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VOLUME XXIII.

GALVESTON, SATURDAY, OCT. 23, 1875.

NUMBER 19.

W. A. Dunklin, F. M. Dunklin.
W. A. DUNKLIN & CO.
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Christian Advocate

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GALVESTON, TEXAS, OCT. 23, '75.

Letters Unanswered.

Oct. 15—Jno. B. Denton; T. G. Woods; W. T. Melugin; Hugh Griffin; R. W. Finley; Wm. A. Smith; W. A. Shook; J. Campbell; Geo. W. Graves; "T. W." (San Felipe—you must send me to insure insertion of communication.)

Oct. 18—J. N. Bridges; W. Vaughn; C. W. Thomas; R. M. Powers; S. W. Chase; W. J. Grant; Dr. Wm. R. Alexander; J. B. Womack.

Oct. 19—J. L. Lemons; L. B. Hickman; "T. W." (Send your name in full to insure insertion of article.) Jos. B. Hall, F. A. Mool.

(The following letters have been omitted in previous issues of paper):

J. G. Warren, (It was not received); W. A. Moore; R. M. Powers; R. H. H. Burnett; J. W. B. Allen; Sam'l Morris; Jas. G. Johnson; J. M. Truitt; W. H. Moss; W. H. Greer; J. Matthews; H. V. Phillips; Sam'l Weaver; A. G. Nolen; M. H. Willis; A. C. Delaplaine; C. H. Smith; J. C. A. Bridges; J. Burford; J. R. D. Taylor; B. Harris; H. M. Booth; Dan'l Morse; E. F. Boone; H. S. P. Ashby; R. H. H. Burnett; G. H. Phair; A. M. Box; Theo. Stanford; R. H. Neely; Jno. E. Vernon; (?) O. S. Farwell; J. N. Reeves; J. C. Huckabee; I. W. Spence; O. M. Addison; H. H. Sullivan; W. C. Blair; T. R. Curtis; D. M. Proctor; R. C. Armstrong; Geo. S. Gatewood; B. J. Baldwin; T. W. Hines.

BIRDSTOWN MISSION—Mr. Editor—I suppose you have yet to learn that there is such a work in the bounds of the Northwest Texas Conference as Birdstown Mission, as our good secretary failed to forward you a copy of the minutes of the last annual conference. Well, sir, there is really such a work, and we are resolved you shall know of our existence; and we think the best way to bring ourselves into notice is to send some subscribers to the ADVOCATE; so I will send you the name of one this morning as the first installment of the twenty-five which we ought to send. Look to hear from us again soon.—J. B. WAMACK.

FROM MELROSE—Mr. Editor—I have just closed our camping meeting and fourth quarterly conference. We had a pleasant time, four conversions, the same number of accessions. Preachers present: Bro. J. R. Belamy, our beloved presiding elder; Bros. Burks, Parks, Cox, Wilson, Thomas; have held protracted meetings at most of the appointments on the circuit. The total number received this year, 62; adults baptized, 10. The membership of the circuit has been greatly revived—hence we are prepared to say the Lord has done great things for us, whereof we are glad.—J. N. BRIDGES.

PATENTS.

Issued by Patent Office to Citizens of Texas, for the week ending October 15th, 1875.

Furnished the ADVOCATE by J. McF. Perkins & Co., Attorneys and Patent Solicitors, Washington, D. C.

168,294. Windmills. Lawrence E. Stephens and S. F. Shay, Terrell. [Filed Aug. 14, 1875.]—A series of inclined vanes mounted upon a vertical shaft, and set in a circular opening in the lower side of a square or polygonal casting, provided with folding doors opening outward on each side, each set of which are connected at their upper and lower edges by means of a strip of canvas, so that when opened outward they will form a funnel-shaped mouth for the entrance of the wind to the chamber, which, finding no escape through the vanes of the wheel, puts the same in motion. On the top of the chamber is secured a weighted valve, by which the pressure upon the wheel is relieved when too great.

168,213. Stilts. Franklin Beaumont, Jr., Dallas, assignor to himself and Wm. H. Beaumont, same place. [Filed July 26, 1875.]—The foot plate is hinged to the sleeve which slides upon the staff, for adjustment to any desired point at which a spring serves to press the foot-lever. The lever engages with the wood of the staff, the weight of the walker also preventing disengagement while it is in use.

168,266. Wash-Boilers. Frank Mackli, Richmond. [Filed May 22, 1875.]

OUR CHICAGO LETTER.

John Frost—Epizootic—Lectures—Industrial Exposition—Ohio Election—Petticoats in Court—Bob-tailed Cars—Moody and Sankey—M. E. Church Conference—Whittle and Bliss—Miscellany.

CHICAGO, Oct. 16, 1875.

We are a hospitable people, we Chicagoans, but it is with us as with every one else—we invariably like to make a choice of those whom we are to entertain. An unwelcome visitor has made his appearance in our midst within the last week. He is one of those cool, impudent fellows, to whom it is natural for one to give the cold shoulder. His presence throws a chill over the warmest hearted people, and his action conveys the impression that he possesses a cold and uncogent nature—and withal he is treated everywhere with the broadest familiarity, for every one speaks of him by his Christian, or, what is worse, by a nick-name. I, of course, refer to Mr. John Frost, generally known as Jack Frost. Camphor chests are no longer sacred precincts undisturbed, but have become the most commonplace division of the social wardrobe. Overcoats, furs and muffs have, after a repose of many months, been again dragged forth, and although wearing the aspect of strangers, have received that welcome which Hamlet invites his friend to accord to the apparition of the ghost of his father, "as a stranger."

The epizootic, that dreaded and troublesome animal disease, is again making its appearance among the horses here. It has only come upon us in a mild form as yet, but it is impossible to feel safe that it will not soon develop into an aggravated epidemic. The lecture season has opened under the most favorable auspices. I am not a lecture-lover myself, because I look upon it as a sort of hospital profession for supernaturated actors and actresses, escaped runs of questionable fame, and free-thinkers who have become widely known by scandal or ill-repute of some sort. Chicagoans, as a rule, take to lectures as naturally as a bantling to Mrs. Winslow's soothing syrup. As in Boston, these deluded Westerners imagine that the love of a lecture betokens a literary taste. It is a pleasant delusion, but it partakes of that favorable feature of delusions in general—i. e. that some people profit by it. Of course there are some worthy exceptions, among which I may mention Mr. James T. Fields, whose graceful lectures on "Dickens" and "Cheerfulness" richly deserve an attentive hearing. The majority of lecturers, however, seem to wear a smile as they come into the rostrum which says, with Iago, as plainly as words could say, "Thus do I ever make my fool my purse."

Miss Victoria C. Woodhull lectured here last evening to a large audience—more curious than appreciative. Her lecture was entitled "The True and the False, Socially." She held that a change in our course of life was necessary to prolong our existence as a nation. She dealt extensively in such platitudes as that nations fell and went out of existence, through the degenerate lives of the inhabitants; and gave us nothing startlingly new. Two-thirds of the audience went away evidently disappointed, as they had expected to hear some fresh developments in the Beecher scandal, in which she has taken an unenviably prominent part. Theodore Tilton, now called "the champion American picture hanger," is advertised to lecture here on the 22d inst., on "The Problem of Life"—which he has been working out by such false moral algebra. Of course he will draw—as people will not be slow to go where they can catch a glimpse of humanity so much more contemptible than the average. But Tilton, as he passes to the credit of his bank account the proceeds of these lectures, may feel satisfied that he has earned them by virtue of that same curiosity which impels some men to go to witness the hanging of a fellow creature.

Our Industrial Exposition closed on the 9th inst., after a most successful "run" of fully four weeks. It was said to be hardly up to the average, but at the same time possessed many attractive features which visitors were not slow of appreciating. It attracted a large attendance of country buyers, who freely supplied their wants from local stocks, helping to make trade very active, which was the main object after all.

The Ohio election forms the chief topic of conversation at present, and the result is very generally regarded with favor. Gov. Hayes' (Rep.) majority will be 4,000 or thereabouts. The Republicans gained the Legislature by 2 majority in the Senate, and 12 in the House. The only point at issue was the question of paper or hard money, and I am glad to say that the people have decided in favor of money with an intrinsic value.

For the benefit of your aggrieved correspondent I would mention that the lady lawyer, Miss Alta M. Pulett, yesterday had the handling of a somewhat important case in the Superior Court, viz.: that of Fred Rehkopf vs. the Chicago & Northwestern Railway for damages in the sum of \$10,000 for the loss of a limb—she appearing for the plaintiff. The fees in the event of her getting a verdict will probably be very substantial. One ridiculous part of the proceedings I will refer to: Some unjustified insinuations having been thrown out by the opposing counsel, Miss Hulett addressed the jury as follows: "I assure you, gentlemen of the jury, that he (the attorney for the defense) has always conducted himself with the most becoming propriety in my office. And I assure you furthermore, gentlemen of the jury, upon my word of honor, that had he not done so, I have both the physical and moral ability to have thrown him out of the window." The laughable part of the affair is embodied in the fact that Miss Hulett is a little lady of some 140 pounds in weight; while Mr. Jas. Harrington, the counsel for the railway, kicks the beam somewhere in the neighborhood of 190. I need offer no comments; although, of course, I by no means approve of this particular or any other instance of implied insult being offered a woman by the sterner sex. If all men were Chevalier Bayards or Lord Chesters by nature, it would be possible to hope that women might pleasantly follow all callings—however lucrative.

The South side has been afflicted for sometime with bob-tailed cars, such cars as are run in your city. A citizen's club has been formed to do away with this nuisance, and its platform is, "no conductor, no fare." They hold, and very properly, that it is an imposition to run cars without conductors, because of the fact that there is no one on them to protect ladies from insult, etc.; and that furthermore, no passenger who pays his fare should be required to act as conductor for the company, as very often gentlemen are obliged to do in passing fares up to the box when the car is in an overcrowded state. The association ask the people to refuse to pay fares except to a regular conductor, and promise to retain eminent counsel for any one who may suffer in consequence of such action. A man, who acted in accordance with this plan, was arrested for disorderly conduct, and tried yesterday and acquitted. The citizen's club now propose suing the city railway for \$10,000 damages.

It is now a settled thing that Moody and Sankey will not visit our city before the New Year dawns upon us. They are to create a revival in Brooklyn on October 24, and from all appearances it is just to say that no city is evidently more in need of divine grace than the "City of Churches," as it was formerly called—the "City of Scandal," as it should be now stigmatized.

On the morning of the 13th inst., the Wisconsin Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church met at Racine, Wisconsin. After the sacrament of the Lord's supper, one hundred ministers answered to their names. Bishop J. W. Wiley is President and H. Coleman Secretary of the Conference. The usual committees were appointed and the presiding elders gave an account of their respective charges. The evening of the 14th was occupied by

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Business is fairly active, and will probably continue so until after the holidays. The Hon. S. N. Drake, whoever he may be, is registered at the Palmer House to-day, from Galveston, Texas. "Ta-ta."
 MARLBOROUGH.

NEWS ITEMS.

New York city has hotel accommodations for 75,000 guests. Wendell Phillips, the clerical politician of the North, says in regard to the money question: Give us "fewer checks and more greenbacks." The public should respond: Give us a check, drawn on the reverend politician in favor of silence, and a guarantee from protest. The Beecher-Tilton jury are asking extra pay for their part in the farce that inundated the country with scandal. Congressman Kerr of Indiana, has not withdrawn from the contest for the speakership. Mr. Vanderbilt will not allow a Central (N. Y.) railroad official to be a candidate for public office. Grant put upon the market the horse that carried him through the exciting Vicksburg campaign. The high figure the historical quadruped reached, was only \$56. The increase of wages paid Pennsylvania working men in 1874 over 1860, is within a fraction of 32 per cent. The advance in prices for all articles of food, clothing, etc., in 1874 on 1860, is within a fraction of 44 per cent. Result: the higher wages of the working classes in 1874, purchase 12 per cent. less than the lower wages of 1860. At a recent religious conference in Brighton, a speaker said: "We should leave ourselves in the hands of the Lord as dead: because," said he, "what says Hezekiah: 'O Lord, I beseech thee, undertake for me.' California has heretofore been given an area of 188,981 square miles. It is an error—the true dimensions being ascertained by late surveys to be only 156,720. The Dodge-Jewel wedding presents amounted to \$10,000. Can this be termed dodging for jewels? The father of the deceased stock gambler, Jim Fisk, is a temperance lecturer. Russia still refuses to take part in the United States Centennial. Herr Krueger, of Spadua, Germany, died last month. He is distinguished for his aid to Carl Schurz and his comrade Kinkel, in their escape from the fortress of Spadua in 1848. Capt. Dawkins, of the ill-fated ship Vanguard, has been dismissed from command in the English navy. All who sail under the Union-Jack, from a common tar to admiral, are subject to England's inexorable navy discipline. It is worthy example in our own country. The money clause in the platform of the Ohio Democrats is now termed, "the Ohio craze." The New York Herald says the Ohio election has killed inflation as a practical issue in American politics; and that the coming Presidential contest will not be fought on the currency question. Judge Pershing, (Pennsylvania,) is a candidate for Governor. A number of journals now desire him to "step down and out" of his judgeship, and not drag the ermine through the mire of a political campaign.

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LETTER FROM VIRGINIA.

ASHLAND, Oct. 12, 1875.

Mr. Editor—I have frequently thought to ask permission to write a short letter to my many friends in Texas through the columns of your widely distributed paper, but the idea of encroaching upon your space that might be so much better filled has restrained me.

By the time this reaches you we shall have started to our Texas home. Though our stay in Virginia has been delightfully spent, revisiting, as we have done the familiar scenes, and enjoying the pleasant associations of other days, yet so much do we feel identified with Texas and her interests, and such are the friendships we have formed, and so many are the loved ones in the Lone Star State, we claim it as the home of our affection, and are longing to return to her bosom again, where we hope to spend and be spent in discharging the duties Providence may assign us.

We have read with saddened hearts the various accounts of the terrible calamity that has befallen our people, but I suppose we cannot possibly estimate the intense suffering of those who through the long fearful hours were exposed to the dashing waves and chilling winds, while watching their earthly effects borne away on the rolling tide to an unknown sea, and with scarcely a beam of hope that they themselves would be rescued from a watery grave; doubtless, a description of these dreary days would beggar language and bankrupt expression.

Our hearts rejoiced within us when we knew that our dear old Dr. Alexander and family were safe. May he yet be spared many years to the church, to go in and out among us as a bright and shining light. But alas! how many "noble hearts and true" have gone down beneath the yielding wave to be forever still. I am glad to see that so many of our people readily offered their substance to the destitute and afflicted. God will reward them. "He that giveth to the poor lendeth to the Lord." We are having delightful weather here now; the cool autumn winds are bracing, and to the summer invalid they come laden with health-giving properties.

We have already had several slight frosts, not sufficient, however, to injure vegetation. We are still eating vegetables of the season. The farmers generally have finished cutting their tobacco, and are now ready for the killing frosts to come. My wife's health has been greatly improved. I am much worn down from the labors of the summer; I have preached on an average of every other day since I have been in this State. Though I have often felt my system demanded rest, yet the "love of Christ constrained me," and I went forward, forgetting my own necessities in doing my Master's work, and my strength has been proportioned to my day.

I have been more than repaid for all my labors, in seeing scores of souls converted to God. One meeting I attended and conducted in the county of the "Isle of Wight," in the absence of the pastor, is especially worthy of mention; remarkable for the number of aged influential people who were gathered into the church. Some of the "tall sons of Anack," who had grown grey in sin, came over on the Lord's side and pledged themselves to redeem the days they had spent in sin by walking henceforth in God's holy ways. In one week we had nearly one hundred converts. On Sunday morning I received fifty-seven into the church, and administered the ordinance of baptism to thirty-seven at the altar; numbers of them heads of families. The church was greatly strengthened, numerically, financially and spiritually. It is my purpose now to rest until Conference, when I hope to enter upon my work and "labor of love" with my Texas brethren wherever my lot may be cast. This brief letter is either intended for some spare corner in your paper or your "waste basket," as you may think best.

Your friend and brother,
 P. C. ARCHER.

The Connecticut Constitutional amendment providing for biennial elections received nearly an unanimous vote.

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PERSONAL.—Mr. Editor.—It may be that the brethren and friends of Rev. R. B. Womack, deceased, will be interested in the following statement:

On Sunday, the 10th inst., Rev. C. H. Barker, in company with sister Womack, reached Waxahachie with the remains of her husband, which were re-interred with honors of the Masonic order. G.

We assure the merchants of this city and the people of the interior that all freights, etc., shipped in care of the steamers of Houston and Direct Navigation Company will invariably receive proper care and attention, and reach their destinations in good condition. Many persons are not aware of the invaluable services done the merchants of this city by this popular line just after the late storm. While the Galveston, Henderson and Houston Railway was temporarily crippled, barred out from the transportation of freights between this point and Houston, on account of their bridge which spans Galveston Bay having been partly washed away, it was then that the services of the Direct Navigation Company's steamers and barges came into full operation, and were appreciated as never before. Too much praise can not be accorded to Capt. Jno. Shearn, President of the Company, for the skill and consummate tact with which he administers the affairs of this company. Kind and courteous in all his dealings, he has clearly demonstrated the fact that he is the right man in the right place. The company is in a most flourishing condition, and is receiving all the patronage they merit, another proof of the fact that honesty is not only the best policy, but that cheap rates command no less the admiration than the patronage they are entitled to. A comparison of the charges demanded by this company and by their competitors will very readily convince any candid mind where the advantage to shippers may be found. We can not too heartily commend the Houston Direct Navigation Company to our patrons, and take this method of returning thanks for the many favors under which it has placed us for courtesies and kindness we have enjoyed at the hands of its directors. Their boats are models of speed, safety and comfort, and nowhere can be found gentlemen who more thoroughly understand the art of making their guests feel at home than Capt. Christian and First Clerk Long, of the Diana; and Capt. Connor and First Clerk Davis, of the Chas. Fowler. These gentlemen are peerless in their respective spheres, and from keel to keelson know exactly how to manage a steamer. Many thanks to them for the many hospitalities they have extended to the ADVOCATE and its agents.

We call special attention to the advertisement of Mr. Byrnes, Esq., which appears in to-day's issue of the ADVOCATE. Mr. Byrnes is a large and experienced dealer in Asphaltum, and can supply every demand for building purposes in his line with the best material. Asphaltum roofing is gaining daily in popularity, and at no distant day when it shall have enjoyed the benefits of all the improvements there are in store for it, there will be little else used. Already it is receiving much attention from builders, and its claims to public patronage are large. Mr. Byrnes also deals in bright and black varnish which is a most excellent preservative for metals that are exposed to the oxidizing influence of the air. Persons in the interior who desire to construct comfortable houses, should confer with him before undertaking the erection of such buildings. All communications will be cheerfully and carefully attended to.

The attention of interior merchants and planters is directed to the card of Messrs. Henry Henricks & Co., Houston, Texas. Grocers, commission merchants and agents for the most popular brands of family flour. These gentlemen have one of the best and most varied stocks in the Southwest. Their goods are purchased (for cash) direct from the most popular wholesale houses, packeries and millers of the east—thus enabling them to sell to their customers at remarkably low figures.

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Christian Advocate

The Family Circle.

Tim's Faith.

"Shall I carry your bag? I'll do it for a nickel, sir."

"No!" was the answer; and at the short, gruff reply the uncouth questioner turned away in sullen silence.

Poor Tim! all the long weary day he had wandered up and down, back and forth, watching eagerly for some chance to earn a few cents for Meg. He was homeless and friendless also, save for the one weaver who looked to him as able and willing to do for her.

He pushed his way among the eager comers and goes, out into the open street, and at the thought of his hungry Meg, waiting alone for his coming, he cried, "I can't do it. Oh! I can't do it. I can't go back with nothing for her to eat."

Night was approaching, and the gathering darkness added to his grief. Two days had nearly passed since they had eaten nourishing food, and he knew if help came, it must come speedily.

Suddenly remembering his mother's words that God would always give him what he asked, unless he intended to give him something better, and remembering how bread had been given them, his whole soul went upwards in the words: "Dear Lord, please don't let my Meg die; please don't take her away."

The very thought of a power pledged to help him had a soothing effect, and under its influence he awoke to the necessity of immediate action in Meg's behalf. Taking hold of a soiled quilt on which she lay, he drew her nearer the fire; then, gently raising her head he placed the cup of milk to her lips.

As the night advanced she grew rapidly worse, and in delirium called constantly on Timmie to come and take care of her. It was a long sad night to the poor lad, and before the close of another day he was left alone.

By the aid of a city missionary, who had learned through Dick of his trouble, arrangements were made for a proper burial. The following day an unusual procession passed through the streets of New York city out to the common burial-ground.

It was very hard for Tim to reconcile the teachings of his mother with his little sister's death. He had asked for her life and she was not spared to him. Where was the better that was to come in place of what was asked? Could it be better for her to go? Was it better for him to be alone? Then, as if light divine illuminated the darkness within, he saw how in the home above she would never hunger more.

"Yes, Shinney, he can walk, his legs is all right; 'tis something inside on him that's kind o' gone up—can't ye hear?" Then, turning to Tim, Dick adds, "Never you mind, old feller; I know where there's fodder, and that blue-eyed Meg o' yours shall have some in double quick time. Come on, boys!"

They went, leaving Tim by himself, who muttered, "God has heard me. Yes! mother, bread's coming. You was right—I know'd you was."

me. Yes! mother, bread's coming. You was right—I know'd you was." Not many minutes elapsed before the boys returned, each bringing some tangible proof of his friendship. Bread and fuel, which had that day been purchased out of their meagre earnings, were cheerfully shared with their less fortunate comrade.

Tim could not wait now that he had the means of satisfying Meg's hunger. He was no laggard in his laziest moments, and his whole soul was in this errand. He burst into the room where he had begged a shelter for himself and sister, exclaiming, "I've got some, Meg—I've got some—here it is. Now for a good supper."

But Meg was asleep. Weary with her long waiting, she had wrapped herself in all the place afforded, and lay upon the floor asleep. The scant fire had burnt low, but it was pleasant work for Tim to start it anew. They had given him bread enough for supper and breakfast, an orange for Meg, and one little fellow had sent a cup of milk—a luxury not often enjoyed.

Preparations being made for a hearty meal, he turned to where his sister lay, saying, "Come, Meg, come rouse up; there's lots of bread and milk, and an orange for you too. Come Meg."

Meg half raised her eyelids and made an attempt to smile; and then, as if even this effort wearied her, relapsed into the same dreary state. Tim noticed the haggard look, and pale pinched features, and for the first time realized that his sister's abstinence had been too long. Cold and hunger which his twelve years of rough life had made him able to endure, were too much for the delicate child of five. Terrified beyond control at the thought of losing her, he bent over her, giving vent to his grief in earnest entreaties: "Oh! Meg, I've got you some supper this time—sure I have; do please, eat something! I don't want you to die! Speak to me, Meg—speak to Timmie;" and he threw himself upon the floor beside her, his whole frame quivering with the intensity of his sorrow.

He could only die, too, and go where his mother was—he and Meg together; but to lose her, who was all the world to him, he could not bear it. Suddenly remembering his mother's words that God would always give him what he asked, unless he intended to give him something better, and remembering how bread had been given them, his whole soul went upwards in the words: "Dear Lord, please don't let my Meg die; please don't take her away."

The very thought of a power pledged to help him had a soothing effect, and under its influence he awoke to the necessity of immediate action in Meg's behalf. Taking hold of a soiled quilt on which she lay, he drew her nearer the fire; then, gently raising her head he placed the cup of milk to her lips.

She drank readily a few swallows without speaking. Tim seated himself on the floor at her side, the food which he so much needed untasted before him. His own wants were forgotten in his absorbing grief. He left nothing undone which he thought might in any way benefit his sister. He wrapped her chilled feet in heated cloths, rubbed her limbs, and at intervals gave her drink. But all his care was of no avail.

As the night advanced she grew rapidly worse, and in delirium called constantly on Timmie to come and take care of her. It was a long sad night to the poor lad, and before the close of another day he was left alone.

By the aid of a city missionary, who had learned through Dick of his trouble, arrangements were made for a proper burial. The following day an unusual procession passed through the streets of New York city out to the common burial-ground. Ten boys, some of them ragged, all uncouth and rough in appearance, headed by Dick and Tim, followed the remains of little Meg to their last earthly resting place.

It was very hard for Tim to reconcile the teachings of his mother with his little sister's death. He had asked for her life and she was not spared to him. Where was the better that was to come in place of what was asked? Could it be better for her to go? Was it better for him to be alone? Then, as if light divine illuminated the darkness within, he saw how in the home above she would never hunger more.

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They went, leaving Tim by himself, who muttered, "God has heard me. Yes! mother, bread's coming. You was right—I know'd you was."

WATCHING ONE'S SELF.—"When I was a boy," said an old man, "we had a schoolmaster who had an odd way of catching idle boys. One day he called out to us, 'Boys, I must have closer attention to your books. The first one that sees another idle I want you to inform me, and I will attend to the case.'"

"Ah!" thought I to myself, "there is Joe Simmons, that I don't like. I'll watch him, and if I see him look off his books, I'll tell."

"It was not long before I saw Joe look off his book, and immediately I informed the master."

"Indeed!" said he, "how did you know he was idle?"

"I saw him," said I.

"You did? And were your eyes on your book when you saw him?"

"I was caught, and I never watched for idle boys again."

If we are sufficiently watchful over our own conduct we shall have no time to find fault with the conduct of others.—Youth's Companion.

THAT "the demand regulates the supply" is one of the most familiar axioms of the political economists. The same law, we presume, applies to quality as well as quantity. And, what particularly interests us, this law of demand and supply holds in the matter of Sunday-school literature—books and singing-books. These things, after all, are mostly gotten up to order, to meet the expressed or else implied demand of those who wish to use them. Now, what we wish to say is, that this demand on the part of our Sunday-schools ought to be more intelligent and then more exacting.

"Doesn't this attention to methods of work interfere with true spirituality?" asked a teacher, at a conference of workers who were consulting as to the best ways of studying and teaching. "Not unless there is some superior sanctity in slovenliness," was the leader's reply. Certainly no man gains in spirituality by merely doing his work in an unmethodical, shiftless manner. "The best way is as good as any."

A TEACHER, counsels one of our exchanges, ought to be ahead of his class in all things—even in promptness of attendance at Sunday school. If he is first in his place there, he has a decided start for the day. He can greet each incoming scholar with a pleasant smile and a fitting word, and obtain a fresh influence over them for good. The scholars who are in their class before their teacher often set out for themselves in ways of thinking and doing, and the teacher fails to overtake them during the entire session hour.

THERE are, no doubt, some schools beginning work this fall by looking over their libraries, buying new books, stowing away old ones on top shelves, changing their singing books perhaps, and, it may be, thinking of getting a new cabinet organ for the old one which is all the worse for wear. These schools are quietly reminded that there are other schools which would give all they have, even if it would be next to nothing, to possess those old reading and singing books, and that rickety organ, too. We undertake to say that the address of some of these schools can be furnished if requested.

Waste Basket.

MEX talk like philosophers, yet live like fools.

WHY is the letter q the handiest in the alphabet? Because when it's in use you always find it before u.

No man can become thoroughly acquainted with his family history without running for office.

THE Snake Run Academy is the name of an Indiana school. The scholars must all be adders.

"My articles do not receive a very warm reception of late." "Our fair correspondent is mistaken," replied the editor: "they meet with the warmest reception possible. We burn them all."

A WESTERN man, reading of a cricket club in a New York paper, writes the editor to know if the club is good for anything for grasshoppers.

"QUILLS are things that are sometimes taken from the pinions of one goose to spread the opinions of another.

A WOMAN is very like a kettle, if you come to think of it. She sings away so pleasantly—then she stops—and, when you least expect it, she boils over!

A YOUNGSTER being required to write a composition upon some portion of the human body, selected that which unites the head to the body, and expounded as follows: "A throat is convenient to have, especially to roosters and ministers. The former eats corn and crows with it; the latter preaches through his'n, and then ties it up. This is pretty much all which I can think of about necks."

GALVESTON ADVERTISEMENTS.

LEON & H. BLUM. Importers and Jobbers of Foreign & Domestic Dry Goods, GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, BOOTS and SHOES, Hats, Notions, etc., STRAND, GALVESTON, TEXAS.

WASHINGTON HOTEL. JOHN SUMMERS, Proprietor, GALVESTON, TEXAS. This House is centrally located. To be unsurpassed by any house in the city. Charges moderate. aug 28-29

HESS & CO., WOOD AND COAL YARD. Cor. Mechanic and Twenty-seventh Sts., GALVESTON, TEXAS. Every kind of the best seasoned Wood constantly on hand. A large and desirable variety of Coal on hand. Orders from families and hotels promptly filled and delivered to all parts of the city free of charge. aug 28-29

F. HITCHCOCK'S SONS, SHIP CHANDLERS. CANVAS AND DECK FOR SAILS, TENTS, AND TARPAULINS. Naval Stores, Paints, Oils, Boats, Oars, Spars, Manila, Hemp and Wire Rope, all sizes. Blocks and Sheaves for Turrets, Presses, etc. 205 and 207 Strand, Galveston. aug 28-29

CAMPBELL & CLOUGH, FACTORS AND General Commission Merchants. 63 STRAND, GALVESTON. aug 28-29

J. C. SMITH & CO., COTTON FACTORS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS. GALVESTON, TEXAS. Liberal cash advances on consignments. aug 7-9m

A. C. McKEEN, COTTON FACTOR AND COMMISSION MERCHANT. STRAND, GALVESTON, TEXAS. Will sell Wheat, Wool, Hides and other Produce. Bagging and Ties furnished. Liberal Advances made on Consignments. aug 7-9m

GRINMAN & DUVAL, COTTON FACTORS AND GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS. Office over Texas Banking and Insurance Co., STRAND, GALVESTON, TEXAS. aug 7-9m

MOODY & JEMISON, COTTON FACTORS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS. For the sale of COTTON, WOOL, HIDES, &c., No. 128 Strand, Galveston. ADVANCE Made upon Consignments; and Bagging and Ties furnished our Patrons. Orders for Merchandise filled, and prompt attention given to Receiving and Forwarding.

ALSO No. 23 William St., New York. POSTOFFICE BOX 2282. Liberal advances made upon Consignments, and special attention given to the negotiation, by sale or hypothecation, of all Texas Bonds and Securities. Deposits of Interior Bankers solicited.

LEAGUE & LUFKIN, AGENTS FOR VICTOR'S SCALES, 107 & 109 Tremont St., Galveston, Texas. aug 14-17

Gary & Oliphint, COTTON FACTORS, AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS. For the purchase and sale of GRAIN. Will sell in this market on commission, or make shipments to their correspondents in New York, London and Liverpool, as may be desired. Liberal cash advances made. aug 21-26m

WM. HENDLEY & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS. Cotton and Wool Factors, (Hendley Buildings), STRAND, GALVESTON, TEXAS. LIBERAL ADVANCES made on consignments for sale in this market, or shipment to our friends in Liverpool, New York or Boston. Prompt attention given to all collections sent us, and remittances made in slight exchange at current rates. AGENTS FOR PRATT'S RADIANT AND ASTRAL OILS.

ALFRED C. GARCIA & CO., SHIPPING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS. For the sale of Texas, Western and Tropical Products. Wholesale Dealers in Cordage. Prompt attention given to orders for Oranges, Lemons, etc. oct 9-31m

HEARNE & COMPANY, COTTON FACTORS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS. Liberal advances made on Consignments. Bagging and Ties furnished our patrons at lowest prices. oct 3-11m

GALVESTON ADVERTISEMENTS.

F. A. GLASS, WHOLESALER GROCER, 125 and 127 Strand, GALVESTON, TEXAS. aug 7-31m

RICE & BAULARD, PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES, ARTISTS' MATERIALS, ETC., AT THEIR OLD STAND 77 Tremont St., Galveston.

J. C. GORHAM, Manufacturer of SADDLES AND HARNESS. And Dealer in Buggies, Carriages, Whips, Leather, Plantation and Spring Wagons, Removed to Building lately occupied by P. H. Hennessy & Bro., GALVESTON, TEXAS.

A. ALLEN & CO., Dealers in ITALIAN AND AMERICAN MARBLE. Wholesale and Retail. Also, WROUGHT IRON RAILINGS AT NEW YORK PRICES. Galveston, Texas. 277 Drawer 49, P. O.

TEXAS MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY. No. 60 Twenty-second Street. Guarantee Capital, \$245,730.00. OFFICERS: J. P. DAVIS, President; GEO. F. ALFORD, Vice-President; R. B. RICHARDSON, Secretary; S. M. WELCH, M. D., Consulting Physician; GEN. T. N. WAUL, Attorney.

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Issues Policies on all the Popular Plans: ORDINARY LIFE, LIMITED PAYMENTS, JOINT LIFE ENDOWMENT, ANNUITIES. FRANK PAB, General Agent.

A.C. CRAWFORD & SONS, IMPORTERS OF CROCKERY, CHINA & GLASS WARE, GALVESTON TEXAS. A full line of ASSORTED CRATES, well adapted for the different sections of the State, always on hand. GOODS CAREFULLY PACKED. oct 28m

Elevator Company, AVENUE "A," Galveston, Texas. (Bet. Twenty-second & Twenty-third streets.) CHARGES: Two cents per bushel for first ten days, one-half cent for subsequent ten days, or fractional part thereof. One-half cent per bushel for cleaning, if ordered. This includes ALL CHARGES FOR RECEIVING, WEIGHING, AND LOADING IN VESSEL.

THE GALVESTON ELEVATOR CO. Is now prepared to furnish to the trade, in quantities to suit, FRESH GROUND CORN MEAL, GRAHAM FLOUR, GRITS, AND CHOP-FEED. Prices moderate; but terms cash. aug 14-17

Turnley & Collins, GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Cor. Strand and 22d Street, up-stairs, GALVESTON, TEXAS. Special attention given to Cotton, Wool, Hides, etc. apr 3-17

ARBUCKLE & HAYNIE, COTTON FACTORS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS. 63 STRAND, GALVESTON, TEXAS. Liberal advances made on Consignments. Bagging and Ties furnished our patrons at lowest prices. oct 4-11m

BLESSING & BRO., 172 TREMONT STREET, GALVESTON, TEXAS. PHOTOGRAPHERS. All styles and sizes, from CARTE DE VISITE to LIFE SIZE. Oil Portraits on Canvas, either from Life or copied from Small Pictures. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED. DEALERS IN Frames, Mouldings, Albums, And all kinds of PHOTOGRAPHIC GOODS. Wholesale and Retail. Also dealers in the celebrated WILSON SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE. The best in the world. Indispensable to every family, and at a price WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL! AN ACTIVE AGENT WANTED IN EVERY COUNTY. Where we have no Agent, we will GIVE ONE MACHINE TO ANY ONE WHO WILL SELL THREE. Send for Illustrated Price List, and particulars. Needles for all Machines. Small orders promptly filled and forwarded by mail. The best Threads and Silks. Address as above.

R. B. GARNETT, Successor to T. O. MILLIS. Cistern Builder, 106 CHURCH ST., 104 Near corner of Tremont St., Galveston, Texas. Sizes and price list sent on application. oct 28-ly

DAVIDSON HOUSE, By Mrs. J. H. DAVIDSON, 112 POSTOFFICE. Between Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth Sts., GALVESTON. jyl-ly

H. HIRSCH & CO., MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS, GALVESTON, TEXAS. Baxter Steam Engine, Houdley Steam Engine, Payne & Sons Steam Engine, Centrifugal Machinery, Holt's Wood Working Machinery, Perkins' Saw Ginner, Ruc's Steam Injector, Faught's Horse Powers, Hall's Pulverizer, Common sense Powers, Hall's Self-feeding Gills, Balanced screw Cotton Press, Dow Laid Cotton Planter, Diamond Cotton Chopper, Brinly Plow, Thomas Harrow, Queen of the south Mills, Macneile Urban's Saws, Millburn Wagons, Black Hawk Cultivators, Bell's Sugar Mills, Scanlin's Evaporators, Great American Fire Extinguisher, Iron Rolling, Belting, &c. jcs-6m

J. A. McCOY & CO., ARTIFICIAL STONE WORKS, Cor. Mechanic and Twenty-sixth Streets, GALVESTON, TEXAS. Drain and Sewer Pipes, Chimney and Chimney Tops, Foundations for Houses of any Weight, Ornamental Vases and Garden Edging. aug 7-31m

J.S. BROWN & CO., Importers and Dealers in ENGLISH, GERMAN AND AMERICAN HARDWARE, 165, 167, 169, 171 Strand, GALVESTON, TEXAS. 100 Chambers Street, NEW YORK. JOHN W. POPE, CARPENTER AND BUILDER, Cor. Avenue H and Twenty-second Street, GALVESTON, TEXAS. 277 Post Office Box 630. sept-31m

CROSSMAN & SIMPSON, UNDERTAKERS. Ware-rooms: Corner Winne and Center Sts., Salesroom between Tremont and Twenty-fourth streets, Galveston. This firm have constantly on hand Metallic Cases, Caskets, Roswood and Black Walnut Coffins, Bibles for deceased Ladies, Gents and Children. Elegant Hearses, appropriately decorated for Children, also large hearses for persons advanced in years. my 22-ly

Steele, Wood & Co., IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN HARDWARE. Cutlery, Guns, Plows, Nails, etc., etc. Have a full stock in their line, including Builder's, Plantation, Blacksmith's Mechanics' and Housekeeping Hardware. my 29-ly

JNO. D. ROGERS & CO., COTTON FACTORS AND GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS. Insurance Building, 61 Strand, Galveston. aug 7-31m

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Christian Advocate

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GALVESTON, TEXAS, OCT. 23, '75.

Correspondence.

FROM ANDERSON.—Mr. Editor.—We protracted our last quarterly meeting, which resulted in eleven additions to our church and the baptizing of eleven infants.—THOS. R. CURTIS.

MADISONVILLE CIRCUIT.—Mr. Editor.—Since my last communication a very interesting meeting has been held at Midway; twelve were added to the church, and the membership revived. Nearly one hundred have been added during the year. All that is necessary to make this one of the choice fields of labor in our conference is for the membership to wake up to a proper appreciation of their true interests. The circuit is well able to support any preacher in the conference. We were not seriously damaged by the recent gale, save injury to the cotton in the fields.—JNO. C. HUCKABEE.

TRINITY CIRCUIT.—Mr. Editor.—We are now in the midst of a glorious revival in Seguin. Forty have professed religion, and thirty-five have, up to this time, joined the church. This has ever been a very wicked place. On the first Sabbath of this meeting, there was singing, praying, preaching, drinking, fighting and dying in this place about the same time. An old grey-headed sinner was dying, while others were fighting within a few steps of his door. Two proposed to bet on the time he should die. But God is now doing great things for this people. Bro. F. B. Rogers, from Kentucky, has been with us a few days doing good work for his Master.—GEO. S. GATEWOOD.

NEWTON CIRCUIT.—Mr. Editor.—The good Lord blessed us abundantly at a meeting recently held with the Speer's Chapel congregation, Newton circuit. Eight united with the church. It was hard to tell the exact number of conversions—I suppose no less than ten. Many, many, Christians rejoiced in a Savior's love. It was truly a time of refreshing from the presence of the Lord. I feel so grateful that God has so far restored my health that I can take an active part in the great work. Unto Him be all the glory and honor, now and ever, amen.—R. C. ARMSTRONG.

FROM GRANBURY CHURCH AND SCHOOL.—Mr. Editor.—I recently visited the town of Granbury, the county site of Hood. It is situated on the west bank of the Brazos river, and for beauty of scenery and grandeur far excels anything I have ever seen in life. It is situated three miles from Thorp's, Sulphur Springs, a place of considerable summer resort. Granbury is a beautiful town, and bears the marks of thrift and prosperity. The Methodist church is well established, and is growing up well. Preaching, prayer and class-meetings are well attended. The Weatherford District High School is at Granbury; Rev. J. J. Shirley, A. B., is President; he has a sufficient corps of teachers, and the school bids fair to be all that we desire. President Shirley is a ripe scholar, full of energy, and is a pattern of piety. Board in good families can be had at ten dollars per month; some are in tents boarding themselves, but under the president's control. Ministers' children are educated gratuitously when their fathers are engaged in the regular work; and their patronage is earnestly solicited. Young men preparing for the ministry are entitled to tuition free, and the president is earnestly calling for such young men. He is determined to have moral influence in the school. The situation is a most healthy one.—A VISITOR.

FROM DAVILLA.—Mr. Editor.—I herewith give you some account of the revival on the Salado and Davilla circuit. We have had a gracious revival at several places on the circuit this year. At our quarterly meeting at this place in June, there were six conversions and twenty-one accessions to the church. At our camp-meeting at Collins' Mill, there were twenty conversions and twelve accessions. The camp-meeting above Salado resulted in thirty-two conversions and seven accessions. Bro. Hunt and others held a meeting at Prairie Dell, at which there were twenty-five conversions; and eight accessions. At Oak Hill there were several conversions and five accessions. At our fourth quarterly meeting at James' camp-ground, before Bro. Stockton left, there were thirty-two conversions and thirty-

two accessions. After which the meeting was continued by Bro. W. J. King and others, and there were twenty conversions and fourteen accessions. We also had four meetings at Three Forks and at Salado, resulting in some conversions and accessions. At our camp-meeting at Davilla there were about thirty-five conversions and thirty-five accessions to the church. There have been some conversions at every appointment on the circuit during the year. There have been at my meetings, and those held by others on the circuit this year, over 200 conversions and 185 accessions to the church. The local preachers, and others, have rendered efficient aid at these meetings. The members of the church are greatly revived. To God be all the glory. I close the work on the circuit the fifth Sunday in October.—H. H. SULLIVAN.

FROM McCULLOCH COUNTY.—Mr. Editor.—I have just closed a protracted meeting in McCulloch County, where there had not been a sermon preached in ten months before I came here in September. And as a natural consequence, wickedness prevailed in the blackest type. I began on the first day of this month, and had no help until the third day, when Bro. Ballard of San Saba county, came to my assistance and helped me most efficiently until the fifth, when he had to leave; and at the next service several joined the church; and as I was unordained, I had then to stop the meeting to go after a preacher to baptize. On the sixth I rode fifty miles to get Bro. McQuary, the nearest ordained preacher; we returned in time for Bro. Mack (as we call him) to preach that night, at the close of which we had altar work and then received six other applicants for membership. On the seventh, Bro. McQuary baptized ten. During the meeting we organized a church of twenty-two members of the first-class people of this county, and have gotten them to go to work, and many others are anxiously seeking the favor of God. Pray for us out on the outside row. I am encouraged to do my duty. I have learned a lesson this year that I hope will do me good, viz: that success and happiness are found alone in the path of duty; therefore, if my beloved brethren will pass my character and continue me on trial, and if the good bishop will grant me a transfer, I shall go to Arizona District, Los Angeles Conference, not for any easy place, but because our conference is running over; but more especially there are souls perishing because of not having the gospel. I truly hope that the missionary spirit may move all the young preachers, that there may be several who will join the ranging company to go Arizona to hunt souls for the Lord. I am conscious that in going there we will have many hardships and crosses to bear, but brighter will be the crown at last.—HUGH GRIFFIN.

CLEBURN CIRCUIT.—Mr. Editor.—I wish to say through your excellent paper some things. I would like to say a great many, but it would occupy too much space. It fell to my lot to have one of the best presiding elders. Bro. T. W. Hines, is second to none—always at his place, prompt in business, does his work in the right way and at the right time, kind to his preachers, but firm in discipline. I have had what I call a hard time; but thank God, I have had some good times too. You are appraised of the fact, no doubt, that Fort Graham circuit was added to my work after conference. I had some trouble with some local preachers; but they soon fled to the Methodist Protestant Church. I closed my protracted meeting with fine results. At Stiner's Valley, eight conversions; eight joined the church; Brushy Knob, seven conversions; nine joined the church; Noland's river, thirty-four conversions; twenty joined the church; New Hope, sixty-five conversions; fifty-two joined the church—ten more will join the next appointment; Pecan Grove, twenty-five conversions; thirty joined the church. I had the assistance of Bro. J. W. McDaniel. By the way, I would say to all: get Bro. McDaniel if you want good help; also Bro. Menefee and Bro. Hunt, Bro. Graves and others. I gave a lecture on the subject of Infant Baptism at each place; had the honor of a reply at Pecan Grove by Elder J. J. Sledge, of the M. B. Church. No body hurt!—ISAAC N. REEVES.

FROM WOODLAWN.—Mr. Editor.—I have been reading your issue of Oct. 9th "with some degree of pleasure and some degree of disgust." It is the duty of all the Methodist family to take as many of the church papers as they feel able to take, but I don't believe it necessary to publish it. I think that the person who says through your columns that he is a subscriber for four or five of our church papers might

as well be criticized a little as the one he speaks of on revival reports. Indeed, I had rather read religious news—it matters not how many A, B and C are named, and in what manner mentioned—than to occupy my time reading the amount the critic pays for his church literature; and I have no doubt but I speak the sentiments of many of the ADVOCATE'S readers. "All this is very nice on paper; but why all this pandering to the pride and vanity of man?" Why does he want to tell everybody he is liberal to the church papers? If he wants to take all that is published in the interest of the M. E. Church, South, let him do so; I don't suppose that your readers, Mr. Editor, feel enough interest in that matter to put him to the trouble of informing them through the columns of the ADVOCATE. I hope that the H. and B. circuit rider may be benefited by taking so many religious reports, or notice, may be of some service to our pastor in future. No doubt he is thankful for the advice, especially as it comes from a neighbor in the same district, and from one who is considerably his junior.—"DR. G'S. SON."

FROM LOCKHART.—Mr. Editor: I have preached my last sermon on the Lockhart and Prairie Lea circuit for this conference year, and am now nearly ready to start for the seat of the conference soon to be held. Times have been harder here than they probably ever were before, in money matters at least; and hence the preacher is considerably behind, though I feel that I have abundant reason to be thankful to God and to the people I have served. My stewards have acted nobly, and all things being considered, have had wonderful success in getting money and other necessities to meet my wants. I am not able just now to send you any money, and hope you will not grow impatient—it shall come sometime soon. I began this mainly for the purpose of sending you the obituary of a sister who died on my work the other day—the second member of our church who has died under my pastoral care since my itinerant life began, now four years. Rather remarkable! is it not? The health of the country is generally excellent at this time, and the weather is most beautiful. Notwithstanding the great stress in money matters, the country is to some extent prosperous, and everywhere can be seen the evidence of confidence in the result of future labors in the preparations being made for next year's operations. The church has also had some marked success in this conference; but you will soon get our statistics.—JNO. B. DENTON.

FROM OAK ISLAND.—Mr. Editor.—The last round of appointments for Medina circuit was a series of protracted (quarterly and camp) meetings, and I am also glad to add a series of religious triumphs, aggregating about thirty conversions and twenty-two accessions. At two of the appointments Bro. John S. Gillett, presiding elder, and John De Vilbiss led the van, ably assisted by Bros. Newton, Beadle, and others of the local corps. Bro. G., it is well known, is a model presiding elder and efficient preacher, and fully sustained himself in both relations. Bro. De V., identified with West Texas Methodism from its infancy, is truly a veteran of the "Old Guard" now in the zenith of his mental and physical powers, wielding that "two-edged blade" of heavenly temper keen, with resistless skill and force. The membership in full force labored earnestly and satisfactorily, reaping an abundant harvest. Medina circuit numbers many noble christian men and women. The spiritual health of the work is excellent. Our assessments for the "collections" will be more than realized. Large amounts have been raised for the erection and completion of churches. The scarcity of money has much retarded other enterprises, and materially diminished the number of subscribers for the ADVOCATE. It would gratify me to mention several interesting incidents of our meetings, but I know how valuable is editorial space, and therefore crave permission to record one only, of a personal character. The members of Pleasant Hill church purchased a copy of the finest edition of the American Bible Society's Family Bible and presented it to their pastor, "in token of their christian regard and grateful appreciation of his services." The presentation was made by Bro. De Vilbiss in a graceful address at the conclusion of the sermon of Sunday morning. If members of stations and circuits knew how life-inspiring to the heart of a pastor such testimonials are, would we not hear of them more frequently?—TEMPLE G. WOOLS.

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Christian Advocate

Galveston, Texas Oct. 23, '75
I. G. JOHN, D.D., Editor.

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STEAMBOATS holding passenger license are not allowed by law to carry any combustible material to points accessible by rail or freight boats.

It is mooted in Massachusetts to amend its Constitution as to fill the offices of Sheriff, Commissioners of Insolvency, District Attorneys, and Clerks of Courts, by Executive appointment. The Democratic party of the State declares against it.

DR. GARDNER of Edinburg, Scotland, says: "Emotional aphasia is an obscure disease in which the patient whenever he opens his mouth speaks only nonsense." People are under the impression that it is breaking out as an epidemic.

POSITION often involves an important principle. It makes a great difference whether a man uses glasses under or over his nose. Many who have used them under, have gone their way to the gutter; while those who use them over, have grown wiser the longer they have employed them.

GOV. AMES, of Mississippi, has called to put down the insurrection. If he will place the job in the hands of the intelligent whites of that State, they will "have peace." There is more generous sympathy for the negro among the whites of Mississippi in one month than New England can furnish in an ordinary lifetime.

MADAME MACMALEON, wife of the French President, has collected 17,000,000 francs for the benefit of the sufferers by the great inundation in France. This one fact shows the power of Christianity. In every land, Protestant or Catholic sympathy for suffering humanity shows itself in every hour of calamity. In heaven lands such efforts to relieve distress are as rare as in Christendom they are familiar.

It is said that Barnum pays his balloonists \$200 per day. We know of circuits who have received the faithful services of their preachers since the beginning of the present year, and yet have not paid them \$200 for their labors. A friend speaking of the poor pay received by preachers, very naturally inquired, "Why do they preach when so poorly paid?" The answer was, "The love of Christ constraineth us."

THE Catholic Telegraph of Cincinnati, noticing the purchase of a piece of ground in Rome on which to build a meeting-house, says: "Paganism has as much claim to be considered a Christian religion as Methodism, and has a decided advantage over the latter by being more rational, esthetic and attractive."

We are not surprised at the above expression of Catholic sentiment, as it reveals the fact that their affinities with heathenism are stronger than with evangelical Christianity.

WHEN John Adams in his nineteenth year received intelligence of the election of his son John Quincy Adams as President, he wrote to him, "May the blessing of God Almighty continue to protect you to the end of your life, as it has hitherto protected you in so remarkable a manner from your cradle." The modern New Englander of the progressive school would now pronounce the elder Adams an old fogy, because he thought providence had anything to do with human affairs. These latter-day philosophers think with the help of common schools and other aids the Yankee is able to take care of himself without any help from providence.

AN IMPENDING EVIL.

Judge Ballinger, a delegate from Galveston, and one of our ablest lawyers, places himself on record against the palpable plans of the present Constitutional Convention to defeat popular education; but he gives no utterance to what he and every reflecting man in the State must believe to be the underlying reason for this unusual opposition. Our province as a religious journal is not the field of politics; but in the framing of an organic act for the future government of millions yet to reside within the broad limits of our State—of every race and creed beneath the sun—we must necessarily watch every attempted encroachment upon the genius of our institutions whereby equal rights and opportunities for the evangelization of our people are restricted. This watchfulness is our rightful mission and work; neglect of it must lie at our door as a duty unperformed, for which account must be given; and we do not propose being found remiss—even though some may think us harsh in judgment and precipitate in opinion. Unfortunately, the subject of education in all its bearings cannot be trusted to the care of our secular press, else would we relegate it to them. There are some features sought to be introduced by the Romish Church and its adherents which—while manifestly dangerous; in fact subversive of general education, when broadly considered—are still so specious as to enlist many unthinking men in their advocacy—and the fear of displeasing a large constituency of such readers literally muzzles our newspapers. They affect to treat education of the masses in a democratic spirit, shutting their eyes deliberately to the fact that the apparent fairness of the pro rata division of school funds among private schools conceals a Jesuitical scheme for the support of sectarian institutions—especially, the most numerous, the Romish—by State funds, collected mainly from Protestants. We wish our church people—and we think every Protestant denomination is in accord with us—to emphasize the views held by the Methodist Church, South. We want no State aid for our denominational schools; no division among them of public funds, by which a precedent may be established sufficient to enable our Romish neighbors to proselyte our children through State support; in short, nothing is desired by us looking to the practical union of Church and State in our midst. We do not amplify argument; none is needed to convince of duty in the premises; but we must urge greater oversight of our representative men now assembled in convention, that they be not led astray by arguments, based on priestly instructions from Catholic pulpits under the guise of democracy—"the greatest good to the greatest number"—or be caught napping through assurances that the "Mother Church" intends only a fair division among all of our little ones for their proper education. Look well then to the delegates having this matter in charge. Scan the names of those on educational committees. (We are aware one of the most prominent of these is an influential, consistent Catholic!) Watch the reports on this subject, and how your representative speaks, and acts, and votes? Counsel with him; uphold his hands in the right; show him the wrong, while yet the enemies of free, undenominational education are drawing the net about us—and, mayhap, the evil may be averted. It can be if we do our duty at once and fearlessly. God help us so to discharge it!

ARRANGEMENTS have been made for 1,527 drinking places on the centennial grounds, Philadelphia. With this prospect, we might as well style it the coming Bacchanalian. Would it not be well to have a meeting house or a prayer meeting shed somewhere convenient. We see no reason in giving up the whole thing to the devil.

REMEMBER the premium.

SIN! SHAME! SCANDAL!

Galveston Gamblers Fleece an Old Man!

The Law Powerless—The Gamblers Still Victorious.

Vice still in the Ascendency—Virtue on the Wane.

When the morals of Galveston shall have become bankrupt indeed; when its happy homes shall be turned into dens of shame and sorrow; when its bright, brave youths shall have grown up educated in all those arts that please the devil and outrage God; when the card table shall supplant the pulpit and the gambling hell compete with the temples of worship in the number of their patrons—then let no man point to this paper and say, that the silence of the press has nourished the growth of vice.

THE ADVOCATE has hurled its anathemas against those base, but bold operators who defy God and the laws of man, and who ply their sinful practices in open day with a recklessness and audacity that excites no less the astonishment than the cupidity of men. The laws, seem powerless to protect the morals of the age! the executive officers stand aloof, and quietly permit crime to run its wanton course without reaching out a hand to stay the ruin it is bringing upon us! Fathers and husbands and sons pass along and see the demon at his work, but say nothing! Young men look upon the tempter, and before they are aware of danger, find themselves the victims of this mighty monster! Society has opened its arms, and taken to its embrace the "Knights of the Green Baise;" the press greets them as meritorious members of the civil and social compact; and the government, no longer hating gamblers and the gaming profession, now gladly accords to them a high place in the dispensation of its laws! Such, indeed, is the condition of affairs in this city. The most gorgeous edifice within its confines is notorious-ly known to be the haunt and home of vice. There gambling of every kind and character is carried on at all hours of the day, and of the night. There the wine cup is offered to addle the brain so that the work of ruin may be swift and sure to those who pass within the portals of this gorgeous temple, erected to the worship of the god of chance. The influence of this one establishment is more potential in shaping the morals of this city than all its churches and teachers combined. Within its walls politics are discussed and partisans named who will represent the rights of gambling, as well as those of every other vocation of life. There is no use in trying to hide facts, in trying to clothe this man or that one, for every man, woman and boy in this city knows that on Market street there is a den where ruin reigns; and too many, alas, are living evidences of the fearful consequences that follow from a single visit to this temple of sin.

THE ADVOCATE has cried out against this institution in the past; so it will continue to pour hot shot into this hot-bed of iniquity; but unless the God-fearing and God-serving people of Galveston come to the rescue; unless the fathers and mothers who would save their sons from ruin, unite with us in a bold, determined attack against this tempting emissary of hell, our work will be vain.

Here is a letter from an old man in Northern Texas who has been a victim to the machinations and temptations with which gamblers adorn their profession. We would give his name, but have been requested, out of respect to his family, to withhold the same from publication. This letter teaches its own moral: if the old men are not safe, what is to become of the rising generation?

COLLIN County, Oct. 1, 1875.

Mr. Editor—A little more than thirty years ago, I gave to good old Brother H., one of the first missionary ministers in Northern Texas, my hand, and promised him that I would try and be "a follower of the Lamb;" and that I would not "fear to own His cause nor blush to speak His name." I am getting along to the

three-score-years mentioned as the age of man in the Bible. I have never flattered myself that nature was over-bountiful to me in her donation of brains, but I never did honestly think that I was a down right fool until I paid my last visit to Galveston—a few weeks ago. I stopped with Capt. Summers at the Washington Hotel, and one evening after supper was sitting on the pavement, enjoying the cool breeze, when a stranger (who, by the way, was well dressed and had the air of a gentleman) drew up a chair and engaged in conversation with me. We discussed many subjects—religion among others—and everwhere in the range of our discussion, I found him well posted. A little after nine o'clock my new friend asked me a if I would take a stroll and see the Island city by gas-light. Not being particularly tired, or sleepy, I consented, and we sallied forth, passing many splendid buildings which he pointed out to me. Among the rest I remember the *News* building. Presently we crossed the street and began to retrace our steps towards the hotel, but had not gone far before my companion—who had somehow or other associated me with the medical profession, and who addressed me as Doctor—touched my arm and invited me to walk up stairs. I consented, expecting to see the library of the Young Men's Christian Association or some other interesting and instructive place, where a few minutes could be pleasantly passed before going to bed. When I reached the top of the stair-way and entered the large room on the right hand side, and saw the assemblage gathered there, all intent on gambling, I knew that I had been "sold out;" but a great fear seized me; I trembled for my life—for many of the men were half drunk and appeared to be desperate characters. Every one seemed to eye me and to pay me marked attention. A waiter was called and liquor and cigars were ordered, but I felt more like leaving that crowd than partaking of its hospitalities. I tried to think what I had best do; but I was too much afraid, to think clearly. The gentleman who carried me to this place said to me: "Doctor, invest five dollars in a stack of whites and try your luck." I gave him five dollars, and would have made it fifty times as much for a safe exit from this place. I had never bet a cent in my life. He passed my money to a nice looking young man behind the table, and who I would know anywhere, and received in turn a stack of white round bones. I did not know what to do with them, but I saw others putting similar things on the cards that were arranged on the table. I put one on a one-spot. The young man had a small tin box from which he would draw two cards, then cast his eye over the table, taking up some of the bones and adding some to piles that were on the table. My bone was taken up. I put down another and another, which were all taken in by the young man, until my stock was exhausted. A young chap, not more than seventeen years of age, seemed to be interested in me, and told me to "take another stack," and remarked to the crowd that "the doctor had nerve," and that "he stuck to his colors;" but I simply thought to myself if he only knew how alarmed I felt for my life, he could never have made the remark. They got five dollars more out of me, and I asked if I might be permitted to go to my room. "Certainly," said an elderly gentleman, who seemed to be a proprietor, "take a drink before you leave." I thanked him, but he insisted and I yielded, only too glad to do anything to save my life. I was invited to call again; and, rapidly leaving, I sought my room at the hotel. Here my ideas came to me freely and clearly. I resolved to see the mayor, and to have him obtain my money from those evil men who had robbed me. Early the following morning, I told a friend of my misfortune, and he consoled me by saying that I had been *capped*—whatever that is. It had the effect to put me off my guard, and as my friend was so careless in his remark I thought that it might be possible that the place I had visited was a licensed institution, and that any effort I might make to recover my money would only tend to bring me into deeper and more ridiculous disgrace than I was already in; so I gave over the idea of seeing my mayor. Since my return home I have read your articles in the *Advocate*, and have been told by an eminent lawyer that gambling cannot be licensed in this State, and I now write to ask you to see the mayor, and to have him get from those gamblers the money they robbed me of, allowing them pay for the drinks and cigar. I don't care to have my name published in connection with this unfortunate affair, but I would be glad to have the brethren pray for my forgiveness for this sin, committed under duress. B.

CONDENSE your communications.

The Outlook.

SOUTHERN METHODISM.—Rev. J. B. McFerrin, that grand old man and true, comes out in a letter to the *N.O. Advocate*, giving an anonymous correspondent a severe though just castigation for unfounded criticism upon the Doctors utterances at the Round Lake camp-meeting. . . . The Missouri Conference was held at Glasgow by Bishop Keener, Oct. 5th. Two were received by transfer, viz: G. U. Keener of Southwest Missouri, and J. F. Scurlock, of Louisiana. . . . Mrs. Lambuth made a speech on the occasion of the Missionary Anniversary, after which a collection of over \$800 was lifted; the largest ever taken on such an occasion in this conference. . . . Wesley Hall is the name of the house devoted to the theological students of the Vanderbilt University. About twenty of those students have taken up quarters in it, and are furnished neat rooms, food and fire at \$10 per month. . . . Bishop McTyeire reports that one gentleman has given enough to pay for two students perpetually, which we may say is a good investment and worthy of imitation. . . . Dr. Haygood, late S. S. Secretary, has become editorial correspondent of Southern *Christian Advocate*, Macon, Ga. He is one of the finest newspaper correspondents in the M. E. Church, South. . . . Bishop G. F. Pierce has bought the Capers residence in Oxford, Ga., where he expects to make his home. . . . The M. E. Church, South, in Alabama, has been wonderfully blessed with revivals this summer, and so many aged persons have been converted as to attract notice. . . . Another remarkable feature about the revivals which the preachers are trying to explain is that the outpourings are confined almost exclusively to the rural districts, while the cities are suffering from spiritual droughts.

NORTHERN METHODISM.—It is pretty well settled now that the next General Conference of the M. E. Church will be held in Baltimore instead of St. Louis as was first determined. The change is made on account of the inability of the St. Louis Northern Methodists to entertain so large a body. The M. E. Church is now holding its rounds of Annual Conferences, and great prosperity is reported. . . . According to reports no denomination has built so many churches during the past twelve months as this. . . . Two laymen are elected by the Annual Conference to attend the coming General Conference. The subject of the election of presiding elders by the Conference, instead of their appointment by the Bishop waxes warmer, [as their General Conference draws nigh.

SOUTHERN PRESBYTERIAN.—In this denomination, according to the report of the *Southern Presbyterian*, there are 520 vacant churches; 203 preachers without charges. The number of churches is 1,797, and the whole number of preachers including licentiates, is, 1084; consequently 881 preachers do all the pastoral work of the church. So much for the superiority of the Methodist polity. In our church every preacher can have a work, and every work a preacher. . . . The Southern Presbyterian papers have been waxing angry over an alleged attempt of the Holston Presbyterians of the Northern Church to steal a Southern Presbyterian Church in Swannanoa, Tenn.

EPISCOPAL.—The Presiding Protestant Episcopal Bishop has called a special meeting of the House of Bishops in Grace Church, N. Y., on Thursday, Oct. 28th, for the purpose of electing missionary Bishops for Africa and China.

CATHOLIC.—The Pope held a consistory Sept. 17th, and conferred upon Cardinal McCloskey the ring and the title of Santa Maria Sopra Minerva, or Holy Mary above Minerva. This is the name of the Church at Rome to which his red-capped eminence is assigned. . . . Father Gavazzi is lecturing in Scotland.

PERSONAL.—The editor is absent from the city in attendance at the West Texas Conference, San Antonio. It is his intention to attend all the conferences in the interest of the *Advocate*, and for other important reasons. During this conference period, the responsibility for all "E's and O's" in the conduct of the paper must rest with the *pro tem*. We suggest to agents the importance of settling accounts at conference. In the past we have lost heavily by agents not making close collections prior to leaving their old works.

PRESIDENT GRANT'S desires are thus set down: "Fast horses, good Havana cigars, myself and all my relatives in office."

PASSING EVENTS.

Robert Dale Owen, who went crazy on Spiritualism a short time since, is said to be improving; and great hopes are entertained of his entire recovery. It is to be hoped that this burnt child will hereafter dread the fire. . . . P. T. Barnum has recently paid \$20,000 for a living hippopotamus for his traveling menagerie. The animal was caught in the river Nile when quite young. . . . Six hundred missionaries with 3000 native helpers is the numerical force to carry the gospel to India's 300,000,000 people. . . . President Grant has been on a visit to Denver and other points in the far West. . . . The woman's right of suffrage question has been settled for awhile at least by a late decision of Chief Justice Waite to the effect that the Fourteenth Amendment of the Federal Constitution does not give to woman the right to vote. . . . The St. Louis Fair held during the past week was largely attended, and pronounced the best ever yet held there. . . . Protestantism is making rapid advances in Italy. . . . Epizootic, a strange kind of disease which appeared among stock in this country a few years ago, is again making its appearance in Ohio and other parts of the West, as well as in Canada. . . . Mrs. Lambuth, wife of our missionary in China, in company with Bro. Parker, have set out for their distant fields of labor. The prayers of the whole church go with them. . . . The plan for consolidating all the colored Methodists in America into one body is universally commended by Methodists North and South. . . . Mr. Stanley, the finder of Livingstone in the wilds of Africa, and who is now trying to do what Livingstone died in attempting to accomplish, has been heard from through the *Herald*. In 103 days he has traveled 720 miles, starting from the shore of Victoria Lake. He has had terrible times in contending with fatigues, famines, diseases, desertion, hunger and thirst. One hundred and twenty-six lives have been lost in fighting with the barbarians. But he keeps going on. . . . Preparations are being made in Montreal for the burial of Guibord's body in such a way as to defy the attempts of the people who have threatened to take it from the grave and destroy it. . . . At Santa Barbara, in California, the Baptists use the Pacific Ocean for a baptistery, and find that it amply meets the requirements of "much water." . . . Messrs. Moody and Sanky will begin revival services in Brooklyn on Sunday, the 31st of this month. There is a perfect unanimity on the subject among the churches. The Rink on Clermont avenue has been secured, and not the hippodrome, as has been reported. There is to be a choir of one hundred and fifty voices to support Sankey in singing. . . . Cardinal Manning has conceived the idea of a "splendid cathedral" to be erected in London near Westminster Abbey, of such magnificent proportions that it will take one hundred years to complete it. It took Noah one hundred and twenty years to build the ark, and it saved eight people. May the cathedral do as well. . . . The annual meeting of the American Board of Foreign Missions was held at Chicago last week. The outlook is very encouraging in all directions. In Turkey, India and China success was especially noticeable. . . . The British and Foreign Bible Society, which started in 1802 in a very modest manner, has already produced and distributed seventy-four million copies of the Bible, and in two hundred different languages or dialects.

HESTER HOWARD'S TEMPTATION.—By Mrs. C. A. Warfield, the well known Southern writer, author of "The Household of Bouvere," and "A Double Wedding; or, How She Was Won," is published this day by T. B. Peterson & Brothers, Philadelphia, Pa. "HESTER HOWARD'S TEMPTATION," makes volume three of the author's *New Edition of Mrs. Warfield's works*. T. B. Peterson & Brothers, the publishers, keep always on hand a large and well assorted casket of prose fictions. The above was sent us by Mr. J. D. Sawyer, Galveston. Address him for any and everything in the literary line.

The question whether a club which buys liquors at wholesale and sells to its members upon the presentation of tickets is liable to the Federal license tax, is on trial at Boston.—*N. Y. Journal of Commerce*.

Galveston authorities please make note of this. If these "sin-on-the-sly" places, yecept "club rooms," can not be closed for gambling, let them, to say the least, pay taxes on the whiskies they consume—or, in other words, pay for the privilege of wrecking homes, manufacturing criminals, and sending souls headlong to perdition.

Christian Advocate

GALVESTON, TEXAS, OCT. 23, '75

EVANS & CO., TEA DEALERS AND GROCERS.

Our stock of TEAS is complete, embracing every grade and quality. We make a reduction of 10c per lb to consumers purchasing 5 pounds and upward on all TEAS under \$2.00; and 10c per lb on all TEAS at \$2.00 and upward.

Country Consumers can have TEA shipped by express or boat at 10c per lb, in any desired quantity FREE OF FREIGHT, or they can pay the FREIGHT on delivery, and we will allow the discounts named.

EVANS & CO., 54 & 56 Market St., Galveston, Texas.

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The date on the address of your paper indicates the expiration of your subscription. Renew at least two weeks in advance to prevent losing a number.

We keep open-accounts with agents only. Subscription orders from others must, in every instance, be accompanied by the cash.

Agents sending us new subscribers or renewals will please affix to their signatures the word "AGENT."

In preparing articles for publication, write on but one side of the paper; otherwise your communications will be thrown into the waste-basket.

Articles refused publication, will, in no instance, be returned to writers.

Money by Postoffice Money Order, Draft or Registered Letter.

Private letters to the editor should be marked "Personal."

Business letters should be addressed, Advocate Publishing Co.

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ESTIMATES will be furnished free by any of the agents above named. Send to them for circulars containing rates.

CAUTION NOT NECESSARY.

Although it requires but two teaspoonfuls of Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder to produce better bread, biscuits, cakes, &c., than three teaspoonfuls of any other, it is not necessary to caution the public, as do makers of the rank, common kinds, to use no more for fear of exposure and injury.

ATTENTION.—Mr. Renzo Grunewald, proprietor of the well known music establishment in Houston, (branch house of Louis Grunewald, New Orleans), has constantly on hand a select stock of music, pianos, organs, etc., which he is selling at popular prices.

LADIES, you can procure sewing machine needles for any machine now in use, at R. Gaunewald's music store, Houston, Texas.

E. L. CUSHING, the popular book dealer of Houston, has just received a new stock of goods, comprising Bibles, Prayer books, church and Sunday-school music, juvenile books, etc.

THE TEA MOUSE.—The tea mouse is one of the prettiest creatures that lives under water. It sparkles like a diamond, and is radiant with all the colors of the rainbow, although it lives in mud at the bottom of the ocean.

Those of the East Texas Conference will please send me a list of the delegates from their respective districts to the Annual Conference; also the names of the local preachers who will be in attendance.

W. T. MELUGIN, Secretary.

Twenty Years Ago.

WARREN, O., June 17, 1875.

Craddock & Co., 1032 Race Street, Philadelphia:

Please forward by express, C. O. D., one bottle of Dr. James' preparation of Indian Hemp (Cannabis Indica). My mother used it with success TWENTY YEARS AGO, and as she is just recovering from a long illness, and her lungs being weak, we send again after the lapse of twenty years for your CANABIS INDICA.

Respectfully, J. C. FREER.

FLAT ROCK, Huron, Co., O., Aug. 27, 1875.

Inclosed are six dollars and fifty cents for three bottles of your Cannabis Indica. It is doing its work well.

Yours respectfully, E. T. CONSER.

N. B.—This remedy speaks for itself. A single bottle will satisfy the most skeptical. There is not a single symptom of consumption that it does not dissipate.

The elegant jewelry emporium of T. E. Thompson, Esq., is on the corner of Tremont and Market streets, Galveston.

To OUR COUNTRY FRIENDS.—Butterick's celebrated patterns have become a household necessity.

LETTER FROM WORTHY MASTER W. W. LANG.

MARLIN, TEXAS, October 18, 1875.

DEAR SIR: Yours of the 9th to hand. The Grease Envelope and Letter-Heading gotten up by you are indeed beautiful, and the devices and mottoes upon the Envelope are pleasing and instructive.

MINISTERS PROMISED AND EXPECTED at these meetings: At Porter's Springs—Rev. H. W. Moore, Rev. J. C. Woolam and Rev. D. M. Stovall.

CHAPPELL HILL DIST.—FOURTH ROUND.

AUSTIN DIST.—FOURTH ROUND.

COUSCANA DIST.—FOURTH ROUND.

JEFFERSON DIST.—FOURTH ROUND.

GALVESTON DIST.—FOURTH ROUND.

PALESTINE DIST.—FOURTH ROUND.

WACO DIST.—FOURTH ROUND.

COMANCHE DIST.—FOURTH ROUND.

Notice.

To Presiding Elders.

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To the Preachers of the East Texas Conference.

You may remember that at our last Annual Conference, held at Marshall, there were some premiums offered to the preacher who would bring up to Carthage the largest missionary and conference collections.

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TO THE PUBLIC.

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\$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO. Augusta, Maine.

Christian Advocate

GALVESTON, TEXAS, OCT. 23, '75.

Correspondence.

Something New.

We commend the following to the consideration of our church organizations in stock raising districts:—

[EDITOR.] Resolutions passed at the third Quarterly Conference of the M. E. Church, South, West Texas Conference, Gonzales District, Thompsonville Circuit, 1875:

Resolved, That the preachers and stewards shall ask from the church and people, donations of stock for the use and benefit of the M. E. Church, South, within the bounds of the Thompsonville circuit, of West Texas Conference, Gonzales District; said property to remain with and in care of the donor, until the church may call for the same by her stewards, who shall hold authority to control the same.

Resolved, That this conference make or cause to be made a brand, which shall be known as the brand of the M. E. Church, South, for the purpose of branding any stock property that may be donated to said church. The same to be placed upon the records of the County Courts where this brand may be used.

Resolved, That the brand of the M. E. Church, South, within the Thompsonville circuit, shall be composed of the letters S. T. U., and shall be put upon the side.

Resolved, That the stewards shall keep a stock book, in which shall be recorded the names of persons donating stock, and a description of the same, date of branding, a correct account of sales, etc., and present the same for inspection to the Quarterly Conference.—O. S. FARWELL, Chairman Committee.

The following is the result of the first call upon the congregation at Thompsonville for donation of stock for the M. E. Church, South, Sept. 26, 1875:

- George A. Kerr, one calf; Dr. Kerr, one calf; O. S. Farwell, one calf; J. Henry Gunn, one calf; J. B. Kerr, by her grandmother, one calf; H. J. Polley, one calf; Wm. Henry Gunn, by his father, one calf; John Lewis Kerr, one calf; Robert Polley, one calf; William Porter, one calf; A. J. Alford, one calf; Geo. W. Halcomb, one calf.

Idea of God; or Logic in Theology.

Mr. Editor—I have been impatiently holding still ever since I received and read this strange article in the July number of the Review, thinking surely some of our great theological gladiators would gird on their armor and come to the front. But in this I have been sadly disappointed. True, one brother shot a few sharp cracks at it, and threatened more; but he is still silent. Then in the last number of your excellent paper, Bro. Kennon took hold of it with his gloves on. So much; very well. But I ask, in the name of Arminian Theology, are we going to tamely submit to this? What are our young students in divinity to think, if we let this position stand unchallenged; or if not unchallenged, so nicely and tenderly handled that its pernicious force will remain unbroken. I am surprised at my good Bro. S. who penned a short article in favor and in defence of Dr. B.'s arguments in toto. Why, in the name of common sense, and plain language—yes, and "logic" too—if Dr. B. is not on both sides of the question, then words no longer have a meaning! Hear him if you please, on the 8th page assert that "the power of God may, if you please, turn the will about as He sees proper." Not one bit of it. If so, and He (God) does not turn that will to salvation, then His great love and pity for man are all a hoax. No sir, Dr. B. He cannot turn that will as He sees proper; otherwise, every sinner would be turned to a saint. It is this very will that resists God's grace. "Ye will not come to me." "I would, and ye would not." Then look at Dr. B.'s admissions on pages 20 and 21: "Who, in the name of 'logic,' is Dr. Bledsoe? Do you suppose I am at this late date going back on such men as Watson, Wesley and Clarke, on this great question, in order to bow to the learned, but inconsistent, Dr. Bledsoe? When I was in the classes in the conference course, I read and studied, and was examined on Wesley's sermon on Predestination; and that I accepted as the truth on this great question; and as a Methodist I expect to hold to it, until it is refuted; then, that far at least, I will cease to be a Methodist.

Mr. Editor, you quill-drivers may think you will save friends by being silent on such matters as this, but you are mistaken; you are especially set for the defence of the truth; and if you have the zeal and candor of Paul, if an angel from heaven were to preach another gospel, you would oppose him. Dr. Parker, of the

New Orleans Advocate, started out right in a former number; but in the last one soft-soaped it all over.

Brethren, excuse me for saying plainly: you are all afraid of Dr. Bledsoe.

Calvinism and Arminianism are as wide apart as the poles; and for my part, I do not thank Dr. B. or any one else for his labor in trying to unite them. I want truth and falsehood well defined; and in these two systems, so they are. And I am an Arminian.—Yours truly, GEO. W. GRAVES.

"Whoso Readeth, Let Him Understand."

The "panic" struck "Wall street" and the bankers turned pale and trembled. Disaster frowned upon the Bank of California and its directors shook with fear, while Ralston, the monied prince, "went out" and drowned himself. Teaching conclusively that financial trouble is one of the greatest and most disastrous of all troubles. It shuts up the vaults of banks; closes the stores of merchants; stops the navigation of rivers; limits the enterprise of government; discharges clerks; clothes the preacher in rags; brings his family to want; intimidates the "pure word of God," and retards the advancement and conquest of the gospel of Christ.

Now, of all the people on "God's green earth," the itinerant Methodist preacher is the hardest to impose upon. He immolates everything upon the altar of duty; he sacrifices every desire to the cause of Christ; he resigns every right and advantage (of supporting himself) to the church; spends his time and talent for the good of his charge, and receives for remuneration the promise of a named amount. In nine cases out of ten the stewards who make this allowance know very well that the preacher will never get it; they know besides that they, as stewards, are not going to put themselves to any extra trouble to try to collect it; they know still further that it is as little as the preacher can get along with; and unless he does get it, embarrassment, want, and too often suffering, for himself and his family will be the result.

I am ashamed to say it, but it is a fact that pains the heart of every earnest minister and creates an abomination in the sight of God, that the stewards of our church are, as a class, conscientiously and spiritually, the most slothful, careless and inconsiderate members we have.

In the first place, it is morally wrong to assess a charge more than it can pay. In the next place it is a sin—I believe it to be an actual sin,—in the sight of God for a board of stewards to make no earnest efforts to meet their promise to the preacher. In the last place, it is dishonest, really robbing the preacher and perpetrating a falsehood upon the charge for them to come to the last quarterly meeting and say, "the times are hard;" "money is scarce;" "the people are tight run;" "we just can't raise the balance"—when in fact they have not, during the whole year, put themselves to any extra trouble whatever to collect the amount they promised to pay the preacher. Is this not a sin against God, and in the sight of heaven? Is it not an imposition upon the preacher in charge? and is it not a great hindrance to the cause of Christ? Most assuredly it is.

During my short career, as an itinerant preacher, I have had twenty-one stewards. Two of that number were efficient. Among them were local preachers that could harangue for an hour upon "who, then is that faithful and wise steward," and yet never collect a cent for the preacher in charge.

Lawyers, who could sue a widow for her last mite, yet "didn't have the heart to ask the church-members to help support the minister." Farmers that could exact every dime from their hired freedmen, though it took the last ear of corn from their hungry children; yet "every body was so hard run" that he "just couldn't beg the people for money to support the ministry." Merchants that could mortgage a poor man's farm, his horse and even his milk cow; and at the end of the year sell the last one of them to settle his account; yet he said, "the people were so pressed," that he "thought it wrong to ask them for money for the preacher." Such sinful inconsistency is a shame upon the church. This is no imaginary picture; but a real one drawn upon the experience of a young itinerant, and painted with his tears.

There is no civil, or ecclesiastical statute to enforce the payment of the preachers' salary, but there is a strict account kept of it in the counting-room of heaven, and God demands the last cent.

The difference between perseverance and obstinacy is, that one often comes from a strong will and the other from a strong won't.

EDUCATIONAL. NORWOOD HIGH SCHOOL. VIRGINIA.

Session 1875-76 opened SEPTEMBER 20th, 1875. W. H. D. CABELL (University Va.) Principal.

- F. KEY MEADE (Univ. Va.) Instructor in Ancient Languages. THOS. A. SEDDON (Mathematical Medallist, Univ. Va.) Instructor in Modern Languages, English, etc. HENRY ROSE CARTER (C. E. and Assistant in Applied Math., Univ. Va.) Instructor in Pure and Applied Mathematics. RO. L. BROWN (Univ. Va.) Instructor in Book-keeping, English, etc.

The high honors which many Norwood Students have received at the University of Virginia, is conclusive evidence of thorough preparation and of the efficiency of

NORWOOD INSTRUCTORS.

The School opens September 20th, 1875. Terms the same. Full Corps of Instructors—for ability and efficiency unsurpassed by any in this country.

For full information, address WILLIAM D. CABELL, PRINCIPAL, Norwood, Virginia.

Testimonial Faculty University of Virginia.

- UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA, May 29th, 1875. We understand that Mr. WILLIAM D. CABELL, a gentleman of wide reputation as the founder and Principal of Norwood High School, has engaged the services in the work of instruction of F. KEY MEADE, THOS. A. SEDDON and HENRY ROSE CARTER, all teachers of experience and distinguished for special attainments in their respective departments. Norwood School is distinctly preparatory to the University, and we recognize with pleasure the success of the school as evinced by the high standing and rapid progress of many of Mr. CABELL'S pupils, who have passed from his hands into ours, with all confidence; therefore, we recommend the School conducted by Mr. CABELL to those who wish to have their sons thoroughly trained for the University or for any sphere of higher culture.

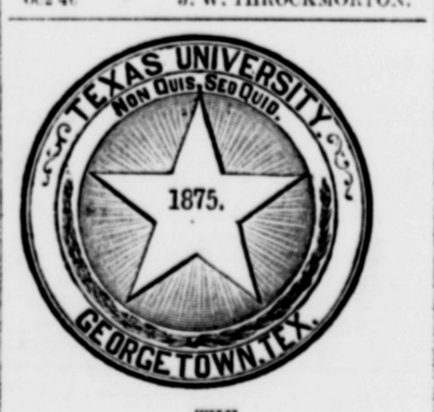
For thorough teaching, healthfulness of locality, watched care exercised over the pupils, and remoteness from dissipation, so often fatal to young men when away from the restraints of home, we can confidently recommend Mr. CABELL'S School.—Lynchburg Virginia.

Norwood School.—We have many first class schools in Virginia, but we know of none which combines more advantages than this. The University is its model, and in the ability of the teachers, and in the extent and variety of the studies, it is only inferior to that institution. As a preparatory school for the University it is unsurpassed. Norwood is delightfully situated in a healthy region, and in the midst of a refined community.—Richmond Vaig.

The Norwood School is in easy reach by Rail and Canal. At Lovings-ton Depot, on the Virginia Midland Railroad, a suitable conveyance will meet all students who wish to attend the school, and the James River Packets pass in sight of the school six times a week. These Packets run from Richmond to Lynchburg, thence to Lexington and Buchanan.

Address, W. H. D. CABELL, Principal, Norwood Post Office, Va.

MCKINNEY, TEXAS, SEPT. 2, 1875. MADAM—My son is not going to return to Norwood; but I regard it as a most excellent school, and unless your son is well advanced, I would advise that you send him there in preference to sending him to college. He can finish his course there, or you can have him thoroughly prepared to enter the University. There are a number of Texas boys at Norwood. Very respectfully, Your obedient servant, J. W. THROCKMORTON.



THE NEXT SESSION OPENS

MONDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1875. For particulars apply to Rev. F. A. MOOD, D. D. W. B. NORRIS, President Board Trustees. GEO. F. ALFORD, Secretary. jv17-cow-6m

TEXAS Medical College HOSPITAL, GALVESTON, TEXAS.

The regular course of Lectures will begin Monday, November 15th, 1875, and close the 15th of March following. Six lectures daily. CLINICS FREE at City and St. Mary's Hospitals, by each member of the Faculty.

- FACULTY: GREENSVILLE DOWELL, M. D., Professor Surgery. J. D. HANKIN, M. D., Professor Theory and Practice of Medicine. J. M. CALLAWAY, M. D., Professor Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children. SAM. R. BURROUGHS, M. D., Professor Chemistry and Toxicology. The Chair of Anatomy will be filled by Concor Board. WM. PENNY, M. D., Professor Institutes of Medicine. HAMILTON A. WEST, M. D., Professor Materia Medica and Therapeutics. J. SUNDBERG, M. D., Demonstrator of Anatomy.

FEES: Matriculation..... \$5 00 Professors..... 105 00 Graduation..... 20 00 Demonstrators..... 10 00 The candidate for graduation shall attend two courses of lectures, the last in this college. Four years' practice equivalent to one course of lectures. Board can be procured as cheap as in any city. For further information address, J. M. CALLAWAY, M. D., Dean, aug7-1f Galveston, Texas.

GIVEN AWAY To agents and others, male and female, a \$20 secret and beautifully illustrated 100-page Novely Catalogue, R. F. YOUNG & CO., 22 Broadway, New York. aug14-1y-cow

AMAZON Red Raspberry 300 per cent. ahead. Largest, purest, etc., free to all. Best reference, Plants, per doz., \$1.50; per 100, \$10. (Stand, guaranteed.) J. & W. K. JUDEN, Edesville, Kent Co. Mo., oct-cow-3t

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MEDICAL. THE GREAT

English Remedy,

THE CORDIAL BALM OF SYRICUM AND TONIC PILLS.

Nervous Debility.

However obscure the causes may be which contribute to render nervous debility a disease so prevalent, affecting, as it does, nearly one-half of our adult population, it is a melancholy fact that day by day, and year by year, we witness a most frightful increase of nervous affections, from the slightest neuralgia to the more grave and extreme forms of

NERVOUS PROSTRATION.

It is of the highest importance, then, that individuals should be able to judge for themselves by their own feelings, if and to what extent they are attacked by this insidious enemy to health, comfort, and even life itself, in order to run its course unchecked, by the early and prompt application of curative remedies.

Nervous Debility

Is characterized by a general languor or weakness of the whole organism, especially of the nervous system, obstructing and preventing the ordinary functions of nature; hence, there is a disordered state of the secretions; constipation, scanty and high-colored urine, with an excess of earthy or limy sediment, indicative of waste of brain and nerve substance, frequent palpitations of the heart, loss of memory and marked irresolution of purpose, and inability to carry into action any peculiarly defined business enterprise, or to fix the mind upon any one thing any length of time. There is great sensitiveness to impressions, though retained but a short time, with a tickling and fluttering condition of the mental faculties, rendering an individual what is commonly called a "whiffle-minder" or "hickie-minded" man. There must of necessity be in each individual different symptoms, according to his peculiar organization, habits, pursuits and temperament, which all serve to shape the manner of the manifestation of their nervous disturbances, constituting a difference as marked as are their physical peculiarities dissimilar and peculiar to themselves. These differences, in the manner and form of their manifestation, do not indicate any necessary difference to be followed in the treatment of any case where disease has its origin in physical injury; the same remedies being alike applicable to the weak as to the strong; to the sturdy as to the sickly, varied only in degree of quantity and duration in the use of them in order to overcome the disease.

Nervous Debility, or what is generally recognized as "prostration," is a peculiar malady, as are the dreams of the shipwrecked mariner who, in his struggles for safety, lies down exhausted for a moment's sleep upon the wreck upon which he floats, with the elements of destruction in mad commotion around him, when the first instincts of his nature are a longing for something solid upon which he may find a standing place.

In some cases of this disease there are paroxysms or exacerbations, with extreme debility apparent in everything; often conditions of hectic in all its stages; also all of the general symptoms enumerated, with a local manifestation of it more frequently appearing in the facial nerves, though it may be in any other part of the body, such as the thorax, abdomen or limbs, with pains of a shooting, lancinating character. For this condition an explanation is found in the fact that, as the vitality of a structure decreases by age, over-exertion or too frequent excitement at improper times, its nervous sensibility increases, and if the diminution is the result of irritation, as by disease or local injury, there is a local decrease of that stamina or power; the least shock or irritation may act as a secondary cause, the inherent or primary cause being some one or all of those already mentioned. In causation, however, there are a great many others on the list, such as scrofula, malaria, blood and wasting diseases of all kinds, fevers, sexual excesses and the many forms of pelvic and all chronic diseases, where there is great irritation; this, being reflected to the spinal marrow, produces a depression of that great nervous center, from whence a corresponding degree of nervous debility is distributed to all parts of the system; a weakened condition follows, impeding, obstructing and paralyzing the functional operations of every organ, muscular and mental, necessary to carry on the essential duties, business or pleasure of existence.

This condition of the individual, distressing as it is, may, with certainty, be cured by

THE GREAT English Remedy.

THE CORDIAL BALM OF SYRICUM AND LOTHROP'S TONIC PILLS.

Medicines unrivaled for their wonderful properties and remarkable cures of all Nervous Complaints. Their efficacy is equally great in the treatment and cure of Cancers, Nodes, Tumors, Pustules, Pimples, Tetter, Fever Sores, Ringworms, Erysipelas, Scald Head, Barber's Itch, Scoury, Salt Rheum, Copper Colored Blisters, glandular Swelling, Worms and Black Spots in the Flesh, Discolorations, Ulcers in the Throat, Mouth and Nose, Sore Legs, and sores of every character, because these medicines are the very best.

BLOOD MEDICINE

ever placed before the people, and are warranted to be the most Powerful Alternative ever originated by man. They impart

STRENGTH TO THE BODY

—AND—

VIGOR TO THE MIND.

Removing Morbid Sensibility, Depression of Spirits, Dementia and Melancholia. Each package of Cordial Balm contains one box of the Tonic Pills, which may also be had separately at 25 cents per box.

RECENT TESTIMONIALS.

FRENSHER, Nov. 12, 1874. I have used the Cordial Balm and Syricum and Lothrop's Tonic Pills as a preventive and cure for the use of ardent spirits and habitual intoxication, and find them actually specific in such cases. I regard them as most invaluable medicines, and nothing could induce me to be without them. JACOB MESERVE.

TIPTON, Dec. 3, 1874. We take great pleasure in informing you of the surprisingly beneficial results from the use of your English Remedy, The Cordial Balm of Syricum and Lothrop's Tonic Pills in a case of great Nervous Debility and Prostration by a member of our family who had been under treatment by different doctors for nearly three years past without any apparent benefit therefrom; but your medicines have produced a most wonderful change for the better, and the patient now enjoys a comparatively excellent health. MRS. HARRIET STURGIS.

P. S.—We tell all with whom we are acquainted who are similarly afflicted to try your medicines. WHOLESAL AGENTS: GEORGE C. GODWIN & CO.; RUST BROS & BIRD; SMITH, BOWDITCH & SMITH; GILMAN BROS.; CARTER, HARRIS & HAWLEY; WEEKS & POTTER, Boston. W. F. PHILLIPS & CO., Portland, Me.

For Sale by Druggists generally Everywhere.

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VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER

This standard article is compounded with the greatest care. Its effects are as wonderful and as satisfactory as ever. It restores gray or faded hair to its youthful color. It removes all eruptions, itching and dandruff. It gives the head a cooling, soothing sensation of great comfort, and the scalp by its use becomes white and clean.

By its tonic properties it restores the capillary glands to their normal vigor, preventing baldness, and making the hair grow thick and strong.

As a dressing, nothing has been found so effectual or desirable.

A. A. Hayes, M. D., State Assayer of Massachusetts, says, "The constituents are pure, and carefully selected for excellent quality; and I consider it the BEST PREPARATION for its intended purposes."

Price, One Dollar.

Buckingham's Dye FOR THE WHISKERS.

This elegant preparation may be relied on to change the color of the beard from gray or any other undesirable shade, to brown or black, at discretion. It is easily applied, being in one preparation, and quickly and effectually produces a permanent color, which will neither rub nor wash off.

Manufactured by R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H. Sold by all Druggists, and Dealers in Medicines. R. F. GEORGE, Wholesale Druggist, Galveston, Agent.

FITS!

FITS! FITS! FITS!

CURE OF EPILEPSY, OR FALLING FITS, BY HANCE'S EPILEPTIC PILLS.

Process laboring under this distressing malady, will find relief in your Pills. It is the only remedy ever discovered for curing Epilepsy, or Falling Fits.

The following certificate should be read by all who are afflicted with this terrible malady, and should they be in any one who is not afflicted himself, if he has a friend who is suffering from this disease, act by cutting this out and sending it to him: A MOST REMARKABLE CURE.

MEMORABLE, JUNE 28, 1867. SETH S. HANCE—Dear Sir—Seeing your advertisement, I was induced to try your epileptic Pills. I was attacked with Epilepsy in July, 1865. Immediately my family physician was summoned, but he could give me no relief from the medicines he prescribed. I then consulted another physician, but I seemed to grow worse. I again returned to my family physician; was called and died at several different times. I was generally attacked without any preliminary symptoms. I had from two to five fits a day, at intervals of two weeks. I was often so dazed in my fits that I would fall wherever I would be or whatever I was occupied with, and I was severely injured several times from falling. I think that the Pills and their good effects should be made known everywhere, that persons who are similarly afflicted may find relief in your Pills. Any person wishing further information may obtain it by calling at my residence, No. 54 N. Third St., Philadelphia, Penn. WM. ELDER.

IS THERE A CURE FOR EPILEPSY? SETH S. HANCE—Dear Sir—You will find enclosed, which I send you for two boxes of your Epileptic Pills. I was the first person who tried your Pills in this part of the country. My son was badly afflicted with fits for two years. I tried all the remedies he was given, but they did not do him any good. Your Pills, which he took agreeably to your directions, he has never had a fit since. It was through my persuasion that Mr. Lyon tried your Pills. His case was a very bad one. He had his fits nearly all his life, or at least a good many years. Persons have written to me from Alabama and Tennessee on the subject, for the purpose of ascertaining the truth in regard to your Pills. I have always recommended them, and in no instance where I have had a chance of ascertaining from their effect have they failed to cure. C. H. GUY, Grenada, Yalobusha County, Miss.

ANOTHER REMARKABLE CURE OF EPILEPSY, OR FALLING FITS, BY HANCE'S EPILEPTIC PILLS.

MONTEBERRY, TEXAS, JUNE 20, 1867. SETH S. HANCE—A person in my family had been afflicted with Fits, or Epilepsy, for thirteen years; he had these attacks at intervals from two to four weeks, and sometimes several in quick succession, sometimes continuing for two or three days. On several occasions they continued until his mind appeared to be wholly deranged. In such cases he would continue for a day or two after the fits had ceased. I tried several remedies prescribed by our resident physicians, but without any success. Having seen your advertisement, I concluded I would try your remedy. I obtained two boxes of your Pills, and gave them according to directions, and they effected a permanent cure. The person is now a stout, healthy man, and is about thirty years of age, and has not had a fit since he commenced taking your medicine, which was ten years since. I have great confidence in your remedy, and would like every one who has fits to give it a trial. E. L. DE FRENSE.

Read the following testimonial from a respectable citizen of Grenada, Miss.: SETH S. HANCE—Dear Sir—I take great pleasure in relating a case of spasms, or fits, cured by your valuable Pills. My brother, J. J. Lyon, has long been afflicted with this awful disease. He would have one or two spasms at one attack at first, but as he grew older they seemed to increase likewise. Up to the time he commenced taking your Pills he had them very often and quite severe, prostrating him, body and mind. His mind had suffered seriously, but now, I am happy to say, he is cured. He has enjoyed fine health for the last five months past. His mind has also returned to its original brightness. All this I take great pleasure in communicating, as it may be the means of directing others to the remedy that will cure them. Yours, respectfully, W. P. LIGON.

Sent to any part of the country, by mail, free of postage, on receipt of a remittance. Address, SETH S. HANCE, 105 Baltimore Street, Baltimore, Md. Price, one box, \$1; two boxes, \$2.

Please mention that you saw this advertisement in THE TEXAS CHRISTIAN ADVOCATE, jv17-1v

Christian Advocate

GALVESTON, TEXAS OCT. 23, '75

The Sunday-School

Encouragement.

John Ray was a deformed boy, pale and thin, and not always good-natured. Everybody pitied him, because he could not run and climb trees, and jump over brooks and stone walls, as the other children did.

One beautiful June Sunday, John was walking painfully home from meeting, and his mother, coming a little after him, was sadly noticing his distorted form and slow step.

"Good morning, Mrs. Ray," said she, cheerfully. "I think Johnnie looks a little stronger than he did in the spring."

"Do you really think so?" answered Mrs. Ray. "I was just pitying him. My poor, lame, sick boy! He will never be able to do much, and he must have a hard life."

"I don't feel so at all," replied Miss Stone. "I'm sure he is a very good boy and he has a bright, quick mind. He will soon be interested in study and then, I think his health will improve, and there are many things that he will be perfectly able to do. I expect to see him a fine man yet."

John was electrified. He limped home without minding the distance, and sat down to think over the new idea.

"Miss Stone knows just how I learn my Sunday-school lessons," he said to himself; "and if she says I have a quick mind, and can be a fine man yet, I believe it's so. At any rate I'll try."

Next Monday John surprised his teacher with perfect lessons, he surprised his mother at night by doing his little errands well, and he surprised himself by being so bright and cheerful that nobody remembered to pity him.

To remove paint splashed upon window panes, use a hot solution of soda and soft flannel.

To clean a browned porcelain kettle, boil peeled potatoes in it. The porcelain will be rendered nearly as white as when new.

BUTTER will remove tar spots. Soap and water will afterwards take out the grease stain.

ADULTERATION of soap by starch is shown by dissolving the soap in alcohol, which leaves the starch behind.

COLD green tea, very strong, and sweetened with sugar, will, when set about the room in saucers, attract flies and destroy them.

SERIES of wintergreen or ground ivy will drive away red ants, branches of wormwood will serve the same purpose for black ants.

To prevent hard soap, prepared with soda, from crumbling, the bars may be dipped in a mixture of rosin soap, beef tallow and wax.

A STRONG solution of carbolic acid and water, poured into holes, kills all the ants it touches, and survivors immediately take themselves off.

AN inkstand turned over upon a white tablecloth; a servant threw over it a mixture of salt and pepper plentiful, and all traces of it disappeared.

A TEASPOONFUL of powdered borax dissolved in a quart of tepid water is good for cleaning old black dresses of silk, cashmere, or alpaca.

PLAIN CUP CAKE.—Take 1 cup of butter; 1 cup of milk; 4 eggs; 2 cups sugar, and soda and nutmeg according to judgment.

RAISIN CAKE.—Take 1 cup flour, 2 cups cream, 1 cup butter, 4 eggs, 1 pound of raisins, cloves, cinnamon, candied lemon cut fine, 1 teaspoonful soda. Stir well.

MOLASSES SPONGE CAKE.—Take 1 cup of molasses, 1 spoonful melted butter, 2 eggs, beaten very light; one-fourth cup sweet milk, 1 teaspoonful cream-tartar, one-half teaspoonful soda, one and a half cups flour, a little ginger.

DROP CAKE.—One cup butter, 1 cup powdered sugar, 2 cups flour, 3 eggs, juice and rind of 1 lemon. Mix butter and sugar to a cream, add the 3 eggs well beaten, then the flour, and last the lemon. Drop the batter on buttered paper, and bake in a quick oven.

Farm and Garden.

THE ONION AS FOOD.—It is stated that the onion forms one of the common and universal supports of life in Spain and Portugal. Authority shows according to analysis, the dried onion contains from 25 to 30 per cent. of gluten and ranks in this respect with the nutritious pea and grains.

It is not the crop which grows that exhausts the land; it is the disposition we make of it after it is grown. Every bushel of grain contains matters supplied by the soil. If it is sold, there is an end of it, so far as the farm is concerned.

Shippers sending us consignments are requested to be explicit in their instructions, giving names and weights of their cotton, and it will receive prompt attention.

Having added to our various Factories and Shops the latest improvements in Machinery, we are now prepared and beg leave to offer to the public—

White and Colored WOOLEN KERSEYS, OS- NABURGS, SANTANA SHEETINGS, BIG THREE SHEETINGS, COTTONADES, WOOLEN AND COTTON YARNS.

Furniture of Every Description, such as Bedsteads, Chairs, Looking Glasses, Tables, Bureaus, Wash Stands, etc.

Hand-made Boots and Shoes a Specialty. ALL GOODS MADE OF THE BEST MATERIAL AND WARRANTED TO GIVE SATISFACTION.

For further particulars, address WARD, DEWEY & CO., 141-17

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HOUSTON CEMENT, PIPE AND ARTIFICIAL STONE WORKS, JAS. A. COURTNEY, Proprietor.

Pipes for Sowers, Drain Pipes for Gardens, Outhouses, etc.; Stone Pavements, Vases of every variety of pattern for Gardens, Lawns and Cemeteries; Chimney Flues, and all sorts of useful and ornamental work in Artificial Stone.

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WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER, 44 Main Street, Houston.

WATCHES, CLOCKS & JEWELRY, Carefully Repaired and Warranted.

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HOUSTON CARDS.

Houston Cotton Press Co. Proposes to do a traveling, Forwarding and Storage Business.

T. W. HOISE, President. A. J. BURKE, Secretary. A. A. SZABO, Superintendent.

Shippers sending us consignments are requested to be explicit in their instructions, giving names and weights of their cotton, and it will receive prompt attention.

WARD, DEWEY & CO., Lessors of TEXAS STATE PENITENTIARY, HUNTSVILLE, TEXAS.

Having added to our various Factories and Shops the latest improvements in Machinery, we are now prepared and beg leave to offer to the public—

White and Colored WOOLEN KERSEYS, OS- NABURGS, SANTANA SHEETINGS, BIG THREE SHEETINGS, COTTONADES, WOOLEN AND COTTON YARNS.

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S. L. ALLEN, COTTON FACTOR

COMMISSION MERCHANT HOUSTON, TEXAS.

DIRECT NAVIGATION STEAMERS.

PASSAGE.....\$3 00

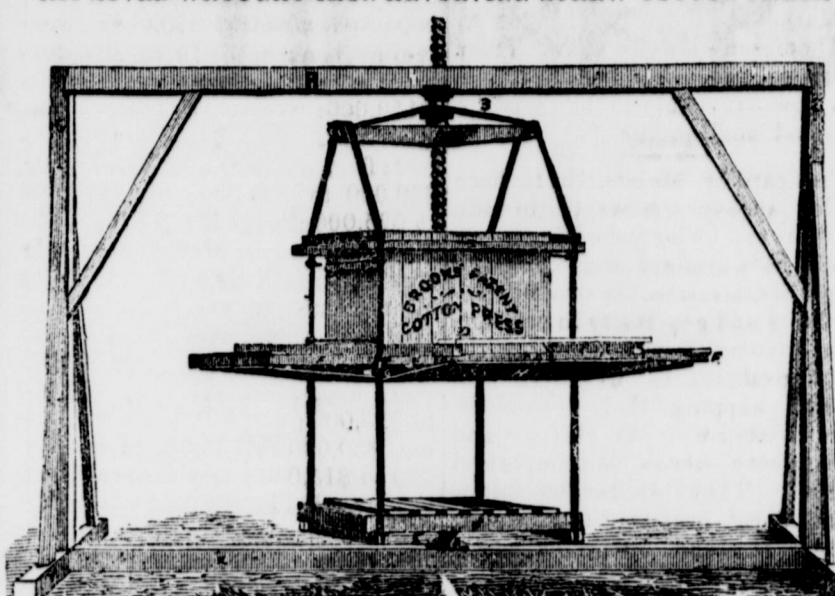
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LEAVE GALVESTON AT.....6 P. M.

JOHN SHEARN, President.

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We now make only the largest size—14 ft foot. Every press warranted up to 500 Bales.

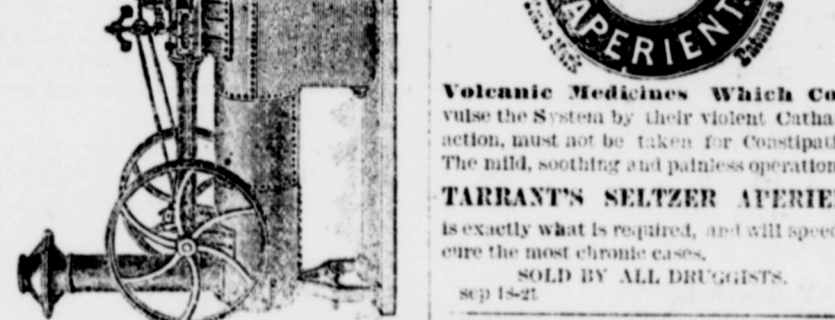
PRICE—For 10 foot, set: Irons complete, CURRENCY, \$200 00. For 10 foot, with Cotton Box, CURRENCY, \$250 00.

COLEMAN'S Corn and Wheat Mills, "MAID OF THE SOUTH" made in the South.

Gullett's Improved Light-Draft Gin and Gullett's Cotton-Gin Feeder.

JOHN W. WICKS, Agent for Texas.

Machinery Agency, W. L. CUSHING & MOORE, 122 and 124 STRAND, GALVESTON



Agents' Engines, Water-tower Engines, Steam Engines, Saw Mills, Hoop Saws, Steam Pumps, Boiler Pumps, Bellows, Ladings, etc.

W. L. CUSHING & MOORE, 122-17

LANE & BODLEY, Manufacturers of Plantation Machinery

THE JAS. LEFFEL, Double Turbine Water Wheel, Manufactured by POOLE & HUNT, Baltimore, Md.

Books, A NEW MUSICAL ERA. ALL CAN LEARN TO SING.

TEMPLE HARP. A New Music Book upon above system, for Churches, etc.

CRYSTAL GEMS. For Sabbath-schools, same system. Specimen pages mailed free.

MILLER'S BIBLE & PUBLISHING HOUSE, 1102 and 1104 Sanson Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

OBSERVATIONS ON NASAL CATARRH. AN ABSTRACT FROM A FORTHCOMING WORK ON Diseases of the Throat and Air Passages.

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE HOLY LAND. Being a full description of Palestine, its History, Antiquities, Inhabitants and Customs.

NEW BOOK AGENTS WANTED FOR THE FESTIVAL OF SONG. A WHOLE LIBRARY OF CHOICE and instructive songs.

Christian Harmony. By WM. WALKER, A. S. H. A Splendid Music Book, upon a NEW, NATURAL and EASY System.

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MENEELY & KIMBERLY, BELL FOUNDERS, Troy, New York.

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Trains Leave Galveston Daily, Sundays excepted, at 6:10 A. M., 11 A. M. AND 5 P. M.

ON SUNDAY: Train Leaves Galveston at 10 A. M.

TICKET OFFICES: Corner Meehan and Tremont Streets, Galveston, and at the Depot.

G. B. NICHOLS, Superintendent.

H. B. ANDREWS, General Ticket Agent.

LONE STAR ROUTE, WASHINGTON SAFETY BRAKE.

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STATIONS. St. Louis enroute Hours.

DAILY, SATURDAYS EXCEPTED. Leave Galv., G. H. & H. R. R. 7 00pm

HOUSTON, I. & G. N. 5 00pm 2 1/2

Little Rock, St. L. M. & S. 11 50pm 19

Memphis, M. & T. R. R. 1 00am 37

St. Louis 6 20am 49

THROUGH PULLMAN Drawing Room and Sleeping Coaches

HOUSTON TO ST. LOUIS WITHOUT CHANGE.

CLOSE CONNECTIONS AT LITTLE ROCK, CAIRO AND ST. LOUIS with all lines leading to the East, North, West and Southern States!

Best, Shortest, Quickest & Cheapest Route! Do not be deceived, but obtain Tickets via the International & Great Northern R. R.

H. M. HOXIE, Gen. Supt. S. M. HOXIE, Gen. Trk. Agt.

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W. E. SMITH, Superintendent. JNO. H. PERRY, Gen'l Ticket Agt.

MISCELLANEOUS. THE BEST in the World. Gives Universal Satisfaction.

Christian Advocate

HATS and caps of the latest style and magnificent finish, and a fine assorted stock of children's caps, will be found at the establishment of those popular hatters, Messrs. Stapp & Waters, on Tremont street, second door north of Market street, Galveston.

"ECONOMY IS WEALTH" has been quoted by a thousand tongues. Why, then, do you not practice what you preach; you, who purchase wagons, buggies and carriages of foreign manufacture, and pay for same fabulous sums of money, when you can buy at home, direct from the hands of one who has passed nearly a quarter of a century in this line of business; whose handiwork is equal to that of any renowned wagon, carriage, or buggy maker in the east, north, or west.

We take pleasure in publishing the fact that Mr. Henry Riesel, of the firm of Bothman, Riesel & Co., has invented and received from Washington, D. C., a patent for a new and useful improvement in automatic bale rolling attachment for compressors. The bale having been pressed and bound, the followers sink with it, and in doing so a bar at its side, with prong extensions under the bale, is caught and caused to rise by a spring bar within the frame, thus tilting and throwing off the bale. This valuable addition to late improvements in cotton press machinery demands the attention of compressors.

As the season is on hand when agricultural implements and farm machinery is needed, farmers will do well to communicate with Messrs. H. Hirsch & Co., of our city. They have made it a rule to deal in nothing but the very best and most approved articles in their line. They are agents for the Brinly plow and Black Hawk cultivators, two implements which cannot be excelled for our soil. They represent Colt's Patent Fire Arms Company; the celebrated Baxter steam engine, of which they have now over forty in this State in operation, all of which give the fullest satisfaction. Messrs. Hirsch & Co. also handle the Milburn wagon, Faught's and common sense horse powers, Hall's self-feeding gins, several cotton presses, Hoadley engines and Blake's steam pumps, and any orders entrusted to them will be carefully filled. See their advertisement.

J. S. BROWN & Co.—The advertisement of this well known firm appears in this issue of the ADVOCATE. The respective members of this firm are extensively known throughout the interior for promptness in all their business transactions, and for their liberal and straightforward dealings with patrons. They are continually receiving new additions to their different departments from Europe and from the best manufactories in this country. Their stock of goods (complete in every department) comprises everything known in the category of heavy and shelf hardware. Orders forwarded them will be promptly and satisfactorily filled. Merchants visiting the city are respectfully requested to call and examine their establishment and price.

DRY GOODS.—The well known and staunch house of Messrs. McIlhenney & Hutchins, of Houston, Texas, are at present offering unusually large and attractive stocks of dress goods, linens, etc., and, in fact, every class of merchandise that enters into the category of dry goods and notions, at prices which can be safely said to be as low as any other establishment in the South. In these hard times, when every honest attempt at securing the rich trade of the Lone Star State must be resorted to, it becomes a matter of importance to the larger and wealthier firms to carry on the war of low prices relentlessly and fearlessly. In accordance with this well established principle of trade, Messrs. McIlhenney & Hutchins have unfurled their banner to the breeze, and now invite an inspection of their stock of goods, and an examination of their prices.

THE establishment of Messrs. Robt. W. Sanders & Co., of this city, family grocers and dealers in groceries of every description, is on Market st., second door below S. E. Thompson's jewelry store. Their figures on groceries, teas, etc., are very low—their motto being quick sales and small profits.

THE card of Messrs. E. E. Rice & Co. appears elsewhere in the ADVOCATE. The respective members of this firm are well known to people of Galveston, for straightforwardness and generosity in dealings with customers; and for the peculiar good taste displayed in always keeping their establishment stocked with the choicest and most select groceries, both staple and fancy. They make specialties of the finest brands of teas, shaker preservers and imported fancy goods. Mr. Rice personally superintends the management of his store—always on hand to supply the demands of his numerous customers.

Changing his Name. This from the Brunswick, a tunny Missouri paper: The other day a young African asked us if it was "agin de law" to change his name. We replied that, if he had good name, he had better keep it, as a good name was the one thing to be desired in this world.

"I've got a putty fair name," he said, "w'at I've had eber sence de war, but it won't do for dis chile any moah." "Why, what's the matter with it?" we asked. "Well, you see boss, dar's a fool nigger come hyar from Chillicothe, an' he's buzzin' around wid my name, and no two niggers can circumgase in de same town onless one or de uder ob 'em hab a different procognem."

"Perhaps you can prevail on him to adopt another name." "No, sah; I offered him foah bits, an' a razor to call hisself somethin' else 'sides George Washin'ton Jones, but de yaller fool won't do it."

"Yellow, is he?" "Yes, sah; an' dat's what makes me so injurious about it. He says de Joneses was de fuses families of Firginny, an' dat he's comended in n direct line from dem, an' consequently darfoah walues de name moah exceedingly dan uderwise."

"So you propose to off the old name and on with the new?" "Somethin' like dat, I s'pos, boss. An' I want's to ax you de favor to sejeet some disappropriate name dat'll do for a cullud pusson ob standin'. I don't soshate wid de common, low-class niggers, an' I want's a name out ob dere uncomphension-w'at dey can't steal, you know."

"How'll Benedict Arnold do?" "De Arnold am tonish, for suah, but dar's too many Bennys an' Dicks around. Try anuder one, boss." "Well, Algernon Sartoris, how's that?"

"Dat's superalant! Algerneymen Sartoris Arnold—dat'll do for some ob de name. Please reach for anuder one, boss." "Why, that's enough. How much do you want, for goodness sake?"

"Bos, you must 'member dat I's deekin in de church, an' 'prietor ob a house an' lot." "Oh, yes; well—let's see—Bill Allen?" "Dat's too common." "Abraham Lincoln?" "Too ordinary, sah. Get up higher." "Phil Sheridan?" "Higher yet, sah, if you please." "William Tecumseh Sher—"

"Stop, sah—dat's nuff—needn't feel no furdur. Wilyum Cherkumsey—that sounds like old Kaintuck—Wilyum Cherkumsey Algerneyman Sartoris Arnold. Yes, sah, dat'll do—no low-class nigger can git inside ob dat. You's de solm witness, boss, dat dat's my name hencefo'th on toall procedin' time. I'se obliged to you, sah." As he walked majestically away, repeating the name over to himself, he was, the proudest nigger in Brunswick. And yet Shakespeare says there's nothing in a name.

twenty men bankrupt. In cotton—One man, \$150,000; one, \$100,000; one, \$75,000; five \$40,000 to \$50,000; three, \$30,000 to \$40,000; ten, \$5,000 to \$10,000; twenty-nine bankrupt. In sugars, teas and foreign produce—One man, \$150,000; three, \$40,000; one, \$100,000; one, \$125,000 to \$75,000; five, \$60,000 to \$50,000; four, \$30,000 to \$40,000; ten, \$20,000 to \$25,000; ten, \$10,000 to \$15,000; fifteen men bankrupt. In real estate (the writer's own choice after failure in everything else—One man would, at that period, be worth about \$200,000; two, \$150,000; five, \$100,000; ten, \$50,000; ten, \$30,000 to \$35,000; ten, \$10,000 to \$15,000; two bankrupt. A similar table in regard to more legitimate productive industries, not excepting legitimate productive mining, may be made by anybody for himself.

AN IMPRESSIVE SIGHT.—There were seventeen of them—exactly seventeen. They marched down Michigan avenue in double file—all but one. He marched alone at the head of the column. They were noble young men. They had high foreheads and intelligent faces, and there was a stern, determined look on each face—a look which said they would die at their country's call. Were they going forth to battle? Were they going to the rescue of some kind sentiment which the wicked world was trying to blot from the hearts of men? Were they going to the succor of the unfortunate and distressed? No, not a cent's worth—they were going out to play base ball. It was an imposing sight to see them march, march, march, each form erect, each step in time, each face bearing that look which warriors wear when the roar of the battle is loudest. If every one of the seventeen had been on their way to the wood-pile or the corn-field the sight could not have been more grand or thrilling.—Detroit Free Press.

OVERSTOCKING.—The habit of purchasing large lines of goods on time is one that is extensively practised and works much mischief among small traders or those who have but limited opportunities of disposing of their wares. Over stocking is at all times a dangerous experiment; but more particularly in preparation for a transient or temporary rush in business, such as a season at a watering place, or for a particular line, such as Christmas or New Year's presents. The only safe plan to avoid such a contingency is to thoroughly examine one's resources and finding his ability to invest, buy for cash or on short time, thus saving a cash discount, or avoiding the bug-bear of men with small means, note renewals. One who follows this plan will have more satisfaction in his trade, and having less cause for anxiety with less responsibility, will feel better able to conduct a business successfully.

From the New York Tribune. A WANT SUPPLIED. The American mind is active. It has given us books of fiction for the sentimental, learned books for the scholar and professional student, but few books for the people. A book for the people must relate to a subject of universal interest. Such a subject is the physical man, and such a book "THE PEOPLE'S COMMON SENSE MEDICAL ADVICE," a copy of which has been recently laid on our table. The high professional attainments of its author—Dr. R. V. PIERCE, of Buffalo, N. Y.—and the advantages derived by him from an extensive practice, would alone insure for his work a cordial reception. But these are not the merits for which it claims our attention. The author is a man of the people. He sympathizes with them in all their afflictions, efforts, and attainments. He perceives their want—knowledge of the human body, and believing that all truth should be made as universal as God's own sunlight from his fund of learning and experience he has produced a work in which he gives them the benefits of his labors. In it he considers man in every phase of his existence, from the moment he emerges "from a rayless atom, too diminutive for the sight, until he gradually evolves to the maturity of those Conscious Powers, the exercise of which furnishes subjective evidence of our immortality." Proceeding upon the theory that every fact of mind has a physical antecedent, he has given an admirable treatise on Cerebral Physiology, and shown the bearings of the facts thus established upon individual and social welfare. The author believes with Spencer, that "as vigorous health and its accompanying high spirits are larger elements of happiness than any other things whatever, the teaching how to maintain them is a teaching that yields to no other whatever," and accordingly has introduced an extensive discussion of the methods by which we may preserve the integrity of the system and oftentimes prevent the onset of disease. Domestic Remedies—their preparation, uses and effects—form a prominent feature of the work. The hygienic treatment, or nursing of the sick, is an important subject, and receives attention commensurate with its importance. Nearly all diseases "to which flesh is heir" are described their symptoms and causes explained, and proper domestic treatment suggested. To reciprocate the many favors bestowed upon him by a generous public, the author offers his book at a price (1.50) little exceeding the cost of publication. Our readers can obtain this practical and valuable work by addressing the author.

Commercial. WEEKLY REVIEW.

There has been a gradual but marked falling off in the general inquiry during nearly the entire week, and at the close there is almost an entire absence of demand, except in the filling of a few interior orders. This is, however, probably only one of those spasmodic reactions in the course of trade which occur during nearly every business season. There has, however, been a fair local demand for State products, and in this direction the movement has been limited only by the amount of receipts. The interior of the State is, however, by no means surfeited with goods, as the early purchases were mainly to fill up depletions in stocks of such articles as were urgently required, while as a general thing merchants have delayed filling up general stocks, until after there shall have been a sufficient movement in cotton to relieve the moneyed stringency which has so long been apparent. The prospects for the resumption of trade early in the coming month are to all appearances good, and an active business is anticipated by our mercantile community.

The movement of cotton during the week has been liberal, and prices have been generally well maintained. While the general business of the week has not been as liberal as could have been desired, we see no reason to expect a continuance of the prevailing dullness beyond the opening of the coming month, as stated above.

THE GENERAL MARKET.

Quotations not applicable to small orders, but represent cash prices for large lots. As-Handles—per doz., No. 1, \$2 50 @ 2 75; No. 2, \$1 85; No. 2 [N] \$1 65. Bacon—Supply in first hands ample market dull. We quote Clear sides, 15c; clear rib, 15c; shoulders 11c; breakfast bacon 17c. Bagging—Quiet and steady.—Domestic—heavy, @ 14 1/2 per yard; light from store, 14c; India, 11c in bales. Beans—Is dull and unchanged \$1 25 @ 1 50 per 100 pounds. Job lots, Texas 90c. per 100 pounds by the Car load. Beans—Prices are steady at 25 @ 26c, for prime yellow, with light receipts and not much inquiry. Belting, Rubber—Sold according to list, with 20 per cent. off. Butter—Stock heavy and demand light for all grades; prices easy as quoted, choice 34c @ 35c; fair 29 @ 31c; ordinary 24 @ 25c. Western and Kansas City, choice 28 @ 31c; Medium 24 @ 26c; Ordinary 20c; Texas 15 @ 17c. Brooms—\$3 00 @ 4 50 per dozen. Candles—Quiet but steady favorite brands 16c. Candy—Light demand; assorted stick 15 @ 16c; fancy 20 @ 25c; rock 25 @ 26c; cream 25 @ 26c; gum-drops 30 @ 35c. Maple sugar 25 @ 30c. Coffee—Stock in importer's hands 7,500 bags, first hand quotations are firm at Fair 20; Good 20; Prime 21; Choice 22c. Dealers are selling from store about 5c advance on these figures for ordinary order lots. Can Goods—Per dozen cans: Peaches, 2 lb, \$2 50 @ 2 55; strawberries, 2 lb, \$2 50 @ 2 60; pine apples, 2 lb, \$2 40 @ 2 50; damsons \$2 25; oysters, 2 lb full weight, \$1 75 @ 2 00; 1 lb full weight, \$1 10; corn, 2 lb, \$2 25 @ 2 50; tomatoes, 2 lb, \$1 40 @ 1 50. Cheese—Western factory 13 @ 14c; English dairy 15 @ 20c. Corn—Moderate supply; prices easy at 75 @ 80c for Texas in round lots; Western \$1 10 @ 1 12c. from store, Texas 90 @ 1 00. Corn Meal—Fair supply. Selling at \$4 40 in job lots. From store \$4 25 @ 4 50c. Fresh from elevator \$5 00. Crackers—In fair demand. Soda 5c; cream and ginger 10c. Castings—Hollow ware, etc., 6c; sad irons, 5c. COFFEE-MILLS—Per dozen, Parker's No. 55; No. 60, \$8; No. 70, \$7 50, with large ten per cent. discount. CHAINS—Trace, per pair, 6c, 10, 13, 16, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 55, 60, 65, 70, 75, 80, 85, 90, 95, 100, 105, 110, 115, 120, 125, 130, 135, 140, 145, 150, 155, 160, 165, 170, 175, 180, 185, 190, 195, 200, 205, 210, 215, 220, 225, 230, 235, 240, 245, 250, 255, 260, 265, 270, 275, 280, 285, 290, 295, 300, 305, 310, 315, 320, 325, 330, 335, 340, 345, 350, 355, 360, 365, 370, 375, 380, 385, 390, 395, 400, 405, 410, 415, 420, 425, 430, 435, 440, 445, 450, 455, 460, 465, 470, 475, 480, 485, 490, 495, 500, 505, 510, 515, 520, 525, 530, 535, 540, 545, 550, 555, 560, 565, 570, 575, 580, 585, 590, 595, 600, 605, 610, 615, 620, 625, 630, 635, 640, 645, 650, 655, 660, 665, 670, 675, 680, 685, 690, 695, 700, 705, 710, 715, 720, 725, 730, 735, 740, 745, 750, 755, 760, 765, 770, 775, 780, 785, 790, 795, 800, 805, 810, 815, 820, 825, 830, 835, 840, 845, 850, 855, 860, 865, 870, 875, 880, 885, 890, 895, 900, 905, 910, 915, 920, 925, 930, 935, 940, 945, 950, 955, 960, 965, 970, 975, 980, 985, 990, 995, 1000. Drugs—Acid Citric \$1 40; acetic 16c; tartaric 6c; oxalic 23c; sulphuric in carboys 4c; C. P. 40c; Aloes cap. 10c; alcohol \$2 alum 3c; ammonia aqua 3F, 4c; ammonia spirits arom. 48c arsenic common powdered 7c; Bisnuth, sub-nitrate, \$2 25. Blue Vitrol 15c. Borax refined 25c. Caustic, lunar, pure \$1 15; Chloroform \$F 10. Copperas 3c. Colomel, English, \$2 75; American \$2; stock \$1 60. Cinnamon bark 35 @ 60c. Cream Tartar, pure, 4 @ 50c; grocery 25 @ 40c. Chloral hydrat 25 @ 28c. Morphine, sulph, \$6 25. Logwood extract 18c. Gum Asafoetida 34c. Gum camphor 35. Gum opium \$10. Hops (1873) 35 @ 40c. Guinise \$2 50. Eggs—Steady, 22 @ 25c per doz. packed in patent boxes. Fish—Mackerel, barrels No. 2, \$12 50 @ 13; half-barrels No. 1, \$7 50 @ 8; No. 2, \$6 50 @ 7; kits No. 1 \$1 00 @ 1 10; No. 2, \$1 50 @ 1 60; herrings, Dutch, \$2 15 @ 2 40 per keg; dried No. 1 80 @ 90; No. 2 60 @ 65 per box; codfish, quarter-boxes, \$2 @ 2 10 half-boxes \$3 50 @ 3 75; 100 lb boxes 7c per pound. Flour—Sales have been a trifle larger with prices steady. Stocks are ample. Treble extra \$7 00 @ 7 25; choice \$7 75 @ 8 00. Fruit—Dried—Raisins: Layers per box \$3 25 @ \$3 50; figs per lb 15 @ 20c; prunes, fine French, none; currants, Zante, per pound 10 @ 12c; apples per lb, 9 @ 10c; Dates 12c; almonds, soft 24 @ 26c; shell, 23 @ 25c; hard shell 23 @ 25c; filberts 15c; pecans none; Brazil nuts 15c. Fruit.—Fresh—Lemons in fair supply. Sicily \$10 00 @ 12 00; Apples, supply fair. Western, \$5 00 @ \$6 50.

Northern, nominal. Oranges, Louisiana

net barrel \$5 50 @ 6 50; Sicily nominal Havana none in market. Glass Goods—Per dozen, in cases—Pickles per gallon, \$5 25 @ 5 50; half-gallon \$3 65 @ 3 75; quarts \$2 65 @ 2 75; pints \$1 40 @ 1 50. Hams—Steady. Choice sugar-cured, 16 @ 17c; 2d quality, 13 @ 14c. Hay—Is in limited supply and fair, active. Western, scarce at \$11 to \$12; Northern in job lots, \$5 50 @ 5 75; Texas 1 @ 1 1/2c. per pound. Millet 1 1/2 @ 1 1/4c. per pound. Hides—Moderately active and slightly firmer. We quote, dry flint, selected @ 17c. kips and calves 2 off; as they run, 13 @ 15c, wet salted, selected, 8 1/2c; as they run, 7 1/2c; butcher's green, 7c; dry salted are sold as dry flint with allowance for salt; glue stock 5 @ 5 1/2c. Hardware—Axes per dozen: Collins Kentucky light \$12; medium \$12 50; heavy \$15 50. Hoes—Per dozen, planter A B No. 0, \$7; No. 1, \$7 50; No. 2, \$8; No. 3, \$8 50; H B No. 0, \$6 50; No. 1, \$7; No. 2, \$7 50; No. 3, \$8. Iron—Per pound, common bar, 4 1/2 @ 5c; band, 6 @ 6 1/2c; hoop, 7 @ 7 1/2c; sheet, common, 7c; R. G., 8c; galv., 17c; Russia, 30c; imitation Russia, 22c; plow slabs, 6 1/2c; nail rods, 10c; axles, 1 1/2 @ 1 3/4c; horse-shoes, Burden's, \$7 25 @ 7 50; mule-shoes, \$8 00. Leather—Best Louisville and Cincinnati Oak Sole Leather, 42 @ 43; do. second quality 40c; do. fair saddle skirting 44c; do. oak harness leather 41c; do. second grade do. 38c; do. black bridle do. 50c; do. fair bridle do. 55c. Lard—Market quiet and firm Tierces, 15 1/2c; kegs, 16 1/2. Lumber.—The demand is fair, and stocks ample. Rough yellow pine, \$22; second quality, \$20; dressed weatherboards, \$25 @ 28; surfaced boards \$25 @ 28; ceiling, \$20 @ 25; flooring, \$25 @ 30; cypress lumber by the cargo, \$25 @ 30; ash, \$40; shingles, \$4 @ 5 by small lots; \$3 @ 3 50 by cargo lots. Lime, Cement, Etc.—In limited demand. Austin lime, \$2 25 per barrel; Alabama \$2 50; cement, \$2 25 @ 2 75; plaster, Paris, \$4 00 @ 5; laths, \$4 @ 4 50 per M. Meat-Cutters—Per dozen. Woodruff's, No. 100, \$15; No. 150, \$18. Molasses.—Supply fair; demand good, selling 50c; prime, and 55 for choice per gallon, barrels, half barrels 5c. advance, 10c. advance. Job lots kegs 60 @ 65c; for barrels. Nails.—Are unchanged. Quotations are as follows: 10d to 60d, \$3 75 @ 4, \$4 00 @ 6d, \$4 25; 4d and 5d, \$4 75. Flooring, casing and boxing, 75c. advance on above. Finishing \$1 advance. Oils.—Linseed, raw, 95; boiled, \$1 00. Lard, No. 1, \$1 00. W. S. \$1 15 Proctor & Gamble's, \$1 12; Turpentine, 45c. Kerosine, 24 @ 27c. Oats—Western nominal. Texas 50 @ 60c. Per car-load, 50c. Onions—In fair supply; prices easy; Western \$3 25 @ 3 75 per barrel. Bermuda per box nominal. Potatoes.—Stock fair; prices firm; market quiet. Western easy, \$2 90; Northern \$3 00. Sweet potatoes \$2 00 per bushel. Peltries—Deer skins 25 @ 27; goat skins, 20c. per lb; sheep skins, full wool, 50c. half-wool 25c., shearlings 15 @ 20c. each; wolf skins 25 @ 75c. each; dressed deer skins, Indian-tanned, \$1 50 @ 1 75 per pound. Poultry—Receipts fair and prices weak. Chickens \$3 50 @ 4 00 per dozen; Turkeys quiet; \$12 @ 14. Ducks \$3 50 @ 4 00 per dozen. Geese \$6 00. Partridges none in market. Starch—Dealers supply the demand at 5c. Salt—Stock small; prices firm. Coarse from first hands by car load \$1 40 gold; fine \$1 30, gold. Soap.—In full supply. Olive 7c. for large lots. German olive 6c; Ordinary orders filled at 7c. Sires—Per dozen, iron, \$1 75; plated \$2 75 brass \$3 75. Sugar—Market steady for Louisiana and Texas, for which there is a fair demand. Fully fair 9c; prime 9 1/2 @ 10c; choice 10 1/2c; coffee 10 1/2 @ 11c. coffee B 11c @ 12c; coffee A 11 1/2 @ 12c; crushed and powdered 11 1/2 @ 12c; Demerara Choice 11 1/2 @ 12c. Tobacco—Supply ample and prices firm, with upward tendency. We quote: 12 inch, extra fine for lbs, 75c @ \$1; 11 inch extra fine, 70 @ 75c; 11 inch, fine, 65 @ 70c; 11 inch, fine medium, 60 @ 65c. 11 inch, good medium, 57 @ 60c. 11 inch, good common, 53 @ 56c; twist, all grades, 60 @ 80c; smoking tobacco, 45 @ 55c; snuff, per dozen bottles, \$4 00 @ 4 13; cigars, domestic, per thousand, \$12 @ 100; cigars, imported, per thousand, \$8 @ 25 00. Ties—Iron cotton baling ties 5c. per pound for Arrow and for Beard. Tin—In plates, per box, in gold, 1X \$14 50; 1C \$12 50; 1C, leaded, \$11 75c Pig 30c @ 35c. Tallow—Receipts light; prices steady, good to prime 6 1/2 @ 7c; for small lots large lots in shipping order 7 1/2 @ 8c; common 5 1/2 @ 6c. Trine.—Cotton baling twine is in ample supply; selling at 17c. per pound. Tube—Painted, 3/4 nest, 3 in \$2 25, 5 in \$3 25; white pine, 3 in \$3; 5 in \$4; cedar, 3 in \$3 75; 5 in \$5 50. Vinegar—Fair supply and steady at 25 @ 40c. 7/8 gallon for cider and white. White wine, imported, 65c. Woodware—PAILS—Painted, two hoop, 7 dozen, \$2 10; three hoop \$2 40. Well Buckets—Per dozen L. S., \$6 00 @ 7 00; extra \$9 50 @ 11 00. Wheat—Nominal at \$1 46 for No. 2, and \$1 25 for No. 3, Red Winter. WHEAT—No. 2 Texas, nominal at \$1 35 @ 1 37 1/2 per bushel, by the car load, buyer paying elevator charges; for Medium Fine. Wool.—Fall clip, 1 1/2 @ 2 1/2c; for Medium Fine. Zinc.—In gold, per pound—Pig, none in market; sheet 11c.

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