

COMMUNICATIONS.

MISSION TO CHINA AND ELSE-

H. G. H.

The first General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South met at Petersburg, Va., May 1, 1846. One of the first acts of the conference was the organization of a Board of Foreign Missions. Charles Taylor, a young man of 28, from New York originally, was the first missionary selected from the Southern Church to go to China. His father was a Presbyterian. Mr. Taylor had been a school teacher in Colchester College, South Carolina. The next selection was Benj. Jenkins, a printer, who proceeded to Philadelphia to prepare himself for medical missionary work. These two men, with their wives, sailed from Boston in 1848, in a small vessel, by way of the Cape of Good Hope. The trip required nearly three months. In 1852, W. G. E. Commission and wife were sent out. In 1854 followed Messrs. D. C. Keller, J. W. Lambuth and J. L. Belton, with their wives. At the Georgia Conference of 1858, Bishop Pierce read our Young J. Allen as "missionary to China." He did not sail until the close of 1859. He has been a missionary to China forty-two years, and not a half century, as some one seems to think in mentioning his great work. The writer of this article sat in the gallery of old St. Luke's Church, Columbus, Ga., in the fall of 1888, and was watching Bishop Pierce with breathless interest as he called the names of the works to which the preachers had been assigned. His own name followed to "Valde Mission, Texas." I was frightened out of my wits, but in one month's time or less was on the road to this then far-off and unknown region to me. We came through Columbus, Montgomery, New Orleans, Galveston, Houston, out to Richmond on the Brazos, thence to San Antonio in an old-fashioned four-horse stage, walking many miles, carrying a stolen rail on our shoulder to help brace the wheels of the stage out of the mud, and arrived in San Antonio in time to take Christmas dinner with Ann Mitchell, a San Jacinto veteran and a member of the first commission for the government of Austin's colony. Thence to the Honda, with Ives H. Cox, P. E., where Geo. W. Haysner got us on the outside of a mountain, and told us to "Go West," which we did, with a fearful six-shooter strapped to our side. On Comanche Creek, near Sabinal, we found J. R. Haysner in a protracted meeting. I joined him, entered upon our work, and heard the first shout to which we listened in Texas from Henry Gibbons. It sounded very like the same thing we had heard in old Georgia. That has been forty-three years ago, but it seems only yesterday. John S. Gibbons was on a work just a few miles this side of our mission. We soon met. Well, the reader will excuse this—see how it came. On the 6th day of last March, Gillett and I met in Dr. Moore's office, calling in an effort to disburse or distribute the funds of the General Board of Church Extension. I thought of the old meeting when we were both gay as larks. At this late meeting Gillett appeared to be a little "grumpy," but we had failed to find dependent. A rich letter from one of the brethren made Gillett laugh like he was on the wild prairies of the far West—when he was in love. Nearly next door to me live seven of his grandchildren. Old as he is, I still love him, and would rather hear him preach than to hear myself.

OUR LITTLE HEATHEN.

Someone has said that every infant born into this world is at birth a little heathen, and that a Chinese infant is no more a heathen than is an American infant. That which differentiates them is the different educations that they receive in the course of their lives. The Chinese infant may be developed into a benighted cooile and the American infant may be developed into a great intellectual and moral giant. It is this fact that set our foreign missionaries to caring for the heathen children and establishing schools to bring the children under their Christian influence. This also accounts for the great stress the missionaries are making in their fields of labor and the gratifying results we hear from them. But while there is cause for gratitude in these fields by the adoption of such wise methods, we are in danger of letting our little heathen at home remain heathen. Some few are developed with Christian characters, but the vast majority are born heathen, live like heathen, and die heathen. Webster gives as one definition of heathen: "one unacquainted with the true God." If this definition is correct, then we have a great many in this land. Many of our boys and girls know little more of the true God than does the Chinese cooile. Suppose you undertake to get the consens of the children in your own town and then contrast that number

with your children professing Christianity. How few comparatively of this latter class will you find. It will alarm you. Then we should remember that childhood is the formative period of life, and that if these souls are not converted and developed into Christian characters in their childhood, the chances are decidedly against their ever being made Christians. Let us look facts squarely in the face. Last year the entire Southern Methodist Church, with a membership of nearly one and a half million souls, had only an increase of a little over five thousand members! What is becoming of the children of Southern Methodists? There is hardly a conference in the connection that ought not to have reported that much increase from the children born into the homes of Southern Methodists. No wonder our Bishops are alarmed. No wonder conferences are being held and asking what is the matter. Something is radically wrong. It behooves the Church to find it out and remedy it. It behooves us to keep asking that question until we get the right answer.

If I were to give my answer to this question, I would say that it is because our children never receive the gospel, and the "gospel is the power of God unto salvation to every one that believeth." Here lies the trouble. Do you question this statement? Let us see.

They do not receive it around the family altar. The family altar has been discarded in almost all of our Methodist homes. The man who has a family altar is now the exception and not the rule. It is now a mark of pre-eminence piety that a family altar should be kept up in the home. So the child born in that home without the family altar never hears the Bible read or expounded by his parents, and its truths applied to the lives of the children. They never hear the sweet songs of Zion sung in the family worship. They never hear the prayers offered for their salvation. There is no application of Divine truths to their hearts or lives. There is no making plain to them the deep things of God. There are no molding influences brought to bear upon them in this formative period, and consequently they remain heathen until faint eyes character and character lines destiny.

Then the children do not get the gospel in the Sunday-school. The parents may drive them off to the Sunday-school, and it is uncertain if they ever get there. Those that do get to the school may meet a teacher or may not. That teacher may have a message for the children, or may not. It is the rarest thing to find a teacher that is capable of teaching the children. It is still rarer to find one that makes preparation for teaching. It is still rarer to find one that is capable that prepares for teaching, and that is spiritual and will try to win the soul for Christ. Where there is one teacher of this latter class, there are hundreds of the other classes. The superintendent may groan in the spirit over this, and the pastor may be ever so much concerned, but these are the facts as they stand throughout our Church with here and there an exception. Wherever you do find an exception, you find good results. The names of our children do not get the gospel in the Sunday-school, and what they do get is so emasculated as to make it worse than nothing.

Then they do not get the gospel in the churches. The parents have a way of permitting the children to return home after Sunday-school, and so they do not hear the gospel from the pulpit. Bishop Keener, with that wisdom that characterizes this old Roman, raised a warning note at this point a few years ago, and said that if the Sunday-schools kept the children from the preaching services, the Sunday-school was proving a curse instead of a blessing, and that if it could not be remedied it would be better to do away with the Sunday-school. The mass of our children never hear the gospel any more than if it were never preached in our churches. At night they are generally too sleepy to attend, and during protracted meetings they are often in school, and can not quit their studies to go to church.

Is it any wonder that the little American heathen is never converted? Is it any wonder that our Churches show a falling off in membership, or such a slight increase? Is it any wonder that our streets are filled with wicked boys and young men, and that the criminal classes are constantly growing? Is it any wonder that our girls are equal to the boys in ungodliness and evil ways? Is it any wonder that the gospel preached from thousands of pulpits produces such meager results? It is but the result of our own course. Our children never hear the gospel. They can not believe except they hear. They can not be saved except they believe.

Now, a word as to the remedy. Let the Bishops go to thundering these truths into the ears of the preachers, until they inaugurate a regular crusade against these vicious practices.

Let the preachers go to calling the people back to the family-altar religion. Let the preachers so revolutionize the Sunday-school that the children can attend at least one service during the Sabbath. Some of our preachers have adopted the Wesleyan Methodist plan of holding an afternoon service instead of a night service. This enables the children to attend the Sunday-school in the morning, the parents to attend the 11 o'clock preaching service, and both parents and children can then attend the afternoon service. In this way the children can hear the gospel once, at least, on the Sabbath. We had better inaugurate new plans than to continue to lose our children. The life-blood of the Church is ebbing away through this rent in the body. I once heard an old minister make this sage statement: That if we would only save the children, after awhile all the old sinners would die, in the natural order of things, and then we would have a Christian nation. If we would spend half the pulpit work on the children that we do on hardened sinners, our results would be a hundred-fold more. Let us look after our home heathen.

SHALL WE ABANDON THE RURAL LANDMARKS?

Under the present management, is Southern Methodism being extended in that portion of Texas where the early white inhabitants planted their first religious footprints? In passing through the country, especially in East Texas, it is frequently the case you see large cities of the dead well taken care of, and on inquiry you find that a strong Church but a few years ago marked the spot adjacent to the grave-yard. Why allowed to decay and its membership lost sight of is one of the mysteries to ye laymen of this day. On inquiry we find that the communities surrounding these once loved and flourishing religious gathering-spots are more thickly inhabited than they were when our people abandoned it for Church purposes. Some will say it is because some of the pillars, or most of them, have moved away or died. Be it so, what have the pastors been doing that they have not new ones to take their places? Shall Methodism wane because of removals and death? Nay, verily; but its work should be so arranged as to keep the old signboards painted anew, as well as the establishing of new ones. It seems that the idea is to follow up the towns as the railroads plant them, and forsake the country. Are not the souls throughout the rural districts as precious to Methodism as those of our towns? Surely so. Then why forsake them? These failures are working untold injury to our progress. It appears to me to be an important item of our Church Extension to look after these matters and devise or suggest a remedy. It don't seem to me it is progression to abandon one field that is full of unsaved souls to build a fence around new ones. A spirit of rehabilitation of our once proud and beloved institutions, as well as piercing new fields with Southern Methodism would be a glorious work for Texas. To break the monotony of sending a pastor to fill four principal charges that have long since been established with about all the work done except its natural growth, will be a step to further the interest and broaden the field for new-born babes to our fold. Instead of four principal charges, give each pastor three and point out new work of establishing churches or the rehabilitation of old ones.

Churches, like families, can not live and thrive in hired houses or temporary shelters. It is not sufficient that a man and wife should have a place to stay, to eat and to sleep; their life-purpose can not be accomplished without a home. Nor will it be accomplished in a torn-down, neglected, inviting home, and the comparison holds true in regard to Churches. The influence of environment can not be over-estimated as regards Church or individual. Love for the Church and its institutions can not be developed and maintained without a suitable building and an altar all its own. Where love is lacking there can be no loyalty. It seems to me that home-missions are sadly neglected in some sections. I enjoy reading the letters of pastors from the various charges, but I get tired of so much about poundings, fine churches, deaths, visitors, "first or second Quarterly Conference is a thing of the past, and our beloved presiding elder was present and preached two excellent sermons, preacher's salary well up," etc. Brethren, we all know that your beloved presiding elder preaches good sermons, or if he doesn't he should. Write more about what you have done in the way of missions and Church extension. Let us hear more about your spiritual affairs and the souls you have been instrumental in bringing to Christ. Where Christianity plants her footsteps, the erection of good and commodious churches, the elevation of society

and good morals is the natural result. If our pastors will follow the footsteps of our Savior, their pastoral work will be replete with happy results. Our little city of Winnsboro, as well as others around it, shows what the establishment of good Churches does in a secular sense. It encourages good schools, it brings the population and moves the business world to surprising advancement. Fixed and undefiled religion is a power along all the avenues of life. May God help in extending its soul-cheering rays throughout the inhabited globe, to the salvation of all men. And now, in conclusion, allow me to urge upon the pastors, and laymen as well, the importance of this Church Extension work. Let us see, brethren, if next conference you can not have your collections come up a great deal better in this department. I am sure your money could be nowhere placed for better results.

C. H. MORRIS, Treasurer Church Extension, Winnsboro, Texas.

THE PREACHER AND THE TWENTIETH CENTURY.

In all our attempts to determine the characteristics of the preacher for the times, we must bear in mind that the essential elements of success are substantially identical in all ages. Human nature and sin are always the same. There may be outward changes of form and mode, but the selfishness, passion and unbelief which have to be vanquished by the Word and Spirit of God are essentially the same in all times, in all cases and in all classes of human beings. We must therefore, to a great extent, learn what the preacher for the times should be from the work he has to do and the circumstances under which that work has to be done. In the first place, we notice his mission. The greatness of the object of the institution of this ministry invests the study of the character and work of the ministry of our times with profound and practical interest. It is the mission of the Christian preacher to "teach all nations," and by manifestation of the truth to scatter the obscuring shadows of ignorance of God which enshroued our benighted world; to proclaim to sinful men their guilt and danger, and the full and free provisions of our loving Father's mercy, for their salvation through Christ; to so present the warnings and promises of divine love, in the ministry of reconciliation, that the erring prodigals of earth may be brought back to their forgiving God; to so manifest the Spirit of the Master in the life of the preacher that the children of disobedience may be won to Christ by the beauty of practical godliness; to contend earnestly against all forms of antagonisms to truth and holiness till the kingdoms of this world become the kingdoms of our God and his Christ, and by the victories won over the powers of sin and darkness to make known, not only to men below, but also to principalities and powers in heavenly places, the wondrous grace and manifold wisdom of God.

The qualifications required by the human instruments for its accomplishment none but God can supply. The circumstances and conditions of the world in which this work of evangelization and spiritual uplifting is to be wrought, by God's blessing on Christian effort, heighten the interest and increase the difficulty of the problem. Ignorance of God darkens the mind of vast myriads, who are enslaved by superstitions, fables and misleading falsehoods.

Even in Christian lands enthroned selfishness makes might rather than right the law of life. There is also a widespread tendency to glorify the forces of unintelligent nature as all-sufficient causes, in a way that destroys faith in a living and personal God. Within some of the preachers of to-day there are alarming signs of feebleness of faith and conformity to the world. It is still an unquestionable fact that the "harvest truly is great, but the laborers are few." My brethren, how are we to grapple with these powers of evil? What conditions of Church life furnish just ground for hope of success in these conflicts? In attempting to answer these questions, I can refer briefly to only a few things that seem to be specially required in the evangelistic work of the times in which we live, and by the special conditions of life which prevail in this Western world.

Secondly—A true minister must have a definite message of truth for hungry souls who are seeking light. No sentimental speculation can satisfy anxious seekers for deliverance from perplexing uncertainty, who want truths that will be a solid foundation on which an intelligent faith can rest.

We are often told, "He can't be wrong whose life is in the right." But his life can not be right who cherishes false views of God and of himself—of his duty and of his destiny. Right beliefs are the roots from which the

fruits of right conduct grow. It is true, a mere profession of faith in a creed has no transforming power. But a living faith in the great Scripture truths respecting God, the character and work of Christ, and man's condition, duty and destiny, is a mighty impelling influence to "do justly, love mercy and walk humbly with God." The belief of the truth has been the inspiring power that has moved the great souls who have moved the world. We are sometimes told never to mind creeds and dogmas—that to love and follow Christ is the supreme thing. True, but we are certainly not less likely to trust and love Christ because we receive in faith those truths respecting his divine character and mediatorial work which are the chief grounds of our confidence in him as an all-sufficient Savior. Yet what we think and believe about Christ is a doctrinal creed. The great truths of divine revelation are God's answers to the profoundest questions of the soul. The human heart cries out for the living, personal God, whom it can worship and love, whose will shall be the supreme law of life; for an all-sufficient Savior who can give pardon and peace to a guilty conscience; for an assurance of an immortal destiny beyond this earth, and for reasons for the duties enjoined that shall have authority for the conscience. The minister that gives an uncertain sound in answer to these demands of humanity can not meet the world's need and is only a blind leader of the blind. Much depends upon the manner in which the minister presents this message. The air is full of speculations which tend to undermine faith in the truth and authority of the holy Scriptures. The wide prevalence of doubt and disbelief calls for strong faith in the truth as an essential element of moral power. Every time I heard Dr. John Matthews, pastor McKendree Church, Nashville, Tenn., preach while a student in Vanderbilt University, I felt that the strongest element of his influence on the audience was the impression that he made that he believed what he taught with a mighty undoubting faith. Preachers must believe the gospel which they preach to others with an unflinching faith. They can not confirm the faith of the doubting and perplexed if they themselves hold the truth with a feeble and temporizing hand. Faith is power. There is inspiration to the faith of others in the ringing words which voice the hopeful confidence of a brave, trustful soul.

Without being unduly dogmatic the Christian preacher, like his great Master, should declare the counsel of God with authority, and not as the scribes of an earthly and unverified philosophy.

Thirdly—The preacher for the times should be earnest and aggressive. This is an age of intense activity in all spheres of thought and action. Such times demand a minister in which love and zeal shall prompt to energetic, earnest work. There are hoary and powerful errors to be overthrown. There are fascinating forms of worldliness to be resisted and repelled. The armies of opposition to truth and holiness are numerous and mighty, and are distinguished by an intense zeal which greatly increases their power for evil. On our preachers to-day is laid the obligation of laying the foundation of nationhood, in this vast young country, in truth and righteousness. No mere ingeniously constructed organization, conference or association of half-dead members, living on the memory of past achievements and glorifying in their ecclesiastical respectability, can achieve these results. There must be the energy begotten by the pulsation of a potent spiritual life. This needed aggressive earnestness can be gained only by the baptism of the Holy Ghost given unto them, while holding fast the form of sound words.

Fourthly—The preacher of the twentieth century should be liberal and elastic in his methods, rather than narrow and rigid. The New Testament enjoins no precise form of Church government; if it does, it is an episcopal form. It presents no formal or complete creed; if it does, it is the apostles' creed. It recognizes the prerogative of a living ministry to be largely molded by its inner life. A close imitation of what the apostles did, under widely different circumstances from ours, is not necessarily apostolic. They took note of the hand of God in history as indicating his will. A living ministry should be free to recognize the changing conditions of its environment. There is need of a wise adaptation of modes of teaching, and of work and worship, to the condition of things in the world around us. By all means, my brethren, "let all things be done decently and in order." But the preacher that makes it a duty to run in the fixed grooves of invariable modes, and that can not recognize the changing currents of human thought and life and adapt its methods to what they require, must

be content to starve great moral conflict to be laid on the interesting fossil life. And finally, the needs a loftier type of power, a better power of the gospel lives of those who The silent eloquence is one of the most preaching Christ, inculpability, action of baptism, faith in the greater practical needs of the battle men. We want our Churches and that those who not in religious work, witnesses and Christ in the sphere. Those who stray and refuse, them dishonor the Head of the Church, them out "to proclaim joy to men." The ministry has need of power from on high, with those evinces their unbelief the mind, and the fade and their claim as the panacea. Clorions victories Christ by our ignorance and idols come by them. They rebuked the most selfishness and sin standards of heart, godliness and des. They have organized pathy into agonies every form of want power and excellencies of Christ has been herculean fortitude of martyrs, and the number missionaries and The victories are presence of God in test the divinity of Let Zion's watchmen And take the alarm Now let them from Their awful choir 'Tis not a cause of The pastor's care But what might And filled a S. They watch for Deth heavenly bliss For souls which are In raptures, or joy May they that join Their awful robes And watch them do That they may JOH Oakland, Ind. Ter.

be content to starve great moral conflict to be laid on the interesting fossil life. And finally, the needs a loftier type of power, a better power of the gospel lives of those who The silent eloquence is one of the most preaching Christ, inculpability, action of baptism, faith in the greater practical needs of the battle men. We want our Churches and that those who not in religious work, witnesses and Christ in the sphere. Those who stray and refuse, them dishonor the Head of the Church, them out "to proclaim joy to men." The ministry has need of power from on high, with those evinces their unbelief the mind, and the fade and their claim as the panacea. Clorions victories Christ by our ignorance and idols come by them. They rebuked the most selfishness and sin standards of heart, godliness and des. They have organized pathy into agonies every form of want power and excellencies of Christ has been herculean fortitude of martyrs, and the number missionaries and The victories are presence of God in test the divinity of Let Zion's watchmen And take the alarm Now let them from Their awful choir 'Tis not a cause of The pastor's care But what might And filled a S. They watch for Deth heavenly bliss For souls which are In raptures, or joy May they that join Their awful robes And watch them do That they may JOH Oakland, Ind. Ter.

AN EAST TE

I have just finish vocate of May 9. usual high work, and doubtless has and thanks of the patronizing confer- tended notice given paper of the part tr tin women in the ference. Indeed, it is simply first-class, been secured under- stance which well- editor in that, the spinal meningitis, chams anent the readings, etc., will most the entire of the essays. It w say the least of it, had gone so far to men speak, to hav man after man re of whom we all k little essay down an semblance with his think these were M. Shades of the might we at? Had they Presbyterians, w prepared, but Meth such evermore, good I was also much i other article in the elegant caption, "P Pen," in which e a good deal of un- He has not only don of the best men and has in his indiscrimi choir, but he has, in sserted that which e The Methodist pr afraid of their cho ministry I have nev this kind. There m two, similar to the but with very fe chairs are composed women, whom w without. About the he seems capable of chorons of tree-frog choir "busted." Ho others for further tr test must be "killed tad, and, besides, it We wouldn't kill Br

conduct grow. It is a profession of faith in a transforming power. But in the great Scripture God, the character Christ, and man's condition, is a mighty force to "do justly, love like humbly with God." The truth has been the that has moved the have moved the world, has told never to mind man—that to love and is the supreme thing, are certainly not less and love Christ because faith these truths revive character and me- which are the chief confidence in him as Saviour. Yet what we love about Christ is a The great truths of more God's answers don't questions of the an heart cries out for onal God, whom it can ve, whose will shall be iv of life; for an all- r who can give pardon guilty conscience; for of an immortal destiny th, and for reasons for oined that shall have the conscience. The lves an uncertain sound es demands of human- d leader of the blind, upon the manner in ter presents this mes- is full of speculations undermine faith in the ority of the holy Scrip- prevalence of doubt als for strong faith in n essential element of Every time I heard Dr. s, pastor McKendree lle, Tenn., preach while nderbilt University, I ronget element of his e audience was the im- e made that he believed with a mighty, undoubt- ichers must believe the hey preach to others ering faith. They can e faith of the doubting f they themselves hold a feeble and temporiz- th is power. There is the faith of others in rds which voice the nee of a brave, trustful

unduly dogmatic the er, like his great Mas- re the counsel of God and not as the scribes and unverified philos-

preacher for the times st and aggressive. This intense activity in all ight and action. Such a minister in which hall prompt to energetic. There are hoary and rs to be overthrown, nating forms of world- listed and repelled. The dition to truth and hollo- rous and mighty, and ed by an intense zeal increases their power ur preachers to-day is ion of laying the foun- hood, in this vast in truth and righteous- ingiously construct- , conference or associa- ed members, living on past achievements and their ecclesiastical re- n achieve those results, the energy begotten by f a potent spiritual life, aggressive earnestness only by the baptism of st given unto them, fast the form of sound

preacher of the twen- should be liberal and methods, rather than 'igid. The New Testa- no precise form of ment; if it does, it is form. It presents no dete creed; if it does, it ' creed. It recognizes e of a living ministry sold by its inner life, on of what the apostles dely different circum- rs is not necessarily y took note of the hand ry as indicating his will, try should be free to hanging conditions of t. There is need of a t of modes of teaching, ad worship, to the com- ns in the world around ans, my brethren. "Let one decently and in or- preacher that makes it in the fixed grooves of les, and that can not hanging currents of hu- and life and adapt its hat they require, must

be content to stand aside from the great moral conflicts of the times and to be laid on the shelf with other interesting fossil memorials of extinct life.

And finally, the Church of to-day needs a loftier type of Christian ministers, a better illustration of the power of the gospel, manifested in the lives of those who preach the word.

The silent eloquence of a holy life is one of the most effective means of preaching Christ. We want more of incorruptibility, integrity in the transaction of business, more unflinching faith in the promises of God and greater practical sympathy with the needs of the bodies and the souls of men. We want the dead members in our Churches quickened into life, so that those who now count for nothing in religious work may become living witnesses and earnest workers for Christ in the spheres in which they move. Those who disparage the ministry and refuse to co-operate with them dishonor the wisdom of the great Head of the Church who has sent them out "to proclaim glad tidings of joy to men." Though I believe the ministry has need of a larger measure of power from on high, I have no sympathy with those who think they evince their superiority by disparaging the ministry because they do not adopt the fads and theories which they proclaim as the panacea for the world's woes.

Clorious victories have been won for Christ by our ministers. Heathen ignorance and idolatry have been overcome by them. They have faithfully rebuked the most popular forms of selfishness and sin, and lifted up the standards of heaven amidst the ungodliness and degeneracy of earth. They have organized Christian sympathy into agencies for the relief of every form of want and suffering. The power and excellence of the religion of Christ has been vindicated by the serene fortitude of her confessors and martyrs, and the unselfish devotion of her missionaries and evangelists.

The victories achieved evince the presence of God in our history and attest the divinity of our mission.

Let Zion's watchmen all awake,
And take the alarm they give;
Now let them from the mouth of God
Their awful charge receive.

Thy not a cause of small import,
The pastor's care demands;
But what might fill an angel's heart,
And gild a Savior's hands.

They watch for souls for which the Lord
Did heavenly bliss forgive;
For souls which must forever live
In raptures, or in woe.

May they that Jesus whom they teach
Their awful Redeemer see,
And watch them daily over their souls,
That they may watch for these.

JOHN L. WILLIAMS
Oakland, Ind. Ter.

AN EAST TEXAS LETTER.

I have just finished reading the Advocate of May 9. It is fully up to its usual high work. The editor deserves and doubtless has the indorsement and thanks of the Methodists of the patronizing conference for the extended notice given in this copy of the paper of the part taken by our Christian women in the recent great conference. Indeed, the entire write-up is simply first-class, especially to have been secured under the trying circumstances which well-nigh cost us our editor in that threatened attack of spinal meningitis. Your mild criticisms anent the favoritisms, essay readings, etc., will be indorsed by almost the entire membership, especially the essays. It was disappointing to say the least of it, to many of us, who had gone so far to hear those great men speak, to have to sit and hear man after man read his piece, many of whom we all knew could lay his little essay down and stir the great assemblage with his message. And to think those were Methodist preachers! Shades of the mighty past, "where are we at?" Had they been Episcopalians or Presbyterians, we would have been prepared, but Methodists! "From all such evermore, good Lord, deliver us!"

I was also much impressed with another article in the paper, under the elegant caption, "Praising God in a Pen," in which the writer indulges in a good deal of ungenerous criticism. He has not only done injustice to some of the best men and women the Lord has in his indiscriminate attack on the choir, but he has, in my judgment, asserted that which can not be proven. The Methodist preachers are not afraid of their choirs. In my brief ministry I have never had a choir of this kind. There may be one possibly two, similar to the one he describes, but with very few exceptions our choirs are composed of good men and women, whom we could hardly do without. About the only kind of music he seems capable of appreciating is a chorus of tree-frogs. He wants the choir "busted." He would spare the others for further trial, but the organist must be "killed off." This is too bad, and, besides, it would be murder. We wouldn't kill Bro. Mills—just turn

him over to that growling basso and kitten tenor. Let them decorate him with a few pea-fowl feathers, and he would soon strut himself to death.

J. B. TURRENTINE.
Center, Texas.

SOME BROTHERLY CRITICISMS.

We frequently meet with criticisms of one kind and another in the Advocate that tend more or less to the well-being of the Church or of society. I have thought that a little criticism of another kind, which will tend to make public speakers more uniform in their utterances along certain lines, would not be amiss even in a religious paper. Our preachers are public teachers, and they help educate the masses as well as teachers in our public schools and colleges, and if they give a wrong bias in any department of knowledge, that bias is damaging to society in general. For instance, I lately heard a minister, in alluding to Joseph's imprisonment, say he was imprisoned for seven years. This may have been a mere slip of the tongue, but still it was hardly excusable.

But it is along another line I wish to call attention. A very objectionable innovation is prevailing to a very large extent all over the country in reference to the pronunciation of a large class of English words, and for which I can find no authority whatever. I have special reference to the long sound of the vowel u. We most men right from the shades of Webster and Worcester—standard authorities for English pronunciation in America—portending the established usage of the best lexicographers of our language, and their influence is biasing our people to an alarming extent even here in our own loved Southern country. Fifty, sixty and even more years ago we were taught to give the letter u its long sound after nearly all the consonants of the alphabet, but now an affected, pedantic taste would have us ignore the old landmarks and almost obliterate the long u and sound it like oo.

And hence these innovators would have us say tuition, introduce, conduplicate, dooplente, dooty, doobteronomy, etc. Lately one said opportunity and took-hook and teens. Another said Tuesday for the third day of the week. Even our college-bred young men call themselves students and people of such and such institutions of learning. And then comes the expression, the pulpit and the post. Why, I would as soon say that I once ate milk and mush with a spooner spoon. And then the mind reverts to such expressions as a noo thing, the daily newspaper, Noo York, the Noo Testament, nooter verbs, noonance, and other sarrices, some would say too numerous to mention. La me' why can't a real student do as I once heard a D. D. say he did during a four months' furlough from regular duty—peruse an unbridled dictionary from beginning to end? And then he might with propriety claim to know something of correct usage. Surely Cornell and Harvard and Vanderbilt and our State universities do not countenance such a departure from our standards, as we frequently hear from the bar, pulpit and platform in these latter days. I do not say that we should make a strained effort to lag in the long u after J. I. (I none claim it after r, s, y and z; but as to the other consonants, the long u follows them with both ease and euphony.

This much I have said in the interest of our mother-tongue, without any desire to mar the feelings of the aesthetic. It will not irritate the sensibilities of any astute student. Such know what is right. W. J. WILSON.
San Saba, Texas.

THE OLD-TIME RELIGION.

We hear the old-time religion talked about and read about and sung about, and we often think about it, but how little we see of it this day and time. When we meet each other, how hard it is to get up a religious conversation, and how easy it is to see the faults in each other, and stop going to preaching because we have found a defect in the preacher, and some of our folks get too old and feel they can't go to preaching. In winter it is too cold and in summer it is too hot, but it is not too cold or too hot to go to town or attend to some temporal affairs. Their children notice this. A few days since I called to see a lady who had been sick. No one was at home but her little son. I asked after his mother. He told me she had gone visiting. She claimed she had been sick the day before. I asked him, "Were any of them at preaching last night?" He answered, "No, ma'am; papa was sorter sick last night, but he went to work this morning." The old-time religion didn't use to affect in that way. I can't now call to mind any old man or woman who professed to be Christians who ever got too old to go to preaching, and can't call to mind one who had too much work to go to preaching. They dropped out of line now and then, and their seats were left vacant, but they were gone to their reward.

They lived religion and talked religion and walked religion. Now the young people, more especially the young professors, watched the old professors. I did for one, and I saw there was a reality in what they professed. Their light shone before me that I was constrained to glorify God. The parents in those days and times had their children given them alive from the dead. Now some people do not like to hear you say that religion is at a low ebb. "Why," they say, "there never was a time when the Church outnumbered the present." No doubt we have a greater number now than ever before. But are we living the old-time religion? You say times have changed, but I have never seen where the word of God has changed. Yet was the light of the world and the salt of the earth. But if the salt has lost its savor it is good for nothing. The sinners see the light and were saved.

MRS. A. S. A. THOMPSON,
Fort Sullivan, Texas.

RUSSELLISM.

No. 1.

With your consent I will make some criticisms of what is known as "The Millennium Dawn," a work of one Mr. Russell. While, in my judgment, it is a work that ought to disgust any reasonable mind, yet he comes to you with the pretense of unfolding "Bible" prophecies in such a way, by the use of his charts as to sidetrack the reader, and before he is aware of his intention he has his reader hypnotized in such a way that he is made to lose confidence in the ministry and in the common applications of Scripture and eagerly look for his (Russell's) construction.

His first chart is ingeniously arranged, beginning with creation and ending with the flood is the first dispensation; then comes the patriarchal, then Jewish, then mosaic then millennial, then one to come. With this and other positions taken, you would accept him as a believer in the truth of God's Word, when in fact he is an infidel of the most dangerous character. Would you to some sad results from the circulating and reading of his literature. And my observation is that his missionaries propagate his pedantic literature quietly, like Mormonism. They first induce you to read pamphlets which poison the mind, then when prepared for it you then are induced to get the books. Christ says "take heed how you hear, and again, "take heed what you hear."

On page 27 he presents Christ as a man in contrast with the beast as a sacrifice, and on page 29 he concludes from an argument in which he quotes many Scriptures, seemingly, fairly, by saying:

"They saw also that, before the blessing of either Israel or the world, a selection would be made of a little flock from both Jews and Gentiles, who being tried, would be found worthy to be made joint heirs of the glory and honor of the Great Deliverer, and shavers with him of the honor of blessing Israel and all nations."

On this and other similar teachings, a lady on my work a few years back said her name was Joe Jesus, that she was as good as Christ, and never expected to die.

In volume I, pages 68 to 70 he makes the present era the reign of Satan, and the third heaven that Paul speaks of he makes to mean the millennium dawn. If this is true, Paul leaned forward in his vision nearly 1200 years instead of being caught up. On pages 81 and 82 he makes those who are baptized of the Spirit equal with Christ, and he and they constitute the Church and on page 84 the deliverer. The Church is composed of many members. On page 105 he teaches a chance to repent or reform after death, and on 107 those now buried will be brought back to get the benefit of the gospel.

Pages 115 and 116. He gives the honor to the devil of having greater success than Christ, if his theories are incorrect, instead of putting sin on its true base.

Pages 117 and 118: He claims that God permitted evil as a wise and valuable blessing to man.

"Don't you see, if this is true, the more human devils the better for man ultimately?"

select the royal priesthood, who, with Christ, are to be the world's redeemers. And now comes an opiate that so many in this age would had with her who are unwilling to serve God. Hear him: "And should any one daring that age of trial, under its full blaze of light, upon the offered favor and make no response toward perfection for a hundred years, he will be reckoned unworthy of life." Thus all must have at least one hundred years of trial." And those who refuse all offers will be remained back in death, existed, as he has no life separate from the body.

In my next article I will show some of his vile infidelities, and some of his sarcasms. If you will, send my criticisms, you will see that it is one of the rottenest books now extant, as it makes such gross pretenses and is so corruptible.

I have never seen any one who professed his theories, that was ever in season or sanctified of truth.

S. W. MILLER,
Fort Sullivan, Texas.

A COINCIDENT OR DREAM.

On August 1, 1887, my son Willie died in Quitman, Wood County, Texas. We shipped his remains to Taylor County for interment. His sister Minnie at the time was very sick and unable to go, but was left at home with her husband and infant babe. While we were gone she dreamed Willie was back, but not today. She said all the family got ready and started back with me. All went together to a certain place. She said she had been there before, and he said, "You all came last winter," and he took her to a stream of water with an old bridge across it and he told her to stop and he would come and said, "Now, sister, go back and stay till I come."

When we returned she told it with a great deal of emotion, and said, "I will be the next one of the family to go." We tried to talk her out of such an idea, but she always said, "I will be the next." So on November 27, 1890, she dreamed her brother once again, took her to the same stream of water and crossed the old bridge and said, "Now, sister, go back again, but the next time I come for you I will take you with me." She told her husband, Rev. S. L. Burke, about it. Her mother and myself went to see her the next day. I never will forget her look when she looked me in the face and said, "Papa, I had the same dream, and Willie said, 'The next time I will take you with me.' I said, 'Oh, no, sister, nothing but a dream.' Then she said, 'But I don't like it.'

The next night she had a light vision, but while all were asleep she saw her brother really come just as natural as he ever came, jumped on the gallery, got down his pillow and said, "You ready, sister; I have come for you." She woke her husband and told him her brother was in the hall. Later she said, "Must, he is dead." "Yes," she said, "but he is there, though, and talked to me." Next morning she told us all about it, and said, "I was not asleep, and papa, no more as I am here. Willie came. He was here. He came for me, and I am going to die." So that evening she took fever and died 12 days after she was taken home. Her death Willie was her constant companion. He was with her all the time and about her last words were, "Come a little closer, brother. Oh, me! there are two more, and they are so pretty." You can imagine this if you will. All I have said can be substantiated by many witnesses. I never saw opportunities in my life, but do not know what to make of this. G. R. HIGGINS,
New Boston, Texas.

Proud Women

whodon't want it known that they do their own washing, are delighted with PEARLINE—can't catch them at it—they're not at the tub long enough. Soak, boil and rinse—not much labor about that. Do a few things each day, and thus do away with wash-days. No rubbing with PEARLINE. The hardest wear on Clothes is in the Rubbing.

HEARY LINDENMEYR & SONS,
PAPER Warehouse
No. 33 Bleecker Street,
P. O. Box 2865. NEW YORK.

Austin White Lime Co. Manufacturers of the celebrated WHITE LIME and dealers in Portland and Rossville Cements, Plaster, Hair, Sewer Pipe, Fire Brick, etc. AUSTIN, TEXAS.

HARD TO BEAR

Story of a Druggist Who Was Always Compassionate Remedies for Others Yet Suffered Agonies Himself.

Perhaps in no case of human suffering was the amount of the suffering of a man so great as in the case of W. E. Mather, a well-known druggist of St. Louis, Mo. The story is told by Dr. M. S. H. in his book "The Story of a Druggist Who Was Always Compassionate Remedies for Others Yet Suffered Agonies Himself."

It is the story of a man who was always ready to help others who were suffering from various ailments. He was a kind and gentle man, and his heart was full of love for his fellow-men. He was a druggist, and he had a shop in St. Louis, Mo. He was always ready to help others who were suffering from various ailments. He was a kind and gentle man, and his heart was full of love for his fellow-men. He was a druggist, and he had a shop in St. Louis, Mo. He was always ready to help others who were suffering from various ailments.

His life was a story of suffering and sacrifice. He was always ready to help others who were suffering from various ailments. He was a kind and gentle man, and his heart was full of love for his fellow-men. He was a druggist, and he had a shop in St. Louis, Mo. He was always ready to help others who were suffering from various ailments.

His life was a story of suffering and sacrifice. He was always ready to help others who were suffering from various ailments. He was a kind and gentle man, and his heart was full of love for his fellow-men. He was a druggist, and he had a shop in St. Louis, Mo. He was always ready to help others who were suffering from various ailments.

His life was a story of suffering and sacrifice. He was always ready to help others who were suffering from various ailments. He was a kind and gentle man, and his heart was full of love for his fellow-men. He was a druggist, and he had a shop in St. Louis, Mo. He was always ready to help others who were suffering from various ailments.

His life was a story of suffering and sacrifice. He was always ready to help others who were suffering from various ailments. He was a kind and gentle man, and his heart was full of love for his fellow-men. He was a druggist, and he had a shop in St. Louis, Mo. He was always ready to help others who were suffering from various ailments.

ESTEY
This Name on an Organ or Piano

The Estey Piano is the most popular in the world. It is made of the finest materials and is of the highest quality. It is a pleasure to play and a joy to own. The Estey Piano is the best investment you can make. It will last for many years and will give you many hours of pleasure. The Estey Piano is the best investment you can make. It will last for many years and will give you many hours of pleasure.

THE ESTEY CO.
116 Olive St. St. Louis, Mo.

The Sale of 825,000 Copies
SACRED SONGS No. 1
Arranged by William W. Phelps, D. D. of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints. Published by the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, Salt Lake City, Utah.

BUEHLER PHELAN,
ST. LOUIS, MO.
Manufacturers of
Mixed Paints
Sold by C. W. OWENS & CO.,
116 Olive St. St. Louis, Mo.

Also for sale by GEO. MELBAY, 111 Worth St., Dallas, Texas.
Jack Frost, State Representative, Dallas, Texas.

HOW TO QUIT TOBACCO.
BELLS.
CHURCH
MILLS
Write to Cincinnati Bell Foundry Co., Cincinnati, O.

CHURCH BELLS
Chimes and Peals.
MOSHANE BELL FOUNDRY
Baltimore, Md.

Secular News Items.

Dr. Thomas F. Rumboldt, a noted surgeon of St. Louis, has died, aged 71. Charles Boyassot, Republican doyen of the French Chamber of Deputies, is dead.

General De Wet has resumed operations, and is reported to have crossed into the Transvaal with 2,000 men.

A London yachting paper expresses the opinion that Lipton's new boat has no chance of success.

The country home of Thomas B. Wainwright at Meadow Brook, Pa., was burned. The loss is estimated at \$500,000.

The bubonic plague has appeared in Constantinople. It has created great alarm, bordering on a panic.

The strike at St. Petersburg has been crushed. A number of strikers were killed and many were arrested.

Senator Carmack, of Tennessee, stated that the idea of the South's becoming a Republic was "nonsense."

The appropriation by Congress for the establishment of the school system in the Philippines is \$600,000.

Japan is raising a fund to erect a monument to the memory of Commodore Perry, who opened Japan to the world in 1853.

Two hundred delegates from all parts of the United States were present at the Hardwood Lumber convention in Chicago.

Smallpox was reported on the United States transport India at Taku, China. Infancy will be delayed in reaching Manila.

By the bursting of a dam at the Victor reservoir at Pike's Peak, Col., four towns in the vicinity are threatened with a water famine.

The Attorney General of South Carolina decided that Charleston County, in that State, had no legal government, and had had none for two years.

The fuel problem in Mexico is to be solved by generating electricity by burning peat. Coal costs in that country on an average of \$20 per ton.

Andrew Carnegie has given \$10,000,000 to establish free education in the Scotch universities of Edinburgh, Glasgow, Aberdeen and St. Andrew's.

It is reported from Peking that the United States will consent to no increase in the Chinese tariff unless commercial advantages are conceded in return.

Three former United States army officers have begun to serve out their sentences in Manila prison, being convicted of participation in the commiserate frauds.

The question of transporting and providing accommodations for the 700 American teachers who will be sent to the Philippines is causing much concern at Manila.

Emperor William has issued stringent orders to exclude newspaper reporters in future from all public and semi-public functions where the Emperor intends to speak.

A delayed dispatch from St. Petersburg reports a riotous demonstration near that city by striking employes of the armor plate ordnance works. Several strikers were killed.

The Zeeder Zee will be drained. The plan requires an outlay of \$20,000,000 and eighteen years to complete the work. The land to be reclaimed will amount to 24,000 acres.

The dedication of the Hall of Fame will take place May 29. The tablets of the twenty-nine great Americans selected last October have been completed and placed in position.

The foreign Ministers at Peking have declined to accede to the figure of \$200,000,000 indemnity set by the United States. Mr. Roebill will continue his attempt to have the amount scaled down.

A conference on taxation called by the National Federation was held in Buffalo in the rooms of the Historical Society, being called to order by Prof. Edwin Seligman, of Columbia University.

John Morley, in the British House of Commons, denounced the war policy of the Government in the severest terms, calling it "a stupendous folly for which retribution will follow in a thousand shapes."

The war tax reduction law will go into effect July 1. The tax is repealed on bank checks, money orders, certificates and promissory notes, express receipts, telephone and telegraph messages, houses and mortgages.

The battleship "Ohio" was launched at San Francisco, May 18. Miss Barber, a niece of Mrs. McKinley, pressed the button that started the "Ohio" down the ways. Mrs. McKinley was not present on account of serious illness.

Liam Chi Chao, a Chinese reformer, is in Australia. He says he has been advised to return to China, and is waiting for a call to Peking when the

Emperor arrives, who will put into operation some of the reform measures that were checked three years ago by the Empress Dowager.

John J. Mitchell, President of the Illinois Trust and Savings Bank, and John W. Gates and friends have formed a combination to enlarge the plant and extend the field of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company to compete with the billion dollar Steel Trust.

The Sultan has issued orders prohibiting the settlement of Jews in Palestine. Of late there has been an evident purpose to realize the desire of the Jews to return to Jerusalem. It is said that one-half of the Hebrews in the world are on Russian soil, and it is not difficult to foresee that very striking political complications may soon arise from following the new orders.

A remarkable scene occurred in the Roman Catholic Church of the Holy Savior, at Wilkesbarre, Pa., May 5. Led by 100 white-gowned girls, the entire congregation, numbering 1,168 persons, marched up the hill at dusk to the church, and took the pledge of total abstinence, to neither taste, touch nor serve wine or spirituous liquors during his or her lifetime.

The Austrian premier has introduced in the Lower House of the Reichsrath a bill authorizing the construction of four canals in the Danube, Molden, Elbe and Vistula districts. The work is to begin in 1904 and to be completed in twenty years. The funds for the purpose are to be raised by a loan, bearing interest at four per cent and redeemable in ninety years.

The Government of Uruguay has adopted measures to prevent any surprise by conspirators. Every steamship going to Buenos Ayres, Argentina, is being watched by secret agents to prevent the departure of suspicious persons, because it is feared that they would prepare a coup d'etat from Argentine soil. Troops and police are being mobilized by the Government to meet an insurrection.

A royal decree has been issued from Madrid, which orders that Spanish residents in Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines may recover their nationality by the same process that applies to Spaniards who have lost it by residence in other foreign countries. Under this ruling Spaniards who have forfeited their right to pensions by residence in these islands may recover what is due them by application to the authorities in Madrid.

At the Industrial Conference held in Bombay in the interests of famine children, ninety missionaries were present. Papers were read by managers of industrial institutions, which showed various ways in which children may be taught to work at useful trades. Carpentry of all kinds, blacksmithing and rug-weaving have been taught in many of these schools. The last is found to be a profitable work, as the children can make rugs which sell as high as \$500 each.

The syndicate controlling the Diefedingen steel plant and the Dannsbau colliery is in financial difficulties and has asked its creditors for time. The Darmstaedter bank has undertaken the reorganization of the concern, and is offering the creditors twenty per cent in cash and the rest in preference shares and obligations at five per cent. The embarrassed syndicate is one of the largest in the trade in Germany. It controls two other large properties besides those mentioned.

Negotiations are now pending between Great Britain and the Congo State authorities on the subject of the Bah-el-Ghazal, with the object of reestablishing the full rights of the Congo State under the lease of 1894, which were waived by King Leopold in deference to the protest of France. It has always been held by the Congo authorities that this action on their part did not invalidate the lease contracted with Great Britain as between landlord and tenant, while Lord Salisbury has held that it did.

The New York Times has been making an estimate of the amount by gift or bequest in sums of \$5,000 or over given to philanthropy in the United States during last year. This sum excludes the ordinary denominational contributions for educational, benevolent and religious purposes, and all popular funds for the relief of sufferers by famine in India or by flood in Galveston. Compared with former years, the record stands thus: 1892, \$29,000,000; 1894, \$32,000,000; 1895, \$22,500,000; 1896, \$27,000,000; 1897, \$45,000,000; 1898, \$28,000,000; 1899, \$22,000,000; 1900, \$47,000,000. It will be seen that in 1899 there was a tremendous increase not easily to be accounted for, and that since 1896 there have been great fluctuations.

The Boer commander at Boshof, in the Orange River Colony, in answer to an English officer, who had asked him to surrender, gave the following reasons for refusing to surrender: First, Mr. Stead predicts the general downfall of England; second, Olive Schreiner is of the same opinion; third, General Bullair, who was in the Trans-

vaal in 1881, writes that England will lose South Africa, forever; fourth, the Council of the Dublin Commune and the Irish at Marseilles presented President Kruger with addresses; fifth, Kaiser Wilhelm, now that Queen Victoria is dead, will choose the side of Europe and the Boers. These are remarkable reasons and there is no doubt that the attitude maintained by President Kruger encourages the Boers to continue the struggle.

State Superintendent of Mines R. A. Shifflet arrived this morning and began a thorough investigation, which will occupy several days. Everything points to the fact that the accident was caused by a dust explosion, as no gas has been found in the mine.

Memphis, Tenn., May 28.—Twenty-three hundred and five members of the United Confederate Veterans, survivors of the great armies that battled for the cause of the South during the war of secession, and representing 1123 camps of the organization, met in Confederate Hall, Memphis, Tenn., May 28, for their eleventh annual reunion. It is expected that when the gathering comes to order there will be fully 2500 old soldiers in attendance.

Des Moines, Iowa, May 28.—By a vote of 50 to 63 the General Assembly of the United Presbyterian Church this afternoon adopted the report of the Judiciary Committee upon the change of creed with regard to Article 15. This action is interpreted to mean that it forbids the admission of members of a secret society to the Church and according to some of the delegates expels those belonging to the Church which are now members of secret orders.

Although the convention in point of oratory, enthusiasm and all other respects was a most brilliant success, the weather put a damper on the one feature of the reunion which the good people of Memphis had arranged with especial care and pride for the entertainment of their many guests. This was the great floral parade, which, owing to the threatening clouds and muggy streets in the outskirts of the city, was postponed until May 29.

Philadelphia, Pa., May 28.—The 112th Presbyterian General Assembly was dissolved at 6:15 o'clock May 28, in Philadelphia, Pa., after having been in session for nearly two weeks. Chief among the important matters considered was the revision of the confession of faith. After a discussion continuing nearly four days this subject was referred to a special committee of twenty-one commissioners who will make recommendations as to how the creed is to be revised and present the report to the next assembly meeting in New York.

A great change has taken place in the foreign policy of Serbia since the marriage of King Alexander and since the removal of King Milan. The result has been to lead Serbia to return to the Russian fold, and has caused great satisfaction at St. Petersburg. But it is not the intention of the Russian Government to fast satisfied with the action of Serbia, but every effort will be made at St. Petersburg to turn the present situation to the best possible account in anticipation of future eventualities. The Russian Minister of War, General Kuropatkin, is said to have submitted a plan for inducing Serbia to conclude a secret military convention with Russia, which stipulates for the co-operation in certain contingencies of the Serbian Army with that of Russia and also specifies certain political advantages to be accorded Serbia.

Knoxville, Tenn., May 28.—The Board of Trustees of Marysville College at their annual meeting to-day selected Prof. S. T. Wilson as president to succeed Dr. S. W. Bardman resigned. Prof. Wilson has been connected with the college a number of years. A co-education of the races in the college was finally disposed of by the board deciding to abide by the act of the Legislature which forbade the education of whites and blacks together and by appropriating \$20,000 to a Colored Memorial Institute (colored) at Rogersville from the endowment fund. No colored students will hereafter be admitted to Marysville College.

The President and members of the Cabinet feel that this Government was right in protesting against exactions which might force China to the wall, and from the position taken by the United States there will be no retreat. The demands of the other powers are considered exorbitant and are likely, if insisted upon, to result ultimately in the crippling or dismemberment of the Empire. The United States will continue to urge this view at every opportunity. If the powers proceed alone and force China to accede to their demands, this Government, of course, will accept the share of the indemnity assigned it on the present basis. It can distribute such amount as is necessary to liquidate the claims of our citizens and subsequently determine, if such a

course should be deemed wise, whether all the remainder should be retained by this Government as its proper share. The United States is not in favor of the proposed scheme to raise and guarantee an international loan for China, out of the proceeds of which she can liquidate her indebtedness to the powers. The United States is willing to accept the bonds of China without indorsement by any power at 3 per cent interest and thus make manifest to the world the sincerity of American profession proclaimed at the outset that the United States desires to help China to her feet and preserve her political integrity.

Chattanooga, Tenn., May 28.—A special from Dayton to the Times says: The total list of the deaths from the explosion in the Richland mine is twenty. Harry Pope, who was incorrectly reported dead, was not injured, having left the mines a few minutes before the explosion. Ed Craig was just going out of the mine when the explosion occurred and was blown several hundred feet into a creek. His injuries will not prove fatal. Andy Medley and Will Rose were taken from the mines at a late hour last night in a frightful condition. Although at least five of the wounded were considered fatally injured, none have died, and it is possible all may recover if injuries are not internal. Those who were killed will be buried here to-morrow.

A Milwaukee Judge has taken the position that a healer who depends on prayer cannot be arrested for practicing medicine without license. The complaints are that when the patients needed drugs none were used. The court held: "So the whole question at issue in this case resolves itself to this: Is prayer medical treatment? If it is, then the defendants are guilty of an offense under the laws of this State; if it is not, then they are not guilty and must be discharged. It would seem as if this question answered itself, the act of prayer is so unlike anything that is popularly regarded as medical treatment that it looks like an absurdity seriously to argue the question." What will be the bearing of this on Christian science is quite another matter; for prayer concedes sickness, while Christian science smiles at the idea of suffering.

The Christian Register, in a recent issue contains this fine appreciation of a right kind of a sermon. "It is said that no kind of literature grows old and loses its value so quickly as a sermon. That is true of occasional sermons and of all sermons that never ought to have been preached. But nothing lasts like a good sermon or a real prayer. Lincoln's speech at Gettysburg will not live so long as that scrap from an address reported to have been made by Paul on Mars' Hill, and the Sermon on the Mount has not yet lost its savor. The 40th of Isaiah was no doubt part of a sermon. When William H. Channing read it in Washington after one of the last battles of the Civil War, it was as fresh and thrilling as when it was first delivered, twenty-five centuries before."

Electric cars racing for a switch, while running in opposite directions at the rate of forty miles an hour, cost five lives last Sunday afternoon at Albany, N. Y., by a terrific collision in which over forty prominent people were injured, some fatally and others seriously. The lobby of the local post-office filled with dead and wounded, hysterical women and children looking for relatives and friends, surgeons administering temporary relief and ambulances racing through the city, taking the wounded to hospitals, were the early intimations of the accident. The scene of the accident was a point about two miles out of Greenbush, on the line of the Albany and Hudson Railway. The point where the cars met on the single track was at a sharp curve and so fast were both running and so sudden was the collision, that the motor-man never had time to put on the brakes before the south-bound car had gone almost clean through the other car and hung on the edge of a high bluff with its load of shrieking, maimed humanity.

With all the pomp and circumstance of a military funeral and rites of the Episcopal Church, former Gov. Tanner was buried in Oak Ridge Cemetery Springfield, Ill., May 29, almost within the shadow of the national Lincoln monument. The funeral was the largest seen in Springfield since the burial of President Lincoln in April, 1865. There were strangers in the city.

Miss Susa B. Anthony, of the Woman's Suffrage Association, says: "We have devoted most of our time this year to the work of organization. We have had three times as much money in the treasury as ever before and our membership has doubled. The greatest work done the past year by the society apart from organizing new branches has been the preparation of the monster petitions to Congress ask-

Exposure

To cold and stormy weather opens the way to an attack of bronchitis. The man on the wagon, be he farmer, milkman or truckman, needs to pay special heed to the first symptoms of weakness or disease of the organs of respiration.

The use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will cure bronchitis, deep-seated coughs, bleeding of the lungs, and other conditions which if neglected or unskillfully treated terminate fatally in consumption.

There is no alcohol in the "Discoverers," and it is entirely free from opium, cocaine and other narcotics.

"For seven years I had been troubled with what the doctors called bronchitis," writes Mr. Arthur Maule, general merchant, of Niles, Mo., Middlesex Co., Ontario. "A year ago, after I had been taken sick with a severe attack I began taking your Golden Medical Discovery. I rapidly recovered from the attack and felt no more of it that fall. This season I began taking the Discoverer in August and have so far been perfectly well. I can go out in all kinds of weather and not feel the bronchial trouble at all. Let me say to all who are suffering from such complaints to give Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery a fair trial, and I am convinced that good results will be obtained."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, paper-bound, is sent free on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps, to pay expense of mailing only, or 31 stamps for the book in cloth binding. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

ing for a sixteenth amendment and also asking that in the constitutions of the new islands the word "male" shall not appear in the suffrage clause. We have also sent petitions from the officers of organizations representing over 2,000,000 laboring men and many labor societies have voted to support our cause and have instructed their officers to sign our petitions."

A most successful counterfeiting mill was discovered in operation in Moyamensing prison, Philadelphia, May 17. It is a startling climax to the notorious counterfeiting conspiracy case of Lancaster, Pa., of twenty months ago, for participation in which secret service agents sent to the penitentiary for long terms a dozen men, including a former United States Attorney and his assistant, John L. Semple, a prominent member of the Camden, N. J., bar, is charged by the secret agents with aiding two of his clients in the manufacturing of spurious \$20 Hamilton notes, while they are awaiting trial in connection with the great Kendig-Jacobs frauds. He was arrested and gave bond in \$10,000 to answer at court. The method was to clean off \$1 notes of Government issue until they were left entirely blank and then from plates that they had made manufacture \$20 bills. They disposed of 150 notes in this way. The two counterfeiters have confessed and implicated Mr. Semple, who obtained the \$1 notes for them, and the brother of one of the prisoners, who did the counterfeiting of the notes.

In Cheatham's Laxative Chill Tonic (tablet form), is incorporated all the elements of the best Chill Tonic known. It is put up in this manner for the benefit of travelers and others, who would find it inconvenient to carry the liquid with them. Like the liquid, it is sold under strict guarantee. Price 25c. per box.

The splendid attractions of the Summer Resorts on the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway offer to travelers special inducements to spend the Vacation Days in the wild woods of Wisconsin with rod and gun, or at the health-giving watering places, made justly celebrated the world over. The inland lakes, nesting among scenery as picturesque and as grand as imagination can conceive, is a masterpiece of Nature's wonderful creations. The spruce-laden atmosphere of the forests is pure and invigorating, and one spending the summer among the Lakes and Delis will return with happy memories of pleasant days. The Milwaukee's special trains make travel a pleasure. They are constructed on lines of elegance and comfort. Electric berth reading lamps, peculiar to this road alone, serve to make these trains particularly attractive to tourists, and especially so to ladies traveling alone with children or in small parties.

For booklets entitled "Summer Homes, Hunting and Fishing in the Lake Country," and detailed information, address M. F. Smith, Commercial Agent, 20 Main Street, Dallas, Texas.

Unless you have faith in your own ability you can never win a battle.

Typewriters—Any machine, cheap, easy terms. Big discounts. Pastor J. W. K. Brookside, Ala.



Notes Fro

NORTH TEXA

WICHI

W. H. Brown, fine revival at the great day yesterday and several more graciously blessing night our house-crowd, and we had to-day and an abun-dance we can well afford to "lighten" in this case the court-house, our congregations glory forever.

COON

C. R. Gray, our former school teacher, was a great interest of the Church, and a great blessing to the Church, which for the remainder of their lives they had done a dinner as can be seen in the quarterly session was held at Klondike, previous to the meeting, and with power, a very opportune to the Church, which we had on days I saw every Friday, which was done of the ground, will be dedicated June 1st. All friends invited to be present.

COOPEE

E. L. Spurlock, Conference of the past, Dr. Pladger, was Friday morning, and after dinner was the ground, he is here. The first good, nearly half being paid. We have again, lighted the and made some improvements in the of the Church during this year, a hundred members one new Church, a day morning came, and made great progress. He preached, after while Chapel Church, a section, as order, women, and even subscriptions, even that Church. At afternoon at 4 o'clock of the Lord two babies. So, a meeting for

NORTHWEST T

FERRIS

L. W. Carleton, and attention last faithful and efficient attendant, A. A. them well on the gram, and we gave appreciative listen well, and we enjoy Epworth League I ough work. It was the same old fore, so crippled, we last the victory this 10. Who can be at is moving up along Quarterly Conference of June 8 and 9, conference.

PEACH STREET

S. A. Barnes, Me a fine meeting at 10, ten-five conversations, seventeen by birth the Church is in b has been for years thirty-five members, three, eight children, on improvements, the benefits of the No better nor true, than Fort W. sympathy are the our presiding at 10, in preaching at 10, and feel his sym- Then there are of and Sam Barnes, M Little, Williams an ing has been a lit and the are in m struggle and hard our congregations, we can well accom We are expecting his generous heart the best prayer-mem- none excepted. We none better in the out of debt, then s our other Churches, now, if you will, I many Churches ha the debt we have a have been dead. A dying, but growing our being "So not

GREEN'S CH

J. J. Morton, L. erty Conference for at Bunyan, May 11 House, our preside (ways) done, in the His singing, his p and his exhortation and power in them Bro. Boone grows, he may be continue years limit express- ing was a glorious made a good report K. S. Van Zandt, the general state are six appointments the seventh one at Conference, and th appointment is the nic, framed church ganize, at Indian C doubt about its per- cess. Under the Boone's preaching, ing Sunday, the pe- mined to "rise up a raised in cash and about \$50. These t

EPWORTH LEAGUE NOTICES.

EPWORTH LEAGUE CONFERENCE.

Program of the seventh Texas Epworth League Conference, to be held in North Street Church, Austin, July 2 and 3.

Monday 8 p. m. song and prayer. 10 p. m. meeting. Tuesday 8:30 a. m. song and prayer. 10:30 a. m. breakfast. 11:30 a. m. general meeting. 2:30 p. m. The Epworth League. 4:30 p. m. The Epworth League. 7:30 p. m. The Epworth League.

Wednesday 8:30 a. m. song and prayer. 10:30 a. m. breakfast. 11:30 a. m. general meeting. 2:30 p. m. The Epworth League. 4:30 p. m. The Epworth League. 7:30 p. m. The Epworth League.

Thursday 8:30 a. m. song and prayer. 10:30 a. m. breakfast. 11:30 a. m. general meeting. 2:30 p. m. The Epworth League. 4:30 p. m. The Epworth League. 7:30 p. m. The Epworth League.

NOTES ON THE CONFERENCE.

The meetings will be held in North Street Church. The main will be given of the Epworth League. The Epworth League of the city is enthusiastic.

TEXAS LEAGUES WHO HAVE PAID STATE TAX.

Table listing Texas Leagues who have paid state tax, including Harris Chapel, Colorado City, Kyle, San Marcos, Waukegan, Eagle Pass, Seguin, Pleasant Grove, Hill Creek, Buda, Trinity, Sulphur Bluff, Elgin, Golden, Polk, Galveston, Whitt, Ashby, Taylor, Fifth Street, Waxahatchie, Caruth, Navasota, Alvarado, Corn Hill, Weatherford, Clarksville, Odessa, Fort Worth, San Antonio, Nevada, Dallas, Lockhart, Van Alstyne, Cleburne, Dallas Epworth League Union.

Have you paid yours? Pay at once.

Leagues who have responded to the call of State Secretary for contributions of one dollar each to pay off old debt.

Table listing leagues who have responded to the call of State Secretary for contributions, including McKinney, Honey Grove, Colorado, Pleasant Grove, Maxwell, Furner, San Marcos, Calvert, Van Alstyne, Galveston, Broadway, Dallas, Houston, McAshan, Chapel, Howe, Greenville, Wesley Chapel, Paris, Centenary, Rock, Sulphur Bluff, Gus W. Thomason.

Total \$200.00

To Leaguers of North Texas Conference.

After all the dampening influences, we are going to have our conference on schedule time at Honey Grove, June 25-28.

Program is about complete and the article most needed now is money. Leaguers, stop and give this matter just three minutes' consideration.

Leaguers, stop and give this matter just three minutes' consideration, then act five minutes, and we will do the rest, assisted by the service of Uncle Sam's mail service.

Our conference commenced this year in debt and up to date our expenses have been \$12.10. Let each League send to Miss Johnnie Shands, Forney, at once, in eight minutes after reading this, their 2 cents per capita tax, and all will be well.

This is a small matter when it is distributed among all the Leagues. So far only ten Leagues have paid this tax, amounting to \$10.21. Do not wait

Advertisement for Potash fertilizer, showing a sack of Potash and text: 'No crop can be grown without Potash. Supply enough Potash and your profits will be large without Potash your crop will be miserable.'

Advertisement for 'A Seal Within a Seal' biscuits, showing a box of biscuits and text: 'An inventor has created a wonderful package that preserves the freshness and crispness of crackers, biscuits and wafers. The outside of the package is made of card board, scientifically treated; the inside is a lining of specially prepared paper. The outside and the inside are so formed that one becomes a part of the other; forming the famous In-er-Seal Patent Package a package that is air tight, dust tight, and moisture tight—absolutely airtight. It actually carries the goodness of its contents from the oven to the table.'

For a business meeting to discuss this matter, but let the officers and members bring out of their pockets the required amount, which is likely not to be more than \$1 or \$1.50. Think of your business meeting during the month of June as you please. Presidents, Vice-Presidents, Secretaries, Leaguers, all take up this matter and let's have the best meeting at Honey Grove that the conference has ever had. Send your tax, you owe it, put your dollar.

M. B. BROWN, President N. T. L. Conference.

A BLACK LAND FINDER IN MISSISSIPPI COUNTRY.

Mr. W. J. Madison, who makes his home in the North Texas, Park County, says:

"When I left Ocala, Florida, to come to this country I was somewhat doubtful of my success, but I have no such feelings. My family is enjoying the best of health, and I feel that I have no better a home in the Black Land of Park County. It will produce a greater variety of crops and cotton and corn than in any other section. Fruit, vegetables and sugar-cane all do well. Stock of all kinds are raised here in abundance. I am delighted with the people of the country, and am recommended to all I only sold \$2 per acre for my land, which is equal in productive qualities to the so-called black land. A man has some idea of this country, or even a prospect of it, if he has seen the Black Land of Park County. Full particulars regarding this country can be secured from S. M. H. GUNN, Pass and Ing. Agent, U. S. & W. R. Ry., Houston, Texas."

Avoid counterfeits in your purchase. They will ruin your paper, or very pale blue paper may be used by a lady, but anything starting or blurring violates good form. June Ladies' Home Journal.

Have You Got Rheumatism? You Can Be Cured; FREE.

A Scientific Discovery Which Will Revolutionize the Treatments of Rheumatism.

It is now possible to be cured of any form of rheumatism without having your stomach turned upside down or being half choked to death and made to vomit, and every sufferer from rheumatism should welcome this new and marvelous discovery with open arms and give it an honest trial. John A. Smith, Milwaukee, Wis., while apparently hopelessly sick with rheumatism, hit upon a combination of drugs and ingredients enough to send it free to every sufferer who writes at once. It is a home treatment and will not keep you from your work.

As you know if you've tried them, every so-called rheumatic remedy on the market to-day, except this genuine cure, will cause you violent stomach pains and vomiting, and some of them are so dangerous they will cause heart trouble. And the worst of it is they never cure. When a person has rheumatism the constitution is so run down that he should be very careful what he puts into his stomach.

It therefore gives me pleasure to present a remedy that will cure every form and variety of rheumatism without any single unpleasant feeling. That remedy is "GLORIA TONIC."

Before I decided to tell the world about the discovery of "Gloria Tonic," I had tried it on hospital and sanitarium patients with perfect success. But some people never will believe anything until they know it from experience, as the best way to cure it is for you to write me that you want to be cured and I will send you a trial box of "Gloria Tonic" free of cost. No matter what your form of rheumatism is—acute, chronic, muscular, inflammatory, deformed, sciatic, neuralgic, gout, lumbago, etc.—"Gloria Tonic" will cure you. Do not mind if other remedies have failed you, for mind if doctors say you are incurable. Mind to me, but write me today sure. "Gloria Tonic" will stop those aches and pains, those inflammation and deformities, and give you a new lease on life, and get you living. This offer is for everybody, whether you are a sufferer from rheumatism, or not. To them I will send "Gloria Tonic" free. Never before has a remedy been so highly endorsed as "Gloria Tonic." Among the eminent people who recommend its properties are: Dr. J. H. Quintero, of the University of Venezuela, whose endorsement of "Gloria Tonic" bears the official seal of the United States Consulate.

THE HEALTH DEPARTMENT of London, England, after its thorough investigation of its ingredients with the result that it is admitted without any restriction, thus it can not contain poisons or worthless drugs.

A MEDICAL JOURNAL, writes: "Gloria Tonic possesses all the qualities desired by Dr. Haldé to alter the circulation and thus create a new epoch in the practice of medicine, hence Gloria Tonic should receive recognition from the medical profession and health journals throughout the United States."

If you are a sufferer send your name today and by return mail you will receive a trial box of "Gloria Tonic" and also the most elaborate book ever gotten up on the subject of Rheumatism, absolutely free. It will tell you all about your case. You get "Gloria Tonic" and the wonderful book at the same time, both free, so let me hear from you at once and soon you will be cured. Address: JOHN A. SMITH, 250 Germania Bldg., Milwaukee, Wis., U. S. A.

In addition to this, the ladies of the H. M. S. have raised sufficient money to pay my expense to the reunion of my old Confederate comrades at Memphis and from there to "Washington," where my eldest and best-loved son lives. Then, to cap these blessings with a glorious climax, God sent the Holy Spirit into our midst and converted many souls and then after those conversions pointed the Spirit out on my Church and gave us a glorious revival. As in our Church, the visible results are: Twenty-three additions (twenty joining by rituals, and every member who attended the services throughout the meeting was made happy in the Lord. To God be all the glory.

GILMER

L. H. McGee, May 25: Everything is moving on well on this charge. The congregations are large, and the people are of one mind and working together for the advancement of the Redeemer's Kingdom. The circuit is now out of debt, which is largely due to the faithful efforts and untiring energies of our good women. We have our church and parsonage well secured against fire. Have just put a sheep-picket fence around the parsonage. We can truly say the people here are very good to us. They have proved their faith by their acts, by sending as many good things to the parsonage from time to time, but last evening the pounding came in full force. About sundown the people began to come to the parsonage, which caused the preacher and his family to feel suspicious, and in a short time the fireman arose up to the gate with his wagon loaded with good things to eat and to wear, together with several dollars in cash, which all told amounted to \$22, all of which is greatly appreciated and service to encourage us to give them the year's services of our friends. God bless and save the good people of Gilmer.

TEXAS CONFERENCE.

FLATONIA

A. J. B. May 27: Our pastor began a meeting last night. Seven or eight up for prayer at first service. One man more than 50 years old inquiring the way of life. We are praying for a great revival.

MOORE

M. T. Allen, May 29: Children's Day services at Tehuacana last Sunday were good. Collection \$2.00. Our new church house, out there will be dedicated the fourth Sunday in June. Rev. H. Harris is to preach the sermon. All former pastors invited to attend the services. We are to preach in our new house at Big Foot next Sunday. The people have done well in building these two houses. Now that we have done well in material things, may we also do well in spiritual things. We need some good revivals.

WEST TEXAS CONFERENCE.

HOLCOMB CIRCUIT

H. B. Smith, May 27: Had Children's Day yesterday at Ratcliffe. One thousand people were on the ground. The exercises passed off successfully. The children acquitted themselves well. Those who trained them deserve thanks. Home was decorated tastefully for the occasion. Collection \$3.75. Hurray for Ratcliffe!

WILLS POINT MISSION

Jose Willis, May 27: We are doing nicely on Wills Point Mission this year. Our congregations are larger than at any time during the two and one-half years we have been on the work. The people seem to be more spiritual and take more interest in the work of the Church. We have received two churches as gifts of some two hundred dollars—that is for material, this scribble doing most of the carpenter work. We also have in hand money to buy the material for one new church. Our collections are all in sight. On Saturday evening of the 25th inst. the good people of Palmer Grove, or number at least, gave the preacher and family a real pounding, for which we are grateful. We are praying for and expecting some good revivals this year.

SHADY GROVE

Mrs. Mary D. Well, May 25: Our second quarterly conference convened at Shady Grove May 1 and 5, which was indeed a grand occasion. We had four very interesting sessions, one each by our pastor, Drs. Bridges and Bro. Pink White, of the New York Circuit, and two by our presiding elder, Bro. Smith. The manifestation of the Spirit seemed present throughout the entire meeting. Christians seemed impressed to a higher degree of Christian living and determined to live more devoted to God's cause than ever before. Sinners seemed to be moved to conviction, which led to many conversions in their conversion, and five children were baptized. How angelic those little ones looked while they were being dedicated to God! We had plentiful supply of candles on the ground both days. There was a splendid attendance of official members from the entire charge. The Methodists of this community have erected then a very beautiful little church house, of which all are very proud. Sunday, Bro. Smith delivered a very eloquent sermon, and dedicated our church to God, for whose noble cause he built. He said, "Bro. Smith can preach! Our people love him more all the time, which speaks well for him. We do not think that the Bishop could have made a better selection than when he sent us the pastor we have. He seems to be loved and admired by all who know him."

MT PLEASANT

Smart Nelson, May 25: I have just closed one of the most remarkable meetings that I have ever been in. I began the meeting on the 1st Sunday of this month. On the Wednesday following, Rev. D. F. C. Timmons, D. D. of State Line, Texas, came to my relief, and conducted nearly all the services until the night of the 15th. Bro. Timmons is an able preacher, and knows exactly how to conduct revival services. His preaching is clear and logical. There is no sensationalism about him, but he exercises a mighty influence over his hearers. To him, under God, the success of the revival in saving sinners is mainly due. Another distinguishing and admirable trait of his well-rounded character is the fact of drawing the Church in closer and more helpful contact with their pastor. In fact, the more I am with him the more I admire and love him as a clear and capable man. To my organist, Sister Mamie Smith, my grateful acknowledgments are tendered. During all the meeting she was absolutely punctual, and never lost her temper, even when some of the choir were tardy or absent. Mr. Tom Caldwell has put me under loving obligations by presenting me with a real fine suit of clothes and a handsome bonus in legal tender notes. Mr. Joe Badi, Mrs. Lillinstern, Seb Caldwell and others have assisted in the decoration of the physical man, until I am as presentable as a Dallas

Notes From the Field.

NORTH TEXAS CONFERENCE.

WICHITA FALLS.

W. H. Brown, May 27: We are in a fine revival at this place now. Had a great day yesterday. Several professions, and several more this morning. God is graciously blessing every effort. Last night our house would not hold the crowd, and we had a large congregation to-day and an all-day revival. I believe we can well afford to sing "A Time Religion" in this city now. We will move to the court-house, so we will have room for our congregations. To God be all the glory forever.

COUNTY LINE.

C. R. Gray: Our second quarterly conference, which was held at Bethany May 19, was a great occasion. Bro. Fladger was present, looking carefully after every interest of the Church. At 11 o'clock he preached one of those sermons that stir men's souls, which put us in good shape for the remainder of the exercises. We then had dinner on the ground, and such a dinner as can only be found at a Methodist quarterly meeting. The business session was held at 2:30, and Dr. Harboe, of Klondike, preached at night. His sermon was replete with thought and delivered with power. Bro. Fladger made a very opportune talk at 2:30, on "Loyalty to the Church," which is already bearing fruit. We had one of the most spiritual days I have ever spent. Our church at Pecos, which was destroyed by the cyclone of February 2, has been rebuilt, and will be dedicated the second Sunday in June. All friends and former pastors are invited to be present.

COOPER CHARGE.

F. L. Sparlock: The second quarterly conference of the Cooper charge is a thing of the past. The presiding elder, Bro. Fladger, was promptly on hand Saturday morning, and preached at 11 o'clock. After dinner was served, which was "on the ground," he held the quarterly conference. The financial report was very good, nearly half the preacher's salary being paid. We have bought a nice new organ, lighted the church with electricity, and made some other much-needed improvements. I think the spiritual condition of the Church has greatly improved during this year. We have added nearly a hundred members to our roll, organized one new Church and one League. Sunday morning came bright and clear. A large crowd greeted Bro. Fladger at 11 o'clock. He preached a most excellent sermon, after which he dedicated Foster's Chapel Church. We then took our collections, as ordered by the Annual Conference, and received in cash and good subscriptions every dollar apportioned to that Church. After preaching in the afternoon at 4 o'clock, we had the sacrament of the Lord's Supper and baptized two babies. So ended the second quarterly meeting for the year 1900 and 1901.

NORTHWEST T. X. CONFERENCE.

FERRIS CHARGE.

L. W. Carleton: Our children had special attention last Sunday afternoon. Our faithful and efficient Sunday-school superintendent, A. A. McHenry, had trained them well on the Children's Day Program, and we gave them a house full of appreciative listeners. The children did well, and we enjoyed the program. Our Epworth League has begun to do thorough work. It will exceed, this time, the same old force has to be met that so crippled us last year, but we will get the victory this time. "The Lord is for us. Who can be against us?" The charge is moving up along all lines. Our second quarterly conference will be held at Bristol, June 4 and 5. We look for a great conference.

TEACH STREET, FORT WORTH.

S. Barnes, May 25: We have closed a fine meeting at Teach Street, with twenty-five conversions, twenty ascending seventeen by baptism. The members say the Church is in better condition than it has been for years. We have received thirty-five members since conference, baptized eight children, expended about \$50 on improvements. We are still reaping the benefits of the District Conference. No better nor truer men compose a district than Fort Worth. Both in heart and sympathy are they great. Dr. Campbell, our presiding elder, has but few equals in preaching, and to know him is to love and feel his sympathy for his preachers. Then there are others, such men as John and Sam Barnes, Morris Carr, Hawkins, Little, Williams and others. Their coming has been a blessing to our Church, and they are in more sympathy with our struggling brethren at Teach Street. Our congregations are fine, as many as we can well accommodate in our church. We are expecting some one to open up his generous heart and help us. We have the best prayer-meeting in Fort Worth—none executed. We have a fine location, none better in the city. We need to be out of debt, then we will crowd some of our other Churches in Fort Worth. Laugh now, if you will, but we will do it. If many Churches had been burdened with the debt we have always had, they would have been dead. We are not dead, nor dying, but growing, moving and having our being. "So mote it be."

GREEN'S CREEK CIRCUIT.

V. J. Morton, L. E.: The second quarterly conference for this charge was held at Bunyan, May 15 and 19. Rev. E. F. Boose, our presiding elder, came, as he always does, in the Spirit of the Master. His singing, his prayers, his preaching and his exhortations all have spirit, point and power in them. As the year goes by, Bro. Boose grips upon us, and we hope he may be continued with us till the four years' limit expires. The quarterly meeting was a glorious success. The stewards made a good report, and our pastor, Rev. K. S. Van Zandt, made a fine report on the general state of the Church. There are six appointments on the circuit, with the seventh one added since the Annual Conference, and the beauty of this new appointment is that they are building a nice, framed church house before they organize, at Indian Creek. So we have no doubt about its permanence and final success. Under the inspiration of Bro. Boose's preaching at the quarterly meeting, Sunday, the people at Bunyan determined to "rise up and build," hence they raised in cash and good subscriptions about \$50. These two new Churches will

give us a church house at every appointment on the circuit. On the 15th day of June we are to begin the construction of a new room to our parsonage and the re-painting of the old rooms. Also, on last Sunday, Bro. Van Zandt took a collection at the Green's Creek Church, and raised in cash and good subscriptions \$127.50 to paint the church house at that place. The people at Harlan and at Cow Creek appointments have already painted their churches this year. And, best of all, under the pointed and earnest preaching of our stirring pastor, there are signs of the on-coming of a great revival. There is the best of harmony and good-will existing between Bro. Van Zandt and his local preachers. Surely we ought to take this country for the Lord.

MOODY

W. H. Thornton, May 28: We closed a three and a half weeks' meeting in Moody April 21. It was said by some to have been the best meeting Moody has had for years. Bro. Ediston, our presiding elder, held quarterly conference and preached of one time during the meeting. His preaching was direct and charged with power. On Sunday he raised all but \$5 of our conference assessments. It is a preacher good to get such a lift by his presiding elder. The pastor did the other three weeks' preaching, and when the meeting closed the good people of Moody showed their appreciation of his services by raising the money and sending him to the great Missionary Conference in New Orleans. All this because the pastor and people closer together and closer to God. Our Church here is in much better condition than at any time since I came here. Our District Conference meets in Moody June 27.

WEST TEXAS CONFERENCE.

MOORE

M. T. Allen, May 29: Children's Day services at Tehuacana last Sunday were good. Collection \$2.00. Our new church house, out there will be dedicated the fourth Sunday in June. Rev. H. Harris is to preach the sermon. All former pastors invited to attend the services. We are to preach in our new house at Big Foot next Sunday. The people have done well in building these two houses. Now that we have done well in material things, may we also do well in spiritual things. We need some good revivals.

EAST TEXAS CONFERENCE.

HOLCOMB CIRCUIT

H. B. Smith, May 27: Had Children's Day yesterday at Ratcliffe. One thousand people were on the ground. The exercises passed off successfully. The children acquitted themselves well. Those who trained them deserve thanks. Home was decorated tastefully for the occasion. Collection \$3.75. Hurray for Ratcliffe!

WILLS POINT MISSION

Jose Willis, May 27: We are doing nicely on Wills Point Mission this year. Our congregations are larger than at any time during the two and one-half years we have been on the work. The people seem to be more spiritual and take more interest in the work of the Church. We have received two churches as gifts of some two hundred dollars—that is for material, this scribble doing most of the carpenter work. We also have in hand money to buy the material for one new church. Our collections are all in sight. On Saturday evening of the 25th inst. the good people of Palmer Grove, or number at least, gave the preacher and family a real pounding, for which we are grateful. We are praying for and expecting some good revivals this year.

SHADY GROVE

Mrs. Mary D. Well, May 25: Our second quarterly conference convened at Shady Grove May 1 and 5, which was indeed a grand occasion. We had four very interesting sessions, one each by our pastor, Drs. Bridges and Bro. Pink White, of the New York Circuit, and two by our presiding elder, Bro. Smith. The manifestation of the Spirit seemed present throughout the entire meeting. Christians seemed impressed to a higher degree of Christian living and determined to live more devoted to God's cause than ever before. Sinners seemed to be moved to conviction, which led to many conversions in their conversion, and five children were baptized. How angelic those little ones looked while they were being dedicated to God! We had plentiful supply of candles on the ground both days. There was a splendid attendance of official members from the entire charge. The Methodists of this community have erected then a very beautiful little church house, of which all are very proud. Sunday, Bro. Smith delivered a very eloquent sermon, and dedicated our church to God, for whose noble cause he built. He said, "Bro. Smith can preach! Our people love him more all the time, which speaks well for him. We do not think that the Bishop could have made a better selection than when he sent us the pastor we have. He seems to be loved and admired by all who know him."

MT PLEASANT

Smart Nelson, May 25: I have just closed one of the most remarkable meetings that I have ever been in. I began the meeting on the 1st Sunday of this month. On the Wednesday following, Rev. D. F. C. Timmons, D. D. of State Line, Texas, came to my relief, and conducted nearly all the services until the night of the 15th. Bro. Timmons is an able preacher, and knows exactly how to conduct revival services. His preaching is clear and logical. There is no sensationalism about him, but he exercises a mighty influence over his hearers. To him, under God, the success of the revival in saving sinners is mainly due. Another distinguishing and admirable trait of his well-rounded character is the fact of drawing the Church in closer and more helpful contact with their pastor. In fact, the more I am with him the more I admire and love him as a clear and capable man. To my organist, Sister Mamie Smith, my grateful acknowledgments are tendered. During all the meeting she was absolutely punctual, and never lost her temper, even when some of the choir were tardy or absent. Mr. Tom Caldwell has put me under loving obligations by presenting me with a real fine suit of clothes and a handsome bonus in legal tender notes. Mr. Joe Badi, Mrs. Lillinstern, Seb Caldwell and others have assisted in the decoration of the physical man, until I am as presentable as a Dallas

Exposure

stormy weather opens the track of bronchitis. The cagon, be he farmer, milkman, needs to pay special



Dr. Golden Medical Discovery. I am sick with a severe attack of bronchitis. I have been taking Dr. Golden's Discovery for a week, and I feel better. I can go out in all kinds of weather now. I feel the bronchitis trouble at all to all who are suffering from it. To give Dr. Golden's Discovery a fair trial, and I am convinced results will be obtained.

Common Sense Medical Remedy, is sent free on renewable stamps, to pay exchange only, or 31 stamps for cash binding. Address Dr. Buffalo, N. Y.

seventh amendment and all in the constitutions of the word "male" shall the suffrage clause. We petitions from the officers representing overing men and many labor voted to support our instructed their officers constitutions.

successful counterfeiting covered in operation in prison, Philadelphia, a startling climax to the interlocking conspiracy of Pa., of twenty months imputation in which secret sent to the penitentiary a dozen men, including led States Attorney and John L. Semple, a promoter of the Camden N. J. bar, the secret agents with his clients in the manupersurious \$20 Hamilton hey are awaiting trial in th the great Kendig-

He was arrested and \$19,000 to answer at thod was to clean off \$1 riment issue until they cy blank and then from ey had made manufac- They disposed of 150 way. The two counter- fessed and implicated he obtained the \$1 notes the brother of one of who did the counterfeit-

mer Resorts.

attractions of the Summer Chicago, Milwaukee and offer to travelers special spend the Vacation Days ds of Wisconsin with red he health-giving watering stly celebrated the world al lakes, nesting among rescue and as grand as i conceive, is a master's wonderful creations, n atmosphere of the for- id invigorating, and one inner among the Lakes sture with happy memo- days. The Milwaukee's make travel a pleasure acted on lines of elegance Electric berth reading to this road alone, serve rains particularly attrac- and especially so to fa- tone with children or in

ave faith in your own never win a battle.

By machine cheap, easy terms. For J. W. B. Brookside, Ala.

The Home Circle

DRIVE THE NAIL.

Drive the nail aright, boys,
 Hit it on the head;
 Strike with all your might, boys,
 Give the time the lead.
 Lessons you've to learn, boys—
 Study with a will;
 They who reach the top, boys,
 First must climb the hill.
 Standing at the foot, boys,
 Gazing at the sky,
 How can you get up, boys,
 If you never try?
 Through sun and storm, boys,
 Never be faint yet;
 Try and try again, boys,
 You'll succeed at last.
 Rise, ye sluggards, boys,
 Though your task is hard,
 Tull and happy heart, boys,
 Bring their own reward,
 Never give it up, boys,
 Always say you'll try,
 You will gain the crown, boys,
 Study, by and by.

"STONEWALL'S" FIRST RECORDED VICTORY.

The following incident in the life of General Thomas J. Jackson, which I believe has never been given to the public, but which I had several times from the lips of my venerable uncle, Mr. Conrad Kester, who lived at Weston, in Lewis County, Va., (now West Virginia), some three miles above the "Old Campaign Jackson Mills," where young Jackson lived with his uncle, will serve to show that those sterling qualities of head and heart which so characterized his life in after years were innate in the boy, and even at the early age of ten years his high sense of honor and deep perception of the right led him to do what he could not easily be supposed to do.

At the time mentioned the West Fork River, on which boats stood the old mill, was well stocked with fish, among which none was sought after so eagerly as that noble game fish called the trout. This was so familiarly called, generally supplied the demands of the limited fish market at the little village of Weston.

One day Tom proposed to Mr. Kester that he would let him have all the fish he wanted, but in length or over at the price of fifty cents each. Mr. Kester accepted the proposition, on the solemn compact was concluded.

Tom returned to purchase the contract, naturally, and sold himself every fish he caught at the condition made, until he had been seen by Conrad Kester, who through some mistake, made the mistake of sending under the contract a fish thirty-eight inches in length, when the following morning Tom phoned:

"Hello, Tom, you've got fish for me. I want to buy it."

"You, without apparent interest in what the fish was, and without making any inquiry, replied:

"Sold to Mr. Kester."

"That can't be. You have not seen Mr. Kester. I will give you a dollar for it."

"I will give it to you, and is not mine to sell."

"What is Mr. Kester to give you for it?"

"Fifty cents."

"I'll give you a dollar and a quarter for it."

"You said upon him an indignant look, and answered: "If you get any of this fish, you will get it from Mr. Kester."

On presenting the fish to Mr. Kester that afternoon said: "Tom, this is a splendid fish. I think I shall have to give you a dollar for it. Fifty cents is not enough."

Tom replied: "No, sir, that is your price at fifty cents, and I will not take more for it. Besides, you have bought a good many from me that were pretty short."

Thus the transaction closed, and Tom was doubtless thereby made stronger for the fierce struggles which awaited him in his future eventful career.—Julius McWhorter, Confederate Veteran.

THE BADGE OF COURAGE.

If every soldier who earns the Victoria Cross or its American medal equivalent had to wear it the decoration through its very consciousness would lose much of its significance and value. The man in ten wars it and lives; the other nine die in striving, writes E. B. Clark in the *Chicago Times-Herald*. It has been said authoritatively that after the institution of the Cross of the Legion of Honor, the Victoria Cross and the Congressional Medal of Honor individual deeds of valor increased nearly four-fold. It is probable that the existence of the decorations and the known fact that they were to be worn simply called the attention of officers more sharply to the duty of reporting all acts of valor which came under their

notice, and that this more than any hope for reward accounted for the apparent "reinforcement of courage." The intrinsic value of these badges of honor is about one cent, yet for the privilege of wearing them the soldiers of three countries seem always ready to tread Gray's "paths of glory."

The French cross may be won by civilians; the English and American crosses are pinned only upon the breasts of soldiers and sailors. In the armies of all three nations officer and private, peasant and prince have equal chances of wearing that which nothing but attested bravery may buy.

The first Victoria Cross granted for bravery in the present South African war was given to Col. Ian Hamilton of the Gordon Highlanders for conspicuous gallantry at the battle of Elandlaangie.

By common consent the British authorities give the palm for surpassing bravery to a private named Karamath who succeeded in bringing Colin Campbell to the relief of Lucknow. This deed has a parallel in the American army. In the year 1876, during the Sioux uprising, General Terry, whose camp was on the Big Horn, wished to communicate with General Cook on the Powder River. The country between the two commands was infested with hostile Sioux Indians. Trained phisicians, scouts who had been Indian fighters, all their lives, abandoned the courier task as hopeless. Then Private James Bell, Company E, Seventh Infantry, came forward and told General Terry that he would carry the dispatches. They gave Bell the papers and told him that he was going to his death. The scouts said "suicide." Bell said nothing, but went. He rode principally at night, hiding in the rocks. Twice he was within gunshot of stamping herds of the Indian ponies bearing their riders by his hiding place. A mishap from his horse's mount capture and death. Yet, Bell got through and gave Terry's message to Cook.

Some years ago when the Comanches, Cheyennes and Kiowas were on the war path along the Washita River, Texas, Sergeant Zachariah T. Woodhall, with four privates of Troop I, Sixth Cavalry, agreed to carry dispatches through the very heart of the redskins' country. The troopers were attacked by a band of 125 warriors of the allied tribes. Woodhall and his men held an advantageous place, with water and food and with an abundance of ammunition. They could have held off the pack probably until relief arrived, but Woodhall said to his men:

"These dispatches must go through." Accordingly, the little band set its way through the snarling herds. Woodhall was desperately wounded, but clinging to his horse and his dispatches and succeeded with his followers in reaching their destination. They pinned a medal of honor on his horse while it was hanging alongside his cot in the hospital.

Space forbids giving detailed accounts of the courageous deeds which won medals for other enlisted men in the United States army. There was Charles Boese, a musician. Who, though wounded himself, went out under a scathing fire and tended two wounded comrades. There was Sergeant Foreythe of the cavalry, who though dangerously wounded by the Indians, left cover and rescued his commanding officer, who had been shot down by the Sioux in the open. This Foreythe did under the direct fire of his rifles. There are some twenty-five other cases, all of them well worth the reading.

THE WONDERFUL GIFT.

What a wonderful Savior is ours! Indeed, it is surprising that we should have a Savior at all, but most wonderful is the expression of infinite love. For God so loved the world that he gave his only begotten Son, that whosoever believeth in him should not perish, but have everlasting life." Behold, what manner of love the Father hath bestowed upon us, that we should be called children of God! Behold what love—what kind of love—what an amount of it is this, considering the unworthy state and attitude the children of men were in by the disfiguring inroads and effects of sin, woe fully entailed upon us.

By him, the glorious Son of God, the worlds were made, and without him was not anything made that was made; and yet he is my Savior, my adorable Redeemer, my Ransom, my atoning Sacrifice. He it is who is my Master. I am his servant, and it is for the servant to know and understand what the will of the Lord is, and to do it from the heart, fearing not what man may do unto him. It is not only my bounden duty, but my highest privilege, to love and serve him with all my ransomed powers.

Words are mediums of expression, and Christ being the expression of God's love to the world of sinners lost, is therefore "the Word of God." Well might the prophet exclaim, "Unto us a child is born, unto us a son is given; and the government shall be upon his shoulder, and his name shall be called Wonderful, Counsellor, the Mighty

A KERNEL OF CORN.

"Oh, dear! There is something in my shoe!"

Mark limped along a few paces. Then he stopped; there was no use trying to hurry when something hurt like that.

So the boy seated himself on a big stone which lay by the roadside, and began unbuttoning his shoe. It was not a long task for only part of the buttons were fastened.

As his fingers moved, he looked round him. Along the side of the road the green grass was springing up, and only a little way from where Mark sat a cluster of hepaticas boldly held up their purple-blue cups. The buds on the trees were swelling. From afar off there came the cheery chirp of a robin.

"Summer will soon be here," Mark thought, his heart swelling with joy. "I will be so glad!"

By this time his shoe was off. He drew out the substance which had hurt his foot, and looked at it. It was neither a pebble nor a stick.

"It's nothing but a kernel of corn," Mark exclaimed, and was about to throw it away when a mellow little voice cried:

God, the Everlasting Father, the Prince of Peace" (Isa 9:6); for he is wonderful in every way we may view him—in his own nature and in his relation to us, the rebellious children of the Most High. He came to "seek and to save that which was lost." How marvellous his condescension!—William M. Wright.

PUSH 'EM UP.

It was a long, slippery, steep hill, covered with snow and ice, and the old darkey and the mule and the heavily-laden cart were toiling up. They were on the car track in the hope of making the climbing easier, but could only creep along; and then—here came the electric car whizzing up behind, with its changing bell and impatient passengers. When the car had come to a standstill behind him the old man got out as nimbly as his well-wrapped feet—two bundles of rags—would let him, and with his thin old coat blowing about in the sharp wind, vainly tried to urge the mule on. At last he called out, "Boss, dat mule can do no mo' den he is doin'. He's pullin', sah, with all his might."

There was some grumbling among the passengers. All at once an idea struck the conductor: "Let's hitch on and push 'em up the hill!"

So he told the old darkey to take his seat again, and slowly the electric car was moved up against the pole that projected from the cart's back. Then, with the electricity turned on, darkey and mule and cart were soon speeding up the hill. The mule pricked up his ears and expressed astonishment from his head to the tip of his tail, while the smile on the old darkey's face will long be remembered.

Be patient with the weary, the weak and the old. Whenever you have a chance, hitch on the electric car of your youth and strength and give them a push up the hill of life!—Mrs. E. Y. Mullins.

A PENCIL THAT BROUGHT FAME.

A pretty story going the rounds tells a little romance connected with the girlhood of Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett. The scene is laid in a little town away down in Tennessee.

Everybody in the little Tennessee town loved pretty Fanny Hodgson, including a young man who appeared to be staying in the neighborhood. He was considerably older than she. But the disparity between them was not so much one of years as of birth and station. This young man had been born to wealth and ease, while the father of Frances was a mechanic.

Young Burnett was small of stature and very lame. He became interested in the girl, and amused himself sometimes by talking with her when she brought a tin pail filled with blueberries to sell to his mother. It is a literal fact that the proceeds of her first blueberries were invested in the purchase of a lead pencil with which she wrote her first story. She took the story to the young man, and he told her how to touch it up here and there and put it into shape. It was a childish tale, but the young man recognized in it signs of talent, and he believed that the latter was well worth fostering. The girl burned with wonderful ease and rapidity. The young man's interest developed, and it was not long after that they were united in marriage. Very soon the couple went abroad. While Dr. Burnett perfected himself in his chosen profession the proceeds of the young wife's work went to help pay the expenses of her husband's higher studies. In "That Loss of Lovewick" Mrs. Burnett herself stands for the original of the pet girl whose rude, rough life was quickened and developed by love of the London engineer; for Derrick, says the knowing ones, simply read Burnett; for Joan, Fanny Hodgson.—Epworth Era.

I GAVE THEM MYSELF.

Said a mother to me one day: "When my children were young I thought the very best thing I could do for them was to give them myself. So I spared no pains to talk with them, to read to them, to teach them, to pray with them, to be a loving companion and friend to my children. I had to neglect my house often. I had no time to indulge myself in many things which I should have liked to do. I was so busy adoring their minds and cultivating their hearts' best affections that I could not adorn their bodies in fine clothes, though I kept them neat and comfortable at all times."

"I have my reward now. My sons are ministers of the Gospel; my grown up daughter a Christian woman. I have plenty of time now to sit down and rest, plenty of time to indulge myself, besides going about my Master's business whenever he has need of me. I have a thousand beautiful memories of their childhood to comfort me. Now that they have gone out into the world I have the sweet consciousness of having done all I could to make them ready for whatever work God calls them to do."—Life of Faith.

THE VALUE OF CHARCOAL.

Nearly everybody knows that charcoal is the safest and most efficient disinfectant and purifier in nature but few realize its value when taken into the human system for the same cleansing purpose.

Charcoal is a remedy that the more you take of it the better, it is not a drug at all, but simply absorbs the gases and impurities always present in the stomach and intestines and carries them out of the system.

Charcoal sweetens the breath after smoking, drinking or after eating onions and other odorous vegetables. Charcoal effectually clears and improves the complexion, it whitens the teeth and further acts as a natural and eminently safe cathartic.

It also absorbs the injurious gases which collect in the stomach and bowels; it detoxifies the mouth and throat from the poison of catarrh.

All druggists sell charcoal in one form or another, but probably the best charcoal and the most for the money is in Stuart's Absorbent Lozenges; they are composed of the finest powdered Willow charcoal, and other harmless antiseptics in tablet form or rather in the form of large, pleasant tasting lozenges, the charcoal being mixed with honey.

The daily use of these lozenges will soon tell in a much improved condition of the general health, better complexion, sweeter breath and purer blood, and the beauty of it is, that no possible harm can result from their continued use, but on the contrary great benefit.

A Buffalo physician in speaking of the benefits of charcoal, says: "I advise Stuart's Absorbent Lozenges to stomach and bowels, and to clear the complexion and purify the breath, mouth and throat; I also believe the liver is greatly benefited by the daily use of them, they cost but twenty-five cents a box at drug stores, and although in some sense a potent preparation yet I believe I get more and better charcoal in Stuart's Absorbent Lozenges than in any of the ordinary charcoal tablets."

Your Liver

Will be roused to its natural duties and your biliousness, headache and constipation be cured if you take

Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

PISO'S CURE FOR

COUGHS WHEN ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

CONSUMPTION

can remember. Now it is time for you to hurry on to school."

Mark rose. "What will I do with you?" I would not like to throw you away!"

"Thank you, Mark. The highest honor that can come to a grain is to be planted. Then it can produce many, many grains, and they each can produce as many more. There is a good place over there, especially if a boy will keep the weeds down."

Mark understood. "I will," he whispered, as he placed the kernel of corn in the moist brown earth. "I will see, Corn, that you have good care."—Advance.

"When I was a little boy," remarked an old gentleman, "somebody gave me a cucumber in a bottle. The neck of the bottle was small, and the cucumber so large that it wasn't possible for it to pass through, and I wondered how it got there. But out in the garden one day, I came upon a bottle slipped over a little green fellow that was still on the vine, and then I understood. The cucumber had grown in the bottle. I often see men with habits that I wonder any strong, sensible man could form, and then I think that likely they grew into them when they were young and cannot slip out of them now, they are like the cucumber. Look out for such bottles, boys!"

Children may be praised, but it should be done judiciously. On the other hand, when rebuke is necessary, let it be administered with discrimination. Rebuke must be had to time, place, temperament, and influence in parental government. Children must be dealt with kindly, soberly, cautiously, circumspciously, and wisely. They should be brought up to fear God, love right, recognize authority, and live virtuously and christianly. They should have the atmosphere of a godly, loving, cheery and helpful home, and everything should be done to make them useful as well as happy.—Exchange.

The Value of Charcoal.

Few People Know How Useful it is in Preserving Health and Beauty.

Nearly everybody knows that charcoal is the safest and most efficient disinfectant and purifier in nature but few realize its value when taken into the human system for the same cleansing purpose.

Charcoal is a remedy that the more you take of it the better, it is not a drug at all, but simply absorbs the gases and impurities always present in the stomach and intestines and carries them out of the system.

Charcoal sweetens the breath after smoking, drinking or after eating onions and other odorous vegetables. Charcoal effectually clears and improves the complexion, it whitens the teeth and further acts as a natural and eminently safe cathartic.

It also absorbs the injurious gases which collect in the stomach and bowels; it detoxifies the mouth and throat from the poison of catarrh.

All druggists sell charcoal in one form or another, but probably the best charcoal and the most for the money is in Stuart's Absorbent Lozenges; they are composed of the finest powdered Willow charcoal, and other harmless antiseptics in tablet form or rather in the form of large, pleasant tasting lozenges, the charcoal being mixed with honey.

The daily use of these lozenges will soon tell in a much improved condition of the general health, better complexion, sweeter breath and purer blood, and the beauty of it is, that no possible harm can result from their continued use, but on the contrary great benefit.

A Buffalo physician in speaking of the benefits of charcoal, says: "I advise Stuart's Absorbent Lozenges to stomach and bowels, and to clear the complexion and purify the breath, mouth and throat; I also believe the liver is greatly benefited by the daily use of them, they cost but twenty-five cents a box at drug stores, and although in some sense a potent preparation yet I believe I get more and better charcoal in Stuart's Absorbent Lozenges than in any of the ordinary charcoal tablets."

Your Liver

Will be roused to its natural duties and your biliousness, headache and constipation be cured if you take

Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

PISO'S CURE FOR

COUGHS WHEN ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

CONSUMPTION

THE HOME CIRCLE

By Andrew

After God had made And spread abroad And marked their "Here shall your And after he had And moulded the And clothed each And after he had way

The blazing sun, From his plastic And embellished With his perfect He looked on all And pronounced it Yet upon the land Fish in sea, and I And beaute upon I But for the sea, I And for the earth Nothing of life an That could answer And render homage

Then again God re And into this new Breathed the breeze And it became a I And to it gave the And gave it domin In size a thousa man

Exceeded him so speed Of fowl of air, an Myriads of nature Mocked man's fee Fly sea or on th tread

Why should he re In image of his M And caused to s feet

And on his bold, e Impressed the star Like copy of you Like His who spal done

Why should he no Impressed the star Like copy of you Like His who spal done

Which spake only Pertaining to the Of hunger, thirst, I But he never gave be

Aught else to be I In man awake to I And twinkled pro known

Nor thought, nor I The lion, king of I Arising from his the man

Behold his upright And catching fra soul

The gleam of pov Turned, vanishing Increased the y A-acknowledgment monster

He onward passed With careless paw That from the ear The man, observi And with exultati Thrust forth the Enjoyed its odor

Which other eye t A beauteous land Outspread afore hi But other eye th beheld

The ground, soft green, Had naught of be To the white-wo Nibbling the rich, With never a thou And as the day-g With early sheen

And purpled all th And bathed with t The forest leaves, The new-made hen dark-me sha And soft-throat'd Chirrup'd a sweet each

And twitter'd of th High-swung in for But never a trill The bill had budg Nor by whose po

The man awak'd, Kiss'd by the bea light, First upward gaze Then in wonder, an Soft thing of hea Why stir at waake Or hast thou life? Thou art the foot And is that blatin Which shone but a His children? and I Now aside to rest, By that strong lig Thyself canst shiv

OPIUM COCAINE AND WHISKY
 Habit Cured at my Sanator-ium, in 30 days. Hundreds of references. 25 years a specialist. Book on Home Treatment sent FREE. Address B. M. WOOLLEY, M. D., Atlanta, Ga.

PILES SPECIAL TREATMENT FREE.
 We will return \$300.00 and cure of Internal External Piles. Book on Home Treatment sent FREE. Write at once. Gorman Medical Co., 115 E. 34 St., Cincinnati, O.

BED-WETTING CURED
 Mrs. Dr. F. E. May, Box 114, Bloomington, Ill.

42 GETS A FIRST-CLASS SEWING MACHINE and the ADVOCATE 1 YEAR

Texas Christian Advocate

L. BLAYLOCK, Publisher

Office of Publication—Corner Ervay and Jackson Streets.

Published Every Thursday at Dallas, Texas

Entered at the Postoffice at Dallas, Texas, as Second-Class Mail Matter.

G. C. RANKIN, D. D., Editor

SUBSCRIPTION IN ADVANCE.

Table with subscription rates: ONE YEAR \$2.00, SIX MONTHS \$1.00, THREE MONTHS \$0.50, TO PREACHERS (Half Price) \$1.00

For advertising rates address the Publisher.

All ministers in active work in the M. E. Church, South, in Texas are agents and will receive and receive for subscriptions.

If any subscriber fails to receive the Advocate regularly and promptly, notify us at once by postal card.

Subscribers asking to have the direction of a paper changed should be careful to name not only the postoffice to which they wish it sent, but also the one to which it has been sent.

DISCONTINUANCE.—The paper will be stopped only when we are so notified and all arrears are paid.

BACK NUMBERS.—Subscriptions may begin at any time, but we can not undertake to furnish back numbers. We will do so when desired, if possible, but, as a rule, subscriptions must date from the current issue.

All remittances should be made by draft, postal money order, or express money order, express or registered letters. Money forwarded in any other way is at the sender's risk. Make all money orders, drafts, etc., payable to L. BLAYLOCK, Dallas, Texas.

DISTRICT CONFERENCES.

Table listing district conferences: San Angelo, Sherman, Paris, Houston, Breckinridge, Groesbeck, Palestine, Calvert, Calvert, Beaumont, Liberty, Georgetown, Marble Falls, Waco, Waco, Houston, West End, Galveston, San Augustine, Lufkin, Clarendon, Palestine, Austin, Eagle Lake, Sulphur Springs, Cooper, Palestine, Lumbard, Waco, Moody, Dallas, Hulse Star, Groesbeck, Lampasas, Llano, Llano, Pittsburg, Olney, McKinney, Blue Ridge, Marshall, Rockville, Brownwood, Goldsboro, Adilene, Midland, Vernon, Chillicothe, Waxahatchee, Grandview, Bonham, Lawrence, Taylor, Grand Saline, Huntsville, McMillan, Sherman, Pecos.

NORTH TEXAS MISSION CONFERENCE.

The mid-year session of the North Texas Mission Conference was held in Whitewright the 20th to the 22d inst. It was intended to make this more than the meeting of the Conference Mission Board, and quite an elaborate program was arranged. But from some cause or other those who had it in charge failed to give to the meeting any extensive advertising through the columns of the Advocate, and as a result it was not so largely attended as was hoped. Nevertheless quite a goodly number of the preachers and the laymen were promptly on hand, and the conference opened on schedule time. This writer and Bro. Everett of the Branch House, ran up on Tuesday morning and spent the better part of the day with them. The trip after the rain was very delightful. The air was balmy and bracing, and the green fields had a look of thrift and beauty about them. The wheat for the most part was destroyed by the green bugs, and so was the oat crop. But now and then we passed some fine fields of wheat and oats in full bloom that escaped the ravages of this pest. Those fields devastated had been prepared and put in cotton and corn, and these crops look flourishing. Such are the resources of our soil that if one crop fails on us as early as did the wheat and the oats, we can resort to another one and offset the loss. So it is in this instance. If the seasons continue, the corn and cotton will be luxuriant.

Whitewright is one of the best of our North Texas towns. It is situated on the line of the Katy Road, about eighty miles north of this city, in one of the most fertile sections of the

State. It has a population of nearly two thousand, and much wealth obtains. It has the modern improvements, and it is a local option community pure and simple. The Church influence dominates and the people are religious. Grayson College is under the management of Prof. F. E. Butler, who is a useful local preacher and a Vanderbilt man. The school is very flourishing, having enrolled more than three hundred pupils the past year. He has associated with him a number of competent teachers. We had the pleasure of dining with the good family of Bro. Butler, and a more hospitable board can not be found. The school is a great blessing to all of that country and vicinity.

When we reached Whitewright it was 11 o'clock, and Rev. C. A. Emmons, pastor at Bells, was in the pulpit reading his Scripture lessons. He came to us last year from the Southwest Missouri Conference, but he went from us to that conference about twenty years ago. We were associated with him in Missouri, during our two years' connection with that body. Bro. Emmons is a fine preacher, and we do not hesitate to say that his sermon at this Mission Conference was one of the most biblical, spiritual and earnest sermons that we have heard in months. He will prove one of our most useful and capable members. In the afternoon we were given the privilege to place before the brethren the claims of the Advocate as one of the leading agencies for the propagation of missionary intelligence. We were accorded a good hearing. After this, Bros. Monteale, Binkley, Bounds and Neely made appropriate addresses. Then Dr. J. H. Pritchett, one of our Missionary Secretaries, made a fine address on the principles underlying mission plans and methods. This closed the day's work. Dr. J. H. McLean was made chairman of the conference, and conducted its business with great satisfaction to the brethren. Dr. Neely, the pastor, made everybody feel at home. He is in favor with his people, and his health looks to be much better than at the late session of our Annual Conference. He is one of the best preachers in Texas Methodism, and as lovable a man as one wants to meet. He and his family occupy one of the best parsonages in the conference. It does the soul of this writer good to see our faithful preachers and their households thus provided for. Our visit, though brief, was to us very enjoyable, and we hope to repeat it at no distant day.

sign is Gothic. Carpets have been placed upon the pulpit and altar floors and down the approaches. The building is very attractive, and the pastor, Rev. A. F. Hendrix, and his family are happy in their work. They occupy one of the best parsonages in the conference. We were permitted to represent the Advocate at will, and the brethren heard us patiently. We had the pleasure of hearing a most excellent sermon from Rev. I. T. Stafford, of Montague. He is a scholarly man and a fine preacher. At night we preached to a house full of people, and hope that some good was done. We enjoyed the hospitality of Brother and Sister Jno. H. King. We also took tea with the family of J. H. Pickle, whom we knew at Sweetwater, Tenn., a long time ago. We were sorry to leave, but had to rush off in order to get to the Southwestern University commencement.

GAINESVILLE DISTRICT CONFERENCE.

Last week we ran up to Pilot Point to take in the Gainesville District Conference for a day and night. When we arrived it was in session, and Rev. J. L. Morris, the new presiding elder, was in the chair. He had it well organized and in good working order. He is very popular with his preachers and people. They love to hear him preach and to have him in their homes. His presence at the quarterly meetings draws a large congregation and inspires a deep interest. His district is well in hand. From the reports of the brethren, the finances are better up than usual at this season, and many of them have had good meetings. While the green bug has gotten in his work very generally throughout this section, nevertheless Brother Morris thinks that his district will very nearly pay out its claims this year. The preachers were nearly all present at the conference, and there was cheerfulness in their tone of voice. And many of the laymen were also there and taking much interest in the proceedings. The good people of the town gave to the delegates a warm welcome, and many of them were constant in their attendance upon the sessions, especially upon the public services. They had also put their house in order for the conference. The pulpit and the altar had been greatly improved and the woodwork of the entire interior had received a fresh coat of paint. The structure is of brick and the de-

home, be it ever so humble, there is no place like home." In the Advocate of May 23, by some hoens-pocus, the speeches of Bishop Keener and Dr. Palmer before the Missionary Conference at New Orleans were mixed. We reproduce Bishop Keener's speech in this issue of the Advocate. The Advocate is in receipt of the program of the Fort Worth District Sunday-School and Epworth League Conference, which will be held at Grapevine, June 18-20. A copy of the program may be obtained from P. N. Ingraham, District Secretary, Fort Worth, Texas. The Advocate regrets that it cannot find space for these district programs. At the late Missionary Conference at New Orleans, a cane made from a tree taken from the grave of John Wesley was presented by Bishop Hendrix to our venerable Bishop Keener in the presence of the great multitudes, and the New Orleans Advocate gives the following correct report of the response of the Bishop to the warm words of his younger colleague: As the King of Israel replied to Benhadad, "Tell him, Let him not that girdeth on his harness boast himself as he that putteth it off." After many years I am now putting off the battle harness. I was for twenty-six years on the firing-line, and have sent many of you to difficult almost impossible fields, and I am glad to see you yet alive. I learned during the war that I was greatly wanting in courage—indeed, physically a coward; therefore, there were many transfers and appointments that I ought to have made, which I lacked nerve to make. But we have now in my brethren, the present college of Bishops, men who have courage to wield the men demanded by the great fields of foreign and home work—leading them in person to the farthest Orient. I know no such body of heroes as the Methodist itinerants. I have sent many a man to a skeleton Church, and to many skeleton Churches—men that had but the merest skeleton of preaching power. The two skeletons, very near to being two spirits, succeeded as only men aided by the Spirit of God can succeed. Methodism moves forward wherever planted. The Lord said to Adam directly upon the Fall, "Because thou hast hearkened unto the voice of thy wife, and have eaten of the tree, cursed is the ground for thy sake," etc. An event which can not occur but the once, still, woman has her place in respect to the Church, as well as to the world, to be held in mind. She is very rich in sentiment, and has a wealth of loving sympathy, but she is more ambitious than man. She is his helper in doing all that is to be done in sending the Gospel to all lands, yet as the partner and aid of man. The Wesleyan women do a vast deal in raising the large sums of money given by the Wesleyans to their foreign work. The trouble is not yonder, but here at home; there are plenty of volunteers to go, and plenty of doors open, but the means are the want of the present hour. The man who can get one dollar out of every Church member is as great as the one that invented the steam engine. And this is the mistake in uniting missions; it destroys the esprit de corps of the Churches at home, which societies feel when they have their own representatives and missionaries abroad. I thank God that I have lived to see this great assembly, and to receive the hearty greeting of hundreds of laymen, and the veterans and strong young men that now make up our ministry. I have gone in and out among you since 1842. What a noble body of great spirits have I lived with in this labor of love! When we separate we shall know where at last to find each other. Everything about this meeting gives me pleasure, and I congratulate the Missionary Secretaries upon its grand success. It is said that every box of ointment, however precious, has a fly in it. Well, let it be so; one fly, or maybe two flies—that does not affect the delightful fragrance which diffuses itself through the house, or through the church, or as the costly alabaster of Mary, throughout the world.

THE INTERNATIONAL EPWORTH LEAGUE CONFERENCE.

The approaching International Epworth League Conference will be held in San Francisco next July, and the Leaguers on the coast are making extended preparations for a great time. That the trip is an inviting one nobody will question. To sweep through the plains and over the mountains to the Pacific Ocean is a temptation hard to resist, especially as the rates are so arranged as to bring such a journey within the reach of thousands of young people. It will be the opportunity of a lifetime to see the country and come into contact with the different phases of our civilization and culture. Nevertheless, we must confess that we do not have much patience with the purposes and aims of the International Epworth League Conference. Such gatherings are not qualified to help educate our young people in many matters pertaining to our own distinctive work. As a great junketing expedition, affording a rare opportunity for youthful frolic and fun, the affair will be a decided success, but the spiritual aspect of it will not be of sufficient importance to justify the outlay. Besides this, it will involve a wonderful responsibility. To pack hundreds of young people into cars, carry them across the continent and turn them loose for several days in a great Western city is not without its perils. Then, too, our Northern brethren will mix the color question to their hearts' content, and do it in a way not very palatable to Southern taste. When one gets in California, there is no color line, and hotels, sleeping cars, convention halls and restaurants are just as free to negroes as to white people. Hence the young people from our Church will find themselves very often embarrassed at the International Conference at San Francisco. Besides these objectional features, our young people will spend on this trip more than enough money to put the Era and the general office at Nashville so securely upon their feet as to make them self-sustaining from this time forward. Yes, from all over the South, our Leaguers will flow in thousands and thousands of dollars on this trip to the golden shore. Yet thousands of them are not subscribers to the Era, and are doing but comparatively little to promote real Epworth League work. Yet they will go on this international expedition of pleasure and sight-seeing in the name of the Master! Well, inasmuch as they are determined to go, we wish them a happy and a safe journey; but we see no real spiritual good to come of it. The trip will be replete with recreation and the scenery will be inspiring, but we predict that the conference part of it will leave an unpleasant flavor in the taste of our Southern boys and girls. And the cost of the enterprise will leave scores of them where they will not feel like helping forward any Church enterprise for the next year. And while they are gone, many fathers and mothers will spend anxious nights and thoughtful days until their children return. For boys and girls "There is no place like

has removed her place of abode to Georgetown. We are sure the good people of Seguin part with her reluctantly and that the people of Georgetown will receive her gladly. Rev. L. W. Carlton, of Ferris, was in Dallas this week and did not overlook the Advocate. Rev. Jesse Willis, of With Point Mission, en route to Georgetown, called on the Advocate this week. We very much appreciate a kind letter from Rev. J. E. Stephens, of Claude. He is one of the best friends that the Advocate has. Rev. T. W. Rogers, who is glad to note, is improving in health. He was in Dallas the past week, and made the Advocate a pleasant call. Rev. G. A. LeClere, presiding elder of the Houston District, will hereafter reside in Alvin, Texas, having removed from Houston to that point. Rev. E. A. Smith is still in Dallas with his little daughter, who is under medical treatment. We are glad to note some improvement in her condition. We appreciate a kind visit from Rev. R. C. Hicks and his little daughter, Virgie May, last week. Bro. Hicks has been helping Rev. Marvin Nichols in a meeting at Trinity, this city. Dr. Lebaume Elliott, one of the oldest practicing physicians in this city, passed away last week. He was a leading member of Floyd Street Church and one of the best men we ever knew. We are pleased to have had a call from Rev. T. J. Duncan and his accomplished daughter last week. They were in the city on business, and paid their respects to us. Miss Duncan has just returned from Boston, where she took a course of training in voice culture, expression and elocution. She attended the Curry School of Oratory. She will soon open a studio in this city and instruct classes. A CARD. To the Ministers and Members of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South: Dear Brethren—The office of Book Agent of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, was not sought or solicited by me originally, and when it was tendered to me by the Book Committee I hesitated before consenting to accept it. Three times since, though never directly or indirectly solicited any man's vote, I have been re-elected to the same position by the General Conference. It would be strange indeed if I failed to appreciate such tokens of continued confidence. During this whole period, without turning to the right hand or to the left I have given myself, up to the full measure of my ability, to my official duties. At no time and in no way have I had any other object in view than to discharge my obligations in the fear of God; my aims and my motives being at all times free from any taint of selfishness or self-seeking. I have now entered upon the final year of the quadrennium for which I was last elected, and am fully aware that this office does not even contingently belong to me for the next quadrennium. It might, therefore, be proper for me to do as I have always done heretofore—namely, maintain an attitude of silence concerning my future. But I hope I shall not be regarded as delicate or immodest in saying to my friends everywhere not to think of me nor to use my name in connection with another election. There are thousands of dear friends who have stood by me with absolute and unwavering loyalty, while a few have dealt with me in a harsh and unbrotherly manner. For the first I have abounding love and gratitude; for the second I have not the least ill feeling. But continued agitation disturbs the peace of the Church which I love better than my own life; therefore I sincerely repeat the request made above. Without the least malice toward any person, indeed with charity for all, I am, most respectfully, J. B. BARBEE.

ECUMENICAL DELEGATES.

A Correction. By a clerical error, Bishop Hargrove, Secretary of the College of Bishops, omitted from the list of delegates to the Ecumenical Conference, officially furnished me for publication, the names of the Rev. John O. Willson, D. D., of the South Carolina Conference, and of the Rev. J. C. Simmons, D. D., of the Pacific Conference. The names of both these honored brethren, I am informed, were on the list as first appointed by the Bishops. Bishop W.

TEXAS PERSONALS.

Bro. S. L. Green, of Celeste, was a pleasant caller at the Advocate office this week. Mrs. A. M. Ireland, for so many years a resident of Seguin, Texas,

W. Duncan also possible for his Ecumenical. W the published it the Methodist E has a full repr (70) delegates, general meeting

Secretary of

Those whose lished as dele Conference in and who find will please give College of Bish before the midd

Secretary of t

BOO

"The First I by George Ho L., Professor o ology in Chic nary, and publ Company, New and scholarly effort to read thoroughness, answers a singl namely "What of the epistles teach concerni takes up the P amines them v point. The su are: "Man's No Earthly Work trance into the ment of the N tion of the New in Christ for t the Body of C summation of t these subjects, thor, make up a and interesting ters upon the e nor writers of James, Peter, takes their te same analytica closes his volu teresting chap tion Manual of in the Conflict, Conflict," and " flict. These ch the writings of are made to c the literature o is one of the m received in qui fice.

"Twentieth Problems," by I lar, of Hendrix by Hinds & Nol he observed th a Southern man of our leading e He is also a m The subject wh preme importa this title sho thoughts to ma who has his he heart in the h already the ke new century, w mation, and to tion he longs t best. Will suel The preacher, I will ask himsel will answer so tions which he help his young to decide, hi more and more tion of getting with ever incre legislator must lems, and they too, with even t The citizen can it is the subject to the welfare their children. lems which eng book may be in ter titles: I T and State to Ed nine University cerning the Uni Toward the Un Development of trated, VI. The lege; VII. Opt College; VIII. IX. Relation of College.

We offer One E of any case of cured by Hall's F. J. CHENEY & Co. We, the unders Cheney for the b him perfectly h transactions and out any obligatio WEST & TRU'A Toledo, O WASHINGTON, KI Wholesale Drug Hall's Catarah acting directly u cous surfaces of per bottle. Sold i monials free. Hall's Family P

ed her place of abode to... We are sure the good Seguin part with her...

V. Carleton, of Ferris, was his week and did not over-troate.

Wills, of Wills Point Mis- te to Georgetown, called on e this week.

much appreciate a kind let- ter. J. E. Stephens, of Claude, is one of the best friends that the...

V. Rogers, we are glad to be in health. He was in the past week, and made the pleasant call.

Chere, presiding elder of the District, will hereafter in Texas, having removed to that point.

Smith is still in Dallas as daughter, who is under treatment. We are glad to hear of improvement in her condi-

date a kind visit from Rev. and his little daughter, last week. Bro. Hicks has Rev. Marvin Nichols in Trinity, this city.

me Elliott, one of the old- est physicians in this city, last week. He was a leader of Floyd Street Church, the best men we ever knew.

leased to have had a call from J. Duncan and his accom- panies last week. They were in business, and paid their dues. Miss Duncan has just returned from Boston, where she took training in voice culture, and elocution. She attended the School of Oratory. She is in a studio in this city and...

A CARD.

sters and Members of the Episcopal Church, South. ren—The office of Book is the Methodist Episcopal was not sought or so- originally, and when it to me by the Book Com- mitted before consenting to three times since, though ly or indirectly soliciting etc. I have been re-elected position by the General It would be strange in- led to appreciate such to- tinned confidence.

is whole period, without the right hand or to the given myself, up to the of my ability, to my off- At no time and in no way any other object in view large my obligations in the my aims and my motives times free from any taint or self-seeking.

w entered upon the final quadrennium for which I ed, and am fully aware ee does not even contin- to me for the next quad- night, therefore, be propo- do as I have always done namely, maintain an atti- ce concerning my future. shall not be regarded in- modest in saying to my where not to think of my name in connection with ion.

thousands of dear friends ood by me with absolute- ing loyalty, while a few th me in a harsh and un- nner. For the first I have ve and gratitude; for the e not the least ill feeling, d agitation disturbs the hurch which I love better life; therefore I sincerely quest made above.

least malice toward any d with charity for all. I pectfully.

J. D. BARBER.

ICAL DELEGATES.

l Correction. d error, Bishop Hargrove, the College of Bishops, the list of delegates to cal Conference, officially e for publication, the Rev. John O. Willson, South Carolina Confer- the Rev. J. C. Simmons, Pacific Conference. The these honored brethren, I were on the list as first the Bishops. Bishop W.

W. Duncan also writes that his con- ference assignments will make it im- possible for him to be present at the Ecumenical. With these corrections of the published list, it will be found that the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, has a full representation of seventy (70) delegates, as apportioned at the general meeting in New York.

JNO. J. TIGERT, Secretary of the Western Section.

Those whose names have been pub- lished as delegates to the Ecumenical Conference in London, September next, and who find it impossible to attend, will please give me as Secretary of the College of Bishops notice of this fact before the middle of June.

R. K. HARGROVE, Secretary of the College of Bishops.

BOOK REVIEW.

"The First Interpreters of Jesus," by George Holley Gilbert, Ph.D., D. D., Professor of New Testament Theology in Chicago Theological Seminary, and published by the McMillan Company, New York. This is a strong and scholarly book, well worth the effort to read it and digest it with thoroughness. The author asks and answers a single question in this book, namely: "What do the writers of all of the epistles of the New Testament teach concerning Christ?" First, he takes up the Pauline Epistles and examines them very critically upon this point. The subjects under this head are: "Man's Need of a Messiah," "The Earthly Work of the Messiah," "Development of the New Life," "Manifestation of the New Life," "God's Purpose in Christ for the Race," "The Church the Body of Christ," and "The Consummation of the Messiah's Kingdom." These subjects, as treated by the author, make up a series of most learned and interesting chapters. Then he enters upon the examination of the minor writers of the epistles, such as James, Peter, Jude and John, and takes their testimony through the same analytical process. Then he closes his volume with four most interesting chapters upon "The Christian Manual of Arms," "Participants in the Conflict," "Development of the Conflict," and "The Issues of the Conflict." These chapters are drawn from the writings of the Apocalypse, and are made to contribute their part to the literature of this subject. The book is one of the most thoughtful volumes received in quite a while at this office.

"Twentieth Century Educational Problems," by President Alex. C. Millar, of Hendrix College, and published by Hinds & Noble, New York. It will be observed that President Millar is a Southern man, and has charge of one of our leading educational institutions. He is also a minister in our Church. The subject which he treats is of supreme importance. A book bearing this title should suggest many thoughts to many minds. The teacher who has his heart in his work has his heart in the hope, too, that progress, already the keynote of the glorious new century, will also be its consummation, and toward that consummation he longs to contribute his loyal best. Will such a book help him? The preacher, being also a teacher, will ask himself whether such a book will answer some of the many questions which he must be prepared to help his young men and young women to decide, his charges, upon whom more and more in these days the question of getting an education presses with ever increasing insistence. The legislator must confront these problems, and they are pressing upon him, too, with even more dogged insistence. The citizen can not escape the issue—it is the subject of moment most vital to the welfare of his children and their children. The particular problems which engage the author of our book may be inferred from the chapter titles: I. The Relation of Church and State to Education; II. The Genuine University; III. Opinions Concerning the University; IV. Progress Toward the University Idea; V. The Development of the University Illustrated; VI. The Province of the College; VII. Opinions Concerning the College; VIII. The Typical College; IX. Relation of Public High School to College.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward of any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm. WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. W. A. LINDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 25c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

SPECIALISTS AND SPECIALISM

(Continued from page one.)

selecting their successors, even Omnipotence is limited to the material on hand. Some of the results are that we have sermonizers, who labor earnestly until the mechanism of their productions are without a flaw. We have social successes, who can meet graciously every member of their vast congregations, either on the street, in the public assembly, or at the social function. We have musical directors, who can successfully manage that unmanageable aggregation called "a church choir," and thereby produce sounds that will keep even the bald-headed man of large avoirdupois awake on a sultry day. We have doctors of divinity who can bring soothing sleep to even a nervous woman who knows that there is something wrong with her back hair. We have evangelists who, having failed to succeed in the life of the slums, now entertain audiences that have had no such experience, by relating anecdotes of the doings of themselves and their former associates.

Then there are the commercial classes. The time was when men of honor, integrity, intelligence and industry builded up great commercial institutions, whose good name and fame were a guaranty of safety in the uttermost parts of the earth. Among them were those who, when the day of misfortune came, stepped out of homes of luxury and gave all they had to meet their obligations, and then they would go forth to lead a life of toil and hardship, in order to meet the remaining deficit. Now we have specialists who can take the name and obtain credit therefor, and on the strength of the same accumulate "portable property" which they put away in a safe place, so that when the creditor comes they can laugh at his demand for payment. There are others who can take a large number of small concerns, which make only a small profit, bind them together, double their capitalization and raise the price on their products, and thereby make millions out of hundreds. There are still others who can take a quiet, old, steady-going community, whip it into a frenzy of speculation, increase the price of property by leaps and bounds until the wealth of all becomes fabulous, and then, when the bubble bursts, the boomer is gone and so are the hoarded shekels of the home-folks. There are still others who can take the crops of the world and produce a shortage or surplus at will, although it may destroy and bring to naught the labor of those who in sunshine and cold have toiled the weary year around. Such as these we call the Napoleons of finance.

Look at the laborer. Maybe he was rude and rough in the olden times, but there was kindness in his heart, love of home and country, and kith and kin. Beside the upward road was always open and the better man was entitled to the better place and the better wage. The strong man struggled to make himself master of every branch of the business in which he was employed, so that the day might come when, worth having won its way, the employe should become the employer. Now, under the specialty system, when a man learns only an infinitesimal part of the trade, he learns that perfectly maybe, but that, and that alone, is his limit. The success of the business is not his success. His industry, his intelligence, do not bring their due reward. He is held on an equality with his fellows. If shorter hours of labor come, they come to all alike. If an increase in the wage scale is made, it is an equal and uniform increase. His organization—his union—is a great power, but it is largely a machine. Its results may be, and doubtless are, beneficial to his class, taken as a whole, but he is a minor factor in it. His individuality is lost. He may be, and oftentimes is, noble and true, loving and kind. His heart may swell with ambition. His intellect may reach out and long after things he has not, but the opportunities do not come. His sphere is circumscribed. His hopes must be given up. His ambition must wither.

Thus goes the world's specialism. Year by year the horizon of the vision of its votaries is contracted. That wisdom which drives one to strive after the power to penetrate the hidden secrets of nature is lulled into dreamless sleep. One thing, however, they possess in common. It is a desire for wealth and the power that wealth gives. There may be nobility in the desire for power, but a desire for a power that comes from wealth is vulgar and degrading. It is not like the power of intellect that pierces the veil which obstructs the view of every man. It is not like the power of love, that draws humanity like a magnet. It is not like the power of kindness that holds and consoles the wounded spirit, but it is that gross, obtruding, offensive power that simply controls because it may.

But specialism has invaded a far more dangerous field. It may be dan-

gerous to turn the mental faculties in search of one thing, and one thing only. This is insignificant in its results when compared with the danger of developing one part of the complex nature of man and neglecting the other, and this latter is just what has been the tendency of American civilization during many years. Universal education is a great conception, but to be great, education must be used in its broadest sense. It must lead naturally and upwardly the entire man. It must not be confined to the intellect alone. It will not be sufficient if you add to that culture a physical manhood. You may raise up a people to almost perfection in mental and physical culture and yet have a nation that is ruined. This is our danger. We have been developing the mental faculties of our people. We have spent millions to accomplish that purpose, but we have neglected to educate, cultivate and develop the moral natures. The result is our people are out of balance. Their moral development is not equal to their mental. The condition might be reversed. In fact, history discloses instances where it has been. The Puritans who burned witches and enacted the blue laws were fair examples. But mental culture is easier and by many is thought to be more preferable. The American has taken the easier way. The result is a natural one. We have produced many intellectual people, who have no appreciation of the proper standard of right and wrong, except that of the law. For the State to do or permit this is specialism gone mad, for there can be no perfect manhood without the highest moral culture, and the best type of citizenship can not be produced without it. No government can live permanently that is not based upon it. It can have no such basis unless the people individually possess it. The people may be ignorant but moral, patriotic and brave; the government may stand in the storm of the centuries. They may be intelligent, patriotic and brave, but deficient or depraved in morals and their government will be marked for destruction. The world presents no exception to these rules. Knowing this it is strange we do not guard against it more surely than we are doing. Society will shut its eyes to a defect in morals, but will not tolerate a defect in intelligence, yet the very existence of society depends upon the moral code. The State will issue certificates of moral character to its teachers without special examination or investigation as to what they know of the moral law, but it will require a careful and thorough examination as to their intellectual qualifications. This, too, although the good of the State depends more upon the first than upon the last, and this, too, although the greater proportion of the expenditures of the government to keep order grows out of defective moral culture. Of all defects in our civilization this stands in the first rank. Here is the greatest danger to the Republic. We have a high average of intelligence. We have a fair physical development. Our material resources are practically without limit. Our application of the principles of science to utilitarian purposes surpasses that of all other peoples. We are the inheritors of the virtues of all the nations and races that have gone before us. All things considered, we are probably the greatest world power of our day. The human mind dare not place a limit upon what we may aspire to accomplish. We have many of the greatest and best men the world has ever produced. The specialists to whom I have referred are not in the majority and we must make it impossible for them to ever be so. What we need is a crusade in favor of the cultivation of that portion of human nature the code of which must be the Golden Rule. When a nation gets to a point that a large portion of its population will appreciate the base-born vulgarity and do unto the other fellow as he would do unto you but "do it first," then it is time to sound the note of warning. It is time to investigate to see what is wrong with our system of education. A higher grade of culture is required, not the teaching of a stricter observance of straight-lined iron-clad rules, but a culture that will develop a greater love for honesty, for integrity, for honor and for humanity—the culture that gets away from the idea, that wealth and power are to be sought after more than love and sympathy, that destroys the opinion that obedience to the criminal code is a proof of honesty, or that the observance of the civil code is the evidence of honor. We need to cultivate more love for truth, because it is an infallible guide; for integrity, because it is the preserver of all virtues; for purity, because it is the elixir that sustains the life that will never die.

gerous to turn the mental faculties in search of one thing, and one thing only. This is insignificant in its results when compared with the danger of developing one part of the complex nature of man and neglecting the other, and this latter is just what has been the tendency of American civilization during many years. Universal education is a great conception, but to be great, education must be used in its broadest sense. It must lead naturally and upwardly the entire man. It must not be confined to the intellect alone. It will not be sufficient if you add to that culture a physical manhood. You may raise up a people to almost perfection in mental and physical culture and yet have a nation that is ruined. This is our danger. We have been developing the mental faculties of our people. We have spent millions to accomplish that purpose, but we have neglected to educate, cultivate and develop the moral natures. The result is our people are out of balance. Their moral development is not equal to their mental. The condition might be reversed. In fact, history discloses instances where it has been. The Puritans who burned witches and enacted the blue laws were fair examples. But mental culture is easier and by many is thought to be more preferable. The American has taken the easier way. The result is a natural one. We have produced many intellectual people, who have no appreciation of the proper standard of right and wrong, except that of the law. For the State to do or permit this is specialism gone mad, for there can be no perfect manhood without the highest moral culture, and the best type of citizenship can not be produced without it. No government can live permanently that is not based upon it. It can have no such basis unless the people individually possess it. The people may be ignorant but moral, patriotic and brave; the government may stand in the storm of the centuries. They may be intelligent, patriotic and brave, but deficient or depraved in morals and their government will be marked for destruction. The world presents no exception to these rules. Knowing this it is strange we do not guard against it more surely than we are doing. Society will shut its eyes to a defect in morals, but will not tolerate a defect in intelligence, yet the very existence of society depends upon the moral code. The State will issue certificates of moral character to its teachers without special examination or investigation as to what they know of the moral law, but it will require a careful and thorough examination as to their intellectual qualifications. This, too, although the good of the State depends more upon the first than upon the last, and this, too, although the greater proportion of the expenditures of the government to keep order grows out of defective moral culture. Of all defects in our civilization this stands in the first rank. Here is the greatest danger to the Republic. We have a high average of intelligence. We have a fair physical development. Our material resources are practically without limit. Our application of the principles of science to utilitarian purposes surpasses that of all other peoples. We are the inheritors of the virtues of all the nations and races that have gone before us. All things considered, we are probably the greatest world power of our day. The human mind dare not place a limit upon what we may aspire to accomplish. We have many of the greatest and best men the world has ever produced. The specialists to whom I have referred are not in the majority and we must make it impossible for them to ever be so. What we need is a crusade in favor of the cultivation of that portion of human nature the code of which must be the Golden Rule. When a nation gets to a point that a large portion of its population will appreciate the base-born vulgarity and do unto the other fellow as he would do unto you but "do it first," then it is time to sound the note of warning. It is time to investigate to see what is wrong with our system of education. A higher grade of culture is required, not the teaching of a stricter observance of straight-lined iron-clad rules, but a culture that will develop a greater love for honesty, for integrity, for honor and for humanity—the culture that gets away from the idea, that wealth and power are to be sought after more than love and sympathy, that destroys the opinion that obedience to the criminal code is a proof of honesty, or that the observance of the civil code is the evidence of honor. We need to cultivate more love for truth, because it is an infallible guide; for integrity, because it is the preserver of all virtues; for purity, because it is the elixir that sustains the life that will never die.

MORTUARY.

Under date of May 22 Rev. J. H. Wiseman, presiding elder of Vernon District, sends the following sad intelligence. The prayers and sympathies of his brethren will go out to Bro. Summers in his great affliction.

"We buried Sister Summers to-day, the wife of Bro. H. G. Summers, P. C. of Throckmorton."

Summer Complaints
DYSENTERY, DIARRHOEA,
CHOLERA MORBUS

Taking the Radway's Ready Relief in water will in a few moments cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Malarial Fevers, Sick Headache, Colic, Flatulency and all Internal Pains.

Externally for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Sprains, Bruises, Mosquito Bites, Stings of Insects, Sun-burns, Burns, Toothache, Headache, Pains in the Back, the application of

POSTOFFICE ADDRESSES.
Rev. T. W. Rogers, 1028 Evans Avenue, Fort Worth, Texas.
Rev. G. A. LeClere, Alvin, Texas.

BRIEF NOTES

H. G. H.

Bro. W. H. H. Biggs pretends to want light. It's the scalp of the other fellow he wants. The discussion of the crucifixion necessity theory for the past two hundred years reminds me of Bill Arp's railroad, "Forty miles short and two hours long." The discussion has been forty facts short and two hundred years long.

Most heartily do we commend your editorial on church entertainments. I have seen their damaging effect for years, and yet our people are forever learning and never come to knowledge. When the Epworth League goes into the show business it had better be abandoned. This comes of worldly-minded people of immature experience running Church business.

I infer from your editorial that the Epworth Era financially has to be supported from a fund belonging by constitutional law to the widows and orphans and worn-out preachers. This is putting upon the people a double or triple tax for those claimants—the regular collection necessarily increased by the tax for Epworth League department and the incidental involvements in years past of the Publishing House.

For years we have been of the opinion that every Church paper should be self-supporting or be abandoned. That is the only principle upon which the newspapers of the land are run. For the Church to practice any contrary, dishonest policy is worthy of condemnation. The people should and will object to this double tax, and for it to be collected under the plea of benevolence to widows and orphans is an outrage.

The entire M. E. Church, South, was assessed the past year \$110,000 for Church extension; collected \$67,505.28, which is only 61 1/2 per cent of the assessment. Read carefully the Corresponding Secretary's report in Nashville Advocate of May 23 and see why it is many churches must be denied donations.

While the great Missionary Conference was in session—while Bishop Gal- loway was raising \$50,000 for education in China—while the devil is trying to upset the heaven and the earth of Christ's kingdom—for another great Christian body of men to be discussing fornication, election and the damnation of infants, is appalling!

For \$200 to be spent alone for Methodist parsonages in Seguin in the past four months is not a bad showing; and then for \$7000 more to go into a new German Methodist church here in the next six months looks well for the religious element of Seguin. And the citizens propose to increase the size and facilities of their already splendid school building ready for next session. Annual Conferences have been held here since 1849—ten sessions up to date, including one for the whole State and those of the M. E. Church, North; and these conferences have had a marked effect in toning up things in this city. Bishop Paine once rode horseback from Houston to Seguin to hold a conference. During its session he ordained I. G. John to the ministry, Robert Alexander and Chauncey Richardson assisting him.

MORTUARY.

Under date of May 22 Rev. J. H. Wiseman, presiding elder of Vernon District, sends the following sad intelligence. The prayers and sympathies of his brethren will go out to Bro. Summers in his great affliction.

"We buried Sister Summers to-day, the wife of Bro. H. G. Summers, P. C. of Throckmorton."

Summer Complaints
DYSENTERY, DIARRHOEA,
CHOLERA MORBUS

Taking the Radway's Ready Relief in water will in a few moments cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Malarial Fevers, Sick Headache, Colic, Flatulency and all Internal Pains.

Externally for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Sprains, Bruises, Mosquito Bites, Stings of Insects, Sun-burns, Burns, Toothache, Headache, Pains in the Back, the application of

POSTOFFICE ADDRESSES.
Rev. T. W. Rogers, 1028 Evans Avenue, Fort Worth, Texas.
Rev. G. A. LeClere, Alvin, Texas.

Bad Blood
Breeds Humors

Bolls, Pimples, Eruptions, Sores, Debility, Languor, Kidney Troubles, Indigestion and That Tired Feeling.

All of which Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures, by purifying, enriching and vitalizing the blood.

Blood troubles, left unchecked, increase and multiply just as naturally as the weeds and thistles infesting the soil.

They need the same radical treatment, too.

They should be rooted out in Spring.

HOOD'S
Sarsaparilla

Stops the breeding of disease germs and impurities in the blood.

It also imparts vitality and richness, and that means a strong, vigorous body as well as a clear healthy skin.

You will look better and feel better if you begin taking Hood's Sarsaparilla TODAY. It

Purifies
The Blood

As nothing else can.

"My son had pimples on his face which after a while became a mass of sores.

I began giving him Hood's Sarsaparilla and soon the sores were getting better.

"They finally healed without leaving a scar." Mrs. L. THURK, 7 Willow Avenue, Hudson, N. J.

Epworth Organs are easy to buy. Illustration of an organ.

WANTED!

A first grade of... of the best... of the United States, with eight years successful experience, desires a position for the next available year.

Qualifications—Excellent English Reading and Spelling Ability. References at Request.

MISS W., Box 26, Alvin, Matagorda Co., Texas.

STUTTERING CURED

In Houston, Texas. 118 Main Street.

We are pleased to announce... of the best... of the United States, with eight years successful experience, desires a position for the next available year.

YOU'RE LOSING. Illustration of a person losing weight.

A good thing over time you will see showing of... of the best... of the United States, with eight years successful experience, desires a position for the next available year.

When you see the P. & O. NAME PLATE on buttons on the floor of your merchant you will know that it stands for P. L. VALLEY and a good good name to quality. Look for it.

Write for our new Vehicle Catalogue which will be sent free to any address.

PARLIN & ORENDORFF CO., DALLAS, TEXAS.

Better Than Oil!

For Fifteen Hundred Dollars you can own a choice piece of real estate, property in Georgetown, Texas. Well located and in good condition. A REAL BARGAIN. If you are interested, call on or write to S. Sherman at Georgetown, or JOHN R. SMITH, Mortons, Texas.

HE GETS A FIRST-CLASS SEWING MACHINE and the ADVOCATE 1 YEAR.

Sunday-School Department.

SECOND QUARTER, LESSON 10, JUNE 9.

JESUS APPEARS TO PAUL.

Acts 22:6-15.

Golden Text: "I was not disobedient to the heavenly vision."—Acts 26:19.

From the International Sunday-school Evangel we take the following:

Paul rebelled greatly, in addressing Jewish audiences, upon the narration of the circumstances which led to his conversion to Christianity. This is illustrated in the present lesson, in which he addressed a mob that had just crowded up the stairs of the Castle of Antonia, seeking to wrest him from the Roman officers and put him to death. It was repeated not many days later, when he made his defense before Agrippa and an assembly of Jewish assessors (Acts 26). And no doubt in the course of his missionary journeys, speaking as he did very often in synagogues to Jewish assemblies, he repeated again and again the wonderful way in which God arrested him and turned him from a persecutor into an apostle. His feeling evidently was that a statement of the causes which led to his conversion to Christianity ought to be a sufficient justification and defense before his countrymen, and a basis of strong appeal to them to accept the gospel which he preached. In the instance recorded in the lesson the story failed in its purpose, as probably any appeal to such an audience must have failed. Before Agrippa it made a profound impression, though no specific conversion of any one is recorded. But we may be sure that by that story of his conversion, Paul sinned many disciples for his Master. And still the testimony of those who have been, in various ways, Christ conquered, is perhaps the strongest argument for Christianity and the most potent persuasive to the Christian life.

Why was Paul converted in the way he was? The easiest answer is to say that he could not have been converted in any other way. But that is only a conjecture. When God selects a given method it is not implied thereby that it is the only method, but that for his purposes it is the best. What we know is that the influence brought to bear upon Paul were extraordinary. So far as we know they have never been repeated in the case of any other human being. It seems to me that the extraordinary influences and manifestations attending the conversion of Paul are best accounted for by the extraordinary mission to which he was called. He was to be an apostle. On Peter's mission before the day of Pentecost had come (Acts 1:15-26), they had chosen Matthias by lot to fill the place in the company of the twelve apostles made vacant by the treason and death of Judas. Most likely, however, that was a human selection, not God's. But God selected Paul. One of the tests of apostleship was that the apostle should personally have seen the Lord. In this appearance of Jesus to Paul this condition was met, and he never questioned his apostleship (1 Cor. 11:5). Paul was to be the first bearer of the gospel to the Gentiles, and in the discharge of his commission he would encounter the wrath and antagonism of both the Jewish and the Gentile worlds. His life was to be one long struggle with the mightiest forces which antagonized the kingdom of Christ. For that struggle he was strengthened by that overwhelming vision which left him thereafter no ground for doubt. It was a vision that never faded from his memory, and to which he was never disobedient.

It is essential that we understand what kind of a man Paul was before his conversion—that is, what kind of a man morally. He was highly educated, we know; he was a scholar of the finest culture; he was a Jew of the most orthodox sort, and he had the natural qualities for command and leadership. But all this tells us nothing of his moral character. Too much stress has been put upon Paul's words, "I have lived in all good conscience before God until this day," and his other words concerning his persecution. "I verily thought with myself that I ought to do many things contrary to the name of Jesus of Nazareth" (Acts 26:9), and "I obtained mercy, because I did it ignorantly in unbelief" (1 Tim. 1:13). Bigots and persecutors in all times have felt the same. But bigotry and intolerance are sins. A man's conscience has its roots in a very bad soil when it prompts him to trample on the consciences of his fellow-men. The fact is, as he himself confesses, Paul was an ultra Pharisee, and we know from Christ's words concerning them what the character of the Pharisee was. In his own eyes Paul, in those old bad days, was "the chief of sinners." God forgave him, but Paul never forgave himself.

Epworth League Department.

Topic for June 9: "How to Enter Christ's Family."—Matt. 12:46-50.

(Topic outlined in Era of May 23.) Reference Word: Brother.—Prov. 17:17, 1 John 2:19; 4:21.

Daily Bible Readings: Sunday—Genealogy in Matthew; Matt. 1:1-16. Monday—Genealogy in Luke; Luke 3:23-38. Tuesday—Of the Seed of Abraham; Heb. 2:9-18. Wednesday—The Birth of Jesus; Luke 2:7-20. Thursday—Spiritual Genealogy; Heb. 1. Friday—The Family of Christ; Eph. 3:14-21. Saturday—How to Enter Christ's Family; Matt. 12:46-50.

Methodism teaches that Jesus has two distinct natures, the human and the divine. His human nature was born of the Virgin Mary, and suffered under Pontius Pilate. In his divine nature he is, as the Discipline says, "the Son, who is the Word of the Father, the very and eternal God, of one substance with the Father." We can not enter his family according to the flesh, for he was a Jew and we are Gentiles. We can, however, enter his spiritual family.

HOW WE ENTER CHRIST'S FAMILY.

By doing the will of God. "Whoever shall do the will of my Father which is in heaven, the same is my brother, and sister, and mother." The will of God is revealed in the Bible. It is summed up in the Ten Commandments, and more briefly in the two of Christ (Matt. 22:40). It requires all negative virtues, doing no harm; and all positive virtues, doing all the good we can. It requires us to accept Jesus as our Savior, and to do God's will on earth as it is done by the angels in heaven. (Psalm 148; II Pet. 1:5, 7.)

FAMILY RIGHTS AND PRIVILEGES.

1. God is our Father. We become his spiritual children in a sense much more intimate and blessed than when only children by creation. 2. Christ is our elder brother. This implies love, sympathy, protection and defense. Everything that an elder brother should be to a younger, that in an infinite degree is Jesus to us. 3. Christian brotherhood. We express this when we call a Christian "brother." It matters not that we have denominations. As long as men are true Christians they are brethren, loving and beloved. They are spiritual kinsmen, made so by the blood-bond in Christ, and members of the household of faith in Him "of whom the whole family in heaven and earth is named."

4. The heavenly citizenship. All believers are sons of God, and, therefore, heirs. (Gal. 3:7; Rom. 8:17.) To say nothing of temporal blessings, health, prosperity, sunshine and rain, we are heirs of salvation, present and to come, and joint heirs with Christ of the eternal kingdom which the Father hath promised them that enter his family by doing his will. (II Tim. 2:11, 12.) We should ever seek to "walk worthy of the vocation wherewith we are called," to do nothing that will disgrace the family name, or injure the family interests; to do the will of God with unfeigned readiness, that we may become the brethren of Jesus Christ and with him enter into an "inheritance incorruptible, and undefiled, and that fadeth not away."

TEXAS LEAGUERS!

Surely you can not afford to miss the great advantages offered you in the way of enjoying the State League Conference this year.

If you wish to go to the great San Francisco Conference, buy your ticket so you can stop off at Dallas two days for the State League Conference and then go on with us to San Francisco. No better accommodations; no better route. Thus you can enjoy the State Conference at practically no expense. This is a great concession by the railroads, and means a wonderful meeting at Dallas and the best opportunity to see the West and the most comfortable excursion ever offered. No crowded, ordinary cars, but comfortable sleepers, if you wish them, through to San Francisco, at a most reasonable rate.

Fellow Leaguers, this is our opportunity to bring the State together for the mightiest conference ever held in Texas. Let us, above all things, remember that it is to be a religious meeting. Let the hosts come, but let them come praying, and may Dallas feel that it is God's movement. Send your names in at once to FRANK REEDY, State President, Care of Barbee & Smith, Dallas, Tex.

We learn with pleasure that the "Students' Volunteer Movement" will continue with greater zeal in Texas this year. Bro. Glenn Flinn will be with us in the North Texas Conference

mainly, while Bro. J. D. Hammons will operate in the Northwest Texas Conference. These two young men of God are students at Vanderbilt, and we commend them to young Methodism in Texas. FRANK REEDY, President State League.

The newsboy on the corner shouted: "Evening papers—Stevenson nominated for vice-president!" and the people passed on, satisfied. In the next street another newsboy should: "Evening papers—Democrats nominate a vice-president!" and the people were curious and bought. "Who's nominated, sonny?" asked a dry old fellow eagerly. "I've a paper, sir?" was the answer. "A boy was selling the news; the first boy was giving it away. It is easy to pick the winner between the two."

A TEXAS WONDER.

HALL'S GREAT DISCOVERY.

One small bottle of Hall's Great Discovery cures all kidney and bladder troubles, removes gravel, cures diabetes, seminal emissions, weak and lame backs, rheumatism and all irregularities of the kidneys and bladder in both men and women, regulates bladder troubles in children. If not sold by your druggist, will be sent by mail on receipt of \$1. One small bottle is two months' treatment, and will cure any case above mentioned. Dr. E. W. Hall, sole manufacturer, P. O. Box 629, St. Louis, Mo. Send for testimonials. Sold by all druggists.

Read This.

Greenock, Texas, September 25.—This is to certify that I have been cured of kidney and bladder trouble with one bottle of Hall's Great Discovery, and I can fully recommend it to the public. J. W. THOMPSON.

Katie was eating her breakfast one day. She had a spoonful of oatmeal, and was just about to raise it to her mouth when the sun shone across it, making it look yellow and warm.

"Oh, mama!" said Katie, "think what I have just swallowed!" "What was it, dear?" said her mother. "A whole spoonful of sunshine!"—The Evangelist.

For boiled rice pudding, pick and wash the rice, put into a saucepan with plenty of water; let boil till the grains are swelled and soft; strain away the water and set on the back of the fire till the rice becomes dry; put into a buttered mould to set, then turn it out and pour a sweet sauce over it.

HARTSHORN SHADE ROLLERS. Perfect in action. They shade the eyes, cool the face, and protect the skin from the sun's rays. To avoid injury, use only Hartshorn's Shade Rollers.

When Traveling

One wants the very best service, and in order to secure same you should travel via the

Houston, East & West Texas R'y and Houston & Shreveport Railroad. The most direct route to the NORTH, EAST and SOUTHEAST. For rates and information, call on local agent or address: W. H. TAYLOR, W. M. DOHERTY, G. P. A., A. G. P. A., N. S. MELDRUM, General Manager, HOUSTON, TEXAS.

MINERAL WELLS, TEXAS.

The health and pleasure resort of the South.

Reached via the WEATHERFORD, MINERAL WELLS & NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY. "THE MINERAL WELLS ROUTE."

Excursion round trip tickets on sale with all the principal roads in the State ALL THE YEAR ROUND. Close connection with the Texas and Pacific and Santa Fe trains at Weatherford, Texas.

For any information, address L. M. FOUTS, P. E. BOCK, Pres & Gen. Mgr., Supt Weatherford, Texas.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1900 BAKER'S BREAKFAST COCOA. Always uniform in quality, absolutely pure, delicious and nutritious. The genuine goods bear our trade-mark on every package. WALTER BAKER & CO. Ltd., DORCHESTER, MASS.

TO THE PAN-AMERICAN EXPOSITION AND NIAGARA FALLS THE WABASH. Has its own rails and is the shortest line from Kansas City, St. Louis and Chicago To BUFFALO AND THE FALLS. Stop-overs given at both points on all tickets.

FIN DE SIECLE SERVICE TO BUFFALO. THE TEXAS T. & P. PACIFIC RAILWAY. BUFFALO EXPOSITION.

IF YOU MISS YOUR FRIENDS

during the coming summer. Just address them at the Colorado Chautauque, Boulder, Colo. You'll either find them there or at some of the other numerous Rocky Mountain Resorts. Texas has been so prosperous that the people are planning all over the State to spend the hot months in "Kool Colorado," and the number of Southern people up there this year will be enormous. People always want the full worth of their money, and this accounts for the plans of almost every one providing for using "THE DENVER ROAD" from Fort Worth. Because, you know, we have the shortest line, make the quickest time, run the only through trains—with Cafe Cars, Pullmans, Modern Coaches, Etc., so "You Don't Have to Apologize for Riding on the "Denver Road."

W. F. STERLEY, A. G. P. A. A. A. GLISSON, G. A. P. D. CHAS. L. HULL, T. P. A. FORT WORTH, TEXAS.

N. B.—The Epworth Leaguers will go to Frisco our way in July.

THE I. & G. N. (International and Great Northern R. R. Co.) IS THE SHORT LINE. ALL YEAR SPECIALTIES. THROUGH CARS and PULLMAN SLEEPERS DAILY FAST TRAINS. MODERN EQUIPMENT. SUPERIOR PASSENGER SERVICE. IF YOU ARE GOING ANYWHERE ask I. & G. N. Agents for particulars. THE I. & G. N. L. TRICE, G. P. & Gen'l Supt. D. J. PRICE, G. P. & T. A. FALSTINE, TEXAS.

BEEVILLE

Beeville District in the Methodist May 1, 1901, with in the chair.

Allice is one of West Texas' best the drought-stricken rained enough to good crops are of all this we kinder-hearted reference was new This conference spiritual I ever universal experience, of all this. This is Bro. Allice district, and this conference succeeded. Tavel up to the time and the meeting day morning after the business met came to meeting were saved that A program was reference a month of time, and each was assigned some of the I were not dull not est prevailed fro John E. Pritche Institute, was w our program, and did address on t spoke for an hou of his audience fr end. It was a sown w was due Prof. Nathan Antonio Female us. Besides ree excellent school for ed a most helpf think, and produ surance in us. We might say of our own speal men—but will no spare. Suffice to made were help speakers did their approval and ble The laymen of resolution to the their appreciatio our presiding eld in a large measu made in the dist and a half year, adapted.

Baxter W. Na were licensed to Delegates to Ar W. A. SCOTT R. F. COCHIL G. W. NEWB A. F. FRICK

Allice is one of West Texas' best the drought-stricken rained enough to good crops are of all this we kinder-hearted reference was new This conference spiritual I ever universal experience, of all this. This is Bro. Allice district, and this conference succeeded. Tavel up to the time and the meeting day morning after the business met came to meeting were saved that A program was reference a month of time, and each was assigned some of the I were not dull not est prevailed fro John E. Pritche Institute, was w our program, and did address on t spoke for an hou of his audience fr end. It was a sown w was due Prof. Nathan Antonio Female us. Besides ree excellent school for ed a most helpf think, and produ surance in us. We might say of our own speal men—but will no spare. Suffice to made were help speakers did their approval and ble The laymen of resolution to the their appreciatio our presiding eld in a large measu made in the dist and a half year, adapted.

Baxter W. Na were licensed to Delegates to Ar W. A. SCOTT R. F. COCHIL G. W. NEWB A. F. FRICK

Allice is one of West Texas' best the drought-stricken rained enough to good crops are of all this we kinder-hearted reference was new This conference spiritual I ever universal experience, of all this. This is Bro. Allice district, and this conference succeeded. Tavel up to the time and the meeting day morning after the business met came to meeting were saved that A program was reference a month of time, and each was assigned some of the I were not dull not est prevailed fro John E. Pritche Institute, was w our program, and did address on t spoke for an hou of his audience fr end. It was a sown w was due Prof. Nathan Antonio Female us. Besides ree excellent school for ed a most helpf think, and produ surance in us. We might say of our own speal men—but will no spare. Suffice to made were help speakers did their approval and ble The laymen of resolution to the their appreciatio our presiding eld in a large measu made in the dist and a half year, adapted.

SAN MARCO

FE The session of Conference for the Waidler, Texas. Rev. Sterling Fin the chair.

The opening ser Wednesday night of Lockhart, from ashamed of the power of God one that belittled sermon, and show District is not b All the preacher exception of Bro. Marco, who was of his wife. It was pronounced. T had a splendid so peculiarly gifted for the entire loss of interest. Every feature c considered, and e upon the spiritual in the District. Devotional serv morning, and pro There was not a wanting in carno Bro. Weems W Conference, and I Travis Park and I Angelo, were sh preached a good osted in all the pr Dr. Moore soure on the Rescue Ho a sermon that too one present—clear full of spiritual po Bro. Scott gave- nificant address o lock The missiona out the conference per cent of the as has been raised, a pressed himself o the assessment an paid in full. The was unanimously the work that will "Whereas, It is sences of our pe the subject of mis respect and wote rated on the distri ability of our peo- entire assessment."

"Resolved, That five missionary ev on our District, to time until the first "Resolved, That requested to appoi Committee to assist this subject; if such information otherwise as to be the desired result.

"Resolved, That in the district be pastors in this mi

RIS, 1900

'S

COCOA

ately pure, delicious and

emark on every package.

& CO. Ltd.,

RCHES-TER, MASS.

ERICAN

ITION

FALLS

THE

Buffalo Service

FFALO

RIENDS

om at the Col-ber find them

sky Mountain

t the people are

t months in

ern people up

always want

ounts for the

"THE DEN-

you know, we

se, run the only

ldern Conches,

iding on the

CHAS. L. HULL,

T. P. A.

ur way in July.

N.

NE

AN SLEEPERS

RN EQUIP-

SENGER

note for partitulars.

FRICK,

P. & T. A.

BETWEEN

TEXAS

AND

THE "OLD STATEN."

BEEVILLE DISTRICT CONFERENCE.

Beeville District Conference convened in the Methodist Church at Alton, Texas, May 8, 1901, with J. M. Alexander, P. E., in the chair.

Alton is one of the border towns of the West Texas Conference, and is located in the drought-stricken district. It has not rained enough there in months to do any good. Crops are a failure. In the face of all this we never met a more cheerful, kinder-hearted people. Our District Conference was never better entertained.

This conference was one of the most spiritual I ever attended. This was the universal expression, so far as I could learn, of all the preachers and delegates. This is Bro. Alexander's fourth year on this district, and he did his best to make this conference the climax, and he has succeeded. Twelve people had been saved up to the time the conference adjourned, and the meeting was continued. On Monday morning after conference adjourned, the business men closed their stores and came to meeting. Three souls, I believe, were saved that morning.

A program was prepared for the conference a month and a half in advance of time, and each preacher in the district was assigned some special work, as well as some of the laymen. The discourses were not dull nor tedious, but high interest prevailed from the beginning. Prof. John E. Pritchett, principal of Coronado Institute, was with us and helped us in our program, and also delivered a splendid address on Christian education. He spoke for an hour, and held the attention of his audience from the beginning to the end. It was a great effort. The seed sown will produce fruit.

Prof. Nathan Powell, teacher in San Antonio Female College, was also with us. Besides representing that most excellent school for young ladies, he preached a most helpful sermon. It made us think, and produced a new feeling of assurance in us.

We might say a word about the efforts of our own speakers—preachers and laymen—but will not trespass upon valuable space. Suffice to say that all the efforts made were helpful and uplifting. The speakers did their best, and God gave his approval and blessing.

The laymen of the district presented a resolution to the conference expressing their appreciation of the work done by our presiding elder, and giving him credit in a large measure for the advancement made in the district during the past three and a half years, and it was unanimously adopted.

Delegates to Annual Conference.

- W. A. SCOTT
- B. F. COCHRAN
- G. W. NEWBERRY
- A. P. FRICK

Abernates: W. H. Mims, Frank Nusom.

The licenses of O. F. Hatfield and T. W. Hargrove were renewed.

Karnes City was selected as the next place to hold the District Conference.

According to the reports of the pastors, 87 1/2 per cent of all our conference collections are secured in cash and subscriptions, and "Assessments in full" is our motto for this year. Two hundred and twenty-seven members have been received since conference, and our revival season has not yet come. Preachers and laymen, with the presiding elder, have been planning and praying for a gracious revival. We have already had results, but this is only the beginning. May God bless every pastoral charge with a most glorious revival.

SAN MARCOS DISTRICT CONFERENCE.

The session of the San Marcos District Conference for the year 1901 convened in Wadler, Texas, on Thursday, May 6, Rev. Sterling Fisher, presiding elder, in the chair.

The opening sermon was preached on Wednesday night by Rev. L. C. Mathis, of Lockhart, from the text: "I am not ashamed of the gospel of Christ, for it is the power of God unto salvation to every one that believeth." It was an admirable sermon, and showed that the San Marcos District is not behind in preaching ability.

All the preachers were present with the exception of Bro. I. T. Morris, of San Marcos, who was detained by the illness of his wife. A large number of laymen were present. The presiding elder, who had a splendid set of men, who he is peculiarly gifted in administrative ability, for the entire business was transacted harmoniously and without weariness or loss of interest from beginning to close.

Every feature of the work was carefully considered, and especial stress was laid upon the spiritual condition of Methodism in the District.

Devotional services were held every morning and evening twice each day. There was not a sermon that was dry or wanting in earnestness, ability or power.

Bro. Wesson, pastor of the Texas Conference, and Dr. J. M. Moore, of Travis Park, and Rev. J. D. Scott, of San Angelo, were visitors. Bro. Wadler preached a good sermon, and was interested in all the proceedings.

Bro. Moore secured the necessary amount on the Rescue Home debt. He preached a sermon that touched the hearts of every one present—clear, intellectual, earnest, full of spiritual power.

Bro. Scott gave the conference a magnificent address on the missionary outlook. The missionary enthusiasm throughout the conference was remarkable. Fifty per cent of the assessments on the district has been raised, and every preacher expressed himself satisfied that the entire assessment on the district would be paid in full. The following resolutions were unanimously adopted, which show the work that will be done.

"Resolved, That every Epworth League in the district be utilized in assisting the pastors in this missionary campaign, and

Skin Diseases

SALLOW COMPLEXION, ROUGH, PIMPLY SKIN, SURE SIGNS OF IMPURE BLOOD

No matter how perfect the features, a face cannot be beautiful when marred with blackheads, pimples and spots. These disfiguring blemishes are produced by some humor in the blood, and, while causing little or no pain, are extremely embarrassing. Mere local remedies cannot bring permanent relief. The sluggish, impure blood must be invigorated and the circulation relieved of impurities before one can hope for a flawless skin and perfect complexion.

S. S. S., nature's remedy, contains no minerals, is a safe blood purifier and tonic for even the most delicate constitutions. It builds up your general health, purifies the blood and carries healing and relief to the diseased skin. The more violent and stubborn diseases, like Eczema, Tetter, Acne, Psoriasis, etc., cause the most indescribable torture, particularly at this season of the year, when at times almost maddening. The matter that exudes from the little blisters or pustules dries upon the body and falls off in brown or silvery scales, leaving the surface inflamed and raw. In some forms the skin becomes hard, dry and fissured, having the appearance in extreme cases of leather or parchment. Unsightly crusts and disfiguring sores are not uncommon symptoms where the skin disease has become chronic. A large per cent of human diseases are located upon the skin. This wonderfully constructed, delicate and sensitive piece of mechanism, receiving as it does the impurities thrown off by the

SUFFERED TWENTY YEARS.

Mrs. Sarah Pike, 3 Prescott Place, Dorchester, Mass., says: "I had Eczema on my foot for twenty years, and notwithstanding constant treatment it continued spreading and growing worse. I used salves and lotions innumerable, and also used several blood remedies, but none had any effect. The disease finally extended from my toes to my knee, and the pain and itching was almost unbearable. On account of my age (which was 73), the physicians said a cure was impossible. One dozen bottles of S. S. S. cured me completely, the sores only remaining to show the awful struggle I have endured."

self cured, when in truth the poison has been forced back into the blood, lying dormant for a while, then breaking out again with increased virulence and aggravated symptoms. As the skin is nourished and sustained by the blood, the vital fluid must be purged of impurities; the humors or poisons that produce the eruption antiseptic and fowed out, and healthy new blood carried to the diseased surface, before the skin becomes smooth and soft again.

S. S. S. reinvigorates the sluggish and polluted blood, neutralizes the acids or other poisons, removes from the circulation all morbid, impure matter, and sends healthy new blood to the irritated skin; the sweat glands resume their proper duties, and immunity from further attacks is assured. S. S. S., being a perfect alternative and tonic, cleanses, antiseptic and eliminates the poisons and at the same time strengthens and tones up the system, assists the digestion, and enables you to enjoy and assimilate what you eat, instead of bloating the skin and ruining the stomach, as do the Mercury and Potash preparations.

SSS

as possible your present condition, symptoms, etc., and you can have the best advice without any cost to you whatsoever. Remember S. S. S. is the only guaranteed purely vegetable blood purifier on the market and is for sale at all drug stores. An instructive book on blood and skin diseases free.

blood, and constantly exposed to poisons with which the surrounding atmosphere is filled, it is no wonder that skin diseases are so common and so difficult, sometimes, to cure. A simple remedy often grows to alarming proportions and becomes deeply implanted in the system because of improper treatment, or the sufferer, deceived by the sudden disappearance of the symptoms, believes him-

self cured, when in truth the poison has been forced back into the blood, lying dormant for a while, then breaking out again with increased virulence and aggravated symptoms. As the skin is nourished and sustained by the blood, the vital fluid must be purged of impurities; the humors or poisons that produce the eruption antiseptic and fowed out, and healthy new blood carried to the diseased surface, before the skin becomes smooth and soft again.

S. S. S. reinvigorates the sluggish and polluted blood, neutralizes the acids or other poisons, removes from the circulation all morbid, impure matter, and sends healthy new blood to the irritated skin; the sweat glands resume their proper duties, and immunity from further attacks is assured. S. S. S., being a perfect alternative and tonic, cleanses, antiseptic and eliminates the poisons and at the same time strengthens and tones up the system, assists the digestion, and enables you to enjoy and assimilate what you eat, instead of bloating the skin and ruining the stomach, as do the Mercury and Potash preparations.

There are few lotions, salves or soaps that do not contain arsenic, or some other injurious ingredient, and their use only aggravates your trouble by clogging the pores of the skin and interfering with nature's efforts to relieve the system of impurities.

Our Medical Department is in charge of experienced physicians. Write them if you need any special information or advice. State as clearly and fully as possible your present condition, symptoms, etc., and you can have the best advice without any cost to you whatsoever. Remember S. S. S. is the only guaranteed purely vegetable blood purifier on the market and is for sale at all drug stores. An instructive book on blood and skin diseases free.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.



THE ITCHING WAS TERRIBLE.

Mr. L. Marns, Knoxville, Six Weeks County, Ga., writes: "My little boys and I had an eruption which at first appeared to be eczema, but it got worse. The itching was so bad at night, we were obliged to get up and rub the eruption with our hands. It would disappear at times, only to return worse than ever. I had tried many things, but without preparation without benefit, and feeling that S. S. S. determined to give it a fair trial, and was immediately relieved when a few bottles cured me entirely. I can now sleep soundly and am free from the itch. I shall not fail to recommend S. S. S. whenever an opportunity offers."

RELIGIOUS DISCUSSION

To be held at Vernon, Texas, June 17-19, between Bro. J. N. Hall and E. W. Aderson.

PROPOSITIONS FOR DISCUSSION

1. Restricted communion as commonly practiced by Missionary Baptist Churches, and the claim of an unbroken succession of such Churches from the days of the apostles, are justified by the Scriptures and by history. Dr. Hall affirms; Dr. Aderson denies.
2. The Methodist Episcopal Church, South, is a part of the true church of Christ, and her practice of infant baptism is justified by the Scriptures and by history. Dr. Aderson affirms; Dr. Hall denies.
3. It is impossible for a true child of God to be agnostic as to the deity of Christ.
4. The sprinkling or pouring of water on a proselyte, by a proper administrator, for a proper design, is valid baptism. Dr. Aderson affirms; Dr. Hall denies.

There will be three sessions of two hours each, every day of the discussion, except on Sunday. The debates are representative of the best of their respective denominations, and the discussion will be exhaustive. Effort will be made to secure judicious and fair-minded ministers of both denominations, represented in the discussion, will be entertained free of charge if previous notice is given to either of the undersigned.

A. J. TANT, Pastor First Church, JEROME DUNCAN, Pastor M. C. Church, South.

AN INFANT'S CRY

Dr. Harte achieved sudden and enduring fame by his touching little story, "The Luck of Hearing Sound." It told of the remarkable influence of a husband and wife of a runaway mine, in a rough miners' camp. In the June Delivered, Elmore Elliott Peake, who has achieved fame as the author of "The Darling," describes again the power of an infant in softening a hard heart. The story is called "The Elton and the Luck," and tells of a runaway mine, the unyielding opposition of the father of the girl, and his final complete relenting when the voice of his grandchild reaches his ear. It is a strong story, full of human emotion, and very well told.

BOOKS FOR SALE

Good library for sale. Books are in splendid condition. Preacher's Handbook, Commentary, Benson's Commentary, Matthew Henry's Commentary, Clarke's Commentary, The Bible Commentary, Fifty-two volumes of Nations of the World, and other valuable books. Can be bought as a whole or in part. They are the property of our deceased Bro. Hammond. Sister Hammond wishes me to dispose of them for her. Write me at Llano, Texas. W. A. GOVETT

Resolutions of sympathy for the families of Bro. Vest and Hammond were unanimously adopted. Wadler entertained the conference royally. Kyle was selected as the place for the meeting of the next District Conference. The presiding elder preached a splendid sermon on mission on Sunday morning and dedicated the Wadler church. F. H. C. ELLIOTT, Secretary.

Resolutions of sympathy for the families of Bro. Vest and Hammond were unanimously adopted. Wadler entertained the conference royally. Kyle was selected as the place for the meeting of the next District Conference. The presiding elder preached a splendid sermon on mission on Sunday morning and dedicated the Wadler church. F. H. C. ELLIOTT, Secretary.

Hunt's Cure

Cures all skin diseases in all its various forms. No internal treatment necessary. Falling money returned to purchaser.

The other day a Londoner said to his countryman: "I'll bet you nothing you like that you cannot spell three stripes words that I shall give you within forty seconds."

"I'll take that one. Now then, what are they?" said the countryman. "Well, here goes," said the Londoner, as he pulled out his watch. "London." "L-o-n-d-o-n." "Watching." "Watch-bling." "Wrong," said the Londoner. "What?" exclaimed the countryman, in surprised tones. "I've spelled the words you gave me correctly. I am certain I'm not."

"That's all," the Londoner said triumphantly. "Why didn't you spell the third word 'W-a-t-c-h'?"

Your local grocer or butcher has been cheated by the dishonest and unscrupulous practices of the swindlers of the grocery and butcher trades. Buy the Sheep Shears, Hair Clippers, and other tools from the only reliable source. The only reliable source is the only reliable source.

SHEEP SHEARS

HAIR CLIPPERS

BALEBRAND / 10

NAIL CLIPPERS

A FEW OF TEN THOUSAND GOOD THINGS

all guaranteed reliable and of the highest quality. The only reliable source is the only reliable source.

SUTCLIFFE & CO., 228 Main St., Louisville, Ky.

Reference: This paper.

WOMAN'S DEPARTMENT.

Conducted in the interest of the W. F. M. Society and the W. H. M. Society. Address all communications to Mrs. Florence E. Howell, 122 Maston Street, Dallas, Texas.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

The twenty-third annual meeting of the Woman's Board of Foreign Missions will be held in Asheville, N. C., opening June 5, 1901. All officers, managers and delegates who expect to attend will notify Mrs. J. H. Weaver, Asheville, N. C. in order that entertainment may be provided them. Visitors will also write her in regard to board, etc.

To the Public:

On Tuesday, June 1, at 2 p. m., we will have our monthly meeting at the Rosewood Home, 229 Carroll Avenue, Dallas. We invite you, one and all, to meet with us. An interesting program, a few minutes for reports, etc., then five-ten offerings of any thing a family of seventy can eat or wear. We don't want you to come in order that we may beg money from you but we want your influence, your prayers, your co-operation. Come, it will do us good to see you and we know you will be proud that Dallas has such a Home for unfortunate girls.

MRS. WILLI L. HENRY, President Rosewood Home Society, MRS. S. H. CHILES, Secretary.

W. F. M. SOCIETY, NORTH TEXAS CONFERENCE.

The twenty-first annual meeting of the Woman's Foreign Missionary Society, North Texas Conference, M. E. Church, South, convened at the Methodist Church in Bonham, Texas, on Wednesday, May 8, 1901, at 8 o'clock p. m. The opening sermon was preached by Rev. J. L. Morris, presiding elder, Gainesville District.

The first business session of the annual meeting opened Thursday morning at 9 o'clock, the President, Mrs. J. H. Bowman, of Plano, in the chair. The President conducted the devotion at exercises, reading the thirteenth chapter of 1 Corinthians and appropriately commenting on the same. After an earnest prayer invoking God's presence and guidance throughout the meeting, the business of the day began.

There were in attendance all the executive officers except the First Vice-President and the Corresponding Secretary. Six District Secretaries were present, and a few attendants of delegates from the various churches. The usual anniversary exercises were held Thursday at 8 o'clock p. m. A beautiful address of welcome was extended the society by Mrs. Robert Steggs, of Bonham, response by Mrs. W. C. Young, of Dallas. The President's annual address was replete with missionary zeal and gems of interest from the different fields. The Corresponding Secretary's report was read by Mrs. J. A. Black, of Bonham, in absence of that officer. The Treasurer, Mrs. G. W. Gray, gave a very gratifying report of the year, showing a decided increase in collections over last year.

Friday morning brought other workers, full of hope and courage. Much time was given to the reading of carefully prepared papers on "Our Literature," "Ways of Raising Money for Missionary Purposes" and "Methods Employed in Promoting Missionary Interests," etc., followed by informal discussions—decidedly helpful. A very interesting feature of the annual meeting was "Echoes from the General Missionary Conference," by Mrs. G. W. Gray, on Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Excellent sermons, full of encouragement, were preached by Rev. J. A. Black, pastor at Bonham; T. R. Pierce, presiding elder Bonham District; W. E. Boggs, Sherman, and P. C. Archer, of Denison—the latter preaching the annual sermon at 11 o'clock a. m. Sunday. Rev. J. A. Black was present at every meeting, and the valuable services of our brethren added greatly to the triumphs of the annual meeting.

We rejoice in the knowledge that the work is full of hope; and while, as an organization, we have not accomplished all that we might have done, yet when we consider that the Woman's Board of Foreign Missions has in successful operation since its organization in 1878 twenty-two stations in the mission field, fifty-six missionaries, one hundred and fifty-nine teachers, fourteen boarding schools, sixty-two day schools, fifty-six Bible women, two Bible colleges, three hospitals, property owned by the Woman's Board of Foreign Missions, including the Scarritt Bible and Training School, valued at \$288,727.79, can one doubt for a moment that this is a work of God and directed by his own hand? The success of the work is without a parallel in the history of Southern Methodism. "Let

the beauty of the Lord our God be upon us; and establish thou the work of our hands upon us; yea, the work of our hands establish thou it." We desire, by God's grace and help, to carry out the coming year more effectually than ever the plans and purposes we have in view to forward the work. As a Conference Society we have placed our conference pledge at \$700 for the fund for outgoing missionaries. The special work adopted by the Conference Society for the present year is to aid the Eliza Bowman School in Havana, Cuba. Realizing the immediate necessity of building up and strengthening its own educational work, the Conference Society resolved to raise for the benefit of this school one thousand dollars for the coming year—the ten districts of the conference being assessed one hundred dollars each. The assessment seems large in districts having but few auxiliaries, but if there should be an auxiliary organized in every charge (as it should be), then it would be an easy matter to collect the required amount. Let us cheerfully assume the amount assessed us. When Southern Methodism becomes familiar with the work of our beloved Church in her missionary movements, then every member will realize that they should take part in this aggressive march against sin, and help with their money to build up God's kingdom in lands of superstition and idolatry. "Freely ye have received, freely give."

Miss Norwood Wynn, our own Dallas girl, will graduate soon and return from the Scarritt Bible and Training School, equipped for the foreign work. The scholarship of this Conference Society will in that school then be without a beneficiary. The fields now unoccupied are ripe unto the harvest. "If ye love me, keep my commandments." One of these commandments is: "Go work in my vineyard." We pray that God may touch the heart of some consecrated woman to the appealing cries of the helpless millions of heathen women and children, and in Christ-like pity cry out: "Here am I, send me."

A vote of thanks was extended the Texas Christian Advocate for the space given in its columns for the Woman's Department, and to the faithful editor of said department.

Mrs. Cora Mattox, of Greenville, was appointed "Reporter" for the Conference Society. Any items of missionary interest sent to her will find their way into the Woman's Department of the Advocate, and will be read with profit by the members.

The election of officers resulted as follows: President, Mrs. J. H. Bowman, Plano; First Vice-President, Mrs. W. C. Young, Dallas; Second Vice-President, Mrs. E. J. Robinson, Paris; Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. L. H. Pitts, Gainesville; Recording Secretary, Mrs. Florence Howell, Dallas; Treasurer, Mrs. G. W. Gray, Terrell.

The annual love-feast on Sunday afternoon will long be remembered. God's love was wonderfully manifested in the hearts of his children by a baptism of the Holy Spirit. The hearts and homes of the good people of Bonham were opened to the Conference Society in genuine Christian hospitality. My home was with Dr. T. R. Pierce, the presiding elder of the district. I was charmed with his gentle wife and lovely daughters, who are skilled in the art and tact of making one feel at home.

The next annual meeting will be held at Whitesboro, Texas. My dear sisters, in reviewing the work of the past year and recounting its blessings, we have much for genuine heartfelt gratitude. Let me admonish you to resolve to take up the missionary work in the beginning of the year just opening to us now; cultivate a missionary spirit among our people by talking and organizing missionary societies, and daily remembering our covenant, the non-day prayer. The heart-offerings of so many consecrated women on the same subject at the same hour must and will reach the great Fountain Head of success and victory.

"Jesus shall reign where'er the sun Does his successive journeys run; His kingdom stretch from shore to shore, Till moons shall wax and wane no more."

This report is submitted by the writer at the request of the President and Recording Secretary.

MRS. W. C. YOUNG, 345 Wall Street, Dallas, Texas.

The Kidneys and the Skin. In the spring, the kidneys have much to do. If they are weak or torpid, they will not do it well, and the skin will be pimply or blotchy. That is telling the story in a few words. Hood's Sarsaparilla strengthens and stimulates the kidneys, cures and prevents pimples, blotches and all cutaneous eruptions. Don't fail to take it. Buy a bottle today. We do not have to be blind in order to see eye to eye.—Ram's Horn.

"THE STILL SMALL VOICE."

I hear His voice in the thunder's roar, And the surging waves of the restless deep. As I hurry they lash the pebbly shore, And in the chill north winds that rudely blow; But sweetest 'tis, when soft and low, "The still small voice," so soft and low. When in my closet, on a hushed knee, That "still small voice" I often hear, Ah! then I own, He sweetest to me, As He gently whispers, soft and low, "The sins are forgiven, in peace now go." Then sweet is His voice, soft and low, O child of sorrow! tossed hither and thither, By the waves of sin, and drifting away, Call now on Him, who alone can deliver. In faith believing, O Lord, I cry, Then shall the soul with joy overflow, When you hear His voice, soft and low, T. H. YARBROUGH.

Representatives of the Mission Board to District Conferences of the Northwest Texas Annual Conference: Georgetown District Conference, M. R. Hochstetler; Waco District Conference, H. Bishop; Waco District Conference, J. H. Wiseman; Waxahatchee District Conference, J. M. Sherman; Weatherford District Conference, J. S. Chapman; Gatesville District Conference, C. W. Lammie; Dublin District Conference, W. C. Hillburn; Brownwood District Conference, W. C. Hillburn; Abilene District Conference, O. F. Samsbaugh; Vernon District Conference, J. M. Sherman; Cleburne District Conference, Jno. R. Meritt. So many District Conferences will be held at the same time it became necessary to revise the list of appointments made at the semi-annual meeting of the board. In consequence of conflicts, we have been unable to arrange the services of some members of the board, while two brethren will each reach two conferences. JNO. R. NELSON, Secretary.

Indigestion is the direct cause of disease that kills thousands of persons annually. Stop the trouble at the start with a little PRICKLY ASH BITTERS; it strengthens the stomach and aids digestion.

UNANSWERED LETTERS.

May 25—Wm. Nickels, subs. H. P. Shrader, subs. E. A. Potts, subs. B. T. Hayes, subs. have attention, O. C. Switzer, subs. Jas. A. Walker, has attention, V. G. Thomas, subs. May 21—E. L. Sherbrook, subs. J. T. Bloodworth, change made, H. M. Pietsch, sub. J. R. Atchley, trial subs. A. W. Gibson, subs. G. M. Gardner, subs. May 25—C. G. Scott, subs. G. C. Summers, subs. D. H. Hutchins, subs. G. W. Kinkeboe, subs. C. W. Dennis, subs. May 28—S. Crutchfield, subs. 2 cards W. S. May, change, E. W. Solomon, a K. J. Coppedge, subs. R. S. Heizer, subs. W. P. Edwards, subs. H. A. Brazos, sub. May 28—J. T. Smith, subs. S. W. Turner, sub. S. L. Burke, sub. I. E. Hightower, sub. C. W. Young, subs. S. D. Cook, sub. G. G. Roberts, sub. L. H. McLoe, sub. G. W. Riley, sub. J. R. Hitchie, sub. J. T. Bloodworth, has attention.

If the layman or preacher that went to the Indian Territory, near Tishomingo five or six years ago in search of buried treasure, will communicate with Box 95, San Antonio, Texas, he can gain important information.

The ability to efface one's self at intervals is essential to harmonious living anywhere, either at home or when a sojourner under another's roof. There are times and seasons when, for instance, married people desire each other's company, and parents and children prefer to be together without the presence of the most agreeable and welcome outsider.—May Ladies' Home Journal.

Table with columns for District, Church, and dates. Includes Houston District—Third Round, San Marcos District—Third Round, and Beaumont District—Third Round.

Table with columns for District, Church, and dates. Includes Terrell District—Third Round, Bowle District—Third Round, and Dallas District—Third Round.

Table with columns for District, Church, and dates. Includes Dallas District—Third Round, Dallas District—Third Round, and Dallas District—Third Round.

BUY THE BEST Portland Cement and Hydraulic Lime

Made in the world. We guarantee to beat all others in strength, purity and color at prices that will interest you. Address

TEXAS PORTLAND CEMENT CO. 239 MAIN STREET. DALLAS, TEXAS.

THE CANTON ALL STEEL HAY PRESS. Lightest Draft. Low Step Over. Has more modern improvements than any press ever introduced. Parlin & Orendorff Co., Dallas, Texas.

The Best Line to the Old States. The Cotton Belt offers you the shortest and quickest route to the "Old States," without unnecessary changes of cars. Both day and night trains are equipped with comfortable Coaches and Reclining Chair Cars; also Parlor Cafe Cars by day and Pullman Sleepers at night.

Sewing Machine and Texas Christian Advocate 1 Year for \$22.00

CLONDCROFT THE INCOMPARABLE. Situated on the highest peak of the Sacramento Mountains in New Mexico, just north of El Paso, at an elevation of 9000 feet. Clondcroft is destined to become the Mecca—the veritable "breathing spot"—of the Southwest. Its pure and invigorating mountain air, laden with the healing aroma of the pine, will again give the faded cheek of the invalid with the rose of health, while to those seeking respite from the monotony of a commercial occupation, it offers a complete rejuvenation of flagging energies and the sufferer returns once more to his place in the rank of commercial activity, filled with new life and vigor.

Book D. All Books review page have been recommended. BARBEE & DALL.

Rev. W. H. Ayl. "Young People's prior to No. 1. Lighted with best collection of ever sent out.

Do you need a you want the People's Hymnal it at Chillicothe, of our people—A

Prof. W. H. Gr. versity, has writ on the "General Old Testament," text, as the first canon of the high scholarship make this the a tion of the cons this subject. Th \$1.50.

Still another: People's Hymna song book we hat ing perfect sath McGuire, May, T

"The four and People's Hymnal celved, and we a them." So writes Dodd, Texas.

One of the mo tions to manuals Forms of Prose. J. H. Gardiner, of This work was assistance and appr dell, and has been special value into two chief ture of thought feeling. These into their requisit ones quotations ar fying his though the book is \$1.50.

Every preacher to an agent for the Publishing H tor for books and the House direct.

Thomas Nelson story, "Santa Ch story that will ap human heart. It influence of child the character of man whose natu and selfish in th and is told with a ner and tendere the author of master. It is fur tions in color by price is \$1.22 net, 1

Young People's l ing entire satisfi We have made t will make another ure in recommend ple everywhere.— Proctor, Texas.

As indicated in Thompson's "My the book of "a Southern skies," and tross and flow about him in his the shores of the birds he shoots at and the poets an reads at noontide, or the rain drives Fenn has furnish tispiece, done in bound in cloth, wit net price is \$1.30. p

Rev. A. H. Huss People's Hymnal 3 book. A leading m who sometimes tea says he considers book he ever saw to order.

"I have suppl schools on my c People's Hymnal I speak a word in its collection of songs, all delighted."—R Kerens, Texas.

Ernest Seton-Th the Sandhill Stag standard of ability struct shown in hi was the case with I Have Known," book a unique ind

May 30, 1901.

Hydraulic Lime

in strength, purity
Address

NT CO.

DALLAS, TEXAS.

Lightest Low Step Over
Draft.



Special in-
ducements to introduce,
by over 40 years in manu-
facture. We handle Mowers, Rakes,
in Haying Machinery line.
over. Ask for Catalogue.

D., DALLAS, TEXAS.

Old States.

the shortest
"Old States,"
ages of cars.
t trains are
table Coaches
ir Cars; also
s by day and
ers at night.

if you are going
to leave, and we
exact cost of a
trip and you
to the trip and
a book, "A Trip

North, Tex.
E. P. A. Griskin, Tex.
L. J. Park, Tex.

Stian for \$22.00

THE INCOMPARABLE
highest peak of the San-
tos in New Mexico, just
at an elevation of 9000
feet, destined to become the
ble "breathing spot"—of
is pure and invigorating
ben with the healing
it will again tinged the
is inviolated with the rose
to those seeking sur-
vival of a commercial
re a complete rejuvena-
sion, and the sufferer
e to take his place in
mercial activity, filled
l vigor.

the beautiful in nature,
mountain forests, trav-
ul and grassy glades,
of beauty which is en-
dour of the surround-
ery, presenting to the
purest ray serene—a
uty unequalled on the
ut.

Special Rates.

Texas Christian Com-
mencement Exercises
sity, convention rates,
ed June 11
count Imperial Council
plus \$2, June 10, limited
fort—Account National
tive Association Meet-
the round trip, May 21
ted for return June 20;
Old Point Comfort to
timore and New York.

Texas Cotton Seed
ation, convention rates,
trains arriving morning
June 8.
Commemoration Exer-
sity, University of Tex-
and Summer Normal,
June 8 and 10 only, lim-
ited 25.

Paul Quinn College
Exercises, convention
\$ 12, limited June 12,
nt Texas State Teach-
meeting, convention
at 25, limited June 20,
Annual meeting Texas
Association (colored),
June 25 and 28, limited

KEENAN, G. P. A.,
Galveston, Texas.

Book Department.

All Books reviewed or noticed on this page have been bought and paid for, and are recommended solely on their merits.
BARBEE & SMITH, Agents.
DALLAS, TEXAS.

Rev. W. H. Avery, Davis, I. T., says: "Young People's Hymnal No. 2 is superior to No. 1. Our people are delighted with it. We regard it as the best collection of music our House has ever sent out."

Do you need a new song book? Do you want the best? Get the Young People's Hymnal No. 2. We are using it at Chillicothe, to the perfect delight of our people.—M. W. Rogers, P. C.

Prof. W. H. Green, of Princeton University, has written another volume on the "General Introduction to the Old Testament," which deals with the text, as the first one dealt with the canon, of the Old Testament. The high scholarship of the author will make this the authoritative presentation of the conservative position on this subject. The book is listed at \$1.50.

Still another: "I believe the Young People's Hymnal No. 2 is the best song book we have ever used. It is giving perfect satisfaction."—Rev. D. A. McGuire, May, Texas.

"The four and one-half dozen Young People's Hymnal No. 2 have been received, and we are all delighted with them." So writes Rev. L. I. Naugle, Dodd, Texas.

One of the most valuable contributions to manuals on literature is "The Forms of Prose Literature," by Prof. J. H. Gardiner, of Harvard University. This work was gotten up with the assistance and approval of Barrett Wendell, and has been recognized as having special value. He divides literature into two chief divisions—the literature of thought and the literature of feeling. These he further analyzes into their requisite qualities. Numerous quotations are embodied, exemplifying his thought. The net price of the book is \$1.50. Postage 15 cents.

Every preacher in Texas Methodism is an agent for the Dallas Branch of the Publishing House. See your pastor for books and prices, or order from the House direct.

Thomas Nelson Page's Christmas story, "Santa Claus's Partner," is a story that will appeal to the universal human heart. It has for its theme the influence of childhood in transforming the character of a successful business man whose nature has become hard and selfish in the pursuit of wealth, and is told with all the charm of manner and tenderness of feeling of which the author of "Marse Chan" is the master. It is furnished with illustrations in color by W. Glackens. The price is \$1.32 net, postpaid.

Young People's Hymnal No. 2 is giving entire satisfaction in my charge. We have made the third order, and will make another soon. I take pleasure in recommending it to all our people everywhere.—Rev. J. H. Watts, Proctor, Texas.

As indicated in the sub-title, Maurice Thompson's "My Winter Garden" is the book of "a nature-lover under Southern skies." It tells of the plants and trees and flowers the author finds about him in his winter sojourns on the shores of the Gulf of Mexico, the birds he shoots at with bow and arrow, and the poets and prose writers he reads at noontide, or when night falls, or the rain drives him to cover. Harry Fenn has furnished a beautiful frontispiece, done in colors. It is nicely bound in cloth, with deckle edges. The net price is \$1.30, postage paid.

Rev. A. H. Hussey writes: "Young People's Hymnal No. 2 is a fine song book. A leading member of my charge, who sometimes teaches singing school, says he considers it the finest song book he ever saw." Now is the time to order.

"I have supplied three Sunday-schools on my charge with Young People's Hymnal No. 2, and want to speak a word in its praise. It is a fine collection of songs, and our people are all delighted."—Rev. W. P. Garvin, Kerens, Texas.

Ernest Seton-Thompson's "Trail of the Sandhill Stag" is up to the high standard of ability to interest and instruct shown in his other volumes. As was the case with his "Wild Animals I Have Known," he has given this book a unique individuality of form,

bringing to its embellishment many novel and original ideas. And the story is well deserving of his pains; for never have the glory and the joy of the chase been interpreted so vividly, never the thoughts of the hunted animal so surely read and pictured. This book has eight full-page illustrations (one in color), and numerous marginal illustrations from drawings by the author. The net price is \$1.20. The postage is 10 cents extra.

Prof. W. H. Lawson, Brownwood, Texas, writes as follows: "I have examined Young People's Hymnal No. 2 and think it is an extra good book. I am going to conduct five Normal Schools this summer, and want to use it exclusively in all my song services. Quote me price in large quantity, etc." There is but one price: 30 cents each, postpaid; 25 cents each, not postpaid. When any quantity is wanted, it is cheaper to have them sent by express at 25 cents each, purchaser paying transportation.

Lucy Larcum has collected some of the tenderest verses in our language and has given unity to the whole with the title "Roadside Poems for Summer Travelers." The book begins and ends like the journey of a summer traveler, and may prove an agreeable companion to such as take it with them in their journeyings; for it lingers by brook and river, among mossy rocks and wayside blossoms, and under overhanging trees, and climbs and descends the hills of our own land, and the countries across the sea. Barbee & Smith will send "Roadside Poems," postage free, for 87 cents net.

"I received the shipment of Young People's Hymnal No. 2 and distributed them among our best singers, and they are delighted with them. The great number of old songs for Church music is an improvement." So writes Rev. C. S. McCarver, Eastland, Texas.

A new edition of Ingraham's "The Throne of David" has just been issued, which deserves an extensive circulation. This wonderful story of the kingdom of Israel under David and Solomon is unabridged and is printed on fairly good paper, and has an excellent cloth binding. At the insignificant price of 39 cents net, this book ought to go into every Christian home in the land. The postage is 8 cents additional.

Young People's Hymnal No. 2. Price, postpaid, 20 cents each; by express, not prepaid, 25 cents each. Always state whether round or shape notes are wanted.

"Your Uncle Lew," by Charles R. Sherlock, is a book that to a certain extent resembles "David Harum," but was written before that work. Mr. Sherlock was a friend of Mr. Westcott, and "Your Uncle Lew" was in part the result of the latter's suggestion. "Uncle Lew" is a most delightful character, who keeps a railroad restaurant in his native town, poses as its chief gourmet, trades horses continually, and is the presiding genius of the informal club that meets at nights at the principal hotel. The volume has characteristic illustrations. The postpaid price is \$1.32 net.

South McAlester, Indian Territory, reports as follows: "We have supplied our choir and congregation with Young People's Hymnal No. 2, and the general verdict is, 'The best book we have ever used or seen.' This is also the opinion of all the music directors of the town. It contains the most new and good music of any book in the market."—Rev. W. F. Dunkle, P. C.

Almost every Methodist in Texas knows that all the Barcus boys are fine singers and know a good song book when they see it. Rev. J. Sam Barcus, Missouri Avenue, Fort Worth, says: "Speaking in a general way I can say that the Young People's Hymnal No. 2 is all right."

Rev. Ed. R. Barcus, West, Texas, got a big shipment of Young People's Hymnal No. 2 recently. He is too busy now singing the new songs to give any expression of its merits. We know how he will write when we do hear from him, and respectfully refer the reader to him.

Rev. J. M. Barcus, Cleburne, speaks in terms of the highest praise of Young People's Hymnal No. 2, and does not hesitate to pronounce it one of the best books out.

W. N. Clarke, D. D., author of "An Outline of Christian Theology," has written another book which is considered excellent. "Can I Believe in God the Father?" is made up of a series of lectures which Dr. Clarke delivered at the Harvard Summer School of Theology this year. The subjects, which are treated with a clearness of style and breadth of sympathy characteristic of the author, deal with the prac-

tical argument for the being of God, divine personality, the relation between God and man, and the moral effect of the doctrine of God. The list price is \$1.00.

Elgin, Texas, is heard from in a letter from Rev. C. H. Brooks, which reads as follows: "In my station we have the Standard Hymn Book, Young People's Hymnal No. 1, the Revival, and some other song books, but we use Young People's Hymnal No. 2 in preference to them all. My organist (a graduate in music) says: 'It is the very best of all.' In this the choir and congregation concur."

Send 30 cents and get a sample copy of Young People's Hymnal No. 2. State whether round or shaped notes are wanted.

Rev. Henry Ostrom has written a book with the suggestive title, "Out of the Cain-Life into the Christ-Life." Such an eminent criterion as the Independent speaks of it very highly: "These are exceedingly simple, winning and absorbing discourses. He takes the gospel as it stands and as he has received it, and applies to it a method of cumulative or progressive illustration which strikes us as something fresh, if not wholly new, in pulp-it methods. It is, at all events, effective." Nicely bound in cloth, \$1.25.

Your preacher is an agent for any book reviewed in these columns. He will appreciate your patronage.

"Young People's Hymnal No. 2 meets all demands made upon it. It is the best book on the market for social, public and revival worship. It loads its professor."—Rev. G. V. Ridley, Minola, Texas.

Swami Vivekananda is a Hindoo philosopher who became a familiar figure in several American cities during the three years following the Parliament of Religions at Chicago. He was cordially received in America, where the significance of his teachings were soon recognized. His teachings, which are universal in their application, have been set forth in a volume entitled "Vedanta Philosophy." His subject is "Raja Yoga"—an ancient system of Indian philosophy and one of the four chief methods that the Vedanta Philosophy offers to obtain freedom and protection. Those interested in oriental philosophy will find this volume of peculiar value. The price is \$1.50 list.

W. H. Lamar, Superintendent Floyd Street Sunday school, Dallas, says: "I want to say a good word for Young People's Hymnal No. 2. We are well pleased with it. Our people, young and old, take hold of the songs with a relish. We use it in Sunday-school and Epworth League meetings; also used it in our late revival with fine success." Is your school supplied with it? If not, now is the time to order.

Literature of Nature—Study for children will receive a small but valuable addition in "The Woodpeckers," by Fannie Hardy Eckstorm. The author has taken up a single group of birds represented in all parts of the country, and has given a lively yet accurate account of them. The book contains much interesting information, but the author's chief aim has been rather to stimulate observation and study, and she has presented her subject in a manner admirably fitted to attain this end. The book will contain five color plates by Mr. Louis Agassiz Fuertes, and a number of text drawings. The net price is 80 cents. Postage 10 cents.

The Panhandle as usual gets in early when anything good is to be had. Read what Rev. Jerome Duncan, Vernon, Texas, writes: "The 100 Young People's Hymnal No. 2 proved to be exactly what we wanted. They were used in our recent revival with fine effect. The peculiar advantage in the new book is that all the songs are good. Our Sunday-school is delighted with it."

Now let everybody sing!

Rev. R. F. Dunn, Crosson, Texas, writes on a postcard: "I find in Young People's Hymnal No. 2 some excellent new songs as well as some of the old ones which we are not willing to give up."

A knowledge of classical mythology is essential to an appreciative understanding of many of the masterpieces of English literature, from Chaucer's time to our own. One of the best treatises on this subject is "Murray's Manual of Mythology," which has been carefully revised and corrected on the basis of the twentieth edition of Pottius. This includes Greek and Roman, Norse and Old German, Hindoo and Egyptian mythologies, together with twelve full-page plates and one hundred illustrations in text. Further, it contains genealogical tables, showing

the relationship of the gods and goddesses, and a very complete index. Nicely bound in library cloth, \$1.00.

William Drysdale, in his book entitled "Helps for Ambitious Boys," has discussed a number of things that should have more than a passing interest for boys and their patrons. Classical education and what eminent scholars say about it; the trades and professions contrasted; art and newspaper reporting; literature and the regular army; naval and marine service; diplomacy and the field of invention; electricity and trade; astronomy and engineering; these are among the subjects treated, and treated in a breezy, practical, sympathetic, sensible and delightful manner; full of illustrations and apt quotations. It is just the kind of a book that any boy would enjoy and find helpful. The net postpaid price is \$1.32.

A great many when ordering Young People's Hymnals fail to state whether round or shape notes are wanted. Always state plainly what is wanted.

Rev. J. J. Franks, Buda, Tex., writes: "The four dozen Young People's Hymnal No. 2 had a warm reception. Best I have ever seen is the way they all speak of it. I am well pleased." Thine in Bro. Franks' neighborhood have to move along. He knew when he ordered these Young People's Hymnal No. 2 that they would create a stir, and that is why he ordered early.

Rev. Arthur T. Pierson, D. D., is a name familiarly pleasant on both sides of the Atlantic. He is so favorably known in Great Britain that in 1897 he was invited to deliver a series of lectures in Scotland on the Duff foundation. These lectures were received with enthusiasm, and since then have been published in book form under the title, "The New Acts of the Apostles."

Every one who is enthusiastically over the new Young People's Hymnal, don't you think that you need at least a sample copy at 30 cents, postage paid?

The design of these addresses was to compare the Christian Church in the nineteenth century with the Church in the first century, especially in their missionary aspects, and to bring out the features of resemblance and contrast between them. The list price of the volume is \$1.50.

From Morgan, Texas, comes the following: "I have thoroughly examined Young People's Hymnal No. 2 and pronounce it excellent. Many of the songs are new, but the old ones are not equally excluded. The music is good and stirring, and admirably adapted to the purposes intended. Altogether a much better book than the old one." So writes Rev. J. H. Chambliss.

"In the Time of Paul" is a Bible book which shows how Christianity entered into and modified life in the Roman Empire." Herein the author, Rev. Edward H. Sedden, D. D., sets forth some of the more significant facts pertaining to the world's history since the Apostle Paul entered the world of the Roman world, its social life, its religious condition, its moral standards, and its intellectual tendencies are some of the points of view taken in the discussion of this subject. Having noted these conditions, the author outlines the inevitable conflict that followed, and the victory which has changed the whole social and religious history of the world. The publisher's price of this excellent little volume is 75 cents. It is a neat 112ms., containing 125 pages.

The Young People's Hymnal No. 2 has struck a popular chord. The sales are mounting now about one thousand copies per day.

Every one who is enthusiastically over the new Young People's Hymnal, don't you think that you need at least a sample copy at 30 cents, postage paid?



NOW LET EVERYBODY SING



ALWAYS USE

The Young Peoples' Hymnal No. Two

BRAND NEW THE VERY BEST.

<p style="font-size: 1.5em; font-weight: bold;">Over 1000 Copies Per Day Now Being Sold</p>	<p style="font-size: 1.5em; font-weight: bold;">The State Epworth League Conference</p> <p>Which meets in Dallas July 8th to 11th, has adopted the Young People's Hymnal No. 2 as the official Song Book.</p>
<p>Prof. D. J. Evans, who has charge of the music, writes that he will use Nos. 1, 22, 41, 68, 74, 87, 96, 98, 100, 177, 178 and 181. Let every one who expects to be present practice these songs. Singing will be made a prominent feature at this Conference.</p>	
<p>Everyone, without exception, who has examined it, pronounces it the best song book on the market. Be up-to-date and order while it is new.</p>	
<p>PRICE PREPAID, 30 CENTS EACH. BY EXPRESS, NOT PREPAID, 25c EACH. ORDER AT LEAST A SAMPLE COPY.</p>	
<h2 style="font-size: 2.5em;">BARBEE & SMITH, Agents</h2> <p style="font-size: 1.2em;">DALLAS, TEXAS.</p>	

a martyr—was patient
 ast, and it seemed that
 of an angel her spirit to
 Like the golden rays of
 loth to go down in the
 the fragrance and love
 a brighter and sad day
 loved ones, and with a
 the storm of death
 triumph and the hope
 son "In the sweet by
 as she sang just before
 ter. May God bless her
 ishand and her friends
 E. L. SPURLOCK.

shel Williams was born
 ed died May 6, 1901, near
 is. Mabel was a sweet
 ummers—a pet at home,
 amid many weeping
 old of poison, and lived
 She has gone ahead,
 the beautiful gate for

RAM C. VAUGHAN.

er Maud Simmons (nee
 January 23, 1881; was
 in Simmons in 1899, and
 orted at home August
 and joined the M. E.
 lived a beautiful, con-
 life to her death, May

THE PENS,

PERFECT OF PENS,
 GAINED THE
 D PRIZE,
 position, 1900.
 ever Awarded to Pens.

ALTH ASURE EST

ITAINS OF TEN-
 200 FEET ABOVE
 L.

s!
 resh Air!
 ular Waters!

okout Mountain,
 ok Springs,
 Estill Springs,
 in Springs,
 na Springs,
 s, Kingston Springs

ther favorably
 mer Resorts

hville,
 nooga &
 uis Ry.

antly illustrated
 erting above
 its.

ling Passenger Agent.

ollecting Pass's Agent.

Mgr. Nashville, Tenn.

eral Passenger Agent.

road....
 FROM
 XAS
 THE
 and East

THE
 and East
 THE

COLINE

MARCH 10, 1901.

COMPLETION OF ITS

er Division

To

nd SHERMAN

XAS.

e Distance.

ns New Territory.

14, 1901. She loved her Church, and always
 met her pastor with a smile of welcome.
 To know her was to love her. She cheer-
 fully bore her affliction of slow fever
 seven weeks. When the end came she
 was ready and watching for her ascended
 Lord to receive her into his bosom of love.
 In her last moments she said to her loved
 ones, "I am so happy." She has left us
 for a while, but, thank God, we know
 where to find her. Trust her God, loved
 ones, and you will meet again. Her pas-
 tor, J. B. FARR.
 Groveland, Jack County, Texas.

BELL.—Mrs. Ellen Elizabeth Bell (nee
 Grison) was born in Tennessee, August
 5, 1825, and died in Midlothian, Texas, May
 7, 1901, at 4 a. m. Sister Bell joined the
 M. E. Church, South, at the age of 12,
 and lived a consistent Christian life for
 about fifty-nine years. She was married to
 E. P. Bell, of Tennessee, in 1845. Bro.
 Bell died two years ago. She was the
 mother of fourteen children, and only two
 survive her, so there were twelve children
 and a devoted husband awaiting her ar-
 rival at the gates of gold. She died peace-
 fully, in the faith of Jesus. We pray the
 blessings of God upon the entire circle
 of relatives and friends who mourn her
 loss, and we urge that they look away to
 a father land and a happier shore. Sister
 Bell was a cripple from 8 years of age,
 and was a life-long sufferer. She has
 borne up many years, and now rests in
 Jesus.
 C. S. FIELD.
 Midlothian, Texas.

BRUCE.—Sarah C. Bruce (nee Cole) was
 born March 8, 1852, in Lincoln County,
 Tenn.; was married to Joel F. Bruce De-
 cember 20, 1870. Five children were born
 to them, and all have gone on before her
 but one (Mrs. Dr. Butler). Sister Bruce
 came to Eastland County, Texas, with
 her husband in 1892 and remained till her
 death, April 21, 1901. She was converted
 and joined the Methodist Church in Au-
 gust, 1890. She was nearly 70 years old,
 and had been a Christian nearly fifty-one
 years, and all those years she had been a
 devout, humble, Christian woman. Bro.
 Bruce is lonely and bereaved, but has the
 sympathy, confidence and prayers of a
 host of friends. He says they won't be
 separated long. May God in his abun-
 dant mercies give him grace, and at last
 bring all the family safely home.
 C. S. McCARVER.

ROAN.—Morris Roan was born in
 Quincy County, Ill., March 7, 1833, and
 died fifteen minutes before a. m. Sunday,
 March 24, 1901, at Little River, Texas. He
 sold some cotton Thursday in Hudson,
 went by Temple to attend to some busi-
 ness, got off the train at Little River that
 night, and next morning was found under
 the bridge that crosses Little River, two
 miles south of Little River town. When
 found he was in an unconscious condition,
 and it is not known whether he fell or
 was knocked off the bridge. He was mar-
 ried to Miss Annie Engstrand in Austin,
 Texas, March 20, 1875. To this union were
 born three children—two girls and one
 boy. Both daughters and their mother
 belong to the Methodist Church. May the
 Lord give his heart to God, and all live so
 as to meet "in that sweet by and by."
 J. DAVID CROCKETT.

MARTAIN.—Daniel Green Martain, son
 of S. C. and E. A. Martain, was born
 March 22, 1850, and died March 25, 1901.
 Daniel was a beautiful child, and it was
 hard for his parents to give him up, for
 everybody loved him; but God loved him
 best, and called him to his home on high.
 He is at rest. The earthly home is made
 dark and sad, but heaven is brought
 nearer and made more attractive. The
 bereaved, if faithful, will see him again
 in the sweet by and by. Father and
 mother weep not, but look up heaven-
 ward, where your darling boy is waiting
 and watching to welcome you home. May
 God help us all to live so we will meet in
 heaven.
 J. W. TINCHEP, P. C.

HOUSTON.—Albert Leroy, son of Till
 and Annie Houston, was born near Little
 River, Texas, November 23, 1885, and
 Jesus took him home to himself April 27,
 1901. This was his only child, and he
 just stayed in this world long enough for
 the hearts of the parents and grand-
 mother to entrain very tenderly about
 him, and their hearts are almost crushed.
 His grandfather died just a month be-
 fore. Look up, fond parents, and live so
 as to meet your darling boy in heaven,
 for Jesus has taken him home to take
 care of him till you go to meet him.
 J. DAVID CROCKETT.

MILSTEAD.—Jesse T. Milstead, son of
 John L. and Mildred Milstead, was born
 in Sevier County, Texas, October, 1872,
 and spent his youth here. He was bap-
 tized in infancy by Rev. John S. Mathis,
 and when he came to the age in which
 he began to have some conception of
 obligation to declare himself more fully on
 God's side, he joined the M. E. Church,
 South, in Tyler. He was sick for over a
 year before his death, which occurred in
 May, 1901, but was patient in his illness,
 and died in the full assurance of faith,
 and his end was peace. He was laid to
 rest by the writer in his city, in await
 the promise of God in the resurrection of
 the dead.
 V. A. GODBET.

SLIGER.—Willie H. Sliger (little Bud,
 as he was called), son of Thomas A. and
 Hettie Sliger, was born near Duncanville,
 Dallas County, Texas, March 21, 1893, and
 died November 18, 1901. He was a bright
 and happy little fellow, the sunlight of
 his happy home. His favorite song was,
 "When the roll is called up yonder," and
 he would often sing it. It seems that God
 plucks the most lovely and favorite flow-
 ers from our hearts and homes for the
 garden of his glory. We'll meet you, lit-
 tle Bud, where the stars never grow dim,
 in that eternal home, so free from care
 and sin.
 E. L. SPURLOCK.

Hunt's Lightning Oil
 Cures Catarrh, Neuralgia, Sprains,
 Cramp Colic, Diarrhoea, Cuts, Head-
 ache, Rheumatism. Good for man
 and beast. Failing, money refunded.

Saints who carve for themselves are
 sure to cut their fingers.—Ram's Horn.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth
 Be sure to use that old and well-tried remedy
 Mrs. Winkler's Soothing Syrup for children
 teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums
 allays all pains, cures wind colic and is the rem-
 edy for diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle.



UNION STATION, NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE.

The above is a cut of the Union Station
 at Nashville, Tenn., which is one of the
 terminals of the Nashville, Chattanooga
 and St. Louis Railway system. It is one
 of the most magnificent railroad buildings
 in the South, and its completion marks
 an era in the history of this deservedly
 popular road.

This magnificent station, represented
 by the accompanying cut, is erected on
 the southwest corner of Walnut and
 Broad Streets. It is the most beautiful
 structure in the South, and the most
 tasteful railroad building in the United
 States. It is correct in design, ample
 in its proportions, highly artistic in its
 decorations, ingenious in its adaptation of
 construction, elegant in its appointments,
 convenient in its arrangements, and is
 situated in that part of the city where
 it stands almost alone in its princely
 grandeur and serene beauty as a splendid
 architectural triumph.

The style of architecture is what is
 known as the Romanesque, which carries
 with it simplicity, massiveness and
 strength. It is built of the beautiful
 olive Bowling Green grey limestone,
 which gives the exterior a subdued as-
 pect, but with a suggestion of durability
 and strength. It stands four stories in
 height. The main tower rises in grace-
 ful outlines to the height of 220 feet, with
 a total of a bronze statue of Mercury,
 representative of science, commerce and
 the arts, as well as the genius of life and
 the patron of travelers. The clock in
 this big square tower, when finished, will
 be unique in that it will have movable
 blocks to indicate the hour instead of
 hands.

The main entrance to the building is
 from Broad Street, which has a space un-
 derneath for a number of parallel rail-
 way tracks. One passes from the pave-
 ment on the viaduct into the loggia or
 stone porch, which is supported by seven
 massive stone arches, three in front and
 two on either side. These arches rise in
 graceful proportions and are elaborately
 carved in a delicate tracery of stone
 work. The central arch, in front as
 well as higher and more imposing than the
 others. The floor is laid with ornamental
 tiling, and rises in the center by four
 steps to the level of the floor in the main
 waiting room. The ceiling of the loggia
 is paneled in oak and the roof is flat.
 There is a fine sculptured stone ante-
 chamber near the top, upon which a con-
 crete balustrade stands that rises above
 and surrounds the roof balcony. The
 loggia contains vestibules and
 a trio of heavy archways corresponding
 in height to the front arches of the
 loggia. All these arches are artistically
 carved and present the most perfect out-
 lines of Romanesque beauty.

The interior of the main waiting-room,
 by its imposing beauty, excites the most
 enthusiastic admiration. The harmony
 of its proportions leaves in the mind the
 impressions of fitness, elegance and mag-
 nificence. This hall is 100 feet long, 60
 feet wide, and 45 feet high. Its ceiling
 forms one solid arch, lighted by a large
 skylight of ornamental glass in the roof.
 Tennessee marble is used in the wainscot-
 ing, with a base of black marble. The
 wall between the Tennessee marble and
 the interior corridor, which forms a
 break in the continuity of the vertical
 lines at the second story, is done in a
 rich olive or colonial green, lighted up
 with the splendor of gold and carved by
 a cornice also decorated with gold. The
 brackets which support the ceiling of the
 corridor are large in size, giving an idea
 of support and strength and majesty.
 Above the corridor shades of much lighter
 green are used, tipped with yellow or
 mauve, with brighter golden tints. Higher
 up the green fades into a yellow and
 green, which led in beautiful har-
 mony with the art glass in the panels that
 form the top of the arch. The whole
 fresco work of the walls is splendid in
 execution and gives an added glory to
 the magnificence of the hall.

At the eastern end one is struck with
 the significance of the symbolical figures
 done in metal. Ramesses and his Queen,
 with all the insignia of royalty, are seated
 in a chariot of antique pattern.
 Through clumsy in the extreme, there is
 an awesome barbaric splendor in its slow
 movement. While a number of slaves
 with ropes over their shoulders are draw-
 ing the chariot, two other slaves follow
 behind the vehicle, one carrying an
 earthen vessel filled with water, or it
 may be wine, the other bearing a palm
 leaf and holding it as a sunshade over
 the heads of the royal personages. The
 whole design brings to one's mind the
 stately pomp, the awful dignity and the
 slow transit of 2500 years ago.
 Immediately above this metal piece is
 a clock five feet in diameter. The hands
 and Arabic numbers are white, while the
 dial plate is black, thus giving a contrast
 which enables every one to read the time
 from any portion of the great hall. An
 exact duplicate of this clock rests upon
 the southern end wall. Above each clock
 is a great circle forming an exquisite
 study in gold decoration.

In the spandrel of the big arch on the
 northern end is a winged man pushing
 everything before him. He represents
 energy and progress. In the opposite
 spandrel on the left the emblem of Time
 is represented by Clotho, a beautiful Gre-
 cian maiden holding the distaff in which
 the thread of life is spun.

Progress and Life work out in Time
 the counterpart of this symbolical repre-
 sentation on the southern end wall. There
 the Egyptian chariot is replaced by a
 full vestibule passenger train done in
 metal, with the modern locomotive No. 19
 at its head, which annihilates time, de-
 creases distance, promotes comfort, and
 secures safety. In the right spandrel of

the great arch Nashville is represented in
 bas-relief by a beautiful girl habited in
 Grecian costume colored by lavender and
 pink, displaying the lines of beauty and
 high culture in her form and face. In the
 left spandrel opposite is a white-robed
 figure typifying Louisville. She is more
 inclined to form, more perfectly developed,
 but not so graceful in pose or so beauti-
 ful and refined in appearance as the figure
 representing Nashville. These two com-
 plications are stretching out their hands
 to one another in tokens of unity, good-
 will and inseparable companionship.

On the south wall is a highly artistic
 fireplace, elaborately done in stone after
 the Romanesque. The fretwork under the
 mantel shelf is a delicate and labo-
 rious work of art in Arabesque and
 harmonious well with the miniature col-
 umns and arches above. Not the least
 attractive of the ornaments, because sig-
 nificant, are those that appear on the top
 spandrels on the east and west side of
 the great waiting-room. Five arches on
 each side spring in grand and noble out-
 lines. Glass work for the most part fill
 up the open spaces of the arches. Re-
 lying on the sloping upper sides of the
 arches are winged figures of beautiful
 maiden done in bas-relief, expressing in
 their outstretched hands symbols of some
 of the many products grown, made or handled
 on the lines of the two railroads: flax,
 flour, vegetables, corn, wheat, stock,
 lumber, cotton, tobacco, wine, whiskey,
 shoes, brick, saw logs, merchandise, boots,
 shoes, hardware, groceries, etc., are the
 offerings of these charming and beauti-
 ful benefactors. Even the live-stock in-
 dustry is represented in the Taurus of the
 Zodiac. The floor of the hall is laid with
 ornamental tiles, and is a rich mosaic
 work varied in design and elegant in its
 subdued colors.

This princely hall may be lighted at
 night by two magnificent chandeliers
 pendant from the ceiling, each having
 thirty-one lights. Besides these, there are
 from thirty to forty groups of lights,
 ranging from two to six lights each, dis-
 posed all around the hall. When all these
 are lighted, there is a dazzling flashing
 splendor rivalling that of the sun at mid-
 day and revealing attractive features that
 are never seen by daylight.

Time and space will not permit of a
 further description of this marvellous wait-
 ing-room. In its proportions and beau-
 ty, its artistic design and its execution,
 the kindly pulses of France before the
 revolution. The drapery of arts, sculpture
 and painting have been freely em-
 ployed in making it the most artistic,
 most attractive, the most pleasing, and
 without the least comfortable wait-
 ing-room in America.

The ladies' waiting-room, which oc-
 cupies the northwestern corner, is fifty feet
 square, and is a dream of beauty. An
 ornamental square fireplace gives relief
 to the massive wall. The room is in-
 closed in yellow, with wreaths of pink rose-
 on the ceiling. There are six in-
 closed brass chandeliers that add manifold
 splendor to this tastefully decorated
 chamber at night. The windows are embel-
 lished with "gutzwiller" glasses with
 rare and exquisite coloring and rich
 beauty.

The waiting-room for the colored pas-
 sengers is thought by many to be the
 most beautiful of all the small waiting-
 rooms. It is finished in several shades
 of tea green, and presents a most attrac-
 tive appearance. It is the counterpart of
 the ladies' waiting-room.

The dining-room occupies the north-
 eastern corner. It is finished in rose color
 with artistic designs on the ceiling in
 buff. It has a richly decorated fire-
 place and mantle. The room is very hand-
 some, both in size, style and finish.

The luncheon room is in the southwest
 corner, and is finished in blue. Between the
 first and second story there is a mezzanine
 half-story on the east and west sides
 that is used for offices.

Accommodations are provided for a large
 ticket office, telegraph and telephone of-
 fices, parcel-room, newspaper stall, etc.
 The entire building is thoroughly ven-
 tilated, heated by hot air, fitted with
 stairs, and lighted by gas and electric-
 ity.

There is a large loggia or midway, 25
 by 200 feet, that extends from the Walnut
 Street entrance westward, and embraces
 the space between the train shed and the
 southern side of the main building. Four
 flights of steps lead to the train shed be-
 low, where provisions are made for the
 accommodation of ten trains. The loggia
 extends to the carriage concourse and to
 the baggage building. This latter build-
 ing is 45 by 125 feet, and two stories high.
 The train shed is 250 by 300 feet, also
 covered with slats. It has gables of
 stained glass.

Taking the station as a whole, it is a
 brilliant gem of art and utility, the real-
 ized phantom of an architect's dream,
 a creation at once resplendent, most el-
 egant and magnificent; grand in concep-
 tion, perfect in execution, full of new
 phases of beauty and decorative art, and
 the pride and ornament of Nashville and
 of Tennessee.

They who keep near the Good Shep-
 herd do not know that there are either
 dogs nor guard of wolves who attack.
 —Ram's Horn.

Impure blood is responsible directly
 and indirectly for many other dis-
 eases. Purify the blood at once with
 Dr. Simmons' Sarsaparilla. Fifty
 cents and 50 doses.

JEWELRY

WATCHES. Fine Watch Repairing.

Our Illustrated Catalogue sent free to any one sending us their address.

READ THIS.

Old Gold bought or taken in trade.

IRION, GIRARDET & CO.
 404 W. MARKET ST.
 LOUISVILLE, KY.

Engraving and Jewelry Repairing. **DIAMONDS.**

SILVERWARE

2500 MILES IN A SPECIAL TRAIN

Will be the record of those availing themselves of the rate of

\$45 To SAN FRANCISCO AND RETURN

ANNOUNCED BY THE

SANTA FE

Account International Convention of

Epworth League, July 18-21, 1901

Send for profusely illustrated circular, complete with details relative to route, sleeper rates, schedule, side trips, stop overs, scenery, dining stations, etc.

J. P. WRIGHT, P. A., Cleburne.
 S. A. KENDIG, P. A., Galveston.
 H. Y. WILLIAMS, P. A., San Antonio.

W. S. KEENAN, Gen'l Pass. Agt. GALVESTON

Southern Pacific "Sunset Route"

THE BEST SERVICE IN THE SOUTH

BETWEEN Louisiana, Mexico and Texas, California

Nothing Superior to the "Sunset-Central Special" or Pullman Standard and Excursion Sleeping Car Service, operated via Sunset Route and its connections, to all points

NORTH, EAST, SOUTHEAST AND WEST.

Ask Ticket Agents for Particulars.

S. F. B. MORSE, Passenger Traffic Manager, HOUSTON, TEXAS.
L. J. PARKS, Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agent, HOUSTON, TEXAS.

HOUSTON & TEXAS CENTRAL RAILROAD

"SUNSET-CENTRAL SPECIAL"

RUNS THROUGH DAILY FROM DENISON TO NEW ORLEANS AND CARRIES FREE CHAIR CARS.

Through Pullman Sleepers Daily

From GALVESTON via DENISON to ST. LOUIS.
 From GALVESTON via FT. WORTH to DENVER.
 From AUSTIN via ELGIN to CHICAGO.
 From HOUSTON via DENISON to SEDALLA, MO.
 From HOUSTON to WACO and AUSTIN.

"The Central is the Free Chair Car Line."

For Tickets and further information apply to Agents H. & T. C. R. E.

S. F. B. MORSE, Pass. Traf. Mgr. HOUSTON, TEXAS.
M. L. ROBBINS, Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt. HOUSTON, TEXAS.
A. C. NEWSUM, Dist. Pass. Agt. DALLAS, TEXAS.

A FIRST CLASS MEAL FOR 50¢

DINING CAR STATIONS

FOR "KATY FLYER" PASSENGERS

TO ST. LOUIS, CHICAGO, KANSAS CITY, GALVESTON, AUSTIN, SAN ANTONIO, DALLAS AND FT. WORTH.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder adds to the healthfulness of all risen flour-foods, and makes the food lighter, sweeter, finer-flavored, more delicious.

It is worth while to exercise care in purchasing baking powder to see that you get the kind that makes the food more wholesome and at the same time more palatable.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO. CHICAGO.

NOTE.—There are many mixtures, made in imitation of baking powder, which it is prudent to avoid. They are lower in price than pure powders, but they are made from alum. Alum in food is poisonous.

A CHAT WITH LOCAL PREACHERS.

At the next session of the General Conference it may be proposed to amend Section IV. of our Discipline so that a local preacher may be tried upon a bill of charges and specifications by the Quarterly Conference where the alleged offense was committed without any regard to the place where he holds his official membership. There can be no valid objection to that amendment. The doctrine holds good in the criminal jurisprudence in the State courts. But let it be provided that in no case shall a local preacher be denied the right of trial by a committee of his peers.

"When a Bishop shall be under report, or be accused of immorality, three traveling elders shall, after notice to him, carefully inquire into the case, and if they believe an investigation necessary, they shall report the matter to another Bishop; and it shall be his duty to call together, at some convenient place not less than twelve traveling elders, and the said elders shall be a committee for the investigation of the charges brought against the Bishop. If two-thirds of them believe a trial necessary, they shall suspend him till the next session of the General Conference."

Why not be as liberal with the local preacher? A Bishop is no higher in ministerial orders than any other elder. He is only first among his equals, set apart and consecrated to special official duty. He cannot be denied a trial by a committee of his peers.

"If a traveling preacher be under report of immorality, in the absence of a Bishop the presiding elder shall call together at least three traveling preachers to investigate the report or accusation. If the accused be an elder, the committee shall be composed of elders, and if a deacon, the committee shall be either elders or deacons."

The foregoing applies in case of a cause arising in the interval of an Annual Conference.

"When the accusation is preferred during the session of the Annual Conference, it shall first be referred for investigation to three traveling elders, appointed by the President, which committee shall report to the conference whether a trial be necessary. Every case to be tried shall be referred to a committee of not less than nine nor more than thirteen."

Provided, that the accused shall be allowed the right of peremptory challenge of five in constituting a committee of thirteen, and three in a committee of nine, besides the right of unlimited challenge for cause."

Why not the same right with a local preacher?

"When a member of the Church is under report of immorality, the preacher in charge shall appoint a committee of three discreet members of the Church, who shall investigate the report or accusation. If upon investigation they deem a trial necessary, they shall formulate a bill of charges and specifications. On presentation of such bill of charges and specifications, the preacher in charge shall appoint a committee of not less than five, nor more than thirteen, members of the Church to which the accused belongs, before whom he shall be cited to appear and who shall have full power to try the case."

He shall be allowed the right of unlimited challenge for cause; and the right to interrogate the committeemen to ascertain the cause; and the accused shall also have the right of peremptory challenge of two in a committee of five, and in like ratio for any other number."

Change of Venue.—"The pastor may, for sufficient cause, conduct the trial of a member at a place other than where his membership is held."

But how is it now about the local preacher? The Quarterly Conference has full power to try, and acquit, suspend or expell him.

"When a local preacher is under report of immorality, the preacher in charge shall appoint a committee of three local preachers, and if local preachers cannot be obtained, he shall appoint three members of the Church to investigate the report or accusation. If upon investigation this committee deem a trial necessary, they shall formulate a bill of charges and specifications and shall appoint a local preacher to prosecute the case before the Quarterly Conference."

Now, if there should be no local preacher belonging to that Quarterly Conference, as is some times the case, then the accused would be tried wholly by laymen and not by his peers.

No one will insist that a Bishop, a presiding elder, a traveling elder, a traveling deacon, or a traveling preacher can be tried by a committee or any other sort of an organized body of laymen in our whole connection.

Then we have an exception to the general usage in disparagement of the relations of the local preacher, which ought to be readjusted.

In the trial of a traveling preacher as well as a lay member of the Church, the accused has the right of challenge for cause and the right of peremptory challenge without being compelled to show any cause. More than that, the layman may be allowed a change of venue where the trend of prejudice or the tide of partiality would be likely to defeat the ends of justice. But the law as it is seems to provide no such safeguards for our brotherhood.

There are more local preachers in the Southern Methodist Church than there are effective itinerants; and about one-half of the local brotherhood are local elders, and every one of the elders are the equals in ministerial orders of the highest official functionaries of the Church; and yet the local elder may be tried by a court of laymen without the right of challenge or change of venue; while even the laymen can not be denied either of these rights.

If there should be but two local preachers on the floor of the General Conference having the courage of their convictions at the time that amendment to Section IV is presented, let both of them vote for it; but let one of them offer our amendment to the proposed amendment, and let the other second the motion, which will bring the matter regularly before the conference; provided, that no local preacher shall be denied the right of trial by a jury of their peers; and provided, that he shall not be denied the right of peremptory challenge nor the right of unlimited challenge for cause; provided further, that he shall not be denied the

right to change of venue to an adjoining pastoral charge or to any other pastoral charge in the presiding elder's district if, in the sound discretion of the chair, the ends of justice would be better subserved; nor shall he be denied the right to interrogate the jury to ascertain the cause for change of venue or the right of challenge.

Remember, that one-fifth of the members of the General Conference present and voting, can circumvent the passage of a distasteful measure by force of parliamentary law (see paragraph 35 of the Discipline): "The ministers and laymen shall deliberate in one body; but upon a call of one-fifth of the members of the conference the lay and clerical members shall vote separately, and no measure shall be passed without the concurrence of a majority of both classes of representatives." Surely one-fifth of the members of the General Conference can be induced to see the equity of our demand and the disparaging conditions of which we complain. W. C. YOUNG, 345 Wall Street, Dallas, Texas.

DISTRICT CONFERENCES.

PALESTINE DISTRICT.
All visitors who expect to attend the Palestine District Conference, which meets at Lovelady June 27, will please notify me if entertainment is expected. W. J. OWENS, Trinity, Texas.

HUNTSVILLE DISTRICT.
The Huntsville District Conference will be held at Madisville, Texas, July 11. CHAS. A. HOOPER, P. E.

GREENVILLE DISTRICT.
The Greenville District Conference will be held at Fairlee, June 18-23. The following are the Committees of Examination: For License to Preach—P. L. Smith, J. T. Bludworth, J. R. Adair. For Admission on Trial—J. W. Hill, J. E. Roach, J. W. Beckham. For Elder's Orders—W. H. Stephenson, H. M. Firtle, P. F. Threadgill. For Deacon's Orders—J. J. Clark, S. L. Ball, R. H. Fields.

Let the pastors see that the Quarterly Conference Records are present, and it is expected that all the local preachers, whether ordained or not, will be in attendance on the District Conference. Rev. J. J. Clark will preach the opening sermon, Wednesday night, June 19. O. S. THOMAS, P. E.

BRENNHAM DISTRICT.
The Brenham District Conference will convene Friday morning, June 14, at 5 o'clock a. m. The opening sermon will be preached Thursday evening by James Kilgore. J. B. COCHRAN, P. E., Rockdale, Texas.

McKINNEY DISTRICT.
On the afternoon of June 26 we will have conveyance at McKinney and Farmersville for all desiring to attend the McKinney District Conference. J. W. BLACKBURN, Blue Ridge, Texas.

WEATHERFORD DISTRICT.
License to Preach—J. H. Stewart, J. S. Tunnell, E. V. Cox. Admission on Trial—B. W. Dobson, H. D. Kuckertbocker, R. B. Bonner. Deacon's Orders—L. G. Rogers, E. R. Wallace, J. S. Hockabee. Elder's Orders—W. E. Caperton, B. J. Maxwell, L. B. Tushy. JNO. R. MORRIS, Per J. R. Pierce, R. S.

PITTSBURG DISTRICT.
The pastors of the Pittsburg District will please notify me by June 19 who will attend District Conference from their charges. L. H. McGEE, Gilmer, Texas.

DUBLIN DISTRICT.
To the Preachers and Delegates of the Dublin District.

Please send me the names of all that expect conveyance from Carbon to the District Conference June 27. Hacks will meet the train at Carbon the 26th. Let all come on the noon train. Now, brethren, if you wish us to haul you out, all come the same day. C. E. STATHAM, P. C., Rising Star, Texas.

Purify the blood and put the system in order for summer work by using at this time a short course of PRICKLY ASH BITTERS; it is the greatest blood purifier on earth.

NOTICE.

Brethren desiring help in their protracted meetings this summer will please write to the undersigned, Georgetown, Texas. W. J. LEMONS

For a Nerve Tonic

Use Horsford's Acid Phosphate. Dr. H. M. Harlow, Augusta, Me., says: "One of the best remedies in all cases in which the system requires an acid and a nerve tonic."

When making soup or stew with cold vegetables add one teaspoonful of sugar, which will sweeten them and make them taste like new.

The June Magazine Number of The Outlook, New York, which is its Annual Recreation Number, contains an article of extreme value by Philip W. Ayres, on "The Forester and His Work." Mr. Ayres tells of the life of the forest, its importance to mankind, and of the tracts of forest land that already have been reserved, and it is hoped will be reserved, by the Government. The article is illustrated by photographs of trees, woodland and forests of the West and South.

SCHOOLS.

POLYTECHNIC COLLEGE COMMENCEMENT.

The ninth annual commencement exercises of Polytechnic College began Saturday evening, May 18, with entertainment by Elcomtion Department. Sunday at 11 a. m. the baccalaureate sermon was preached by Rev. I. W. Clark, of Dallas. He took an old text, but preached a new sermon, characterized by strength of thought and beauty of expression. The farewell service of the Epworth League in the afternoon was interesting and profitable. Addresses were made by Rev. J. S. Barcus, M. C. Quillian and T. V. Ellzey. The annual missionary sermon was preached by Rev. E. D. Moulton. Bro. Moulton is one of our strong preachers, and he fully maintained his reputation on that occasion.

On Monday morning the inter-society oratorical contest was held. The speakers reflected honor upon their respective societies, and the medal went to A. D. Porter. Much interest was manifested in the inter-society debate Monday evening. The contestants displayed thorough acquaintance with the subject and skill in argument. The decision was accorded to the Philosophians. On Tuesday morning another oratorical contest was had. As a result, Mr. Miller will wear the medal.

Perhaps the choicest entertainment of the commencement was the musicale given under the direction of Miss Mattie Dunlap, assisted by Prof. Belling. Many of the selections were from the masters, and were artistically performed.

Wednesday morning the graduating exercises closed the program. Class Representative J. J. Creed delivered an address. Rev. E. W. Solomon, being providentially prevented from attending, Rev. R. C. Armstrong delivered the literary address.

Thus closes another successful session in Polytechnic College. With a strong faculty, a good record, and a favorable environment, this school, under the providence of God, is destined to fill a still larger place in the field of Christian education. E. P. WILLIAMS

Humors feed on humors—the sooner you get rid of them the better—Hood's Sarsaparilla is the medicine to take.

ON EXHIBITION

Mrs. A. M. Pennock, of 16 Browder Street, Dallas, lost her home at Galveston and everything on earth she possessed, except one oil painting, which was in a store on Market Street being framed. It is now at the music store of Guggan & Bro. Call and see terms for its sale.

Do You Want a Watch?

WE HAVE ANY STYLE AND GRADE

Gents' Watches from \$7.00 to \$150.00

Ladies' Watches from \$5.00 to \$80.00

Fine Watch Repairing a Specialty. Our 52-page Catalogue sent Free.

C. P. BARNES & CO.
Established in 1858
504 & 506 W. Market St., Louisville, Ky.

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN PIANOS.
Write the Great **JESSE FRENCH PIANO & ORGAN CO.**, Jesse French Building, Dallas, Texas.

Never to give up, but ever to keep up and to keep at it, is the duty and the test of heroism in times that are hard and in hours that are dark.—H. Clay Trumbull.

MORPHINE, Opium, Cocaine, Whiskey habits cured at home. No suffering. **Benedy's Cure** guaranteed. Endorsed by physicians, ministers and others. Book of particulars, testimonials, etc. Free. Tobacco cure, E. Estab. 1902. **WILSON CHEMICAL CO., Dublin, Tex.**

TEACHER
An experienced teacher of Greek, Latin, Spanish, German, French, Italian, Higher Mathematics, and Physical Sciences seeks a position for the Fall. Speaks French and German. College graduate. Master of Arts. Conference references. Correspondence solicited. Address **J. E. HOPKINS, Trezevant, Tenn.**

FOR THE Pan-American Exposition

YOU'LL NEED A WOOL COSTUME. We make a handsome showing. Correct fabrics. Weights that are right. Made in very latest fashion. We need the room. Prices are down so low that you are simply asked to pay a moderate price for an elegant wool skirt, while the stylish e-ton coat costs you nothing. Examine the following. Unquestionably this season's most sacrificing suit sale—only correct and new styles shown.

Special No. 1 consists of a large line of Serge, Venetian, Homespun and Golf Cloth Suits, in e-ton and coat styles, values \$13.50 and \$14.50, rebuilding sale price **\$9.85**

Special No. 2 consists of a line of fine English Venetian and French Broadcloth Suits, in e-ton and reefer styles, values, \$18.50, \$20.00 and \$22.50, rebuilding sale price only **\$14.75**

New Lawn Costumes and White Pique Suits—An exceedingly dainty assortment of pretty Lawn Dresses, trimmed in lace, with white lawn tucked fronts; also a line of good, quality Pique Suits, nicely trimmed in embroidery insertion, sailor blouse style, flare skirt, value \$5.00 and \$6.00, rebuilding sale price **\$4.25**

New White Pique Skirts—An exceptionally well made line of Lace Striped White Pique Skirts; also a line of good quality White Pique Skirts trimmed in embroidery insertion—these would be good values at \$1.75 and \$2.00, rebuilding sale price **\$1.45**

Children's Reefers—Get the children ready for the Buffalo Exposition—no time like the present to buy neat and stylish light weight Children's Broadcloth Reefers, nicely trimmed in braid or lace, in red, navy and castor, regular price \$3.00, \$3.25 and \$3.50, all specially reduced and placed in one lot for the rebuilding sale price **\$2.45**

SANGER BROTHERS, Dallas, Texas.

THE BAIN WAGON.

Nearly every user of a wagon in the South west knows that the **Bain** has for more than half a century been the best that money could buy. They know that quality has never been sacrificed to meet the demand for a cheap wagon. To those who are not informed, permit us to say that Texas requires altogether a different wagon than the old states. The extremes of heat and cold and wet and dry render a wagon considered first-class in the old states, worthless in Texas; therefore, do not be deceived by flashy paint, and the oily oratory of the dealer trying to sell you an inferior wagon because there is more money in it for him, but buy the **Bain** which only costs a little more than the inferior wagon and is worth a great deal more to you. We also handle the **O'Brien** and **James and Graham Wagons**, made specially for Texas climate. Write us for circular and prices if you can't get them from your dealer. We handle everything that is best in Implements, Buggies, Crockery, Traction Engines, Hay Presses, Mowers, etc. Write us for your wants.

PARLIN & ORENDORFF CO., DALLAS, TEXAS.

FREE Copy to Methodist MINISTERS.
Free Outfit to Canvassers.

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE ILLUSTRATED HISTORY OF METHODISM.
The Story of its Origin and Progress from its Foundation by John Wesley to the present day.

By Rev. JAMES W. LEE, D. D., Rev. NAPHTALI LUCOCK, D. D., and Prof. JAMES M. DIXON, M. A.

Splendidly Illustrated by over ONE THOUSAND PORTRAITS and VIEWS of Persons and Places Identified with the Rise and Development of Methodism.

A new and up-to-date History illustrated with the profusions and perfection of modern art. Prices so low as to place it within the reach of every one of the **Edg. Hillman** Methodist communities in America. Every Methodist will want it. Includes a **CHART OF METHODISM**, showing Every Movement, Every Branch and Every Division of the Methodist Church from 1729 to the present year—A **Panorama of Methodism**. Write for sample illustrations, description, blank Terms to Agents. Address: **N. D. THOMPSON PUBLISHING CO., ST. LOUIS, MO., CHICAGO, ILL., NEW YORK CITY, N. Y.**

For Annum. Vol. XLVII. ED THE SANC The most home in it der relations a tie of love place where th and the child in concord at tains to the w to them, and Their counsel and their fear treat. No o knowledge of those who ma domestic star sorrows, the whatever of momentary ir brought into timate friend being under these chamber fore men is a them within, transmute th make of them hold. But sp mit them to ties and misc are necessaril pire between t and between t dren that no ever to hear faintest whisp each other at the confidence to them no m yond those pe cious intruder tic intermedd place of conf tions. Let th from his wife innermost th but no idle c matters. If th matters of a things be in parents who morals and about to fin of perpetual home circle, a tion and love a heaven on e flowers of th those who dw sweetest and side the altars

A WORD FC Church choi the public serv They ought to possible of C event they our moral charact have been ab ease with M A choir has m as a rule the t of encourage They have u well as upon thankless bur justly ridicul body feels con upon their fit ly they work f are remunerat that will serv promptness an