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Potassium Pills by the faculty of the

TEXAS CHRISTIAN ADVOCATE.

PUBLISHED BY A JOINT COMMITTEE OF THE TEXAS ANNUAL CONFERENCES OF THE METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, SOUTH .-- J. E. CARNES, EDITOR.

VOL. VI .-- NO. 19.

GALVESTON, TEXAS, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1859.

WHOLE NO. 539.

The Texas Christian 3dbocate. OFFICE, STRAND, GALVESTON.

TERMS .- Two dollars Per Annum, in advance : two dollar and fifty cents if paid within six months, and three dollars i paid after six months.

JAMES W. SHIPMAN. Publishing Agent all Business Letters must be addressed.

Communications must be directed to the Editor OF THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE OF THE RIO GRANDE

MISSION CONFERENCE, ON THE TEXAS BOOK DE The Special Committee, to whom was referred the subject of the Texas Book Depository and our publishing interest at Galveston, beg of great trial and suffering to the citizens .leave to submit, as their report, the following preamble and resolutions:

WHEREAS, the Texas Conference, at its last session, acting under the provision of the General Conference, instituted a Book Depository at Galveston; and, whereas, the said Depository is the joint property of the Texas, East Texas, and Rio Grande Mission, Conferences; and, whereas, this Conference has a pro rata interest, with the other Conferences of Texas, in the stock of said Depository: therefore, be it

1st. That we hereby express our hearty concurrence in the action of the Texas Conference, organizing a Book Depository at Galveston; and that we adopte aid proceeding as our own Conference action then the subject—except so much as refers to the alteration of the Constitution.

2nd. That we regard the Depository as an in-dispensible auxiliary to our evangelical work, and hereby pledge the institution our cordial

and hereby pledge the institution our cordial and faithful support.

3rd. That we enterfain a very high appreciation of the diligent and fidelity with which the Rev. J. W. Shipunar, Agent for our Depository, has labored to promote its interests; and that we hereby earnestly solicit of the Bishop, with the concurrence of the other Conferences interested the continuous of this aventuments.

we hereby earnestly some to the conferences interthe concurrence of the other Conferences interested, the continuance of his appointment.

4th. That we look upon the Texas Christian Advocate, under the editorial supervision of the Rev. J. E. Carnes, as very ably conducted, and second in interest and worth to no other publication of our Church.

Advocate an inval-

our ecclesiastical and religious prosperity; and that we hereby pledge the renewal of our en-deavors to increase its circulation within our

that we hereby pledge the renewal of our endeavors to increase its circulation within our bounds, by recommending it to our people, and procuring subscribers for it.

6th. That Jesse Boring, J. W. DeVilbiss, and Ivy H. Cox, be, and hereby are, appointed the Publishing Committee for the Rio Grande Mission Conference; and that they be requested to meet with the Publishing Committees of the Texas and East Texas Conference.

7th. That the Publishing Committee for this Conference be, and are hereby instructed to consummate the co-partnership in relation to the remainder of the saw of the shore, or the sands of the shore, or the stars of the sky, they range themselves "in phase consummate the co-partnership in relation to the saved by grace. They may err, for they are fallible—imperfect in knowledge, they will be imperfect in knowledge, they will be imperfect in knowledge, they will be imperfect in things that do offend are done away with; the inner man is purified. The tenantry of the soul's city are redeemed and rehabilitated.

But not thus is the work completed. It is not a bundle of negations which constitutes Christian holiness. Sin is cast out, that purity may come in; unbelief is cast out, and perfect faith brought in; obduracy is cast out, and perfect faith brought in; haughtiness is driven for the sands of the shore, or the sands of the shore, or the stars of the sky, they range themselves "in phase of the sky, they range themselves in the persons of those members who were true believers. They were divided on earth. Often the persons of those members who were true believers. They were divided on earth. Often the persons of those members who were true believers. They were divided on earth. Often the persons of those members who were true believers. They were divided on earth. Often the persons of these members who were true believers. They were divided on earth. Often the persons of these persons of these persons of these persons of the perso Conference be, and are hereby instructed to consummate the co-partnership in relation to the Depository, with the Texas and East Texas Concernees, when they shall have so changed the Constitution as to give us an equal voice with hem in the alteration of any of its Articles. Constitution as to give us an equal voice with them in the alteration of any of its Articles,

D. W. FLY, Committee. Jos. Cross, R. H. Belvin,

NEW YORK CORRESPONDENCE.

Zurich Treaties-Congress at Brussels-Cotton - Thanksgiving Day-Sermons for the Day - Chapin and Cheevers in bad tasts, and others-Dinners for the Poor-Ecacuation Day-Great Military Parade, 3000 Troops out, Reviewed by Gov. Morgan-The British in 1783-Prisons, 1100 died-John St. a pest

house--Peace!--Gratitude!
The Zurich treaties are signed at last, and the talk is now of the approaching Congress at Brussels; and it is by no means settled that England will be a party there. Mr. Bull seems to be waiting to see how the cat will jump. Cotton is rather dull. Breadstuffs looking

up. Such is a bird's eye view of the late for-

has been marked in his goodness to us all, for which we should return to Him our thanksgivings. May they be acceptable in his sight, and his benefactions continue to our land, above

Sermons appropriate to the day were delivered, and some in bad taste, not at all appropriate. Drs. Chapin and Cheever lugged in the "darkie," as is usual with such men, on Fasts, Thanksgivings, Sundays &c. With such, Christian songs, and anthems of praise, proper for the occasion are forgotten, generally; and their old hobby, mounted, is ridden full gallop,-What strange, unhallowed, mental delusions thus enter the sacred desk. Some of these characters must be wolves in sheep's clothing, from their awful howlings. One such took for his text "Old Brown," and at times his congrega-tion was convulsed with laughter—encore! en-core! encore!—often repeated, would have completed this religious farce. Sensation preachers, truly, are such divines!

Many of our charitable institutions were visited by their friends, and the poor gladdened with gifts. Dinners were thus provided for the

with gifts. Dinners were thus provided for the Five Points mission. Home of the Friendless, Orphan Asylums, and other public charities.— This is God like benevolence for a Thanksgiving day, and the true and peaceful results of a pure faith, and a Bible charity.

Many Target-Shooters choose this day for their excursions, in the neighborhood—some Fire-Companies had a trial of their skill, and the power of their favorite engines. On the Union Course there was a race. Our streets rescunded with music, and the people seemed happy. We went to Church in the morning, to sing and pray, and hear a gospel sermon—dined with beloved ones, according to knickerbocker fashion, "on roast turkey and oysters"—like how is in the spreinne of six thousand years of malignant warfare, and for its thousand years of malignant warfare, and for its thanks to early out can! Against the habits of sin and the machinations of Satan, we oppose the Captain of our salvation, who "was manifested to take away our sins." "He was in all points tempted as we are, yet without sin." He knows what our feeble frame can bear. He knows how to conquer him—he has done it, and can do it again! All power, all goodness, all merit and all salvation are His!

In addition, the Holy Ghost is given unto you. His work in the Church is that of the illuminator and sanctifier. Did He not brood over chaos, and bring order out of confusion? Is He not as able to recreate as to create! Can dined with beloved ones, according to knicker-bocker fashion, "on roast turkey and oysters" and heard a popular lecture at night. Then retired to bed with a thankful heart, that we lived in such a blessed land as ours.

Evacuation day was celebrated with unusual spirit. The military had a grand parade. The entire First Division turning out 5,000 strong. It was a dazzling sight. Such a brilliant uniformed body of citizen soldiers, no land can beat. Governor Mergan and suite reviewed them, and then the corporation received their marching salute, as the splendid regiments, horse and foot, passed the City Hall. Mayor Tieman presented a banner to the 59th-one of our crack Regiments-and Col. LeGal replied appropriately. This Division, the 1st, enrolls 4 Brigades, 10 Regiments, with 6243 men, all uniformed and admirably drilled. The number

the following November, when the enemy marched out of the City, Gov. Clinton, General Washington, and General Knox, commanding, marched in. The British, embarking in ships, left our shores the same afternoon. In 1776 they took possession of New York City, and held it during the whole war, seven long years Many were forced from their homes, others into noisome prisons and prisonships. Not less than 11,00 died in confinement. Old John St.

God, for His mercies to the American people.

New York, Nov. 28th, 1859.

A HOLY PEOPLE.

"Thy people shall be all righteous"—"A holy Church"—"Holy, unblamable and unreprovable"—"Perfect love"—"Made free from sin"—"Sinneth not"—"Nothing shall offend them"—"They shall love the Lord their God with all their heart and with all their soul"—"Filled with all the fullness of God."

conflicts and sorrows.

It is true that all these words are of sinners

"Love, the divinest of the train,

In short, the soul, emptied of all sin, is "filled with the fullness of God."

Such is the true idea of the Church. It is to Can benevolence exist without self denial? be holy—without spot, or wrinkle, or any such thing. It is to be all glorious within, and its "garments of needlework" perfumed with spices from the Celestial garden.

It is easy to dream and talk of a holy Church.

Depravity is deep and all-pervading, but is it Depravity is deep and all-pervading, but is it more so than the grace of God? Where sin hath abounded, grace did much more abound! Weigh them again. What is the result? Past sins have been numerous, but you may plead the atonement. There it is—a glorious charter of salvation. Through that, "God can be just and the justifier of him that believeth in Jesus"—can forgive sins that are past—can blot out all our transgressions and our iniquities.

Habit is a tyrant, and stronger than links of steel are the chains it forges. The tempter does igo about as a roaring lion, and deceive with cunning. His devices are numerous; he is restless

ning. His devices are numerous; he is restless and industrious. He deceived Adam in the Garden of Eden. He is rich in the experience

over chaos, and bring order out of confusion? Is He not as able to recreate as to create? Can He not fathom the depths of your necessity?—Can He not render all within pure, and keep it forever? If He abide within as the keeper of the soul, cannot He keep out all intruders?—Say not it cannot be. It can—it must.

Is not the difficulty here—the unwillingness to live holy? Yet, holy living, the preaching of example, the exhortation of deeds, is what the Church wants, and having which, it becomes a resistless power.

resistless power.
Shall we be holy to the Lord? Shall we live holy? Why not?

> "Jesus, now our hearts inspire With that pure love of thine;
> Kindle now the heavenly fire,
> To brighten and refine:
> Purify our faith like gold;
> All the dross of sin remove;
> Melt our spirits down, and mould

Our Saviour is able to do all things, if, just

The Apostle informs us, that, in the last day Christ "shall come to be glorified in his saints and to be admired in all them that believe. Among the points of thought which will then conspire to show that he is worthy of admiration and illustrious in glory, we may mention the number of His people.

If but one human being had been brought

through the gospel, to "die unto sin" and to "reign in life," that single redeemed spirit would have been the wonder, and study, and joy of the universe; would have attracted the deepest reverence and the most exalted adoration to the great atonement, and still greater than 11,00 died in confinement. Old John St. church was a prison and pest house for small pox. Most of the other Churches, except the Episcopal, were also used to confine American prisoners.

What a blessing is peace! How has our land progressed in everything great and good, since those dark and gloomy days! Praise to our Revolutionary fathers, and unceasing thanks to Cond. On His prescience, the American people, and tongues," shall stand before his presence, "clothed with white robes, and" bearing "palms in their hands." When they cry, "Salvation to our God which sitteth on throne, and unto the Lamb, forever and ever;" so immense, so countless, is the throng, that so immense, so countless, is the throng, that their voices shall sound "as the voice of many waters, and as the voice of mighty thunder-

ings!"

Look on that company. Both sexes are there; though not in equal proportions; for vital godliness, alas, is less frequent with man than with woman. There are all conditions. Kings from their thrones, and prisoners from their dungeons, stand side by side. The rich and the poor join hand in hand. Slave-owners and slaves meet, and are equal. Every age of life is there. Infancy—which opened the gates of death and the gates of glory to half our race. Believers—from children of four score years, to those who were children again at four score. with all the fullness of God."

These are the words from the Spirit of all Truth, and are themselves truth. They describe an exalted state of piety, and show that great things have been provided in the economy of grace.

Believers—from children again at four score.—
There, not a generation of the species but has its representatives. Perhaps Adam and Eve, with whom apostacy began, stand, as ransomed ones, before Him who is both the seed of the woman and the head of the man! Certainthe woman and the head of the man! Certainly, Abel, the second born and first born among he sons, stands so. And down, through th auccession of centuries, and of dispensations numbers still increasing as time rolled on clus ter together, out of each dispensation and each century. All sects of Christians are there, in

shall feel that each and every one of them proves Christ to be worthy of admiration, and illustrious in glory.—Religious Herald.

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If not, what do we know of benevolence? How many of us practice it? Of what do we deny thing. It is to be all glorious within, and its "garments of needlework" perfumed with spices from the Celestial garden.

It is easy to dream and talk of a holy Church. It is an aggregation—a collective unity. It is one in general—it is the whole body of believers, and of course should be holy.

Yet, dear reader, the whole Church on earth is made up of persons. Individuals make the aggregate—units make the grand total. The Church, then, can only have this aggregate holiness as her members are made free from sin, and become servants unto God. It can never be entirely holy until you are holy unto the Lord. The Church can never be spotless until you are unblamable and unreprovable. The Church can never be all righteousness of faith.—While in you there is a moral blot, the glory of the Church is dimmed.

Will you consent that this shall any longer

the Church is dimmed.

While in you there is a moral plot, the glot, the world forbids us to tread, we dare not ventured that this shall any longer be so? Will you consent that this shall any longer in the way of a consummate purity? Is there one interior and 5 cities, New York observed the day.—

While in you there is a moral plot, the glot, the world forbids us to tread, we dare not venture—its commands we basten to obey—in the race after fashion, we benumb our sensibilities and stifle our convictions of right, until to do as others do becomes our standard and aim. Alas that to do as others do, we should dishonor the

of a consummate purity? Is there one interior sin which you cherish above the glory of a holy Church?

Will you say that this holiness cannot be?—That the law is too broad? That depravity is too thorough? That past sins have been too numerous? That the habits of sinful life are too strong? That the tempter is too wily?

The law is exceedingly broad. It says: "Thou shalt love the Lord thy God with all thy mind, and with all thy soul, and with all thy soul, and with all thy strength," and this claims all. Yet is not the promise as broad? "I will circumcise thy heart * that thou mayest love the Lord thy God with all thy mind and with all thy soul." Put law in one scale and promise in the other! Look you! They balance! nually expended by the daughters of Zion, upon needless ornaments, is three times as great as the entire amount received by all the benevolent societies of the day. There are many who excuse themselves entirely from giving anything for purposes of benevolence, yet whose dress and living are of the most approved style. Surely we may not with impunity indulge this needless expenditure, and shut our hearts to the claims of Christian charity. The requirements of God change not to suit the degeneracy of a luke-warm Christianity, nor will it avail us in a dying hour, or at the judgment day, that it was to do as did others that we attired ourselves in gorgeous apparel, and fared sumputously every day, while the cause of Christ languished for want of aid.

day, while the cause of Christ languished for want of aid.

O! how long must fashion rule us with iron sway, and we be content to kneel at her shrine? How long must the spirit of pride and selfishness, which this love of display engenders, be indulged? It is surely time for the Church to consider her position, and ask herself whether it is one God can approve. While we go up to His sanctuary so attired that only those who can emulate the style dare enter there, do we not virtually deprive the poor of the means of

been the tenor of your conversation? Have sinners been affectionately admonished, backers encouraged and comforted? O, why do ministers of the Gospel talk so little about God and Heaven and divine things when not engaged in the pulpit ministrations? Is it strange that their public admonitions and entreaties are, in the general, so inefficient, when they manifest so little concern for the salvation of sinners, in

so little concern for the salvation of sinners, in the family and in the social circles?

Reader, when you fell in company with that unconverted neighbor of yours, while you were journeying along the highway, you ought to have spoken to him about his spiritual condition. It might have been as "bread cast upon the waters," or "seed sown in good ground."—You talked about politics, the crops, the weather, the neighborhood news, &c. Alas! you did not recommend to him the religion of the blessed Saviour. When that irreligious friend of yours visited you, what a favorable opportunity sed Saviour. When that irreligious friend of yours visited you, what a favorable opportunity was afforded you of admonishing her, and trying to win her from the bondage of Satan to the service of the Lord! Why were your lips sealed, so far as the great interests of the soul are concerned?

Need we be surprised that sinners slumber or in a state of impenitency, while the Church manifests so little concern for their salvation?—
How obvious the necessity of a deeper tone of piety in the Church! How many motives urge us to seek higher attainments in the divine life Brother, sister, if your piety was as ardent as it should be, you would not neglect the important duty of conversing frequently with the unconverted on the subject of their salvation. Do not dismiss the subject until you ponder it well, and resolve to act accordingly .- Christian Ad-

GETTING RELIGION-GETTING UP A RE-VIVAL.

It is written: "I will turn to the people a pure language On this text, Bishop Morris very justly re-marks, in applying it to our day, that some forms of expression habitually used in what are allowed to be evangelical churches, are not according to a "pure language." Among these he mentions those at the head of this article, "petting religion," etc. He objects to this phrase for the reason that religion is a comprehensive term, which implies all that a Christian should believe, experience, and practice during life, and is therefore reached the practice during life, and is therefore not to be gotten at any one time, unless we could admit the erroneous doctrine that one act of grace in the hour of conversion saves us from all sin, future as well as past, and

room for a growth in grace.

"Obtaining a hope," he might have added, is an expression which comes equally short of conveying a just idea of a sound conversion to God.
"Being justified by faith," and having "received the Spirit of adoption," if the evidence of our acceptance with God be satisfactory, it is absurd to speak of what we have received, as though we had not received it. The apostles says, "What a man hath, why doth he yet hope for?" It is well to speak of present attainments with It is well to speak of present attainments with becoming modesty and assurance, of a hope of future and eternal salvation, in the language of earnest desire and joyous anticipation.

"Getting up a revival," he adds, "is a phrase

highly objectionable, calculated to mislead the minds of many, as though we could originate a that was employed to create a world. We should pray for a revival to come down among

us continually."

Many rash and irreverent expressions in prayer might be ranked, with terms in use, prayer might be ranked, with terms in use, contrary to a pure language. Some persons in prayer exhibit an air of insolence rather than of true humility and penitent supplication. The tones of a tyrant, commanding his slaves, ill become us at the footstool of mercy; and yet we know of some who seem not to be satisfied that they have made effectual prayer to the infinite One, till they have risen up to the climax of a furious dictation. Were the same manner to be observed in presenting a petition to a Governor for the pardon of a condemned criminal, he would feel himself insulted, and spurn the domineering, dogmatizing trifler from his presence. How important the counsel of the wise man, "Be not rash with thy mouth, and let not thine heart be hasty to utter anything before God, for God is in Heaven, and thou upon earth; therefore let thy words be few," upon earth; therefore let thy words be few,"
Ecc. v. 2. These references to impure language
may seem to some of little consequence: nevertheless, as "dead flies cause the ointment of the apothecary to send forth a stinking savor, so doth a little folly him that is in reputation for wisdom and honor."—Northern Christian Ad-

PRAYER FOR OTHERS.

We are not released from the obligation to pray for others, because we have suffered personal indignity at their hands While the Lord God was recognized as the

them. To ask that they may be forgiven of God. To come often to the throne of grace— our bosoms burdened with desire for their sal-

our bosoms burdened with desire for their salvation—our lips breathing their names in fervent intercession. Many now in glory owed their conversion to the prayers of those on whom they heaped personal indignity. Say, shall we not speak by prayer to save those who are heaping such indignity on us?

Other examples than that of Samuel, and examples far more impressive, teach this same lesson. The first martyr, when surrounded by men who breathed out threatenings and slaughter, nay, while they were stoning him, "cried with a loud voice, Lord, lay not this sin to their charge." And a greater than he—even the Savior of martyrs and prophets—the One sacrificed for sinners—when nailed to the cross, ficed for sinners—when nailed to the cross, found time and heart, amidst his fearful agonies with his murderers, "as strong bulls of Bashan," about him, to breathe his prayer, "Father, forgive them; they know not what they do!"—Hard task, when undertaken in the strength of nature—rather in nature's want of strength!— But when attempted in the light of these examples, with power from on high, delightful labor of love-Religious Herald.

THE CHRISTIAN SABBATH.

The Presbyterian has the following: As much parade of high authority has been made by the enemies of Sabbath observance, it is proer that the friends of the Sabbath should exhibit equally high, and even higher authority, for respecting the day of sacred rest.

The late Benjamin F. Butler, formerly attor-ney General of the United States, makes the

"The health of the mind, as well as the body, requires that the ordinary course of mental ac-tion should be checked at regular and frequent intervals, and that the mind should, at such times, be turned into some new direction. And

what direction can be given to it, so useful in itself, and at the same time so full of peace and purity, as that afforded by the Christian Sab-bath? The thoughts are not only called away from the ordinary cares and pursuits of life, but are invited to converse with the most sublime and heavenly topics, and even to commune with the Infinite, the Eternal One! If there be any lass of men from whom religious worship is especially and eminently due, it is from those who are devoted to intellectual labors and pursuits. The faculties of the mind are the noblest gifts of the Creator; and they who, by His providence, are favored above their fellows in being permitted to spend their lives in the exercise of these faculties, should render Him the warmest and most grateful tribute of thankfulness and praise. * * * The performance of professional labor, whether in study or otherwise, on the Sabbath, is usually placed on the ground of necessity. But this ground will not bear examination." Here Mr. Butler gives his own experience of twenty-seven years that of Sir experience of twenty-seven years, that of Sir Matthew Hale, Sir David Wilkie, and refers to

other instances.

Another Attorney General of the United States, John McPherson Berrien, of Georgia, said :- "He would testify to this solemn truth, said:—"He would testify to this solemn truth, as the result of the experience of a life, now somewhat advanced, that no blessing, under any circumstances, attends the desceration of the Sabbath day. No secular pursuit in which man can be engaged will be advanced by a violation of the commandments of God. My own experience teaches me that nothing can compensate for that vigor of mind and body, that work of mercy. A revival is a work of grace, in the progress of which sinners are awakened, penitent seekers converted, ministers are clothed with salvation, and the saints shout aloud price with the consciousness that they have complied with the Divine precepts, and have enjoyed with salvation, and the saints shout aloud for joy, under the overwheiming influence of the Holy Spirit. Such a work is not gotten up—it comes down from Heaven. All the ingenuity and power of man can never convert one soul; it requires the same power to convert a sinner, influence of the Holy Spirit on their hearts, they must keep the Sabbath holy; and in so doing, will the blessing of God follow them as surely as the seasons succeed each other in their course.

And when they close their existence here, they And when they close their existence here, they will look back on life, not measured as that of the worldling, by years misspent, but as the opening of life that is to be measured by ages in mansions of eternal bliss. I desire to bear this testimony as my deliberate conviction, and the result of mature reflection."

The above testimony, published some fifteen years ago in a tract, by Judge Hall, entitled "A Plea for the Sabbath, addressed to the Legal Profession," may be appropriate at the present day.

THE MOTHER.

The following is an extract from the prize work on Family Education, by the Rev. Dr. B. M. Smith:

We have thus far spoken of parental duties We have thus far spoken of parental duties as they pertain to both parents. But it is generally true that, owing to the father's engagements, the performance of some of the most important duties devolves upon the mother. This at once displays the admirable wisdom of God, and greatly enhances her responsibilities.

Moralists, poets, and philosophers have vied with each other in celebrating the relation and moral influence of woman. She sings the lullaby at our cradles; catches with joy the first rays of intelligence which beam from our infant eyes; first pours into our minds the wonders of redeeming love; teaches our trembling steps the ways of life; watches our wandering feet when they stray from God; soothes our broken hearts with the sweet promises of the gospel, and sustains

is it is not ical can approve. While we got up to pray for others, because are hence sufficed personal fills ancetary as attried that only those who was recognized used to the street of the proof of the means of grace, and will find of sheld ansection able there of our control of the proposal and place, who were as regular to grace and will be represented to that of the world,—what reason of ourselves to like requirements produced the proposal and place, who were as regular to control of the proposal and place, who were as regular to the proposal and place, who were as regular to the proposal and place, who were as regular to the proposal and place, who were as regular to the proposal and place and an

may appear large, but you must remember that such soldiers are always exempt from all jury duty, which is quite a task and burden upon our citizens, and a few years military duty exempts them for life. These are strong reasons to become citizens soldiers.

This day, Evacuation, takes its name from thistorical fact, that the British left New York on the 25th of November, 1783. Our independence had been secured, and peace definitely settled, Sept. 3rd, of the same year; and in the interval of the such soldiers with the such soldiers are always exempt from all jury duty, which is quite a task and burden upon our citizens, and a few years military duty exempts them the hard are determined to live for Him and in Him. Come to Him, and are determined to live for Him and in Him. Come to Him, and are determined to live for Him and in Him. Come to Him, and are determined to live for Him and in Him. Come to Him, and are determined to live for Him and in Him. Come to Him, and are determined to live for Him and in Him. Come to Him, and are determined to live for Him and in Him. Come to Him, and are determined to live for Him and in Him. Come to Him, and are determined to live for Him and in Him. Come to Him, say unthrough summer's heat and winter's cold. Have you faithfully warned them on that subject? Have you faithfully warned them of their danger?

Perhaps you are a minister of the gospel.—Perhaps you are a minister of the word, and the offscouring is a wasteful and so those whose good we seek. They may be said the word and th When we divest war of the heroic and chiwalric associations, which unfortunately give it a charm to man, from the romantic element that is a portion of every one's composition, and bring it down to a mere question of profit and loss, expenses and receipts, we shall find that war is a wasteful amusement, and a luxury that should be too dear for the richest nation to indulge in. The cost of the present war and the material necessary to carry it on, may be roughly estimated from the details of the supply of men, amunition, provender, etc., which were sent to the French army in the Crimea. At the present time such calculations are interest.

> the former 70,000 were killed or died in the hospitals, or were otherwise missing. It is considered that 93,000 were wounded and survived.
>
> Of the horses only 9,000 returned to France.—
> The great guns, howitzers, etc., were 644, besides 603 furnished by the navy. The light artillery for field service furnished 500 guns more, and it is a survived by the survey of t and in all there were 4,800 wheel vehicles for cannon sent from France. The missiles of death, too, were fearfully vast; 2,000,000 of shells and cannon-balls, 10,000,000 pounds of gunpowder, and 66,000,000 of ball cartridges. One hundred batteries and fifty miles of trench were constructed, besides ten miles of defensive works, and five miles of subterranean galleries in the spring, nor elasticity, nor breath of life.

The food sent from France, besides items of smaller quantities, was 30,000,000 pounds of biseuit; 96,000,000 pounds of flour, equal to 450,000 barrels; 7,000,000 pounds of preserved beef; 14,000,000 pounds of salt beef and lard; 8,000,000 pounds of rice; 4,500,000 pounds of softee; 6,000,000 pounds of sugar; 10,000 head live cattle; 2,500,000 gallons of wine, and nearly 1,000,000 pounds Chollet's preserved vegetables The The food sent from France, besides items of 1,000,000 pounds Chollet's preserved vegetables were among the larger items of supplies. The horse feed, too, was immense; 170,000,000 lbs.—equal to 85,000 tons of hay; 180,000,000 lbs.—90,000 tons—of oats and barley; 20,000 tons coal, charcoal, and coke. There were 150 ovens to bake bread, and 140 presses to press hay.—
The clothing was another branch of large supply, comprising garments in such hundreds of thousands that it would be tedious to enumerments present an immense quantity of supplies; among them were 80,000 horseshoes, and 6,-

In nothing do the French so much excel as in the army and its supplies over the sea. Among the vessels employed between France and the Crimea, though not stated in the report, were Crimea, though not stated in the report, were 40,000 tons of American shipping, embracing some of the finest and largest clipper vessels, as well as some steamers of the American mercan tile marine, and for whose services a liberal compensation was made. Taking the totality of all the voyages made by all the men, horses, and materials, there were conveyed by the and materials, there were conveyed by the French Government during the two and a half years of the war, 550,000 men, 50,000 horses, and 720,000 tons of materia's .- Exchange.

INELEGANCIES OF SPEECH.

No one accustomed to listen to extempora-neous speaking can have failed to notice how many educated persons commit great impropri-ctics of speech when they attempt to go with-our their manuscripts. The following hints our their manuscripts. The following hints from the Mercersburg Review, in an article on Extemporaneous Preaching, are worth attend-

ing to:
Great care must be taken to acquire a habit of using good language. The man who goes slipshod six days in the week, will not walk with ease and grace on the seventh in new shoes. It the language of every-day-life is not well chosen and correct, it will be in vain to attempt to speak well in the pulpit, or even to write well in the study. This will partly explain why solecisms, vulgar phrases and idioms, com-mon places and cant expressions, &c., so abound in the public efforts of some men. The habitual use of good language in ordinary speech prepares for its use readily, and almost without prepares for its use readily, and almost without effort on occasions of importance. What conduces greatly to form this faculty, is the frequenting good company, that is, as Mr. Bautain observes, the society most distinguished for elegance of language and fine manners. There one learns to speak with correctness and grace, almost without study, by the mere force of habit. But as the young preacher, for various reasons, may not always be able to do this, he can in a great degree supply the place of it by cultivating the society of the masters of his language in books. This company is always accessible, and always ready to speak, so there is no excuse for neglect in this particular. The perusal of the best authors serves directly to supply the speaker with a copious fund of perusal of the best authors serves directly to supply the speaker with a copious fund of words, apt and elegant, and, moreover indirectly, by the elevation of the thoughts, the march of the sentences and the majestic flow of the ideas, furnishes an afflatus, or divine glow, which pre-pares the orator for his intellectual labor, no matter how foreign may be the subject read from that about to be handled by the speaker. In addition to this, we would recommed storfrom that about to be handled by the speaker. In addition to this, we would recommed storing the memory with the chefs d'œuvre of the best writers, the poets especially, to be recited mentally or aloud, during the daily walk or ride, by which one becomes habituated to the necessities of the language, as it were, makes them his own, nor must we forget to observe that no practice will make a project that no practice will make a project that the

the state of the s

MY IDEA OF A MAN.

the present time such calculations are interesting, and we are able to give these details, which have been furnished by the Minister of War in France, M. Vaillant.

The whole force sent by France to the Black

The whole force sent by France to the Black France, M. Vaillant.

The whole force sent by France to the Black Sea, was 309,268 soldiers and 41,974 horses; of the former 70,000 were killed or died in the hospitals, or were otherwise missing. It is considered that 93,000 were wounded and survived.

Of the horses only 9,000 returned to France.

the no spring, nor elasticity, nor breath of life.

A fool, hey? No, sir—not necessarily a fool, of either. The fool is he who, not yet at life's meridian, has exhausted it and himself too—

UNITARIANISM A FAILURE.-Mr. Martineau. one of the most prominent Unitarians of England, makes the following confession:

tellectual preference nor my moral admiration goes heartily with the Unitarian heroes, sects, or productions of any age. Ebionites, Arians, Social cinians, all seem to me to contrast unfavorably article of clothing. For the piercing cold of the Crimea there were 150,000 sheepskin pale tots, 250,000 sheepskin gaiters, and tents for 250,000 men. The harness and farriery departments present an immense quantity of surplications. productions of any age. Ebionites, Arians, So learner from others, are in almost every depart-ment to writers not of my own creed. In Phi-losophy I have had to unlearn most that I had imbibed from my early text-books, and the au-thors in chief favor with them. In Biblical in-In nothing do the French so much excel as in hospital arrangements. They sent 27,000 bed-steads for invalids, as many mattresses, and 40,000 coverlets. There was the material for ambulances for 24,000 sick men, and 600 cases of bulances for 24,000 sick men, and 600 cases of instruments, and 700,000 pounds—350 tons—of lint, bandages, and dressings of various kinds.

Then for the sick there was the most liberal hymns, or the lines of Charles Wesley, or of Then for the sick there was the most liberal supplies for their sustenance, such as concentrated milk, essence of bouillon, granulated gluten, etc. The money expended at the seat of war was \$56,000,000. Marshal Vaillant also tells of the vast maritime preparations for conveying the army and its supplies over the sea. Among the army and its supplies over the sea. Among

> A gentleman, on being expostulated with on his neglect to seek earnestly the salvation of his soul, excused himself on the very common, but insufficient plea, "That the Christian world but insufficient plea, "That the Christian world was divided into so many seets that he should be at a loss to decide with which one to unite."
>
> The reply he received was substantially as follows: "You greatly deceive yourself, if you regard this as a satisfactory excuse for an irreligious life. You make that a primary which is only a secondary question. There are various seets, which have distinguishing peculiarities, but there is a great foundation—'repentance toward God, and faith in our Lord Jesus Christ'—on which they are agreed. Now, your first consideration should be to get a safe standing on that foundation, and then you will be able, without danger, more deliberately to determine with which seet to unite. You may lose all, even the precious life of your soul, if you wait in your present perilous situation to settle this really secondary question. Look at that vessel trembling under the power of the gale, her sails rent, her seams opening, her rudder lost, and she driven helplessly toward the rocky shore! Of what we her crew thinking? Is it not now the main and absorbing object with every one of what are her crew thinking? Is it not now the main and absorbing object with every one to secure a safe footing on shore? Suppose one of them, with death staring him in the face, should refuse to make any exertion for his safe-

DEATH IS A GRAND SECRET.—1. We know not beforehand when, and how, and by what means, we or others shall be brodght to death; by what road we must go the way whence we shall not return; what disease or what disaster will be the door to put us into the house of appointment for all living.

2. We cannot describe what death is; how the knot is untied between body snd soul, nor how the spirit of a man goes upward, to be we know not what, and live we know not how.—With what dreadful curiosity does the soul launch out into the vast ocean of eternity, and resign itself to an untried abyss! Let us make it sure that the gates of Heaven shall be opened to us on the other side of death, and then we to us on the other side of death, and then we need not fear the opening of the gates of death, though it is a way we are to go but once.

3. We have no correspondence at all with separate souls, nor any acquaintance with their state. It is an unknown, undiscovered region, to which they are recovered, we can neither

The Christian Advocate.

counts to them. Please, also, to bear in mind, brethren, that we make no changes in the direction of your papers, unless you order it done. We have a large supply of Books on hand now. Also, Lithographs of the Southern Methedist Bishops. Send in your orders and the

money. We are ready and anxious to send off these and get more.

EXAMINING AND VISITING COMMITTEES AP pointed by Bishop Pierce:

Soule University .- Texas Conference : Ur ban C. Spencer, Benj. F. Perry, H. V. Philpot. East Texas Conference : J. E. Carnes, J. Shook, Wm. Witcher. Rio Grande Conference: Joseph Cross, R. P. Thompson, Ivy H. Cox. BASTROP MILITARY INSTITUTE .- Wm. H. Seat,

John W. Phillips, Wm. G. Nelms. ANDREW FEMALE COLLEGE .- R. W. Kinnon Thos. F. Smothers, Hiram M. Glass.

WACO FEMALE COLLEGE.-R. Alexander, O. M. Adison, John Carpenter. CHAPPELL HILL FEMALE COLLEGE. - Wm. M Lambdin, J. E. Ferguson, Job M. Baker.

PORT SULLIVAN. ACADEMY .- L. B. Whipple, M. H. Porter, R. T. P. Allen. SEGUIN MALE AND FEMALE COLLEGE .- John

G. McGee, J. C. Wilson, Buckner Harris. ASBURY HIGH SCHOOL .- C. W. Thomas, D. W. Fly, J. W. B. Allen.

The "Dolbear Commercial College," of which an advertisement appears in to-day's Advocate, has already earned for itself an enviable reputation, and requires only to be known to secure a proper appreciation from the friends of a thorough business education in the South. It has a perpetual charter from the State of Louisiana. and is under the control of an able Board of Trustees. The gentlemanly Principal will be pleased to receive the visits of any of our Texas friends who may choose to call on him at the College.

There is a great dearth of news at present, although several important matters are "on hand." The Brownsville affair appears still to be unsettled. Capt. Tobin sent out a detachment of 31 Rangers on the 25th, under Lieut, Littleton; They were attacked by 130 of Cortinas' men, and driven in, with a loss of 3 men killed and 1 wounded, and one taken prisoner, who was afterwards killed. At last account, Capt. Tobin did not think his force sufficiently strong to attack Cortinas in his camp. He has probably been joined by Capt. Ford, ere this, and we shall have news of a fight soon.

From the State Legislature, we have intelligence of the election of Wigfall to the U.S. Senate, by a majority of two votes. A correspondent of the Houston Telegraph says:

"After the election, Col. Wigfall made a very conservative speech. He announced his oppo-sition to the re-opening of the slave trade, and on the den

No Speaker of the U. S. House of Representatives had been elected on the 9th. On the last ballot, Sherman (Republican) had 110 votes; Bocock (Democrat) 88; Gilmer, 20; Scatter-

Several meetings of the sympathisers with Brown have been held in the Northern cities: but they have been attended by but a small portion of the Northern people. In Manchester, N. II., an attempt was made to toll the City Hall bell, but the Mayor ordered it to be stop-ped. The man tolling having refused to desist. it is said "the Mayor dropped him through the scuttle, as the most convenient mode of enthe N. Y. Observer shows how the affair was treated by the preachers in that city on Thanksgiving day.

Young Men's Methodist Union.—The young men of the M. E. Church, South, in St. Louis, organized themselves into an Association, last Thursday evening, at the First Church, with The objects are, to secure "a more thorough mind and heart culture," to become better acquainted with each other, and facilitate the in-troduction of young men who come to the city

strangers, and to be in an organized condition, ready for any good work that may be appro-Priate to them.

One of their first objects will be to collect a library, first of Methodist books, and then of general history and solid literature.

We commend the foregoing to the notice of the young men of our own and other branches of the Christian church, especially in towns and cities. The objects proposed are all good. But, however important it is to "secure heart and mind culture" for ourselves, it is scarcely less important, if we would be useful to others, to qualify ourselves for imparting to them that which we feel to be of value to ourselves. No young Christian, rejoicing in his first love, is disposed to "eat his morsel alone;" but, out of the fullness of his heart, he feels that he must speak to others on the subject of their souls' best interests. "The love of Christ constraineth him," not only to speak of the love of the Saviour to himself, but to try to persuade sinners to "taste and see that the Lord is good." In this labor of love he will frequently meet with cases where his own personal experience will have no weight. The carnal heart is enmity against God; and some of those he encounters in his labor of love take no pains to conceal that enmity; while all classes of the irreligious from the grossly malignant scoffer to the stupidly careless, will bring forward objections or excuses, which, if he is unable to meet and overcome, will have an injurious effect upon himself, and eventually drive him from the field of active exertion, to settle down, as too many do,

We know of no place where a qualification for usefulness is more likely to be attained than in just such an association as that organized by our young friends of St. Louis, conducted as it might be. The first duty of young or old is to recognize and obey the claims of heaven upon themselves, yielding both body and spirit, as living sacrifices, to Him who has bought them with His blood. Common honesty requires an entire consecration of ourselves to the service of Him who has "redeemed us unto Himself." If we have the Spirit of Christ, (without which we are none of His,) we will, as we may be able, try to do the will of Christ and the work of Christ. And to do this efficiently, we must not only be careful to get all the good we can for ourselves, but qualify ourselves as well as we can for imparting good to others. "Freely ye to inquire if "Howard's Spring," mentioned in have received, freely give," is written by the finger of divine love upon every newly convertible gentleman above named—and if it is known ted heart, and it is certain that labor for the where a letter may reach him. He came to the

contented to be useless.

LETTER FROM EAST TEXAS CONFERENCE.

PALESTINE, December 1st, 1859. The Conference convened yesterday morning, and elected Rev. J. B. Tullis to the chair. The Bishop arrived about 12 o'clock, M., in improv ed health. He is now in the chair, and business is rapidly progressing. Labors accumulate. As a reason for promptness, the Bishop informed the brethren that he expected, if possible, t attend the Florida Conference. One of the 'safest" of our lay brethren said to me, in a recent conversation, that if the ministry in general and the laity were as faithful as the Bishops, the Church would be as abundantly and triumphantly successful as she was in the days of the fathers. This witness is true. It is impossible to be too thankful for the purity and efficiency which God, in his great goodness, has bless the godly and self-denying example of our Superintendents to the general good. ' It is gratifying to record the fact that the example is recognized, so far as my observation goes, as distinctly and as thankfully by the laiety as by the preachers. I would record general evidences of this truth; but the subject is one which, while it should not be wholly passed Paris Female Institute—James Graham. Prindences of this truth; but the subject is one over, need not be made too conspicuous. The consciousness of it lies like refreshing dew upon all our interests. God grant that it may distil

there forever. "Our business is to preach the Gospel, no to go about visiting friends "-so says the chair just now, in obedience to the example and precept of Him who said, "Let the dead bury the dead." The occasion of the remark was a charge against some young preachers of leaving their work before the close of the year. Inquiry is made by the Bishops to this effect, "Did he get to his work in good time, and did he stay to the close?" This is right. The Methodist preacher promises to give all his time to the work of God. A thorough fulfilment of this promise for a single year by all of us would astonish the world with its results.-Renunciation of our own ends-everything, however dear-is the plainest and most positive requirement of the Master, "who came not to be ministered unto but to minister." Wesley consecrated all, not excepting that dearest thing, the "reputation." Alas! we except even ease, and pleasure, and indolence. As I write, I seem to see the white hair of Wesley gleaming along the road from a five o'clock morning ap-pointment, after having preached and "met the society"-and by the same token, I confess my-self reproved, and reminded of the propriety of doing better. There is no duty more forcibly inculcated in the Bible and in our book of Discipline than INDUSTRY. How it polishes rude talents, removes obstacles, achieves successes makes the wilderness bloom, while even the most conspicuous qualifications, without courageous, liberal, devising industry, "runs down" the best appointments, and blights as with a the best appointments, and blights as with a Shook's Bluff-S. C. Box. curse the fairest prospects. While men slept Mt. Enterprize-W. P. Petty. the enemy sowed tares; therefore, let men, and especially ministerial men, indulge in ministerial sleeps no more. Perhaps there is among the preachers of to-day too great a reliance upon the formalities which they condemn in the East Bay Mis .- F. E. Dowdy. membership. This produces a lazy dignity, that Sabine Pass Mis. - A. Hinkle. becomes a preacher less than positive sin. The Beaumont Mis.-J. L. Hall. sition to the re-opening of the slave trade, and against a slave code for the territories. He would vote against both. He would support James Buchanan's administration as long as Mr. Buchanan's administration as long as direct, futile and unconsecrate, we have lost Carnes. Ag't for Advocate and Depository quickening emotion :-- having "received mercy." says the apostle, "we faint not." There is noth ing more common among professors of religion, ministers and others, than a loss of the first love. The joy of forgiveness becomes a memory; it should be preserved as a present experineglect of being concerted. This may seem tracts. trite, but it is true. The principle difficulty is the great one. Let it be looked in the face, recognized and confounded. Faith in God, in his son Christ, and in the Holy Ghost--enough faith to prompt and arouse the energies of prevailing prayer, will fill the Church with renewed life. No mere "expedient" will answer .-forcing his orders," An article we copy from At the last Conference where I heard the ap-

Upon the faithful answer to such a question more depends than upon the wisest legislation

prayers of last night had unction. Some seekers of religion were at the altar. We are praying for a Conference revival.

A little conversation has just now taken place which may be profitably recorded: Preacher-"What is to be done with a proba

tioner, against whom injurious reports are in circulation? May he not be dropped without any formality whatever?" Bishop-"Certainly not. The Bible and the

Discipline are very plain upon the subject. You are to visit him, make proper inquiry, report the case to the leader's meeting, or to the society, and drop or retain, according to the circumstances of confession, etc." Preacher—"Suppose the injurious report be avouched by the official members themselves?"

Bishop-"No matter. If you were to see him do the wrong, it would be your duty as his pastor to reprove and try to bring him to an acknowledgment of the fault; how much more, then, if you have simply heard a report of improper conduct."

I record this for its bearing upon the great truth that it is our duty to endeavor to save souls, and not to condemn. For the son of man came not into the world to condemn the world. but that the world through him might have life. There is too little of the disciplinary watching over one another in love, that we may each help the other to work out his salvation. Rather let the lame be turned out of the way than healed, is the tendency; let it be healed, rather, is the Scripture. We need to study the parable of the lost sheep, lest overestimating the ninety and hine, and prizing our own convenience too highly, we should too complacently ignore the troublesome trip into the wilderness.

Our trip to this place was made comfortable by the ungrudging hospitality everywhere experienced. Palestine is a very pleasant town. The preachers are kindly entertained. I have a delightful home with an old Kentucky friend,

Lord is never in vain. "He that watereth shall West, from Georgia, during the Mexican war .-Address this office.

APPOINTMENTS OF THE EAST TEXAS CON-

San Augustine District—S. A. Williams P. E.
Ct.—John Adams. Col'd Mis .- L. B. Hickman. Milam Mis .- R. B. Womac. Shelbyville Mis.—I. W. Overall. Carthage and Col'd Mis.—W. W. Caulder. " Ct.—W. K. Wilson. Melrose Ct.—C. L. Hammill. Jasper Ct.—D. M. Stovall. Newton Ct.—Francis Wilson.

FERENCE

"Station-W. H. Hughes, Harrison and Col'd Mis,-Jos, W. Hammill and Richard Thompson, Dangerfield Ct.—H. D. Palmer, Coffeeville Ct.—J. B. Rabb. Gilmer Ct.—B. M. Scrivener. Linden Ct.—W. B. Hill. Elysian Fields Ct .-- J. C. Woolam Jefferson Station-J. T. P. Irvine. Macedonia Mis,-Thos. W. Rogers. preserved in our Episcopacy. Its savor is like Macedonia Mis.—Thos. W. Rogers, ointment poured forth. May the good Lord Clarksville District—H. B. Hamilton, P. E.

MARSHALL DISTRICT-Richard Lane, P. E.

liams.
Boston and Col'd Mis.—J. S. Mathis. Savannah and Col'd Mis.—H. W. Cumming. Clarksville and "C. J. Cock. Clarksville and "C. Paris Station—H.·W. Moore. " Ct .- J. B. Landreth Honey Grove-A. C. McDougal.

McKenzie Institute-J. W. P. McKenzie, Prin DALLAS DISTRICT-J. R. Bellamy, P. E.

Dallas-W. T. Mellugin, McKenny-to be supplied Sherman-J. W. Binckley.

" and Mis.-E. Couch. Gainesville Mis .- A. Cumming Montague Mis .- to be supplied. Decatur Mis .- W. E Bates. Denton Mis—Wm. Shaw. Rockwall Ct.—A. R. Dickson. Kaufman Ct.—M. H. Neely. GREENVILLE DISTRICT-L. R. Dennis, P. E.

" Ct.-J. M. Boyd. Black Jack Mis.-John Patillo. adonia-L. C. Crouse. Tarrant-J. H. Lowe. Mt. Pleasant-J. L. Terry. Quitman—to be supplied, Canton—R. A. Wooten, Garden Valley—W. J. Popham. PALESTINE DISTRICT - J. B. Tullis, P. E.

Station—Wm. Witcher.
Kickapoo—S. T. Bridges.
Tyler Station—J. W. Fields,
Ct.—W. K. Masten.
Jacksonville—J. W. Chalk.
Knoxville—W. P. Patillo. Henderson Station—F. M. Stovall.
Ct.—N. Brown.
Fowler Institute — N. W. Burks, Prince

and Ag. Starrville Female High School-B. W. ander, Principal. RUSK DISTRICT-R. S. Finley, P. E. "Station—W. II. Gillam.
Cherokee—J. A. Scruggs.
Crockett—S. Lynch and S. A. Kaempher.
Sumpter—A. B. Manion.
Palestine Ct.—W. A. Goodgion.
Randolph—J. L. Angell.
Marion Mis.—J. R. Cox.

WOODVILLE DISTRICT-A. Young, P. E. " Mis.-Martin Mathi Livingston-M. C. Simpson.

Douglass Mis .- E. P. Rogers.

THE BAPTISM OF FIRE.-The last N. Y. Christian Advocate and Journal contains a long letter from Dr. and Mrs. Palmer, who are now in England, lecturing on this "Promise of the ence. To have been converted is relied on to the Father," from which we make the following ex-

stoical coolness and apathy, if not worse, even infidelity; nothing has ever before seemed to make an impression on the public mind or move the masses. The population is about 120,000. But here God began to pour out his Spirit in a wonderful manner. The ministers and official and leading men of the Church sought and obtained the baptism of fire, even as the early disciples on the day of Pentecost, and pentecostal At the last Conference where I heard the appointments read by Bishop Capers, he prefaced the reading by exhorting us to recur to first principles. He said: "Brethren, do you preach as humbly, with as little reliance on self and as much on God, and with as much preparatory prayer, now, as when you first commenced?" Upon the faithful answer to such a question upon the faithful answer to such a question tailed the baptism of fire, even as the early disciples on the day of Pentecosta, and pentecostal results, as we believe it ever will do. The whole town seemed to be moved. The Branswick-place Chapel, that will hold about 3,000 persons, was generally crowded, and we were told that hundreds at times had to leave, unable to find standing room. Members from all the different evangeling them it would be opinions of the metropolitan pulpit, that we may show the country the Christian sentiment ical Churches very largely mingled with us, and many of them were blest with full salvation. many of them were blest with full salvation, and carried the influence to their own Church-Bishop Soule once uttered this axiom: "No re- es. In one Episcopal Church, where the usual form can continue with less power than was required to start it." The power that started Methodism was simple experimental religion. Methodism was simple experimental religion.

The Lord grant us a speedy replenishing of that all-conquering power. The sermon and the miles distant from Newcastle, from which place

> You will see by our address that we are now at Sunderland. And what shall we say of Sunerland? The work exceeds anything we have ever before witnessed either in America or Ireland. It seems as if the whole community is being moved. Surely it is "not by might, nor by power, but by my Spirit, saith the Lord."—
> Two or three nights in succession the secretaries of the meeting have recorded the names of one hundred and over who have been made reone hundred and over who have been made recipients of grace. The number of seekers seems to be only bounded by the accommodations we are able to furnish them on presenting themselves for prayer. It is now Tuesday. We commenced our labors here on Sabbath afternoon two weeks since. We talked about the full baptism of the Holy Ghost, as received by the early disciples on the day of Pentecost, as the absolute necessity of believers of the present day. Many resolved that they would come out and definitely seek this endowment of power. Among the first to approach the communion

Among the first to approach the communion rail, as openly seeking the baptism of fire, was one of the able ministers of this town. I need in New York, in which a journeyman would the work went on. On Monday afternoan the leading men in the Church, with their wives, came forward in well nigh a body, and such an outpouring of the Spirit as we then received I cannot describe. Pentecostal blessings, as before observed, bring pentecostal results. In the evening we had an overwhelming congregation. The chapel is very large here, as in Newcastle. It was estimated that as many as 3,000 were present. I believe we should speak truly if we have the safe of the most mental callings, down, through the most mental callings, down, through the most mental callings, to the bottom of society. We tax them, and then refuse to sit by them in God's house. We heap upon them moral obloquy more attrocious than that which the master heaps upon the slave. And, over the bottom of society. It was estimated that as many as 3,000 were present. I believe we should speak truly if we should say hundrends were pricked to the heart. There was a rush to the altar when the invitation was given. The communion rail and all its surroundings being filled, and not being able to find places for more under the circumstances, I said, as there was no more room around the altar, that all who desired to seek the Lord and wished the prayers of God's people, would manifest it by raising the right hand, and keep it uplifted till the recording angel had made the record. Hundreds of hands were uplifted in every part of the house.

communion rail. Over one thousand names have been recorded the past fifteen days, and still the work seems only to have begun. "Hal-leluiah, the Lord God Omnipotent reigneth."—
"Not unto us, not unto us, but unto thy name give glory for thy mercy and thy truth's sake.
WALTER C. & PHOEBE PALMER.

THE TEXAS CHRISTIAN ADVOCATE.

THE N. Y. PULPIT ON THE HARPER'S FER RY INVASION.

On Thursday last, the day of public Thanks-giving, many of the clergy of this city took the opportunity of expressing their sentiments freely on the subject of the recent disturbance of the public peace by the invasion of a neigh-It was fitting to embrace this occasion for such a purpose. Among the nu-merous causes for national Thanksgiving, not the least, and one of the greatest, is that a foul conspiracy, designed to plunge the country into the horrors of a civil war, has been recently de tected, its chief participators arrested, and all the immediate actors put to death, or held in the firm grasp of justice. For this every Christia patriot gives God thanks out of the depths of is heart. Had the conspiracy gained the eco expected by its infamous authors, instead of a Thanksgiving, we should already have had the country in arms, and many portions of it drenched in servile or fraternal blood. It was this fact that moved the pasters of this, and other cities, to make the day an occasion for giving utterance to their senting There is a sense in which the pulpit may be ruly said to reflect the sentiments of the people

Our city congregations, more than those in the country, are formed on the principles of elective affinity: each church is more homogeneous than in places where there is but one of each Christian denomination; and it is the happiness of our churches, if a man does not find in the pul pit the doctrines he likes, he can suit himsel elsewhere. Thus it comes to pass that our pul-pits and pews are of one mind on all the great questions that stir the heart of the age.

Of the five hundred pulpits of this city, w Of the five hundred pulpits of this city, we believe that not five uttered a word of approbation of the John Brown invasion of Virginia.—We do not speak with positive knowledge of any great number. But we know that the radical pulpit is the noisiest, and runs the most readily into the newspapers: that the sympathizers with the conspiracy are blatant in their denunciations of the law that has the murderers in its righteous hands. And it is probable that in its righteous hands. And it is probable that the most of those who prostituted the pulpit and the sanctuary to the defence and encouragement of crime, have been chronicled among the of the times," the "champions of equal rights," and the "defenders of liberty." Of the five hundred preachers in this city we

have heard of but Two, who ventured to give the sanction of their pulpits to the support of the highest crime perpetrated in this country since the treason of Benedict Arnold. One of these preachers, of course, was the man who curses from Union Square, and the other is still so obscure that we will not give him the notoriety he would be glad to get by a notice in the newspapers. On the other hand, we hear from a large number of the most commanding, influential, popular and intelligent pulpits of this city, that they bore explicit, uniform, carnest and unanimous testimony against the conspiracy, in all its features, designs, plans and acts. And with one voice they consented to the sentence of death pronounced upon the conspirators as just and necessary. Whatever may be the dif-ference of opinion as to the policy or expediency of executing the sentence, there is but one opinion among Christian patriots, that these convicted men deserve to die, according to the laws of God and man. The Rev. Dr. Osgood Unitarian) said:

"If I am asked more particularly what I think of the recent attempt to excite a servile insur-rection in Virginia, I reply that I condemn it altogether, and that no sophism is feebler than that which justifies the deed on account of

justly liable to the penalty of death."

Rev. Dr. Tyng (Episcopalian) protested agains the violence of fanaticism; he said;
"As a Christian, it was not his duty to make baldrous reproach. As an American citizen, he had no right to encourage sectional animosity He would not do evil that good might come-he would not violate the peace of God and mar -would never give his sanction to any violence

isfactory expression of feeling than it would be possible to gather from any promiseuous assem-blage that might be gathered, however large sion. We have thought it might be well to hold public meetings all over the land, to give uttermiles distant from Newcastle, from which place a number of miners came in every Saturday, and many received this full baptism of the Spirit, a work has broke out, and upwards of four hundred miners have been converted. The note ends with the exclamation, "Glory be to God!" in which, I am sure, you will join.

You will see by any additional place a rew public meetings all over the land, to give utterance to the indignation with which the crime is reprobated, but we find no pulpits and no presses entitled to respect which justify it, and we may consider the Thanksgiving sermons of New York as the united testimony of the intelligent Christian people of the North in favor of the Union, the law and the right.

the Union, the law and the right.
Instead of fearing that the chief conspirate will be deified, or even exalted to the rank of a martyr, the day is not distant, and even now is when every upright, virtuous citizen of thes United States, who is not blinded by fanaticism will regard him and his conditutors as convicted traitors, whose designs were baffled by the good Providence of God.—N. Y. Observer.

free colored people treated at the North? The are almost without education, with but little sympathy for ignorance. They are refused the common rights of citizenship which the whites enjoy. They cannot even ride in the cars of enjoy. They cannot even ride in the cars of our city railroads. They are snuffed at in the house of God, or tolerated with ill-disguised disgust. Can the black man be a mason in in New York? Let him be employed as a jour-neyman, and every Irish lover of liberty that carries the hod or trowel would leave at once, continue to work, if a black man was employed in it. Can the black man engage in the continue to work, if a black man engage in the continue to work, if a black man was employed in it. mon industries of life? There is scarcely one in which he can engage. He is crowded down, down, down, through the most menial callings, notwithstanding all this, we lift ourselves up to talk to the Southern people about the rights and liberties of the human soul, and especially the African soul.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE -For the information our readers we publish the following. There is nothing like understanding the rights of the printers. They are hardly secondary to those of the people. Readers will do well to bear in mind this:
"The Supreme Court of Indiana has made a decision which has an important bearing upon delightful home with an old Kentucky friend, John G. Gooch, Esq., of the prosperous firm of Cravens & Gooch. Would that the Church had thousands of such members and friends as my talented and liberal host.

ROBERT MAZYCK HOWARD.—We are requested to inquire if "Howard's Spring," mentioned in Bishop Pierce's correspondence, is called after the gentleman above named—and if it is known where a letter may reach him. He came to the West, from Georgia, during the Mexican war.—Address this office.

Hundreds of hands were uplifted in every part of the house. What a scene was this: never shall I forget it! The place seemed the solemn, awful presence of the Prince Deity. We had endeavored to ask in faith that every person in the house might be arrested by the power of the Spirit, and it is our belief it was even so. The hext evening not only was the communion rail and other surroundings filled, but the vestey was also crowded. The next evening the upper vestry, which is used as the lecture-room, was also filled, and about one hundred were blessed. For several evenings past we have three vestries engaged for persons seeking the Lord to retire to, one of them especially for the children, and they are mostly filled, sometimes crowded, besides the

TEXAS WHEAT AND FLOUR We commend the following article, from the

Houston Telegraph, to the attention of our readers. Very few persons out of the State, we apprehend, have any idea of the capabilities of Texas, as a wheat-growing State, or of the increased production of grain and flourwithin a few years past. Another thing, which will probably attract the attention and excite the surprise of wheat-growers in other States, is the weight, per bushel, of Texas wheat .-Thirteen years ago, the writer of this arrived in Red River county, and heard much more said about this matter than he could believe, coming as he did, from a wheat growing region, where he had never seen wheat which would weigh over 68 pounds to the bushel, and that only once. Of course, he did not give full credit to the stories of 70 pound wheat, all at once; but the first appeal to the scales compelled him to knock under, and "acknowledge the corn." A lot of what he considered rather inferior wheat, measured and weighed before his own eyes, averaged fully 72 pounds to the bushel. This was raised on the black prairie land of Red River county. On the sandy lands of the same county, he afterwards saw wheat raised which weighed only 58 pounds to the bushel; but he has since frequently bought wheat weighing 74 pounds. and once saw a small lot in Grayson county weighing 76 pounds to the bushel. We have known 45 bushels, by measurement, raised to the acre, in one of the counties bordering on Red River, and have known wheat sold as low as 40 cents per bushel, in the interior of the State, at a distance from mills. Last year, we saw excellent flour selling at \$2 20 per hundred pounds, in Lamar county. We are acquainted with the State generally, with the exception of a few of the extreme eastern and western counties, and have no hesitation in saying that a very large proportion of all the region over which we have travelled is well adapted to the growth of wheat; and the very handsomest specimen of the grain we have seen, was raised

about 60 miles west of San Antonio Three years ago, a sack of Texas flour was a great rarity in Houston, and the forty or fifty sacks that were brought here that winter were sold at fancy prices, people buying them, out of curiosity more than any thing else. Then also the total production of wheat in Texas was estimated at about a half a million of bushels.— Then there were no merchant mills in the wheat region, and all the flour had a dark and unsightly appearance, though it was noted as making bread of extraordinary sweetness. Then it was believed that the day would come, when the railroad should be built to Dallas, that Texas would furnish most of the flour for home consumption, and perhaps by getting to market a few weeks earlier than St. Louis flour, turn an honest penny by selling a few barrels in New Orieans. No one looked beyond that city as a market for any of our Texas grain. But three years have passed, and the railroad is not yet half way to Dallas. The production of wheat has already grown to nearly three millions of bushels per year. Here in Houston, fully 40 per-cent, of all the flour sold is of Texas manufacture. This is evident from the fact that while the importations of every other article of western produce have considerably increased this year over last, the importations of flour have diminished 30 per cent. It is also mani-fest to any one who will look at the immense piles of sacks of flour to be seen in almost any rection in Virginia, I reply that I condemn it altogether, and that no sophism is feebler than that which justifies the deed on account of worthy personal traits in the originator. The deed is lawless and murderous."

The Rev. Dr. Parker (Presbyterian) said of the invaders:

"They have nevertheless so violated those imman laws which are indispensable to preserve thates from anarchy."

The condemn it altogether, and that no sophism is feebler than of our large houses at all times. The flour has also amazingly improved in quality, and we now frequently see bread made of Texas flour quite as white and twice as sweet as the best Plants' Extra, or any other double extra brand that is brought to the State. Already, also, are our merchants beginning to export wheat, not to New Orleans, for that is no market for the indianal laws which are indispensable to preserve that is from anarchy."

Among the strumental department, and including the organist and conductor, makes up a force of 3,255.

The orchestra, measuring in width 216 feet, and in depth 100 feet, had been completely enclosed at the back and sides, and covered in, so as to propel the sound towards the audience, and to avoid that dispersion of it so apparent in 1857. the entire amount, we presume, not far from 49,000 bushels. And but a day or two since

nade profitable.

Texas wheat is sold by weight, 60 pounds being the standard the world over of a bushel, whereas a measured bushel of the wheat of our rich northern prairies will weigh nearer seventy pounds. Wheat can now be delivered in Hons-ton for one dollar per bushel, and with present prices in New York and Liverpool, which are

will at least pay out.

If, then, we can now transport wheat into the northern and European markets, and compete with the North-western States, is it not time have often urged the importance of our citizens turning their attention to the manufacture of could now ship to New Orleans by steamer, and make a good profit in competition with St. Louis flour! We ought to have these mills at once. Scarcely more than a year or two will pass before we shall have a railroad into the heart of the great lumber fields of the east, when the staves will be brought to our very doors for the manufacture of flour barrels. By that time also, the Central road will be extended so far that the cost of the raw material, laid down here, will not be above 75 cents. This being the case, there is nothing to hinder our supplying the West Indies, the Gulf coast, and much of the west indies, the Guir coast, and much of the interior of the Southern States with flour, and still have a million or so of barrels to ship to New York and Liverpool. A great deal of this we will send to market two months in advance of all the rest of the wheat growing countries. and thus have the monopoly of supplying flour from New Wheat' to half the world.

'from New Wheat' to half the world.

It is time, we repeat it, that we were preparing for these things. The enterprise will already prove profitable, and in a very few years it will absolutely become a coining mill to whoever goes into it now. We want at least one large mill this year, and an addition of a large mill each year for the next twenty years in this city, to turn the wheat production of Tayes to the second to turn the wheat production of Texas to the ac-count it is succeptible of. When wheat shall be delivered here in Hous-

ton at 60cts, per bushel, we can sell flour it New York at \$4@4 50 per barrel, and every New York at \$4664 50 per barrel, and every-body, from the farmer to the commission mer-chant, make a good thing out of it. No other wheat growing country of any extent in the Union can do this, because firstly the transpor-tation from every one of the wheat fields is more costly than this will be, and secondly, the cost costly than this will be, and secondly, the cost of production everywhere else so much greater, and besides this our wheat is both better and earlier, thus as before said, giving us the command of the market. Cotton may be King in Texas as well as elsewhere, but we much mistake if Wheat will not some day be his Prime Minister, and even take a hand at the sceptre himself during the "sick" days of the king. European potentates sometimes get to loggerheads, and cotton always gets a "black eye," in the melee whoever whips. But armies have to heads, and cotton always gets a "black eye," in the melee whoever whips. But armies have to eat before they can fight, and wheat is a cash article. If we have both we can never serious-ly feel the change from peace to war in that un-happy continent. Let not the people of this city go to sleep on their chances.

The Sword of the Spirit." In themselves they are like a sword sheathed and lying upon the ground; they are a dead letter; they convey no spiritual light; they impart no spiritual energy; they carry with them neither conviction nor consolation; whether read or preached they are equally without effect. Paul was convinced with the Scriptures before his conversion; but could not see in them that Jesus was the Christ; nor could be learn from them the the Christ; nor could be learn from them the temper and the disposition of a child of God.—
Simeon.

The amount of iron thus far used on the dome of the new Capitol at Washington is about 2,500,000 pounds; to complete the first section will require 500,000 pounds additional, making a total of 3,000,000. The total weight of iron for the whole dome will be about 15,000,000 pounds. This great weight will only be about fifty pounds to the square inch in the thickness of the walls.

WHEN IS THE CENTENARY OF AMERICAN **METHODISM?**

The preface to our Discipline says that "in the year 1766 Philip Embury began to preach in New York, and formed a society;" that "the first church was built in New York in 1768," etc. These dates have led many to suppose that several years remain yet before our hundredth anniversary, and, therefore, to delay any preparation for its suitable celebration.

There can however be now no doubt that

There can, however, be now no doubt that both Strawbridge and Embury came over from Ireland and began their Methodist labors in the New World in the year 1760. Embury was dis-couraged after some attempts in New York; an intermission occurred in his labors, and in 1766 he resumed them with success; but Strawbridge persevered, and Methodism had really begun in the New World, never to end, we believe, till

The true centenery of Methodism is the year 1860. Dr. Roberts, of Baltimore, has fully demonstrated this fact from local as well as general documents, and other evidence. The late Local Preachers' Convention, at Baltimore, appointed a computer to consult the General pointed a committee to consult the General Conference respecting measures for its due observance.—N. Y. Christian Advocate.

THE PURCHASE OF MOUNT VERNON .- An item from an Eastern paper found its way accidental ly into our columns a day or two since, setting forth that in consequence of the failure of Mr. John A. Washington, the proprietor of Mount Vernon, the purchase money already paid for the estate was likely to be lost, as Mr. W., being involved, could not give a title. Such is by no means the case. The cortract, and all the arrangements between the ladies of the Mount Vernon Association and Mr. Washington, are such that neither his failure, nor any judgments that may result therefrom, can in any way affect the title to the Mount Vernon estate. We are glad to learn, moreover, that very nearly sufficient amount to complete the purchase has been realized; but it is intended to make the and sufficient to put the whole estate in repair and for this purpose the ladies of the associa-tion are now actively prosecuting their collec-tions, preferring to perfect the whole plan by their own efforts, rather than to ask, as they well might do, the aid of Congress.—Phila.

The lovers of sacred music have been having a great time in London. The Handel centenary celebration has taken place, and it seems to have been a complete success. It was in some respects the most remarkable musical fete ever held. The Crystal Palace, in which it ever held. The Crystal Palace, in which it took place, was thought to be not fitted for acoustic purposes. But the disadvantages arising from this source were overcome, or neutralized by special arrangements for the occasion, so that the immense area answered equally for the most delicate solos and for the orchestral swell of more than three thousand performers. The number of persons assembled in the Crystal Palace to hear the choicest pieces of the great composer performed by this unheard-of orchestra, was not less than twenty thousand. The orchestra comprised 92 first and 66 second vioorchestra comprised 92 first and 66 second vio lins, 60 violas, 60 violoncellos, and 61 double lins, 60 violas, 60 violoncellos, and 61 double-basses—363 stringed instruments; of flutes, oboes, clarionets, and bassoons, 10 each; to-gether with six trumpets, 12 horns, 9 trom-bones, 3 ophicleids, 2 bombardons, 7 serpents, 3 double drums, 1 bass drum, and 6 side drums, being 90 instruments of wind and percussion; making a total of 453—a force as unprecedented in excellence as in number. The chorus, care-fully selected from the choral institutions of the metropolis and all parts of the empire, comparisfully selected from the choral institutions of the metropolis and all parts of the empire, comprised 735 trebles, 735 altos, 665 tenors, and 665 basses—in all 2,800, which, added to the instrumental department, and including the organist and conductor, makes up a force of 3,255. The orchestra, measuring in width 216 feet, and in depth 100 feet, had been completely enclosed at the back and sides, and covered in, so as to proved the sound towards the audience, and to

reality of the religious belief of Christian na-tions, is the fact that government in Christian countries is continually receiving sums of money from unknown individuals, who are driven thus Messrs. Ennis & Co., of this city, informed us that they were shipping 1,000 bushels to Liverpool as a new adventure, believing it could be made profitable. of conscience. In the settlement of their taxes, or in some other way, known only to themselves and to God, they have not rendered to the State all the money that was its due. But they have learned to fear a righteous God, who sees in secret, and who will judge openly, and they dare not keep the unlawful gain. From a document just published in England by order of Parliament, it appears that the sums thus of Parliament, it appears that the sums thus remitted to the Chancellor of the Exchequer as "conscience money," during the last year, was more than \$15,000.

PRODUCTS OF THE UNITED STATES .-- The New York Courier publishes the following estimate upon the products of the year. The hay and wheat crops of the present year are known with considerable accuracy. The corn crop is suffisiently matured to form a tolerably correct esti mate of it, and the same with the cotton crop. The productions of the other staples are taken from the last Patent Office returns, etc., allowing for a fair increase. We have, then, the amount and value of the agricultural product, for the present year, nearly as follows: PRODUCTS. BUSHELS.

. 25,000,000 3,800,000 Potatoes140,000,000 30,000,000 \$1,609,500,000

If to these we add the coal and gold crops, both of which seem to be classed among the manufactured products, we would have nearly seventeen l-undred millions of dollars, or nearly sixty dollars for each inhabitant of the whole

OUTSIDE AND INSIDE. - Two things a master commits to his servant's care," saith one; "the poor excuse for the servant to say, at his mas-ter's return: "Sir, here are all the child's clothes neat and

clean; but the child is lost."

Much so with the account that many will give to God of their souls and bodies at the

great day:

"Lord, here is my body; I was very grateful for it; I neglected nothing that belonged to its content and welfare; but as for my soul, that is lost and cast away forever—I took little care A NEW CHURCH IN ENGLAND .- On the 17th

the Morning Advertiser announced a large se-cession of clergymen, who are about to form a Church of England, to be called the Free Church Church of Fngland, to be called the Free Church of England. From 60 to 70 clergymen of the establishment, all of them distinguished for their evangelical views, and a number of them popular preachers, met some days ago in London, from all parts of the country, for the purpose of concerting such measures as may give the greatest effect to the intended secession. They all leave the establishment on purely conscientious grounds—some of them because of their objection to the principle of a religious establishment; others because of the prevalence of Popery under the guise of Puscyism in the charch, with the connivance of the bishops; and the rest because of both reasons combined.

Hon. R. M. Williamson, a resident of Texas

Hon. R. M. Williamson, a resident of Texas since 1826, and well known as "three legged Willie," died at Wharton on the 22d ult. He has filled many stations of honor and responsibility, and was, we believe, highly respected by all who knew him.

The Grand Jury of Chittenden county, Vt., have indicted the Vermont State Agricultural Society as a nuisance, on account of its violating the law against horse racing.

A suit, involving the question whether money sent in a registered letter is a remittance, was decided in New York a few days since. Edward Morrison sued the Farmers' Bank of North Carolina for \$250, the product of a draft collected, and which was sent to him in a registered

letter, but not received.

The Court held that, as the defendant was not authorized to remit money instead of drafts, as is the usual custom, the money mailed to the address of the plaintiff could not be considered payment, and the defendant was, therefore, liable in the action. The jury found for the plaintiff could be in the action. tiff accordingly.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

[From files received by Jones & Co.'s Express.]

FOREIGN. Four Days Later from Europe. ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMSHIP EDINBURGH NEW YORK, Dec. 7 .- The steamship Edinburgh, Capt. Jeffries, formerty of the Glasgow line, but now of the Liverpool, New York and Philadelphia

She left Liverpool on Wednesday the 22d, and ouched at Queenstown on Thursday the 24th uit., oringing four days later advices than were received by the Europa at Boston. LIVERPOOL, Nov. 24, via Queenstown.-The sales

ine, arrived at this port this evening.

f cotton today are estimated at 6000 bales. The narket continues dull, and closed with a declining The general news by the Edinburgh is not of

special importance. The ratifications of the treaty of peace were exchanged according to previous anouncement at Zurich on the 21st inst. The 15th of December is spoken of as the day for

he meeting of the European Congress, but nothing formal or official respecting it has yet transpired. Later advices from India state that Nena Sahib he Sepoy leader, is dead.

The Spanish Government is chartering English steamers for the Morocco war, and other preparations for the campaign are progressing rapidly. Advices from Turin confirm the reported resigna-

on of Garibaldi, and his withdrawal from Central Garibaldi says, however, that he will resume his ommand or offer his services whenever King Vic-

or Emanuel calls to arms.

DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE.

CONGRESSIONAL PROPERTIES.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—Boll souses of Congress of Congress of Chiefly occupied in the discussion of the slaery question, personal explanations, etc.

In the House nothing was done towards the election of Speaker, and no effort made to proceed to another ballot.

In the debate which are executed as in the Senate upon Mr. Mason's resolutions was Trumbull urged his amendment of inquiry inductive seizure of the United States arsenal at Liberty, Mo., and said it would have been better for the country if that affair

had been fully investigated at the time. Mr. Mason objected to the amendment, intimating that its only object was to embarrass the investigation into the Harper's Ferry affair, and that any re flections unfavorable to the people of Virginia would

be met, as they deserved, with contempt.

Mr. Trumbull disclaimed any intention of speak ing disrespectfully of the people of Virginia, or of

any other State. Hale of N. H. denounced the Supreme Court of the United States, and defined his position on the slavery question.

Hunter of Virginia deprecated the introduction of party issues into the discussion of such a matter, and characterized Hale's levity as the laugh of an inebriate over the bed of death.

Mr. Hunter said the South wished to know whether the General Government could furnish the remedy for such invasions; if not, the South would make preparations for taking care of themselves.

Senators were ready so distinctly to disavow al onnection with and sympathy for old Brown. Green of Mo. explained that the arms taken from he United States arsenal at Liberty, Mo., were simply taken for the purpose of resisting the unlaw-

ful acts of the Emigrant Aid Society.

Crittenden of Ky. thought that Trumbuli's amendment would do no harm, except to occupy the committee a few days longer.

Wilson of Mass, attributed the Northern sympathy for Brown more to Gov. Wise's attempt to implicate Northern public men as accomplices in the Harper's Ferry foray than any o'her cause. He hoped the investigation would be thorough, whoever was implicated.

On Saturday last the following resolution was adopted in the lower branch of the Missterinos Legislature:

tructed to inquire into the expediency of introducing a bill to exclude itinerant Yankee peddlers. chool teachers, and all other suspicious characters

from the State. A RICH VOLUNTEER COMPANY -By way of illus trating the intensity of the feeling throughout Virginia with reference to the shape the "irrepressible conflict" has assumed, through the practical workings in the hands of Brown & Co., we may mention that the new Alexandrir volunteer company styled the "Home Guard," numbers nearly one hundred men, more than half of whom are over fifty years of age; and there are not a few persons carrying muskets in its ranks worth from \$100,000 to near half a million of dollars .- Washington Star.

Seats vs. Morocco -Our State Department has been officially advised that war has been declared by Spain against Morocco, and a blockade of the ports of the latter country is announced.

A dispatch of the 1st inst. from Charlestown says By permission of the State authorities, the wife of ohn Brown arrived here in a carriage from Harper's Ferry, escorted by mounted troops. Every attention was accorded her consistent with the respect of Virginians for the character of woman, however unfortunate. The troops formed in a hollow square when she alighted. The interview of the husband and wife took place in presence of the Sheriff. An embrace, a kiss, but no tear was shed. She returned under escort to Harper's Ferry this evening at 8 o'clock, where she' will await the reception of the body of her husband to-morrow.

NASHVILLE, Dec. 3 .-- A preliminary examination was held yesterday on Allen A. Hall, of this city. for the killing of G. G. Poindexter, late editor of the Nashville Union and American. Hall has been bound over in the sum of \$2,500 to await his trial. which will take place at the next term of the Crimi-The Venerable and illustrions Irving, the most

distinguished of American authors, and the most truly American of all our writers, the genial, gifted, glorious old Geoffry Crayon, has faid aside his pen and sleeps with his fathers. He died at Sunnyside on the Hudson, near Tarrytown, on Monday evening, Nov. 28, 1859, aged 76 years and seven months He retired to his room about ten o'clock, feeling more languid than usual, and complaining of pain in his side, but apparently not more unwell than he had been for several months past. Just as he reached his room, and while his niece was near him, he suddenly fell, and in a moment was gone. Mr. John A. Washington has made a contribution

to the Mount Vernon Fund. Mr. Riggs, the Washington Banker, has notified the Regent, that Mr. Washington has sent him an order for \$1,228 25, being the proceeds of the Monut Vernon steamboat trips for the past year.

George Campbell, of West Westminster, Vt., re-cently sold 7,500 lbs. of wool, a large portion of which was unwashed, and came from Virginia and Texas, and from sheep sent to those states by M Campbell. The unwashed brought 38 cents a pound, and the washed 50.

In the libel suit brought by Dr. O. B. Judd for publications relative to his labors on the revision of the English version of the Sreiptures, the jury have rendered a verdict for the plaintiff for \$2,000.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Dec. 10 — The Cotton market closed firm. Sales to-day amount to 1,000 bales. Flour closed dull. Corn closed firm: sales to-day amount

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The Shipping List says: Coffee closed firm. The sales to-day amount to 3000 sacks at 11 and 11 1-2c. for Rio. Sugar closed quiet and firm. Tallow closed dull at 7 to 12 1-2c. The average business, without quotable change is full.

Freight on cotton to Liverpool is 1-4c. Exchange on London is only nominal.

Review of the Cotton Market.

Operations have, for some time, been very limited,—orders generally excluding the lower grades—and were still more restricted during the former part of last week, by the unusually severe weather then prevailing. On Thursday, how ever, buyers came forward with more freedom than they ha done since about the middle of November, and sales of th week summed up 3,850 bales, taking mixed lists which ha been accumulating on factors' tables; but dusty cottons a still unsulcable. Prices have this week given way slight! in consequence of a reported decline of about ½ d. in the Liverpool market. We quote as follows: Ordinary...
Good Ordinary...
Low Middling...
Middling...
Good Middling...

MATHER, HUGHES & SAUNDERS, Galveston, Dec. 13, 1859. Cotton Factors CATTLE MARKET.

Jefferson City, Dec. 10.

BEEF CATTLE—Arrived 147 Western and 55 Texas cattle
Ve quote Western at 7æ9c. ¥ ib net. Texas cattle at \$1 Milen Cows-\$304\$90. VEAL CATTLE-\$104\$15.

Marriages.

At the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. John F. Cook, on the morning of 20th Nov., RICHARD V. COOK, Esq., of Columbus, and Miss ELIZA F. MOORE, daughter of Col. John H. Moore, of Fayette county.

On the evening of the 30th Nov., at the residence of the

bride's brother, by Rev. R. Alexander, Rev. W. O. CAMP-BELL, of Austin county, and Miss SALLIE BELL, of Chap-

of the bride's father, Mr. JAMES SHELTON and Miss ALICE On the 8th inst., by Rev. Daniel McNair, at the residen of Dr. McNeil, Mr. WM. SAUNDERS, Jr., of Galveston, an

Quarterly Meetings, de.

SAN ANTONIO DISTRICT. (RIO GRANDE CONFERENCE.) FIRST ROUND. Lano
Fredericksburg 4th
Uvalde 1st
Eagle Pass and Ft. Clark 2de
El Paso 3d
San Antonio Mexican Miss 4th
San Antonio German Miss, 1st redericksburg

I. H. COX. Rio Honno, Dec. 1, 1859. Houston Lynchburg . Liverpool . . JAMES McLEOD, P. E. Dec. 13th, 1859.

New Adbertisements.

Great Bargains in Lands

In Robinson and Leon Counties. AM AUTHORISED TO SELL from 1400 to 28000 acres of valuable and mostly licavily Timbered Land at \$1.50 per acre, in Sections of 640 acres, and in less quantities at \$2 per acre; one-third cash in hand, remainder in I and 2 years, with 10 per cent, interest, retaining a lieu on the land. These lands lie on both sides of the Navasota, and some are within 4 miles of the Central Ruilroad.

By calling at my store, Willow Creek, or on Maj. Daniels within 4 miles to.

By calling at my store, Willow
It yealling at my store, Willow
A Frankville, on the east side of the Navasora,
Will be shown the lands.
For further particulars call on David Ayers, Esq., or Geo,
Butler, Esq., Galveston, or on the subscriber,
JOHN WOODS,
Willow Creek, Robinson county,

Bolbear Commercial College OF THE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS,

Founded in 1832—Chartered by the Legislature of Louisian with Agricultural and Mechanical Departments— . Capital Stock \$250,000:

STORY BUILDING, S. E. Corner of Camp and Common ENTRANCE ON BOTH STREETS. OPEN DAY AND EVENING.

RUFUS DOLBEAR, President.

MATHEMATICAL DEPARTMENT—GEO. B. BRACKETT, Prof.

Borkerping Department—RUFUS DOLBEAR, Lecturer, and J. W. BLACKMAN, Professor. and J. W. BLACKMAN, Professor.
Exclish Department—Hon. J. N. CARRIGAN, A. M., late
Sup't. Education, La., Prof. and Lecturer on Commercial
Law, &c., and M. B. McCARTHY, Prof.

FRENCH DEPARTMENT-MARC ROUX, Prof. DEPARTMENT FOR PENMANSHIP-RUFUS DOLBEAR, Le-turer, J. B. GRIFFITH, Prof. SPANISH DEPARTMENT-MANUEL MARINO, Prof.

GERNAN DEPARTMENT—GEO, GESSNER, Prof. LATIN AND GREEK DEPARTMENT—M. MARINO, G. GESS NER, Professors.

This is the only chartered Commercial College in the South est, and the oldest in the United States, and has stood for MORE THAN A QUARTER OF A CENTURY.

MORE THAN A QUARTER OF A CENTURY.

on its own merits alone.
Board can be had with the Professors, or other good families, speaking English, French, Spanish or German, from \$5 to \$6 per week.

N. B.—To prevent mistakes, or impositions, Students intended for this College should bring this advertisement or special directions, as there are every winter temporary rooms open for a few months; all, of course, making wonderful pretensions and promises, and posting fluiding placards to enlighten the people of New Orleans and the South. When three or more form Clubs, and enter at the same time, ten per cent, will be deducted from tuition.
Catalogues, with terms, opinions of the press and leading nen of the nation, etc., sent to all who desire them, by addressing.

RUFUS DOLBEAR,
dec 15-1y

Chickering & Sons' Celebrated 38 Prize Medal Pianos.

A. E. BOHNSTEDT, Agent for the above justly cele-ly braied firm, having established a Repository for Pianos in the retail store of Messrs. Armstrong & Bro., Tremont street, Galveston, begs to invite the attention of the citizens of the State to the 16 different styles of Instruments kept on hand, varying in price from \$275 to \$1,100, including cover ORDERS FOR TUNEING & THOROUGH REGULATING left with Messrs, Armstrong & Bro, or Mrs. C. Branard, will be promptly attended to.

Dec. 8, '59-1y

SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES. THE Ladies are politely informed that these UNRIVALED and MOST POPULAR MACHINES are now on exhibition and for sale at my store. It is needless to inform the public of their superior merits, yet I can state their qualities as follows.

They are Strong and Reliable, and make a Fast Stitch, that will neither Rip, Ravel, nor Pull Out.

The attachments for Hemming beautifully can now be applied to all of

SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES.

SIMPLE IN CONSTRUCTION! EASILY MANAGED:

AND NOT LIABLE TO GET OUT OF ORDER.
Please call and examine, before purchasing elsewhere, a cy store,
Osterman's Iron Building,
Strand Street, Galveston.
W. E. TORBERT, Agent.

Cook & Collier,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, COLUMBUS, Colorado County, Texas.

Will give immediate attention to all business intrusted their care. The All letters addressed to the firm will be promptly answered.

References given in No. mptly answered. teferences given in New York, New Orleans, Nashville bile, Houston, and Galveston, and generally in Wester tas. dec 15–259

SNODGRASS, Agent for the sale of Virginia Manufac-feels confident, from his experience in the business, and the advantage of having it shipped direct from the manufactur-ers, that he can offer inducements to city and country mer-chants, such as they cannot have offered in any northern

hants, such as they came, and money, and avoid the Those wishing to save time and money, and avoid the famages of the sea, would do well to examine samples and orices at the office of G. W. McManan & Co., Kuhn's Building, Strand. All orders directed to the above concern, or the subscriber, will receive prompt attention. My object being to build up a permanent business, I am determined to sell at such prices that dealers who do not value long credit too highly will not go further than Galveston to fill their orders for tobacco. COOKING STOVES—The Leader, with reservoir attach ment, is the most economical and best flat top stove to be found in Texas. For sale only by T. S HAMMITT & CO.

700 KEGS NAILS, for sale cheap by T. S. HAMMITT & CO.

Agent's Motices.

JAMES W. SHIPMAN, Book Agent To Whom all Business Matters must be Addressed.

Donations for Book Depository,

NOT HERETOFORE A
Thomas Cliett, note,
A. K. Brokshier, four notes,
Miller, Patton & Cooper, note
John M. Cooper, four notes
William Wade, three notes
Mrs. Mary Parker, four notes
Randolph Foster, four notes
C. H. Rundell, two notes
Joseph O. Wade, transparent
Joseph C. Wade, transparent
Joseph C. Wade,
Joseph O. Wade,
Joseph O. Wade,
Joseph O. Wade,
John H. Mary
James E. Scott, draft
James E. Scott, draft
James E. Cunningham, cash
J. C. Porter, cash
Job M. Baker,
John M. Porter,
Thomas Whitworth,
Benj. F. Perry,
John Carpenter,
H. D. Hubert,
J. H. Woodward, NOT HERETOFORE ACKNOWLEDGED.

LETTERS AND FUNDS RECEIVED FOR ADVOCATE From Dec. 6 to Dec. 12, inclusive. From Dec. 6 to Dec. 12, inclusive.

A-R. R. Abranche, \$2, (1 n s); R. Alexander, \$5; B. F. Alexander, (1 n s); John Atkins, \$2, (1 n s)

B-T. B. Buckingham.

C-James Cellums, \$2; B. S. Carden.

D-R. T. Duering, (1 n s); B. Dolbear; R. P. Dunnahoo.

F-J. M. Freeman, \$4,

G-Robert George; A. L. Gardner; L. Goodman.

H-J. P. Hagerlund, \$2, (1 n s); B. Harris; J. Horu, \$5.

M-J. J. Mills; H. McGaw; D. J. Morris, \$5; J. M. Murchison, \$4,50; A. J. Moore, \$5.

R-E. P. Rogers.

S-John Shook; John H. Stone; O. H. Scanland, \$2; J. Stewart; Wm. B. Streetman, \$2.

Hurrah for the Holidays! SANTA CLAUS COMING! A MOST SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

ANNUALS AND GIFT BOOKS. (Superbly Illustrated and appropriately Bound.) JUVENILE BOOKS, GAMES and PAPER DOLLS, AT ALLEN'S

BOOKSTORE,

Among other splendid Holiday Presents are the following Book of Raphael's Madonnas. rteen Photographed Illustrations, elegantly printed paper, and superbly bound in Turkey Morocco. Gray's Elegy,

With 32 beautiful lilustrations, and colored border, eprinted on toned paper. Quafto, bound in Turkey Morld-Noted Women;
Or, Types of Wemanly Attributes of all Lands and Imperial Svo., beautifully embellished with the fine portraits. Morocco, extra rich style. Gallery of Famous English and American Poets.
Toned paper. Magnificently illustrated with nearly steel engravings. Richly bound in morocco antique.

Wild Flowers, Orawn and colored from Nature. By Mrs. Badger, with ar introduction by Mrs. L. H. Sigourney. 1 vol., large folio-with 22 pages colored illustrations. In Turkey morocco. Parables of our Lord. d volume. Be-sutifully printed in ornate Saxo nted paper, and magnificently illustrated with et n steel. Folio, Turkey, super extra.

Holiday Presents.

American Landscape Annual, The Floral Keepsake, The Leafiets of Memory, Ladies' Souvenir, The Keepsake, The Oriental Annual, The Book of Beauty, The Gem of the Season, Friendship's Offering, The Forget-me-not, The Ladies' Annual, The Gem Annual, The Token, The Religious Souvenir, The Moss Rose, The Snow Flake, Gift of Affection,
The Laurel Wrenth, The Passion Flower,
The Passion Flower,
The Passion Flower,
The Evergreen, The Philopena, The Christian Keepsake, Memory's Gift,
Friendship's Gift, The Emblem, Ladies' Scrap Book, Youth's Keepsake, The Pet Annual, The Rose Bud, Juvenile's Forget-me-not, The Violet, The Humming Bird, the Rural Annual.

Juvenile and Toy Books, Holiday Presents.

Juvenile and Toy Books, For the "Little Ones at Home," of all varieties, sizes, styles and colors. Also, printed on Linen, Games, Paper Dolls, Soldiers, Furniture and Houses.

Scrap Albums,

Standard Poets. ocket 12mo, and royal octavo edition. Elegant Prayer Books.

large variety of Episcopal and Catholic, together with de-cominational HYMN BOOKS generally.

Blank Books. Half and full bound, of all styles, sizes, and varieties. Sup-perior styles of Memorandums, Tucks, Elastic Bands, Par Pencil, Index, Bill, Note, Draft, Receipt, &c., &c.

The celebrated Windsor and Clifton Mills Premium Papers comprising a series of Caps, Letters, Baths, Nores, Commercial, Packet, Legal, Blotting and Bill, which, for neatness of design, excellency of finish, intrinsic value, and Love Price are truly unequalled by any in Texas. Also, a full assortment of Fancy, Cream Laid, Mourning, Colored, Tissue Drawing, Gold, Silver, Post Office, Wrapping, and Cotton Sampling Paper, &c., &c.

Buff, White and Canary, for Business men and Lawyers.— Also, Linen, Parchment, Post Office, Colored, Bait, Emblematic, Mourning, Embossed, Wedding, and Fancy and Card of every size and quality for the Ladies' and some so opaque as to ballle the scrutinizing gaze of Cupid.

Stereoscopes and Views, d Domestic, both Paper and Glass. Music and Music Books. large assortment of the standard Music of the day Gold Pens,

Chess Men. ory, Ebony, Rosewood, Bexwood, and Boom \$2 to \$25 a set. A great variety of Chess,

A General Variety. ong others, the following les ing, Blotting
Paper, Pade and
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and Copy Books.
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and Copy Books.
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Boxes, Card Cases, Dominoes, Dream Books, Dice,
Expeditious Calculators, Engravings, Expense Books, India Rubber and Bands, Indelible Ink and Pencils,
Ivory Folders, India Ink, Ivory Tablets,
Lead Pencils, (of all colors,) Letter Boxes,
Mucilage, Pen-holders, Prints, Portfolios, Portmonies, Pocket Books, Purses Pictures, Perforated Board, Pen and Pocket Knives, Pencil Leads,
Juills, Quill Pens, Rulers, Red Tape, Ready Recklers, Reference Files, Scaling Wax, Song Books,
Ip Books, States and Slate Pencils, Sand Boxes, Time
s, Transparent Slates, Tooth-picks, Thermometers,
Ines, (in their season.) Wafers, Writing Books, Walriting Desks, &c., &c., with thousands of things
merous to mention.

Embracing a large, fine and well-selected stock of Standar and Popular Works—Classieal, Scientific, Mechanical School, Historical, Law, Medical, Theological, Agricultural Poetical, Biographical, Miscellaneous, Fiction, Romance Masonic, Spiritual, Phrenological, Domeslic Economy, Voy ages, Travels, &c. New publications by every steamer. Cheap Publications xtensive and varied stock of Light Literature the State. criber would respectfully invite

COUNTRY DEALERS and strangers generally to examine his stock before proceeding to New Orleans, as he is confident he can undersell THA All orders promptly attended to, and Books forwarded bail, free of postage, on reception of advertised prices.

Magazines and Newspapers. Subscritions received, or single copies for sale, of the lear ag Megiazines and Literary Newspapers of the das. FRANCIS D. AL' EN.

TEA SETS—Britania and Silver Plate—New styles, Plair and Chased—cheap by T. S. HAMMITT & CO. TEA TRAYS—a large assortment—for sale cheap by nov 3 T. S. HAMMITT & CO. SILVER PLATED TABLE CUTLERY—a large assort ment, for sale cheap.

T. S. HAMMITT & CO.

Waco Female College OF THE TEXAS CONFERENCE

THE Second Session of this Institution will commence Jan. 9th, 1860, under the same corps of Teachers. Our success during the present session has exceeded our experiations. We number 100 matriculates. The daughters of all ministers, engaged in regular work, can have tuition in the Literary Department gratis.

Annual examination 23d, 24th and 25th of May.

For circular address [decl-4t] F. P. MADDIN, Principal.

German Tracts. WE would inform the Preachers and all persons interested in our German work, throughout the West and South, that a series of German Traets, endorsed by our Book Editor, and published by J. B. McFerrin, Agent, have been issued, and we are now ready to fill orders for them to any amount. These publications are all valuable, and some of them especially designed to explain and defend the doctrines and discipline of our Church. Liberal terms to Conference Depositories, Send orders to J. B. McFerrin, Nashville, Tenn., or D. R. M'Anally, St. Louis. Mo. [nov 24-6m] C. L. Spencer SPENCER & LEE, COTTON FACTORS,

GENERAL COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MER-CHANTS, AND WHOLESALE GROCERS, Navasota Depot, Texas. Moore's \$30 Sewing Machines for sale Moore's \$30 Sewing Machines 10.

REFERENCES—Horrell, Gayle & Co., New Orleans, Rev. J.
W. Shipman, Galveston, Peel & Dumble, Houston, W. /
Hutchins; Houston, Brown & M'Millen, Washington, T. /
S. Gibbs, Huntsville, Downs & Son, Waco, Rev. R. Alei
del-4f

B. A. SHEPHERD, of Houston, and JAMES B. SHAW SHEPHERD. SHAW & CO.,

for the transaction of a General Exchange and Deposit Bu-siness, and the Collection of Maturing Paper for their cus-tomers. They will open their office on the 1st of December next, in the building formerly occupied by the Commercial and agricultural Pank in this city.

They will be prepared to furnish Exchange in sums to suit, and to collect on all conveniently accessible points in the United States. ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

NOTARY PUBLIC. ND COMMISSIONER FOR TEXAS, ILLINOIS, OHIO INDIANA, 10WA, THE EASTERN, AND OTHER STATES. nov17-1y . 67 Wall Street, New York.

NEW SCHOOL

NEW SCHOOL

THE SUBSCRIEERS would respectfully inform the citizens of Galveston and vicinity that they will open a MALE ACADEMY in this city, on Monday, Nov 28th It is intended as a permanent Institution, where thorough instruction will be given in all the branches of a Commercial and Collegiate Education.

Tuition in Common English studies,

"Higher English, Ancient Languages, &c.,

No charge for tuition will be made to sons of clergymen attending the Academy.

Private tuition given in the Ornamental Branches, at the usual rates.

For Prospectus, or to obtain an interview, address the above, care of "Christian Advocate" office, Galveston.

Sept. 15

. New Fall and Winter Goods. WE are now in receipt of a FULL AND COMPLETE AS-SORTMENT OF FALL AND WINTER GOODS, se-lected with great care from the Manufactories and Importers, consisting in part of consisting in part of SHLK and WOOLEN DRESS GOODS of every variety. VELVET and CLOTH CLOAKS, of latest style and design. SHAWLS—Bay State, Stella, Rocky Mountain, &c. SHAWLS—Bay State, Stella, Rocky Mountain, &c.
Ginghams, Culicoes, Domestics, Sheetings, Towelings,
Cloths, Cassineres, Kentucky Jeans, and Pant
Stuffs of every description.
FOR PLANTATION USE—Russets, Kerseys, Negro Hats,
Blankets, Linseys, &c.
CARPETINGS—Velvet, Brussels, Three-ply, and Ingrain,
and all kinds of House Furnishing Goods.
Our friends from the country ordering goods from us may
rest assured that their orders will be filled with promptness,
and at the Lowest CASH RATES.

oct 27 HOWARD & BURKRARDT. McKenzie Institute.

Vocal Music will be taught in the Institute by Prof. Plagge

uardians. Clarksville, Sept. 10, 1859. For Sale. TOTS 8, 9, 10, Block 251, on Avenue J, corner of 14th St., with 3 Dwellings and kitchens on the premises, I stable, a concrete cistern containing II,800 gallons and one wooden cistern of 2000 gallons. Also, 640 ACRES OF LAND in Brazoria District, situated on West Galveston Bay.

Apply to JOHN TRONSON, Galveston.

JOHN WESTCOTT, WHOLESALE DEALER IN BOOTS & SHOES,

Strand, Galveston. Merchants are respectfully

NOVELTY IN BRICK MAKING.

Burning Dispensed with.

THE LITHOCOLLA CONCRETA, invented by Mr. N. C.
Raymond, of Austin, Texas, Patented Oct. 12, 1838, is the
most economical, useful, and convenient building material to
be had in the Western States. His dwelling-house, at Austin,
514-42, 27 feet high, with an L of 62 feet, presenting a continuous wall of 104 feet, is conclusive evidence of strength
and durability. Inclose postage stamp, and get a circular.

July 21-6m

MRS. C. BRANARD, WHOLESALE AGENT, GALVESTON, TEXAS: W. HURLEY, General & Traveling Agent; HURLEY & AIKEN, Agents, He FOR GROVER & BAKER'S SEWING MACHINES.

27 DIFFERENT STYLES. The New Style Machine for \$50. THE GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINE COMPANY

FIFTEEN HUNDRED STITCHES A MINUTE,

Hear what the Galveston "Civilian" says of the Grover 4
Baker Sewing Machine—
"We would again ask the attention of our lady readers, and those whose duty it is to render their burden light, to the advertisement of Sewing Machines in our columns. The celebrated Machine of Grover & Baker has more reputation than any yet out, and, doubtless, deserves all the praise bestowed upon it. One of our tirm has a machine of this kind now in use in his family and will testify to the truth of all that is said of it in the advertisement."

best machines offered to the public.

Another from Galveston.

"I have used one of Grover & Baker's Family Sewing Machines for three months, and have found it to fully answer all that has ever been said for it, and would advise all who want a machine for family and general use to buy one of Grover & Baker's Machines, and not to be humbugged by cheap machines, as I have been before. Any one, in my estimation, can work them, and, after using them only a day, will never go back to the old hand sewing again.

"MARY ANN PARR." "MARY ANN PARR."

From Judge Hewitt—San Antonio.

"I anticipate being in your city in a short time, when I will take pleasure in signing any certificate you may have prepared, so that it sufficiently and earnestly recommends Messrs, Grover & Baker's Sewing Machine. It is certainly an acquisition of almost incomparable value to every family, and no family should be without oner No language too strong can be used in recommending it to the public.

"Truly yours, J. L. HEWITT."

SEND FOR A CIRCULAR.—sep 22-3m

WATERS S. DAVIS, Strand, Galveston. (Under Messrs. Ball, Hutchings & Co.,)
IS NOW OPENING A LARGE AND WELL SELECTED Fall and Winter Goods.

THE TEXAS CHRISTIAN ADVOCATE.

Fall and Winter Goods,

Such as Blankets, Kerseys, Plaids, Pid Linseys, Flannels, Kentucky Jeans, Satinets, Cassimeres, Osnaburgs, Domesties, Prints, Stripes, Bed Ticking, Cotton Cheeks, Table Linen, Toweling, Ildis's, Muslins, Laces, Gloves, Hoop Skirts, Boots and Shoes, Hats of all kinds, Under Shirts and Drawers, Pocket Cutlery, Table do., Razors, Scissors, Combs, Percussion Caps, Cologne, Hair Oil, Toilet and Shaving Soap, Letter and Cap Paper, Blank and Memorandum Books, Steel Pens, Buttons, Umbreibus, &c.

Mens', Ladies', Missea and Boys' Saddles, Bridles, Feltings, Stirrup Leathers, Martingales, Girtis and Surcingles, Stirrups, Spurs, &c., &c.

In addition to the above we have a great variety of articles too numerous to mention.

The Purchasers, at wholesale or retail, will please call and examine the stock before purchasing elsewhere, as our prices will be uniformly low

E. S. Bolling.

E. S. Bolling.

Geo. B. McKinstry.

E. S. BOLLING & CO., AUCTIONEERS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, GENERAL MERCHANDISE. A LWAYS on hand and daily receiving large stocks of Dry Goods, Clothing, Hostery, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Hardware, Table and Pocket Cutlery, Furniture, Wood and Willow Ware, Crockery, Stone and Glass Ware, Groceries, Produce, Whisky, Brandy, Gin, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Cigars, and Snuffs. Watches, Jewelry, Fancy Goods, Yankee Notions, &c.

Regular Auction Sales every day and Thursday. Will attend strictly to all business entrusted to their care, articular attention given to the Sale of Country Produce, Country Merchants, Pediars, and others furnished on the nost reasonable terms.

No. 3-1y Sign of the Cotton Bale.

DUCKLEY & BYRNE are now opening a large and per sonally selected stock of FOREIGN and DOMESTIC RY GOODS, consisting, in part, of VALENCINES LACE SETS, FRENCH EMBROIDERIES, ENGLISH HOSIERY,

LYONS SILKS, together with a full assortment of Linens, Blankets, Flannels Gaiters and Shoes—all of which will be sold exceedingly low for cash. nov24 BUCKLEY & BYRNE. Land Agency.

PARIS MANTLES.

THE undersigned, devoting his entire attention to buying and selling lands, and the general land business, has for sale some desirable improved and unimproved land, located in the best Cotton and Wheat Districts in Texas.

Washington County.

1107 acres on Mill Creek, 5 miles south of Brenham; 350 acres Timber, the balance of the tract Prairie; well watered. Terms—one-third of purchase money down, the balance in two payments, with interest.

150 acres of Wood Land 3 miles south of Chappell Hill, on Cany treek. Terms of payment easy.

271 acres, 7 miles west of Brenham, on the Stage Road to Austin. 70 actes in cultivation, good dwelling with all necessary out-buildings. This tract is well watered—150 acres bottom land on the tract. Terms of payment easy.

1107 acres Timbered Land, 6 miles cast of Evergreen, 25 miles west of Brenham. This tract will be divided to suit purchasers. Terms of payment easy.

35 acres adjoining the town of Chappell Hill, in a high state of cultivation; good dwellings with all necessary out-buildings; good well of water and cistern on the premises. Terms of payment easy.

One family residence, in Chappell Hill, with six rooms, well furnished with all necessary out-buildings, good well of water on the premises; all the improvements new and substantial.

well turnisated with an necessary out-outldings, good well of state of the premises; all the improvements new and substantial.

187 acres land in the immediate vicinity of Chappell Hill, in a high state of cultivation, with good dwellings; all necessary out-buildings, good gin; all the improvements are new and in good repair.

179 acres adjoining the town of Chappell Hill, 60 acres in cultivation. 75 acres woodland.
One desirable family residence in the town of Chappell Hill.

50 acres wood land adjacent to the town of Chappell Hill.

51 acres wood and adjacent to the town of Chappell Hill.

21 miles West of Brenham, 60 acres in cultivation, good dwellings; with 320 acres woodland, belonging to the same tract in Washington County.

1500 acres on Neil's Creek, 95 miles West of Brenham, on the Eastern League, small improvements, well timbered divided to suit purchasers.

2400 acres on the head waters of the Vegua, near the Bastrop and Washington county line, well timbered, in good settlement, divided to suit purchasers.

46 acres two and a half miles South of the town of Washington, all in cultivation, a good location for a Teacher or Doctor.

Austin County.

Mickenzie Institute.

THE Ninetecnth Session of this Institute will open on Monday, 3d Oct., next. and continue forty weeks, under the superintendence of Rev. J. W.P. McKenzie, assisted by a full corps of experienced Teachers. The buildings are large and pleasant, at d the Labratory well supplied with apparatus. The two Departments of this Acad emy will be entirely distinct.

Board, Tuition, Room Rent, etc., in Advance, either in Cash, or note with Security.

Lingual or Mathematical Department.

Lingual or Mathematical Department.

Lingual or Mathematical Department.

Lingual or Instrument for practice

Music on Pisno Forte.

10 00

When payment is made by note, ten per cent. interest will be charged on the same from date

Pupils charged, after the first mouth, from time of entrance, and no deduction will be nade under say circumstance, except for protracted sickness.

Parents or Students will be allowed to choose their own physicians.

Yocal Music will be taught in the Institute by Prof. Plagge, Yocal Music will be taught in the Institute by Prof. Plagge, Yocal Music will be taught in the Institute by Prof. Plagge, Yocal Music will be taught in the Institute by Prof. Plagge, Yocal Music will be taught in the Institute by Prof. Plagge, Yocal Music will be taught in the Institute by Prof. Plagge, Yocal Music will be taught in the Institute by Prof. Plagge, Yocal Music will be taught in the Institute by Prof. Plagge, Yocal Music will be taught in the Institute by Prof. Plagge, Yocal Music will be taught in the Institute by Prof. Plagge, Yocal Music will be taught in the Institute by Prof. Plagge, Yocal Music will be taught in the Institute by Prof. Plagge, Yocal Music will be taught in the Institute by Prof. Plagge, Yocal Music will be taught in the Institute by Prof. Plagge, Yocal Music will be taught in the Institute by Prof. Plagge. 123 acres in Porks Mill's Creek, ten and a half mil

123 acres in Forks Mil's Creek, ten and a half mile South of Brenham, 40 acres in cultivation, good dwellings.

Bosque County.

400 acres in Bosque County, on Neil's Creek, 44 mile West of Waco, good wheat lands.

Bustrop County.

127 acres 16 miles Southwest of Bastrop, in Bastrop County. Burnett County. 500 acres in Milam County, on the West side of Brush

Grimes County. Fraire, on the berrd.

All the above lands will be sold on reasonable terms, a JOHN L. MINOR

Chappell Hill, Texas, Oct. 4, '59—1y. TEXAS SEWING MACHINE DEPOT. Tremont Street, Galveston, Texas.

WEED'S PATENT Lock Stitch SEWING MACHINES MANUFACTURED BY



WHITNEY & LYON, 477 Broadway, N. Y. rable, the Simplest and THE MOST RELIABLE

AND COMPARE OUR MACHINES WITH ANY OTHERS ly this scrutiny the customer is best convinced, and we ourt it as sure to result in our decided favor; because, from he severest test of a long trial, wherein it has been

all classes of operators, it has come forth triumphar

Merest Novice Work it with Success! Who will question the absence of complication, and the east with which it may be run. For durability it out-rivals an anachina now before the public. In the uniformity and beaut f its work it is far in advance of any Sewing Machin

THICK OR THIN FABRICS, Using two threads and making the Lock Stitch, I have for sale the different kinds of Sewing Machines, with all the late improvements. NEEDLES, SILK AND THREAD ALWAYS ON HAND. LOCAL and TRAVELING AGENTS WANTED.—(nov24 MARSHALL ATWOOD, Agent.

At Chappell Hill. For Sale. OWN a very comfortable family residence at the town Chappell Hill, which I will sell on reasonable terms at tong credit, should the purchaser desire it. It is situated at a tract of rich cedar land containing 33 acres, and residence is about 800 yards from "Soule University." To Balances and Scales.



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Reid & Tracy, Reid, Sprugue & Co., Importers and Dealers in HARD WARE, CUTLERY, GUNS, &c., Hoffman, Ireland & Edey,

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Letter from Messrs. B. M. & E. A. Whitlock & Co., Me Letter from Messrs. B. M. & E. A. Whitlock & Co., Merchants, New York, October 11, 1858.

Messrs, Hoffman, Ireland & Edey, Commission Merchants, New York—Dear Sirs: We take pleasure in handing you the name of such houses in the South and West as we think may make or recommend consignments to you of country produce. We feel assured, from our intimate acquaintance, that any business entrusted to you will receive prompt and satisfactory attention. Wishing you every success, we are, respectfully, your friends, mar31-59

B. M. & E. A. WHITLOCK & CO.

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Carroll, Herrick & Mead, (Late Plerson & Carroll,)

(Late Piersen & Carroll,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS in Gentlemen's and Youths'
Clothing, 49 Chambers street, New York. dec28'58y G A. TROWBRIDGE & CO.,

Importers of 4 Wholesale Dealers in Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, and Manufacturers of SHIRTS, DRAWERS, COLLARS, TIES, &c 51 Warren Street, New York. nov11 W. McGrath, Rob't Tweed, Jas A. Miller, E. B. Murray McGRATH, TWEED & CO.,

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CLO THE INC.,
Chambers Street, corner of Church Street
NEW YORK. CONDICT. JENNINGS & CO.

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Cedar street, New York, zolicits consignments of
Cotton, Tobacco, Wool, Hides, and other Produce, te
which he will give the most faithful attention. He also
carefully selects in person any article that may be ordered
by the Merchant, Planter, or other person, embracing Dry
Goods, Clothing, Hardware, Shoes and Boots, Hats and
Sonnets, Sadelery, Books, Watcher, Jewelry, Silverware,
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Nalson CLEMENTS. C.O., General Commission

Merbhants and Cotton Factors. No.66 Broad street, N.

York. Cash advances made on consignments by T. H. Mc
Mahan & Gilbert, Galveston, Texas. [Nov. 224, 1856]

DR. PARK'S

BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY AND TAR, PULMONARY COMPLAINTS

PULMONARY COMPLAINTS.

Statistics prove that over one quarter of all the adult mortality in the United States, proceeds in some manner from diseases of the Lungs. It is trightful to contemplate this mass of corruption, suffering and death. As hossomaripen into fruit, so does a neglected cold or cough terminate in consumption. It is a hard thing to conquerin its later stages. It should be vigorously attacked at first. Many articles of different virtues may alleviate, but Park's Balsam of Cherry and Tar crues, when any carthly powder can.

"Gentlemen : I feel it my duty to speak in regard to your Medicine. In 1881 was attacked with a violent cold, rapidly running into Consumption. It rice every medicine, and all the physicians I could hear of, without relief, until I hit your Balsam of Wild Cherry and Tar. I was immediately benefitted. It has saved my life.

"Bishmond, Tex. May 7, 1882.

Gratefully yours, "JOHN Q. SMITH."

"Richmond, Tex., May 7, 1858.

"Messes, Barnes & Park: I am having constant calls for Park's Balsam of Wild Cherry and Tar. Those who have used it, speak in the highest praise of its effects. Be kind enough to forward me one gross.

Yours, truly, "O. H. PETERS."

"Atawas, Texas, April 23, 1858
"Gravienen: I am a practiting physician at this place, about 25 m les from San Antonio. I prace ibb Dr. Park's preparation of Wild Cherry and Tar for Pulmonary Discusses, with the greatest benefit. I have witnessed several remarkable cures.

"W. DAVIS, M. D."

Such results are constantly being exhibited in ever Such results are constantly being cahibited in every community.

Consumption Cured in its Last Singes.

Consumptive patient, be of good cheer. We bring you joyful tidings of good news. Read! Read!

"I was attacked by a severe pain in the side, in the region of the Liver. I suffered intensely through the whole whiter. During all the time I was confined to my house, had a violent cough, raised much bloody matter, and was supposed by myself and others to be in the last stages of consumption. The February following, when apparently my life was at a close, I procured a bottle of Park's Baliann of Wild Cherry and Tar. As soon as I commenced its use, I began to grow better. The sorteness of my side grew less, the cough gradually left me, the profuse expectoration and spitting of blood ceased, and my general health became by degrees restored. I was soon enabled to resume my trade, that of a carpenter, which I have continued without interruption. I will further remark that this remarkable cure was effected by only three bottles of the Balsam.

"Truly, yours. THOMAS COZZENS."
This arricle, so barnonizes with the vital fluids, digestive organs and requirements of the system, as to lift the disease and scothe all inflamation. If used according to directions, it cannot fail to benefit you. Procure the flustrated Family Almanae of any Agent, (gratis,) and read explanations in full. But lose no time.

In Consumptive Symptoms

In Consumptive Symptoms crastination is the third of time" in an awful sens ortens existence, and nurries the patient from tim

A. C. CRAWFORD. Crockery, China and Glassware, Willow and Wooden Ware, &c.,

Iron Building, Strand, Galveston, Texas. WOULD invite the attention of House-keepers, Plante and purchasers generally, to his large stock of Good mostly of his own importation, consisting in part, of WHITE GRANITE-CHINA WARE, FRENCH CHINA Chrystal and Flint, Cut and Pressed ware, for TABLE, BAR and GENERAL USE; Lamps, Globes, Shades and Chimneys, Lanterns, Hall and Side Lamps, Confectioners' Jars, Britania Ware, Bar Tumblers, Beer Mugs, Decanters, &c. ASSORTED CRATES OF CROCKERY. with LUC WWA ARE.

childrens' Wagons, Cabs, Gigs, and Chairs; Clothes, Met and Traveling BASKETS; Brooms and Brushes, all driptions; Feather Dusters, Looking Glasses, etc.

WOODEN WARE.

FRENCH CULLIN | SOLID BLOCK FRENCH BURK | SO

Mouston Adbertisements.

BUSH, WILSON & CO., (Successors to Bush & Hargrove.)
RECEIVING, FORWARDING AND COMMISSE'N MER.
At all-termini of Houston and Toxas Central Railread.
Are now prepared to receive consignments at Hempstead.
March 2d. 1858.

JOHN DICKINSON.
COTTON FACTOR AND COMMISSION MERCHANT
HOUSTON, TRXAS. ALLEN & FULTON.

(Successors to Alien, Bagby & Co.,)

COTTON Factors and General Commission Merchants
Maine and Commerce streets, Houston, Texas, will Store
and Forward Cotton and Merchandisc, sell on commission of
advance on the same for shipment.

Orders for Plantation Supplies promptly responded to when
accompanied with Cash or Produce. (Dec. 10, 1857) JOHN S. SELLERS, Commission and Grocery Merchant (in the building occupied by the late J. S. Stephens, Houston, Texas. I will keep on hand a good supply of bagging, rope, sugar, coffee, flour, bacon, lard, tobacce, nica candles, starch, soap, etc., etc., at the lowest cash prices.

[17] Particular attention paid to the selling of Cotton June 6—1y THE BRICK WAREHOUSE, Taylor's Old Stand, Housto

T. M. BACHY.
THAYLOR & BAGBY, Cotton Factors and General Commission Merchants. The strictest care given to the
selling of Cotton. All shipments promptly attended to.
June 1——1y

W. HENRY ELIOT & CO.,

WHOLES ALE and Retail Druggists, Houston, Texas, dealware, Perfumery, Putty, etc., agents for Patent Medicines of every description—so proprietors of Eliot's Pannily Medicines. The Hygienie Panagea, a substitute tor Calomel. being entirely a Vegetable Preparation, and a certain cure for Allious Fevera, Liver Complaint, Constitution of the Bowdels, Nervous Head Ache, etc. Price, ene dollar per bottle.—Eliot's Texas Anti-Bi lous files, superior to any Cathartic Pill now in use—Price, twenty-five cents per box. Eliot's Celebrated Cough Mixture, the most valuable Medicines for Coughs, Pneumonia, etc.—Price, twenty-five cents per bottle.—Eliot's Diarrhora Mixture, this medicine is unequaled as a remedy for Diarrhora, Cholic, Cholera Morbus, etc. Price, twenty-five cents per bottle.

The above described medicines are Texas preparations, and warranted to be as efficacious as any now in use, for the diseases for which they are recommended. Dealers in medicines will be supplied on more liberal terms than they can purchase the proprietary medicines, manufactured at the North. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

WANTED—Good and responsible Agents for the sale of ELIOT'S CELEBRATED FAMILY MEDICINEs, in every Town and Village in the South, where there is no agency at present existing; application, accompanied with reference, will receive prempt attention. Address

W. HENRY ELIOT & CO., Houston, Texas.

REEL & DUMBLE, Houston, Texas, keep on hand Boardman, Gray & Co's. celebrated Piano Fortes, an warrant all to give perfect satisfaction.

Houston, May 18, 1858.

PEEL & DUMBLE. COTTON FACTORS, General Commission and Forwarding Merchants, HOUSTON, Texas. Warehouses at the terminus of the Central Rail Road and on Main Street.

Personal attention given to the sales of Cotton, Hides, or Produce and to the execution of orders entrusted to us.

CASILADVANCES made on Cotton or other consignments.



CHARLES S. LONGCOPE, OTTON FACTOR AND COMMISSION, FORWARD ING, AND RECEIVING MERCHANT.

Commerce Street, Houston, Texas.

Personal attention given to selling and shipping of Cotto
and other produce. Orders for supplies promptly
attended, when accompanied with produce or cash.

Aug 18, '58, 1y.

Magnolia Hotel, WOODVILLE, TYLER CO., TEXAS.

J. I. BUSBY, Proprietor.

THE undersigned having purchased the above flotel and fitted it up in most complete style, is now prepared to accommodate his friends and the traveling public in a manner upourpassed by any house in the State? I intend to furnish the best fare that money can purchase, and to keep a No. I Hotel. Give me a call and judge for yourselves.

api7-ly

J. I. BUSBY.

undersigned having located at Rockwall, Kaufma tas, is thoroughly prepared to treat Files and Files m success heretofore had, he is induced to sur-ty case of Pales treated by him and not cured, he all travelling expenses of the patient to and from the stay at Rockwall under treatment, and forf

to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure, To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge) with directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure Cure for Consumpton, Asthma, Bronchitis, 4c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription will please address REV. EDWARD A. WILSON, Oct 27-8w Williamsburg, Kings Co., N. Y.

RECEIVING AND FORWARDING COTTON MERCHANT, freight and charges on Cotton

Business Cards.

PEEL, DUMBLE & CO., WOOL AND COTTON FACTORS, AND GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS. **Consignments solicited. Office in Osterman's Building. Room 2. dec 1-tf

MRS. C. BRANARD, GALVESTON, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS. Country buyers will find it to their advantage to call and examine my stock, as I can offer them rare inducements.

Sept 15-3m

A. S. LABUZAN,

(Formerly of Mobile, Alabama.)
COTTON FACTOR AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, STRAND, GALVESTON.

A LL produce shipped to my address, with Bill of Lading, will be covered by open policy of lusurance when shipments are made on steamboats or vessels which have passed the necessary inspection.

[37] Orders for bagging, rope, and the usual Plantation Supplies, promptly attended to.

aug4-1y

J. L. & A. C. M'Keen, COTTON FACTORS, BENERAL COMMISSION, RECEIVING AND FORWARD-

ING MERCHANTS, PERSONAL attention paid to the sale of all Produce shipped to us, and also to filling orders. Liberal cash advances made on consignments to us for sale or shipment to our friends in New Orleans, Mobile, New York, Boston, or Liverpool. Bagging, Rope and Plantation Supplies, formished our patrons. Produce consigned to us covered under our open policy of insurance on inspected vessels, unless "un insurance" is inserted in bills of Lading. Every exertion will be used to give our friends satisfaction june 9tf

Miller, Montgomery & Co., COTTON FACTORS, COMMISSION, FORWARDING

AND COLLECTING MERCHANTS, . T. G. SANFORD, Wharton County G. W. MCMAHAN, G. W. McMahan & Co., COTTON FACTORS

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Office on Strand, GALVESTON, TEXAS. I. M. Freeman, COTTON FACTOR,

COMMISSION MERCHANT, COMMISSION MERCHANT,

Galveston, Texas.

The usual advances made on all consignments of Cotton, Wooi, Sugar and other Produce, consigned to me for sale in this market, or for re-shipment to my friends in New Orselans, Philadelphia, Boston, or New York. Propulgace, count of sales rendered, and my personal attention given all business entrusteed to my care. Refer to Galveston—E. B. Nichols & Co., Kaufiman & Kleucri Jones, Root & Co., Block, Ware & Co., Briggs & Yard, F. Hitchcock & Co., Geo. Butler, Esq., L. M. Hitchcock Esq., New Orleans—Sam. W. Rawlins, Esq., Wim. P. Hill, Esq., Mew Orleans—Sam. W. Rawlins, Esq., Wim. P. Hill, Esq., Month of the Philos, Ped & Dumble.

The Special attention given to the filling of orders for supplies. "All consignments to my address, if per insurable boats or vessels, will be covered by my open policy, unless otherwise instructed.

Willis Randle & Co. (Late Dean & Cramer,)

(Late Dean & Cramer.) COTTON FACTORS,
AND GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS, feb3'59 Galveston, Texas. business at Galveston in ISIS, subsequently associated with him Mr Juo II P Cramer, and since Mr transpectable the old firm style has been changed to Dean, Rande & So by the association of Mr. Wellis Randle and Mr. Fred. E. Saeford.

Block, J. T. Ware. S. W. Pipkia.

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WHOLESALE GROCERS, PRODUCE AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, K EEP constantly on hard, a full assortment of every ar-ticle that may be found in a first class Wholesale Gre-cery establishment, at the very lowest wholesale price, feb3'29-if Strand, Galveston. r. NATHER & WN. SAUNDERS, JR., late of Hayneville, Ala.

Mather, Hughes & Saunders, COTTON FACTORS, GENERAL COMMISSION & FORWARDING MERCHANTS AND COLLECTING AGENTS. or D. Pratt's Cotton Gins and for Plantation ils. Also, for Prattville Osnaburgs and Linseys. fcb3'59

TEXAS CLOTHING STORE. OPPOSITE CIVILIAN OFFICE, STRAND, GALVESTON.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS, No. 38 Magazine Street, New Orleans,
Opposite the Arrade,
Texas merchants are invited to examine our stock. feblily Sign of the Cotton Bale.

BALL. HUTCHINGS & CO., Wholesale Dealers In General Merchantise, Cotton Factors and Commis-sion Merchants, Strand, Galveston.

General Agency.

O. & H. M. TRUEHBART, Land Locaters, and General Agents, Markel Street, (nearly opposite Pest office Galveston, Texas.

Dealing in Galveston Island Lots, City Property, Texas Lands, Land Certificates, Scrip, and property of every description, Real and Personni.

Payment of Taxes, Collection of Claims, and Partitioning of Lands into Tracts, to suit Perchasers, in any portion of the State.

Orders, or information, relative to any of the agove will always receive prompt attention.

G. W. STROTHER, Z. P. CLOUGH, J. M. SHEPHERD.
Galveston Fairfield, Lexington.
Texas. Texas.

Strother. Clough & Shepherd.
COTTON FACTORS AND COMMISSION
Merchants, Strand, Galveston, Texas, will give
personal and prompt attention to all business confided
their care.

W. H. Ker, S. J. Lee, KER & LEF, RECEIVING, FORWARDING,

R. M. BILLINGSLEY,

GENERAL LAND AGENT,

WACO, MCLENNAN COUNTY, TELAS,

WILL promptly attend to Land matters of every char
acter, in the counties of Vclenan, Falis, Bell,

Coryell, Bosque, Erath, Pale Pinto, Hill and Limestone,

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COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Lavaca, Texas.

Miscellaneous Adbertisements.

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The Large New Iron Building,

CROCKERY, CHINA & GLASSWARE.

Willow and Woodenware,

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L. H. WOOD & CO.,

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AGRICULTURAL WARREWOUSE.

WHERE will be found a large stock of AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, suited to the present and growing wants of

the country. Among these are a great variety of Plows—Cast, Wrought and Steel, from one light horse

TRUCKS, GARDEN and DIRT BARROWS, WAGON and

ROAD AND DITCHING SCRAPERS.
Strong & Ross' PATENT PLATFORM SCALES

Strong & Ross' PATENT PLATFORM SCALES of all sizes and descriptions, ne plus ultra of Scale manufacture and the only agency in Texas.

Betting—Oak tanned, stretched Leather, 2 to 4 inches; Vulcanized Rubber, 3 and 4 ply, all widths; Hydrant Hose,

and Coupling : Lace Leather, Rivets, Punches and Patent Steel Band Fastenings. Agents for Miller, Wiogate & Co's Kentucky Harvester,

A REAPER AND MOWER COMBINED.
Many's Combined Reaper and Mower,

STEAM ENGINES.

early perfect as they can be made and far superior in exe

FROM 3 to 100 HORSE POWER.
PAGE'S PATENT STEAM SAW MILL.

PLOW HARNESS, COLLARS, HAMES, &c.

0x Yokes, Bows, Bow Pins and Bull Rings.

TON SCRAPERS and HORSE HOES.

Moro Castle, Strand, Galveston.

THE CAPTAIN AND HIS CHILD. Of this old ballad of the tempest, by James T. Fields, one can never weary. There is something in the little daughter's whisper above all

human philosophy:

We were crowded in the cabin, Not a soul would dare to sleep, It was midnight on the waters, And a storm was on the deep.

'Tis a fearful thing in Winter To be shattered by the blast, And to hear the rattling trumpet Thunder "cut away the mast!"

So we shuddered there in silence-For the stoutest held his breath, While the hungry sea was roaring, And the breakers talked with death.

As thus we sat in darkness, Each one busy with his prayers-"We are lost," the captain shouted,

As be staggered down the stairs. But his little daughter whispered, As she took his clay hand, "Isn't God upon the water,

Just the same as on the land!" Then he kissed the little maiden And he sp ke in better cheer, And we anchored safe in harbor, . When the morning was shining clear.

INTO THE SUNSHINE .- "I wish father

would come home."

The voice that said this had a troubled tone, and the face that said this had a troubled tone, and the face that looked up was sad.

"Your father will be very angry," said an aunt, who was sitting in the room with a book in her hand. The boy raised himself from the sofa, where he had been lying in tears for half an hour, and, with a touch of indignation in his value, answered: voice, answered: "He'll be sorry, not angry. Father never

gets angry."
For a few moments the aunt looked at the boy half curiously, and let her eyes fall again upon the book that was in her hand. The boy laid himself down upon the sofa again, and hid

his face from sight.
"That's father now!" He started up, after the lapse of nearly ten minutes, as the sound of a bell reached his ears, and went to the room door. He stood there for a little while, and then came slowly back, saying with a disap-

"It isn't father. I wonder what keeps him so late. O, I wish he would come!" "You seem anxious to get deeper into trou-e," remarked the aunt, who had only been in the house for a week, and who was neither very amiable nor sympathizing towards children.— The boy's fault had provoked her, and she considered him a fit subject for punishment.
"I believe, aunt Phœbe, that you'd like to see

me whipped," said the boy, a little warmly .--"But you won't."
"I must confess," replied aunt Phæbe, "that I think a little wholesome discipline of the kind you speak of would not be out of place. If you were my child, I am very sure you wouldn't es-

cape."
"I'm not your child; I don't want to be. Father's good, and loves me."
"If your father is so good, and loves you so well, you must be a very ungrateful or a very inconsiderate boy. His goodness don't seem to have helped you much "

"Hush, will you?" ejaculated the boy, excited to anger by this unkindness of speech.
"Phæbe!" It was the boy's mother who "Sir, God knows—I have taken Him—at Him—a spoke now, for the first time. In an under tone, she added: "You are wrong. Richard is suffering quite enough, and you are doing him harm rather than good."

"Sir, God knows—I have taken Him—at His word—and—I am not afraid—to dec."

It was a new definition of faith. "I have taken Him at His word." It struck me in an instant as a triumph of faith. "God knows—I have taken Him at His word." It struck me in an instant as a triumph of faith.

Again the bell rang, and again the boy left the sofa, and went to the sitting-room door.

"Ah, Richard!" was the kindly greeting, as Mr. Gordon took the hand of his boy. "But have often tried to think what else she could have said that would have expressed so touch

away, and, opening the door of the cabinet, brought out the fragments of a broken statue, whose countenance came instantly a shadow of regret. "Who did this, my son?" was asked in an

even voice.
"I did it." "How ?" "I threw my ball in there, once-only once

"I threw my ball in there, once—only once, in forgetfulness."

The poor boy's tones were husky, tremulou-A little while Mr. Gordon sat, controlling himself, and collecting his disturbed thoughts. Then he said, cheerfully—

"What is done, Richard, can't be helped.—Put the broken pieces away. You have had trouble enough about it, I can see—and reproof enough for your thoughtlessness—so I shall not add a word to increase your pain."

"O, father!" and the boy threw his arms about his father's neck, "you are so kind—so

about his father's neck, "you are so kind-so Five minutes later, and Richard entered the sitting-room with his father. Aunt Phobe look-ed up for two shadowed faces, but did not see

them. She was puzzled.
"That was very unfortunate," she said a little while after Mr. Gordon came in. "It was such an exquisite work of art. It is hopelessly ruined." ruined."

Richard was leaning against his father whenhis aunt said this. Mr. Gordon only smiled, and
drew his arm closely around his boy. Mrs.
Gordon threw upon her sister a look of warn-

ing, but it was unheeded.
"I think Richard was a very naughty boy." "We have settled all that, Phobe," was the mild but firm answer of Mr. Gordon, "and it is

one of our rules to get into the sunshine as quickly as possible."

Pheebe was rebuked, while Richard looked

Phoebe was rebuked, while Richard looked grateful, and, it may be, a little triumphant; for his aunt had borne down upon him rather too hard for a boy's patience to endure.

Into the sunshine as quickly as possible! O. is not that the better philosophy for our homes? Is it not true Christian philosophy? It is self-ishness that grows angry and repels, because a fault has been committed? Let us get the offender into the sunshine as quickly as possible, so that true thoughts and right feelings may grow vigorous in its warmth. We retain anger, not vigorous in its warmth. We retain anger, but because we are unwilling to forgive. Ah, if we were always right with ourselves, we would oftener be right with our children.—

LITTLE BESSIE AND HER BIBLE.-Little Bessie was the only daughter of poor parents. Her mother was a hard working woman, and did all she could towards making her home comfortable and happy, but her father was idle and intemperate. I trust no child who

reads this story, will ever know what it is to be the son or daughter of a drunkard!

When little Bessie was six years old, she began to attend the Sabbath School. She was a bright, attentive child, and, as soon as she was bright, attentive child, and, as soon as she was able to read the 5th chapter of Matthew correctly, without spelling a word, her teacher, Miss Alice, gave her a little red-covered Bible, with her name printed in gilt letters upon the back. A very proud and happy child was she, when she went home from Sunday School, and exhibited her treasure to her mother; and from that time she never failed to commit a verse to wear. ory every day. When Bessie was eight years old, she was taken very ill. The doctor came to see her, but, as he saw her flushed cheek and

parched lips, and took her little wrist in his hand, he shook his head, "Do you think I will get well?" asked little Bessie, looking up into his face with her great,

bright eyes.

"I hope so," replied the doctor.

"But do you think I will?" persisted Bessie,

"I shan't be afraid to die and go to heaven,
where Jesus is." where Jesus is."

"I cannot tell, my little girl," replied the doctor; "God will take care of you."

"Yes, He will," said Bessie, softly; and after that she became delirious, so that she did not know even her mother, or her Sunday School teacher, or her father, who sat by her bedside watching her from morning to night. He was quite sober now, for he loved his little girl dear-ly, and he was afraid God was going to take her away from him.

One night she had her reason again, and knew them all, calling each one by name. Miss Alice

"Am I going to die, Miss Alice?" was the first question she asked.

question she asked.
"I think you are going to see the dear Saviour very soon, my dear," replied her teacher; "are you willing to die?"
"Oh, yes!" said Bessie, smiling sweetly, "I am glad; I love Jesus, and want to go to heaven. But, Miss Allce, when I go, I want you to put my little Bible in my hands. God will let me carry it to heaven, I guess, because I am so lit. carry it to heaven, I guess, because I am so lit-tle. Then, when Jesus says, Suffer little children to come unto me,' I can turn right to the place, and I know he will be glad I learned it while I was down here. Will you, Miss

"Yes, my darling," said Miss Alice; "you shall have it in your hands."

Bessie's father, sitting close by her, burst into tears, for it almost broke his heart to think that she was going to leave him.

"Shall I not see you again, my little girl?" he sobbed out at length. Little Bessie looked troubled. "Shall I not see you again, dear?" he re "If you will love the dear Saviour, father, yo

will go to heaven," she whispered, putting her weak little hand in his. "Won't you love Him? I shall want you and mother to be there."

"I don't know what to do—I don't know how to find the way," cried the poor unfortunate

Then little Bessie's face brightened, and she then little Bessie's face brightened, and she beckened Miss Alice near. "Don't put my Bible in my hands when I go," she said, "I want father to have it, and when I get to heaven, I will tell Jesus that I left my little Bible to show dear father and mother how to find the way. Be sure you come, father; e sure—you —come."

These words were the last that little Bessi-

Iler father and mother wept over her coffin, and held her little Bible in their clasped hands. They never forgot her dying charge, and that precious book was read and studied by them both, until they gave their hearts to Christ, and learned the way to heaven.—Sunday School Times.

SIMPLICITY OF FAITH.-The simplicity

of faith was once illustrated to me in another, and a very different manner.

I was preaching my ordinary weekly lecture in the evening, when I was sent for in great haste, to visit a woman who was said to be dying, and who very much desired to see me. I closed the services as soon as I could, and went immediately to her house. She was a member of my Church, whom I had known very well for years; with whom I had been acquainted ever since her first impressions, before she became a communicant. As I entered the room where she lay, I found it filled with her friends, who had gathered around her to see her die. Making my way through the midst of them, I reached the side of her bed, and found her apparently in the last agonies of death. She was bolstered up in her bed, gasping for breath, almost sufficated closed the services as soon as I could, and wer in her bed, gasping for breath, almost sufficiented by the asthma; and the whole bed shook by a palpitation of her heart, which seemed to be shaking her to pieces. It appeared to me that she could not live a quarter of an hour longer.

"Yes," said she, "I am dying,"
"And are you ready to die?"
She lifted her eyes upon me with a solemn

recited to her some passages of God's word, and was about to leave her for a moment to her "You are in trouble, my son. What has happened?"

The eyes of Richard filled with tears as he looked into his father's face. He tried to answer but his lips quivered. Then he turned away, and compiler the door of the court

while I am dying. You often told me he would not forsake me, and now I find it true. I am at peace, and can die willingly and happy."

In a few minutes I left her, uttering to her such promises of the Saviour as I deemed most

appropriate.

However, she did not die. She still lives.—
But that expression of her faith has been of great value to me. It has aided me in preaching, and in conversation with inquiring sinners, very often. It gave me a more simple idea of faith than I ever had before. It put aside all the mist of metaphysics, speculation and philosophising.—
It made the whole nature of faith plain. Everybody could understand it: "God knows I shave taken Him at His word."—A Pastor's lips to the still lives.—

A private the still lives.—

I of all lives.—

I of a

THE HEAVENLY SOWER Sower Divine, Sow the good seed in me -Seed for eternity: , Tis a rough, barren soil, Yet, by care and toil, Make it a fruitful field,

A hundred-fold to yield: Sower Divine, Plow up this heart of mine. Quit not this humble field Till thou hast made it vield Sow thou by day and night, In darkness and in light;

Stay not thy hand, but sow, Then shall the harvest grow; Sower Divine, Sow deep this heart of mine. Sower Divine,

Let not this barren clay Lead the to turn away; Let not my fruitlessnes Provoke thee not to bless; Let not my field be dry. Refresh it from on high: Sower Divine. Water this heart of mine.

"Vatican."—Many who see this word, may not understand its import. It is a pile of buildings covering a space of 1200 feet in length and 100 in breadth, on one of the seven hills of Rome. The site was once the garden of the barbarous Nero. Early in the sixth century the Bishop of Rome erected there an humble dwelling. This has been added to, by one Pope after another, until it is now one of the state spacious and magnificent of palaces, stocked with paintings, statues, books, and antiquities, of the rarest kind. "The thunders of the Vatican," are those anathemas or denunciations of the Pope which kind. "The thunders of the Vatican," are those anathemas or denunciations of the Pope which have proceeded from thence; often, indeed, ridiculed, as they deserve to be—but oftener, alas, producing dismay and suffering.

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LADIES' and MISSES' BOOTEES, SHOES, GAITERS, &c., in every variety,
A large assortment of superior PERFUMERY, TOILET ARTICLES, &c., always on hand.

FP Principal Agents for the sale of Dr. ING'S AROMATIC TANNINO or MOUTH AND TOOTH WASH.

SPRINGS & YARD.

18,000 be ASS'TD QUALITIES ZINC PAINT

18,000 boxes Assorted Glass. Just received and for sale ow, by

Galbeston Adbertisements.

Mrs. C. BRANARD.

Galveston, Texas, PIANO FORTES,
CARTHAM & NEEDHAM'S CELEBRATED MELO DEONS and HARMONIONS, for Family and Church u
TILTON'S CELEBRATED GUITARS.

GROVER & BAKER'S Celebrated Sewing Machines, all Prices, from \$50 to \$150 each. Machines for Family d Plantation use, and every machine WARRANTED.— te fact of there having been over \$0,000 machines sold is flictent evidence of their merit. Circulars describing Machines, Piano Fortes, Melode and Music, sent to any address on application.

Agrangement wanted for Machines and Piano Fortes.

ALLEN L. M. HITCHCOCK MARBLE TARD. IARBLE DEALERS AND IMPORTERS of Italian Marble Direct from Italy. Centre Street, Galveston, Texas

EEP constantly on hand the largest assortment in the State, and (importing Italian Marble direct) offer superinducements to purchasers. MONUMENTS, TOMBS AND HEAD STONES, FURNI TURE MARBLE, IMPOSING, PAINT AND HEARTH STONES, AND MANTLE WORK. IRON RAILINGS FURNISHED.

Orders promptly executed on the most favorab N. B.—This establishment is entirely independent of, and has no connection with, any other of its kind, in this city or elsewhere. MANUFACTURED IN NEW YORK FOR THE PROPRIETOR.

AROMATIC TANNINO
NOUTH AND TOOTH WASH, Cleanses and Whitens the Teeth. MPARTS TO THE BREATH A FRAGRANCE NO

nly agrecable to yourself, but pleasant to all with whom ou may come in contact.

It prevents the formation of Tartar; it gives health and

A FRW DROPS are sufficient to neutralize offensive odor Decayed Teeth, a Forl Stomach, DISEASED GUMS, CHEWING OR SMOKING TOBACCO,

OR WEARING ARTIFICIAL TEETH.

Price per Bottle, Fifty Cents.
BRIGGS & YARD,
Principal Agents for Texas.
Sold by Briggs & Yard, F. D. Allen, and Mrs. C. Bra nard, Galveston; Everett & Co., Houston; R. D. Carr & Co., Austin; Devine, San Antonio: and by Druggists and dealers in Fancy Articles throughout the United States. EDWARD ING, DENTIST, GALVESTON. STRAND FURNITURE DEPOT.

NEW FALL STOCK, BY LATE ARRIVALS. FURNITURE.

PURNITURE.

DEDSTEADS, Rosewood, Mahagany and Walnut.
do.
do.
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do.
do.
Bureaus and Toilet Tables,
Extension and Palling Load do.,
Cant and Polling Load do.,
Cane and Wood Bottom Chairs,
Tete a Trice, Sideboards, Washstands, etc.
Marting,
White and Checked, dx. 5x3 and 6x4.—Palated Window
Shedes and brinds, Transparent Shades, Cords, etc., etc.
Carpet.
A fine stock of Foreign and Domestic Carpeting, Oil
cloth and Cocoa Matting.
Willow Ware. Willow Ware.

An assortment of Willow Wagons, Cabs and Baskets all descriptions.

all descriptions.

Bed Fixtures.

Bed Curtains, Screws. Keys, Springs, Bed Luce, Fringe Gimp, Turkey Red, Ornaments and Musquito Netting A Few Patent Musquito Fromes and Canopy.

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Looking Glasses.

Fine French Looking Glasses, Looking Glass Plate
Glass for Pictures, Picture Frames, Mendings of every Giasa for Fictores, Fictore Frames, Muddings of every description.

Chinn, Crockery & Gluss Ware.

White French Chinn Tea and Coffee sets, Gitt Band Figured and Motto Cups and Saucers, Mugs. Butters, Candjesticks, Inkstanda, Cologne Buttes, Card Barkets, Vasea, &c., &c. White Grante Dinner, Tea and Coffee dets. But Ac., Ac. White Grante challer, a same contest, May, Pitchers, Toilet Sets, &c., &c., &c., Gluss Wang.—Gobbets, Champaignes, Wines, Cordial Plain and Cut Glass Table and his Tumblers, Decanter Candlesticks, Lampa, Butter and Preserve Dishoe, Jar Castors, Hanging Lamps, &c. &c.

A fine assortment of Sterling Silver Table & Tea Spoon Table and Dessert Forks, Butter Knives, Soup Ladies, Putter, Sagar Manuera, etc.

A fine assorted to the state of the state of

REN'S Fire-Proof Roofing.

Steam Manufactory.

WINDOW SASH, Doorn and Blinds, by HENRY
JOURNEAT, on Church street, Incar the Catholic
Courch, Galveston, Texas. Orders for any work in my
line will be promptly executed. Sash and Blinds always
on hand, of the following sizes and prices:
Sash, painted and glazed, S210, 14 cts. Blinds, do. \$2 50

10x14, 20 cts; 2 55

10x16, 22 cts; 2 56

Doors, Window Frames and Mouldings made to order.
N II.—Flaning done to order.
F. Orders from the country executed with despatch.
June 27, 1857

New Stock of Drugs and Medicines.

Just recieved, direct from Boston, a large and well selected assortment of Drugs and Medicines, Oils, Patent Medicines, Fancy Articles, etc., etc., all gonume and fresh, whi are offered at prices corresponding with the times. Everything is warranted what it purports to be. My stock is now large and complete, and a maquite sure that I can offer better inducements to those who may want articles in my line than any other establishment in Texas. Dealers, Planters, Physicians and the public generally are respectful invited to call and examine for themselves and send in their orders.

[feb911] J. HANNAY.

New Spring and Summer Goods, CLOTHING EMPORIUM

WE invite the attention of the public to our New and Fashionable assortment of SPRING and SUMMER CLOTHING, HATS, SHOES, &c., of the latest style and selected from the best manufacturers, which we offer at low rates for cash or city acceptance.

Our GENTLEMEN'S and YOUTH'S furnishing department will be found full and complete in every particular.

LADIES' and MISSES' BOOTEES, SHOES, GAITERS, &c., in every variety.

JONES, ROOT & CO.

JONES, ROOT & CO.	Jud 1) as any				
vil No. 8, Strand.	BOOK-BINDING,				
E. S. WOOD, ORTER AND DEALER IN PLANTATION and Build- allardware. In addition to a large Stock, has received to arrivals—1,000 keg. Nails and Spikes, 150 tons re- and Sweden Bar Iron assorted. as Stab Iron.	Paper Ruling, and Blank Book Manufacturing, Tremont Street, next door to Palmetto House, GALVESTON.				
as Cast A Eng. bi Steel, 1000 boxes. Window Glass, ons German bi cicel as Spring steel, so Siab steel, so Siab steel, so Iloilew Ware, Pasc-house Anvils. 20 Cultivators, and bice assorted took and bice assorted took and bice assorted took bin Bar Lend, be Smith's Hammers, 1000 Plows, assorted took and bice assorted took bin Bar Lend, be smith silinamers, 1000 Plows, assorted took and bice assorted, 1000 Plows, assorted to Cutry combs, do Horse brushes, 5 bis Yellow Ochre 6 Cotton cards.	STRICKLAND, having purchased the Bindery formerly belonging to the late W. B. Dunning, and made considerable additions thereto, respectfully informs the Merchants and Business men generally of Galveston and the interior, that he is prepared to execute orders of any description usually done in a first-class. Bindery, with promptness, and on as reasonable terms as any other establishment in the South. BLANK BOOKS manufactured in a superior style, ruled to any desired pattern, and warranted equal to any made in the United States. Law Books, Magazines, Periodicals, Pamphlets, and Music substantially bound, in plain or fancy styles. FANCY RULING, in various colors. Worlders from the country solicited. nov2-ly				
do Brass & Iron Sieves, 1 bbl Black Lend do Horse collars, do Horse hames, do Plow bridies, do Coffee mills, s Putty in bladders, ls Sheat Lead, s Lead Pipe, do Fig Lead, bo Block Tin, loos do Leose Joint Butte 1000 do Leose Joint Butte	THE ONLY ARTICLE. UNRIVALLED IN MARKET, WITH IMMENSE HOME AND EUROPEAN DEMAND. The reason why, is that by Nature's own process it restores the natural color permanently after the hair becomes grey; supplies the natural fluids, and thus makes it grow on bald				

The reason why, is that by Nature's own process it rest be natural color permanently after the hair becomes gi upplies the natural fluids, and thus makes it grow on eads, removes all dandruff, tiching, and heat from the se usets and tones up the nerves, and thus cures all ner-teadache, and may be relied upon to cure all diseases of early and hair; it will stop and keep it from failing takes it soft, gibssy, healthy and beautiful, and if used

proper. Yours, &c.,

S. W. MIDDLETON.

PRILABELPHIA, Sept. 9, 1857.

Prof. Wood—Dear Sir: Your Hair Restorative is proving itself beneficial to me. The front, and also the back part of my head almost lost its covering—was in fact bald. I have used but two half pin bottles of your Restorative, and now the top of my head is well studded with a promising crop of young hair, and the front is also receiving its benefit. I have tried other preparations without any benefit whatever. I think from my own personal recommendation, I can induce many others to try it.

Yours, respectfully,

D. R. THOMAS, M. D.

No. 464 Vine Street.

Yours, respectfully,

No. 464 Vine Street.

The Restorative is put up in bottles of three sizes, viz; large, medium, and small; the small holds & a pint, and retails for one dollar per bottle; the medium holds at least twenty per cent. more in proportion than the small, retails for two dollars per bottle; the large holds a quart, 40 per cent. more in proportion, and retails for \$3 a bottle.

O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 312 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market street, St. Louis, Mo.

And sold by all good druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

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COUTHWICK & SONS, are receiving a large and com plete assortment of Vehicles—manufactured expressly for them—consisting of Close Carriages, Rockaways, Jersey Wagons, Buggies, Sulkeys, Concord Buggies, &c &c. Also, Leather, Saddlers' Hardware, Carriage Trimmings, Harness, Spokes, Pellowa, Hubs, Saddlers' and Shoemakers' Tools, Tanners' Oils and Tools, &c. no-tf.

Fire Insurance Agency.

Educational.

GALVESTON FEMALE SEMINARY. PUBLIC SQUARE, GALVESTON, TEXAS. MISS C. S. COBB The Academic year comprises two terms of twenty weeks

abl. The First Term commenced Sept. 15th, 1859; the Second ferm commences Feb. 13th, 1860.
Prompt attendance at the beginning of the term is desirable, onth for the progress of the student, and the organization of now in store and shortly to arrive.

I shall continue to keep a supply of SUPERIOR GREEN and BLACK TEAS, aug 25, 1859

A. C. CRAWFORD.

Strand Street, Galveston, Texas.

MPORTERS AND DEALERS IN all kinds of Foreign and
Domestic Hardware. In addition to a large and varies
ock, have received from Europe and Northern manufactor es— 300 tons English Refined and Sweeds Bar and Slab Iron,

Port Sullivan Institute. THIS INSTITUTION will open on the First Monday in Oct, under the presidency of Rev. J. L. CARMER, A. M. Mrs. HELEN L. CARMER, Preceptress of the Female Department.

The Music Department will be under the charge of Prof.

F. R. Pront, the well known composer.

The scholastic year is divided into two sessions of twentyone weeks each.

Far full particulars address Rev. J. Carmer, or the subscribes are the scholastic particulars. WM. H. WHITE, Pres. B. T. Port Sullivan, Aug. 24, 1859-sep1-tf

300 tons English Refined and Sweeds Bar and Slab Iron,
5 tons Cast and English Blister Steel,
5 tons Spring Stee, 300 ass'd sizes Steel Corn Mills,
2 tons Spring Stee, 300 ass'd sizes Steel Corn Mills,
2 tons Spring Stee, 300 ass'd sizes Steel Corn Mills,
50 tons Hollow-Ware, 1000 boxes Window Glass,
100 Mouse Hole Anvils, 50 dozen Ames' Spades,
50 Wilkinson's Anvils, 50 "Shovels,
100 Solid Brass Box Vices, 50 Straw Cutters (pat'd,)
100 Solid Brass Box Vices, 50 Cultivaters,
50 "Iron "Vices, 20 dozen Scythes,
120 Stocks and Dies, all sizes; 500 bags Shot, ass'd;
4000 lbs. Smiths' Hand and Sledge Hammers,
500 M Percussion Capser 1000 Cast Plows,
1000 coils Manila Rope, ass'd sizes; 1000 Hall's Plows,
1000 dozen Horse Collars, 20,000 Zinc Paint,
50 dozen Horse Collars, 20,000 Zinc Paint,
50 dozen Blind Bridles, 10 bbis, Boiled Lindseed Oil,
100 dozen Cotton Cards, 10 bbis, Raw Linseed Oil,
100 dozen H. Collin's & Co's Axes, 10 bbls Spi's Turpt'n,
50 dozen H. Collin's & Co's Axes, 10 bbls. Whiting,
400 Planters Hoes, 5 bbls. Yellow Ochre,
1000 pairs Trace Chains, 5 bbls. Spanish Brown,
500 boxes Tin Plate, 2 bbls. Damar Varnish,
1000 bis. Block Tin, 3 bbls. Copal Varnish,
50 kegs Bar Lead, 3 "Japan do,
20 coils ass'd size Lead Pipe, 200 bbs. Paris Greea,
100 pounds Chrone Yellow.
Alson—Alarce assortment of Tinware, Japanware, Wood-Texas Masonic Institute. At Veal's Station, Parker County, Texas. THE Second Session of this Institution will commence of the First Monday in October, 1859, under, the superintendence of J. N. B. HENSLEE as Principal, with a compe ent corps of assistants.

TERMS PER SESSION OF FIVE MONTHS: 10 rous Sheet Lead, 100 lbs, Chrone Green, 100 pounds Chrone Yellow. ALSO—A large assortment of Tinware, Japanware, Wood nware, Sadlery, Guns, Rides and Pistols in great variety and at low prices. Thes. E. Cotapton. GRANT & COMPTON, SUCCESSORS TO
ISAAC G. WILLIAMS & CO., The above terms strictly adhered to except in cases of pro-

Traced stekness.

Let Board can be had in private families at reasonable Aug 23, 1859-sep 22 REV. J. G. HARDIN, after tendering thanks for liberal patronage heretofore extended, announces that he will, with the assistance of Miss NANNIE DIXON, late Assistant Teacher in the McKenzie Institute, and such other teacher or teachers as may be necessary, resume the exercises of the above on the First Monday in October next, at the following

ix eattle.

Harrows—Improved Hinge and Expanding.

Cultivators—of all kinds. COTTON SWEEPS, COTor all, per 9 months.

2d. Geography, English Grammar, Ancient and Modern History, Natural, Moral and Mental Philosophy, Butler's Analogy, Logic, and Rhetoric—either or all, with the Corn Planters, Seed Sowers, for hand and horse power. MOWING and REAPING MACHINES, SCYTHES and CRADLES, FANNING MILLS. and CRADLES, FANNING MILLS,
Churnes—Rotary, Thermometer and Dash. GARDEN
ENGINES, HOES, SPADES, ANES, PICKS, THRESHING
MACHINES, HORSE and HAND RAKES,
Flouring and Plantation Cora Mills,
BURR STONE and STEEL CORN and COB CRUSHERS,
and FEED MILLS, BUSH HOOKS, STORE and WHARF
THERES, GARDEN and DUET RAPPOWS, WAGON.

Mrs. SUE J. KIRKSEY will give lessons on the Piano Forte, in connection with the above, at the rate of \$25 per term of five months, including use of instrument.

Deduction made only in case of protracted illness of at least Deduction made only in case of protracted that ten days.

Music tuition and one-half of the foregoing due on the 1st of March, 1860, and the remainder at the close of the term. Board can be had at reasonable rates with the Principal, or with other good families in the village.

Sumpter, Sept. 9, 1859—sep 15-3m

Seguin Male and Female College. Teachers.
Tuition must be paid or satisfactorily arranged in advance.
Boarding can be obtained in good private families at \$12.50 per month, one-half in advance.
For further information address Mr. Phillips.
A. G. WALKER, Pres't B. T.
Seguin, Texas, July 4, 1859.—jul21-6m.

Andrew Female College.

Andrew Female College.

HUNTSVILLE, WALKER CO, TEXAS.

THE SEVENTEENTH SESSION of this Institution will open Monday, 5th Sept. next, and continue twenty weeks, under the Superintendence of MACON B. FRANK-LIN, A. M., Fresident, assisted by a full corps of accomplished and experienced Teachers.

The Trustees wish it distinctly understood that none but the very best talents will be employed in the Institution, and a most thorough course of instruction imparted. The College edifies is chaste and commodious—finished and furnished in the most modern and elegant style, and arranged with particular reference to health, confort, and convenience.

This Institution is furnished with complete and extensive Philesophical and Chemical Apparatus, Globes, Maps, Charts, Plates, &c. With WOOD'S improvement, the BEST machine for har-resting now before the public, and the Sole Agency for Texas C. W. Brown & J. T. Noyes' PATENT GRIST Emery Bre's HORSE POWER AND OVERSHOT THRESHING MACHINES and SEPARATORS, PENN-SYLVANIA FOUR HORSE POWERS and THRESHERS. McCord and Rogandus' HORSE POWERS. Agents for E. Carver & Co's Improved Cotton Gin, an ation to any now extant.
ALSO—General Agents for Manufacturers. mur24

PEEPARATORY DEPARTMENT. English Branches
Ancient and Modern Languages, each
Music—Piano and Guitar—each
Use of ing, Embroidery, Wax Work-each

Chappell Hill Female College

E EIGHTH SESSION of the Chappell Hill Female
follege will commence on the first Monday in Sept. 1859.

Mrs. MARY C. HALSEY, Principal.

Mrs. ELIZABETH KENNON, Associate Principal.
Miss K JACKSON, Teacher of Latin and French,
Miss ANN E. HERRING, Assistant.

Mrs. ELLEN S. N. COOK, Teacher of Music.

Mrs. ELLEN S. N. COOK, Teacher of Music.

TERMS—Per Session of Twenty Weeks:

Tuition in the Collegiste Department, pression \$25 to \$25.

Proparatory 15 to Primary 15 to primary 15 to primary 15 to primary 16 department, pression, 100 card, Washing, Lodging, Fuel and Lights 62 50.

Music Extra Chances: \$25 on 10 to Drawing and Painting 10 to Embroidery 10 to Department 15 to De Embroidery,
For further particulars address the Principal,
july 28, 1859
M. C. HALSEY,
july 28, 1859

WM. F. NORSWORTHY, M.A., Tutor. W. J. CRERAR, Professor of Vocal and Instrumental

Bastrop Military Institute.

The Fith Session opens on the first Monday in Sept., 1859, under the superintendence of Col. R. T. P. Al-Len, the founder, and for many years Superintendent of the Kentucky Military Institute, a distinguished graduate of West Point, and a practical Engineer; assisted by an able faculty. The course of study will be that usually study in the best Colleges, with an extended course in mathematics, mechanics, natural sciences, and civil engineering, with field practice and use of instruments.

The discipline is strict, the moral and spiritual interests of the pupils being had in special regard. The institute has an excellent and well selected Library; an extensive Alparatus, fully adequate to the wants of the lecture room. The success of the Institute has been most gratifying, indeed almost unprecedented, and the Board of Trustees do not hesitate to recommend it as unrivaled in the State for thoroughness of instruction and perfection of government.

The institute charge for futtion and bearding, tignits, fuel, and washing, included, \$115 per session of twonty weeks, payable invariably in advance, with a deduction of \$20 torthose pursuing Elementary English studies only.

No extra charge whatever.

LT For further information, address the Superintendent.

S. W SIMS, President.

SOULE UNIVERSITY. Of the Texas Conferences,

CHAPPELL HILL, TEXAS.

The Spring Term will commence Feb. 7th, 1859,
Faculty.
WILLIAM HALSEY, A. M., President,
Professor of Moral Philosophy and Natural Sciences.
Rev. JAS. M. FOLLANSBEE, A. M., M. D.,
Felder Professor of Latin and Greek and of Modern Languages.
Rev. W. G. FOOTE, A. M.,
Kirby Professor of Mathematics and Natural Philosophy,
and of the Hebrew Language.
Rev. ISAAC ALEXANDER, A. M., Professor of English
Literature.
Rev. JOHN N. KIRBY, 1st Tutor,
JOHN F. MATTHEWS, A. M., 2d Tutor.
By late action of the Board the Tuitien must be paid invariably in advance for the first half of the Session, and the balance by the end of the session, or ten per cent: will be charged for collection. The following are the

RATES OF TUITION
Collegiate Department (per Session)
Preparatory Department (per Session)
Board—In private families, per month, \$10 to \$15, including lights, fuel, etc.
Agents,—Rev. J. H. Davidson, General Agent; Rev.
Isaac Alexander, Agent for East Texas Conference; P. H.
Swearingen, Esq., Attorney. For further information apply
to the faculty or agents, or to the preachers of either Conference, all of whom will be furnished with a catalogue,
and be prepared to give any information that may be desired. Ey order of the Board.

Jens C. Wallis, Secretary.

CHAPPELL HILL, TEXAS.

Trabel and Transportation.

SOUTHERN STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S New Orleans, Texas, Florida and Havana U. S. Mail Lines.

THE PUBLIC ARE RESPECTFULLY INFORMED that this Company's superior Steamships will run between Texas and New Orleans the coming season via the Mississippi River, and Berwick's Bay via the Opelousas Railroad, carrying the United States Mails, as follows: New Orleans to Galveston and Indianola.

From Levee, via River.—Leave New Orleans SUNDAYS, at 8 A. M.; arrive at Galveston TUESDAYS, at 8 A. M.; tarve at Galveston TUESDAYS, at 8 A. M.; leave Galveston TUESDAYS, at 8 A. M.; leave Galveston TUESDAYS, at 12 M.; leave Indianola, WEDNESDAYS, at 12 M.; leave Indianola, THURSDAYS, at 12 M.; leave Indianola, THURSDAYS, at 12 M.; arrive at Galveston, FRIDAYS, at 10 A. M.; arrive at New Orleans, at Levee, SUNDAYS, at 4 P. M.

From Berwicks, win Railroad.—Leave New Orleans, WEDNESDAYS, at 12 M.; arrive at Galveston, THURSDAYS, at 12 M.; leave Galveston, THURSDAYS, at 4 P. M.; arrive at Galveston, SUNDAYS, at 10 A. M.; arrive at Galveston, SUNDAYS, at 10 A. M.; arrive at Berwicks, MONDAYS, at 12 M.; leave Galveston, SATURDAYS at 8 A. M.; leave Galveston, SATURDAYS at 8 A. M.; leave Galveston, THESDAYS, at 8 A. M.; arrive at Gaveston, TUESDAYS, at 8 A. M.; arrive at Galveston, TUESDAYS, at 10 A. M.; arrive at New Orleans, THURSDAYS, at 10 A. M.; arrive at New Orleans, THURSDAYS, at 10 A. M.; arrive at New Orleans, THURSDAYS, at 10 A. M.; arrive at New Orleans, THURSDAYS, at 10 A. M.; arrive at Meave Galveston, TUESDAYS, at 10 A. M.; arrive at New Orleans, THURSDAYS, at 4 P. M.

From Berwick's via Railroad.—Leave New Orleans, SATUDAYS, at 12 M.; leave Galveston, SUNDAYS, at 12 M.; leave Indianola, TUESDAYS, at 12 M.; leave Indianola, TUESDAYS, at 18 A. M.; arrive at Berwick's, THURSDAYS, at 12 M.; leave Indianola, TUESDAYS, at 18 Berwick's, THURSDAYS, at 18 M.; arrive at Berwick

New Orleans to Galveston, via Frem Berwick's, vin Raitrend, MONDAYS, at 12 M.; arrive at Sabine TUESDAYS, at 8 a. M.; leave Sabine TUESDAYS, at 8 a. M.; leave Sabine TUESDAYS, at 8 a. M.; leave Galveston WEDNESDAYS, at 12 M.; arrive at Sabine THURSDAYS, at 8 a. M.; leave Sabine THURSDAYS, at 12 M.; arrive at Berwick's FRIDAYS, at 12 M.

New Orleans to Brazos Santiago, via Indianola. Vin Indianola.

FROM LEVEE, via RIVER,—FRIDAYS, at 8 A. M., alternately; arrive at Indianola SUNDAY; leave Indianola SUNDAY or MONDAY; arrive at Brazos MONDAY or TUESDAY; leave Brazos THURSDAY, at 8 A. M.; arrive at Indianola FRIDAY; leave Indianola, FRIDAY; arrive at New Orleans MONDAY. New Orleans to Havana, via Florida Ports.

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