The Method of Incarnation

mental book, "Christianity and the Nations," says of missionary methods: "The first method is the method of our Savior himself-namely, the method of incarnation. That is the only way living truth can be communieated. Words cannot con-
"The supreme missionary method is this living of the gospel. Each true missionary is in himself a proclamation of Christ. Without a word he is making Christ known if he is living Christ before the people."
Our successes on the mission fields have been achieved by men and women whose primary method of work has been the method of incarnation. Without words by which to express the ideas of God, home, humanity or love these heroes of the Cross, nevertheless, have made their own daily lives the most eloquent language.

Adoniram Judson, James Stewart, David Hill and the rest have been living epistles known and read by the backward peoples among whom they have lived.
The workers on mission fields are a unit in saying that the need of these fields is for men and women whose supreme method of work will be the method of
inearnation. The need of mission fields, wrote the immortal Judson, is for "humble, quiet, persevering men; men of sound. sterling talents (though, perhaps, not brilliant), of decent accomplishments,
and some naturel aptitude to aequire a and some naturel aptitude to aequire a
language: men of amicable, yielding temper. willing to take the lowest place, to be least of all and the servant of all : men who enjoy much eloset religion, who live near to fiod, and are willing to suffer all things for Christ's sake, without being proud of it, these are the men.
Had Robert E. Speer been diseussing methods of Christian work for America rather than for China or Japan or any other mission field, could he have spoken differently? Had Adoniram Judson been naming the qualities of Christian workers for the United states of America rather than for workers in the great fields of missionary endeavor, could he have named different qualities?
The mission fields are not peeuliar in their need of men and women whose method of work shall be the method of incarnation. The need of every field is precisely men and women whose lives will be a proclamation of the gospel.
Moral truth is a cold, dead thing until it is inearnated in a life. The truth of human equality meant nothing until it throbbed in the lives of the early patriots of our country. The gospel truth never moved the world until it burned in the living experiences of living apostles.
These reflections are appropriate at this time as we launeh our eampaigns of
exprensed evangelism. The fear has been
expe campaigns may de generate into a lust for members without reference to their spiritual qualifications for Church membership. And if this should happen, no worse calamity could befall the Chureh in this generation.

The energies of our pastors for the next two months should be directed toward the bringing of our people into a closer personal relationship with Jesus Christ. The subject of personal surrender to Christ, of a personal acquaintance with Christ, of closer fellowship with the Spirit of God, should be presented from the sacred desk with unyielding insisteney. No man, be he minister or layman, is qualified to introduce others to Christ who himself does not personally know Christ. The supreme qualification for the holy work of winning others is the ability to take Christ to them in one's own life. The one method of Christian work for all lands and for all times is the method of in-

## Justifying the Ways of God



IE condition of the world today
has greatly taxed the faith of multitudes in the existence of an omnipotent and benevolent Giod.
The spectacle of well-nigh the whole world at war, resulting already in the slaughter of literally millions of men, has led vast numbers of thoughtful people to question either the omnipotence or the benevolence of God.
A reeent contributor to the Westminster Gazette, London, has taken the pains to summarize the views of many Christian ministers on the ways of God in the great world-war.

Nome are saying that fiod is responsible for good, but not for evil: others are say-
ing that God is giving proof of his love by chastening the world; others are saying that God is punishing the sins of sloth, luxury, neglect of religion, materialism: others are saying that the sufferings and death oceasioned by the war are not really evils: others are saying that God is guarding the right and by him we may expeet vietory for the right ; others still are saying that the ways of God are unfathomable and that we must believe that things are somehow good.
The author himself seeks to justify the ways of Giod in the great world tragedy by saying that creation is in process and that it tends through struggle to a yet unrealized vietory when the good shall be ommipotent over the evil.
The principal value of such diseussions is to show how carnestly and how insistently the world is asking of the Christian, "Where is thy God?" Is he omnipotent, and, if so, can he be really benevolent?
Would not the inquiry be more likely to yield a satsifying answer if it were direeted to the righteousness of God rather
than to his omnipotence or benevolence? For, after all, righteousness is the emphatic word in the Holy Scriptures and righteousness is perhaps spoken of far more often as an inhering quality of God. Keeping in mind this aspect of God's character we commend the remarkable words found in a recent editorial of the Christian Intelligencer:
Never was it clearer that a supreme moral Ruler presides over the actions of men. God
is visiting the world in judgment. If the world is visiting the world in judgment. If the world
could live on, escaping the inevitable issues of militarism, materialism and utter godlessness, then indeed faith would have been put to an awful test. If nations could sow to the flesh and not reap corruption, all apologetic for the Christian religion would seem to have broken down. But as the situation throughout the world now stands, the moral order of the universe is having complete vindication. It is apparent that God is not mocked. "The Lord reigneth; let the people tremble.
In what sense is God visiting the nations in judgment? By giving them up to the inevitable results of all their unchristian philosophies and creeds. By letting them try, as they wished, to work out their national salvation through force of arms. By allowing them to do as they have for years prepared to do and
surendering them to the fruits of their own surendering them to the fruits of their own
worldly ideals, God has withdrawn his restraining hand so that the nations might demstraining hand so that the nations might dembaneful effects of reckoning without the holy baneful effects of reckoning without the holy have paid small heed to the message of Christianity. They have marshaled the forces of acute scholarship in the effort to break down the authority of this message. As sure as there is a living God, this thing could not go on, God who spared not his own son, but freely delivered him up for us all, will not suffer the course of human events to terminate in universal atheism and world-wide godlessness. A race with a Christ in its history and a Cross whereon the Lord of life made the supreme sacrifice for sin, will not be suffered to pour perpetual contempt on all that is holy and divine. The very constitution of things rebels against such denial of God and hastens to bring men to terms.
It is vastly more important for the future of religion in the earth that men be convinced of the righteousness of God and the righteousness of a supreme order in the world than that they should have proper conceptions of the omnipotence or the benevolence of God.
Having revealed a more excellent way, having thrown about men moral and spiritual incentives for following in this excellent way, and having given men the gracious ability to pursue the excellent way, where is the man who can say that God's ways are not equal?

## 边 $+$ pean War

 HEN the history of the present European war and its causes shall have been properly writhis philosophy will be found to occupy a prominent place in the story.
A recent contributor to Zion's Herald,
the Rev. Horace B. Williams, Ph. D., presents an illuminating study of Nietzsche and his philosophy: The philosopher was born in Prussian Saxony in 1844. He was a student at Bonn and later at Leipsic Cniversity, where, at the age of twentyfour. he received his doctor's degree. Immediately upon graduation Nietzsehe was: appointed professor of philosophy at the University of Basel.

Nietzsche styled himself the apostle of Antichrist, and among his writings which reveal him as the bitterest foe of Christianity in his century are "Human. All-Too-Human." ." The Dawn of Day," "Beyond Good and Evil," "The Genealogy of Morals, "The Antichrist," ete. In 1ses the bitter antichristian was stricken with apoplexy and was insane till the day of his death in 1900.

The following extracts from the philosopher's writing are given by Dr. Williams: To talk of intrinsic right and intrinsic wrons is absolutely nonsensical: intrinsically an injury, an oppression, an exploitation, an anni-
hilation can be nothing wrong inasmuen hilation can be nothing wrong, inasmuch as
life is essentially something which functions by injuring by injuring, oppressing, exploiting and ann:
hilating, and is absolutely inconceivable with hilating, and is absolutely inconceivable without such a character. * * * What is good?
All that enhances the feeling of power, the All that enhances the feeling of power, the will to power, the power itself in man. What
is bad? All that proceeds from weakness. is bad? All that proceeds from weakness.
"Genealozy of Morals." The essential thing."
aristocracy is that it should accept with gocd conscience the sacrifice of a legion of individuals, who for its sake must be suppressed and reduced to imperfect men, to slaves and in struments. Its fundamental belief must be precisely that society is not allowed to exist for its own sake, but only as a foundation and scaftolding by means of which a select class of beings may be able to elevate themselves to their higher duties and in general to a higher existence. * * * Exploitation does not belong to a depraved or imperfect and primitive society: it belongs to the nature of the living being as a primary organic function; it is a consequent of the intrinsic will to power, which is precisely the will to life.-"Beyond Good and
Evil." Evil."
The
The man who has won his freedom, and how much more so, the spirit that has won his freedom, tramples ruthlessly upon that contemptible kind of comfort which tea-grocers, Christians, cows, women, Englishmen and
other democrats worship in their dreams. The other democrats worship in their dreams. The
free man is a warrior.-"The Twilight of the free man is a warrior.-"The Twilight of the
Idols." Idols."
In
In the whole New Testament only one figure appears which we cannot help respecting
-Pilate, the Roman governor. * * The Pilate, the Roman governor. * * * The
noble scorn of a Roman, in whose presence the word "truth" had been shamelessly abused, has enriched the New Testament with the only saying which is of value and this saying is
sala saying which is of value and this saying is
not only the criticism, but actually the shatternot only the criticism, but actually the shatter-
ing of that Testament: "What is truth?"-"The
Antichrist." theless affirmed that not since the days of Immanuel Kant has any philosopher been so widely read in Germany as Nietzsche.

Among the more recent disciples of Nietzsehe is General Bernhardi, of the German Army. How deeply the German (Continued on page 8, column 1).

## Page 2

TEXAS CHRISTIAN ADVOCATE
December 23, 1915

## The Unbelievable RealThe Fact Mathematically Demonstrated

## By PROF. W. F. MISTER, Dallas, Texas <br> The elearly unhelievable may be strietly and absolutely real; and this fa mathematicaliy demenstrated. It was a fanous saying of the early Christian, at a time when they were willingly laying down their lives for the es- tablishment of their great faith. "Credo tablishment of their great faith. "Credo quia impowsibile est" quia impowsibile est" " 1 believe beecause it is impossible ". You say, "That is a plain contradietion, and I am unable to plain contradietion, and I am unable to grasp, its meaning at ail." But let us see further ahout that. Are there not see further about that. Are there not thousants who are now saying, in their souls, while not specifically denying thrissouls, white not specitifally denging thris. tianity, saying by their aetions, thris. tianity is imposvible: there eror, I cannot   titiced in their subhime parados. I propose to undertake this matter on cold reason- ing and will show that a thing may seem ing and will show that a thing may see I once asked an intelligent and aetive- minded young lady how much wheat she supposed thet soluare of a chesshoard and then domble the number of grains for eqh sareceding spuare of the sixty-four. She replied, after retlecting, "I don't know : I sippose probably a sack full.", dust sixty-four squares and we begin first with one grain, second with two, third with four, fourth with eight, fifth with with sixty-four, cight with a hundred and board onee. one-eighth the number of Wuares and have scarecly used a handful. <br> Do similar moves not sem vieat wonld be wieat would be fully to the involved indiontion. It is exceedingly in-

 in some arithsame of chess,Shelhram, who was (invention that he pon which Sessa grasted that of wheat for the first square on the the third, and so on, doubling continualpose a pint contains 76 so of these grains, ships. each carrying one hundred tons duce, allowing forty bushels to a ton." answer to this example is $9.3 \mathbf{2}, 499,22: 3$ Yos are realy to exelaim, "Ineredible,
simply impossible.". Yes, but nevertheless true, absolutely true, mathematically demonstrated by a simple formula in geometrieal progression.
But I hold you do not realize how much is involved in that string of figures. Let
me amplify to assist you, and 1 will give nothing that has not been tested by striet
arithmetical calculation. Take a monster arithmetical calculation. Take a monster
ship like the Gireat Eastern-the largest ship in the world in her time and this grain would lade $46,000,000$ such. These
ships. placed in line, would girdle the world one hundred times and then build a dozen bridges to the moon.
Onee more: This grain would be thirtysix trillions of bushels. Counting the
population of the world at 1500 millions. population of the world at 1500 millions.
we will find by division it gives 24,000 bushels to each individual; or allowing twenty-four bushels per year to each man.
woman and child an extravagant estiwate), it would furnish bread to the world mate), it would furnish bread to the world
for ohe thousand years. This wheat
whicit was to be given at Sessa's request, Whiel was to be givell at sessa's request, ties, than the combined harvests of the
world could produce in 500 years; or, in world could produce in 500 years; or, in

host favorable seasons, and at the pres kinds of grain, approach the amount in bushels of this wheat in the time since Ameriea was discovered.
At ten cents per bushel, this wheat would be worth over and over and over again the entire wealth of Europe, Amertoek, gold. silver, railroads, mines and very other character of possessions.
To sum up this very singular computation, we might ask, "What shall it profit a man if he gain the whole world?' Nothing like so much as if he could place one grain of wheat on the first square of the chessboard and double the number for each square up to the sixty-fourth. and then sell his grain for ten cents a bushel. And, remember, figures do not lie. Now. I am not bringing in this example o provoke euriosity or excite wonder but to make, as I think, a legitimate application to a subject of vast importance. It is this: I wish to make a special use of this matter and say that when Giod omes and makes his great manifestations of himself in nature, reason, conscience and highest of all in the revelation of his vord, and supremely in the work of Christ, you say you just can't believe
these things because they are away bethese things because they are away be-
yond the grasp of natural comprehension. yond the grasp of natural comprehension. tieally ignoring them. But can you grasp
and comprehend the results of this little and comprehend the results of this little
demonstration of the wheat on the chessboard? Try it, and the more you try the foard: Try it, and the more you try the
further off you will be. If you did not have to believe it, if you were not afraid you would betray utter ignorance if you refused, you would say these results I have named were the most absurd, unbelievable and miraculously impossible of anything you could try to conceive. But because you cannot help yourself you just voluntarily believe-believe because they are impossible apparently-and when you o this you are enabled to take in the and in no other way.
Now let us return to the parallel intimated: When fiod presents his great and wonderful truths to you-immortality, forman, rere at one time on earth, thew iodman, here at one time on earth, now livine all-sufficient friend; when you ar livine all-sufficient friend; when you are old of his resurrection and ascension, and of the final judgment, you are ready to say, in your soul anyway, that these are
beyond mortal grasp and conception, and neyond mortal grasp and coneeption, and
so you virtually reject them. I say you do, because life practically shows whether we do or not. This you do, in spite of the fact that in your higher nature you feel these things are great and needed and sublimely desirable; in spite of your onsciousness of moral obligation. your affections which seem to partake of the heavenly and the divine, your aspiration or true virtue and unquestionable good happiness, your vision for the infinite best. You reject and ignore the great things of tiod because you say you cannot rrasp. comprehend, believe them. that
hey seem just impossible. In this way you consign yourself, in your own estimation and decision, to the part of a high trength and spirit of an angel or an archangel to enter into the soul-lifting realms of the beautiful and lovely of this ife. and to fight with the might of the heroie and supernatural in behalf of the good and in contesting the evil, and with a hope that looks with steady eye and joyful confidence into the revealments of
ternity. Compare this with even a frozen and soulless and aimless morality, to say nothing of the baseness, sin, corruption and agony of suffering conseience with which humanity is so commonly visitedanding with the dread specter of death $t$ the close.
We see thus
We see thus how we may lose vast opportunities, infinite bestowment. by just
thinking or fearing we cannot accept. If hinking or fearing we cannot aceept. I A few words now as to the great quesion of faith :

Why so needed and indispensable Because it is the receiving faculty. I you had an immense fortune left you and vou would not believe it, it would be of no
vail to you. Besides, look at its avail to you. Besides, look at its moral Affect as illustrated in the case of Othello. From unbelief in his wife's
fidelity, though he had every cause to
believe, he wrought his
and finally her death.
2. Is faith voluntary? Yes, in the involvement of moral questions, it is largely and necessarily so. Do you not see in the ease of the inebriate, though he knows he should not yield to his deadly passion, yet for want of sufficient faith in the higher and better, he plunges irremediably into his earthly hell. Do we not all of us every day when we engage in the wrong of any kind or fail to commit ourselves heartily to the right, do we not know it is not best for us, yet from not exereising faith to yield self completely to the highest, we go stumbling in evil, to our regret and shame, and in that far to our final ruin? Life is a map, a panorama, of this very thing. It is not beeause we do not know, but because we will not believe, that vital interests are so much impaired if not sacrificed by us.
3. Faith is the only thing that ean bind Is vitally to God, and it does it completely. Suppose Giod had to satisfy our euriosity or presumptuous demands, even
to the extent of unlimited miraeles, would to the extent of unlimited miracles, would
he not then be depending, or hanging. on us, rather than we on him? And wouldn't we say to him, with all he might do, "Yes, l'il think of that and decide at my "eisure. whether I will obey or not?" But when of us, whether with all we may try or think or do, we may not at last be lost. and in our weakness and want and sin we reach out the hand of humble dependence reach out the hand of humble dependence
and faith to Ciod, and he receives us as his own, don't you see he can then shape his own, don't you see he can then shape
our lives and make something of us? And to do this is our true gain and glory.
"All things are possible to him that helieveth.'

As many as received [receive] him ['hrist], to them gave [gives] he power that believe on his name.'

## "Peace On Earth"

By R. B. ELEAZER, Nashville, Tennessee
The tragedy of the European war becomes doubly tragie as the Christmas season approaches-the season when, as some have said. "all the world unites in a conspirary of love," Our hearts are
siek when we remember that, in this good siek when we remember that, in this good
year of our Lord. 1915, the angels' song sear of our Lord, 1915 , the angels' song
of peace and good will is still but the of peace and good will is still but the
whisper of a dream, its echo heard but whisper of a dream, its ceho heard but
faintly amid the roar of cannon and the faintly amid the roar of cannon and the
groans of millions who lie wounded and groans of milions who he wounded and
dying at the hands of their fellows. Here is a great world conflict that contravenes Christ and of Christianity What angs of Christ and of christiamity. What is the meaning of it all? Has Christianity failed? have been quiek to claim?

## Christianity Untried in International

 Affairs.No. Christianity has not failed. It holds sway today over more hearts than ben before in the world's history. The battlefields of Europe are voeal with the
pravers of millions of earnest Christians, prayers of millions of earnest Christians, and the glazing eyes of myriads of the lying are turned toward the Cross. Indeed. we are told that the war itself has brought about a distinct and widespread ile front and extending throughout the countries at war. Christianity is more potent today than ever before in the repotent today than ever before in the re-
generation of individuals and of social generation of individuals and of social
conditions: and if it were given a chance. it would be no less effective in transforming the larger life of nations. The trouble is that as a factor in international affairs Christianity has never been consistently tried. Men have never thought of it as setting up standards of national conduct and international relationships just as

## Patriotism Versus Altruism.

For a long time we thought of Christianity only as a matter of personal salvation. We are beginning now to see its broader social significance as it applies to the relations of man to man, of the individual to society, and of society to the individual. Bat up to this time our conception of its social application has been limited by national boundary lines. As Christianity which has shaped our rela-
tions, but patriotism; whieh, being interpreted, means love of myself and my own and suspicion of jealousy or hatred of all others. Nationalism so far has been the
boundary of our expanding vision. We boundary of our expanding vision. We have yet to rise to the Christian coneep-
tion of world brotherhood which will tion of world brotherhood which will make of all nations but units of one great
family and unite them in the bonds of mutual love and helpfulness.

No, Christianity has not failed! It is we who have failed to appreciate and apply it to the larger relations of life.
It is we who, in our relations with our It is we who, in our relations with our brothers of other names and nations,
limited and discounted and denied it. This is the explanation of the parados of a war of demoniae destructiveness. waged by men who worship the same God
and bear upon their hearts the name of the Prince of Peace God hasten the of the Prince of Peace. food hasten the day When as nations shall learn the spirit of Christ, by whom were made all races of of men and in whom all may be united in a common brotherhoorl? Then, but not sooner, shall the angels' prophetic song
become a glad reality and the light of become a glad reality and the light of shall shed its radiance upon every land shall shed
and tongue.

Examples of Christian Diplomacy.
No mueh for the prineiple, but how shall it be applied? How, for example, shall it affeet our own international relations in these eruetal times? It is a matter or gratifieation that for a number of ress in this direction, notably in our recent peace treaties and in our relations with Mexico and with the belligerent nations of Europe. The President's patience his disinterested friendship. that could not be shaken by rebuff and insult : his determination that the rights and integrity of Mexico must be preserved, though favorable opportunity was not wanting for intervention and possibly conquest: the calm and conciliatory attitude that has marked our dealings with England and Germany in conneetion with flagrant infringement of American rights; the fixed determination that, whatever happened, we would refuse to act hastily or fast assumption that the offending nations had no unfriendly purpose toward us and would gladly make amends if shown their fault-these are splendid examples of Christian diplomary of which we may well be proud. And in every case so far results have justified the poliey.

## Shall It Be Christ or Mars?

But what shall we say of the program of preparedness that is now being proposed, the building of a navy that will rival the greatest on the globe and the ereation of a standing army of a million fighting men? Do we honor our faith or diseredit it by assuming that the gospel of peace is powerless to prevent war, that
war is inevitable, and that therefore we war is inevitable, and that therefore we must get ready for it? Are we applying Christian prineiples when we take for granted that our neighbor nations Chris
tians as truly as we are-are jealous of us, anxious for an opportunity to trample upon our rob us of our liberty? Shall we not culti cob us of our liberty? Shall we not culti itably hate, by looking upon them as enemies ready to pounce upon us on the slightest provocation? Shall we encourby putting them on notice our neighbor no faith in them fairness or that we have by making ready for war friendship and we making ready for war upon them? If we look upon them with suspicion, why
should they not so look upon us? If we should they not so look upon us? If we
regard their preparedness as a menace to us, why should they not regard ours as a menace to them? Thus will surd ours engender suspicion, fear create fear and mutual hate grow up as a natural result Shall I make a man my friend by preparing to fight him? Shall we cement international friendship by building dread naughts and raising standing armies for the destruction of our friends? Shall we the destruction of our friends? Shall we
prove or diseredit our desire for leadership in world peace by launching into a program of militarism at a time when the whole world is seeing as never before the folly and erime of wart
Choose Ye This Day"
The best that can be claimed for such a poliey is not that it is Christian, but that
December 23， 1915
it is a matter of expedieney alone．But that which is unchristian is unwise also， else is our faith vain and our preaching a moekery．If as a nation we are un－ willing to trust our safety to a Christain program of real peace，fair dealing and ships and forts and anyies ther battle－ ships and forts and armies，then let us and confess at once that．though individ－ ually we may be Christians，collectively we are still barbarians．

## God＇s Ownership－

Man＇s Stewardship
effore the las in force and practice finger of fiod on tables of stone in the hands of Moses on Mount Sinai（sce Meb，7：1－9 Th law was enacted as a simple，tangible oceular manifestation and ratification of the eternal principle of equity and justice forever inhering in the
and divine government．
All law is supposed to be founded in principles of equity and justice．All divine immutable as these eternal prineiples or immutable as these eternal principles or
their divine source．The eternal moral their divine source，The eternal moral prineiples upon whed are coexistent and coeternal with God and his divine government．The is only the outward，visible expression of the principle always existing and in fore That the tithing law was enacted on sinai is a fact beyond dispute．That tithing was in practice before the law was That both the law and the practice res upen and are imbedided in an eternal prin－ ciple of equity and justice is also a fact that will not be questioned by the thoughtful and fair－minded．So，then，the law of tithing once enacted has never been，and in the nature of things and upon soundest principles of divine philos
never can be，abrogated or repealed． never can be，abrogated or repealed． So that to backslidden Israel and through them to men of today who refuse or neglect or fail to pay the tithe Gor Yet ye have robbed me：＂and when they answer back and say，＂Wherein have w robsed the tithes and offerings．Ye are cursed with a curse for ye have robbed me，even thi whole nation with any nation or people who

TEXAS CHRISTIAN ADVOCATE
Page 3
deal so with him in any age of the world＇s
history ？ Can there be traced or discovered，think ou，any just，philosophical or logical onncetion between the poverty，hard （imes，calamities and destruction that is so sorely afilicting the people of all lands tolay，and this fearfulsin of robbing God of his tithes and offerings
Violated law must meet its just retribu－ tion．God could not be just and allow violated law to pass by umpunished if un－ repented of and unforgiven．And $\sin$ to be repented of so as to le forgiven must be and moral obligation diseharged taken up roceeds graciously to give to his back sidden，guilty people the divine pre－ seription for the effectual cure for all says to them，＂Return unto me and I will return tanto yon．Bring ye all the tithes into the storehouse that there may be meat in mine house and prove me mow berewith saith the Lord of hosts，if I will not open you the windows of heaven and pour you out a blessing upon you that it．And I will rebuke the devourer for cour sakes，and he shall not destroy the fruits of your ground ：neither shall your fine cast her fruit before the time in the field．saith the Lord of hosts．And all nations shall call you blessed：for ye shall
be a delightsome land，saith the Load of be a delightsome land，saith the ford of
hosts．＂－Mal． $3: 8-12$ ． Do we believe God？Does he tell the
truth？Are we afraid to put him to the test truth？Are we afraid to put him to the test
to＂．prove him now herewith？＂There in is our remedy and cure，and＂there is none other name under heaven givel
among men whereby we must be saved．＂ among men whereby we must be saved．＇
Let the Chureh of the living God quit rob Let the Church of the living God quit rob－
bing him of his tithes and offerings，and bing him of his tithes and offerings，and
＂bring all the tithes into the storehouse，＂ and there would be＂meat in his house no lock．His Chureh would be abundantly
finaneed for the effeetual prosecution of financed for the effectual prosecution of od and pour out blessimgs un us until ther God can＇t lie！He is true to his word God can＇t lie！He is true to his word．
If we meet and comply with the condi－ tions and requirements not one word of all his good promise can ever fail．Let＇ put him to the test－＂prove him now herewith，＂and do that which is right－ bring all the tithes into his house and the first fru our barns may be filled with plenty and our presses burst out with new wine
—．．．

## Futting the Doctor Straight

aphers，but he quite humorously fails inge，dye，ceremonially wast pour，wet， o the same lexicographers except where mmersion publishing interests have seeli fit to change the text of the lexicographers and omit what failed to support a pet theory that must be upheld at the expenise ＂changing a jot and tittle of a good， Bible word！But just say＂Catholic， and they are in the dark！The truth of he matter is very evident that the Doe－ same as they do on＂baptidzo．＂He knows all，or is＂absolutely in the dark，＂ as the oceasion seems to demand．He knows as well as anyone that the word cad in the particular sense or that Catho－ ie Church used as above is proper，mean－ ing a particular Church or body，appro－ priated by a certain organization．As an intelligent man the Doctor knows that his eference to＂a Methodist or other Pro－ wholly to prejudice the mind．The ex－ pression＂eatholic Chureh＂is quite dif－ used by Methodists and other Protestants．It is the same way about the word＂Methodist．＂A certain eople have appropriated the word and ased it in connection with that particular body．The rules of English grammar fore it to be written with a capital M－Metho－ dist，yet anyone who follows a certain recognized way or method is a methodist． and judging from others we know of his sect，Doctor McConnell is a great metho ast，because he uses a cen method of ＂Crming certain things
Catholic is a good word，but it is my a word．We should he no more ariven away from its use because of prejudice some other sect of people have adopted ＂Christian＂，as their name

## Institutes at Southern

Methodist University
By IVAN LEE HOLT，Dallas，Texas
It is the purpose of the theological fac－ liy and those in authority at Southern Methodist University to prepare the min isterial students for efficient pastorates． olaceduently，much emphasis wril be placed on the mission of the Chureh，its responsibilities and its opportunities．This oes not mean that the standard of scholarship will be lowered in any way ieal department except to men who hold he A．B．degree or have done its equiva lent in work．But there are so many prob－ lems confronting the pastor of a Church and so many opportunities before him for
service，that the relationship of himself service，that the relationship of himsell
to this life must be given primary con－ ideration．We feel that our seminary wonl wot be ferge to the Chureh the service it onght to give thess wre send ut men with equipped perform it thusiasm for it than they have had before We are anxious for our men to go out We are anxious for our men to go out
with a passion for humanity and the building up of the Kingdom of Christ． Since we are determined to place the emphasis upon a more efficient service to Christ and the Church，we have wel－ comed the opportunity to hold in the first term of our seminary a Sunday School Institute and a Missionary Institute．On Saturday，November 20，Rev．Emmett Hightower．who had just held a most suc－ cessful institute at Oak Lawn Chureh
$(\mathrm{Dallas}$ and who is the Southwestern rep－ （Dallas and who is the Southwestern rep－ resentative of our General Sunday Schoot
Board，assigned Miss Elizabeth Kilpat－ rick and Mrs Hamill to the faculty of ou seminary for a series of addresses．Miss
Kilpatrick and Mrs．Hamill spoke to the men of the theological department on
Saturday morning，all classes for those hours being dismissed．On Sunday at the hours being dismissed．On sunday at the
eleven o＇elock hour Mrs．Hamill speke cleven orlock hour Jrs．Hamill sisk
to the whole student body resident on the campus．These addresses were full of inspiration and gave to our student of wider vision of the Sundav School work and an even deeper interest in it． Rawlings．Dr．John M．Moore and Brother T．A．G．Shiplev，of Shanghai，spoke to the students of the theological depart the students of the theologieal depart－
ment．Dr．Rawlings was in charge of
the institute of the day，and he and Brother Shipley spoke again at the even－
ing session．It was Monday，the regular ing session．It was Monday，the regular
holiday of the school，several of our men were attending their conference sessions． ret there was a good attendance at both sessions of the institute．Every address was an inspiration and the men present faculty to send forth from S．M．V．men faculty to send forth from S．M．．men
with missionary zeal．At present there is no professorship of missions in the theological faculty，but，until there is such a professorship．there will be mis－ ion study classes，and through Dr． lings and his department every effort touch with the missionary opportunities and responsibilities of our＇Chureh．
With our unprecedented attendance at first first year．great is our task and great our support of our ministers and Churches， we are in the position to render a truly reat service to humanity，the Chureh and

John－－－The Canadian Boy By MRS．ALMA P．NORWOOD．

One night，soon after the close of the Civil War，my mother and auntie，all un－ used to the work，were trying to get sup． per by a smoking wood fire in an open replace．
Outside the rain was falling in torrents When a cold wind was blowing
When once the belated supper should ，reas．hew ore the house，for，according to the style in those days，the kitchen was built apart from the
main building．
As the worried women bent over the
As the worried women bent over the fire they were suddenly startled by a hoarse，rough voice，which said，with a
deeided brogue．＂A terrible night，this！＂ In the open door stood an old man，wet In the opend door stood an old man，wet and cold．He begged for a crust of bread and a place in the barn．or kitchen，to
sleep．They sent him on to the house and my father，always hospitable to the trav－ eler．gave him a place by the fire and at our table．
The old man told us his tale．He had had a wife and eight children in the Corth，but＂John，the Camadian boy， had run away from home
His mother was broken－hearted，and so the father had left home to seek for the rodigal son．
He had gotten on his trail，but whell e would reach a place where he had Teen the lad had moved on further south． The old man was weary and discour－ aged and my father advised him to go back to＂the wife a It was hayd way It was hard for the father－heart to give up the lost lamb，so he did not promise
to do so． I remember well the peculiar old man． As he helped himse that troure and it is the bread that mead the man strong
The next morning the old gentleman told us that God had changed his heart in the night and that he was going hack to＂the wife and the seven＂，and leave ＇John，the Canadian boy，＂to go his way： Thus our loving Heavenly Father pursues his rebeltous child for many Weary mies will leave the simer to go his way：

A discord is only harmony misunder－ stood．It is not always the silver chord
that＇s out of tume．The ear may lose the power to catch the sweetest strains．How rue that is！Is the life of some strug gling spirit a discordant note to you？Is
the heart all out of tume？It may be your The heart all out of tune？It may be your ear is insensible to the sweetest note．It
we only knew that discord is harmony misunderstood oh，if we only knew that low in the very hearts that now disturb

Avoid the break in friendship，for when t comes it cannot really be mended．The smphony：It is not alone a question of orgiveness：that may be full and com－ ill not readily hurt in the heart that that will not fully come back．

Page 4
TEXAS CHRISTIAN ADVOCATE
December 23, 1915

## NOTES FROM THE FIELD



## LANCASTER.

We have been returned for another We have been returned for another
year's work to this pleasant field. No
better people can be found people of Lancaster. They are as loyal
as any one could wish to find. They as any one could wish to find. They
have been sorely tried and tested by
certain conditions which were very certain conditions which were very
hard to bear, yet they are faithful and hopeful. They are appreciative and
demonstrative which always makes
slad the heart of any pastor. It is slad the heart of any pastor. It is
their delight in making a pastor feel welcome among them. Not only have
they said many kind words, but have
expressed their appreciation along ot her lines. They did not forget, nor
were they too busy, to give their pastor and family a warm welcome and
reception, but an old fashioned pound-
in as well, which makes us feel glad ing as well, which makes us feel glad
we are here. May the Lord give us a
great year. We had the most spiritual eonference 1 believe 1 ever attended
and I am more determined to do more
for the Lord than I have ever done. 1 am zoing to do more for the Advo-
eate than 1 did last year.-E. L.
Wripht, Pastor.

## WALNUT SPRINGS.

It is our good fortune to again fall
at ong good people. Beother Nevill ong good people. Brother Nevill,
our predecessor, was loved and honcrei by all the people. His wise leadership in things temporal as well as
spiritual will make the work easier spiritual will make the work easier
for us. We have received many tokens of app.eciation since our arrival.
Thursday evening we heard singing in the yard: "Glory to His Name".
On opening the door we found the
yard full of folks and the porch lined yard full of folks and the porch lined
with good things to eat. They anti-
cipated our every need. The women cipated our every need. The women
aided in the placing of our household zoods so that we scarcely felt the jar
of the move. The Official Board has
already made the assessment and has
mater arcanged for monthly payments of the
salary as far as possible. The women elected their officers and are moving
elong and and
along nicely. The other preachers atong nicely. ine other preachers
of the town are favor with the peo-
ple. With such men as Captain Morri. ©n who has reached his ninetieth mile
post, ani who has spent the greater
pait of it fighting for his Chureh and pact of it fighting for his Church and
his country, and with such a board of
officials to represent the Chureh, we oficials to represent the yhurch, we
hope to maks Jubilee Year of our
conference the very best of our life.-

## ROTAN.

Rotan is neither dead nor sleeping. This is a live, wide-awake town. Our
Church has a fine membership. with the strongest men of the town as leaders. We have been given a very
hearty welcome. The people have hearty welcome. The people have
expressed their. appreciation in word
and deed, giving us a great pounding and deed, giving us a great pounding
and other tokens of appreciation until
we already feel very we already feel very much at home
with them. The Board of Stewards is Dowell President. They raised the
pastor's salary $\$ 100$, and pay by the month. The Missionary Society very active. The ladies are having
the church repainted on the inside and doing seme other improving and beau-
tifying on the outside. They are

M. E. CHURCH, SOUTH, FRISCO, TEXAS.
Rev, Ira C. Kiker, Pastor.

without any ceremony, but this after
noon we were taken neon we were taken completely by
surprise when a goodly number of our
congreation at this place slipped into the parsonaze place slipped
enoush choice anticles of deposited enough choice articles of diet to stock
our pantry for days and days to come. I have heard of "poundings," in fact,
have had some experience in the past, have had some experience in the past
along that line, but this sweet-spiritalong that line, but this sweet-spirit-
ed, big-hearted, open-handed mountain people are "champions" when it
comes to pounding. Of one thing it comes to pounding. Of one thing
am morally certain, and that is that
Fort Davis Circuit will do its full duty this year in meeting the re.
sponsibilities laid unon it. Surely the lines have fallen to us in pleasant
places: we have a zoodly heritaze.
Fort Davis' religious life is as choice Fort Davis' religious life is as choice
as it has been my goot fortune to as it has been my zood fortune to
meet anywhere. The young people have their religious societies that
meet resularly, and it affords me more than pleasure to be assoclated
with them from time to time when I am at this point of my charge. 1 am
sure 1 am not over-entliusiastic on short acquaintance with this people
and an certain that future developand am certain that future develop-
ments will justify present contidence of ability and willingness to render
faithful service. $J$. W. Camphell.
faithful
P. C.

## ALBUQUERQUE DISTRICT

## Melrose Circuit.

 Sexico, abeut th'rty miles frem the
Texas line. Melrose is one of the best t:rding foints and one of the largest
shipping stations of all the Plains country. It draws from a distance of nerthwest. Wheat, broom corn and
milo maize are shipped from here ly milo maize are shipped fron here by
the hundreds of carloads every year
The This is also a fine stock country
catile, bogs and sheep are in abun d nee.
nee.
Melro e Cireuit has five appoint-
ments-Melrose. Taiban ment-Melrose. Taiban. St. Vrains,
Harmony and Roek Lake: the two
l-st being in the country, eizht and twelve wiles distant. Taiban is also ning and trading is done. Rev. $\mathbf{R}$. E.
st venson. a tenderfoot lately from
K ntucky, is the pastor of this K.ntucky, is the pastor of cors
charge, but from all the good report,
of him there is every assurance that of him there is every assurance that
h w w 11 ntly held a good meeting at Har-
ony, ard at this writing is in a revisl at Metrose. The pastor and
orle of Melrose Circuit are tonking cople of Melrose Circuit are looking
ward to the best year in the history this charge. GEO. H. GIVAN, P.E.

## MARLIN DISTRICT

## Marlin Dis:rict Missionary rce and Pastors' Institute

Harne Theenber 14, 15 and met at
$W$. Daeo.
Davs. presiding elder. in the
hair. F. G. Clark was elected See-
tary, and after devotional servic
the conference proceeded immediately
tray 1ywen were present and a fine
trotherty spisit prevailed. The dis-
cussions were a)le and pointed and
proved of much value to all present.
Our m'niters were: J. W. Treadwell. Our miniters were: J. W. Treadwelt,
Tepresenting Chureh Extension. and
W,

## A resolution was passed pledging

 caeh preacher to use his best endeav-ors to evilect his domestic mission ors ossenment and forward it to the Con-
aspence Treaurer by March 1. Chil-
fere dren's Day was stressed and the pas for its finanial and educative. valte
The eonference reemmmended that the Orphanage claim should be looked after at once. The conference listen-
ed to $W$. Harbin, Sunday School
Secretary, until they secretary, until they caught the fire of
his enthusiasm and voted to have him
n our district during five weeks, be-
kinning with the last week in March. kinning with the last week in March
Irother Harbin and the presiding elder were made a committee to arrange
a feries of Tnstifutes among the sev. a eries of Instiutes among the sev-
ral elarges covering this period.
The slogan of the Institute was, "All nances in full, and a year of exan Eelistie eadeaver.
Sermens were preached by Broth Fint

HUTCHINS AND WILMER There is much in life for which we
ouzht to be thankfui. We have been ouzht to be thankui. We have been
returned to the Hutchins and Wilmer charge for the third time to serve
these good prople, for which I and my
wife and children feel grateful to the wife and children feel grateful to the
Dehop and his Catinet: also to the
people who have so kindly received me for the third 1 have said in my
tor. Sometimes
heart, "surely I am not worthy of this confidence!" There is not much to
write atout at this early date except my best to give these good people the
Dost there is in meember 12 . onference adjourned-North Texaseen appointed Assistant Agent for
ur Crphanage, came to Hutchins and preached at the 11 o'clock hour. Let is out to raise funds for the Orphanpel to simners, and he does it. Bro. of saivation to a lost world. How our discourse that day: In both of our
Sunday Schools we will observe Sunday School Orphanage Day,
which is December 26, In the near (n, ure we expect to dedicate our new
Wureh at Wilmer. The old church
was destroved by storm, as som- of he readers of the Advocate know,
nd we had to retuitd. This, Wilmer,
onsregation has sustained another heavy less since conference in the
death of Bro. 1. C. Colter, one of our
est ee seat to the Advocete. Yes, the
pending" came as turul. The "peundink" came as usual. The goed dren feel good. We read the twentyby Bro. J. P. Slocum, after which the zood, we we the preacher-thanked
tod and took eonrage
Iung

THE PASTORS INSTITUTE OF THE TYLER DISTRICT."
Hcld With Cedar Street Church, De
cember 13, 1915.
he iwenty-one charkes in the distric exeept two that were detanined a Loctor Barcu:, who had not yet presi ing el.ler, Kev. J. T. Simith, was etter. The openins sermon by Rev hope Monday nisht stirred all heart-
nid the wise and mellow talk by the Smith at nine o clock, Tuesslay a. mo.
set the spiritual tide koing which rose ith increasing powe: and fellowshit The Pator." First his morning wa preaching, the childrea and pastoral opics were ably diseusse: by Bros. Greed. The topie for the afternoon
was -The Fastor end the Revival. was "The Vastor and the Revival,"
discused by Bros. Thompon. Braw
ner, Calhoti, Fuller. Smith. Elward ner, Caikoun, Fuiler, Smith. Edwards
and liendickk. Topie for Wednesday
a, was the- Mhissions and General with kreat proft by Bros. Pounds,
Weatherby, Mition and Fietcher. Bro. Tesas, was present, three p. m. Tues.
day, and presented in a very telling
way, our A. C. I. at Jacksonville. which showed the institution to be
rowing and prospering. The month of January was fixed for a special
campaign for our -Texas Christian droeate" for new subse:ibers and an
doun Tfort to place it in evecy home in the
Tyler District. The sermons by Bro. mith and Bro. Weatherby were rare
treats. The first evinced unmistak able evidence that he is a "elhip off
the oll block" with promise in future years, of the kreat pulpit ability of and swept on with old-time power, reeting days of his sainted father and zrandfasher who could stir the multi-
tudes. All the speakers
 the prath of the partor and in a most
Bithbean and praecical way, suzkested
the


of the problems met with in our
chools.
With Wednesday morning came the
ork of the Distriet Stewards. SevWeith Wednesday morning came the
work of the District stewards. Sev-
tial of these brethren were present
sid manifested much interest in pro-
iding for the work of another year.
inut to the District Stewards not at-
tending these meetings allow me to

## 


 Affes discussion of "Finances and
Financial Methods," the afternoon
wns then taken in the work of "MisWrs then taken in the work of "Mis-
sions and Evangelism," with special
emphasis uןon our adjacent rural communities.
A committee of three was provided
meet like committees from McAlcster and Madill Districts to arrange
for a threefold work-Wi-One Cam-
paisn, Every-Member Canvass and
Texas Advecate Campaign.
Helpful sermons were preached by D. A. Gregz, of Heavener. and $N$. L
I inebaugh, presiding elder of Madill
Distriet. bers of the Canadian District Confer-
W.ce in 1ssi-Rev. C. W. Myatt, Rev.
W. P. Pipkin, Rev. A. C. Pickens and
I. T. Leard. Another unusual treat was "Reminiscences of Thirty-One
Years in the Indian Mission Confer-
ence." by Rev. A. N. Averyt. Sr.
A resolution of thanks was tendered
these veterans of the Cross and their
colaborers, and Brother Averyt was

NOTES AND PERSONALS EAST
OKLAHOMA CONFERENCE.
(i.uther Roberts, Correspondent)
 SERVICE."
$\qquad$ as Advocate December 16 this state-
ment is made: "oung preachers
creatly need our beautiful form of that statement as correct.
What is our form of public service?
Conference or is it that part put into
lrackets with footnote saying "Parts
inclosed in brackets

## the two?

 the law of the Church; the preacherwho uses that part and the bracketed
part is doing werks of and he who uses both of these and, in
addition the ereto. conducts the proces. sonal and the recessional in a gown.
is guilty of theft from Episcopalian-
ism. From this last may the good
Lord deliver our young preachers!
nd 'ord deliver our young preachers:
Ie S. E. HARRISON.
is San Antonio, Texas.
at HOW TO REAR CHILDREN.
DAVID'S ATTITUDE ON NIGHT

Ps. 3:5. I laid me down and slept

Ps. 4:4. Commune with your own
heart upon your bed, and be still.

space in the Advocate for the inter-


the waters-edwards evangelistic association.


sccond. Another werit of the lent
en campaign is, it brinss, isto exer
elise and develope workers as noth ing else so far seems to have don
You take a freezing member and h rubs a freexing member unt1 both
are warmed into life, and all Church-

## Third. Another merit is, it brings

 he pastor's attention the Methodist has charge, as it would be hard otherwise to locate. It seems to me vios in seeking the lost sheep of the Hiot in seeking the lost sheep of theHouse of Israel, and when I look back over my ministry nothing affords me
more pleasure than to recall the sheep that had wancered off and that brought back to the fold as
Now the Demerits.
$\qquad$ is hardly worth while to reiterate f true as he stated; but as he gave
hem second hand, the testimony would not stand in court. 1 will ask
Brother shuler if his members or any part of them play bridge, whist or
dance or play forty-two, and is it the practice of our Chureh to do these practice of our Church to do these
things? 1 hope it is not: but if it is. why debar the neweomers? I don't
know what bridge whist is, but he is better up than whist is, but 1 am, but dan-

## Southwestern

University

## EORGETOWN, TEXAS.

Jatrieuiation for the Winter erm besins January 4, 1916 tooms in the dormitories may be cserved by telephone or teleraph. Schedule of classes and the: information furnished on request.
Seuthwestern is the ideal plac or the college course of any
vouns man or woman. it is loouns man or woman. it is losate Capitel and each of all Texas. The dormitories are molern and complete. The Facuity is one of seath, the est and best in the south, che well planned. The student body loyal and enthusiastic, student fe is denoeratie
Students pursuing required courses may obtain State teach rs certiticate Every opportun-
iy and encourazement offered udents who find it necessary
postal card will bring riptive literature. Address Registrar
$\qquad$

> Your Candy Wants Via Parcel post (CWARGES PREPAID) no
Sh luy 1 ise
then …



多
kt us be your candy kid vite us for anything in

ORDER OR STAMPS
Dallas Candy Kitehen

 hect freedom, but when you impugn and hold him up to gaze in an un uviable light.
or is in a transition state, and the transition has crept on us unawares.

ditions have change deal with it. Conhew issue. Our Senior Bishop, in his late pastoral address, which he he mong other things, that ninety per
cht of our members now come in hroush the Sunday Schools, and
appose most of these come in on suppose most of these come in on
Decision Day-girls and boys, from
ten to sixteen years old. Why should en to sixteen years old. Why should
hey not be brought in? Should they be allowed to stray away? Sow wild
ats and then take the chances of ketting them back in after years of
in? The value of a soul is the same, he valter or when hor how saved, but orth fand more to the Che work is
shan
ve broukht in later raining. If this method is on and to e increased, it practically estops the
old as a general rule, and whoever thoses and clings to the old resident Lincoln during the late
var. He had on his hands to deal
ith at the time the vietorious armies of the Confederacy. A citizen called o get the President to sign a clain
or damages the soldiers had done bis or damages the soldiers had done hem property and persisted unt replied
President was tired, and he rethe (a favorite
with that 'Reminds me with that Reminds me (a favorite
method of introducing jests and inidents) I was once carrying a flat oat down the hisssissipplerrow, swif and crooked clute a man on the boat called, $\cdot \mathrm{Mr}$. Lincoln, Mr. Lincoln,
have dropped my apple in the river have dropped my apple in the river
and without looking back, he saic, and without looking it mack, keod-by, must keep this oat in the channel and its head he front, and 1 have no time to hunt
your lost apple.'. So our boat your lost apple. So our boat is
loosed from its old time moorings and its head is to the front, and many re member the beauty and deliciousnes let us tell it good-by and each and all put their hands to the oar, and under our great Captain we will make safe passage and glorious landing. 4019 Bowser St., Dallas, Texas.


I believe it to be a Christian as
well as a patriotic duty we owe to our present generation and posterity as well as a Christian duty to the should make such formidable prep
arations as would be necesary to de arations as would be necesary to de.
feat the designs of the most powerfut nations of the earth; not that we ex-
nex pect war or have any intentions of
war for the accession of territory or war for the accession of territory or
as a crowning glory to American inas a crowning glory to American in-
dependence, for we have glory enough power enough and patriotism enough,
but that this preparedness would be of such a character along the lines of
the President's recommendations, that oo even consider an attempt upon
heir part to compel America to be
subjects of a foreign power would ubjects of a foreign po
all wiseless undertaking.
All wisdom, inventive or expressive.
comes from the source of all wisdom, and President Wilson has an oppor-
tunity to view many things behind the asbestos curtain of government
which, if placed in full view of the patriotic people of America, 1 am of he opinion that the present opposi
tion to his policies as presented in his
nessaze would be confined to comparatively few, who at this time are
honestly believing that our overhadowing power as a nation is of
ufficient guarantee for our safety. In your own language, 1 repeat, "We case of President Wilson, to the care
ul consideration of every man and oman in Americ

## Edna. Texas.

ETTER FROM SAN FRANCISCO

## By Rev. W. P. Andrews.

"Farewell, P. P. I. E.." These wer letters of fire by the daring young
viator, Art Smith, as he soared above he Exposition grounds at 12 o'clock,
midnight, Saturday, December 4 . This nidnight, Saturday, December 4. This
aet signaled the closing of the gates of the world's greatest Exposition.
This came at the close of a day full of interest to the great multitudes
(the admissions for the day were 416 . (the admissions for the day were 416 ,
164) who availed themselves of this
last opportunity to view the wonder last opportunity to view the wonder-
ful works of man and God enclosed within the beautiful grounds, and to
participate in, or be entertained by participate in, or be entertained by
the varied and interesting program of by this
By this time (Monday. December for removal has begun. Ere long they
wilh all have been taken away. The wreckers will then be given charge
and in a brief time the beautiful nd in a brief time the beautifu
briildings and wonderful statuary that $f$ inspen the admiration and a source ands who have visited this "Jewel City" during the past ten months, will removed, save, perhaps, the Fine Arts
= =ivise Sister: Read My Free Offer! It setms a pity. Millions of dollors
mere sent in their erection, which
re, uived many months of painstaking reguired many months of painstaking
tabor, fnd to be permitted to stand
and be of service for so short a pe. and be of service cor so short a pe-
riod: Yet they weer not buit in vain.
Often it is not the shorter lived man who lives to the least purpese. So
with buildings, so with works of art. with buildings, so with works of art. of the minds who conceived them,
multitudes were fed and clothed from, the remuneration received by the
workmen: images were made in the
minds of men and women and chit


I ARITE YOU TO SEND TOQAY FOR MY FREE TEA DAYS' TREATMEHT tibits have serred as a medium for
the interchange of id the interchange of ideas, such as could Manufactures of every been provided. and education in all its branches have re eived a great impetus. The bringin.
together of so many representative of the peoples of the earth has con-
tributed, and will continue to conribute, to the recognition of th
doctrine of the common brotherhoo of man, and if the end of the presen war shall not be hastened the pre
vention of future wars may result In no sense was the Panama-Pacitic
In mate mation Exposition a failure. The attendance would no doubt have been considerably greate- if Europe had kept the
peace, but as it was the total attendance was $18,829,963$. Instead of sev-
eral millions dollars of indebtednes remaining, as with previous Exposi-
tions, after allowing for all possible ions, after allowing for all possible
expenses for clearing the grounds te., there will be more than a million dellars in the treasury.
Perhaps never before has the comort and protection of strangers been
so carefully looked after. The Trav elers' Aid Society, Y. M.
C. A. and the Churches
$\qquad$ Hat our own Rood Work. We fee
thatch Exposition
Headquarters have not been main Heaquarters have not been main-
tained in rain. Many have been the tained in vain. Many have been the
expressions of gratitude receive from visitors, Besides contributing to
their protection, comfort and pleasure they came to know more of our work in the West, while we were benefite much by the contact with our people
from the Southland. The value of
such headquarters so impressed Bish. op Lambuth and others, that arrange ments have been made to continu
them, not as "Exposition Headquar
 ific Coast Headquarters." It is hoped and I will report the amount contrib
0 in some measure serve the various uted to Texas Christian Advocate.
Church interests. It will serve to


Main Building of Orphanage, Waco, Texas
REMEMBER THAT A RESOLUTION WAS PASSED AT THE WEST TEXAS, CENTRAL TEXAS AND NORTH TEXAS CONFERENCES DESIGNATING CHRISTMAS SUNDAY AS ORPHANS' DAY FOR LIFTING A FREE-WILL OFFERING FOR SUSTAINING THE INSTITUTION FOR THE CONFERENCE YEAR 1915-1916. WE TRUST ALL THE PULPITS OF METHODIST CONNECTION WILL FOLLOW SUIT.

MAKE ALL REMITTANCES TO REV. R. A. BURROUGHS, Waco, Texas
A WORD OF EXPLANATION ABOUT THE COLLECTIONS THAT ARE ASKED FOR THE ORPHंAN AGE ON CHRISTMAS SUNBAY
Every Sunday School is asked to make an offering to help finish our new building, which is very much need-
More than two hundred homeless children have been turned away during the year. No room. This offering is to be sent to Rev. W. T. Gray, Station A, Fort Worth, and he wil send a list of the Sunday Schools and amount given by them to the Texas Christian Advocate. The off ering to be taken by the pastors is for the maintenance
of the Home and is to be sent to the Conference Treas urer, or R. A. Burroughs, Waco, Texas. Each pastor is of the Home and is to be sent to the Conference Treas urer, or R. A. Burroughs, Waco, Texas. Each pastor is re-
quested to give name of Conference from which the mo ney is sent. Let every pastor give his people a chance to quested to give name of
give to this great cause.
ry pastor give his people a chance to
R. A. BURROUGHS, Manager.

## 6Rysio CHO

BLAYLOCK PUB. CO

Office of Publicatio.---1804-1800 Jackion Street

PUBISHED EVERY THURSOAY IT DALLLS, TEXAS
SUBSCRIPTION-IN ADVANCE


THE PHILOSOPHY OF FRIEDRICH NIETZSCHE AND THE EURO PEAN WAR.
seneral drank from the Gierman philosoforer may
As his master before him. semeral pouret scorn on the primary vir ues taught by Jesus Christ. He repuliated the law of lose as binding on ations in their relations with each other 1. denounced peace as the desire and fream of weaklings.
The inevitable result of such teaching and thinking is the most horrible castas rophe in human history. Solemn treaties have been counted as "seraps of paper" and imnoeent. helpless peoples have been ruthlessly overrun.
The spirit of Nietzsehe and Bernhardi breathed in the distinguished Dr. Eugen Suehnemann in his recent address in Dal as when he justified the tragedy of th Lusitania, which has received the merited and hearty condemnation of the whole ivilized world.
The eriterion by which Nietzsehe pro essed to judge Christianity was its fruit. thers had alleged its unseientifie and unhistorical character as the ground for heir rejection of Christianity. Nietzsche asted his judgment on the fruits of Chris ianity
Very well. What, then, of the fruits of his own philosophy? One could wish that his insanity and death could have ween postponed that he might see with his wn eyes the horrible fruits of his insan vaporings. Such philosophy enthrones expedieney above right and leads straight o oppression

We have received from Rev. A. D. Porter a copy of the Central Texas Conference lournal. Bro. Porter is Seeretary of the con ference and also efitor of the Journal.

## HAVE YOU PLANNED FOR THE

 WEEK OF PRAYER?The Board of Missions has made an urgent call for the observance of January -9. 1916, as a week of praver.
The offerings of the week are requested for the emergeney fund of the Board. The Board in its appeal speaks of having heen compelled to eut appropriations for work in our mission fields to the amount of fifty thousand dollars.
We commend the poliey of the Board heartily. The Board cannot be expeeted to plan for expenditures greatly in excess of its probable receipts. The Board is under the necessity of exercising sound business judgment in the management of is great enterprises.
Having made it clear that we mean no reflection upon the Board of Missions it self because of the enforeed retrenchment, we nevertheless regard the statement of a $\$ 50,000$ reduction in its appropriations as the most appalling piece of intelligenee which has come to our Chureh in generation.

America is the hope of the world. In the great enterprises of education and missions the United States is the only mation whose ability and resources have not been decreased by the great world war now raging. The belligerent nations, of necessity, must be reduced in their ability to support the enterprise of mis-

To the American Churehes the mission fields of earth must look for reinforce. ment and increased supplies. In view of this fact, the announcement that our own Church, through its Board of Missions, is contemplating a $\$ 50,000$ reduction in its usual appropriations is simply staggering. Has Christ surrendered his enterprise for the world's evangelization? Has Christ ordered a retreat of his forces from the field: Or, has his Church lost faith in the enterprise which was nearest the heart of her Lord?
We commend heartily the efforts of our Beard of Missions to repair the hurt of retrenchment by raising a $* 50,000$ emergeney fund during the week of prayer. Have you planned for such a week in your charge? If not, will you not write immediately to s10 Broadway, Nashville. Tennessee, for programs and envelopes for your congregation?
The Federal Council of Churches has asked that the period January 2.9 be olv served as the week of prayer and has published programs. In many places our pastors may feel that our own congregations are not sufficiently strong to conduct the week of prayer alone and may have entered into a plan for prayer with the other Churches. In such eases, nevertheless, let our own people be furnished with the envelopes of our Board of Missions and be urged to make their contributions to the end to which our Board directs. These envelopes can easily be taken up at these general meetings.

In our large centers where our congregations are numerous and strong we believe the interests of the kingdom would be best promoted by our own people gathering in their own union services for prayer and for the distinet promotion of our own work on the mission fields. Have you planned for such meetings?

## THE AMERICAN PEACE PILGRIMAGE

Henry Ford and his peace party arrived at Christiania. Norway, at 8 o'elock on the morning of December 20 .
One hundred and fifty Amereians are in the party. Ten delegates from cach of the following neutral countries are ex. pected to join the party: Norway,

Sweden, Denmark, Ilolland. Spain and switzerland.
When the delegates have reached The Hague the entire body will choose thre lelegates from each country. The twenty one delegates thas chosen from the seven heutral countries will be empowered to it indefinitely. The twofold purpose, a stated in the dispatehes, will be to sug gest possible means of peace and to ry rents.

Mr. Ford's movement is purely unofii ial in so far as the American Govert ment is coneerned. We think the sam is true of the other neutral governments. from which representatives will assemble The enterprise is of individual initiative
This peace pilgrimage has been variell
$y$ characterized. In some countries it has provoked amusement and in others feeling akin to hostility
What the peace mission of Mr. Ford will accomplish will depend entirely on how it is conducted. If the mission shall confine itself to the objects named, it can, at least, do no harm. If the move ment. however, should attempt to bring about a strike in the armies of Europ some way will be found to suppress Mr Ford and his whole party. Only harm ould result from the siving of such diree ion to the movement.
In our effort to appraise this ertusad or peace we find that its objeet is cerainly laudable. Failure cannot dim the act that a private eitizen believed so strongly in peace that he was willing to levote his time and his money to bring it about. If Mr. Ford is disereet, the world cannot but think well of the man. The dream of Mr. Ford is a great one and some dreams have come true in the past. The world owes a vast deal to it ireamers. Certainly the world canno wish Mr. Ford harm while he dreams.

## THE CONCERN OF THE LIQUOR

 DEALERS FOR THE CHURCHES.Recently we received from the publicity department of the National Wholesale iquor Dealers Association of Ameriea a cireular diselusvion of an artiele which ppeared in the Cupopular Review of National Prohibition and the Chureh." The letter says:
The issues raised in this article are of the utmost importance to all relizious association as they deal with the fundamental question whether the preacher and priest shall give way o the policeman as an agency for inculeatin noral prineiples, and whether relizious train ing is of more importance in the developmen of moral character than laws intended to prolect the individual azainst the consequence are sure that youkss and his own folly. Wh in the fullest discussion of the problems in volved, and will be indebted to you for the publieation of extracts from the article, and for any editorial comments that you may make
The writer of the circular says of the

## ricle in question:

The Review article points out the grave dan ers that will result from the entrance of reli kious bodies into political contests. Already attempts are being made to proscribe all public en who do not accept their panacea for the if the present policy of the Churches which have aligned themselves with the prohibition ampaien is continued, a conflict is certain be tween them and those Christian bodies which believe that the mission of the Church is to save souls, and not to meddle by law with per sonal tastes and habits. The outcome may be that instead of promoting the cause of temper ance, the Churches are in reality taking action that wiil result in bitter religious strife and animesity, which will discredit not only the ause of temperance, but also the Churches hat have been deluded into endorsing prohibiion as a means to that end.
This letter and its enelosed cireular are f interest because they show the soure of many of the articles appearing in the
press against the Chureh entering into polities. Shrewd writers are employed by the infamous liquor traffic to mass arguments against the participation of the Chureh in the winning fight against the liquor business.

The lefter and its enelosed cireular are of interest also because they elearly show that the vile traflie regards the Church as its most relentless foe. The liquor combine know that the Chureh is the one institution which can afford to fight their business. They know that their threat of boyeott has no fear for the Chureh.
The letter and its enelosed cireular are of further interest because they show the subtle argument of the liquor business. The 'hureh's supreme business, as is known to all, is the business of getting the individual soul to surrender to Jesus thrist. It does net follow, however, that the Chureh is to remain indifferent to the causes which keep men away from thrist and which trap and destroy men after they have come to Christ.
The liquor men would have us invite men to Christ but remain indifferent to the infamous traffie whieh is the barrier in the way of winning vast multitudes to Christ. This is the fine logie of our liquor friends. Gure the fever but remain indifferent to the stagnant water which produees the fever! Save the wreeks but remain indifferent to the influences which make the wreeks: Fine logie !

Moreover, the liquor business is portraved as having great solieitude that the Chureh shall not be diseredited! That the preachers shall not impair their influence! This is both lying hypocrisy and hypocritieal lying. When God becomes the devil and heaven becomes hell the liquor business will have a genuine concern for the weal of the Chureh, but not until then.

THE SITUATION IN DALLAS.
The deadly assault upon Virgil Kirk t 6 o'eloek Monday morning adds to a long list of robberies, murders and assaults recently committed in the eity of Dallas. Kirk is a young man of thirty. five, a clerk in the Texas \& Pacitic yard office. He is now lying in St. Paul's Sanitarium with a badly fractured skull. The chanees for life are slight. The assault was made as he was cheeking a train which was standing in the railway yards. wheh is the information contained in the Monday afternoon papers.
What is the matter with Dallas? several things.

Well-nigh all the saloons in North Trexas are congested in Dallas. With the saloons well-nigh all the criminals in North Texas are assembled in Dallas. The satoon is itself an essentially lawless institution and has always been the rendezvous of the lawless element in society.

Dallas has recently gone on record es displacing the State Sunday law with a city ordinanee of her own making. Dallas and her courts have defied the sovereignty of the state in the matter of its Sunday law. This fact is advertised to the whole world. Dallas has advertised to the whole world that she herself is a lawless eity to the extent that it suits hep own convenience.
3. The city officials of Dallas have condoned, if not defended, the striking down of the State Sunday law. They are on record as opposed to the enforcement of at least one law of their sovereign State, and to this extent the eity government itself is the luge lawbreaker of its eity.
4. Such a situation is an invitation to other classes of lawbreakers. Lawbreaking is a spirit. It cannot be broken up into component parts. It is an indivisible spirit. It is infectious, morover


It is atmospherie. And just the law that different individuals will violate depends upon their temperament and their environment. One class of eitizens chose to violate the Sunday law, another class the law against property and another class the law against the person. Each is lawless and each is dangerous to society. As long as a city holds in contempt any capital law it will be an invitation to breakers of all kinds and grades of law.
5. The law-abiding element of Dallas is divided. The recent fight for the enforcement of the Sunday law witnessed the Church forces of the eity splitting wide open about the methods and agencies for the enforecment of the law. Representatives of certain Churches. just when the fight was hottest, disconcerted and brought to naught the whole movement by declaring that they did not believe that the Council of Churches, as a Council of Churches, should lead the fight. This division among the Chureh forces of the eity emboldened the forees against law enforcement and virtually shattered the usefulness of the only factor in the city which gave any promise for the enforcement of law. Such, in part, is the pitiable situation in Dallas
It seems to us, in view of such a situation. that our brethren who shattered the Chureh Council have invited a heavy re sponsibility upon themselves and that it is now elearly their duty to initiate some method of law enforcement which will take the place of the Council of Churches They would not go along with us, now we are willing to follow in any better way which they may devise.

## FOURTEEN SOUTHERN CONVENTION CITIES.

Twenty-fwo conventions in the National Missionary Campaign have already been held in cities of the East and Middle West. More than 33,000 men paid a reg istration fee of one dollar for the privilege of being delegates to these missionary conventions.
Two teams of nine speakers each, travling from city to city, conducted these great conventions. The attendance, as given above, has been from fifty per cent to one hundred per cent greater than in the eampaign of 1909-10.
The great movement now turns to the South. Dr. D. Clay Lilly, of Nashville. Tennessee. Field Secretary of the Laymen's Missionary Movement, will be team leader.
Among the members of his team are:
John N. Mills, Washington, D. C. Lieutenant-Colonel E. W. Halford, New York City; Bishop W. R. Lambuth, Vice President Board of Missions of the Meth odist Episcopal Church, South; J. T. Henderson, General Sceretary Laymen's Missionary Movement of Southern Baptists, Chattanouga, Tennessee; Worth M. Tippy, New York City ; J. F. Love, Secretary Forcign Mission Board of the Southern Baptist Convention, Richmond, Virginia; W. W. Pinson, General Secretary Board o Missions of the Methodist Episcopal Chureh, South: E. Calvin Cronk, Secre tary Laymen's Missionary Movement of the Lutheran Chureh in the South, Columbia, South Carolina; R. W. Patton, Provincial Secretary of the Protestant Episcopal Board of Missions, Atlanta, Georgia; Stephen J. Corey, Secretary Foreign Christian Missionary Society (Disciples) ( ineinnati, Ohio: Egbert W. Smith, Seeretary Executive Committee of Foreign Missions of the Presbyterian Chureh in the United States, Nashville, Tennessee; E. M. Poteat, President Furman University, Greenville. South Carolina; J. C. Dale, Secretary Laymen's Missionary

## WE NOMINATEDR. JNO. H. McLEAN

Recently we had inquiries from an official of the University of Texas for a complete history of Texas Methodism. The inquirer de sired data embracing the be gimnings, progress and pres ent influence and status o Texas Methodism.
If any one of our readers is aware of the existence of such a history, we confess that he is in possession of something of which we know nothing. Dr. Homer S. Thrall has written something
 of the histors of our Chureh in Texas, but even his writings can hardly be said to present Texas Methodism with the literary fullness and accuracy to which our Methodism in the Southwest is entitled.

We hereby nominate Dr. Jno. H. McLean as our Texas historian. Dr. McLean ame to Texas in 1839 and for these seventy-six years has been as closely identified with the progress of Texas Methodism as any man who has lived in this period.

Dr. MeLean graduated from McKenzie College in 1858, and taught two years in his alma mater. In 1860 he was admitted on trial into the East Texas Conference and upon its division in 1866 he became a charter member of the North Texas Conference and for the subsequent forty-nine years has held membership in this conference.

Dr. McLean has seen the progress of the Church at first hand in circuits, stations and districts as few men have seen it. Nine General Conferences, one Ecumenical Conference and one Congress of World-wide Missions have left their broadening in fluences upon the man whom our Methodism has delighted to honor

We are not yet ready to let this old hero rest. We want him now for the most important service in his long years of distinguished services. We want him to be the historian of Texas Methodism.

We hereby nominate for his contributing staff men who have served the Church with his own conspicuous fidelity; some of whom, perhaps, have seen even longer service than Dr. McLean. We nominate as his staff of contributors H. G. Horton, Littleton Fowler, Horace Bishop, E. L. Shettles, James Campbell, Isaac Alexander, J. M. Binkley, W. C. Young, Jno. R. Allen, C. C. Cody, R. C. Armstrong, H. A. Bourland and Jerome Haralson.

Dr. McLean with these helpers can give as complete history of Texas Methodism as ean be written of the Methodism of any other State.

It is peculiarly fitting that friends in Texas should at this time be engaged in providing a comfortable home for Dr. McLean, therely making it possible for this noble man to do the greatest work which he has yet done for our State. Have we a second to our nomination?

## Movement Associate Reformed Preshy

 terian Chureh, Chester, South Carolina. The Southern convention cities with th lates of the conventions are as follows Houston, Texass January 19-21, 23 ; New Orleans, Louisiana, January 23-26; Jackson, Mississippi, January 26-28, 30; Bir mingham, Alabama, January 30-February 2: Atlanta, Georgia, February 2-4. 6 Columbia, South Carolina, February 6-9 Greenshoro, North Carolina, February 9 11. 13: Richmond, Virginia, February 15 17 ; Lexington, Kentucky, February 20-23 Nashville, Tennessee, February 23-25, 27 Memphis, Tennessee, February 27-March 1: Little Rock, Arkansas, Mareh 1-3, 5 Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, March S-s Fort Worth, Texas, March 8-10, 12Our conference lay leaders are afforded a fine opportunity for work at this time. Personal letters to our laymen calling at tention to the Southern Conventions and their dates and urging attendance would yield much fruit. The Church leaders in our local congregations likewise are afforded large opportunity for work. Local Churehes could do no better thing than to provide for the expenses of numbers of their men to these conventions. Let the pastor, by all means, press the mat ter upon the men of his congregation.

## EXTENSION COURSES IN OUR SCHOOL OF THEOLOGY.

We have spoken more than once upon the desirability of our School of Theology at Sonthern Methodist University vitally relating itself to the studies of our preachers. Indeed, in our judgment that school in a year or two should have
a hand in directing the studies of a ma jority of our preachers west of the Mississippi.
We cannot conceal our delight that our School of Theology is moving intelligently toward this very thing. In our last issue we published a plan of extension courses to be given our busy pastors. The courses are to be given on a single day in each week. Tuesday, during the winter and spring. Our facilities for rapid travel will make it quite possible for scores of our pastors to avail themselves of thes courses. The subjects announced will prove stimulating to any preacher who will pursue them. The men who are to teach these subjects are well qualified for such teaching.
Direction to new books, beholding great themes through the eyes of qualifield teachers, acquainting oneself with methods of study, acquiring new facts and eplenishing oneself with new truththese are some of the advantages which will result from the prosecution of the courses offered, if but in part and for such times as one can command.
We congratulate our School of Theology upon its purpose to break out of the isolation of the average seminary and to relate itself to the pulsing life of our busy pastors.

## WEEK-DAY RELIGIOUS INSTRUCTION.

The Religious Education Association will hold its thirteenth annual convention
1916.
The f

The first three days of the convention

## DO YOU SUFFER

FROM EACKACHE?

| id they do not poperly perform ir functions: dou do not feel life dimer mond anything. You are likedy to be pondent and to brrow trouble t as if you hadn't enough al dy. Don the The old reliable medi-ine, Hood rsaparilla, |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

will be given to the discussion of the theme. "The Relation of Instruction in Religion to Public Education." The reader is likely aware that the
colonists provided for distinetly religious instruction in their week-day schools. The days which have come and gone since those early days of our American history have witnessed the gradual removal of well-nigh all religious instruction from our schooks In some States not even the reading of the Holy. Bible is permitted in the public schools.
Educators today are seeing the mistake of these modern days. They understand that no system of training can be called ducation which leaves out of the account the moral and the religious. More than this, they are coming to the realization of the positive danger of increasing intellece tual powers without the development ot a moral and religious conscience which is to direct these powers.
The "Gary", plan, previously diseussed in these columns, and the Colorado and North Dakota plans, whereby religious instruction given in the Churehes wil be given credit in the publie schools. will be discussed. We shall watch the pro ceedings of the coming convention with a great deal of interest.

## PERSONALS

Rev. J. A. Crutchfield, whose home is in
Chicago, Il.., is spending the winter in Texaand made the Advocate a pleasant call the past week.

Rev. G. C. French, of Terrell, called to see us this past week. He is back in Terrell for his third year and is planning sood work for the year.
Rev. L. P. Smith, who took a supernumerary relation at the North Texas Conference, has moved to Dallas to make this city his home After long and faithful service he takes a an adjunct to Dallas Methodism:

The Advocate has received from Mr. J. H Murphy the announcement of the marriaze of his daughter, Edna, to Mr. Wilmer E. Bivens Sunday, December the mineteenth,
hundred and fifteen, Austin. Texas. Their hundred and fifteen, Austin, Texas. Their
home will be San Antonio. Texas. We extend
congratulations and best wishos.
 Rev. H. E. Draper, Azent for Superannuate
Homes in West Texas Conference, brizhtened our office with a call the past week. He is
not only looking after homes but also the not only looking after homes but also the
endowment fund which his conference is rais
ing for the superannuate fund. He is enthu ing for the superannuate fund. He is enthu
siastic and the cause will prosper in his hands
 was so full of levity as to make hood Wesley Bible Class, with the
think of a vaudeville perform- motto, "We do things." Following are
rather

## SUNDAY SCHOOL DEPARTMENT

| SUNDAY SCHOOL DEPARTMENT |
| :---: |
| Division of THE Southwest |
| REV. E hichtower, Georgetown, Texas |

## REMEMBER THE ORPHANAGE.

 The other day we Leard MarvinKelly, Superintendent of our Sunday School at Longview. Texas, say that
his school would send to our Orphanage at Waco as a Christmas present
two hundred or more dollars in actual two hundred or more dollars in aretual
cash, besides many other such things cash, besides many other such things
as new clothes and table supplies.
Good for Longview: Such generosity as new clothes and table supplies.
Good for Longview: Such generosity
will not impoverish those pupils materially, but it will abound to their own spiritual enrichment. Like an in-
dividual, a Sunday School that exists
chiefly for its own sake is doomed to chiefly for its own scke is doomed to
death. If your school has not re-
membered the Orphanaze at this season of good will toward men, give it
a chance to do so yet. It will do the
school good.
2. Plans and preparation for De
 of every pupil in the school. Religi-
ously every Suiday School falls inte three groups: (a) Those who are
leading active Christian lives, (b) Those who are merely Church mem-
bers, and (c) Those who have not
united with the Church and probably make no profession of religion.
(2). A revival in the Sunday
School which shall arouse indifferent
Chureh members and win to Christ
and the Church those who are con-


## EPWORTH LEAGUE DEPARTMENT

## THOSE OUTSIDE THE SCHOOL.

 Church members and win to Christand the Church those who are con-
sciously outside the fold.
Details of work must be determined Details of work must be determined
by local conditions. As a pastor we
found it a good idea to begin by callby local conditions. As a pastor call-
found it a good idea to begin by
ing the teachers and superintendent
together for conference and prayer. together for conference and prayer.
In this opening conference the teachers were asked about the spiritual
condition of the members of their
classes and it was usually found that classes and it was usually found that
some teachers had not thought of this
phase of the work. The meeting phase of the work. The meeting
closed with a season of prayer and
the teachers were asked to ascertain the religious status of each member
of a class and report at a subsequent
meeting. The immediate effect of such a conference would usually ap-
pear in the deepening of the spiritual life of teachers, in more earnest
teaching, and in better attention on the part of the scholars. This first
meeting would be followed by others,
as oceasion suggested, and for weeks as oceasion suggested, and for weeks
this one definite objective of winning
the scholars to Christ was kept clearly before the minds of the officers and
teachers.
(3). Frequent public mention, by (3). Frequent public mention, by
superintendent or pastor, of the need
of personal salvation through faith
in Christ. Jesus should be presented in Christ. Jesus should be presented
as the Friend and Savior of all who
trust him, and the pupils should be
shown the need of sueh a Savior and trust him, and the pupils shouldd be
shown the need of such a Savior and
the joy of his salvation.
(4). The pastor should urge upon
the parents their personal responsi. bility for the salvation and spiritual
guidance of their own children.
3. When Decision Day arrives the
public service should be preceded by a season of united prayer on the part
of pastors, parents, officers and teach.
ers. In this service the pastor should
lay upon the mind and heart of those ers. In this service the pastor should
lay upon the mind and heart of those
present the duty and privilege and
joy of winning souls to Christ. They joy of winning souls to Christ. They
should be exhorted not to wait to be
publicly urged to make a personal appublicly urged to make a personal ap-
peal to children or pupils, when such
appeal is needed. The whole publie service should be
strietly in keeping with its solemin
purpose. There should be good cheer
but no levity. Our young people who but no levity. Our young people who
are to be affected by the work of the
hour should be made to feel that they
are being asked to make. not a dread. are being asked to make, not a dread-
ful, but a momentous, decision. The
songs should be evangelical The apsongs should be evangelical. The ap-
peal of the pastor should be charked
with love and spirithol with love and spiritual fassion, Clap-
trap methods. mirth-provoking tales
and stories desizned to make the and stories desizned to make the
children weep are all unnecesary and
out of place. The young raspond to the preaching of the zospel more
readily than adults. They should be readily than adults. They should be
asked to surrender to Clrist, and not
to "aceept Christianity." as the manto "aceept Christianity," as the man-
ner of some is. Let them be brount
face to face with a personal Savior face to face with a personal Savior
and made to feel that life and destiny
depend upon becoming his disciples depend upon becoming his diselples
throngh an act of seff-surrender.
4. Decision Day should be follow4. Decision Day should be follow
ed up carefully by individual instrue
tion of those who have committe tion of those who have committed
themselves to Christ. We are glad
that the Evangelistic Committee has fixed the next Sunday. April 25 , as
the day for the reception of members. In the intervening week the
pastor should either hold a personal conference with each person seeking
Chureh membership, or fnduce parent Church membership, or induce parent
or teacher to do so, and by this means or teacher to do so, and by this means
ascertain the amount of intelligent ascertain the amount of intelligent
conviction, strensth of purpose and
religions experience involved in each relizious experience involved in each
case, and zovern himself according-
ly. Paragranh 213 of our Discipline is very explicit at this point. be made a very impressive service.
The hurried and slipshod manner in which members are otten received
into the Church is not caleulated to into the Church is not caleulated to
impress them with the gravity of the
step they are taking. In Churches step they are taking. In Churches
that immerse we have seen young
people go down into the baptistry with
re than an act of consecra-



On page 13 of last week's Advocate
will be found the program for the
conference to be held in Fort Worth conference to be held in Fort Worth
December 31 -January 2. As no other notice has been given we suppose
hat the meetings will be held at First Church. As you will notice the work due thereof subject to verification
of the conference will be discussed and identification by the Trustee. ander the heads of the State Work, This notice is given in accordance

$\qquad$ CCarksville Epworth League.
1915 Evangelistic Work and
Students Special
1915 Seholarship in Laredo Sem.
inary
Decatur District Epworth League.
1915-Mexican Special at Bridge.
 port
perican Special at Bridge-
$1915-$ Isle of Pines Special.-..... $\quad 127.50$


## NOTICE. To the holders of bonds issued by

 The Texas State Epworth League ofthe Methodist Episcopal Church, You are hereby notified that the Roard of Trustees of the Texas state
Fpworth Teague thereunte duly auChurch, South.

1 Treasurer not later than De-
il Treasurer not later than Decen
ber 15. Faithfully your coworker Treasurer
Missions. Raky hay ferguson, TO JUNIOR SUPERINTENDENTS To the Junior Superintendents and
eaguers of North Texas, Greetings: As your Conference Assistant Junio Superintendent of Epworth Leagues,
wish to extend to you my very best wishes at Christmas time and for the New Year. May your efforts be
rowned with much joy and succeat in your work for the Master. There is much we can do to gladden the than we, thus showing the real pirit of our Leazue to do "all for
Christ" during the holidays, and on rough the New Year.
LOLLIE DORSEX Assistant Junior Superintendent N. T.
C. E. L.

In our relation to God the spirit of thankfulness is not dependent on
conditions of material prosperity or of treedom from trial. For whatever
may be our immediate experiences, God is always the good. His goodness is as manitest to the discerning eye
now is exhilarating: there is no such thing as bad weather-only different
kinds of good weather." God's deal ings with us are good- all goods deal- He deals in love, in wisdom, and he gives
his grace and strenth. All his deal-
ing are different ings are different kinds of good deal-
ing-H.

## 

 If you vould libe to read somp intereating micocaconco. atanta,

## 

 EVE, EAR, Mose Andthant 20s-2 wileon Evic., eallas, TaEEPWORTH PIANOS


CHURCH SUPPLIES

texas christian advocate

| THE WOMAN'S <br> communications in the interest of the <br> and the Woman's Home Mission <br> Milton Ragsulale, care Texas Chr | DEPARTMENT <br> the Woman's Foreign Missionary Society Society should be sent to Mrs. hristian Advocate, Dallas, Texas. | Kingston, Okla., Secretary of Madill District. <br> Our new deaconess, Miss Laura Harris, has her work well organized at Hartshorne. She has organized a sowing club of twenty-five members foreigners in this coal field. Many |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Following are the officers of Farmrsville Auxiliary for year 1916: | ed part of our educational workChurch literature-by appearing in a dress made of the Christian Advocate, | Day, some new societies organized and bany members gained. This is the onth for the election of officers and |  |
| Iresid nt, Mrs. John Honaker: First Ii e-President. Mrs, W, B. Honaker: | dress made of the Christian Advoeate, Missionary Voice, King's Messenter | I hope to have a report from each auxiliary and the name of your Pub- | ust |
| ond Vice-President, Mrs. Myrtle | Leattets, ele | licity Superintendent for the coming | short as a busy cook's temper- |
| ew: Treasurer, Mrs James |  |  |  |
| areh: Recording Secretary, Mrs. | and map of our Pacific Coast work, | work of this nepartment unless you | ly short and feather "laky. |
| Wes Neathery: Publicity | which was responded to by an of- | do this. MrS. H. J. Fowler, | Bottom crust biscuity - no |
| intendent, Mrs. L. L. Miller: Su- intendent of Supplies, Mrs. M. 6 . | fering of $\$ 10$. This is our second all day meeting | Superintendent Mission Study and | sog. |
| intendent of Supples, Mrs. R. .G. | This is our second all day meeting |  | Yet for all you can taste of shortening |
| n: Orkanist. | lightful have these meetings proven |  |  |
| Parsonage Commitee, Mrs. Tom | poken of making them | TEXAS CONFERENCE NOTES. | in it. |
| Sr., Mrs. M. Phillips, Mrs. Will |  | The Executive Committee of the |  |
| HRS WES NEATHERY <br> x 295. Farmersville, Tex. | sponded to the invitation to lunch This year many came to the service. | Texas Conference. W. M. S., recently net in Houston and set the date of annual meeting for February | Crusto has no taste of its own-result, brings out all the flavor of the other |
|  | Mrs, W. D. austin. |  | ingredients. It is odorless. Not only |
| IMPORTANT, NORTHWEST TEXAS CONFEREACE AUXILIARIES, |  |  | oes it make delicious pastry but whole- |
| CONFEREACE AUXILIARIES. | LAKEWOOOD AUXILIARY. | The program is about completed | eap-cheaper than cooking butter |
| Iy a tew more days remain in | n's Home Miss |  | tter. Try it. |
| The first three | met in regular business session Twes |  |  |
| ow that only 81211 of the 830 | day atternoon at | $\mathrm{A}^{\mathrm{A}} \mathrm{m}$ |  |
| dedge have been peid. if the 81789 | 7. The following officers w | session of, for and by young people. |  |
| not paid our work will st | ed: Mrs. M. L. Smith, | with youths in evidence in every |  |
| de | de | phase of |  |
| ng of | eside |  |  |
| reasons. 1 | Vice-President; Mrs. W. Mi. Wr | Officers' reports will be printed and |  |
| ${ }_{\text {poor crops, low pr }}^{\text {prest }}$ | Fourth |  |  |
| If-sartiticing women, | lach, Auxiliary Treasurer; Mrs. D |  |  |
| Cotion plentiful and | W. Alley, Corresponding | these |  |
| Catle selling for almost fabulous | Miss Fannie |  |  |
| ces it comparison with fo |  |  |  |
| cars. Yruit and reeetables in | Summerville, Recording |  |  |
| It is time for serious | work, although we are not neglectful | livest toipes. All information on this |  |
| , | ur foreign neighbors in other |  |  |
|  | ys. |  |  |
| rob | our Auxiliary; therefore, we hav be faithful to accomplish much. | Programs will be ready for the pening session, Tuesday night, Feb- |  |
| ring to | We hope to do more |  |  |
| offerink to Mrs, Lee 1 | vork as the years go by. Exponded on parsonaze and other. | Plan for this great meeting. | CRUSTO-Houston, Texas |
| ${ }_{\text {ference }}$ Treasurer, | Expended on parsonage and other- |  |  |
| in this way. Sincerely. | pastor, Rev. | Come to this grear meeti |  |
|  |  | all others who will join us. | fforts and results of Miss Henry's Week of Prayer |
| Texas. | the aim of each Auxiliary may be |  |  |
| res |  | Recording Secretary |  |
| al wells auxil |  |  |  |
| held our Week of Prayer No- | Decorling Secretary. | Shorne. okla.. | (his mining district. ${ }^{\text {Having constantly }}$ associated with subjected and must have felt at the close |
|  |  |  |  |
| il Priday. in the afternoons, | the scarritt bible and |  | d |
| Missionary Council For weeks | training school. |  | m- |
| number of our women had | The announcement recently made |  | - |
| ayer for |  |  | seen how much she needs her hands ance (not includine the Sunday ser- |
| Coast work. Our hearts burned within us as | ing the loss of the endowzent fund | some instances, being the head lers of our deaconess wo:k whic | upheld by other workers, they would mon nor wither of the Youns People'* at once redouble their eflorts in our meetines) was 45 , total collection |
| realized the urgent call-duty. The | Sthool has called forth expression | opened in the Mestester coal mining | Win-One Campaizn for more mem- 8113.7 s . |
| Father poured his Holy Spirit out | hearty sympathy from friends | distriet by De | bers in our missionary society, as by |
| upon us and blessed our waiting souls. | uaghout the whole Church. The | dauphter of Rev. H. B. Henry, of |  |
| Thanksgiving service was concluded | Executive Committee of the Woman's | tral Conf | add to our deaconess force either in teeeremdrestdent; First ,ice. Pres |
| with a prayer and praise service. The | Missionary Council feels that | nearly a year she labored among | having another one sent or a trained dent, Mrs, , Minans: Second |
| children rendered a most in | friends | many of the foreigners to establish | nurse One half of our membership (ce-etary, Mrs ip Murles: Corre |
| service of Friday. Their cated splendid leadership. | due a matter |  |  |
| The morning hour was piven to the | The |  |  |
| men on sutady. Oar work | \$14 | near he | double our membership this year: perintendemt Mission study an t pub- |
| presented by the officers of the nax- | cause of the unfortunate specul of the Treasurer of the Board of | almost phenomenal. Our last Council | Our auxiliary observed the week of thy, Mrs, Lis superin mident |
| Miary, interspersing with good music | agers in Kansas City, At the re | Our last council sen | church with lunch November 9 . This |
| program in the evening. Courageous | of other creditors the | us in her stead Deaconess Laura | was one of the most satisfactory and Perry. |
| piving completed this rrac | nestment | Harris, who for three years has been | inspiring services we have attended. The work in all lines is progressing |
| Week of Prayer. One consee | pany, of which he was head. | Traveler's Aid in Montromery | The program was carried out in full, and we are payins for a greater zood |
| weman soid her Chrictmas fruit cake | Training School has retained on | she | her |
| to be able to give largely, and <br> To to a privilege to do so. | the best law firms in the city to lo after its interests. The definite | place, picking up the work where she left | leater, who chose her helper: the de- Publicity Superintendent. |
| Forty-one dollars was amount | be known until the careful | tinuing it in a satisf | of program. Scripture, prayer and |
| ven by adult, \$15.to by the young | vestigation of the asse | Thoush these people loved Miss He | ong with each topic made the service |
| people. ss by the chidren, totaling | ties which has | an | very sweet and helpful as well as in- You know ty experierce that the aches and |
|  | been completed. Every ef | hearts and homes to Deaconess |  |
|  | made to recover the fund and to |  |  |
| effort. Publicity Superintender | 解 mot involved in the | tul No 10 loye |  |
|  | loss. A maintenance fund to sustain | affection for the old. Our hearts are | be forgotten by the members who and cures she diveas? |
| ROCKWALL AUXILIARY. | the school for the remainder of the seholastic year is being raised by th | cadde ned by the faet that Deaconess Heary on account of her continued ill- | wee fresent. and our ofering was thir- matic than any other meticine in the world. |
| On November 18 the Hethodist | Eoard of Manasers. | ness has given up her work for this | ticed that much in any of the reports King Georee has signed a royal |
| ladies observed the Week of Prayer | miss belle h. bewnett | year and will remain with her father | in the Advocate where the attend- order forbidins treatins in the dram- |
| with an all day serrice at che church, which was beautifuly decorated for | mrs. F. S. Parker, Rec. sec | in Fort Worth. The prayers of her | ance, in most cases, were much larker shops of London. we take fresh couraze and are hopins |
| the occasion, in both cut towers a |  |  |  |
| poted plants. This | <lahoma confe | speedy recovery and return to active | Aperiments prove that sawdust is |
| as begun at 10 a. m, miss. | Several items of interest have | work. Early in the fall it was our | MRS. J. Y. BRYCE. ${ }^{\text {an excellent material for extinguish- }}$ in¢ tires in intlammable liquids. |
| es leading. The conference pro- | sent me quite recently, some | pieasure to meet with Mrs. R. Wh. Mc. Domnell, of Nashville, when she met |  |
| ructively by home | our annual meeting which will be | the | Trinity Auxiliary, el paso. More salt is produced in New York |
|  | held at Okmulsee in | Wo | ${ }^{\text {n's }}$ M Missionary Society than in any other State. |
| road. Our invited guests being | uary. M | and instruct further into the details | of Trinity M. E. Chur |
| Church membership, each pastor and wife of the other Churches in town, | Nashwille, expects to be with meetink and will be a great | of work, in company | frem the sth to the 14th of Novem- |
| wife of the other Churches in own, | meeting and will be a great inspiration. We hope that ev | Auxiliary Superintendent of social | ber, inclusive. The principal sub- Stomach Sllferers |
| ary Societies. | iliary in this conference | Service, Mrs, J. A. Mercee, Con | ject discussed on Monday and Tuesday was -Javan." Two meetings were held |
| The morning service was closed | resented at this meeting, the date of which will be announ | ence Treasurer, and Peaconess Har- ris. We drove with Mrs McDonnell | was "Japan." Two meetings were held GALLSTONE VICTIMS |
| ${ }^{\text {a }}$ a Prayer" by bur pastor, Prether | soon as determined. Mrs. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | to the various coal mines of Hatis |  |
| Holmes, followed by sentence pray- | writes me that an extra | horne and Haileyville, which towns |  |
| ers for world peace by the congrega- | be put forth in them | are sparated only by atreete either |  |
| tion, ${ }_{\text {Promptly }}$ at 12 oclock a bounteo | Let us have no deficit this year, | also visiting the Y. M. C. A. building |  |
| served |  |  | mentine |
|  | There are sotue chankes in tistrict | , mock Ispe, and doinz a kreat work amonk | Present. Thursiay meeting was de- valubbe book of intormation and hear what |
|  |  | the railroad employes and others. | voted to the study of our work on or ,ur remedy, have to as, nas decide for |
| ks | rx. |  | the Pacific coast. Friday Mrs. Em- yourselies, fariv and without prejudicy as is |
|  |  |  | ting which was a consecration $\begin{aligned} & \text { address } \\ & 8.8 \\ & 219 \\ & \mathbf{S} \\ & \mathbf{S}\end{aligned}$ |

## PASSING DAY

 the good of humanity in general-willgather in the national capital to dis-
cuss and exchange views on suljects cuss and exchange
of interest to the

ing eorge Newton Steinmetz, contret-

ORDER FROM NE AREST HOUSE Smith Lamar

PUBLISHING HOUSE M. E. CHURCH, SOUTH Nashville, Tenn, DALLAS, TEX. Riehmond, Va.
THE WARS.
Possibly the rost important war
event the past week is the withdrawa of the British weeks is the withdrawal Anzae distriets of Gallipoli Peninsula
Operations are to be continued, how. Operations are to be continued, how-
ver, in other sectors of the front on
iallipeli. Though thousands of lives tallipeli. Though thousands of lives
were lest in gaining the two positions
just given wpand just given up, and other thousands in
holding them, the withdrawal was made quietly and without the sacri-
fice of men. Sir Chas. Monro sives hice of hen. Sir Chas. Monro gives
kreat eredit for the skilifully conduet.
ed transfer of forces, to the seneals commanding the British troops and to commanding the British troops and to
the Royal Navy. There has been little
or no tivhting in either the Eastern ing engineer in charge of the koose-
velt dam in Arizona and the Galveston
sea wall, died in New York Sunday of

$\qquad$ and artillery without loss and in suf.
ficient force to hold the town azainst

December 23, 1915
"Who Will Prevent Defeat?"



FIGHT ON.
My reeent illness was so critic
that my recovery is regarded as lit
the short of miraculous, by doetor
GLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

| In this dopartmont may bo advorlieed anything you want to buy, sell or exchange <br>  <br>  <br> We cannot have answers addressed to se, so your addroses must appear with the advertisement <br> All adrertisements in this department will be wet eniforaly. No dispiay or biack-taced type <br> Copy tor advertisements must reach this omee by saturday to thsure their insertion <br>  |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |



POSTOFFICE ADDRESSES.

Waco, Texas.
Church DEDICATION.
We are to dedicate our Church at


with this query in my heart 1 all that my feeble strength would
permit. Then looking back at my
bridge with the unanswered question
in my mind, saw that
in my mind, saw that the floor of the
bridge was straight, and its end
could not see; it just seemed to go
on and on, then round a turn in the
mountain side. Looking up at the mountain side. Looking up at the
shining face. I saw that the side of
the cliff was ver the cliff was very steep, and stum-
bling again, it was this time more dif
ficult to rise, but as the angel raised me, I noticed that my bridge did no
slope up, but ran on straight ahead
and as my lips murmured, and as my lips murmured, "Thy will
be done," the answer was borne in
upon me, that I was to stay here, and
fight on. Then, with confidence, turning my
face to the nurse. I said, If you keep face to the nurse. I said. If you keep
on working, by five o'clock I shall be
all right and by eight o'clock they can do the second operation" (which
had been made necessary by the hemorrhage). And so praying, fight
ing, believing, the night wore away.
When five oelock approached seemed to know it, and said, "I shall
live!'" The doctors among themselves the state I then was, by eight o'clock
they would operate; when that hour
approached, I was, much to their



|  <br> NORTHWEST TEXAS <br> Amarillo District-First Round. Panhandle, Dec. 20. Canadian, Jan. $1,2$. <br>  Vega, Jan. 16 . Amarillo, Polk Street, Jan. 22, 33. Amarillo. Buchanan Street, Jan. 23, 24. Amarillo Mis, Feb. ${ }^{5}$, ${ }^{6}$ ROBINSON. P. E. ERNEST <br> Big Spring District-First Round. Stanton Sta., Dee. 25, 26. Brownfield, at B. Jan. 8, Wilson Miss., at Tahok, Jan. <br> Wownon Miss., at Tahoka, Jab. 15, 16. O'Donnell Miss., at ${ }^{\prime}{ }^{\prime}{ }^{\prime}$.., Jan. 22, 23. Slaton Sta., Jan. 29, 30. Big Spring Miss., at Moore, Feb. 5, 6. Big Spring Sta, Feb. 6, 7. Coahoma, W. E. LYON, P. E. <br> Clarendon District-First Round. Clarendon. Dec. 26. <br> Wemphis, Jan. 1, 2, Wellington Mis., Jan. 7, at Loco. Ouail Cir, Jan. 10 , at Lee's Chapel. Hedley. Jan. 14, 15 . Hedley, Jan. 14, 15. Goodnight Mis., Jan. ${ }^{21}$ A. ${ }^{22}$ W. HAALL, P. Goodnight. |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |









Hamlin District-First Round.
(Revised)




|  |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |



Vernon District-First Round. (270




## 





PERSONALS OURCHURCH NEWS
 Talcot Williams says that the number of ministers is growing faster
than that of lawyers and physicians
This is ground for rejoicing. sir Charies Cheers Wakefield, Lord
Hayor, of London, the biggest city in thayor, or London, the biggest city in
the world, is a Methodist, which faet
is in nowise to his discredit. Sensible man that re is, he says, that he
owes being head of the great city to Dr. s in. Hosmer, of the Alabama
Conferetice, dna for several yenrs
editor of the Nabama Advocate, was
superannuated at his own request at
the recent session of that conterence.
He is one of the best men and has
been one of the most useful that Ala-
tama Methodism has produced.
 membership gains in the foreign mis-
sion flelds in the history of our
Churel. For the missions in China.
Korea, Brazil, and Cuba, the total Korea. Brazil, and Cuba, the total
kain in number of Church members
tor the yeas is nearly zteo, or an incrase of more than ten per cent. Brooklyn is said to be the Syrian
center of the United States. The
Presbyeterians of that Presbytery are Presbyterians of that Presbytery are
planning a more systematic cam-
paign among tiee syrians, and in this work hey will have the co-operation
of several other Presbyteries and the
inards of Home and Foreign Misions. The Methodist Episcopal Church
nas tour Annual Conferences with
nore than 100, घ0日 Church members
tach: Northeast Ohio, 151,827 : West tach: Northeast Ohio, 151,827 : West
Ohio, 129,634 Indiana, 107,127: Ohio,
til, 111 , 11 of these are in the Cincinnati Episcopal area, and, as will be
noted, three of the four are in one
state. Dr. Wilfred T. Grenfell, famous for
his work among the Labrador fisher
olk. has accepted an invitation to Wk. has accepted an invitation to arvard Tniversity. He left this
and
arntry December 14. and will return Latrador. Th. :uperannuate Endowment Fund,
The colletions from the con-
vay. iov ment Fund for this year, accord-
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ its missionary, pledging $\$ 1000$ a
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ missionaries not more than five hun-
dred are now at work on their fields,
and some of these are dependent for
even foed and shelter upou American
(1sionary Societies other than
herat. Some of those working in
Sisn lands under control of the

## majority of 19,61 ; the Island

 sentiment is spreading rapidly in
Canada, and if the United States is
not careful the territory George to the north will win the race
to rid its portion of the continent of Bishop Lambutn, atter spending
several diays in Atlanta recently.
lecturing to the students of the Cand-
ler Thieological Sehool on missions,
preaching on Sunday morning in
Trinity Church and taking part in the
convecation services at Wesley
Memorial Church on Sunday evening
when two of the theological students
received their degree of B . D. left
for other fields. He is one of the
most industrious men of our entire
Connection. A Bishop who could walk
veo miles in Africa to look after the
religious interests of the people does
not count it a very hard task to serve
the Church in the homeland with fast
sehedules on good trains. So says the
Wesleyan Christian Advocate.

## Dr. Hubbard Kavanaugh Hinde. whe died recently in Fulton, Missouri,

 had reacheed the ripe auke of ofighty:two. He was a cousin of Bishop two. He was a cousin of of eishop H.
H. Kavanaugh, had been superintendH. Kavanaugh, had been superintend-
ent of the Missouri Insane Axylum at
Fulton, and President of Hloward-
Paine College for Paine College for Women at Fayette.
He was one of the most distinguished He was one of the most distinguished
laymen in Southern Methodism. He laymen in Southern Methodism. He
was an ardent advocate of the union of American Methodism.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \begin{array}{l}
\text { Bishop E. E. Hoss and his son, Mr. } \\
\text { E. E. Hos, Jr., sailed from Kobe, } \\
\text { Japan, early in this month and with- } \\
\text { in a dhort time will likely reach San }
\end{array} \\
& \begin{array}{l}
\text { in a short time will likely reach san } \\
\text { Franeisco. Bishop Hoss was able to } \\
\text { till all on }
\end{array} \\
& \text { till all of his engagements in Austra- } \\
& \begin{array}{l}
\text { till all of his engagements in Austra- } \\
\text { lia and in the Far East-in fact, he } \\
\text { undertook a }
\end{array} \\
& \begin{array}{l}
\text { undertook a great deal more work } \\
\text { than was expected of him when he } \\
\text { left home. From all reports, he has }
\end{array} \\
& \begin{array}{l}
\text { left home. From all reports, he has } \\
\text { been in vigorous health and returns } \\
\text { renewed in strength. For this the en. }
\end{array} \\
& \begin{array}{l}
\text { renewed in strength. For } \\
\text { tire Church will rejoice }
\end{array} \\
& \begin{array}{l}
\text { The latest official statement con- } \\
\text { crning the schools of our Chure }
\end{array} \\
& \begin{array}{l}
\text { cerning the schools of our Church } \\
\text { shows that we have invested in } \\
\text { grounds, buildings and }
\end{array} \\
& \$ 13.500,125 \text { and in endownents } \$ 6 \text {, } \\
& \begin{array}{l}
\$ 13,500,125 \text { and in endowments } \$ 6,- \\
47,315, \text { a total of practically } \$ 20, \\
000,000 \text {. This total has been }
\end{array} \\
& \begin{array}{l}
\text { This total has been in- } \\
\text { creased by more than } \$ 2,000,000 \text {, since } \\
\text { these figures include }
\end{array} \\
& \begin{array}{l}
\text { these figures inciuded only the } \\
\text { sehools in operation last year. The } \\
\text { number of }
\end{array} \\
& \begin{array}{l}
\text { number of students enrolled during } \\
1914-15 \text { was } 20,3 \mathrm{se} \text {. Reports from the }
\end{array} \\
& \begin{array}{l}
\text { larger number of sehools for the } \\
\text { present session indicate that the }
\end{array} \\
& \begin{array}{l}
\text { present session indicate that the } \\
\text { total enrollment will show an increase } \\
\text { of ten to fifteen per cent over last }
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

## A STUDY OF THE MINUTES.

A little study of the Minutes of the
Northwest Texas Conference will dis Northwest Texas Conference will dis-
close to the thinking mind a state of discontent and unrest that should not
obtain among us as a Christian people. The facts that 1 shall present the part of the membership of the
Church or the preachers, or both, that church or the preachers, or both, that
should not exist. They indicate a
very wide-spread very wide-spread mania for change,
for something new, reminding you of the statement made in the Acts of the
Apostles, "For all the Athenians and staangers which were there spent
their time in nothing else, but either
to tell, or to hear sone new thing" The journal of our conference just
Theld in Clarendon sow held in Clarendon shows that we have
one hundred and forty-nine preachers appointed to as many charges. The
aligures in brackets opposite the names of these different pastors show the
number of years they have been appointed to the charges they are
now serving. Out of the one hundred and forty-nine the minutes show that
eighty-four have been appointed for the first year to the charge; that is
out of the one hundred and forty-nine preachers eishty-four, something over
half of them, had to move at the last session of the conference. To my
mind this inicates three things that
are to be deplored. First, the waste are to be deplored. First, the waste
of money that necessarily comes un. be putting it at a very conservative
estimate to say that it would average
each preacher fifty dollars to meve each preacher fifty dollars to move. I self, but we will say that amount.
Fifty multiplied by eighty-four kives Vifty multiplied by eizhty-four kives
you 84200 that the preachers are
forced to spend in order to get to their appointment, and many of them,
if not all, have to borrow it, for very few ever get away from a conference
with any cash in the bank to their
credit. May be that some of them
had a very meager support the year had a very meazer support the year
before and came to the close of the
year just a little behind, and now they year just a little behind, and now they
are forced to borrow money to enter
upon the work for another upon the work for another year in a
charge that will not pay them any charge that will not pay them any
mose, if as much, as they reecived the
year before. Your preacher bezins his work hampered, his spirit de-
pressed, if not crushed, and he is not
prepared to do prepared to do his best, while if he
people had just ennouraged him a lit-
tle on the work from which he moves, he would have overcome all the diffit:
culties in the way and brought the
very thin very things to pass which they most
desired. If it is the preacher's fault desired. If it is the preacher's fault
that he moves he is very unwise to
want to be everlastingly chasing about.
Second. There is an awful amount of wasted time. It will take on an aver-
aze two weeks for the preacher to get into his new field (I know one that
was just about a month), and then it
will take at least one month to get will take at least one month to get
anything like a grip on his work.
Thus you see here we have practical. ly a loss of six weeks to the preach
er, or the amazing wasted of 504 weeks, or something
over nine years for one man. The
exhortation of the Dre mer exhortation of the Book is "redeeming
the time," but instead we are wasting that think the Bishop should know
moting the preacher is the

## ThefistStatebananofofallas

CAPITAL \& LIABILITY $\$ 500,000.00$ SURPULS \& PROFITS $\$ 35,000.00$ DALLAS, TEXAS

CHRISTMAS SAVINGS PLAN 1-cent weekly increase plan pays at end of year
2-cent weekly increase plan pays at end of year 2-cent weekly increase plan pays at end of year
5 -cent weekly increase plan pays at end of year fixed habit, and every week sees extravagances and luxuries dropped to add to the ever-inereasing Navings Accounts

## REGULAR SAVINGS BOOK

Accounts may be opened at any time in amounts of $\$ 1.00$ or over. Deposits made by the 10th of the month earn interest for the eurrent month at the rate of $4 \%$ per annum, eredited
quarterly. This plan is preferred by the majority of our Savings -ustomers. Savings Accounts not subjeet to cheek ex
sented in person, accompanied by Savings Book.

YOUR BUSINESS SOLICITED
 the conference, forty-seven, were ap-
pointed for the second year, a little
over one out of every thirteen: eleven
had been appointed for the third year,
and about one out of every twenty:
one, seven had been appointed for
the fourth year. Now and then a
the fourth year. Now and then a
areat cry goes up for the removing of
the time limit. The above shows
The Overnight Train to Memphis and St. Louis Texas \& Pacific Railway.

