

Per Annum, s2.e0.


## An Ancient Stroll.

IN Genesis, chapter 5, verse 24, we read: "And Enoch waiked with God, and he was not, for God took him." A comprehensive and lumincus biography in a rew masterly words. The result and not the details of life is here summed up. Our mission upon earth is the achievement of character. This gained, all is gained; character. This gained, all is gained;
this lost, all is lost. For character this lost, all is lost. For character
makes destiny, and a destiny inclusive of all that is true, beautiful and good. To gain the whole world and lose one's soul is a bad bargain, while holiness, even at the sacrifice of the universe itself, is the divinest of all acquisitions. Unless biography can chronicle the growth and maturity of the spiritual life, it might just as well not be written. Such an account can only be the delineation of folly and $\sin$, culminating in the deepest tragedy at last. In the eternal wisdom of God, life is a probation, constantly converging to one point-the development and perfection of the soul. Upon this apprenticeship hinges the issues of eternity. All else is secondary and evanescent. Here is the true goal. This is the secret of the ages.
The depth of Scripture is a proof of its authenticity. What but inspiration could have penetrated thus to the very essence of being? What but inspiration could have packed into a dozen simple words the supreme result of life? This verse, like the attar of roses, is a concentrated distillation. It is the focalization of all the light of folios. Here, patent to our vision, is a wisdom which has sounded the depths of the soul, and which has unveiled the essence and glory of life. More might have been said, but this is enough. Less could not have been ness and hope. Here is no display of balance sheets, no trumpeting of the name far and wide, no unrolling and blazoning of diplomas and tities, no counting of pleasure's rosy hours. Such an inventory seen against the background of eternity is the veriest bauble. The divine accountant and chronicler tells of something to which the computations of arithmetic are not applicable, and which statistics can not tabulate; of something which the imagination and poetry themselves can not adequately display. It is a record of simple goodness. It is the impersonation of truth and righteousness. It is a tale of duty. Walking with God, Enoch catches his spirit and is
assimilated to his nature, and buoyed assimilated to his nature, and buoyed
by the consciousness and dynamics of immortality, leaps over the battlements of heaven and bathes his soul in the effulgence of "the beatific vision." This passage affords us a capital illustration of the law of affinity. This friendship. Like is drawn to like. Identity of tastes and dispositions is the bond of wedded life. Friendship is a community of interests. This recis a community of interests. iprocity-is a magnet. We avoid those We seek those in whom
we see mirrored our own spirit and vays. Society is the congregation of finity rpon the basis of a general those whose tompers is the alliance of mutually potent and agreeable. Marriage is the union of kindred spirits, nd represents the maximum of human identity. Religion is the binding of the godlike soul to God. Enoch walked with God because there was an identity of thought and feeling between them. There was a community of spiritual interests. There was a parallelism of aspiration and endeavor, so to speak. The human, awakened and purified by the tonch of the divine enters into co-partnership and commu nication. The human, receising progressively a fuller revelation of
glory of the disine. experiences mightier magcetisn:. Thus, through the transcendent love and the ic.measurable condescension of God, originzte: a union and communion of kindred souls-the finite and the infinite. The intellect of the old patriarch had found in God the ideal, and was satisfi-d. In the presence and glory of God he formd a full response to all his questionings and aspirations. The godlike in Enoch had been touched to its finest issues; the carnality and worldiness of the patriarch had been sloughed off; the potentialities of assimilation and congeniality to the divine had been vitalized: the filial elements of the sout had answered back to the call of God, and now at last the type and and son blend in an indissoluble iove and life.
Walising with God comprehends furthermore all that is implied in the discharge of duty, in the accomplishment of one's life-work, and in the use of the means of grace. He kept the law. he fulfilled the regal, prophetic and priestly functions of his office as the head of a family; he meditated, prayed, offered sacrifice and communed
with his brethren. His was a consecrated, basy life, with perhaps the de votional element predominating. His was an ethereal life; he kept slose to the border-line of eternity and heaven; he was pavilioned in a divine atmosphere: he anticipated immortality.
Just as two friends stroll forth in the green fields and pleasant light. th: oughly congenial and mutually attached, communing in the denpest con-
fidence of earth's tenderest interests and the heart's most sacred themes, or talking of nature and life in all their myriad bearinge, with their thoughts in the same channels and their souls keyed to the same pitch, with the tie of brotherhood passionate and strong -so in the morning of time, upon the bosom of the young world, God and the soul which he had made and reeemed walked and talked.
And we, too, may hear his voice and answer. We may feel the gentle drawings of his love, and the tender touches of his hand. The whisperings of the still, small voice are audible yet to the loving and the devout. The inues to flame. The glory which the patriarchs saw trails nightly across the sky, and gleams even yet more brigitly in the life of those who do his will. But this vision is for the pure in heart.

Hat we should live one day at a
timen of ischarging its duties, bearing
tility. Trying to play the role $I$ time, discharging its duties, bearing withols and enjoying its blessings, Worrow, is anxious thonght for the monrow, is no doubt a truism. Rut common-place saying, is presnant with he profoundest philosophy. It is ane of Christ's deepest and best sayings, and the practical application of it is the scurce of our greatest strength and happiness. Instead of saying, when ve hear this proposition proponnded h. well, this is an old, prosaic, utter ance!" let us try to divine and appropriate its precious sceret, and live and
labor in the light of its hallowed wisdom.
Each one of us is an apostle. Each
one of us is sent of God upon a beneficent mission. We know of nothing which so dignifies human life as that each individtal of the race is an actor us is destined to play a providential role, and his service is essential to the symmetry and beauty of the plan. There is no such thing as an isolated life. We are integral elements in the scheme. Our character and mission are worth much. We have a destiny as sharply defined and as providentially shaped as that of Paul himself.
L.t us run well.有

Ive would do weil to study the doctrine of little things. Trivial matters have suggested the keys to the might iest of problems. Insignificant oerurrences have led to the richest an most beneficent discoveries and inven-
tions. Every day ushers in a new epoch. Every hour is a crisis. One kind word has kindled the flame of an immortal hope; one bitter remark has withered the aspirations of a struggling soul. The next sermon heard may be the last; or it may be the coc or one chapter in a book, may infuse a subtie and ineradicable poison. good man may determine one's des tiny. Trifies may prove giant affairs; the passing moments may be laden
with pvil or good.

Well begun is haif done
one's plans deliberately; to utilize the
laws and forces necessary to success; the biohest wisdom. There is too muin the bighest wisdom. There is too much chance arfair. It is not the gift of fortune. It is the fruit of wisdom and labor. It is the joint product of method and application. There is nothing more infallible than success if we go at it in the right way. The world is free, the competition is open to all; there is no discrimination against any comer. There is magic in the words, method and work. But we can not be too careful in our choice of ends. There are the best should satisfy us.

It is not unmanly to apologize when we are clearly in the wrong. It is the truest magnanimity to redress the grievances we have caused. It is he climax of a righteous and honorabie life to right the wrongs justly chargeable to us. The

## lility. Trying to play the role

 a philoscpher who can never ever stray has spoiied many an othervise fine character. Sometimes there is no recourse but to own up. Confession is trebly good for the soul.Among the writings of that rare woman and gifted writer, Helen Hunt Jackson, there is a picture of a home
as it ought to be, drawn in such fair and graceful lines that it deserves to be hung up in every family gailery where all may see, heed and learn its lesson. Here is the picture: "The most perfect little home 1 ever saw cense of whose fires went no costly things. A thousand dollars served as a year's living for father, mother and hree children. But the mother was he creator of a home: her relations with the children were the most beauifui I have ever scen; every inmate of he house involuntarily looked into her ace for the keynote of the day, and it
always rang ciear. From the rosebud or ciover leat which, in spite of her nard housework she always found ame to put beside our piates at break cast, down to the story she had on no intermission of her influence. She my ideal of a mother, wife and homemaker. If to her quick brain, loving
heart and exquisite face had been addad the appliances of wealth and eniargements of wide culture, hers would
have been absolutely the ideal home.解- Christian Work I haver

## Consecration is simply the restoring

 ing and answering his rightful claimssaying giadiy and reverently il 1 ati thine, O Lord:" When once this atti-tude has been thoughtfully assumed in answers all the questions which arise he hasier s, they may not louch they may not go in forbidden paths; these senses and facultics are his, they
mast not be used outside the circle of his will: this body is his, no voice but members are his, they may not be pre-
sented as weapons of unrigieousness unto sin. Reasonings like these make
us feel that we dare not $\sin$.-Rev. F. In small country newspaper offices, he comp copy goes from the editor to proot-reader is often fis. the nerd of a in a Missouri office a short time ago the aalleys mixed. The first part of had been dumped inecunious citizen the next handful of type came from a five The country folk were mucb startled when they came to the para sraph, which read thus:
"The pall-bearers lowered the bod to the grave. It was consigned to the lames. There were few, if any regrets,
for the old wreck had been an eyesore o the town for years. Of course there was individual lass, but that was ful-
ly covered by insurance."-The AdPerfect isnorance is quiet, perfect
knowledge is quiet--not so the transiknowlerge is quiet-not so the trans
ion from the former to the latter.Carlyle.
Love and you shall be loved. as the two sides of an algebraic equ ion-Emerson.

# pilicis <br>  BAIING POWDIR <br> Awarded 

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Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair.
SUMMARY OF PROCEEDINGS OF TBE Juint cummission.
The Commissions on Federation appointed by the General Conferences of joint session at Washington. D. C., January 7, 1898.
The commissioners present from the
Methodist Episcopal Church, South, were Bishop J. C. Granbery, D. D.; Bishop R. K. Hargrove, D. D.; Bishop
W. W. Duncan, D. D.; the Rev. Dr. E. D. D.: Rev J. H Dy N. MacDonell Clark, Professor R. W. Jones, Col. Asa
Holt. From the Mei. Church the commissioners present
were Bishop S. M. Merrill, D. D.; Bishop W. X. Ninde, D. D.; Bishop M. J. Cook, D. D.; Rev. L. B. Wilson, Thomas H. Murray, Esq.
R. J. Cooke and E. E. Hoss were ap-
pointed Secretaries. The commission pointed Secretaries. The commission
sat two days, nine hours each day. sat two days, nine hours each day.
From the beginning to the close, harmony and fraternal love characterized the discussions of the important and
delicate questions considered by the commission.
As a basis for action, the following paper was presented from the
odist Episcopal Church, South:
"We, the commissioners of the
Methodist Episcopal Church, South, think it becoming that we state to the purposes of our General Conference in originating this movement for federation. We therefore call your attention to the following report on federation, which was adopted by the Gen-
eral Conference May 19, 1894. (The report referred to was read, as well as ference of the Methodist Episcopal ference of the Methodist Episcopal "We also remind you of the declara-
tion and basis of fraternity which was adopted without a dissentient voice by the Cape May Commission.
"'Status of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, and their co-ordinEpiscopal Methodism:
"'Each of said Churches is a legitimate branch of Episcopal Methodism in the United States, having a common
origin in the Methodist Episcopal origin in the Methodist Episcopal
Church organized in 1784; and since Church organized in 1784; and since
the organization of the Methodist the organization of the Methodist
Episcopal Church, South, was consummated in 1846, by the voluntary exercise of the right of the Southern members to adhere to that communion, it has been an evangelical Church, reared on Scriptural foundations, and her ministers and members, with Church, have constituted one Meth odist family, though in distinct ecelesiastical connections."
"That cowmission decided questions
concerning conflicting claims to Church property in so just and ,liberal a spirit as to settle local contentions and give general satisfaction. this commission relate, not to property, but to such occupation of the same territory by the two great branches of Episcopal Methodism as tends to promote friction and waste, and injure rather than promote the
of Scriptural holiness through these $\mid$ in the prosecution of the work, the and other lands. and in most features of polity. They closely resemble in religious fervor, and in methods for extending the kingdom of God and edifying believ-
ers. The reasons for harmony and ers. The reasons for harmony and
hearty co-operation between them are very strong. We do not desire to reopen any disputes of 1844, or of later
date We view the present situation date. We view the present situation, its responsibilitities and opportunities.
Where one of these Churches has been Where one of these Churches has been long and firmly established, given evigrowing surely and rapidly, and is active and enterprising in providing for the spiritual needs of the community according to the doctrines and usages of Methodism, it seems unwise that the other should enter and seek to divide
the Methodist people. If a feeble start the Methodist people. If a feeble start
has already been made, the societies has already been made, the societies
which have been formed made slow and doubtful progress, and are maintained year after year by the help of missionary funds, to withdraw would endanger no interest of the kingdom of God, but remove an unseemly and
unprofitable competition, and augment unprofitable competition, and augment
the resources in men and money for the resources in men and money for
the cultivation of needy fields. This view was definitely expressed by the Cape May Commission:
'In order to further promote the Joint Commission, and to remove as far as may be all occasion, and especially to forestall all further oc-
casion, for hostility between the two casion, for hostility between the two
Churches, we recommend to members Churches, we recommend to members
of both, as a wise rule of settlement of both, as a wise rule of settlement
where property is in contest, and one or both are weak, that they compose their differences by uniting in the same communion; and, in all such cases, that the ministers and members
recognize each other in all relations of recognize each other in all relations of fraternity, and as possessed of ecclesiastical rights and privileges of equal dignity and validity. They should and members in good standing, with the same alacrity and credit as if coming from their own Church, and, without interference with each other's institutions or missions, they should, nevertheless, co-operate in all Christian enterprise.
This paper was refered to the com-
missioners of the Methodist Episcopal missioners of the Methodist Episcopal
Church, and was reported back as church. and was reported
idopted. was then adopted by the Joint Commission.
various questions relating to every possible phase of federation between cue two churches, questions relating to education and mission interests in toreign lands, to the oecupation by the wo Churches of the same territory, to Che feasibility of a common Hymi form of public worship, and to the reception of traveling preachers by either Church from the other, without loss of orders or ministertal standing, were taken up and discussed with utmost frankness and the most careful regard for the vast interests invoived The Joint Commission finally agree language of which and particulars ex planatory, will be given hereafter, as provided for by the Joint Commission: 1. That the General Conferences of the two Churches be recommended to
order the preparation of a common Catechism, Hymn Book and Order of Public Worship for both Churches. 2. While recognizing the value an respective the Epworth Leagues of the the spirit of fraternity manifested in their Biennial International Conferences, yet the attention of the respec tive General Conferences is called to Conference in the absence of League provision for it, and suggest to the General Conferences the propriety of recognizing and regulating it by lega provisions.
3. That the General Conferences of the respective. Churches be recommented administration of the fr por the ing interests in Ching and Japan ing interests in China and Japan
4. That while appreciating fully Christian comity prevaling among our missions in foreign lands, and having given careful consideration to the principle and desirability perative administration as a means for lessening the expenditure of funds
commission, without attempting to Iormulate any plan for such co-opera-
tion, commend the subject to the contion, commend the subject to the con-
sideration of the two General Confersion, co
siderati
ences.
5. It
5. It was further agreed, for the prevention of hurtful competition, that in piaces where either Church is established and supplying the needs of the people, new work shall not be organ-
ized by the other Church without the consent of the Bishop having jurisdiction.
6. The following with reference to Christian education was adopted: a purely secular direction to all forms of education, we are convinced that the time has arrived when greater attention should be given to higher education under Christian auspices than ever before, and when the Church
should feel its full responsibility for the wise and safe training of all its young people. We are approaching the close of the nineteenth century, and believe that our members should give some tangible expression of our gratitude to our heavenly Father for the our progress.

## our progress. Resolved,

Resolved, This expression should crease the efficiency of our higher institutions of learning.
Resolved, That the years 1900 and 1901 should be the period for the presentation of the subject of the higher their gifts to the cause
Resolved, That it is the imperative duty of the Protestant Church to provide, in the City of Washington, a university, Christian, catholic, tolerant and American, having for its sole aim post-graduate and professional study American University is worthy of the confidence and benefactions of the people in all our Churches; we therefore recommend that the claims of this institution be commended to both Churches for special contributions during the closing year of the present and the opening year of the coming it wary.
was also agreed that the minute proceedings of the Joint Commssion be Conferences of both Churches. With earnest appeal to the Head of the
Church upon the labors of the comChurch upon the labors of the
mission, it adjourned sine die.

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Vol. XIIV.
Dallas, Texas, Thursday, January 27, 1898.
No. 22.

## $\therefore$ EDITORIAL $\approx$

## A PRAYER IN THE GLOAMING.

80cidents most beautiful in ment is that recorded in the twenty-fourth chapter of "And Isaac went out to meditate in the field at eventide." A marginal note substitutes "pray" for "meditate." The original probably includes both ideas, because meditation and prayer are in separable, the former preliminary and auxiliary to the latter. This is a picture from a far land and time, coming to us from the cradle of the nations and the infancy of the race. The whole scene is redolent of nature and sug gestive of devotion.
The thoughts of man when alone nstinctively turn to God. The field, mind upon divine and eternal the mind upon dine and eternal things, When in contaet with the great worl we can not but think of the Author of
it; and with the idea of God innumer it; and with the idea of God innumerable corollaries are associated. Whenblue sky, or listen to the beat of the sa-surf, or the oratorio of the thunderstorm, we always think of the hand which sprung this glorious architecture and which jotted down the score of this mighty music, and from such meditations countless-spiritual inferences flow. Away from the jargon of divilization and the trappings of society we find in the wilderness a di ine presence and hear a still, smal we seek a Godlike one; and far from the noise and hurryings of this life the freed spirit soars into a loftier and brighter realm. Many a line from the best poetry and many a passage from the diaries of saints and sages attest the truth of the proposition above. We dare say that the experience of our ure is a terifies the assertion. For nafregrance of fowers, whose altars a the rockribbed hills, and whose lights are the far-off twinkling stars. He who in the preseace of God's great and beauteous unkerse does not feel nal frame of mind. Hence Christ sent us into the secret places to pray. Shutting out the world, we open a vista into heaven.
So when we look back into the past we find the patriarch Isaac turning with his troubled thoughts to prayer ham was old and the headship of the amily would soon devolve upon him amily Sa sas dead and his mother Sarah was dead and an un come into his life; he knew that in some mysterious way the destiny of the whole race was indissolubly linked with the fortunes of his house; he was encompassed by manifold labors, reponsibilities and perils, and his own ife lay all untried before him Thoughts such as these drove him to the God of his father. Parental precept and example had revealed the preciousness and power of prayer. So
when the eventide came he sought the solitude of the field for deep thought
and importunate wrestling with God The white tents of the patriarchal en campment were in the background the tread of servile feet and the hum of familiar voices were hushed, business and pleasure alike were suspend-
ed. The sun is setting and the long ed. The sun is setting and the long
shadows are stretching over the plains; the gloaming broods ove field and grove and the silence of night draws on apace. The garish light is shut out and every sound dies save perhaps the distant tinkling of some sheep-bell or the subdued lowing of the home-coming herd. Isaac is alone with God.
Who can tell what thoughts throbbed through his teeming brain? Who can number and name the mighty pas sions that surged in his awakene soul? Who can measure the influence of that season of supplication upon his own character and destiny and the movements and fortunes of that historic race which was to spring from his loins? Who can survey and fath om the depths of that inexhaustible and unruffled peace which filled his heart when, under the starlight and hrough the dewy grass, he retraced his steps to the expectant camp? Such auestions we can not answer But we know that he had poured ou his soul into the bosem of God; th ye which never slumbers nor sleep ad marked his lonely wrestling; th ar which is never stopped to the cry of human distress had heard the breathings from his surcharged soul that divine heart which yearns with infinite solicitude over every living creature had stirred and answered re ponsively to his own, and the hand which had formed the crooked ser pent and garnished the heavens was stretched to protect his interests and pen to supply his wants
We dare say that the speedy coming of Rebecca into the home and heart of Isaae was the first fruits of that har vest of joy which God had in reservation for him-the foretoken of that long train of blessings guaranteed o prayer and faith. The bridal hour ollowing so soon upon the hour of prayer was not a coincidence, but providence-the honeymoon and poetry of young life symbolical and prophetic of those deeper spiritual ex periences and joys reserved for the faithful and good. Prayer and peac so together. Meditation and worship are indissolubly linked. Duty and des iny are connected like cause and ef fect. Out of the eventide, with the hadows around about us and the hear in earnest prayer, come the inspiration human life.

We sometimes fear that selfishness is so indiscriminately denounced as to lring about an effectual recoil from the object sought. Entire self-obliter ation is not required by the Bible. W have certain interests and it is per fectly logitimate to recognize and pro mote thom. An approximate happiness is possible to us, and it is thoroughly right to seek and enjoy it. But we must not neglect our duty to oth ers. There are some sacrifices we should make for others. We should ook not only upon our own things, but also upon the things of others But an injudicious and extravagant
demand for entire self-obliteration will only cause a reaction and revul

Some of our great Romances repre sent the cause of the poor in a very fascinating light. Some of the charac ers are extremely pathetic and charming. Many of the surroundings and ncidents appeal str:kingly to the imagination and heart. We are moved to accept philantropy as a mission But the reality is altogether different There is no beauty but that of the divine image, which we must discern be hind the blurred countenance and form. There is no romance excep the excitement of sympathy and prac unlovely and to resene the perishing for Christ's sake.

We can not reason out too carefully our conclusions. Superficial thinking may lead to attitudes of mind and habits of life which will affect for evil one's entire career. There is a supreme demand for profound investigation. The great majority of mankind have cousness nature with the utmost se ubjects have been relegated to the background, if not to oblivion. Thoughtfulness is the first step to ward religion. Thoughtfulness is one the guarantees of fidelity to duty Thoughtfulness is a fountain trength and consolation

There are many who do not discrim nate between credulity and faith Credulity accepts any and everything or truth without investigation. Faith, senerally speaking, is founded on rea son. We believe because the princiles and facts justify the act. The ev ances of Christianity constitute on of the departments of the science of lege to give a reason for the faith which is in us. The eredulity whith is victimized by imposture is one thing the faith which rests upon the im pregnable rock of truth and fact is quite another.

Parents ought to realize more fully than they do their great responsibility to their children. The housekeep-ng-the entire domestic economyphysical and intellectual wants o the offspring. There ought to be an additional supply fully commensurate with the spiritual ne cessities of these sons and daughers. Food and clothing are good nough in their way; books, pic tures and music are also appropriat and valuable; but there shouid be a good example, a wise instruction, a fam ily altar, a spiritual atmosphere and all the influences and appurtenances necessary for the good of the soul

A little child was oneday playing with a very valuable vase, when he put his hand into it and could not withdraw it His father, too, tried his best to get it out, but all in vain. They were talk ing of breaking the vase, when the ather said: "Now, my son, make one more try; open your hand and hold your fingers out straight, just as you astonishment, the little fellow said: "Oh, no, pa; I couldn't put out my fin-
gers like that, for if I did I would drop my penny." He had been holding on to a penny all the time! No wonder he could not withdraw his hand. How
many of us are like him. Drop the cropper, surrender, let go, and God wil give you gold.-John MacNeil.

God's lsrael of to-day stands on the shore of a new year, and many fear as they face the unknown and untried region they must needs cross. Do yonder
distant clouds betoken refreshing, ferilizing showers, or sickness, povert anxiety, bereavement, death? Can I venture into a path strange and perilforward. But does not the law of faith nvite me, encourage me, constrain ordains the journey prepare the road? Will not He who makes the road guard me, and provide for all His children who travel by it?
He has called us out of Egypt-from its bondage, its sorrows, 1ts vices, it with freedom and joy. Forward, then leaving behind every besetting sin, evil habits, bad companionships, secret faults, vice, intemperance of every kind, pride, selfishness, worldliness, anvthing between our hearts and God It is impossible to go forward with safety or peace if we burden ourselves with the worthless but weighty rub-
ish of the world. Let us with the New Year "lay aside every weight and the run with doth so tasiy beset us, and before us, looking unto Jesus." Let and put on the whole armor of light. Ring out the old, ring in the new, Ring, happy bells, across the snow. The year is going, let him go;
Ring out the false, ring in the true.

We are not to seek simply for free-
dom irom defects, It is not mere negative goodness that we are to seek
after. We are to be not only good, but are to be good for something. What we do this coming year to make the world better? If we do not do some
thing useful, our life will be but barren waste on which, even though no thistles appear, no flowers will be a good year; a year of prayer be faith, of service and prayer and achievement. We need to be possessed
of a consuraing an:bition to make it a year of prograss in every realm of
our better life.-Herald and Presbyter.

The Bible rings with one long de-
mand for obedience. We must not mand for obedience. We must not We must not pick and choose our way. one direction will compensate for disobedience in some other particular Godgives one command at a time; if we obey this, he will flood our soul with
blessing, and lead us forward into new paths and pastures. But if we refuse, we shall remain stagnant and waterlogged, make no progress in Chrisand joy.-F. B. Meyer.

When God Almighty linked himself with Moses' rod, it was worth more God can use an old, dried-up, withered rod, he can use you and me. It was not Moses nor Moses' rod that brought the plagues on the Egyptians, but it Moody.

Peace for the past, grace for the resent, and glory for the future. Yes, ng before the true believer that isn't glory. I think it would take the wrinkles out of your brow if you
would just look into the future instead of into the past.-D. L. Moody.

## iv <br> Communicated.

## An Open Letter to Rev. Sam'1 P.

 Wright" and His Reply. [Note.-The writer has declinednotice the Pentecostal Herald since notice the Pentecostal Herald since his
mere pleasant twitting of them in his tian Advocate, threw the whole offic into such spasms that he has become the Herald's principal text in weekly
editorials of one and a half to four editorials of one and a half to four
columns since. This "Open Letter" is the traditional feather (the reader will pronounce that about the weight of it
upon the traditional camel's back: Dear Bro. Wright:- 1 read your articles
of reeent date in the Texas Christian Ad
voeate with great interest. Uceupymi the

 impossible that such a state of things could
exist sine your articter, they are fuly
eourinced that thre hair had moo teen told.
but that there is tess knowedge and more
of the spirit of persecution than could nave
been suppod to exist. Then your artices served to bring out
Bro. Arnolds excelent, articles on aseth-
odist standard Writers., Many thousands


 would be a real adrantage to the propaga-
tion of the truth if you and your brethren
would arrest and try oor heresy all men in
wour coilerence who foret would arrest and try for heresy all men
your couferenee who teact and profess the
second work of grace. Your brother.
H. C. MORBISON.
Bro. Morrison: I am glad that you
wrote the "open letter," which appears in your issue of December 22nd; glad read with interest my articles on sec ond blessingism. "With interest" is a mild type of compliment ity which 1 may have slumbering.
But still it is a compliment. If my han gentle hint upon my -uignorance and "bitter spirit of persecution"
would quiet me. You second blessing vould quiet me. You second blessing-
ists know how to give gentle (if not genteel) hints of this sort to, or conwith you. If your stock expressions of "bitter persecutors," "fighters of holiness," and some cant phrases
which you teach to little children even, which you teach to little children even,
who recite them parrot-like when they oop up, poor, deluded little things, in these were taken away from you, your vocabulary would vanish. 1 am glad, too, that you gave me
hat quotation from Sam Jones. Sam ones will do to quote. I have myself heard him use that same chain of aphorisms several times, and it serves
to illustrate the situation as between certainly, and "agitation" is good. Ag certainly, and "agitation" is good. Ag-
itation brings scum to the top, and settles dregs to the bottom. If, in your
haste, you are inciined to dispute the haste, you are inciined to dispute the
latter part of this scientific proposiof your crystal Kentucky streams. A blow upon the head of a rattlesnake agitates him until he shivers to the very end of his anatomy. But a suc-
cession of them, well applied, not only cession of them, well applied, not only
causes his vicious signals to cease, but enders harmless the venom which he into the face of falsehood agitates.
But if it issues from pure lips, falsehood dies. The Word of God, when it produces in the sinner's breast the
heaven-designed intent of it, agitates heaven-designed intent of it, agitates
him as nothing has ever been able to do before. But if he hears and obeys its blessed behests, he is saved. Agi-
tation, I repeat, is good, and I rejoice that you denominate me an "agitator," and I rejoice more to know that I am an
agitator. If I have never been one before, I verily believe that 1 am one
now. If I have never agitated anything else, I have agitated the Pente-
costal Herald, from its editor-in-chief, costal Herald, from its editor-in-chief,
yourself, to the "office editor and busiyourself, to the "office editor and busi-
ness manager," W. E. Arnold. But if
what I hear is true, wherever those articles to which you allude have gone they have agitated, and my prophecy is that they will continue to agitate.
But if you are really glad that wrote them, why have you and the "office editor and business manager"
so studiously avoided printing them, except in such extracts as could give
giver your readers no idea of them? Be
honest, chief, and admit that you were not willing that the agitation be too I am or too general.
1 am glad you mention Jesse Lee,
have heard of him before. I do not have heard of him before. 1 do not,
as you hint, remember the incident of either his conversion, his reclamation or his attainment to the blessing of
perfect love. But it is good. Still you need not trouble about my scrap-book The truth is, I do not use one of my
own making. I can find plenty ready own making. I can find plenty ready
made, and far better than I can make,
even with your help. and vastly cheaper. There are some hundreds of them on my shelves already, and use them daily. But that scrap-book
which I use ten times more than all which I use ten times more than al
others, is a well bound, long primer if you will suffer me, I will venture to say you second blessing people of the
"pure and simple" type, do not use "pure and simple" type, do not use
that book as much as you should. Indeed, you cannot. You recognize and plainly disclose the recognition that it
does not teach your doctrine. If I am incorrect in this statement, pray tell
me why you employ 650 words, or a me why you employ 650 words, or a
whole column out of two, of that wonderful "open letter" in giving the experience of Jesse Lee, and less than
one dozen and a half in proof from the show that that mighty Methodist hero
"even squinted" at second blessing
$\qquad$
 warrant for it (second blessingism) in
all the Word of God?"-why does he,
fice floor from Sep. 30th to Nov, 17th
without daring to take it up? My other
gauntlet and the same challenge in ingauntlet and the same challenge in inenser speech were flung down before
him on Nov, 11th But both my gloves and the challenge lie upon this "office ditor's office floor, but he has no I mention "the standards" he flies into the paper, and fills column after column with a most feebly and bunglingly arranged series of articles, in which in whives us as standards, in the order Miley, of Drew; John Wesley, John J. Tigert, Dr. Tillett, (accusing him of apostacy from "the blessing"), Dr.
Summers, Dr. Ralston, Bishop Foster and Bishop Asbury. This is as far as he had gotten in "going backwar explode in your "open letter." Verily his "going" seems to be " and he blindfolded at that.
However, it was not my intention to gitate you, though I am free to coness that to agitate was my aim. Simple, and What of It," expressly to agitate the devil. The impression has seen growing upon me for more than five years that the devil needed agitaion at his point. But not until of late nough conviction grown pungent nough to drive me to act. Before that
time, with almost all the Church, was an experimenter of the Gamaliel chool, though my faith was growing eebler month by month.
In Georgetown, where 1 was sent as
reacher in charge by Bishop Key and preacher in charge by Bishop Key and
his cabinet seven years ago, and Where 1 am still, and in my seventh presiding elder. I found a situation of delicacy extreme. Here the Methodists ad founded their great Southwestern Dniversity. Thirty or forty young preachers had gathered here to equip
hemselves for itinerant life. The re hemselves for itinerant life. The re-
ent, Dr. John H. Mclean, always more concerned, if possible, for the development of these young men in Christian graces than for their mere ranged for, and insisted upon, their aving with most punctilious reguiarerings, which should aid them in growIng into a robust Christian manhood.
Imagine, if you can, my distress whet the discovery was made that these neetings were being used by self-con theory of holiness which we knew was prevailing in some sections, but which we knew also was not taught in the Word of God. With great tenderness we endeavored to direct the minds of these leaders and others into the true
way of attaining unto and living holy lives. We were not and living holy found to be fighting against God, if rrest this plague sterner measures hitherto mployed. But we were unwilling that hese young men should have even an
nreasonable ground upon which to charge their superiors with being opposed to higher Christian attainments. and so through two years of my pasing eldership, and a fifth year, during which I was pastor in Temple, a stamy fith year here to the midale turned to the district-this course of gentleness continued. Notwithstanding the heresy continued to spread, for the soil was kept peculiarly favorable to of new material in the young students of the school. Callow fledglings, "freshmen" and "preps," in cottage prayer-meetings, and elsewhere, talked glibly of holiness, claiming it unabashed in His presence before whom
when they came the Seraphims covwhen they came the Seraphims cov-
ered their faces with their wings and one cried unto another, and said, holy, holy, holy, is the Lord of hosts:
the whole earth is full of His glory." the whole earth is full of His glory""
In April or May, 1896, five or six of these determined to bring Dr. Caradine to Georgetown to hold a meeting.
When I learned this I wrote begging him not to come, and thereby hopelessly sunder our Church. My appeal
was almost despicable it was so abject. Dr. Caradine answered that he
would not come. These young men determined that he should, and
scoured the country up and down the Gabriels (our little rivers) for names toanother petition, for we have learned
that Dr. Cardine, after he had written the preacher in charge and me that he would not come, gave the petitioners
to understand that he would recon-
sider if "the desire for sider if the desire for his coming secured were of whole families, par-
ents, I have heard, signing for their
children! And of four huadred signchildren! And of four huadred sign-
ers, I doubt if I had any scquaintance
with three hundred and fifty of them
after a ministry of nearly five years in a town of less than three thousand
people. It cannot be charged that, as
pastor, I had falled to visit the classes of people among whop this petition was signed. For I was "forward," as
the apostle says, to visit all, the high and the low, the rich and the poor. fact known well here.
Now, answer me this: When these disturbers of our Zion came to me a ew days after their failure, and a few
days before our District Conference demanding letters, did I not discharg simple duty by answering each: You must meet your recent conduct at the bar of the Georgetown District Conference. Each withdrew, with on xception. He promised at the District renewal of his license, and withdrew afterward.
Yet, I and others are denominated
fighters of holiness," "bitter persecu ith etc., for having dealt in this way thich it may not be Another matter o mention-but I am not dealing in natters of taste, and-most certainly ou are not-these young men were receiving all tuition fees free, to make which possible our Boards of Educa ion were taxing our people from one but not least, by any means, the North west Texas Conference (my conference) had, at its session immediately preceding the Caradine et al. episode ing presiding resolutions requestng presiding elders, preachers in charge, and I may say, all memust such meetings as Dr. Caradine was being importuned to come here nd hold.
Allow me to say another thing.
which should be patent to you, conerning your letter. You have by the erms which you employ in it, given e warrant to address you with the his, I declare thom of speech. Using his, I declare that it is with great dif-
ficulty that I keep myself from thinking, when you persist in classing yourelf as a second-blessingist, even acording to my definition, and then arodist writers," John Wesley, John letcher, Richard Watson, Adam Clarke, and a host of others, down to and including John J. Tigert, belong o the same class and teach that doc trine, that you are densely ignorant, ownright diskonest.
I wrote on the 30th of September in plain speech. I made it plain on Noember 11th, and now i write plainer till. I have "simplified" my meaning; now I "simplify" it for your especial
benefit: "Salvation through our Lord Jesus Christ being incomplete in re generation, a second work of grace is necessary. This work must be accomplished, if at all, instantaneously,
means: (1) A soul is not saved when means: (1) A soul is not saved when
it is "born again." (2) But needs a second work to make the new birth second work to make the new birth
effective toward salvation. (3) This second birth is always instantaneous. (4) No soul has ever been saved, nor can be, except by processes (1), (2).
(3). Please, dear Bros. Morrison and Arnold, in all you future writing conArnold, in all you future writing con-
cerning "standards," where I have "ag cerning standards, where 1 have "ag
itated" you into writing and in "open letters," and in matter furnished me to paste in my scrap-book, confine yourselves to my definition, or else I promise you right here that I will turn
you over to some kind kindergartner as soon as I can find one with patience sufficient to undertake the task.
In conclusion, you second blessing eachers have missed the mark in your diagnosis of the disease of the Church. What she needs is not so much a work of grace subsequent to the new
birth as one antecedent to it. I dare say, and I believe when I say it, that the observation of all Christian workthe observation of all Christian work-
ers corroborates the assertion, the Church has been witnessing convictions of a very feelffe type. Men and
women seek oar Churches, or are women seek oar Churches, or are
dragged thither, and become members of their communion who have never shown any nore impassioned sign of an overwhelming sense of grief on count of sin, than standing in the congregation for a moment; or a timid
and doubtful lifting of the hand. Give us a ministry anointed of God with a bountifuloutpouring of his Holy Spirit, and who, after such anointing, have tarried with him until they come with counteng the people, Moses-like, with countenances so radiant with his
glory that the natural eye cannot beglory that the natural eye cannot be-
hold, nor the natural mind interpret them-give us such leaders, and then in h
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ce of
chi
loftier things in Christian character In closing this reply let me call at-
tention to a rather singular not surprising, incident in this controPrice, of my conference, whom I have price, of my conference, whom I have years, whose large-hearted hospitality
I enjoyed at Lancaster, Texas, among I enjoyed at Lancaster, Texas, among the earliest, since which hundreds of
itinerant homes have been open wide to me for more than a quarter of a century, my old friend, and more than of the Texas Christian Advocate, brought me in the range of that wonderful old piece of artillery of his, which has done such effective work ranks of our foes, and held me there while she poured forth her columns of fire and smoke. Shot there were none,
for the moment Bro. Price wrote: for the moment Bro. Price wrote. our Lord Jesus Christ is incomplete in regeneration; hence, demand the
proof," he ceased to have any quarrel with me. I am after that crowd not "of note," like yourself and W. E. Arnold, who do so teach. For are not
both of you ransacking the bookshelves in search of literature, ancient or modern, you care not which, in your forlorn hope of finding one author who
does? When you have found him, he does? When you have found him, he
will not be "of note." To the others of us he will be like gold in the Klondike, of such icy far-awayness that our will prevent our being lured (except an adverturous crank here and there) from what we know already of the sunny warmth of our Father's lov
Georgetown, Texas, Jan. 4, 1898.

## A SERMON.

"The hearens declare the glory of God:
and the firmament sheweth his handwork.
Day unto day uttereth speect and the firmament sheweth his handiwork:
Day unto day uttereth speech, and nirht
unto
19:1-2 David was an appreciative man. He
was not a visionary man, neither did was not a visionary man, neither did ut he was so appreciative that he could always find a pleasing and prof-
itable companion.
Wherever his lot was cast there he found suitable comwere watching his father's sheep they entertained and taught him. They
taught him in their silent language that there were other sheep and an ther Shepherd.
If he be in the mountains, it is not upon a distant rock with his favorite harp, and to see him as he sweeps his fingers over its strings, swelling with
rapture and praise. These emotions environment. If he were in the palace of the king, in the presence of the impulsive Saul, he found there a Jonathan to love and a Jonathan to love
him . He even saw in the king's unhim. He even saw in the king's un-
trusty countenance the impress of divine authority. Behind the wicked brow and the eruel sceptre he saw the
"Lord's anointed." This man David, hough he did sometimes give way to the wicked influences of sin, and would fall upon these occasions into
the deepest depths of guilt, yet even there he, appreciating the goodness of God, would always lay hold of His promises; and by the exercise of con-
fession, repentance and faith, wonld pull himself up out of those dark pits, and plant his feet upon the solid sur
face of divine favor. The reason for so much melancholy and blues is to be found in the unappreciative heart
David's appreciation of the particulars in his life and observation ena bied him to convert the weariness of vision" of the king's countenance into mediums of instruetion and occa-
sions for praise. David was a man of sions for praise. David was a man of
prayer, because he was a man of prayer, because he was a man
praise. Montgomery, who, under proper spiritual relations, reached such world, "Prayer is the soul's sincere desire, uttered or unexpressed;" but
prayer is, according to David fand who prayed more, or more acceptably than he?) much more than a desire.
In this Psaim, from which we take and the first eleven are wholly taken up with praise. All prayer is replete with praise, but all desire is not. Are here not many burning, consumin count at all? Prayer is predicated of make prayer necessary, discover praise as possible. Appreciation, praise and prayer, are the analysis of David's li
and the happiest trinity in man. T of truth, does not indicate the developcharacter any more than it indicates
songs of praise harp, was tuned to ed him made him resound with happy song. If in the valley, the doleful gerous beasts, or the chilly gloom or the forboding clouds, made no impression on the strings of his life. But he bared his arms and his breast, and out from the midst of this earthly pan-
demonium he picked the solitary note omonium he picked the solitary note ceeding generations sang the song of the valley: "Though I walk through the valley of the shadow of death, I will fear no evil, for thy rod and thy
staff they comfort me," David sang staff they comfort me." David sang
while passing through the valley, while on the plain, when treading the battle-ground, while on the mountain, and while in happy social life, and while going through the kingly mansion. But this is not the last we hear of him. David left this world before
the body let the spirit loose. He, as he body let the spirit loose. He, as
may all of God's children, while in an effort to take in more of what the Father was showing him, swept out tenement, and though being held by the chords of flesh, seemed to forge dwelt among the stars. What is his song now? Will the man who onc prayed, "Keep back thy servant from presumptuous sins," now be forgetful? Will he who has actually made such narvelous intellectual acquisitions now pose as superior to all other with pity upon those who believe in God? No. Hear him: "The heavens declare the glory of God, and the firm ament sheweth His handiwork. Day unto day uttereth speech and night un-
to night sheweth knowledge." And to night sheweth knowledge." And
then he adds, as a part of a long and inspiring song, "There is no speech nor language where their voice is not
heard." This should shame and for heard." This should shame and for-
ever put to silence all those who have ever put to silence all those who have
listened for a moment with the slightlistened for a moment with the siighttellectual prodigies who charge Chris tans with being creduious. Davia ens and the firmament. He says, "the ment sheweth," By the the firmament sheweth." By the heavens,
David means the individual bodies and the organized systems of bodies By the firmament, he means the im mensity of space; or the blue sky that overarchics us, and upon which th ponderous orbs are por
observation and study.
The creation study.
The creation of any one of these
heavenly bodies is an overwhelming declaration of God's power and glory but when we contemplate the innu merable host of heaven as so many voices which, in perfect unison,, are
ever declaring the "giory of God," we are wrapped in wonder and amazement. We are filled with a sense of deep humiliation and overcome with awe while listening to "the music of
the spheres." Were we left to this contemplation alone, much of the profit, and perhaps, all of the pleasure, would be lost. If we were left to the hearing of these incomprehensi-
ble voices without being permitted to see from whence they came, we might quake with fear and dismay. But in The same breath that David cried
The heavens declare the giory of God," he quietly added: "And the Placed in the firmament upon the bosom of our vauited skies in simple ar derous worlds and blazing comets bederous worlds and blazing comets beedge. As the peaceful firmament is to the declaring heavens so is the silent night to the speaking day. "Day uno day uttereth speech, and night unto night sheweth knowledge." During al
of the hours of busy day, the strings of our nervous systems are strung to particulars in our environment. Our experiences are so manifold and complex as to cause many faithless ones n awful confusion. O let us, while in the day we walk in the midst of the busy throng, being influenced by every passing object, and almost distracted,
remember that the night of quiet, unremember that the night of quiet, un-
disturbed deliberation will reduce all of these perplexing and disturbing phenomena to beneficent instruments of knowledge. Let us be careful not
to assume the role of teacher by offering suggestions as to what our en-
vironment should be, or as to how it vironment should be, or as to how it
should influence us. We are not should influence us. We are not
teachers, but pupils. The day assigns them to us. We are to study shows
nature by the impressions she makes
upon us-not by the impressions upon us-not by the impressions
we think she makes, nor by the impressions we are told she makes. All their own speech.
agnostic to the lowest
world is a labyrinth
many dangerous and

Royal makes the food pure,

sages through which they find it im-
possible to make their way. They are confused by the voice of many teach-
ers, because they will not learn by the night that "sheweth knowledge." To try to plan it becomes indescribably perplexing. It is one never-ending founded." The infidel belongs to the
circumstances, and every particular uses him as it pleases. The men, the beasts, the hills, the valleys, the trees, the heat, the cold, the stars, the
clouds, the days and the nights, al onspire, by pulling and tearing, loos ing and bruising, by piercing and
mocking, to make this labyrinthine workid most despicable and miserable How different to David and all his appreciative followers in righteousnes
does this same world appear: To us
this world is not a labyrinth at all
We do not belong to our circum-
stances. But this world is a happy kindergarten, and everything in it is ours. God is our loving Father, and things of Christ and shew them unto
us," is our teacher. O, what a happy us," is our teacher. O, what a happy
life this is. What a joyous period in
this life is to-day. We stand out upon the portico of this new year, as innocent children, and with appreciatio hearts we are going
thing that it brings $t$
icular, from the smallest grain he tiniest dewdrop that glistens
he sunlight to the darkest bill that rolls and surges on the deepest
ocean; from the sweetest flower that oiossoms in the spring to the brownest leaf that falls in the winter; from the
brightest and truest friendship to the saddest bereavement; from the severes trials in the "valley of the shadow of
death" to the sublimest joy on Pisgah" height, shall be received by us in the spirit exhibited by Paul in his first let-
ter to the people of Corinth, when he ter to the people of Corinth, when or
said: "Whether Paul, or Apollos, or Cephas, or the world, or life, or death, or things present, or things to come,
all are yours, and ye are Christ's, and all are yours, and ye are Christs, and
Christ is God's. What a magnificent chorus is being sung to-day. The
voice of praise is coming up from China, from Africa, from Brazil, and all the civilized nations of earth, and as they roll heavenward they are
joined by the voice that David heard joined by the voice that David heard
when he sang, "The heavens declare when he sang, "The heavens and the firmament uttereth speech, and night unto nigh uttereth speech, an
sheweth knowledge.

## LETTER FROM MEXICO.

It has been a long time since I wrote anything to the Advocate about our
work, not because I had nothing to work, not because I had nothing to
write, but because the desire to write me at the same time
me at the same powers that be" have seen
proper to put me on a big district this year-one that extends from Shafter,
Texas, to Phoenix, Arizona, from White Texas, to Phoenix, Arizona, from White
Oaks, New Mexico, to Mazatlan, Mexico, and at the same time making me preacher in charge of our Mexican Church at El Paso, Texas. In obedience to these new obligations I told the loved ones good-bye "December 31,
and started towards the "setting sun," and started towards the "setting sun, year at Phoenix, Arizona, where I preached several times, held the Quarterly Conference and administered the
Lord's Supper. The work-i.e., our Mexican work-in Phoenix has not
done well for two or three years, but done well for two or three years, but
is starting off well now, and we hope for better things.
I spent three delightful days in No-
gales, where I preached twice in Engales, where once in Spanish, held tw
glish and
Quarterly Conferences, and admin
L. Reynold's friends that the people are delighted with him and his wife
and wish you would send us two or three more like him. He is taking
hold of the work with a great deal of
interest, and will soon be preaching in Spanish.
Eleven years ago the 13 th of this
month (January) we landed in the town of Nogales, Arizona, unknown, without money, and sick. No one
knows of the toil, work, tears and prayers this work has cost, but we
rejoice to-day that the blessing of God
has attended the work, and so many have heard and believed.
I reached this port, Guaymas, Sat-
urday night at 10 oclock and my urday night at 10 o'clock, and my re-
ception was just about the same as it open work here. No one met me at
the train, and I went to the hotel, but
when the Superintendent of the Sowhen the Superintendent of the So-
nora Railroad and his good Methodist
wife heard I was in town, they took me o their house and made me remain
until I had to ieave for Mazatlan. The
first night I preached in this city, ten yrst night I preached in this city, ten
years ago, there were present the Mex-
ican preacher and his wife, three Americans members, a nice church buiding and money from Dr. Morton to build a Before leaving El Paso I wrote our er leaves for Mazatlan, and he wrote telegraphed from Nogales and was told she would leave on the 14 th , and
when I came I was told she would not go before the 16th, and now I am
assured she will not be here until the If this scroll does not find its way into the waste basket-the correspon-
dent's best friend-I may aflict youl Macbeth lamp-chimneys more light and don't break.

Can't you get em?
What's your dealer say about 'em?

## Southwestepn Univepsity

Ladies' Annex and
Fitting School.
GEORGETOWN, TEXAS.
The leading Methodist institution of the State, under the patronage of all the Texas Conferences and endorsed by them.

0R Spring Term opened Tuesday, January 18, most auspiciously. A large number of new faces appear among us, among whom are some who were with us in former days. We welcome all, new and old. The time to enter is still opportune, but anyone intending to do so should not delay. Classes will soon be too far along for a new pupil to catch up.


For particulve address
JOHN R. ALLEN,
Chairman of Faculty.

## Georgetown, Texas.

## AUSTIN WHITE LIME CO., <br> White Lime <br> 路 RR, HAIR, SEWER PIPE, AUSTIN, TEXAS.



LOTT.
J. W. Cullen, Jan. 13: In the wisof God we were assigned to this place for the next twelve months. I do not
know why I was sent to Lott, but possibly it will develop later. As soon
as I got my appointment I returned home, packed up and started for Lott, struck us fairly in the face for thirty-
five miles. While we suffered in the flesh, duty said face it, and so we did.
Got to Lott on Friday before the third Gouday in December. Our Lott stew-
Sunds, Bros. King and Richardson, have
ard been attentive, and looked after our wants nicely. They got us a home,
put ten bushels corn and hay in barn, wood, and many other outside things.
The mud kept the good sisters housed The mud kept the good sisters housed
up for a week or more, but when they they made things happen. Such a pounding, such a feast of good things,
from A to Z, we received largely. I have filled all my appointments. preached to a crowded house, and good Woman's Parsonage and Home Mission
Society dead: went to work to resurrect it, and just as soon as they could meet, here is the result: Bedstead
and springs, costing even ten dollars. found no parsonage, but you watch next summer, and see what happens in
Lott. We mean business. Have two
nice churehes, one a little in debt, but we will be able to meet it shortly.
I thought $I$ would wait until the pounding days ceased, but 'tis no use While I am writing this, here comes
three great big chickens, large ham and a jar of pickles, sent by Bro. and
Sister Mark Howell.
God bless one and all. I do not know where this planning and working for a glorious good time at our District Conference to be held here. (Come down, breth-
ren. We will treat you nice. Try us.) We have a live, active Sabbath here. God is with us. We expect to take Lott for God and his Christ this
year, if possible.

## Northwest Texas Conference.

## HARROLD

 B. R. Wagner, Jan. 11: Our first $\begin{array}{llll}\text { was held at } & \text { Harrold } & \text { January } 8 \\ \text { and } & 9 . & \text { Our } & \text { belover Bro Dan- }\end{array}$ iel was on hand, and gave us four good sermons, and lots of good advice. Weintend organizing a Woman's Parsonage and Home Mission Society this af ternoon. Our League is organizing
for a good year's work.

EAStLAND.
R. S. Heizer, Jan. 11: We were
returned to this charge for returned to this charge for a
third year, and have been kind ly received. Our first Quarterly
Conference was held last Saturday. Conference was held last Saturday
Our beloved elder was on hand, presidpreaching with power. The stewards
reported $\$ 100$ for pastor and presiding elder for the first quarter. Every-
thing moving on nicely, and we are expecting a good year. We are aware of the
people.

## PUTNAM CIRCUIT.

Richmond H. Heizer, Jan. 12: I reached my work soon after confer-
ence. There had not been a revival in the town of Putnam in three years; so I announced a meeting for Christ-
mas week. Bro. T. N. Lowery, of Lampasas, came and did some excellent $\begin{array}{ll}\text { preaching. } & \text { Bro. Lowery is a splendid } \\ \text { revivalist. } & \text { Bro. Young, from the Cot- }\end{array}$ revivalist. Bro. Young, from the Cot-
tonwood circuit, came in the last week tonwood circuit, came in the last week
and did some good, solid preaching: also father, the pastor of Eastland, came and helped a few days at the ran two weeks. The Church was greatly revived; a number of back-
sliders were reclaimed, and there were sliders were reclaimed, and there were
five bright conversions. At the close of the meeting we organized an Epmembers. Our Sunday-school has taken on new life since the meeting. Putnam Circuit is moving up on every
line. We have organized one new line. We have organized one ne
Sunday-school and prayer-meeting.

BRUCEVILLE CIRCUIT.
J R. Steele, Jan. 14: I have thought often I would write public thanks to for two years of great kindness, and the kindness I met with on the road kindness of Bro. W. W. Dorman, the retiring preacher in charge, and wife, and the people at each appointment as 1 go around Uncle Samuel Morriss is here-once a co-laborer with my sainted father, John M. Steele-still working and hopeful. Dr. R. J. Deets, an ing, efficient, ready; some of my Arkansas friends, John Walkup, Dr. Cawthon, J. M. Taylor, raised in two miles of old home. While I left some very
dear friends, who ministered to me, I find here the wame ministered to me, I find here the same good and tried men
and women. No two circuits are exactly alike; the change is often refreshing and novel.

WALNUT SPRINGS
J. R. B. Hall, Jan. 12: Iredell and Walnut charge start out on the new devil has not been able to make incept in a few during the holidays, exa great year. On the 10th we organized a Woman's Parsonage and Home Mission Society at Walnut Springs,
with the following officers: Mrs Mamie Hall, President: Mrs. Newby and Miss Lula Young, Vice Presidents;
Miss Alice Tittle, Recording Secretary: Miss Alice Tittle, Recording Secretary;
Miss Lula Young, Corresponding Secretary, and Miss Essie Boardman, with the prospects of the society. began work immediately by putting a nice matting on one of the room floors at the parsonage, and an oil cloth on the kitchen floor. We are working our people more good than any other paper.

CARBON.
E. J. Maxwell, Jan. 4: At the close of the conference at Weatherford the Bishop read me out for Carbon, and
hurried off home and hurried off home and began to get off
to my new work. On the 30th of November I got off the train in Carbon and the first one I met was Bro. Chilton, who had been our former agent and old friend at Aquilla, and the next was Bro. Moore, preacher in charge of
Gorman charge. We then went out to one of the steward's, Bro. E. G. Tawler's, where we took diner and spent the afternoon, receiving a hearty welcome. We were then escorted by Bro. Moore to his home, where we were in troduced to the family and kindly and
generously entertained until we got our things fitted up in the parsonage.
We preached our first sermon in CarWe preached our first sermon in Carand last Sunday was our second appointment at this place. I preached
Sunday, and again at night, and anSunday, and again at night, and an-
nounced that I would hold Chureh Conference Monday night, and so I did. I had just returned home and was
thinking of my kind reception, and of the good things that had been showered down upon us in a slow and gen-
tte way, and while in that mood of thought I was disturbed by the sounding of many feet on the front porch,
and a rapping on the door. When I opened the door, there were old folk and young folks, big folks ond little good things and began to store them away. When they had all arrived, as we thought, we seated them and began to entertain them as best we could and just about that time the storm re-
peated itself, and here they came
again. When the storm everything was quiet again, and wife

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prize worth having. It costs absolutely nothing but a postal card, which prize worth having. It costs absolutely nothing but a postal card, which
may bring to your door the best sewing machine in the world in exchange may bring to your
for your old one.

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and I left alone, we went in and taken. We sang the L. M. doxology things we had received, and then re- them and then repaired to the church turned to the sitting-room and house, where we sang and prayed the thanked God for the many tokens of love and friendship, and prayed the blessings of God upon the donors. then began to come to myself, and to realize that he had been pounded in good shape. But to my surprise, it cleared off that night, and the sun shone out bright the next morning. But before night it was thick cloudy again, and before on us again. It think such a people deserve the very best year's work that it is possible for this scribe to give them. We have put a stove in
the church, at a cost of about $\$ 20$, and the church, at a cost of about $\$ 20$, and
have furnished and repaired the parsonage to the amount of $\$ 25$, and will church this week; we also expect to ceil the church within the next sixty
days. We are planning and hoping for great things, and are praying that

## BIG SPRINGS.

. B. Bennett, Jan. 7: On the mornformer charge-Quanah and Childress -bound for the new one, some of our number by rail, some in buggy, and some in the saddle, and after a lapse of ten days we found ourselves, with parel, at the parsonage in Big Springs, The itinerant system of Methodism is a great system; while, as it sometimes
does, brings sadness and hardship. it does, brings sadness and hardship, it
sometimes brings relief. And in our particular case it brought all three of
the above. First, it brought sadness the above. First, it brought sadness
at parting with beloved friends at both at parting with beloved friends at both had formed very strong ties of Christian friendship. It brought hardship
by exposing us to a long and tedious by exposing us to a long and tedious
journey in bad weather. We had rain journey in bad weather. We had rain,
mud, sleet, snow and sand storms to encounter on the way. Third, it relieved us of $\$ 61.75$ in cold cash to make the move; and it also relieved us of a very cold climate and gave us a much milder one. I must say for
the people of Quanah and Childress, the people of Quanah and Childress,
who gave the most substantial eviwho gave the most substantial evi-
dence of their appreciation of our services while with them, that we have never served a people with whom we
were more delighted to dwell. The were more delighted to dwell. The
wife and every child we had wept at wife and every child we had wept at
the thonght of leaving such friends. On the evening before we started to
Annual Conference the young and the old came to the parsonage, bringing with them flour, ham, lard, dried iruits, canned goods, sugar, coffee and
syrups, as well as things for the ward syrups, as well as things for the ward-
robe-cloaks, dresses, hoods, quilts and things too numerous to mention-even a fine dress and two guilts coming down from Childress. The house was ents with happy people, music, presents and joy. The next morning we
started on our way to Annual Conferstarted on our way to Annual Conferorders for another Annual Conference year. While we left a good people
in the former, we have fourd them on the present, we have fourd them Big Springs are not to be outdone in acts of kindness to their pastor. On the old year the good things began to
come in before sundown. and by
o'clock the kitchen table was loaded
with such things as go to make up a with such things as g
old year out and the new one in. Our congregations are increasing at almost every preaching service and quite an
interest is being manifested by the peointerest is being manifested by the peo-
ple. We have visited the sick, buried ple. We have visited the sick, buried
the dead. baptized the babies, married the young, appointed committees to wait on the apporderly and taken into the Church "such as should be saved." Thus we are engaged about our Mas-
ter's business. We are preaching ter's business. We are preaching,
praying and working for a wide-reaching, a deep-searching and a soul-saving, revival.
"Browx's Buoxcmal. Thocuss" are ur-
equalled for elearing tae volec. Publie spea:-
ers and singers the world over use them.

WHITESBORO CIRCUIT 1. M. Woodward, Jan. 14: This preacher hood people of Whitesboro, Bro the Sister Riddle leading the band. They brought many good things to eat, for which we are thankful. I don't know just how I will pay them, unless I preach them two or three "big" ser-
mons. I pray that 'God's blessings mons. I pray that 'God's blessings
may abide with them all. I haven't moved but thiee times since conference. We have no parsonage. I
have received many tokens of kindness have received many tokens of kindness
from my own people.

## ALVORD.

W. S. May, Jan. 12: We reached Alvord the evening of December ${ }^{7}$. Wife and I were both unwell I contracted cold at conference, and have not been able to do my work till last Sunday, when I preacher once, in which I talked for prohibition. Yescarday we voted in this precinct, and jority. We are now building a stone chimney to the parsonage; the mason is putting up the jamb-stones while write. Have we been pounded? Yes; on the night of the 10th instant. What a crowd! Old men and old la-
dies, young men and women, boys, girls and bables; and my, my! what a pile they left: and what a splendid social time! Now, Bros. Pierce and Blaylock, and all my friends, come and see us; we will feed you bountifully,
Just say what you like, and we have it Pumpkin yams, cabbage, onions, fruits of all kinds, butter, soda, and many other things: then coffee, ten pounds. so come and see. I hope to be able to do full work soon, and return these
favors many fold in spiritual things.

## East Texas Conference.

JASPER AND KIRBYVILLE.
J. T. McClure, Jan. 12: The last hing we did before starting to confernals Jasper has had of the best reviyals Jasper has had in a number of Abe Mulkey and wife. Though the weather was very disagreeable during most of the meeting, and kept many away, yet the meeting was a very great benediction to the town of Jas-
per. But the best feature of it all is, the apparent good done during the meeting is more demonstrative now
than at the close of the services. We
have three live prayer-meetings, that
prayer-meeting Monday night, the of the truth, we try to reason with the and will work systematically and proregular prayer-meeting Wednesday people of righteousness, temperance gressively. The Leagues and W. P. night, and the ladies' Thursday after-
noon. I started to conference the next day after the meeting closed, with my heart full of praise to God for what he had done in Jasper, but at the same time realizing that I was soon to be examined on a course of study that
I had scarcely seen in two months, which made me, to say the least of it review I found myself able to make good grade, so my committee said. Having passed my examination, given the best home in Palestine, and received my same appointment another year among some of the best people
the sun ever shone upon, of course the conference was a success, and I was in a fine humor for Christmas, the most of which was spent at my old homeand that means a pleasant Christmas We started for our work in time to appointment at Kirbyville the first Sunday, and spent a few days there We arrived at Jasper on the night of the third; found that some one had and left a nice warm fire, evening supper, and much besides that ad minister to the wants and comforts of a tired, hungry preacher and his family. Quite a number of expressions day, but the storm came the nisht the 4th; when it was over it looke like old Santa Claus was fixing for an assignment, and was making a depository of us. There were forty or more of the Mississippi walked people west at once, and every one had a bundle of something nice. My! how it did stack up as they walked in and piled it down on bed and table. They stayed with us two and a half hours, which were prayer they left, leaving behind hem as happy a home as they had visited in a long time. We had made several New Year's resolutions, but after this we made some more, and promised, by God's help, to make this the best yea If you feel weak, dull and discouraged
you will find a bottle of Hool's Narsaparilla

West Texas Conference.
LOCKHART CIRCUIT
James A. Pledger: I reached this charge Saturday before the second
Sunday in December. Have not been pounded, but the reason I guess is 1 have no wife. (But I want one-this will be an advertisement, I hope.) Quarterly Conference 8th and 9th; our presiding elder on hand. We got our or the first time (on the charge) in our Young People's Hymnal. What a grand book it is! Try it, all of you pastors. The offlicial members were out in good force. May God bless them Our presiding elder was full and running over with good things. Preached: my, I should think so! We are plan-
ning and praying for a gracious year.
SHERMAN STREET AND SOUTH
HEIGHTS, SAN ANTONIO.
F. B. Buchanan. Jan. 10: We have
held two missionary mass meetings held two missionary mass meetings
since conference, and both were very sucessful. Our assessments for mis-
sions and church extension are $\$ 96$. and we have in good subseriptions $\$ 144$ as the result of the mass meetings, We are also at work on other collec tions; have paid $\$ 5$ to the Rescue
Home, and are raising our assessment or conference claimants. Our Sher assessment for League missionarie paid. The Sunday-school at South Heights is a missionary society, and from our hearts, "Thy kingdom come" Our people at both churches are very much encouraged at the good start al ready made, and we are praying and
working for the best possible results.

BLANCONTA CIRCUIT D. A. Gregg: Though we go there
on an average of twenty-two times on an average of twenty-two times a month, stifl we are glad when they say
unto us, Let us go up to the house of unto us, Let us go up to the house of
the Lord. A preacher living on $m$ cirenit will have to live happy working folks, and Christ is our leader. At one point we have four regular
prayer-meetings a week, and that isn't prayer-meetings a week, and that isn't
all the prayer-meetings on the work. We have with us the sling of faith, equipped with the strings of prayer,
loaded with the stone of the "Holy Bible," With and from this we cast the scriptural stone of "get thee hence, Satan: for it is written, thou shalt
worship the Lord thy God, and him only shalt thou serve." With our
weak fudgment and meager conception


## WAELDER.

William A. Bowen: We have just closed a ten days' meeting, which remunity. Wyeh good to the entire comcent of Church members to its population than any town I know of; those the are not church members are, for
the part, moral. Such a thing as progressive eucher, card parties, dances, etc. can not be gotten up here
at all. I know of no other town in at all. I know of no other town in
Texas of 800 people of which this can Texas of 800 people of which this can
be said. But this makes it all the harder to hold a revival, since the moralists pride themselves on not do-
ing the things which the Church seems ing the things which the Church seems
to pick out and specially emphasize as to pick out and specially emphasize as
$\sin$. I have been "reasoned" with by in . I have been "reasoned" with by
older brethren in times past for inisting that preachers ought, more
han they do, put special emphasis on those greater sins, slander, lying, inuendo, inconsiderate and uncharitable
imputations, unkind remarks, idle gosimputations, unkind remarks, idle gos-
sip, patronizing in business and building up those who are openly opposing our religion, and thus starving out
Christians, because the covetousness of Church, because the covers ("which is idolatry") find they can save a few cents on certain transactions by dealing with Christian men are being forced out o business by other Church members, who have taken a solemn vow con-
cerning this very thing, and yet who cerning this very thing, and yet who
trample the word of God under foot for a few cents, and give infidelity its
strongest weapon with which to fight is. And the supposed advantage in rade, or saving, is only imaginary in seven out of ten times, for the wicked
tradesman will have no such scruples as the Christian, and will surely mak up more than the supposed advantage he pretends to give his customers. wish to say that in these matters th pulpit needs to thunder, and the pas
ors need to talk privately, until we remedy the sin and shame. We ought o swing back into the "old paths," for they were straight and upward. In a of so preaching against dancing. eards, theaters, etc., as if they were the only
creat sins that kept men and women great sins that kept men and wome
out of the kingdom of God. The other things will as surely destroy the soul, and yet I venture to say that if any the impression would be found to pre ple believed that the Churches would rather a member committed almost
any sin rather than that of indulging any sin rather than that of indulging
in the three grosser forms of worldliin the three grosser forms of worldi-
ness I have named. Let us include them all, and with equal emphasisthat is, giving each the weight of conthe hurt it will do. But, in spite of the high morality behind which our people hide themselves, we had a deen
revival. The Churches here were re ived deeper than ever before known,
hey tell me-Baptists, Presbyterian Fpiscopalians, Campbellites, Methodists, and others being full of the Holy feelingly testifying to the work of reelingly testifying
grace in their hearts,
grace in their hearts, and of a deter render him a more faithful service b serving humanity. It was wide-spread
and brought people in close Christian and brought people in close Christian
relation who have been at dagger's points heretofore. We praise God and
take courage. There were fifteon who joined the Church-ten in our Church, fotr in the Baptist and one in the
Episcopal. The result is showing itself in all our Church work. Yester day the W. P. and H. M. Society had ing. They will do a splendid work out a progressive and aggressive campaign of Christian education in work of mercy, love and spiritual, intellect-
ual and social up-lift. The stewards ual and social up-lift. The stewards dollars more than ever before paid an have adopted the Reynold's system


THE TRIUMPHANT HYMNAL. This new song book is now going
through the press and will be on the market by the 1st of February. It is being published by Thos. G. Whitten and W. A. Hemphill. One has had vival, Sunday-school and young people work; the other has become eminent as a singer. We may well pre-
dict that something good in the way dict that something good in the way of a song book awaits the singing pub-
lic. Send for sample copy. The book will contain 224 pages and about 275 songs and is to be sold at 30 cents,
postpaid, or $\$ 3$ per dozen, by express. We are requested to say to the publie that for information conand Hemphill, Midlothian, Texas.

The Quarterly Conference of First M. E.
Church, South, Dallas. Texas. Dallas Dis



Aars old, cleat twenty-four or twenty-five somewhat stoped
shouldered. red-headed, claimed to be


for him. FACES

| Watches Repaired |  |
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## 6. <br>  <br> 

mothy stin, itching, scaly sealp, dry, thin, ond falling hair, and baby blemisbes prevented by @ticura BLOOD HUMORS Petmentiv coud by
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Seving Machine and Advocate $\$ 22$ 8
8
8


Take Care of Your Pearls. "She isn't exactly pretty, but she has
such fine teeth that she is very attrac Dear girls, make a note of this remark. Yon desire to be attractive, and
I can assure you that to care for the I can assure you that to care for the
mouth vigilantly, is to make yourself I will not enlarge upon the fact that,
if yon are scrupulous with your if you are scrupulous with your teeth,
there will be no danger that any other part of the body will be neglected.
lately heard this dialogue: "Your windows, Mrs. S , are a joy
to the neighborhood: they are always so brilliantly clean."
"Yes," langhed Mrs. S-- evidently
gratificd: "John calls our cottage the Crystal Palace; but if 1 have a weak-
ness, it is for bright windows; it ness, it is for bright windows; it
seems to make the whole house tidy."
It did make her whole house tidy; for what weman ever took pride in
bright windows and was unmindful of her andirons and table cloths? To care for the teeth does not mean
hasty thrusts of the brush two or three times a day, after hot coffee,
sweets, and frozen creams. The teeth are to be kept sound and gleaming by
wholesome food, well masticated, and by thorough brushing, inside and out, up and down, with a moderately stiff
brush, after each meal.
Once a day a tooth powder, authorized by dentists, and not merely a patnot more frequently, as nothing is betmouth should be thoroughly rinsed. Dyspeptics, and other invalids, too,
are apt to have unpleasant teeth, but this is usually due to wilfui negiect
of the stomach, and enforced neglect


Handel and the "Messiah."
The ministry of masic is universal.
Painting and poetry for their appreciation presuppose a degre of culture.
Music, where the capacity for response has not been deliberately crushed out,
has at once the ear and heart of the world. It is not without significance Cal strains; and that the birth of
Christ was heralded in the new by an-
gelic song. In ne other way could the
heught of God penetrate so deeply thought of God penetrate so deeply
the hearts and minds of men. And so, of revelation. Religious reformations heir singing than to their preaching.
Men have been captured by song who wound never have listened to a ser-
mon. It is with the deepest discernment that Robert browning has God
show the harmony of his plan for the
worid in the discord of its evolution o a musician, and not to the painter,
poet, or philosopher. Not when he has been reasoning and speculating, but when he has been lifting his heart to
the heavens on strains of music, does one lost good * * what was good shall be good, with, for evil, so much
good more;" and thoughSorrow is hard to bear, and doubt is
slow to clear, Each sufferer having his say, his scheme of weal and woe,
Yet hod has a few of us whom He
$\qquad$
 versal benefaction; his work a verit If ever a genius realized the true Frederick Handel (1685-1759) Georg writer of over 200 complete compos ions, besides innumerable fragments, poser of theoratorio, "The Messiah." 1 was late in life, and after a sever in the form of composition with whic his name is most closely associated. o a man descending into the vale of years."
The Messiah was composed in 1741 written at a time yen the compose was practically in exile to escape the persecution of a formidable cabal in ondon wim from affluence to in re uptcy. Israel was in similar straits when the vision of the Messiah vas
given to Isaiah for her encourage-
ment and hope. Handel, though greatly in need himself, wrote the oratorio for
the benefit of those who were sick and the benefit of those who were sick and
in prison, and who had but scant conin prison, and who had but scant conof its first production was Dublin, and the date April 12, 1742 . It was re-
ceived with great approval, and, since ceived with great approval, and, since
that time, the oratorio has had really that time, the oratorio has had really no rival in public favor. It is in-
teresting as a bit of fashion gossip to recall that in connection with this first representation of the oratorio, a public request was made that "the latheir who honor this performance with their presence, would be pleased to come without hoops, as it would great-
Iy increase the charity by making rcom for mere company;" gentlemen were also asked to come without swords. The generous impulse of the composer to make this composition serve the purposes of a helpfur throughout his life, was consometime after his death. From this source alone the Foundling Hospital of London, received, in the period from 179 to $17 \% 7$ over $\$ 50,000$.
The oratorio is entirely in the words parts. The first part describes the parts. The first part describes the
promise of. and preparation for, the corning of Messiah; the greatness of His character, (emphasized in the magnificient chorus, "For unto us a enild is born"), and lowliness of His
birth; the welcome of the angels, and beauty of His mission, the latter being
bithe and brought home in two beautiful solos, "He shall feed His flock," and "Come unto Him all ye that labor." and a chorus, "His yoke is easy and His burin is light." The second part opens in the depths of Christ's passion, that the solo, "He was despised and rejected of men," in which the very key. note of sorrow is struck: and later, by
another passage of touching solemnity, Behold, and see if there be any sor
row like unto His sorrow!" This succeeded by the recovering note of Christ's resurrection, the new life of which pulses in the chorus, "Lift up your heads, o ye gates!" and comes
to its triumphant expression in the majestic "Hallelujah" chorus, in the
writing of which Handel declared: writing of which Handel declared:
did think $I$ did see all heaven befor me and the great God himself." The regions beyond, opening with a sole of exquisite beauty embodying the con-
viction of Job, "I know that my Redeemer liveth," continuing with a suc vistory over death, and cetosing with
vermassive and jubilant chorus of he massive and jubilant chorus of
praise, "Blessing and honor, and
power, be unto Him that sitteth upon the throne, and unto the Lamb for
When the oratorio was given for audience time in London in 1743, the nd moved by a king at heir head, while the Hallelujah chorus was sung. and stood until its close. This tribute
has been continued w.th more or less spontaneity, but with the utmost sense of fitness at every representation
of the Messiah. both in England and America. And it illustrates the inhe-
rent nobility of Handel's character to rent nobility of Handel's character to
learn that somedays after this represenation, when the composer was calling was on terms of special intimacy, his lordship, complimenting the author up-
on the noble "entertainment" had just been given, Handel replied: "My lord, I should be sorry if I only
entertained the people; I wish to make them better." Handel's was essentially a religious nature. He would of ten refer to the singular pleasure he had in setting Scripture words to mu-
sic, and to the profit derived from the contemplative reading of the Psalms. His familiarity with the Bible sufficiently warranted his rebuke to the bishops when they sent him selections the coronation of George II: "I have for myself." We are fain to believe that it was true emotion and not weak-
ness which moved him in the act of composition, so that his servant bringing him his chocolate in the
morning, would "often stand silent in astonishment to see his master's tears mixing with the ink as he penned his ivine compositions." A friend, calling
upon Handel, who was at the time writing the music for the pathetic words, "He was despised and rejected
of men," found him absolutely sobbing.
Though a native of Germany, Handel lived most of his life in England, of which country he became a citizen resting place of one who has so largely artistic, but the social and only the ic life of the Anglo-Saxon race, should e in Westminster Abbey..-Charles M. Stuart, in Epworth Herald.
Good Points.
For terseness and vigor we com-
mend the following. It is taken from
an address by Dr. Radeliffe, of Detroit,
to the congregation of Westminster at
the installation of a pastor, but, there
is some wholesome counsel in it to
Churches generally. He made his
thoughts plain enongh to be seen, and
sharp enough to be felt:
New brooms sweep elean, and the
noisest welcome is not the most con-
tinuous cheer. One man cannot keep
both sides of a contract. The church
bell rings twice on Sabbaths, and just
as loudly for the people as for the pas-
tor.
A thoughtful usher is a means of
grace. Repair all roads that lead to
the ehurch.
Sabbath sickness is healed only by
the unction from the Holy One.
Perfection is never in the pulpit, and
it is seldom in the pews.
The congregation is often tried with
the pastor. The pastor is often tried
with the congregation. And these two
are equal.
Harvest does not come every two
months. Church work is slow work,
but that is no reason for sloth.
If Aaron and Hur are not on the
Church roll, you may as well burn the
books.
Chilidren cry for sweets when they
may need hickory oil or the slipper-
the same is a parable.

 Don't $\begin{aligned} & \text { accite peotinc iples of } \\ & \text { Roots }\end{aligned}$ Dolay 10 Cure Tha COUGH ALLEN'S
LUNA
BALSAM.
Roots and Plants,
which are chemi-
cally extracted so
as to retainalltheir
medical qualities.
Its action is expec-
torant, causing the
lungs to throw off
the phlegm or mu-
cus, changes the
secretions, purifies
the blood, heals
the inflamed and
irrit ated mem- rane, gives tone to the digestive organs, andimparts strength to the
whole system. Such is the immediate and satisfactory effect, that it is warranted to break up the
most distressing cough. It contains THREE SIZES
25c., 50c., and $\$ 1.00$.


The Itinerant's Cuide,
By JOHN R. ALLEN, A. B., D. D.
This book endeavors to give praetical d
rections to young preachers about the call

 able reception.
Order of Johan I . Allen,
jeorgetow. Texas.
Pree, so

ON JANUARY 18th our enrollment for this session reached

## Three Hundrocil

It is now (January 22) as above. Others we know of will enter soon.

There are nearly five months yet to this School year before Commencement.

Lose no timeEnter now.

## Address

President Polutechnic Gollege Fort worth, texns.




TEXAS CHRISTIAN ADVOCATE.


There are, within the range of everyone's life, processes of life which mus throw one absolutely upon his individual moral forces, and admit of no aid whatever from another. Alone we must stand sometimes; and if our better nature is not to shrink into weak-
ness, we must take with us the ness, we must take with us the
thought which was the strength Christ: "Yet I am not alone, because the Father is with me." The sense of right can more readily indurate the tender than melt the rocky soul, and which is the most fins in beanty character power; that leans on the love of kindred while it may, and when it may not can stand erect in the love of God; that shelters itself amid the domesticities of life while duty wills, and when it forpanse of imortality, and face any storm that beats, and traverse any wilderness that lies beneath the canopy.James Martineau.

## Quiet Forces.

Teady in every storm, quiet in ar umult. These forces travel round the earth. The fiercest winds do not blow aside their tenuous lines; the leaping
waves cannot break their fragility. waves cannot break their fragility there are stable currents of celestial power. Heaved about by forces we cannot master, buffeted in the face by ad versity, hemmed in by darkness we can not penetrate, and yet irresistibly
drawn, we know not where, there are currents of celestial steadiness. The eye sees nought of their direction; the hand cannot feel their passage; the ear can hear no music of their mak ing: but, steadier than the sweep of the stars, they are coursing in every once gets the appropriate part of his nature touched by the magnetism of divine love, and thereafter keeps it ready to respond to the influences of
the Spirit, he is never at a loss for the Spirit, he is never at a loss for guidance. No matter if the sun be ob-
scured, if the stars be hid, if winds be adverse, if waves threaten to engulf, the celestial guidance is sure.
Bishop Waren, in Central Advocate.

## Enoch Walked With God.

Let us try to receive the full impression of Enoch's beautiful life on
our own minds. Here was a man in our own minds. Here was a man in
the very childhood of the world, who seemed distinguished from those who lived around him, and from those who came after him, because he
with God." What does it mea with God." What does it mean? Th words which would explain it are so simple, and yet tre sublime, that one al most hesitates to speak about it, yet we might shape it, perhaps,
at any rate, in outline, according to our own experience, and we migh say, this primitive man, not seeing or
touching God any more than we do yet realized habitually His existence recognized His presence, His close presence, with him every day. As one would pass many days in the society of some dear friend, so he passed his days in the society of God, but with
this beautiful difference-we cannot spend many consecutive days with our dearest friends; some of them we are obliged to leave, others we are obliged to lose: with God the companionship need not be intermitted. It was not
necessary to leave Him, it was not necessary to leave him, it was noi
possible to lose him, and the man, therefore, kept up a companionship unbroken. When he woke from sleep
in the morning, the first thought that in the morning, the first thought that rushed into his mind would be
"Still, still with thee, when purple When the bird waketh and the shadws fiee.

Rev. R. F. Horton, M. A.

## A Hot Box.

One meets few unworried people.
Most faces bear lines of care. Men go anxious to their day's duties, rush through the hours with feveresh speed, pulse home at night for restiess, unrefreshing sleep. This is not only a
most unsatisfactory, but is also a most costly, mode of living, for our work
and worry are both great wasters of and worry
human life
The other night the train lost two hours in running less than a hundred
miles. "We have a hot box," was the polite conductor's reply to some impatient passengers who begged to know

This hot box trouble is not altogethe unknown in human life. There are and with sufficient energy, but who grow feverish, and are thus impeded in their progress. A great many fail ures in life must be charged to worrying. When a man worries he is im peded in several ways. For one thing clearly. His brain is feverish, and will not act at its best. His mind becomes confused, and his decisions are not to be depended upon. The result is that a worried man never does his work as well as he should do it, or as worry. He is apt to ware free from Marks of feverishness are sure to be seen somewhere in whatever he does Then worry exhausts vitality. good in life costs. Virtue goes out of as in everything we do that is worth outflow of vital force. But for normal healthy action, nature provides. Ther is recuperative energy enough to supply the waste. The foundations are filled as fast as they are drained. The away. Worry, however, is abnormal and unhealthy. It exhausts vitality more rapidly than nature can reinforce it. It is like friction in machinery, and grinds away the very fiber of the life. Worry, therefore, both impedes
progress, and makes work costly and progress, and makes work costly and
exhaustive. One neither accomplishes so much nor does it so well, while the outlay of vitality is greater
The ideal theory of life is, therefore work without worry. But is it a prac
tical idea? It certainly ought to be a Christian. We have our Lord's ex press command not to be anxious about anything. Our whole duty is to do the will of Ged, and leave in his hands the ontworking of circumstances, the shaping and overruling of all the com-
plicated network of influences so as to plicated network of influences so as to
bring about the right results. The working plan for a Christian life is clearly laid down in our Lord's words "Seek ye first the kingdom of God an His righteousness; and all thes things shall be added unto you."
"Take, therefore, no though for the Take, therefore, no though for the thought for the things of itself." This ideal ieaves no place whatever fo worry. It requires single-hearted de votion to the interests of Christ's cause, the elimination of self and self
seeking, uncompromising loyalty the principles of righteousness and the faithful and energetic doing of duty, all duty, without regard to pleasare or cost. That is all the human
part. Then God will look part. Then-God will look upon the consequences-will take care of us, and
of the outcome of our acts. It is the unction of faith, when we have done
what we can, to put all into the divine hands, giving ourselves no anxiety
while we go forward in peace and while we go forward in peace and con fidence to the next duty that waits.
Presbyterian Observer.

kissed the cow." If you'd rather do your washing and cleaning in a slow, laborious way, spending your time and strength in useless, tiresome, ruinous rubbing, it's nobody's business but yours. You are the one that will suffer by it But if you want the easiest. quickest, most economical way of washing and cleanins then you'll have to use Pearline. There's nothing else, among things absolutely safe to wash with, that can be compared to it.

## Milions:"w Pearline <br> Henry Lindemmey \& Sons PAPER Warehouse




## THE TRIUMPH OF SCIENCE



The Disor erer demonstrating to Medical Men and Students the
Wonderful Curative Powers of his New Discoveries.
Editor's Ncte.-All readers of this pap er anxious regarding the health of New Discoveries, with complete directions, by sending full address to or. Slocum's Laboratory, 8 Pine Street, New York City. See article in another column headed "At Last.
Foremost among the world's greatest tions; scrofula, general decline and ledico-Chemists stands T. A. Slocum, weakness, loss of flesh, and all wasting or he years had been directed toward its wonderful merits to suffering huconsumption were fositive cure for thes (The Dr. Slocum New System of nd already his "re finally successful, Medicine), with full instructions, to already his "new scientific system any reader of the Texas Christian Adermanently has, by its timely use, ntly
 such facts to the atte duty to bring valids.
He has demonstrated the dreaded insease to be curable beyond a doubt, any climate.
Indisputable facts prove that the
Doctor's new remedies are an absolute
hial Please tell the Doctor, when writing hial, throat, lung and chest troubles: that you read this generous offer in$\stackrel{4}{4}$

## FARM IMPLEMENTS

 MOLINE LINE Write for Circulars describing our Dandy Cultivator, GoodEnough Sulky Plow, New Gladiator Steel Frame, Stalk
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wRITE FOR catalogue.
 I am praised bu all of my purchaseps.
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There is no charge for medicine or orrespondence-advice-strictly confi-
$\qquad$ dential.
Knowing. as we do, of the undoubted eflicacy, we urge every sufferer to take dvantage of this most liberal propo-


## Liberty Enlightening the World.

## FARMERS ARE BECOMING ENLIGHTENED

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L. BLAYLOCK,<br>Publisher

Pudilished Enery Thurstay at Dallas, Tenss.

T. R. PIERCE, D. D.,

Editor
F. B. CARROLL, D.D. $\}_{\text {Sunday-Sehool Dept }}^{\text {Editor }}$ sterling fisher,

## SUBSCRIPTION-III AOVAICE.

ONE YEAR
SIX MONTHS
THREE MONTH

## 200 100 50

${ }_{00}^{50}$
tion. Moreover, his coming has the indorsement of Texas Methodism. Our other column that the "guarantee fund" has been secured. These names are a sufficient voucher for the amounts
opposite, and they will be duly paid. Now for an earnest effort to raise the "cash fund." The end is in sight. Victory is assured. Let there be no faltering. Stand by the Agent.

## A BASE SLANDER.

We notice in two papers of the "second blessing" variety a statement from Rev. W. M. Adams, that he was located cause he was "a holiness men," and for no other reason. We were present, and are prepared to testify that he was located for "unacceptabil-
ity and inefficiency," after mature deliberation, by a unanimous vote. He would have been located even though he had never heard of that the case is so utterly insignificant, we would reproduce some of the evidence which convicted him of the charge referred to above. Every "second blessing" man in the Northwest Texas Conference voted to locate Adams, and purely because his "unaceptability and inefficiency" had been demonstrated beyond all suspicion and cavil. To say that the conference voted him out on account of holiness is nothing better than a base slander, unworthy of a gentleman, to say nothing of a Christian. The papers which are taking this thing up had better desist, unless they wish to convict themselves of idiocy or downright falsification.

DR. HOSS' LECTURES POSTPONED ONF WEFK.
Iy Pear Prother Allen:
Things sometimes happen to a busy mar that he can not control. I find that it will hefore February 8 . and 1 hope this will sult as well as the earller date. Truly
your brother,
E. E. HOSS.
your brother
To Rev. Jno
E. E. Hoss.

## CONNECTLONLL NEWS.

Rev. M. H. Wells, in St. Louis Advocate, refers as follows to the recent
meeting of the North Alabama Conference: Bishop Galloway used the class for admission as a text to say some of the bravest and best things ever heard on a similar occasion. Was it not brave in him to tell us that, having studied the needs of the connection by actual contact with all save
three conferences, his deliberate conviction was that the supreme need of viction was that the supreme need of
the North Alabama Conference was spirituality-more religion? did actually say that. Of course Yes.
urse, the. was some wincing and scringing. And
the good Bishop has not been accused of pessimism. It is in proof that he
rather leans dangerously the other way. Witness the fact that he has championed the demand of a few lavmen for young blood in the pulpit.
The older brethren, however, have but little to dread from his influence, as the "fad" has about run its course. Reaction has set in, and such revolutions never go backward. Fortunately for the Bishops themselves that such
is the case, as the demand might reach is the case, as the demand might reach
even unto them. Things are so out of joint that we might forget Paul's good advice, and put a lot of "kids" into
this high office. It does not become this high office. It does not become
a Church professing to be religious a Church professing to be religious
thus to ignore the plainest principles of right and justice, and the teaching of the centuries and the Bible.

Alabama Advocate: Having holiday during Christmas, we gladly acloway to attend the session of the
Mississipni Conference at Jackson DeMississippi Conference at Jackson December 30 and be his guest. On
reaching Jackson we found the business of the conference progressing rapidly under the wise presidency of
Bishop Wilson. We found some old acquaintances among the preachers, and made a few new ones. We had the pleasure of meeting Dr. Black, of the New Orleans Advocate, and were
pleased to hear him report his paper as pleased to hear him report his paper as
doing well. It would be a great pleasdoing well. It would be a great pleas-
ure to us if he would vistt the Alabama Conference some time, that we might
have the opportunity of extending such

We had the pleasure of hearing Dr. We had the pleasure of hearing Dr.
Steel on the "Pioneers of Methodism." It was a magnificent lecture, and great-
ly delighted his audience. We regretted greatly not hearing Bishop Wilson on Sunday, being engaged at
another Church. His sermon was said by those who heard it to be one of his greatest. Our association with the brethren was delightful, and the few that we met were kind and cordial. It
is a good-looking body of men, and is a good-looking body of men, and
their deliberations were marked by their deliberations were marked the
dignity and serlousness. But the
special charm of the occasion for us was the delightful social intercourse in the home of Bishop Galloway. His house was full of congenial company,
and the hospitality was of the highest type. Bishop Galloway is great as a preacher, great as a Bishop, but he is at his best in his home. Dr. DuBose. the host of the conference, was espe-
cially kind and courteous, for which cially kind and cou.
he has our thanks.

## GENERAL CMURCH NEWS

Christian Advocate New York: Dr. W. L. Watkinson. President of the
Wesleyan Methodist Conference, has fixed Wednesday, March 2, the next anniversary of Wesley's death, as the
day most suitable for the dedicatory day most suitable for the dedicatory apart of the Wesley Honse. London. There will be a reception by the Pres: ident and all the ex-Presidents who are able to attend, and the day's ceremony will close with a great representative Methodist meeting in Wesley
Chapel at night. Dr. Parker has also kindly promised to preach in connection with the event. It is not unlikely that Bishop Hartzell will return to London in time to participate in this
interesting and historic event.

Northwestern Advocate: The Meth-
Northwestern Advocate: The Meth-
odist Insurance Company. for whose advent many have been wniting almost inpatiently, is now ready to begin work. A somewhat detailed announcement appears in this issue. The in-
surance laws of Illinots are strict almost to excess. That fact has delaved organization. Many who know of the delay and its causes have surgested that it was best to organize under the laws of some other State, whose re-
quirements are less exacting. Our judgment points directly to the opposite conclnsion and suggestion, unless that other State has as good insurance safe-guards. When it is clearlv anderstood that the exceedingly strict have been fully met, our insurance company will deserve and receive vast y more public confidence than if the charter had been granted under excessively indulgent conditions. an Illinois charter will company has tude of vital questions, whereas charter based upon jerry-go-easy State insurance laws might be suspected of covering a multitude of sins. There are circumstances under which a firm insurance, because of its omit all wealth. It is conceivable that its probable average yearly fire losses would be much legs than the sum necessary to insure the entire property. That might be possible to our Church, were its church and parsonage
property so funded that losses conld be averaged and equalized throughout the whole Church. Our yearly average losses of church property by fire must he much less than the total Theney needed to insure that property. of our proposed insurance, but the solution is different. The new company will make its statements to patrons through certain agents, from whom trustees and others will hear. Secretary's office has been opened at
57 Washington Street, where he will confer, personally or by letter, with in confer, personall
terested parties.

## TEXIS PERSONILS.

Capt. D. J. Price, the General Passenger and Ticket Agent of the International and Great Northern Railway, was a welcome caller at our office during the week. Capt. Price is a very genial gentleman, and stands deservedly high in railroad circles.

A card from Rev. J. O. Jorden, of Riesel, announces the death of his oldest daughter, Mrs. Jenny Herrick, January 19, 1898. Bro. Jorden will have the sympathy and prayers of a large circle of appreciative friends in this Advocate offers sincere condolence

Mrs. W. H. Johnson, the Financial
Agent of the Rescue Home, Dallas, is
still in the field, seeking with tireless energy and unabated consecration to
promote the sacred and delicate interpromote the sacred and delicate interests committed to her hands. Weatest pleasure in giving her and her work our warmest personal indorsement, and bespeak for her the sympathy and help of all our preachers and people. She and the good women associated with her are doing a great and good work.

Mr. E. P. Turner, the General Passenger and Ticket Agent of the Texas and Pacific Railway, made the Advocate a pleasant call during the week. We are also indebted to his courtesy for a copy of the "Texas and Pacific Quarterly," a periodical showing up the resources of Texas, and the advantages of his splendid route.

## SOUTHERN METHODIST PERSONALS

Dr. A. S. Andrews, in the Alabama Advocate, "acknowledges a pounding every good thing that was poured into our home, but nothing so thrilled and regaled our hearts as the warm expression of Christian appreciation, friendship and love. There is nothing sweeter than the love and confldence
of kindred spirits. As the old year of kindred spirits. As the old year the New Year morning that should soon dawn upon us, we involuntarily considered the serious and difficult problem, 'How can we best show our appreciation of what our noble and
Christian people have done for us? Christian people have done for us? We were relieved, though, bv remem-
bering that we would have help, divine help, in the performance of the nleasing and difficult duty. Because the infinite prince of life and salvation hath said, 'Whosoever shall give a
trink unto one of these little ones, a Arink unto one of these little ones, a of a disciple, verily I say unto yon, he shall in no wise lose his reward.'

Epworth Era: This, which we take from the Atlanta Constitution, is rewas seen to-day about the dispatch to the Constitution from Savannah connecting his name with the office of pishop, and said: 'Oh, there is nothing in that stuff. It is part of the Memiliation to which preachers in the lected on the eve of every session of he General Conference. Certainly I have no aspiration whatsoever for any
office in Church or State, and just as
certainly the South Georgla Confercertainly the South Georgla Confer-
nnce is backing nobody for the office of nnce is backing nobody for the office of
Rishop. That is not the way of the Methodists. For my part, I desire tbat the pathway of my life may bend more and more toward privacy. PubIf position never helped any man's peace or piety.'" Dr. Candler is one
of the ablest men in Methodism. His of the ablest men in Methodism. His
head is level and his heart is right. Should he be elected Bishop he will honor the office; but we doubt if he will be more useful than he is at pres-
ent as the President of Emory College.

## Genfral personats.

Rev. Dr. Parker, London, writing to a ter, don't make a fool of yourself in trying to invent a new Bible, or by trying to fettle up a new, cheap Gospel. Keep by the tried old ways-the turnpikes over which countless millions of nilgrims have passed into the heavens,
This is what $I$ want to do myelf: This is what I want to do myself;
therefore I urge it with the hotter theref
zeal."

Dr. W. V. Kelley, in Sunday-school
Times: Bishop Warren's literary style is terse, epigrammatic, luminous and noble, free from bungling or
prosy sentences. Mastery of the prosy sentences. Mastery of the natural sciences, poetic and philosophic ver, all lit with the glow of a sort of spiritual incandescence, distinguish his writings. With the appetite and digestion of intellectual health, his mind rapidly assimilates aliment of many kinds from many sources. To his
thonght all created things suggest and reflect something higher than themselves. To argue and illustrate spiritual meanings from physical facts and principles in a masterful and enlight-
ening way is a lifelong habit amounting with him to second nature. He finds all books and knowledge to be commentaries on the Book of books.
Henry W. Warren is a naturally laborious Bisharren is a naturally laborious Bishop, to whose whole being Inaction would be a misery and a puncessant in energetic action it would be
cheer, the impartation of courage, the solution of perplexities, the pacificasmoothly in a sound body, like a wellmade engine in a well-built boat, runs easily and powerfully, without a jar or heating. Henry M. Stanley said
that Glave, the African explorer, was one of the "men who relish a task for its bigness, and greet hard labor with a fierce joy." The lungs, limbs and heart of an athlete, firm and elastic muscles knit with hardy sinews, make physical or mental action a delight to blissful exercise. Among the Alps and the Rockies and elsewhere he eagerly accepts the challenges of mountains, and puts under his feet the summits of the Breithorn, the Matterhorn, Pike's Peak, Popocatepett, and other lesser his body and his mind frequent and are at home on heights, physical, mental and spiritual. Sometimes, in mountain mood, close to the sky, he drops briefly into poetry of a stalwart andiment and celestial aspiration.

Bishop Walsham Howe, lately deceased, left among his papers the following singular and suggestive memorandum: My father left me a good considerably increased since the death of my father-in-law. * * I have, always dedicated one-tenth annually to God in charity. When I became a Bishon, I resolved that my children should never profit by my episcopal in-
come, and as soon as I became Bishop of Wakefield I dedicated to God in charity (that is, in direct gifts and subscriptions) three thousand pounds a year, or a full fifth of my gross income. Perhaps I should mention that 1 always gave away the large sum
received for my books, in addition to the tenth of my income, and that, of course, far the greater part of my present income is spent on my diocese in traveling about. entertaining the clergy, etc. My chief object in nam-
ing these things is to provide an answer to the charge, sure to be made. that I have enriched myself and my children out of the endowments of the Church. This would not much matter if my personal credit alone were at harm to the Church. As I believe there is no class which annroaches tha+ of the clergy in self-sacrifice, so I believe there is no class which anproaches that of the Bishons in the amount they give away. Thank God. enrich themselves out of the revenue of the Church. I know as a fact that the late Bishop Short, of Asaph, and the late Bishop Fraser, of Manchester, never saved a shilling of their personal
income. I do not wish to condemn a income. I do not wish to condemn a
Bishop for making some modest provision for his family out of his eviscopal income, if he has no private means. It is a great privilege to have no necessity to do this."

## THE FRESS.

$\overline{\text { Good Point. }}$
Helen, aged four, was spending a night away from home. At bed-time she knelt at her hostess' knee to say
her prayers, expecting the usual prompting. Finding her friend unable to help her out, she concluded thus"Please, God, 'scuse me; I can't remember my prayers, and I'm staying
with a lady that don't know any."with a lad
Exchange.
The Resultaat

My character to-day is, for the most part, simply the resultant of all the feelings I have ever cherished, and all the deeds I have ever performed. It is the entirety of my previous years packed and crystallized into the present moment-so that character is the quintessence of biography. So that
everybody who knows my character and there is no keeping character and there is no keeping character more years I have been doing and thinking. Character is, for the most
part, simply habit become fixed.-Rev. part, simply habit bec
Charles H. Parkhurst.
feel profoundly convinced that the argument of design has been too much lost sight of in recent zoological speculations. Reaction against the frivol-
ities of teleology has, Ie believe temporary effect in turning attention from the solid and irrefragable argument so well put forward in that excellent old book. But overpoweringly strong proofs of intelligence and benevolent design lie all around us; and if ever perplexities, whether metaphys-
ical or scientific, turn us away from them for a time, they come back upon
us with irresistible force, showing to
us through nature the influence of a us through nature the influence of a
free will, and teaching us that all living beings depend on one ever-acting
Creator and Ruler.-Lord Kelvin. Creator and Ruler.-Lord Kelvin.

## Seeking Consolation.

The California Christian Advocate says that hardly a week passes but some letter is received by Rev. Dr. F. J. Masters, presiding elder of the Chinese District, California Conference, urging him to arrange a matri-
monial alliance between some Chinese monial alliance between some Chinese
bachelor or widower and one of our bachelor or widower and one of our
Chinese mission girls. It furnishes a translation of a very amusing letter, of which the following is an extract: "Last year the loved one of my bosom was taken sick and incurable,
and about the sixth month she passed and about the sixth month she passed
away, to roam among the fairies of the upper sky. When she was about to depart she made one request of me, the disconsolate one. She made me promise to pluck a flower more beautiful and take to my home. I now bear
in mind that I am approaching the age of leaning on a staff, when fair damsels are won with dufficulty. I beg of you, Honorable Sir, to be my mid-die-men. Lose no time in arranging for the pairing of the Phoenix, that som around my desolate domicile."

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FROM BRO. CLOTHIER
```


## Another Sunday has passed away and it

 was our privilege and pleasnre to preach a. m. and at West End at 7:30 p. m. As we have already spoken of St. Johns in a lost nothing by a closer investigation, but is rapidly regaining Its place to the frontof our large Methodist Churches,-closing of our large Methodist Churches, -closing
the last rear with 100 accessions and add-
ing with these financlal strent ing with these financlal strength. Bro
Rradfle is happy with his people and
highly in their favor and highly in their favor and co-operation, and
deservell soo Bnt what must we say for
West End. our child in the gospel-our first Weservedyy so. Bnt what must we say for
Wharge-a, place of hat the tospel--ur first
chawed memories and of sweetest assoclations. The congrega-
tion that greeted cas last night wonid have
mpsired any preacher. to say nothing of an
 marrel of Metholism, and to stand in
the pulpit and look orer an audience such
is gather there now when only a few years
 fortable church with a seatisg calacity
3ne or more people whe assemble to he
the tospel. Bro. Powe'] ts loved
 not suffer in his hands. He spoke to his
"eople effectively in the interest of the
idvoner thocate: salid it was an noesistant pastor.
qnd he in every way seconded our appeai.

 Tonable in me not to mention the name of
Tro. A. P. Noman. the eforimet and faith-
ont sumerintendent of Weat Fnd. and one nt sunerintendent of West Fnd. and one
of its charter members. He is stind at the
helm ns an omelal-nuntintendent. trustee
ind steward. A brond-minded. hosnitable

$\xrightarrow[\text { GHUBCH EXTENSION NOTICE. }]{\substack{\text { later. } \\ \text { Gaiveston, Texas. }}}$
To Preachers of the Texas Conference:
Dear Brethren-As some of you will donbt-
 write this notice that you may have your
applications in the hands of the secretary
of our Conferene Board in due time. Note
the following points: the following points: Committees of each
1 The Fxecutive
Conference Board are required to meet and Conference Board are required to meet and
approve all applications to the General
Board. and those applications are to be gent to the Secretary between now and the
1st of March.
2 . Be very certain to have all your applications properly filled out and duly signed
by all the parties indicated in the printed
forms. Be sure that all deeds to Church forms. Be sure that al doeds and that red
property are soumd and good, and that the
Conty clerks fill out the blanks indicated
at the proper place and put their signatures County Clerks till out the banks indicated
at the proper place and put their signatures
to the papers. Defective deeds to Church
property often canse trouble, delay and propers expense. cause troable, deral blank applications to
useless expe secera
3. I hare
the parent board, and parties wishing these dhe parent board. and parties wishing these
forms ean get them by writing to me, in-
closing a two-cent stamp. 4. When your applications have been
propery filled out and duly signed. please
send them to Rev. H. C. Willis, Caldwell, Texas, and rot to me.
By promptly heeding the suggestions in
this notice you will save time, and expense also. time for the meeting of the Execu-
The
tive Committee of the Texas tive Committee of the Texas Conference
Baard will be abount the middle of March. and will be definitely announced in the
Advocate later ofn All applications will be
carefully considered at that meenting. President Church Extension HorNER. President Church Ex
Conference
Madisonville, Texas.


## up a collection for Texas College. If con- venient to do so, will you kindly give me an expresslon of your approval through the an expresesson oo, wour appouvinal throughe mee colimns of this paper or by communicat- ing with me or any other members of columns of this paper, or by communicat- ing with me or any onther members of the Church or ministers. 

 LITERARY PROGRAMME OF FIRS
CHURCH EPWORTH LEAGUE. Jan. 2 S -Lecture, Dr Rankin, "The Con-
cord Writers, and Religious Movements of
The ir Tine, Their Time."
Feb. 4.-Emerson, Transcendentalism.
Feb. is.-Hawthorne, Communities.
March 4.- Church Reception. March 4.-Church leception.
March 18. -Lecture, Dr. A. V. Lane, "The
Sixth Sense." April 1.-Aubudon, Debate.
Aprii 15.-Faster Reception,
April 29.-Lectur
April 29.-Lecture, Dr. Prerce, "Christian-
ity an an Inspiration to Poetry and Art."
May 13. -Longfellow and Lowell. as an Inspiration to Poetry and
May 1 I. LCongrellow and Lowell.
May 29 -Preseott, The Aztece.

Clergyman's Statement
Nerve Strength Gained by Taking Hood's Sarsaparilla
BRIGHTON, IOWA.-Rev. Bernard M. Shulick of this place, owing to weakness attend to his duties. He makes this statement: "I have suffered for a this statement: "I have suffered for a long
time from weak nerves. After I had take became quite well again. The weakness and I am able to attend to my duties again. I am therefore grateful to Hood's Sarsaparilla and I recommend it to every- an

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## 

Rev. Sterling Fisher, San Antonio, Texas
Have a welcome ready for Christ when he comes your way.
*
A hovel, with Christ for a guest, is better than a palace without righteousness.

## $\pm$

No Sunday-school nor League nor Church service can undo the mischief wrought by a godless home.
*
Do not say: "I must enjoy myself;" "I must attend to business;" "I must make money." It is Satan's deception.

4
Say, rather: "I must be a Christian;" "I must keep close to Christ;" "I must do good to others;" "I must get home to heaven." This is of God.
*
TOPIC FOR FEBRUARY:
Walking in the Light."
February 6: Living close to Christ
In both the Old and New Testament Scriptures "the light" is a favorite fig-
ure, used to represent truth and righteousness; especially is this true of the New Testament, where Christ is called "the Light," both by himself and his apostles.

Light drives away darkness.
Light explains mysteries.
Light reveals the beautiful and good.
light purifies the earth.
light enables the work of
Light enables the work of men to go
forward.

In the spiritual realm Christ does all
this, and more. this, and more.
He dispels the and superstition.
He explains, by reference to the life to come, the mysteries of this life. He uncovers the evil of the heart of
man, and awakens a desire for good. man, and awakens a desire for good.
He sets before us attractively the beauty of a Christian life.
He purifies the heart from sin, and makes us new creatures in Christ
Jesus. gives grace and strength and
He courage to his disciples, so that they go forward in right doing.
Our national prosperity, the sacred-
ness and purity of our homes, and our personal peace, have their source in him.
To "walk in the light," is to seek the knowledge of his will, take counsel of him for life's perplexities, and exalt all earthly good. Falsehood seeks to hide from him; sin shuns his pure presence: but truth and righteousness stand unabashed in his presence, and welcome his
closest scrutiny.
A FIRST NECESSITY-OUR OWN
CORRECTION.-Matt. 7:4.
The first result of our coming into the presence of Christ is a revelation of our own deficiencies. Faults here-
tofore unnoticed become painfully prominent; the conscience, long at ease, becomes keenly alive to the fact of sin. With such persistence does the light penetrate to every fiber of the
being, and reveal unpleasant and hateful things, that one is ready to despsir. He cries out with Job, "Now mine eye seeth thee; wherefore I abhor myself and repent in dust and ashes." (Job This exp
its purpose is to show the need and awaken the desire for cleansing: the soul is smitten, that it may be healed. The first task undertaken should
the correction of one's own life. the correction of one's own life. begi
are warned against the folly of beg are warned against the folly of begincorrect the faults of others, while our own are uncorrected. Let the result of the shining of the light be the dis-
covery and correction of our own fail-
ings, and not the development of
spirit of fault-finding toward others. CHOOSING THE BETTER PART Luke 10:38-42.
Christ Comes.-He is often near us, looking for an open door. Into hum-
ble villages, such as Bethany, as well as into populous cities, he comes seeking such as will receive him.
He Enters the Home.-Every other home in Bethany had an opportunity to receive him that day, but he went to the home of Martha because she
"received him." He enters now only "received him." He enters now only
where he is invited. Others were too where to be concerned about the weary traveler. So we often let him pass us by because we are engrossed with secular things.
The Good Part.-Martha's carefulness was good in its place; the care of
the body should not be neglected: but the body should not be neglected; but
when it engenders trouble and fretfulness it is time to turn aside and sit at Jesus' feet, and hear his words. is good to be a careful housewife;
is better to be a loving diselple is better to be a loving disciple of
Christ. It is good to be a successful Christ. It is good to be a successful
business man: it is better to be acquainted with his words, and a partaker of his spirit.
If secular pursuits, however important, be allowed to crowd out devo-
tion and worship, they become tion and worship, they become tres-
passers. The most important thing passers. The most important thing
is to keep close to Christ. At any cost, find time for Bible study, prayer public worship and Christian service. No time is lost which is thus employed: it is given to the acquisition of "the true riches," which shall en-

When victor's wreaths and monareh
gems
Shall blend in common dust."
JOSEPH GILLOTT'8 STEEL PENS
GOLD MEDAL, Paris Exposition, 1899 THE MOST PERFEHT OF 'PENS. Pronouncing Bilite and Advocito SA.

## Blossom League reorganized.

The League at Blossom became inoperative several years ago, but is now "risen from the dead." I reorganized yesterday under the old charter, as per Dr. Steele's instructions, and we are now out from the side-track and onto the main line, as car No. 1333 in the great train of Southern Methodist
Leagues. Have twenty-four members, with others expected to join soon. Our with others expected to join soon. Our
League is composed of the very finest material, and needs only a little time for development in the work. I am sanguine of having one of the best Leagues in the State. There is no
reason why we should not, for those reason why we should not, for those
who have already joined, and those who will join soon, are not be excelled for culture and refinement. Our officers are as follows: President, J. W. Humphreys; First Vice-President, EuMiss Mary Byrn; Third Vice-President, Miss Zora Skaggs; Secretary. W. V. Hancock; Treasurer, Miss Mattie Ellis. The postoffice of all the above is
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January 27, 1898.
TEXAS CHRISTIAN ADVOCATE.

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First Quarter-Lesson 6, Feb. 6 OUR FATHER'S CARE. - Matt. 6:24-37 Golden Text-He careth for you.Peter 5:7.

Time-summer of A. D. 28
Place-On
Capernaum.

## INTRODUCTORY

In the lesson of last week we studied the Savior's caution against the hypocrisy of formalists. He now passes to
the entire dedication of the heart to God, as opposed to all worldly aims and anxieties.
We are not to lay up for ourselves
treasures on earth, for this involves treasures on earth, for this involves the alienation of the heart from God, who has claims to our supreme affec-
tion and service; and we are not to be distracted by anxious care, for our heavenly Father careth for us.
The words, "lay not up for yourselves treasures upon earth," have all the force of a plain command. If Jesus does not thereby absolutely forbid the accumulation of wealth, he certainly freasure: "for where the treasure is there will the heart be also.
So also his words, "lay up treasures in heaven," are not merely a wise bit of counsel, or a wholesome exhortation, but a solemn command, enjoining up imperishable spiritual treasure secure against all that lays waste and destroys the insecure treasures of earth. Only by a life of whole-hearted righteousness can we lay up for ourselves the heavenly treasures, doing and suffering the will more or less, is one element in a life of righteousness.
And as the healthy eye gives light to the body, so a single purpose, a pure motive, is the light-giving force to the entire life. To have a single eye is to look at God alone. But the images of different objects so that it really sees nothing. And the great light-giving faculties, the conscience and the understanding, become darkness itself. "If the conscience, the eye and light of the soul, be darkened, all the passions and faculties be, which are of themselves naturally dark Thus laying up heavenly treasure and the single eye-the pure and undivided motive-are both examples of that enTWO MASTERS
V. ${ }^{24-" \text { No man can serve two mas- }}$ It principle of consecration. The word "serve" here is a strong word, mean-
ing that the one who serves is the ing that the one who serves is the
slave of his master, and, therefore belongs to him, and obeys him en tirely. The relationship of a "doulos," ownership necessarily implies exclusiv vice. "Ye can not serve God and Mammon." The word "Mammon" is Aramaic, signifying wealth, riches, and is "bere personified and contrasted
with God as the other of two with God as the other of two mas
ters. Mr. Wesley extends the mean ing of Mammon: "Riches, money, any thing loved or sought without reference to God." "He will either hate the one and love the other." The words hate and love, says Alford, must be given their full meaning, or the depth of the saying is not reached. ance as objects of human affection. Or in case he does not hate the one and love the other, he will hold to the one and despise the other. And so affection and service will be and can be
rendered to only one.

ANXIOUS CARE FORBIDDEN.
V. 25-"Therefore" marks a close connection with what has just gone
before; because of the truth that you can not serve two masters, "I say unto you, take no thought"-that is, be not anxious- or what ye shall drink, nor for your body, what ye shall put on." The word "thought" here the student must carefuly note, in order to get the Savior's meaning. The word "merim no," from which it is translated, means to have the mind distracted, to
drawn in two ways. In Bacon, Shakes peare, and other writers of that time the word "thought" has the sam meaning that it has in the King James version, namely, "anxiety," such as
divides and distresses the soul. The meaning: "Be not anxious." What
wise forethought, but wearing anxiety. thought-have no anxiety, in regard to from the greater food and clothing. the meat"-the food that sustains it; "and the body more than the raiment?" God gives the greater; therefore he will also give the less. To be God, who has given the body and the hie itself. The word "life," which often denotes the soul, here means
simply the vital or animating principle, which is sustained by its proper food.
V. 26 - "Behold the fowls of the air," or the birds of the heavens-birds which fly free in the sky, and over
which man exercises no care or control; "for they sow not, neither do they reap, nor gather into barns." They
perform none of the processes of agri perform none of the processes of agri-
culture, by which men obtain their culture, by which men obtain their
food. God, of course, "does not feed them in idleness:" they do their part "But they find their food without any of our elaborate processes." "Are y not much better than they?" Here, then, the argument of Jesus is from the less to the greater. "Your heav will Father, which feeds the bird ANXIETY UNAVAILING. thought"-that is, by being anxious about it-"can add one cubit unto his stature? The general meaning, says Dr. Broadus, is plain, but scholars differ much as to whether the leading
term of the sentence signifies stature or age. Mr. Wesley, who so often anticipates the latest and ablest criticism, has this note: "If you are ev so careful, which of you can add even a moment to your life thereby? Thi ural sense of the word." And Alford: "These words do not relate to the stature, the adding of a cubit to which (a foot and a half) would be a very great addition, instead of a very smal one. as is implied here, and expressed
in Luke (12:26) 'that which is least') but it refers to the time of life of hearer." The context seems to imply this meaning, for the object of foo and clothing is not to enlarge the body, but to prolong life. The "Septuagint uses the word "elikian," (stature) only once in that of stature. The great mass of recent commentators understand our Savior to mean that no one by being anxious can add one cubit-the smallest fragment of timeto his age. And if, as St. Luke says, ye can not do that which is least," a should ye be anxious about that which is the greatest-the preservation and nourishment of the life itself? Thus all anxiety is worthless, because it is
unavailing-it accomplishes nothing. THE LILIES OF THE FIELD.
Vs. $28-32-$ "Behold the lilies of the attention than "emblepsate," look at, as in the case of the birds. "The hirds fly by, and we can but look upon them; the flowers are ever with us, and we can watch their growth. Th crown imperial, which grows wild in Palestine, or the amaryllis lutea, whose golden liliaceous flowers cover the auturnal fields of the Levant. (Al ford.) Dr. Thomson (The Land an lily to be meant. "When I met thi incomparable flower," he says, "in all its loveliness, among the oak woods around the northern base of Tabor and on the hills of Nazareth, where our Lord spent his youth, I felt assure that it was to this wower he rethem now or not, the lilies of the field, like the birds of heaven, are those which grow wild, without human care. "How they grow. They toil not neither do they spin, and yet I say unto you, that even Solomon in all hi glory"-his glorious apparel and al wealth and fame-"is not arrayed like one of these." And it is God, working through the individual life of the plan within, who clothes it with this un rivaled beauty. "Wherefore, if God so clothe the grass of the field," weeds and flowers, which to-day is and to "shall he not much more clothe you, 0 ye of little faith?" The argument here is from the less to the greater again. God clothes the grass of the fields, gives their glory to the flowers, and he will not fail to clothe you.
"O ye of little faith." Unbelief-little believing-is the root of the anxit is of every other sinful feeling V. 21-"Therefore"-that is, in view
of the argument just adduced, take no

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thought-have no
Then verse 32 gives additional rea sons why the children of God should amely: "For after from anxiety, hings or after these things-th lothing-do the Gentiles, food an nations that know not God, and it is unworthy of God's children, who know him as their Father, to be like the
heathen, who have no true knowledge of him, in their distressing care in regard to temporary things.
"For your Heavenly Father knoweth that ye have need of all these things" our present life. And knowledge in God our Father of what we need implies that we can trust Him to supply our wants.
THE THINGS TO BE FIRST SOUGHT V. 33-4-"But seek ye first the kingThe of God and his righteousness. heaven within you." God the Father, reign ing in love in the heart and over the ness"-personal righteousness, such belongs to God.


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exponent of the celebrated Leschetizky method in the South, and those who desire the best advantages will do well take notice.
our new an artist and as a gentleman. Mrs Hoit, in writing of him, assures us that he is a genuine artist, and that we are ortunate in securing his services. Miss Mary O. Norris, who takes charge of our Art Department, is a
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cash donation was sent recently to Rev. A. B. Hunkapillar, Chickasha Indian Territory, from the Auxiliary W. P. and H. M. Society of the First Church, Dallas (part of the amount having been collected at the weekly prayer-meeting, by Bro. Rankin, the
pastor), to aid him in supplying the needs of his family for the winter As has been before stated in these columns, a donation was sent this brother by the Auxiliary W. F. M. Society of First Church, Dallas, to aid him in comfortable for the winter. But we hope it will be understood that the money thus sent was, in each case colleeted by special donations, made by individual members of these two Aux-
iliaries, and friends, and in neither iliaries, and friends, and in neithe of any other fund in their treasuries used for this purpose. On the con trary, a special sum was raised by each Auxillary for the purpose-
special collection for a special case of special collection for a special case o
need which was brought to the special need which was brought to the special ment is made in order that a clear understanding may be had among those of our members who may be interest ed, regarding the methods and means used in aiding this case-the urgency
of the needs, calling for prompt action. of the needs, calling for prompt action, usual methods of the two societies.

Standing upon the threshold of the wasted opportunities, blasted hopes unfulfilled expectations, and looks for ward to achieving great results, with bright hopes and glorious expecta tions, We "turn over a new leaf,"
and intend to do more for ourselves, our growth in mind and soul-do more for others, that they may have happier hearts, fewer sorrows, more peace and joy. The dark lands bevond must
catch some gleams of the Sun of Righeousness, because we now resolv to do more this year than we did last
We are determined to really and truly make more sacrifices to send out the
light than we did last year. Did we not step out upon the New Year of
1897 with the same sincere resolutions. vows and the deener grief that of knowing there is burning only little rush lights amid the darkness of all the dark continents, while thousands ground, and many yoar old cover the ground. and many thousands of sad
hearts because of our failure? of the account sent up to the throne upon which our Judge sits-our Judge
who redeemed us, who expected us to make 1897 rich in loving service, in good deeds? Let us pay our vow
unto the Most High, and have less to 1899.-"T," in Nashville Christian Advocate.

## W. P. and IM. M. Society.

Dear Conference Corresponding Sec Homes is a memorial number in honor of our precious Miss Helm. It is in
every respect a superior paper, with three pietures of Miss Helm, and one of her birthplace. As less than one-
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side of our membership. in order to sidray expenses of its printing.
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sary for us all to put forth earnest, persistent and enthusiastic efforts for its relief; hence the call for a "simultaneous can
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in order to make it self-sustaining Miss Emily M. Allen, now in charg of the paper, brings special gifts and
qualifications to the work, having seen for many years a suceessful $f$ the South. It would be difficult to Fem's place. Sustain, help and It is necessary that the Conference

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itiative by stimulating their auxiliaitiative by stimulating their auxiliaries to an immediate canvass, and so
directing their methods of work as to succeed. Enclosed are sample subseription sheets and circulars. Suffi-
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MRS. $W$ D. KIRKLAND.

To the Members of the W. F. M. Society of the Texas Conference.
Dear Sisters-The quarterly statement of your President has been debe explained. A careful comparison of the reports received shows ground for gratitude,
but also for anxiety. The receipts but also for anxiety. The receipts
have been larger in all the districts; have been larger in all the districts; fund. This intimates that ninch of the money received has been naid by the same parties who paid in the previous quarter. There are a few who
give liberally to special objects, yet give liberally to special objects, yet
fail to meet standing obligations. The number is too small to interefere with paid. It is impossible to study the reports carefully without feeling some regret that the conference fund is not arger. No enterprise of importance can be carried on without money, and to the importance and success of the effort. To attempt a missionary society without postage, stationery and blank reports is worse than to attempt business without advertising. To atand consulting is worse than merchandising without leaving the store to buy goods or collect accounts.
You are all familiar with the pledge made by our Corresponding Secretary for us and by our authority. It was
heartily indorsed by the conference society in annual session. We will pay it. A very large proportion of the amat purpose. But the time grows
thas very short; it should all be in the hands of the treasurer before March 1.
The Woman's Missionary Advocate and Little Worker increase in interest and value, but unfortunately not in circulation. The motto on the cover of the Woman's Missionary Advocate for January is: "Know, and you will Christians should be as anxious now the affairs of Messiah's kingdom as citizens to know the condition of the State. For fifty cents a year the Woman's Missionary Advocate will keep its readers informed of the movements of our missionaries, of the sucmeans by which they are sustained. For half that amount the Little Worker furnishes all necessary information to juvenile readers. Goods maps of
all the countries oceupied by the Mission Boards of our Chureh by the Mistained from the Publishing House at small cost. A new map of Brazil showing the different stations, is now ready for sale at one dollar. It is inMiss Marg to the Texas Conference that Miss Margaret, youngest daughter of
Dr. I. G. John, assisted in its preparation. Every Auxiliary should have one, and would do so if each member
wonld deny herself some small gratification.
There
There is a decrease of membership
in our Auxiliaries, which does not ecessarily imply a reduction of foree $f$ it marks the withdrawal or removal une. If it is merely a dropping of
unterester memer names that meant nothing. it has the dvantage of truth. Dr. Deems say "weights or wings." This is eminently rue of members of missionary socitrue of
eties.
Our
ing
ing Secred and honored Correspondboth sickness has suffered much, of ast quarter, but has been wonderfully very giving and prayer-not wondering what we would do without her, for He He can not fill, though we do not see or her long and useful life ging thanks that her life be prolonged, her health and all her faculties spared, and the the ligh
Foreign Missionary Society Foreign Mis
Dew, Texas.

## The tender skin of ine fants and children should come in cons tact with only the purest of soaps. 99isoppercent Pune

To the Members of the W. F. M. Society of the Dallas District.
Our new year is fast advancing, and trust we as a society will keep pace with its progress, and I hope every one try in shaping our work for the future. I trust we as a society will select one frst studies at the opening of our new iscal year, March 1.
Let us have variety in our course of reading, so we will bave interest all he while. Let us see to it that we do nform ourselves, so that we may be prepared for usefulness in God's vine--
yard. We know "knowledge is power" and if we familiarize ourselves with he different fields occupied by our
Voman's Board, our success and influnce in the work of foreign missions will be greater for our Master. is see to it that as members of our va-
rious Auxiliaries we visit much and ry to induce others to come in and work with us for the Savior. We may double our membership if we but try. "Time is ever silently turning its pages over," so let us each day have something good to record of the past,
and oh! let it not be said that "the and oh! let it not be said that "the
idol of to-day pushes the hero of yesterday out of our recollection;" but let not a less important subject supplant the more worthy one in our houghts. Let us do immortal work ur duty to do so, and we will feel the etter over it. It has been said: "He is not worthy of the honeycomb if he shuts the hive because the bees have stings." If we try, nearly all of our Membership will take our Woman's
Missionary Advocate. Dear sisters, don't let us forget in with God if we get a home where our Savior is preparing mansions for us. hope we will do our best this coming new officers for the coming fiscal year more. Do not shirk, my sister officer if they want you to serve another
term. but be glad you are counted vorthy to serve for your Master in any apacity. Of course all things should
do done with an eye to the glory of God. Pray much for our wor
Kindly, MRS. R. W. THOMPSON, 391 South Ervay St., Dallas, Tex.

## PERFECT SATISFACTION. L. Blayloek, Dallas. Dear Sir: Recefved Bible yesterday. Gives perfect satisfac ton. Many thanks.

MRS, I. R.
Jan. 24, 1898

## MARRIAGE NOTICES.

 and Miss Lenora M. Caskey. Rev. J. Ha
alson offichating.
Wood- Walding.-At the residence of the
wrom. in Anderson Connt.
 Ificiating.
 Knox, Mecember
Moore offlelating.

 ounty, Texas.
Morris-Caldwell.- January 16, 1808 , at
 Newson-LLawlis.-November 10,1807 , a
he residence of the bride
 offlelating.
Woodard-

 Miller-Banks-At the residence of the
brides steptather, Mr. Carpenter. near
Bazette. Navarr. County, Texent by Rev
J. Dt Croekett, January 5 , 1808, Mr. Rob




## If the Baby is Cutting Teeth, <br>   <br> Airing other people's faults never <br> Does it pay? Yes, because in case ure or give satisfaction, the purchase money is refunded. Try a bottle.

No ferry transfer at Memphis via the
Texas \& Pacifcedoubbe daily trains each
way, thus preventlag delay on your return
trip.
However high a man may climb, he
"The Fifty Dollars Seemed Like a Gift"
A lady from Cedar Rapids, Writes : "Your check for fifty dollars was received. So easily was it earned that it
seems almost like a gift. That sum, together with the additional generous commission, amouns to over we reduced our church debt. Your plan is far more congenial to ladies than raising money for churches, fairs, suppers, etc.

But one of hundreds of have been decreased by The Ladies' Home Journal plan.

The Curtis Publishing Company

Phuiledeliphia


## OBITUARIES.

The spaee allowed obituaries is twenty to


 Poerger column.
 M'CULLOUGH.-Evan, infant son of Rev. W. S. P. and Louie M. McColApril 14, 1897, and dedicated to God by baptism June 20th, and after a brief stay on earth of seven months, passed
peacefully away to the home above Noveniber 14. Thoughe the little one
was with the parents so short Was with the parents so short a time,
it was long enough to draw out their it was long enough to draw out their
tenderest affections and to leave a vaeant place in their hearts and homes
that the world can not fill. Though so young and a child of affletion, he baby smile will abide with the parents
till they meet above. G. S. HARDY. ALEXANDER.-John Wesley Alex ander was born in Saint Charles Coun-
ty, Mo., December 7,1849 , and died at Uz, Montague County, Texas, Noconverted at the age of fourteen and united with the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, in which he hived a consistent life until "God took him."
He was married in Little Elm Church in Denton County, Texas, to Miss
Lona Rightmire September 21, 1883, Alexander was nds officiating. Bro. summons came. He was rational to to the last. He had the children of Uz
brought to his bedside, giving them good advice. He leaves a wife and litse son to mourn their loss. May they
so live here that they may meet their loved one where parting is no more.

FOUNTAIN.-Mrs. Richard B. Foun ain (nee Edwards) was born May 11, 1871, and departed this life, in great
peace, , anuary 16, 1898. In July, 1884,
she was hapily the Methodist Eppiscopal Church
South, of which she remaine nd consistent member until her death. On December 23, 1888, she was married to Mr. W. B. Fountain.
was a devoted wife and mother. So
To er Savior, and walked in his love mandments blamelessly. Her last tes-
timony was that she had no fears, and that her way was clear. She lived with a conscious presence of Christ here,
and lives with him yonder in the kingthree children, who will miss her here, but who can see her again. w . L. PATE.
White--J. B. White was born June 8, 1818 , in Kentucky, and died at
his home in Erath County, Texas, De-
cember 5 , 1897 Bro White was con verted and joined the M. E. Church. with his family to Texas and settled in Limestone County, near the town of Mexia, where he reared a large family;
but a few years ago he moved to this ounty and settled down right near his eldest son (Bro. Jesse White) to tire life was embellished with all those beautiful characterictics, which bespeak all the time and everywhere
true Christian manhood. He was powerfully converted while all alone in the flowed into his soul he never had a doubt, and from that day till the days of his infirm, old age he was an active worker in the Church. He served the Church efficiently as class-leader and the congregation he was an inspiration o the preacher, sitting where he could look the preacher in the face and oc-
casionally responding with a hearty casionally responding with a hearty
amen, his entire countenance expressmen, his entire countenance express-
ing faith and hope. But his life-work is done, and now he rests from his abors.

## Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury. <br>   

MIMMS.- Winston Mimms, the seven of M. B. and Nancy E. Mimms, died
September 28,1897 . Sweet little WinSeptember 28, 1897. Sweet little Win-
ston, precious little flower, has been transplanted in heaven. It was only
loaned us for a short while, just long loaned us for a short while, just long
enough to entwine his arms of love around our hearts. C. H. SMITH.

ROACH.-Mrs. B. C. Roach was born near Clinton, Kentucky, September 20,
1871:
she was converted and joined $187 ;$ she was converted and joined
the Methodist Church at the age of ten, and married December 27, 1888. Bro Roach was transferred from the Memhis, Tennessee, Conference, and came
o us on the 1st of December. On the 13th of January she died, after severe suffering, patiently, even cheerfully, Sorne. Her sweet Christian character
was apparent, even to strangers, all soon learned to love her She was fully prepared to die, and often said: It will be sweet to close my eyes and leave all my suffering." As Bro.
Roach accompanies her remains back to her old Kentucky home, our heartday, his strength may be.
friend.
HOLCOMB.-Mary H. Holcomb (nee riniey, was born in Grapeland, Houston county, Texas, october $1,18,3 ;$
she was converted and joined the sethodist Episcopal Church, south, at he age of tweive years; she was marhed to Mr. C. $\mathbf{F}$. Hoicomb, November 23, 1889, and died December 29, 1897 .
jister Holcomb lived a devoted Chrissister Holcomb lived a devoted Chris-
tan from the time she joined the ann from the time she joined the er Church and was oyal to its teach ings, and walked in obedience to its laws. She enjoyed the conidence of
a large circle of riends. $A$ truer wife and mother never brightened the home little ones are left to mourn her departure. She has gone to rest, and we shail see her again in the saints
werlasting rest.
W. L. PATE.

PEYTON.-W. R. Peyton departe chis life January 4, 1899. He was born
April 20, 1820, in St. Francis County Mo., where he lived until 1877. From exas, and from there to Jones County, exas, in November. 1893. He pro fessed religion in 1844, in Deeember,
and joined the Methodist Church, in and joined the Methodist Church, in
which he lived a faithful member unil death. The prayer and class-meet hgs were his delight. He often shoute ed much, but bore it all without a mur-
nur. He was conscions almost to ast moment, and said he was sweetly rusting in Jesus. We know where to nd him. He was married three times, ne last marriage was to Miss Mar hem were born seven children-thre sons and four daughters. Three wive and three daughters have preceded
him to the glory world.
One daughter him to the glory world. One daughter
and three sons remain to mourn their oss. They sorrow not as those wh Truby, Texas.
isaAc L. Mills.
DAVIS.-On the morning of Novem ber 24,1897 , death visited the home of ittle boy Erwin. De and took their Woodruff County, Ark., March 24, 1890 and died November 24,1897 . He was
an effectionate child, loved by all who knew him. Erwin was sick only short while of congestion and swamp ever. Another flower budded on earth oo bloom in heaven. I would say to the
heart-broken parents Erwin has indeed gone to Jesus, and he is safe in his eternal home. This is the second rom this home to the field elysian. One more little lamb has Jesus folded from the biting cold and wintry blast our old worid of sin. Weep not,
dear parents, for Erwin is waiting at he beautiful gates of heaven for papa
and mamma.

CROWSON-Mattie B. Crowson wards, was bern in Perry County, Ala with, October 8, 1851; came to Texas with her parents in 1873, and was mar-
ried to Asa B. Crowson February 10,
1876 . and after her marriage joined the Methodist Church, with her husband. Sister Crowson was an exemplary
Christian. Her life was full of sunshine, which constantly lighted her
ace with radiance observable to all. She loved the Church, and was a con-
stant worshiper at its altar; excellent in Sunday-school work, breaking from
every lesson the bread of life to her class. She was the preacher's friend,
assisting him with her works, her
prayers and her counsel sought Sisaffectionate sister, a a true wife, a lov-
ing mother and the friend of all. she
lived for others and for God. She hed her mission well on earth, and her discharge from the labors of earth, and, laying off her mantle long worn in her happy home, amid the dawning
splendors of eternal day, she bade a splendors of eternal day, she bade a
short adieu to weeping friends and kindred dear and went home with the bright angels to regain a sainted father and sister, and to await the reanion in heaven, the sundered ties on earth, where parting will be no more, spirit, we expect to regain you just over there and know you as our own.

## Honey Grove, Texas

## j.

WHITE.--The subject of this notice, Miss Abbie, the daughter of Mr. and 1878, and died October 25,1897 . She professed religion under the ministry of Bro. Ira Gordon, at Ford's Prairie Church, and was ever a sweet-tempered, kind and loving Christian daughter and sister. Miss Abbie is greatly missed, not only in the large
family circle, but with her many friends, because we all knew her to love her. Yes, heaven is made brighter by one more angel who has entered the pearly gates. Her ready feet are done raveling life's rugged pathway; her
willing hands are folded to rest from the burdens of life. With tear-dimmed eyes we humbly submit to God's will. While the struggle of earthly grief is hard, the consolation of faith and
hope are sweet. MRS. A. HOPPER. Muldoon, Texas.

FUSSELL-J. H. Fussell, the subject of this sketch, was born in Colbert County, Alabama, in 1857 ; was
converted and joined the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, in 1893. He his Church certificate with him, but was never able to come to Church. His wife presented his certificate, with hers and her little daughter's. On was again removed, this time no doubt o the General Assembly and Chureh of the First Born. He had been a Master's vineyard from the time of his connection with the Church, and was composed in his last hours, telling his wife and children that he was ready to
co. He said that two hours in the service of the Lord brought him more sinfulaction than thirty-five years
J. W. BOWDEN. nful life.

Texas.
DUNN.-Bro. Thos. M. Dunn and his good wife, of Corn Hill, William Counseeing all their six children reach adult years, they are suddenly called upon to give up their two oldest sons. De-
cember 23, 1897, William G. Dunn died n great peace, and five days later his rother, J. Lee Dunn, followed him Will Dunn was world.
ober 3, 1873, and one year Arkansas Ocwith his parents to Corn Hill, Texas where he spent his life. In 1893, under he ministry of Rev. H. B. Henry, he was converted and joined the M. E. Church, South, and lived a consistent His seat in the church, whether at the regular preaching service, the Sundayschool or Epworth League, was never vacant. He enjoyed the uncualified respect of the entire community, and was loved by all. Many unite in say-
ing. "He had no vices." He stood by his preacher and liberally supported night of his death he assured loved ones that all was well with him, and that he was "going home." Such testimony, though highly prized, was not
necessary; for no one doubted the necessary; for no one doubted the
Christianity of Will Dunn. He will be sadly missed in his father's home, in the Church, in business circles and throughout the whole community. Lee Dunn was born in Missouri September 23, 1866, and was brought by
his parents to Texas in 1872. In early his parents to Texas in 1872. In early
life, when but a small boy, he was converted and joined the Methodist Church. He was a useful member. capacities. For a while he was President of the Epworth League, and at
the time of his death he was teacher of t Corn Hill. He the Sunday-school teem and in his death was sorely lamented. This writer, who conducted has seldom services of both brothers, than that which followed Lee Dunn
to his final resting place. Bro. and
sister Dunn mourn the loss of two noble boys. But in the lir sorsow thoy
have hope, and with Christian fortitude have hope, and with Christian fortitude
they look up through their tears and
lean on God. May our Heavenly Father comfort and abundantly bless
them and their two remaining sons
and two daughters.
SAMUEF J. RUCKER, P. C.

## A WOMAN'S BURDEN.

## The women of to-day are

 rong as their grandmothers. They are bearing a burden in silence is sapping their vitality by day; that happiness, weighing them down with the woe of ill health.Mrs. Alexander B. Clark, of 417 Michigan Avenue, Detroit, is a typical woman of to-day. A wife, with such ambition as only a loving wife can have. But the joys of her life Suffering as thousands of her sist save suffered, she almost despaired of life, and yet she was cured.
She wants others to profit by her experience; to grow well; to enjoy health; to be as happy as she is.
"For five years I suffered with ovaFor five years i suffered with ovaion of the story. "I was not free one ingle day from headache and intense witching pains in my neck and shoulders.
"For months at a time I would be
onfined to my bed. confined to my bed.
"At times black spots would appear before my eyes, and I would become
biind. My nerves were in such a state that a step on the floor unsettled me. Eminent doctors, skillful nurses, the best food and medicines all failed. Then 1 consented to an operation. That, too, failed and they said another was necessary. After the second I
was worse than ever and the world was worse than ever,
was darker than before
"It was then I heard of Dr. Williams" Pink Pills for Pale People.
"I heard that they had cured cases like mine; and I tried them. "They cured me! They brought sunshine to my life, and filled my cup with happiness. The headache is gone;
the twitching is gone; the nervousness is gone; the trembling has ceased, and I have gained twenty-six pounds. "Health and strength is mine, and I am thankful to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People for the blessing." Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have proved
boon to womankind. Acting directly a boon to womankind. Acting directly
on the blood and nerves, they restore the requisite vitality to all parts of the body; ereating functional regularity and perfect harmony throughout the nervous system.
The pallor of the cheeks is changed o the delicate blush of health; the eyes brighten; the muscles grow
elastic, ambition is created and good health returns.

STRONG.-Sarah Strong (nee McEwen) was born in Missouri, April 5.
1826: was baptized in infancy, and 1826; was baptized in infancy, and in early life; was married to Isaae trong March 23, 1853: moved to Texas
and gettled near Denton at an early day, where she joined the Methodist pillar in the sam, until remowed by death to the Church triumphant, Jannary 5,1898 . She was the mother of nine children; four preceded her to the

land of rest: five remain to mourn their loss, which is her eternal gain. a large concourse of people assembled at the Methodist Church in Sanger, ducted by her pastor. Then we laid her to rest in the cemetery, to await on coming of that day when companfaithful, children shall be united, if | J. W. BLACKBURN. |
| :--- |





HILL.-Bro. H. W. Hill was born in 1831. He married Miss Martha Mitchell in 1851; two children were born to them, and she died. On December 23. 1869. he married Miss Susan Irby, and professed faith in Christ, in 1888, in Bro. Raymond's
meeting at this place, and joined the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, living a consistent member thereof until death, which occurred December 10, 1897. He suffered a great deal, but died in the triumphs of faith. He leaves a wife and four children to taining grace. C. H. SMITH.

MeCARTY.-Malinda Benbrook was born in Allen County, Ky., August 11, 1825 . She was converted and
joined the Baptist Church at fifteen joined the Baptist Church at fifteen
years of age. She was married years of age. She was married
to Dr. MeCarty in 1843. They came to Texas in 1845. Sister ty vears, and for more than twelve months had not walked a step. She died at the residence of her brother, J. M. Benbrook, at Benbrook, January 10, 1898. She left a "good name." She her last hours on earth she seemed to look across the river and see her loved ones. She leaves husband, brother and many friends, who expect to meet her again on the other shore
Aledo, Texas. c. E. LINDSEY.

ROGGERS.-Elizabeth C. Roggers, a ROGGERS.-Elizabeth C. Roggers, a
daughter of Rev. George W. Turner,
was born December 12.1868 , married to George R. Roggers December, 1885 . Four children came of this happy union. She was converted when young and joined the Methodist until she united with the Chureh tri until she united with the Church tri-
umphant, January 2, 1898. She leaves a husband and four children, who greatly miss her, but who expect to meet her again up yonder.
Abbott, Hill Co., Texas

## IN MEMORIAM.

Rev. Thomas Marion Pledger was 19th day of December, 1826; at the parsonage of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, in Wichita Falls, Texas, on the 13th day of November, 1897. His father, Wesley Pledger, was a local Methodist preacher, and his mother was a devout member of the
same Church, often assisting in the old-time class-meetings. She died when father was only six years of age. She died shouting the praises of God, in sight of her heavenly home. Grandfather married again, and I have often heard father say he loved his stepmother next to his own mother. Father was quite young, and he never broke his covenant. He had three brothers who were preachers, one, Wesley Parks Pledger, a member of the North Georgia Conference, rising to considerable prominence. Grandfather reared his
family in that part of North Georgia known as the "Cherokee Purchase." Being a man of some means, he gave his children what educational advantages the day and place afforded. And, most important of all, he taught them to be honest and upright, to "fear God and keep his commandments. Father Rome, Georgia, December 28, 1852. To them were born seven childrenfour sons and three daughters. He was licensed to preach in 1853 by the Methodist Episcopal Church, South. Naturally full of enthusiasm and fiery zeal, he was a revivalist from the time
he entered the ministry. He held many great meetings in his native State, and hundreds were converted under his ministry. He joined the North Georgia Annual Conference in the same class with Atticus G. Hay-
good (afterward Bishop), and served successfully Rome Circuit, Tunnel Hill Circuit (where the writer was born), and Calhoun Circuit. He may have served other charges, but not having any data to guide me, I do not know. Neither can I give dates. On all the charges mentioned he had great revi conference. Bishop McTyeire ordained him deacon, and he was ordained elder by Bishop Pierce. At the close of his pastorate at Calhoun, he located, on account of his eyes. Several years eyesight. During that time he became engrossed in secular business, and so did not re-enter the itinerant ranks. But he was true to God, and continued to serve him by preaching the Gospe! as a local preacher. In 1880 he moved near Thompson to Middle Georgia one year, when he moved to Texas, lo cating near Kilgore, in Gregg County
He afterward moved to Rusk County,


#### Abstract

and from there to Panola County. After this he served as a supply on various charges in the East Texas Conference, finally settling again at Kilgore, where he remained until the first of last year, when he moved to Athens. of late years he sold books, and was very successful. He preached the Gospel, prayed and exhorted the people wherever he went. Everybody loved him, because he was truly lovable. He was a strong and fearless preacher, fearing neither man nor devil when duty called him. He was mighty in the Scriptures, "full of faith and of the Holy Ghost." He delighted in the Word of God, and never a day in the passed but he read a portion of it. He read the New Testament through several times upon his knees. The writer has one of his Old Testaments, with every important passage in it marked. He was pre-eminently a man of prayer than in preaching. As a citizen he was honest and upright; as a man he was noble and pure, and in his family he was kind and gentle. His religion was indeed the religion of love-he loved everybody. He was cheerful and he went. His life was a song, a benediction, to all who came under his in- fluence. He was truly Christ-like in fluence. He was truly Christ-like in his life. He was a Mason of high rank and spotless character. He left home to go out into the Panhandle country early last fall to sell books. He visited the towns of Bowie, Henrietta and Wichita Falls. At the latter place, on Wichita Falls. At the latter place, on the 3 d of November, he received a fall the 3 of November, he received a fall on a slippery sidewalk, which caused strangulation of the bowels. Immediately after he fell he did not suffer much pain, but was finally taken violently, ill at the home of Col. J. Q. Morrison, and called a physician. The Morrison, and called a physician. The next day he was taken to the home of Bro. R. Gibbs Mood, pastor of the Methodist Church, where he received every attention possible. On the following Sunday, November 7, his physicians told him that there was only one chance for him to live, and that was to submit to an operation. He requested them to perform it, which they did on Monday, the 8th. On that day we received a message at home, stating to was very ill. Mother and I went bedside on the 9th (Tuesday) at his bedside on the 9 th (Tuesday), and re- maining with him till the end came.


At one time we had hopes of his recovery, but he soon began to sink. During his sickness he constantly
prayed, preached and sang. His happrayed, preached and sang. His hapsuffering, seemed to be full. Just before the end came, he called me to him and said: "Son, do you see the an-
gels?" I told him no. "Why"" said gels?" I told him no. "Why," said
he, the room is full of them." Thus the sun of his long, busy and useful life went down, and angels carried his spirit home to God, and he is now "resting under the shade of the trees" in the home of the pure and good. We brought his remains home, and amid a we laid him away in the Athens cemetery. Bro. B. H. Greathouse, of Marvin Church, Tyler, preached his funeral, and the Masons conducted the burial services. At his request I have written his obituary, and I have done so
with a sorrowing heart. It is so hard to give him up! His wife and all of his children save one, George, who died February 22, 1896, survive him. May God's rich grace sustain and comfor
us! His sorrowing son, us! His sorrowing son

Athens, Texas.
W. P. PLEDGER.

## Worried Women

## Women Worry About Little Things More Than Thev Ought.

Not enough iron in their Blood.
What has iron to do with it? The iron of rich, red, strengthening, nourishing blood is one of the chief builders of nerve power.

Iron makes strength.
Weakness causes worry.
Women who are weak and nervous are thin, pale or yellow faced. They lack the rounded form of beautiful womanhood. They are irritable and hard to please. They suffer from headache, backache, rheumatism, neuralgia. They feel weak tired, unhappy and miserable.

Their pale color proves that they need iron to color their blood. Their irritability and nervousness that they need it to tone up and strengthen their nerves. Their thinness, that they need it to cure their dyspepsia.

They can get what Iron they need in its best form, from Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic.

Not an empirical solution of iron salts, but a scientific preparation of tested value. A preparation that for forty-two years has been curing the sick by hundreds of thousands.

Health comes with plenty of iron in the blood. So does a strong constitution. The strength of iron is made from Iron.

Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic banishes pain, brings back roses to faded cheeks, builds up nerves, conquers sickness.

A worthy lady of South Portsmouth, Va., Mrs. M. J. Weel, corroborates the above in these words: "For many, many years my blood was iron poor, though I did not know it. I used to have fresh, rosy cheeks, and a plump, rounded form, but by degrees my good looks faded away until I began to look like a ghost. I lost strength and ambition and suffered from pains in my stomach, head, heart, back, muscles and bones. I gave myself up in despair. Finally, a good friend induced me to try Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic. From the good symptoms which at once began to show themselves I saw what had been wrong with me. I had suffered from want of iron, and it remained for Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic to supply it and cured me. I am now in good health and feel better than I have for years."

Sold everywhere.
Sample dose of Dr. Harter's Little Liver Pills and Book of Dreams mailed free.

Address HARTER, Dayton. O.
Dr. Harter's Little Liver Pilis do the business.

## pulich . BAKING POWDFR <br> Awarded

Highest Honors, World's Fair Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair.

## FORI WORTH DISTRICT

The "first round" on the Fort Worth District has been made. It was made in a run. Twenty Quarterly Conferences in about thirty-two days.
It was the best "first round It was the best irst round
that this presiding eider in the
four "first rounds" he has madt four first rounds he has madt mony and enthusiasm than have char-
acterized the officias as a whole. Of acterized the officiais as a whole. Of
course, it wouid not be reasonable to course, it wouid not be reasonable to
expect that among the large number of expect that among the large number of
officials, representing twenty pastoral charges, you wouid not run across a few whom things did not suit exactily,
and who are not a littie narrow between the eyes, causing them to view things in a very economical way.
These men do not admit that they are stingy. Whoever did? But they look at the preacher's salary from au economical point of view. I can have
some tolerance for the man that takes a narrow view of the support of the preacher in charge, if he practice rigid economy in his own home. but when
a man with a wiie, and frequentiy with not a child, consumes on himseli and her-it does not matter if he doe.
have money-from fifteen to twenty five hundred dollars a year, and then urges that a preacher with a wite and
five or a dozen chidren should live five or a dozen chiddren should live the least toierance for him. If he had the making of the alphabet he would have all the i's in capitais and under-
scored, while the y's o's and u's wouid scored, while the y's o's and u's wouid
be set up in the smallest type known to the type-setting fraternity. But
such men among the omiciais on the Fort Worth District are few. May
their number pass away. Frequentiy it is the case that you nnd a man who is in close piaces himseif, and who
practices the most rigid economy on practices the most rigid economy on ministry. I always feel like taking ministry.
off my hat to such a man. Thank
God, we have some of that kind on this God, we have some of that kind on this
district; I wish it were in good taste to name them; I would be glad to have the honor of placing their names be-
fore the gaze of the whole Church. do not know when I have had such a temptation to put before the Church the names of some men, but for fear I might overlook the name of some worthy brother, I forbear.
All salaries of the preachers in
charge remained at what they were charge remained at what they were
last year, or went up, save one. The people in the main are pleased with people preachers. What littleas objection
there is will doubtless disappear when there is will doubtless disappear when
the mist has cleared away. Some peo the mist has cleared away. Some peo
ple, you know, who have been very ple, you know, who have been very
much attached to the outgoing pastor, can not all at once take hold of the new one; but, though a little slow, when they do rally, they are true and
faithful. The preachers are all at faithful. The preachers are all at
their posts, and starting off well in their work. I have inaugurated on all the circuits save one the following
plan: When we reached question 6 , the stewards took the list of their respective Churches and made an assessment against each member. They then aggregated the assessments, al lowing for all reasonable losses and gains, and from this aggregation made
the assessment for the preacher in charge. The assessments against the individual members were to be read in public. giving the member the option to raise or lower his or her assessment; then the assessments, as acof one of the stewards, elected for that purpose, to be printed in a folder and distributed to each member assessed. In this way the stewards hope to reach every member, in securing the support of the preacher. We think the plat be expected that there will not be some assessment plan is a taxation, etc., but

## the Church can not afford to give up the finest system in the wive up

 handling her finances because a fewmen kick. In addition to the above, men kick. In addition to the above,
the preachers on the circuits are to
assess the membership, on the basis of the assessment made by the stewards, on the collections ordered by the An-
nual Conference. In this way we nual Conference. In this way we member for missions, etc. The motto every pastoral charge." The preachers in the principal stations are making a fine start, Mouzon, Bolton, Morris and arcus. Wastors they have learned remarkable willingness of the pastor just coming in. All these men have had warm receptions. If they do not succeed, it will not be for the want of an open way. The people have thrown down all breastworks, and have pro-
claimed aloud to - these preachers: "Take charge of us, and lead us into broad places and to great conquests for Christ." God grant that they may do it. The presiding elder and the people miss Bishop, Boaz, Boone, Rucker, Bourland, Crockett, Simpson and Culbertson, and wish them great success
in their respective fields of labor. Yet with open hearts, as true, loyal Methodists, we weleome their successors. In this connection, allow me to say
that no class of men should love each other like Methodist preachers. How true we should be to each other, and other. "We must hang together, or we will hang separately." The outlook is cuite flattering for a great
vear. With faithful preachers, faithful officials and a faithful Church, what may we not expect? Success to there be a forward move on all lines May God greatly bless our educational and publishing interests, and give us a gracious revival in every charge hroughont the connection and so fill our missionary treasury that every
open field which calls for our Church may be entered. Amen.
I cannot close without saying that
the District Stewards have made a libral assessment for the presiding elder. By a standing vote, and without a dissenting steward, they made the assess
ment $\$ 2250.00$. Besides, Rutch, Lemons, Dickinson, Reves, and others, have sent the presiding elder turkeys, hams, etc. We are resolved to do the best year's work of our life.

God does not promise supplies in ad-v-day, and are doing our duty faithfully, we may trust him till tonorrow for to-morrow's food. And it will surely come, for God's word fails
not. . It is well that we get this lesson fixed in our heart at the beginning of the year. As the days come.
each one will bring with it its own ach one will bring with it its own
little basket, carrying a day's supplies, little basket, carrying a day's suppl
but no more.-J. R. Miller, D. D.

It is a mightily pleasant thing to have a sunshiny evening of life. In
ruth, if we have put away the fear of truth, if we have put away the fear of
death, this is the pleasantest season of ife, just as October is the finest month in the year.-Interior.


THE JOURNAL OF THE NORTHWEST





"Has your Shakespeare Society started in yet, Miss Jones?" "Yes, we
met at Mrs. Wiggles' yesterđay. Miss fatilda Robinson read a most delightul paper on the '?
on Dress Reform.'

## A CHANCE TO MAKE MONEY.

I am out of debt, and thanks to the Dish Washer for it. I have made days, and attended to my household duties besides; and I think this is doing splendid for a woman inexperienced in business. Any one can sell what every one wants to buy, and every family wants a Dish Washer. don't canvass very much; people come
or send for the Washer, and every or send for the Washer, and every
Washer that goes out sells two or three Washer that goes out sells two or three nore, as they do the work to perfec-
ion. I am going to devote my whole time to this business now, and I am sure that I can clear $\$ 5000$ this year. My sister and brother have started in the business, doing splendid. You can get complete instructions and hun-
dreds of testimonials by addressing dreds of testimonials by addressing Highland Ave., Pittsburg. Pa., and if you don't make lots of money it's your wn fault.

MRS. W. H.
"So you are the music teacher that answered my advertisement?" "Yes, couple of duets, so I can see what you can do."
Those contemplating the purchase of alano would do well to write the Will A. Watkin Music Co. for complete il-
lustrated catalogues, giving informaion that will be valuable and assist ing one in this important purchase Address WILL A. WATKIN MUSIC CO., 265-267 Main Street, Dallas.

Backache, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Rheumatism speedily cured by using
Hunt's Lightning Oil. Failing, mone Hunt's Lightning Oil. Failing, money refunded.
The Texas \& Pacisic are now running
the finest Chair Cars in the South-seats
free.

## A new catalogus

Is betng tasued by C. P. Barnes at Co,


DO BABIES CRY FOR IT?
No! They more often die for the is guaranteed to cure Croup, Whooping Cough, Cotds, Coughs, and Bronchia affections of the Throat, Chest anu is refunded. Sample bottle free. doses for 50 cents.

No delay on your return trip from th.
doutheast if you go via the Texas $\&$ Pacige.

## A CPOUP Cule

is what many a mother is looking for; something absolutely safe and reliable, that will disarm her terror of that dread rattling, strangling cough, so fearful to the mother, so fatal to the child. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is a croup cure that can be relied on. Thousands say so.

Mrs. W. J. Drckson ("Stanford Eveleth")
writes from Truro, N. S. :-
"That terror of mothers, the startling, croupy cough, never alarmed me so long as I had a bottle of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral in the honse."
"We have used Ayer's Cherry Pectoral in our family for years. Once when our boy had a severe attack of croup, we thought that he would die. But we broke up the sttack by using Ayer's Cherry Peetoral."
R. H. COX, Plaveheville, Ia.

## Aycp's

Cnerry Pectoral
is put up in half-size bottles at half price- 50 cents.

Notice.
1 am again in Texas, and ready to assist
any of the brethren in revival meetings,


## PILES.

Texas Christian Advocate: If any of your subscribers write to me immeto send mee a testimonial and 85.00 more when cured, I will send them sill remedies for this disease which cause and afford a permanent cure and save them from the surgeon's knife or painful hypodermic syringe. Those not subscribers will send the full price
$(\$ 10.00)$ with the order. B10.00) with the order
Reference-All good people in this
ounty. Give the postoffice and ex. press office Address, DR. L. M. BRIDGES, Cleburne, Texas.

Cross Plains, Tex., Jan. 17.
Mr. LL Blaylock, Dallas, Texas
Dear Bro.-The machine we ordered came about two weeks ago. We are
well pleased with it. 1 would advise anyone wanting a beautiful, lightrunning machine to try the Advocate machine. Wishing you much success, yours truly, MRS. WILLIS THORN.

50 doses for 50 cents. Is the same size of other $\$ 1$ bottles, and money re-
funded if Dr. Simmons' Cough Syrup (unded if Dr. Simmons
tails to give entire satisfaction. Syrup
Try it; costs nothing if not satisfied.

Dear Bro. Blaylock-Our sew. 18. Dear Bro. Blaylock-Our sewing
nachine has come and to say wife is machine has come, and to say wife is
pleased does not tell half. No wonder you say it is first class. It is one of the nicest machines we have ever seen.
We have used the American for years, ut yours is far ahead in every respect, and runs so light and easy. We advise everybody that wants a good and nice
sewing machine to get one of the Advocate machines. Yours truly,
S. H. RENFRO.

A chronic kicker is bad enough, but mitate a mule than a hen. Hunt's Cure will do up the worst case of Itch, Tetter and Ringworms, itching Piles, Get
handle where God can trust you to handle money, and you will never find
your poekets empty.-Ram's Horn.

WANTED-The aimes ot all persens suffer:


Vol. XIIV.
Dallas, Texas, Thursday, February 3, 1898.


## $\therefore$ EDITORIAL $\therefore$

## An Ancient Stroll

 N Genesis, chapter 5, verse 24, we read: "And Enoch walked with him." A comprehenstve and lu mincus biography in a rew masterly words. The result and not the details of life is here summed up. Our mission upon earth is the achievement of character. This gained, all is gained; this lost, all is lost. For character makes destiny, and a destiny inclusive of all that is true, beautiful and good. To gain the whole world and lose one's soul is a bad bargain, while holiness, even at the sacrifice of the universe itself, is the divinest of all acquisitions. Unless biography can chronicle the growth and maturity of the spiritual life, it might just as well not be rritten. Such an account can only be the delineation of folly and sin, culminating in the deepest tragedy at last. In the eternal wisdom of God, life is a probation, constantly converging to one point-the development and per fection of the soul. Upon this appren ticeship hinges the issues of eternity. All else is secondary and evanescen Here is the true goal. This is the se cret of the ages.The depth of Scripture is a proof of its authenticity. What but inspiration conld have penetrated thus to the very essence of being? What but inspiration could have packed into a dozen simple words the supreme result of life? This verse, like the attar of roses, is a concentrated distillation. It is the focalization of all the light of folios. Here, patent to our vision, is a wisdom which has sounded the depths of the soul, and which has unveiled the essence and glory of life More might have been said, but this is enough. Less could not have been said without the blotting of all happiness and hope. Here is no display of balance sheets, no trumpeting of the name far and wide, no unrolling and bazoning of diplomas and titles, mo counting of pleasure's rosy hours. Such an inventory seen against the background of eternity is the veriest bauble. The divine accountant and chronicler tells of something to which the computations of arithmetic are not applicable, and which statistics can not tabulate; of something which the imagination and poetry themselves can not adequately display. It is a record of simple goodness. It is the impersonation of truth and righteousness It is a tale of duty. Walking with God, Enoch catches his spirit and is assimilated to his nature, and buoyed by the consciousness and dynamies of immortality, leaps over the battlements of heaven and bathes his soul in the effulgence of "the beatific vision."
This passage affords us a capital illustration of the law of affinity. This aw lies at the bottom of love an like is drawn Identity of tastes and dispositions is the bond of wedded life. Friendshin is a community of interests. This rec iprocity is a magnet. We avoid those who are repellent in temperament and character. We seek those in whom

## we see mirrored our own spirit and vays. Society is the congregation of -pecies upon the basis of a genera

 more Friendship is the alliance of netually petent and and tast rage is the union of kindred spirits nd represents the maximum of human identity. Religion is the bindin of the godlike soul to God. Enoc walked with God because there was an identity of thought and feeling beween them. There was a community f spiritual interests. There was parallelism of aspiration and endeavor so to speak. The human, awaken and purified by the touch of the divine nters into co-partnership and commu nication. The human, raceising pro glory of the disine experiences nightier magcetisn. Thus. throug the transcendent love and the it.meas urable condescension of God, orisinate a union and communion of tindre ouls-the finite and the infinit antellect of the old patriarch had found in God the ideal, and was satisfi:d. In the presence and glory of God he forind full response to all his questionings and aspirations. The godlike in Enoch had been touched to its finest isstes the carnality and worldliness of thenatriarch had been slonghed off: the potentialities of assimilation and con geniality to the divine had been revitalized; the filial elements of the sou! had answered back to the call of cod, and now at last the type and rehetype meet and mingle, and Fathe and life.
Walking with God comprehends fur hermore all that is implied in the dis harge of duty, in the accomplishmen

## the means of grace. He kept the law

he fulfilled the regal, prophetic and priestly functions of his office as th family; he meditated prayed, offered sacrifice and communed with his brethren. His was a conse crated, husy life, with perhaps the de otional element predominating. His vas an ethereal life; he kept close to the border-line of eternity and heaven te was pavilioned in a divine at Just as two friends stroll forth in the reen fields and pleasant light. thor oughly congenial and mutually tached, commaning in the derpest con and the earth's renicrest interest. alking of nature and life in all thei myriad bearinge, with their thought in the same channels and their souls keyed to the same pitch, with the tie of brotherhood passionate and strong $s o$ in the morning of time, upon the bosom of the young world, God and the soul which he had made and re eemed walked and talked.
And we, too, may hear his voice and answer. We may feel the gentl drawings of his love, and the tender touches of his hand. The whisperings of the still, small voice are audible yet $o$ the loving and the devout. The ground is yet holy and the bush coninues to flame. The glory which the patrinuchs saw trails nightly across the patriarchs saw trains ghy are brightly in the life of those who do his will in the life of those who do his will
But this vision is for the pure in heart
$\mathrm{T}_{\text {time discherging }}^{\text {HAT }}$ we one day at a tion is trials and enios ing its blessing vithout any anxious thought for the horrow, is no doubt a truism. But his, tike many another popular and he profoundest philosophy. It is one f Christ's deepest and best sayings, nd the practical appication or it happiness. Instead of saying, when
her our greatest strength and ve hear this proposition propounged, h. nce!" let us try to divine and appro priate its precious secret, and live and labor in
wisdom.

Each one of us is an apostle. Each one of us is sent of God upon a berofient mission. We know of nothing which so dignifies human life as that ach individual of the race is an actor in the drama of civilization. Each of us is destined to play a providentia role, an his service is essential to the symmetry and beauty of the plan.
There is no such thing as an isolated life. We are integral elements in tho scheme. Our character and mission are worth much. We have a destiny ially shaped as that of Paul himself Let us run well.

We would do well to study the doc rine of little things. Trivial matters have suggested the keys to the might rences have led to the richest an most beneficent discoveries and inve: tions. Every day ushers in a new kind word has kindled the flame of an immortal hope: one bitter remark has sithered the aspirations of a strug ling soul. The next sermon heard nay be the last; or it may be :he one chapter in a book, may infuse subtle and ineradicable poison. nowledge and companionship of on iny. Trifles may prove giant affairs the passing moments may be laden with evil or good.

Well begun is haif done
ne's plans deliberately: to utilize the aws and forces necessary to success: o improve the auspicious seasons, i he highest wisdom. There is too muc lind, blundering work. Success is no a chance affair. It is not the gift o fortune. It is the joint preduct of meth and application product of meth more infallible than success if we go at it in the right way. The world is free the competition is open to all; there is no discrimination against any comer There is magic in the words, method and work. But we can not be too care ful in our choice of ends. There are prizes and prizes. Nothing short of he best should satisfy us.

It is not unmanly to apologize when e are clearly in the wrong. It is th ruest magnanimity to redress the grievances we have caused. It is he climax of a righteous and honorabie life to right the wrongs justly charge life to right the wrongs justly charge-
able to us. There is too much assump-

## ility. Trying to play the impeca-

 of a philosopher who can never rr and the part of a saint who can never stray has spoiled many an other ise fine character. Sometimes there is no recourse but to own up. Confes sion is trebly good for the soul.Among the writings of that rare woman and gifted writer, Helen Hun as it ought to be, drawn in such fair ad graceful lines that it , hung up in every family gallery lesson. Here is the picture: "The most perfect little home I ever saw was a little house into the sweet in
cense of whose fires went no costly things. A thousand dollars served as year's living for father, mother and he creator of a home; her relations with the children were the most beauiful I have ever seen; every inmate of he house involuntarily looked into he ace for the keynote of the day, and it
lways rang ciear. From the rosebud or ciover leaf which, in spite of her nard housework she always found ime to put beside our plates at breakhand to read in the evening, there wa has always been and always will be maker. If to her quick irain, loving heart and exquisite face had been addtargements of wide culture, hers would have been absolutely the ideal home
 Consecration is simply the restoring
to Christ his own property: recogniz-
ing and answering his rightful claims ing and answering his rightful claims: thine, o Lord:" When once this attiit answers all the questions which arise the conduct of life These hand hey may not go in forbidden paths pust not be used outside the circle of his will; this body is his, no voice bu members are his, they may not be pre sented as weapons of unrigteousness
unto sin. Reasonings like these make us feel that we dare not sin.-Rev. F

In small country newspaper offices, where the copy goes from the editor to
the compositor, then, after printing, diectly to the subscribers. the need of in a Missouri oftice a short time ago he hoy in "making up" the forms go the galleys mixed. The first part of
the obituary of an impecunious citizen had been dumped in the forms, and he next handful of type came from galley in which was a description of a
fire The country folk were much startled when they came to the para graph, which read thus:
"The pall-bearers lowered the body fames. There were few, if any regrets or the old wreck had been an eyesor $\sigma$ the town for years. Of course there was individual lass, but that was ful-
$\qquad$
Perfect ienorance is quiet; perfect ion from the former to the latterCarlyle.

Love and you shall be loved. All s the two sides of an algebraic equa ion.-Emerson.

## 010

 (ii) SIR WALIER ibis $x$ SCOTI $x$ Bv H. A. SHANDS.

$\mathrm{T}^{\mathrm{H}}$1 Scott have always of Sir Walter me that I take inter pleasure in devoting this paper to ar before we find his superior in most of those elements of character that go o make up nobility. He was such a man as awakes not only admiration, dent of his life. But instead of generalizing, I shall attempt to point out in detail some of those traits that have won for him the love a
age of thousands of admirers.
Sir Walter was a truly affectionate man. We can not say that his sym-
pathies were of the broadest, that he oved most widely; but we can say that he was fondly attached to his friends and family; and we know that His purse, his home, his heart, were legitimate claim on him-and unfortunately for him, too often to those whe had not. He was never too busy to his children with a legend to deligh his children with a legend or ballad or pain as to forget the dumb pets n which he took so much pleasure
When paralysis had brought him near o death's door, and he had gone to Southern Europe in a vain search for bout the he poor people of the neighborhood orgotten. He asked about them, and showed that he constantly thought of
their condition and how it might be lleviated. His children and servants, devoted to him. Nearly all beings apable of feeling love, when brough umbed to his lovableness.
is true that during his younger days never lost control of himself. He ecklessness and folly was but a pass-
ng phase. It left no evil influence on is subsequent career: for when he final. If only that other great poet of

## ccomplishe

is poetic conquests wonld have mighty
heen? But this is beside the question. Sir
Walter was not passionate; he loved with sincerity and depth, but also with
calm and tranquillity. However, despite his facility in winning love, he
was an unfortunate lover. He never married the woman who was the object of his deepest love, but made a passionately fond of his wife, but we complain that he was not affectionate
towards her or solicitous about her happiness
Not the least striking element of his character was his capacity for friend-
ship. By this I do mean mere socia-
bility. for which nently distinguished; but something far higher, nobler. His friends were
most sincerely attached to him. and ranged from the bailiff to very fact that he was able to gain atterly different from himself as Byron. shows what his capabilities were.
Byron always spoke of him in the warmest terms after he came to know him personally. Wordsworth, too, who a different way, entertained for him a warm and sincere Clerk, Erskine, Leyden, Laidlaw, the Ballantynes, and Shortreid formed the nner circle around Scott, in his youth the king of good fellows, in later years of friends. His association with some of these men was of real service to
him; with others, of the greatest injury. Clerk and Erskine criticised his and Leyden were enthusiastic in the assisting him in and ering material. while the Ballantynes succeeded in
causing him to lose his fortune through his nartnership with them. Yet Scott didn't blame the Ballantynes, but
seems to have loved them as well as if

[^1]of fen tenaciously, to opinions on
formed, and he formed opinions on al was gion he was orthodox, in politics a Tory. He was not anxious for reform ally that any institution was old and had tood for a long time, gave it a certain
venerableness in his eyes. He ndulge in satire on society as Thack eray did. To the end of his days Scot thought that a lord was worthy of o feel that a lord, and he never came tamp" And he prided himself on his oyalty to the fine old institutions of is contry; his most real admiration not, nor did he seek to be, a prophe he glories of a bygone age, of the good old times:
When barons bold with spurs of gold
Throughout all of his life he never standards of conduct: and he never brought himself to look with anything approaching condemnation upou the hieving exploits of moss-troopers or estors had in him a descendant that estors had in him a descendant the count with glowing heart and kindling se their doughty deeds of prowclung devcutly to the Christian reli gion. but he was above all a Scottish and rank, not of his religion, justified duelling, and he expressed himself in readiness to meet General Gourgaud on the field of honor. Happily he was not called upon to run this risk of
sacrificing his life, but that he would ave done so is, after all, the imporwas ever paramount with him. He was eart and sould a Cavalier, with al Cavalier's rash disregard of life in
omparison with what he deemed his Enthralled
Enthralled as he was by traditions ot fail to be intensely patriotic. oved his whole country not Scotland alone. He delighted in the victories as in those of her northern sister. It rould have been impossible for an unatiotic man the throw himself with tigation and exploration of the legendary history of his country. It would have been impossible for a narrow-Marmion"-glor:fying, as it does. the irresistible valor of a most gallant foe. and, that stoed first in his heart. Her heroes and ladies live again for us in his animated pages; her hills and dales, her banks and braes, borrow
added charms from his picturesque description. As we read his glowing her fame, we spontaneously this was a man who knew love, exclaim mistress was his country
Scott was not of a meditative disposi ion. It never pleased him to sit and been, but he delighted in being up adventure to be undertakpedition or enthusiastic for it; was there a party or jovial meeting of boon companions, the participants. He thought nothing a a ten-mile walk to visit a historic repeat a ballad of the Border crone During his early manhood he was one of the most active of men, and his inalgence in outdoor sports did not
cease so long as his health permitted cease so long as his health permitted
him this pleasure. This desire to be stirring. to be doing, followed him
throughout his life. He wrote his nov els and poems with unprecedented rapidity, and worked at them with unexampled assiduity. hand unweariedly piling up sheet after all. Indeed, it must have taken great ndustry to write a novel of considerable size in six weeks, which was the time given to "Guy Mannering." But and to the work of composition did exceedingly well read in history and belles-lettres. One of the criticisms that he passed on Lord Byron was that Byron did not seem to be widely read.
Scott had no difficulty in conversing knew nothing. But Scott was not a
scholarly man, and never ceased to segret that he had not been a more diligent student during his school days. He said that he would have much pre-
ferred a reputation founded on a basis
of solid scholarship to fame as a writer fcott was undobutedly proud, but his

$\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { pride was of that kind which prevents } \\ & \text { an unworthy act, a mean or debasing }\end{aligned}\right.$ an unworthy act, a mean or debasing
thought. He was never led by it to
scorn any human being unworthy of contempt, but vas spurred on to do his best and lift kimself to his loftiest plane of achieverment. His was the
kind of pride to ketp him from blind shallow self-satisfaction. And it was onsistent with modesty, for he never thought too highly of himiself. He hay while the sun shone, for he knew hat his popularity was likely to prove believe that his immense succes grew as much out of the lack of literary discernment public as out of his own merits. He was ever ready to acknowledge thy
superiority of the greater poets to him self, and assigned as one of his reasons for ceasing to write poetry the fact that Byron beat him. He was perhaps
too proud to occupy in the estimatoo proud to occupy in the estima-
tion of the public a place inferior o that of a contemporary, too prout hat the early glow of youthful ardor had departed from him; but he was not too proud to see and acknowledge
that a superior star had risen, and hat he could no longer w

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { fire of his younger days. } \\
& \text { Scott's dearest ambition }
\end{aligned}
$$

come a country gentleman of large anded estates and to found a family. In his loyaity to his clan he was true Scotsman, placing the interests He paid unswerving allegiance to the im of his house, always looking up to im as to his feudal chieftain. So his is wish to exalt his clan rather than rom purely personal ambition. Au thorship with him was always a means
to an end; he never saw that an auhor is as worthy of esteem as a belted earl. And he was ready to sacrifice himself to the most unremitting toil
in order to found a family, as that in order to found a family, as that his desire of his heart. again has the line of Scott failed of male descendants.
This ambition was the chief cause his ultimate fnancial ruin, but it thers that did him infinitely more credit. His loyalty to old friends, his sympathy with obscure authors, his
aith in humanity-all these were faith in humanity-all these were
powerful factors in his misfortunes But as I have said, the prime reason of his pecuniary troubles (and they other along with them a host of position of lord of the manor. He ecame so absorbed in improving and discretion to the winds, he threw orrowed money on literary works unwritten, even unplanned. It is true that his poems and novels brought him unprecedented sums, but he made
the mistake of supposing his resources the mistake of
inexhaustible.

## nexhaustible. However,

However, when the crash came
hen Constable failed and Ballan yne failed and Scott was left with debt of over half a million dollars to pay, the glorious virtues of the man shone forth with bright and steady How could a man who was a haz, a clerk of sessions, a planter, an author, an editor, a laird, a lover of field
sports, a most hospitable host, an uniring reader, be lazy? The wonde is that he could find time for all of
his work. But after the failure of the publishing firms with which he was nvolved, he was still more industrious than before. He resolved to pay at the cost of any sacrifices on his own part the debt in full. Much has been too much can never be said. There was no weak puling, no despair in him. He girded up his loins and went to
work. Severe bodily affliction came upon him, but this did not lessen his ortitude or weaken his resolution. He the utmost of his ability paid his due A less courageous man would have been overwhelmed by the magnitude of his calamities, but Sir Walter Scot elt and vowed within him that every ion could long endure the strain put upon his. So he sank into sickness, Here was as much of the heroic as was ever shown on the field of battle This strenuous fight against disease.
against financial dishonor, has never been surpassed. Had not death come oo soon, this hardy warrior would have won a complete victory.

> NOTES FROM KILGORE
> Myself and family left Daingerield n Monday morning. December 27, 1897, en ronte to Kilgore, our new
charge. We left many warm frippds at Daingerfield, where we had lived
three years: we shall ever remember
them. Our successor, Bro. three years: we shall ever remember
them. Our successor, Bro. L. H. McGee,
will have a good and noble people to rve; no better people anywhere than With people of Daingersield charge. With many tokens of love and ex our stay among them were filled We left them with onr eyes filled with ears, and secretly praying God's rich
lessings upon them. We were a part of three days on the road to Kilgore Ionday night we stopped near Laayette with our old friend and former parishioner, R. T. Brison. He and is noble wife know just how to enterain a preacher and his family, and nake them feel at home and happy. uesding adieu to our kind friends at m. . and at $11: 30 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. we were in dimer. There we found that big hearted, level-headed and whole-souled reacher, Rev. C. A. Tower, just seated at the dinner table, with his estimable vife and several little Towers, like olive plants round about the table." with them, after which we told them good-bye." and were soon wheeling way toward Glenwood, where we ome of our staunch friend and former leward, Bro. A. I. Bennett. We bad im, his noble wife, and Roy, their duVednesday morning, and after a very pleasant drive of about twenty-five miles we reached the place of our des ination. The first man we met in Kilgore was Prof. H. G. Abernathy ormerly of Hughes Springs. Having
known the Professor there, I soon becan to feel like I was among friends. Ve then drove to the elegant home of Bro. L. P. Griffin, where we were met y his most excellent wife and bright ntelligent children, and most royally ntertained untin our goods arrived. The last day of the old year found us olieving that we had come to a place. Have we been pounded? Well es: The good people had anticipated our coming, and had a nice pounding In waiting for us. So you see we were pounded about the first thing upon am, preserves, lard, ham, preserves, lard, canned goods and able. Scarcely has a day passed sinc ur arrival but something nice has Cound its way to the parsonage. My:
Iy! the butter, sausage, spare ribs ackbones and other things "good for ood" that have found their way to th pantry and dining room. May the
God of all grace help me to properly ispense the Gospel of salvation to this enerous and noble people. Please with my appointment? How could I
be otherwise? I have made one round n my work: have met good-sized au diences at every appointment. The people are cultivated and refin elligent and appreciative
Kilgore has been an educational cener. Here Dr. I. Alexander taught for ears, and no man has more admirers name is as "ointment poured forth." Dr . John Adams once iived here, and he igh esteem by the peele are held in high esteem by the people of Kilgore.
Our present presiding elder, Rev, L. owler, has lived here, in bygone ears, and he and his family have nany warm friends here. We are all
nxious for the Quarterly Conference come, when he will be with us. The people here love Bro. Fowier very much. I am not at all surprised at my remember that such noble men as the bove mentioned have been here moleing the chara-ters amd shating he lives of my parishloners.
This charge has a nolle Board of Stewards: men who love the Chure stry. They have met 300 for the pastor's support, and have padies 362 on the same to date. The ladies of the Woman's Parsonage and furnishing which was needed at the parsonage, in the was of mattresses. window shades, etc
I find the Advocate in several homes Advocate are intelligently familiar with the movements of the Church, loyal, liberal and religious. I hear favorable comments on your article on the "Joint Commission," and especially the fift resolution. I think, sir, you voiced Methodist Episcopal Church South Write again; you are meeting issue fairly, squarely, fearlessly and intelligently. We may or may not need res as the "fifth resolution" will never oring us to it. With disaffected and odist Episcopal Church, South, rushing Church, and being sent by the authority of that Church into the territory
fully occupied by the Methodist Epis-
copal Church, South, and efficiently man of God may be thoroughly fur-
cultivated by Southern cultivated by Southern Methodist preachers, and well arranged to supply with this condition of affairs existing and then to adopt such a resolution as the above mentioned, is the most consummate folly. I do not blame the Southern delegation; doubtless they did the very best thing they could do; but, as you well said in your articie. the principal issue is evaded," and obstacles to a closer federation between the two great branches of Episcopal Methodism.
But I did not mean to write this way when I mentioned the Advocate, but your article was so timely, and I inabove, which is the legitimate th spontaneous outgrowth of my love for Southern Methodism, and appreciation of your article.
In conclusion, let me say, my recep-
tion at Kilgore has been all that could tion at Kilgore has been all that could
be desired. I serve a kind and gooc be desired. I serve a kind and gooo heavenly Father hope to do a better my ministry.
ever done in
C. CARR.

## AUGUSTINAIN-ARMINIANISM.

The human mind is subject to ex tremes. In abhorrence rif, ard oppo-
sition to, one extreme. thie pendalum sition to, one extreme. thie pendalum
of human thought is inclined tc swing too far-even to the opposite extreme. and religion have claimed huran attention alternately during t The province of isuman ressoa is to be
found in just discrimination-and humar intelligence must arrive at thi - "prove all things and told fast that which is good." This brings into view the need, and the use of calm discus-
sion. If men did not differ in opin!on and express these differences, no progress towards the final grai-the dis-
covery of truth-could be made. The true object of all thinking. and all expression of thought, should be the at-
tainment of truth, and that only. Ail tainment of truth, and that only.
formulations of thought should formulations of thought should be
weighed in the balance of reason, and have the plummet of truth applied, discarded, or amended and perfected. Thought, and systems of thought. therefore, are to be considered, and
not their authors. No system of phinot their authors. No system of phi-
losophic or religious thought should be accepted and perpetuated on the one
hand, or rejected on the other, because of its anthor; but because what it is in ittelf, true or faise. Then,
in the discussion of religious beliefs in the discussion of religious beliefs
and doctrines, no man should prenounce all, or any, deliverances heret-
ical or heterodox, because they happen not to coincide with his preconceived notions, or anybody else's. living or
dead. While there may be no new truths, there may be, and doubtless,
will be continually, new discoveries will be continually, new discoveries
of old truths, and more correct formuof old truths, and n
lation of theories.
The great reason why religious er-
rors are conceived and perpettated
lies in two facts. One is the disposi-
tion to man-worship, and the other is tion to man-worship, and the other is
that too often creeds are not formuthat too often creeds are not formu-
lated and amended according to the eachings of the Bible, but the latter is interpreted according to the creeds.
It is sought, not to adjust the creeds to It is sought, not to adjust the creeds to
the Bible, but to conform the Bible
to creeds. This is elevating huto creeds. This is elevating hu-
man wisdom above the Supreme wisdom, uninspired men above inspired,
the standards of the Church above the the standards of the Church above the
only perfect Standard. And too many only perfect Standard. And too many
think it all-sufficient answer to any attempt to expose error in their creed "Swedenborgianism," "contrary to the standards," etc. We have great re-
spect for the fathers, for the great and into whose labors and rewards we have entered, for Wesley, Watson,
Clarke, Ralston, and many others; but we cannot, without stultifying our-
selves and all human reason, claim selves and all human reason, claim
that these men, though truly great, that these men, though truly great,
were infallible, and conclude, therefore, that they have left us a perfect
system of theological truth. As Christians, and loyal subjects of God's
kingdom and responsible teachers in kingdom and responsible teachers in
His Church, we should have but one standard, and we most solemnly and
emphatically claim but one: "The Word of God is the only rule, and the sufficient rule, both of our faith and practice." "The Holy Scriptures con-
tain all things necessary to salvation; so that whatsoever is not read there in, nor may be proved thereby, is no faith, or be thought requisite or necessary to salvation." Art. 5. Christ's command is, "Go teach the nations, teaching them to observe all things Whatsoever
Matt. 28:19.
"These things are written that the
nished unto every good word and work." The theology of the vorld for cen-
turies before, and following the Reformation, was Calvinistic-adjusted to the horrible decree of necessity and a partial redempticn. Out of this distorted view of the Divine government and the plan of redemption there arose the unwarranted and unscrip-
tural dogma of election and reprobation, and a! things else must be adjusted to this dogma. One error leads tion of one part of the race, there must be reprobation of the other part. If there were elect adults, there must be infants, there must be reprobate incants, also. If they are reprobated
they must be punished, but a just God cannot punish an innocent being. A child-an infant-cannot be punished for any sin of its own; it has none,
can commit none; how then can a just God punish a reprobate infant?
That was the absurdity brought about by a creed taught by the standards, and this was the question that confronted Augustine and demanded an answer. Instead of rejecting the
whole scheme which led to unworthy view of the divine governunworthy view of the divine govern-
ment, the creed must be preserved, he standards maintained, and therefore, he invents a new term, "original, or inbred sin," and imputed that to the "poor little infant," and thus made him guilty of Adam's sin(?) in order for it in endless torment. As though men could be made guilty by a decree,
or a judicial sentence, a being peror a judicial sentence, a being per-
fectly innocent could be justiy ad judged guilty and justly punished. As though it were easier to see the just-
ness of the imputation, than of the punishment of an innocent being, without the imputation.
One of the effects of this unscriptural dogma was a reaction, resulting in Pelagianism. Arminianism seeks a
just solution of these vexed and funjust solution of these vexed and fun-
damental questions. But seeking to avoid Charybdis men fall seeking to avoid Charybdis men fall
upon Scylla. The result has been that much is Calvinistic or Augus-
tinian has been retained in our Artinian has been retained in our Arretained in our standards. Hence, the The right solution
The right solution of the question tervailing effects of the atonement, lies at the very foundation of a clear and Scriptural theology that will command the faith of right-thinking men
and women, and demonstrate its right to be called a transcript of the divine
Without, at present, accepting or denying in whole or in part the declarations of our standards in reference to
this and associated doctrines, let us notice some of them, and the logic employed to establish them.
1st
1st. As to the penalty of the Adam-
ic transgression: Elements, plants himself upon the proposition that this penalty was death temporal, spiritual and eternal. His first argument to sustain this prop-
osition is drawn from the Scriptural osition is drawn from the Scriptural
account of the original threatening, and the curse subsequently denounced. He affirm
that the curms that this plainly teaches nature of the penalty, "and is a direct consequence of the transgression,
and if so, it must be embraced in the penalty; for nothing but the penalty
can result directly and necessarily from the transgression." If this statement be true, is it not also true that whatever does not result directly, and necessarily from the transgression, can be no part of the penalty? Let
us apply this logic. The State enacts a law that whosoever commits a cer be fined $\$ 1000$. Some citizen transgresses the law, the fine is imposed,
the citizen pays it; it takes all his earthly possessions. The abject poverty of the man and his family is the sary result and a part of the penalty? Certainly not. It depends upon other conditions and circumstances, and cannot properly be called a part of the
penalty. It results from the fact that the man's resources are limited to result of the transgression under consideration; therefore, it is not a part of the penalty. It is an indirect and incidental consequence of the man's $\sin$ against the State. And neither he
nor his family can justly complain of nor his family can justly complain of scribed penalty, and he is guilty of the offense, provided the law was just and 300d.
To test this argument by the facts in the case of Adam's transgression:
Did the death of the body of Adam result directly and necessarily from
his transgression? Certainly not. So


Adam's sin, and He must bear it, in
 order that the justice of God may be
saitisfiter. Does not such an argument
tale from the atonement the idea of calie fritotion-vicarioms and expiatory
suistut nature-and place it upon the commer-
cial basis, and lead us into the absurdity of Universalism? If it be true that
Jesus must suffer death of the body

 the penalty of Adam's trangression,
He must also suffer spiritual death be be
bo dergo the suffering of oternal death
in our stand beore the divine justice
conid be satisfied?- which is absurd. It is admitted that hhe idea of substitu-

 same ends. in the moral government
of God, therefore, the conclusion that Tar from it, the death of his body was result of his transgression, but was nos not He lived 900 years or more, and then his death resulted from the fact that
he had been excluded from the gariden and ancess to the tree of iffe, and because of the labor to which he was
subjected, if Cod's words be true Behelod, the man is brecome as one
of us, to know good and evili, and now. of sus to know good and evili; and now.
lest he put forth his hand and take
 sent him forth from the garden of Eden
to till the ground from whence he was taken." So that his temporal death re-
sulted, not directly
nor
neeessarily from the transcression, as a a part of the penalty, but indirectly from his
sin and subsequent intermediate causes. So far from resulting neees-
sarily from his sin, if he had remained in the garden and eaten of the tree
of life, even after his transgression, his hody would not have died. Then, according to Dr. Ralston, as nothing
but the penalty can result directly and necessariy from the transecression,
therefore temporal death is not a part of the penalty of his transmession.
But it does not follow that the death But it does not follow that the death
of the body has no connection with sin as its cause. Man would not have
died in any sense had he not sinned "By man sin entered
and death through sin.
and death through sin.". Ralston says:
2nd oo page 117, Dr. entirely alone in the or bofy had been there might be more plausibility in the sup-
position that it would be alone in the penalty, but there was a sin of the
soul resulting in soursies."
gression
Now, if means anything 'relerant to to te argul
ment in hand, does it not neeessarily ment in hand, does it not necessarily
mean that the booty can sin in a re san the bonse. sin at ath? Is not the
so-called act of the body simply and
 that body
Calvinistic

## Calvinistic brethren teill us in regard Cothe sins com itite bry prosing Christians, that it is not the soul that

 sins, but the body, we cannot answeriy telling them that the body is only
 operated and controlled by the in
owelty soul an wrill and that the
soul is the man and not the body. therefore, the obdy is only a machine
strumsent trument and and assice in-
sthe so to speak in in the strument at that, so to speak, in the
hands of the soul, is is no a sensess
play upon words to talk about the soul not teing alone in the erangsrese
sion in the sense of responsibility and of guitt, which is the onsly sensible
sense? Whe can coneeive of taching to the body? And does it not Tollow, therefore. (Dr. Ralston himself
being
judge) plausibility he penalty- the direct consequence ot Adam's sin, (and everybody else's
$\sin$ ) falls upon the soul? "The soul that sinneth shall die."
The positions assumed and arg ments used by Dr. Ralston are sub-
stantially the same as those of D. Watson and others. Do the posoofs sus.
tain the positions assumed? We think tain the positions assumed? We think
not. It is argued that when the Son self as mecame fiesh. and offered himaw, God could not, and did not, spare
Him, but the penalty of our sins must be visited upon Him, He must die the
death of the body upon the cross be death of the body upon the cross be
cause it is a part of the penalty o

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There are Thousands Who Suffer and Do
Not Know What Alls Them.
Vietims of general debility who cannot give their disease a name. It is not nec-
essary. This is all you need to knowyou are run down, your blood is disordered and through your blood your entire system suffers. Give life and trek's inox tovic is the blood's most wonderful purifier.
Read what one man has to say of it
 tmest blood purifier of the times One the
the has help ped me more than anything
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business.





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East Texas Conference.
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| nswate for the table and chairs for the sitting-room. Good bless the consecrated |  |
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| Everybody loves him. But like loyal Meth- <br> odists they have accorded us as cordial a |  |
| wetcome a shear conld wish. We found it hard to tear away from our dear friends |  |
|  |  |
| nt compensation. God has distributed the |  |
| part of hix heritage, and we have |  |
| Zoon Christians from erery part of the zowel-hye no more forecer |  |
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| LEESBLRG <br> I. J. Smith, Jan. 11: We arrived here on |  |
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| the eth. ard got the parsonage in order by <br>  |  |
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| nice pounding. "Wre have all and abound." |  |
| Having been very unwell on ac-Haterer pales connt of my trip to comperence set sermon tine. I Was wnable to preateln it set sermon |  |
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|  | ostinted on minth page.) |
| baptized two infants and received four doscriptions for the dear old Advocate. |  |
| I had thirty subseriptions at DeKall las ${ }^{+}$ <br> Year. and the work paid out. with sto ex- cesk. I hope to procure many subscriptions this year. |  |
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| CENTER <br> J. B. Turrentine, Jan. 5: Good Bishon |  |
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| Anveresor to that prince of preachers and |  |
| me out as the proper one for this soreveolace we reached Center Sew Yeare cood crowds and are deliohted at the |  |
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| miles form the railroad. but even now a large force of men are ghand and when these ducks we are |  |
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| all going to eatch next conference thanks to beammont next fall, they will witness a |  |
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| strange sieht -center a stirring railroni |  |
| ity. eleetric light mavbe, and. withal. the enter." of Methodism in ant this country. |  |
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| items rangive in value from a cat for the preacher. which immediatelv ran away. to |  |
|  a load of nine-knots: We have been other black mammine this morning and she sex <br>  is if you was colored folks:.. Well, the blessings of our Father be uron her. |  |
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| tenaha circtit. |  |
| S. M. Thompson. Jan. 17: The episcomat whieel turned at Palestine and this writer was was left at the same place |  |
| year. We have started off. well. considering an attack of the grim, which lastedtwo weeks. Our first Ouarterlv Confer- |  |
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| both of the preacher and stewards. were ahont colual to the renorts of the first |  |
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## R20

## Old and Young

Good Works or None.
It is the rule that a workman must
follow his employer's orders, but no follow his employer's orders, but no
one has a right to make him do work one has a right to make him do work
discreditable to himself. Judge Ma well-known jurist living near Cincinnati, loved to tell this anecdote of a
young man who understood the risk of doing a shabby job even when directed
He had once occasion to send to the village after a carpenter, and a sturdy "I want this fence mend his tools. out the cattle. There are some un-
planed boards-use them. It is out of sight from the house, so you need not take time to make it a neat job. I will only pay you a dollar and a half."
The Judge went to dinner and ing out, found the man carefully planwas trying to make a costly job of it, he ordered him to nail them on at once just as they were, and continued his
walk. When he returned, the boards were all planed and numbered ready for nailing
ered with vines," he said, angrily: "I do not care how it looks." carefully measuring his work. When it was finished there was no part of the fence as thorough in finish.
"How much do you charge",
the Judge.
"A dollar and a half,' said the man, The Judge stared. "Why did you
spend all that labor on that job, if not spend all th
for money?

For the job, sir.
work ony it." would have seen the poor "But I should have known it was
there. No; I'll take only a a half. And he took it and went away.
Ten afterward the Judge had the contract to give for the building of several magnificent public buildings. the master-builders, but the face of one caught his eye.
said. "I knew we should have only good, genuine work from him. I gave him the cont
man of him."
It is a pity that boys were not in their earliest years that the highest he carpenter, farmer, author or artist. whose work is most sincerely and thoroughly done.-Living Age.

## A Message on the Sea.

 A lovely June day dying slowlythrongh its long twilight into a still and quiet night. The red sun is sinkskirt the northwestern side of Beifast Lough, as the Liverpool mail boat
plows her way througt the rippling A husband and wife together watch admire the grand outline of the hilltops against the clear beauty of the
evening sky. Presently the glorious coloring fades away, and they walk across the pastoral scenery on the other side of the lough, and then the wife
says: It is getting cold, darling; I think
I will go down now. And the children I will go down now. And the children
may want me. Laddie is not quite with excitement over the journey.
"Are you coming to bed?, moth-
er?" asks a small voice from one of the top berths, as the mother reaches the cabin. Do com
go to sleep."
"Yes, I am coming, but you must lie "Yes, mother. But there are such
funny noises, and the people are talk-

## ing so.

I wever mind the people or the noises 1 will come up into your berth for a
little while, and you can go to sleep on The good night kisses are exchanged, and in the bliss of having mother so close to her, the flitting fancies are charmed away,
into a deep sleep.
And then the noiss and the voice take possession of the mother. Behind her there are farewells longer and sadder than the farewells of to-day.
Before her are meetings more important than those which her little dangh-
ter is so eager for to-morrow. Duties for which she sometimes fears she has Reforeher lies a home-gladindeed, for the love of nusband and of children
will be there-but a new home, with
new duties and responsibilities, the question arises, "Am I sufficient
for these things?" Into these thoug musingsstealsa voice. It is an unknown voice-strange and a little indistinct because of its strong northern accent
-almost mysterious, for at first she -almost mysterious, for at first she sweet and pathetic in the familiar beauty of the words it brings to her:
"Ye have tasted that the Lord is gra"Ye have tasted that the Lord is gra-
cious $* * *$ a living stone $* * *$ chosen
" * precious." of feet overhead, the thud of the en-
gine, the snatches of conversation going on arond; but in and through them all the holy words come with their soothing power.
"Acceptable to God by Jesus Christ. not be confounded. Unto you therefore which believe he is precious."
fore which listens more intently, and discovers that the sounds come from the next cabin, and that lying there in the top berth they travel direct to her ear
over the partition boarding. On they over the partithion infinite sweetness. "A chosen generation *** royal *** holy * * show forth praises ". out of darkness
into his marvelous light." And so, bit by bit, snatch after natch, the tired mother hears that wonderful chapter. the second of the
First Epistle of St. Peter, to the end: irst Epistle of St. Peter, to now returned unto the Shepherd and Bishop of your souls."
The voices cease, and the boat beward and forward through ber backward and forward through her broken
slumber come those trustful words, "Unto you therefore which believe he is precious. He that believeth on him shall not be confounded.
On through the hours the engines pant and the screw keeps up its ceaseless thud, thud, thud. Presentiy these sounds disturb the wide-open blue eyes,
tle boy, and with wis
wondering intently, he suddenly asks: "Mudder, what does 'e big engun "It says, Bang, bang. I'm taking ou home quick.' Never mind the bis The blue eyes close obediently, and confident in his mother's assurance he little fellow sleeps.
These children bel
hem she is precious.
"He that believeth
"He that believeth on him shall nev-
or be confounded. Unto you which
And she rests in quiet trust.-Emily
Seaver, in Friendly Greetings.

## -

## The Patience Which Wins.

While it is true that no amount o painstaking work will take the place power which we call genius, it is equal ly true that without the training which is secured by infinite patience, genius can not accomplish its highest aims: and it is also true that a person of moderate abilities, with a capacity for taking infinite pains, is likely to do better work than a person of much
higher natural gifts who lacks this basal quality. In the religious life faith and works are bound together by an indissoluble law; it is impossible to separate them. In the life of the creative man or woman original ability and patience in work are united in the same vital fashion; they can not be
separated. An eminent American artist, who is now an old man, has never forgotten the lesson he learned from Sir Frederick Leighton in his youth. Leighton was then a brilliant and fascinating young painter whose future was still before him. He was at work
upon an Italian landscape, or upon a picture with an Italian background. In hat backgrond he was anxious to in-
troduce an olive-tree. He remembered troduce an olive-tree. He remembered
a tree which he had seen in the south
of Italy, and remembered it quite distinctly enough to reproduce it: but he was not content to trust his memory. The American artist remembers how Leighton came into the cafe in
Rome on his way to Southern Italy Rome on his way to Southern Italy,
making the long journey from Engng that olive-tree and of taking home an exact sketch of it: and he remembers also how, four or five weeks later. the ardent young Englishman, brillant, enthusiactic, versatile. but with eared with a wonderful sketch of the olive-tree, upon which he had tion and work. From this little incident the American student learnwhich went far to ne never forgot, and which went far to secure the success Which came to him in later life. The
story illustrates the great which lies behind all real success, alike for the man of genius and the man of abroad in the world to be found espe-
eially on the lips of unsuccessful men, which declarea that success is a matter
of accident, of good fortune, of luck: of accident, of good fortune, of luck;
but success is as elearly the harvesting but success is as clearly the harvesting
of a seed-sowing as is the gathering of the grain. No man takes out of life more than he puts into it; and no man makes any real achievement who does
not secure it oy force, anility, not secure it oy force, ability, and gen-
uine work. Any other explanation of uine work. Any other explanation of
suecess is fallacious and misleading. suecess is fallacious and misleading.
It mansole the vanity of those who have failed. but it wilı not explain the achievements of those who have won. -The Outlook.

Our Best Christmas
(This story was written by a little boy who forgot to sign his name, and this omission caused some delay in
printing the same. We are glad of this opportunity to show our appreciation
of the interest of our readers, young of the interest of our readers, youn
and old, in the paper.-Editor.)
We were three little boys, long time
ago. Mamma was living then agu. Mamma was living then. Christpa, papa, mamma, grandma and us
boys were around the fire in mamma's room. All of a sudden mamma and grandma disappeared. Sandie went to the dining-room door. The rest of as were close at his heels. As he
pushed the door open Santa Claus fell right sprawling toward us. The light went out, and we all ran and hol-
lowed, and were a long time getting lowed, and were a long time getting
back. When we got to the fire, almost scared to death, mamma and grandma with grandma that night. He lay awake a long time, listening at Santa Claus crunching the snow around the chimney. "Grandma, he him slip," he said. At last he hear him slip, he said. At ming Earlie had a pair of boots by the bed. Sandie
and Jaek-that's me-had high-button shoes. Oh, how glad we were! We
all pitched out into the yard. The all pitched out into the yard. The
now was over Earlie's and Sandie's knees. Jack-that's me-was up to his
waist in snow. We all cried for help. Wapa stood on the portico and laughed at us. Mamma, grandpa and grandma came and pulled us out and carried is in the parlor. Oh, wonderful! There stood the first Christmas tree
our eyes ever saw. We laughed and our eyes ever saw. We laughed and danced up and down.
parcels of all sorts of candies, nuts, oranges, bananas and apples. Then there were books-"Babes in the
Woods" for Earlie. "Mother Goose" for Sandie, and a pleture book for Jack that's me. Now we have a little
brother most ten years old, but we have no mamma, and grandpa is dead.
JACK WILLIAMS.

A lamp does not burn very well, and eats its head off in chimneys, unless you use the chimney made for it.

Index tells.
Write Mecbeth Pitetburgh Pb
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manufacturess on White Lime
ane celebrated
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IEMENTS, PLASTER HAIR SEWER PIPE TRR RRINK, ASTER, HAIR, SEWER PIPE
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| atasen To | School |

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german kali works,


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ON JANUARY 18th our en rollment for this session reached

## tirree Hundreat

It is now (January 22) as above. Others we know of will enter soon.

There are nearly
five months yet to this School year before Commencement.

Lose no timeEnter now.

Address
Presildent Polutecching Gollege
fort morth, texns.

## Silas ousinas cllege

##  <br> The Great Commission.

It is something to be a missionary. The morning stars sang together, an when they first saw the field which the first missionary was to fill. The great and terrible God, before whom angels veil their faces, had an only Son, and he was sent to the earth as a missionary physician. It is something wake of the great Teacher feeble, in the Model Missionary that ever appeared among men: and now that he is head over all things, King of kings and Lord of lords, what commission is equal to that which the missionary holds from him? May we venture to invite young men of education, when laying down the plan of the missionary? Davil ive ingstone.

How to Read the Bible.
No book is so universally read and misread, and so often quoted and mis neglected in so many homes, so much sed as the authority and the excuse for every eort of purely human con duct, as the Bible. By some it is held as a fetich, to be approached in super-
stition; by others it is viewed stition; by others it is viewed with
indifference, and treated with scoffing and by a very few it is studied as it deserves to be. We get from the Bible just as we get from any other book that which we seek, and that depends upon the attitude of mind in which we approach it. When we read a scientific book, consult a dictionary or an en cyclopedia, read a novel or poem, we
go with mind alert, quickened, desirous of finding beauty, truth and helpfulness: we read for information or to please the taste, or to quicken the intellect, or to rest and help the mind All these purposes may be met by a proper reading of the Bible, but we too often approach it with mind inert, dead. indifferent, inattentive, not carlieve that condition of things is largely due to a desultory reading, a perfunctory reading, and bringing a wrong state of consclousness to our reading of it, or to hearing it read by others, and I believe the remedy lies in our awakening from it, not only to the fact that there is a Bible, not only to famil-
iarity with the fact that it has value but to familiarity with the facts that are in the Bible, and familiarity with that which constitutes its value. we are prone to neglect those things that are immediately before us, that are most valuable, and to reach out after something that is further away, that. more valuable than that which is immediately in our hands, awaiting our attention. We should bring to our study of the Bible keener intellects. livelier judgment, more enlightened taste and a more vivid imagination than we bring to the study of any other book: then we shall be repaid for searching the Scriptures, be reRoark.

## Prophecies and Predictions.

 Have these prophecies ceased? such voice has been heard for eighteen hundred years. Shall we listen for another outbreak from the skies? ing nations ant faces to the bending skies. Why not? Because we have it all. Thè moral law is so complete that nothing to the Ten Commandments as interpreted by Christ? How can you go beyond the precept to love your neighbor as yourself? The care and providence of God are perfectly revealed He orders the steps of a good man; the very hairs of your head are all numbered. He cares for us with infinitecare. There is no higher love that can he revealed than that of which Calvary is the symbol and type. Nothing can be added to the largeness and glory of the destiny of the faithful and good. It is so large now that only experience can explain it. No: there is to be no more outbreak of the prophetic spirit. The Master has given us all possible "Tords and ideas, and he sald of them spirit: they are alive." They are like their utterer alive for then the dead words of a man, even though inspired.
Still there is one most cheering thought. These promises and predic-
tions have been held to have successive ond progressive fulfillment. Fulfillments in the past are not the measure
of those of the future. David, when an old man, dying in his bed, said,
"Into Thy hands I corimit my spirit. How much more it meant when Christ ased it, dying on the cross under the promise the whoue world's sin. The of the Spirit ca all flesh, was partl fulfilled at the Pentecost, when the representatives of so many nations fel
its power. But that was little to the larger, wider and all-pervasive fulfillments that are now and are yet to
Buc besides the continual and progressive fulfillment of promises, hav all the predictions been fulfilled? Or ful lightnings. and is the daily ing panorama of our future fushe with glories eye hath not seen? Most assuredly. The Bible prediction does not pertain merely to the past and the little dynasties of Palestine, Egypt and Babylon. The whole earth is its field nd all time is its province.
tion shall not lift up sword against na ion shall not lift up sword against na more. A time when the earth shall be fled with the knowledge of the glory of the Lord as waters cover the sea 'From the rising of the sun, even unto he going down of the same, My name shall be great among the Gentiles, ${ }^{*}$ the Lord of hosts." There are whole pages of such predictions that neve ould be fulfilled by any circumstanc of the Jewish state. That this glori-
ous time is coming, that its auroral ight is already flushing the sky of the world, nearly every close observer of
the times steadfastly believes.-"The Bible in the World's Education," by Bishop H. W. Warren

## Glimpses Between the Leaves.-Fo the Oppressed.

The evangelical prophet, speaking Jehovah's messianic servant, repre he fim as say! cause Jehovah hath anointed me to preach good tidings unto the meek; he hath sent me to bind up the brokenhearted, to proclaim liberty to the capves, and the opening of the prison to cceptable year of Jehovah."
Certuries roll Jeho
Certuries roll away. An itinerant areth, where he had been brought up as a carpenter, entered, on a certain Sabbath day, his customary synagogue and, being known to the authorities stood up to read one of the lessons. It
so happened that the lesson for the day happened that the lesson for the day Isaiah. Unrolling the scroll, he turned o the sixty-first chapter and read: The spirit of the Lord is upon me, because he anointed me to preach good tidings to the poor; he has sent me to proclaim release to the captives, and at liberty them that are bruised to set proclaim the acceptable year of the

Rol
Koling up the scroll and returning it to the attendant, he sat down. As Jewish teacher, no wonder the eyes of all in the synagogue were fastened on him as they saw this carpenter-townsa public teacher No full report of his address has come down to us; we only know that he began to say: "To-day has this prophecy of Isaiah been fulfilled before you." And all bare him witness and wondered at the words of grace
mouth.
Such is the evangelic fulfillment
the prophet's evangel. It is Jesus of Nazareth who is the great Emancipator, speaking words of special comfort to all who are spiritually oppressed. For it is certain that man is spirit nally downtrodden. However we r gard the story of the fall of Eden whether we take it as a literal history
or as a divinely inspired parable certain thing is this: Satan has captured mankind. Three times does our Lord speak of him as the prince of the world; the apostle Paul calls him the god of the world, the prince of the powers of the air, the spirit that now works in the sons of disobedience; the world is lying in the evil one as nough a prostrate prisoner held in Satan's malignant grip Not but that we have large freedom in many and varied directions. For example, our bodily and mental powers are in most
cases free to act. But our moral

| Sewing Machine? |
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## Nom of habit; serfs of lust; in brief, tive exiles from true fatherland. Is there no hope for the spiritually oppressed? Yes; out of Zion has <br> - Univepsitu

 oppressed. Yes, Deliverer, and he iscome forth the Dis
bringing back his redeemed from the bringing back his redeemed from the
land of their captivity. He is delivering his people, for instance, from the the manacles of heredity; the prison of environment; the fetters of igthe slavery of lusts; the oppressions of guilt; the dungeon of despair; th
vessalage of Satan. Very particularly does he emancipate us from the thrall dom of evil spirits, casting out all de
mons of wickedness, uncleanness, intemperance, turbulence, ribaldry, profanity, passion, malice, mendacity jealousy, envy, delusions, anarchy,
bestiaity; in short, all those lusts hose name is Legion. Thus is h eading captivity captiv
But not only does Jesus deliver us
ut of the power of darkness; he also out of the power of darkness; he also
ranslates us into his kingdom of light He is emancipating our spirits; franchising our characters; freeing our consciences; liberating our capacities; manumitting our faculties; ransoming our lives: in short, delivering us-
spirit and soul and body-from the ondage of corruption into the liberty Let us stand fast then in the freedom Let us stand fast then in the freedom
wherewith Christ sets us free. For if we abide in his word, we shall know free: for if the Son shall make us free whall be free indeed.
"There is yet a liberty unsung
By poets and by senators inpraised Which monarchs can not grant, nor the powers
of earth and hell confederate tak
away; A liberty which persecution, fraud,

## bind;

## Tis more.

heaven mankind
And sealed with the same token
-George Dana Boardman, D. D
JOSEPH GILLOTT'S
STEEL PENS
GOLD MEDAL, Paris Exposition, 1889 THE MAST PERFERT OF PEWS. Henry Lindemmeyr \& Sons PAPER Warehouse (Puok Bu
nom smas HEW vort
Sexing Maching

Ladies' Annex and
Fitting School.
GEORGETOWN, TEXAS
The leading Methodist institution of the State, under the patronage endorsed by them

0UR Spring Term opened Tuesday, January 18, most auspiciously. A large number of new faces appear among us, among whom are some who were with us in former days. We welcome all, new and old.
The time to enter is still opportune, but anyone intending to do so should not delay. Classes will soon be too far along for a new pupil to catch up.

## Dr. E. E. Hoss will give a special course of ten lectures for us, commencing February

For particula
JOHN R. ALLEN, Chairman of Faculty
Georgetown, Texas



BELLS.




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We notiee that the Baptist Standard, formerly published in Waco, has been moved to Dallas, in which place it lute our esteemed contemporary, and tender best wishes for abundant prosperity.

## REV. B. M. STEPHENS.

B. M. am sorry to say that Bro. B. M. Stephens died this mornpoint of death since last Wednesd?y His beart was involved. He will be
buried to-morrow morning wit buried
o'eleck.
Weatherford. Texas, Jan. 31.
The foregoing explains itsolf. Thrdeath of a brother beloved wos totallunexpected. But the record of the de
ceased assures us that be was waitin and ready. We have no doubt but th $\boldsymbol{\prime}$ trimmed and burning. Bro. Stenkene was a man of fine charocter, of exeen lent ability, and of great usefu'ness
He died as be lived-in the faith $c^{\text {o }}$ Christ and the hope of heaven. The Advocate tenders
family and friends.

## IMPORTANT NOTICE.

The following telegram from Dr. J R. Allen is self-explanatory: "The International and Great Northern Railway will sell excursion tickets on the 7th, 8th and 9th of February to Georgetown, on account of the Hoss lectures, at the rate of 4 cents per mile for the round trip." We believe the the brethren concerned will do well to avail themselves of this entures of Dr. Hoss.

A PLEA FOR PATIENCE.
Our "Home Conference" notes have ome in so thick and fast that we have been utterly unable to print them on hope in a week or two to catch up. On ccount of this pressure we have been compelled also to use the finer type. We feel sure that our readers will
prove indulgent and appreciate our eforts to spread before the Church the bulletins from the field. Patience, brethren, is the word.

## THE PUBLISHING HOUSE CLAIM.

We are delighted to know that the bill for the relief of the Publishing House of the M. E. Church, South, and appropriating nearly $\$ 300,000$ for dam ages inflicted by the government of
the United States passed the Lower House of Congress by a very large majority. The bill was ably engineered by Congressman Cooper during the final stages of its passage, and he is entitled to the heartfelt gratitude of the Methodists of Texas, and of the whole Souther. Church. He was earnD. Sayers, whose kindness we men-

Hon. J. W. Bailey, the brilliant leader of the Democracy, whose powerful influence was fully felt. The passage of his bill by a Republican House is sectionalism, and is additional proof that our claim is so transparently clear hat it can be no longer ignored. We atify the action that the Senate will it will be approved by the President.

## connectional news.

Rev. A. P. Parker, the faithful and efficient President of our Angloplated visit home thus: "The doctors have ordered Mrs. Parker home for a surgical operation, and I have to go
with her. We expect to leave here on the steamer Coptic, the 1st day of Jannary, and are due in San Francisco January 25 . I suppose, we will pass
through St. Louis about February 6 . through St. Louis about February 6 .
We want to stop off a day or two in We want to stop off a day or two in
Kansas City to see Bishop Hendrix. and then start on East. Mrs. Parker
will go to Philadelphia to have the will go to Philadelphia to have the
operation performed. I do not know, operation performed. I do not know,
of course, how long a time may be re-
quired for her to get well, and hence quired for her to get well, and hence I can not say how long we may have to
remain in Philadelphia." Our entire remain in Philadelphia." Our entire
Church should pray for the speedy recovery of this noble woman. covery of this noble woman. Few
wives have ever been more helpful to their husbands in any age or mission field of the world.

Christian Advocate, Nashville: a meeting of the Book Committee of the Methodist Episcopal Church,
South, beld some days ago, it was deSouth, held some days ago, it was de-
termined to issue the "Sunday-school Visitor" every week as an eight-page cournal for young poople, and the name will be changed accordingly to the "Children's Visitor." The first numher will be gotten ont on or about the $\because$ existence with a circulation of Py a check for $\$ 9$ mon gont a
w days ago by Barkee $\&$ Smith. Book "ents of the Methodist Fniseopr'
 bended indebtedness of the Moth ist Pur'ishirg Honge is winnd out
that rempine are bonds to the oxnt of abeut ${ }^{9} 375$, $\mathrm{w}^{2}$ ich. it is thouch nis were isgued in 1878 , with othars atroit in vhiop the nanie of $1 \mathrm{Q}^{-9}$
nd followino vears of denression had treed the Prhighing Howes. Thav
oro perly orl n'rced hv Rev. J. R.
weFerrin. A pumber of thom were for wontv woers. ond hore 4 nor eent
These hold bv Mr. Chambors evnire in gre, ard until rec
gree to sell them.

## general church news.

Northwestern Advocate: Bishop
Foss and Dr. Goucher baptized 225 persons at Bhalaj, in Gujerat, India n front of the temporary stand erected for the open-air meeting ind had been elosely questioned by Bishop Thoburn, when Bishop
Foss asked if they could repeat the Apostle's Creed. When told that hey could do so, he said it would be a matter of personal satisfaction to him One of the missionaries at once steppec to the front and repeated the request in Gujerati, when the whole body o candidates at once repeated the creed
as promptly and with as general aceuracy as the same number of Christians could be expected to do if asked to join in the Lord's Prayer. The missionary then turned to the Bishop and said: They will repeat the Ten Commandments and the Lord's Praver if you
wish it," but the request was not pressed. All present seemed pleased and somewhat surprised. One missionary, turning to Bishop Foss, said: I am glad that you asked for this in so public a way; for notwithstanding what you have seen and heard, you
will doubtless be told before you leave India, perhaps more than once, that we baptize poor creatures who do not even know the name of Jesus Christ."

## *

Correspondent in Western Advocate The Korean field is equally ripe and am more and more convinced that now is the golden opportunity for the Church of Christ in Korea; and or
such conviction is every man who knows the real situation in that coun ry as it is to-day. Not to heed God' all to do our very best now for the
spiritual good of Korea's $12,000,000$ of people, will be to close our eyes upon answered prayers, and refuse to do the
tunity of doing. We need more men
at once for every field in Eastern at once for every field in Eastern
Asia; but when 1 ask for them, the Asia; but when 1 ask for them, the
answer comes Dack, "We have no money to send them." Are there not some well-prepared eonsecrated young men, here and there, in the Church. who have, in the providence of God. money at their command, and who feei Christ's call upon them
mission field? Who will volunteer to enter this work, and come to some one of these fields, and give at least five or ten years to this great missionary work? Other Churches have such young men, and they are in many of
these fields, and I am sure we are as rich as any of the Churches in well-educated, thoroughly consecrated young men and women, who are ready and willing to enter any open door of usefulness in any part of the Lord's vineyard, and will be glad to have an op-
portunity offered them where both portunity offered them where and their means can be used best for the glory of God in enlarging the kingdom of Christ on earth. It will be to them a great joy to come into these fields at their own charges, and work for the conversion of the heathen

## texas persontis.

Rev. J. Marion Nich
ome caller last week.
Rev. T. B. Norwood, of Reinhardt ade the Advocate a pleasant call.

We learn on good authority that Rev. H. G. Scuddey has joined the Church has become quite a receptacle or disgruntled Southern preachers.

Rev. Horace Bishop and Rev. W. H Vaughan wcre in the city last week, in onsultation with Rev. J. H. McLean nd Rev. R. W. Thompson concerning nowledge the ecurtesy of a pleasant - 11 .

Pref. S. V. Wall, formerly of Ten--ksen has removed to Tex9s and
nonge of Honey Grove High chon charge of Honey Grove High
It will be known hereafter as The Wall School." Located at Honey rove.
Ero. David Byrd, of the Renner ompupity, celled last werk and pit
is subserintion to the Advreate. H iforme us that the Renner chure nidiro enternrigo is an osgnod one ighly. We
Wearkncwlec'ge with n'essure on in vitption from Rev. C . F. Sonsonnnoh
nresiding e'der of the Brownwnod Dis triet, to attend his Mistrict Conferencs n Coleman, June 3). To do so would is. We are nlenged to kratification that Brotber Senssiough is doing finely ipon his district.
Rev. W. H. Hughes, an honored nee, was seventy years old last Thursday, January 27. The Advocate enders sincere congratulations and wishes him a lone and happv life. We while an article wy print in a shor while, "an article by his nen, with the cences of an Old Man," which will greatly please our readers.

Bishop J. S. Key preached last Sunday morning and night in First Church. Dallas, to the edification and Bishop's visit to Dallas was very much appreciated, and our people will always give him a cordial welcome. We learn
that he has been engaged to dedicate our Oak has been engaged to dedicate ing the present month. Our brethren and friends out there are anticipating a pleasant and profitable time.

The wife of Rev. I. S. Smith, of West Dallas, died at the home of her father Mr. J. H. Cole, on McKinney Avenue, Monday morning, aJnuary 31. Her illness was protracted and painful, bu
now she rests from the toils and sorrows of earth. She was buried in Monday morning. January 31. Her illtended by a large concourse of sympathizing kindred and friends. The the grief-stricken family circle and will publish, as soon as practicable, comprehensive and appreciative notice of the deceased.

says: "Dr. Lewis is devoting himself
with great diligence to every part of with great diligence to every part of
his pastoral work, and deserves the great and increasing popularity which he has among his people.

Baltimore Advocate: Bishop Wilson Breached at St. Paul's Church on Sunday morning, January 9, and the presiding elder at night, the pastor, Dr. Whaling, having been called away on
account of the death of Mr. Joseph account of the death of Mr. Joseph
Heishell, of Memphis, Tenn. Mr. Heishell was a nephew of Mrs. WhaHeishell was a nephew of Mrs. Wha-
ling, and a grandson of Hon. L. Q. C. ling, and a grandson of Hon. LLE Q. C.
Lamar. He was visiting relatives in Rockville. Md., at the time of his decease. He was a young man of great promise. Our sympath
to his bereaved friends.

Albnquerque Citizen: Rev. A. H. Sutherland, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, of San Mar
cial, who is well known in this city has the sympathy of his friends over he sad tragedy that happened to their household last night. Sidney, his 9-year-old son, aceidentally shot and killed his own brother, Robert, a few years younger. Sidney picked up a
22-caliber rifle to fire at a strange dog that was chasing a kitten belonging to the family. Just as the trigger was nulled. Robert stepped or stumbled in the course of the bullet, receiving the hall in the okull just above the left eye. The shooting, which was purely acciental, occurred at about 8 o clock, and the lad
he died.

## GENERAL PERSONALS.

Christian Advocate, New York: Bishop William Taylor recently called I President Kruger, and says of it:
I found the ruler of the Boer Republic n exceedingly unassuming man. He eard with interest of the work that I vos doing, and spoke very encouragngly to me. He is an intensety rein recring to lead family nragers nit presehes nearly every Sunday. Hs - a prai'ive prrof that his kind of reli inn is not incompatible with all the wollifes that exable a mpn to carry is nript. rer is there anvthing known cter. He bolones to the sort of men eter. He bolonce to the sort of me"
in net knew hrw to sncrender." In the Fi'itor's studv in the Janiliry
 -ite-n ty tis sng: "Hore weso 'ng whe weg wat a man of 'iko pas crd-r-keorted foithent to a high ineql urn rf 'ite. with nethine arra'tic in his - bect which neeried the mantle of harity, whith is the annoonriate wosr
is minnv gerivese. He wis a soer osn minv reringes. He w's a 'soer,
a Corlvie wen'd rave gold and no coubt be bod the recuisite solfonfidence. Put there is in him no rece of vanitv. A vory great man,
but medest. sane. wholesome, sound ut modest. sane. wholesome, sound harked by integrity in every fiber of what mon that is among the me of the world truly great!

Dr. W. Robertson Nicoll refers to the ate Henry Drummond most apprecia-
ively thus: "One of his kind physiians, Dr. Freeland Barbour, informs me that Mr. Drummond suffered from a chronic affection of the bones. It mained him greatly. He was laid on his back for more than a year, and had was not a pleasure, and writing almost impossible. For a long time he suffered acute pain. It was then that some who had greatly misconceived hm came to a truer judgment of the road rough had had often found the Drummond as a spoiled child of forune, ignorant of life's real meaning sint when he was struck down in his prime, at the very height of his happiiess, when there was appointed ior $\mathrm{h} m$, to use his own words, 'a waste of
storm and tumult before he reached herm and tumult before he reached iberated and revealed the forces of his le with a mortal disease was somehing more than impressive. Those who saw him in his illness saw that. siritual energy grew. Always gentle and considerate, he became even more careful, more tender, more thoughtful, more unselfish. He never in any way eonplained. His doctors found it very
diffleult to get him to talk of his difficult to get him to talk of his ill-
ness. It was strange and painful, bur ness. It was strange and painful, but
Inspiring. to see his keenness, hts nspiring. to see his keenness, hts
mental elastieity, his universal interest. Dr. Barbour says: 'I have neven
seen pain or weariness, or the being seen pain or weariness, or the being
oblized to do nothing, more entirely overcome were not. The end came suddenty
him received only a few hours' warning of his critical condition. It was the drawing-room, and passed away in his sleep, with the sun shining in and the birds singing at the open window. There was no sadness nor farewelt. It recalled what he himself said of a friend's death-'putting by the weliworn tools without a sigh, and expe ng elsewhere better work to

## THE FRESS

The Advance, of Chicago (Congregaing: Said the Rev Dr We follow ing: Said the Rev. Dr. Wesley to the
Rev. Dr. Calvin: "Having any revival interest in your Church this season? No," said Dr. Calvin, rather stiffly. we don't believe much in a religion of chills and fever." "So," said Dr. Wesley, with a merry twinkle in
"you dispense with the fever."

웅
debariting the negro
The debarring of the negro from the more lucrative trades is far greater in the North. In the South, white and
black skilled workmen can be found engaged hand in hand. In the North the foreigner who has not even the right of franchise is given the preference. I repeat that the North is doing far more to impede the progress of the Negro than the south, notwithstanding the fact that so many lynchings have mittent, sporadic, while the influences working against the negro in the North have been continuous and powerful.Rev. Matthew Johnson.

## $\bigcirc$

## good illestration

There is a story told of a workman of the great chemist, Faraday. Ont day he knock $\mathcal{C}$ into a iar of acis a little silver enp. It disapacarec, was eaten up by the acid, and conldn't be whether it could ever be fnund. One said be conld find it; annther saidi was held in so'uticn and there was nc possibility of findirg it. The grea cher ist came in and put some chem ery particle of the silyer was precipt ery particlo of the silver was precipi
tated to the bottom. He lifted it ou a ehapeless mass, sent it to the silver smith, and the cup was restored. If murtal man cenld do that, can we not believe that the mighty fod can restore the sleeping and scattered dust
of thrse who are mnitod by faith $t r$ Him?--Presbyterian Jourval.

## 웅

He alone by whom the hairs of ouhead are all numbered, can count th cohol; the gray heads that it has made gray; the sad hearts that it has crushed with sadness; the ruined fam-
ilies that it has ruined; the brilliant minds that it has quenched: the unlolding promise which it cankered; the
bright and happy boys and girls whom bright and happy boys and girls whom
it has blasted into misery; the young and the gifted whom it has hurried along into dishonored and nameless graves."
Hard times show what people can do without, and what is really necessary Then, too, when we are unusually busy, we find ourselves leaving undone what we do not regard as essential The test of a thing's value in our eyes. which it may be spared the ease with Farrar.

## -

gralification for service Bishop Galloway is quoted as saying: The arst quain in any degree familiar with people use fully engaged in Christian work is aware of the striking truth of the
Bishop's statement. Indeed, we can Bishop's statement. Indeed, we can
ruthfully assert that the most marked ndication of a person's unfitness for boastful confidence in one's ability to perform it. The minister. Sundayschool superintendent, class-leader. Epworth I.eague president, or any other officer in our Church, who talks with ippant self-esteem of his capabilities
for the work intrusted to him, is displaying a peculiar unfitness for the position. That Christian who is depressed with a sense of inadequacy for the duty that must be performed, but who is thereby compelled to make the nd anxiously implores God's help to upplement human weakness. is the Church. Paul meant just this when Ce snid that he was less than the leas of all saints; and also when he wrote. declaration: "When 1 am

## east texas conference.

(continued from fifth page.)



## West Texas Conference.

cherokee circtit


nd good attention to the preaching. We
have
nd
and one class-meeting and a prayer-meet
lig. We hope for a sucessful year.

ail, Lord. help me to do good, and when
came on the work and visited awhen
ane. I said. Lord. help me to do macl

ike a preslding elder nor fer notion to say
aet like one. and liare a not
eat ilke one. but I live in the distriet nar-
sonage and hold my Quarterlv Conference
We are very sorry Pro. Waller conld not
be with us ti our Quarterly Conference
but we had a qood time we visited.
preached, prayed. sang took wo two collee







## 

willow city circuts.





Nopduv nod Tuestays we weent with on




and they are doing it. We find that every-
bofly loves Bro. Allen. orr nredecessor. and




FREE TO MILLIONS
Medical books are not always inter
sting reading, eep-cially to people en nying good health, but as a matter of
cet searcelv one person in ten is per
foctly healthy, and even with such,
coner or later sickness must come.
It is also a well estahlished tru It is also a well estahished trut nate with a breaking down of the diesticn, a weak stomach weakens and impororishes the system, making it
easv for disease to gain a foothold.
easv for disease to gain a foothold.
Nohory need fear consumption, kidney disease, liver tronhle or a weak he dizestion is rood and the stomach ble to assimilate plenty of wholesome
Stomach weakness shows itself in a
sere of wavs, and this little bork descore of ways, and this little book de-
seribes the symptors and causes and noints the wav to a cure so simn'e that

Thousands have some form of
orh trouble and do not know it. The
ascribe the beadaches, the languor
nerveusness, insomnia, palditation constipation and similar svmntoms to Get your digestion on the right track and the heart tronble, lung trouble liver disease or nervous debility wil This little book treats entirely on the cause and removal of indigestion It describes the symptoms of Acid Dyspepsia, Nervous Dysnensia, Slow Dyspepsia, Amylaceous Dysnensia, Catarrh of Stomach and all affections of the digestive organs in plain language easilv
moved.
It gives valuable smegnetinns as to iof, and contains a table giving length
of time recuired to digost various artiofes of food. something everv nerson with weak digestion shonld know.
No price is asked, hut simnly zen No price is asked. hut simnly send
vour name and address nlainly written on postal card to the $\mathbf{F}$. A. Stuart e, Marshall, Nomach Diseaces and it
"HE THAT WORKS EASILY WORKS SUCCESSFULLY." 'TIS VFRY EASY TO CLEAN

HOUSE WITH
SAPOLIO

## A PREACHER'S REPORT

## Interesting Statement by Elder Joel H .

Austin of Goshen, Ind almost constant was of catarrh and had trouble west pall in my head. The my lunge. I many work down my wite had wask rille cured her. Atter this I disease and resorted to Hood's In short time the aches and pains. wre lieved and $I$ also saw the medicine was helping my catarrh. In six weeks I ceaed to have any further trouble with it and I am now a well man. The pains and bloating I had in my limbs are gone and Iam relieved of a heart trouble. I am thankful for a medicine so intelligently compounded and so admirably adapted to H. Austiv, Goshen, Indiana.

Hood's Pills $\begin{gathered}\text { cure liver ills, ei }\end{gathered}$


YOU MUST HAVE WHEN PUCHASING
carrlage. unless it is constructed of the very
best maveri ils. and is put together by best materiils, and is put together by expert
mechanics. for it won t last loone enough to pay
jou and you end anger lite and limb ewry the
 manutacturers' whose name is ssnonymous


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Onfies of Mrs. Thornburgh's Catechism for
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has been for many wers a sumdu-school arple copprone it at first stght. Send for

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3 Fine Carnations.
These are all fine varieties and every one named. We make this offer to introduce our plan's and
show what Texas can do. Sond for ceatalogue baker bros. Fort Worth, Texas.

book on Stomarh Misesces and


Store your mind with promises, and they will come to your relief in times of need.
fierce trial will prove a blessing if by means of it we learn to prize the promises of God.
It is easy to talk of promises in times of prosperity: let us beware that, when times of trouble come, we do not turn cowards and forget them all.

Do not fear to "stand on the promDo not fear to "stand on the prom-
ises;" Christ died to make them sure. 4
TOPIC FOR FEBRUARY:
Walking in the Light." Feb. 13: God's Unfailing Promises.
II Cor. 1:20; II Peter 1:4; I John 2:25. (Promise meeting.)
The lesson may be made the more
valuable by careful preparation, with valuable by careful preparation, with
especial reference to the promises of God. Let each member seek out the promise which to him is the sweetest; let those who can, tell how these promises have been fulfilled to them in par-
ticular cases, thus being witnesses to their truth. Let those promises which their truth. Let those promises which
seem the most precious, in view of the
peculiar needs of young people, be brought out. Emphasize the value of cultivating the spirit of absolute trust in God's promises; so that, when in
trouble and doubt, and when we have no other refuge, we may abide serene and confident, "standing on the promises of God."

THE ABUNDANT PROMISES The Word of God abounds with promises. From the time that Gur who were dismissed from Eden and cursed by sin, with the assurance that the seed of the woman should bruise the serpent's head, our humanity has found comfort in sorrow, strength to endure, courage in peri, and inspira-
tion to work and wait, from God's "exceeding great and precious promises." There are-

Promises for the bereaved
Promises for the tempted
Promises for the poor,
Promises for the repentant sinner, Promises for the Christlan, Promises for the widow, Promises for the young.
Promises for the aged,
Promises for this life and for the life come.
Indeed, for every cross we bear, for every hard duty. for every command and exhortation, there can be found a

MADE SURE THROUGH CHRIST.

## II Cor. 1:20

The gift of Christ was God's crowning gift to man-the gift which added value to every other gift, completed
the plan for man's salvation, and gave the plan for man's salvation, and gave
security for the fulfilment of every security for the fuifilment of every
promise. St. Paul expresses this thought when he exclaims, in Rom. thought when he exclaims, in Rom.
$8: 32$ : "He that spared not his own

Son, but delivered him up for us all,
how shall he not with him also freely how shall he not with him also freely
give us all things." The rendering of ive us all things." The rendering of
this passage in Corinthians is very this passage in Corinthians is very
happy in the Revised Version: "For happy in the Revised Version: "For
how many soever be the promises of God, in him is the yea; wherefore also through him is the amen, unto the glory of God through us."
Christ certifies to the promises of the Father. By the strongest possil-le
proofs; by his life, and teachings, and proots; by his life, and teachings, and
miracles, and death, and resurrection, miracles, and death, and resurrection,
and ascension. With infin!te patience and pains he taught men that they might safely rely upon every promise might safely res.
of the Father.
EXCEEDING GREAT AND PRE-CIOUS.-II Peter 1:4.
The Cbristian finds it necessary often to plead God's promises, and to trust in them. He has foes to fight against:
he is assailed with temptation: the tempter seeks to deceive him with the sophistries of worldly prudence; there are fears and doubts against which he must contend, and he woutd be discouraged and overcome and the refuge in the promises of God, which have sustained God's children in all ages, and which have never failed those who put their trust in them. Thus the promises become exceeding great and precious; they are
hallowed by sacred associations; they hallowed by sacred associations; they erations of believers; they have comforted the sorrowing, strengthened the weak and encouraged the tempted; trusting in them the Christian becomes
fixed in habits of obedience, grows into fixed in habits of obedience, grows into partaken of the divine nature.

OF ALL PROMISES, THE BEST.
1 John 2:25.
Eternal Life. This is the consum
mation of all things, the final accom
plishment of God's purposes for men. It is the sum of all good, the perma-
nent fixing of destiny. This promise is nent fixing of destiny. This promise is the goal of all our endeavors. In this
ife, there is always conflict. though we have gained a hundred victories there the final conflict is ended, and perpetual peace reigns. Here there is still trouble ahead, though we have there "God shall wipe away all tears from their eyes; and there shall be no more death, neither sorrow, nor crying: neither shall there be any more pain; for the fornter things are passed away,
For this lif
Fromise rich and the life to come
*
1 report the names of the officers newly elected: President. Mr. E. B. Mayhew; First Vice-President, Mis Anna Carr: Second Vice-President,
Mr. Henry Maxwell: Third VicePresident, Rev. S. D. Waddill: Secre tary. Marther Carr: Treasurer, Miss Susie Heard. We have thirty mem bers. The devotional meetings are held every third Sunday night in each month, and are well attended, and all
seem to be very much interested in seem to be very much interested in
them. Our literary meetings are held Saturday night before the third Sunday, and our business meeting is held Saturday night before the fourth Sunday in each month.
Our League is progressing very nicely, and we look forward to a grand success in the League work this year
We ask the prayers of all other Leagues that we may be instrumental in God's hands in leading souls to Christ. MATHER CARR, Secretary.
THE OPIUM AND MORPHINE HABIT. "What We May Do to be Sared" is a little book,
giving fall giving full particular, if a rellabie cure. Free.

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## Sunday-School Dept.

## Adaress all communications for the Sunday-

 Greenville. Texas.First Quarter-Lesson 7, Feb. 13.
THE CALL OF MATTHEW. - Matt. 9:9-17 Time-The spring of A. D. 28. Place-At the Custom-house in Ca-

INTRODUCTORY
The great Sermon on the Mount has given us an insight into the spirit and subject-matter of Jesus' teaching. The crowds who heard him were astonshed at his teaching; for he taugh them with authority and not as thei ing upon the decisions of Jewish tribunals and interpretations of the Old Testament. Jesus said: "Verily, I say unto you"-he spoke at first hand, and his teaching was the application an fulfillment of the Old. "He quietly asserts the tremendous fact that the fu-
ture destiny of men will depend on their relation to him (5:23) and on their doing his words" (5:24).
Following the sermon we have in the eighth and ninth chapters "a solmn procession of miracles" confirming the authority with which Jesus had spoken. These miracles St. Matn which they occurred, but in such a way as to promote the special design of his argument for the Messiahship of Jesus. His wonderful works accredited his mission as One come from od. Such teaching as the Sermon on he Mount, and such miracles as heal devils, could be done only by the longpromised prophet and Redeemer of Is rael. This was st. Matthew's argument with his Jewish readers.

THE CALL OF MATTHEW.
Verse 9.--And as Jesus passed forth we see that this occurred immediately after healing the paraly.uc (Mark 2:13), implied in Matthew's "from thence.
He saw a man named Matthew sitting at the receipt of custom. The custolls on the fishing and trade of the lake. "The Romans laid taxes, as the Syrian hings did before them, on almosc everything
A man named Matthew-such is his apostolic name. St. Luke calls him Levi. But both Luke and Mark give apostles. (Mark $3: 18$; Luke $6: 15$.) was quite common for a Jew to have twe names, and it would be natural for Matthew to give only the name by which he was known as an apostle. And he saith unto him, follow me And he arose and followed him. St and followed him"-more, it would seem, than Matthew's modesty would allow him to write of himself. Probably he had often seen and heard Jesus and posibly had teen foilowing Jesus before (Broadus) and only now attached himself permanently to him AT THE FEAST.
Verse 10.-"And it came to pass as Tesus sat at meat in the house"-St.
Matthew's house, though he does not state this fact, supplied by the other evangelists. (Mark 2:15; Luke 5:29.) Luke says that "Levi made a great feast." The feast, it is supposed, was
given sometime after the call; but natgiven sometime after the call; but natIt here in connection with the call, It here in connection with the call,
thereby completing at once all they had to say about this apostle.
"Many publicans and sinners came and sat. down with him and his disciples." These were the two most hated classes among the Jews-tax-gatherers and those living in open
violation of the ceremonial or moral law. Luke says a great crowd was present. Matthew doubtless wished to show the Master respect by inviting a
numerous company to meet him. numerous company to meet him.
Verse 11.-"And when the Pharisees saw it"-they were present, not as guests, but had probably pressed into to hear what Jesus would say
to "Why eateth your Master" teacher-"with publicans and $\sin$ ners?" According to Jewish ideas, this was a very grave offense in a rabbi. For thereby he was keeping very low company, and exposing himself
ceremonial pollution. (Mark 7:4.) disciples reported the ouestion to him this ouestion, in the hope of turning yet had very imperfect Jewish notions of the Messiah's work.

According to St. Luke, Jesus an-
swered directly to the Pharisees with swered directly to the Pharisees with whom the question originated. (Luk :30, 31.
He said unto them-the Pharisees: strong and well-"need not a physi cian, but they that are sick." A plain fact that all could understand. Verse 13.-"But go ye and learn what that meaneth. I will have mercy and not sacrifice." The words are
taken from Hosea $6: 6$ So Jesus taken from Hosea 6:6. So Jesus
strongly rebukes the boasted learning trongly rebukes the boasted learning
of these men of the law, sending them to learn of their own scriptures.
"I will have mercy"-the Hebrew word includes the ideas of kindness and compassion; so piety and pity are originally the same word-"and not sacrifice." That is, I wish kindly feel
ing and conduct toward others, cially the needy and suffering, rather than the externals of religion. I wish mercy rather than sacrifice, says the Septuagint.
"For I am not come to call the righteous, but sinners, to repentance therefore, his associating with the
very worst sinners agrees well with the purpose of his mission.

## ABOUT FASTING.

Verse 14.-"Then came to him the disciples of John, saying. Why do we and the Pharisees fast oft, but thy dis card to fasting is found also in both gard to fasting is found also in both 5:23-39). According to St. Mark, John's isciples and the Pharisees were fasting and they came and asked the queson. Luke represents the Pharisees, o whom Jesus had just been speaking. as continuing the discourse with this
question, "This is one of those inquestion, This is one of those in-
stances where the three accounts imply and confirm one another, and the hints incidentally dropped by one evangelist form the prominent assertions of the other" (Alvord). The disciples of John "fasted oft" because they yet held the prevailing notions and practices of the
Jews. Fasting also belonged to the Jews. Fasting also belonged to the
asceticism which John as a preacher asceticism which sohn as a preacher fasted very often, but in many cases on very trivial occasions.
Verses 15-17.-The reply of Jesus i conveyed by three illustrations

1. Can the children of
chamber mourn as long as the bride room is with them? The sons of the bidegroom were the guests invited to he wedding. The question of our Lord is so framed as to require a negative nswer. "The word translated 'can' is o placed as to be emphatic: Can it be in the nature of things? But the shall be taken away from them-and then shall they fast." The psalmist long before had spoken of the Messiah $s$ a bridegroom (Ps. 45), and John the Baptist had said, "He that hath the bride is the bridegroom; but the friend the bridegroom rejoiceth greatly be 3:29). So that in answering John's disciples the image of the bridegroom is entirely appropriate. "When the ridegroom is taken away"-this is the rst instance in St. Matthew's gospe where Jesus refers to his death. The appropriately because of their sorrow 2. "No man putteth a piece of new oth unto an old garment, for that the garment, and the rent is made worse."
2. "N
3. "Neither do men put new wine in--"else the bottles break, and the wine unneth out and the bottles perish; but they put new wine into new bottles, and both are preserved.' In both of these illustrations we see he same great truth-namely, that the ombination of the Old and the New Dispensations would not be merely un-
suitable, but injurious. Pharisaic legalism has no place in the gospel age Levitical ceremonies-the types and shadows of the better things to come
 $\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { Cure all liver ills, bilious- } \\ \text { ness, headache, sour stom- } \\ \text { aeh, indigestion, constipa } \\ \text { tion }\end{array}\right)$ They act easily, withtion. They act easily, with.
out pain or gripe. sold by all aruggitsts. 25 cents.
The only Pills to take with Hood's Saraparilla 11 1 Treated free $|1| 1 \left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Poaltively } \mathbf{C U R E D D} \\ & \text { with Vegetable Reme } \\ & \text { ities. } \\ & \text { Buve cured many }\end{aligned}\right.$ thousand cases called hopeless. From first dose
symptnms rapdily disappear. and in ter days ai
least + mo-thrds of all symptome are removed


give place to the simpler rites of the religion of Christ.
PRACTICAL AND SUGGESTIVE. 1. While the same great practica truth is taught by both illustrationsthe old garment and the old wine the old garment and the old wine
skins-yet, as Dean Alford says, "the
second illustration or parable is second illustration or parable is not a
repetition of the previous one, but a repetition of the previous one, but a
stronger and more exact setting forth stronger and more exact setting forth
of the truth in hand. The garment was something outwara, the wine is spirit of the system. The former parable respected the outward freedom and simple truthfulness of the New Covenant; this regards its inner spirit-its pervading principle. And admirably of the attempt to keep the new wine of the attempt to keep the new wine
in the old bottles-the old ceremonial nan, unrenewed, in the spirit of hi mind; the new wine is something too living and strong for so weak a moral
frame-it shatters the fair outside of rame-it shatters the fair outside of ceremonial seeming. Yes, and every ualism fares no better with the rit and spirit of the gospel of Jesus Christ. The letter killeth-hard rules and outward forms-when these are
made the highest and the essential made the highest and the essential
things. But the spirit giveth life, and things. But the spirit giveth life, and
clothes itself, as need reguires, with clothes itself, as need requires, with
new forms. Methodism is a great llustration of this principle; so wa century.
4. By disregarding our Savior's
eaching here much error and injury teaching here much error and injury have been brought about. The preach-
er has thereby become a priest-spirer has thereby become a priest-spir-
itual blessings must depend on his mediation. The simple memento of our Savior's death must be a sacrifice offered by the priest for men's sins.
Festivals and fasts are made binding Festivals and fasts are made binding
the Christian conscience, making on the Christian conscience, making
religion a thing of special seasons. religion a thing of special seasons.
Splendid rites and gorgeous display Splendid rites and gorgeous display
of robes and costumes and names and dignities are made to lead the minds of men away from the simple and sublime spirituality of the gospel of
Christ. The Church itself is exalted into competition with the Lord, and the priesthood set up between the pentent sinner and the frogiving Savior.

## GET THE GENUINE ARTICLE: <br> Walter Baker \& Co.'s Breakfast COCOA <br> Pure, Delicious, Nutritious.

Costs Less than ONE CENT a cup.
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Dorchester, Mass.


[^2]
## WOMAN'S ...DEPT...

Address communteations to Mrs. Florence E . Howell FROM TAE INDIAN MISSION WORK It has been a long while since I wrote you from this mission field. The work ere. as and I have not much time for apacity, and I have not much time for riting. write oftener, for the Texa sisters seem to be much interested in this work, and 1 would like to keep them informed of its condition and progress. We have now in school eighty pupils. We sent away to Carlisle, Penn-
sylvania, three young men, to enter sylvania, three young men, to enter
that large Indian sehool there, for ad litional education under different environments. One of our girls we put into a government day school as housekeeper. and right well she fills take in ten more pupils, and thus make the number ninety. We have a number of girls just blooming into womanhood. who would be greatly benefited could they be sent away to the States oo some good school. As far as textbooks and industrial training are conhere, perhaps, as away in the States, but they need the education that contact with other surroundings would give. It is urged as an objection to sending them away to school in the States that it educates them away from
their people, and thus renders them their people, and thus renders them
helpless on their return here. This may hold good with reference to those in a foreign land, but not so with referelce to the Indians in our own country, for they are to become citizens of the nited States, endowed with all the Their old customs and habits and dress
must and will give way (and I may
add are giving way) to the customs add are giving way) to the customs ized life, and this makes it necessary that they be educated, where it is possible to do so, with our people. It will be but a short while before the white man will occupy this country
with him, as is already the case with with him, as is already the case with
much of Oklahoma. The young Inmuch of Oklahoma. The young in-
dians need to prepare for citizenship. as far as possible, in connection with those conditions that he must per necessity be forced to meet and adopt in
the near future. You will see why 1 the near future. You will see why 1
try to get them away to school in the try to get them away to school in the
States, after they have had a few years. training here.
Our pupils are making good progress. and some of them show some considSumpti, Bali chool, abont twelve years of age. She was converted last spring and joined the Church. This little girl we named Emma. Bali Sumpti-was in my office to-day to see me about Emma. He said: "I have bought a sewing machine." I looked at him in surprise,
and wondered what he wanted with and wondered what he wanted with a
sewing machine. He continued: "I want you to have the ladies here at the school to teach Emma how to sew on a machine: make her understand it well. and when she comes home she can of it. Last summer." he continued when Emma came home for vacation. he Indians tried to get her to paint he face, and put on Indian dress, but he refused, and when she went into house hanse (he has a small two-room deck of cards lying there she saw me what they were for I told her hat I gambled to win money, or ponies, or blankets. Then she told me Ema-ma did not like that, and that name) that it was wrong to samble, and that was against Jesus to do so, and that he believed in Jesus, and she did not about: see her father have such things and threw them into the fire right before my eyes: and she was so earnest

in her talk about this and other thing that it made me think a great deal. I quit the gambling, and have never gambled since. I had been thinking of getting another wife, but I gave
that up. I was cross and quarrelthat up. I was cross and quarrelsome his side). and whipped her some-
at times, but I have never said an unkind thing to her since, nor been cross with her in the least. I was so easy to get angry, but now my heart is glad, and I want to see Emma get a good educathings, as well as read and write, and she will be a great help to all the family when she comes home.
My heart refoiced as I heard him give an account of Emma's fidelity, and I felt that our school work w, arcomplishing more than we knew. I
want to thank all the Texas sisters and societies who have so kindly given us ald in this work. God bless every one of them and repay them in spiritual blessings upon heart and life. If you (single) who can teach music and also teach a few classes in the literary department. I shall be glad to get her for the rest of this session. She must have sufficient missionary spirit to work and be satisfied with a small salary. I trust you and other Texas sis-
ters can come to see this school and camp work this year. God bless you. Anadarko, O. T.


Another year for Jesus,
How can 1 wish for you great joy or blessing Eternity with
Is long enough for
Thank God that we are
For him whom we love best.
W. P. AND H. M. SOCIETY

The W. P. and H. M. Auxiliary of Bellevue observed the week of prayer,
but failed to report it. We feel that we but failed to report it. We feel that we
are yet in possession of the good it are yet in possession of the good h
did us, for it was a constant benediction to those who participated. Our hearts were filled and joy abounded. We carried out the programme as given us, and by so doing gained much From the free-will
From the free-will offering $\$ 7.75$ was is only a small sum, but the society here is only a small "some," but the Master is with us. May the Lord bess woman's work this year.
ottie hatfield.

## FOREIGN MISSIONS.

Nine-tenths of the contributions to foreign missions are given by oneonly one-half of the membership give anything. The average amount per member is fifty cents per annum-only the seventh part of a cent Dcr day for the conversion of a thousand millions a week from every member of the Protestant Churches of the United States would bring into the treasury during a single year $\$ 16,500,000$. Nine-tv-eight per cent of the Church's con-
tributions for religions purboges tributions for religions purboses is
spent at home, while onlv two per cent is applied to the foreton mission Feld. There are 75,000 ministers in the Thited States, or one to about everv ton nersons, while only one is allotted There are 15000 munties in ont a sincle missionarv. All misainnarv workers in heathen lands nutive hv logs than one-twontioth nart of one of the squares on this diagram.

BEWARE OF BAD BOOKS. It has been well said, "He who would make a it has a few beautiful passagly might as well caress the hand of an assassin because of the jewelry which sparkles on its fingers." There are many trashy books offered for sale or exposed in public libraries, and thev
are sometimes found in Sunday-sehool libraries. Mushrooms and toadstools resemble each other so elosely that many people can not tell the differ"If vou eat one has given a sure test "If you eat them and live, they are musimooms; if you die, they are toad-
stools." Fut such tests are to be of benefit to the unfortunate Eat all young people be careful of the hooks they read and the companions thev keep. Select and read hooks which will stimulate energy and direet endeavor: which will illume the path wav of hife. showing its pitfalls and paths of safety.
There is no better way to create taste for healthy reading than to rend
often and praverfullv the Book of books.-Christian Leader.
correction



## Notice.



$\mathrm{N} n$ telar on your return trip from the
Sontheant if yon mo via the Texas \& Pactife.

## OBITUARIES.

The spae ullowed obituarles is twenty

 company all orders.
Resolutuons of respet will not be inserted in
the obituary id epartentent under any ercum.
stances; buit if paid for will be tinserted in
another column. POETRY CAN IN NO CASE BE INSERTED. Extra copies of paper containing obituaries
can be procured if orderee when manuscript 1 ,

REV. HENRY THOMAS. On the night of December 21, 1897,
Rev. Henry Thomas passed from earth o heaven. He served his generation by the will of God, and fell on sleep He walked with God, and was not, for God took him. He was one of the best known men in Tarrant County. He, perhap3, married more people and preached more funerals than any man in the county, and was one of the few men Whom everybody loved. Bro. County, Georgia, June 1, 1826. was converted in his sixteenth year was joined the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, and lived a faithful member to his death. He was married to Miss Sarah J. Strayhand, who survives him. He came to Texas in 1870, and died at his home three miles southeast of Arlington, Tarrant County, Texas, on the
night of December 21, 1897. He was for many years a local preacher, and to say he was an effective and useful man would indeed be expressing the truth, for his whole life was a living sermon. He certainly adorned the doctrines he professed. He has four sons living;
two of them are in the regular work, are useful men and are doing fine work -Bro. Bascom, in our own conference, and Bro. Sam Thomas, in the Texas, who stands high in his conference and station at Richmond; Dr. Neal Thomas a faithful layman, who stands high as a physician and Christian gentleman. It is not strange they gave to the world
good and useful children, having had good and useful children, having had
such a noble father and consecrated mother. Many preachers will remember Uncle Henry and Aunt Jane, as they are called, as being a preachers' home, as many itinerants have taken shelter under their hospitable roof and have been warmed by their presence. How often have 1 visited their home,
and held sweet communion with these saintly people of God, and have taken on an inspiration that has lasted for days to come. Uncle Henry was a maa of great power in our revivals; his
life was of such a consecrated character he wielded an influence and power Spirit was upon him, his prayers the exhortations were of great power He was loyal and faithful to his Church, giving his money and services willing$1 y$ and cheerfully, and I have never known him to criticise his neighbor or pastor; he always possessed that
sweet, gentle spirit for all. He and sweet, gentle spirit for all. He and
Aunt Jane certainly, like one of old walked in all the commandments and ordinances of God, blameless, and lived their religion to a high degree. I saw this dear old soul a few days ago, and she is lingering on this side of the last river, waiting for the call of the Mas-
ter. May we all be as ready as our ter. May we all be as ready as our
dear husband, father and brother to go up and reap our reward on high. JAMES A. WALKUP, Pastor.

ASiuURY. - Euphamy E. Asbury
nee Early), widow of John W. As(nee Early), widow of John W. As-
bury, who died ten years ago and bury. who died ten years in the cemetery at Farmers Branch, Texas, was born in Mason
County, Ky.,.May 22, 1837. At the age of eighteen years she united with the Christian Church, but after her marriage, which happy event took place November 6, 1856, she went with her husband to the M. E. Church, South, in Whe died, after a brief illness, at her home, near Lebanon, Texas, November 29,1897 . She was the mother of three children Her only son died in the faith four years ago. The widowed and bereaved mother now follows to overtake husband and son in the better
land. Two daughters, both of whom are married, are left to mourn and to battle with sin and sorrow. May the grace of God be sufficient for them that they may follow on to meet father, mother and brother in heaven. Sister Asbury was a true friend to the and its institutions. She was a memnon, Texas, and was doing what she could to make the world better. S. L. BALL

Allen, Texas.
Hood's Sarsaparilla is prepared by expe nature and quallty of all ingredients used.

## A Total Disability Claim of S1,650 Paid to a Man who was Afterwards Cured.

 t Meaford, Ont., Canada, first discov red this case two years ago, and pubowing to the cure of it, to be a miracle The facts were so remarkable tha many people doubted the truth of them They said: "It is too remarkable; it can not possibly be true; the paper is mistaken, and the man, although he may think himself cured, will soon etc. The accuracy of its report called in question, the Monitor determined to find out definitely whether the facts were as stated and whether the man would really stay cured. They accordingly kept a close watch on the casefor two years, after the first article appeared, and have just now published

## The Monitor, a newspaper published <br> ood. The doctors called the disease <br> ter health than when I gave you the

 spinal sclerosis, and all said he could not liveFor three years he lingered in this condition. Then by some friends he
was advised to take Dr. Williams'Pink Pills for Pale People. He took them and there was a slight change. The first thing noted was a tendency to sweat freely. This showed there was Next came a little feeling in his limbs. This extended, followed by pricking
sensations, until at last the blood began to course freely, naturally and igorously through his body, and the helplessness gave way to returning
strength, the ability to walk returned, strength, the ability to walk returned,
and he was restored to his old-time st interview ", when I gave Do you still attribute your cure sked the Monitor Unquestionably I do. was ly. "Doctors had failed, as had also $y$ my friends. Nothing I took had the lightest eiffect upon me until I began To use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. release from the living death. I have
since recommended these pills to many of my friends, and the verdict is al ways in their favor. I shall alway neme he any 1 was inatued to taki

another article about it in which the original reports are completely veri-
fied, the cure is permanent, and they publish a fac simile of the check given by the Canadian Mutual Life Association for $\$ 1650.00$, amount of total disability claim paid by them to Mr. Petch.
The first account stated that the patient (see address below) had been a
paralytic for five years, that there was such a total lack of feeling in his limbs and body that a pin run full length could not be felt; that he could not walk or help himself at all; for two
years he was not dressed; furthermore that he was bloated was for that reason almost unrecognizable, and could not get his clothes on. The paralysis was so complete as to affect the face
and prevented him from opening his

ROBERTS.-Nannie J, Roberts died at the home of her son, Walter, at
Haskell, Texas, January 3, 1898. She Haskell, Texas, January 3, 1898. She
was born in Mississippi in 1831; was married to Wm . Roberts and joined reached her eighteenth year. They came to Smith County, Texas, in 1850 , and in 1865 to Hill County. Bro. Roberts died fifteen years ago in Throckmorton County. Since that time Sister Roberts has lived with her children. She was a devoted wife, a loving moth-
er, a kind and obliging friend and er, a kind and obliging friend and
neighbor and a constant, patient, faithful, trusting Christian. For many years she patiently suffered-often expressing herself ready and willing to go. I knew her well-being her pas-
tor for four years. During my long tor for four years. During my long
acquaintance with her I never heard acquaintance with her I never heard comed and entertained in her home the weary itinerant preacher. She leaves three sons and one daughter to mourn her absence, while her many friends will miss her. She had no fears when death came for her. Every
preparation had been made, and she was ready to go to her long-sought was ready to go to her long-sought
home. $\quad$ E. L. ARMSTRONG.

KING.-On the morning of the 13th of January, 1898, death claimed as lovely a young lady as ever brightened King. She was born, reared and died King. She was born, reared and died
near Hondo, Medina County, Texas. Mear Hondo, Medina County. Texas. of Bro. and Sister I. H. King. When only eighteen years of age the summons came and she was ready. Life promised fair, but typhoid fever developed rapidly and in a few short days
the lovely spirit was gone. Such is the the lovely spirit was gone. Such is the
earth side of the picture. Could we but catch a glimpse "beyond the veil" we might see in contrast the rapture of a glorified spirit done forever with
health.
The above is the substance of the first article published by the Monitor. Now follows some clippings, taken
from the same paper two years afterward, and there is not the slightest shadow of a doubt, in view of this testimony, that Mr. Petch's cure is per
manent. Here follows the account: On being again questioned, Mr.
Petch said: "You see those hands-the skin is now natural and elastic. Once
they were hard and without sensation. You could pierce them with a pin and wonld not feel it, and what is true body. Perhaps you have observed that
and can get about my business perfect-
ly well. You may say there is abso-
the sorrows of earth. Sne seldom sees
such beautiful, symmetrical character as Miss Eva possessed. Being frail
from childhood, she developed a sunny friends and the very life of her her friends and the very life of her home.
She was truthful, honest and, her mother says, a Christian from child-
hood. Loving all, the sweet young life ended its mission on earth and went o join the "blood-washed throng."

LOYD.-Died suddenly at Nash, Ellis County, Texas, Janary 7, 1898, Mary Loyd, nearly seventy years old. She
was born in Independence County, Arkansas; married to A. J. Loyd Decem ber, 1848; moved to Texas September 1849; was converted and joined the M.
E. Church, South, when nineteen years old. Her health, which had been poor for a long time, had apparently greatly
improved and she hoped soon to attend Church again-which it had not been her privilege to do only occasionally
for several years. She was truly a good woman, exercising many of the virtues of Christianity efficientlyespecially that of patience in "much ited her a few days before she died and was edified by the assurance she gave
of the satisfactory faith she had in Christ. She said "religion was bett the longer she lived," and her exper room with the family after having at tended quite a deal of domestic affairs
during the day-apparently better than usual-she fell from her chair dead.
GREENWOOD.-Mrs. Nancy A.
Greenwood (nee Hobbs) was born in
Nashville, Tennessee, November 16,
1834. Her parents came to Texas when she was yet young. They settled in Grimes County, Texas, where she
most remarkable cases of modern
times. Can any one say, in the face of such testimony, that Dr. Williams, Pink Pills are not entitled to the careful consideration of any suffering naan, woman or child? Is not the case in
truth a miracle of modern medicine? To make the evidence complete we publish above a fac simile cut of the Canadian Mutual Life Association, being the amount due him for total dis-
ability. It is unnecessarv to add that this life insurance association did not
pay this large amount of money to Mr pay this large amount of money to Mr. amination of his condition by their garde Mr. Petch's address is as foliows:
Reuben Petch, Griersvile. Ont., Canada
lived to the day of her death, which occurred January 1, 1898. Very early
in life she was converted and joined old in the service of her Master, and old in the service of her Master, and
having developed a well rounded Christian character, she had waited patiently for several years for her ap-
proaching dissolution, and when it she was ready. She was married to
sill William Greenwood in Grimes County,
Texas. October 18, 1853. After his death she remained, a widow, her whole aim being to live for Goo and, and her he truest type of motherh ever show the truest type of motherhood, nothing mourn her loss. Four are married, and four are single; six are members
of the Methodist Church, one of the Baptist, and one has never made a pro-
fession of religion. While we exclaim, "Mother is gone" the heart realizing more of what that means than the humbly bow in submission to, mother's


Leaving the body behind, her pure soul has ascended up through the ethereal heights, passing from giory to
glory, until haiied by the Savior of glory, until hained by the Savior of
men and crowned by the everlasting King. Her son-in-law
H. G. Williams.

HARMON.- James Andrew Harmon
was born in MeMinn County. Tennessee, October 2, 1848, and died September 12, 1897. He was a son of Wm . and Jane B. Harmon; was married at the age of eighteen to Miss Tennie ChatFive children were born to them-two of whom died in infancy. Two of the three surviving are members of the
M. E. Church, South. He joined the Baptist Church, with his wife, but after moving to Texas severed his consecond wife joined the Methodist Church, in which he lived a consistent member to his death. Only the week before his death he attended a meeting in which he took an active part and enjoyed very much. He was bit-
ten by a spider on Thursday afternoon and died Sunday night, suffering greatly. Jimmy was a kind, obedient and dutiful son. There is a vacancy in our home that can never be filled. Because we can see his face no more in this life, sorrow fills our hearts, but we
"sorrow not as those who have no hope." His with other hands that are there are beckoning us home, where we shall meet to part no more.
HIS MOTHER.

McADA.--James N. MeAda was born n Blount County, Tenn., SeptemCounty, Texas January 4, 1898, being in the eignty-ninth year of his age The writer knew him first, and was his pastor, in 1858-forty years ago. He was a good man then, and he was a good man up to the day of his death.
In Shelby County. Tennessee, he married Miss Isabella McClure, and in 1839 noved to Texas. Here he raised large family, five of whom-one son and four daughters-still live. By the side of his wife, who had long gone on in Atascosa County, he was laid to rest. Father MeAda endured many rials and privations on the Texas border, but through them all he was a consistent Christian and came at last to the grave full of years and with
the perfume of a good life hanging all about him. $\qquad$ JOHN S.
HIGHTOWER.-Little Susa HighHightower, was born May 22, 1892, and died January 18, 1898. She died with what the doctor called a cold abscess. Her suffering was very great, and a my lot to meet. She was a great lover her. A few days before she died she asked her little Sunday-school mates to sing "More Like Jesus," and as they sang she joined her sweet little voice with theirs and sang, "More like Jesus gressed, several days later she sang. "We're floating down the stream o time; we have not long to stay.
little voice is hushed in silence, a little form is still, but around the throne her spirit is basking and we seem to hear her cheering song as it is wafted back the resurrection of the dead.
Millsap, Texas.
BORING.-Died, December 24, 1897, at Luling, Texas, after a lingering illthe late Jesse Boring. D. D., of Georgia. He came to Texas with his
father's family in 1858; was a faithful Confederate soldier, and was nearly all his life a member of the Methodist fifty-three years old at the time of his death. He leaves a wife and eight Guadalupe County, Texas. He was a man of strong intellect and large reading; had been seriously amficted far prayers and was loval to Methodism,
the Church of his distinguished father
H. G. H.


DAUGHTRY.-Frances M. Daughtry was vorn in Madison County, Alavama, ne 19 . 1800 , was converted and jomed state of Alavalua. He came to rexas in 18y4, and veing taken from nome innuences, he grew coid and vacisind,
wut was graciulusyy rectaimed ac Leew anul, lexas, in 1850, and joilled the M. E. Churen, suun, in waica ne
ived a veauthui curiscian me that heatn, whica sau evemi vecurred 1 e mbuer anu sotpidiner, sister and bro. Was a puomising yudug man, and had rie hau tue comanuence of mis urechren realutht on he Lpworth heague re-
coluy wigamizea ac Lewanun, mos piace
 h has anthty. Dut, atas! beture he
anrly eltereu upull his work the mas-
 endeht, he cunuucted the suaday
caucu. Lec. 1a, Lõt, he was suuuencanen sich whin pueumolia, and on ervelit phayer, ana saylug the whim or
he tula de aulie, and aliter kissiug the wrea viles guvu-vye and asniug them
at to lutet hum in neaven, he peaceluiPassea alway to ve wian ciarisc, waica has, th raln and ice, combultied ans body 0 the tolist, wit on accuuat of the in
temethey oi the weatuer the ruaera an vice was pustpunea tul January 23 wien tue writer preacned the ruuerat
iscuarse to a raige, actentive and y..parhotie congregauoa. Many hearts Were toucned and veat in sympany
win those who wept, but the weping win those who wept, but the weeping
was not as those who have no hope. gain. Auen, Texas.
S. L. BALL.

DOUGLAS.-Mrs. Luia Douglas died ner home, in wransuory, rexas,
vovember 20 , 189i. sue was vorn car Faumeno, Aıabama, Sepuemuer wath she was cuc a giri and setued in wua surrounaed by many loved ones and trienas, who stil remember her as a pure, moaest giri and retined
christuan lady She was converted When but seven years oid and soon which she lived until she pouth, in ner reward. She was married to Bro W. W. Vouglas, of Winnsboro, Texas,
Oetober 4, 1896. I was her pastor for october 4, 1896. I was her pastor for nnew a more devoted Christian. Many imes have 1 been helped and encour sister Douglas was very sick when started for conference at Dallas, but when I called in to see her I found her happy and strong in faith. She ings one to her reward. May the blessand his Spirit guide them safely home FONTAINE.
JONES.-Mrs. Nettie Jones (nee Hail) Was born May 22, 1845, in Franklin or 1860; joined the Protestant Methowas married to Mr. C. C. 1865, and died in Lamar County. Texas December 16, 1897. She was the mother of six children; the eldest preceded her to the better world. She leaves a
husband, two sons and three daugh husband, two sons and three daugh-
ters and a host of friends to mourn her loss. She told them not to weep or her; that she would be better off always ready to lend a helping hand, especially to the sick and afflicted.
How hard it is to give thee up. Sister How hard it is to give thee up, Sister
Nettie, but our loss will be your eternal gain. Yes, children, you will mis where to find her. So weep not as thos who have no hope, but look up and oyfully wait. Her sister,
S. H. WINFREY.
Floyd, Texas. $\qquad$
M'ALISTER.-Thomas, son of Judge J. F. and Nancy McAlister, of Boone 1874. After his father's death Thomas with his mother and two younger sizled near Dan, Wise County, where, on Metober 25, 1896, he was married to
Miss Laura Stribbling. Bro. MeAlister was converted in the summer of 1896, a Mound Baptist Church He joined the Church of his mother-the Christian
Church He attended our Sunday-
hurch, South. Bro. MeAlister and his


29,1897 , on which date he died in great peace. he was stck oniy tour days, out iy he endured all. He spoke of death as a happy reiease. He sald he was reace. He was a good husoand, a duutui son, a loving orother. His favorite song was, 1 wil Snout his praise in Giory." Lear loved ones, rememver
that he said "Do not grieve for me; I that he said "No not grieve for me;
can't sone back to you, but you can can't sonce back to you, but you can
come to me." Let us aut iive so that we whil meet ' 10 m in the chy ot
J. T. SMrIH.
McALISTER.-Henry Jesse McAlister, intant son of 'T. M. and Laura Mc Aister, was born Juiy 1v, 1896, and de-
parted this tife Juy 11, 189\%. It was parted this iife Juiy 11, 189i. It was
hard for us to give him up, but the hard for us to give him up, but the
Lord best. He says: "Suffer ittie chiddren to come unto me, and tortid them not, for of such is the kingdom of heaven." 1 can say fare well, my daring, but not forever. H can not come to me, but 1 can go to
him. May the Lord heip me to tive so that I can meet litue Henry in LAURA M'ALLISTER.
SLAUGHTER.-Bro Henry E. Slaughter, who died December 16, 1897
was born in Blount County, Alabama wase 2,1825 . He moved to Fayete County, Tennessee, 1830, and thence to Texas, near Marshall, December, 1843. In November, 1868, he came to Johnson County, where, for the most of the time, he spent the remainder of
his life. He was converted in 1847 his life. He was converted in 1847 Church, South. He was one of the first of the members at Marystown,
and was a member there when he died in Marystown graveyard he was buried Bro. Slaughter was loved by his neigh many mourned his death. He was a sound Christian, a strong prohibitionist. He lived trusting God, and when he reached the brink of Jordan, he was ready, and even anxious, to cross
over. He said to his pastor: "All is perfectly clear. I have no fear whatever." He rejoiced in Jesus, his Savior; he died as he had lived, trusting to Miss M. L. Gilmore in 1848; she survives him. May the good Lord be precious to her in this sad affliction.
M. H. MAJOR.
Joshua, Texas.
BUTLER.-Mrs. Mary E. Butler, whose maiden name was Lackey, was orn in Lincoln Connty, Tennessee ctober 11, 1827, and aied at her son's, 897. She was converted in her thireenth year, and joined the Methodist Episcopal Church, South. On October

1. 1844, she was married to Mr. Butler. This union was blessed with eight hildren, three boys and five girls, seven of whom still live. She came to
Texas in 1884, and in 1885 Mr . Butler died. Since then she has made her home principally with her son, Dr. J. E. Butler, in Eastland, but visited reely among all her children. She and unassuming Christian, alway ready to do her part, a kind and affecionate mother, an indulgent grandmother, and a friend to everybody. unh was her life that even sinners trines and polity of her Church docexcited to admiration of her beautiful Christian character. The day before her death she regained consciousness,


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68 Eim Street, Now York.
and made a beautiful talk to the said: "I can't afford to miss heaven now, when I have labored so long for it." She delighted in her Bible and he Advocate. Of the latter she had
seen a reader for thirty years. She ween a reader for thirty years. Sh
was an untiring worker in protracted and camp meetings, and indeed the pastor always sought her help when a neeting was to be held. Hers will no be a starless crown. When death cam she was ready. The writer performe the burial service, and we laid her to
rest in the cemetery at Eastland, est in the cemetery at Eastiand,
Toxas, to await the resurrection of the ust. R. S. HEIZER.
STALve'IELLL-Spivy ,Stanfield, the youngest son of J. F. and M. A. Stan leld, was born Deceis and was buried in the Fairview cemetery. He wa enscious to the very end of life and cently passed to rest. Four times have hese parents bowed with submission o Him who gave and who taketh awav. May the bereaved see them again in that eity whose builder an
maker is God. SMITH.
$\left\{\begin{array}{c}\text { North } \\ \text { Texas } \\ \text { Female } \\ \text { College and } \\ \text { Conservatory of Music } \\ \text { Ez } \\ \text { Mrs.L.A. Kidd Key, Pres't } \\ \text { SHERMAN, } x \text { TEXAS }\end{array}\right.$

The faculty of this excellent school has been enlarged and strengthened by he following changes and additions: Harold von Mickwitz, Director of the Conservatory of Music, was a pupil of Leschetizky, who is recognized as the greatest living teacher of piano. Mr Mickwitz was a classmate of Paderewski, and is personally recommended by the above artists, Fannie Bloomfield Zeisler and Victor Herbert. Mr. Mick witz is probably the only authorized exponent of the celebrated Leschetizky method in the South, and those who desire the best advantages will do well to take notice.

## Herr A. J. Friedman, our new Vocal

 Teacher, comes highly recommended as an artist and as a gentleman. Mrs. Hoit, in writing of him, assures us that $e$ is a genuine artist, and that we are ortunate in securing his services.Miss Mary 0. Norris, who takes charge of our Art Department, is a eacher of unusual ability. She was engaged by the Legislature of Arkan as to paint portraits of Washington and Bryan, which she did to their reatest satisfaction. Miss Ncrris is ow in New York, getting the latest in her profession. Instruction will be iven in the whole range of art in cluding the latest in china painting. Prof. A. M. Merill, a graduate of Dickinson College, will give instruc tion in Natural Sciences. He is now in the Harvard Laboratory, pursuing his studies. We are adding a splendid physical and chemical laboratory, and pupils in these branches will be required to do individual work.
Among other improvements, furnaces are being put in "Annie Nugent Hall." The public may feel assured that 1 will spare no care or means to keep this institutiou in the front ranks, and that I will give my patrons and pupils the benefit of the best culture and talully MRS. L. KIDD KEY,


## Northwest Texes Couference.

Fort Worth Distriet-Second Round. Azle, at I./ve Oak.

 Forst Church.
Movingtoni
Mmithfield
Smit
Cresson, at Bruct
Arlington sta
Aringtonn sta
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 District Conforenee at Mawson, will em
brace the first Sundav in Mav.
John R. Nelson. P. E.
toody
Troy. at Plieasant View
Bruceville, at Eddy ... Aquilla, at Ross .......
Whitney, at Whitney
Peoria, at Cedar Creek
reoria, at Cedar Creek
Iorgan, at Kopperl ..
Mart
Mt. Catm, at Bowman G
Abott, at Bell Springs.
West, at West
Earena


at $9 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$.
Jas. Campbell, P. E.



Weatherford Distriet-Second Round.



## Whate orir



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Abllene Distriet-First Round


Georgetown District-First Round. Rertram and Mt. Horeb, at B.....Feb 5 .
alado and Corn Hill, at Salado.. Feb 13, 1 outh Temple mis


Feb 27, 28
Maren
6.


## Clarendon Distriet-First Round.





| Brownwood District-First Round. Santa Anna, at Santa Anna........ Feb 5, 6 O. F. Sensabaugh, P. E. |
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| Gatesville District-First Round. Coryell City, at Moshiem..........Feb 5. 6 G. S. Hardy, P. E. |
| East Texas |
| Beaumont Disrict-First Round. <br> Orange $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$. . Feb 5 , |
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## Palestine District-Fist

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## Grapeland cir, at Grapelandi. Holcombe e cr, at Center Hiil.

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Harrison Circuit
Arreston Circutit
Kellyville Circuit
Beekville Circuit
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Henderson Circuit
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Kilgore Circuit
Vorth Side Station
Coffeeville Circuit


Feb

San Augustine District-First Round.
Selrose, at Cove Springs..........



Nacogdoches Station $\ldots$.. T. Smith, P. E.
North Texas Conference.


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Roots and Plants,
which which are chemi-
cally extrants cally extracted so
as to retainall as to retain alltheir
medical qualities. medical qualities.
Its action is expecIts action is expec-
torant, causing the torant, causing the
lungs to throw off the phlegm or mucus, changes the
secretions, purifies the blood, heals
the inflamed and brane, gives tone to the digestive organs, andimparts strength to the whole system. Such is the imme-
diate and satisfactory effect, that it is warranted to break up the
most distressing cough. It contains no opium. For sale by all druggists.

THREE SIZES,
25c., 50 c., and $\$ 1.00$.

onasp artir the great t. \& $p$. "Sunset Limited," Finest Trains in the World, LOS ANGELES and SAN FRANCISCO,

ST. LOUIS and CHICACO
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THE FASIEST TIME EVER MADE. A Palace on Wheels.
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ticulars. Dallas, Texas.

## nula <br>  BAKING POWDIR Awarded

Highest Honors, World's Fair Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair. important announcment.
A Bible School at the Polytechnic College in Connection with the Summer Term.
The summer term of the Polytechnie Col
lege will open June 10 and continue eight werks. It is dsigned to reach and benetit
at least three classes of persons: 1. Those ot our own students who are be
hind on some studies and desire to bring these up, that they may enter the college classes re gularly in the fail. grade of their certificates, or do work in 3. Persons who may be able to attend sechool in the sumumer, but perhaps could not do so during the winter. mer term we will also have a Bible school. It is intended to extend aid and instruction preachers who have not had the opportuwho feel the need of more knowledge for
offered in the following:
way, with special training in its use in Christian work.
2. Intensive study of special books with the development of general methools of
Bible study. Bible.
yy nes on homiletes, pastoral the
The Bible instruetion will be given for the is himaself a preacher, and hass taken the theological course at Vanderbilt. He Greek. The leetures will be by one or more
persons of eminent ability in the subjeets on which they lecture.

## BeEville District





One bottle of Dr. Simmons' Cough Syrup will cure you, when perhaps all
the physicians in the world could not three months from now; why not try a bottle? Price
"Billinger is going to lecture on the Klondike.", "Fudge! he has never people who will hear him lecture."

$\qquad$

This Telle Where Weatth May Be Fonnd And that is more important than making Sarsaparilla is the medieine for you. It ures serofula, salt rheum, rhemmatism, caor promoted by impure blood and low state

HOOD'S PILLS are easy to take, easy Cure indigestion, headache

NOTICE
 Mareh \& at 9 ocelock Fort Worth. Texas,
M. Alt Churehes
hat have applied. or expert to anplv for hid to the appeneral Board of thrueh Eve for
tion at its appraaching annual session are requested to have their applications in
hands of Conference Seeretary by 1st of
Vare on March. If you can not have some one pres
ent at the meting of the Fxecetive Committee to represent your application, write
fulty. Turn to Advocate. January 2 . page
and see Dr. Morton's notice. We hope to get through onr wnrk in ine drave ho
ASA HOLT, Presildent.

## A TEXAS WONDER.

Halls Great Discovery
One bottle of Hall's Great Discovery cures all kidney and bladder troubles, removes gravel, cures diabetes, weak
and lame back, rheumatism, and all irregularities of the kidney and bladirregularities of the kidney and. Also regulates bladder trouble of children. If not sold by your druggist, will be
sent ty mail on receipt of $\$ 1.00$. One sent by mail on receipt of \$1.0. One
small bottle is two months' treatment and will cure any case above men
tioned. Send for Texas testimonials.

Seguin, Texas, Sept. 27, 1894.-I have taken Hall's Great Discovery, and it has eured me completely of kidney and hladder trouble. F. SUCHART,
E. W. Hall, sole proprietor, box 218,

Waco, Texas. Sold by Texas druggists.
\$25.00 FOR SHELBYYILLE.
That is what my congregation sent to
help the shelbyille brethren in rebuilding their church, recently destroyed by wind.
I send this to the Advecate that others may
bee moved to respond to eall. Help these brethren. and help now.
Yata wil be helping those who help them-
Sellvex. Henderson, Texas. CHAS.


GENERAL CONFERENCE
 Referring to the following elrcular letter from two ce rtain petsons, and dated Waes
Texas, January 18 B 1808 , there se emas to be
s. me mistake abeut the number required in
 interested parties from the start that
wonid run a through sleeper to Battimore.
regardless of the number golng Yery re.
 Waco, Texax, Jon. 13, 1808. Dhar Brother: By aetion of the delegates
leet to the Gen ral Confervee, the mat-
ter of railicad transportation and routo was placed in our hapds.





 the General Confervere be the Anvual ©, \%

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## TRIP TO BILTTMORE


 Th May for the acemmmedation of the


 the rery best aceommodatlons.
Plense write me if you wish a b rth in
 trip, or stay in oll at my command Re-
to furniht you all
apectfully.
B. BURGHER.


## HOW A WOMAN MADE MONEY IN 1897.

 Having read numerous accounts of persons making money easily, prompts past few years i have tried selling various speciaities, Dish Washers being included, but usually met with failure uncil I tried the Imperial Dish Washer. Since taking up this work I have made from $\$ 100$ to $\$ 150$ per month, and onlyworked part of the time. worked part of the time.
the Imperial Dish Washer, as it is only necessary to show it in operation to make sales When the housekeeper once sees it wash, dry and polish the dishes in 3 minutes without the operator wetting her hands, it requires little or no argument to make a sale.
If any of your readers desire
ble and genteel employment 1 would strongly recommend the business of selling these Dish Washers. Ladies can do the work as well as men. No experience is neccessary You can secure full particulars and
get a start in the business by writing get a start in the business by writing
to the Imperial Dish Washer to the Imperial Dish Washer Co., St.
Louis, Missouri.
"F. M."

The devil fears the prayer that is
learned at a mother's learned at a mother's knee.

Hunt's Lightnting Oil
Cures Catarrh, Neuralgia, H Cramp Colic and Diarrhoea. Failing money refunded.

## PILES.

Texas Christian Advocate: If any of your subscribers write to me immeto send mee testimenial will agree more when cured, I will send them some remedies for this disease which will afford prompt relief, remove the cause and afford a permanent cure and save them from the surgeon's knife or painful hypodermic syringe. Those
not subscribers will send the full price ( $\$ 10.0 \mathrm{e}$ ) with the order Reference-All
county. Give the postoffice and express office Address,
. M. BRIDGES, Cleburne, Texas.
Tor have used Piso's Cure for Consumption trouble it is excelled by no other medicine.
I cannot speak high enough in tis praise. and wonld not be without if for anything in
the worlid. John
Cons., April 5 . 1807 . Whitman, Coventry,

A slight cough is a slight thing, but it may become serious; do not hesitate to buy a bottle of Dr. Simmons' Cough
Syrup, it will cure you. Satisfaction
guaranteed. Fifty cents and fifty doses.

A

What does A stand for? When some friend suggests that your blood needs A sarsaparilla treatment, remember that A stands for AYER'S. The first letter in the alphabet stands for the first of sarsaparillas ; first in origin, first in record, first in the favor of the family. For nearly half a century

## AyeP's Sarsaparlilia

has been curing all forms of blood diseases-scrofula, eczema, tetter, rheumatism, erysipelas, blood poisoning, etc. There's a book about these cures - "Ayer's Curebook, a story of cures told by the cured," story of cures told by the cured," Dr. J. C. Ayer, Lowell, Mass. The book will interest you if you are sick or weak, because it tells not what it is claimed the remedy will do, but what your neighbors and fellows testify that it has done. Will it cure you? It has cured thousands like you. Why not you?

A patched-up friendship is apt to
break in a new place.
That cough of yours may become seious; why neglect it when a bottle of Dr. Simmons Cough Syrup will cure it? Fifty doses for fifty cents. Satisaction guaranteed.

What a career the Almighty Father
chose for his beloved Son!
CONSUMPTION CURED.
An old physiecian, reured from proetice, had
placed in his hands by an East India missionplaced in his hands by an East India mission.
ary he formula of a simple vegetable remedy
or the
 Throut and Lung A feetions, also a positive and
radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nerv.
ous Complaints. Having tested its wonderful radicai cure ior Nervous Debility and all Nerv.
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surative powers in thousands of cases, and de. surative powers in thousands of cases, and de.
siring to relleve human suitering. I will send siring to relieve human surtering. it will send
tree of eharge to all who wwish i. this reecpe in
German, French or English, with full direetions


The covetous man finds it up-hill ork to be honest.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth



Thanksgiving is the specific for anxiety.
The Texas \& Paetfic give you cholee of
routes via Memphis, Shreveport or New
A new cataloger

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The Texas a Pacile are now runnlng
the Anest Chair Cars in the South-seata
tree.
Those contemplating the purchase of a piano would do well to write the WiII A. Watkin Music Co. for complete il-
lustrated catalogues, giving information that will be valuable and assisting one in this important purchase. Adaress WILL A. WATKIN MU
CO., 265-267 Main Street, Dallas.

No ferry transfer at Memphis via the
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way, thus preventing delay on your return
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Teacher-Tommy, what is meant by nutricious food. Tommy-Something



[^0]:    see so much about in this paper. I am fully guaranteed and only cos 22.00 . You also get the
    Adaress Texas Christian Adrocate, Dallas, Texas.

[^1]:    He was a man of strong convictions,

[^2]:    Liberty Enlightening the World.
    farmers are becoming enlightened
    FARM IMPLEMENTS MOLINE LINE

    IS CONCEDED
    THE BEST.
    
    Wejalso have the best Farm Wagons and Finest Bugg
    Address TEXAS MOLINE PLOW CO.,
    Warkhouse and office: $\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { COR. AUSTIN ST. AND PACIFIC A ve }\end{array}\right\}$ Dallas, Texas.
    I am pralsed bu all of mu purchaserfs.
    WHO AM If Don't you know-almost everybody does. Well, I am the sewing machine that you see so much about in this paper. I am fully guaranteed and only cost 822.00 . You also got
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