# The $\mathfrak{C x w a z}$ Christian Alvocate. 

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| OL. XXVI. |  | GALVESTON, TEX | XAS. JULY 19, 1879. |  | NO. 45 |
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| Oxxas Christian Gdroate |  |  |  |  |  |
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| morripuon natee. |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No discount allowed to getter un of club Prper free to sender of club of ten. | it t (tis, |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { the } \\ & \text { Her } \\ & \text { Bide } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | years belind time. |  |  |  | 4th, yisted Friday and saturay) |
| tiox of the n. e. church <br>  |  |  |  |  | apd |
|  | ${ }^{\text {son, }}$, ed ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  |  |  | operations. Corn crops extra good. Crass and water plenty. Health |
| number of the New Yock dist has an article under the |  |  | New I ork indepenctent; arent he a sweet son of Wesley? Think of such a political strmp-specalier being |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Grass and water I } \\ & \text { good.-P. TAckITT. } \end{aligned}$ |
| heed, writter by Re |  |  |  |  |  |
| İ. E. Church. This | wric |  |  | lit day, Every neighiorhood | ${ }_{\text {on }}^{\text {on }}$ find last night |
| er beter in tene than most of | anivesity |  |  |  |  |
| crer. For instance, an |  | (insert bro. Rosese name among |  |  |  |
| mous correspondent, from an im. | lege, of | Nan Marrox District Confer |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| urch, seoth : "They allow in |  |  |  |  |  |
| chureh almost every thing | sehool at Chape |  |  |  |  |
| and licentiouseess., | sylvania. |  | have fully consecrated themselves |  | Rejoice with us.-J. W. Penasoor. |
| pondent does not deemer |  |  |  |  | Rusk Cheroke Co, July 11. - |
| lent lis antention to the the command. | sity, at |  |  |  |  |
| Th | ate of the Weslegan Univerity, at |  |  | xb, Fort Bend Coo, July |  |
|  |  |  | ${ }_{\text {ing }}{ }_{\text {ing }}$ M. May the lime lord reward them. |  |  |
| Brush refrains fro |  |  |  |  |  |
| ping charges. He does not |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| The M. E. Church is neeled in |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | cult |  |  |  | will embrace the fourth saturday |
| apon the people. For cears no exten- |  |  |  |  | in September.-J. W. Jonssox |
| sivereeival hasbleseded the churches |  |  |  |  | Lant |
| great need of the country | waste time | dever |  | ence at | at P Teea |
| mated ministry." Cor |  |  |  | ance w |  |
|  | for |  |  |  |  |
| of the M. E. Church as to the |  |  |  |  | sich |
| largely engaged in "land | We might answer other points in |  | Tal |  |  |
|  | at present. |  |  |  |  |
|  | Corpus curist Mistrei co | (tiret conference to be hel |  |  |  |
| has pec | corp |  |  |  |  |
| nees. As to the "ineubus of moral |  | Our 年ostai © Cards. |  |  |  |
|  |  | biatos, $A$ |  |  |  |
|  | Nuluen, Live Oak, Bee, |  |  |  | Hoos. |
|  |  | chapel. Had large and att |  |  |  |
| reports of more than two hundred | vic | of to |  |  |  |
| dins |  |  |  |  |  |
| h-a prety lively | A meri |  | ton: : yut if the worm comee the |  | third quarterly coniferene is |
| Amain, Dr. Arus hays: "Giod has | connected with the Mexicen border |  |  |  |  |
| held Texas-this magnificent coun- try-in reserve till the present that |  |  | rrop will be short in this connty.- |  | the people? Exery good git we |
|  |  | Thosaseos. |  |  |  |
| might pre-occupy it in the interest |  | AL |  |  |  |
| hink |  |  |  |  |  |
| about forty years behind time. |  | ma | preating sa now. We haye held | Took the cars to East Bernari |  |
|  |  | w | mission-occasions of grat power | wititin | and not enough of Methodist poo- ple Our havis in |
| time had arrived toplant the stand- |  | be Fri | to our |  |  |
|  | pla | ${ }_{\text {in Augus }}^{\text {meting }}$ | ${ }_{\substack{\text { inf } \\ \text { niteres } \\ \text { Nicke, }}}$ | preeceded us there, for seven tents |  |
|  | remored |  |  |  |  |
|  | the |  |  |  | Himizo Hidilago Co. |
| erer, in the interests of the "nation" |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | T. Freman, of t |  |  |  |  |
| rays: "It is worthy | Bi | mekpare, Milam | and women in ch |  |  |
| hat the future of Texas is to | dircuit, |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| is throw | ch |  | want siow more of the | terea over the grounds The prace | hie Alvocates amiest correspon- |
| in for buncombe. In the doctor's |  |  |  |  |  |
| stimation "the Sort" is the inex- | mens |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| is | ${ }^{\text {che }}$ |  |  | ceses her |  |
| base |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | The |  |  |  |  |
| texas. Fam not |  |  |  |  |  |
| ; if |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| anguage of Job: "Xo doubt |  |  |  |  |  |
| he people, and wislom |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hie with you." Dr. Brush |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| First--It is the only logal church |  |  | 隹 |  |  |
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2ans Chrigtian adworate

south is very dear, one come word ord, orgravitation should be suspended,
as if in despai oo find the planets and satellites
tite
were fllung upon the measuretess



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 Yorth Carolina, which has a mon-
opoly of the od names, is proud
to own the postoffice of Nutual
Love tive

the country with a liberal hand.
Rome, Syracuse, and Carthage are Rome, Syracuse, and Carthage are
supplemented with Manlius, , om-
per. Tully, Cicero, Romulus, and a full assortmen
the dwellers
course, such names can have no
possibe meaning, as thus attached;
they are merely phey are meanely stuck on, and their
being cut off amain would being eut off again would not
considered a loss by anybody. propriateness, should have a local
application if possible ; or if this
is not practicable is not practicable, a name which
perpetuates some incident connectregion is a good substitute.
A termination in too common
use is the French "ville." Nothing more poor and mean in American
nomenclature can be found in the gazetteers than this everlasting
ville. For example, there are 44 Washingtons in the republic,
which, considering the popularity the poverty of invention of his
children, is not why, in the name of common tonvilles, in addition to the full
tale of Washingtons? There are no less than 16 Oranges in the naturally, where oranges never
grow. But to these are added
Orangevilles. In this State is the love we bear to DeWitt, we have 1 village bearing that name, 1
DeWitt Centre, and 1 DeWittville. And, having immortalized the disstowing his name on 23 towns and cities and Columbia on 31 more,
we have 2 Columbianas and 1 Co we have 2 Columbianas and 1 co compass naturally take the lead in
our town nomenclature. Having our town nomenclature. Having
set off a new town from an old one
what more easy and thougt-sav ing than to tack a point of the compass on to the offshoot? Mas sachusetts is the laziest of the
States, if this is an indication laziness. As a recent writer has
said, she has suspended on the points of the compass more thai 200 of her towns. There are in the whole country no less than 650
towns and cities which have Wes for a prefix; of these, 15 are West
fields. There are more than 600 Norths of various combinations, Northfield coming out strong in
the list. There are 9 North Forks, however; and, to keep up the name,
7 Northvilles. In the use of the East we are

Onas Christian Gdvocate

## lonion letter.


The Royal Agricult tural somp society under the nominal patronage of
the Prince of Wales, is in the midst of preparation for an Internationa
Agricultural Exhibition that prom






 | grand network of street riilmays |
| :--- |
| and every orr goes loaded day ynd |

 beautiful animals, many of whire




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 foundriestaills and hactories are
to obe ountel $y$ the
thoosnd in
 hotel, which burnt down a few
years ayo, is to be rebuilt now on a magniticentscale,and a new thea-
ter, one of the finest in the union,
is approaching completion. The is approaching competion. The
great river bridge, the fair grounds
or Zoological garden, Lafayette park and the Union depot are ob-
jects of especial interest to strangTe BRO
 "


Irainvurs-WV have refraned
 we would not be justified in lend-
ing the influence of the ADVocate
toward encouraging the enterprising to embark in an uncertain
business. Observation and expe--
rience teach that even rumors as to mineral discoveries operate as an
extremely unhealthy stimulant to perilous adventure, and, as in the closed men's eyes to those inva wreck of thousands. We are able
now to place before our readers a
true and unprejudiced report from Leadville. Mr. John Goggin, of
the poular firm of Thos. Goggin
\& Bro., has just returned from a
five weeks' sojourn there. From his comprehensive report we epom
mise these facts: As is the case
with all newly settled places, and with all newly settled places, and
especially mining settlements,
gambling and licentiousness are
rampant. The inexperienced, there-
fore stand a observation, however, develops the
fact that a vast amount of solid
business is transacted and grand
fortunes are being made. If one can get a "prospect," "dig his
hole," and then have the nerve
and capital to keep at it longenough paying oree. The depth waries frikem
50 to 400 feet. Just here is where the iniscry begins. Miost of the for-
tune-hunters are without capital-
or at lieast only have enough toget
a "claim" in tempting condition, when they must sell out an a a sacri-
fice. Large companies, with ample
cappital, have their agents watching
for these advantages, hence, Lead-
ville wealth gravitates in mot workers leave discouraged, often
having to beg or work their pass.
sage home. Therefore, pcople with웅룽 by money. The nigitse even now,
sometimes reach a freezing temperature, while the days are disagree-
ably warm-these extremes and
changes superinducing pneumonia, changes superinducing pneumonia,
inflammation of lungs, etc., thus
causing many and sudden deatt As a whole, Mr. Goggin's report is
not encouraging. To be a success at Leadville, you must be proof
against "sharpers"; you must have
plenty of capital, and run h frres. ject of attraction at a funeral. Ang Any
one, however, desirous of taking
the the chances, can glean a great deal
of valuable information from Mr. Goggin, and also examine speci-
mens of LLeadville's best produc-
tions of ore, as he has on exhibition at his store a very large quantity.
THE report of yellow fever at
of the whis has been the news event under review. A perof the week under review. A per-
fect panic was created at Memphis,
while at Vicksburg, New Orleans Whil. Louis, Galveston and other
st Laces the excitement was intense.
Five cases of fever were Five cases of fever were reported
at Memphis-two beingdetermined
genuine. Two well-defined cases at New Orleans are reported from
reliable sources, though denied by
the New Orleans Board of Health It is safe, however, to say all the
cases cited are sporadic and the
probability of epidemic is not at all imminent. The nervousness of
the public,occasioned by the terrible
experiences of lops. experiences of last y
magnifies the danger.
You can often get good bargains
by sending to first hands. See ad-
vertisement of Brooklyn Furnitur Company for a chance to get cheap
and good furniture.

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ific over $813,000,000,000$ shave 186
throush through the treasury's hands. We
compile from the report a few
items that tend to triotic officials execute the sacred people: In the bureau of engrav-
ing and printing it was found that shortly before last year's elections
nearly three hundred needless employes were put on the pay-rolls.
Instead of the bureau costing about 8150000 in the fiscal year 1878 , as
has been publicly represented, it really cost the government in
various ways over 8800,000 . The
cost of the bureau for the sixteen cost of the bureau for the sixteen
years of its existence is so mixed in the treasury accounts with
other matters that it could not be
precisely ascertained without the pre
clerks for many months. Accord-
ing to the best attainable informa-
tion at least $827,000,000$ have been spent on it, much of which has
been wasted or stolen. for treasury special agents collecting captured and abandoned prop-
erty at the South, and for turning into the treasury the proceeds of
such property, to be returned to the owners on proofbefore the court
of claims of ownership and freedom of clams corplicity with the rebellion.
from
Under this act 175,000 bales of cotton were collected and sold, the proceeds being, as nearly as could
be ascertained, $836,500,000$. Of this 89,01 , ${ }^{\text {en }}$ were eaten up in "ex-
of this, $89,545,000$ over $82,000,000$ been re-
ourned to owners under the judg. ment of the court of claims, 81 ,-
623,000 by the secretary of the treasury, $\$ 292,000$ under special
acts of congress and $\$ 188,000$ under the act of May 18 , 1872 in in
all, $811,64,000$. This should
leave on hand over $815,500,000$, leave on hand of the secretary shows but about $89,000,000$ on
hand. What has become of the
other six and half millions the $\underset{*}{\text { committee }}$ could not learn.

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\begin{aligned}
& \text { The report gives in de- } \\
& \text { tail the process by which a treasury } \\
& \text { official arsisted in bulling Bonanzan }
\end{aligned}
$$

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\begin{aligned}
& \text { stock, enabling the officers to sell } \\
& \text { enough to realize about } 8125,000 \text {, }
\end{aligned}
$$

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\begin{aligned}
& \text { enough to realize about } 8125,000,- \\
& 000 \text {, and the fall caused the buyers } \\
& \text { to lose about } 8100,000,000 \text {, which }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { the first sellers pocketed by this of } \\
& \text { ficial's aid. This spread misfor- } \\
& \text { tune and distress throughout the } \\
& \text { Pacific const. The same nartv olson }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { tune and distress throughout the the } \\
& \text { Pacific coast. The same party also } \\
& \text { helped the. Nevala bank of San } \\
& \text { Francisco. letting it know of the }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Francisco, letting it know of the } \\
& \text { stoppage of the coinage of trade } \\
& \text { dollars in time to make a hand- }
\end{aligned}
$$


 er's books revealed the fact that
$819,000,000$ of notes were at one
time secretly afloat for some months, the treasury statements
being false during that time to that
extent; and the fact of that secret extent; and the fact of that secret
issue remained unknown till lighted on by the Glover committee.
The books were falsified, and a
balance forced to conceal this secret issue, by untruly stating
that $\$ 19,000,000$ had been deposit-
${ }_{*}$ From 1867 to 1873, while theamount of greenbacks authorized
by law was $8356,000,000$, the treas-repeatedly the amount afloat was
$82,000,000$ above theamount in the middle of the
month, enough being turned over
for destructionfor destruction on the last day of
the month to bring the total down
to $8.56,000,000$ and in othermonths the circulation was cut
down as nuch as $812,000,000$ belowthe published figures in the middle
of the month, enough being takenfrom the unissued notes on hand
on the last day to make up the
Spinner swore that the public debtstatements did not agree with his
books; that he did not approve ofthem; that his name wasprove put to
them without his authority ; that
he was not allowed to publishhe was not allowed to publish
truthful statements ; that balanceswere forced in these statementsand that he finally got the law
changed so as to relieve him of the$*$
of In nearly the whole
of the fiscal year, 1866 , the treasurer's books show that the amount
of compound-interest notes out-
standing was from $85,000,000$ to
$884,000,000$ more than the public
debt statements showed
debt statements showed, One
month it was $826,000,000$ less.
Three different statements of the


