebnrne.

CLEBURNE, Oct. 22 .- A. D. Kennard, who has resided in this city for more than thirty years, died yesterday at his residence. He came to this county many years ago from Grimes County, and was a brother of Hon. John R. Kennard, lately deceased, of that county. Mr. Kennard settled near Covington, Hill County, but his residence was in this county. He amassed a large fortune by energy, ability and economy. He died wealthy. He leaves surviving him one son, Mr. M. M. Kennard, surviving him one son, Mr. M. M. Kennard, one of our very best and most worthy citizens, and one daughter, the wife of Mr. Pid Hart. His other and oldest daughter was the wife of our esteemed fellow citizen, Mr. T. M. Westbrooks. She died several years ago, leaving two daughters surviving her. Uncle Drew, as he was called, will be greatly missed. Johnson County has lost one of her best citizens.

missed. Johnson County has lost one of her best citizens.

At the time of his death he was about 66 years old, and was a director in the First National Bank of Cleburne.

Ed. E. Bloaton, a prominent farmer living ten miles north of here, was adjudged in sane to-day, and will be sent to the asylum at Terrell. He was under the impression that there was a charge of perjury against him in the County Court, and was consequently continually in terror lest he be sent to the penitentiary.

A large number of hands have been put to | modern dudes sip Apr. | Macon (Ga.) Telegraph.

work on the Granbury and Glenrose roads, building new bridges and improving the work on the Granbury and Glenrose roads, building new bridges and improving the roads generally.

The Cleburne people are determined to do all in their power to attract the trade from the country intervening, and are succeeding admirably. People have it from good authority that the weeds are growing in the Fort Worth roads.

The case of Heller vs. Mosely was called in the County Court to-day. Some preliminary motions were disposed of. The case will be taken up in the morning.

Dr. Peak has been losing his eggs and chickens of late in a mysterious manner. Getting rather tired of the continued loss of these necessary articles, he concluded to put a stop, or at least to discover the thief by the aid of a little arsenic. Last night he prepared several of the eggs with the poison. This morning the presence of the dead bodies of a certain species of cat compelled his whole family to abandon their residence and lodge at a hotel until time and the cool weather should render the house habitable again.

W. J. J. Terrell, principal of the high schools, is suffering with the dengue.

W. H. Kilton, of Alvarado, is attending county court.

I. A. Patton, also of Alvarado, is in the

Efforts to Develop Coal Mines-Highway Rob-

bery-Dynamite Explosion, Etc.

DECATUR, Oct. 22.—The day is clear and

There are about 50 bales on the square at

this time, 12 m. It is bringing from 8.45

Mr. Granville H. Martin has been in the

city since yesterday in the interests of his paper, the Texas Special.

Judge S. S. Ward, of Rhine, is in the city to-day shaking hands with his numerous friends.
Mr. C. D. Cates, one of the stockholders in

News reporter that he has sent for a lot of

for about a year. He was highly esteemed wherever he was known. He formerly worked in Memphis, Little Rock, Galveston, and nearly all the cities of Texas, was a fine compositor, and a gentleman in every

It has just been learned that a genuine cassoof highway robbery occurred near Garvin, in this county, a few days since. As Mr. George Killough was going home from Aurore, where he had been to sell his cotton, he was held up by three masked men and robbed of \$75. The same party attempted to dismount a young man near the same place, but were frustrated in their

plans. Let it is reported that the rear end of Mr. George Wilson's store was blown open with dynamite at 3 o'clock yesterday morning. It is supposed to have been for the purpose of robbing the store.

New Orleans Aldermen Arrested.

New Orleans, Oct. 22.—Three weeks ago

a broker holding claims for certain witness

fees appeared before Judge Rightor, of the

Civil District Court, and was granted a

mandamus requiring the City Council to

make provision for their payment

At the next meeting of the Council

the matter was brought up, but

no action was had. Certain of the Council-

men who were understood to be opposed to

the passage of the ordinance were cited to

DENISON DATA.

Proposition to Put in Waterworks Submitted

to the Council-General Notes.

DENISON, Oct. 22.—Last night E. W. Aben-

droth and associates, of New York city,

offered a proposition to the City Council to

build waterworks. They propose to furnish

seventy-five hydrants at an annual rental of

\$100 each, and \$80 dollars per annum for

each addition hydrant. The franchise

each addition hydrant. The franchise is for twenty-five years, and the city allowed to purchase the works within ten years, work to be commenced in sixty days and to be completed within nine months. After discussing the matter at length the Council adjourned until Saturday night to give the councilmen time to look into the matter fully.

C. A. Walterhouse, owner of street car lines, arrived last evening from the East.

J. S. Drake, of the Holly works system, is in the city.

Snow in New York.

fell at Otisco, this county, yesterday.

SYRACUSE, Oct. 22.—Three inches of snow

Less Bustle and More Confusion. The new order of the Bernese customs (to

prevent one form of smuggling), that ladies wearing bustles must henceforth be searched, "though with the necessary politeness," will probably result in less bustle but more confusion.—Boston Transcript

The Novel Idea.

It is proposed to change the name of the Mohican to the Messenger Boy. It is to be hoped that she will be the last of such Mohi-

The Wherefore.

Apollo was the first dude. This is why all nodern dudes sip Apollinaris cocktails.—

Special to The News.

cool. A heavy frost occurred last night.

Special to The News.

to 8.55.

GRANT'S WICKED PARTNER

Beginning of the Trial of Ferdinand Ward.

Preliminary Skirmish of Counsel-Jurors Selected-James D. Fish Appears in the Courtroom.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—The Court of Oyen and Terminer has not been so crowded since the trial of Dick Short for attempting to carve Capt. Thomas Phelan, of Kansas City, as it was to-day at the beginning of the trial of Ferdinand Ward. Not more than one-third of those who were anxious to witness the proceedings succeeded in securing admission. An officer stood at the lobby and permitted few to pass him who were no in some way interested in the trial. The impaneled jurors filled more than half the courtroom.

county court.
I. A. Patton, also of Alvarado, is in the eity.

Jim Blakeney, who has been detained here several days by the dengue, has recovered and continued his commercial tour last Ward came from the Ludlow Street jail at 10:30, in the custody of the warden. The warden kept his charge in an ante-room and continued his commercial tour last night.

Miss Tipton and Miss Sutherland, of Virginia, are visiting Mr. W. H. Sutherland.

Harry Nolen, the assistant telegraph operator, to-day received and delivered a message to the City Marshal, instructing him to arrest a man answering a given description and hold him. The Marshal gave the message to a deputy, who in a short while lit upon this identical operator as the man answering the description. Being a comparative until within a few minutes before the open ing of court. Ward betrayed no nervousness and took his seat with a philosophical expression upon his pale face. District Attorney Martine, with his assistants, Col. Fellows and Delancy Nicoll, came into court a few minutes before Judge Barrett took his seat upon the bench. Immediately afterward, Gen, Tracy and Bourke Cochran, who were his counsel, arrived and took seats near their client. After a preliminary motion in reference to a different proceeding had been disposed of by Judge Barrett, Ferdinand Ward was called upon by the Clerk of the Court to stand up. At the same moment Gen. Tracy, holding a copy of the indictment against Ward, charging him with obtaining by false pretenses on May 5, 1884, the sum of \$71.800 from the Marine National Bank, announced that his client expression upon his pale face. District Atidentical operator as the man answering the description. Being a comparative stranger, it required some little time and persuasion to convince the officer that he was not the party needed. He got off, however, merely with a good laugh all round.

The stock of groceries of J. M. Shepherd, Jr., was attached to-night by Mrs. J. M. Shepherd, a relative for \$1300 horrowed. Shepherd, a relative, for \$1300 borrowed money.

Blair Fain, of Decatur, but formerly of Oleburne, passed through to-day on his way to Tennessee with the avowed intention of assuming the matrimonial yoke.

Decay of World wis cutte sick. ional Bank, announced that his client would withdraw the plea of not guilty, which had been previously entered, and would instead interpose a demurrer to the midiatement assuming the matrinolital yoke.

Dr. T. J. Wagley is quite sick.

Cleburne House arrivals: Blair Fain,
Decatur; L. R. Herzog, Dallas; L. B. Curtis, Beaumont; C. K. Meriweather, Dallas;
D. R. Meade, Taylor; A. M. Schultz, Alvarado; P. P. Thrash, Granbury; J. A. Patton,
Alvarado; John D. Powell, New York.

indictment.
"We join in the demurrer and are ready "We join in the demurrer and are ready to argue it now," was the answer of District Attorney Martin. Gen. Tracy took the first and fifth counts of the indictment and argued that as one charged petty larceny and the other false pretenses the prisoner could not be legally subjected to trial upon two specific offenses. Each alleged offense carried with it its own punishment and that fact was sufficient in itself to render the indictment defective. Gen. Tracy argued also that the indictment as it stood failed to state facts sufficient to sustain it. Assistant District Attorney Nicoll, in reply, read section 279 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, which authorizes such crimes as Ward is

District Attorney Nicoll, in reply, read section 279 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, which authorizes such crimes as Ward is accused of being charged in separate counts. Gen. Tracy continued in support of his motion, saying that the Legislature never intended that several felonies should be charged in the same indictment.

Bourke Cochrane came to Gen. Tracy's assistance, but Judge Barrett ruled that the indictment was good, and the task of selecting the jury then commenced. The first man called was Moses Huntoon, of 120 Bank street, the superintendent of the New York Ice Co. In answer to the questions of Assistant District Attorney Nicoll, Mr. Huntoon said he had no acquaintance with James D. Fish or Ferdinand Ward, and that he never had any transactions with Grant & Ward, nor with the Marine Bank, J. H. Work, nor William Warner. In answer to Bourke Cochrane Mr. Huntoon said he had not read much about the affairs of Grrnt and Ward, and that he had no opinion as to the guilt or innocence of Ward. He was accepted.

Several others were called and dismissed on account of prejudices. At 1 o'clock Bourke Cochrane suggested that a recess be taken. He then told the court that Kiernan, the warden of Ludlow Street Jail, was unwilling to assume the responsibility of the care of James D. Fish, if the latter prisoner was to become an inmate of his jail. Mr. Kiernon had on his shoulders all the responsibility he wanted in looking after Ward. Judge Barrett said that if Fish was held in Ludlow Street Jail he would be confined there at the risk of the warden of the Auburn prison.

Jas. D. Fish, while the lawyers were trying to account a jury set in the District August August 1 and 1

News reporter that he has sent for a lot of experienced coal miners to work in the mines of the company. He also informs us that there is a steady increase in the demand for coal; so much so that they will have to put an extra force to work.

Mr. C. S. Ballenger, a worthy man and a printer by trade, died near Aurora, this county, on the 20th inst., of consumption, from which disease he has been a sufferer for about a year. He was highly esteemed

confined there at the risk of the warden of the Auburn prison.

Jas. D. Fish, while the lawyers were trying to secure a jury, sat in the District Attorney's office, awaiting developments. Two deputy sheriffs acted as his body guard. Mr. Fish is not looking as well as he did when he sought the seclusion of Auburn Prison. The lines of his face are more deeply drawn, giving him a somewhat hag gard appearance.

gard appearance. Herman Ridder, the publisher of a Ger-man newspaper, was accepted as the second

WARD ON TRIAL. NEW YORK, Oct. 22.-W. T. Warner was arraigned this morning before United States Commissioner Shields on the charge of conspiracy with Ward to defraud the Marine Bank, U. S. Grant, W. H. Vanderbilt and otherst, the offense coming under the definition of grand larceny. Receiver Johnthe passage of the ordinance were cited to appear before the court and purge themselves of contempt, and judgment was suspended. Last Tuesday night the Council met again and transacted routine business, but failed to make provision for payment of the warrants. Yesterday evening Judge Rightor issued commitments against Councilmen Camean, Mullen, Winn, Brennan, Casey, Carroll, Patorno and Land, confining them ten days in the parish prison, and exacting a fine of \$50 each for contempt. These gentlemen were all arrested about noon to-day and imprisoned, whereupon they sued out a writ of certiorari and prohibition before Chief Justice Bermudez, alleging that Judge Rightor had exceeded his authority in holding them responsible, as private individu-Daboll and others connected with that insti-tution produced various books, papers, etc., which are to be referred to as evidence in the case. Adjournment was then taken until Saturday.

## Louisiana Supreme Court.

Special to The News. SHREVEPORT, Oct. 22.—The Supreme Courmet to-night, Justices Poche, Todd, Mant ning and Fenner being present, and read the following opinion: By Justice Poche, No. 167: State vs. Solomon Williams, parish of St. Landry. Murder and indictment which does not comply with the requirements of the statutes which creates or defines the offense sought to be charged therein is fatally defective and cannot sustain a conviction. An indictment charging that the defendant did feloniously and of his own malice aforethought, kill and murder, etc., is not good law. Under section 1048 of the Revised Statutes, which provide that the the Revised Statutes, which provide that the defendant should be charged with having feloniously, wilfully, and with malice afore-thought, killed and murdered, etc., the court is powerless to dispense with legal requirements in criminal proceedings Judgment reversed by same.

No. 168. State vs. Moses Cain, charge murder, from St. Landry; syllabus, same as in case of the State vs. Solomon Williams; judgment reversed by Justice Todd.

No. 149. State vs. Anderson Day, parish of East Carroll, charge cutting with intent to murder; syllabus, a conviction. A wound less than mayhen is responsive to the charge in an indictment of cutting with intent to murder. The variance between the

tent to murder. The variance between the charge and the verdict is fatal. Judgment reversed and accused discharged. Justice

Manning dissents.
No. 150. State vs. Wm. George, murder.
Parish of East Carroll. Syllabus granting
continual cases of criminal case is uniformly held to rest in the sound discretion formly held to rest in the sound discretion of the trial judge, and his ruling will not likely be disturbed. A plea of insanity, the last resort of imperiled criminals, will surely not be listened to when the defendant's own witnesses discrete.

when the defendant's own witnesses disprove. Jurymen are not incompetent who have formed and expressed an opinion adverse to the prisoner, if that opinion is based on rumor and they declare it is not fixed and will yield to evidence. Judgment affirmed by Justice Fenner.

No. 147. State vs. C. Y. Landrum; biting off an ear, Parish of Richland; syllabus, affidavit for continuance, which does not aver inability to prove the facts referred to otherwise, of whose absence complaint is made and the refusal of the continuance is not error. Judgment affirmed by Justice

Verner. No. 151. State vs. J. W. Redmond, Parish of Cameron. Syllabus; a continuance the ground of absent witnesses may properly refused when the facts expected had been tried, submitted and decided the court is not bound to entertain a second motion on the same ground, but merely differently stated. The overruling of a challenge of a juror for cause, even if improper, is not grounds for reversal when the juror was peremptorily challenged and when the panel was completed with exhaustion of defendant's peremptory challenge, when the defendant has elicited evidence tending to discredit a witness of the State who had sworn that his reason for not sooner informing against defendant was fear of the latter. Evidence offered to sustain his credibility by proving that he had declared his fears of defendant at the time, and that such fears were reasonable owing to the character and conduct of defendant, is not inadmissible. Judgment affirmed by agreement. court is not bound to entertain a second

The decision in the State ex rel. E. and W. B. Jacobs vs. Assessor et al., from Caddo, will be rendered in New Orleans.

#### TERRITORIAL OFFICES.

Difficulty in Redeeming the Pledges of the Chicago Platform. St. Louis Republican Special.

Washington, Oct. 20.—Attorney General

Garland, respecting the statement he had made to the Republican's correspondent last week regarding the difficulty experienced in the endeavor to find residents of the Territories at once entirely disinterested and qualified for judicial positions, remarked yesterday: "We have found it impracticable to follow absolutely that plank in the Chicago platform which says that the offices in the Territories should be filled by residents of the Territory. It was because we found it so that our first appointments to federal offices in New Mexico were given to men who belonged to other parts of the country." This was an interesting subject to Gen. Garland, and continuing his explanation, he said: "One of the first appointments was given to Mr. Brinker, of Missouri, who was appointed Judge in New Mexico. Then Mr. Joseph, the delegate from the Territory, and other residents began to remonstrate vigorously. They insisted that the residents of the Territory should not be altogether ignored. It was partly due to there representations and appeals that Mr. Vincent was appointed. When we found there was no resisting the claims of the Territory we asked them to name a good man to When we found there was no resisting the claims of the Territory we asked them to name a good man to represent the American element of the population. The result was that Mr. Martinez, a Mexican, was appointed Marshal, and Mr. Vincent, who had been a resident of New Mexico for six years, was appointed Chief Justice. Mr.; Vincent was highly and strongly recommended. Mr. Joseph and Representative Springer, of Illinois, pressed his candidacy, and almost cried for the appointment. Indorsements without end came from Mexico, from Illinois, to which State Vincent had formerly belonged, and from other places, and countless congratulations followed the appointment. There was no part of Vincent's previous record, we believe, withheld from the appointing officials by his friends. We knew that he had been engaged in land litigation in the Territory and that he had been imprisoned by Judge Axtell, the former Chief Justice. But all was explained to our satisfaction. We understood that the imprisonment was due to Judge Axtell's impetuosity, or something of the sort. Afterward one circumstance after another came to our knowledge, and we began to think that possibly the explanations which had been given to us, and which we accepted at the time as satisfactory, might have been inaccurate. That was the conclusion pointed to by subsequent information, received. The recommendations of Mr. Vincent during his candidature were overwhelming. The pressure for his appointment was practically irresistable." or his appointment was practically irre-istable."

Referring to the effort to obtain a reconsideration of the suspension, Gen. Garland said: "Of course it would not be impossible to reappoint Vincent or to revoke his suspension, but his suspension is general, and does not depend solely upon his appointment of Dorsey."

"Were there other eligible candidates before Vincent was appointed?" he was asked.

"Were there other engine candidates to fore Vincent was appointed?" he was asked. "Oh, yes," he replied. "But, as I said be-fore, it is pretty difficult to find a compe-tent resident of the Territory who is not in some way interested."

#### JAY GOULD SOLID.

A Suit of J. S. Goldsmith for Damages Decided for Him in New York.

Goldsmith against Jay Gould for \$25,000 damages was continued to-day. Mr. Gould appeared in court in obedience to a subpœna and testified that he never promised Mr. Goldsmith to give him a position if he were discharged from the United States. Gauger's office because of having given Mr. Gould information concerning Gov. Cornell and the alleged Order of Knights of the Golden Garter. Goldsmith claims that such a promise was made, and that after he was discharged Mr. Gould failed to keep his word. Mr. Gould replic that Goldsmith was in his office only long enough to be introduced by Mr. Conner, who had informed Mr. Gould that the man had a cock and bull story about some great

had a cock and bull story about some great secret society.

"Did that make any impression upon your mind at the time?"

"No, sir; that was a matter that might occur fifty times a day. There are a number of adventurers with wildcat schemes tha

come to my office every day."

"Have you, in the course of your transactions and manipulations, ever paid for your information?"

information."

This question was objected to and ruled out, but as Mr. Gould was about to leave the witness stand Chief Justice Daly called him witness stand Chief Justice Daly called him back and said it might be well to answer the question in any event. Counsel insisted upon the objection and the question was then withdrawn and Mr. Gould made his way out of the courtroom. The case was then summed up and Judge Daly charged the jury. He said the alleged contract was a very singular transaction. He was unable to determine whether any contract existed and, if it did, what the measure of damages should be for its violation. He left that question and amount of damages to the jury, who returned half an hour later with a verdict for defendant. Mr. Morosini, Jay Gould's partner, was present in court, having been subpenaed as a witness, but he was not called upon to as a witness, but he was not called upon to

#### Would Prefer S'm Other Way.

The young oysters which were smothered by a thin layer of sand during the recent gale in Long Island sound will receive much sympathy from those who love them and would fain have smothered them with a thin layer of cracker crumbs.—Buffalo Courier falo Courier.

#### An Ashen-Hued Sunset.

The day is not far distant, we trust, when the sun will set forever on the beauties of the undertaking business. Cremation is making steady progress.—San Francisco Chronicle.

#### An Unfathomed Mystery.

The planets have been weighed and the noon blocked out into election precincts, ut the heft and capacity of a boy's pocket still remain unknown.-Chicago Ledger

A new wrinkle in weddings has been in-A new wrinkle in weddings has been introduced in Paris. The carriage which conveys the bride to church is entirely covered with white flowers, even to the spokes of the wheels. The coachman and footman are also decorated with flowers. The carriage thus garlanded looks like a moving white house, with a resy face, in the wider hite boquet, with a rosy face in the midst

Ladies' Kid Button Worked Holes \$1 50 at Lewis Bros. & Co.'s, 736 Elm street.

Infants' Kid and Goat Button 500, sizes two to five, at Lewis Bros. & Co.'s.

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ix Lines—One time, 80c; each additional insertion, 40c; one week, \$3 20; two weeks, \$5 30; three weeks, \$5 70; per month, \$7 80. For additional space, if the advertisement is to be inserted with those that are classified, charge will be made pro rata for excess of space.

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Roeder, 322 Olive street, St. Louis, Mo. d. Jett, 802 Olive street, St. Louis, Mo. umes Overton, Southern Hotel and Union jot, St. Louis, Mo. eorge F. Wharton & Bro., 5 Carondelet set New Orleans George Ellis, opposite postoffice, New Or-

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 23, 1885.

Persons who cannot obtain copies of THE DALLAS MORNING NEWS on railways or at news stands will confer a favor by notifying this office by letter or in person.

THE NEWS is now perfecting arrangements whereby its distribution will be systematically and promptly effected upon all lines of railway centering upon and connecting with Dallas. It may be a few weeks before this is accomplished, but that it will be accomplished the public may rest assured. To the west and northwest of Dallas there have been some difficulties experienced in the matter of distribution within the past week, but it will not be long before the reading public of Texas all over the State will find THE NEWS a prompt daily visitor.

THE attention of the readers of THE NEWS is directed to the completeness of its commercial columns. The management is making constant additions to this department of the paper, and will make no cessation in this direction until the commercial features of THE NEWS meet pretty much every requirement.

A SUGGESTIVE AND STARTLING

PROPOSITION Mr. L. D. Brooks, of Austin, contributes another letter upon the subject of the school lands, which places his position in a somewhat less questionable light. The letter is in the nature of a petition for authority from the State to enter the courts to recover school lands that have been unlawfully disposed of, coupled with a justification on moral as well as legal grounds of the proposed method of recovery. If the method be thus justifiable as well as practicable, the sooner it were inaugurated the better, for the less then would be the number of innocent purchasers affected. Mr. Brooks does not admit that any purchaser of school land originally sold or granted without authority, or in contravention of statutory or organic law, is such an innocent purchaser as to be entitled to greater consideration than the school children whose lands have been so disposed of. As an abstract point in equity this may be conceded, and yet, when it is considered that the proceedings to recover would affect the titles to from 12,000,000 to 15,000, 000 acres of land and thousands of homesteads; when it is considered that there would be litigation compared with which the Myra Clark Gaines litigation would dwindle to the importance of an interlocu-

when it is considered that the interminable persistency of the business would postpone the crack of doom, it may be doubted if the children would be practically benefitted by the scheme. The land question of the future, or landholding in the future, is likely to give rise to sufficient trouble, politically and socially, without the aid of the wholesale litigation proposed. That such an idea should be seriously entertained suggests only too vividly and aggravatingly that not only the school children of Texas, but the people of Texas as a people, have suffered loss, wrong and deep injury in the loose and execrable land system of the State. What is practicable to be done now is to preserve and utilize what has not been pirated, dissipated and lost to the people. The demand will come soon enough to return the entire 274,000 square miles to the public for an equitable distribution. A policy has been in operation that has encouraged the landgrabbing nobility of England, local corporations, corporations of the Eastern cities, cattle kings and queens from all directions, to look upon Texas as the most inviting field for land gobbling and land monopoly. There could be nothing more acceptable just now to such persons and corporations than an attempt by the State to recover by 10,000 lawsuits the 15,000,000 acres of land which Mr. Brooks claims for the children. It would cast a cloud upon titles everywhere, and would so depreciate the value of lands generally that the monopolist would find it cheap as dirt wherever it was on sale. The land monopoly spirit has already a greedy eye upon Texas, and with the advantage that would be conferred by cloud ing titles the greed would have plenttiful diet. But what might be expected when the great mass of landless people, reinforced by thousands driven from their little homes by the State, discovered Texas divided up between the London Capitol Freehold Land and Investment Co. and cattle companies and other large and small foreign and domesties corporations and bullionaires? Texas has her own parliament, and the luckless and landless will control it. Of course, those who are investing in lands see the tendency. The land question is engaging the attention of publicists in all civilized countries, and some solution of it, in the interest of humanity, is regarded as necessary. It is no longer accepted by the leaders of opinion as a sufficient response to the demand for a fair, just and humane consideration of the grievances of the landless land-workers that everything that is is right, and everything that is not is communism and wrong. In Texas there are few or no land-workers yet who may not easily become land owners, but it will not be a great while that this condition will last. There is no good reason to hasten toward a trouble which in Texas will be aggravated by the universal conviction that

of almost every acre of the public domain. PROXIMITY OF GREAT POWERS. The happy situation of the United States

in its isolation from other great powers is

well illustrated by the contrast presented

the State and the people have been over-

reached, if not defrauded, in the disposition

in the anxiety of the principal European governments to compose the differences in Turkey's alienated provinces and the adjoining petty States. Similar troubles in the Western hemisphere, not affecting a point as vital to commerce as the Isthmus of Panama, and not involving additional activity of any European Government on this continent or in the West Indies, would pe of no particular concern to Americans. The difference, however, is not due to political institutions, though there is a certain harmony in the general prevalence of the representative Republican form in the Western world, and the worst strife outside the United States has been in consequence of the Spanish monarchy endeavoring, and, so far as Caba is concerned, still succeeding in keeping down the natural aspirations of the people to be rid of foreign domination. It is not that even the monarchists of Europe regard the Turkish power as a better Government than any other which may in whole or in part succeed it, not that they are anxious about the orinciple of monarchy, which indeed is not at all endangered in the Balkan States, not even that they would care for conflicts that might arise in the disturbed area of the principalities and minor kingdoms, or feel any great European interest involved in these if there were no such power as Russia a short distance beyond. It is to the proximity of Russia to Turkey, and to those States which are now in a ferment. that is due the vast anxiety of Western Europe as to the settlement of the trouble. Russia, it is well known, can at any time occupy Bulgaria and Eastern Roumelia if anopposed by the giant empires which exercise a sort of protectorate over Turkey. It is no secret that Russia has constantly been at work to gain over to her cause the leading men in the Balkan provinces, and control them with a view to the future acquisition of that country and of Constantinople. Russia is such a formidable power, and the situation of Constantinople so important, that every step taken, such as that to bring Eastern Roumelia under Bulgaria, when Bulgaria may so easily be brought under Russia, is viewed in Europe with concern far exceeding that caused here by the attempt of the late Emperor Napoleon to plant an empire in Mexico. There would be less danger of a disturbance of the peace among such powers as the principal empires if there were no small States to intrigue in and quarrel over. They are the loose stones in the wall, liable to yield and permit a displacement of the huge blocks; but the forces at work are those of persistent, intelligent planning, artifice, bribery, and all the machinations of statecraft playing upon the hopes of people not very well treated by their rulers at the best, and upon the cupidity and personal ambitions of a

CHIEF JUSTICE VINCENT, of New Mexico. who was suspended by the President for appointing Steve Dorsey a jury commissioner, explains the appointment by saying

cilors, courtiers, ministers, military satraps

and miscellaneous adventurers.

tory proceeding in a justice's court; and | jury for has nothing to do with land cases or any others affecting the interests of the government, and that he merely selected him to assist in the organization of a jury to try local causes affecting the peace and prosperity of a community which was divided against itself upon matters in which Dorsey had no interest. The explanation may be satisfactory so far as the appointment of Dorsey is concerned, but there are said to be other objections which may not be so easily explained. The pressure for Judge Vincent's reinstatement is very strong, but the President has not given any encouragement for the hope that the suspension will not be permanent.

A FIT APPOINTMENT. Hon. Rudolph Kleberg, of Cuero, has peen appointed United States Attorney for the Western District of Texas. This is in every sense an appointment fit to be made. Mr. Kleberg is one of the first men in the State. He is a sound lawyer, and as a State Senator was always for the kind of progress and reform which goes hand in hand with a true conservatism. He belongs to the younger element of the Democratic party, and generally stood with the class known as the "kids" in the Legislature. He will have to exert himself, however, to make a record as an efficient law officer equal to that which United States Attorney Evans leaves behind him. Evans is a picturesque partisan, but his record at the Department of Justice at Washington is second, perhaps, to that of no other official connected with the department. On the other hand his partisanship has been virulent and effusive beyond measure. In convention, on the stump, almost anywhere he has been unsparingly bitter in his denunciation of everything that savored of Democracy. In fact, hatred of everything Democratic seemed to have been a mania with him. His sincerity, however, has never been doubted, nor his ability questioned, though sometimes those who were stung by his lash have accused him of vindictiveness. Evans is a South Carolinean by birth and served in the Con federate army to the close of the war, when he became a Republican. Since then he has been a stalwart of the stalwarts. He is known by reputation, at least, to all Texans, and it is an admitted fact that he is the natural leader of the Republicans in the State. Mr. Kleberg, the new United States Attorney, while a thorough Democrat, is not an extreme or noisy partisan, and will never fall into the mistake of thinking that his political opponents are worse than horse thieves. Mr. Kleberg is a law partner of Congressman Crain and no doubt owes his appointment largely or wholly to the friendly offices of the latter. He was endorsed by the Congressional pool, conference, consultation, or whatever else polite euphemism may choose to call it, after some struggle, at that famous seance held in Washington last February. It was thought at first that his opponent, McLeary, would have a majority of the pool, but on Crain agreeing to second Reagan's and Stewart's indorsements. respectively, for a marshalship and an internal revenue collectorship, the Congressmen come to his assistance, and Kleberg had a majority. It can be said for Mr. Crain and the pool, for the Attorney General and the President, and for anyone else who had a hand in the appointment of Mr. Kleberg, that as regards the merits of

they did a very commendable piece of work. A Good point against indirect taxation is made by Henry George when he says it is like farming out the revenues. The importers and licensed dealers pay certain sums and are allowed to collect from the public as much as they can. They easily collect more than they pay, as such taxes always tend to prevent competition. For example, imports must be made where there are customhouses, and not elsewhere. Under the internal revenue system the working cigarmaker is excluded from doing business on his own account for want of means to make the advances required by the law. Thus indirect taxation presents the anomaly that those who first pay the tax are always opposed to its removal. They naturally favor its increase, as such increase raises the selling price of their stock on hand. Hence they have a selfish interest in the government to keep up taxes, though the revenue be excessive. All the tax eaters and beneficiaries of wasteful appropriations, and rich men who pay little more than the poor under the indirect system of taxes on consumption, are drawn together to sustain it. It might be added that this make-whatyou-can system is analogous on the collection side of the public service with the fee system as a substitute for salaries, but even worse in principle. It is like permitting an official to fix his own fees.

the appointment itself, apart from methods,

THE New York Star, the alleged organ of the administration, published in New York, under the editorial guidance of United States Attorney Dorsheimer, is giving a quiet support to the Tammany ticket. Does this mean anything?

THE New York Star, the alleged organ of the administration at Washington, is a staunch friend of the silver dollar. How will this tally with thick and thin organship if Cleveland comes out in his message for the anti-silver coinage policy?

A New York paper is responsible for the statement that Moody and Sankey have ceased to attract the public as they once did because the novelty of their meetings has worn off. The evangelists are working just as earnestly, however, and they are probably accomplishing as much good as if their meetings were crowded by throngs of people attracted merely by idle curiosity.

A CABLEGRAM says the powers have agreed to restore outwardly the status quo ante. Now, if the powers would explain what is the exact amount of the status quo host of aspiring boyards, governors, coun- ante the information would be more explicit. On this side the ante is usually governed by the limit or the inclination for a healthy jackpot, and is often irregular and elastic, if ex-Minister Schenck's encyclopedia may be accepted as authority.

number of Mormon missionaries are en gaged in proselyting in the South and are meeting with considerable success in East Tennessee, Georgia and Alabama, to which sections their efforts are mainly directed The elders have their headquarters at Chattanooga, and it is said two hundred converts will leave there for Utah next month. Where they will go when finally driven out of Utah is not stated.

A CASE involving the question of the commission of forgery without signing a name, but by alterations, and a bank's liability in a certain case, was decided by the New York Court of Appeals. It was that of Crawford vs. the West Side Bank, in which, according to Bradstreet's report, it "appeared that on April 20, 1882, the plaintiff, intending to be absent for some time, on April 22 drew a check for \$700 on the West Side Bank, payable to the order of his bookkeeper, put it in his safe and told the bookkeeper that it was there, and that if he, plaintiff, was not back by noon of the 22d to take it, indorse it and procure the money on it from the bank and use it in plaintiff's business. The next day the bookkeeper changed the date of the check from the '22d' to the '21st,' procured the money on it from the bank and absconded. The plaintiff brought suit against the bank to recover his balance on deposit. The bank defended, arguing that the loss for the payment of the check must fall on the plaintiff, that the bank was only bound to know the signature of its customer, that it was proper for it to pay the amount for which the check was originally drawn; that the alteration was not a material alteration, and consequently did not affect the validity of the check; that as the bookkeeper was Crawford's clerk the receipt of the money by him bound Crawford the same as if it had been paid to him personally, the bookkeeper being his authorized agent, and that the plaintiff was negligent. The plaintiff contended that as the change of date made the check rayable a day earlier it was a material alteration, which constituted forgery, and made the check void, and that, being void, it was no authority to the bank to pay the money, and that on the question of negligence the plaintiff could no more have prevented the alteration than he could have prevented a complete fabrication of the check, the parties having had a right to rely upon the criminal laws of the land to prevent the commission of such a crime. The Court of Appeals decided that the alteration was a forgery, and that the altered check was no authority to the bank to pay the money, and therefore gave judgment absolute to Crawford against the bank." Such a case as this must render payers very cautious. Here was a business man leaving a signed check with his clerk-not a blank check, but still one on which the signature was genuine-and with the intention to let the clerk have the money at a certain time, and reservation as to time remained a secret to the bank; yet the alteration of a figure makes it a forgery, and thus a fraud upon the bank and not upon the depositor. If depositors may thus expose banks to be defrauded, banks cannot afford to honor checks upon the view of a signature.

MR. HALSTEAD indignantly denies the charge made by "the McLeans" that he extorted money from Villard for the influence of the Commercial-Gazette, and concludes his general denial as follows:

I am the object of the assaults of the McLeans, who have used the Enquirer to blackmail the capital and the people of Cincinnati, from the leading corporations to the persons involved in police cases, because it has been my duty as a public journalist not to give con. not yes a public journalist not to give com-not by silence to their crimes. They could to therwise compliment me, and the degree which I am preferred and distinguished by gir enmity exalts my self-esteem. M. H.

Mr. McLean has been the target for much harsh criticism, but no one has hitherto charged him with enlarging Halstead's self esteem.

THE latest tribute to the smoke topaz eves of Mme. Judic, describes them as resembling fresh oysters on the half shell.

AFTER all Foraker failed to obtain a majority of the votes cast in Ohio, and was only elected by a plurality vote.

NEBRASKA is the corn queen of the American Union, as Texas is the cotton queen, and heir presumptive to the other crown.

It seems to have got down to this: A

strike to be justifiable must be successful.

If not successful, even the wildest advocate

of a strike will testify that it was unjustifiable. There is nothing so good as success, except a successor in office BON MOT in the Boston Globe:

Bon Mot in the Boston Globe:

The principal editor of the Herald frequently sneers at the principal editor of the Traveller because the latter has to hire editorial writers to express his opinions. All the same, Brother Worthington shows superior judgment in this matter. The longer he witnesses the efforts of Brother Haskell to express his own opinions the more he will be confirmed in the belief that it is better to pay for having a thing done well than to make a mess of it yourself. Haskell is the man who reminded the

world that he writes editorials with a proprietory pen, and thus provoked a retort to the effect that to get employment as an editor he had to buy his way in.

Ir will soon be time for a cautious and conservative move in the direction of revising the method of perpetrating robbery. Right in the midst of a political campaign in tellectual Boston is trying to find out whether an air-tight box, filled with air and containing ose, will weigh as much when the goose is g as it will when the goose stands on the of the box.—Hartford, Conn., Post.

All right, if the disputants will tackle the problem separately for the next two weeks, it would keep them cool perhaps; but if they are to discuss it in the papers they may get fighting hot just as in politics. The Post does not say what is the spoil in the case. Is it the goose?

Why should the Eastern man go West? Why to escape the baby farmers, the antimonopoly gangs and high rents.

THE New Yorkers needed some one to start them. The Mail and Express says: Another dealer in counterfeit money has been captured by the police, and the "saw-lust" game appears to be getting played out in this locality. The young Texan who shot Tom" Davis may have committed unjustifable homicide, but his shot seems to have been the signal for the suppression of this nefarious business.

In the libel suit brought by Allen Dixson Ir may not be generally known, but against the Chattanooga (Tenn.) Times, on that the court Mr. Dorsey was to select a 'nevertheless it is a fact, that a large num- 'account of a dispatch furnished by the

United Press, a verdict has been rendered against the Times for \$5. This was a test

A COMPANY has been incorporated in Minnesota to insure land titles.

THE silver dollar is good enough for any statesman to stand upon.—New Orleans Pica

But John Sherman and a few others want to make it bigger, as they fear a fall over

THE latest polite hypocracy is a lunch basket in the shape of a roll of music.

THE COMING EXPOSITION. Yesterday's Meeting at Merchant's Exchange-

Everything Depending on the Committee. An adjourned meeting was held at the Merchant's Exchange yesterday, Capt. W. C. Howard in the chair, with the object of maturing the part that Dallas is to take at the New Orleans and London Expositions. Capt. Veal opened proceedings with an address, inviting individual and organized effort and pointing out the great benefits to

accrue to the Queen City, shod in the silver slippers of commerce, from an exhibition of her attractions, actualities and possibilities. He concluded by moving that the old committees be excused and new ones be appointed to succeed them. The following committees were then elected:

Executive: Messrs. Wylie, Betterton, Lemmons, Howard Akins, Sidney Smith, Mc Ennis and McCoy. Finance: Messrs. Sanger, Schneider, Flip-

pen, A. J. Porter and Tompkins. This committee was instructed to raise a

thousand dollars with the least delay possible, their success in doing so being essential to the substantial progress of business.
Agriculture: Messrs. C. Gillespie, chairman, and A. S. Clark.
Phalagraplas: Messrs. McCoy, McEnnis and Akins.
Special Committee on Cotton: Messrs.
Word Hill W. White and A. N. Brodshew.

Ward Hill, W. White and A. N. Bradshaw. Soils: Messrs. Akins, W. W. Ross and G. W. Givins.

Fruits: Messrs. Ross, Johnson, Howell

W. Givins.
Fruits: Messrs. Ross, Johnson, Howell and Cole.
Manufactured food products: Messrs. Sidney Smith, Mitch Gray, Hughes, Foot, Munger and Howell.
Inventions: Messrs. Rusk and O'Neil.
Honey and Bee Culture: Messrs. Wylie, S. Cravens and Van Horn.
Prof. Cummings was reappointed a committee of one on geological specimens.
Col. Wylie suggested the need of storage room and a receiving clerk in connection with the exhibits.
It was suggested that the room in the county courthouse attached to the collector's office could be secured, and Mr. McEnnis offered free storage for everything in excess of the storing capacity of that room.
A motion by Capt. Veal was carried that Col. Wylie and Collector Gillespie be appointed the receiving committee with permission to employ a clerk.
The question of the solid support of the ladies then coming up, a resolution was adopted that the former ladies' committee be invited to continue their efforts and to refurn the avisitist they may not have in

be invited to continue their efforts and to return the exhibits they may yet have in hand. Col. McCoy was elected a committee of one to wait on Mrs. Henry and inform her of their action.

The meeting then adjourned, whereupon the executive committee and oversigned.

The meeting then adjourned, whereupon the executive committee met and organized by the election of Mr. W. C. Howard chairman and Col. Wylie secretary. It then adjourned to 9 a. m. to-day.

The receiving committee request that all purporting to exhibit specimens report as soon as possible at the collector's office the nature and extent of their exhibits.

The committee on finance are requested by the executive committee to meet to-day at 9 a. m. The necting yesterday was unanimous in the belief that the success of the movement depends upon the energy of the finance committee and the liberality of the public.

"HEY, RUBE!"

A War Cry That Used to Put the Circus Hands on Their Wettle. St. Louis Republican,

"Hey, Rube!" called out a ground and lofty tumbler from the stoop of a Union Square dramatic agency yesterday, and at clenched their fists and tried to look savage. The tumbler laughed.

"You don't understand that hail, do you?" he asked a reporter who was with him.

"No; what is it?"

"That's a circus lingo," said he. "Hey Rube!" is a sort of grand hailing sigh of distress among the profesh on the road. How it came into use I don't know. I suppose it was started in some old-fashioned row under the canvas and has lasted up to this. Anyway, I've heard it in my life pretty often and every time there was blood on the face of the moon."

ty often and every time there was blood on the face of the moon."

"What does it mean?"

"Well, it signifies to a circus company from the star rider down to the caravan driver that he must hustle around, get a bale stick or something and then use it for all he's worth. It is not easy for a person in New York to understand the trouble circus people med with in country districts. in New York to understand the trouble circus people meet with in country districts. Sometimes they bring it on themselves, I admit, by cutting up too much with the country folks and causing bad blood that way. But as a general thing you'll find that the hay seed roughs and the game birds of the factory towns will try to pick a quarrel with the circus hands, and then there is no end of rows between them. One would think in the old days that a circus company was made up of your latter-day puglists. was made up of your latter-day pugilists and was going around for the express pur pose of fighting the best men at every stand they had. In those times it was customary they had. In those times it was customary for the country fellows to get together and beat the admission, carrying the entrance with a rush, and do what they felt like inside. Well, sometimes they succeeded and got in all right. Then a new responsibility fell on the ringmaster or whoever was master of ceremonies. He had to put all the hands on their guard and prepare them for action. A little coolness and some deception were necessary. He never stopped the performlittle coolness and some deception were necessary. He never stopped the performance. That would have given the intruders a cue for raising mischief. The exercises kept right on, but when the ringmaster was ready he just went out in the sawdust where he could be heard and shouted as though he wanted one of the boys. 'Hey, Rube!' Everyone knew what that meant, and in a twinkling every soul who could bear arms, so to speak, was equipped and ready for the fray. Then, if there was occasion for it, a 'bouncing' act was performed that knocked your metropolitan shows of that kind into the shade. Sometimes there were downright pitched battles fought in the tent. But generally the circus people came off all right.

## pitched battles fought in the tent. But generally the circus people came off all right. The cry of 'Hey, Rube!' put them on the alert, and they were never caught napping. That's why all the old-timers on the road are stirred up when they hear that cry."—New York Herald. Ask St. Louis. New York World.

Engineer Melville, who is anxious to engineer another fatuous polar expedition, points to the fact that the site of New York City was discovered by Hendrick Hudson while searching for a northwest passage. This is about the greatest good that ever came from Arctic research, but the site of the city of Chicago was discovered by a man and a boy who were hunting for skunks. What does that prove?

#### A Sporting Probability.

It would be safe to bet—if betting were not reprehensible—that the first ship to cross from ocean to ocean will go on wheels, not the Panama Canal.-Washington STATE PRESS.

What the Interior Papers Say.
The Pearsall News says of Frio County: Not since several years back has this county been in such a prosperous condition as it now is. A short ride through any part of it will convince the stranger that this part of the State is not one whit behind the est sections. New men are coming here I the time but there is still room here for

The Laredo Times still repeats this story of Sam Jones:

of Sam Jones:

Jones was particularly bitter against the Catholics, predicting that they would all go to hell. He also remarked that his (Jones') mother had been a Catholic and that the lady was undoubtedly in hell. About this time one of the audience, thoroughly disgusted, got up and started out. "And there," said Jones, pointing at the retiring individual, who happened to be a good-natured Irishman, "is another one on his road to hell." "Well," was the reply, as the gentleman turned half way round, "have you any word to send to your mother?"

It will not do to expect everything from a

It will not do to expect everything from a country paper without doing anything for it. The Woodville Eureka says to its patrons:

If you want a first-class county paper help us to pay expenses and you shall have it. We have the brains, the labor and the machinery to run it, but we are not able to pay all of the expenses.

The Pilot Point Post says rain is needed in Denton County:

Many farmers are anxious to sow grain, but owing to the continued dry weather, they are unable to do so. There is a scarcity also of stock water, and unless it rains soon the people will be compelled to dust in their grain and trust the elements for a timely shower.

Speaking of a contemplated religious dispute near that town, the Hico Commercial

good to breed strife and contention among the various Christian denominations, and splendid inventions to make greater skeptics of the already skeptical. If such debates ever accomplished any good to the Christian religion we have yet to hear of the first instance. None are genuine unless hard feelings are the result—beware of imitations.

The Hico Commercial gives evidence that the old fashion of announcing secular events from the pulpit obtains in that re-

"The devil will play here next Saturday," was the character of the utterance of a Carl-ton divine last Wednesday night at a prayer meeting in Carlton, when he announced to his congregation that a match game of base ball would be played between the Carlton and Hamilton boys on Saturday.

If the old adversary is to take a hand, the boys should hand him hot balls. Rural papers are kept busy correcting

mistakes in previous issues and trying to conciliate the irate writers. Men and women who are rather sensitive on such subjects should not write for the press. The most careful composition and the plainest chirography are no guarantee against the emendations of editors, proof readers and compositors. Gray, the poet, was painfully precise. It is said by his biographers that it was eight years from the time Gray commenced his "Elegy Written in a Country Churchyard" before he considered it sufficiently finished to be printed. He then authorized Walpole to have it issued from the press with a particular injunction to have it headed as above. But the selfsufficient publisher altered the caption to "An Elegy Wrote in a Country Churchyard."

Those who care for no one but themselves are confined to no particular class, and are all more or less alike, but the Pearsall News singles out those who are both rich and selfish as particularly obnoxious. It says: A thoroughly selfish man, one who lives and acts to gratify his own desires, even though he be possessed of much wealth, is of less use than the vagabond.

This depends a good deal on circum-stances. A man is of little if any use while he is a tramp. A rich man can hardly avoid being of some little use to somebody. This is the way matters stand between a

the cry some half dozen gentlemen who had | bold, bad black man of Brenham and the The notorious negro Bill Campbell, who was kept chained to the calaboose floor for several weeks, was released several days ago upon promise to leave town. Saturday Bill buckled on his horse pistol and threatened to kill all the city officers in general, and the marshal in particular; also one or more citizens. The marshal ran him in and has him securely anchored to the bestile floor where he is likely to remain bastile floor, where he is likely to remain for some time to come.

The Thorp Springs Christian heads in big capital letters an article entitled "The Devil Take the Mischief Makers," and ends where it begins: "The devil take the mischief makers. So say vou all." Is that the true "Christian" spirit? If so, it must be on the principle render to Cæsar what is his, or, as the phrase goes, give the devil his due

Texas papers that complain of civil suits for libel may find some consolation in the fact that the criminal part of the law is not enforced with imprisonment as well as fines and confiscation. They enforce the law more rigidly, and have more rigid laws, or improvise them for the occasion in Mexico. Editors and correspondents are sent to dungeons for writings esteemed seditious and for the too free exercise of the supposed rights of the press. Nor is this all. It is rumored that hereafter in Guadalajara a fine of from \$1 to \$10 or from one to thirty days' imprisonment will be imposed upon anyone shouting out the contents of a newspaper, nothing but the name and number of the paper must be mentioned by the news vendor.

There is an embryo city in Texas called Dublin. There are Irishmen but no 'nagurs." There is also a newspaper called the Telephone. It says:

There is now not a single person in Dublin of the negro race, colored persuasion or of African scent. From some inexplicable and unaccountable cause negroes do not like this town, and, while others are cursed by their presence, we are blessed by their absence

Josh Billings at the Capital.

"It is not generally known," says the Sun day Capital, "that Mr. Shaw (Josh Billings), who recently died in California, was a rela tive of the late Gen. O. E. Babcock of the corps of engineers. They were not kinsmen, but Mrs. Shaw was a Babcock and the aunt of the General and two of her nieces were here at the General's funeral last fall. A daughter of Mr. Shaw lives in Venezuela, having married a native by the name of Santana, who was eduthe name of Santana, who was educated at a school in Poughkeepsie and there became acquainted with her. A year ago last spring Josh Billings came to Washington and was invited to dine at the White House by President Arthur. When he came to dinner his peculiar appearance excited the suspicions of the doorkeepers, who took him for a crank, and were somewhat amazed at his announcement that the President expected him to dine. He had long white hair and beard and was dressed in such a quaint, old-fashioned way that the doorkeepers were excusable in exercising some degree of caution, but Mr. Shaw took it all good-naturedly, and when they found it all good-naturedly, and when they found that he was not a dangerous character, made all the amends they could, and received the autograph of Josh Billings as a memento of the incident.

#### RAILROAD RUMBLINGS.

Heard on the Iron Highways that Center at Dallas.

Receiver Fordyce Says the Texas and St. Louis Will Come from Mount Pleasant. Talk About Commissions.

Receiver Fordyce, of the Texas and St. Louis, was detained in the city yesterday arranging about some traffic and legal matters in connection with his road and did not get off as he expected. He will leave this morning for Texarkana.

"The headquarters and all the general offices," he told the Rumbler yesterday, "have been removed from St. Louis to Texarkana, with the exception of the auditing and treasury departments, which have been retained in St. Louis, because Judge Treat wanted them kept within his jurisdiction."

"There is no doubt about the branch of the Texas and St. Louis being built. Forty miles of it are graded, I think, and ready for the ties. Some years ago the citizens of Dallas voted the road a subsidy of \$40,000 to build from Mount Pleasant. The fund was raised and a trustee appointed to hold it, but it was forfeited on account of delay in

Mr. Fordyce talked considerably about Mr. Fordyce talked considerably about the Texas Trunk. He did not think it would be of as much utility if blended with the Texas and St. Louis, as the more direct branch through Mount Pleasant, but believed if it were continued through Athens and onward to the coast, it would be of immeasurable value to the commerce of Dallas. Just about this phase of the game Col. J. M. Britton, the originator of the statement that "more people got on and off the cars at Fort Worth than at any other railroad station in the State," came up and told how the story originated and the interviewing busines was sawed short off.

MEMPHIS WANTS TEXAS TRADE. A dispatch from Richmond says that the Memphis, Selma and Brunswick Road has been purchased by a syndicate, and will be at once put through to completion. Now let us look across the Mississippi. We need better reil connections with Texas. some better rail connections with Texas. Certainly in the way of transportation Memphis is getting bountifully supplied, but she wants more.—Memphis Avalanche.

ANOTHER KANSAS ROAD. A meeting of the officers of the Denver, Memphis and Atlantic Railroad was held last Wednesday at the Union Depot Hotel, in Kansas City, for the purpose of letting out contracts. There were present John Doniphan, of St. Joseph, president; J.J. Burns, of Belle Plaine, first vice president; Joseph Hausen, of St. Joseph, general manager; Chas. C. Black, of Winfield, secretary; C. J. Peckham, of Sedan. They onstituted the executive board of direcrs of the road. There were also resent John Fitzgerald, of Lincoln, b., and S. H. Mallory, of Charlton, Ia., attractors. The meeting was devoted to ging out further contracts. Sixty-one les of the road are now graded from the kansas River to Kingman, Kan. The ctract for grading the road to Winfield be let in a few days. The work of layithe tracks at Conway Springs will be chienced in about a week. The road will met with the Fort Scott and Gulf near iter Springs and it is expected that the id will run as far as Denver. The line is loed from Baxter Springs to Larned, on the kansas River, and a corps of engineers, unsu from Eaxter Springs to Larned, on the kansas River, and a corps of engineers, unGeorge Custer will soon begin survey. A meetion will be made to Memphis via the ringfield and Memphis. It is claimed to sixty miles of the road will be in operations year. The road is ready for tracks these will be laid immediately. It is cetted that over 200 miles of the road will will never wear.

puilt next year. An officer of the road I recently that the company was an inde-dent organization, although it was ked by one of the strongest financial licates in the country.

E GLASGOW UNDERGROUND RAILWAY. e "City and District Railway" of Glasthas some features in common with its lon prototype, the original underand; in other features it differs mate-17. Each of them is very far removed ii course from being a perfect circle, or liequi-distant at all points from the cento They have, however, the common featof continuity, each being a railway wout termini, but with points of contact wother lines. The London line forges it way through streets and houses, a encloses with its entire course aense population; the Glasgow line ples for a part of its course through ples for a part of its course through ansely populated portion of the city, but the greater part it runs through suburbalistricts. In its construction the London underground line presented many novel, ificate and embarrassing—almost insurable—engineering difficulties. Such have the encountered in the Glasgow undergund line also, but they have been of a snewhat different character. In London to network of gas and water pipes under snewhat different character. In London to network of gas and water pipes, under ed over and amongst which the line had to sinuate itself, presented a most embarassing interference in laying out the line, i constraining direction, curves and fadients. This class of engineering difficulty has been almost actively evaded at Glasgow by carrying the hee through at a lower level than at which any of these pipes are laid. The depth of the Glasgaw line under the surface, where under ground, ranges from twenty feet to pwards of one hundred feet, which is the cepth of the rails below the street surface at Blythswood square. The works are so wards of one hundred feet, which is the epth of the rails below the street surface at Blythswood square. The works are so far advanced as to leave no room to doubt that the line will be opened throughout before the expiration of the current year. The line will be worked by the North British Co., and is calculated to prove a great advantage to that company. It will provide an improved means of egress from the city for the Dumbartonshire and West coast traffic. Instead of being carried through the Cowlairs tunnel, passengers for Helensburgh and the coast will be taken along the new line by way of Stobeross and Anniesland. A saving of 10 minutes will be effected on this route by the new line. The continuous line will be about twelve miles, starting from and returning to any given point. It passes round the northern district, and embraces in all fifteen stations, including Queen street, College, Belgrove, Springburn, Possil park, Mary hill, Anniesland, Patrick, Stobeross, Kelvinhaugh and Charing Cross.—London Railway Age.

A LIVELY RATE WAR. A dispatch from Chattanooga, dated the 21st, says: The war between the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railroad and the Western and Atlantic is now reaching a climax. The latter has had an office at Knoxville for several weeks to cut under the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia on all Southern business. The East Tennessee. Virginia and Georgia to-day opened a permanent office at Nashville and announced

manent office at Nashville and announced a reduction of 70 per cent in rates to the Southeast and Jacksonville.

This step of the East Tennessee, Virginia, and Georgia carries the war into the territory of the Louisville and Nashville, and must necessarily involve that line. All the cuts are made from Chattanooga as a base, each of the warring lines paying local rates from Nashville and Knoxville to this city.

The trouble arises from the fact that both systems have parallel lines out of Chattanooga to Atlanta, and no pool arrangement will be observed. The war has been in progress already two months, and is now being waged with renewed energy, and further reductions are quite probable.

JAY GOULD ELECTED. The stockholders of the National Stock them to the front.

yards met Tuesday afternoon at the Exchange building, in East St. Louis, and elected the following directors to serve for the next twelve months: Jay Gould, Chauncy.M. DePew, Timothy C. Eastman, John B. Dutcher, S. W. Allerton, A. Boody, Isaac H. Knox, George I. Forrest, Joseph J. Martin

Nelson Morris and Alex M. White. The attendance was very small, as the stock is held in large blocks, and then a great deal of it was represented by proxy. Out of the 10,000 shares, 650 were represented and figured in the election, although only seven stockholders were present. Jay Gould owns 1000 shares, yet he did not take the trouble to be present. After the election the stockholders found themselves all legally and duly elected as directors. The directors then, without leaving their seats. balloted for officers with the following result: Isaac H. Knox, president; secretary and treasurer, J. B. Dutcher; A. M. White and A. Boody, executive committee, and J. B. Bowman, attorney. The annual reports were read and approved. The reports showed the yards to be in a flouishing condition. The expenditures, although large, were for needed improvements and extensive repairs of the yards. Nelson Morris and Alex M. White. The

THOSE TICKET COMMISSIONERS AGAIN. "Tell us how the Texas Traffic Association is getting on," said the Rumbler to one of the general managers of the association who was in town recently.

"All right, my dear Rumbler, all right. There is but one weak plank in our agreement. When that is out our structure is solid and a credit to the men who framed it, and sure, I think, to work great good to the

State, as well as the proprietors themselves, by a maintenance of uniform rates."

"And the weak plank, will you please spot it for me, for I am a little dull of comprehension and, withal, a little near-sighted?"

"The week spot is the trying to do over

The weak spot is the trying to do away "The weak spot is the trying to do away with commissions on tickets over foreign roads," said the G. M. "It will work us harm if we try to enforce it, and I understand from reliable sources that the orders are already being violated."

"Well, can't you enforce the orders?" suggested the Rumbler, "and stop the evil—nip it in the bud, as it were?"

The G. M. shengged his shoulders winked.

it in the bud, as it were?"

The G. M. shrugged his shoulders, winked his left optic, and replied: "Have you ever read or heard the story of the boy who threw rocks at the frogs? It was fun for the boy, but death to the frogs. This will be our condition if we undertake to enforce the order. It may be fun for the roads for awhile, but it will be death to our business coming into the State; and I for one am satisfied that sooner or later the agreement will go where the woodbine twineth.

coming into the State; and I for one am satisfied that sooner or later the agreement will go where the woodbine twineth. I mean only that part of the agreement touching on the commission question. The rest of it, as I said before, is all right; but the commission part of it has a double action. We may control the business going out of the State, but the other fellows at the other end of the lines will have their say as to how much business they will give us coming into the State."

"Is it true, then, as has been stated in these columns, that the ticket agents East and North can control the business coming West so far as to give Texas more or less of it, as suits their fancy?"

"As suits their purse, not their fancy. You have used the wrong word," said the G. M.; "they cannot control any considerable amount of the first class business. It's the immigration that they can fix to suit their pocketbooks, or at least a large per cent of it."

WORK TO BECOMMENCED AT ONCE.

WORK TO BECOMMENCED AT ONCE. Paris, Oct. 21.-W. H. Hartsell, superintendent of the Marshall and Northwestern Railroad, and D. W. Lloyd, general manager, arrived in the city to-day, and will complete all arrangements for beginning work on this end of the road at once.

BALLAST. W. H. Newman, general traffic manager of the Missouri Pacific, went south yester-

S. W. Fordyce, receiver of the Texas and St. Louis, went north last night.
G. H. Turner, division traffic superinten dent of the Missouri Pacific, ran up to Deni-

son yesterday.

G. M. Beach, the recently appointed general manager of the Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati and Indianapolis, started railroading not many years ago as a section

It is related by one of his friends that when Walter Gresham came out of the army he went to Galveston, and the first night he spent there his pants, with all the money he had in the world in them, were stolen, and didn't know a soul in the town. He is v general attorney of the Santa Fe, ich shows he never lost his head when he ost his breeches.
B. P. McDonald and J. D. Hill, of Fort

Scott, Kan., have gone back without buying Scott, Kan., have gone back without buying a railroad. W. T. Littlefield, assistant superintendent of telegraph on the Missouri Pacific, passed through Dallas yesterday going west.

THE NARROW GAUGE FREIGHT WAR. SHREVEPORT, La., Oct. 22.—The Shreve-port and Houston Narrow Gauge road has been completed to the Sabine River, where a connection will, in a few days, be made with the Houston, East and West Texas. The former road has already been opened for business, and has more freight business than can be conveniently handled with their rolling stock now on hand. The first shipment of over 100 bales of cotton from Logansport, on Sabine River, will arrive to-morrow over this read.

FREIGHT WAR. The freight war which has been going on for several days here between the Queen and Crescent and Texas and Pacific has not been adjusted yet. I. Hardy, representing ing the former, and W. W. Finley, the latter, who have been in consultation here leave for their respective headquarters to night. An adjustment, if there be any, will have to be made at long range. In the meantime the Queen and Crescent is getting the lion's share of the cotton out here. Up to date this route carried over one thousand bales more than the Texas and Pacific for Eastern and European ship-

TEXAS TRAIN DISPATCHERS. On Tuesday next, the 27th of this month, the train dispatchers of Texas will meet at the Hutchins House in Houston, for the pur-pose of organizing a local branch of the American Train Dispatchers' Association.

All railways in Texas will be represented.

An Aggravated Assault. Complaint was filed yesterday evening before the County Attorney against O. P. Levelon, charging him with an aggravated assault on Henry Kouns. The two are partners in the shoe making trade, and had a misunderstanding about their accounts when Levelon fell upon Kouns and beat him. Kouns is a cripple, having received hurts about his legs some time ago, and his old wounds were aggravated by Levelon's assault. He was not able to come to the courthouse to make complaint. A warrant was issued for Levelon, but the officers had not, at a late hour, arrested him.

The Hibernian Rifles.

The Hibernian Rifles yesterday received their fatigue uniforms. It is of regulation gray, with black facings. The full dress uniform will be the same as that of the Crescent City Guards, of New Orleans, an olive green with white facings. The company now comprises an aggregate of forty-two men, all of whom have evinced a marked progress on the drill ground. The first dress parade will be given Saturday evening, and will be very well worth observing. A finer body of men was never organized in Texas, and their fighting and serving. A nner body of men was never organized in Texas, and their fighting qualities are implied in the name they bear, and their purpose to do honor whenever their country or their country's cause needs them to the front

THE MASQUERADE BALL.

The First of the Gay Season and How the Affair Ended.

Colored society enjoyed itself at the masquerade ball on Wednesday night, and colored society was up paying for it before his Honor yesterday morning. The hotel waiters and barbers had been "laying off" to open the season with a ball which should, for recherche and docolette, exceed anything that colored society had ever known in the town. Wednesday night was the time appointed. The hotel waiters hurried and spilled the victuals and the barbers hurried and hacked their customers. When the first low notes of the deep bassoon informed the neighborhood that the festivities had commenced there had assembled whatever chivalry and beauty are to be found in Dallas colored society. There were toilets and toilets, costumes and costumes, and all went as merry as a dinner horn till a late hour at night. Space and an absence from the ball prevents the reporter from going into a description of the fearful manner in which some of the belles were arrayed. Besides this is not written by the horse reporter. Just about that hour in the morning, when the bright star just over the courthouse (a little southeast) was nodding preparatory to blushingly withdraw for its day nap behind the curtains of the west, the merriness was brought to a sudden standstill, and it happened in this wise: Mr. Croker took no part in the pleasures of the evening. He was a cold, callous, unmasked lookeron, who had rented the lunch stand privilege and was there to make money. He had chicken, pie, ham, and light bread. A good judge of colored character is Mr. Croker, but in his greed for dimes he lost his all. He had purchased and baked an opossum and placed it among his viands. Around about it were stacked sweet potatoes, mellow in their yellowness and grease. When each dance was done and the airy beauties asked for pie, they got it, but no tempting dime or dollar could get Mr. Croker to despoil the beautiful 'possum picture with the carving knife. He had it there to whet the appetite. He was implored to either sell his 'possum or take it away before the guests would get hungry enough to gnaw the rafters. But he smiled and only said: "No nigger frows his lips over dat 'possum—he's for show and when dis ball closes I shall eat him and sop de plate." There was a certain waiter and he was there as "The Moor of Venice." He was filled with hotel provender and he was not hungry, but he was in love. Upon his arm dangled the lady he chose, in a black dress all bedizened with white stars. His heart spoke love to a heart which would have solden segain had not its left ave been nad purchased and baked an opossum and heart spoke love to a heart which would have spoken again had not its left eye been on the 'possum. Around the room they meandered and flounced, he meandering and she flouncing. When there was a lull

But she would not go, for while her heart was his her appetite called for 'possum. She finally lispingly whispered:

"If thou lovest me with a love More lasting than the orange blossom, That thou'lt gladly try to prove By buying me a chunk of 'possum!"

Then he squeezed her nand quite strongly, While his eyes glared like the moon; And he swore "I'll have that possum, Or I'll paralyze dat ar coon."

And he swore "I'll have that 'possum,
Or I'll paralyze dat ar coon."

And then again they meandered and flounced by the lunch stand, when the Moor grabbed the coveted animal. At the same moment that his hands touched it, the knuckles of Croker cracked him under the ear, which knocked him completely past the lady of his choice. In the presence of his love he was a knight, and he gave back that which he had received. In a moment the fight was general. There were screams in all the notes of the gamut, while the thuds of heavy darkies to the floor kept drum time to the mad tune. The police came in and the ball was over. But standing up in a corner, a silent, contemptuous witness of the fight was a country negro eating the 'possum with a relish that only a country darkey can have for that animal, baked brown and placed before him buried in sweet potatoes and basted with gravy. The Mayor yesterday morning settled with a dozen of those who closed the ball at \$5 a head. en of those who closed the ball at \$5 a

#### THE APPELLATE COURT.

SUPREME COURT. R. J. and O. B. Moore vs. James Long et al., from Wood County. Stayton-J. In cases in which there is a conflict of evidence, this court will not reverse a judgment simply because it may appear that the preponderance of the evidence may seem to us to be against the finding below. But a judgment will be reversed if there be no evidence reasonably sustaining it. An examination of the record leads us to the conclusion that the judgment before us, under the uncontroverted evidence, should have been in favor of appellants. There is full proof of the plaintiffs' cause of action, with nothing to controvert it or in any way throw suspicion on it. Reversed and re-

Texas and Pacific Railroad vs. Sarah A. Scott, from Harrison County. Robertson J. -On the trial in the court below the plaintiff's counsel, after opening the case after defendant's counsel had addressed the court on the law of the case, and declined to address the jury, was permitted, over defendant's objection, again to address the jury on the facts. Held: If the second speech was better than the first, or presented anything new, the court would, doubtless, have permitted defendant's counsel to reply. No injury is shown to have resulted to defendant from the course pursued, and we cannot see that the court below abused the discretion necessarily and properly vested in it in such matter. An object of the special charges asked was to possess the jury of the information needed to enable them to determine whether deceased was or was not a passenger on appellant's train when he was fatally injured. He was riding in a tool car in a train made up by the yardmaster at Longview, in which there was improperly placed near the engine a passenger coach to be hauled to Marshall for repairs. The car in which deceased was riding and three others were thrown from the track by the drawhead of the coach breaking and dropping down between the cross-ties. The stem of the drawhead was already cracked half through, but, if sound, it was subjected to strains in this instance not contemplated in the construction of drawheads for passenger coaches. Behind the coach in this train, and drawn by this court on the law of the case, and declined not contemplated in the construction of drawheads for passenger coaches. Behind the coach in this train, and drawn by this drawhead, were nine loaded and six empty freight cars, besides the caboose; and that the yardmaster, in putting it there, was guilty of culpable negligence cannot be questioned. Whether the injury to deceased would have happened if the drawhead had not been defective, and if it would not, whether appellant would be responsible for such defect, in view of the improper use made of the passenger coach, are questions not involved in this appeal, as the jury under the facts proved were certainly authorized to believe that appeal, as the jury under the facts proved were certainly authorized to believe that the sole cause of the injury was the negligence of the yard master in making up such a train with the coach near the engine. If the testimony authorized such conclusion it was incumbent on the court to inform the jury what appellant's liability to deceased's wife would then depend upon, and manifestly if there were any facts making it a question whether deceased was or was not a passenger, how that should be determined became pre-eminently important. If deceased was a regular passenger, amellant became pre-eminently important. If de-ceased was a regular passenger, appellant would be responible for the negligence of

with the yardmaster engaged in a department of appellant's service pertaining, as did the yardmaster's duties, to the operation of the railway, then appellant was not responsible for the negligence of the yardmaster, and appellee could not recover.

The conductor of the train testified that he received and treated deceased as a passenger, and the court instructed the jury that because the conductor so received and treated him made him a passenger. If he and the yardmaster were fellow-servants, no act of the conductor would change the relationship. There was error in this charge, and the court should have charged the jury as requested, to-wit: "If deceased was a member of the wrecking force of the defendant's road and was killed in a wreck was a member of the wrecking force of the defendant's road and was killed in a wreck caused by placing a passenger coach in the front of a freight train, as charged in the petition, and if this car was so placed in the train by the defendant's yardmaster at Longview Junction, and if deceased and said yardmaster were both at the time in the defendant's and engaged in the

said yardmaster were both at the time in the defendant's employ and engaged in the general operation of the defendant's road, then they were fellow-servants, and for any injury done to deceased by the yardmaster's negligence, deceased could not have recovered had death not resulted, and plaintiff cannot recover. Reversed and remanded. Susan Calhoon et at. vs. A. G. Burton et al., from Anderson County. Stayton J.—Undiscovered fraud will prevent the running of the statute of limitations, but the failure to discover the fraud must not be attributable to the want of exercise of proper diligence by the party asserting it. Knowledge of the fact that deceased made a voluntary conveyance of the greater part of his estate a few days prior to his death, is a sufficient fact to put his creditors on notice as to whether the residue is sufficient to pay their claims. Reversed and remanded.

Dallas Fishing and Hunting Club. The annual meeting of the Dallas Fishing and Hunting Club took place at the Merchants' Exchange yesterday evening at 4 o'clock. There was a good attendance present and the reports of the officers were highly satisfactory. Mr. J. T. Trezevant reported that the work undertaken a year ago nad been accomplished, and that the Dowdy Lake end of the club had been paid for and was out of debt. He stated further that he had purchased ten bushels of wild rice, and under instructions from the man from whom the purchase had been made as to the manner in which it should be planted, he was satisfied that it would grow. A board of directors for the ensuing year were elected as follows: R. V. Thompkins, Jules Schneider, Paul Furst, Paul Jamison and Frank Austin. The board elected the officers as follows: R. V. Thompkins, president; Jules Schneider, vice-president; and Paul Furst, secretary and treasurer. A vote of thanks was tendered Mr. Trezevant for his services as president for the past year, and under instructions from the man from services as president for the past year, and the meeting then adjourned.

A Civil Rights Question.

Marshal Arnold was called into the variety theatre on Main street, between Lamar and Austin streets, last night to settle a civil rights case. A farmer gained admittance accompanied by a negro man who, he said, worked for him. The rules of the theatre require colored people to be seated in one part of the house and the white people in another. The pro-prietors wanted to enforce this rule, but the farmer said he came to see the show and to see his negro see it and laugh at it; he has paid his money to enjoy the performance and his colored attendant's enjoyment would be better than the show. The proprietors insisted on the observance of their rules and the farmer was stubborn. Marshal Arnold said he would not molest the negro as long as he behaved himself and he had no right to make him leave the house. At a late hour this morning the farmer was enjoying himself, as was his colored attendant seated beside him.

#### Emory Jailed.

Tom Emory, who was arrested a few days ago on the charge of abducting his step daughter for base purposes, and who left the city after giving bond to appear before the magistrate on Wednesday, returned yesterday. He says he did not know his trial was set for Wednesday, and that he had no idea of forfeiting his bond. His bondsmen, though, did not have much confidence is his statements, as they allowed him to go to jail. His offense, if he has committed one, is only a misdemeanor.

#### School Watters.

The superintendent of the public schools in the county says all the important schools and a great many of the smaller ones will be in full blast by the last of next week. Up to this time some of the schools in the country have not commenced, and there has been but a slight attendance at others, on account of the cotton crop. The children have been in the fields, but the superintendent says after next week the crop will be so far picked out that the old folks can take care of the rest of it, and the children will attend school.

Prof. Black's Services.

Prof. Black introduced the services last night by reading Mathew, fourteenth chapter, twenty-fourth verse to the close, commenting as he read in his own pe culiar style. After this prayer was offered by Elder Dimmitt, of Sherman. Prof. Black then read the ninth verse of the third chapter of St. Peter as a text, his subject being "Repentance." To-night he will, by request, preach on the mellenial reign of Christ and the end of the

#### Almost a Fire.

Yesterday a large heater in the store of Sanger Brothers fell down and for a moment created quite a sensation among employes. It was filled with glowing coals which emptied on the floor and immediately set fire to the floor and objects near. The Messrs. Sanger have patent hand grenade fire extinguishers throughout their establishment, and one of these cast on the flames extinguished them. No alarm was given and the fire department did not turn out.

Gave Bond.

Doc Fritz, who was indicted by the grand jury a few days ago for killing Billy Bick ham, gave bond a yerterday for \$6000, with Mr. A. O. Carden, Mr. Perry Webster and Mr. Betterton as sureties. He would have given the bond, which was agreed on by his counsel and the County Attorney, the day before had it not been for the absence of Mr. Betterton. It is the same amount and sureties that he gave before he was indicted.

H. Cohn, for years a citizen of Dallas, died at Portland, Oregon, a short time ago. He was well known in this city, and at one time was well off in this world's goods. He failed in business and left the State. Since then, we are informed, he has been travelling through Oregon as a picture dealer. He died in poverty at the home of his sister at Portland.

Near every girls' school in Philadelphia there is a candy and taffy store, at which some of the girls keep regular accounts. A number of old women who keep such places

#### Real Estate Transfers.

N. K. Wright to R. A. Rose, a plot of land out of the John Brown Survey......\$ 990 00 John and Lee Evans and E. and Jane Evans to Thomas Laseter, 40 acres of land on Bear Creek............. 25 00

I have now the most complete line of Fancy Goods, Books and Toys that can be found in Texas. Call and see for yourselves.

J. D. A. HARRIS,

## ANOTHER DALLAS ENTERPRISE.

Messrs. BLACH & CO. will open on or about Nov. 1 a wholesale

# PRODUCE AND COMMISSION

BUSINESS AT 726 COMMERCE ST.

They will always keep on hand a full line of Northern Produce, such as Apples, Onions, Potatoes, Beans, Dried Fruit, etc.

#### Read Our Record for Four Years.

Members of all organizations contributing on mortality secure protection at cost. The claims of our individual institution to superior economy are based on our youth and the care with which risks are taken. The following table, compiled from official data, covering four years, from July 12, 1881, illustrates the economy of the benevolent plan as compared to that of old line companies:

\*Texas Bevint As.. \$28 00 \$35 00 \$87 00 Knights of Honor. 39 00 39 50 156 00 Old Line Life..... 105 52 145 84 239 64 \*The Texas Benevolent Association relieves members of all lodge duties, an immunity worth, in itself, fifty dollars per annum to any

worth, in itself, fifty dollars per annum to any business man.

The Texas Benevolent Association, independent of death claims, allows sick benefits to indigent members (a sum sufficient to enable them to keep up their protection during sickness), also pays claims until the total disability clause, which includes one-half of their certificates in cash, in case of insanity, or loss of both arms or feet, which makes their indemnity worth 50 per cent. more than any other co-operative company doing business in the world, all of which is included in the above record.

record.

For information of the general public, we annex the number of assessments mode by the leading orders doing business in Texas during

The La Belle Studio. All kinds of fine photographing, crayor work, etc. 505 Main street, Dallas.

To have your watches and jewelry repaired go to L. E. Curtis, jeweler, 701 Main street, Dallas.

Do you wear the Will Hunstable shoe?

Children's Pictures. a specialty at La Belle Studio, over Fears & Jones', Main street. Satisfaction given.

Misses' School Shoes \$1 25 and \$1 50, at Lewis Bros. & Co.'s, 736 Elm street

Patterson, the People's Druggist, 700 Men's Hand Sewed Button 85.

at Lewis Bros. & Co.'s, 736 Elm street. Best in the World-Dr. Julius King's spectacles and eye glasses. For sale in gold, silver and rubber frames by F. Austin.

I Must Have a Picture taken at La Belle Studio, 505 Main street.

For spectacles and eyeglasses go to L. E. Curtis, jeweler, 701 Main street, Dallas.

IF YOU want glass put in call on Peacock & Shirley, painters, 110 Market street.

Men's Hand Sewed Walk Phast \$5, Superior Early Breakfast stoves and ranges, hard and soft coal and wood heating stoves at Harry Bros.

WILL M. WATERS Office 619 Elm st., with Hereford & Furst. GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT.

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Correspondence solicited for general information, rates, plans, etc.

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Paper Hanging, Glazing, etc. SHOP: 110 MARKET ST., DALLAS.

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A full line of Keg and Bottled Beer and Ice on hand. The finest and most popular Beer in the United States. CHARLES MEISTERHANS, Manager.

## A. McWHIRK. Steam, Gas and Water Fitter,

406 ELM ST., DALLAS, TEX. EXTRAS FOR STEAM ENGINES.

Wedding Cards Elegant work guar we keep at assortment of Fancy Goods a Specialty. to select from, Commercial a Specialty. Printing of all kinds. Correspondence solicited.

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GROCERIES, ETC.

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Staple and Fancy Groceries, Country Produce,
Nails, Tin and Queensware.
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SADDLERY AND LEATHER. SCHELKOPF & CO.—Jobbers and Manufacturers. Saddlery, Leather, Shoe Findings

turers, Saddlery, Leather, Shoe Findings. Only Exclusive Wholesale House in the State, Solicit orders from the Trade (Merchants and Manufacturers), only. 830 and 832 Main Street and 813 and 815 Commerce Street, Dallas. JOHN J. MILLER,

DEALER IN
SADDLERY AND HARNESS,
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BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS. DAUF F. ERB,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

TEXAS COTTON BOOK, \$2 50 and \$3 50; Texas Cotton-Gin Book, \$2 50; Cotton Man's Hand-Book, \$1 50. ok, \$1 50.

CLARKE & COURTS,

Stationers, Printers and Lithographers,
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DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN FRUITS. A PPLES, bananas, oranges, lemons and California fruits always at DE STEFANO BROS., Dallas.

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Practices in State and U.S. Courts. Special attention to commercial and corporation law. W. B. WRIGHT, G. G. Wright, J. J. Eckford, Wright, Wright & Eckford, Lawyers, 715 Main St., Dallas.

N. R. MORGAN, Attorney at Law and Notations. Meridian, Bosque Co., Tex.

W. T. ROBERTS,
LAWYER AND LAND AGENT,
GAINESVILLE, TEX.,
Has complete abstract of titles to Cooke
County lands.

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Will practice in the State and Federal Courts. REEVES & SPENCE—ATTORNEYS AT-LAW, 604 Main Street, Dallas, Texas,

Ball & Burney-

Attorneys at Law, Colorado, Texas, Special attention given to collections.

#### COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned desires to state that he has this day admitted Mr. C. W. Brown as a partner in his FLOAT LINE, and the style of firm will hereafter be MELONE & BROWN. We shall be pleased to receive orders for work in our line, and will guarantee satisfaction and dispatch.

Office with Sinker, Davis & Co. Both telephones. [Refer to DALLAS MORNING NEWS.]

Dallas, Oct. 1, 1885.

DELMONICO RESTAURANT—611 Main st., C. Friedlander, manager; always open; meals all hours; game, fish, etc.; board by w'k or m'th.

LANG'S RESTAURANT—725 Main st.; open day and night; every variety of game and fish in season; meal tickets \$6 per week.

#### BOARDING.

BOARDING—At Mayer's Garden European Restaurant. Positively the best meals in Dallas; by the week \$4; with room \$5.

A GENTLEMAN, or gentleman and wife, can find a nice, furnished room with board, at 320 St. Louis street. FURNISHED HOUSE WANTED.

# WANTED-A comfortably furnished house for six months from Nov. 1 or Dec. 1. Address, stating location and terms, B., Dallas Morning News office.

FOR RENT. DOR BENT - House of seven rooms, 1228

#### Wood street, furnished or unfurnished.

FOR SALE. DUSINESS CHANCE—The finest Restaurant in the city for sale or rent.

Apply at 726 Elm street.

COTTON BRANDS, ALPHABETS, AND FIGures, Rubber Stamps, Stencils, etc.
FRED A.SMITH. 114 Tremont street, Galveston.

FOR SALE—At the Auction and Commission House, jewelry, albums, blank books, stationery, oil paintings, hosiery. 613-615 Elm st. FOR SALE—At the Auction and Commission House, sample boots and shoes, tinware, glassware,crockery, underclothing. 613-615 Elm. FOR SALE—3 regist'd A. J. C. C. Jersey bulls; choice butter strains Cehampion of America, Albert-Pansey, St. Helier. Geo. W. Jackson, Waco FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for Dallas city property, two lots in the town of Lampasas, each 69x128 feet, favorably located. For further particulars, inquire of J. P. JONES, 930 Main street, Dallas.

A RARE CHANCE—A restaurant for sale, with boarders, doing a good and profitable business, and situated in the business part of the city. Apply at once. Want to sell on account of sickness. Apply to "B. B.," this office.

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REAL ESTATE AGENTS, MERIDIAN, BOSQUE COUNTY, TEXAS. Write us for Circulars.

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at low rates, and on time to suit borrowers.
C. E. WELLESLEY,

MONEY TO LOAN—For long time at reasonable rates, and in amounts to suit.

J. B. WATKINS L. M. CO.,
Dallas, Texas.

WANTED—Young man who is willing to work nine hours a day and can come well recommended. Address R P. L., News office. WANTED-Immediately, two coatmakers at

W ANTED-Immediately, wet nurse at No.

#### LAUNDRY.

Dallas Steam Laundry - The finest equipped laundry in Texas; work called for and del. Telephone 10, Grand Windsor building.

# OPERA SHAVING PARLOR—Hot, cold and shower baths at 25c; cistern water. 516 Main street, corner Lamar. LEE COHN, Prop.

FISH, OYSTERS, ETC.

## ONG'S HOTEL-Mrs. M. Long, proprietress, No. 1414 Main st., near Union Depot; day boarders wanted; furnished rooms.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED-Position by a young man not afraid of work; city references. Address S. A. A., News office.

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE

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Art flushed with thine own loveliness, or shy
With wondering o'er thy new-born rosy
bloom?,
Hast thou found happiness, or dost thou sigh
At thy increase of beauty and perfume?

Was it the rapturous dawning of a love,
That warmed thy tint to such a radiant glow?
Bringing a message from the world above,
To add new beauty to the world below.

\*\*

Oh, strange, sweet flower! the answer in thy face, Our hearts interpret with a tender pain, Ve feel the passion pathos of thy grace, Sigh to behold, and waking sigh again."

#### TEXAS SCHOOL LANDS.

Equitable Rights of the Children of the State. Proposed Wholesale Litigation.

To The News. Austin, Oct. 15 .- In your comments on my communication in your issue of the 6th inst. while you, in effect, admit the legal right to recover school lands illegally or wrongfully slisposed of, you state that "it is doubtful if the scheme of instituting legal proceedings to recover lands sold, when the State has re crived and used or invested the proceeds. will ever be sanctioned by the people. Too many homesteads would be lost, and too many sections of the State are interested. Innocent purchasers and honest settlers have rights which should not be jeopardized, even though perfidy and fraud taint the original foundation." In this you assume that the lands which it is proposed shall be recovered are such as have been sold, and the proceeds of which have been received and used or invested by the State, and that these lands are mainly owned and used as homesteads by innocent purchasers and honest settlers. Your assumptions of fact are calculated to greatly mislead all who are not informed as to the facts of the matter, and to prejudice the claims of those for whose benefit these lands were granted. It is a fact that as to the greater portion of the lands in question, there is no pretense that they were ever sold by the State or its agents to any one, either legally or illegally, and that the State has never received a cent for them, but they are claimed by railroad companies as having been donated to them by the State. It is also a fact that a great majority of these lands are now claimed by railroads and land companies, and hence comparatively few homesteads are involved in this class of lands. And it is also a fact that the lands in question that are claimed to have been sold by the State are those that were purchased under what is called "the fifty-cent act," and are situated in the unorganized counties of the northwestern part of the State, and were purchased on speculation in large bodies of from 1000 to 50,000 acres or more. The statute under which it is claimed that these lands were bought nowhere provides for the sale of any part of the lands which it is proposed shall be recovered for the benefit of the public schools. These speculators, in their wild haste to secure these lands before some one else could, did not take time to examine and see that it was only the unappropriated lands that were being offered for sale under this statute. The securing of these lands was truly a grab game, and in many instances they were sold by the filters or locators to land and cattle companies at a handsome profit even before the field notes were returned to the Land Office. Very little, if any, of this class of lands is claimed or used as homesteads, situated as they are in the unorganized counties and unsettled portion of the State, but are used almost exclusively as grazing lands by wealthy cattlemen and sheepmen. It is also a fact that the lands that have been located since the 18th day of April, 1876, by virtue of veteran and Confederate certificates, are situated in the sparsely settled sections of the State, for the obvious reason that the valuable lands in all other portions of the State had been taken before this date, conseque the greater portion of the lands in question, there is no pretense that they were ever

the parties now claming them—the true owners would be very certain to proceed unhesitatingly to recover them, and in their efforts to do this they would not likely be opposed by public opinion. At least, such is now and has been the custom from time immemorial of this and all other countries where property rights had any legal protection. This being the case where private rights are violated, why should a different rule be invoked where public interests are involved, when, too, to do this, would be flatily against the well settled public policy of the State? There is no reason for this discrimination, unless perhaps it is found in that depraved and hypocritical disposition of some men which prompts them to be very liberal in making gifts of others' property, which is but little more commendable than straight-out larceny. For what better right have we to give to others for homestead purposes the lands that were granted to us in trust for the education of the children of the State than we have to embezzle the money of our neighbor that had been intrusted to us for investment or safe keeping? In point of morals they would be about the same, but in law the latter would be a felony. To sanction this would be infinitely worse than to encourage communism in its most objectionable form, for, instead of taking from the rich and giving to the poor, in this, it would in many cases be teking from the poorest of the poor and giving to the richest of the rich. Are the people of Texas prepared to sanction such a policy as this? If they continue to acquiesce in permitting the portion of the poor and giving to the richest of the rich. Are the people of Texas prepared to sanction such a policy as this? If they continue to acquiesce in permitting the parties claiming these lands and imperative duty of the people of Texas prepared to sanction give to the property of his ward when wiregfully appropriated by others. If there are any in sympathy with parties who have claims of homestead on these lands and desire to secure them in hom

the State, and all lands of non-residents of unorganized counties, bid off to the State by the Comptroller at his sales of the same for taxes and not redeemed by the owner within two years, shall constitute a perpetual school fund." These munificent provisions for the education of the children of the State do, indeed, seem sufficient to do all that is claimed for them. But imagine, if you can, the surprise of these boasting parties when they are informed that instead of being sufficient to give a collegiate education to every child in the State, the insignificant sum of \$5 per capita for the scholastic population of the State is the most that has ever been apportioned any one year as available proceeds of these magnificent appropriations, and about one-third of this sum, too, was raised by taxation. These magnificent provisions, while they may appear grand on paper, as they have been managed, are a mere farce and delusion. The claim that some of the lands in question have been bought by innocent purchasers is without merit, for they are presumed to have known that these lands were appropriated to the exclusive use and benefit of public schools, and since they are chargeable with notice of this fact they cannot, either in law or equity, be innocent purchasers. If this pretense of being inoth either in law or equity, be innocen-urchasers. If this pretense of being in ocent purchasers would not influence us o give up our property rights in indi-idual matters, why should it be permit ad to influence us to disregard and aban-on the valuable rights of those who can not extent themselves and for whom we assume t for themselves and for whom we assun act for themselves and for whom we assume to act as agents? If no other or higher mo tive, a spirit of selfishness, it seems, would prompt us to see that the lands which have been appropriated for the benefit of the public schools, but which have been taken and devoted to private interests, were re-claimed for the benefit of these schools and claimed for the benefit of these schools and made as available as possible, for the law requires that the public schools shall be taught for a period of at least six months in each year, and it also provides that what money it may require to do this, in addition to the otherwise available school fund, shall be raised by an ad valorem tax, provided this tax shall not exceed 20 cents on the \$100 worth of property. It is perfectly apparent, therefore, that every dollar we add to the present available school fund of the State, by making available the lands in question, will relieve the people of the State of the payment of that many dollars in taxes.

in taxes.

This view of the matter addresses itself to the pecuniary interest of every taxpayer in the State, for whether we have any children of our own to educate or not we have these taxes to pay all the same. So it is seen that not only our love for our children and our sense of duty to others, but our pecuniary interests, all demand redress of these grievances. And although the children for whose benefit these lands were granted are silent and submissive, their very silence, their very submission, their childish and confiding nature, their dependence and utter helplessness, and their poverty, both mental and otherwise, are each eloquent in their appeals to our manhood, our self-respect and our love of the principles of eternal justice to protest against this most fearful iniquity, which in its consequences is worse than communism, of taking and giving to others that which was granted expressly for their mental culture, prefaced with the solemn declaration of the people of the State that "a general diffusion of knowledge is essential to the preservation of the liberties and rights of the people."

L. D. Brooks. taxes. This view of the matter addresses itself

CAR "NO. 99."

A Street Railway "Flying Dutchman" That Puzzled the Quaker City Railroad Men. Philadelphia Call.

During the past year conductors, drivers and officials connected with nearly every street railway line in the city, have been frequently puzzled to account for the appearance of a mysterious car upon their tracks. It was generally about the time the theaters were over, and in the early morn ing and evenings when people going to and retiring from their work, and was always well filled. When it first made its appear ance the drivers and conductors though it was an extra car, put on to accommodate the rush, and for a long time no notice was taken of it. Finally conductors who made late time would report at the office that "car No. 99,"

Finally conductors who made late time would report at the office that "car No. 99," just ahead of them, "loafed and kept us standing for half an hour;" or, "one of car No. 99's horses fell down," or a similar excuse, in each case laying the blame on "car No. 99." An investigation would discover that in the majority of cases 99 had not been out of the depot that night, or, if out at all, had reported on regular schedule time. The officials concluded that car "No. 99" was nothing but a myth, and dubbed it the "Flying Dutchman." It was regarded as an invention of the drivers and conductors, who wished to account in some reasonable way for the laziness.

The latter class, however, swear that the mysterious corporation on wheels was no myth. They had seen it too often, and it was always described as a plain yellow car, with the figures "99" painted on its sides, together with "Fairmount Park," "Germantown," etc. It has been known to disappear in the most surprising manner, and would turn off the tracks of one company on to those of another, without regard to switches. Thus it would be seen on three or four lines in one night. Conductors would be frequently accosted by the remark: "I see you have a five cent fare car on at nights and in the mornings," by some passengers. Upon the conductor's expressal of ignorance, the passenger would astonish him by telling him that he "rode in a car on this line the other night that only charged 5 cents fare." In many cases the passengers could not remember the number of the car, but others would answer that it was "99." Efforts were made to fathom the mystery of "99," but they failed in every case, as the vehicle seemed a veritable ignis fatuus, and could never be cornered. During the past month or two it has disappeared entirely from the tracks, much to the relief of the drivers, who began to aegard it with superstitious awe.

It now transpires that an enterprising who began to aegard it with superstitious

tracks, much to the relief of the drivers, who began to aegard it with superstitious awe.

It now transpires that an enterprising genius, who formerly lived in comparative poverty with his wife in the lower section of the city, was the proprietor of the supposed "Flying Dutchman." He conceived the idea about two years ago, but was a year building the car and getting everything in operation. The car was stored in his side yard, which immediately adjoins a large lot, and it would be run in here and carefully covered over after the trips were finished each night. The neighborhood is rather lonely, though tracks run in the vicinity. It was only on condition that no names or residences would be published that the story was furnished to a Call reporter. The genius acted as a driver, while his wife, dressed in men's clothes, and armed with a "dummy" bell punch, so as not to excite suspicion, officiated as conductor and collected the fares, which were invariably but 5 cents for one person. In consequence of this popular rate the car would at all times when running be well crowded, and the couple fairly coined money. Though many people who rode on it could not account for the 5 cent fare, yet their suspicions were not aroused, and they never dreamed the truth or noticed that the vehicle contained no license. Others knew all about it, but said nothing. For over a year this was kept up, and the car was run on any track which best served the couple, though care was taken to avoid the railway depots of the various lines. Then the couple, having made \$30,000 out of the venture, withdrew the car from the tracks and destroyed it. Shey are now living in affluence down town, and only a few of the neighbors are aware of the means whereby they gained their competency. Their success is only another argument in favor of low railroad fare, and shows the enormous profit which will accrue from alaudable desire to serve the public, coupled with enterprise and ingenuity.

sall sums of money that may come to this State hereafter from the sale of any portion of the public domain of the State of Texas: all the alternate sections of land reserved by the State out of grants heretofore made, or that may hereafter be made to railroads or other corporations of any nature whatsoever; one-half of the public domain of

lic, coupled with enterprise and ingenuity.

Tactics Reversed in the Chicago Wheat Pit Prices "Tired" Because of Much Grain.

Special to The News. CHICAGO, Oct. 22 .- The grain and provision markets on 'change have a tired look. All outside news still favors the "short" side of wheat, and with nothing to sustain prices except speculative buying, the feeling is unqualifiedly weak. The crowd argue that the coming famine which has been so much talked of exists altogether in theory, and that there will be grain enough and to spare. Indeed, with stocks piling up at the present rate it is hard to place any confidence in tales of threatened scarcity. Thus the recent active buving movement would seem to have been caused by no faith in the legitimate situation, but by a belief that powerful parties had control of the market and would work a scalping turn, to be abandoned as soon as a few cents per bushel had been realized. Hence operators looking coolly at the situation incline to the belief that there is nothing at home or abroad to warrant present prices, and the sentiment of the pit appears to have become as bearish as it was recently bullish. Public cables are discouraging to holders, and private ones are worse. The 2,000,000 bushel increase in the visible supply has caused extensive realizing and considerable stuff has been let go on account of scant margins, while foreign buyers have reduced their purchasing limits in view of the large supp lies which they see before them. From Minneapolis come reports that millers have again reduced their purchasing prices for wheat, together with the statement that flour cannot be disposed of within 25 cents per barrel of the present price of wheat, and that unless flour advances materially or wheat declines at least 5c per bushel grinding must stop. Indeed, numerous dispatches have been received the past day or two announcing that the Minneapolis Association had agreed to shut down their mills Nov. 1, as wheat is so high they are now making flour at a loss. This has very little effect, however, thoughtful traders being inclined to wonder why it is if they are working at a loss they should postpone their stoppage until November.

"Clever people, these millers," remarked a prominent operator. "Only last Friday they could not get wheat enough to run their mills and advanced the price. Now they have plenty of wheat, but cannot make flour except at a loss. December wheat, since Friday, has dropped considerably in this market. I wonder if the facts have any connection with each other? Seriously, these fairy tales from Minneapolis have lost their charm."

Another dealer says that his advices from supplies which they see before them. From

Another dealer says that his advices from the Northwest state that the millers have sent word to their country houses to outbid competition and secure all the wheat offered. In fact, the whole scheme seems to be about on a level with the attempts of the "bulls" to prop up the market with war news in the face of steadily advancing con-

To-night a leading dealer says: "This reaction is only natural. October is the month of big receipts, and it is not reasonable to suppose the advance came to stay. Still, whether Europe takes hold or not, I believe the grain will all be wanted, especially as the South is already drawing heavily upon the Northwest, their home deliveries not being equal to their demands for bread. Along in the early months of 1886 I look for a permanent improvement in values."

Corn is somewhat strengthened by bad weather, but the weakness in wheat is a drag upon it and receipts are rather larger. The market seems likely to drag until the new crop begins to be move freely. There is some buying going on all the while on the theory that prospective abundance has already been discounted, and that when the movement does commence there will be a reaction. Low prices, however, are likely

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Another dealer says that his advices from

To-night a leading dealer says: "This re-

ready been discounted, and that when the movement does commence there will be a reaction. Low prices, however, are likely to prevail through the winter. Provisions continue stagnant; all articles, however, are well supported in the face of big receipts of hogs and lower prices for

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CITY NATIONAL BANK,

DALLAS, TEXAS.  S. S. FLOYD & CO.,

# BROKERS

Grain, Provisions, Cotton and Stocks FOR FUTURE DELIVERY

Small or large sums invested. Correspondence solicited. Write for explanatory pamphlet and daily market report. Address either Galves-Fort Worth, Texas. Best bank references given.

#### COMMERCIAL.

DALLAS, Oct. 22.—Business was active to-day

in the leading branches. A bullish feeling was manifested in cotton. For the spot stuff 8.65 cents per pound was paid without a murmur from buyers and producers were inclined to refuse that rate. In some instances farmers declined that price and returned to the wagon yards to await to morrow's development. There was more trading in options than has been the case on any previous day this season. Distant positions at New York sold only a few points under 10 cents. The continued strength of consols counteracts war talk and encourages the cotton market all the time.

There is little doing in wool at present Nearly all the buyers have gone to Baird, Abilene and to other western points. Since Monday receipts have been nearly confined to consignments for reshipment. One buyer took twenty bags to-day, of a rather low grade, pay-Wheat, corn and oats are steady and inclined

to higher rates. The market is well supplied with autumn garden truck. Turnips, lettuce, beets, rad-dishes, okre, chilies and onions in bunches,

constitute the leading articles. . In butcher's animals there is no change, and little on which to make remarks. Good grass fed beef steers are in abundant supply, and holders readily accept the price quoted. This morning 100 fat hogs arrived from raisers in the vicinity of Lancaster, and sold at the quo-

Flour is unchanged. Northern brands sell as follows: Patent \$3 30 per 100 lbs; extra fancy \$3 00; fancy \$2 80; ohoice family \$2 60.
Oats in sacks sold to-day at 25@26. Corn sold

from the wagons at 38@40.

Demand for fruits and nuts is very heavy on ocal orders and also on orders from the West. Apples and bananas are in especially good request. Good Northern apples sell at \$3 per barrel. Indifferent apples sell as low as \$2 50. Several car loads of spoiled Missouri apples were taken to-day at \$1 per barrel by vinegar were taken to-day at \$1 per barrel by vinegar manufacturers. Louisiana oranges sell at \$4 per box, or at \$7 50 per barrel. Lemons bring \$4 50% per case. People are beginning to appreciate bananas more than ever. Sales reach 1000 bunches per week, not including orders from outside the city. The supply is equal to the request, and the quality unusually excellent. Cocoanuts, per 100, sell at \$5 50%. Pecans, old crop, sell at 6% 7eents per pound, almonds 22 cents, filberts 15%16, and nuts of Brazil at 12 cents per pound. Red peanuts, raw, sell at 6% 7 cents.

grants, the spreading westward of population and the several new towns that have sprung up in the West afford dealers new fields not referred to in the computation of any past year. To-day, for an illustration of the last remark, 50 cases of groceries were marked for Pecos City, a town less than one month old. Harrold, a town less than a year old, is now an active confinent of this market.

The News has several inquiries from towns within range of Dallas trade as to why the Dallas cotton market does not quote the price on all grades of cotton from ordinary to middling fair. There is some remark made also about the only quotation which the Merchants' Exchange gives (middling) being the same every day, or nearly so. The News is ready to give the quotations of this market as they are fixed upon, and for that purpose has a reporter visit the exchange daily.

DALLAS SPOT MARKET.

DALLAS SPOT MARKET. Cotton closed firm, middling being quoted Total
Receipts to date
Shipments.
Stock on hand THE GENERAL LUCAL MARKET.

APPLES—Western \$3 50@3 75 # bbl.
AXLE GREASE—65c@\$1 # doz.
BACON—Short clear smoked 7%c, short clear
ry salt 7c, breakfast bacon 9%c; hams, short

BACON—Short clear smoked 7½c, short clear dry salt 7c, breakfast bacon 9½c; hams, short clear canvased 1½c.

BAGGING AND TIES—Boston 1¼ B 11¾a12c, Southern 2 b 12¾a13c, Empire 1½ b 10¾a11½c.

Ties—Arrow, full length \$1 47½a1 60.

BANANAS—\$2a4 \( \psi\$ bunch.

BAKING POWDER—Standard goods in bs \$5 \( \psi\$ doz, grape in bs \$2 50.

BEANS—California in bags 4½c \( \psi\$ b, hand picked medium 4c, Lima beans in sacks 4½c.

BLUEING—Bag blueing 60c \( \psi\$ doz, 4 oz liquid 50c, pints 85c, Sawyer's \$3 50.

BEESWAX—18a20c.

BONES AND HORNS—Bones, clean and dry \$11 \( \psi\$ ton delivered on track; horns, fresh and clean, ox 5c each, steer 2c, cow ½c each.

BUTTER—Fresh country choice 15a20c, choice western dairy 18c, fancy creamery 30c.

CABBAGES—\$2 75 per crate

CANNED GOODS—Apples, 3 b cans \$1 25 \( \psi\$ doz, gallon cans \$3 25; blackberries, 2 b \$1 20a 130; strawberries, 2 b \$1 40a 65; gooseberries, 2 b \$1 10a 120; raspberries, 2 b \$1 30a 135; whortleberries \$1 35a 150; winslow's corn \$1 45 a 15a 25 25; mackerel, 1 b c ans \$1 10a 15 \( \psi\$ doz, 5 b \$5 50a 5 75; oysters, 1 b f. w. \$1 10a 1 15 \( \psi\$ doz, 2 b f. w. \$1 10a 1 25; peaches standard goods 3 b \$1 70a 1 80 \( \psi\$ doz, pie peaches standard goods 3 b \$1 70a 1 80 \( \psi\$ doz, pie peaches 3 b \$1 50a 1 60, Num son's 2 b \$1 40a 1 50; pincapples, standard goods 2 b \$1 60a 1 75; peas. Numsen's small May marrowiat \$1 65a 1 75, soaked \$5ca\$1, French Chatelein 26c each, French Dupon 20c; Salmon, Columbia River \$1 50a 1 50 \( \psi\$ doz, 2 b \$8 90a 3; tomatoes, standards, 3 b \$1 30a 135, 2 b \$1 05a 10.

CANDLES—Full weight \$1 11½a 12c \( \psi\$ b, full weight 6 11½a 12c \( \psi\$ b, coked 50ca 160).

CANDLES—Full weight 8 11½a 12c \( \psi\$ b, full weight 6 11½a 12c \( \psi\$ b, coked 50ca 160).

CANDLES—Full weight 8 11½a 12c \( \psi\$ b, full weight 6 11½a 12c \( \psi\$ b, coked 50ca 160).

CRANBERRIES—Cape Cod \$10 \$\psi\$ bbl.
CURRANTS—New crop 7½c \$\psi\$ b; old, cooked 

ine \$3.

COFFEE—Prime to choice 10@12e \( \psi \) b, peaberry 12@12\( \cdot \), Mocha 23@24e, Java 19@20c, washed Rio 13@14e, Goiden Rio 13@14e.

DRED APPLES—Alden's process evaporated 9@9\( \cdot \) e, this bright 3\( \cdot \) a\( \cdot \) c; peaches 6\( \cdot \) a\( \cdot \) c, prunes 6\( \cdot \) a\( \cdot \) e, eurrants 7\( \cdot \) e.

DRIGS AND OILS—Acids, benzole 21e \( \cdot \) oz, carbolic 40e \( \cdot \) b, tannie \$1 65 \( \cdot \) b, tallie 18e \( \cdot \) c, salicylie \$2\( \cdot \) w b, tannie \$1 65 \( \cdot \) b. Ammonia, carbonate \$16e \( \cdot \) b. Alum 3\( \cdot \) 65e \( \cdot \) b. Assafetida 20\( \cdot \) 30e \( \cdot \) b. Arrowroot, Bermuda 45e \( \cdot \) b. Bulsam, copaiba \$50e \( \cdot \) b, fir \$5\( \cdot \) 65e

Sterling 6%c, Novelty 11½c. Gingham: West brook 8½c, Ayrshire 9c, Forest 8½c, Soctch Bf 11½c, Compton 7½c. Yorkville 7c, Amoskeag 7½c, Tidal Wave 7c, Warsaw 7c, Greylock fancy 12c Slatersville 7½c.

EGGS—Wholesale dealers quote 12½c \$\psi \text{doz}\$. FLOUR—Dallas Mills \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 90\text{08}\$ 15 \$\psi\$ 100 \$\text{ bs}\$. Northern patent \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 30, extra fancy \$\frac{1}{2}\$ fancy \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 80. Choice family \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 90.

GRAIN AND BREADSTUFFS.—Wheat \$\frac{1}{2}\text{075}c\_0\$ \$\frac{1}{2}\$ corn feast in bulk \$\frac{1}{2}\text{082}c\_0\$ ; bran, \$\psi\$ cwt, at mills. \$\frac{1}{2}\text{082}c\_0\$ corn meal, fine bolted, \$\psi\$ evt, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ in miny and grits \$\frac{1}{2}\$ \$\psi\$ bbl, feed, chopped corn, \$\psi\$ ewt, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ \$\frac{1}{2}\$ corn bran, \$\psi\$ corn and oats, \$\psi\$ ewt, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ \$\frac{1}{2}\$ corn bran, \$\psi\$ corn for \$\psi\$ and four, \$\psi\$ ewt, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ \$\frac{1}{2}\$ corn bran, \$\psi\$ corn for \$\psi\$ and \$\psi\$ for \$\psi\$ \$\psi\$ bbl, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ \$\psi\$ extra fine bolted, \$\psi\$ ewt, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ \$\frac{1}{2}\$ corn bran, \$\psi\$ corn and oats, \$\psi\$ ewt, \$\frac{1}{2}\$ \$\frac{1}{2}\$ corn bran, \$\psi\$ corn from \$\psi\$ \$\psi\$ bbl, \$\psi\$ \$\psi\$ bbl, \$\psi\$ \$\psi\$ bol, \$\psi\$ \$\psi\$ bol, \$\psi\$ \$\psi\$ ton; millet seed, large \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 20, small \$\frac{1}{2}\$. Graffes—El Paso \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 50 \$\psi\$ bot shorn \$\frac{1}{2}\$ cond \$\psi\$ \$\psi\$ \$\psi\$ bot from \$\psi\$ \$\psi\$ \$\psi\$ bot from \$\psi\$ \$\psi\$ \$\psi\$ \$\psi\$ bot from \$\psi\$ \$\psi\$ \$\psi\$ \$\psi\$ bot from \$\psi\$ \$\psi\$ candard \$\psi\$ \$\psi\$ bot from \$\psi\$ \$\psi\$ cond \$\psi\$ for \$\psi\$ \$\psi\$ bot from \$\psi\$ \$\psi\$ candard \$\psi\$ \$\psi\$ \$\psi\$ bot from \$\psi\$ \$\psi\$ candard \$\psi\$ \$\psi\$ cond \$\psi\$ for \$\psi\$ \$\psi\$ candard \$\psi\$ \$\psi\$ cond \$\psi\$ for \$\psi\$ \$\psi\$ cond \$\psi\$ for \$\psi\$ cond \$\psi\$ for \$\psi\$ \$\psi\$ cond \$\psi\$ for \$\psi\$ \$\psi\$ cond \$\psi\$ for \$\psi\$ cond \$\p

ornia 700@\$1, Zinfandell best 90c@\$1 80; orted clarets, \$70@80 \( \psi\$ class; Medoc, quarts case, pints \( \psi\$ 7; St. Julien, quarts \( \psi\$ 6 0 \\ \psi\$ pints \( \psi\$ 7 0. Chateau Bouliac, quarts \( \psi\$ 8, \psi\$ california claret, quarts \( \psi\$ 4, pints \( \psi\$ 5; ornia hogk \( \psi\$ 10 1 50 \\ \psi\$ gallon, quarts \( \psi\$ 4, pints \( \psi\$ 5 \); ornia hogk \( \psi\$ 10 1 50 \\ \psi\$ gallon, quarts \( \psi\$ 4, pints \( \psi\$ 5 \); bints \( \psi\$ 5 \); Brandy, Otard Dupey \( \psi\$ 12, Chat-lafitte \( \psi\$ 18. Champagnes, Piper Heidsleck, \( \psi\$ 31, quarts \( \psi\$ 29; G. H. Mumm, pints \( \psi\$ 31, quarts \( \psi\$ 29; G. H. Mumm, pints \( \psi\$ 31, \quarts \( \psi\$ 29; G. H. Mumm, pints \( \psi\$ 32, \quarts \( \psi\$ 27; dry Verzenay, \quarts \( \psi\$ 30, quarts \( \psi\$ 22; Cook's Imperial, pints 0. \quarts \( \psi\$ 16; California Eclipse, pints \( \psi\$ 18, ts \( \psi\$ 17.

Molasses—Prime old crop to choice 35@50e w crop 70c. IUTS—Almonds 22c \( \psi \) ib, filberts 15\( \pi \)16c, Bra-nuts 12c, pecans 7\( \pi \)8c, cocoanuts \( \pi \)5 50\( \pi \)6

NIONS—Northern \$3 \$\P\$ bbl, Texas 85@90c ORANGES—Louisiana \$4 \( \psi \) box, \$7.50 \( \psi \) bbl.
POTATOES—Western, in sacks, \$5\( \pi \) \$000. \( \psi \) bu.
POUTRY—Mixed coops of chickens \$2.50\( \pi \). rkeys 75c@\$1. rowder-Rifle and shot gun \$3 50 \$7 keg,

THREYS 10-COM1.

POWDER—Rifle and shot gun \$3 50 \$\psi\$ keg, blasting \$2 10, Eagle ducking \$4 kegs \$3 50.

POTASH—Babbit's (2) cases \$2\tilde{2}2 15, Union (4) potash \$2 50\tilde{2}2 75.

RICE—Prime to choice 5\footnote{6}\tilde{6}0 \tilde{7} \tilde{7} \tilde{6}.

ROPE—Sisal \$\footnote{6}\$ inch basis 8\footnote{6}\tilde{7} \tilde{7} \tilde{6}.

RAISINS—London layers \$4\$ \$\psi\$ box, layers \$3, Muscatel \$3, California layers \$2 40.

SARDINES—French \$13, American \$7.

SAUR KRAUT—\$3 75 \$\psi\$ \$\psi\$ box.

SAUR KRAUT—\$3 75 \$\psi\$ \$\psi\$ box.

STARCH—Royal gloss, 6 \$\tilde{6}\$ boxes 6\footnote{6}\tilde{6}\tilde{6}\tilde{4}\tilde{6}\tilde{4}\tilde{4}\tilde{4}\tilde{4}\tilde{6}\tilde{2}\tilde{6} VEGETABLES—Good western cabbage, \$2 75

Wool—Good medium 16@18c, Mexican 11c, burry from 2c to 5c less # b. LEATHER. HARNESS-No. 1 oak 33@36e # 1b according to quality, No. 2 do 31@32c. Hemlock, No. 1 32c,

No. 2 30c.

SKIRTING—No. 1 oak 38c, No. 2 86c; hemlock, No. 1 39c, hemlock skirting, oiled, No. 1 34c, No. 2 32c; California 40@43c according to quality. SOLE—Oak, heavy free of brand 35@40c; do medium 36@37c; one brand to each side, heavy 36@37c, do medium 34@35c; Buffalo slaughter 30c, good 28c, good damaged 25c.

CALF—French \$1 10@2 \( \psi \) th, American 85c@ \$1 20, French kip 35c@\$1 45 \( \psi \) th, American kip 65c@\$1.

BUILDING MATERIAL. LIME—Coopered \$2 \psi bbl, in bulk \$1 35.

ROUGH LUMBER—Per M, 20 feet long and under \$20, 26 feet and over \$22 50, clear select \$25, culls all lengths \$15, ½ inch by 3 inch battons \$17 50, ½ inch by 6 inch cling \$15, cypress select \$45. DEMENT—Rosendale \$2 50 \$7 bbl, Louisville 25, English Portland \$4 75, Michigan plaster LATH—Plastering \$3 50 \mathrm{\psi} m.

HATH—Firstering \$5 ov \$11.

HATH—Goat 75c \$\psi\$ bu.

DOORS—Common \$1 50@3 according to size, nolded \$4@8 according to finish.

SASH—Common \$1@5 \$\psi\$ pair according to size.

BLINDS—\$1 50@3 50 \$\psi\$ pair.

MOLDING—White pine inch \$\psi\$ \$\psi\$ foot.

LOCAL LIVE STOCK MARKET. NOTE-All sales of stock in this market are

DESCRIPTION.	Medium.	Good to extra.
Cattle— Steers Feeders. Cows Bulls Veal calves. Milkers, # head. Hogs—	2 00@ 2 50 1 50@ 2 00 1 00@ 1 25	2 50@ 2 75 2 25@ 2 50 1 25@ 1 50 3 50@ 4 00
Hogs—Packing and shipping, Light weights. Stock hogs. Sheep—Natives. Stockers, \( \psi\) head.	3 00@ 3 25 1 50@ 3 00 2 00@ 2 25	3 75@ 4 00 3 25@ 3 50 2 25@ 2 50

#### COTTON MARKETS.

GALVESTON, Oct. 22.—There is a very strong feeling in business circles here, which is steadily increasing as careful comparisons are made of the totals of trade this year with those of

ormer years. It is found that there is a considerable increase this year over last year, and the volume of business is continually growing as the season progresses. Wholesalers in nearly every line, hardware, dry goods, groceries, etc., say they have no cause for complaint, and in some instances the working forces have been increased and, are fully employed with orders still ahead of delivery. The Galveston receipts of cotton last week exceeded those of any previous week in the history of this city, yet the receipts thus far this week exceed those of last week. Galveston spots closed at yesterday's quotations.

GALVESTON SPOT COTTON,
ToneEasy
Sales 1.044
Ordinary 7 9-16
Good Ordinary 8 9-16
Low Middling 8 15-16
Middling 9 5-16
Good Middling 9 9-16
Middling Fair 9 13-16
HOUSTON COTTON MARKET.
Houston, Oct. 22 Tone easy. Sales 2031 bales.

Ordinary 7 9-16c, good ordina dling 8 15-16c, middling 9 5-16 9 9-16c, middling fair 9 13-16c,

CONSOLIDATED SPOT MARKET. MIDDLING. To-day Yest'y To-day Liverpool... Flat, irreg'lar 5 5 7-16 Galveston .. Easy 9 5-16 9 5-16 9 3-16 9 34 9 3-16 9 3-16 

U. S. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT.

| Consolidation | Receipts thus far this week | 226,168 | Receipts same time last week | 193,636 | Receipts same time last year | 238,545 | Receipts this day | 39,441 | Receipts this day last year | 47,439 | Total this season | 1,083,375 | Total last season | 1,105,897 | Exports to Great Britain | 75,137 | Exports to France | 10,877 | Exports to France | 10,877 | Exports to Continent | 39,744 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 10,745 | 1 FUTURE MARKETS.

FUTURE MARKETS.

New York, Oct. 22.—Futures opened and ruled steady and closed dull; October 9.65@9.67c, November 9.61@9.62c, December 9.63@0.64c, January 9.72@9.73c, February 9.83@9.84c, March 9.95c, April 10.06@10.10c, May 10.17@10.19c, June 10.28@10.29c, July 10.38@10.39c, August 10.47@10.48c; sales 79.800 bales.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 22.—Futures opened quiet but steady, ruled the same and closed dull; October 9.09c bid, November 9.07@9.09c, December 9.14@9.15c, January 9.27@9.28c, February 9.43@9.34c, March 9.58@9.59c, April 9.72@9.74c, May 9.37@9.88c, June 10.01@10.02c, July 10.11@10.14c August 10.16@10.20; sales 29.200 bales.

Liverrool, Oct. 22.—Futures opened dull, ruled weak and closed steady; October 5.21d bid, October November 5.18d bid, November 5.18d sked, Pecember January February 5.20d asked, February March 5.23d asked, March April 5.26d, April-May 5.29d

COMMERCE AND FINANCE.

NEW YORK MONEY AND BOND MARKET. NEW YORK, Oct. 22.-Money closed easy at 11/4 per cent. Exchange closed steady; posted rates \$4.84\% 4.86\%; actual rates \$4.83\% @4 84 for sixty days and \$4 85% @4 86 for de-

Governments closed firm; currency 6's 128's bid, 4's coupons 123's bid, 4's's coupons 113 bid. Pacific Kaliroad Bonds closed as follows: Union firsts 115%@116; Union land grants' 104% bid; Union sinking fund 12014 bid; Centrals 1131/201131/4. The stock market this morning was feverish and irregular, 

#### MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH. CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKET.

CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—The wheat market opened about %@%2 lower, sold up and down several times over the same ground, and finally developed some firmness although no great advance was secured. The fact that the market had experienced a break of 6c a bushel caused a good many to think that it was time for a reaction, and so they stopped selling and went to buying, which action soon put the buyers into the majority and caused an upturn. Liverpool was easier, but cargoes were a turn dearer. Running all through the morning session there was an absence of feature to the trade.

"The crowd," said a usually active trader, "Is simply, standing back and looking at the market." The belief has become pretty general that there will be no war; that this disturbing element cannot be counted on to work up prices any. In the absence of anything else what can one do but nothing? There is nothing to buy it on, and we are rather afraid after such a break as we have had during the past month to go very extensively on the short side of it, for if it moves very far in either direction the probabilities rather favor a decline."

The close in wheat was slow at barely opening prices, its main support having come from a few shorts.

\* Corn opened %c lower and then advanced

isted, prices averaging %c lower than on yeaterday.

CLOSING PRICES.

Wheat closed unsettled and lower; 84%@81
October, 85%@85%c November, 87%@87%c D
cember, 88%c January, 94%c May.

Corn steady; 40%c October, 99%c Novembe
36%c year, 35%c January, 38c May.

Oats easier; 24%cOctober, 25%c Novembe
29%c May.

ST. LOUIS LIVE STOCK MARKET.

ST. LOUIS LIVE STOCK MARKET.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 22.—Cattle—Receipts 1752 head shipments 1619 head. The cattle market thi morning was not in a very encouraging shap for salesmen, to say the least. The falling of in the receipts caused them to demand and of tain steady rates, but no particular class to buyers exhibited anything like urgency. The dressed beef men and local traders were protent, and during the opening hours most of the cattle that changed hands went to them. Goo stock sold at former rates, but the genera market for common, which formed the bulk of the supply, was dull, weak and very unsating factory, and sales were made at very low figures.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—Hogs—Receipts 29,000 head market active and unchanged; light \$3 40@3 81 rough packing \$3 30@3 50, heavy packing an shipping \$3 50@3 55.

Cattle—Receipts 1000 head; market weak bu steady; shipping grades \$3 40@5 60, butchen \$1 50@3 50, stockers \$2 30@3 50, Texans \$2 50.

Sheep—Receipts 4000 head; market steady common \$1 75@3, good \$3@3 60.

ST. LOUIS GRAIN MARKET.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 22.—Wheat lower. The market was steadler, but most trading was a lower prices, though other markets might have been higher. English cables were firmer, but a large increase was looked for in the next visible supply, and this weakened the feeling later and brought out more offerings. The clost was easy and 100 % c below yesterday's close. Corn steady but quiet, with small trading. Oats firm.

Oats firm.

CLOSING PRICES.

Wheat—November 93%c bid, December 95%l
bid, January 97%c asked, May \$1 05%.

Corn—October 38%c asked, November 35%c
year 33%a033%c, January 33%c, May 55%c bid.
Oats—October 24%c bid, November 24%c, De
cember 25%c, year 24%a24%c bid, May 29%c bid KANSAS CITY GRAIN MARKET.

KANSAS CITY GRAIN MARKET.

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 22.—Wheat—Receipts 18,371 bu; market steadier; No. 2 red, cash 73c bid, November 75½c bid, 76c asked; December 78c. May 87½c67½c No. 2 soft, cash, 85½c asked. Corn—Receipts 687 bu; market quiet; No. 1 cash 3½c asked, November 27c bid, 29c asked, year 26c bid, 26½c asked; May 28c bid, 29½d asked; No. 2 white, cash, 32½c bid.

Oats—No. 2 cash 21c bid, 22½c asked.

1:30 p. m.—Wheat steadier; cash 74c bid; November 75½c bid, 76c asked; December 78c.

Corn quiet; cash 31½c asked, November 27d bid, 29c asked; year 26c bid, 26½c asked.

Oats nominal; 21c bid, 22½c asked.

NEW ORLEANS GRAIN MARKET.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 22.—Corn quiet; mixed, ellow and white 53\(\tilde{o}\)54c.
Oats easy; No. 2 34c.
Bran quiet and easy at 85c,
Hay firm at \$18\(\tilde{o}\)19, prime \$16 50\(\tilde{o}\)17 55.

ST. LOUIS PROVISION MARKET. ST. LOUIS PROVISION MARKET.

Sr. LOUIS, Oct. 22.—Flour—Receipts 6722 bbls, shipments \$510 bbls; market quiet and weak; lower to sell; XX \$3 20@3 30, XXX \$3 40@3 50, family \$3 60@3 70, choice \$4@4 10, fancy \$4 50@4 60, extra fancy, including favorite brands, \$4 75@4 90, patents \$5 25@5 60.

Rye flour steady at \$3 65@3 75.

Corn meal steady and firm at \$1 90@1 98.

Pearl meal, grits and hominy \$2 75@3 delivered.

ared. Provisions—Market very dull throughout, with scarcely any business in pork and lard, and a further decline in dry salt meat and

sold, extra heavy mess \$9 25; on orders, standard \$9 25.

Lard—Current make steam had \$5 75 bid, and a little could have been had at \$5 80, refined tierce on orders \$6 50; fancy leaf \$6 75 67.

Dry Salt Meat—Shoulders \$3 80, tongs \$5 20 65 50, clear ribs \$5 40, short clear \$5 50; on orders—shoulders \$3 50, longs \$5 75, clear ribs \$5 87%, short clear \$6 124. Bacon—Shoulders \$4 30, longs \$5 65@5 70, clear bs \$5 75 short clear \$6 121/2 @6 25. Hams quiet at \$9 50@11; on orders—shoul-ers \$3 75, longs \$6, clear ribs \$6 121/2 @6 25, short ear \$6 50.

Breakfast bacon unchanged at \$7 50@9 50.
Beef—Family \$10@13 # bbl.
Country Bacon—Very little offering; choice
orth \$6.

Country Lard—Small receipts; selling at \$550 Salt firm; domestic \$1 05@1 10. Whisky higher at \$1 07. NEW ORLEANS PROVISION MARKET.

NEW ORLEANS PROVISION MARKET.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 22.—Flour quiet and easy; extra fancy \$5, 25, fancy \$5, choice \$4 75.

Corn meal steady at \$2 20.

Sugar—Centrifugal plain granulated 6 15-16c, choice white 6 9.16@6\$4c, off white 6%@6\$4c, gray white 6\$4@6\$4c, choice yellow 6\$4@6\$4c, prime yellow 6\$4@6\$6c, prime yellow 6\$4@6\$6c, prime \$64@6\$6c, seconds 6\$4c; market steady; receipts 22 hhds and 1120 bbls.

Molasses—Open kettle, choice 60c, prime 58c, good prime 55c; centrifugal, good prime to fair 30@35c, strictly prime 45c, common 22c; receipts

30%35c, strictly prime 45c, common 22c; receipts 1127 bbls; sales 1100 bbls.
Provisions quiet; pork \$9 25.
Cut Meats—Shoulders \$3 87%, sides \$5 75.
Bacon \$5 50%6 20, long clear sides \$6 05%6 10,
Hams—Choice sugar cured \$10 50%14.
Lard—Refined tierces \$6 25, packers' tierces \$6 62%, kettle \$6 87%.

CHICAGO PROVISION MARKET. CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—Provisions marker.

CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—Provisions ranged steady, outside fluctuations being 5c.

Pork unchanged; \$8 27½ 08 32½ December, \$9 15 January.

Lard unchanged; \$5 87½ November, \$5 90 Delember, \$5 97½ January.

Short ribs unchanged; \$5 15 October, \$4 72½ November, \$4 65 January.

ST. LOUIS HIDES, WOOL, ETC.

St. LOUIS, Oct. 22.—Wool—Receipts 94,400 lbs; market steady and unchanged, with light offerings and business but good demand.

Hides in light receipt, good demand and firm; green satted 9½c, damaged 8½c, bulls or stags 6c, green uncured 8c, green uncured damaged 6½c, glue stock 3c, dry fiint 17c, damaged 16c, bulls or stags 10½c, dry salted 12c, damaged 16c, glue 6c; hides under 10 lbs classed as damaged.

ST. LOUIS HIDES, WOOL, ETC.

Tallow grease 4%@4%c.
Grease dull; brown and yellow 3@4%c, white

4%04%c Sheep Pelts-Green skins 50@80c, dry 25@60c, dry shearlings 10@25c. GALVESTON COFFEE AND SUGAR MARKET GALVESTON, Oct. 22.—Coffee market firm; stocks light; quotations remain unchanged; ordinary 909%c, fair 9%09%c, prime 10%010%c, choice 11011%c, peaberry 12%012%c, Cordova 12%018c; old Government Java 21%025%c, actrding to grade. Importers of Rio coffee fill orders for round lots at the following prices: Fair 84%02 good 9%010c replay 10%010%c. orders for round lots at the following prices: Fair 8½,09c, good 9½,010c, prime 10½,010½c, choice 10½,011c.

Sugar—No further receipts of new crop up to date; choice off white 6½,06½c, choice 6½,07c, yellow clarified 6½,06½c; old crop nominal; northern refined firm; wholesale grocers quote as follows: Crushed and cut loaf 8½,0½c, powdered 808½c, granulated 7½,08c, standard A 7½,07½c, off A 7½,07½c.

NEW YORK COFFEE FUTURES. NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—Coffee for futures opened: October 7.15@7.30c, November 7.10@7.15c, December 7.15c. Noon: October-November 7.10c, December 7.15c. Closed: October 7.15@7.20c, November 7.10c, December 7.10@7.15c.

#### MARINE.

GALVESTON, Oct. 22.—Arrived: Steamship Hardalv Eston, Oct. 22.—Alfrived: Steamsing Harlan, Brown, New Orleans, general cargo; bark Herbert, Fisher, Liverpool, salt: bark Ernst, Liverpool, salt; schooner Mary Sprague, Poleland, Bath, Me., ice.
Sailed: Steamship Harlan, Brown, Vera Cruz, Mex., general cargo, including cotton.

> Accident to Miss Bayard. Washington Special

Secretary and Miss Bayard took a horseback ride to Cabin John Bridge Sunday afternoon. Miss Bayard, who is a daring horsewoman, turned her horse down the steep bank near the hotel toward the bed of the stream. Presumably the horse stumbled and unseated his rider, for in a moment he appeared coming up the hill with Miss Bayard head downward, clinging to one side of the bridle. Her riding habit had caught on the pommel of the saddle, but her presence of mind in clinging to the bridle kept her head clear of the ground. Her father and several other persons caught the horse and rescued her receiving points, and the shipping demand for old corn is beginning to fall off, owing to higher freight rates. There is very little chance for any more manipulation in corn, and prices will undoubtedly be steady until the arrivals begin to show the presence of new corn.

Oats were weaker and an easier feeling ex-

# Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fo Ry.

do, Montgomery, Navasota ar	nd Fort Worth.		
PASSENGER, MAIL AND EXPRESS:			
READ DOWN.	READ UP.		
6:30 a. m. L've Dallas 9:00 a. m. Arr Cleburne 1:00 p. m. Arr Temple	L've. 10:55 p. m.		
4:05 p. m. Arr Lampasas 11:00 p. m. Arr Galveston	L've. 3:35 p. m.		

8:30 p. m. L've.... Dallas.... Arr. 9:40 a. m. 7:45 p. m. Arr... Cleburne... L've. 5:15 a. m. 8:40 p. m. Arr. Montgomery. L've-10:30 p. m. Through tickets and baggage checks to all points and to and from Europe. For tickets and other information call on or address W. J. STORMS, Ticket Agent, Dallas.

#### KING & FORDTRAN.

Galveston, Texas.

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FINE WINES,

## Liquors and Cigars

Sole Agents for Texas for

Principe Gegales Cigars, all pure Havana; for W. H. Griffeth & Co.'s BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES and for KEN-NEDY'S EAST INDIA BITTERS.

# LAND LOANS

\$500,000

To lend on land, on long time, at low rates.

JAMES B. SIMPSON,

## The Morning News.

THE CITY.

LOCAL NEWS may be found this morning on the fourth and fifth pages.

No one is authorized to make any purchases for our account or have work performed for any department of our establishment without the written order from the business manager, and these orders should invariably accompany monthly statements rendered at the close of each A. H. BELO & Co. Dallas, Tex., Oct. 16, 1885.

To the Public.

It is the desire of the management of THE DALLAS MORNING NEWS to have that paper on sale, in sufficient quantities to supply the demand, on all railway trains running into or connecting with trains to and from Dallas. The traveling public are respectfully requested to bear this fact in mind and to report to the business department any failure on their part in being able to purchase copies of the paper in the manner indicated, giving date, train and other par-

#### To City Subscribers.

We beg to announce that the failure of our city circulator to call upon a number of citizens for their subscriptions is not due to oversight, but is the result of his finding it necessary, for the time being, to devote his entire time and attention to the systematizing of the routes, and the supervision of his carriers, to insure the prompt delivery of the paper each morning to the subscribers already obtained This work has prevented him from making a thorough canvass of the city. He expects, however, to resume this canvass this morning and continue daily until every section of the city has been visited. In the meantime be pleased to send names and addresses to the counting room, where they will receive prompt attention. Subscribers failing to receive their papers with regularity and promptitude will please notify us.

#### PERSONAL.

Dr. Gillespie is sick.

Dr. L. A. Elliott is dangerously ill. Mr. L. Dana, of St. Louis, is at the Wind-

Mr. J. W. Pratt, of the Dallas Times, is sick in bed with the fever.

Mr. Woods, of the Windsor Hotel, is confined to his bed with fever. Dr. A. A. Johnson has at last cured him-

self and is on the streets again.

Mr. T. K. Seago, of Dengler, Comanche County, visited The News office yesterday. Mr. L. H. Davis, a Justice of the Peace at El Paso, visited The News office yesterday. Mr. Oscar S. Veit, of New York, arrived in the city yesterday and is to be found at the Windsor.

Mrs. T. G. Terry is improving slowly after a severe attack of dengue, coupled with heart troubles.

Mr. L. Ashner, of Louisville, has just arrived in the city, and will make this his home in future.

Miss Sallie Mayer, of Cleburne, Texas, left for that place after having sojourned in the city several weeks.

Dr. E. M. Tillman, who has hitherto looked

Mr. W. A. Hudson, the efficient Recorder of the County Clerk's office, has retired to his room with the dengue.

Messrs. B. M. Terrell and L. M. Whitsitt, of Forney, called at The News office last night and inspected the several departments. Mr. Lewis Hamberg has recovered from his attack of dengue, and once more his beaming countenance adds its lustre to the

Mr. W. H. Patterson, who always prescribes and has "a sure thing on dengue," looked sad-like for a day or two, and then quietly stole away to his bed.

Sheriff Langham, of Coryell County, passed through the city yesterday morning for Terrell, having in charge James Edwards, who had been adjudged insane by the Coryell County Court.

Mr. F. T. May, of Philadelphia, is registered at the Windsor. He has been in Colorado for some time for his health, but his physicians advised him to come to Texas. He says it has been snowing in Colorado and snow is not good for the rheumatism.

Capt. Peak's Funeral.

The funeral of Capt. Jefferson Peak will take place from his late residence, near the Fair Grounds, East Dallas, this morning at 10 o'clock. He will be buried in the old Masonic cemetery.

## Local Temperature.

The following readings of the temperature of Dallas were taken yesterday at Reinhardt & Co.'s thermometer, on Elm street: At 9 a. m., 54°; 12 m., 70%°; 6 p. m.,

# mms

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"Clothes do not make a man, perhaps; But if he's poor in dress, The world is bound to notice it, And, somehow, love him less."

'Tis sad, but true, a good suit—on a man's back, of course—often goes further on the road to worldly success than a carload of intellect with a college diploma to back it up. It ought not to be, but fate will have it so, and we must float with the tide or "lose our venture." Now, it is the particular mission of E. M. KAHN & Co., to whom the majority of DALLAS gentlemen look for their garments and furnishing to dress mankind in faultless and becoming attire. Upon this issue does success depend, and if you fail to reach the goal of your ambitious desires after we get through fixing you up, dear, inconsistent man, blame us not! Yet we are prepared to treat you right royally in the way of

## STYLISH FALL SUITS, OVERCOATS AND TROUSERS,

At prices that will not sink your purses in the slough of despond. We know that our enterprising competitors are offering goods "remarkably cheap, " so read the various advertisements, but we modestly suggest that we can go them several better in the way of LOW PRICES for reliable goods, and also state that in our

# Mammoth Clothing Dept.

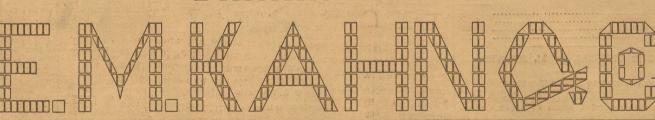
You will find some styles and designs exclusively our own, as we bought the goods and have them made up according to our own ideas of stylish and seasonable suits and single garments for MEN, YOUTHS, BOYS and CHILDREN ever seen by the citizens of DALLAS. We would like to impress upon you the fact that our suits and single garments are tailor made and in every respect equal to the best merchant tailor work in fit, make-up, trimmings and style, and we guarantee you an actual saving of 33 to 50 per cent. Is not this worth considering? We will quote you a few prices for some of the leading styles:

## SACK SUITS.

To start with, the popular SACK SUIT will probably lead as a favorite style among gents and young men as the proper garment for business and general wear, the straight front, 4 and 5-buttoner, with lower corners cut slightly away, also with square corners, will take with the majority of mankind as being neat, dressy and comfortable. The 1-button sack will please a great many, and, as the mercury begins to drop, double-breasted sack suits will be very much worn. We have a GRAND LINE of these styles, all put up in the most durable and wear-resisting manner. They come in fancy suitings-plaids, small checks and invisible stripes, dark and medium mixtures—out of the best all wool fabrics, our prices ranging from \$7 50, \$10, \$12 50, \$15, \$16 50, \$18 50, \$20 and up to \$35, which gives you everything from a good, honest everyday working suit to the nattiest business and walking suit manufactured.

## FROCK SUITS.

The tailoring art seems to have reached a limit with the popular ONE AND FOUR-BUTTON CUTAWAY FROCK SUITS, as every season brings us this favored style garment, and, with some trifling changes in cut and trimming, it remains virtually the same. We were early in the market this season, and our selections of fine woolens were very large and attractive. We can give you a magnificent assortment of "CUTA-WAYS" to select from, including all the late novelties in dark fancy worsteds, in neat checks, plaids and stylish patterns and mixtures; also Scotch cheviots and fine imported casimeres and corkscrews, dark brown, black and blue being the prevailing shades. Prices ranging from \$15 up to \$35. For extra fine business or street wear, favored to a great extent by professional men, although worn largely by stylish dressers, we mention the PRINCE ALBERT FROCK SUITS. We have an elegant line of these choice styles, in fine worsteds and corkscrews, in dark wine colors, brown and gray; prices ranging \$22 50, \$25, \$30 and \$35. These choice suits are equal in all respects to finest merchant tailor work. Gentlemen will find our stock of suits the largest and most comprehensive offered for public inspection the present season in the entire



### MORRIS LOVE

Arrested and Taken to Parker for Alleged Horse Theft.

On Tuesday Sheriff Baylor, of Parker County, arrived in the city armed with a warrant for one Morris Love, who stands charged with horse theft. The horse was taken from that county in the spring, and the evidence that Love took it was so strong that the grand jury indicted him. Morris has been before the courts of this county several times for peccadilloes of a like character with that of the Parker County affair, and so when the sheriff asked for him four deputies held up their hands and offered to answer the question as to where he was. Morris lives down in the woodsto-wit, down near Black Jack Church, in the timbers of the southeastern part of the county. Accompanied by Deputy Sheriffs Kirby and Lewis, of this county, Mr. Baylor wended his way thitherward. They found Morris at church, away up in the amen corner, in the deepest kind of meditation, while the preacher was preaching a stirring sermon. So contrite did Morris appear that he did not see the officers come in, and he was so near the altar that they couldn't get him to look around that they might be positive that he was the man needed. They seated themselves and waited, but he did not give them the desired opportunity of looking at his face. One of them went out with much noise, but Morris did not look around. At last one of them, after going out, came in and stumbled over a bench. Morris had to look, and he recognized a deputy and genetelly and quietly scooted for the door. Mr. Lewis was there to meet and arrest him. He denied at first that he had ever been in Parker, but finally admitted an extensive acquaintance there. The stolen horse was found in the neighborhood in the possession of a man to whom Love sold it. He was taken to Parker yesterday morning. timbers of the southeastern part of the coun-

Injunction Given.

Four or five months ago the city granted to certain parties the right to place an advertisement sign on the northeast corner of Main and Lamar streets. The conditions of the grant were that the proprietors of the sign board should put a clock in it, lighted by an electric light. There was considerable dissatisfaction, as the board took up about two feet of the sidewalk, and after the Council saw its workings it, too, became dissatis-

fied. The owners were then told that they must take it down at the end of three months. That time has about expired, and yesterday Mr. S. Beck, who now owns the concern, applied to Judge Aldredge for an injunction to prevent the city from removing it. The court granted the injunction by Mr. Beck's giving bond of \$500 for such damage as may accrue to the city by reason of such injunction. The bond was given.

#### Amusement Notes.

The "Black Flag" was repeated last evening at the Opera-house to a fair audience. The play suffered from want of proper scenery and, in this particular, the promises of the management were not fulfilled, as the original appointments used for its production at the Union Square were promised in their entirety. These scenic details are an essential feature of the "Black Flag," and it is a great mistake to have discarded them in the Southern tour. The cast of the "Black Flag," as produced last evening, is an admirable one and the several parts were uniformly well sustained. The piece is destined to remain a general favorite with the theatre-going public for some seasons to Miss Bella Moore makes her first appea

ance in Dallas this evening in the "Mountain Pink." The play is of the M'liss order, the scene being shifted from the Sierras to the mountains of North Carolina, the home of the moonshiners. Miss Moore is said to be a bright, handsome and vivacious little actress, who does good work and has all the vim and snap of her rival in the same line of business, Annie Pixley. "Mountain Pink" will be produced at the matinee Saturday and to-morrow evening Joaquin Miller's great drama, "The Danites," will be substituted for a farewell performance, Miss Moore personating the romantic Billie

Probably the most interesting member of the Thorne company now performing the "Black Flag,' is young Harry Woodruff, who as sumes the doleful role of Ned, the cabin boy. He is certainly a conscientious little fellow in his part, and is destined to push himself to the front by his energy and the fidelity of his acting.

fidelity of his acting.

Mr. L. F. Barrett, the Jem Seaton in "Black Flag" and manager of the Thorne company, is a brother of the celebrated tragedian. His line of his business lies in a direction

opposite to his brother's, but his performance is none the less meritorious for that, and, as the quarry guide, he gives us a splendid bit of character delineation.

#### HOTEL ARRIVALS.

GRAND WINDSOR .- A. C. Freeley, manager of Barrow's "Professor" company; Norton Wisdom, city; John C. Oliver, St. Louis; E. N. Ratcliff, Vinita, I. T.; W. J. Ewing, Cleburne Ratchill, Vinita, I. T.; W. J. Ewing, Cleburne;
D. J. Kerr, Texas; H. M. McConnell and wife,
Jacksboro; W. B. Bloys, Coleman; F. W. Emory, Houston; William Winterfield, Chicago;
H. W. Chapman, New York; James
M. Steere, Dallas; Walter Hardcastle, Texas;
L. A. Fuller, St. Louis; Jas. Aiken, Texarkana;
Wolf Bachrach, H. A. Budde, St. Louis; F.
Clark, city; W. P. Owens and wife, Galveston;
W. A. Williamson, Waco; L. A. Busch, Galveston; G. E. Bennett, city; B. W. Force, St. Louis;
S. C. Haley, Philadelphia; H. H. Beers, New
York; C. Whitney, Chicago; T. N. Conrad, New
York; E. H. Davies, El Paso; M. Devereux, St.
Louis; Richard C. Smith, New York;
S. Ollendorff, Detroit; B. M. Carter, Terrell; W.
Alex Wood, New Orleans; T. F. Ray, Springfield; Richard Fenby, St. Louis; G. A., Quinlan,
Dallas; H. J. Ruggles, J. T. Rogers, J. R. Horton, Ben Hurst, St. Louis; S. S. P. Patterson,
Liberty, Va.; F. Goodman, Louisville;
F. A. May, Philadelphia; R. H. Barnes, Chicago
and Alton Railroad; R. H. Chatham, Bryan; T.
H. Behrens, Dallas; C. Manton, Paris; W. B.
Witherspoon, Honey Grove; C. H. Plummer,
Galveston; H. W. Morgan, Big Springs; J. G.
Stauffer, Dallas; W. G. Daniels, Philadelphia,
Nat Q. Henderson, Georgetown; H. N. Peters,
New York; L. Dana, St. Louis; E. J. Sweeney,
Fort Worth; A. T. Blakely, Oscar S. Vett, New
York; J. H. Bemis, Jefferson. D. J. Kerr, Texas; H. M. McConnell and wife

Fort Worth; A. T. Blakely, Oscar S. Velt, New York; J. H. Bemis, Jefferson.

St. George Hotel.—G. H. Langsdale, Texarkana; H. L. Warden, Gainesville; R. C. White, McKinney; J. H. Raymond, Jr., Austin; F. W. Mosley, Waxahachie; W. F. Lloyd, Weston; J. M. Beck, Texas; W. S. Banks, Temple; D. H. Newton, Ovilla; John Willis, Burke, Tex.; R. M. Neely, Sherman; C. Green, Auburn; J. Griffin, Lampasas; J. H. Armstrong, Texas; W. P. Owens and wife, L. A. Bunch, Gal veston; H. M. Parrin and wife, McKinney, James A. Skillmut, Lewisville; B. C. Simpson, Houston; T. B. Farror, Enmis; Wm. Allen, Rock Hill; T. M. Huffman, Plano; B. H. Deavenport and son, Denton; C. Van Allen, St. Louis; R. M. McClurg, H. L. McClurg, Terrell; M. A. King, Mexia; A. B. Jarratt, Tate; S. S. Perry, Waco; R. P. Rhea, Forney; H. P. Trague and sons, Kaufman; F. M. Adams, E. D. Reagin, Yancy McKellar, Forney; G. M. Smith and wife, Marshall.

Attachment process was issued from the Federal Court on Tuesday against Hampton & Sledge, of Van Alstyne, in favor of Martin Fowler & Co., of St. Louis, The suit was on an open account for drugs sold the defendants.

SHIPPERS.

WHEN YOU NEED

## STATIONERY AND PRINTED SUPPLIES

CAPITOL HOTEL.

A. D. ALDRIDGE & CO., 623 Elm St., Dallas.

In Justice Schuhl's court, Beckie Garrett, a 15-year-old quadroon, was waltzed into the dock on the charge of being one of a family of sisters who climbed all over Mr. D. W. Douglass, the director of the Military Band. Beckie's mother, two sisters and little brother appeared for the defense and constituted the extent of its legal talent.

Mr. Douglass deposed that he visited the Garrets for the purpose of hunting up his property, but struck a hornet's nest. The girls all worked in unison like a threshing machine, and he escaped feeling like a den-gue patient. There was no harmony in the music, clubs were trumps and he was glad

machine, and he escaped feeling like a dengue patient. There was no harmony in the music, clubs were trumps and he was glad to get away.

Beckie conducted the cross-examination without giving the witness a chance to reply. She said: Didn't you say to me, Mr. Douglass, "I'm going to have that tub or war," and didn't I remark, Mr. Douglass, and say, "I'm going to call mama?" and didn't I, Mr. Douglass? And you shook me and hit me, and didn't you, Mr. Douglass?

Beckie's mama deposed to finding her children and Mr. Douglass all fighting with sticks. She yelled: "Foh God, what's the matter? Git out heah!" He struck the children, and the children all struck him. I said: "Boy go and get me an officer," and I said: "See here, Mr. Douglass," and he said: "I want my tub!"

Willie Garret, ten years old, and his sister, twelve years old, all testified that Mr. Douglass knocked their sister over. They were all fighting, but he did not want to leave a Garret in the neighborhood.

The defendant was fined \$5, and her sister Emma was then trotted on the stage. Emma, like the rest of the family, was neatly dressed and mild-mannered. She said she had never been in court before and wanted a lawyer to plead for her. She had been knocked out by Mr. Douglass and did not like to be knocked out by the court.

Judge Schuhl also fined her \$5, and there was a family scene in court. Emma pitched into the court, her mother occasionally getting a germane remark in edgeways.

"Didn't I tell you I wasn't ready for trial? I do not propose to be run over in this way. Mr. Douglass knocked me down, and now you fine me when I say I am not ready for trial. You have no right to fine me."

The Mother—You have no right to treat my children in that way.

The Court—Why didn't you come here and make complaint if he assaulted you?

Them Mother—You have no right to treat my children in that way.

The Court—Why didn't you come here and make complaint if he assaulted wou?

Them Hother—You have no right to treat my children in that way.

The constables, who a

WEBBER VS. WANDERLICK.

The District Court was engaged yesterday in the trial of the case of August Webber against John Wanderlick. Webber alleges against John Wanderlick. Webber alleges that when he came to this country a year or so ago he brought with him about \$1500. He went to Wanderlick's residence and boarded with him. While there he became very ill, so much so that he lost his mind. When he got well he had no money, and Wanderlick was much better off and bought a farm soon thereafter. He alleges that his money bought the farm, and he now sues for it. Wanderlick denies the whole story and puts himself upon the country.

AN OLD CASE SETTLED. The old moss-covered case of Brown vs. Flynn was brought to a conclusion yesterday in the District Court by a verdict for the plaintiff. The case was filed in 1874 or 1875 and was for a lot and house in the southern part of the city. The defendant at one time won it, but the Supreme Court reversed it. Since then Mr. Brown died and Flynn's testimony was ruled out on that ground. The case will be appealed.

NO CIVIL CASES. Judge Bower yesterday did not try any civil cases, and informed the bar that he would not take up any more of that kind this

#### LOCAL NOTES.

tice Schuhl for the arrest of Jame Finster, charged with threatening the life of Ada

The only marriage license issued by County Clerk Hill yesterday was to Charles Dunlavy. He escorted to the altar Mrs. B. A. Williams and Squire Schuhl tied the

Mr. J. Carnes yesterday purchased of Jacob Izen the property now occupied by him at the corner of St. Paul and Main streets. It is a beautifully located property

On account of the business of the Sheriff's office none of the officers have had time to go out after the insane Italian, named Spangia, mention of whom was made several days ago. From the time the complaint against him was filed, no report of him has reached the city.

## Valuable Ring Lost.

Mr. Wm. Jenkinson, of the Windsor Hotel, lost a valuable gold finger ring with monogram "W. J." on the outside. It was lost at the corner of Sycamore and Elm streets. The finder will be handsomely rewarded.

#### A Heavy Contract.

A Heavy Contract.

The Dallas County Farmers' Alliance, consisting of four sub-alliances, represented by Mr. E. G. Knight, of Oak Lawn, Mr. C. M. Tucker, of Haught's Store, Mr. Warner, of Trinity Mills, and Mr. Mann, of Morris, yesterday contracted to buy all the groceries needed by the members of the Alliance, of the popular grocer Ed S. Alston. At least three-quarters of the farming population of Dallas County belong to this association, who will no doubt be pleased with the choice of their representatives. Mr. Alston, though only in business about three years, has become the leading grocer of this city, and is deserving of the compliment paid him by the Alliance.

Saturday Afternoon Free Concert. At precisely 4:30 p. m., Saturday, the 24th instant, Reinhardt & Co. will have a grand orchestral concert at their Mammoth Clothing Store to inaugurate their fall and winter

Souvenirs, as usual, for the la Children's milk sets at Harris'.

All of the Dore Illustrated Books at Crayon Work a Specialty at the La Belle Studio, 505 Main street.

How is This?
One thousand boys' shirt waists at Reinhardt & Co.'s at 25 cents each. They are a Men's Button Boots

\$2, at Lewis Bros. & Co.'s, 736 Elm street. Alston's Hungarian Patent, the finest

The handsomest of traveling bags, collar and cuff boxes in the city at Castles Bros. The shoe house of Dallas is Hunstable.

My Hunstable boots fit well. Use Odontikos for the Teeth.

For sale by Hickox & Hearne, the leadin druggists, No. 601 Main st., corner Lamar. Patronize Home Manufactures. Use Dallas Mills fresh-roasted Coffees.
"WHITE FOAM" BAKING POWDER—Fresh,
Pure, Strong, and Wholesome.
For sale by all grocers.
BABCOCK, FOOT & BROWN.

COMPANY. THE GRAND WINDSOR HOTEL, DALLAS-BURK & WOODS, Managers, AND

G. McGINLY, Propr., - - HOUSTON, TIEX.

THE

WINDSOR AND TREMONT HOTEL

GALVESTON-HENRY WEAVER, Mgr., are the largest, finest and best appointed hotels in the State, with all modern improvements. The most liberal management, offering superior attractions to any other hotels in Texas. Rates, \$2 to \$3 50 per day. Large sample rooms and special accommodations for commercial men. Reduced rates for theatrical companies. Cuisine of superior excellence.

THE TREMONT HOTEL.

Physician, Surgeon, Oculist, 810 Main street, Dallas. Office Telephone, 67; Residence, 208.

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