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# The Baird Star.

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"TIS NEITHER BIRTH, NOR WEALTH, NOR STATE, BUT THE 'GIT-UP-AND-GIT' THAT MAKES MEN GREAT

VOL. 7

BAIRD, CALLAHAN CO., TEX., FRIDAY, JUNE 22, 1894.

NO. 29

## COUNTY DEMOCRATS.

BAIRD, TEX., June 16, 1894.—Judge W. H. Clett called the convention to order at 11 a. m. Capt. John T. Gilbert of Cross Plains was unanimously elected temporary chairman and W. F. Griffin temporary secretary.

Alden Bell moved that a committee of one from each precinct on credentials and basis of representation be appointed.

Committee on credentials made report naming delegates, and fixing basis of representation substantially as made by the county chairman.

Committee on permanent organization made report recommending that Judge J. R. Webb be made permanent chairman and E. E. Solomon permanent secretary, adopted.

Committee on platform and resolutions made majority and minority reports.

Alden Bell spoke in favor of the minority report. Capt. John T. Gilbert responded for the majority report. J. N. Rushing spoke for minority report. After a running debate on the resolutions both were withdrawn by mutual consent.

Motion then carried to appoint a committee of one from each precinct represented to select delegates to the various conventions. Committee selected for that purpose:

Otis Bowyer, C. C. Seal, Joe Tisdall, W. E. Kennard, John T. Gilbert, R. J. Harris, John Aiken.

While the committee was out Mr. N. Underwood addressed the convention.

The committee to select delegates to the various conventions made report.

J. N. Rushing offered an amendment adding Gen. F. W. James to the list of congressional delegation, motion lost. Gen. James offered a resolution to add J. N. Rushing to some delegation. Motion lost after a sharp debate. The committee report was then adopted without amendment.

Delegates to various conventions were instructed to vote as follows: For governor, S. W. T. Lanham, John H. Reagan second choice; lieutenant governor, B. W. Camp; comptroller, R. M. Henderson; superintendent public instruction, J. M. Carlisle; attorney general, M. M. Crane; land commissioner, W. C. Walsh; court criminal appeals, Simpkins, Hurt and Davidson; civil court appeals, 2nd district, I. W. Stephens; United States senator, Horace Chilton; Congress, J. V. Cockrell; district attorney, 42nd judicial district, F. S. Bell; state senator, 28th senatorial district, W. H. Clett; representative, 107th district, composed of Callahan, Taylor, Jones and Shackelford counties, W. E. Gilliland.

The following is a list of delegates as reported by the committee.

### STATE CONVENTION.

F. W. James, John T. Gilbert, Joe Tisdall, E. E. Solomon, B. R. Webb, Otis Bowyer, Alden Bell, J. N. Rushing, John W. Aiken, Bob Harris, R. A. St. John, I. N. Jackson, H. F. Foy, S. L. Barnes, B. L. Russell, Wm. McGowen, W. H. Clett, Arthur Yonge, Hugh Moore, Ben Williams, F. P. Shackelford, Dr. R. G. Powell, Dr. W. A. Haley, Dr. S. T. Fraser, John A. Wagner.

### CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION.

E. E. Solomon, F. S. Bell, Otis Bowyer, F. P. Shackelford, Bob Harris, John W. Aiken, W. E. Gilliland, Fayette Jones, John Couch, John T. Gilbert, S. L. Barnes.

### SECOND SUPREME JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

E. E. Solomon, F. W. James, B. R. Webb, A. A. Bell, Arthur Yonge, W. H. Clett, J. E. Thomas.

### SENATORIAL CONVENTION.

F. W. James, J. N. Rushing, B. R. Webb, E. E. Solomon, Otis Bowyer, F. W. Chatfield, C. C. Scarboro, J. E. Tisdall, C. C. Seale, Alden Bell, Arthur Yonge.

### REPRESENTATIVE CONVENTION.

J. N. Rushing, Fayette Jones, F. W. James, Arthur Yonge, E. E. Solomon, I. N. Jackson, Hugh Moore, R. A. St. John, John W. Aiken, Otis Bowyer, John T. Gilbert.

### 42ND JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Alden Bell, Otis Bowyer, J. N. Rushing, W. H. Clett, F. W. James, Hugh Moore, F. S. Bell.

B. L. Russell, of Cross Plains, was

elected county chairman for the next two years. Precincts elected chairmen as follows: Baird, Dr. R. G. Powell; Cottonwood, J. E. Tisdale; Tecumseh, Hugh Moore; Clyde, W. H. Perry; Cross Plains, John T. Gilbert; Callahan City, J. H. Finch, Jr.; Caddo Peak, J. W. Payne; Putnam, Rough Creek, Pecan and Harts boxes not represented. These precincts should send in names to B. L. Russell, the county chairman, at Cross Plains, so as to arrange at once for the campaign.

### NOTES AND COMMENTS.

Contrary to the general expectation the proceedings were of the liveliest kind. There was a stubborn fight made over the report of the committee on resolutions. Both sets of resolutions were withdrawn and peace reigned for a time, as both sides were loth to raise a racket over national issues, to which the resolutions only referred, state issues not being mentioned.

The boys from the forks of the creek were here and had things pretty much their own way. Had Putnam and the other precincts been represented the result in some respects would perhaps have been different. This shows the importance of every precinct in the county being represented, no matter how small.

On several contests one or two votes more would have been of great importance.

Capt. John T. Gilbert resented the charge made by Alden Bell that free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 was Populist doctrine and made a defense that was perfectly satisfactory to his friends.

### PRIMARY ELECTION TICKETS.

I will print tickets for the democratic primary election Monday, July 2, 1894. All who want their names on these tickets must hand in their names before 12 o'clock on that day or they will not be put on the tickets. All candidates who have announced in THE STAR will have their names printed without extra charge on presentation of a receipt from county democratic chairman showing that they have paid their prorata share of expenses for holding the election. Those who have not announced in THE STAR in addition to the above requirements, must pay one dollar cash at this office for name on ticket. It will be well for candidates to pay their prorata share of expenses at once.

There seems to be considerable difference of opinion about who shall participate in the primary election and who shall have their names on tickets. We understand Judge Clett, the former chairman's ruling to be that any one who will pledge himself to support the precinct and county nominees at the general election, is entitled to participate in the primary election. As none but county and precinct candidates names will be on tickets this will only bind a person to vote with the democrats for county and precinct officers at the general election. Personally, I see no objection to this though I am not authorized to speak for the democrats on this question. Some have charged that I want to rule every one out of the democratic primary who will not pledge himself to support the democratic ticket all the way from constable up. I have not said or published anything that would be so construed—in fact have not said anything about who shall or shall not participate in the democratic primary election. I have no controle whatever over the matter; that is left to the county executive committee entirely. In the absence of any formal action other than Judge Clett's opinion as before stated I think all persons who will pledge themselves to support the county and precinct democratic nominees at the general election should be permitted to vote in the democratic primary.

W. E. GILLILAND.

### Religious Notice.

Appointments for the Baird circuit for ensuing year are as follows: At Baird 1st 2nd 4th Sundays in each month at 11 o'clock and night. Putnam 3rd Sunday at 11 o'clock, Cedar Grove at 3 p. m. W. L. HARRIS, pastor. M. E. Church, South.

## NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS NOTES

### West Caddo Callings.

Written for last week.  
WEST CADDO, June.—After an absence of quite awhile, we thought we would drop you a few lines.

Oh! but the rain we have had every thing is strictly looming, crops better than for years. Oats short, but will make good feed and some grain, wheat a failure on account of lateness of rains.

Corn prospects grand, and that of the fleecy staple par excellence. All in all we are happy and everyone wears a broad grin.

Candidates for the suffrage of the dear people are thicker than they say fiddlers are in that place we read about.

The Democracy held their pow wow last Saturday. Sent elegates instructed for good men, pledged themselves to support the old ship and dove around right sharp. Much enthusiasm was manifested over our friend, Gilliland, for the legislature. We hope the brethren of the press will give him a big shove and help land him right square in the legislative halls at Austin.

But wont we have fun at the primary election? We say, go it boots, and may the best man win. Earnestly speaking, we regard the candidates for the different county offices each and all gentlemen of the first water, and we will compliment them none by saying they are as "clean" a lot as we ever saw rounded up.

Capt. Alf Olds is a candidate for county commissioner, subject to the Democratic primary. Let's all rally to his support.

Now we want some one at Cross Plains to serve as justice of the peace. Will McGowen, Col. Gilbert, or some other good man. We don't like this way of being continually thrown out of our own precinct to transact our business.

Rev. B. F. Stone, of Baird, preached a most excellent sermon at Dooly school house last Sunday. JUAN.

### Cottonwood Correspondence.

June 19.—W. E. Mayes, candidate for sheriff, is in town to-day.

Capt. John T. Gilbert passed through town Friday on his way to the county convention. He was loaded to the muzzle and struck straight from the shoulder. We understand he made a splendid speech before the convention.

Friend Jesse B. Norton and wife, formerly a citizen of Cottonwood, but now proprietor of two drug stores in Houston, was the guest of ye Loke Sunday and Monday. His buggy kept in the middle of the road but ran into a stump and broke down five dollars worth just the same. Let this be a notification to the overseers to remove all stumps from the road bed. By the way, who inspected this road?

Capt. Norrell has completed his assessment and is ready for the coming canvass.

Fred Griffin is in the swim for district and county clerk, and just here I wish to say that if there is any one man in this county who has done more to forward the claims of democratic aspirants and to keep in line the democratic voters of this box than Fred, we do not know who he is. He has always attended the primaries and conventions and has the courage and manhood to lose sight of his own interest to subserve that of his party. Fellow-democrats, remember this when you cast your ballot, and remember too that this portion of the county seldom calls on you for help or has an aspirant for office.

Dr. E. M. Rust, of Merkel, was visiting friends and relatives. Two is better than one. LOKE.

### Tomato Ketchups.

June 19.—The rains of last week have been very limited in the eastern part. The people over there are about done their work; for they have not had the rains to make the weeds grow. If there is no more rain at least during this week, several will have Gen. Green under control so they can have a week off for fishing and general leisure.

Cotton is just simply rearing,

Some have fine specimens while others have some rather backward on account of the late replanting.

Some are having roasting ears to eat. Some will make corn as it is. The prospect is better for a good crop of corn than it has been in about six years, if there is no mistake.

Oats are beginning to ripen. Some oats suckered out and now the suckers are higher than the old stalk and green. Many will wait till these get ripe before cutting. Wheat is doing the same way. Nearly all the wheat will do to cut, even the places where before the rains they were too short to do anything with are getting to a good height.

It is rumored there is to be a picnic the 4th of July at the old Mitchell well. Know no particulars.

The Methodist campmeeting at Cedar Grove begins so as to embrace the third Sunday in August. T. D.

### CITY FINANCES.

The city finance committee completed their labors this week and filed their report. They found Marshal Dean and Treasurer Gage's books substantially correct and every cent of the cash accounted for during the past term of two years, ending April 1st, 1894. The committee failed to make a report at the May term, owing to a misunderstanding as to how far back they should make examination of the books. The committee were of the opinion that they were only to go back for one year, and did not learn that they were to go over the books from March 14, '92 to April '94, until it was too late to make report at the May meeting.

The committee found every cent collected by Marshal Dan Dean on ad valorem, occupation, fines and dog tax faithfully accounted for during his last term of office.

It is the same with the treasurer's books. Mr. F. S. Gage, the city treasurer, does not receive a nickel for his work, but serves the city just as honestly and faithfully as though he received a large salary. His books are neatly and accurately kept and Mr. Gage certainly deserves the thanks of the people of Baird for the faithful performance of the responsible duties of this office without compensation.

Capt. Powell has also served in the same capacity in the past with equal fidelity and without pay. Mr. Gage is mentioned more particularly as the writer was on the last committee that examined the books. No town or city in Texas can boast of a better set of officers, all of whom have served without pay, the marshal excepted. The mayor is allowed fees, but amount to so little that it is not worth mentioning. The aldermen, city secretary and city treasurer all serve without pay.

### THE BAIRD PUBLIC SCHOOL.

The trustees of the Baird School District have entered into a contract with Prof. F. W. Chatfield for a term of five years, beginning Sept. 3, 1894. No effort will be spared by the trustees or the principal to make our school rank among the best in the state. The people of Baird should see to it that the present school building is either repaired or a new one built. The present building is entirely too small to accommodate all the children and the trustees will be forced to rent additional room the coming session.

If the people of Baird will stand by the trustees and Prof. Chatfield, whom they have employed as principal, Baird will soon have one of the finest schools in West Texas. Let us all take more interest in the school the coming session than ever before and make a united effort to make Baird an educational center. We can succeed if we will try. A people united are invincible, and success is bound to crown our efforts in this direction if we will all pull together. Let us lay aside all personal preferences and any little petty jealousies we may have and march out and keep step with the advancing age. Baird has a chance now to make a step forward in the grand cause of education. The principal and trustees cannot make the school a success without the hearty co-operation of the people of Baird. Shall they have it? Had you thought

about it? a first-class high school at Baird would be worth more to the town than another railroad.

Prof. Chatfield has the promise of a great many students from a distance. "If" we had a school building that would accommodate five hundred or six hundred students, it would be worth more to the town in one year than it would cost. THE STAR cannot knock out that little word "if" but the people of Baird can do so "if" they wish.

### REAGAN ON FEES.

Judge Reagan is the first of the gubernatorial candidates to announce a platform in reference to the fees of office.

It has been said of his platform that it is a net spread for all sort of fishes, intended to catch them coming and going.

Anyhow it is very comprehensive and one of its planks favors provision for the transfer of fees over and above a reasonable compensation, to be fixed by law, to the several counties in which such officers reside. There is just now a general movement all over the country for the entire abolition of the fee system or such a reformed as shall cure it of its most objectionable features. The fees of some county officers, especially in the populous counties, are out of all proportion to the service performed and sometimes great hardships are suffered by the people through the operation of the law which permits the charge and collection of fees by men who are not over particular about justice or fairness in their avarice and greed for fees. There is no good reason why a man should be paid anywhere from \$10,000 a year upward for performing official duties which an equally competent and worthy man would undertake to perform for one-fifth the compensation, and there is no good reason why an officer should be tempted to oppress the citizen for the sake of a fee. Judge Reagan's platform could, perhaps, be improved by fixing the compensation of officers at a stated amount and covering all the fees into the treasury.—Houston Post.

### BASKET PICNIC.

The old Confederate Veterans will give a basket picnic at or near Baird July 4th. Everybody is invited to come and bring a basket of "grub" and enjoy themselves. At a meeting last Wednesday the following general committee was appointed to have full control of the arrangements for the picnic, to solicit subscription appoint all sub-committees necessary viz: J. B. Maxwell, J. H. Peters, W. C. Whitely. The committee will meet at the parlors of the First National Bank to-morrow, Saturday, at 3:30 p. m., to perfect arrangements for the occasion.

All the privileges were donated to the ladies of the Knights of Pythias in order to help them raise funds to enable Ivanhoe Division U. R. K. P. to go to Washington City to attend the meeting of the General Grand Encampment.

### MASONIC ELECTIONS.

Baird Chapter No. 182 R. A. M. elected the following officers on last Friday night: J. N. Rushing, H. P.; F. S. Gage, K.; Jas. Young, S.; W. R. McDermott, Treas.; W. W. Dunson, Secy.; Geo. W. Ham, Guard. Installation next regular meeting.

Baird Lodge No. 529 A. F. & A. M. elected officers last Saturday night as follows: J. E. Gilliland, W. M. Dr. R. G. Powell, S. W.; Charles Shelton, J. W.; Ed Coppins, Treas.; W. W. Dunson, Secy.; Geo. W. Ham, Tiler. Installation of officers next Monday night.

### MASONIC NOTICE.

E. E. Solomon, H. P., requests us to announce that Baird Chapter R. A. M. will meet for practice Saturday night next, and on Tuesday night June 26th for work in the Mark Master's degree. All Royal Arch Masons are requested to attend.

### DIED.

The three weeks old infant of Dr. and Mrs. Sartor died last Friday. They have the sympathy of their many friends in their sad affliction.

## SHERIFF'S SALE--REAL ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an Order of Sale issued out of the District Court of Tarrant county, Texas, on the 10th day of May, 1894, cause No. 4850, in which M. V. Miller was plaintiff and E. and K. Sigal et al defendants, the said M. V. Miller recovered a judgment against E. Sigal and K. Sigal on the 27th day of January, 1892, for \$1660.72 with interest thereon at the rate of 12 per centum per annum, and the further sum of \$44.40, also a decree foreclosing vendors lien as it existed on the 27th day of February, 1885;

Said Order of Sale being directed to the sheriff or any constable of Callahan county, Texas, that on the 12th day of May, 1894, I levied upon the following real estate and improvements, to-wit:

Lots Nos. 2 and 3 in block No. 45, in the town of Baird, in the county of Callahan, Texas, the same being known as the Central Hotel property, fronting fifty feet on Market street in said town of Baird, being on the west side of said Market street and running back from said Market street some one hundred and thirty feet more or less.

I will sell said lots and improvements at the court house door of Callahan county, at Baird, Texas, on the first Tuesday in July, 1894, it being the 3rd day of said month, within the hours prescribed by law, to the highest bidder, for cash in hand, to satisfy said Order of Sale, and costs of executing this writ.

Witness my hand this 12th day of May, 1894. J. W. JONES, Sheriff Callahan Co., Tex.

## DEMOCRATIC PRIMARY ELECTION.

Pursuant to an order of the Democratic Executive Committee of Callahan county, Texas, made on Saturday, May 19, 1894, I hereby call a primary election to be held at the usual voting places in the several voting precincts in said county on Saturday, the 7th day of July, 1894, to nominate a full Democratic County and Precinct ticket for the ensuing election. Said election shall be held and conducted and returns thereof made as follows: The said primary election shall be held and returns thereof made by the Democratic precinct chairman in each precinct, assisted by two judges to be appointed by said chairman, who shall also act as clerks. Should any of said chairmen fail, decline or refuse to act, then the Democratic voters present shall elect a presiding officer of election in his stead, who shall have like authority. The polls shall be opened at 8 o'clock a. m., or as near thereafter as practicable, and closed at 6 o'clock p. m., and shall be by ballot.

All persons who will pledge themselves to vote for all Democratic nominees, and who will be qualified legal voters at the general election in November next, will be entitled to vote. The candidate receiving the highest number of votes in the county for the office for which he is a candidate shall be the nominee of the Democratic party for that office.

The following named persons are hereby appointed to act as a committee to meet in the court house, in the town of Baird, Texas, at 1 o'clock p. m., on Thursday, 12th day of July, 1894, or as soon thereafter as practicable, to canvass the votes and declare the results of said election, to-wit:

The County Judge of Callahan county, the Democratic chairmen of Precincts No. 1, 2, 3 and 5; and in case of a failure from any cause of any one or more of them to act, then the Chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee of Callahan county shall appoint some suitable person to act in place of such defaulting person or persons.

Duplicate returns certified to by the officers of election shall be made together with poll lists and tally lists, one to the County Judge and one to the County Clerk of Callahan county, sealed up in envelopes and endorsed as in case of general elections. The ballots to be returned in a sealed box to the County Clerk of Callahan county. Each officer of election shall be entitled to \$2, (for one day only) if demanded, for holding said election and making returns thereof, to be paid for by the candidates.

By order of the Democratic Executive Committee of Callahan county. W. H. CLETT, Chairman.

Baird, Tex., May 22, 1894.



# The Farm.

## Cleanliness in Cow Stables.

I am always interested in articles published in the Farmers' Review and other papers concerning cleanliness in stables where cows for milk are kept. Some articles are very suggestive and valuable to a painstaking dairyman, while others border on the ridiculous, as one suggests as an objection to washing the udders that the cream would separate in the bag, reminding me of an objection to dehorning published during the past month in a widely circulated agricultural paper: "Just think of it! Nothing applied to the wound to keep the cold air from the animal's brain." There are two primary conditions necessary for cleanliness in the milk pail. The first is in reference to the milker. The difference in milkers is almost marvelous. Any dairyman will be annoyed by the foulness of milk drawn by some employees, while he, under same conditions, will have a clean pail of milk. If a cow has comfortable, fit quarters for lying down after a few brushes by the hand over the flank, bag and abdomen before the pail is introduced there can be no dirt that will contaminate the milk. The fine epithelial dust that falls from the udder may largely be kept out of the pail by an occasional brush of the hand. The loathsome practice of wetting the hands in the milk will not be tolerated by any cleanly person. Second, as to structure of stable. I should have made a serious mistake in the arrangement of my floor but for accidentally seeing some published measurements. Perhaps this will guide some inexperienced person in building. No man can have clean milking without a properly constructed stable. With such milking is enjoyable as a pastime. Without it, it is a repulsive, dirty, loathsome service. I well remember in my boyhood days sitting down by a cow with tail, hind-quarters, sides and bag dripping with semi-fluid filth, feeling with disgust my way to the teats and trying to get clean milk, dodging in the meantime a swipe of the tail across my face. Even recently, speaking to a farmer of the profits of dairying, the answer was,

## Poultry House Floors.

The question as to whether earth or plank is preferable for poultry house floor is quite often asked, writes I. F. Tillinghast, in American Farmer. Having given the subject of poultry house construction a great deal of study preparatory to the erection of some extensive breeding houses, I will give the results of my investigations. The roof being the most expensive part of any ordinary poultry building, it should be planned to cover as much space as possible. I have found a most economical plan is to just set a chestnut post for each corner of the building. If on a side hill, form a basement by excavating straight into the hill so as to form a level earth floor. Front toward the sun or southern exposure, and let the two front posts be ten feet high after being set firmly in the ground. The two back posts should be about two feet shorter. Then about three feet above the ground floor place a plank floor on 2x4 scantling, firmly nailed to the posts. This forms a basement which is to be thickly strewn with chaff, short straw or buckwheat hulls, and to be used for a scratching pen and runway for the fowls in storm weather. It should be tightly inclosed on all sides except front, in which should be a glass door that can be left open or closed, according to the weather. Here the fowls will be protected from wind and storm, yet can get sunlight and fresh air, as well as plenty of exercise by being allowed to scratch the litter over for grain, which is daily scattered in it. But they should not be allowed to roost here. This apartment is connected with the roosting-room above by an inclined plank, on which slats are nailed, thus forming a stairway leading through a hole in the floor. By this arrangement you really double the capacity of your building under a given roof for you have the whole size of your building for a scratching pen, and the same for a roosting room. And you have solved the floor question by giving them both, the natural earth being best adapted to their needs in the scratching department, and a tight plank floor under their roosts. You are saved the expense of an underpinning and skunks and rats will have no chance to hide under the floor.

## The General Purpose Cow.

In the face of all the scientific demonstrations of the last twenty years, we still find some people advocating the so-called "general purpose cow." Even some newspapers, supposed to be educators of the farmer, publish articles like the following: "A good many farmers are coming to believe that there is a general purpose farm cow, in spite of all that has been said to the contrary. By a general purpose cow is meant, of course, one which is good for butter and milk, and which is sufficiently well bred to impress all her good characteristics on her progeny. She may be of any one of the several breeds, but it is a great mistake to suppose that she may be of no breed at all, for then she would not possess this last and most desirable quality. This ideal farm cow should have a large frame, so that her male calves will be valuable heifers. She should be well pedigreed, so that the heifer calves would have a promise to become good milkers and butter makers as herself. She should be handled for dairy purposes from the time she drops her first calf, so as to promote a tendency toward a long period of milking. There are many farms on which such a cow will prove of greater value than one handled especially for milk or butter."—Nebraska Farmer.

Now the only fault I have to find with the above is contained in one sentence. "This ideal farm cow should have a large frame so that her male calves will be valuable heifers." I challenge any man that knows how to figure to show where the profit lies in the calf of the "general purpose cow." The trouble is, the people that write such things never stop to figure out where the profit and loss comes in; they just give their impressions. Because one man with a general purpose cow gets \$2 more for a calf than his neighbor with a dairy cow can get for his calf, he takes it for granted that he is \$2 ahead. The fact is, it represents money out of pocket. The difference in the value of the two calves represents the difference of the cost of keeping those two cows for one year. Let us stop to figure a little. We will suppose that the specific dairy cow weighs 1,000 pounds, and the general purpose cow 1,500. The larger cow weighs 500 pounds more than the other. The Germans have proved by experiments that it takes 2 per cent in weight of food of animals to keep them alive, before they can gain any weight or produce milk. That extra 500 pounds of animal will require 10

## T. DEWITT TALMAGE.

### WRITES US HIS USUAL SUNDAY SERMON.

"Another Chance" the Subject Thereof—People Who Think They Can Correct Their Mistakes in this World are Doomed to Disappointment.

There is a hovering hope in the minds of a vast multitude that there will be an opportunity in the next world to correct the mistakes of this; that, if we do make complete shipwreck of our earthly life, it will be a shore up which we may walk to a palace; that, as a defendant may lose his case in the Circuit court, and carry it up to the Supreme court or Court of Chancery and get a reversal of judgment in his behalf, all the costs being thrown over on the other party, so, if we fail in the earthly trial, we may in the higher jurisdiction of eternity have the judgment of the lower court set aside, all the costs remitted, and we may be victorious defendants forever. My object in this sermon is to show that common sense, as well as my text, declares that such an expectation is chimerical. You say that the impatient man, having got into the next world and seeing the disaster, will, as a result of that disaster, turn the pain the cause of his reformation. But you can find ten thousand instances in this world of men who have done wrong and distress overtaken them suddenly. Did the distress heal them? No, they went right on.

That man was hung of dissipations. "You must stop drinking," said the doctor, "and quit the fast life you are leading, or it will destroy you." The patient suffers paroxysms after paroxysms; but, under skillful medical treatment, he begins to sit up, begins to walk about the room, begins to go to business. And, lo! he goes back to the same grog shops for his morning dram, and his evening dram, and the drams between. Flat down again! Same doctor! Same physical anguish. Same medical warning. Now, the illness is more protracted; the liver is more stubborn, the stomach more irritable, and the digestive organs are more rebellious. But after awhile he is out again, goes back to the same dram shops, and goes the same round of sacrilege against his physical health.

He sees that his downward course is ruining his household, that his life is a perpetual perjury against his marriage vow, that that broken-hearted woman is so unlike the roseate young wife whom he married that her old school mates do not recognize her; that his sons are to be taunted for a life time by the father's drunkenness; that the daughters are to pass into life under the scarfication of a disreputable ancestor. He is drinking up their happiness, their prospects for this life, and, perhaps, for the life to come. Sometimes an appreciation of what he is doing comes upon him. His nervous system is all a tangle. From crown of head to sole of foot he is one aching, rasping, crucifying, laming torture. Where is he? In hell on earth. Does it reform him?

After awhile he has delirium tremens, with a whole jungle of hissing reptiles let out on his pillow, and his screams horrify the neighbors as he dashes out of his bed, crying: "Take these things off me!" As he sits pale and convalescent, the doctor says: "Now I want to have a plain talk with you, my dear fellow. The next attack of this kind you have you will be beyond all medical skill, and you will die." He gets better and goes forth into the same round again. This time medicine takes no effect. Consultation of physicians agree in saying there is no hope. Death ends the scene.

That process of inebriation, warning and dissolution is going on within stone's throw of you, going on in all the neighborhoods of Christendom. Pain does not correct. Suffering does not reform. What is true in one sense is true in all senses, and will forever be so, and yet men are expecting in the next world purgatorial rejuvenation. Take up the printed reports of the prisons of the United States, and you will find that the vast majority of the incarcerated have been there before, some of them four, five, six times. With a million illustrations all working the other way in this world, people are expecting that distress in the next state will be salvatory. You can not imagine any worse torture in any other world than that which some men have suffered here, and without any salutary consequence.

Furthermore, the prospect of a reformation in the next world is more improbable than a reformation here. In this world the life started with innocence of infancy. In the case supposed, the other life will open with all the accumulated bad habits of many years upon him. Surely, it is easier to build a strong ship out of new timber than out of an old hulk that has been ground up in the breakers. If with innocence to start with in this life a man does not become godly, what prospect is there that in the next world, starting with sin, there would be a seraph evolved? Surely the sculptor has more prospect of making a fine statue out of a block of pure white Parian marble than out of an old black rock seamed and cracked with the storms of half a century. Surely upon a clean, white sheet of paper it is easier to write a deed or a will, than upon a sheet of paper scribbled and blotted and torn from top to bottom. Yet men seem to think that, though the life that began here comparatively perfect turned out badly, the next life will succeed, though it starts with a dead failure.

Poneropolis was a city where King Philip of Thracia put all the bad people of his kingdom. If any man had

opened a primary school at Poneropolis I do not think the parents from other cities would have sent their children there. Instead of amendment in the other world, all the associations, now that the good are evolved, will be degenerating and down. You would not want to send a man to a cholera or yellow fever hospital for his health; and the great lazaretto of the next world, containing the diseased and plague-struck, will be a poor place for moral recovery. If the surroundings in this world were crowded of temptation, the surroundings of the next world, after the righteous have passed up and on, will be 1,000 per cent more crowded of temptation.

Multitudes of men who are kept within bounds would say, "Go to, now! Let me get all out of this life there is in it. Come, gluttony, and inebriation, and uncleanness, and revenge, and all sensualities, and wait upon me! My life may be somewhat shortened in this world by dissoluteness, but that will only make heavenly indulgence on a larger scale the sooner possible. I will overtake the saints at last, and will enter the Heavenly Temple only a little later than those who behaved themselves here. I will on my way to heaven take a little wider excursion than those who were on earth pious, and I shall go to heaven via Gehenna and via Sheol." Another chance in the next world means free license and wild abandonment in this.

Suppose you were a party in an important case at law, and you knew from consultation with judges and attorneys that it would be tried twice, and the first trial would be of little importance, but that the second would decide everything; for which trial would you make the most preparation, for which retain the ablest attorneys, for which be most anxious about the attendance of witnesses? You would put all the stress upon the second trial, all the anxiety, all the expenditure, saying, "The first is nothing, the last is everything." Give the race assurance of a second and more important trial in the subsequent life, and all the preparation for eternity would be "post mortem," post funeral, post sepulchral and the world with one jerk is pitched off into impurity and godlessness.

Furthermore, let me ask why a chance should be given in the next world if we have refused innumerable chances in this? Suppose you give a banquet, and you invite a vast number of friends, but one man declines to come, or treats your invitation with indifference. You in the course of twenty years give twenty banquets, and the same man is invited to them all, and treats them all in the same obnoxious way. After awhile you remove to another house, larger and better, and you again invite your friends, but send no invitation to the man who declined or neglected the other invitations. Are you to blame? Has he a right to expect to be invited after all the indignities he has done you? God in this world has invited us all to the banquet of his grace. He invited us by his Providence and his Spirit 365 days of every year since we knew our right hand from our left. If we declined it every time, or treated the invitation with indifference, and gave twenty or forty or fifty years of indignity on our part toward the banquet, and at last he spreads the banquet in a more luxurious and kingly place, amid the heavenly gardens, have we a right to expect him to invite us again, and have we a right to blame him if he does not invite us?

If twelve gates of salvation stood open twenty years or fifty years for our admission, and at the end of that time they are closed, can we complain of it and say: "These gates ought to be open again. Give us another chance?" If the steamer is to sail for Hamburg, and we want to get to Germany by that line, and we read in every evening and every morning newspaper that it will sail on a certain day, for two weeks we have that advertisement before our eyes, and then we go down to the docks fifteen minutes after it has shoved off into the stream and say: "Come back. Give me another chance. It is not fair to treat me in this way. Swing up to the dock again, and throw out planks and let me come on board." Such behavior would invite arrest as a madman.

And now the immortals separate, rushing this way and that, and after awhile there is a great aisle between them, and a great vacuum widening and widening, and the judge, turning to the throng on one side, says: "He that is righteous, let him be righteous still, and he that is holy, let him be holy still;" and then, turning toward the throng on the opposite side, he says: "He that is unjust, let him be unjust still, and he that is filthy, let him be filthy still;" and then, lifting one hand toward each group, he declares: "If the tree fall toward the south or toward the north, in the place where the tree falleth, there it shall be." And then I hear something jar with a great sound. It is the closing of the Book of Judgment. The judge ascends the stairs behind the throne. The hall of the last assize is cleared and adjourned forever.

## A Dead Slip.

Dora—And so your engagement with Mr. Hardhead is off?  
Clara—Yes, I sent him flying.  
Dora—Mercy! What did he do?  
Clara—In looking for something in his pocket he dropped a little clipping from some newspaper, but did not notice it, and after he had gone I picked it up. What do you think it was?  
Dora—Horrors! I'm sure I could never guess. Tell me quick.  
Clara—It told how to clean rag carpets.

## An Indication of Stupidity.

When the lower half of the countenance, measured from the nose downward, is divided by the mouth into two equal parts seen in profile, the indication is of stupidity.

**Paper Bottles.**  
Vineland, N. J., has a paper bottle factory, which is said to be the only one in the United States.

**Shiloh's Consumption Cure**  
Is sold on a guarantee. It cures Incipient Consumption. It is the best Cough Cure. 25c., 50c., & \$1.00.  
The man who is "driven to drink" usually has to walk home.

**Dr. J. A. Hunter, Specialist.**  
In diseases of the Throat, Lungs and Heart, Catarrh and Deafness. 315 Main street, Dallas, Tex. Send for pamphlets.  
Too great a love of popularity makes a monkey of a man.

**Hall's Catarrh Cure**  
Is taken internally. Price, 75c.

Fortune does not change men; it only unmasks them.

**Hansen's Magic Corn Salve.**  
Warranted to cure or money refunded. Ask your druggist for it. Price 15 cents.

The breath of suspicion is generally scented with cloves.

Many persons are broken down from overwork or household cares. Brown's Iron Bitters rebuilds the system, aids digestion, removes excess of bile, and cures malaria. A splendid tonic for women and children.

A good appetite is no proof of a clear conscience.



"I feel it a Duty  
To tell the world that Hood's Sarsaparilla has saved my life. I had dizzy spells, nausea and pains in my side, caused by bad condition of my liver and kidneys. Soon after I commenced to take Hood's Sarsaparilla I began to feel better. I took four bottles and I now consider myself a well woman." Mrs. PAULINE RUBY, Buffalo, Iowa. Be sure to get only Hood's.

**Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures**  
Liver and kidneys. Soon after I commenced to take Hood's Sarsaparilla I began to feel better. I took four bottles and I now consider myself a well woman." Mrs. PAULINE RUBY, Buffalo, Iowa. Be sure to get only Hood's.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, etc.

**Unlike the Dutch Process**  
No Alkalies  
—OR—  
Other Chemicals  
are used in the preparation of  
**W. BAKER & CO.'S**  
**Breakfast Cocoa**  
which is absolutely pure and soluble.  
It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTIBLE.  
Sold by Grocers everywhere.  
**W. BAKER & CO.,** Dorchester, Mass.

**Davis International Cream Separator, Hand Power.**  
Every farmer that has cows should have one. It saves half the labor, makes one-third more butter. Separator Butter brings one-third more money. Send for circulars.  
**DAVIS & RANKIN BLDG. & MFG. CO.,** Chicago, Ill.  
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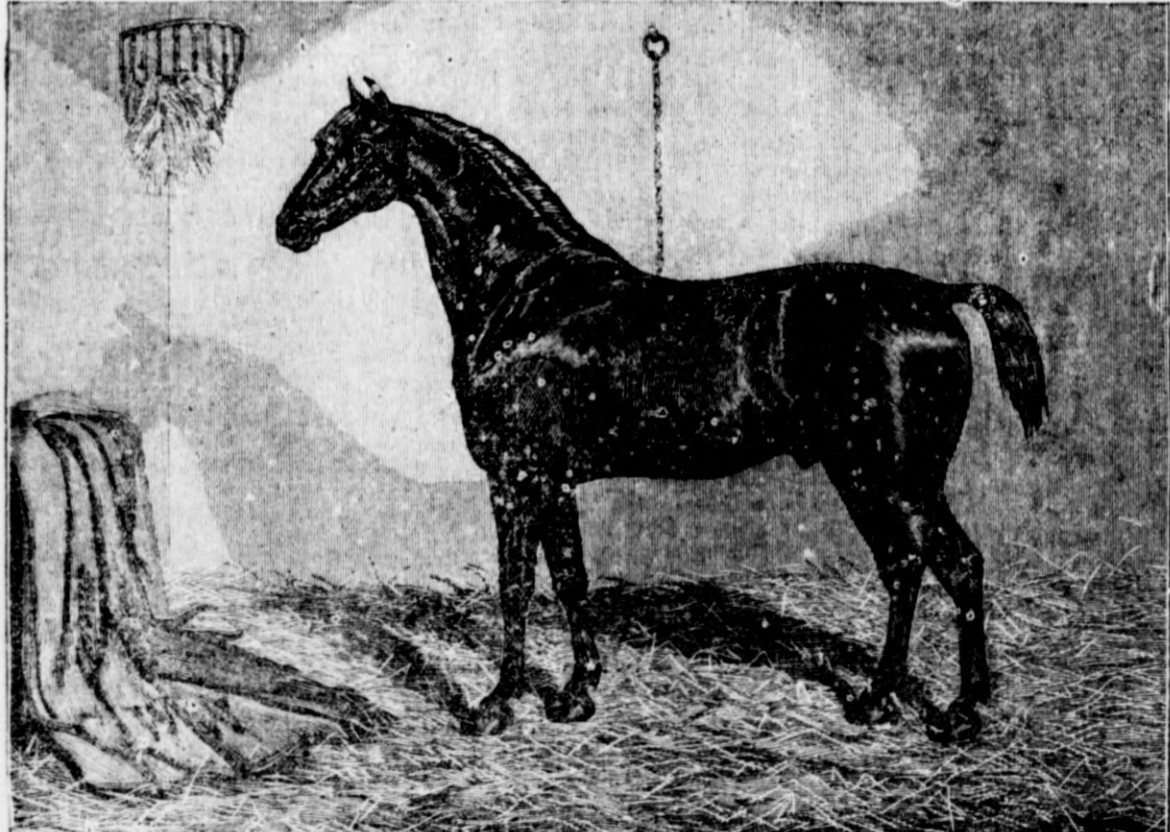
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**"TRUMPET BLASTS,"** Talmage's  
latest and greatest book is now out. Nearly 600 large tracts, 80 in 7 days. Illustrated. We want 5 experienced general agents in each southern state. To the right parties we will offer a grand opportunity. Rev. S. J. Swaine, 217 W. Va. cleared \$42 in 14 hours. J. S. Leavy, of Ga., \$42 in 6 days. Mr. McArthur, of Tex., \$42 in 7 days. Hundreds doing as well all over the country. It sells at right. It sells to all. We want 5 experienced general agents in each state in the Union. Address:  
**SOUTHWESTERN PUB. HOUSE,** Nashville, Tenn.  
Name this paper when writing.

**LOTS GIVEN AWAY.**

Send your name and 4c in stamps and address to Jeff Brown, Secretary of the LAKESIDE IMPROVEMENT COMPANY, Austin, Texas, and you will receive by return mail a deed to lot in the  
**CITY OF LAKESIDE,**  
at the head of deep water navigation on Lake McDonald, near Austin, Texas. This offer is for a limited time only and is made to advertise the property.

**FREE! Madame Ruppert's FACE BLEACH**  
Appreciating the fact that thousands of ladies suffer from freckles, pimples, spots, blotches, sallowness, and other blemishes, we have prepared, at a cost of \$100,000, a face bleach which will remove and cure all such blemishes, and give the complexion a soft, clear, and beautiful appearance. A liberal trial will be given to all who send for it. Write for it at once. It is sold by all druggists and grocers.  
MRS. A. RUPPERT, 67-14th St., N.Y. City

**WE WILL MAIL POSTPAID**  
25c. Post Paid Picture, entitled  
"MEDITATION"  
In exchange for 15 Large Lion Head, cut from Lion Coat wrappers, and a 2-cent stamp to pay postage. Write for list of our other fine premiums, including books, a knife, game, etc.  
450 Huron St., Toledo, Ohio.  
For the rich and poor. Such security as you have, returnable in easy payments. Agents, wanted in every locality. Write for particulars.  
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SIR GEORGE, THE GREAT PONY STALLION—FIRST PRIZE R. A. S. E.

"Yes, and live in cow dung." The dimensions of my floor are as follows: from stanchions back to edge of gutter, 4 feet 6 inches. This standing place rests on a 2x4, resting on the bottom plank of gutter; thus the cow stands six inches above bottom of gutter, which is 14 inches wide. On the outside of this bottom plank is spiked another 2x4, and the walk laid on that, making it four inches above gutter and two inches lower than the standing place for cows. This walk is three feet wide, and is always comparatively clean. The gutter has a very slight descent toward the door. For the ordinary sized cow this standing platform is ample. She can rest comfortably and her quarters will get very little soiled. I have four cows too large for this and for them I take a 2x8 and spike it to pieces of 2x4 just long enough to go into the gutter crosswise. This adds six inches to standing room and can be run over when cleaning the gutter. I have horses standing on same line as cows, and after cleaning the gutter gatherings from horse stable are put in bottom and remain till next day. This takes up the liquid and goes with rest to the field, and the liquids are not dripping from tails of cows when they milked comes. And by the way, all my manure, even in this North Dakota, from twenty head of cattle and ten horses, has gone directly to the fields daily without any waste. With such a constructed stable and such management one can have a clean job milking.—L. L. Ellis in Farmer's Review.

**HOT IN AUSTRALIA.**—The weather in Australia during the antipodean summer has been unusually hot and oppressive. In Adelaide during January the thermometer several times registered over 100 degrees in the shade, and one day it climbed to 107 in the shade and 103 in the sun. In Melbourne the 100 notch has been reached more than once, and the scorching north winds have made the atmosphere exceedingly oppressive. The foregoing figures are from weather observatory readings, and probably do not represent by several degrees the temperature of the city streets.—Melbourne Letter.

The condition of agriculture in Great Britain is in many parts well indicated by the figures which have been published by the agricultural department showing the acreage of the various crops and the number of head of stock in the past and preceding years. In 1873 the total acreage under all kinds of crop, bare, fallow and grass amounted to 31,102,620. Last year this had increased to 32,443,709, or an increase of more than 1,500,000 acres, and yet the acreage devoted to wheat has decreased during the same period to an alarming extent. In the former year it was 3,490,000, last year it was 1,897,000. In the same period of twenty years the grain and pulse acreage, generally known as corn crops, had decreased by 1,800,000 acres, barley having fallen off nearly 360,000 acres, beans 340,000 acres and peas 108,000 acres. Oats, however, showed a distinct increase. There is a slight falling off in the root and green crops. Rotation grasses show an increase, although not of a very serious nature. Bare fallow is considerably less than formerly, while the permanent pasture has increased from 12,015,000 to 16,492,000, and there is little doubt that it will continue to increase.

**DIVERSIFYING CROPS.**—There used to be an objection to growing grains other than wheat that had a good foundation, but no longer exists. I refer to the former difficulty of marketing oats, barley or rye. The line "all wheat" elevators would handle nothing but wheat, leaving the farmer no chance to sell other grains except to small local buyers who would pay but little or nothing for it. Now, other through "independent houses," that will handle anything, or by getting cars for direct loading, any kind of grain can be shipped to distant markets with the same facility that wheat can. If one farmer does not raise a carload of any one grain named it will not be difficult to get two or more to combine to fill one. There are less barriers to diversification than formerly.—Ex.

pounds of food per day to keep it alive. That is 3,650 pounds per year. That amount of extra food can not be obtained for much less than \$9. Therefore, where is the profit on that bull calf? It is to be hoped that none of our farmers will follow such thoughtless articles as that above quoted. Farmers should figure out the cost of what they produce for market.—Jay, in Farmer's Review.

In combating all fungus diseases it is essential that something of the life history of the disease be known, thus enabling us to determine the proper time to apply remedies for preventing it, says an Arkansas bulletin. From what is known of apple scab it is believed that the trees are affected early in the season. The disease is reproduced by means of spores which are carried to the healthy plants by the wind and in other ways. The spores live through the winter in the rubbish, old leaves and fruit and under the rough bark of the trees and are ready to begin the attack as soon as the leaves open in the spring. The condition of the atmosphere here is very favorable for the development of the disease at an early date. The spores germinate, grow and produce new spores, which are blown to healthy leaves and fruit. Thus the development is kept up, if the weather is favorable, throughout the growing season. The scab thrives best in cool, damp weather. A continued dry spell checks the development of the disease.

**POTATOES WELL CARED FOR.**—Perhaps there is no crop that pays so well for thoroughness in working it or will show the effect of neglect sooner than potatoes. This is one good reason for making it a specialty. The importance of having good seed can not be overestimated. This point would receive proper attention by the specialist. By growing a large acreage of potatoes the capabilities of the farm and the farmer can give the attention when needed, and have all the tools necessary to the best culture and harvesting of the crop, and will produce at a good profit where the ordinary grower will make little or nothing.—Ex.



Steam Road Wagons.

A Baltimore paper has a strong editorial on the use of steam wagons for roads, which it urges as the next step in economic transportation.

Science.

A German pathological journal records a recent experiment of Drs. Sautschenko and Sobolotny which seems to border on the heroic.

The Marriage Rate.

The marriage rate in England and Wales during the last quarter of last year was lower than in any previous like period.

They Were Mistaken.

A suspicious-looking stranger, while witnessing an operatic performance in Bordeaux, was quietly approached by two detectives and requested to accompany them to the police station.

"Money talks," but the least little scare shuts it right up.

Those Little Sieves.

The kidneys, separate from the blood, as it passes through them, impurities for which the final medium of liberation from the system is the bladder.

A weak man needs just as much watching as a bad one.

Indisputable.

Why spend \$1 for a bottle of medicine when one box of Beecham's pills, costing only 25 cents, (annual sale exceeds 6,000,000 boxes) will cure most diseases?

Big Country.

If Texas were laid down in Europe, it might be so placed as to include the capitals of England, France, Belgium, Switzerland, Austria and Germany.



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

DOROTHY, POLLY AND I.

Dorothy, Polly and I were three. Share every pleasure and joy that comes. Dorothy, sitting upon my knee.

THE MERCHANT'S CRIME.

BY HORATIO ALGER, JR.

CHAPTER I.

The Mysterious Customer. A man of middle age, muffled up in an overcoat, got out of a Third Avenue car, just opposite a small drug shop.

He came forward as the person first named entered the shop.

"How can I serve you, sir?" he inquired in a respectful voice.

The person addressed drew from his pocket a piece of paper on which a name was inscribed.

"I want that," he said; "do you happen to have it?"

The shopman's face was tinged with a slight color as he read the name inscribed on the paper.

"You are aware, I suppose, that this is a subtle poison?" he said interrogatively.

"Yes," said the other, in a tone of outward composure, "so I understood from the friend who desired me to procure it for him. Have you it, or shall I have to go elsewhere?"

"Yes; we happen to have it by the merest chance, although it is rather a rare drug in the materia medica. I will get it for you at once."

"The customer's face assumed an air of satisfaction as the clerk spoke, and he sat down on a stool in front of the counter. James Cromwell quickly placed a small parcel in his hands and the customer, drawing out a pocket-book, which appeared to be well filled, paid for his purchase.

He then walked out of the shop and to the corner of the street, where he waited for an up-town car. As he left the shop, a ragged boy of 10, with a sharp, weakened face, entered.

"I want an ounce of caramels," he said.

"Wait a minute, do you want to earn a quarter?" demanded the shopman, abruptly.

"I reckon I do," answered the urchin.

"Then you must follow a gentleman who just went out of the shop; find out where he lives and what his name is. Come out, and I will point him out to you."

Just outside of the door, James Cromwell cast his eyes up the street and saw his late customer in the act of jumping on board a Fourth Avenue car.

"There he is," he said, hastily pointing him out to the boy. "You will have to ride too. Can you catch that car?"

"I've got no money," said the boy.

"Here's a quarter. Now run."

"But I'm to have a quarter besides?"

"Yes, yes. Make haste."

The boy ran forward and succeeded in overtaking the car and clambering on board.

"Look here, young chap," said the conductor suspiciously, "have you got any money to pay your fare?"

"Yes, I have," said the boy.

"Don't you be afraid, old hoss."

"Show your money, then."

The boy produced the quarter which had just been given him.

"You're richer than I supposed," said the conductor. "Here's your change."

The boy put back the twenty-two cents remaining in the pocket of his ragged pants, and began to look about him for the passenger whom he was required to track. The latter was seated on the left hand side, four seats from the door.

The car rapidly proceeded up town, passing Union square and the Everett house at the corner of Seventeenth street. Two blocks farther and the passenger first introduced rose from his seat.

"Next corner," he said to the conductor.

The gentleman got out, and turned westward up Twenty-ninth street.

Hake scrambled out also, and followed him up the street. He crossed Madison Avenue, and did not pause till he had reached a handsome house between Seventh and Eighth avenues. Before this time he had thrown open the coat in which he had been muffled, for the weather was not inclement, appearing to feel that there was now no further need of concealment. He ascended the steps of the house, and rang the bell. The door was opened directly by a servant, and he entered. Scarcely had the door closed when Hake also ascended the steps and looked at the door-plate. The name was there,

but unfortunately for Hake, he had not received an elementary education, and could not read. This was rather inconvenient as it stood in the way of his obtaining the information he desired. A schoolboy was passing and Hake asked him the name and was told it was Paul Morton. He was not sure however that the boy had told him the truth.

He went to the basement door and rang.

"What's wanted?" said a servant, curtly.

"Does Paul Morton live here?" asked Hake.

"You might say Mr. Paul Morton while you're about it," said the servant. "Yes, he lives here, and what do you want with him?"

"I was sent here," said Hake with no particular regard for truth, "by a man as said Mr. Morton was a good man and would give me some clothes."

"Then you won't get them here," said the girl, and the door was slammed in the boy's face.

"I've found out his name now," said Hake, "sure," and he repeated it over to himself until he was certain he could remember it. He retraced his steps to Fourth Avenue, and jumped on board a returning car, and was ere long landed at the druggist's shop.

"Well," said James Cromwell, looking up, "did you do as I told you?"

"Yes," said Hake.

"What did you find out?"

"His name is Paul Morton."

"Where does he live?"

"At No. — West Twenty-ninth street."

"What sort of a house is it?"

"A nice one."

"Are you sure you made no mistake?"

"Yes, it's all right. I want my quarter."

"Here it is."

"Paul Morton" mused the clerk, thoughtfully, "I must put that name down. The knowledge may come in use some day. I hope some time or other I shall not be starving on ten dollars a week. It may be that my rise in the world may come through this same Paul Morton. Who can tell?"

CHAPTER II.

The House in Twenty-Ninth Street. The house in Twenty-ninth street was a solid and substantial one which could only be occupied by a man of wealth. It was handsomely furnished, and all the appointments were such as to confirm the impression that its occupant was, to say the least, in easy circumstances financially. But it happens oftentimes that outward impressions are far from correct. It was a fact that Paul Morton, who had lived here for ten years, was on the verge of ruin, and knew that unless some help should come he would be compelled to leave his fine residence and sink into poverty and obscurity.

He was a down-town merchant, but lived by the hope of large gains, had indulged in outside speculations which had sapped the springs of his prosperity and brought him face to face with ruin.

Just at this juncture, on reaching home one day, jaded and anxious, he found that a guest had arrived whom he had not seen for years. Ralph Raymond was his cousin, and of about the same age as himself. As boys they had been sworn friends and comrades, and each had promised the other that if he died first, without family ties, he would leave the survivor his entire property, whatever it might amount to.

When they became young men, Paul Morton remained in New York, but Ralph went, after a few years, to China, where he had spent his subsequent life with brief intervals, as a successful merchant. Paul Morton heard from time to time of his success, and that he had accumulated a fortune, and the thought occurred to him, for earlier generous feelings had been swallowed up in the greed of gain, "If he only dies first, I shall be greatly the gainer."

When he met his friend, he found him greatly changed. He was thin, sallow, and to outward appearance hadn't long to live.

"You find me greatly changed, Paul, do you not?" said Ralph Raymond.

"Yes, you are changed, of course, for I have not seen you for twenty years," was the reply.

"But I am looking very ill, am I not?"

"You are not looking well; but perhaps it is the change of climate."

"It is something more than that," said Ralph, shaking his head. "Old friend, I feel that I have not many months to live. I have within my frame the seeds of a fatal disease, which I cannot much longer stave off. I feel its insidious approaches, and I know that my weakened vital powers cannot much longer resist them. I have one favor to ask."

"What is it?"

"May I spend the short remainder of my life in your house? I shrink from going among strangers. It will be a great relief to me if I can feel that I am in the house of my old friend when the solemn messenger arrives."

"Surely," said Paul Morton, "I hope you are mistaken in your gloomy prognostications; but, however that may be, you shall be welcome here as long as it pleases you to stay."

"Thank you; I was sure you would consent. As to my being mistaken, that is hardly possible. This time next year I shall not be numbered among the living."

Looking at his thin face and attenuated frame, Paul Morton felt that his words were probably correct, and his heart glowed with exultation as he felt that Ralph Raymond was without family ties, and

that at his death, which would soon happen, in all probability his large fortune, one hundred thousand dollars at least, would become his. This would relieve him of all his embarrassments, and give him a firm financial standing.

Shortly after Ralph Raymond was confined to his bed by sickness. The physician who was called spoke ambiguously. He might die suddenly, or he might linger for a year. Days and weeks passed, and still he remained in about the same condition, so that the last seemed likely to be the correct prediction.

In the meanwhile, Paul Morton's affairs had become more and more embarrassed. He had plunged into speculations from which he did not see the way out. He perceived his mistake, but too late. Nothing was left but for him to float with the tide, and be borne where it might carry him. As time wore on, and his pecuniary difficulties increased, he began to long for his friend's death.

"A few months more or less of life would be of little importance to him," he thought, "while to me it is of incalculable importance to come into his estate as soon as possible."

The more he thought of it the more frequently the suggestion was forced upon him that his friend's early death was most desirable. At length, as he was in a book store on Nassau street one day, he picked up an old medical work, in which there was one division which treated of poisons. One was mentioned, of a subtle character, whose agency was difficult of detection. It must not accomplish its purpose at once, but it required some days. Paul Morton bought this book, and when he reached home he locked it up securely in a drawer accessible only to himself.

The poison which he sought in the small shop on the Bowery was the same whose effects he had seen described in the volume he had purchased in Nassau street. He had an object in going to an obscure shop, as he would be less likely to be known, and such a purchase would be very apt to attract notice. But it was only by chance that he succeeded. In most shops of such humble pretensions such an article would not be found, but it so happened that some had been ordered by a chemist a year before, and the druggist, thinking it possible he might have a call for it, had ordered some to keep in his stock.

When Paul Morton reached home, he went up to his friend's chamber. Ralph Raymond was lying stretched out upon the bed, looking quite sick; but not so sick as at times during his illness.

"How do you feel, Ralph?" said his false friend, bending over him.

"I am feeling more comfortable to-day, Paul," he said.

"Perhaps you will recover yet."

"No, I have no expectation of that; but I may be spared longer than I supposed possible."

"I certainly hope so," said Paul Morton; but there was a false ring in his voice, though, the sick man, who had no doubt of his sincere friendship, was far enough from detecting this.

"I know you do," said Ralph. "What medicines are you taking now?" inquired Paul Morton.

"There is a bottle of cordial; I take a wine-glass of it once an hour."

Paul Morton took it up and gazed at it thoughtfully.

"Is your nurse attentive?" he asked.

"Yes, I have no fault to find with her."

"Where is she now?"

"She just went down to prepare my dinner."

"And when did you take your cordial last?"

"About an hour since."

"Then it is time to take it again."

"Yes, I presume so; but I presume a few minutes later will make no difference."

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

Business and That Only.

Charles S. Scanlan, of the Cincinnati Enquirer — John R. McLean's paper — was once sent into a small town in the Southwest, says the Journalist, to get the story of a woman evangelist who had been greatly talked about. Scanlan attended one of her meetings, and occupied a front seat. When those who wished to be saved were asked to arise, Scanlan kept his seat and used his note-book. The woman approached, and, taking him by the hand, said: "Come to Jesus." "Madam," said the newspaper man, "I'm here solely on business to report your work."

"Well, maybe not," said Scanlan; "but you don't know John McLean."

Wise Wolf.

The portly, well-dressed gentleman, whose specialty was chattel mortgages, arose to address the meeting of the unemployed.

Said he: "The chief cause of distress in this prosperous land is a lack of frugality and thrift. You talk of the wolf at the door. He never comes to my door."

"I guess he's afraid of getting skinned," shouted some irreverent person in the audience, and the portly gentleman sat down.

The Polite Editor.

Poet—I have here, sir, a poem which I wish to have printed in your paper.

Editor, looking it over—We can't print it to-day or to-morrow. Would it suit you as well at some later date?

Poet, gratefully—Oh, any time would be perfectly satisfactory. Use your own pleasure about that.

Editor—Very well. We'll try to get it in sometime in the spring of 1994.

The Royal Baking Powder is indispensable to progress in cookery and to the comfort and convenience of modern housekeeping. Royal Baking Powder makes hot bread wholesome. Perfectly leavens without fermentation. Qualities that are peculiar to it alone.

Where Ignorance is Bliss. Pinkey Boys. Three little brothers, Willis, Oscar and George Baker, aged 8, 10 and 12 years, living at Sayville, L. I., went out in a skiff on the Great South Bay one Sunday morning for a sail. They had not got far when a heavy fog settled on the bay, and they soon lost their bearings. They tried several directions to find the land, and finally, when it was almost dark, made a landing on water island, which is uninhabited. They slept in an old shanty, which they found there, while their parents gave them up for drowned. The next morning it was blowing hard, but the fog had lifted, and as they were nearly starved, and there was nothing to eat on the island, they put out from the shore, and made for the land, though the sea was so high that they could hardly keep their frail boat afloat. They were nearly gone from exhaustion and starvation when they finally made a landing at Islip, some miles from home. The elder one said that he felt that he must get his little brothers back to their mother.

DOCTOR'S ENDORSE IT. An Eminent Physician of Arkansas, tells of some Remarkable Cure of Consumption. Mrs. Rogers. Dear Sir—I will say this to you, that Consumption is hereditary in my wife's family; some have already died with the disease. My wife has a sister, Mrs. E. A. Cleary, that was taken with consumption. She used your "Golden Medical Discovery," and, to the surprise of her many friends, she got well. My wife has also had hemorrhages from the lungs, and her sister insisted on her using the "Golden Medical Discovery." I consented to her using it, and it relieved her. She has had no symptoms of consumption for the past six years. People having this disease can take no better remedy. Yours very truly, W. C. Rogers, M.D.

READ A FACT TAKE A HINT. CLAIRETTE SOAP. GIVES PERFECT SATISFACTION WHEREVER TRIED. SOLD EVERYWHERE. MADE BY THE N.K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, St. Louis.

MY WIFE CANNOT SEE HOW YOU DO IT AND PAY FREIGHT. SCOTCHCOATS. W. N. U. DALLAS. 25-94.



# The Baird Star.

Entered at the postoffice at Baird, Texas, as second class matter.

## Subscription Rates.

One year ..... \$1.00  
Six months ..... 75 cts  
No subscriptions received for less than 6 months.

## Payable in advance.

W. E. GILLILAND, Editor and Proprietor

BAIRD, FRIDAY, JUNE 22, 1894.

Go to the primary election July 7th.

The tariff bill will probably pass the senate today or tomorrow.

Every vote kept out of the democratic primary election encourages the Pops that much.

The democrats should organize democratic clubs in every precinct in the county. Begin at once.

D. B. Gilliland of Jack county is the man the pops have selected for the sacrifice in this congressional district.

To the democrats all over West Texas: Organize and go to work and push the fighting all along the line.

The County Populist executive committee will meet at Baird July 14, to decide about calling a county convention to nominate a county ticket.

Our friend J. B. Smartt seems to have entirely misconstrued that little squib about the Populist speakers demoralizing the Pop party in the county.

A wicked contemporary says the silver question is settled now that B. W. Camp, candidate for Lieut. Governor, has declared for free and unlimited coinage of silver.

The trouble with a great many people is that they expect too much from the state and national government. This false idea has more to do with the Pop's arraignment of the Democratic party than anything else.

The race for governor is becoming lively and so far is free from bitterness and personal strife that characterized the last two state campaigns. Any of the candidates before the democratic convention will make a good governor.

Some men try to hide their own moral defects by pointing the finger of scorn at some one else. The world sooner or later sizes a man up according to his merits no matter how much he may praise himself or belittle his enemies.

The Populist are making a great deal of noise now, but the tramp of the old veteran democratic legions will be heard in the land as the battle approaches. It will take something else besides wind to route the old time-tried democracy of this state. The democrats have made Texas what she is to-day; the pride of the American Union, and they have no notion whatever of turning over the state government to such a visionary party as the Populist.

Dallas county democrats will hold their primaries to-morrow and decide the question as to which of her favorite sons, Cochran or Culberson, shall have the support of that county in the state convention. Dallas county has 27 votes in the democratic convention and the friends of both candidates are using every exertion possible to carry the county for their favorite. If Culberson carries the county it will give him a big lead in the race from now on, if the county goes for Cochran it will mix up things considerable but will never make him governor, unless he should come in as a compromise candidate in a locked convention, which is hardly probable.

It is hard to attack a party without a record, and that has been the case with the Pops heretofore. They have heretofore made loud pretensions as reformers, but unfortunately for them and the states directly concerned, they gained control of Kansas and Colorado. Mrs. Lease the leading Populist speaker in Kansas, openly charged the Populist administration in that state as being the most corrupt ever elected in that state, and from other sources it is known that the present Kansas state administration is notoriously incompetent. Bloody Bridle Bits Waite, the Populist governor of Colorado, has made himself and his state the laughing stock of the whole country besides he has come very near plung-

ing his state into a bloody war on two occasions, all on account of his want of back-bone or honesty of purpose in state affairs. If these two states is a fair sample of what Populist rule would be, may the Lord help us. Give us an empire; or anything before such a state of affairs.

The gold standard democrat say that the only difference between a free coinage democrat, who believes in the present ratio and a populist fiatist, is that while the populist is a full fledged fiatist the democrat is half fiatist, because he believes in making a dollar out of fifty cents worth of silver. From the gold standard view this argument appears unanswerable, and has puzzled many a silver democrat who is honestly trying to solve the money problem. Is the argument of the gold standard democrat true? If we take gold as the only standard of values we are bound to admit that silver as compared with gold has depreciated fifty per cent in value in the last seven or eight years. The gold men smile when a silver democrat admits this because he thinks that he has tacitly argued himself into a hole. Let us see about this? We will admit for argument sake that a silver dollar is only worth fifty cents as compared with a gold dollar yet at that rate it will buy just as much wheat as it would twenty years ago when it was worth 100 cents, bullion value, in the dollar, regardless of the stamp of the government, it will buy just as much cotton, corn or any other farm product at its present bullion value as it would twenty years ago when the price of silver bullion was more than double what it is now. Without attempting to go into an elaborate argument at this time we will say just let the inquirer after facts about the money problem pursue this investigation and he will find that where silver has fallen in price he will also find that farm products and nearly everything else in the commercial and industrial world has fallen at a corresponding ratio, gold almost alone excepted. Had you thought about this? The annual output of gold is almost at a stand still if not actually diminishing, while the demand is increasing at a rapid rate—at a rate that has alarmed some of the ablest financiers of this age, not only in the United States, but all over the world. We honestly believe that it is not so much the depreciation of silver as the appreciation of the value of the gold dollar that is disturbing the finances of the world. The gold standard men claim to be the champions of honest money and taunt the democrats who favor free coinage of silver as being fiatists and Populist in disguise. Talk about honest money; the gold dollar of to-day is the most dishonest dollar ever coined. Why do we say so? Because, while the price of labor and nearly everything produced by man on the farm, in the mines, and the factories, has fallen in sympathy with the price of silver. Debts contracted years ago remain the same, salaries of all public officials are the same, interest is the same. These last class stay with gold and will continue to do so though gold ascends to the skies in price—that is if the people will continue to permit this state of affairs. When a gold standard man tries to befuddle you about honest money ask him a few questions along the line suggested in this short article and note his answers. There is a great deal of fol-de-rol on both sides on this money question. All true democrats want to solve the money problem in an honest way. We all want an honest dollar; but mind you there are a whole lot of old-fashioned democrats who believe that an appreciating gold standard is just as dangerous and dishonest, if not more so, than a depreciating silver standard. All gold standard men are not rascals, neither are all free coinage democrats fools. The sooner this fact becomes known to some of our sky-scraping and melodramatic public speakers, the sooner this vexed money question will be settled.

## HALF A DOLLAR To Know it All.

For only fifty cents you get THE SEMI-WEEKLY NEWS (Galveston or Dallas) every Tuesday and Friday for six months.

This will take you through and beyond what bids fair to be one of the most exciting state campaigns ever witnessed in Texas.

Hand 50 cents to your postmaster or the local newsdealer, or send direct to A. H. Belo & Co., Publishers, and get full proceedings of the political procession in the best general newspaper in the southwest—sixteen pages a week.

## A CARD.

To the Democracy of the 107th Representative District:

My name appears in the announcement column of THE STAR this week as a candidate for representative from this district, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

I confess that it is with a considerable degree of reluctance that I make this announcement, for several reasons. The first is, I am really unable to bear the expense and give the time that I will necessarily be compelled to do in making a canvass, should I receive the nomination. Secondly; I am not a politician so far as seeking or holding office is concerned, and my most intimate friends here at home know that I did not seek the position nor ask the indorsement of my own county. Whatever was done in that respect was done by my friends without consulting me until on the eve of the primaries, when I was informed that my name would be presented to the primaries for their consideration. Under these circumstances, having received the unanimous support of the democracy of every precinct, either in the primaries or at the county convention, I feel that I cannot do otherwise than yield to their wishes and become a candidate, and thus set myself up as a target to be shot at by all the opponents of the democracy, and perhaps a goodly number of aspiring politicians in my own party. However, I have been in the newspaper business long enough to get used to hard knocks and can stand any amount of it—at long range.

I shall not enter into any unseemly scramble for the place, but shall quietly submit my name to the democratic convention and cheerfully abide its decision.

It will be impossible for me to canvass the district before the convention meets if I desired to do so, which I do not.

To those who do not know me it is nothing but right that they should know something of a man who seeks public office at their hands. I was born in Washington county, Texas, in 1848. My father moved to Brown county in 1860, then far out on the frontier; and the four counties composing the district that my partial friends want me to represent in the next legislature, was then the home of the Comanche Indian and the buffalo. The war broke out, my father moved back to Washington county where I remained until 1869, when I returned to Brown county where I married and lived until the fall of 1882, when I moved to Callahan county. I worked almost continuously on a farm from the time I was old enough to hold a hoe or a plow until 1880, when I was elected tax assessor of Brown county, the only elective office I ever sought or held, except justice of the peace in the same county. Since I have been to this county I worked the first year in the tax collector's office at Belle Plaine and Baird, then moved to Tecumseh, this county, where I sold goods four years for J. D. Windham & Sons. Moved to Baird in the fall of 1887 and founded THE BAIRD STAR, since which time I have been actively engaged in the printing and publishing business.

I have been a democrat all my life and never voted or supported any other party ticket.

I hope the public will pardon these allusions to myself, but I think it nothing but right that the people should know as much as possible about those who ask favors at their hands. W. E. GILLILAND. Baird, Texas, June 19, 1894.

## THE STAR ON EASY TERMS.

Everyone in the county and all Democrats especially should take THE STAR during the present campaign at least. If you have not got the money fill out sign and mail us the subscription coupon (which see) and we will send you THE STAR at once.

Last year we made an offer to send THE STAR to all subscribers in the county; many took advantage of this offer, but some came in at the end of six months and paid up and stopped the paper, most of them on the account of hard times. Time about is fair play; if we credit a subscriber for six months or a year he should not be afraid to trust us for the same length of time. So we have changed the offer somewhat and require subscribers to sign an agreement to pay one full year subscription. This is as fair an offer as any publisher can make. We have another short term rate, but cash must be paid in advance. See ad "THE STAR for 5 cts per month."

## PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

### PHYSICIANS.

R. G. POWELL.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office fourth door south of the Bank.

Baird, Texas.

D. J. WILSON.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Local Surgeon for T. and P.; Also City and County Physician.

All professional calls promptly answered.

OFFICE AT REAR of Flynn's Saddle Shop.

E. R. SARTOR.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Calls promptly attended day or night, in city or country.

Office, East side Market Street,

Opposite T. E. Powell's store.

BAIRD, TEXAS.

### ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

W. H. CLIETT,

Attorney-at-Law,

BAIRD, TEXAS.

Practices in all our State

221-y and Federal Courts.

### BOOT AND SHOEMAKING.

MARTIN BARNHILL.

Boot and Shoemaker.

Repairing Promptly and Neatly Executed.

Prices to Suit the Times.

Market Street, [6] Baird, Texas.

W. D. DEAN,

First Door South of D. W. Wristen.

Market Street, Baird, Texas.

HAIR

CUTTING,

SHAVING

AND

SHAMPOOING.

Polite attention to all customers.

Your patronage solicited.

JACK JONES'

Tonsorial Parlor :-:

:-: And Bath Rooms.

The general public are invited to call.

Polite attention. Work first-class.

Next door to James & Johnson's Restaurant.

West side of Market Street. 29 7

### WHAT THEY SAY.

What's the matter with Callahan county selecting Gilliland of THE BAIRD STAR for Representative. He would be an able defender of the rights of you people, and having been a country editor for years, is used to hard fare, and hence would be able to put up with the meagre salary; and so far as the honor goes, we believe would appreciate all there is in it, for it is very much akin to newspaper glory. Perhaps you folks up there had never thought of it, so we make this as a suggestion.—Cisco Round-up.

Gilliland of THE BAIRD STAR is the man for representative.—Merkel Mail.

W. E. Gilliland, of Baird, is a candidate for representative from this district. It is the opinion of the News that he will make a good one.—Taylor County News.

W. E. Gilliland, of THE BAIRD STAR, received the instructions of Callahan county for representative of this district. Bro. Gilliland is well qualified and would make us a good representative.—Merkel Mail.

Now, Bro. Gilliland, put a proper point on your poinard, and we'll hold up your hands while you proceed to puncture "The Prodigal."—Buffalo Gap Messenger.

The boys have our thanks for their kindly expressions and we beg leave to assure them that when the opportunity occurs we will certainly reciprocate.

### ANNOUNCEMENTS.

#### PREACHING.

THE STAR is requested to announce that Rev. Dr. Warner B. Riggs, of the Presbyterian church, will preach at the Cumberland church, Sunday, June 24.

#### PHARMACEUTICAL BOARD.

Dr. S. T. Fraser requests us to say that the Pharmaceutical Board for this District will meet at Cisco, July 5, 1894.

#### ASSESSOR'S NOTICE.

I wish to notify all citizens of Callahan county whom I have missed or overlooked in their assessment this year, to please have their renditions at my office, in Baird, during the next 30 days, as I will want to be making out my rolls. T. J. NORRELL, Assessor. June 14, 1894.

## HAD YOU HEARD IT?

We have just received, this week, the largest and best line of Shoes that has ever been brought to this town before, and among them are some

## Very Nice Tan Shoes,

Which we bought to sell at \$1.75 per pair, but have decided to run them out at once by selling them at the low price of

**\$1.25 Per Pair.**

We also propose to close out our entire line of All Wool Challies and Nuns Veiling which was sold at 25 cents per yard

## At 15 Cents Per Yard.

If you want first choice it will pay you to come at once. We have made a great reduction in white goods. Just received, a line of new Corsets. Nice line of embroidery. Call and see them. Yours to please,

**B. L. BOYDSTUN.**

## Groceries

### DID YOU SAY?

WELL, we have them. Any and everything you want in that line, and as cheap as can be bought for cash anywhere in West Texas.

## FURNITURE!

Yes, we have a line of that too, and furthermore, it is for sale. If you don't think so get our bottom figures before you buy.

Wagons and Farming Implements.

We carry everything in that line. When you want anything in our line give us a call.

FREE DELIVERY.

**VAUGHN & CO.**

## GREETING FOR THE SEASON.

- 1 Of the greatest blessings to men is a good dinner.
- After he has that there is other things to wish for.
- 8 Men out of ten will tell you that their home is a happy one if their food is pure and wholesome.
- 9 Women out of ten will tell you that they keep their husbands in a good humor by giving them good meals of fresh, wholesome food.
- 4 Things you should remember are, that I carry only the purest and freshest Groceries, that my prices are very low, that my stock is always replete and that my clerks are always polite and attentive.

Yours for Trade,

**D. W. WRISTEN.**

## Do You Carry Insurance?

J. H. PETERS,  
General Insurance Agent

and Notary Public.

Over \$125,000,000 Capital Represented.

The Mutual Reserve Fund Life Association of New York, Capital.....	\$45,000,000 00
Live Post and London and Globe.....	45,000,000 00
Hartford, of Hartford.....	7,500,000 00
Northwestern National.....	1,700,000 00
Mechanic and Traders.....	700,000 00
Home, of New Orleans.....	400,000 00
Alamo, of Texas.....	500,000 00
Concordia.....	400,000 00

New York Plate Glass, Standard Accident,  
Aetna Livestock, of Glen's Falls, New York.

Office with Vaughn & Co., BAIRD, TEXAS.

H. N. EDWARDS, R. C. DUDLEY.

**EDWARDS & DUDLEY,**

(Successors to W. R. McDermott.)

—DEALERS IN—

**GRAIN, HAY, AND FEED.**

Wagon Yard, Good Camp House  
and Plenty of Water. Patronage Solicited.



## T. & P. R'y SCHEDULE.

TEXAS AND PACIFIC.	
Passenger, East bound.....	12:30 p. m.
" West bound.....	8:10 p. m.
F. S. GAGE, Agent.	
MAILS.	
HELLE PLAIN.	
Arrives Daily.....	11:30 a. m.
Leaves.....	3:30 p. m.
TOMATO, COTTONWOOD, CADDO PEAK CROSS PLAINS.	
Leaves Baird.....	8 A. M.
Arrives.....	5 P. M.
PUTNAM AND CLYDE.....Train schedule.	
TECUMSEH AND EAGLE COVE.	
Daily, except Sunday.....	12 m.
Arrives.....	1 p. m.
Leaves.....	1 p. m.
Wm. McMANIS, P. M.	

NOTICE.—Local reading matter 10c a line first insertion, 5c thereafter.

Locals run until ordered out. Transient advertising must be paid for in advance.

All job work spot cash on delivery of goods.

No advertiser is entitled to, nor will they receive THE STAR, unless paid for at regular rate.

All contracts for advertising and job work are made on a strictly cash basis, and settlement must be made accordingly.

I do not promise or agree to take goods or anything but money for advertising and job work.

I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by any employe of this office, or anyone else except members of my own family, and all parties are hereby notified not to charge anything to my account except on written orders, otherwise than above mentioned.

W. E. GILLILAND, ED. STAR.

## LOCAL NEWS.

BAIRD, FRIDAY, JUNE 22, 1894.

Basket Picnic at Baird July 4th.

Allen Hudson, of Caddo Peak was in town Monday.

Mrs. Lula Dyer left for Putnam Monday to spend a month or two.

We issue eleven hundred copies of THE STAR this week.

Gen. F. W. James went up to Abilene Monday last on business.

Remember the old Confederate Veterans picnic at Baird July 4th.

W. R. McDermott candidate for reelection is out hustling among the voters this week.

Fred Griffin of Cottonwood candidate for county clerk took in the county convention last Saturday.

The steady advertiser is the man who gets the business ninety-nine times out of a hundred.

Frank Vernon editor of the Cisco Round-up, took in our county convention last Saturday.

Misses Gertie and Mollie Bell, of Belle Plaine, were visitors in our city the first of the week.

G. A. Jameson, Charlie Ruhrop and Clarence Cooke took in the ball at Abilene last Friday night.

W. L. Gilliland, Iley McWhorter, Wiley Lambert and others from the Bayou were in town this week.

Brigh Eyes, the negro, knocked out Billy Bebbis in the sixth round at Abilene last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Holland and little daughter Ora, of Eagle Cove spent last Saturday in town.

Jack Jones comes to the front with a neat ad of his tonorial parlor and bath rooms, this week. Call on him.

Mrs. Minnie Zariax, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Nichols, left for her home in Nolan county last Tuesday.

S. M. Moon's son Montie, still has some fever, but he is doing well and his parents now have strong hopes of his recovery.

Kelly Kendall passed through Baird last Sunday on his way to the Territory. He says they have had a world of rain out on the Pecos.

Dr. J. D. Windham, of Tecumseh, came in Monday with Mr. Thos. Smith of the City Hotel, who went out to Tecumseh last Sunday.

The colored people of Baird celebrated emancipation day last Tuesday the 19th, by a picnic down on the Mahair.

Rev. Blair, of Merkel, spent a few days in the county last week. THE STAR acknowledges a pleasant call during his stay in Baird.

Clarence Boyles, our popular saddle and harness dealer, was among the number who witnessed the prize fight at Abilene Saturday night.

Dr. Fraser, who has been down in the Cross Plains neighborhood for more than a week, on business, returned home last Monday. The doctor has been suffering with a very bad case of sore eyes lately, but we are glad to see they are about well.

Mr. Frank James of Johnson county is out on a short visit to his son, Wiley James, of Baird.

Capt. John Trent and H. Burnett, left last Monday for the Populist State Convention at Waco.

H. O. Powell returned last Monday from a three week's visit to friends and relatives at Louisville, Ky.

F. E. Bean, from New Mexico, has opened a jewelry shop in the Moon & Crowder building.

R. S. Flynn, formerly in the saddlery business at Baird, has located at Denison, so we have been informed.

Jas. Stone and Geo. Dean who have been on a visit at Granbury, Hood county, for some weeks past, returned Tuesday.

County Attorney Arthur Yonge has purchased a light new buggy and is ready to skip out in the country on legal or other business on short notice.

No business man ever became so well known that he could afford to stop advertising while his competitors keep up a liberal use of printers ink.

I have opened a Jewelry shop in the Moon & Crowder building where I am prepared to do all kinds of watch, clock, and jewelry repairing.

Efforts are being made to have a mail route established from Baird to Coleman. Everyone at Baird and Coleman and all along the proposed line should sign the petition and work for the line.

The infant child of J. Hailey, died last Monday and was interred in the city cemetery Tuesday. We extend sympathy to the bereaved parents.

Misses Eugenia and Laura Thompson, of Wheelock, Texas, arrived Friday last and will spend some time visiting their sister, Mrs. Chas. Shelton of this city.

Sheriff J. W. Jones and wife, Mrs. Julia Matthews and children Misses Annie Windham, Amy Gilliland, and two little sisters, went down on the Bayou fishing the first of the week.

On account of the 4th of July a rate of one and one third fares will be made to all points on the T. & P. road in Texas. Tickets on sale July 2nd, 3rd, and 4th limited to return July 7th.

Judge D. K. Scott, of Eastland, candidate for state senator, and W. Q. Conneliee, U. S. deputy revenue collector, were in town last Saturday and attended the meeting of the county democratic convention.

Prof. F. W. Chatfield and family, L. T. Gould and family, W. J. Norton and family, T. E. Powell, and wife, B. L. Boynston and wife and Dr. R. G. Powell were down on the Bayou fishing last Wednesday and Thursday.

Oscar Jones will start a herd of 1200 or 1500 steers for Greer county to-day or to-morrow. Oscar will make his home in that county in the future. Mrs. Jones will leave in a few days for east Texas on a visit to her mother, where she will probably spend the summer.

When your friends visit you in town or any member of your family leaves on a visit let THE STAR know it. We are always glad to get local news from the country too. Why don't you write up the news items of your neighborhood occasionally and send them to THE STAR?

Mrs. Huffman and daughter, Miss Bettie, who have been visiting Mrs. Ed Hearn, left last Wednesday for their home in San Angelo. Miss Bettie has a host of friends here who regretted her departure very much, and it is hoped that she will favor our city with another visit in the near future.

Prof. B. L. Russell's many friends in this county will be pleased to learn that the trustees of the Baird public school have employed him as First assistant teacher in the schools at this place. Prof. Russell is a fine teacher and popular with all classes. THE STAR congratulates Prof. Russell on his success in securing the position.

Mr. J. B. Norton, druggist of Houston, came up with his family last Friday and spent a few days visiting his brother W. J. Norton and friends in the city. Mr. Norton is highly pleased with Houston, which he affirms is the best city in the state and is growing rapidly all the time. Mr. Norton and family returned home last Tuesday.

We are indebted to S. H. French for a mess of fine roasting ears. Mr. French is a successful farmer, especially in fruits and vegetables. He is in town nearly every day with the products of his orchard and garden which he readily disposes of at good prices as they come right fresh from the farm.

## BUSINESS LOCALS.

Alert advertisers advertise in THE STAR.

Go to Foy's for dry goods. 14tf

Tan shoes and oxfords. Powell a19

Go to Foy's for shoes. 14tf

Go to T. E. Powell's for fine dress goods. 11

Window Shades 35 cts worth 75cts at Powell's. a 19

Boy suits at Foy's; wont-rip; extra pair of pants free with each suit. 16tf

Wedding Suits \$10 and up at Powell's. a19

If you want good goods go to Powell's. a19

Patent flour \$1.75 per hundred at Driskill & Norton's. 23a

\$15 suit colthes for \$10. Straight goods and straight talk. T. E. Powell.

Patty Bros. will sell you groceries as cheap as any one. a26

Pat. flour at \$1.65 for \$1.00 at Patty Bros. a26

Good ribbon cane syrup at 25 cents a gallon at Driskill & Norton's. 23a

1,000 fans; silk fans at 1-2 price at T. E. Powell's. 26 tf

25 per cent reduction on all straw hats. T. E. Powell. 27 tf.

Beaver Stetson hats are the best and cheapest in the long run. T. E. Powell.

Three pair 15 cent sox for 25 cts at T. E. Powell's. 27 tf.

White dress goods; far below real value. T. E. Powell 27 tf.

T. E. Powell's own make shoes is always the best and you know it. 26tf

Go to Patty Bros. for cane seed, millet, bran and corn as cheap as can be sold. a26

Car of cane and millet seed just received, cheaper than ever, at Driskill & Norton's.

Our stock is new and we will meet any fair legitimate competition in our line. Patty Bros. a26

Competition in prices "not in it" New millinery at H. F. Foy's. Come and see it. 16tf

FOR SALE—Blank chattle mortgages, crop mortgages, blank notes, etc., at STAR office.

Wool challie, beautiful as a dream, at 15 cents per yard, usual price 25 to 30 cents. T. E. Powell. 27 tf

Yard wide bleached and brown domestic at five cents a yard. T. E. Powell. 27 tf

New line of cashmere for men and boys and suits, just arrived at T. E. Powell's. 27 tf

Five papers of needles, and a package of darning needles all for one nickel, at T. E. Powell's. 27 tf.

Amoskeag fancy gingham 7 cts. Best goods in the market, worth 10 cents. T. E. Powell 27 tf

We buy and sell for cash and can make it to your interest to call on us before placing your order. Patty Bros. a26

All advertising and announcements must be in this office by 12 o'clock on Thursday if to appear in the current issue.

Without fear of contradiction goods are sold lower than any other place in town at Leo Stern's, successor to H. Schwartz. 52

Sow your wheat land in cane and millet and buy your seed from us, because we are selling them very cheap. Driskill & Norton.

I have more fine shirts at lower price and more anxious to sell than any one. Come and see me. T. E. Powell. 26tf.

10 cent shirting for 8 1-3 cts, 8 1-3 cts shirting for 7 cts. 12 1-2 cts shirting for 10 cts. Come and see. T. E. Powell. 26tf.

Fly time is at hand. Keep them out by putting up screen doors and windows. Harry Myer can fit you up with anything you need in this line. a 19

The people are invited to call and examine my stock. I will save you money on your purchases. Leo Stern. 52.

A full line of Furniture, never cheaper than now. Come and see prices, also a full stock of collins, at Leo Stern. 22.

Purchase a thousand mile ticket good on all lines of the Texas and Pacific Railway, and save five dollars. F. S. GAGE, Agent.

I have more clothing than all the town together and I will sell them much cheaper than anyone. Come and see. T. E. Powell 26tf

A large assortment of bed room suits, side boards, wardrobes; in fact, everything in the furniture line can be seen at my store. Prices are made low to suit the times. Leo Stern, 2 tf Successor to H. Schwartz.

## ANNOUNCEMENTS.

The following is the rates of announcements for 1894 in THE BAIRD STAR:

For Congress.....	\$15 00
All other District offices.....	10 00
COUNTY OFFICERS:	
County Judge.....	10 00
County and District Clerk.....	10 00
Sheriff and Tax Collector.....	10 00
Tax Assessor.....	10 00
County Treasurer.....	10 00
County Attorney.....	10 00
County Surveyor.....	5 00
Inspector.....	5 00
Public Weigher.....	5 00
Precinct Offices.....	3 00

The above rate includes name on the Democratic ticket at general election; and in every instance CASH MUST BE PAID IN ADVANCE. NO CREDIT GOES. In the event candidates do not announce in THE BAIRD STAR, one-half the regular announcement fee will be charged for their name on the Democratic ticket at general election. Should anyone withdraw after having announced no part of their fee will be refunded.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE.

W. E. GILLILAND.

Subject to the Democratic party. (The 10th Representative District is composed of the following counties, viz: Taylor, Callahan, Shackelford and Jones.)

We are authorized to announce the following named persons as candidates subject to the Democratic primary election, to be held July 7, 1894.

FOR COUNTY JUDGE.

E. E. SOLOMON.

FOR DISTRICT AND COUNTY CLERK.

W. W. DUNSON.

A. A. CALLAHAN.

E. D. FOY.

J. E. W. LANE.

FOR TAX ASSESSOR.

J. E. (ELI) GILLILAND.

FOR SHERIFF.

J. W. JONES.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.

T. B. HOLLAND.

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR.

W. R. McDERMOTT.

FOR COUNTY ATTORNEY.

M. R. HAILEY.

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR.

ARTHUR YONGE.

FOR HIDE AND ANIMAL INSPECTOR.

T. J. WISE.

FOR PUBLIC WEIGHER.

W. C. ASBURY.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

Precinct No. 4.

ALF. H. OLDS.

Precinct No. 1.

W. A. HINDS.

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR.

T. H. FLOYD.

Independent.

We want to attend the annual meeting of the Texas Press Association next week. Any contributions of cash on past due subscriptions or other accounts will be highly appreciated in the next two or three days. A hint to the wise, etc.

Mr. John Wagner of Cross Plains came in last week from McLennan county where he has been on business and remained over for the democratic convention to which he was a delegate. Mr. Wagner had not forgotten the fun the boys had at the democratic convention two years ago and was doubtless expecting some more at this one.

Last Monday evening Clarence Boyles and Miss Bettie Huffman, Jim Gray and Miss Nellie Phillips, Clarence Cooke and Miss Lula Phillips, Louis Stellman and Miss Mollie Bell, H. O. Powell and Miss Gertrude Oliver, Tom Stone and Miss Etta Blakeley, Elmer Pool and Miss Gertie Bell made a surprise call on Miss Emma Austin and spent a most delightful evening.

Mr. J. C. Weems, an old gentleman living in the east part of town is slowly dying of cancer. Owing to the long illness of the old gentleman the family are in straightened circumstances, and while kindly neighbors have helped them all along, the good people of the town ought to see that he does not want for anything. Any assistance in the way of contributions of money or provisions for the family will be of great assistance.

There was a number of young people congregated at the residence of Sheriff J. W. Jones last Friday night and the hours were pleasantly passed in witty conversation, interspersed with delightful music. At the usual hour elegant refreshments were served, and a royal good time was declared by those present, who were: Misses Annie Windham, Fannie Gilliland, Dora Warren, Amy Gilliland, Della Cutbirth, Annie Maxwell, Rudie Warren, Mary Mayes, Annie Bowman, Bettie Huffman, Mary Bowman, Mammie Etes, Millie Harris and Lillie Weicks; and Messrs. J. B. Maxwell, Tom Stone, Mark Pace, Jim Gray, Will Estes, Ned Alexander, Walter Arnold, Frank Vaughn, George Harris, Louis Stellman and Elmer Pool.

# We Always Keep

—The Very Best—

GROCERIES, -- --  
GRAIN, FEED, ETC,

In fact, everything you need in the grocery line.

We are the Leaders in  
Good Goods and Low Prices,  
DRISKILL & NORTON.

LOUIS STELLMAN,  
DEALER IN  
Implements, Pumps,  
and Wind Mills,  
—AGENT FOR—  
John Deere, Garden City Clipper,  
Canton Clipper and Keystone Plows.

Moon & Crowder  
DEALERS IN  
Lumber, Shingles, Sash, Doors,  
MOULDING, CEMENT, PAINT AND CEDAR POST.  
BAIRD, -- -- -- TEXAS.

Buy Your Drugs  
Where They are the Purest and Cheapest.

We have a complete stock of Pure Fresh Drugs,  
Patent Medicines, Paints, Oils and Varnishes.  
Glass, Putty, Wall Paper, Stationery, School  
Books and Toilet Articles of all Kinds, and for sale,  
T. L. OLIVER & CO.,

THE STAR  
ON EASY TERMS.

Every Democrat in the county should take THE STAR, during the present campaign at least. If you have not got the money fill out, sign and mail us the following blank and we will send you THE STAR at once.

Read Carefully, Write Plain.

SUBSCRIPTION COUPON.

1894.

On or before Dec. 1, 1894, I agree to pay W. E. GILLILAND, or order, one dollar for one year's subscription to THE BAIRD STAR from 1894 to 1895 without interest.

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Postoffice \_\_\_\_\_

Nothing less than one year's subscription will be received on these terms. This offer is only to citizens of Callahan county.



# The Baird Star.

W. E. GILLILAND, Ed. and Prop.

BAIRD . . . . . TEXAS

ALL OVER THE STATE.

Interesting Collings on Various Subjects Taken from the Daily Press.

Two daughters and a 15-year-old son of Mr. Warren Mason, of Madison county, started in a wagon to visit some relatives five or six miles away recently. The horses ran away and one line broke, when the brother sprang from the wagon and attempted to stop them, calling to the girls to jump. They remained in the wagon and the horses ran about eighty yards further dashing into a large tree. Both girls were hurled forward. Miss Onella, striking squarely against the tree, breaking her neck and fracturing her skull. The other, Miss Missouri, was thrown violently to the ground, breaking three ribs and receiving spinal injuries.

The other night at Houston Jim Gray visited a negro, Annie Gardner. They became involved in a dispute that resulted in blows and wound up by Gray stabbing the woman in the left breast with a knife, inflicting a dangerous wound. A warrant for Gray's arrest on a charge of assault with intent to murder was placed in the hands of officer Hatch. He found Gray at work in the Santa Fe yards. Gray resisted arrest by making a knife play, when the officer shot him in the side. He was finally disarmed and jailed.

Amos S. Beck, who has been living in Collin county, between Allen and Plano, for about eighteen months, was arrested recently charged with murder committed in Rome, Ga., in 1886. While on the way to McKinney Beck jumped from the buggy and escaped. He resorted to all cunning artifices, such as retracing his steps, wading in the middle of streams, etc., to throw the bloodhounds off their track, and when he was overtaken he had to be shot at several times before surrendering.

At Milford, Ellis county, a few days ago it poured down for seven hours. Several houses were washed away along Richland creek together with their contents, the occupants barely escaping with their lives. One negro was carried down the raging stream several miles before he was rescued. Horses, cattle and hogs were carried away, but were most all rescued. Bridges were damaged, and the Ramsey mill, an old landmark two miles south of town, is a total wreck.

The clerk of the court of criminal appeals at Dallas has issued a mandate to Judge Clint of the criminal district court notifying him that the supreme court of the United States has dismissed the writ of error in the case of Franklin P. Miller, condemned to be hanged for killing Police Officer W. H. Riddle and to let the law take its course. Judge Clint will sentence the murderer.

Another case of "didn't know it was loaded" recently occurred four miles south of Weatherford. James Holmes, 18 years old, playfully pointed a rifle at Miss Polly, the 18-year-old daughter of William Cavenor, and it was discharged, the ball striking her in the mouth, inflicting a serious wound. The ball passed through, knocking all her front teeth out.

A few days ago, while D. R. Cameron, a well known ranchman on Mountain creek, in Dallas county, was chasing yearlings, his horse stumbled and threw him, his head striking a rock. The young man's skull was fractured and he died in a few hours. He was considered the most dashing rider in the county.

At Temple recently the foundation walls in Gus Krober's saloon began to crumble and the north wall of the building collapsed, falling outward and burying the bar. The heavy weight broke the floor also and one side of the house sank into the cellar. Afterwards the roof fell in and the building is almost a total wreck.

The railroad work still goes on at Smithville, Bastrop county. The coal chutes are about completed and a new passenger depot is to be built very shortly, which will add greatly to the city. Hotels and restaurants have all the boarders they can accommodate.

The rains in Knox county have been very heavy for the past two weeks, greatly interfering with the wheat harvest, as the fields are too wet to run binders. Early wheat is ripe and beginning to waste now. The corn prospect is fine, but cotton is badly in the weeds and grass.

W. S. Giles of Van Wyck, Lancaster county, South Carolina, wants to know the whereabouts of his cousins, Charity and Emma Harris. Emma was last heard from in a place called Huntington, though no state was given. Their former home was in McAlester, I. T.

Caliz Secundo, an 18-year-old boy, disappointed in love, got "full" of mesquit at Brownsville a few days since and tried to kill himself, but failed, the bullet striking the forehead and glancing. He will recover.

Prospects are fine for an immense cotton and corn crop in Baylor county, owing to the heavy rains which have been falling, and the crop, as far as cotton is concerned, is 100 times as large as any year before.

John W. Herndon, a ranchman living four miles north of Santa Anna, Coleman county, accidentally shot himself through the foot the other evening and it is said his foot will have to be amputated.

A young man giving the name of George Goodyear was arrested recently at Arlington, Tarrant county, it being alleged that he took \$4.55 from the depot at Grand Prairie. Goodyear says his home is in Huntsville, Ala.

The first car load of watermelons this season has just been shipped from Hempstead to a distant northern point. About twenty barrels of cantaloupes or muskmelons are shipped daily by express.

Twelve cars of cattle went through a bridge on Pirique, four miles from Texline, on the Fort Worth and Denver City road, a few days ago. No persons injured. Cattle and cars a complete loss.

Hugh Richardson, living in Johnson county, had three fingers torn from his right hand a few mornings since, by the explosion of a dynamite cartridge while trying to tear it to pieces.

Crops are sure now in Floyd county and one young man who has 200 acres is thinking of getting married. Some people can't stand prosperity anyway.

A mad dog at Rockdale recently bit a boy, several head of stock and finally attacked J. W. Stebbins and bit him, after which he killed it with his fist.

Cattlemen say that grass is better in Baylor county now than it has been for four years and that cattle are in better shape than for years.

An exceedingly heavy rain fell in Hill county a few days since doing much damage to crops, and in some instances washing away tank dams.

Several cart loads of mesquite beans were recently sold at Brownsville. These beans make good horse feed. The crop is said to be very large.

Kerr county is blooming and fields of fine wheat, oats and barley are being harvested, while corn and cotton look fine and cattle are fat.

During a recent hailstorm near Dallas the stones were so large they burst open several half grown watermelons.

Albert Hall, convicted of murder in the first degree at La Grange some time ago, has been sentenced to hang September 5.

The Christians have just completed a beautiful church at Joshua, Johnson county, which is a credit to the community.

The board of equalization of Goliad county has raised the value of the Southern Pacific railroad from \$6600 to \$8000.

It appears that the late county treasurer of Dimitt county has mixed up his office affairs pretty thoroughly.

A boy named Willie McDonald was bitten by a ground rattlesnake at Houston recently. He will recover.

There will be a convention of the mayors of Texas in the near future, time and place not yet determined.

Corn, cotton and oats in the vicinity of Milford, Ellis county, was badly damaged by a recent heavy rain.

A young man named Fewell was drowned while attempting to cross a creek near Cleburne recently.

The Fourth of July will be celebrated in grand style at a great number of places in the state.

The comptroller has canceled \$9000 of Waxahachie, Houston and Texas Central subsidy bonds.

Considerable rain has recently fallen along the Rio Grande from Fort Ringgold to Brownsville.

Goliad is to have waterworks—a company having been chartered with a capital of \$30,000.

Grass is fine and cattle fat in Bandera county, but stockmen complain of low prices.

Burglars are manifesting a lively interest in other people's property at Gainesville.

New sweet potatoes have made their appearance in the market of Brownsville.

Some improvements are being added to the waterworks system at Yoakum.

Hico and Fairly, Hamilton county, have gone "dry" by forty-four majority.

The gardens have dried up and young grapes are dying at Rockport.

The conductors are to have a grand picnic at Fort Worth on June 26.

An artesian well in Bandera county flows 1500 gallons per minute.

A good rain came in time to bless the people of Marion county.

Crops about Elgin, Bastrop county, are all that could be desired.

District Assembly No. 145 will hold its session at Cooper July 24.

The camp of confederate veterans at Hempstead has disbanded.

Gonzales and Waelder are now connected by telephone.

The city council of Kerrville is after the useless dogs.

Crop prospects generally are splendid in Bastrop county.

Rockport is full of visitors, fishermen and excursionists.

Cotton is blooming in the vicinity of Dilley, Frio county.

Cattle are getting fat in the lower Rio Grande country.

Weatherford has adopted prohibition by 175 majority.

## THE ANTI-OPTION BILL

### IS AGAIN UPON THE SEA OF LEGISLATION.

It is Denounced as Being Just What the Speculators in Futures Want—After Passing Some Private Bills, the Senate Talked Tariffs

WASHINGTON, June 19.—In the house yesterday the senate bill granting a right of way to the Eastern Nebraska and Gulf railway through the Omaha and Winnebago Indian reservation in the state of Nebraska was passed. The anti-option bill was then safely launched upon its congressional voyage. Mr. Hatch opened the debate with a speech in favor of the bill. There was not a single provision in the bill which had not received the approval of every board of trade in the country in its charter or rules or regulations, in which was required the actual delivery of articles purchased for future delivery. This bill would compel this delivery honestly and in good faith and would oblige the boards of trade to enforce their own regulations, which they had built up an elaborate system to avoid. When Mr. Hatch's time expired, Mr. Warner (Dem.) of New York delivered a vigorous speech against the bill, in which he maintained that while it was ostensibly drawn in the interest of the farming people, a careful reading showed that it "had been monkeyed with by some one who was a thousand times more a miller than the gentleman from Missouri (Mr. Hatch) was a farmer."

#### The Wool Schedule.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—In the senate yesterday Mr. Stewart secured unanimous consent for the passage of his bill to amend the chapter of the revised statutes relating to mineral lands and mining resources. When the tariff bill was laid before the senate Mr. Dolph took the floor and resumed the speech for free wool. Mr. Peffer offered some modifications to his proposed amendment for a duty on raw wool. Where the McKinley bill levies a duty on first-class wool of 11 cents, he proposed a duty of 5 cents; the McKinley rate of 12 cents on second-class wool he proposed to change to 6 cents; wool of third-class, worth 12 cents or less, is to pay 15 per cent duty ad valorem, and worth over 15 cents is to pay 25 per cent, bearing in place of the McKinley rates of 33 per cent and 50 per cent. Mr. Teller offered as a substitute for Mr. Peffer's amendment the McKinley classification and rates, 11 cents on first class wool; 12 cents on second class; 33 per cent on third class wool, valued at 13 cents per pound or less, and 50 per cent on third class wool valued at over 13 cents. The substitute was defeated by a strict party vote—27 to 37. Messrs. Allen, Kyle and Peffer, Populists, voting with the Democrats against it, and Mr. Stewart of Nevada in favor of it. Mr. Powers, Republican, of Montana offered another substitute, fixing rates at 7 and 8 cents respectively on first and second class wools and 25 and 35 per cent ad valorem on third class wool. It was defeated—29 to 37. The vote then recurred on Mr. Peffer's amendment, which reduced the McKinley rates to an average of about 50 per cent. The three Populists changed front on this amendment and voted with the republicans in favor of it, but the Democratic lines were unbroken, and the amendment was lost—33 to 35. Mr. Hill refrained from voting. Mr. Irbly was paired against the amendment. Mr. Peffer then offered an amendment to place all articles of manufacture composed wholly or in part of wool, hair of the goat, camel or alpaca on the free list. After some discussion of this amendment, at 6 o'clock, on Mr. Cockrell's motion, the bill providing for the government printing office was passed, and then, at 6:10, the senate went into exclusive session, and ten minutes later adjourned.

#### Tariff Progress.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—The senate after the routine morning business yesterday entered on the twelfth week of the debate. The temperature was sweltering, the thermometer standing 81 deg. in the chamber. Some private bills were passed, and while the senate was discussing a bill which had been introduced by Mr. Peffer and favorably reported by committee on agriculture to pay \$2500 for an invention that would utilize electricity or gas as a motor for agricultural machinery the tariff bill came up. Mr. Harris, however, allowed the passage of a joint resolution directing the secretary of war to appoint a committee of engineers to examine and report upon the cost of deepening the harbors of Superior and Duluth. The tariff bill was then laid before the senate, and better progress made than any day so far.

#### Passed at Last.

WASHINGTON, June 18.—The Indian appropriation bill was passed by the house Saturday substantially as it was reported from the committee. A determined effort was made to kill the bill by a motion to recommit with instructions to strike out the provisions for contract schools and to provide for the erection of government Indian schools, but it was unsuccessful.

#### A Canal Boat Issue.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—Such smooth sailing marked the first meeting yesterday of the sub-committee of the house committee on commerce, appointed to frame a Nicaragua canal plan, that members feel justified in predicting that the measure will be prepared within a week. Several

points were agreed on. Although Representative Bryan's scheme for a currency issue to construct the canal found some favor, it was definitely abandoned, and Senator Morgan's plan will furnish the foundation for the bill, which provides for the usual method of raising funds by means of a bond issue. It was practically decided that the government's share of the bonds shall be \$70,000,000. The proportionate shares of the governments of Nicaragua and Costa Rica, or the amount to be issued to the maritime company, was not discussed. The members agreed to insert in the bill a proviso that the canal company must, at some early date (probably Jan. 1, 1895) satisfy the secretary of the treasury that all outstanding debts or contracts have been canceled and satisfied; that the affairs of the maritime company's auxiliary, the contract company, have been settled, and that the company has gone out of existence. The government will guarantee the funds with which to settle the affairs of the present company, but the matter must be arranged so that the government will find no complications on its hands, and this will be made the first condition of government control.

#### They Talked Wool.

WASHINGTON, June 18.—When the Tariff bill was laid before the senate on Saturday, the vote was immediately taken on the pending amendment of Mr. Peffer, to transfer all manufactures composed wholly of or in part of wool in the free list. It was defeated by a vote of 3 to 46. The three Populists, Allen, Kyle and Peffer voted in favor of it. Mr. Hansbrough announced that he would have voted "yea" had he not been paired. The senate then plunged into the actual consideration of the woolen schedule. The first paragraph (287) placing a duty of 15 per cent on wool and hair in the form of stubbing waste, mungo shoddy, corder waste, carbonized noils and wool in the form of roving roping or tops, in the following paragraph dutiable at 15 per cent. Mr. Vest explained that the finance committee had been moved to place a duty on shoddy and waste in order to exclude them from the country, to the end that the manufacture of shoddy, so prevalent in this country, might to a certain extent, cease. One of the purposes of placing wool on the free list was to discourage the manufacture of shoddy. Under the McKinley act the manufacture of shoddy, Mr. Vest said, had doubled. Last year it had reached \$90,000,000. Mr. Aldrich contended that there was nothing illegitimate in the manufacture of shoddy. The reduction in duty on shoddy (from 30 cents per pound to 15 per cent ad valorem) proposed in this bill, Mr. Aldrich said, would stimulate rather than discourage the production of shoddy goods. Mr. Quay took the floor and proceeded to deliver the tenth installment of his speech begun on April 15. This installment of Mr. Quay's speech proved to be the last, and at 1:30, after speaking two hours he announced that he had concluded. A vote was then taken on the finance committee amendment to strike out paragraph 278, and it was carried.

#### Are Moving Slowly.

WASHINGTON, June 14.—Among the bills received in the house yesterday from the senate was one for the relief of Wetmore & Bro., which on motion of Mr. Cobb, Democrat, of Missouri passed immediately. Mr. Breckinridge, Democrat, of Arkansas secured the passage of the senate bill to grant the use of certain lands in the Hot Springs reservation to the Barry hospital. A bill to disprove the treaty made with the southern Indians for their removal to the territory of Utah and providing for settling them on lands under the severalty act was passed. At 12:40 p. m. the Indian appropriation bill was taken up. Delegate Flynn of Oklahoma obtained the adoption of an amendment waiving the restrictions to the sale of lands owned in severalty by Indians over 21 years of age, so far as applies to the citizen band of Potawatomies, except when such Indians are residents of Oklahoma. An amendment was offered by Mr. Holman increasing the appropriation for the support and civilization of the Apaches, Kiowas, Comanches, Wichitas and affiliated tribes on reservations, from \$90,000 to \$100,000. Adopted. Mr. Cannon (Rep.) of Illinois offered another amendment increasing the appropriation for the Shoshone Indians in Wyoming from \$10,000 to \$15,000, which was agreed to and the house adjourned.

#### Holman on Indian Appropriation.

WASHINGTON, June 15.—At yesterday's session of the house a bitter personal attack was made on Mr. Holman by Mr. Johnson of Indiana, who alluded to the influences which had operated to have Mr. Sayers appointed chairman of the committee on appropriations over the heads of the older members of the committee and had resulted in the latter getting control of but one appropriation bill instead of all. He asserted that the habit of this "small and penurious man" (Mr. Holman) of "juggling" with the Indian appropriation bill would soon result in the extermination of the Indian, which purpose, he believed, was at the bottom of his assignment to the chairmanship of the committee on Indian affairs. A long debate was precipitated on an amendment by Mr. Johnson (Rep.) of Indiana raising the salary of the superintendent of Indian schools from \$2500 to \$3000, the figure at which it is fixed in the current appropriation bill. The amendment was finally defeated.

## THE PLAGUE IN CHINA

### HUNDREDS ARE DYING IN THE CELESTIAL EMPIRE.

Every Effort is Being Made at Hong Kong to Stop Its Ravages—A Cloudburst in Kansas Spills Seven Feet of Water, Doing Great Damage.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., June 19.—The steamer Belgic arrived yesterday with more complete details of the black plague now at Hong Kong. When the vessel cleared the scare over the result of the first disclosures of the epidemic's progress had subsided considerably and it was vainly hoped that the disease would soon be stamped out. The mortality statistics, however, revealed the terrible character of the disease. Despite the operations of the sanitary staff and the police, assisted by the army and medical staff and soldiers from the shapshire regiment, about 500 new cases had been reported within a week and there had been 400 deaths. To cap the climax the outbreak of smallpox was dreaded. For a day or two the people thought the epidemic was losing its virulence. Another favorable indication appeared to be the co-operation of the Chinese, who were said to be assisting in the detection of cases and the removal of patients to the hospitals. The rate of mortality dropped temporarily and the sanitary authorities gained encouragement, and while the rainwater washed out some public and house drains, disinfectants were scattered about and infected houses were cleaned and white-washed.

#### A Whaler Wrecked.

NANAIWO, B. C., June 18.—The steamer Williamette has arrived here from Dutch harbor. She brings a meagre report of the loss of the American whaler James Allen, which was wrecked off Atka island, 200 miles west of Alaska, May 11. The steamer Dora picked two of the crew up on Bonen island June 7. The men were in a starving condition, their only food being salt meat. The Allen ran on a rock and sank almost immediately. The captain and the first mate were lost. The rest of the crew, who were left in one of the boats, are missing. The United States patrol is out searching for them. The vessel belonged to San Francisco. The captain's name is not known. He was drowned with the first mate in his cabin. The second mate is among the missing men. The Allen had on board at the time of the wreck a \$5,000 cargo for whalers up north.

#### A Bold Gang.

CHOCTAW, I. T., June 16.—Sid Johnson, one of McAlester's deputies, was in town yesterday and reports that a band of outlaws, fifteen in number, are camped six miles from Okmulgee. They have 150 head of beef cattle, belonging to Capt. Stevens of Muscogee. They have been asked by two deputies to give up the cattle, but they refuse and say they would like to have all of McAlester's deputies come after them, so they would have something to interest them. Johnson says the deputies are going, some thirty in number, and that he expects a bloody battle.

#### Suicided in New York.

NEW YORK, June 18.—A well dressed young man who came yesterday afternoon to Smith & McNeil's hotel, registering as S. J. Otley of Augusta, Ga., committed suicide last night by shooting himself through the heart. In the room were found some bits of paper and the police put them together sufficiently to find that they referred to some case in the courts at Charleston, S. C. The connection of the suicide with the case was not learned.

#### Cloudburst in Kansas.

WICHITA, Kan., June 19.—A cloudburst occurred in the southern part of the county yesterday afternoon that was terrific, but owing to the wires being all down no details can be secured from there. It is related that seven feet of water was on the streets of Mulane at one time. The big Arkansas bridge at Derby was swept away by the sudden rush of water. The supposition is that alarming damages have been done.

#### A Fatal Accident.

PATTERSON, N. J., June 19.—The Deckerton express on the New York, Susquehanna and Western railway dashed into an electric car yesterday while running thirty-five miles an hour. Three passengers were, it is said, fatally and five seriously injured. The police say the gates of the crossing were up. A switch filled with box cars obstructed a view of the track on which the express train was approaching.

#### Pumphouse Blown Up.

GREENSBURG, Pa., June 15.—The pumphouse at the Alverton coke plant of McClue & Co., was blown up with dynamite shortly after midnight last night. The building was completely wrecked. Strikers are held responsible for the outrage.

#### They Are Disbanding.

JULESBURG, Col., June 19.—Fifty Coxeyites, all that remain of the army of 1300 which left Denver two weeks ago for Washington, started down the Platte river yesterday. Gen. Carter said he intended to return to Salt Lake at once.

#### The Wiman Trial.

NEW YORK, June 14.—Evidence for the prosecution in the case of Erasmus Wiman, accused of forgery in the second degree, was all in when the court of oyer and terminer took its

noon recess. The witnesses examined yesterday were in the main to corroborate the evidence submitted Wednesday, and no new points of consequence were scored. Mr. Boardman delivered his opening address for the defense, after which Gen. Tracey called the defendant to the stand. Mr. Wiman told of his connection with the firm from 1866. During his time as manager of the agency the firm's profits increased from nothing at first to \$50,000, and then to \$100,000, to \$250,000 and by successive jumps to half a million, which in round numbers was the net profit of the agency when he was dropped out of it. Speaking to Mr. Dun of his overdrafts, witness had told him that he then owned at least \$300,000 worth of real estate on Staten Island at that time, and that he regarded that as a trust held by him against any money he might owe to R. G. Dun & Co. "I will add that at that time I owned more real estate within ten miles of New York city than any other man."

#### Board of Trade War.

CHICAGO, June 16.—The Chicago board of trade as a business association, will soon have the liveliest kind of a competitor. It was so decided at a special meeting of the Elevator association yesterday. For the first time since 700 members of the big exchange decided two weeks ago that the public warehouse men must quit dealing in grain or be declared "irregular" the latter have outlined definitely what they propose to do. This, in brief, is to form an entirely new organization, to be known as the Chicago corn exchange. Where grain is stored in their elevators warehouse receipts will be issued, recognized and traded in. To this end they announce that they have leased a plot of ground directly across the street from the present exchange and will take immediate steps to erect a building large enough to accommodate the membership in the new organization, which is limited to 1000.

#### Don't Believe It.

GUTHRIE, O. T., June 14.—A prominent officer who has just returned from Ardmore states that while the man killed there bears a strong resemblance to Bill Dalton he does not believe it was him. The dead man is undoubtedly the man who shot a deputy at Violet Springs several months ago and was then mistaken for Bill Dalton. Bill Dalton would never have gone into the Longview bank robbery without his right hand man. The identification of the remains by Dalton's family and relatives is believed to be a ruse to make the officers all believe that Bill is dead so he can retire from the outlaw business and live unmolested. The officer claims to have some important testimony to back him up in his theory, which he will make public in a few days.

#### A Quadruple Murder.

CAMDEN, N. J., June 15.—At Cramer Hill, a small village in the outskirts of Camden, some time early yesterday morning, Johanna Coffman was from his bed and with some sharp instrument, probably a razor, cut the throats of his wife and three children. Then washing the blood from his person, he dressed himself neatly and committed suicide by hanging. Late in the afternoon the five dead bodies were found. The family consisted of the father and mother, a baby girl about 1 month old, and boy twins. Coffman was very poor and his failure to secure a permanent position and consequent suffering for the actual necessities of life probably caused insanity. He was about 50 years of age, but his wife was not over 22.

#### Removing Intruders.

SOUTH McALESTER, I. T., June 18.—The United States troops are putting out of the nation all intruders and people who have no occupation or have refused to take out permits. It is estimated that at least fifty prominent people of this town who have been classed as intruders, will be transported to the Arkansas line and warned not to return under severe penalty. Several hundred intruders from various parts of the nation have been ordered to show cause why they should not be removed as intruders. Intense excitement among new citizens is being manifested relative to the intruder question.

#### Duke's Explanation.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., June 15.—Regarding the story sent from Lexington on Wednesday Gen. Basil Duke says it is true he had tacitly urged Major McDowell to make the race for congress in the Ashland district should Col. Breckinridge be renominated. He told Major McDowell he ought not to run as a Republican, but as a non-partisan. The major took the same view of the matter, adding he had become partly reconciled to the plan of making the race as the representative of those who believe Col. Breckinridge's own confession should debar his re-election.

#### Hunger Prompts Murder.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., June 15.—The bodies of three people found near Borden, Ind., yesterday prove to be those of George Brock, aged 45, his wife, about the same age, and their son, William, aged 7. Brock had become desperate from poverty and hunger brought on by enforced idleness and killed his wife, child and himself.

#### A Lawyer Killed.

HOLTON, Kan., June 15.—Charles B. Hamble, a prominent lawyer here was shot and instantly killed on the street yesterday evening by Clinton Osborne, a saddler. Osborne accused Hamble of betraying his daughter.



# ALL OVER THE WORLD

## HAPPENINGS OF GENERAL INTEREST TO ALL.

**A Comprehensive Epitome of Serious and Sensational Settings Condensed from all the Leading Dailies for the Past Week.**

Erastus Wiman of New York city has been found guilty of forgery in the second degree. The maximum penalty for the offense is ten years at hard labor in the state prison. Under the recent laws passed by the legislature the minimum penalty has been abolished and Mr. Wiman may be sentenced to a term of imprisonment from one to ten years. The jury recommended him to the mercy of the court. He was sent to the toms.

On July 8, 150,000 acres of land in Choteau county, Mont., will be thrown open for filing. The land is located west of the Fort Belknap military reservation, near the Bear Paws, and is a great stock country. For the first sixty days after the land is open for filing the state has the call, but after that time the public can step in. Of course settlers on the land before the plats were filed come in ahead of every one, including the state.

George Appo, a green goods man, was before the Lexo investigation committee at New York a few days since. He testified that the green goods business is carried on with the full knowledge and protection of the New York police, and that there is a man in the postoffice who looks after green goods mail. He refused, however, to give the names of any of the police officers in the pay of the green goods people.

A profound sensation has been created in government and social circles at the City of Mexico by the secretary of the treasury preferring charges against fifty prominent officials of his department. The charges are of a criminal nature, it being alleged the employes wilfully destroyed certain documents belonging to the department with a view of concealing a serious offense.

Seventeen hundred Chinese have died of the plague at Hong Kong, China, since its outbreak, May 11. Despite previous reports to the contrary, the European population, up to the present, has not been attacked by the disease. Stringent precautionary measures are the cause of their immunity from sickness. The plague is now disappearing in some localities.

A few days ago near Blackshear, Pierce county, Ga., a negro finding a Miss Herring out walking alone knocked her down, raped and left her for dead. She recovered and gave the alarm. White and black turned out, found and arrested him. He confessed. They hung him awhile then took him down and skinned him alive. He lived six hours.

John Sailor, his daughter, three sons and three hired men, living near Ottumwa, Ia., were recently poisoned by drinking a quantity of buttermilk, which contained a vegetable poison. Investigation traced the poison in the milk to a pool of foul water where the cattle had been accustomed to drink. All are in a serious condition.

While digging a trench at Johnstown, Pa., recently, through a cellar that had been excavated and then filled up by the flood of 1889, workmen unearthed a parlor car that was lost from the ill-fated day express at Conemaugh. It is believed that further search will unearth the bodies of the persons lost on the train.

The Anchor line steamer Ethiopia, Capt. Wilson, which left New York June 2 for Glasgow, passed Tory island, northwest of Ireland, a few days since with her bow badly stove in. The steamer had been in collision with icebergs. Her water-tight bulkheads saved her from sinking. All on board were well.

J. S. Coxe and Carl Browne of the commonwealth movement were granted a hearing by the senate committee on education and labor a few days ago in advocacy of their "good roads" bill. They urged the passage of the bill on the ground that if passed it would provide work for the idle men of the country.

The house committee on banking and currency has selected five members to prepare a currency and banking measure to be reported June 25, viz: Messrs. Cox of Tennessee, Cobb of Missouri and Culberson of Texas, Democrats; Henderson of Illinois and Haugen of Wisconsin, Republicans.

The Coxe bill for good roads and non-interest bearing bonds, which Senator Peffer introduced in the senate, has been introduced in the house by Representative Geary of California. It was done by request, and does not signify that Mr. Geary entertains the Coxe theories.

Senator Blackburn, from the committee on appropriations, has reported the postoffice appropriations bill. It carried \$87,236,599, which is \$4000 less than the house bill, \$3,162,885 less than the estimates and \$2,808,851 less than the estimated postal revenues.

Terrible explosions occurred in Franziska and Johannes mines at Karwin, Austrian Silesia, a few days ago. Full details are not yet received, but it is believed 200 miners were killed. A rescue party which descended into the mines was also killed.

Prendergast, the murderer of Mayor Harrison, will soon be brought before Judge Payne and a date will be set for his trial for insanity. The attorneys have agreed to let it go over until November 12.

# It is reported from Tangier that the chief princes of Morocco, who are likely to cause trouble to the new regime, have been removed from their commands in the army. Some of them have been sent to distant provinces while others have been imprisoned.

A Chinese asked to be registered at Yuma, Ariz., the other day under the name of Charlie Allen. The officer refused because it was not a Chinese name. The Chinaman explained that he got the name by marrying a white woman.

Near Marinette, Wis., recently the family of Isaac Brazeau ate poisoned lettuce for dinner. Six members were prostrated a few hours afterward and physicians worked on them for four hours, when they were pronounced out of danger.

The senate committee on education and labor has unanimously decided to favorably report the bill providing an appropriation of \$200,000 for a government exhibit at the proposed cotton exposition to be held at Atlanta, Ga.

The report that Nellie Grant Sartoris was engaged to General Henry K. Douglas of Maryland is denied by the family. Mrs. Sartoris is now in New York with her mother at the home of Colonel Fred Grant.

Isaac Hanks has been found guilty of causing the death of his wife at Rutland, Vt., by denying her sufficient food. He was fined \$1000. He is a man of miserly habits, and is said to be worth \$70,000.

Nashua, N. H., has a resident named Hiram Goodpadding. His father's name was Constitution Goodpadding, and he lived to the age of 89 without even having been more than thirty miles from home.

Suicides are said to have become so alarmingly frequent in Denmark that it is proposed to check the desire for self-destruction by a law which will give the bodies of suicides to the dissecting rooms.

At Rochester, N. Y., recently Eddie, aged 5, and Nellie, aged 11, children of William Buick, a farmer, were killed by a Lehigh Valley train at Chapel crossing. No one witnessed the accident.

In the national house of representatives a bill setting aside \$100,000 from estates of colored soldiers to provide a home for infirm negroes was passed. Fire in the basement of a six-story building at Duane and Elm streets, New York, recently caused a loss probably exceeding \$6,000,000.

The senate has passed to engrossment the Bell telephone bill, allowing the company to increase its capital stock to \$50,000,000.

A whole family were poisoned recently at Jeffersonville, Ind., through eating tainted meat. All are in a precarious condition.

Mrs. Hadley and two daughters were drowned recently while attempting to cross the Saline river near Plainsville, Kan.

Fearing his raft would be demolished, Gustave Lasson of West Superior, Wis., leaped into the river and was drowned.

George A. Ferrell of Eufaula, Ala., accidentally killed himself recently. He was cleaning a gun and it was discharged.

Strawberries are so plentiful in the Boise, Idaho, market that dealers expect the price to drop to 5 cents a quart soon.

Canada has apologized for drunken soldiers tearing down the stars and stripes at St. Thomas, and will punish them.

Attorney General Olney has denied the request of Judge Allen that he send troops to Illinois to suppress strikes.

Figures submitted to congress by the director of the mint show an increase in the output of gold and silver.

A Newport, R. I., telegram says that George Peabody Wetmore has been elected United States senator.

From twenty-five to thirty cars of tin are being loaded daily at Medicine Bow, Wyo., on the Union Pacific.

United States marshals have arrested the Coxeites who seized upon Union Pacific trains in Colorado.

The police force of Pekin, China, is composed of 15,000 men, yet there is said to be gambling in that city.

An earthquake at Nacimiento, Spain, recently destroyed a number of buildings and killed several people.

President Diaz of Mexico says that he will fire all government employes who do not pay their debts.

People in New York city, Chicago and St. Louis have begun to complain of excessive heat.

President Cleveland has quit Washington for rest and recuperation from his recent illness.

Two boys named Davis and Linsbury were drowned at Chaffe, N. Y., a few days ago.

The Bank of England recently received in one day £81,000 of gold, about \$405,000.

The general offices of the American Railway union will be moved to Kansas City, Mo.

Lord Coleridge, chief justice of England, died a few days since in London.

Eight prisoners have been sentenced to hang at Birmingham, Ala., next month.

According to reports Bill Dalton was killed thirteen times last year.

Meridian, Miss., has a young man's business league.

Farmers are still sowing rice at Lake Arthur, La.

# MANGLED BY A TRAIN.

## L. RUSSELL CRUSHED TO PIECES AT GREENVILLE.

**Colored Farmers Fight With Hoes in Washington County—Frank Hartman Dropped Dead at His Work—Charles Ereolete Receives a Fatal Kick.**

GREENVILLE, Tex., June 19.—At 11 o'clock last night L. Russell, an employe of the water company, was horribly mangled in the Katy yards by a switch engine. Russell is supposed to have fallen asleep between two box cars. The first the crew were aware of his presence was by his loud hallowing. He was extricated from between the wheels with both legs mashed into pulp above the knee joint. The physicians are of the opinion he cannot live. His wife, who is visiting in Houston, has been telegraphed for and will arrive to-day.

### Killing Near Waco.

BRENSHAM, Tex., June 18.—Deputy Sheriff Cliff Torrence of Waco arrived here yesterday and returns home today with Jim Curry, the negro who surrendered to Sheriff Teague Saturday, stating that he had killed a negro in McLennan county. The dead man was Mac Jones. Curry claims to have killed him in self-defense and that Jones first shot him. This story was corroborated by his wife and her sister, who were witnesses to the tragedy, but Friday when the inquest was concluded the women broke down and denied the truth of their first statement. They now say that Jones was unarmed when Curry shot him to death with a shotgun. Mr. Torrence says that nothing has been heard of him until he turned up in Brenham.

### She Backed Out.

SHERMAN, Tex., June 14.—A young man on his way to the clerk's office to apply for license to marry his stepmother was stopped by remonstrating relatives. He finally agreed to delay the matter if they would go to the young widow and make their objections in her presence. They went and she proceeded to read the young man, her stepson and husband that was to be, a lecture on his weakness in being influenced from his purpose for even a short while. With this she dismissed him from her presence and forbade him ever speaking to her again. She then proceeded to entertain her very recent opponents as friends who had averted what she termed a sad fate. The parties have lived in and near Sherman for some time.

### Farmers Fight With Hoes.

ALLEN FARM, Tex., June 19.—Jim Williams and Will Hewitt, both negroes, became involved in a quarrel, hoes being the weapons used. They both procured one and went to work. Williams was struck above the eye and felled to the ground. Afterward he received a serious if not fatal blow on the back of the head. Williams is not dead, but it is thought there is no chance for his recovery.

### Found Dead.

EAGLE PASS, Tex., June 18.—Carl Presse, a German laborer employed as rook in the bridge gang which has been at work here for the past two weeks, was found dead in the bayou bottom east of the depot yesterday morning. There was a bullet hole at the base of the brain, and his pistol was found with two barrels empty by his side.

### A Fatal Kick.

DALLAS, Tex., June 19.—Charles Ereolete, better known as "Dutch Charley," a blacksmith, while shoeing a mule yesterday afternoon was kicked on the head by the animal and died last night from the effects of the injury. He was single, boarded at the house of Ferd Ganzer and has relatives in Austin.

### Fell Dead While at Work.

GALVESTON, Tex., June 19.—Frank Hartman, longshoreman, dropped dead yesterday morning at 8:30 o'clock. Hartman was shoveling coal in the schooner Rebecca Goddard at pier 33 and dropped dead at his work. Heart failure was the cause of his death.

### Attempted Blackmail.

HOUSTON, Tex., June 16.—Jack Wilson was arrested here yesterday on the charge of attempting to blackmail. Yesterday afternoon the bond of Wilson was fixed at \$500, in default of which he was locked up. His preliminary hearing will take place Monday.

### Dropped Dead.

RICHARDSON, Tex., June 19.—William Firkle of this place dropped dead in his blacksmith shop here yesterday morning at 10 o'clock with heart disease. He said: "I feel sick; my breast hurts," and he fell over on his work bench.

### Young Lady Shot.

KOONTZE, Tex., June 18.—Miss Pauline Cottier at Nona Mills was accidentally shot Saturday evening by a young man who was fooling with a pistol. The ball took effect in her side.

### Dropped Dead.

MCKINNEY, Tex., June 13.—A Mexican named "Caesar" dropped dead Monday night as he was retiring. He was about 40 years of age and had been in McKinney a number of years as a hot mangle vender.

### A Lady Outraged.

BONHAM, Tex., June 15.—Tuesday evening near Windom, in this Fannin

county, Miss Mittie Jones, about 21 years of age, was criminally assaulted by two white men. The Jones family live in a secluded place and the house is surrounded by a dense grove and thick undergrowth. Mr. Jones is a farmer and has a large family, among them several grown daughters. The girls and boys work in the field. Miss Mittie, being in bad health, did not go to the field with the family, but remained at home. She spent her leisure hours out in the grove near the house, reading. She was sitting under the trees when some one caught her by the shoulders and head. At first she thought it one of her sisters, and, throwing her head back, was horrified to see two grown men standing behind her. Each had a half mask over his face and before she could scream one of the men crammed a handkerchief in her mouth, picked her up in his arms and carried her almost 200 yards into the thicket and while one held her the other assaulted her, both accomplishing their designs. They cursed her and told her that if she told on them they would kill her. About this time a sister of the girl appeared in sight and, hearing a noise in the thicket, began calling for the dogs and her sister's assailants fled. Sheriff Chaney was telegraphed for. He went to the scene of the outrage and found that a struggle had taken place. He found the tracks of two men. He endeavored to trace them, but owing to the thicket he could not follow the trail, which was lost a short distance from the place of the outrage. The search for them is still progressing.

### A Very Mad Woman.

GEORGETOWN, June 16.—Dr. F. T. Cook of Taylor, who is plaintiff in a suit for the recovery of a few acres of land claimed by a Bohemian woman, was present at the trial of the case in the county court yesterday, as was also the woman. He left the court room and started down stairs. About half way down he glanced behind him and then cleared the remaining steps at one bound. The woman had followed him and was dangerously near with a long knife raised. She was seized by the officers and disarmed. This is the second attempt on the doctor's life. During the January term of the district court she made a knife play under about the same circumstances. The records of the district court show an old suit still pending, brought by the woman against Dr. Cook for \$10,000 damages. She will be tried on a charge of aggravated assault. In the meantime she is out on a \$100 bond.

### Broke a Show Window.

WEATHERFORD, Tex., June 16.—Yesterday morning at half past 5 o'clock some one broke one of the large plate glass windows in front of Butts Bro's store, on the north side of the public square, and took from the window about \$15 worth of goods. The robber was frightened away by Mr. Harrell coming down from the second story of the building, having heard the noise. The glass was broken with a rock.

### Killed Instantly.

DALLAS, Tex., June 16.—Yesterday at the corner of Bryan street and Garrett avenue a fine horse belonging to Mr. W. H. H. Braley stepped on a fallen wire highly charged with electricity and dropped dead. The wire had been used to a guy post which supported a trolley wire, and it became charged from imperfect insulation. It may be that other guy wires are similarly charged.

### Horned Rabbit.

DODGE, Tex., June 18.—Mr. Tom Webb, while out at his farm about one mile west of this place, shot and killed a horned rabbit. It had two complete horns, resembling those of a goat. The horns measured full two inches long and came out of the head between the ears and eyes. Mr. Webb amputated the left foot of this rabbit for good luck.

### Frightened to Death.

WYLLIE, Tex., June 18.—Mrs. J. R. Flanagan, who lives a half mile north of Wyllie, while visiting near Plano Saturday evening got scared at a runaway team that was hitched to a thrasher. She was thrown into convulsions, bursting a blood vessel in her brain from the effects of which she died in a few hours. Mrs. Flanagan was in delicate health.

### Extradition Trials.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., June 14.—The extradition case against Inez Ruiz, an alleged Garzaite, was completed yesterday and the testimony sent to the state department at Washington. The extradition trial of Casus Guerra, who is also wanted by the Mexican government for the same offense, is set for to-morrow.

### Shot Accidentally.

CHILDRESS, Tex., June 14.—Yesterday morning while out hunting with two friends from Indiana, Judge A. J. Fires was accidentally shot through the flesh of the left thigh, the ball chipping the bone. The ball was a .41-caliber. The doctor cannot say yet how serious the wound is, but thinks it is not dangerous.

### Jailed.

DALLAS, Tex., June 15.—Deputy United States Marshal John D. Kenny yesterday brought from Gordon and jailed Ham Stuart, Jim Stuart, Nelson Dullivan and Ed Dullivan, charged with having in their possession counterfeit molds.

### Killed on the Track.

MARSHALL, Tex., June 16.—Henry Johnson, colored, employed in the Texas and Pacific round house, was run over by an engine and instantly killed yesterday morning. Johnson was asleep on the track.

# FLESH-REDUCING

## Has Become a Craze With the Corpulent in England.

The hygienic craze has permeated society to quite an incredible extent. It has become almost a point of honor with us all to be slim, says the London World. I have thought the whole matter out, and, having watched the various patients of the two great doctors who have made competence their special study, I have come to the conclusion that you must in this case, as in all others, make your choice between two evils. It is a question now of face or figure. That the very stoutest people can decrease their size by following strict dietetic rules cannot be doubted, since a duke has lost 17 inches of girth and a lady lost two or three stones in weight in two or three months, out I am sure of one thing.

I am sure it ages the patient, and I would recommend any lady of middle age and fair proportions to leave the cure alone. It is only young people just beginning to grow stout who really benefit by it. If the stretched skin is no longer filled out it must fall into a wrinkle, and these are distressingly ugly. Shall I give you the diet, which nearly everybody has tried, or is trying now, and which both the great doctors recommend, with variations? Here it is, copied from a diet card:

11—8 p. m.—Six three-quarters of a pint of hot water.

12:30—Two cups of tea with nothing in it, unless saccharin; one ounce of dry toast, eight ounces of lean meat or fish.

1—11—Six a tumbler of hot water.

1:30—Ten ounces of lean meat or fowl or game, six ounces of stewed fruit.

4:30—Tea as at breakfast, and one or two special biscuits.

8 p. m.—Four ounces boiled fish, four to six ounces lean meat, six ounces stewed fruit.

And you may have brandy or whisky and soda when you go to bed. At lunch or dinner you may have any vegetables that grow above ground—not roots; and you may drink brandy or whisky or dry Moselle, as advised. One doctor recommends particular Moselle; one doctor recommends a particular biscuit; and if one doctor is more fashionable because he numbers royalties among his patrons the other charges four instead of twenty-five guineas. Both allow you to drink at meal times, which is something of a concession. I have heard many people say that not to drink at meal times is in itself a cure for stoutness. Several people, among them a very pretty, smart woman (she is a well-known countess), rave about the lady doctor in Grosvenor street, and declare that their faces as well as their figures have been improved by a system of electrical massage. Everybody recommends exercise, and it is wonderful to see how many people do walk nowadays.

### LEFT IN CHARGE.

#### The Boy Was Satisfied That the Child Would Grow Up to Be a Bruiser.

A woman left a baby carriage and a sleeping child outside of a store on Grand River avenue the other day while she went in to make a purchase says the Detroit Free Press. On coming out she walked off up the avenue, forgetting all about the child, and it was twenty minutes before she came running back to find a ragged urchin in full charge.

"My blessed baby!" gasped the woman as she sprang forward.

"Yes'm," replied the boy. "Party cute young'un, he is. Me'n him's bin gittin' along together like two brothers."

"Why, bless his heart, he's wide awake."

"Yes'm—been awake for ten minutes. When he woke up he sniveled a leetle, but I yelled at him and he shot up. I pertended I was goin' to put a head on him, but of course I wouldn't punch a kid like him."

"Dear me, but how absent-minded I was!" exclaimed the woman.

"Yes you was," replied the boy, but wimmin is most all that way. Say! this kid is goin' to be purty sassy when he grows up."

"Why, what do you mean?"

"He stuck up his nose at me, and when I put my fist down and told him to smell of it and go to the hospital for three months he just said: 'Humph!' and stuck it up higher 'n ever. Yes, he's goin' to make a fighter, he is."

"Well, you can run along," said the woman as she handed him a nickel.

"Thanky' ma'am. I see a kid in a keerdige on the next block below, and I'll go down and make up faces and square off at him and see if he's got any sand. Your kid is O. K.—bound to lick Corbett if nothin' don't stop him from growin' upwards."

### Diamonds in the United States.

Diamonds occur in the United States in two regions. One extending along the southern base of the Allegheny mountains from Virginia to Georgia; the other on the western side of the Sierra Nevada and Cascade ranges in Northern California and Southern Oregon. The mineralogical condition in these two remote regions are very similar, and the discoveries made in them are very much alike. The formation in the diamond bearing localities of the United States are very like those of Brazil and India, and very unlike those of South Africa, where the great diamond fields of the world lie.

### Lightning-Flash Out of a Clear Sky

Wearry Senator—Well, I'm glad my work on the tariff is ended.

His Wife—My dear, I wish you would look over this grocer's bill—it's outrageous!—Truth.

# The Terrors of Paralysis

## Overcome at Last by the Advance of Medical Science.

### The Testimony of a Man Who Was Half Dead for Four Years—To-Day as Well and Strong as Ever.

(From the Oswego N. Y. Palladium.)

No citizen of this village is better known or more highly respected than Theodore J. Wheeler, who has lived here for nearly half a century. Five years ago he was stricken with paralysis and was in its worst form. The physicians said that he would surely die. But Mr. Wheeler did not die, and it is to tell the readers of the Palladium about his almost miraculous recovery that a reporter called upon him.

Despite his sixty-five years of age, and the intense mental and bodily afflictions, he has been obliged to endure for nearly five years, Mr. Wheeler is still a fine looking man. He answered the reporter's ring at the door bell in person, and invited him into his cozy sitting room, where he told the following story:

"It was on the morning of Nov. 27, 1888, that I was stricken down. I attempted to get up in the morning as usual, when I found that I could not use my limbs or feet. At first I thought they were asleep and rubbed them briskly with my hands for several minutes, but without result. Finally I got back into bed and sent for Dr. S. M. Bennett of this village. He informed me that I had suffered what is commonly called a 'stroke of paralysis.' I could not believe it at first, but the numbness continued to spread, accompanied by a prickling sensation, until the entire lower half of my body, as well as my legs, was affected. My bowels and kidneys refused to perform their functions, and I was only relieved by mechanical process. I was not satisfied with Dr. Bennett's diagnosis, and sent for Dr. Low of Pulaski. He only confirmed Dr. Bennett's statement and advised me to get ready to die. For six months I lay in bed at the home of my niece, Mrs. G. A. Penfield, unable to turn over in bed, hardly, and requiring constant attention and care. Finally I grew used to my helplessness and would crawl out of bed, and getting partially dressed would drag my body about the house, using my hands like an infant when creeping, but unable to help myself in the least with my lower limbs. There was not the slightest feeling in the lower part of my body and a needle thrust into my afflicted parts would not produce the slightest pain. This went on until eight months ago. One day I read in the Palladium of a Canadian gentleman who suffered from paralysis and who had found relief in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. In the symptoms described by the sufferer I read an almost exact counterpart of my own afflictions, and I determined to give the medicine a trial. Before I could hardly hope for results I began to feel a marked improvement in my condition. First my kidneys and then my bowels began again, after a lapse of over four years, to perform their natural functions. The numbness left my body and the sense of feeling returned. This continued until the numbness had left my limbs entirely. Now I can go up to the village with one cane and in the house I go around without any. It is with the greatest pleasure that I recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to the public. I know what they have done for me and I believe they will help others similarly afflicted."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are prepared by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company of Schenectady, N. Y., and Brockville, Ontario. They contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effect of a gripe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexion, and the tired feeling resulting from nervous prostration; all diseases resulting from vitiated humors in the blood, such as scrofula, chronic erysipelas, etc. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, irregularities and all forms of weakness. They build up the blood, and restore the glow of health to pale and sallow cheeks. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork or excesses of whatever nature.

Pink Pills are sold in boxes (never in loose form, by the dozen or hundred), and the public is cautioned against numerous imitations sold in this shape at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, and may be had of all druggists or directly by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company from either address.

All authorities agree in stating that the ancient inhabitants of Ireland must have been familiar with gold and well accustomed to its use. Native gold appears in geological deposits in many parts of Ireland.

### The Highest One.

The highest mountain in the world is mount Hercules, in the island of New Guinea. It was discovered by Captain A. J. Lawson, of London, in 1881. It is 32,763 feet high, 3781 feet higher than mount Everest.

### Where?

As to where man first appeared it is beyond doubt that his earliest home was in southern Europe, or Asia, or North Africa. No earlier traces of him have been found than those found in the area that is now England, France and Spain.



**OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.**

**Judicial District No. 43.**  
 T. M. Connor, Eastland, District Judge.  
 F. S. Bell, Baird, District Attorney.

**County Officers.**  
 E. E. Solomon, County Judge.  
 I. N. Jackson, District and County Clerk.  
 J. W. Jones, Sheriff and Tax Collector.  
 T. J. Norrell, Tax Assessor.  
 W. R. McDermott, Treasurer.  
 Arthur Yonge, County Attorney.  
 M. R. Halley, County Surveyor.  
 W. C. Ashby, Inspector.  
 W. M. Coffman, Public Weigher.

**Commissioners Court.**  
 W. A. Hinds, Precinct No. 1.  
 Phillip Yost, " " 2.  
 Joe McCleskey, " " 3.  
 C. Cummins, " " 4.

**Precinct No. 1.**  
 Justin Cook, Justice of the Peace.

**City Officers.**  
 Alden Bell, Mayor.  
 Jas. J. Welch, City Marshal.

**ALDERMEN.**  
 F. S. Gage, W. C. Whitley.  
 W. A. McClary, Ed Coppins.  
 W. M. James.  
 H. J. Cook, City Secretary.

**The Star for 5ct a Month.**

We will send THE STAR to new subscribers in the county only, for three months for 15cts each, provided as many as 10 names and \$1.50 cash are sent in at one time. No subscription will be received on this proposition for a less number than 10 names and the cash must be sent in at the same time.

**WOOD WANTED.**

A few loads of dry stove wood on subscription to THE STAR, old or new subscribers. We will always take wood. Please bring us in some when convenient.

**EXCURSION RATES.**

Reduced rates for conventions and meetings are authorized as will be shown below:

State Teachers Assn. & Colored Teachers Assn. Galveston June 25 to 29, one fare for the round trip tickets on sale June 24 and 25 limited for return to 10 days from date of sale.

Meeting of the Prohibition Party at Waco Tex June 28 and 29, one fare for the round trip tickets on sale June 28 and 29, one fare for the round trip tickets on sale June 27 and 28th limited to return to June 30.

F. S. GAGE,  
 Local Agent T. & P. Ry.

**CLEAN UP.**

There being some fever among the people in the city, the authorities desire the citizens to clean up their premises generally, especially the privies, and the Health Officer of the city recommends lime being scattered around residences, which will have the tendency to prevent sickness generally. The City Marshal will report all violations of all sanitary regulations.

**WANTED.**

An active agent in each county in United States, to solicit subscriptions for the Twice-a-week Republic. A liberal commission will be paid to hustlers. Address,  
 Superintendent Circulation,  
 THE REPUBLIC,  
 St. Louis, Mo.

**Velasco.**

Go to Velasco for health, sea air, and comfort; where deep water is a fact and not a promise; where ships too deep for any other Texas port sail into the harbor with ease; where the cheap soil is the best in America for fruit growing, gardening and farming. Fast daily trains over Velasco Terminal Ry call on  
 J. A. Wilkins,  
 Hutchins House  
 Houston.

Excursions each Saturday from Houston, return Monday.

**ESTRAY NOTICES.**

Strayed by W. J. Leverett, April 30, 1894, before F. S. Ormsby, Justice of the Peace, Callahan county, Texas, one bay pony mare, 14 hands high, about 10 years old, branded J P A on left hip and thigh; 2 under bits in right ear.  
 One sorrel mare, blaze faced, both hind feet white, 14 hands high, about 5 years old, branded J P A on left hip; 2 under bits in right ear.  
 One brown mare mule, about 14 hands high, 5 years old, unbroke, branded J P A on left thigh.  
 One bay mare mule, about 13 hands high, 5 years old, unbroke, branded J P A on left thigh.  
 I. N. JACKSON,  
 County Clerk.

Reported as an estray April 28, 1894 by W. A. Hinds, Commissioner of Callahan county, one bay mare, about ten years old, branded X on right shoulder.  
 I. E.

I. N. JACKSON,  
 County Clerk.  
 Estrayed by J. T. Freeman, June 2, 1894, before F. P. Smith, Justice of the Peace, Callahan county, Texas, one blaze face, bay gelding with saddle and harness marks, about 16 hands high, nine of ten years old, branded drag B Y on left thigh. Also one blaze face, dark blue gelding, with saddle and harness marks, nearly blind, 14 1/2 hands high, about 12 or 14 years old, branded 35 with bar through top on left thigh, with some blotched brands on left shoulder and left thigh.  
 I. N. JACKSON, County Clerk.

**TOWN AND COUNTRY.**

**THE PROGRESS OF ONE BENEFICIAL TO THE OTHER.**

**Co-operative Effort of Farmer and City Dweller Will Best Conserve the Interest of Both—A Word About Kickers—The Value of a Newspaper.**

[Copyright, 1894, by American Press Association.]  
 The interests of a town or city and the community and country surrounding are identical. That which benefits one is certain to favorably affect the other. Often there is an unreasoning antagonism in the farming community against their home town. From some inexplicable reason they consider it their duty to oppose every movement that has for its object the forwarding of its interests and depreciate its importance in every conceivable manner.

Fortunately in this community all of our best and most progressive farmers and landowners have a kindly interest in the town and are as enthusiastic in wishing it success and exercising their energies to attain that end as any one who dwells within its limits. But the fact cannot be disguised that we have many individuals in our vicinity who display the same characteristics that distinguish those who have been the bane and curse of other localities.

These people only speak of their home town, community and neighbors in terms of disapproval. Their good points are kept in the background, while what they are pleased to call their faults are proclaimed from the house tops. They sell their products in a distant market and buy their supplies at the same place. They are simply barnacles on the ship of progress, and the sooner they take up their residence where they transact their business and make room for some progressive and liberal minded citizen the better it will be for the community.

The fact cannot be controverted that a town cannot increase in size and importance without at the same time making the country contiguous a better place to live. As its population increases it furnishes a better market for the farmer, his land is enhanced in value, the amount of taxable property in the town becomes greater, and a consequent decrease of the farmer's tax results. The literary, social and educational advantages and church privileges keep pace with the town's growth, and the farmer, his wife, sons and daughters enjoy them equally with other citizens.

Suppose, for instance, that our thriving center of business and trade was swept away, and in its stead we had a crossroads hamlet, with a postoffice, blacksmith shop and grocery store. Do you think that this community would be as desirable a one to live in as at present?

On the other hand, should the growth of this community continue until we had as large a population as some of the larger cities we might name, with their manufacturing industries, commercial, literary and educational institutions and all the conveniences which are in reach of those who live convenient to metropolitan centers, would not the life of a farmer be more pleasant and comfortable and his vocation more profitable, his daughters better educated and his sons given a better chance in life than as present situated?

Probably we shall never be a New York or Chicago, but by a united effort of our citizens we can build up a place of which we may feel proud and secure to the community many of the advantages that go to make life worth living in the great cities and at the same time make our callings in life more attractive and profitable. This consummation can only be secured by the co-operative effort of the entire population of the community—farmers, mechanics, merchants, laborers and professional men as well as capitalists. Each can contribute his share by assisting his neighbor with his patronage and by giving every worthy enterprise or undertaking his hearty and unqualified support and approval.

Every business and professional man in this town should have an advertisement in this paper if it is nothing greater than a two inch card. In addition to the benefit it does the advertiser in bringing his business to the attention of the public, it is a slight token of his appreciation of the benefit that a well conducted and enterprising newspaper is to a town. Further, it is a notice to the world at large that his particular line of business is represented in the place by an enterprising man and gives those seeking locations a good opinion of the business men represented. The advertising columns of the local paper are a good criterion to judge a town by.

**The Valuable Citizen.**

The citizen who is of the most value to a community, town or city is not always the man who possesses the most wealth, the highest intelligence or the most aristocratic lineage. Of course the two former will increase a man's usefulness if he will but exert them in the proper direction. But the valuable citizen par excellence is the man who believes thoroughly in his town, its people and its business and professional men. He does not make it his business to decry the honesty of his local banker or merchant or the ability of the resident lawyer or physician. But instead he is an enthusiastic advocate of all things that pertain to the welfare of his own locality. He has the interest of its schools, churches, societies and people at heart and exploits their excellence abroad. We need more of this class of citizens and have the material in our midst to construct them.

A newspaper with evidence of substantial support in its pages speaks volumes for a town. The fact that every trade seeker has an advertisement in its columns proves that the people are up with the times and favorably impresses the stranger into whose hands it chances to fall.

If you spend a dollar at home, it will return to you before many days, but if you spend it abroad it is forever lost, both to you and your community.

**FOR THE CAMPAIGN.**

THE FORT WORTH SEMI-WEEKLY GAZETTE UNTIL JANUARY 1, 1895, FOR ONLY 50 CENTS.

The Semi-Weekly Gazette is issued on Tuesday and Friday of each week. It is an eight-page paper, seven columns to the page, printed in clear type and on good paper.

It is easy to read. It is the best newspaper printed in the South without exception.

Its platform is the organized Democracy of Texas, on which the present state administration was elected.

It is for free coinage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1.

For an income tax.

For tariff reform.

For pension reform.

For a repeal of the state bank tax.

For the election of United States senators by a popular vote.

For an effective railroad commission.

For the right of the majority of the Democratic party to announce its platform.

Against the effort of a national administration elected by Democratic votes to perpetuate a Republican financial policy.

Against the control of national finances by a plutocracy of eastern wealth, no matter what political name it assumes for selfish purposes.

Against mugwumpery.

Against the maintenance of Republicans in office by a Democratic administration.

Against star chamber politics.

The coming campaign will be full of interest to the people of Texas. A United States senator, congressman, and a state ticket are to be chosen. The Semi-Weekly Gazette will give its readers all the news relating to the campaign without bias.

To the sender of a club of five under the above offer a copy of the paper will be sent free until January 1, 1895.

Remit by postal note or money order.

Send for a sample copy.

Address  
 THE SEMI-WEEKLY GAZETTE,  
 Fort Worth, Texas.

Notice by Publication of Final Account.  
 No. 118

THE STATE OF TEXAS,

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Callahan County, Greeting:—

J. M. Allen, Executor of the Estate of Russell Allen, Deceased having filed in our County Court his Final Account of the condition of the Estate of said Russell Allen together with an application to be discharged from said Executorship.

You are Hereby Commanded, that by publication of this writ for twenty days prior to the first Monday in July A. D. 1894 in a newspaper regularly published in the County of Callahan you give due notice to all persons interested in the accounts of Final Settlement of said Estate, to file their objections thereto, if any they have, on or before the July Term, 1894, of said County Court, commencing and to be held at the Court House of said County, in Baird on the first Monday in July, 1894, when said Account and Application will be considered by said Court.

WITNESS my hand and seal of office, at Baird this 5, day of June 1894.

I. N. JACKSON  
 Clk. County Court Callahan Co. Tex.

By DUDLEY FOY Deputy.  
 A True Copy, I certify.  
 J. W. JONES,  
 Sheriff Callahan County, Texas.

**IMPORTANT INFORMATION.**

The "Rock Island Route" is now running through vestibule sleeping cars between Texas and Colorado leaving Fort Worth Daily at 8:15 p. m. and arriving in Denver at 7:45 second morning. If you intend making a business or pleasure trip to Colorado this summer, call on your nearest ticket agent, or address the undersigned for folders, rates or information. It is needless to add that we still continue to run the "Flyer" to Kansas City and Chicago without change of cars.  
 Purchase your tickets via "The Great Rock Island Route," and get full value for your money.  
 J. C. McCABE, G. P. A  
 24 tf  
 Fort Worth, Texas.

**After The School Entertainment.**

Every young lady and miss in town should go to T. E. Powell's and get a dress pattern of that beautiful wool challie, the handsomest summer dress goods manufactured for young ladies—Sold at half price. 271f

**THREE  
 A  
 WEEK!**

On January 15 The Dallas News and The Galveston News begun the publication of semi-weekly editions, and we hereby notify our readers that we are now clubbing THE BAIRD STAR with THE DALLAS (or Galveston) SEMI-WEEKLY NEWS for the low price of

**\$1.75 A YEAR!**

Just think of it! Here are three papers a week, or 156 papers a year, for the small price of \$1.75!

Now is the time to supply yourself with good reading matter at a low price.

Address all orders under this offer to

**The Baird Star,  
 BAIRD, TEXAS.**

**PAINLESS DENTISTRY.**



If you are in need of some cheap dentistry, I am prepared to do your work as cheap as you can get it done anywhere and at the same time I am prepared to do any class of work. Teeth filled from one dollar up, plates made from eight dollars up to any price you want. Crown an bridge work a specialty. Office up stairs in A. Cook's building.  
 H. H. RAMSEY

**TRAVEL IN COMFORT**  
 BY TAKING ADVANTAGE  
 OF THE  
**SUPERIOR TRAIN SERVICE**  
 ELEGANT EQUIPMENT AND FAST TIME  
 VIA THE—



**THE SHORT LINE**  
 To New Orleans, Memphis  
 and points in the  
**SOUTHEAST.**

Take "The St. Louis Limited,"  
 12 hours saved between  
 Texas and St. Louis.  
 and the East.

The direct line—to all points in

Mexico, New Mexico, Arizona, Oregon and Cal.

THE ONLY LINE OPERATING  
 Pullman Tourist Sleepers  
 FROM TEXAS TO CALIFORNIA.

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars  
 TO—  
 ST. LOUIS, LITTLE ROCK, SHREVEPORT,  
 NEW ORLEANS, DENVER, EL  
 PASO, LOS ANGELES AND  
 SAN FRANCISCO.

Lowest ticket rates, time tables and all desired information will be furnished by any of the ticket agents of the Texas & Pacific Ry. or W. A. DASHIELL, GASTON MESLIER,  
 Trav. Pass. Agt. Gen. Pass. & Ticket Ast.  
 L. S. THORNE, 54 Vice President and General Manager.  
 DALLAS, TEXAS.  
 F. S. GAGE, Agent,  
 Baird, Texas.

**J. H. HOFFMANN.**  
  
**PAPER HANGING AND HOUSE PAINTING, ETC.**

**C. S. BOYLES,**

Successor to R. S. FLINN,  
 —DEALER IN—

CALIFORNIA REPAIRING  
 AND A  
 TEXAS SADDLES. SPECIALTY.



Arthur Yonge' Brick Building,  
 19  
 Corner Market and Second Street.

**I Want Your Trade,**

And to get it will give you the best quality of goods at the lowest prices. My stock is fresh and new—bought for Spot Cash.

*Solicit an Inspection*

Of my goods before making your purchases. Call early and bring your family and friends. Make my store headquarters while in the city.

Yours for trade,  
**A. COOKE.**

**H. MEYER,**

—DEALER IN—  
**GASOLINE**



Call and see our  
 New Monarch  
 Gasoline Cook Stoves.  
 They are the Best.

**R. A. ST. JOHN,**

Cottonwood, Texas,



**DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, TOILET ARTICLES,**

PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, ETC.  
 My prices are as low as any first class dealer can afford to make.

**PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.**

**R. A. ST. JOHN**  
 Cottonwood, Texas.

**CHOICE GOODS. FAIR PRICES.**

**HENRY L. BUCHEN,**

—DEALER IN—

**General Merchandise.**

**BELLE PLAINE, TEXAS.**

**ELLIS RICHARDSON**

PROPRIETOR OF THE

**City Meat Market.**



Fresh Beef, Pork, Sausage, Fish, Poultry. All meats Refrigerated and the animal heat thoroughly extracted before offered for sale.

Everything neat and clean and only the Best of Meat Sold