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No. 28

EDITORIAL.

A

THE STATE AND DENOMINATIONAL COLLEGES.

Eighty-three per cent of the students who entered the State University the first term of this college year were adherents of some one of the six leading Protestant denominations of Texas. Five of these denominations have strong, well-manned and well-equipped colleges. Their representatives amounted in the aggregate to seventy-two per cent of the enrollment and were classified as follows: Methodist, 25; Baptist, 20; Presbyterian, 13; Christian, 9; Cumberland Presbyterian, 5. Why are these young people not found in their own Church colleges? The chief reason is, the State gives free tuition. We contend that this policy is unfair, unjust and not in harmony with the spirit of our American traditions. We want the free school. We deplore the fact that the South is behind the North and East in its educational facilities, and the support accorded to the public schools. We want more free schools and better free schools, but we insist that the logical sequence of the free school is not the free college.

Massachusetts leads all the States in its public school system, its colleges and universities. According to the last report issued by the Commissioner of Education this New England State, with a population not differing widely in numbers from that of our own State, provided in 1899-1900 an educational fund for the support of her public schools equivalent to \$21.55 for each child, while Texas paid only \$1.14 per capita. That year Massachusetts put in sites, buildings and improvement of school houses \$1.68 per pupil, while Texas, with far greater needs, gave to the same demands only 46 cents for each one of her school children. The average number of days schooling given to each child in Massachusetts that year was 107, while Texas gave only 40.

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These figures mean that Massachusetts knows that the State owes much to the cause of education. Therefore, she believes in the free school, yet she offers free college tuition nowhere in her borders. Her six colleges, with their wealth, equipment and income, could put most of the State Universities to the blush. They have an aggregate income of \$2,000,000 per annum—eight times as much as the combined income of our sixteen Texas colleges. Either one of them could get along, after a fashion, without any fees, yet the average tuition charged by them is \$111 per annum. Harvard University, with an income of \$1,250,000, charges \$150 for a year's tuition. The six New England States with their nineteen colleges that have a combined income of \$3,250,000 offer free college tuition nowhere.

The big universities of New York—Cornell and Columbia—whose combined income is more than six times as much as that of all our Texas colleges, charge their students from \$125 to \$150 per year, and there is no place in the State of New York where a

college student can get his tuition free. The University of Pennsylvania, with \$1,000,000 in grounds and buildings and an income twice that of all our Texas colleges, charges \$150 per year. This list can be extended, for it is the unvarying custom of the strongest universities to charge for tuition.

Among the State Universities the University of Virginia in many respects easily holds the first place. It has been called "The lengthened shadow of Thomas Jefferson." Its influence upon Southern life and thought has been far-reaching. The purpose of its great founder was to bring higher education in easy reach of the youth of Virginia, but not to make it free. Tuition costs \$75 a year in that institution. The University of Michigan, that enrolled 3800 students last year and that claims 15,000 living alumni, charges tuition fees. In short, thirteen of the thirty-seven State colleges and universities demand fees for tuition. With these figures before us, no one could contend that it would be unfair and un-American for the University of Texas to charge for tuition. By so doing she would be placed in the very best company of American universities.

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There is no necessity to give free college tuition anywhere. This has been demonstrated in many States. The rule is that the boy who attends the State University needs it least, because he is more able to pay than the student who attends the less pretentious denominational college. Giving free college tuition to rich boys is a kind of class legislation not needed. Again, the difference in the cost to the State between the boy in the public school and the boy in the university is too marked. One costs Texas \$1.14 per annum, the other from forty to fifty times as much. Every boy in the State University costs as much as a rural school somewhere. The \$50,000 that ought to come to the State University in tuition fees would relieve the State from appropriations which might be directed to aiding our country schools where the help is so much needed. This certainly would help to wipe out what Dr. Hoss has recently called, in an editorial in the Nashville Advocate, "the reproach of illiteracy in the Southern States."

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When the State Universities of the West opened their halls for students it was necessary for them to resort to free tuition in order to draw any patronage; but with enlarged faculties, added buildings and all the facilities that money can buy, conditions have changed and this device is no longer necessary. Now this action is unfair to the denominational college, to which it may be shown that the State owes so much. If any enterprise deserves to live, the rule is that the State by right laws and fostering care strives to protect it. What is more cruel to any industry than State competition? If this competition touched the great labor unions anywhere, it would not be tolerated. Is it the purpose of the State to monopolize higher education? Be this as it may, Meth-

odism does not propose to turn over her young people to the State University, where, according to one of its officers, "Their peculiar environments and the neglect of the Churches practically cut them off from participation in religious and spiritual growth."

AN EMINENTLY WISE CONCLUSION.

Recently there was a meeting of the prohibition forces at Waco, and the gathering was largely attended. It was composed of the friends and workers of the temperance movement throughout the State, and its counsels were wise and its conclusions practical and helpful. In the main its proceedings were harmonious, and the outcome is the active co-operation of all of the opponents of the liquor business in Texas. This is very gratifying, and it puts the cause of temperance in fine shape for a campaign of education among all the people. There was a disposition upon the part of a few to inaugurate a movement looking toward asking the next Legislature to submit to a vote of the people an amendment to our Constitution prohibiting the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors within the territory of the State, similar to the one voted upon several years ago. But this was wisely voted down and those who favored it acquiesced in the decision. We are not yet ready for another State campaign of this character. The Legislature has given us a wise and just local option law, and the courts of the State have from time to time passed upon all of its various phases and declared it constitutional, and under its provisions we are making rapid progress in bringing county after county, and town after town, into the prohibition column. This is having very fine effect. The people are realizing that with public sentiment back of it prohibition does prohibit, and it is very rare that we lose a county or a town where the experiment has been fairly tried. In this way we are going steadily forward and there will soon come a time when the liquor interests in Texas will be driven into a few of our populous centers, and then we will be able to attack it in its strongholds and wipe it out. Let our local option campaigns go steadily forward, and wherever we gain a victory let us not sleep upon our honors, but be very active and vigilant, that the enemy may have no opportunity to take any advantage of us. And if here and there we make an occasional failure, let us redouble our energy and be ready to seize the next opportunity to come at the foe with larger courage and determination. The liquor devil in Texas is alarmed, and let it be our motto to keep him on the run. God and humanity will ultimately expel him from our fair State.

"PILOTS UNION OF PRAYER."

The above is the title of an organization whose members are dead people, under the auspices of the Roman Catholic Church. By some means a "certificate of membership" in the "Pilots Union of Prayer" fell into our hands the other day, and we looked into it slightly to see what it meant. We find that it costs twenty-five cents to be a

member of the "Pilots Union," and its objects are three in number, namely: To train the girls to all kinds of useful work; to provide homes for the poor mothers and girls; and to provide funds for aged destitute blind and aged persons. That these objects are all good and praiseworthy no one will question; but the methods used in carrying out these objects are terrible. Those who follow the following inducements to those who have dead relatives and friends to drag them into this organization: "The deceased members will share in 2100 masses and for the members of the Pilots Union of Prayer during the year." These follow the directions: "The Holy Mass is offered every Wednesday, Friday and Saturday for the deceased members whose names may be named for that purpose. St. Thomas tells us that the souls in purgatory are tormented with the same fire as the damned in hell suffer, and the least pain they suffer there exceeds all the suffering of the martyrs. The Church teaches us that the most efficacious means of relieving the poor suffering souls in purgatory is through the saying sacrifice of the mass. Let us then come to the assistance of our parents and friends who are in suffering." Now this whole affair is "with the approval of Rev. J. J. O'Connor, D. D., Bishop of Newark." Is this not the method that Rome adopts to pull men out of their convictions and superstitions, followers? Their dignitaries wear power, and they teach that all of their dead are in purgatory suffering the tortures of the damned, and then appeal to the living to give money in order to get the priests to pray masses of torment. Such terrible practices as this day, and practised here in undivided America, is enough to make the soul blush and the Church hide her head in very shame. Is it any wonder that Rome has no trouble in raising money?

We often grow weary of the burden of life and long to lay it down, but God knows our strength, and he will not tax us beyond our power to sustain. And when we become foot-sore and tired we can cast all of our burden upon him.

The heart must be purified of all sin before it can become the habitation of the Holy Ghost. There is not room enough in us for the world and for God; therefore the other must be cast out. A clean hand is the girdle of the Spirit, for it keeps health from the world, the flesh and the devil.

To follow Christ does not mean to practice his example in a sort of ascetic way, but rather to absorb into our minds and hearts the great principles that inspired and governed his life among men. When he thus dwells in us and we in him, his truth and manner of life flow out through our thoughts and activities as naturally as the crystal-waters flow out of perennial fountains. In this way he becomes formed in us the hope of glory, and the life that we then live is the reproduction of his own great life and matchless character.

Ramble Among the Exchanges

By Rev. J. Marvin Nichols.

We look at each other through our own eye-glasses. Because of this we arrive at strange and awkward judgments. The Englishman travels in this country and returns home to expatiate on our undue haste; he talks fluently of the restless hordes and nervous multitudes in the United States. The American, to the manner born, walks the streets of old London, or pushes his gait through quiet country lanes. He comes back to berate the phlegmatic, slow-moving, evenly-contended, non-enterprising subjects of King Edward VII. But in Church circles these slow-moving Britshers have outstripped us by all odds. Ours is a paltry sum, and in itself ought to put us to remorseless shame. The recent triumph of the Wesleyan brethren in the Twentieth Century Offering, of which the world is now conversant, only reveals our slower pace and apparent apathy in giving praise to Almighty God. Their victorious zeal and relentless energy is one of the chief marvels of the century past.

Dr. Paul Whitehead sent for repudiation in the Baltimore and Richmond Advocate the article, "Too Much Itinerating," by J. M. Steadman, which Dr. W. clipped from the Southern Christian Advocate. We take from this timely article some of its most salient features:

We believe the itinerant system of Methodism to be the best system in the world for supplying preachers with charges and charges with preachers. Yet it has its disadvantages. The chief one is that there is a too frequent change of pastors.

The chief reason is the fact that it is possible to get a new preacher or a new charge every year—the case with which the change can be brought about. In many cases both preachers and people get restless under the system. There are always some of both classes who want to turn "the great from wheel," with them it has become a kind of lottery wheel. Then it is possible for a small minority in a Church to exert too large an influence in matters relating to appointments. It has been said that preachers have been moved to gratify a very small number of persons, who claimed to represent the Church, when at the bottom their motives were altogether selfish and personal. This idea that an appointment is to be for one year only may be harmful to both preacher and people. The preacher may be tempted to take things easy, saying to himself, "I will get away at the end of this year." So with the people. There is a lack of sympathetic co-operation, and consequently lack of results. Both parties may look on their relation as a misfit to be endured for a year. If preachers and people would accept the appointments as providential and seek to make them so, in most cases they would prove to be so. Granting that there are misfits, at least apparently so, if these would be accepted in the true Methodist spirit, in many cases, where it was confidently expected that the pastoral relation would cease at the end of one year, it would continue four years.

No elegant verse, in the English language, ever made such impression as did Gray's "Elegy in a Country Church Yard." Once, in a delightful conversation with the editor of the Advocate, he told me of this church yard, immortalized as the place that inspired the elegy. Five miles out from London you come to the cemetery in which the chapel yet stands from whose

Ivy-mantled tower,
The moping owl doles to the moon
Complain
Of such as, wandering near her secret
Tower,
Molest her ancient, solitary reign."

My interest in Dr. Rankin's description of this historic spot was intense, and all the more as he tried to clothe in words the distinct, almost inexpressible, experience he had while in that hallowed place. To this day

"The curfew tolls the knell of parting
day;
The lowing herd winds slowly o'er the
sea;"

and "Save where the beetle wheels his
droning flight, and drowsy tinklings
tell the distant folds."

"The air a solemn stillness holds."

I almost—in fact, I do—envy the good Doctor's high privilege, as he sat in deep and sweet soliloquy,

"Beneath those rugged elms, that yew-
tree's shade,
Where heaves the turf in many a moul-
dering heap."

Under the old yew-tree is the very tomb—the large, flat slab—on which Thomas Gray reclined and penned this unparalleled production. Just yonder sleeps the dust of his father and mother, and now, by their side, slumber the remains of the poet. Not a stone marks his tomb, save that his name is chiseled on the side of the unpretentious slab at the mother's grave. A parochial law admits of but a certain kind, and even this was too insignificant. As Gray wrote in his elegy, so now do his countless admirers know that:

"Perhaps in this neglected spot is laid
Some heart once pregnant with cele-
stial fire."

In lieu of this, just outside the church yard stands an imposing, costly monument erected in his memory by his legion of friends. The dust of Thomas Gray consecrates that spot and makes the place the Mecca of thousands in their pilgrimages. The Methodist Recorder (London) has this striking anecdote apropos the burial places of England's dead:

"When Dean Stanley once visited Wesley's Chapel at City Road, and stood by the grave of the holy man of God who lay buried there, he asked the quaint old janitor of that day, 'Who consecrated this grave yard?' The reply he received from the old man was emphatic: 'Who consecrated it, sir? John Wesley's bones, there, consecrated it.' 'And,' said Dean Stanley, 'a better consecration it could not have!' That was excellent. The hon-
ble dust of holy departed ones gives a

As a pulpiteer, we have a multitude who can surpass him; but everybody knows him, for he has touched every family in that town. After a meeting held by the Methodists he received a list of over fifty. Nor did he proselyte, for he is infinitely above such thievery. Our city membership, based as it is on both a theory and practice of constant changing, rests on shifting sands. We know instances where a provision that would have provided for a further retention of the pastor meant the greatest possible good for Methodism. The times for the adjusting of ourselves to changed conditions are on.

The Christian Guardian, of Toronto, published this record of an heroic act:

An incident that is sad, but heroic, is recorded in connection with the terrible disaster which resulted in the loss of the torpedo-boat destroyer *Cobra*, and it relates to a common sailor. Fighting his way through the waves, he reached the dinghy—the only hope of escape. It was already crowded dangerously. Even as those in her stretched their arms to draw him aboard, he saw their position. Another man aboard, and the boat would perhaps be swamped. "Never mind, mates, there's no room for me," was his simple, heroic expression of love to the others.

No flaming headlines will flaunt it before the world. No triumphal arch will commemorate the deed. No martial music will stir the recollections of men. There is a place—God's unheralded heroes and nameless heroines are kept in his book of remembrance, to be revealed in that great day. How unlike the Ship of Zion! Thank God, she has landed thousands and can land as many more!

The power of patriotism is immeasurable. It passes from the heart with the last outgoing drop of blood. The Boers, whatever may be the purity or impurity of their nationality, are fighting for their unmolested freedom on South African soil. In this brave, relentless war, one can but think how the contenders for freedom, as a last recourse, broke the Holland dykes and turned the sea in on the land and home before they should pass in to the hands of an invading army. Old Count Ziska lost both eyes in his fight for Bohemian independence against Emperor Sigismund. Mounting a cask, the sightless hero stirred his peasant braves by his eloquent appeals. He defeated the Emperor on Bohemian soil; his Asiatic conquest put Austrian dominions at his mercy; Germany was held at bay. In eleven pitched battles the blind patriot conquered. Invulnerable in war, the plague overtook him. When dying he ordered that his skin be converted into drum-heads. On these the wild revelries were played that kindled unquenchable fires in every patriot heart. What loyalty and devotion to conviction! Would to God that in a higher, more devout sense we might die by our convictions and at the foot of the Cross!

CALIFORNIA LETTER.

James Russell Lowell once called the United States "The Land of Broken Promise," but if he were now living and could visit this part of the Pacific Coast, he would call it not only the "Land of Promise," but a country that "flows with milk and honey." It is said that the value of the leading products of the thirteen counties of Southern California during the past year, including manufactures, is estimated at about \$100,000,000. Twenty-five thousand carloads of citrus fruits were shipped from this section last season, and the annual output of petroleum is valued at nearly \$5,000,000.

This country is the Italy of America, and the soft, balmy climate surpasses that of any portion of the United States. The constant breezes from the Pacific Ocean, filled with ozone, temper the atmosphere the entire year, making it healthful and enjoyable. We have only had a few frosts this entire winter, and when early one morning last week we had a little sleet and snow, which melted in less than an hour, people were greatly astonished, and it is said that it is the first snow that Los Angeles has had for a number of years. The weather has been so pleasant here that it was difficult for us to realize that the thermometer had been below zero in the East, and that you had suffered with so many storms and blizzards.

Los Angeles is the emporium of Southern California, a handsome, thriv-

ing city with a population of about 120,000, and rapidly growing. Its population has more than doubled within the last ten years, its percentage of growth being greater than that of any city in the United States. With over two hundred miles of graded and gravelled streets and more than twenty miles of paved streets, brilliantly lighted by electricity, and with great business blocks and residences which compare favorably with any city in our country having a population of half a million, it may well be classed among the great cities of the West. The electric street-car system has about two hundred miles of track, with a number of suburban lines to which will soon be added nearly five hundred miles of track, extending from Los Angeles to the most important places in the thickly-settled section of Southern California. There are a dozen lines of steam railroads centering in this city, and the great roads which center here operate over sixty regular passenger trains a day, of which about thirty are transcontinental. In all, the steam roads handle a full average of two hundred trains a day, including the freight trains.

While in most respects Los Angeles is a delightful city, it is a typical California city in its lack of religion. When I use the word religion, I mean Christianity, for it has all kinds of creeds and isms, a religious census recently taken stating that there are sixty different religions. There is more desecration of the Sabbath here than in any city in which I have ever lived. In fact, California has no Sabbath law, and no regard whatever is paid to Sunday. While a large number of the business houses are closed on the Sabbath, many carpenters and laboring men work seven days and have no day of rest. A large class of the residents of this city never attend church and have no respect for Christianity. A member of my Church, who lives in a large flat where there are a number of families, told me that she was the only one in that house who ever attended church.

Notwithstanding these conditions, however, Trinity is a strong spiritual Church, and has a bright future before it. It has the largest membership of any Church of our connection on the Pacific Coast, and I have received new members every Sabbath, except one, during the four months that I have been pastor. Because of the conditions that exist here, we need earnest, diligent work, and if all the Southern Methodists who come here would unite with our Church, our membership would be almost doubled. One of the largest Presbyterian Churches in the city claims that it has over a hundred Southern Methodists in its membership, and the First M. E. Church boasts of having nearly two hundred of our members. The Northern Methodists are, of course, much stronger in Los Angeles than we are, having about twenty Churches, while we have only four, and that is one reason why they have captured so many of our people. But with their political preaching, their theory of negro equality and fraternity, their denunciation of the South and their frequent shots at our Church, I can not understand why any Southern Methodist should join them. A Southern Methodist from Georgia, who has been attending one of the Northern Methodist Churches, told me that he heard the pastor state in one of his sermons that "Uncle Tom's Cabin" was one of the greatest books that had ever been written and had done more good than any that had ever come from the press except the Bible!

Our conference launched another Training School, located at Smith's Grove, with Prof. Pritchett as President. It starts well in property and in school attendance and achievement. It is unrestricted as to patronage—both sexes and various grades, even to a normal. Many of us are looking to these local schools, that fully commend themselves to local patronage and the necessities of their surroundings for great good. We have some serious and prudent work to do in properly meeting our obligations to the three schools we now have—Russellville Female College, with Dr. S. A. Steel at the head of it; Vanderbilt Training School (male), with Prof. Harrison in charge, and Smith's Grove Training School, in charge of Prof. Pritchett (co-educational). This last has the freest hand, and is best adjusted to local demands. Some restrictions need to be removed and some laid on drumming for patronage. All the schools are doing good work, and are fairly patronized.

Our conference organ, the Central Methodist, has changed hands, and for the first time is owned and operated by laymen—H. Wrigman, owner and manager, and Prof. D. W. Batson, A. M., editor. They are making a very good paper.

Well, I am delighted to see Texas coming up with a good, healthy gain again. We are also improving. Indeed, the whole Church is moving up. From indications, we will make a respectable if not a very gratifying advance. For one, I love to see the numbers swell.

My health has been declining for some time, especially since the death of my wife December 1. My blood was impoverished and system generally run down and my feet, ankles and lower limbs so swollen and weak that I could scarcely get about at all. So, by February 7, it was thought absolutely necessary for me to lay off and go to Southern California. My youngest brother, H. Clay Needham, lives in Los Angeles, Cal., and has been urging me to make him a long visit in hope of its greatly benefiting my health. Kind enough, also, to furnish the ticket. I am very weak, but hope to start to-morrow night. Regret to stop, but hope to gain.

GEO. NEEDHAM.
Owensboro, Ky.

sessions that has been held for many years.

I enjoy reading your paper, and it is a great pleasure to see notices of some of my Texas friends. Texas is becoming a great stronghold for Southern Methodism, and it is exceedingly interesting to learn that the membership has increased about 9000 during the past year. MARK B. CHAPMAN.
Los Angeles, Cal.

OUR KENTUCKY LETTER.

The last session of the Louisville Conference had some new features. It was the first log-rolling, but not by candidates, we ever had had for General Conference delegates. Some of us thought the conference was nearly evenly divided, so that it would be a proper thing to divide the delegation, and so voted. We were glad the matter went off without any bitter feeling, and that a delegation of good quality was sent; but some of us hope never to see the like again.

Our conference for a long time has been filling its more important points with transfers. There has been no lack of cordiality towards them, but it has operated to discourage the membership of the conference, and a resolution was passed expressing dissatisfaction with the policy. The transfer business begins to work the other way, also, and two of our best men went out—Dr. J. W. Lewis to Meridian, Miss., and Dr. Piner to Memphis, Tenn. Notwithstanding all this stirring up, we are in good spirits and growing more homogeneous.

One by one our old soldiers of the cross are going on the shelf, as some call it. We hope and pray that they may be provided for, and that the work may not suffer. Of course, we need new blood all the time, but we certainly need also some old heads. We trust the due proportion will be kept up. Some of us are longing for some better—or, at least, supplementary—arrangement for the worn-out preacher and his dependents. The ordinary collection is not keeping pace with the increasing calls upon it. We must try to interest individual contributions and bequests toward an endowment fund, that can be administered with some room for necessitous cases and emergencies as they arise. Our conference for some years has kept an agent of its Preachers' Aid Society in the field, with fair results, and without interfering with the regular collection. Indeed, the regular collection is making a gratifying increase. The invested funds of the society now amount to about \$22,000, and growing constantly. We are hoping for respectable bequests to this fund, only the interest of which can be used.

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GEO. NEEDHAM.
Owensboro, Ky.

SECULAR NEWS ITEMS.

The new Amir of Afghanistan has declared against the admission of missionaries to his country.

Last week in Asheville, N. C., two men, one white and the other colored, were hanged for burglary. In North Carolina burglary is a capital crime.

Admiral Schley and Capt. Holton, as guests of the Daughters of the American Revolution, visited the Charlotte Exposition last week. They were most enthusiastically received.

A southbound passenger train on the Columbus branch of the Southern Railway went through a trestle into a creek at midnight last Friday, near Zelma, Ga. The result was the loss of four lives.

Charles Lilly White, an American who was arrested in New Zealand for a murder he never committed, taken to England, lodged in jail for several months, has been vindicated by the British Government and paid in the way of reparation \$2,000.

The French people last week commemorated the centennial of Victor Hugo's birth. The fêtes were terminated with the ceremony of handing over to the city of Paris, to serve as a Victor Hugo museum, a house in which he for some time lived.

The monthly statement of the Government receipts and expenditures show for the month of February receipts of \$11,187,729 and expenditures of \$10,999,279, leaving a surplus for the month of \$1,188,450. The total expenses show an increase of \$65,000.

The announcement is made that Rev. D. T. R. Sampson, President of the Austin Presbyterian Theological Seminary, is meeting with great success in raising the endowment fund for this institution. It is stated that more than \$100,000 has already been pledged.

Reports received in Washington indicate that there has been a revolutionary outbreak in Colombia near the capital and severe fighting in the immediate neighborhood of Bogota. It is asserted that the revolutionists have been driven into the mountains with heavy loss.

Ex-United States Senator W. D. Washburn of Minneapolis, Minn., has gone to Cuba, where he expects to make a careful study of the island and its commercial relation to this country. He does not think the United States is doing its duty in the matter of Cuban reciprocity.

The House Committee on Rivers and Harbors, after a protracted struggle, has agreed to an appropriation of \$15,000 for the improvement of the Trinity River. The committee persisted, however, in its refusal to make an appropriation for the Galveston inner harbor.

The largest award for personal injuries ever made in the State of New York was given by the jury in the Supreme Court last week to Vincent Musmanno, aged 7 years. The child had lost both feet by being run over by a team car, and he was given \$20,000 damages.

Eastern insurance companies have ordered a 25 per cent raise of rates east of the Rocky Mountains. Underwriters say Texas laws will prevent concerted action in the State, but they believe the increase is inevitable and will be made in Texas by action of individual companies.

Col. William H. Kinnaird, of Columbus, Ohio, is being entertained at New Orleans, and has been presented with a handsome gold medal by Confederate veterans, for his care of the graves of Confederate dead at Camp Chase and Johnson's Island, in Ohio, says the Philadelphia Press.

Dr. House, Treasurer of the American Mission in Turkey, and the Dragoon of the United States Embassy at Constantinople, visited Miss Scone and her companion, Miss Tsilka, at Scranton last week. They report that the women are in excellent health. Miss Scone will soon return to the United States.

Dr. Max Ude, of the University of California, recently returned from Peru, where he explored many ancient ruins of cities and places never before seen by the eyes of a white man. He hopes shortly to go still farther into the dim past, with the hope of uncovering the sources of the first American civilization.

Mrs. Collins P. Huntington holds the record for the highest amount of duty ever paid by one individual on goods brought in as personal baggage. She told the customs inspector that she had \$75,000 worth of personal effects that she had brought over from Europe. The duty was \$21,000. She paid it without a murmur.

The birthplace of Abraham Lincoln, near Hodgenville, Ky., is advertised at Sheriff's sale for taxes. A few years ago the place promised to be a property upon which the Government would

spend thousands of dollars, but it was bought by a company of Eastern capitalists with the intention of making it a public park. This scheme fell through when the cabin in which Lincoln was born was carried to Central Park in New York City. The place has been incurred for and has gradually gone down until its value is not more than enough to meet the taxes on it.

Owing to the illness of Congressman Shepard, Hon. Charles S. Todd, who had previously announced himself candidate for Congress, has addressed a letter of withdrawal to the Democrats of the First Congressional District. He states that it is utterly repugnant to his sense of propriety and decency to take advantage of Judge Shepard's helpless condition.

Reports from West Texas give an account of a terrific gale that swept that section of the State last week. The wind, which reached a velocity of seventy miles an hour, was from the northwest, and will prove a heavy loss to the stock interests. Because of its dryness it has taken out what little moisture was left in the ground and will delay the growing of spring grass.

Prince Henry is now making his tour through the United States. After being royally entertained in Washington he traversed the States of Maryland, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Kentucky and Tennessee. He visited the battlefields about Chattanooga and from there went to St. Louis, then on to Chicago. Everywhere he has been hospitably received and superbly entertained.

Senator Bailey, in a speech on the restoration of McLaurin's and Tillman's rights in the Senate, has, it is said, stepped into the front ranks as an orator. The members of both parties united in hailing his speech to the skies and it was said to have recalled the days of Calhoun and Clay. The result was triumphant, as the names of both McLaurin and Tillman were restored to the roll.

Not in many years have the Southeastern Gulf States experienced damage so widespread by a storm as that which on last Friday spread over a section of country embracing Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina and Florida. As far as known seven lives were lost and several persons injured. The damage is enormous, the railroads being particularly heavy sufferers.

It is understood that the United States will soon take steps to obtain a reimbursement of the sum of \$72,500 paid to brigands as a ransom for Miss Stone and Miss Tsilka, holding Turkey responsible, inasmuch as the capture of the missionaries was effected on Turkish soil. This question of responsibility may have serious developments, since Turkey emphatically disclaims responsibility and lays the blame on Bulgaria.

United States Indian Agent Shoemaker, of Massapee, I. T., has received a telegram from Commissioner of Indian Affairs Jones at Washington authorizing the use of the tax collected in the Cherokee Nation on hay and merchandise for the relief of the destitute and starving full-blood Cherokee Indians. Last year's drought ruined the Cherokee crops and left the Indians without food or even clothing, and many are actually starving.

Secretary Root, in conformity with assurances recently made to various committees of Congress, has arranged for a gradual reduction of the military force in the Philippines to about 22,000 men. Orders have been sent to Gen. Cleve, commanding the division of the Philippines, to arrange to send him all the regiments under his command that were sent to the Philippines in 1899. About 13,000 troops are affected by these orders.

Four snowslides occurred in the immediate vicinity of the Liberty Bell mine on Smuggler Mountain, three and a half miles north of Telluride, Colo., last Friday. It is said to be the worst accident of the kind known in the history of Colorado. Information is very difficult to obtain on account of the precipitous character of the roads, and the vast amount of snow. The loss of life therefore is largely a conjecture, but it may reach seventy-five.

On February 25, the schooner yacht Meteor, built at Shorter's Island for the German Emperor, was launched. The christening ceremony was performed by Miss Alice Roosevelt, in the presence of the President, Prince Henry, German Ambassador von Hollenbeck and a brilliant assemblage. Prince Henry presented to Miss Roosevelt the gift of the Emperor—a golden bracelet studded with diamonds and other precious stones.

The constituents of ex-Gov. Hogg, after reading the following report from London, will fully sympathize with him in the stand he has taken:

All the arrangements had been completed with the United States Ambassador, Joseph Choate, to enable former Gov. Hogg, of Texas, who is in London, to be presented to King Edward at the

forthcoming levee. A hitch occurred, however, for Mr. Hogg found he must appear in knee breeches, sword, etc., the regulation court dress. "Never," said Mr. Hogg, "if I can not appear in the ordinary evening dress of an American citizen I will not appear at all. A pretty sight I would look rigged up in those gewgaws. I have not the faintest idea of trying to revolutionize or even criticize English customs, but blamed if I'll wear another country's uniform—no, not even for the sake of meeting the King."

Portions of the Middle Atlantic States were visited by disastrous floods last week. The portion of Patterson, N. J., occupied by the houses of the poorer class was inundated and hundreds of families were made homeless by the overflow of the Passaic River. The estimate of the damage done at Pittsburg, Pa., by the flood is placed at \$1,250,000. This includes the loss to the thousands of workmen in wages, as well as the actual property loss.

The balance in the State Treasury to the credit of the permanent school fund is \$395,823.97, which is the lowest in many years, the Board of Education having made heavy purchases of bonds.

The Governor, who is the chairman of the State Board of Education, states that the present surplus will be invested within the next ninety days. The school fund now owns some \$10,000,000 in securities, all bearing interest, which goes to the available school fund.

The McKinley memorial service was conducted last Thursday in the great Hall of Representatives. President Roosevelt, Prince Henry of Prussia, brother of the German Emperor; the members of the Cabinet, the Justices of the Supreme Court, the General of the Army and officers of the army and navy who have received the thanks of Congress, the Ambassadors and other diplomatic representatives of foreign countries, the Senators and Representatives in Congress, and a large number of distinguished guests, were present. Secretary Hay was the orator of the occasion.

State Entomologist F. W. Mally has handed out a statement in reference to the insects which destroyed most of the grain last season. He did this in advance of the official report for the benefit of the farmers of the grain belt. He says: After careful investigation I feel assured that, except for special unforeseen climate or seasonal developments from date, there will be no recurrence of the green bug this season. The fall and winter were unusually dry and warm, as also are the present weather conditions. All these conditions have been and are still against the green bug development. Furthermore, the time really for their first appearance is already past and there is every reason to believe that the grain crops of this year are safe from the green bug attack.

It has been announced at Washington that Lt. Col. Sibley of the Philippine scouts captured Gen. Lukhan on February 22. The officials of the War Department regard the capture of Lukhan as the most important event since Aguinaldo's capture. He was run down on the Island of Samar, and the place of his confinement is a tiny island in a bay on the north coast of Samar. Lukhan is one of the most energetic and ferocious of rebels. He is a half-breed, a mixture of Chinese and Filipino stock, and has been an irreconcileable from the first. He had

fastnesses in the mountains on the Island of Samar, from which he would descend upon the coast towns, and his reign of terror was so complete that the entire population of the island paid tribute to him as the price of freedom from attack. Ordinary campaign methods failed in his case, and his capture now is believed to be the natural working out of the system of dividing the island into small squares by military garrisons and making it impossible for the insurgents to obtain food or shelter.

The first annual meeting of the trustees of the Andrew Carnegie gift of \$10,000,000 to the Scottish universities was held in London. The reports showed that 2441 students were assisted at a cost of £22,941 for the winter session of 1901-02. The report further shows two fees have already been returned by assisted students. One of these students was the recipient of an unexpected legacy and the other won a scholarship. Both students expressed pleasure at the clause permitting repayment of the fees advanced in their behalf.

One of the most horrible murders ever committed in Louisiana was discovered near Welsh last week. The Earl family, consisting of Mr. and Mrs. L. S. Earl and four sons, were brutally murdered at their home. The crime was revealed by a stranger's eagerness to sell a span of mules at Lake Charles. He claimed to be Ward Earl, and his conduct aroused so much suspicion that a citizen of Welsh was telephoned to go out and ascertain the truth from Mr. Earl. The bodies of the murdered mother and sons were found locked in the house. The body of Mr. Earl had been thrown into a ditch near by.

After Senator Tillman's disgraceful conduct in the Senate Chamber, President Roosevelt withdrew an invitation he had previously extended the Senator to dine with the Prince. Mr. Tillman and his friends considered this an insult and Lieut. Gov. J. H. Tillman, of South Carolina, took it upon himself to resent it by withdrawing an invitation made to President Roosevelt to present to Maj. M. J. Jenkins a sword during the President's proposed visit to the Charleston Exposition. Maj. Jenkins has sent the following telegram to Gov. Tillman: "Lieutenant Governor James H. Tillman, Columbia, S. C.—You are represented in the press as having telegraphed President Roosevelt at the request of subscribers to the sword recently offered me through you requesting him to withdraw acceptance to present the same. If this is so I must decline under these circumstances to accept the sword. Thanking you for personal kindness in the matter I am, truly yours." —M. J. Jenkins.

The State Democratic Executive Committee met in Dallas last Thursday. Three cities were candidates for the coming convention—Galveston, Dallas and San Antonio. Galveston won. The claims of that city were presented by Mr. M. E. Kleberg. Allusion was made by him with telling effect to the great American principle of helping a man when he is down. There was not a single man in this country, he said, who would not help the under dog in a fight. Galveston had been sorely afflicted. In spite of difficulties that seemed insurmountable and handicaps that were enough to discourage the stoutest heart, the men of the Island City of Texas were making a brave effort to once more recuperate from the green bug attack.

DIRECTORY.
F. M. CARIBESS—Real Estate, Pine Timber
Lands in Beaumont Oil Belt, Conroe, Montgomery County, Texas.

DRS. E. P. DAVIS & W. H. GOHMAN—
Eye, Ear, Throat. Rooms 306-6, Bldg. Building
Houston, Texas.

their losses, to rebuild their city and restore it to its former position in the commercial world. An evidence of this was their subscription to build a seawall already exceeding \$1,000,000. He said that if the convention came to Galveston it would serve to encourage those courageous citizens to still greater efforts, and at the same time give them an opportunity to show just what they had done were doing and hoped to do.

Seven or eight CITY OF TALLADEGA, ALA.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY,
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1888.
(Seal) A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, etc.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Dick's auntie had quite often brought him some tiny chocolate mice which he liked very much except for size. One day he strolled up to her coaxingly, and said: "Auntie, next time you buy chocolate mice, won't you buy rats?"

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N. W. DUNHAM, State . . .
Manager.
349 Main St., DALLAS, TEXAS.
AGENTS WANTED.

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Pay Rent or Interest?
WHEN THE
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Co-Operative Co.
(A CO-PARTNERSHIP)**

Will furnish you the money to pay off your mortgage or buy a Home in any locality, and give you sixteen years and eight months to pay it back at the rate of \$5.35 PER MONTH WITHOUT INTEREST. In case of death or total disability a clear deed will be given. Strictest investigation coursed.

Free

One Full-sized
Mary Lock
Treatment
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Cures every form of
Life, etc. The cost of
the treatment we re-
quest friends not to
charge. We have
kind friends all over
in this country and
trade real estate
and the drugs we
use there are
not expensive.
In our City of
Smithville, Texas,
and other Texas
Quarries, we
Purchased from
H. C. Smith.
Reported to the
public in the
newspaper.

RECTORY.
MESS—Real Estate, Pine Timber
Beaumont Oil Belt, Conroe, Mont-
gomery County, Texas

DAVIS & W. H. GOHMAN—
Throat, Room 306, Bizz Building,
Dallas, Texas

ses, to rebuild their city and to its former position in the world. An evidence of this subscription to build a se-
aity exceeding \$1,000,000. He if the convention came to it would serve to encourage righteous citizens to still greater, and at the same time give opportunity to show just what had been done, were doing and do.

CITY OF TOLEDO, SAN
JUAN COUNTY,

Cheney makes out that he is master of the firm of F. J. Cheney in business in the City of Toledo and State abroad, and that will pay the sum of ONE HUN-
DRED DOLLARS for each and every
article that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY
before me and subscribed in
this, the 9th day of December,

A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.
Catarrh Cure is taken internally, directly on the blood and mucus of the system. Send for
free, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Druggists, Sc.

Family Pills are the best.

Auntie had quite often brought tiny chocolate mice which very much except for size, were stilled up to her coaxingly. "Auntie, next time you buy mice, won't you buy rats?"

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Want of Interest?
WHEN THE
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Operative Co.
A CO-PARTNERSHIP**



nish you the money to pay off
mortgage or buy a home in any
and give you sixteen years
months to pay it back at
**\$5.35 PER MONTH WITHOUT
FEE.** In case of death or total
y a clear deed will be given,
investigation courted.

**DUNHAM, State
Manager.**
Main St., DALLAS, TEXAS.
ANTS WANTED.

written by Geo. A. Neal.

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for time
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y 8 boxes of our
t's the greatest rem-
& all stomach disorders
he chance of your life.
boxes by mail. When
you the **WATCH** with
20 YEARS

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to quickly introduce our
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received watches from us
is a glorious opportu-
cent for it & you should

Notes From the Field.

NORTHWEST TEX. CONFERENCE

Stamford.

L. E. Hightower, Feb. 28: We have recently finished our church on the inside, at a cost of about \$600. It is now a beauty. We have also put in nice pews, at a cost of \$25. We are now preparing for a meeting in the near future. Our great need is a revival of spiritual power. We have all the machinery of the Church in operation, and every indication is hopeful for a successful year.

Seymour.

W. R. Thornton, March 2: We have fought bravely for weeks and gained the victory March 1. When the last battle was fought, the results showed 33 majority in Baylor County for prohibition. Thank God we beat them eighty-six votes right here in Seymour where the open saloon stood. Bro. T. J. Duncan, of Ennis, came to our relief and sinners are converted to God at these altars. A new Sunday school has been organized. This makes four on the charge, one at each appointment. Three of these schools have taken up the Little Teachers Society Course. The presiding elder informs me that these Sunday schools are the first in the Waxahatchie District to enter this forward movement. One of our schools is a missionary society, and I have the promise of two other of my superintendents that they will organize their schools into missionary societies soon. We had gracious services at our second Quarterly Conference. Good reports from the schools. The fine preaching by the presiding elder did those that heard him good. While with us Bro. Sneedbaugh preached at three of the circuit's appointments. He captured the people and our work was blessed of the Lord, and the Church edified and built up. We serve a kind people who are good to us for our Master's sake, knowing that whatever they do for us, the least of His brethren they do for their Lord and Savior. May God's rich blessings abide with them. Our general collections are more than a third provided for. We hope to be able to build a new church this year.

Peoria.

Mrs. D. C. Ellis, Feb. 28: I am glad we are on Peoria Circuit. I find a kind and appreciative people. Many have been the tokens of kindness that we have been the recipients of, and now I wish to express my thanks to the kind friends of Cedar and F. W. Graham who presented us with a half dozen new chairs last Saturday. Bro. L. L. Baker was the agent in this movement, collecting, buying and delivering the chairs at the parsonage, for all of which she has my sincere thanks. Sure, for one appreciates a kindness shown like a preacher's wife, who, instead of moving so often, can not have her home in comfortable furnishings like other people. I do not suppose any one will understand how I feel about these tokens of love and esteem except some other preacher's wife. May heaven's richest blessings rest on the entire circuit.

Itasca.

M. K. Little, Feb. 25: We are in the midst of a great meeting here. For weeks we had been praying and working for a revival in the Church that would lift it from its dead formalism to such a plane as would give her power to save sinners, and victory came with the first week of the engagement. Such congregations have not been seen here for many years. There have been many revivals from years of frenzied formalism, and sinners are being converted. This is a fine Church and people. We of the old-time life and fire will be brought back. Nothing but this will satisfy the desire of this pastor. My daily work since conference has been a house-to-house canvass in order to win my people, the spiritual condition of household, and the best method of reaching and saving the children. Our resolution here was most cordial and provisions ample, including one of the neatest and best-equipped parsonages in the conference. The fine Arkansas water and electric lights made it a luxury, indeed. These things ought to inspire a pastor, helping him to put forth his best effort; and yet without God's presence and a spirit-filled, soul-stirring church, a true price for God's an acknowledgment. The Texas Christian Advocate is in favor.

Aspermont.

G. H. Lodger, Feb. 25: This preacher and wife are now at home in the parsonage at Aspermont. We reached our new appointment December 1. Soon after conference we paid good-humored visit to our Baptist friends and started to our new charge. We had a few hours before found kind friends all along the way. Very dry in this country. Some are building trade real estate for six-inch rain. But amid the dry weather we are praying that there may never again be a drought in our Christian life. Bro. F. A. Smith visited our little city on the 5th and 6th of December and held the first quarterly conference in his Tabernacle. Preached four soul-stirring sermons. He is loved very much by his people. Reported to the first quarter \$1,000 to be put in the parsonage. Church work is moving. We are glad to state that our

One Full-sized \$5.00 Package of Dr. Mary Lock's Wonderful Home Treatment Given Free to Every Lady

Cures every form of Female Weakness, Change of Life, etc. The remedy is easily prepared and takes but a short time to give two one full-sized \$5.00 packages to every suffering woman in order to quickly introduce their most wonderful remedy in every city, town



TWO OF AMERICA'S GREATEST LADY SPECIALISTS
and hamlet in the U. S. They could not afford to do this only that they expect, after you are cured and try to keep you from getting well again. Send your remedy to suffering friends who will gladly order the remedy and in this way will be amply rewarded. Price, \$5.00. For every two orders, Send your name and address to Dr. Mary Lock, 1000 Argyle Street, Chicago, Ills., for a free \$1.00 package and be quickly cured in the privacy of your own home. Remember, it is not a patent medicine but a full income to the person who sends in a full-sized package so that no person will know what it contains.

The above offer is genuine. We ask no questions or references of any kind. Any lady who writes will be given a full \$5.00 package free. Write to-day.

parishioners are going to do something this year. Received since last quarter thirteen into the church, one removal by death. On the night of February 15 we had to submit to a pounding. The good things they brought are too numerous to mention. We can say the bounding was gladly received. The time was passed very pleasantly. The twenty-third Psalm was read by the pastor, after which a very impressive prayer was offered by Bro. McEachen, one of our old standbys. He prayed, while they were administering temporal things, that the pastor, through the divine help of God, would administer unto them spiritual things. May the Lord's richest blessings rest upon the Aspermont charge this year.

Bristol Circuit.

J. C. Carpenter, Bristol Circuit and its people are on rising ground. Church and parsonage are repaired and improved. Three prayer-meetings have been organized at days doing well. We know they please the Lord, because he meets and blesses all people there, and sinners are converted to God at these altars. A new Sunday school has been organized. This makes four on the charge, one at each appointment. Three of these schools have taken up the Little Teachers Society Course. The presiding elder informs me that these Sunday schools are the first in the Waxahatchie District to enter this forward movement. One of our schools is a missionary society, and I have the promise of two other of my superintendents that they will organize their schools into missionary societies soon. We had gracious services at our second Quarterly Conference. Good reports from the schools. The fine preaching by the presiding elder did those that heard him good. While with us Bro. Sneedbaugh preached at three of the circuit's appointments. He captured the people and our work was blessed of the Lord, and the Church edified and built up. We serve a kind people who are good to us for our Master's sake, knowing that whatever they do for us, the least of His brethren they do for their Lord and Savior. May God's rich blessings abide with them. Our general collections are more than a third provided for. We hope to be able to build a new church this year.

WEST TEXAS CONFERENCE.

Kenedy.

Annie Adair, Feb. 28: Perhaps some one would like to hear from Kenedy charge. We are among kind people, and they have been very good to us. We have not had a regular pounding, but we have used the installment plan, which is better, perhaps, and we have been treated to fresh meat, sausage, turnips, potatoes, butter, honey, etc. One brother gave us twenty-five or thirty pounds of fresh lamb, besides fresh pork and sausage. The condition of the Church is not what we would like it to be, but it is improving, and we are hopeful. The attendance at prayer-meeting has increased from six to about twelve, and the Sunday school has doubled its enrollment several times. We are getting to organize a Junior League next week, and expect to organize prayer-meeting at Kenedy River and Church right away. This is the first after month meeting since a week past the Sunday school lesson. We intended to hold a protracted meeting and hope a lasting revival will result.

NORTH TEXAS CONFERENCE.

Maryville.

J. P. Palmer, Our first Quarterly Conference has just gone off. Ninety-nine dollars and seventy cents were reported for support of the ministry. We are looking forward for Marquise Circuit, Feb. 25, on the collections. Our people are responsive to the calls of the Church. Bro. G. S. Sexton, P. E., made a good impression on our people, and they want him to come again. Second Quarterly Conference will be at Liberty, F. W. Robertson, Robert Young and S. W. McSwain elected delegates to the District Conference.

Tioga.

J. K. McMillan: We have just closed a glorious meeting at Tioga. Received about twenty-five conversions and resolutions; received nine into the church. Bro. C. L. Ballard was with us and did the most of the preaching, and it was well done. Our first Quarterly Conference was held on the 23d. Bro. J. A. Stafford, our presiding elder, was on hand and preached three fine sermons. He has his district well in hand. All of our official members were on hand except two. The members were better than we expected. We are praying for a great harvest for the Lord this year. I go to Gunter Saturday to begin a subscription for a church at that place.

Tioga.

C. L. Ballard, Sherman: Our meeting at Tioga, though under many difficulties and much opposition, was a great success. Some twenty-five souls professed faith in Christ, and some fine material was added to the Church and Christians were built up. Bro. J. McMillan, the supply on that work, is a good man and in favor with the people he serves. We left him still running the meeting. God and the brethren were good to us last year in our work for which we are thankful. The prospects for another good year are bright. May God bless all his workers.

Sulphur Bluff.

G. E. Holley, Feb. 26: We were kindly received by the people of this charge, and the beginning is quite encouraging to the pastor, though some of our members fear the results of the division of the circuit, leaving only two of the original appointments. The territory added is as yet undeveloped, two of the classes being organized only last year, but we are going to make an effort to make this one of the best circuits in the district. Our first Quarterly Conference was held the 22d and 23d, and was very well attended. Our presiding elder, Bro. Casey, was in good spirits and preached two most

excellent sermons and made an interesting and encouraging talk to the Leaguers, in which he admonished them to stand by their pastor and aid him in every way, especially in building and furnishing the parsonage. Bro. Casey has won the love and esteem of this part of his territory, and we are sure he is going to do a grand work in looking after the destitute places and forming new works. The stewards reported in cash almost one-fourth of the assessment for the support of the ministry. This is a kind, sympathetic and appreciative people, and it is a pleasure to try to serve them. We hope and pray that we may all be brought closer to Christ and that a sweeping revival may break out at every appointment during the year.

TEXAS CONFERENCE.

Davilla.

C. E. Simpson, March 2: We are moving along very nicely over here. The people have received us kindly and many little tokens of appreciation have found their way to the parsonage. We are among a kind people. Congregations are very good, especially at Davilla. We are hopeful and go forward. Bro. Cochran preached twice for us last Wednesday and held our first Quarterly Conference. We had a good religious time. The stewards from Lebanon, Davilla, and Friends made good reports. Tracy did not report anything. We hope she will do better next time. The good women of Davilla are making an effort to raise money to finish the Davilla church. We have now sold out our land to the Davilla people, so we are in a good position to help them. We are trying to get the people interested in the Advance. Help us to get a good time at our conference.

SENT FREE OUR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE

OLD GOLD AND SILVER BOUGHT

OR TAKEN

WATCHES.

WATCHES AND

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Reference This Paper

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SI250 TO \$3600
FOR HUSTLERS BOTH MEN & WOMEN

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MARRIAGES

Stephens McCall, At the residence of the bridegroom, Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Stephens, 1000 Main Street, Dallas, Tex., on Saturday evening, W. T. Niles officiating.

Managers Whitehouse, At the home of the bridegroom, Mr. W. H. Whitehouse, 1000 Main Street, Dallas, Tex., on Saturday evening, W. T. Niles officiating.

Donald Richardson, on February 22, at 7 P. M., at the home of the bride, Mr. J. W. and Mrs. Sam Richardson, Rev. J. D. Black officiating.

John and Anna Johnson, on Saturday evening, Feb. 22, at 7 P. M., at the home of the bride, Mr. and Mrs. John Johnson, Rev. J. D. Black officiating.

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The Home Circle.

A

A RHYME OF THE BONES.

How many bones in the human face? Fourteen, when they're all in place.

How many bones in the human head? Eight, my child, as I've often said.

How many bones in the human ear? Three in each, and they help to hear.

How many bones in the human spine? Twenty-six, like a climbing vine.

How many bones in the human chest? Twenty-four ribs, and two of the rest.

How many bones in the shoulder blade? Two in each—one before and one behind.

How many bones in the human arm? In each one, two in each forearm.

How many bones in the human wrist? Eight in each, if none are missed.

How many bones in the palm of the hand? Five in each, with many a band.

How many bones in the fingers ten? Twenty-eight, and by joints they bend.

How many bones in the human hip? One in each, like a dish they dip.

How many bones in the human thigh? One in each, and deep they lie.

How many bones in the human knees? One in each, the knee-span, please.

How many bones in the ankle strong? Seven in each, but none are long.

How many bones in the ball of the foot? Five in each, as the palms were put.

How many bones in the toes, half a score? Twenty-eight, and there are no more.

And now, altogether, these many bones six.

And they count in the body two hundred and six.

And then we have in the human mouth Of upper and under thirty-two teeth.

And now and then have a bone, I should think That forms on a joint, or to fill up a chink.

A senesoid bone, or a wormian, we call.

And now we may rest, for we've told them all.

—Medical Recorder.

A GOOD LESSON.

My dear friend Faith Alden has done me the honor to ask me to open the column to be known in the future as "Girl's Gossip," and I don't know that I can entertain you better than to tell you a story of the lady who has been chosen as our presiding genius. One day she was out riding with a gentleman and he asked her whether she would object to his smoking.

"Not at all," she replied, cheerfully; "let me take the reins while you light your cigar."

He gave her the reins, but before the cigar was lighted she had stopped the horse and stepped to the ground.

"What is that for?" he asked in astonishment.

"I am going to walk while you smoke."

"But you said you did not object?"

"I don't object to your smoking, but I do object to riding with a man who smokes."

It is needless to say that the cigar was thrown away and the drive resumed. That incident is characteristic of Faith Alden. She will not preach any doctrine to us which she would not herself put into practice.—Sister Gertrude.

BISMARCK'S WIFE.

Rabbi Joseph J. Krauskopf lectured recently at the Keneseth Israel Temple, Bond Street and Montgomery Avenue, Philadelphia on "The Reign of Love." He based his remarks upon "Bismarck's Love Letters." He said, in part:

"These letters are a wonderful revelation of the true Bismarck. After reading them you will have a better idea of the man himself than you would get from dozens of biographies. They mark an epoch in the writing of history and offer a new method of character-inference. In the future, historians will hesitate to label and classify us by the past until they have obtained some idea of the man as he appeared in his home-life. Furthermore, these letters show that Bismarck's wife was a great woman. Comparatively unknown before and overshadowed by her husband, she will now be recognized as one of the most potent factors in Bismarck's plans. It was

There are many white soaps, each represented to be just as good as the Ivory; they are not, but like all counterfeits, they lack the peculiar and remarkable qualities of the genuine. Ask for Ivory Soap and insist upon getting it.

through her influence that Austria's sway over Germany was ended, that France was humbled, the Dane conquered, and Germany raised from a petty State to a place among the mighty powers of the earth.

This view of her may be new to many of you, but go to these letters, and there you will find her as she was, with enormous power, through love, over that "man of iron," her husband. She brought to him no advantages of birth or wealth, but a depth of love and a strength of character outweighing many times mere beauty of face and figure or the doubtful assets of wealth and position. Bismarck never showed greater wisdom in any international crisis than in his choice of a wife. Though she had such influence over him, yet her highest ambition was to be a home-maker, and her definition of home is most beautiful—a sanctuary for the wife, a haven for the husband, a heaven for the children."

Her love made him her lover all his life, as is shown plainly by the wording of the letters. Her influence enabled her to soothe the violence of his temperament, which was of incalculable benefit to her country. Among Bismarck's many fine qualities were some traits which might have turned Europe into a charnel house but for his wife, who implanted in him a feeling of moral and religious responsibility.

Blessed is the wife who can and does influence a husband for good, and blessed is the husband who chooses such a wife, with his mind rather than his pocket, with his heart rather than his eyes. For remember the saying in the thirty-first chapter of Proverbs: "Grace is deceitful, beauty is vain; a woman who feareth the Lord, she alone shall be praised."

PLACES THAT CAN BE FILLED.

The dread and pity of death are not the breathless darkness and the narrow house, but the certain knowledge that one's place can be almost instantly filled. The lips that quiver with sobs will some day smile again, eyes dimmed by long weeping will dance with laughter, hearts that once ached bitterly will some day swell and overflow with a new love.

This knowledge lies heavily upon a woman's soul and saddens, though often imperceptibly, the happiest marriage. All her toil and striving may some day be for naught. The fruits of her industry and thrift may some day gleam in jewels upon the white throat of another woman. Silks and laces which she could not have will add to the beauty of the possible woman who will ascend her vacant throne.

Sometimes a woman remains faithful to a memory, and sometimes, though rarely, a man may do the same. There is only one relation in life which may not be formed again—that between a mother and her child. The little one may have lived but a few days, yet if it has once lain upon her breast, she has something Death may never hope to destroy. Other children, equally dear may grow to stalwart manhood and gracious womanhood, but that face rises to immortality.—From "The Spinster Book," by Myrtle Reed.

BLESSINGS OF SLEEP.

Sleep—peaceful sleep—of all the blessings given us by our Heavenly Father what one surpasses it? Our little one tired out with its day of play lays its curly head on our arm and dozes off to sleep—the sweetest, purest sleep of childhood—rest from fatigue yet that of pleasure only. As older grown how many rob Nature of this, her health-restoring, boon pleasures or

revels, study or labor carried so far into the night, that when sleep comes, the nerves are so overtaxed that perhaps it is robbed of its restorative power, yet it is sleep, restful sleep, though tossed by storm, though worn by cares at times it seems we woo it but in vain, yet at last it comes and perchance, if even for a few moments we are at rest our cares are forgotten.

Sleep, what is sleep? Rest for the weary body, rest for the weary brain, or sleep in death, rest for the weary soul. We do not dread sleep. We woo it, we welcome it, we give ourselves up in God's hands, the world goes on, we care not until we wake and again take up our part in it. We all trust ourselves to God in sleep. Why then should we fear death? What differeth it from sleep? It comes to the weary soul, it bringeth rest. 'Tis true we have no walking here, but as of sleep we are in our Heavenly Father's care and hope to wake in brighter, happier lives than these.

God giveth his beloved sleep for rest, so when it pleaseth thee, oh Lord, let me sleep; weary of life's cares and troubles, seeking vainly for unknown pleasures or rewards, be thou with me ever and make me ever ready to give myself to thee in sleep, though the awakening be in this world or that hereafter.

Sleep, my bairn, thy peaceful sleep,

Angels guard thee through thy life; May their presence ever with thee

Keep thee through this world of strife.

Sleep, restful sleep.

Come to thee poor tired one;

Fit thee for to-morrow's toils,

Till thy work on earth is done.

Sleep, blessed sleep.

Life's cares and troubles laid aside,

And when you wake may you behold

The gates of heaven opening wide.

—Selected.

A BEAUTIFUL THOUGHT.

Prof. Drummond tells the story of a little girl who once said to her father: "Papa, I want you to say something to God for me, something I want to tell Him very much. I have such a little voice that I don't think He could hear it away up in Heaven, but you have a big man's voice, and He will be sure to hear you."

The father took his little girl in his arms and told her that, even though God were at that moment surrounded by all His holy angels, sounding on their golden harps, and singing to Him one of the grandest and sweetest songs of praise that ever was heard in Heaven, he was sure that He would say to them: "Hush, stop the singing for a little while. There's a little girl, away down on earth, who wants to whisper something in My ear."

Her prescription for youthfulness is interesting and well worth trying. "How do I stand all this wear and tear? Economy. That's it, economy. I save my strength. When I'm not working at the business which is my very life, I either rest or play. I don't potter. That's what ages women—puttering. When I see a teacher breaking down, or a trained nurse giving up with nervous prostration, I wonder

she is one of the most interesting women in the world. Over sixty-five years old, slight in build, sensitive, and nervous—and though she has seen more suffering than falls to the lot of most women, she is still young.

Her prescription for youthfulness is interesting and well worth trying.

"How do I stand all this wear and tear? Economy. That's it, economy. I save my strength. When I'm not working at the business which is my very life, I either rest or play. I don't potter. That's what ages women—puttering. When I see a teacher breaking down, or a trained nurse giving up with nervous prostration, I wonder

when women will learn to stop putting.

"I wouldn't sew a button on to one of my shoes for all the kingdoms of the earth. I can't afford such luxuries. A woman can't be a fine teacher, an excellent dressmaker, an expert cook, a shoe-cleaner, a glove-mender, a nurse, and a domestic economist all at once.

The minute she tries to do it, she breaks down, and then some one writes a brilliant article on 'Why American Women Break Down.'

"Sleep is a great thing for women. Half the women I know don't sleep enough. I've cultivated the accomplishment of napping. I shut my eyes and go to sleep whenever there is aull in my work.

"It isn't work that wears women out; it's fretting and putting. The way to keep young? Stop worrying and go to work. Throw yourself heart and soul, brain and nerve, into some one thing; make a fetish of it, throw every bit of energy you've got into it—housekeeping, taking care of children, teaching, writing, nursing. It doesn't make any difference what you do; it's the way you do it that counts. Copy the first young-looking man you see; do the way he does; work when you are working, but when you are not working cultivate the art of being amused."

LIFE HINTS.

Find your purpose and fling your life out to it. Try to be somebody with all your might.

What is put into the first of life is put into the whole of life. Start right.

The first thing to do, if you have not done so, is to fall in love with your work.

Don't brood over the past or dream of the future; but seize the instant and get your lesson from the hour.

Necessity is the priceless spur.

Give a youth resolution and the alphabet, and who shall place limits to his career?

Don't wait for extraordinary opportunities; seize common occasions and make them great.

A great opportunity will only make you ridiculous unless you are prepared for it.

The lucky man is the man who sees and grasps his opportunity.

The world always listens to a man with a will in him.—Success.

IMPROVE THE TIME.

Time is fleeting. It is uncertain. It is like a vapor that appeareth and then vanishes away. Time is short. While these statements are all true, at the same time the injunction given is very important. We can improve our time. Do it to our great advantage here and hereafter. Few, comparatively speaking, place a proper estimate on the value of time. The one who is deeply interested in the use and application of the golden moments of life, so that they may redound to their present and eternal welfare, is inspired by the highest wisdom known.

Time is valuable; it is precious. "Let us so number our days as that we may apply our hearts unto wisdom." Habits of industry in the use of time should be cultivated. Often we allow habits of carelessness to develop and much precious time is allowed to run to waste. The amount of time wasted in idle conversation is simply amazing. To idle away the precious moments that our Heavenly Father gives us is very wrong. No man has ever reached the high plane of scholarship without the cultivation of studious

habits. And these habits are conditioned on the proper use of time. We do not mean that such people do not have times of relaxation from study, for this is absolutely necessary. And this diversion of the mind is placing the right value on the improvement of time. Time which is allowed to pass without improvement is gone forever. We may reckon to the future, but cannot call back the past. How striking are the words of Dr. Young:

"The bell strikes one—we take no note of time.

But from its loss—to give it then a tongue

Is wise in man. As if an angel spoke, I feel the solemn sound; if heard aright,

It is the knell of my departed hours."

Reader, be more careful of your time. Do not let the blessed moments of life pass without a proper estimate by you of their importance.—Baltimore Methodist.

A GREATER NEED.

The Young People's Weekly prints a pathetic story of a poor half-starved child, living in a city alley. Someone had given her a ticket to a free tea and entertainment.

She was wild with delight, and was running to tell her mother of her good fortune when she stumbled over a child crouched on the stairs, crying. She asked what was the matter. The child said her mother had beaten her because she asked for some breakfast, and she was so hungry she could not help crying.

"Well," said the other child, placing the ticket in her hand, "take this and get a good tea. I've had no breakfast either, but my mother never beats me."

And she passed on, leaving the ticket in the hand of the astonished child.—Youth's Companion.

ANY ONE CAN

Prove the Value of Scientific Food.

A good straightforward test of food is worth much to humanity. The following is interesting:

Mr. T. K. Durhoraw of Greenfield, O., says: "After 3 months' sickness with grip I found I had lost 42 pounds, with little appetite and almost no digestion. Wife finally put me on Grape-Nuts and I actually lived on this food, taking it three times a day, and a cup of Postum Coffee at each meal for about four weeks.

When I began I was so nervous and weak that my strength was exhausted even by dressing, and, of course, I was unable to do the work loaded upon my desk, but I hammered away without any tonics or medicines, only diet of Grape-Nuts and Postum three times a day. I found at the end of 23 days my nervousness gone, strength greatly increased and that I had gained 16 pounds.

Finally, after getting back to good health again I, of course, took on different kinds of food, and, as a change, began using— for breakfast. After a while some peculiar spells began to appear in the morning with deathly sickness and nervous lassitude. I took treatment for biliousness but that did not avail.

About a month ago I gave up the

—for breakfast and took on Grape-Nuts again. These morning attacks left me entirely in a day or two and I feel that I have had sufficient evidence of the scientific value of Grape-Nuts as a vitalizing, perfect food, that does not require the heavy work of the stomach occasioned by the use of starchy foods we use so much nowadays."

March 6, 1902.

TEXAS CHRISTIAN ADVOCATE.

GENERAL L. M. LEWIS.

Gen. Levin M. Lewis was born in Baltimore, Md., January 6, 1832, of wealthy and cultured parents. He attended the very best schools and institutions of learning in the United States, and received a broad and liberal education and became a most accomplished scholar in all the highest branches of a collegiate education, spending the two years 1848 and 1849 at the Maryland Military Academy and the closing years of his academic course at the Wesleyan University, Middletown, Conn., where he closely studied theology from a Methodist standpoint. He then studied law under Judge Alexander Bailey, one of the most learned jurists of that day. After reading and close study for four years at Cambridge, he was admitted to the bar, the most accomplished young lawyer, at Liberty, Clay County, Mo., where he practiced his profession for three years with conspicuous success, when he entered the ministry of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, where his piety, learning, suavity and matchless eloquence at once placed him in the front rank of popular ministers. His great learning and happy way of imparting it to others, and his seductive oratory, soon broadly indicated to Bishop Pierce his great usefulness in another though kindred field, and in 1858 Bishop Pierce appointed him President of the denominational college at Plattsburg, Mo., which he conducted with eminent success for two years, and then returned to the active ministry at Liberty, Mo., where he preached to crowded houses until the beginning of the greatest of all civil wars, in March, 1861. His exceptional popularity in North Missouri soon pointed him out for active duty in the recruiting service of the South. While successfully engaged in this important service, he was appointed, early in 1861, by Gov. Claib. F. Jackson, Governor of Missouri, and commissioned by him as Colonel of the Seventh Regiment of Missouri State troops, and led his gallant command in a number of bloody engagements, including the battles of Jefferson City and Lone Jack.

In 1862 the State troops dissolved and most of them entered the Confederate service. Col. Lewis went in as Captain, of Company A, Tenth Regiment, Missouri Infantry. At the sanguinary battle of Prairie Grove, Ark., December 7, 1862, he was promoted on the field, for conspicuous gallantry, to Lieutenant Colonel of the regiment. J. H. Caldwell, now of Waco, being Colonel. A few months later Col. Caldwell resigned and Col. Lewis was promoted to full Colonel of that gallant, fighting regiment, which he commanded with great gallantry and popularity from January, 1863, to October, 1864, except during the time he was a prisoner of war. In October, 1864, he was appointed and commissioned by President Davis, and confirmed by the Confederate Senate, as Brigadier-General, and placed in command of the Second Missouri Brigade.

On July 4, 1863, in the disastrous assault upon Helena, Ark., having fought his way into the town, he was struck down by the explosion of a bombshell while some distance in advance of his regiment, and was left on the field for dead. He was taken prisoner, and his dreadful wounds were skillfully treated by the surgeons of the enemy, who saved his useful life to his grateful country. He was confined as a prisoner for one month in the State Penitentiary at Alton, Ill., on the Mississippi River, twenty-five miles above St. Louis. From Alton he was transferred to Johnson's Island, ten miles out in the deep waters of Lake Erie from Sandusky, Ohio, where the frigid winds from the frozen lake howled around the thin plank shanties dignified by the name of "barracks," in which our thinly-clad Southern patriots found utterly inadequate protection from Alaskan winds, which soon sent more than seventeen hundred of them to their eternal bivouacs around the everlasting battlements of heaven; and their patriotic bones now lie on the barren shores of that desolate island, which to them is fame's eternal camping-ground and a Mecca to all patriotic Southerners.

While confined in the travesty of a prison in boisterous Lake Erie, Gov. Reynolds, of Missouri, commissioned Gen. Lewis for the long term—of six years—as Confederate States Senator from the State of Missouri. On being exchanged at City Point, on James River, he went to Richmond, carefully investigated existing conditions and concluded that he loved peace better than he did war, and as there was about as much war in the Confederate Congress as there was in the army, and as our armies were short of men, while Congress had a plethora, he resigned his seat in the national Senate, for which so many would have given their fortunes, and returned to his command in the field, greatly to their inexpressible delight. He was General in command of the Confederate forces

at Shreveport—second only to Gen. E. Kirby Smith—from November, 1864, to June, 1865, when he surrendered to the Federal.

At the battle of Lone Jack, on August 16, 1862, he was severely wounded four different times, leaving honorable scars which he carried to his grave—two on his head, one of which was on his forehead, making a conspicuous mark; one which badly disfigured his hand, and a severe one across his breast—hallowed mementos of his heroic struggle for his country's rights and liberties, the sanctity of her homes—a holy, free-will offering of blood upon her sacred altar.

Throughout all that long and bloody war—of father against son and brother against brother—and through all the trials and temptations of a soldier's life, he never for one moment forfeited or even suspended his lofty purity and Christian integrity, and after the close of the Civil War the Immaculate Bishop E. M. Marvin publicly thanked him for setting such an exceptional example of Christian purity and devotion, such a living illustration of moral integrity and grandeur, to his soldier-comrades.

From 1865 to 1868, inclusive, he was stationed at Shreveport in charge of the M. E. Church, South, where, as an evidence of the deep love the people bore to him, they gladly paid him the then princely salary of \$8000 per year.

Considering that the town was then small and the people, almost without exception, were greatly impoverished by the devastations and wanton destruction caused by the vandal warfare waged against us, his compensation was most munificent.

In the fall of 1866, Bishop E. M. Marvin appointed him, and it was confirmed by the conference then in session, to Ryland Chapel, in Galveston, then the largest, wealthiest and most important Methodist charge in Texas. It was soon apparent that the old church building would not accommodate half the people who desired to hear him preach, for his fame had extended all over the State and the South, and he was recognized as the most learned, gifted and eloquent pulpit orator in the entire South; and had not the angel of death claimed him in the prime of his glorious manhood and the fullness of his splendid usefulness, there is not a doubt but what he would soon have been promoted to Bishop. In a short time Gen. Lewis raised the large sum of about \$85,000 in cash, and the construction of St. John's M. E. Church was begun in Galveston—the most costly and stately ecclesiastical structure ever erected in Texas. But Gen. Lewis, the founder of the Church, was not permitted to witness its completion. The health of his wife had been so undermined by the enervating humid atmosphere of Galveston that he was forced, in order to save her life, to remove her and his family to a cooler, drier and more invigorating climate. He therefore accepted, with profound sorrow at the necessity which forced the dissolution of his affectionate relationship with the people of Galveston, the presidency of Arcadia College, Iron County, Mo., to which he had been unanimously elected by its trustees and the conference, the college being under the control and patronage of the M. E. Church, South, where he remained for four years, making of it one of the greatest and most popular educational institutions in the entire South.

While stationed at Galveston he wrote "Reminiscences of the War." "The Traditions of the City and Island of Galveston," and other interesting magazine articles, which marked him as brilliant a literary writer as he was a matchless and magnetic orator. He remained in Galveston three years, becoming fully identified with its people and all their interests, religious, social and commercial; and there were sorrowful protests from all the people and the Churches of the city at his enforced removal to another field of activity.

After serving four years as President of Arcadia College, Mo., he was appointed by Bishop Geo. F. Pierce as pastor of the First M. E. Church, South at St. Louis, where he ministered for two years with great acceptability, and was as popular and universally beloved as at Galveston. In addition to his duties as pastor of about the largest and wealthiest Methodist Church in the South, he was also Secretary of the Missouri Conference.

He conducted the first union meeting of the Northern and Southern Methodists after the Civil War.

In the fall of 1874 he was unanimously elected President of the Arkansas Female College at Little Rock, where he remained four years, during which the institution won very great popularity.

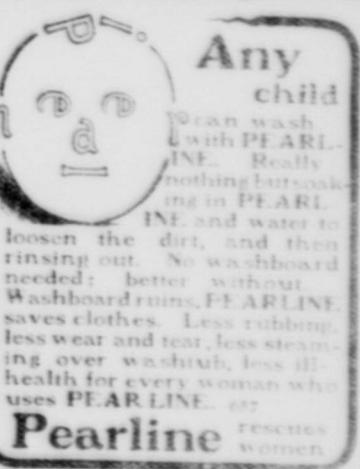
In 1878 he was elected professor of

English language and literature in the Agricultural and Mechanical College at Bryan, Texas, where he remained until 1885. It is in this field that Horace Gober labored during his short but

useful career, and here his name will ever be as "ointment poured forth." Golliugh's name fell upon the polite ears of our good people of Harrison Circuit somewhat like a "cuss-word," but when he himself arrived his noble Christian character burst upon them full-orbed, like the midday sun through a rift in the cloud. Golliugh should always send his smile ahead and let his name come afterward. He is very charitable and unsuspecting in his nature, but thinks that he has caught one in Galveston, he did not live to witness the fruition of his labor of love. His health broke down, with a drooping affection, and his congregation, with the deepest sorrow, insisted upon his going to Los Angeles, Cal., for needed rest and recreation. From day to day his malady grew more alarming, until finally, on May 28, 1886, the climax came and God called for him, in his home royal chariot, and took him to his home eternal in the heavens. No more of the strongest circuits in the conference. Their parsonage is situated in Marshall, and is a comfortable home. Some improvements have recently been made on it, and some new furniture is now being put in.

J. C. Carr has entered upon his third year at Beckville. His people are delighted at having him back again, and have honored themselves by making a liberal provision for his support. His salary was increased last year, and this year there is another increase of a hundred dollars. The year starts off grandly with a revival shout, and will close with a rich harvest of sheaves. He generally does his own preaching in all his meetings, and does all his work after the most laborious and most successful methods. He is not afraid of work, and his Master can afford to reward him.

I will finish with another installment, C. R. LAMAR.



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PERSONALS.

Gribble, of Oasis, looked recently. He is a constant Advocate.

pleasure of meeting Rev. S. of Nevada, last week. He is looking well ed with his work.

used to have had a visit Bro. Gus Thomasson, of He is working up the coming State League

of good laymen, Charley insboro, made us a genial t. He was in the city on dropped in to see how ressing.

rris, of Oak Cliff, made a pleasant visit recently. Tennesseean and an ear-

Cole, of Grand Prairie, y this week, and spent a pleasantly with the Ad-

cus of this city, spent ts in the office the other member of the Board of First Church, and a lead- in Dallas.

Crutchfield, of Par- o see us recently, and he Brother J. L. Bartlett, of have but one "Uncle s is all right.

Smith, of the Abilene through the city this way to the missionary Hishiro, and stopped a tly with us. His work out his way, and he says are pushing the Advo-

Moore, our pastor at had an attack of nervous com which he has been some weeks, but he is bet- ent writing. However, to take a needed rest be- able for hard work

state force had a fraternal o. Eugene Moore, of the last week. We say frat- he is the editor of one weekly and belongs enly. We notice that he for the State Senate, and sound and first-class man.

Campbell, D. D., presid- the Fort Worth District, te indisposed on account of rheumatism for sev- at this writing he is able to take a little exercise. He used to miss two or three months, but he hopes now his work again.

in the Houston Post that D. D. of the Texas as accepted an invitation commencement sermon at the University this year, one of our leading Texas at all Texans will highly that he will perform tact- fit to himself and to e is a matter concerning no sort of question.

Daily News, in its Fort a, we quote the following r. S. H. Werlein, pastor Methodist Church, South series of Sunday evening recent tour to the East. ore his coming to Fort Werlein spent three and a in making a journey to Palestine. The punie will opportunity of seeing lands through the eyes r."

URCH NEWS.

D. Moore, of the Al- ence, died last week. He and devoted minister, of g in the Church.

the past few months, Rev. Sins, of the North Georgia has lost by death his fa- and a sister. These are as, and he has the sym- his brethren in these suc- ws.

ned by a number of the the North Georgia Confer- through a mistake it selected seven clerical dele- General Conference, when

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

W. R. HUGHES,

(Better Known as BILL HUGHES)
Is a Candidate for
TAX ASSESSOR OF DALLAS COUNTY

Subject to the Democratic Primary
Election March 15, 1902.

R. B. OLIVER,

Candidate for
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE PRECINCT NO. 1
DALLAS COUNTY

Subject to the Democratic Primary
Election March 15, 1902.

they were only entitled to six. We un- derstand that Bishop Galloway, who presided at the conference, has taken the matter under consideration, but if so he has not yet given out a state- ment.

Dr. Hunter, the Nestor of Arkansas Methodism, is now very feeble. Advanced age and physical infirmity have about used up the grand old man's bodily resources, and in a few months at most his earthly career will have rounded out grandly.

Dr. C. W. Carter, of the Crowley District, Louisiana Conference, has been quite indisposed for several days, and he is not yet ready for work. He is one of the veterans of that conference and the chairman of the delegation from down there to the General Conference.

Rev. J. F. Corbin and J. M. Valencia will represent the Northwest Mexican Mission Conference in the General Conference; Rev. J. W. Grimes and Dr. T. E. Edwards will represent the Central Mexican Mission Conference, and Rev. G. B. Winton and Prof. I. R. Oh- vares will represent the Mexican Border Mission Conference.

One of our North Carolina exchanges announces that Mr. Duke has indicated his purpose to give Trinity College another \$100,000. This brings the donations of the Duke family up to nearly a million. Such a disposition of wealth is a wonderful benefaction. Why not some wealthy Texan come to the help of the Southwestern?

The Michigan Advocate says: The three Advocates published at Cincinnati, Chicago and Kansas City do not show any profits for the past year. Did not indeed pay the cost of publication, but entailed a loss upon the Church. We are not gratified at this. They are noble papers; well edited; sound in doctrine; true to Methodism, and ought to have more subscribers. Somehow the expenses outrun the receipts.

LITERARY NOTICES.

The March number of the Popular Science Monthly has arrived, and its contents present an excellent bill of fare. It contains nine well-prepared and thoroughly thought-out articles on as many scientific subjects by experts in the departments treated. Then the editor's short resume of scientific information on a variety of themes is instructive and helpful. One of the beauties of these articles is found in the fact that the several writers, in so far as practicable, eschew strictly technical terms and express themselves in language mostly familiar to the average reader of literature of this character. "The Palm Trees in Brazil," by Prof. Branner; "Work and Rest; Genius and Stupidity," by Dr. Chamberlain; "Science in 1901" from the London Times; "The Differentiation of the Human Species," by Keasbey and "Were the Early Organic Movements Conscious or Unconscious?" by Prof. Titchener, are all communications of especial merit.

The March number of the Atlantic Monthly is quite interesting in its subject-matter. It covers the field of literature, science art and politics, and its contents show a variety of subjects under these several heads. The opening contribution is from the pen of George W. Cable, and his theme is "Bylow Hill." Mr. Cable is a well-known writer, and this is one of his best stories. "England and the War of Secession," by Goldwin Smith, evinces much careful thought and discriminating study. "Vivisection," by H. C. Merwin, and he very properly takes the position that the torture of animals for the benefit of the human race is a moral wrong against the animal.

"The Educational Problem in the Philippines," by F. W. Atkinson, and "The Economic Future of the Philippines," by C. A. Conant, are instructive and thoughtful. These, however, are only a few of the many very excellent communications in this number.

Policies make good tools when forged out of principle.—Ram's Horn.

Fits Permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for free trial bottle and treatise. Dr. R. Kline Ltd., 901 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

REV. J. T. GRAHAM.

As we go to press the following telegram comes from Rev. Sterling Fisher, presiding elder San Marcos District:

Kyle, Tex., March 5.—Rev. J. T. Graham, our preacher at Kyle, died yesterday.

PROHIBITION CARRIED.

Special to Texas Advocate.

Franklin, Tex., March 4.—Franklin School District, in Robertson County, went for prohibition Monday, March 3, by nine majority. Preachers, lawyers and doctors, the leading and large per cent of all business men, except one class, and the good women, stood for and labored hard for God, home and native land.

S. F. CHAMBERS

A CARD OF THANKS.

Our little greeting published some weeks ago in the Advocate brought in a number of fine contributions to our hand- bazaar. So the ladies of the H. M. Society in Haskell now wish to thank you for the publication, and through your columns we wish to extend our thanks to the many friends who so kindly sent these contributions. Some of these articles were accompanied by nice letters, some by cards; one from Hubbard, Texas, was signed "Lola," another from the same place was signed "A Friend," while one handsome silk handkerchief from Ballinger, Texas, had nothing but the postmark to show its origin; and on two contributions, which came without any card, even the postmark was not legible. I am sure our many kind friends will be glad to learn that our bazaar was a success. We took in nearly one hundred dollars, and our expenses were light. We have five society of active and intelligent members.

The verses of our greeting published a few weeks ago, were not my composition, as some who wrote me suggested. We had neglected to use the quotation points. This must have caused my friends to think the writer mine. I do not know who the writer is.

Again thanking you and the dear old Advocates for assistance rendered, I remain, very sincerely,

MRS. ELSIE MALONE MCQUELLUM,
Pres. Haskell Aux. W. H. M. S.

NOTICE.

Those who expect to attend the meeting of the North Texas Sunday-school Institute, to be held at Sherman, April 9-11, will insure entertainment by notifying me not later than March 21. We can not guarantee entertainment for those who do not comply with this request. The number of the members who will come render this course necessary.

This applies to preachers as well as delegations. As far as possible give names of all who will attend. Do not say "Our school will send ten delegates." Give the names individually, and let all come in the name and spirit of "Him whose we are."

W. E. BOOGES, P. C.
R. G. Piner, Orr Price, Mrs. J. H. Berry, Mrs. Miller Stewart, Committee on Arrangements, Sherman, Texas.

SOUTHWESTERN UNIVERSITY DAY AT THE GENERAL CONFERENCE.

The General Conference is the biggest thing in a Methodist way that has ever decided to come to Texas. Of course, thousands of Texas Methodist laymen and preachers will go to see this assembly of the highest council of our Church. Among these thousands there will be many alumni and former students of old Southwestern. Why not appoint one day during the session of the General Conference as S. W. U. Students' Reunion Day? On this day let as many as possible of the faculty and present student body and former students of the University gather in Dallas for a reunion—a renewal of old friendship ties and the making of new ones among the boys who attended before or since our day. A program might be arranged, addresses might be made. Who can doubt that great good would result? It would be a great object-lesson on Christian education. It would be a tangible, visible exhibit of the work that is being done by the great Southwestern University for Methodism and Christianity.

Let us have a reunion. I suggest that Dr. J. H. McLean be elected chairman of Committee on Arrangements. The alumni around Dallas can secure a meeting place and arrange for our reception. Boys, speak out. What do you say? F. A. DOWNS.

Lindale, Texas.

THE BIGGEST SUNDAY SCHOOL.

Our readers may be interested in knowing which of our thriving Churches in Texas has the largest Sunday-school. We have no access to the number of pupils in each school and can not get at the question on that basis, but we have a complete record of the number of pieces of literature each school consumes and the amount of each account in dollars and cents. We think, however, that that is a pretty fair test, and on that basis we have taken time to figure the thing out. Based on the amount of the accounts in dollars and cents, we find five of the largest, in the following order:

Marvin Church, Tyler.
Shearn Church, Houston.
Travis Park Church, San Antonio.
First Church, Dallas.
Fifth Street Church, Waco.

Based on the number of pieces of

literature each school consumes, we get a different result. This is because some schools take a larger per cent of primary literature than others. This increases the number of pieces and indicates a large attendance, but does not run up into dollars and cents. The following is the order in which the first five stand on that basis:

Travis Park Church, San Antonio.
Shearn Church, Houston.
Marvin Church, Tyler.
First Church, Dallas.
Fifth Street Church, Waco.

Marvin Church, Tyler, takes 100 Magazines, the largest number in the State. Next comes Travis Park Church, San Antonio, with 80, and Fifth Street Church, Waco, with 75. Marvin Church, Tyler, and Shearn Church, Houston, each take 200 copies of Children's Visitor, the largest number in the State. Next comes Travis Park Church, San Antonio, with 150, then First Church, Dallas, with 125. Georgetown takes 340 Senior Quartetters, which is nearly twice as many as any other school uses. Fifth Street, Waco, uses 200 Home Department Quartetters. No other school in the State approaches this number.

BARBEE & SMITH.

Dallas, Texas.

THE NEW MOVEMENT.

Our General Sunday-school Board has inaugurated a new movement in Sunday-school work. The purpose is to elevate the standard of the teaching force and provide the schools with better and more consecrated teachers. To this end it is the purpose to hold institutes at central points for the training and "rousement" of teachers; and second, to provide a Bible teachers' study course of the best books on Sunday-school work. These institutes will be conducted by Dr. and Mrs. H. M. Hamill, two of the finest Sunday-school workers on the globe. They are in and of and for our Church, and are putting their whole time and talents into its development. Five of these institutes will be held in Texas at places and dates as follows:

Waco, April 7, 8 and 9.

Sherman, April 9, 10 and 11.

Austin, April 14, 15 and 16.

Jacksonville, April 16, 17 and 18.

San Antonio, April 28, 29 and 30.

The institutes will open on the night of the first and close on the night of the last dates mentioned. All preachers, superintendents and teachers are delegates ex-officio; others can be elected at the option of the individual schools. Free entertainment will be provided for those delegates who send their names in advance. About entertainment, please write:

Rev. Jno. R. Nelson, Waco.
Rev. W. E. Boggs, Sherman.
Rev. W. D. Bradfield, Austin.
Rev. C. F. Smith, Jacksonville.
Rev. Jno. M. Moore, San Antonio.

Always, of course, write to the name and place in your own conference, and remember that no one need expect free entertainment who does not write in advance. All indications point to a

THREE GOLD MEDALS PAN-AMERICAN EXPOSITION

Walter Baker & Co.
Cocoa and Chocolate

KNOW THE WORLD OVER

Has received the highest endorsements from the medical practitioner, the nurse, and the intelligent house-keeper and caterer.

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Established 1780
DORCHESTER, MASS.

The Spring Medicine
is Hood's Sarsaparilla.

In thousands and thousands of homes—in cities, towns and villages—three doses a day of this great medicine are now being taken by every member of the family.

In some homes, even the visitor is given a teaspoonful with every meal.

Why such wide and general use? Because

Hood's Sarsaparilla has proved itself by its

wonderful effects in cleansing the system of all humors, overcoming that tired feeling, creating appetite, clearing the complexion, giving strength and animation, the best of all Spring medicines, so that it is *par excellence* the Spring Medicine.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla is a grand blood purifier and health restorer. My husband and I take it through the spring months and find it just what it is represented to be." MRS. D. M. CHANDLER, Bowdoin, Maine.

Accept no substitute for Hood's Sarsaparilla.

large attendance at these Institutes. We are sure great good will result from them.

BARBEE & SMITH.

UNANSWERED LETTERS.

Feb. 27 Jas. E. Crutchfield, change, D. W. Gardner, sub. J. N. McLean, sub. sub. J. M. Crutchfield, sub. G. W. Bailey, sub. sub. T. Hart, sub. A. T. Calhoun, sub. S. M. Gandy, sub. J. W. Griffin, sub. N. M. McLaughlin, sub. T. E. Vinson, sub. J. S. Huckabee, sub. G. W. Whistler, sub. J. N. Hunter, sub. J. J. Canfield, sub. S. W. Turner, has attention. J. W. Harmon, sub. has attention. J. C. Weaver, sub. R. E. Fife, Geo. W. Kincheloe, sub. W. H. Moss, sub. W. W. Nunn, sub. E. H. Casey, sub. J. L. Russell, sub. J. D. Hudgings, sub. C. S. Carpenter, sub. J. D. Farris, sub. W. K. Simpson, sub. J. D. Smith, sub. J. T. Graham, sub. J. W. Myers, sub. J. N. Williams, sub. Jas. M. Sherman, thank you. C. H. Lester, sub. H. M. Purts, sub. C. W. Perkins, sub. J. H. Murray, sub. W. F. Gibbons, sub.

March 1—J. A. P. Hightower, trial, sub. W. H. Terry, sub. H. E. Shrader, sub. E. G. Roberts, sub. E. H. Lovelace, sub. T. M. Kirk, sub. Sam C. Vaughan, sub.

March 2—J. M. Baker, sub. O. A. Shock, sub. A. B. Roberts, sub. E. W. Solomon, sub. H. E. Smith, sub. 2 cards. Jas. N. McCain, sub. J. W. Bridges, sub. D. H. Aston, sub. Sam'l Weaver, sub. W. H. Moss, sub. C. G. Shultz, sub.

March 4—W. M. Lane, sub. P. G. Homan, sub. Z. H. Fife, sub. J. D. Hudgings, sub. G. S. Wyatt, sub. W. H. Terry, sub. J. P. Mossell, sub. W. W. Gillibugh, sub. S. N. Allen, sub. J. K. McMillan, sub. C. R. Gray, sub. E. J. Birdwell, sub. good work. G. E. Cameron, sub. A. T. Atkins, Webb, sub. N. G. Ormiston, sub. C. W. Irvin, sub. R. J. Birdwell, sub. B. A. Snoddy, sub. Joe Tracy, sub.

March 5—J. B. Minnis, sub. B. R. Wagner, sub. S. D. Cook, sub. S. C. Littlepage, sub. Leon Henderson, sub. Those Rees, change made. J. J. Morgan, sub. shall be done. F. P. Ray, sub. J. C. Carter, change

Sunday-School Department.

FIRST QUARTER, LESSON II, MARCH 16.

THE ETHIOPIAN CONVERTED
Acts 8:26-40.

With the heart man believeth unrighteousness, and with the mouth confession is made unto salvation"—Rom. 10:10.

From the International Evangelist we take the following exposition of the lesson:

We must receive our commission from God. From him every successful teacher receives authority and power. When the commission from heaven came to Philip he might have made many excuses. He was probably busy and successful where he was, and the command seemed rather indefinite just to "go toward the south." He did not know what there was in the south for him to do. The honest and most devoted servants are apt to hesitate in the face of a command like this. But Philip did not forget that the voice which commanded was connected with the power that could prepare the way. There is a father standing on a stone in the middle of a stream holding the hand of his child, who is still on the bank. He says, "Jump," but the child answers, "I can't jump to the other side." But the father repeats his command, the child makes the effort and the strong parental hand lifts it high on the other bank.

When quite a boy I recall climbing a mountain with an older friend. Looking a distance ahead I saw a place where the rocks seemed to rise perpendicularly and utterly forbidding ascent. I stopped and said, "We can go no further." He replied, "Follow me and I will show you how to get over that place when we reach it." And when we did come to the apparently insurmountable barrier he led me by a path that soon brought us to the summit. Such is the Christian's way of duty. Our only lookout is to go in the direction that God indicates, even if to our own senses the opposite way seems more propitious.

The expression "which is desert" may be made the foundation of some useful lessons. Think of the moral desert that sin creates, and the need of planting this with the seed of truth.

Think of many of our scholars whose minds are as a wilderness filled with a wild growth of transient ideas but with no grain fields of noble thoughts. What a desert many homes and more hearts are until some faithful voice sounds within them the beginning of the gospel of Jesus Christ. Picture some home of misery with its almost naked children, its broken furniture, its pale, emaciated mother, its heartless mate, its drunken father; then picture this home after one faithful messenger has brought the truth as it is in Jesus. Surely this is the desert blossoming as the rose.

Philippians commanding obedience is an excellent story for the young. Use Samuel as an illustration. When he heard the voice at night sounding his name he immediately rose from his bed and ran to Eli. When parents call, how prone children are to hold back and moreover obey only after the parent has added a threat. Are we promptly and cheerfully heeding God's calls?

If the people of your city knew that a certain hill near by was strewn with gold coins, how great would be the rush to gather them. If the intelligence were carried through your streets that the river was full of drowning persons clinging to planks and rafts and crying for help, the river front would soon be full of eager helpers ready to do and to dare until every individual was rescued. But are not immortal souls of more value than material gold or mortal flesh?

Note concerning the Ethiopian that he was industriously studying God's Word. He had gone to Jerusalem to worship but he did not allow public devotions to crowd out private study of the Word. Those who use all the light that they have God leads into brighter light. A father promised a reward to his two boys if they would search for two hours a day until they found a lost key. They gave up after the first day, but the other faithfully pursued the search from day to day, until one afternoon the father joined him and in a few moments found the key. When the boy was liberally rewarded, the brother cried, "Partially." God's Word contains many keys—the key to salvation, the key to happiness, the key to honor, and if we faithfully "search the scriptures," God himself will in some way join us and help until we find.

A practical line of thought in this connection is to show the different ways in which people read God's Word. Some study the Book as proof readers go over the copy—looking for errors.

Others read it simply as an historical narrative. A beautiful illustration of what we need in reading God's Book and talking about eternal things is afforded us in the walk to Emmaus. The disciples were perplexed and troubled about what had happened, until the Divine Master, the risen Savior, joined Himself to their company, and, beginning with Moses, showed them the real meaning of the Word. This same teacher is ready, through His Spirit, to lead us into all truth. Let us never open the Book without seeking His light upon its teachings.

Epworth League Department.

Conducted by Rev. J. Marvin Nichols.
Address all communications for this department to him at 27 North Pearl Street, Dallas, Texas.

STATE CABINET.
President, Gus W. Thomasson, Van Alstyne, Texas.
First Vice-President, Rev. J. Marvin Nichols, Dallas, Texas.
Second Vice-President, Miss Anna Fisher, San Marcos, Texas.
Third Vice-President, Prof. P. W. Horn, Sherman, Texas.
Superintendent of Junior Work, Miss Lillian Wester, Taylor, Texas.
Secretary-Treasurer, J. T. Ellis, Elgin, Texas.

EXPLANATION.

On account of space required for notes from the State officers, the lesson comments are necessarily omitted.—Editor.

FROM OUR STATE PRESIDENT.

Tuesday I went to Ft. Worth and met by appointment the local committee on arrangements. The Leaguers were all enthusiastic over the coming meeting. They laid plans on an extensive scale and will entertain the conference in first-class style. A very gratifying feature was the interest manifested by the Board of Trade of Ft. Worth. Brother F. P. Works went before this organization in behalf of the executive committee and explained what the coming of the conference meant to Ft. Worth. The Board unanimously adopted a resolution of sympathy and support, and appointed a committee on press reports and one on securing reduced rates to assist the local committee of Leaguers.

At the meeting in First Church at night Brother Frank Reedy was along to relate his experience in handling a State Conference and answered many questions as to the best methods of management.

In all my experience touching State gatherings, I have never seen a better interest than was shown in the preliminary meeting of the Ft. Worth people. A number of the Methodist pastors of the city were present and representatives were on hand from nearly, if not quite, all of the several Leagues. W. F. Barnum was chosen General Chairman and S. L. Cochran was made Secretary of the permanent organization. Both these gentlemen are possessed of wide experience in League matters, and are pre-eminently qualified to handle the arrangements successfully.

It was decided to use the Young People's Hymnal No. 2 and the music will be conducted by the Ft. Worth people.

The meetings will be held in First Church, except on Sunday when the large auditorium of the city hall will be used.

A uniform rate of \$1.00 per day will be given by the hotels and boarding houses.

I returned to Dallas Wednesday and missed connection north by five minutes. This necessitated a twelve hours wait, so I phoned Bro. Nichols to meet me at the Publishing House, and together we went over the program, smoothing out the rough places and further developing plans for the great meeting.

ELEVENTH ANNUAL SESSION TEXAS STATE EPWORTH LEAGUE CONFERENCE

To be Held at Fort Worth, Texas, May 16-18, 1902.

The following is the provisional program as it stands at this time:

FRIDAY, MAY 16.

2 p. m.—Consecration and sacramental service.

CHARITY AND HELP DEPARTMENT.

TEXAS CONFERENCE.

Calvert District—A. R. Buchanan, Buffalo, Texas.

Huntsville District—D. A. Frank, Conroe, Texas.

Houston District—Miss Mary Hogan, 1906 Wood Street, Houston, Texas.

Austin District—F. A. Brown, Flatonia, Texas.

8 p. m.—Song service.

8:15 p. m.—Appointment of committees, announcements, etc.

JUNIOR LEAGUE DEPARTMENT.

8:30 p. m.—Report of Miss Lillian Wester, Superintendent of Junior Leagues.

Address: "The Mightiness of Personal Effort," Mr. John R. Pepper, of Tennessee. Adjournment.

SATURDAY, MAY 17.

Sunrise prayer-meeting at First Church.

8:30 a. m.—Song service.

III—LITERARY DEPARTMENT.

8:45 a. m.—Address: "Music in the League," Rev. John R. Morris, of Weatherford.

9:15 a. m.—Report of Prof. P. W. Horn, of Sherman, Third Vice-President.

10 a. m.—Address: "The Practical Work of the Literary Department," Dr. C. C. Cody, of Southwestern University.

10:30 a. m.—Song service.

10:45 a. m.—Intermission.

11 a. m.—Literary address: "The Greek Civilization and the Modern," E. B. Craighead, D. D. President of Missouri State Normal. Adjournment.

2 p. m.—Song service.

2:30 p. m.—Business session, election of officers, etc.

4 p. m.—Address: "Ecumenical Methodism," Bishop Chas. B. Galloway, of Mississippi. Adjournment.

8 p. m.—Song service.

8:30 p. m.—Address: "The League and Missions," Rev. Collins Denny, D. D. of Vanderbilt University. Adjournment.

SUNDAY, MAY 18.

9:45 a. m.—A visit to the Sunday schools of the city.

11 a. m.—Sermons at the different churches in the city to be supplied from the General Conference of the Committee on Public Worship.

2:30 p. m.—Song service.

IV—DEVOTIONAL DEPARTMENT.

2:45 p. m.—Report of Rev. J. Marvin Nichols, Third Vice-President.

3:30 p. m.—Address: "The Spirit and Purposes of the League," H. M. DuBose, D. D., General Secretary of Epworth Leagues.

4:30 p. m.—Experience meeting, conducted by Bishop O. P. Fitzgerald, of Tennessee. Adjournment.

8 p. m.—Song service.

8:30 p. m.—Closing sermon, Rev. Alonzo Monk, D. D., of Georgia.

STATE LEAGUE NOTES.

Watch the list of paid-up Leagues and see that your Treasurer does not overlook the matter of sending in the small amount which will put your name on the honor roll and at the same time help your State officers to do some good work.

The Fort Worth Leaguers are going to lay themselves out to give the State League a royal entertainment. We have entrusted them with the selection and management of the music, which is a guarantee that this part of the program will be up to the highest standard.

Suppose we nominate our officers in open conference this time, and dispense with the formality of an election by the Committee on Nominations.

Why not make the place of meeting elective and thus give the majority a chance to say where they want the meeting next year?

When it comes to answering requests for information, the presiding elders of the Northwest Texas Conference are a fine set of men. Every one of them reported promptly to the State Secretary, and where no District Secretary had been elected they appointed one. Thank you, brethren.

I returned to Dallas Wednesday and missed connection north by five minutes. This necessitated a twelve hours wait, so I phoned Bro. Nichols to meet me at the Publishing House, and together we went over the program, smoothing out the rough places and further developing plans for the great meeting.

STATE LEAGUE TAX.

Week ending Feb. 26.

Austin, Tenth Street \$1.50

Ashby 50

Brandon 2.00

Colorado 50

Elgin 50

Flatonia 50

Giddens 50

Gonzales 50

Manor 50

Mill Creek 50

Navasota 50

Pecan Grove 50

Rock Island 50

San Saba 50

Weimar 50

J. T. ELLIS, State Secretary.

—

STATE EPWORTH LEAGUE DISTRICT SECRETARIES.

TEXAS CONFERENCE.

Calvert District—A. R. Buchanan, Buf-

falo, Texas.

Huntsville District—D. A. Frank, Con-

roe, Texas.

Houston District—Miss Mary Hogan, 1906

Wood Street, Houston, Texas.

Austin District—F. A. Brown, Flatonia,

Texas.



The diseases most feared are those which are inherited—handed down from generation to generation, and family to family. By far the most destructive of these is Cancer, which finds the greatest number of its victims among the children and grandchildren of those whose blood was tainted with this dreadful malady. You may carry this poison in the blood for years, but as the vital powers begin to wane a slight bruise or cut, wart or mole, sore or pimple may develop into Cancer. From middle life to old age is the time when the slumbering poison is most apt to break out, a sore or ulcer often degenerating into Cancer, and Tumors become more progressive and ulcerate through the skin, the sharp, shooting pains causing the most intense suffering.

The Cancer patient naturally grows despondent as one after another the usual remedies fail, and the sore shows no sign of healing. The impurities that have been accumulating in the system, perhaps for generations, cannot be eliminated nor the poisoned blood made pure by salves, washes and plasters. The proper treatment is to purity and build up the blood, remove the cause, when the sore or ulcer heals.

Mr. J. B. Arnold, of Greenwood, S. C., writes: "A tiny ulcer came, just under the left eye. It began spreading, and grew worse rapidly, destroying the flesh as it went. As Cancer is hereditary in my family I became thoroughly alarmed, consulting the best physicians and taking many blood medicines, none of which did me any good, when one of our leading druggists advised me to try S. S. S., and by the time I had taken the second bottle the Cancer began to show signs of healing, the discharge grew gradually less and finally ceased altogether, the sore dried up and nothing remains but a slight scar. I feel that I owe my life to S. S. S."

Begin in time, don't wait until the blood is so polluted and the system so thoroughly saturated with the poison that no medicine, however efficacious, can check the progress of the disease. If there is a taint in your blood get it out at once, don't wait for some external evidence of it, the appearance of a tumor or ulcer. We have prepared a special book on Cancer which we will mail free. Our physicians are ready to help you by their advice and such direction as your case requires. Write us fully and freely—no charge for medical advice. **THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.**

EAST TEXAS CONFERENCE.

Marshall District—Mrs. G. E. Cameron, Henderson, Texas.

Tyler District—Mrs. Morton, 229 West Elm Street, Tyler, Texas.

Brenham District—Thos. Fowler, Brenham, Texas.

2:30 p. m.—Song service.

WEST TEXAS CONFERENCE.

San Marcos District—Frank Allen, Luling, Texas.

San Antonio District—Rev. S. B. Beall, San Antonio, Texas.

San Angelo District—Mrs. J. B. Alexander, San Angelo, Texas.

Beeville District—Mrs. Powell, Beeville, Texas.

Llano District—M. W. Edwards, Blanco, Texas.

NORTH TEXAS CONFERENCE.

Sulphur Springs District—Miss Addie Lemore, Sulphur Springs, Texas.

Commerce District—Miss Linda Landra, Commerce, Texas.

or Singers and Speakers.

The New Remedy For Catarrh is Very Valuable.

A Grand Rapids gentleman who represents a prominent manufacturing concern and travels through central and southern Michigan, relates the following regarding the new catarrh cure, he says:

"After suffering from catarrh of the head, throat and stomach for several years, I heard of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets quite accidentally and like everything else I immediately bought a package and was decidedly surprised at the immediate relief it afforded me and still more to find a complete cure after several weeks' use.

WOMAN'S DEPARTMENT.

Conducted in the interest of the W. F. M. Society and the W. H. M. Society. Address all communications to Mrs. Florence E. Howell, 105 Main Street, Dallas, Texas.

RALLY OF TERRELL DISTRICT W. F. M. S. AT KAUFMAN.

FEB. 21-23, 1902.

The meeting opened Friday evening with devotional exercises, led by Rev. C. R. Fladger, with a good audience in attendance.

Mrs. Thompson, District Secretary, gave a résumé of woman's work in foreign fields, which was replete with helpful suggestions and earnest exhortation to greater usefulness. Mrs. J. H. Bowman followed with a short but most interesting talk on the work so dear to her heart.

There were three sessions Saturday. Each opened with Scripture reading and prayer. In the forenoon Mrs. Bowman led the meeting. Reports were made from Terrell, Forney and Kaufman Auxiliaries. A paper, "How Shall We Deepen the Missionary Spirit in Our Auxiliaries," by Mrs. W. B. Doshell of Terrell, stirred the hearts of all present and caused many good resolutions to be made.

Mrs. A. S. Holmes opened the afternoon session by reading the 23rd Psalm and making a few comments upon it, as applied to the work of W. F. M. S. Rev. Fladger, in a short talk emphasized these two Scripture injunctions: "Add to your faith, knowledge;" "Be filled with the Spirit."

Mrs. G. W. Gray read a paper written by Mrs. George T. Nichols, who was absent on account of sickness. Mrs. Nichols brought out forcibly and logically the great importance of earnestness and prayerfulness in all our work for the Master. Lasting impressions for good were made by this paper.

But the best work of this session was the organization of Kaufman Auxiliary, with twenty-six active and five honorary members, with the following officers: Mrs. J. A. Carlisle, President; Mrs. J. M. Hardaway, First Vice-President; Mrs. Texie Gossess, Second Vice-President; Mrs. E. L. Nichols, Recording Secretary; Mrs. Luis Jack, Corresponding Secretary, and Mrs. A. L. Self, Treasurer. These twenty-six bright, enthusiastic Christian women, with their five honorary members, will be a great power for good in North Texas Conference. W. F. M. S. May the Lord bless them in every good word and work!

The evening session was opened with devotional exercises, led by Mrs. Thompson. Mrs. J. S. Turner, in a paper, "The Value of Duty of the Missionary Cause by the Rising Generation," impressed all that she speaks from experience when she urges the necessity of training children right from infancy and teaching them to give of their own pennies for sending the gospel to those who have it not; this instruction to begin in the home and continued in the Sunday school and the church.

Miss Martha Tinslin read an able paper on "Missions" bringing out prominently the command, "Go ye into all the world, etc., with God's promise of success and his abiding presence. This paper, so full of good thoughts and so beautifully delivered, made many friends for the cause.

Sunday was a fruitful day. At Sunday school Mrs. J. S. Turner organized forty-one boys and girls into a Juvenile Missionary Society.

At 11 Rev. R. W. Thompson preached a strong missionary sermon closing by presenting the needs of the Eliza Bowman School at Havana, Cuba. At the close of his remarks Mrs. Bowman made an earnest pathetic plea for a liberal donation for this school. Many hearts overflowed with gratitude when it was made known that \$52.29 was the magnificent result of this collection; \$2.00 were added before the meeting closed, making \$55.29 as Kaufman's contribution to this fund.

The "love feast" Sunday afternoon

OIL CURE FOR CANCER.

Cured When Surgery Failed.

El Paso, Texas, Sept. 11, 1900.
Dear Dr. Bye Co., Dallas, Tex.:

I feel that it is my duty to write and tell you how much I appreciate your Oil Cure, for it is certainly a permanent cure. I suffered for more than fifteen years and tried many remedies including a severe surgical operation by a noted St. Louis specialist, and nothing ever relieved me until I reluctantly tried your Oil Remedy and then with little faith. I am now perfectly sound and well and able to work from early dawn till late at night with great comfort. It is my duty to write you how grateful I am, and will take great pleasure in distributing your circulars if you will mail them to me, as I know of a great many afflicted.

MRS. M. F. COMSTOCK.

Books and papers sent free to those interested. Address DR. D. M. BYE CO., P. O. Box 462, Dallas, Tex., 175 Main St. (The originator of the Oil Cure.)

was indeed a feast to the soul. The interest was sustained to the close. At the final session, a paper each was read by Mrs. Gray and Mrs. Bowman, which impressed the large audience with the earnestness and zeal of the women of the church in sending the gospel to the down-trodden women of heathen lands. Resolutions of thanks to all who had contributed in any way to the success of this meeting were read by the Secretary, Rev. Fladger, in a few fitting words, in behalf of himself and members, thanked the District Secretary for holding this rally in Kaufman.

The exercises were interspersed throughout with music by the choir, which added much to the pleasure and success of the meeting.

God bless Kaufman and her noble, liberal-hearted people, is the prayer of every visitor to the district rally.

MRS. O. F. WALTON,
Recording Secretary.

THE MISSIONARY TOMATO.

Dear Sisters—I failed to raise any of the peach tomato seed last year on account of the drought. As I had promised so many, whose dimes I had to return last spring, that I would raise enough to supply all who wanted them this spring, I take this means of letting all know why I have not given notice that I had them for sale. I put out plants enough to have raised ten dollars' worth of seed, but they failed. I am sorry I haven't them to sell, for it was my only means of raising my missionary money; but I will pray the Lord to influence some woman who has money to put in enough to supply my lack.

May the Lord bless all the workers everywhere.

MRS. M. A. BARNES
Immermire, Texas.

W. F. M. SOCIETY, NORTH TEXAS CONFERENCE.

Dear Sisters—We are entering upon a new fiscal year. Has the record of faithfulness in the past encouraged us to expect great things of God? He will trust us with nothing more than our own past record will justify. Can we not enter upon a definite canvas to increase our membership? Get access to the Church Register and see that every woman's name there enrolled, who is not already a member, is given an opportunity of becoming one. Too often the ignorance of others, in reference to this work, is the result of our own apathy. Let us bestir ourselves and see if we can not double our membership this year. Many auxiliaries have already begun the study of "Vis Christi." Those who have not should begin at once. I can supply the book, in paper covers, for 20 cents. Mrs. Trinchero has questions on the book in each number of the Missionary Advocate, which will facilitate the study and add to the interest of your monthly meetings. I trust your financial obligations have all been fully met. So much depends upon each one doing her full duty. Cheering news comes from many quarters of every claim met. While several of the District Secretaries have done nobly in the special Eliza Bowman School, I fear there are others who have done but little. This is an urgent need, as the funds in hand are totally inadequate, and the board is looking to us for generous support of this institution.

The annual meeting of our Conference Society convenes in Whitehouse, either April 8-12 or 16-20. You will be advised later more definitely. In the meantime, do not forget to pray divine guidance in planning for it. If you need more literature in undertaking your missionary campaign as suggested, and will write me, I will supply you.

MRS. L. H. POTTS

Cir. Sec. Conf. Society.

277 Worth St., Dallas, Texas.

THE WORK OF THE FREE KINDERGARTENS.

I have been intensely interested by the article from the facile pen of that gifted woman, Mrs. L. H. Potts, upon the subject of Decongestives. A case very ringing in the minds of a few, with notable pathos, prompts me to tell the lovers of home mission work that Dallas is blessed with several consecrated young women who are doing the work of city missionaries, known only to the suffering ones to whom they minister and to Him who said, "Inasmuch as ye have done it unto one of these little ones, ye have done it unto me." These Christian young women do their work under the name of "Free Kindergartens." On one of those bitter cold days two weeks ago, one of these teachers, so gentle and refined, more like a flower than a visitor to a wretched tenement house, missed a little punt from the Kindergarten school. As is the custom of all these teachers, she went at once to the home of the child that afternoon to ascertain the cause of its absence (sanitary regime of "Free Kindergarten work") requires this rigid surveillance in order to prevent contagion among the children, and in the tent

she found the pupil ill with pneumonia. Upon a bed near by lay the mother and babe of five weeks, the mother dying, and five little ones around the bed.

The teacher at once sent a phone message to the supervisor, Miss Wilson, who came and brought friends and some comforts with her. But the poor mother, as soon as she saw the young teacher of her child, caught her hand and begged for help. She was going, she said, she knew not where. The girl pointed her to the Savior, who alone could help her. "Oh, but," the dying woman said, "I have asked him to help me, and he would not," and fearing the great beyond she agonized.

A minister was called, but to her child's teacher she turned for comfort, and in that teacher she found the only solace, trusting God would through her prayers have mercy upon her soul; and thus, clutching Miss Holman's hand, the woman passed into eternity.

These teachers secured necessary funds with which to give the poor body burial, found a home for the infant and took the other children to Dr. Buckner, who waived the rules and took them into his home. All honor to that grand man, who shelters tender lambs left to the merciless winds of adversity!

This is one of many instances that have come to my knowledge since my connection with the Free Kindergarten work in Dallas. Who would say this is not missionary work? No decongestive, no city missionary, could do more than these Christian women are doing. Their pupils come from tents, wreathed abodes called homes. The Kindergarten teacher spends the afternoons in these homes. Soon a mutual affection is generated, and the compensation comes to the teacher from the wonderful improvement seen in a short time, and the repulsion usually felt for these unfortunate gives place to the blissful consciousness of duty performed. True, this work is non-sectarian—no one church gets the credit for it. But what will that amount to in the great hereafter, when these rescued children shall be counted among the redeemed, and these teachers shall receive their reward from Him who came "to save that which was lost?" To uplift humanity, to sow the precious seeds of truth in the hearts of childhood, before the laws admit them into the public schools, to teach them that as

"God sends the bright spring sun To melt the ice and snow, So He sends His love to us To make our goodness grow."

All creeds and Church affinities should be a secondary thought in the great efforts to secure unity of purpose in the Master's work.

MRS. S. D. THRUSTON
Dallas, Texas.

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MRS. S. D. THRUSTON
Dallas, Texas.

A TEXAS WONDER.

HALL'S GREAT DISCOVERY.

One small bottle of Hall's Great Discovery cures all kidney and bladder troubles, removes gravel, cures diabetes, seminal emissions, weak and lame backs, rheumatism and all irregularities of the kidneys and bladder in both men and women, regulates bladder troubles in children. If not sold by your druggist, will be sent by mail on receipt of \$1. One small bottle is two months' treatment, and will cure any case above mentioned. Dr. E. W. Hall, sole manufacturer, P. O. Box 629, St. Louis, Mo. Send for testimonials. Sold by all druggists.

Read This.

Wichita, Texas, Oct. 15, 1901. For several years I suffered from bladder trouble. After using your bottle of Hall's Great Discovery I am satisfied that I have been greatly benefited by it, and cheerfully recommend it.

If your religion does not sanctify your life, your life will secularize your religion.

A CURE FOR ASTHMA.

Asthma sufferers need no longer leave home and business in order to be cured. Nature has provided a vegetable remedy that will permanently cure Asthma and all diseases of the lungs and bronchial tubes. Have tested its wonders in thousands of cases in thousands of cases with a recovery of 90 per cent. It is a safe, simple, painless, non-poisonous, non-addictive, non-habit-forming medicine. Contains Camphor, Balsam of Peru, Nutmeg, Cloves, Anise, Cinnamon, Sassafras, and other aromatic herbs. Comes in a small bottle with full directions for preparing and using. Send for sample.

W. A. Noyes, 847 Powers' Block, Rochester, N. Y.

The Baby is Cutting Teeth.

Be sure to use that old and well-tried remedy, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pains, cures wind colic and is the remedy for diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

The nearest way to your neighbor on earth may be by the throne of grace in heaven.

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March 6, 1902.

NORTH TEXAS CONFERENCE.

Dallas District—Second Round.

Haskell Avenue	11 a. m., March 13
Ervay	7:30 p. m., March 13
Floyd	11 a. m., March 13
Oak Cliff	7:30 p. m., March 13
Dallas cir., at West Dallas	April 6, 7
Wheatland, at W.	April 12, 13
District Conference, at Cedar Hill	April 13-17
Cedar Hill, at C. H.	April 17
Oak Lawn	11 a. m., April 19
Trinity	7:30 p. m., April 19
Lancaster, at L.	April 20
Argyle, at Prairie Mound	May 3, 4
Denton	7:30 p. m., May 3
Grand Prairie	May 3, 4
First Church	7:30 p. m., June 1
Lewisville	June 1, 2
Cochran and Caruth, at Cochran	June 1, 2
Farmers Branch, at Coppell	June 21, 22
I. W. Clark, P. E.	

Bowie District—Second Round.

Wichita Falls	March 15, 16
Iowa Park, at Beaver	March 16
Henrietta	Wed., March 17
Brenham	Thur., March 17
Bellevue, at Stoneburg	March 22
Bowie	March 29
Bridgeport, at Pleasant Valley	April 5, 6
Paradise, at Brownsville	April 6, 7
Boyd, at Garvin	April 12
Rhine, at Rhine	April 13
Fruitland, at Dry Valley	April 19
Alvord, at Foster	April 20
Grafton, at Olive Branch	April 20
Chies, at Cundiff	April 27
Decatur cir., at Oliver	May 3, 4
Decatur sta.	May 4
Bryson, at Brown S. H.	May 19, 20
Jackson	May 21
Holliday	May 22
Blue Grove	May 28
Gibson	May 21, June 1
Archer City	W-4, June 4
F. O. Miller, P. E.	

Bonham District—First Round.

Gopher	2d Sun., March
Fannin	3d Sun., March
T. R. Pierce, P. E.	

Sherman District—Second Round.

Denton, Waples Memorial	4th Sun., Mar.
Denison, Trinity	5th Sun., Mar.
Pottsboro and Preston	5th Sun., Mar.
Sherman, Travis Street	1st Sun., April
Sherman, Willow Street	1st Sun., April
Howe	5th Sun., April
Van Alstyne	5th Sun., April
Collingsville	4th Sun., April
District Conference, meets in Whitesboro	Thursday, 1st day of May, 2 p. m.
Whitesboro sta.	1st Sun., May
Whitewright	2d Sun., May
Bells	3d Sun., May
Sherman cir.	1st Sun., June
Filot Grove	2d Sun., June
Toga	3d Sun., June
Southmayd	4th Sun., June
Gordonville	5th Sun., June
J. A. Stafford, P. E.	

Greenville District—Second Round.

Floyd, at Caddo	2d Sun., March
Celeste, at Lane	3d Sun., March
Wolfe City	4th Sun., March
Neola, at Harris Chapel	5th Sun., March
Campbell, at Friendship	1st Sun., April
Commerce mis., at Center	2d Sun., April
Kingston, at Ballard	3d Sun., April
Merit, at Bethel Grove	4th Sun., April
Fairfiled, at Wesley Chapel	1st Sun., May
Kavanaugh	2d Sun., May
Wesley	3d Sun., May
Greenbrier mis., at Wheeler	4th Sun., May
Lone Oak, at Lawndale	1st Sun., June
Leonard mis., at Blanton	2d Sun., June
Quinlan	3d Sun., June
Leonard, at Orange Grove	4th Sun., June
District Conference, at Caddo Mills	June 26-29
O. S. Thomas, P. E.	

Terrell District—First Round.

Mabank, at Mabank	March 8, 9
Terrell, at College Mound	Feb. 15, 16
J. M. Peterson, P. E.	

McKinney District—First Round.

Copeville mis., at Milam	2d chap., Mar. 19
Melissa mis.	Mar. 15, 16
F. A. Rosser, P. E.	

NORTHWEST TEX. CONFERENCE.

Gatesville District—Second Round.

Harmony	March 8, 9
Killeen and Nolanville	March 15, 16
Copperas Cove	11 a. m., March 19
Lampasas	March 21
McGregor	7:30 p. m., March 21
Corsicana	March 22
Evart	11 a. m., April 6
Bee House	11 a. m., April 7
Brookhaven	April 12, 13
Oglesby	April 13, 14
China Springs	11 a. m., April 15
Gatesville mis.	April 15
Hamilton	11 a. m., April 16
Gatesville sta.	April 16
J. G. Putman, P. E.	

Corsicana District—Second Round.

Cotton Gin at Shiloh	March 8, 9
Mexia at Mexia	March 8, 10
Wortham, at Woodland	March 15-17
Brandon, at Mertens	March 22
Kerrens, at Kerrens	March 29
Frost, at Frost	April 5, 6
Long, Cedar	April 8
Blossom Grove, at Bl. G.	April 9
Dresden, at Brushy	April 10
Dawson, at Dover	April 12, 13
Hubbard, at Hubbard	April 13, 14
Horn Hill, at Central Inst.	April 19, 20
Grovesbeck, at Grovesbeck	April 20, 21
Barry, at Cryer Creek	April 26, 27
Thornton, at Thornton	May 3, 4
Corsicana cir.	May 6, 7
Roane	May 8
Armour	May 10, 11
Eureka, at Euston	May 17, 18
E. A. Bailey, P. E.	

Weatherford District—Second Round.

Aledo at Mary's Creek	March 8, 9
Whitt and Bethesda, at W.	March 15, 16
Millsap, at Willow Pond	March 22
Graham	March 29
Graham cir., at Salem	March 29
Farmer, at Red Top	April 5, 6
Elkville, at Caddo	April 12, 13
Breckenridge, at Eureka	April 13, 14
Gordon and Strawn, at S.	April 18, 19
Ranger, at Wayland	May 3, 4
Santo, at Santo	May 10, 11
Palo Pinto	May 17, 18
Mineral Wells	May 19
Jno. R. Morris, P. E.	

Waco District—Second Round.

Bruceville, at Bruceville	March 8, 9
Lorena, at Mooreville	March 15, 16
Mount Calm, at M. C.	March 22, 23
West	March 29, 30
Feoria, at Cedar	April 5, 6
Moody	April 12, 13

Austin District—Second Round.

Smithville	March 8, 9
Last Grange	March 15, 16
Eagle Lake, at Altair	March 22
Columbus	March 29, 30
Weimar and Osage, at W.	April 5, 6
Flatonia	April 12, 13
West Point, at West Point	April 18, 19
Cedar Creek, at Hill's Prairie	April 25, 26
Bastrop	April 27, 28

Texas CONFERENCE.

Austin District—Second Round.	
E. S. Smith, P. E.	

TEXAS CHRISTIAN ADVOCATE.

Abbott, at Bynum	April 19, 20
Austin Avenue	April 27, 28
Morgan, at Walnut	May 3, 4
Whitney	May 18, 19
Troy, at Genoa	May 17, 18
Aquila, at Ross	May 24, 25
Fifth Street	June 1, 2
Bosqueville	June 7, 8
District Conference, at Mart	June 23
B. R. Bolton, P. E.	

Huntsville District—Second Round.

Milligan, at Lynn Grove	March

