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## Christian Advocate

GALVESTON, TEXAS, AUG. 28, '75

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### OUR CHICAGO LETTER.

Balloons have crossed the Styx—Illinois versus Jefferson Davis—The Romance of Truth—Press Excursions—Temperance—The Noon Prayer Meeting—Moody's Tabernacle—Other Items.

[Special Correspondence of the Advocate.]  
 CHICAGO, August 16, 1875.

The balloonists, to whom I referred in my last communication, have never been heard from, and naturally enough all hope of their ever turning up has been abandoned; several messages have been extracted from various letters found at different points along the lake shoreporting to be the farewell of the aeronauts to the citizens of the world, but all have been the work of some thrifless jester who could find no better employment than that of foisting a hoax as cruel as this upon the sympathizing public. It can hardly be doubted now that Donaldson and Greenwood have both been lost in the lake and will never more be heard of this side of the Styx. *Requiescat in pace.*

You will doubtless have heard that the ex-President of the defunct Southern Confederacy, Jefferson Davis, was sometime since invited by H. P. Kimball, Secretary of the Winnebago County Agricultural Society to deliver the annual address at the Winnebago County (Illinois) Fair. Such an invitation coming as it did from a section of country which had always been considered as the hot-bed of Abolitionism and Radical Republicanism, was looked upon as an evidence of the friendly feeling entertained by the Northwest toward the South. It was in this same country that Stephen A. Douglas, the Democratic candidate for president in 1860, very nearly lost his life during that eventful campaign. The invitation was held forth as proof that the old war spirit no longer held sway in the North, and was pointed to in a bold manner by some papers as evincing a more conciliatory state of feeling than that disclosed by Preston's bitterly vindictive speech at the University of Virginia on the 4th of July last. The Democratic papers were generally jubilant over the evident liberality which had prompted this courteous action on the part of the fair managers; the more noticeable, moreover, as these persons are generally looked upon as staunch supporters of the ultra Republican party. Mr. Davis cordially thanked the Secretary of the Board, and accepted. The soldiers of Winnebago county, represented by that cowardly upshoot of the war, the Grand Army of the Republic, objected, and some of the more illiberal newspapers—prominent among which we may name the Rockford (Ill.) Gazette and the Chicago Inter-Ocean—took up the cry and denounced the brilliant idea as an outrage. The manufacturers of Winnebago county met together and refused to take a part in the fair, and the farmers took up the Biblical advice, and went and did likewise. The mothers of Winnebago county who had had sons at Andersonville, Va., refused assistance to the ladies' department, and the young ladies themselves refused to have anything to do with an entertainment which was to have for its chief attraction a man who, ten years ago, would have been shot down for the highest treason. The managers of the fair are therefore in a dilemma and are undecided as to how they should act in the premises. They invited Mr. Davis in good faith and he accepted in the same spirit, and it would hardly be courteous on their part to rescind their action, which was of course not intended to have any special political bearing. The result of this war, which cannot be properly characterized by any milder term than that of infamously fanatical, will of course be to prevent Mr. Davis from visiting the fair, and I hardly think that Mr. Davis will be the loser.

A pretty and romantic story has been brought to light in our midst within the past month which goes to add proof to the well-worn assertion that "truth is stranger than fiction." A year ago last May, May the death of a well known and prominent Board of Trade man, Monsieur de Belloy, by suicide, occurred in this city. He was a Frenchman, and a son of one of the oldest and first families of "La Belle France." His name and title in full were the Marquis Aymar de Belloy. He was a man of fine education, highly refined and of good business qualifications, etc., came to this country some twenty years ago, and for a few years taught school here and there, being only known as Monsieur Marechal. He became acquainted with a young girl from Michigan—a country lassie of much beauty—with whom he fell in love and ultimately married. Six children were born of this marriage of love. Of course, the high-toned family of the Marquis refused to recognize in the uncouth and unlettered Michigan maiden the wife of the noble Marquis. As a Board of Trade man, he made and lost several fortunes, always esteemed a daring and reckless operator by his fellow speculators. During a fit of depression, consequent upon an extraordinary run of ill luck, he took his own life. At the time of his death he had an insurance of \$10,000 on his life, which has never been paid, the companies holding that they are not liable in cases of suicide. A subscription of \$2000 was raised by the Board of Trade to defray the funeral expenses, the unused balance being given to the family for their support. Poverty after awhile entered the household and it became a difficult thing to make both ends meet.

Intelligence has lately been received from France announcing the death of the Marchioness de Belloy, the mother of the family. The eldest son of the noble suicide, a lad some fifteen years of age, Victor de Belloy by name, who has for some time followed the unpretentious profession of paper boy and bootblack, becomes now Marquis de Belloy; and the young Michigan beauty, Marchioness de Belloy, and all will have, what is much better than title, a goodly share of this world's luxuries.

We have been visited during the past week by an excursion party of the Mississippi Press Association, comprising nearly thirty editors and several ladies from all parts of the State. These good people remained in our city seeing the sights and fraternizing with our citizens for three days, when they folded their tents like the "Arabs," and as "silently stole away;" their objective point being Indianapolis.

The good work of temperance still goes steadily on. One good feature introduced through the energy of the ladies who have this work in charge, is to prevent the payment of salaries to clerks on Saturday night, and this is found to diminish the Saturday-night spree on the part of young men. The National Council of the Temple of Honor, a temperance organization, held its annual conference in our city during the past week, but did nothing of particular interest.

The daily noon prayer-meetings in Lower Fannell Hall still continue, and good results still flow therefrom. The attendance of clerks is generally large, and occasionally some of our merchants lend their presence to the meetings.

Our annual exposition commences on the 8th of September and is to continue until the 9th of October. It promises to be an unusually attractive exhibition.

### MOODY'S TABERNACLE.

The *Advance* says: "An appeal was recently made through a morning paper for funds with which to furnish Mr. Moody's church edifice, located on the North Side, in Chicago. It appears from a letter of Dr. Field, of the *Evangelist*, who received his information from Mr. Mathewson, an enthusiastic English co-worker with Moody and Sanky, who has had much to do with the financial management of the great London meetings, that Mr. Moody might easily have brought home in his own pocket sufficient money for the purpose. Mr. Field says: Mr. Moody had

refused absolutely to receive anything from the committees, who invited him to different cities. Some times persons sent him small sums personally. They were generally those who had been benefited by his meetings, who wished thus to express their gratitude. Such gifts he felt at liberty to receive. Then he made a little collection of the hymns sung at their meetings, on which he had a copyright, and this he received for a time, but just when the sale had increased so that it amounted to something, he began to feel uneasy lest it might seem that he was turning the public excitement to his own personal advantage; so he told Mr. Mathewson that he would not touch it any more, that he (Mr. Mathewson), might keep it all to be donated by-and-by to some religious purpose." And, said Mr. Mathewson to Dr. Field, "how much do you think I have received since the 1st of January?" The Doctor could not guess, though a pretty good Yankee. Mr. Mathewson added, "Nearly five thousand pounds." This money was both legally and morally the property of Mr. Moody, but like the great apostle to the Gentiles, he would allow no man to make his glorying void by the charge that he preached the gospel for its pecuniary reward. But might not Mr. Moody, with great propriety, have chosen his own method of using the money, and, if he pleased, spent his twenty-five thousand dollars in finishing the house he had wrought so hard to begin?

"If Mr. Mathewson does not see the poetic fitness of appropriating the funds created by the sale of Moody's hymn book upon the consecrated edifice, let us hope the demand for the book in this country will be such as to secure the desired consummation."

Business is slowly improving. The crop promises, in spite of the wild rumors with reference to floods and grasshoppers, to aggregate a larger yield generally than last year—of course, always presuming that no unforeseen disaster overtakes it.

### MARLBOROUGH.

#### PATENTS.

Issued by Patent Office to Citizens of Texas, for the week ending August 10th, 1875.

Published by the Advocate by J. McC. Perkins & Co., Attorneys and Patent Solicitors, Washington, D. C.

166,421. Reversible Sad-Irons. Thomas T. Smothers, Bryan. [Filed July 24, 1875.]  
 166,267. Apparatus for Destroying the Cutting Ant. Ferdinand A. Fenner and J. H. Power, Mission Valley. [Filed May 28, 1875.]—A perforated tube having a closely fitting top and a broad flange near the top, and supplied with an air tube passing through the flange, and entering the perforated tube near the lower end.

NO EX-PRESIDENT LIVING.—The death of Andrew Johnson leaves the country without a single ex-President living. This has not happened since the death of Washington, in the administration of the elder Adams. When John Quincy Adams was inaugurated, fifty years ago, all the Presidents for the preceding seven terms, twenty-eight years, were living namely, the elder Adams, Jefferson, Madison and Monroe. When Polk was inaugurated, thirty years ago, incumbents of the previous twenty years, five terms, were living, (except Harrison, who was in office but one month), namely, the younger Adams, Jackson, Van Buren, and Tyler; and when Lincoln was inaugurated, fourteen years ago, no less than five of his "illustrious predecessors" survived—Van Buren, Tyler, Fillmore, Pierce and Buchanan.

A CORRESPONDENT of the Southern Churchman says that Foley's bronze statue of Stonewall Jackson, which is to be sent to Virginia, is now in the London Royal Art Gallery. It is described thus: "The figure is of heroic size, erect and noble; head uncovered; right hand, grasping a gauntlet, rests naturally upon the hip; on the left arm hangs a military cloak, while the left hand holds the hilt of a sword, whose point touches a pile of hewn stones, its empty scabbard hanging from a belt around the waist. The form, the attitude, the face and the expression of the countenance combine to make one of the most impressive statues ever seen."

### OUR ALABAMA LETTER.

On the Wing—Here We Rest—Financial Outlook—Political Vampirism Dying—The Highway of Prosperity—Sundry other Items.

[Special Correspondence of Advocate.]

"All right." "Draw in the planks." "Haul in ropes." "Ting-a-ling." Away we go on the gallant steamship Josephine from Galveston harbor across the bay and over the bar out upon the broad bosom of the deep Mexican Gulf. The winds were blowing gently from the South, the bosom of the waters almost as quiet and smooth as a summer lake, while the silver-rimmed clouds chased each other in sportive beauty along the upper air. What a feeling of exhilaration and expansiveness of thought such a scene inspires! It lifts the soul up beyond the region of petty prejudices and annoyances—for the moment reminding us of the breadth of the broad mantle of that charity we ought to spread over the weaknesses of others. Thus we thought, while enjoying the indescribable, yet appreciable, inspiration of our voyage until the stars one after another, began to "pin back the curtains of night," and the "pale soft moon" moved with queenly splendor across the skies receiving the grateful homage of the ocean and of darkness. But the scene and trip have come and gone, and to-day we sit under Alabama's sky. Alabama! The name has its origin wrapped up in a beautiful Indian legend. Many years ago while fleeing from the pale face, the red skins crossed this territory. Their wild untutored minds were so impressed by its grand mountain ranges lying like a huge serpent against the horizon, and so charmed by its clear pellucid streams, and attracted by its abundance of game, that they gave it the name of Alabama, the Indian significance of which is, "here we rest." It is certainly a resting place, as your special correspondent can testify by present experience, as well as hundreds of Alabamians now living in the Lone Star State. There is a strong bond of sympathy between Texas and Alabama. This bond State has furnished Texas with three Supreme Judges—one of them—Judge Roberts—now occupying that honorable position. She has given to her some of her best statesmen and most devoted ministers of the gospel. Stripped of their fortunes by the war; suffering under the merciless bondage and vampirism of Radical and carpet-bag rule, they have immigrated to Texan soil to give free scope to their active hands and spirits. The financial outlook of Alabama to-day is very discouraging as compared with her quondam prosperity. Mobile, once next to New Orleans, as a cotton emporium, is but a wreck of her former self; while Montgomery, to-day, looks like some noble tree stripped of its foliage, blasted by thunder bolts, shaken by storms. It will require at least thirty years of economic toil and sturdy endurance to lift Alabama up to her former monetary plane. But the resources to do it are here. North Alabama is rich in minerals, such as iron ore, coal, and in many places, silver. It is one of the fairest fields in the South for the attraction of Northern capital. Large investments have already been made, and there would have been larger still but for the miserable Radical oppression that for several years after the war crushed her to the earth. A noble chivalric people, however, will rise up afterwards and throw off such yokes of cruelty. Alabama did this last year in the election of Gov. Houston to the gubernatorial chairs, and a Democratic majority in both houses of legislature. Since then real estate has risen an average of twenty per cent. An election has just been held for a convention to revise the Constitution, which was carried by over 16000 majority. The delegates to this convention are men of highest mental and moral worth; and when the constitution has passed through their hands, we predict a government affording such protection to life and property, such inducements to investment, that all necessary capital will flow in, and Alabama once more start out on the highway to prosperity. The fine crop prospects have been

greatly damaged by the long drouths, but I presume a two-third crop of cotton and corn will be reaped. This will be sufficient for the farmers to pay off all mortgages and begin next year free of debt. While, therefore, the many Alabamians in Texas have no cause to regret their move, they will at the same time have cause to congratulate the friends they have left behind. The thousand dark influences of evil resulting from Radical misrule have not failed to lower the general standard of society, also, in this former noted State. Poverty is the greatest of all temptations to sacrifice principle. Many men of high positions have yielded and sold their birth-right of honesty for a mess of pottage. These have been followed by their blind admirers of less note, and the social status has been lessened. Honesty of principle in political circles does not stand as high in Alabama as it once did, but under the present Democratic regime we are hoping for better things. Men with characters like Caesar's wife, "above suspicion," are beginning to take the leadership in politics, and fast becoming moulders of public opinion, so that out of our present social wreck we are expecting to see a reformation commensurate with our incoming material prosperity.

Alabama sends her greetings to Texas on her present outlook, and rejoices that she has furnished her with so many distinguished politicians and clergymen.

### BISHOP KEENER'S DECISION.

In the St. Louis District Conference.

NEW ORLEANS, July 8, 1875.  
 REV. A. T. SCRUGGS, P. E., My Dear Brother:—You will please forward my decision in the case of challenged membership, made at the District-meeting of the St. Louis District, held recently at Manchester, Mo., to the Nashville Christian Advocate for publication. Comments on this decision which withhold the text itself render this course necessary. I am truly yours in Christ,  
 J. C. KEENER.

2410 NORTH 12TH ST., ST. LOUIS, MO., Aug. 3, 1875.

REV. THOS. O. SUMMERS, D.D., Editor Nashville Christian Advocate—Dear Brother:—Inclosed I send you a correct copy of the decision of Bishop Keener, rendered in the case of challenged membership, in the St. Louis District Conference, at the session held at Manchester, Mo., June 19 13, 1875; also a letter addressed to me by the Bishop, bearing date July 8, 1875, requesting me to forward a copy of the decision to you for publication in the *Advocate*. I have received a second letter, asking the forwarding of the first with the decision, so that both might appear together, the one explanatory of the other. Fraternalty yours,  
 A. T. SCRUGGS.

1. The name of L. D. Dameron having been reported by the pastor of Chouteau Avenue Charge, as superintendent of its Sabbath-school, and as a member of this District Conference, the Rev. J. W. Lewis, pastor of St. John's Church, challenged the right of said Dameron to membership in the District Conference now convened, upon the ground that he was an expelled member from St. John's Church, and that his legal status, as such, was unchanged up to the present time; and appealed to the Presiding Bishop to determine whether the said Dameron could be recognized as a member of the church, or a member of this District Conference.

2. The question having been raised by Rev. W. M. Williams, whether the President of a District Conference had the right to determine its membership, the Chair decided that the church placed that responsibility upon the presiding officer.

3. The facts were then agreed upon by the Presiding Elder and the pastors of Chouteau Avenue and St. John's Charges upon which the decision of the Presiding Bishop is asked to be made, viz:

(1) That Logan D. Dameron was expelled from St. John's Church on the 27th November, 1874.

(2) That he gave notice of an appeal to the ensuing Quarterly Conference, to convene on the 19th December, 1874.

(3) That before the meeting of the Quarterly Conference, he, upon application, was received in Chouteau Avenue Charge, by its pastor, F. A. Owen, on the 13th December, 1874, with the express consent and approval of the membership of said Church; that he was subsequently elected to the offices of Church Sec-

retary and Sabbath-school Superintendent, and is now reported a member of the District Conference, here convened (the 10th June, 1875), from that charge.

(4) That the Presiding Elder read to the preacher in charge of Chouteau Avenue Church, a written argument against his having received the said Dameron into his Church without Dameron's having first given satisfaction to the Society which had expelled him.

(5) That the said Dameron has not at any time since his expulsion made application to the Quarterly Conference of St. John's Church for a removal of its Church-censure.

1. Upon the question submitted, viz., Whether the said Logan D. Dameron can be recognized as a member of the Church, and therefore a member of this District Conference, from the Chouteau Avenue Church, the President decides—

1. That an expelled member continues under Church-censure until that censure has been properly removed.

2. That he can not be recognized again as a church member until then.

3. That a preacher in charge may not revise the action of a committee of trial, or of a quarterly conference, so as to relieve an expelled member from censure.

4. The censure of expulsion when completed can only be removed by the same body that put it on, and by the same society—see discipline, p. 152, paragraph 5; and p. 148, paragraph 5; and manual of discipline, p. 77, paragraph 4.

2. The church holds herself responsible for her agents only in that and to the extent for which they are accredited as such. A board of stewards, for instance, may not license a preacher; a quarterly conference may not elect to order a presiding elder may not ordain. In all these supposed cases, the church would not confirm the action of those who only assumed to be her agents.

3. The Church has not constituted the preacher in charge her agent for removing censure from an expelled member, but the Quarterly Conference of the Society that expelled him—as the preacher was not her agent in placing it upon him. When an expelled member shall have been restored by the Quarterly Conference, the pastor reports to the Church his restoration and the grounds thereof (See Manual of Discipline, p. 77); and a certificate of membership is necessary to a restored member from the pastor of said Society before he can be received as a member by any other.

4. It will be noticed that the Discipline makes a difference between the reception and the restoration of a member. Of the former the preacher is the sole judge. By not keeping this distinction clearly before the mind I gave a letter of advice in answer to a letter of the Presiding Elder, some time after the preacher in charge of Chouteau Avenue Church had enrolled the name of Mr. Dameron as a member, in which I stated informally that a preacher in charge of any Church might receive an expelled member upon confession and consent of the brethren; but this view was immature, and is not sustained by the Discipline or Manual. Such a course would be the vain attempt to confirm one set of agents at the expense of another set—to hold up the dignity of one Society at the expense of another. This might do in a congregational system, but would soon prove fatal to the authority and existence of a Connectional system like our own, in which the disciplinary action of one Society must be respected and maintained by the discipline of the whole Church.

In accordance with these views, the presiding Bishop decides that Logan D. Dameron cannot be recognized as a member of this Conference, because his legal status as an expelled member of this Church has not been changed by any Church-action which may have transpired in his case since the date of his expulsion from the St. John's Church.  
 J. C. KEENER.

We again call the attention of our correspondents to an important feature: give us items—crops, soil, morals, peculiarities, population, etc., etc.







Christian Advocate

GALVESTON, TEXAS, AUG. 28, '75.

Correspondence.

Stephensville District.

The Stephensville District Conference convened at Corinth Camp-ground, six miles northwest of Stephensville, July 10th. Rev. J. F. Neal, P. E., was present and presided. The several charges were represented tolerably well. The usual committees were appointed and presented reports, from which I extract as follows:

ON THE STATE OF THE CHURCH.

"We find in the district a membership of 1,253, including an increase of 141 this year. There are 19 local preachers, 190 who pray in public, 79 hold family prayer, 40 of whom pray night and morning. There are 254 heads of families, hence there are 175 heads of families who have no family religion." The spiritual condition of the churches, is reported to be above medium.

ON SUNDAY-SCHOOLS.

"There are in the district 19 Sunday-schools, in a tolerably good working condition, and no doubt effecting great good to the communities in which they are located; but it is evident to your committee that there is not that interest taken in Sunday-schools that should be."

ON FINANCE.

"The average assessments for pastors, \$300; the average receipts to date, \$58,04; church property of Stephensville District we find to be \$6,500."

ON TEMPERANCE.

Mr. President and Brethren of the District Conference:

Your Committee on Temperance beg leave to make the following report: It is a painful fact that the hydra-headed monster Intemperance has not only poisoned the vitals of human society, drawing many of the best and ablest of earth into his slimy meshes; darkening their minds and dragging their soul, body and spirit down to degradation, death and eternal ruin, but he has already insinuated himself into the very bosom of our beloved church, marring her fair reputation, and destroying the usefulness and happiness of many good people. Therefore, in view of the fact, that the evil of dram-drinking has crept into the church under various excuses which are only the bulwarks of the devil erected upon human weakness and depravity, and in order that this shame and disgrace may be banished from the membership of the church, we recommend the following resolutions:

Resolved, That the various preachers in charge shall not pass lightly over such offending members, but that immediately upon the discovery of such offence they shall take steps to save both the church and the individual.

Resolved, That inasmuch as alcoholic liquor, one of the most potent agents of the wicked one; often deceives and ruins our fellow creatures by presenting himself as an all-healing physician, carrying with him a panacea for every human ill; that we all, and especially the preachers in charge, earnestly discourage the use of these liquors in any way, whether compounded with medicines or not, except in case of extreme necessity.—W. R. ROBINSON.

ON BOOKS AND PERIODICALS.

The Committee report about 30 copies of the ADVOCATE taken. They close their report, speaking of the TEXAS CHRISTIAN ADVOCATE, thus: "We regard the paper worthy of patronage, whatever others may say to the contrary. It is common at conferences to pass resolutions complimentary of our church organ. We propose no such resolution, regarding such resolutions as fulsome unless we second them with a good degree of patronage. We, however, propose the following for adoption: Resolved, That each member of this District Conference do now, or as soon as it can be done, subscribe for the TEXAS CHRISTIAN ADVOCATE, and get as many others as possible to do likewise."

This peculiar turn procured you a few subscribers, and I hope many more will follow in the no distant future. The delegates to the next Annual Conference are, Rev. W. R. Robinson, G. A. Hill, R. O. E. Henderson and J. W. Turner.

During the Conference, prominence was given to religious service, having three sermons a day, and the result was glorious. Fourteen added to the church, about thirty converted, and the fire of love fanned to a flame upon the altar of many hearts from various portions of the district. I have visited many camp-meetings; I have superintended a number of them, but I never saw as good, nor a camp-meeting so easily controlled. This speaks well for the people of Erath county. On the Sabbath the subjects of

missions and the religious training of children were made prominent. The whole evening service was adapted to the children. Some suitable speeches delivered, and several children were baptized. Time properly spent with children is never lost. The collection for missions, in money and subscriptions, amounted to \$91.80, the largest by far ever taken in the bounds of the district. If this may be regarded as a stepping stone, the \$300 assessed the Stephensville District will certainly be forthcoming.—WM. A. SAMPEY.

JACKSONVILLE CIRCUIT.—I feel that I must write now, because I have something to write about. The good Lord has been with us in great grace and mercy, blessing the church on Jacksonville circuit with refreshing showers of grace divine. Sinners have been convicted and converted, and the good work is still going on. All the glory be to our Lord.

We held a meeting for six days at Pierce Chapel, assisted by Bro. David Rainey. Some twelve or fifteen were the subjects of saving grace. We had to leave, but the work was carried on, and several more I learn found salvation before it closed.

Earle's Chapel is four miles west of Jacksonville. A new house has been built by Bro. Earle and his neighbors in the place of the new church that was burned by an incendiary a few months ago. The incendiary entered and robbed Bro. E's house, while the church was burning. Very mean meanness it was.

But the people were not to be defeated by Satan and his imps. They set to work immediately and built another house, in which we held a meeting for five days and nights, and the good Lord rewarded us and the people abundantly, for "his power and grace was present to heal" from the beginning of the meeting.

About fifteen professed conversion up to the time we had to leave on Thursday. Our Lord dedicated the new church by a Baptism of the Holy Spirit. We organized a society of eighteen members, and they all started off aright by having their children baptized, and establishing the family altar. We left the work still moving on, and learn that several have been converted since. To our blessed Lord and the Holy Spirit be all the praise and glory, now and forever; amen.

We are now and have been for three days past battling for souls at Larissa. The good Lord is with us, but the powers of darkness have not yet given way, nor the host of sin yielded, but the hammer of the Word through the preached Gospel, as directed by the quickening agency of the Holy Spirit, can and will break these hearts of stone and give us the victory.

O, it is a terrible conflict we are in now. A contest for souls, but we will be bold and courageous. Will not be afraid nor dismayed, as Hesekeiah exhorted, "For there be more with us than with our enemy; with Him is an arm of flesh, but with us is the Lord our God, Christ and the Holy Spirit to help us to fight our battles." Ez. xxxiii. 7 and 8 verse. We hope to bring up a good report from here yet. To our Lord be all the glory.—E. P. ROGERS, P. C.

CAMP-MEETING.—I attended a Cumberland camp-meeting last week at Ridgeway Prairie Church, near Page, on the Austin and Hempstead railroad, in Bastrop county. The meeting began Aug. 13th, and closed the 21st instant. Several years ago, Rev. Mr. Strahan, Cumberland, began to preach in the neighborhood in private houses, and afterwards under an arbor. In a year or two he built a comfortable church and dedicated it; out of debt. This church here has a very respectable membership; and received nineteen conversions during the meeting. I reached the camp-ground Tuesday morning; received a very cordial welcome, and was requested to preach at ten and at night. Both services were very interesting. At night, twenty-eight mourners at the altar, and twenty or more conversions. Such a time of refreshing and power I have never seen in Texas. Convictions pungent, extorting the cry aloud, "save or I perish"—convictions clear, scriptural, and in every case, so far as I know, each praised God with a loud voice. Among the converted were three children of an afflicted sister who has not walked for eight years. She was lying on a bed in her carriage at the side of the arbor; and as these children, one after another, were converted, they ran to their mother shouting glory. The scene was thrilling; stirring the soul of every christian, and bringing tears to the eyes of many unused to weep. O, the ecstasy and "joy unspeakable and full of glory" of that mother! She seemed as happy as she well could be in the body. From this to the close of the meeting there were several conversions each day. Many of the young con-

verts became active workers in the altar. Indeed, there was a willingness to work generally among christians. The venerable Joseph Tally, of the Mobile Conference, preached the closing sermon from Rev. xv. 3. His sermon was unctuous and soul-stirring, and the large concourse was deeply moved by his earnest words and urgent appeals. Seventeen mourners came to the altar. Six ministers, representing the different churches, stood at the altar, and many came and shook hands with them, promising by the grace of God, to meet them in heaven. Amidst tears, and shouts, and rejoicings, in hope of the glory of God, we sang the doxology—pronounced the benediction, and at 10 p. m., the large congregation dispersed. Forty-two were converted; nineteen joined the Cumberland's; ten the Methodist, and six the Baptist.—L. ERKANBRACK.

A PERTINENT INQUIRY.—I desire through the columns of the TEXAS CHRISTIAN ADVOCATE to make an inquiry. Has a Methodist preacher a right to refuse to administer baptism by immersion when desired to do so by a candidate for admission into our church? In taking this position, does not the preacher assume that sprinkling, or pouring, is the only scripture mode of baptism? And if this latter position be correct, does it not teach that the mode is essential to the ordinance; that it cannot be scripturally performed except in a certain way? I thought that we complained of our Baptist brethren for making baptism an ordinance of mode. But if we assume that sprinkling or pouring is the only mode in which the ordinance can be scripturally performed, we do the same thing, and have no right to complain of others.

If we assume to dictate to our members the mode in which they are to receive the sacrament of baptism, it seems to me that we espouse the doctrine of the Roman Catholic Church—that the ministry has a right to dictate to the people as to what they should believe in order to be admitted to the communion and privileges of the people of God. I consider these questions of vital importance, and as I have heard doctrines delivered from a Methodist pulpit that sounded strange to me, I would like to be enlightened upon the points contained in the above questions. What is the meaning of the word baptizo? please tell us.—F. A. MCSHAN.

SHELBYVILLE HIGH-SCHOOL.—I had the privilege on yesterday (July 16) of attending the examination at the close of the past session of the Shelbyville High-school, in charge of Bro. Wm. C. Huntington and his excellent lady, about which I wish to say a few things through your excellent paper. First, in reference to government: I think that it is not surpassed in quiet, and want of friction in the government of the entire school. Second, in point of moral influence exercised: that his advice and general deportment is such as to impress the school profoundly in favor of morals and religion. He also acts as superintendent of the Sunday-school in the church at Shelbyville and suffers no secular business to take him away from it. His influence upon the entire community, in that capacity, would be hard to overrate. Next, as to the advancement of his scholars in their studies: I wish to state that in particular the examination showed that there was no want of attention to the smaller scholars; that the recitations of the higher scholars showed fine and thorough training in the English branches generally; and the exercises on the blackboard, advancement in mathematics in particular. The classes in French and Latin seemed to be very familiar with those studies as far as they had gone. I wish further to state that Bro. Huntington and wife are pious members of the Methodist Church, and I am prepared to say that parents and guardians need not be afraid to trust the morals of their children and wards in their hands; also that I recognize the school as being located in as healthy a place as can be found in Eastern Texas.—J. R. BELLAMY.

FUND COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the cancellation of notes given in favor of the Fund Commissioner's of the (Trinity) North Texas Annual Conference has been effected according to the action of said conference at its last session. Most of said notes have been returned to the drawers of the same, and the rest will be, on application to the undersigned. My postoffice is Coffeetown, Upshur county, Texas.—S. J. HAWKINS, Agent.

A MAN in Medina, Ohio, while riding in procession behind his wife's remains the other day overwhelmed with grief, had sufficient strength to stop the procession and jumped out of the carriage to pick up a knife which he detected in the road.

HOUSTON CARDS. A. WHITAKER, SEEDSMAN AND FLORIST, Houston, Texas. I am prepared to supply the people of Texas, either at wholesale or retail. SEND FOR CATALOGUE. 27my3m

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LEGAL CARDS. WM. HARRY HAYS, LAWYER, Ballinger & Jack Building, Galveston. Will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to him. C. H. CLEVELAND, JR., ATTORNEY AT LAW, 1731-6th Galveston, Texas, P. O. Box 65. WHARTON BRANCH, LAWYER, 1731 72 Strand, Galveston, P. O. Box 223.

W. R. CAMP, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Jefferson, Texas. Will practice in the Courts of Eastern and North-eastern Texas. ALEXANDER BRATON, RALPH BRATON, Attorneys at Law. A. BEATON & SON, Central Texas Real Estate and Collecting Agency, Corsicana, Navarro County, Texas. Will buy and sell land, pay taxes, furnish abstracts, investigate and perfect titles and make collections, etc., etc. 14my3m

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THE STATE OF TEXAS. To the Sheriff or any Constable of Liberty County, Greeting: WHEREAS oath has this day been made before me by Wharton Branch that A. N. B. Tompkins is absent from the state of Texas, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him, and praying for services by publication on him, you are hereby commanded that you, by making publication of this writ in some newspaper printed in Liberty county, if there be one; or if there be no newspaper printed in said county, then by publication in some newspaper printed in the nearest county where there is one; for three successive weeks before the return day hereof, summon the said A. N. B. Tompkins to be and appear before me at my office in the town of Liberty, in the county of Liberty, on the first Monday in September, being the sixth day of said month, A. D. 1875, to answer the complaint of the said Wharton Branch for the sum of seventy gold dollars and interest, due upon a promissory note, executed by said Tompkins, for \$70 gold dollars, dated at Liberty, June 20th, 1872, and payable ninety days after the date thereof to James Minter, or order, at Liberty, Texas, and endorsed by said Minter. Herein full, and of this writ, cause due return as the law directs. Given under my hand this 26th day of July, A. D. 1875. J. M. C. LAOUP, Precinct 1. 1731-4w

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Christian Advocate

GALVESTON, TEXAS, AUG. 28, '75

I. G. JOHN, D.D., EDITOR.

GENERAL TRAVELING AGENT, REV. WM. McK. GILLUM.

It is with pleasure we refer to our letter from Mexico, on sixth page. We have on file another from the same source. It will appear next week. We trust to often hear from our Mexican work through the medium of our excellent Brother Daves. The success of Protestant advances in that country is to a degree contingent upon the polity of the civil government, as well as its commercial relations. Hence reflections upon the one and statistics of the other are peculiarly welcome.

It is one of the novelties of the English Ecclesiastical law that while a clergyman of the Established Church may preach in the streets, in a theatre, or in a music hall, he may not preach in a place of worship belonging to dissenters. Their fellow-churchmen on this side of the ocean are not so choise. They are very willing to use the pulpits belonging to any of the sects if they have no house of their own, but they make it up by snubbing said sects after accepting eagerly their courtesies.

BRO. J. M. BLANTON writes from Palestine, Aug. 17: "I am just recovering from an attack of fever, I am very sorry that I have not been able to do more for the ADVOCATE. Money is so scarce. I say it not because its fashionable—but because I feel it. I hope to do more this fall. I feel that it is an important part of my work to get the ADVOCATE in as many families as possible. One difficulty I have here is the irregularity of the mails. Last year many of my subscribers complained of not getting their paper, when at the same time they got other papers. Many say they would subscribe if they could get the paper. However, it is coming regular, I believe, now to most or all of the present subscribers. I could send some few names now, but I am waiting for them to get the money."

BRO. J. Z. T. MORRIS writes from Houston, Aug. 23: "Last night we closed our meeting, protracted from the week of prayer. The church is much revived; fifteen accessions and conversions is the result. The interest increased every day from the 7th. Last night our church had but few vacant seats. We can safely report our condition much better than any time before this year. For sometime we have been disheartened and almost ready to give up, but thank the Lord, we have found help in him that makes us strong and tells us to go on."

BRO. S. H. BROWN writes us from Caney, Aug. 16: "I am trying to make our paper not only a welcome visitor but a necessity in every Methodist family. Still the good work goes on! received yesterday one into the church and baptized six children in the Baptist Church—much to the holy horror of their members! One good Baptist brother gave an excuse for not inviting me to his house that he was afraid I would get there and baptize all his children before he got home to prevent it."

"A guilty conscience needs not an accuser." Pray for the success of Zion in our part of the country."

BELTON DISTRICT CONFERENCE.—Our District Conference closed one of the most interesting and, I trust, profitable sessions we have ever held, on the 17th inst., of which you will hear more fully through our secretary. The gracious presence of our Lord was near, sanctifying our deliberations, sermons and associations to the acknowledged good of all who attended. Some of our preachers who were opposed to district conferences are fully changed in their minds as to their utility. We all felt to say at its close: Thank God for district conferences. —W. R. D. STOCKTON.

THE THING NEEDED.

THE late deliverance of Hon. Charles Francis Adams to the Amherst commencement was so pronounced a protest against the rationalistic and ritualistic tendencies of the times, that all who know his Unitarian proclivities are taken by surprise. He notes in the present state of christendom cause for alarm. Indifference tending to skepticism, and ritualism leading to superstition, are regarded as unhealthy symptoms demanding vigorous treatment. He points to the pulpit as the field where young men of intellect and culture may achieve the highest results for the good of their race. The need of the hour in his judgment is "a great revival; and of able successors even to such as Whitefield and Wesley to bring it about." The Lord Chancellor of England seated on the platform listening with profound attention to the story of the cross as told by a Chicago layman; leaders of the English Church breaking through their exclusiveness to participate in a revival which stirs the masses in the city of London, and makes royalty pause and hear the word; Gladstone, one of the first minds of the age, a champion of Evangelical christianity; and such men as Charles Francis Adams on this continent, affirming the necessity of a general revival of the old time Wesleyan type, are matters worthy of being looked at. We live in a day of grand possibilities. If the ministry now filling the pulpits are unequal to the task, the Master will go take the fisherman from his nets, the publican from his seat, or the lawyer from his brief, and awaken the church and convert the nations through their instrumentality.

CATHOLICS DO NOT STINK. (?)

WE find the following in our exchanges, and it is credited to the Tablet, one of the leading Catholic organs of this country. Whether it will find faith outside the Catholic Church is doubtful. Here it is: "That the bodies of our fellow-Christians slain (in China) through hatred of the Catholic faith and of France do not emit any disagreeable odor, is a fact well known. During the month of May five or six of these corpses which had been cast ashore could be approached and touched with impunity, whilst the fetid emanations proceeding from the body of a Pagan slain at the same period was enough to make one take instant flight from the shore, which had thereby become a place of infection."

Why do these miracles always at such a distance from the place of publication?

ARCHBISHOP PURCELL states in the Catholic Review, that in 1850 the Pope said to him: "It is true that the American government has asked for the appointment of a Cardinal." The American government usually speaks through Congress, the President, a member of the Cabinet, a minister at a foreign court, or its consul. When did the American government ever make such a request? As we do not wish to bring a railing accusation against either the Pope or the Archbishop by intimating that either told an untruth, we must conclude that one of them, despite their infallibility, has been egregiously humbugged by somebody.

THE New York Times states that the books of one of the oldest banks of that city show that of one thousand of its best depositors forty years ago, only six remain, the others having failed in business or died destitute of property. This fact indicates the instability of earthly riches. The bases of the most solid fortune is as uncertain as the sands on the shore of the sea.

BRO. W. C. BLAIR writes from Whitesboro, Aug. 25: "I am holding a meeting at Hickory Chapel. Had 28 conversions; 35 accessions and about 35 penitents at the altar last evening. I will have to close out to-night. I am sorry that my work is so large that I can not stay but a week in a place. We have ten or twelve preachers living within the bounds of the Whitesboro circuit—but I have been at Hickory Chapel all alone."

SAYINGS AND DOINGS.

A WEALTHY man in London has purchased the Victoria Theatre and gave it up for religious purposes. This is one of the results of Moody and Sanky meetings. Emotional religion not only arouses the multitudes, but stimulates the zeal of the christian and develops and wisely directs his charities.

THE article in the new constitution of Spain granting religious liberty, which has been passed by a large majority of the committee, is a concession to the spirit of the times and indicates no radical change in the spirit of Papacy. Its intolerance is still apparent in Central America in the riot and bloodshed the zealots occasioned.

CORNELL UNIVERSITY won the coveted honor from the Saratoga regatta. The faculty are elated, and their superiority of muscle it is supposed will be a powerful attraction to the young intellect of the land seeking the advantages of higher education. Texas has not yet reached that height in scholastic attainments, but possibly its scholars might get up a wrestling match or a foot-race?

ALASKA is moving towards civilization. An illicit distillery has been started since they entered into their present relations to this country. Their machinery is made out of two old oil cans, and their materials consist of potatoes, sugar and molasses. At this rate, they will soon be ready for admission as a State, and to send some one to Congress.

THE Missionary Advocate shows from a careful estimate that the average missionary collection of the Methodist Episcopal Church the past year for the whole church was 43c. per member. The highest contribution was from the Philadelphia Conference, which sent up \$1 25 per member. Why can not the Texas Conference raise that amount; 2c. per week is not a heavy draft on one's resources. Let us make the effort.

"God buries His workmen, but carries on his work." A few months ago the papers announced the martyrdom of Stephen, who fell a victim to fanaticism in Mexico. We now learn that Mr. and Mrs. Edwards, who have taken his place, have joined Mr. Watkins in his missionary work.

THERE is just now a demand for preachers who can deliver their message in the Spanish language. Mexico, Central America, the Argentine Republic and Brazil are presenting inviting fields for missionary enterprise. The field is white—where are the laborers?

REV. JOHN HALL, D. D., is taking a vacation in the Western States, and to make it as refreshing as possible, is spending all the time possible in addressing the Sunday-schools. His vacation is said to be especially refreshing to those who hear his Sunday-school talks. Would not many others be profited by such vacations.

THE present mayor of Bristol, England, is of the Unitarian persuasion. Custom requires that official to go on Whitsunday to the church of the establishment in procession with his Aldermen. The mayor declines, as he does not feel inclined to join in a service which in the Athanasian could send all of his faith, or want of faith, to damnation. If the people of Bristol want that service observed, they had better have a high churchman.

IN his life of Bishop Morris, Rev. J. F. Marley tells us that during his presiding eldership in Kentucky he traveled eight thousand miles; broke down two horses; preached four hundred times, and received for his labor less than the cost of his two horses. It is hard to convince some people that preachers are not always after the leaves and fishes.

A METHODIST lady some time since was troubled lest her child, an interesting girl who had spent some sessions at a Catholic convent, would become a Catholic, and asked a minister to talk with her about it. He did so, and at the same time he could but inquire if any other result was anticipated.

WHILE the trial of Lee and Davis for the Mountain Meadow massacre is revealing the moral turpitude of this strange delusion, the steamers are bringing a cargo of 750 recent converts from Europe to enlarge the borders of that filthy slough.

LORD STRAFLESBUURY, and other gentlemen in London who interested themselves largely in the Moody and Sankey revival, are seeking a suitable site for a building for the Young Men's Christian Association in London. The work is assuming permanent shape.

ONE of the peculiarities of many of the revival movements is the use made of the Bible. Mr. Varley is said to be a great Bible reader. He reads a few verses, comments on them, compares with other passages, explains and exhorts from another, and continues this process to the close of his address. He uses the Bible as the "Sword of the Spirit."

THE Swedenborgian convention again proposes to distribute among the Protestant clergy, free of charge, the work of Emanuel Swedenborg. We commend their large appreciation of literature to the Methodist clergy. If we would exhibit equal zeal in spreading our church standards among our people, we would see fruit in a more intelligent interest in the movements of the church.

COL. FORNEY is jubilant over the destruction of grain in Europe by the recent flood. It will secure a large market and high prices for American grain, while railroads and shipping will find their business increased. There is something grim in such joy?

DURING the amusement season in Boston, there were two thousand and six hundred entertainments given at an estimated cost of about one and one-half million of dollars. If one-third of that amount had been spent in benevolence, the people would have felt so heavily taxed that the voice of the rich who gave the money would have been more mournful than the cry of the poor for bread.

The Outlook.

SOUTHERN METHODISM.—The venerable Dr. Lovick Pierce writes to Rev. J. P. Nolan, of Macon, Ga., a letter in which he asks the prayers of his brethren that he may be spared to go to St. Louis next year as one of the fraternal messengers to the M. E. Church, (North), which meets in that city. His physical strength is yielding to the hand of time, his voice is weak, but his mind is clear. He says: "I still preach as I am picked up. I make no appointments on my own account." We would travel many miles to hear one more message from the lips of this venerable man of God. The Richmond Christian Advocate of a late date says: "Bishop Doggett has just returned from an episcopal tour through Kentucky and West Virginia. He has been on the wing three and a half months out of four. He has attended thirteen district conferences, besides doing a large amount of outside work. With all this work in this hot summer, the Bishop is looking well and hearty." Bishop Marvin under date of July 16th writes to the Nashville Advocate from Denver on his way to the Denver Conference to meet at Helena, Montana Territory: The brethren in Colorado being unable to attend conference in Montana—one thousand miles northwest, as the trip would cost \$200, and these brethren have not that money, the Bishop held a meeting with them so as to represent their interests at Conference.

NORTHERN METHODISM.—Mrs. Van Cott has been laboring as an Evangelist in Charles City, Iowa. The meeting resulted in about two hundred conversions; seventy united with the church, including twenty Sunday-school scholars. The Methodists of Indiana are to hold a grand educational reunion at Indianapolis in September, in the interest of the Indiana Asbury University. Rev. Thomas Girard with his family has reached San Francisco, and preached in the Howard street church, where it is expected he will be ap-

pointed. Philip Phillips is now singing the gospel in Australia, and is expected to be in Culcutta in December to sing in aid of the new Methodist Tabernacle at that place.

BAPTIST.—A Chinese by the name of Ding-Dong, has been ordained as a minister in the Baptist church in Oregon. G. W. Grayson, who is candidate for the position of principal chief of the Creeks, is clerk of the Indian Baptist Association.

CONGREGATIONAL.—The centennial anniversary of the Second Congregational Church in Berlin, Connecticut, was celebrated Aug. 25.

MISCELLANEOUS.—The Dayton (Ohio) Journal states that a prominent Catholic citizen of that place united with the Protestant Episcopal Church because he would not take his children from the public school. From forty to sixty Navajos attended religious services held at Fort Defiance, Oregon. At the Young Men's Christian Association at Richmond, Rev. A. G. Byers said that of 2,120 convicts visited by him in six years, twenty-nine per cent. were under twenty-one years of age; twenty-two per cent. were orphans; sixty-seven per cent. were uneducated; seventy-four per cent. had never learned any useful employment; sixty per cent. were intemperate; thirty-four per cent. had never attended Sunday-school, and only three per cent. had attended Sunday-school regularly. During the past year the American Bible Society manufactured, at their House in New York, 742,396 copies of the Bible. Its issues during its fifty-nine years of existence have amounted to 31,893,332.

ABROAD.—American churchmen were invited through a letter to Bishop Kerfoot, to attend the Old Catholic Congress, which was to meet in Breslan the 20th of this month. There was a large representation from the leading Presbyterian and reformed bodies in different parts of the world. Nearly one hundred American delegates were present. Dr. McCosh of Princeton, was elected President. It is hoped this effort to increase the efficiency of the aggressive movement of this part of the church will be successful. The United Methodist Free Churches of Great Britain report 68,649 members, and 16,060 on trial; a net increase on last year of 1278. The Society of Friends had 14,199 members in England. It is estimated that St. Peter's, Rome, will hold 54,000 persons; Milan Cathedral 37,000; St. Paul's, London, 25,000; St. Sophia, Constantinople, 23,000; Notre Dame, Paris, 21,000; Pisa 13,000; St. Marks, Venice, 7,000. The Pope has written to the Archbishop of Naples anathematizing the National Italian Catholic Church just organized. Other institutions have survived the Pope's anathemas. The Public Worship Regulation Bill opposed by Mr. Gladstone and supported by Disraeli has been carried through Parliament. It provides that a church warden or any three parishioners may bring action against any clergyman for introducing unlawful changes in the ornaments, decorations, services and rites of the church. Its design is to preserve the church from ritualistic innovations. The Romanizing clergy assume a defiant attitude. The French Government has prohibited the sale of Mr. Gladstone's writings against Papacy. Catholicism employs the secular arm wherever it has the power. The London Quarterly Review in an article on "Indian Missions" says the results are equally surprising to friends and enemies of missions. The total number of native Protestant Christians in 1871 was 318,363 of whom 78,494 were communicants. The number of converts between 1861, and 1871 were 85,430 souls in India proper alone. The Methodist Episcopal church has over one hundred and forty christian women engaged daily in spreading gospel truth in India. The last census of Canada shows 1,500,000 Catholics; 550,000 Presbyterians; 237,000 Baptists, and 21,000 Congregationalists.

DOMESTIC NEWS.

WASHINGTON.—It is believed in Washington that Tripoli will not wait the arrival of the steamship, but will arrest the sailors who insulted the United States Consul and wife, and punish them. A colored woman has sued the Pullman Palace Car Company for \$10,000 for refusing her a ride in a Pullman car from Cincinnati to Washington. From this it seems that Pullman only enforces his rule in the South. The statistics of sugar cane for July at the Agricultural Department show that Mississippi has an increased acreage of eight per cent; Georgia one per cent; Louisiana a decline of two per cent; South Carolina of three Texas five; Alabama eight; Florida fourteen, below last year's average. Sawyer, the Texas mail contractor, died in Georgetown, D. C., the 20th. The Indian Bureau has been informed by the Sioux commissioner that they will hold the Grand council at the Red Cloud Agency, the 1st of September. The Rio Bravo has been towed into Galveston port, by Revenue Cutter Dix. When repaired, she will return to the Plymouth at the mouth of the Rio Grande.

CASUALTIES.—A special to the Evening Journal, Chicago, states that the body of Greenwood, who ascended with Donaldson, was found fully dressed, except his boots. Letters belonging to Greenwood, and notes of the trip were on his person. Edwin Booth was thrown from a carriage at Point Chester, N. Y., the 17th; the bones of the left elbow and one rib broken. Heavy rains this week in Massachusetts, flooding low lands, bursting dams and stopping trains. An accident on the St. Louis & St. Joseph's branch road, the 18th, resulted in one death and fifty injured. The ship Brennan, from Liverpool, was on the 20th towed into San Francisco. Crew helpless from scurvy, thirteen died on passage, three within sight of port. Thurlow Weed's family, at New York, and servants were recently poisoned by using a copper kettle for boiling water for tea and coffee which had been scoured with oxalic acid, which combined with the copper formed arseniate of copper. Mr. Weed, his daughter and three servants had a narrow escape. A woman at Philadelphia, named Deershumer, died on the 21st, from taking carbolic acid by mistake. Killing frosts are reported on the night of the 23rd, along the line of the Lake Superior railroad, Minnesota. Much corn and unripe fruit destroyed. Much blame is attached to the nurses at Insane Asylum (N. Y.) for giving the patients over-doses of morphine to make them sleep quietly. Several of said patients died. On the 20th the river at Memphis was falling. Estimated damage varied from 20,000 to 80,000 bales cotton.

MISCELLANEOUS.—McCreary's majority for Governor of Kentucky is 36,139. House stands Democrats, 93. Republicans, 10. The mayor of Montgomery, Alabama, on the 17th, quarantined against Pensacola. Great preparations are being made to celebrate the opening of the Cincinnati Exposition. W. B. Duncan, of Duncan, Sherman & Company, offers to settle with the creditors at 33 1/2 per cent. if low interest and long time is allowed. The bond of Judge Shipman, assignee of Duncan, Sherman & Company, is fixed at \$500,000. John W. Stibbons was elected by the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows, New York, August 18th, Grand Master. Rear Admiral Napoleon Collins, commanding the South Pacific squadron at Callao, Peru, died on the 9th inst. of erysipelas, and was buried with military honors in the Protestant cemetery at Bell Vistomar Callao. Rear Admiral Reed Worden has been ordered to the command of the South Pacific Station, and until his arrival Capt. E. Simpson, of Omaha, will be in command. On the 19th, 22,500 boxes of peaches, were received at Baltimore. 2000 boxes were thrown into the river. Johnson and Coyle are to swim another match.



Christian Advocate

GALVESTON, TEXAS, AUG. 28, '75

W. I. BARKER, GENERAL ADVERTISING AGENT.

SUMMER vacations are so common in some of the churches in the Northeast that one of the papers speaks of the rector of an Episcopal Church, Brooklyn, as "distinguishing" himself by staying at home.

We note the fact that the Catholic clergy discountenance the outrageous assault of the Irish Catholics on the Orange men at Lawrence, Mass., the 12th ult.

The Tablet, a Catholic journal published in New York city, makes the following statement: "An immense preponderance of electoral power is in the hands of the Catholics of this city, so that their united action would secure the success of any party or any question on behalf of which it should be secured."

If some party does not avail itself of this broad hint, it will be because demagogues are becoming scarce in Gotham. If any Protestant church paper were to utter such a boast, every editor in the land would be getting out leaders on the danger of uniting church and State.

MATAGORDA CAMP-MEETING.—The camp-meeting on the Matagorda mission, including the second Sunday in August, was an interesting and profitable meeting. There were 26 additions to the church and as many conversions.

A REAL remedy for sea sickness, says the Journal du Havre, is said to have at last been discovered. The formula varies with the state of the water, the constitution of the individual, and the more or less liability to suffer from that distressing malady.

LETTERS UNANSWERED.—August 20.—D. M. Proctor, J. H. Brennan, B. J. Baldwin, C. W. Thomas.

August 21.—Mrs. Emma Williams, J. M. Blanton, J. W. Johnson, R. W. Kennon and others, L. Ercanbrack, S. H. Brown.

August 23.—W. J. Joyce, W. R. Stocton, W. P. Wilson, H. V. Philippot, G. H. Phair, Geo. W. Berry.

August 25.—Jno. F. Neal, H. M. Booth, W. R. D. Stocton, A. M. Box, Jno. E. Vernon (2), P. W. Gravis, Jas. K. Lane, J. Norwood, W. C. Blair.

THE card of Messrs. Hess & Co., wood and coal dealers, appears elsewhere. They cut wood, and deliver it or coal in any portion of the city free of charge.

SEE advertisement of Eclectic Medical College, New York. All inquiries addressed to Robt. S. Newton, M. D., 187 w. 47th street, N. Y. will receive prompt attention.

THE attention of merchants, and ship and boatmen of this city and State is directed to the advertisement of Messrs Hitchcock's Sons, ship chandlers. Every article in their especial line is furnished under guarantee at lowest prices.

J. S. BROWN & Co.—The advertisement of this well known firm appears in this issue. The respective members are extensively known throughout the interior for promptness and reliability in all business transactions.

SCIENCE HILL FEMALE ACADEMY, SHELBYVILLE, KY.—We invite attention to the card of Mrs. Tevis' school, which enters upon its one hundred and second session on the 6th of September next.

WE call attention to the advertisement of Fredericksburg College, under the supervision and patronage of the Texas and Louisiana German Mission Conference.

TEETOTALERS' MEETING.—A Gentleman from the Strand will speak on Temperance before the Teetotaler's Society on Sunday, August 29th, at 4:30 o'clock, r. m., at the Good Samaritan Hall, opposite the Custom House, on Postoffice st., near Center. Temperance odes appropriate to the occasion. All are earnestly invited to attend—ladies included.

TEXAS MEDICAL COLLEGE.—We call the attention of our readers to the announcement, on sixth page, of the Texas Medical College and Hospital. This home institution is now in its third year.

TAKE AYER'S PILLS.—For all purposes of a Purgative. Safe and effectual.

CHURCH NOTICES.—Change of Time.—The camp-meeting for Walnut Creek, six miles north of Austin, heretofore published for September 9th, will not come off until about the first week in October.

WEST TEXAS CONFERENCE.—Committee of Examination on the Course of Study.—For Admission on Trial—J. W. DeVilbiss, J. H. Tucker, E. J. Seal.

Publishers' Department. Special Premiums

FOR THE THIRD QUARTER OF 1875. Beginning July 1st and Ending September 30th.

To the person sending us the largest number of subscribers during the third quarter of 1875, we will give one of the Wilson No. 3 Sewing Machines. Price, \$55.00.

A Magnificent Family Bible, to cost us at wholesale price twenty dollars. It is published by the St. Louis Bible Publishing Company, and is gotten up in the most handsome and comprehensive style.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—Agents sendings new subscribers or renewals will please affix to their signatures the word "AGENT."

IS IT ANY WONDER! In view of the immense amount of saleratus and adulterated baking powders used by the masses of people in food, is it any wonder that there are diseased gums, decayed teeth, weak and useless muscles, and disordered digestion?

CHARGE OF TIME.—The camp-meeting for Walnut Creek, six miles north of Austin, heretofore published for September 9th, will not come off until about the first week in October.

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WEATHERFORD DIST.—FOURTH ROUND.—Caddo Grove, at Weathersburg, Sept. 4.

WACOU DIST.—FOURTH ROUND.—Waco sta., at Waco, Sept. 11.

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Camp-Meeting.

There will be a Camp-Meeting, on the self-supporting plan, at Johnson's Lake, eight miles north of Pennington, four miles south of Hudson's store, commencing on Thursday, September 10, 1875.

Cedar Creek Camp-Meeting.—I wish to announce to the public that we expect to have a self-supporting camp-meeting on Cedar Creek, two and a half or three miles above Prairieville, on the east side of the creek, at a lake called the Boon Lake, commencing on Thursday, September 23.

Angelina County Camp-Meeting.—The Camp-meeting of Angelina county will begin on the 10th of September. Also the Quarterly Meeting will embrace the 11th and 12th, in connection with the Camp-meeting.

Camp-Meeting at Ennis.—The Ennis Circuit camp-meeting is appointed to begin on Thursday evening, (Sept. 16) at candle-light, at a beautiful place, a south half mile west of the town of Ennis.

Austin Camp-Meeting.—There will be a camp-meeting at the Walnut Creek camp-ground, five miles north of Austin, from September 9th to 19th inclusive.

Camp-Meeting.—There will be a camp-meeting held at each of the following places, on Trinity Circuit, Dallas District, North Texas Conference: Duck Creek camp-ground, Sept. 4.

Starrville Circuit.—The following are appointments of meetings on the Starrville Circuit, East Texas Conference (Marshall District): Jamestown, Sept. 4.

Quarterly Meeting Appointments.—BELTON DIST.—FOURTH ROUND.—Belton sta., at Belton, Sept. 4.

COMANCHE DIST.—FOURTH ROUND.—Brownwood sta., at Brownwood, Sept. 4.

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BEAUMONT DIST.—FOURTH ROUND.—Trout Creek, at —, Sept. 19.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. THE GREAT English Remedy

THE CORDIAL BALM OF SYRICUM AND TONIC PILLS.

Nervous Debility.

However obscure the causes may be which contribute to render nervous debility a disease so prevalent, affecting, as it does, nearly one-half of our adult population, it is a melancholy fact that day by day and year by year, we witness a most frightful increase of nervous affections, from the slightest indulgence to the more grave and extreme forms of

NERVOUS PROSTRATION.

It is of the highest importance, then, that individuals should be able to judge for themselves by their own feelings, if and to what extent they are attacked by this insidious enemy to health, comfort, and even life itself if left to run its course unchecked, by the early and prompt application of curative remedies.

Nervous Debility

Is characterized by a general languor or weakness of the whole organism, especially of the nervous system, obstructing and preventing the ordinary functions of nature; hence, a morbid state of the secretions; constipation, scanty and high colored urine, with an excess of earthy or limy sediment, indicating a waste of brain nerve substance, frequent palpitations of the heart, loss of memory and marked irresolution of purpose, and inability to carry into action any well defined business enterprise, or to fix the mind upon any one thing any length of time.

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THE GREAT English Remedy

THE CORDIAL BALM OF SYRICUM AND LOTHPROPS TONIC PILLS.

BLOOD MEDICINE

over placed before the people, and are warranted to be the most Powerful Alternative ever originated by man. They impart

STRENGTH TO THE BODY VIGOR TO THE MIND.

Removing Morbid Sensibility, Depression of Spirits, Dementia and Melancholia.

Each package of Cordial Balm contains one box of the Tonic Pills, which may also be had separately at 50 cents per box.

W. F. PHILLIPS & CO., Portland, Me. For Sale by Druggists generally.

Various small notices and advertisements on the right margin, including mentions of 'The Christian Advocate' and 'The Medical Eclectic'.



Christian Advocate

GALVESTON, TEXAS AUG. 28, '75

OUR LETTER FROM MEXICO.

Anniversary of Juarez' Death—Some Reflections concerning the Great Hero—Protestantism in Mexico—Sundry other items.

CITY OF MEXICO, July 20.

Last Sunday, the 18th inst., was the third anniversary of the death of Mexico's great man, ex-President Benito Juarez. He was cut down in the prime of his years and the zenith of his usefulness. In many respects he was a wonderful man. He was to his country and people what Washington was to his. The two names will go down to history side by side. Their memory will be as a fountain of life to nations. Their patriotism and purity of character will be an inspiration to future effort. It is well for the world that such men have lived. Their influence, like a living voice, moulds, not only individual character, but the life of republics. They stand, in the midst of change—of rising freedom, of falling dynasties and crumbling thrones, like marble monuments. There is power in their sleeping dust—inspiration in their silent graves.

It may appear to your readers like a stretch of partiality for me to compare Juarez to Washington. It is not. Considering the circumstances of birth, and the elements surrounding him, Juarez was as great a man as the "Father of his Country." He was a pure Indian. His parents appear to have been of the lowest class. They were helplessly poor. It is said that Juarez, a ragged, though bright-faced boy, was playing one day in front of the hut of his parents when the attention of a passing priest was attracted to him. With the consent of the parents, the padre took him under his protection. The interest of the good priest strangely deepened in the promising boy. He sent him to school, from school to college, from college to a law office, and from thence he passed, by the force of his own character, to the head of his people, to the fatherhood of his country. The promise in the boy that could not be concealed by wretched poverty was more than realized in the man.

It was not far from this date, that another priest—moved by patriotic impulses and by strong cries of his oppressed race—raised the standard of revolt against Spain. He was captured and shot—a noble victim on the altar of liberty. But with his death did not die his works. He opened the door and the angel of civil liberty entered. His name and spirit invoked, gave courage to the heart and steadiness to the arm in all subsequent engagements. The name of Hidalgo became a talisman. Wonderful deeds were done, and almost impossible things achieved under his banner. Mexico won a bloody victory. The hearty Spaniards bowed before the patriotic impulses, and yielded an unwilling liberation to the land of the Aztecs. Now connect the two events. The work of Hidalgo, in breaking the chains of political slavery, and in admitting with the angel of civil liberty, her beautiful twin sister, "religious toleration." Little did he think of or imagine such a result. As little did the priest of Oaxaca imagine that he was preparing the agent who should call from his hiding place religious freedom, and who should say to the Bible, "go thou messenger of light and peace and hope, go from mountain top to valley low, and make Mexico as beautiful in her faith and devotion to God as she is in the richness of her natural glory." Yet so it was. Father Hidalgo, a devoted priest—devoted to his church—put in the entering wedge. As his eye guided, and his hand executed it, his compeer was training a Juarez, who should, in the fullness of his strength, send it home. History repeats itself. The daughter of the King of Egypt, the fair representative of an oppressive power, rescued Moses to find, instead of a son and heir to the throne, a deliverer of God's people—one, in whose hands was the beginning of the overthrow of her kingdom. Judaism gave a Savior and Christianity to the world. It also gave the great apostle to the Gentiles, who in the majesty of his faith and moral courage, prevented that Christianity from being re-absorbed by the ritualism of the law. Romanism gave birth to a Luther, and Episcopalianism life to a Wesley. Mexican Papalism, which had for three hundred years shut out the word of God and had a rack torture or auto defe for even a suspicion of protest, gave to civil and religious toleration a Hidalgo and a Juarez. How wonderful, how past finding out are thy ways, O Lord our God!

Such men as Juarez, under such a class of circumstances as his life was cast, can only have justice done

them in the history of centuries. In the years to come, when beholding the full harvest, will the civilized world appreciate the sowing of his hand. His was the work of a supreme effort. He was always equal to the occasion. Sustained by conscious integrity, nerved by pure patriotism, his was not the action of passion or caprice, but the child of wisdom and discretion; he was a statesman; he saw into the far future; he never faltered. When his beautiful country was filled with the hired soldiery of a foreign power; when the liberties of his bronzed paisanos were threatened; when the halls of his fathers were made to resound to revelry of a pampered aristocracy; when he, with a handful of faithful followers, was fleeing before embittered pursuers, and hiding in barrancas and mountain fastnesses—he never faltered; his trust was adamant; he was true to his charge; he was strong in his integrity and unmoved in his purpose. In the death of Maximilian, he has been charged with cruelty and blood thirstiness. Never was charge more unjust! In this, he did just what a Washington would have done under the same circumstances. He taught Europe a painful but necessary lesson. He vindicated the political and moral force of the Monroe Doctrine. He wrought for his country a work of supreme importance. What more—what less—could he have done?

Pardon me, Mr. Editor; when I commenced this letter, it was to give you some account of the homage paid to the memory of this great man on the day referred to. I have been betrayed into other themes; I don't know that I regret it, without it be to regret the bare hinting at what merits full elaboration. Perhaps at some future time I may do so.

Let the church be aroused to zeal and action. The way has been opened, and her opportunity is at hand. God calls upon christian benevolence to enter upon this rich field, white to the harvest, and reap to His glory. Never was there a wider door or a more open way. In other letters I have referred to the character of Mexican Protestantism. In order to bring the church into intelligent sympathy with it, it but remains that we meet the obligations of the hour; and an empire will be won to God and to His Christ. Adios amigo mio. JOEL T. DAVES.

Selections.

CIRCULATING LIBRARIES were originated by Mr. Samuel Fancourt, of the West of England, and originally a pastor of a dissenting congregation. When he came to London and published his scheme, he asked a guinea a year for the subscription. He was a very honest, clever man, but, like many other originators, did not succeed. He settled at last at the corner of one of the streets in the Strand, where, outplanned by a variety of imitators, and entangled with a variety of speculations, this poor man, who may be said to have first circulated knowledge, sank under a load of debt, unmerited reproach and a failure of his faculties, brought on by the decay of age precipitated by misfortunes. His library became the property of his creditors, and he retired in poverty. Some of his brethren relieved his necessities till the close of his life, in his ninetieth year, in 1768.

A MEMBER of the colored church was the other evening conversing earnestly with an acquaintance, and seeking to have him change into better paths, but the friend said that he was too often tempted to permit him to become a Christian. "What's yer backbone, dat ye can't rise up and stand temptation?" exclaimed the good man. "I was dat way myself once. Right in this yere town I had a chance to steal a pair o' boots—mighty nice ones too. Nobody was—there to see me, and I reached out my hand and de debil said take 'em. Den a good spirit whispered fer me to let dem boots alone."

"An' you didn't take 'em?" "No, sah—not much. I took a pair o' cheap shoes off de shelf an' let dem boots alone!"

If a man should wear pantaloons so long that whenever he appeared on the streets, he should be obliged to reach around behind him and grab hold of the slack or basement, and hold them up, wouldn't the ladies laugh? And yet half the ladies you meet do just about the same thing with their dresses.

WHEN a lady slips on the sidewalk, she gracefully sits down, and that's the end of it. A man, always tries to catch himself on the other foot, drops all his bundles, and uses his arms for a balancing pole, struggles desperately for about ten seconds in a vain endeavor to recover his equilibrium, and finally goes sprawling like a collapsed windmill.

WORK for those premiums.

ADVICE TO TRAVELERS

The Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway has become so well known to the people of Texas as one of the finest and most comfortable roads on the continent to travel on, that it seems almost unnecessary that we should say aught in its praise. Yet we cannot ever get back from a trip over this line without saying something in praise of the management who always seem to be striving to make their patrons comfortable while traveling over their road. The track is always in the best possible condition and trains are at all times run at uniform speed. Pullman's finest Drawing Room Sleeping Cars accompany all through passenger trains, and if you are going north or east, by making your wants known, you can either go via Hannibal or St. Louis. And for Kansas City, Denver, California, or any of the North-western States or Territories, it is much the best route we have from Texas. Their Dining Stations and Hours of Meals are all that a traveler could wish for, and in fact there seems to be nothing left undone to render a trip over this road pleasant.

GALVESTON ADVERTISEMENTS.

LEAGUE & LUFKIN,

Agents for the John Deere

PLOWS AND CULTIVATORS,

AGENTS FOR VICTOR'S SCALES,

LEON & H. BLUM,

Foreign & Domestic Dry Goods,

GEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

HATS, NOTIONS, etc.,

STRAND, GALVESTON, TEXAS.

SEND YOUR

ORNAMENTAL PRINTING

FITS! FITS!! FITS!!!

CURE OF EPILEPSY, OR FALLING FITS,

BY HANCE'S EPILEPTIC PILLS.

CHEAPEST JOB PRINTERS

IN THE STATE.

EDUCATIONAL.

GREENSBORO

FEMALE COLLEGE.

MASONIC

FEMALE INSTITUTE.

WASHINGTON

LEE UNIVERSITY,

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MEDICAL.

Ayer's Ague Cure,

For Fever and Ague, Intermittent Fever, Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Periodical or Bilious Fever, &c., and all other miasmatic diseases which arise from malarious, marsh, or miasmatic poisons.

No one remedy is louder called for by the necessities of the American people than a sure and safe cure for Fever and Ague. Such we are now certain to offer, with a perfect certainty that it will eradicate the disease, and with assurance, founded on proof, that no harm can arise from its use in any quantity.

That which protects from or prevents this disorder must be of immense service in the communities where it prevails. Prevention is better than cure; for the patient escapes the risk which he must run in violent attacks of this baleful distemper. This "CURE" expels the miasmatic poison of Fever and Ague from the system, and prevents the development of the disease, if taken on the first approach of its premonitory symptoms.

A great superiority of this remedy over any other ever discovered for the speedy and certain cure of Intermittent Fever, is that it contains no Quinine or mineral; consequently it produces no quinine or other injurious effects whatever upon the constitution. Those cured by it are left as healthy as if they had never had the disease.

Fever and Ague is not alone the consequence of the miasmatic poison. A great variety of disorders arise from its irritation, among which are Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Headache, Blindness, Toothache, Earache, Catarrh, Asthma, Palpitation, Painful Affection of the Spleen, Hysterics, Pain in the Bowels, Colic, Paralysis, and derangement of the Stomach, all of which, when originating in this cause, put on the intermittent type, or become periodical. This "CURE" expels the poison from the blood, and consequently cures them all alike. It is an invaluable protection to immigrants and persons traveling or temporarily residing in the malarious districts. If taken occasionally or daily while exposed to the infection, that will be exerted from the system, and cannot accumulate in sufficient quantity to ripen into disease. Hence it is even more valuable for protection than cure; and few will ever suffer from Intermittents if they avail themselves of the protection this remedy affords.

For Liver Complaints, arising from torpidity of the Liver, it is an excellent remedy, stimulating the Liver into healthy activity, and producing many truly remarkable cures, where other medicines fail.

PREPARED BY DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., Practical and Analytical Chemists, AND SOLD ALL ROUND THE WORLD.

R. F. GEORGE, Wholesale Druggist, Galveston, Agent.

FITS! FITS!! FITS!!!

CURE OF EPILEPSY, OR FALLING FITS, BY HANCE'S EPILEPTIC PILLS.

Persons laboring under this distressing malady, will find HANCE'S EPILEPTIC PILLS to be the only remedy ever discovered for curing Epilepsy, or Falling Fits.

The following certificates should be read by all the afflicted; they are in every respect true, and should they be read by the afflicted who is not afflicted himself, if he has a friend who is a sufferer, he will do a humane act by cutting them out, and sending them to him.

A MOST REMARKABLE CURE.

PHILADELPHIA, June 25, 1867.

SETH S. HANCE.—Dear Sir:—Seeing your advertisement, I was induced to try your Epileptic Pills. I was attacked with Epilepsy in July, 1866. Immediately my family physician was summoned, but he could give me no relief from the medicines he prescribed. I then consulted another physician, but I seemed to grow worse. I again returned to my family physician; he was called and died at several different times. I was generally attacked without any premonitory symptoms. I had from two to five fits a day, at intervals of two weeks. I was often attacked in my sleep, and would fall wherever I would be or whatever I was doing, and I was severely injured several times from the falls. I was affected so much that I lost all control of my mind. I also was affected in my business, and I consider that your Epileptic Pills cured me. In February, 1867, I commenced to use your Pills, I had two attacks after that, and the blessing of Providence, your medicine was made the instrument by which I was cured of that distressing affliction. I have since used the Pills and their good effects should be made known every where, that persons who are similarly afflicted may have the benefit of them. Any person wishing further information can obtain it by calling at my residence, No. 529 N. Third St., Philadelphia, Penn.

W. M. ELDER.

IS THERE A CURE FOR EPILEPSY?—SETH S. HANCE.—Dear Sir:—You will find inclosed \$5, which I send you for two boxes of your Epileptic Pills. I was the first person who tried your Pills in this part of the country. My son was badly afflicted with fits for two years, I wrote and received two boxes of your Pills, which he took agreeably to your directions. He has never since had a fit. I was through my persuasion that Mr. Lyon tried your Pills. His case was a very bad one; he had been afflicted with fits for many a good many years. Persons have written to me from Alabama and Tennessee on the subject, for the purpose of ascertaining my opinion relative to your Pills. I have written and commended them, and in no instance where I have had a chance of hearing from their effect have they failed to cure.

C. H. GUY, Grenada, Yalabusha County, Miss.

ANOTHER REMARKABLE CURE OF EPILEPSY, OR FALLING FITS, BY HANCE'S EPILEPTIC PILLS.

MONTGOMERY, TEXAS, June 29, 1867.

SETH S. HANCE.—A person in my employ had been afflicted with Fits, or Epilepsy, for sixteen years; he had these attacks at intervals from two to four weeks, and oftentimes several in quick succession, sometimes continuing for two or three days. On several occasions they continued until his mind appeared to be totally deranged, in which condition he would continue for a day or two after the fits had ceased. I tried several remedies prescribed by our resident physicians, but without any success. Having seen your advertisement, I concluded I would try your Pills. I obtained two boxes of your Pills, and gave them according to directions, and they effected a permanent cure. The person is now a stout, healthy man, and is about thirty years of age, and has not had a fit since he commenced taking your medicine, which was ten years since. I have great confidence in your remedy, and would like every one who has fits to give it a trial.

R. L. DE FRENE.

STILL ANOTHER CURE.

Read the following testimonial from a respectable citizen of Grenada, Miss.:

SETH S. HANCE.—Dear Sir:—I take great pleasure in relating a case of spasms, or fits, cured by your invaluable Pills. My brother, J. J. Lyon, has long been afflicted with this awful disease. He would have one or two spasms in one attack at first, but as he grew older they seemed to increase likewise. Up to the time he commenced taking your Pills he had them very often and quite severe, prostrating him, both mind and body. His mind had suffered seriously, but now, I am happy to say, he is cured. He has enjoyed the health for the last five months past. His mind has also returned to its original brightness. All this I take great pleasure in communicating, as it may be the means of directing others to the remedy that will cure them.

Yours, respectfully, W. P. LIGON.

Sent to any part of the country, by mail, free of postage, on receipt of a remittance. Address: SETH S. HANCE, 108 Baltimore Street, Baltimore, Md. Price, one box, \$3; two, \$5; twelve, \$20.

Please mention that you saw this advertisement in THE TEXAS CHRISTIAN ADVOCATE.

\$5 & \$20 per day at home. Terms free Address, Geo. Stinson & Co. Aurland, Me. 1866bly

EDUCATIONAL.

WHITWORTH FEMALE COLLEGE,



BROOKHAVEN, MISS.

ON N. O., ST. L. & C. RAILROAD, WILL RE-OPEN SEPTEMBER 22, 1875

Number of Teachers, Pupils last Term, Music Pupils.

The charges are low; the advantages unexcelled. The Pupils must study hard; reap plain, and believe well. The continued success of the college is the best evidence that our patrons and pupils are well pleased. For Catalogues address,

Wesleyan Female Institute,

STAUNTON, VA.

Will begin its Twenty-sixth Annual Session, September 20th, 1875. Rev. Wm. A. Harris, D. D., President, with an able corps of twenty-three Teachers and Officers.

Modern Languages taught and spoken in the College by a European Teacher. Music by seven Professors and Teachers, among whom are two of the most cultivated Teachers of Vocal Music in the South.

This is one of the healthiest climates in the world. Its marked effect is the rapid promotion of the physical health and vigor of our pupils. Those who come here from the South with feeble constitutions, chills and climatic diseases, are entirely restored.

Buildings elegant—fanned by the purest breezes, and commanding the most magnificent rural and mountain scenery for thirty miles along the beautiful Valley of Virginia, making it one of the most delightful college homes in the Union.

The past session this School was attended by pupils from seventeen different States, including twenty-seven from Texas.

Great economy and simplicity in dress are required. A simple uniform is worn. No unnecessary expense allowed, and none made without express instructions from parents. Strict economy practiced to keep all expenses of pupils within the lowest possible amount.

From Bishop D. S. DOGGETT, D. D.

The Wesleyan Female Institute, located in Staunton, Va., under the Presidency of Rev. W. A. Harris, is, in my judgment, one of the best Institutions, for young ladies, in the South. I have occasion to know and appreciate its value by the advantages enjoyed by one of my daughters, now a pupil there. It possesses all the facilities of a thorough female education. Its personal accommodations are all that can be desired for health and comfort, or taste.

B. S. DOGGETT.

From Bishop E. M. MARTIN, D. D.

The Wesleyan Female Institute is an honor to the Church. Instruction is thorough. All classes stand high. In music, advantages are offered of very high order. The most talented Professors are employed, and neither pains nor expense are spared to make this department eminent.

TERMS FOR THE ENTIRE COLLEGIATE YEAR. Board and Tuition in the Collegiate Course, including Ancient Languages \$240. Music and other extras moderate.

For catalogue address Rev. W. A. HARRIS, President, Staunton, Va.

Martha Washington COLLEGE!

ABINGDON, VIRGINIA.

R. W. JONES, M. A., President and Professor English and Latin Languages and Literature.

Rev. H. P. MYERS, A. M., Professor Mathematics and Physical Sciences.

Miss M. J. BURNETT, English, History, Physiology and Botany.

Miss ELLA P. JENNINGS, English, French and German.

CASIMIR FALK, Prof. Instrumental Music.

Miss M. J. HAMPTON, Vocal and Instrumental Music.

Miss R. W. JONES, Drawing and Painting.

ROBERT H. DOSS, Superintendent of Grounds.

Miss LIZZIE HAWTHORNE, Matron.

Board and Tuition: For Twenty Weeks, in advance, \$10 00

Modern Languages, Music, Drawing and Painting, EXTRA. For these the charges are moderate.

To any person who will pay at the beginning of the session \$20, we give Board, Tuition, Washing, Lights, Fuel, Furnished Room, and Modern Languages for forty weeks.

The situation is a lovely one, amid the mountains of Virginia, 2,100 feet above the sea-level. The atmosphere is pure and invigorating. The healthfulness is unsurpassed.

For catalogue or further information, address, R. W. JONES, President.

Or Rev. H. P. MYERS, Secy., Abingdon, Va.

WACO FEMALE COLLEGE, WACO, TEXAS.

Rev. SAM. P. WRIGHT, A. M., President.

Prof. W. D. VINSON, A. M., (Washington and University,) Professor Mathematics.

W. H. WILKES, M. D., Professor of Physiology and Hygiene, (Lectures.)

Miss JOSIE EVANS, (Staunton, Va.), Literary Teacher.

Miss MOLLYE WILLIAMS, (Auburn, Ala.), Literary Teacher.

Miss ANNA M. HESS, Vocal and Instrumental Music.

Miss EVA CARTER, Assistant.

Mrs. MARY A. WRIGHT, Matron.

The Trustees think in the above they offer a faculty to which there is not a superior in the South.

This school is under the direction and patronage of the Northwest Texas Conference. Next session opens August 23, 1875.

For further information address, W. A. FORT, President Board Trustees, Or Rev. SAM. P. WRIGHT, President.

TEXAS MILITARY INSTITUTE, AUSTIN, TEXAS.

The Eighth Annual Session opens on Monday, September 6, 1875. Fifty new Cadets will be appointed. For Catalogues and Circulars, address, JOHN G. JAMES, Superintendent.

KENMORE UNIVERSITY HIGH SCHOOL, AMHERST C. H., VA.

Preparatory to the University of Va. H. A. Strode, (Math. Medalist U. Va.), Principal and Instructor in Mathematics, H. C. Brock, B.A., U. Va., (recently Ass't Prof. Latin, U. Va.), Instructor in Greek, Latin, French and German. This Va. presents many advantages incomparable with those of others. Course embraces gymnastics and Horsemanship. Next session begins September 15, 1875. For Catalogue, address the Principal.

REV. E. S. SMITH, President.

R. G. BOUNSAVAL, A. M., PROFESSOR.

Assisted by a corps of experienced Teachers. Course of study complete. Instruction thorough. Fall Term will open September 1st and close December 28th, 1875. Spring Term will open January 1st and close June 14, 1876.

CHARGES IN CURRENCY.

Tuition: Fall Term, Spring Term.

Collegiate Department, \$20 00 \$20 00

Intermediate .. 14 00 12 00

Primary .. 8 00 20 00

Music .. 20 00 20 00

Art .. \$10 00 \$10 00

Modern Languages, each .. 2 00 2 00

Use of Piano .. 2 00 4 00

Incidental Fee, non-graduating .. 1 00 1 00

Diploma Fee, non-graduating .. 5 00 5 00

Latin, to Pupils in Regular Course, Free.

Class Practice in Vocal Music, Free.

Physical Culture, (Gymnastics), Free.

75¢ Bills strictly payable in advance. Accepted drafts, due in sixty days, taken as cash.

Apply for Circular to REV. E. S. SMITH, President.

DR. J. A. THOMASON, President Board Trustees.

SAN MARCOS, TEXAS.

Male and Female Departments.

SEPARATE SCHOOLS.

Under the patronage and supervision of the San Marcos District Conference.

M. E. CHURCH, SOUTH.

Maj. J. H. BISHOP, A. M., President.

Assisted by a full corps of EXPERIENCED TEACHERS in both Literary and Musical Departments.

The next session of this Institution will open On Monday, August 30, 1875.

The Trustees are now able to offer educational advantages superior to any in Western Texas. San Marcos is noted for HEALTH and MORALITY. Boarding facilities excellent.

Full particulars as to Board, Tuition, etc., will be published in due time.



Christian Advocate

GALVESTON, TEXAS, AUG. 28, '75

The Sunday-School.

THE Sunday-school in Wales is a genuine Bible service. For not only does it include teachers and children, but also the principle part of the whole congregation.

At a late Sunday-school Convention of Crawfordsville, Ga., Mr. A. H. Stephens stood supported by his crutches while he addressed the multitude gathered around him.

A Western Sunday-school idea is this: Biblical exercises are held every week, in which some Scriptural subject, as "The Rivers of the Bible," is dealt with.

Omnibus.

WHERE the river is most shallow, it makes the greatest noise. THE fox will run no farther than his feet will carry him.

Farm and Garden.

KNEE SPRUNG HORSES.—There are just two ways left open. Sell him or have an operation performed.

SEEDS OF WEEDS.—It has been estimated that one plant of red poppy bears 50,000 seeds; one sow-thistle, 19,000; one corn cockle, 2,500; the charlock, 4,000; a groundsel, 6,500, and the black mustard, 1,200.

BROKEN WIND.—I am inclined to believe the cause of wheezing in your horse to be a thickening of some of the air cells or passages, and not broken wind.

TRAINING A HORSE TO TROT.—A correspondent of the Turf, Field and Farm tells how to train an old cavalry horse to trot.

Household.

TO TELL good eggs, put them in water—it the large end turns up they are not fresh.

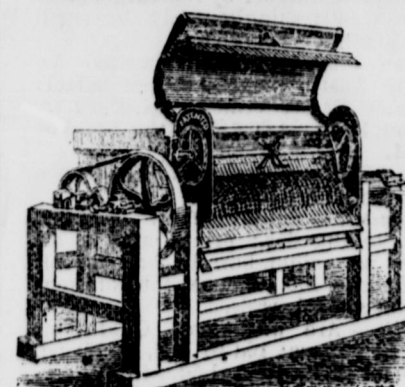
BREAD PUDDING.—Grate the crumbs of a stale loaf, pour over it one pint of boiling milk.

RESTORING FROM DROWNED.—The following "directions for restoring persons apparently drowned," issued by the Massachusetts Humane Society, should be cut out and pasted up by all people who indulge in the pleasure of boat rides.

COAL OIL LAMPS INJURIOUS TO MILK.—One of our dairymen, whose butter has a high reputation in the market, informs us there had latterly been complaints about it, the causes of which for a time he was unable to discover.

MACHINERY.

DANIEL PRATT'S



Improved Cotton Gin

PRATT'S IMPROVED GIN, WITH REVOLVING HEAD.

10 and 12-foot Segments, Complete. Sold at FACTORY PRICES, and with no back freight.

JANNEY'S DOUBLE-THREAD IRON COTTON SCREW.

For sale by W. WARREN, Agent. Galveston, Lock Box 966

Machinery Agency,



W. CUSHING & MOORE,

122 and 124 STRAND, GALVESTON.

Ames' Engines, Eagle Cotton Gins, Water-town Engines, Straub Cotton Mills, Steam Engines, Victor sugar Mills, Saw Mills, Cotton Presses, Cotton Gins, Hoop Saws, Shafting, Pulleys, &c., Steam Pumps, Brass Work, Bells, Boiler Pumps, Iron Pipe and Fittings, Belting, Leathers, &c., Cotton and Corn Planters, Threshers & Cleaners, Haystack Cultivators

Machinery of all kinds on hand.

W. L. CUSHING & MOORE, Galveston.

JOHNSON'S CELEBRATED DEAD SHOT! A sure Extirpator of the Cotton Worm.

W. L. CUSHING & MOORE, Agents, 122 and 124 Strand, Galveston.

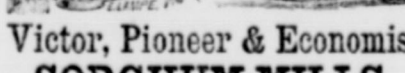
LANE & BODLEY,

John and Water Sts., Cincinnati, Manufacturers of

Plantation Machinery

For Saw Mills, Grist Mills, Cotton Gins, Sugar Mills, etc. Send for our Illustrated Catalogue.

MANNY & CO., ST. LOUIS, MO.



Victor, Pioneer & Economist SORGHUM MILLS, COOK'S EVAPORATORS,

The Largest Assortment, Best Goods & lowest prices. SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

H. DUDLEY COLEMAN, MANUFACTURER OF FLOUR MILLS,

CORN MILLS, SAW MILLS, & MILL FURNISHINGS, GEARING, & COTTON PRESSES.

FOR GENERAL MACHINERY, No. 12 UNION ST., NEW ORLEANS LA.

MENEELY & KIMBERLY, BELL FOUNDERS, Troy New York

Manufacture a superior quality of BELLS. Special attention given to Church Bells.

THE JAS. LEFFEL, Double Turbine Water Wheel,

Manufactured by POOLE & HUNT, Baltimore, Md.



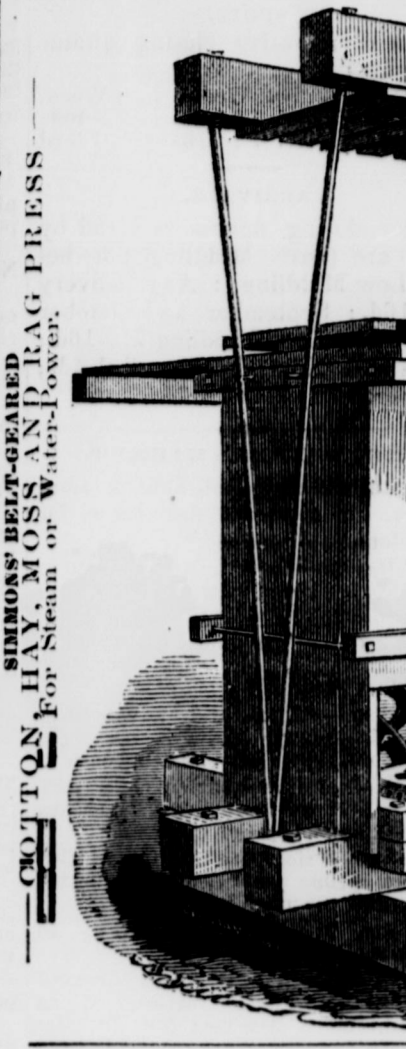
Portable and Stationary Engines, Steam Boilers, Saw & Grist Mills, Mining Machinery, Gearing for Cotton Mills, Flour, Paint, White Lead and Oil Mill Machinery, Hydraulic and other Presses, &c. Shafting, Pulleys and Hangers a specialty. Machine made Gearing; accurate and of very best finish. Send for Circulars.

MENEELY'S BELLS.

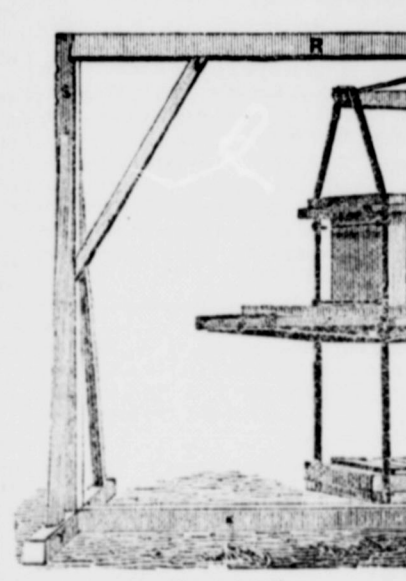
The genuine Troy Bells, known to the public since 1836—which by their uniform excellence have acquired a reputation unequalled by any, and a sale exceeding that of all others. Catalogue free. No agencies. Postoffice address, either

Troy or West Troy, N. Y. MENEELY & COMPANY.

MACHINERY.



BROOKS' IMPROVED WROUGHT-IRON REVOLVING SCREW COTTON PRESS.



We now have only the largest size—ten foot, heavy press warranted up to six Bales.

Price for 10 foot, set Irons complete, \$200 00.

For 10 foot, with Cotton Box, Current, \$450 00.

We also sell now FIVE IN NUMBER of the standard size up to the state of Texas, and if in any case you are dissatisfied, we are not bound to return the money.

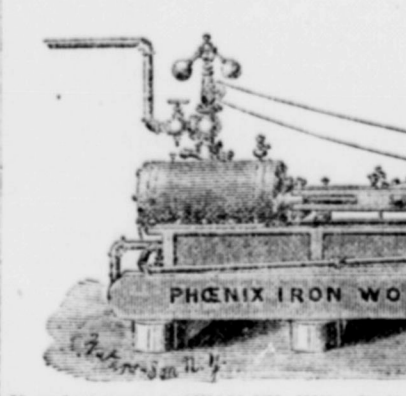
JOHNSON'S Corn and Wheat Mills, "MADE IN THE SOUTH" made in the States.

Gullet's Improved Light-Draft Gin and Gullet's Cotton-Gin Feeder.

Agents, W. WARREN, Galveston, Lock Box 966.

WIGGIN & SIMPSON, Engineers, Founders and Machinists,

IRON FENCES AND BLOCONES A SPECIALTY.



PHENIX IRON WORKS, HOUSTON, TEXAS.

Manufacturers of STEAM ENGINES, BOILERS, SAW-MILLS, MILL GEARING, SHAFING, PULLMAN PALACE CARS, COTTON PRESSES, STEAM PUMPS, STEAM TRIPLES, STEAM WORK, &c.

LIVINGSTONE'S LIFE AND EXPLORATIONS

In Every County in the United States. With his famous LAST JOURNALS, is now ready. New, complete and authentic.

TEMPLE HARP.

A very choice selection of Sacred Music for Churches, Singing Schools and Musical Societies.

CRISTAL GEMS

A new musical book for Sunday-schools in the Seven-Character Notes, being the most beautiful and easy system yet discovered.

MILLER'S BIBLE & PUBLISHING HOUSE,

1102 and 1104 Sanson Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

AGENTS WANTED FOR

Cross and Crown

THE SPIRIT and POWER of the religion of Jesus Christ as shown in the sufferings and Triumphs of His followers. A noble, sweet and more thrilling story is not to be found in the whole range of history.

Agents, For circulars, with full description, address NATIONAL PUBLISHING COMPANY, Memphis, Tenn., or Atlanta, Ga.

RAILROADS.

G. H. & H. R. R.

CHANGE OF TIME.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, APRIL 5, 1875,

Trains Leave Galveston Daily, Sundays excepted, at

6:10 A. M., 11 A. M. AND 5 P. M.

ON SUNDAY: Train Leaves Galveston at 10 A. M.

TICKET OFFICES: Corner Mechanic and Tremont Streets, Galveston, and at the Depot.

G. B. NICHOLS, Superintendent.

H. B. ANDREWS, General Ticket Agent.

QUICK TIME.

LONE STAR ROUTE,

WASHINGTON SAFETY BRAKE.

PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM AND SLEEPING COACHES.

Close Connections.

International and Great Northern R. R.

7th DIRECT ROUTE.

TO THE

North, East, West and Southern States.

STATIONS, St. Louis enroute Express, Hours.

Table with columns for stations and times. Includes Galv., Houston, Little Rock, Memphis, St. Louis.

THROUGH PULLMAN Drawing Room and Sleeping Coaches

HOUSTON TO ST. LOUIS WITHOUT CHANGE.

CLOSE CONNECTIONS AT LITTLE ROCK, CAIRO AND ST. LOUIS with all lines leading to the East, North, West and Southern States.

Best, Shortest, Quickest & Cheapest Route!

Do not be deceived, but obtain Tickets via the International & Great Northern R. R.

H. M. BOXE, Gen. Supt.

S. M. BOXE, Gen. Trk. Agt.

Arkansas and Texas Short Line

MEMPHIS AND LITTLE ROCK RAILWAY.

ONLY DIRECT ALL RAIL ROUTE FROM TEXAS TO MEMPHIS.

Chattanooga, Nashville, Knoxville, Atlanta, Richmond, Lynchburg, Huntsville, Decatur, Montgomery, Selma, Grenada, Canton, Jackson, Miss.

And all principal points in the South-east.

Direct all-rail route from TEXAS.

Via Memphis to Louisville, Cincinnati, Pittsburg, Washington City, Philadelphia, New York, Boston.

And all principal Northern and Eastern Cities. Direct connection is made in Union Depot at Little Rock in Daylight.

Connecting at MEMPHIS with Trains on Memphis and Charleston, Louisville, Nashville and Great Southern, Mississippi and Tennessee, and Paducah and Memphis Railroads.

PULLMAN PALACE CARS ALL NIGHT TRAINS.

Ask for Tickets via Little Rock and Memphis.

W. E. SMITH, Superintendent.

JNO. H. PERRY, Gen'l Ticket Agt.

MISCELLANEOUS.

AGENTS to canvass for Pictures of DEPARTING PASSENGERS, to be copied and enlarged, and finished in Ink, Water or Oil colors. Best work and largest commissions given than any copying company in America. Address: CHICAGO PHOTOGRAPHIC & COPYING COMPANY, 522 Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

SEA-FOAM

THE BEST in the world. Gives Universal satisfaction. Wonderful economy in its more liberal to barrel flour.

Everybody praises it. Whiter, Lighter, Sweeter, Richer.

Saves Milk, Eggs, &c. Sells everywhere like Hot Cakes. SEND FOR CIRCULAR to GEO. E. GANZ & CO., 176 Duane Street, NEW YORK.

OUR HYMNS IN PATENT NOTES.

We have an edition of the SOUTHERN METHODIST HYMN and TUNE BOOK, in patent notes, seven shapes—same as Christian Harmony. It has the hymns numbered, so as to be easily used in connection with our regular Church Hymn Book. While it has not all the Hymns, it has all that are usually sung, with the most popular tunes.

Cloth, single copy..... \$ .75 per dozen..... \$ 8.00 Board covers, per copy..... \$ .60 per dozen..... \$ 7.00

We have also the same in ROUND NOTES at same prices. Address: J. W. BURKE & CO., Macon, Ga., Publishers.

OF Rev. R. J. HARP, New Orleans, La.



Christian Advocate

GALVESTON, TEXAS, AUG. 28, '75

Commercial.

WEEKLY REVIEW.

ADVOCATE OFFICE, Thursday Evening, Aug. 26, 1875.

There has been a marked improvement in trade in all departments during the past week, though in the dry goods and hardware branches the change has been, perhaps, greater than elsewhere.

We are pleased to learn from reliable sources that while a considerable portion of the trade of Northern and Northeastern Texas, so far as the purchase of goods is concerned, will seek Western markets, the planters of those sections who have tried St. Louis as a market have very largely found that it will be to their interest and advantage to ship their cotton to this point.

Texas oats continue to arrive quite freely, with an active demand; most of them are sold to arrive. The Steamship San Jacinto is now preparing to load with the first full cargo of wheat ever taken from this port, and is only awaiting the action of the Wharf Company in deepening the slip where she is to lie, at which the dredging machine is now busily at work.

MONETARY.

The demand for money on real estate security has been light, and there has been no change in the rate, which ranges from 10 to 12 per cent. for long or shorter time.

GOLD—Closed in New York this evening at 113 1/2. The rate here closes at 113 1/2 buying, and 114 1/2 selling.

SILVER—Rates at the close are 110 1/2 @ 111 buying and selling.

EXCHANGE—Rates continue firm and generally unchanged.

Table with columns for Commercial, BANKERS, and FREIGHTS, listing various rates and prices.

Table with columns for RAIL and STEAM, listing freight rates for various routes.

COTTON.

This week we have to note a slight increase in the receipts at the ports, they having been 2,638 bales, against 1,496 bales last week, and 4,829 bales this week last year.

GALVESTON MARKET.

The inquiries in this direction are still generally light, the stock of unsold cotton on hand being still light, though receipts are now becoming quite liberal.

Table with columns for To-night, Last Thursday, and Low Ordinary, listing market figures.

Table with columns for This Year, Last Year, and This Week, listing comparative figures.

Table with columns for Receipts, Exports, and Stock, listing consolidated report data.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The market closes firm at the following comparative quotations:

Table with columns for Ordinary, Good Ordinary, Low Middling, and Middling, listing market prices.

NEW YORK MARKET.

The market closed quiet at following comparative quotations:

Table with columns for Ordinary, Good Ordinary, Low Middling, and Middling, listing market prices.

THE LIVERPOOL MARKET.

SPOTS. The comparative closing quotations are:

Table with columns for This Week and Last Week, listing Liverpool market data.

The closing figures received by cable are (basis Middling not below Low Middling): Aug. delivery 7 3-16d.; September and October not below Low Middling 7 3-16d.; Oct. and Nov. delivery 7 1-4d.; New crop shipment 7 1-4d.

THE GENERAL MARKET.

Quotations not applicable to small orders, but represent cash prices for large lots.

At-Handles—per doz., No. 1, \$2 50; No. 2, \$1 85; No. 2 [N] \$1 65.

Corn—Moderate supply; prices easy at 75 @ 80c for Texas in round lots; Western \$1 10 @ 1 12c. from store, Texas 90 @ 1 00.

Coffee—No stock in importer's hands. First hand quotations are firm at Fair 19c, Good 20c, Prime 20c, Choice 21c.

Cas Goods—Per dozen cans: Peaches, 2 lb, \$2 50 @ 2 55; strawberries, 2 lb, \$2 50 @ 2 60; pine apples, 2 lb, \$2 40 @ 2 50; damsons \$2 15; oysters, 2 lb full weight, \$1 75 @ 2 00; 1 lb full weight, \$1 10; corn, 2 lb, \$2 25 @ 2 50; tomatoes, 2 lb, \$1 40 @ 1 50.

Cheese—Western factory nominal English dairy 18c.

Corn Meal—Fair supply. Selling at \$1 85 @ 4 30 in job lots. From store \$5.

Flour—Sales have been a trifle larger with prices about steady. Stocks are ample. Trouble extra \$7 75 @ 8 00; choice \$9 00 @ 10 00.

Fruit—Dried—Raisins: layers per box \$3 25 @ \$3 50; figs per lb 15 @ 20c; prunes, fine French, none; currants, Zante, per pound 10 @ 12c; apples per lb, 9 @ 10c; Dates 12c; almonds, soft 24 @ 26c; shell, 25 @ 25c; hard shell 23 @ 25c; filberts 15c; pecans none; Brazil nuts 15c.

Hay—Is in ample supply and fair, active. Western, none in market. Northern \$30 @ 32 50. Texas 1 1/2c. per pound. Millet 1 1/4 @ 1 1/2c. per pound.

Hides—Moderately active and slightly firmer. We quote, dry flint, selected @ 17c. kips and calves 1/2 off; as they run, 13 @ 14c; wet salted, selected, 8c.; as they run, 7c.; butcher's green, 6 @ 7c.; dry salted are sold as dry flint with allowance for salt; glue stock 5 @ 5 1/2c.

Hardware—Axes per dozen: Collins Kentucky light \$12; medium \$12 50; heavy \$15 50.

stocks ample. Rough yellow pine, \$22; second quality, \$20; dressed weatherboards, \$25 @ 28; surfaced boards \$25 @ 28; ceiling, \$20 @ 25; flooring, \$25 @ 30; cypress lumber by the cargo, \$25 @ 30; ash, \$40; shingles, \$4 @ 5 by small lots; \$3 @ 3 50 by cargo lots.

Meat-Cutters—Per dozen. Woodruff's, No. 100, \$15; No. 150, \$18.

Onions—In light supply prices firm and higher Red Northern \$3 50 @ 3 75 3/4 barrel. Bermuda per box nominal.

Poultry—Receipts light and prices firmer. Chickens \$3 00 @ 3 50 3/4 dressed. Turkeys quiet; small \$2 50; grown, \$3 50 @ \$1 00. Ducks \$3 50 @ 4 00 3/4 doz. Geese 4 50 @ 5 00 Partridges none in market.

Sugar—Market steady for Louisiana and Texas, for which there is a fair demand. Fully fair 9c.; prime 9 1/2 @ 10c.; choice 10c.; coffee C 10 1/2 @ 11c.; coffee B 11c. @ 12c.; coffee A 11 1/2 @ 12 1/2c.; Demerara Choice 11 1/2 @ 12c.

Soap—In full supply. Olive 7c. for large lots, German olive 6c.; Ordinary ordons filled at 7c.

Ties—Iron cotton baling ties 5c. per pound for Arrow and for Beard.

Tobacco—Supply ample and prices firm, with upward tendency. We quote: 12 inch, extra fine for lbs, 75c. @ \$1; 11 inch extra fine, 70 @ 75c.; 11 inch, fine, 65 @ 70c.; 11 inch, fine medium, 60 @ 65c. 11 inch, good common, 55 @ 58c.; twist, all grades, 60 @ 65c.; smoking tobacco, 45 @ 55c.; snuff, per dozen bottles, \$4 00 @ 4 13; cigars, domestic, per thousand, \$12 @ 100; cigars, imported, per thousand, \$15 @ 250.

Wheat—No. 2 Texas, nominal at \$1 35 @ 1 37 1/2 per bushel, by the car load, buyer paying elevator charges.

Wool—Spring clip, free of burrs—Medium 26 @ 28c.; very long and bright 29 @ 31c. Mexican 17 @ 21c. market fairly active. Sales this week nominal.

Zinc—In gold, per pound—No. 1, none in market; sheet 11c.

THE STATE OF TEXAS. To the Sheriff or any Constable of Liberty County, Greeting:

WHEREAS oath has this day been made before me by Wharton Branch that A. N. B. Tompkins is absent from the State of Texas, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him, and praying for services by publication on him, you are hereby commanded that you, by making publication of this writ in some newspaper, printed in Liberty county, if there be one—but if there be no newspaper printed in said county, then by publication in some newspaper printed in the nearest county where there is one—for three successive weeks before the return day hereof, summon the said A. N. B. Tompkins to be and appear before me at my office in the town of Liberty, in the county of Liberty, on the first Monday in September, being the 16th day of said month, A. D. 1875, to answer the complaint of the said Wharton Branch for the sum of seventy gold dollars and interest, due upon a promissory note, executed by said Tompkins, for \$70 00 gold dollars, dated Liberty, June 6th, 1874, and payable ninety days after the date thereof, to James Minter, or order, at Liberty, Texas, and endorsed by said Minter. Herein fail not, and of this writ make due return as the law directs.

HOUSTON CARDS. A. WHITAKER, SEEDSMAN AND FLORIST, Houston, Texas. I am prepared to supply the people of Texas, either at wholesale or retail.

Ward, Dewey & Co., Lessees of TEXAS STATE PENITENTIARY, HUNTSVILLE, TEXAS.

Having added to our various Factories and shops the latest improvements in Machinery, we are now prepared and beg leave to offer to the public— White and Colored WOOLEN KERSEYS, OS-NABURGS, SANTANTA SHEETINGS, BIG TREE SHEETINGS, COTTONADES, WOOLEN AND COTTON YARNES.

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