

The Haskell Free Press.

VOLUME 25. NO. 32.

HASKELL, HASKELL COUNTY, TEXAS, SATURDAY MORNING AUGUST 6, 1910.

WHOLE No. 1280

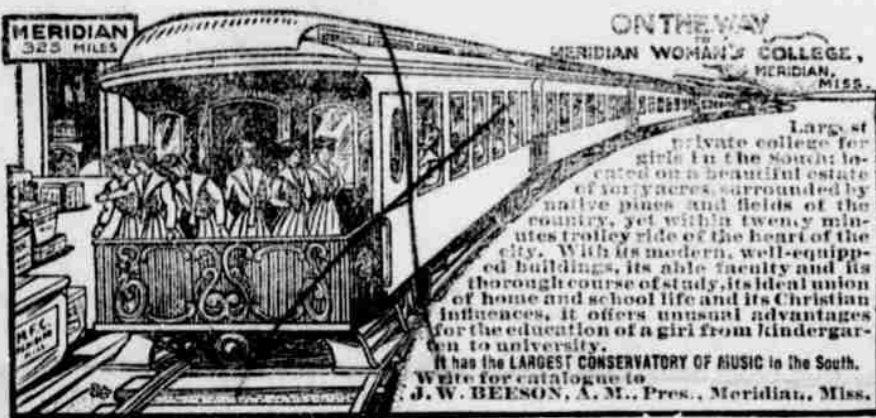
Collier's Drug Store Always in the LEAD. Magazines & Periodicals.

E. A. CHAMBERS GRAIN AND COAL

HASKELL, TEXAS,

PHONE 157

Meridian Woman's College, Meridian, Mississippi.



One of the Nation's leading colleges for young ladies, has recently added new opera chairs to its handsome auditorium. It has just completed one of the handsomest pipe organs in the South, and has exchanged all the old pianos for new ones. Every piano will be new, just from the factory. It has employed fifteen music teachers, with a great Master musician as director, one who was trained by that world's renowned teacher DeKentski, court pianist to the Emperor of Germany. This director was his favorite pupil, and the only one to whom he ever gave a diploma.

This already great Southern College and Conservatory will have its Faculty and equipments wonderfully increased by these additions. It has also enlarged the forty acre campus to sixty acres, lakes for boating and fishing, added athletic grounds for tennis and basket ball, and its unique military drill. It has added a special Dormitory for young children.

See advertisement of this great college elsewhere in this issue.

NOTICE.

To the People of Haskell County:

In view of the fact that Mr. W. D. Faulkner ran 209 votes ahead of me in the late primary. I have made as careful canvass as I could of the situation, and though I believe I can poll a majority of the votes heretofore cast for the other candidates yet I do not believe I can over come Mr. Faulkner's lead. Therefore I have concluded that it is advisable for me to withdraw from the race for Sheriff.

In this connection I desire to thank those who evidenced their confidence in me by their ballot, as well as those who have given me their assurance of support in the second primary. I hope no one will misconstrue my motive in withdrawing from this race. I feel financially unable to stand the expense in what I believe to be a losing race. I have not been influenced by any consideration other than as herein stated,

and I ask that my name be dropped for the present as a factor in local politics.

In conclusion I desire to thank all the people of Haskell county for the courteous and respectful consideration they have shown me in my ambition to serve them as Sheriff.

Respectfully,
W. W. Fitzgerald.

As a household remedy for cuts, burns, bruises, piles, pain and soreness of all kinds, Dr. Cox's Barbed Wire Liniment, 25c size, has no equal. If not satisfactory, money refunded. For sale by All Druggists.

It is surprising how cheap you can fill your coal bins.

Can you afford to overlook such an

OPPORTUNITY?

Ask for rates at E. A. Chambers.

To The Voters of Pre. No. 1.

As you know I was in the recent primary as a candidate for Justice of the Peace Pre. No. 1. In the primary on July 23, I received 287, a plurality over Mr. A. J. Hill, who was next to me in the race, of 59 votes. Mr. Hill and I had a firm agreement before the primary that which of us who should receive the greater number of votes, should abide by the first primary and would be down and out of the race. I ran through the first primary with this distinct understanding. And after the election Mr. Hill told many people that he was defeated and spoke of the agreement between us. He acted in good faith till last Saturday when he decided that he would break the agreement and re-enter the race. He claims as his reason that the Executive Committee is forcing him to do this but as a proof of his error in this statement, I give below a quotation that the chairman or any member of the committee will verify as facts:

"By having a double primary, the two candidates getting the highest number of votes can continue in the second primary. Should one of the candidates agree not to enter the second primary, he would only have to make a written request of the committee to leave his name off the ticket in the second primary. The Committee has no power to force a candidate to continue in the second primary, but can get his name left off the ticket, if he has had a previous agreement with his opponent to do so."

Now, if Mr. Hill had desired to protect his word and agreement in the matter, he would have gone to the Executive Committee last Saturday and made known our agreement, and if necessary made his request in writing. I would not have broken my agreement with him in this matter. I know that the good people of precinct one know me well enough to know that I am a man of my word and would not have broken faith in the matter under any circumstances.

But as a proof of the eagerness of Mr. Hill to break over in this matter, he never went about the

committee, he did not acquaint them of our agreement but waited till after they had adjourned, then began to tell that the committee is forcing him to run. He has been quick to pay his fee to get his name on the ticket. These are facts in this matter and sincerely believe the people will rise up with their ballots and offer a just rebuke to Mr. Hill for his double dealing in this matter.

In this connection, I sincerely thank my friends for the support on July 23rd and I trust that I will not only receive the entire vote of the same people on August the 13th but many others will give me their votes who may have voted differently in the first primary.

Please bear in mind that I shall be a man of my word whether in office or out of office.

Very truly yours,
J. S. Post, Sr.

(Advertisement.)

FREE SCHOLARSHIPS.

Three free scholarships are offered by the clubs of the first district in Simmons College, Abilene, in Midland College, Midland in Stamford Collegiate Institute, Stamford.

If any boy or girl is interested, further information will be given on inquiry. The Magazine Club has three free scholarships in the city schools. Two are to be given to students from any part of the county and one to a student in the independent school district.

Mrs. S. W. Scott,
Chairman of Committee on Scholarships.

I have a great many Elberta Peaches now ready for you come at once the will last Ten days, \$1. per bushel at Orchard, they are large and fine.

T. G. Carney,
O'Brien, Texas.

FOR SALE CHEAP—10 mares and five colts, 3 mules, 2 horse colts.

This is the time to get a bargain as I have got to sell them.

W. J. Waggoner,
10 miles E. of Haskell.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN

One hay baling outfit complete for baling. Apply to Free Press office. 23 tf med

MARSHALL FIELD clerked in a store when he was a boy. He put in the bank enough out of his salary to start a small business of his own. Today his establishment is the finest in the world. His two grandsons will get 400 millions each when they are given their share of his estate.

Make OUR Bank YOUR Bank.

The Haskell National Bank,
Haskell, Texas.

The Bottle Mystery
FUN FOR ALL.
Lots of amusement watching the "Corn" disappear. Send 25c for sample. Dept. 46, Cornoff Manuf. Co., Washington, D. C.

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DRUGGISTS

Cold Drinks, Cigars,
Pure Drugs and Toilet Articles
Agency, Nyal's Non-Secret Remedies.

HASKELL FREE-PRESS

OSCAR MARTIN, Publisher

HASKELL - TEXAS

FATHER'S DAY.

"Father's Day" has been inaugurated in Spokane, Wash., by Rev. Dr. William J. Hindley, pastor of a Congregational church. In founding it Dr. Hindley said he wanted to give everybody "a chance to speak a few kind words for the 'old man' who surely needs sympathy." The few kind words were said last Sunday, and, perhaps, the "old man" felt better for them. When the movement spreads throughout the country, as the founder and his followers believe it will, papa probably will begin to chirk up and feel that he is appreciated at something approaching his own estimate of his real worth. Mother already has her day, and its observance, we hope, brings joy to her dear old soul, but father has been rather a negligible quantity in the household scheme. It is true he is permitted to provide the money to pay the bills, but what does it profit a man to own a palatial home and supply the table with the fat of the land if he must adjourn to the cellar or the back steps to smoke his pipe or cigar because tobacco smoke is injurious to the lace curtains he did not select but had to pay for? Nor does it add to the joys of his outcast nicotineous vigil to listen to the strains of "Everybody Works but Father," as played and sung by the young hopefuls amid the comfortable surroundings from which he has been banished. Surely father needs a little sympathy, and perhaps a little more consideration.

Some of the New Jersey farmers are advocating a form of conservation that is rather out of the ordinary. Deer have been so well protected in the state that the animals have multiplied to a remarkable extent and have become so fearless and commit so many depredations in the fields that the farmers regard them as nuisances. To molest a deer at this season means severe punishment, but the sufferers are moving to secure such action as will save their crops from destruction. Vermont and some other northern localities report occasional damage to vegetation by deer, but it sounds rather oddly to hear of such things in a state which is largely a suburb of the metropolis.

The official figures showing immigration into the United States for the calendar year 1910 indicate that the movement is once more at high tide. The total arrivals for May were 169,472, which has not been surpassed since 1907, a record-breaker. That year 184,886 aliens came here in May. But soon after there was a subsidence. This year, however, the accessions continue in increasing volume. The total immigration was 1,334,169; in 1908, following the "panic," it fell to 410,319; in 1909 it was 567,196; and this year, up to and including May, it has been 549,493 with a good prospect of attaining and perhaps exceeding the 1907 total for the entire twelve months.

Numerous arrests for smuggling give evidence both that this particularly contemptible form of offense against the national laws is prevalent and that the customs officials in New York are thoroughly on the job. Collector Loeb started in by making it clear that he did not intend to subject passengers on incoming steamers to unnecessary annoyance and inconvenience, while at the same time he should exact compliance with the treasury regulations. There can be no good ground for complaint against this system. The person detected in smuggling may be set down as a willful offender and entitled to no sympathy when caught in attempts to cheat the government.

Aviation is going to have its martyrs like other great enterprises, the more as they are, in a way, fanatics, too; for no amount of danger and actual accident will deter men from trying to conquer this elusive element or dim its fatal fascinations. The measure of success which has attended latter-day effort will serve to minimize effects of the danger still more.

Cholera spreads in Russia because so many people do not seem to see much difference living under the czar and dying with the cholera. At least that appears to be the interpretation of the reports about the fatalistic way they neglect to take the most ordinary precautions.

An auto while traveling in New York turned turtle and broke a surgeon's leg, which may be put down as a gross infraction of professional courtesy.

Behold how blessed we are with the abundance of the earth—green corn, tomatoes, peaches, cantaloupe, cyclings and ice cream soda!

What would the vaudeville singer who had his upper lip treated by a chiropodist do for a coat?

GOVERNOR APPOINTS HAWKINS' SUCCESSOR

NAME OF FRED C. VON ROSENBERG SENT TO SENATE BY MR. CAMPBELL.

CONFIRMATION IS REQUESTED

Nomination for Commissioner of Insurance and Banking is Up.

Austin, Aug. 3.—Gov. Campbell has sent to the Senate with the request for confirmation the nomination of Fred C. Von Rosenberg of Austin to be Commissioner of Insurance and Banking in place of Hon. Wm. E. Hawkins. The Senate will consider the nomination.

Mr. Von Rosenberg is a lawyer. He was born at Austin Nov. 3, 1866. In 1884 he was graduated with the degree of mechanical engineer at the A. & M. College. In 1885 he finished the court of junior law work at the University of Texas and in 1886 he was graduated with the degree of civil engineer from the Maryland Military Academy at Oxford, Md. He graduated with the degree of bachelor of laws at Georgetown University, Washington, in the class of 1889, and was admitted to the bar in Washington in the same year.

Following this, he made an extensive European tour, returning to Austin and beginning the active practice of law, but in 1888 pursued his vocation as mining engineer in Chihuahua, Mexico, returning to Austin to again resume the practice of law. For years he has been a prominent Democrat. From 1901 to 1903 he was chairman of the City Democratic Executive Committee of Austin. He married Miss Nina Electa Stephens of Boise City, Idaho, in 1892 and has two children. The only public position he has heretofore held has been member of the trustees of the State Blind Institute, of which he was president. He resigned from that board to become a member of the State Mining Board, of which he became president.

SCHOOL FUND IS APPORTIONED

\$6.50 for Each Child is Decision of State Board—Exceeds Revenue in Sight.

Austin: At its meeting the State Board of Education fixed an apportionment of the available school funds for the next fiscal year of \$6.50 for each child shown in this year's scholastic census. The apportionment is 25c higher per capita than the estimate of the receipts of the available school fund prepared by the Controller for the fiscal year 1910-1911 will allow. However, the board went upon the assumption that the estimate of the Controller was closely made and the receipts would probably be larger than he estimated they would be. The Controller estimated the receipts of the available school fund for the fiscal year at \$6,981,000. The board at \$6.50 per capita has apportioned \$6,227,500, \$256,500 more than the Controller has allowed for in his estimate. The scholastic census indicates 975,000 children for the next fiscal year. Gov. Campbell is a member of the State Board of Education and he was very anxious to see the apportionment made \$6.50.

DYNAMITE IS FOUND IN COAL

Locomotive Fireman Discovers Twenty Pounds of Explosive When Pick Catches Sack.

Blanket, Tex.: When the Frisco north bound passenger train No. 12 arrived here Tuesday the fireman was working down the coal from the tender and his pick hung in a sack. Picked from the coal it was found to contain twenty pounds of stick dynamite. Realizing how closely they had been riding with death it was a white-faced train crew that laid the dangerous package off at this station. How the dynamite got in the coal is a mystery. The railroad officers are investigating.

SEVENTEEN REPORTED SLAIN

Many Others Who Took Part In Uprising at Port Cortez Are in Prison.

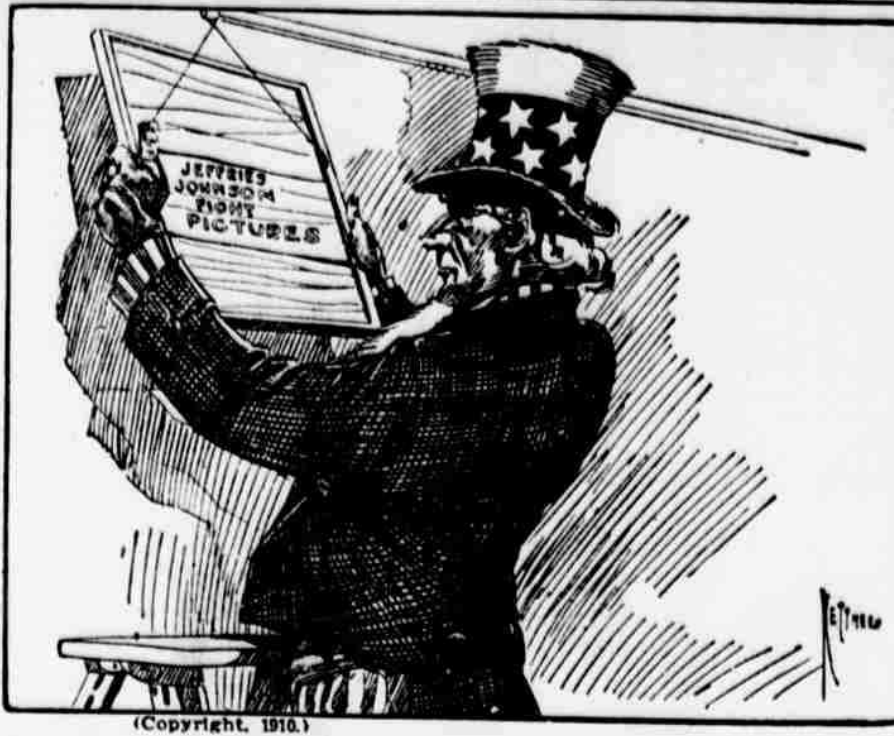
New Orleans: According to reports brought by passengers on the steamer Agnella, arriving here from Port Cortez, seventeen men engaged in the recent uprising against President Davila at that place were slain and a score or more of persons alleged to have been implicated in the movement have been thrown in prison.

15,500 OPERATIVES AFFECTED

Amoskeag Mills of Manchester (N. H.) Will Close from August 26 to September 12.

Manchester, N. H.: Notices were posted in the seven cotton mills of the Amoskeag corporation announcing that the entire plant will be shut down on August 26 and reopen September 12. The company, in common with other cotton concerns, has been curtailing the output since spring. The closing will affect 15,500 operatives.

TURNED TO THE WALL



PLAN TO WAREHOUSE ENTIRE COTTON CROP

SCHEME OF JOHN HAYS HAMMOND AND DANIEL J. SULLY.

WILL SAVE \$50,000,000

Would Establish Storage Capacity with Bonded Keepers—Dead Asset Would Become Negotiable.

Boston, Massachusetts: Daniel J. Sully, the New York cotton operator, and Scott Dalgeish of Cairo, Egypt, are in consultation with John Hays Hammond at his home in Gloucester over a plan to warehouse the entire cotton crop of the United States so that it can be marketed when desirable. In this way it is expected that \$50,000,000 can be saved yearly.

The organization through which this is to be effected is the General Cotton Securities Company, of which John Hays Hammond is president and Daniel J. Sully vice president and general manager. It is proposed to establish warehouses under bonded keepers and a fund of \$2,500,000 will be placed in the hands of trustees to guarantee the production of each individual bale of cotton placed in the warehouse as well as its staple and grade. The owner of the cotton who places it in the warehouse, whether he be the local planter or the local merchant, will receive for it a negotiable warehouse receipt upon which money can be secured at the bank. Thus instead of forcing the sale of cotton within three months after the time of harvesting, the crop will be changed from a dead asset to a negotiable one and furnished the flexibility of financing which is necessary for the most profitable production of cotton. This warehouse company will make an initial charge of, say, 25c a bale for storage, and at the end of the month will make a percentage charge for the storage.

DERELICT THREATENS SHIPS

Hulls of Abandoned Sea Craft Discovered Drifting in Pathway of Vessels.

Washington: United States Consul Miller at Tampico, Mexico, has telegraphed to the State Department that the British steamship Madakaska has reported seeing on June 29 in latitude 23.38, longitude 69.56, Greenwich west, a water-logged bark with the stern stove in. The derelict undoubtedly was the Norwegian bark Crown, which was abandoned Dec. 26, 1909, in mid-Atlantic.

DEVELOP SOUTHERN RESOURCES

New Plan Originated by Executive Board of Southern Commercial Congress at Atlanta.

Atlanta, Ga.: A new plan for advancing the development of the South's resources was originated by the executive officers of the Southern Commercial Congress, who meet here. On Oct. 7, next, over 150 of the representative business men of sixteen Southern States will meet here to devise means of advertising the natural wealth of the South and of disseminating among business men farmers and merchants of this section data on the best methods of developing their resources. The Governors of sixteen States will be asked to participate in the movement, and each Governor to appoint ten of the foremost business men of their States to attend the meeting on October 7.

BROOKLYN'S UNIQUE OFFICER

"Commissioner of Weeds" Draws Generous Salary for Making List of Offensive Streets.

New York: Brooklyn has a unique public official in its "Commissioner of Weeds," who draws a regular salary of generous size for making note of all suburban streets where the weeds need attention.

NO HOPE IN MINERS' DIFFERENCES

Kansas City: All hope of a peaceful settlement of the differences existing between the United Mine Workers of America and the Independent Coal Miners' Association of the Southwestern section has practically been abandoned and a declaration of a strike on the one hand and the open shop on the other are possibilities. The Mine Workers were in session all day Wednesday, and a meeting of the operators was held. Both meetings developed strong sentiment to fight to the last ditch.

CANT REMOVE LEE'S STATUE

President Taft, Without Comment, Approves Opinion of Attorney General.

Beverly, Mass.: President Taft has approved without comment an opinion by Attorney General Wickersham to the effect that there is no provision of law by which the statue of Gen. Robert E. Lee in Confederate uniform can be removed from Statuary Hall in the Capitol at Washington. In addition to deciding the question of a purely legal basis, Mr. Wickersham argues the matter from an ethical point of view, declaring that Lee has come to be regarded as typifying all that was best in the cause to which he gave his services and the most loyal and unarmurving acceptance of the complete overthrow of that cause. That the State of Virginia should designate him for that place in Statuary Hall as illustrious for distinguished military service, the Attorney General declares, is only natural and warranted under the reading of the law.

Mr. Wickersham's opinion was called forth by protests to the President from the Department of New York, Grand Army of the Republic.

EXTENSION OF POSTAL BANKS

Department Making Efforts to Establish Them in Second and Third Class Offices.

Washington: Strenuous efforts are being put forth by the Postoffice Department to establish branch postal savings banks late next fall in at least one second or third class office in each State. If the next Congress shall materially increase the appropriation of \$100,000 for establishing these branch offices the Department expects to be ready to extend the service to several larger offices by the time the appropriation is available. A large number of applications were received from postoffices asking that they be designated as postal banks. The postmaster at Portland, Ore., wrote that he was already carrying \$100,000 in money orders to the credit of patrons of his office who have deposited with him. Likewise the postmaster at Greenwood Spring, Colo., reported that he had more than \$15,000 on deposit in his office.

WILL DISCONTINUE STOPOVERS

Western and Southwestern Roads Will Cease Practice, Effective October 1 of This Year.

Chicago, Ill.: Railroads throughout the Western and Southern parts of the United States on Oct. 1 of this year will have discontinued the granting of stopover privileges on limited tickets wherever the practice operates to extend the time limit of the ticket. This became assured the Western Passenger Association, comprising the roads from Chicago and St. Louis westward, announced the adoption of a recommendation to that effect, to become effective Oct. 1. Roads of the Southwestern Passenger Association and the Central Passenger Association, including the railroads of the Southwest and those between Chicago, St. Louis and the East, had already taken the same action.

NICARAUGAN FORCES ROUTED

Advices Received at Bluefields Indicate Victory for Insurgents After Three Hours Fighting.

Bluefields: According to advices made public at the insurgent headquarters Gen. Moncado Tuesday defeated a Government force under Gen. Lara, north of Acopyapa. Moncado reports that after three hours' desperate fighting Lara raised the white flag, though most of his men fled before they could be taken prisoners. Forty prisoners and guns and equipment were taken by the insurgents.

NATIONAL GINNERS' REPORT

Cotton Condition Averages 72.9, Indicating About 11,500,000 Bales.

Memphis, Tenn.: The report of the National Ginner's Association, issued here indicates a condition of 72.9 per cent for cotton up to July 25. This, the report says, with average weather conditions, would seem to indicate a yield of from 11,000,000 to 11,500,000 bales.

EXCHANGES ADOPT STANDARD

Washington: The system of standardization of cotton devised by the Department of Agriculture probably will be in very general operation in all cotton exchanges by Sept. 1. The Bureau of Plant Industry of the department, which daily is sending out sets of samples of various grades of cotton that have been selected as standards, expects that before the end of the present month the exchanges will be supplied sufficiently to permit transactions of be made upon the basis of the proposed standards.

READY FOR MILITARY MANEUVERS

Leon Springs: Everything is in readiness here for the arrival of the regular troops and the National Guard, which will participate in a series of maneuvers for the next thirty days. Two battalions of regulars have arrived and pitched tents. The headquarters tent, the general hospital, the Quartermaster's and commissary tents and the signal corps quarters are already up. The grounds have been cleaned and ditched and all the regulars and volunteers will have to do will be to pitch tents.

Tutt's Pills

stimulate the torpid liver, strengthen the digestive organs, regulate the bowels, cure sick headache, etc. as an ANTI-BILIOUS MEDICINE. Elegantly sugar coated. Small dose. Price, 25c.

HED-LYTE

The new liquid headache and neuralgia medicine. Safe, Pleasant and Effective. 10c, 25c and 50c bottles at all Drug Stores. Manufactured by THE HED-LYTE COMPANY DALLAS TEXAS

Texas Directory

A Business Education The Metropolitan Business College Dallas, Texas, gives the most thorough training in Bookkeeping, Shorthand and Typewriting of any school in the South. Write for a new catalog, making course desired.

Radium SPRAY

EXTERMINATES Chicken Mites, Bed Bugs, Fleas, Mosquitoes, and all insects, Blintflies, and kills the dust in the air. Write for a new catalog, making course desired. HOUSTON PHONOGRAPH CO., 404 A Main St., Dallas

Missouri Tent and Awning Co.

520-28 ELM ST. DALLAS, TEXAS We manufacture everything in CANVAS GOODS at DALLAS FACTORY and all prices are f. o. b. Dallas

FREE—SIX AMBEROLS—FREE

Every owner of an Edison Phonograph can secure free six special Amberol records by aiding us in sales of Phonographs. Send list of prospects and we will cooperate for sales and mail you plan for operation. HOUSTON PHONOGRAPH CO. HOUSTON Edison Distributors TEXAS

AN INSURANCE EXCEPTION.

"Now," said the chronic quoter, "a man is known by the company he keeps."
"Say, I'm an insurance policy holder! Please don't class me with the company I keep!"
The Dentist's Joke.
At a recent dinner of the Authors' Club in London to Mr. Owen Seaman, the editor of Punch, Mr. Walter Emanuel, another member of the staff of Punch, referred to the fact that the man with the largest sense of humor he had ever struck was an Englishman—a dentist. He went to him after suffering long with a toothache. He refused to have gas, and the dentist pulled out a tooth, leaving him writhing in pain, and took the tooth to the window, where he laughed quite heartily. He groaned: "What's the joke?" "Wrong tooth," said the dentist.

Quantity Not Quality.

Teacher—Willie, have you whispered today without permission?
Willie—Yes, wunst.
Teacher—Johnnie, should Willie have said "wunst"?
Johnnie (triumphantly)—No, ma'am, he should have said twist.

Hedging.

Clergyman—Will you take this womon unoffensive?
Prospective Bridegroom—Isn't there any minimum sentence?

Know How To Keep Cool?

When Summer's sun and daily toil heat the blood to an uncomfortable degree, there is nothing so comforting and cooling as a glass of

Iced Postum

served with sugar and a little lemon.
Surprising, too, how the food elements relieve fatigue and sustain one.
The flavour is delicious—and Postum is really a food drink.

"There's a Reason"

POSTUM CEREAL CO., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

EAST TEXAS RACE RIOT SEVERAL ARE KILLED

THE GRAND JURY HAS BEEN RECONVENED BY THE DISTRICT JUDGE.

TROOPS AND RANGERS SENT

It is Said Negroes Were Arming and Organizing to Attack Whites—All is Now Quiet.

Palestine, Tex., Aug. 2: The Grand Jury was reconvened Monday by District Judge Gardner, who delivered to them his charge in connection with the recent negro massacre in this county, after which they began their investigation. In his charge Judge Gardner stated that the recent affair had not only humiliated and disgraced this county, but had also disgraced the State, and he emphasized the necessity for a most thorough investigation. He the charge was carefully listened to, spoke in a voice full of emotion and one of the jurors explaining that he was hard of hearing, taking his seat close to the judge's bench.

Eleven White Prisoners.

There are now a total of eleven prisoners, all white, in the county jail, charged with being principals or accessories in the killings.

Palestine, Aug. 1.—The dead (all colored): Cleve Larkin, aged 18; John Hays, aged 30; Alex Holly, aged 23; Sam Baker, aged 28; Ben Dancer, aged 70; Jeff Wilson, aged 45; Burley, age unknown.

The wounded (all colored): Charley Wilson, aged 15; Lusk Holly, aged 18.

The missing (all colored): Abe Wilson and a young son, Ned Larkin and William Forman.

Sunday's development in the massacre of negroes some twenty-three miles south of this city, reveal the fact that the reported race riot was a one-sided affair, no white man being even injured.

Adj. Gen. Newton and the Rangers are still on hand and will spend several days here. The company of militia has not yet been ordered to move. It is understood the officers are taking this precaution to prevent any possibility of lynching which may be attempted. A company of cavalry is due to arrive and they will assist in securing additional information as to parties guilty of participation in the killings.

Dr. Funderburk, Capt. Reese Fowler and numerous others questioned are authority for the statement that the number of dead are eight, with two wounded.

The County officers and Rangers at 9 o'clock arrived here with four white prisoners. The warrants in each case charge them with murder.

Palestine, Aug. 1: Eighteen negroes are reported killed in a race riot in the extreme eastern part of this county Friday night and Saturday. This is according to the most conservative reports which have reached here from the scene of the disturbance. Other reports which come direct from the towns and communities and neighborhoods affected are that many more are killed, but there is no way to verify them.

The trouble seems to have started Friday in the community three or four miles south of the small town of Slocum, which is near the Houston County line, and there are several causes which are said to have led up to it.

It is declared that the first bad feeling between the whites and the blacks was due to the fact that Alford Anderson, a white man who had indorsed a note for a negro, had to pay the obligation. This was some days after that, the report goes, a white man named James Spurger was notified to do road work under a negro overseer.

THOMAS DEFEATS DAVIDSON

Hopkins County Man Has 2,051 Plurality for Lieutenant Governor.

Dallas: The rather startling statement that Mr. Thomas now leads Mr. Davidson by 2,051 is warranted by the additional returns received Tuesday. The computations having been thoroughly checked and revised. The report has been from the first that the returns for Lieutenant Governor did not justify a statement as to who the nominee would be and that it would probably take the entire of fiscal count to determine. It is more than ever apparent that such is the case. For several days, as fresh returns came in, it has been a neck and neck race between Messrs. Davidson and Thomas and now is a nose and nose race.

Grand Encampment of K. of P. Milwaukee, Wis.: The opening ceremonies of the biennial grand encampment of the Uniform Rank of the Knights of Pythias and convention of the Supreme Lodge took place Tuesday under the most favorable auspices and with great impressiveness. The principal ceremony was that of the dedication of Camp Henry Parish Brown, so named in honor of Supreme Chancellor Brown of Cleburne, Texas, general orders of the dedication having been issued early in the day by Major General Stobart.

ROSALIND AT RED GATE

BY MEREDITH NICHOLSON
ILLUSTRATIONS BY RAY WALTERS
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SYNOPSIS.

Miss Patricia Holbrook and Miss Helen Holbrook, her niece, were entrusted to the care of Laurance Donovan, a writer, surviving near Port Annandale. Miss Patricia confided to Donovan that she feared her brother Henry, who, ruined by a bank failure, had constantly threatened her. Donovan discovered and captured an intruder, who proved to be Reginald Gillespie, author for the hour of Helen. Donovan saw Miss Holbrook and her father meet on friendly terms. Donovan sought an Italian assassin. He met the man he supposed was Holbrook, but who said he was Hartridge, a canoe-maker. Miss Pat announced her intention of fighting Henry Holbrook and not seeking another hiding place. Donovan met Helen in garden at night. Duplicity of Helen was confessed by the young lady. At night, disguised as a nun, Helen stole from the house. She met Reginald Gillespie, who told her his love. Gillespie was confronted by Donovan. At the town postoffice Helen, unseen except by Donovan, slipped a draft for her father into the hand of the Italian seller. A young lady resembling Miss Helen Holbrook was observed alone in a canoe, when Helen was thought to have been at home. Gillespie admitted giving Helen \$20,000 for her father, who had then left to spend it. Miss Helen and Donovan met in the night. She told him Gillespie was nothing to her. He confessed his love for her. Donovan found Gillespie, and bound in a cabin, inhabited by the villainous Italian and Holbrook. He released him. Both Gillespie and Donovan admitted love for Helen. Calling herself Rosalind, a "voles" appeared to Donovan for help. She told him to go to the canoe-maker's home and see that no injury befall him. He went to Red Gate. At the canoe-maker's home, Donovan found the brothers—Arthur and Henry Holbrook—who had fought each other, in consultation. "Rosalind" appeared. Arthur averted a murder. Donovan returning, met Gillespie alone in the dead of night. On investigation he found Henry Holbrook, the sailor, and Miss Helen engaged in an argument. It was settled and the departed. Donovan met the real Rosalind, who by night he had supposed to be Miss Helen Holbrook. She revealed the mix-up. Her father, Arthur Holbrook, was the canoe-maker, while Helen's father was Henry Holbrook, the erring brother. The cousins, Helen and Rosalind, were as much alike as twins. Thus Helen's supposed duplicity was explained. Helen visited Donovan, asking his assistance in bringing Miss Patricia Holbrook and Henry Holbrook together for a settlement of their money affairs. Arthur kept them apart for many years. Donovan refused to aid. He met Gillespie and planned a coup. By making Gillespie give a number of forged notes to Rosalind, who he supposed was Helen, so closely did they resemble each other, Donovan cleared the way for a settlement of the Holbrook troubles. Gillespie had possessed the only evidence of the Holbrooks' disservice. This evidence he hid by hidden. Helen suddenly disappeared. Donovan prepared to substitute Rosalind for her. For a time the ruse worked. Aunt Pat eventually discovered it, however. Arthur Holbrook had agreed to send up a rocket, if in danger. Really, Donovan saw the rocket fireworks. He and Gillespie rushed to Arthur Holbrook's cabin. Henry had struck his brother down. Arthur was revived.

CHAPTER XXIV.—Continued.

"I will hear what you have to say, Arthur," said Miss Pat; and I knew that there was no arresting the tide. I snatched out the sealed envelope and turned with it to Arthur Holbrook; and he took it into his hands and turned it over quietly, though his hands trembled.

"Tell me the truth, gentlemen!"—and Miss Pat's voice thrilled now with anger.

"Trickery, more trickery; those were stolen from Helen!" blurted Henry, his eyes on the envelope; but we were waiting for the canoe-maker to speak, and Henry's words rang emptily in the shop.

Arthur looked at his brother; then he faced his sister.

"Henry is not guilty," he said, calmly.

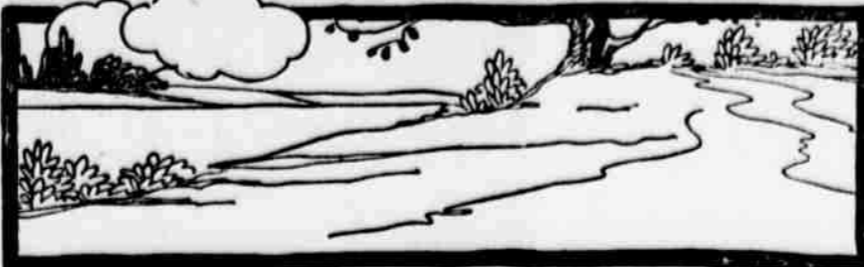
He turned with a quick gesture and thrust the envelope into the flame of one of the candles; but Helen sprang forward and caught away the blazing packet and smothered the flame between her hands.

"We will keep the proof," she said in a tone of triumph; and I knew then how completely she had believed in her father.

"I don't know what is in that packet," said Gillespie, slowly, speaking for the first time. "It has never been opened. My lawyer told me that father had sworn to a statement about the trouble with Holbrook Brothers and placed it with the notes. My father was a peculiar man in some ways," continued Gillespie, embarrassed by the attention that was now riveted upon him. "His lawyer told me that I was to open that package—before—before marrying into"—and he grew red and stammered helplessly, with his eyes on the floor—"before marrying into the Holbrook family. I gave up that packet"—and he hesitated, coloring, and turning from Helen to Rosalind—"by mistake. But it's mine, and I demand it now."

"I wish Aunt Pat to open the envelope," said Rosalind, very white.

Henry turned a look of appeal upon his brother; but Miss Pat took the envelope from Helen and tore it open; and we stood by as though we waited for death or watched earth fall upon a grave. She bent down to one of the candles nearest her and took out the notes, which were wrapped in a sheet of legal cap. A red seal brightened in the light, and we heard the slight rattle of the paper in her tremulous fingers as she read. Suddenly a tear flashed upon the white sheet. When she had quite finished she gathered Gillespie's statement and the notes in her hand and turned and gave them to Henry; but she did not speak to him or meet his eyes. She crossed to where Arthur stood beside me, his head bowed, and as she advanced he turned away; but her arms stole over his shoulders and she said "Arthur" once, and again very softly.



"We Ought to Have Brought Henry Here To-Night."

"I think," she said, turning toward us all, with her sweet dignity, her brave air, that touched me as at first and always, beyond any words of mine to describe, but strong and beautiful and sweet and thrilling through me now, like bugles blown at dawn; "I think that we do well, Arthur, to give Henry his money."

And now it was Arthur's voice that rose in the shop; and it seemed that he spoke of his brother as of one who was far off. We listened with painful intentness to this man who had suffered much and given much, and who still, in his simple heart, asked no praise for what he had done.

"He was strong, and I was weak; and I did for him what I could. And what I gave, I gave freely, for it is not often in this world that the weak may help the strong. He had the gifts, Pat, that I had not, and troops of friends; and he had ambitions that in my weakness I was not capable of; so I had not much to give. But what I had, Pat, I gave to him; and I went to Gillespie and confessed; I took the blame; and I came here and worked with my hands—with my hands—!" And he extended them as though the proof were asked; and kept repeating, between his sobs: "With my hands."

CHAPTER XXV.

Daybreak.

At midnight Gillespie and I discussed the day's affairs on the terrace at Glenarm. There were long pauses in our talk. Such things as we had seen and heard that night, in the canoe-maker's shop on the little creek, were beyond our poor range of words. And in the silences my own reflections were not wholly happy. If Miss Pat and Rosalind had not followed me to the canoe-maker's I might have spared Helen; but looking back, I would not change it now if I could. Helen had returned to St. Agatha's with her aunt, who would have it so; and we had parted at the school door, Miss Pat and Helen, Gillespie and I, with restraint heavy upon us all. Miss Pat had, it seemed, summoned her lawyer from New York several days before, to discuss the final settlement of her father's estate; and he was expected the next morning. I had asked them all to Glenarm for breakfast; and Arthur Holbrook and Rosalind, and Henry, who had broken down at the end, had agreed to come.

As we talked on, Gillespie and I, there under the stars, he disclosed, all unconsciously, new and surprising traits, and I felt my heart warming to him.

"He's a good deal of a man, that Arthur Holbrook," he remarked after a long pause. "He's beyond me. The man who runs the enemy's lines to bring relief to the garrison, or the leader of a forlorn hope, is tame after this. I suppose the world would call him a fool."

"Undoubtedly," I answered. "But he didn't do it for the world; he did it for himself. We can't applaud a thing like that in the usual phrases."

"No," Gillespie added; "only get down on our knees and bow our heads in the dust before it."

He rose and paced the long terrace. In his boat-shoes and white flannels he glided noiselessly back and forth,

like a ghost in the star dusk. He paused at the western balustrade and looked off at St. Agatha's. Then he passed me and paused again, gazing lakeward through the wood as though turning from Helen to Rosalind; and I knew "that it was with her, far over the water, in the little cottage at Red Gate, that his thoughts lingered. But when he came and stood beside me and rested his hand on my shoulder I knew that he wished to speak of Helen and I took his hand, and spoke to him to make it easier.

"Well, old man!"

"I was thinking of Helen," he said. "So was I, Buttons."

"They are different, the two. They are very different."

"They are as like as God ever made two people; and yet they are different."

"I think you understand Helen. I never did," he declared, mournfully.

"You don't have to," I replied; and laughed, and rose and stood behind him.

"And now there's something I want to speak to you about to-night. Helen borrowed some money of you a little while ago to meet one of her father's demands. I expect a draft for that money by the morning mail, and I want you to accept it with my thanks, and hers. And the incident shall pass as though it had never been."

About one o'clock the wind freshened and the trees flung out their arms like runners rushing before it; and from the west marched a storm with banners of lightning. It was a splendid spectacle, and we went indoors only when the rain began to wash across the terrace. We still watched it from our windows after we went upstairs, the lightning now blazing out blindingly, like sheets of flame from a furnace door, and again cracking about the house like a fiery whip.

"We ought to have brought Henry here to-night," remarked Gillespie. "He's alone over there on the island with that dog and they're likely celebrating by getting drunk."

"The lightning's getting on your nerves; go to bed," I called back.

The storm left peace behind and I was abroad early, eager to have the first shock of the morning's meetings over. Gillespie greeted me cheerily and I told him to follow when he was ready. I went out and paced the walk between the house and St. Agatha's and as I peered through the iron gate I saw Miss Pat come out of the house and turn into the garden. I came upon her walking slowly with her hands clasped behind her. She spoke first, as though to avoid any expression of sympathy, putting out her hand.

Filmy lace at the wrists gave to her hands a quaint touch akin to that imparted by the cap on her white head. I was struck afresh by the background that seemed always to be sketched in for her, and just now, beyond the bright garden, it was a candle-lighted garret, with trunks of old letters tied in dim ribbons, and lavender scented chests of Valenciennes and silks in forgotten patterns.

"I am well, quite well, Larry!"

"I am glad! I wished to be sure!"

"Do not trouble about me. I am glad of everything that has happened—glad and relieved. And I am grateful to you."

"I have served you ill enough. I,



stumbled in the dark much of the time. I wanted to spare you, Miss Pat."

"I know that; and you tried to save Helen. She was blind and misguided. She had believed in her father and the last blow crushed her. Everything looks dark to her. She refuses to come over this morning; she thinks she can not face her uncle, her cousin or you again."

"But she must come," I said. "It will be easier to-day than at any later time. There's Gillespie, calling me now. He's going across the lake to meet Arthur and Rosalind. I shall take the launch over to the island to bring Henry. We should all be back at Glenarm in an hour. Please tell Helen that we must have her, that no one should stay away."

Miss Pat looked at me oddly, and her fingers touched a stalk of hollyhock beside her as her eyes rested on mine.

"Larry," she said, "do not be sorry for Helen if pity is all you have for her."

I laughed and seized her hands.

"Miss Pat, I could not feel pity for any one so skilled with the sword as she! It would be gratuitous! She put up a splendid fight, and it's her credit that she stood by her father and resented my interference, as she had every right to do. She was not really against you, Miss Pat; it merely happened that you were in the way when she struck at me with the foil, don't you see?"

"Not just that way, Larry"—and she continued to gaze at me with a sweet distress in her eyes; then, "Rosalind is very different," she added.

"I have observed it! The ways in which they are utterly unlike are remarkable; but I mustn't keep Gillespie waiting. Good-by for a little while!" And some foreboding told me that sorrow had not yet done with her.

Gillespie shouted impatiently as I ran toward him at the boat-house.

"It's the Stiletto," he called, pointing to where the sloop lay, midway of the lake. "She's in a bad way."

"The storm blew her out," I suggested, but the sight of the boat, listing badly, as though water-logged, struck me ominously.

"We'd better pick her up," he said; and he was already dropping one of the canoes into the water. We paddled swiftly toward the sloop. The lake was still fretful from the storm's lashing, but the sky was without fleck of flaw. The earliest of the little steamers was crossing from the village, her whistle echoing and reechoing round the lake.

"The sloop's about done for," said Gillespie over his shoulder; and we drove our blades deeper. The Stiletto was floating stern-on and rolling loggily, but retaining still, I thought, something of the sinister air that she had worn on her strange business through those summer days.

"She went to bed all right; see, her sails are furled snug and everything's in shape. The storm drove her over here," said Gillespie. "She's struck something, or somebody's smashed her."

It seemed impossible that the storm unassisted had blown her from Battle Orchard across Lake Annandale; but we were now close upon her and seeking for means of getting aboard.

"She's a bit sloppy," observed Gillespie, as we swung round and caught hold. The water gurgled drunkenly in the cuddy, and a broken lantern rattled on the deck. I held fast as he climbed over, sending me off a little as he jumped aboard, and I was working back again with the paddle when he cried out in alarm.

As I came alongside he came back to help me, and when he bent over to catch the painter I saw that his face was white.

"We might have known it," he said. "It's the last and worst that could happen."

Face down across the cuddy lay the body of Henry Holbrook. His water-soaked clothing was torn as though in a fierce struggle. A knife thrust in the side told the story; he had crawled to the cuddy roof to get away from the water and had died there.

"It was the Italian," said Gillespie. "They must have had a row last night after we left them, and it came to this. He chopped a hole in the Stiletto and set her adrift to sink."

I looked about for the steamer, which was backing away from the pier at Port Annandale, and signaled her with my handkerchief. And when I faced Gillespie again he pointed silently toward the lower lake, where a canoe rode the bright water.

Rosalind and her father were on their way from Red Gate to Glenarm. Two blades flashed in the sun as the canoe came toward us. Gillespie's lips quivered and he tried to speak as he pointed to them; and then we both turned silently toward St. Agatha's, where the chapel tower rose above the green wood.

"Stay and do what is to be done," I said. "I will find Helen and tell her."

THE END.

The Gentleman. He is gentle if he doth what 'longeth to a gentleman.—Chaucer.

WANTS HER LETTER PUBLISHED

For Benefit of Women who Suffer from Female Ills

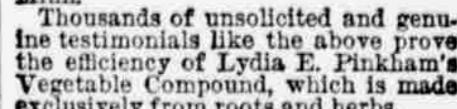
Minneapolis, Minn.—"I was a great sufferer from female troubles which caused a weakness and broken down condition of the system. I read so much of what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound had done for other suffering women I felt sure it would help me, and I must say it did help me wonderfully. My pains all left me, I grew stronger, and within three months I was a perfectly well woman."

"I want this letter made public to show the benefit women may derive from Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—Mrs. JOHN G. MOLDAN, 215 Second St., North, Minneapolis, Minn.

Thousands of unsolicited and genuine testimonials like the above prove the efficiency of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which is made exclusively from roots and herbs.

Women who suffer from those distressing ills peculiar to their sex should not lose sight of these facts or doubt the ability of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to restore their health.

If you want special advice write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. She will treat your letter as strictly confidential. For 20 years she has been helping sick women in this way, free of charge. Don't hesitate—write at once.



PARKER'S HAIR BALM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Restores to the hair its natural color. Cures itching scalp. 25c and 50c at Druggists.

Clever Joke of King. King Edward's great nature was illustrated the other night by a London correspondent at the Press club in New York.

"The king," said the correspondent, "was visiting Rufford Abbey, and one morning, in company with his host, Lord Arthur Saville, he took a walk over the preserves."

"Suddenly Lord Arthur, a big burly man, rushed forward and seized a shabby fellow with a dead pheasant protruding from the breast of his coat."

"Sir," said Lord Arthur to the king, "this fellow is a bad egg. This is the second time I've caught him poaching."

"But the king's handsome face beamed, and he laughed his gay and tolerant laugh.

"Oh, let him go," he said. "If he really were a bad egg, you know, he wouldn't poach."

Mathematical Request. Little Mary, seven years old, was saying her prayers. "And God," she petitioned at the close, "make seven times six forty-eight."

"Why, Mary, why did you say that?" asked her mother.

"Cause that's the way I wrote it in 'amination in school today, and I want it to be right."—Lippincott's.

The Ready Theorist. "You see," explained the scientist, "house flies are dangerous because they carry germs on their feet."

"Ah!" exclaimed the ready theorist; "then the remedy is simple. All you need to do is to make them wear overshoes and leave them on the porch when they come in."

In the Night School. Teacher (of night school)—"What do you understand by the terms 'life sentence'?" Give an example of one. Shaggy-Haired Pupil—I pronounced you husband and wife.—Chicago Tribune.

Hungry Little Folks find delightful satisfaction in a bowl of toothsome Post Toasties

When the children want lunch, this wholesome nourishing food is always ready to serve right from the package without cooking, and saves many steps for mother.

Let the youngsters have Post Toasties—superb summer food.

"The Memory Lingers"

Postum Cereal Co., Limited, Battle Creek, Mich.

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Water! Water!! Come all ye that thirst and are very dry and let Haskell ship or put in a pipe line and supply you with water.

Now is the time to show the Rock Island people, that, the good free everlasting waters at Haskell is no small advantage to ignore when they build their western extension.

The Haskell Power Co. are making ice now of distilled water that is so clear you can read the Free Press through a seven hundred pound block the long way. The ice is several degrees colder than can ice and there is such a demand for it the plant can't supply it.

The Wichita Valley railroad has moved all its water tanks during the drouth between Seymour and Haskell and located one here that is 24 feet in diameter. Water is very scarce in all West Texas but Haskell has got plenty of water. The railroad company has connected its tank with the city water main. We have often wondered why the railroad people avoided Haskell, but now that the drouth is on that has tested the water question to the limit, they have taken advantage of the Haskell water system. We can not only furnish water for the trains but we can supply any neighboring town with water. It can be either shipped by rail or pipe line.

The new Presbyterian parsonage is nearing completion. Haskell is taking care of her ministers and we believe they deserve good treatment. If the preachers did not combat the influence of the moral reprobates in the community, the standard of personal morals would soon seek a lower level. We hope our ministers will get well acquainted with the human side of life and while pointing the way for the future let them administer reproof and awaken the people to such high moral ideals that all the old reprobates will feel lonesome.

A good old minister requested us to get after the chicken thieves. This we are willing to do, but we want the preachers to help us. Preach a few times from the ten commandments on theft. There are white boys all over Texas and especially in Haskell that are worse than Chinese, Japanese, Hindoos or Africans about stealing poultry, fruit, melons or anything laying around loose. Their parents live here too. Can't we get some Chinese or Hindoo missionaries to come over here and teach us not to steal. We have been sending missionaries to them, now we have heard that these people do not steal yet we think we are better than they are if they are honest lets get them to come and teach us how to be honest. It is said too that the Americans are the greatest purjurers on earth. Judges and lawyers know what they go against in our courts. Many

Cases are tried on the evidence of "false witness". What does the Bible say about bearing "false witness"? Purjury is the lowest of all crimes. The hardest to detect, expose or punish, and for this reason it is the weapon of the shyster, or the bully in every community. Now with new churches, new parsonages, lets break up petty theiving, purjuring and the system of low street corner morals, that mislead so many boys.

There were quite a number of errors in the unofficial returns as published in the Free Press last week but we have made the corrections this week and give the officials returns.

The candidates for County Clerk tied and are running off the race, Faulkner and Fitzgerald are running the second race for Sheriff, Meadows and Walling are running for Tax Collector, Post and Hill for Justice of the Peace, DeBard and Lambert for Constable and Russell and North cut for Cotton Weigher.

Jno A. Couch was nominated for County Chairman and Committemen for all precincts except nos 5, 13 and 14.

The Committemen are as follows:

T. B. Russell, Haskell; J. H. Cook, Brushy; J. R. Dinsmore, Howard; Frank Pilly, Sagerton; J. E. Robertson and John Therwhanger tied at Weinert; S. W. Vernon, Rule; C. J. Reese, Cliff; J. A. Berry, Cottonwood; Dud Boone, Miller Creek; P. C. Patterson, J. H. Tipter and Gus Grussendorf at Irby and H. F. Monke at Zahn.

WEAVER CHAPEL.

To the Free Press.

I wish write a few dots to let the people know that the Free Will Baptist will commence a meeting at Weaver Chapel on Staurday night before the first Sunday in August and continue until the second Sunday and on the second Sunday night they will hold Communion Services and foot washing The meeting will be conducted by Bro. A. M. Griffin of Weinert, so everybody invited to come one come and be with us.

R. Brooks,
Church Clerk..

HOT WEATHER IN HASKELL

Last Tuesday afternoon a special test of temperature was made. One thermometer was hung in a cool shady place where the breeze could strike it fully. This instrument registered 105 degrees.

Another thermometer was hung in the sun but so that the breeze could strike it and let no heat except that from the sun get to the instrument. The temperature in this instrument measured 120 1/2 degrees. The barometer showed only "fair" weather, and for ten days this instrument has been unchanged.

MORTUARY

We have just learned of the death of S. G. Dean Jr. of Bettie, Texas, July 22nd. The deceased is a son of Mr. and Mrs. S. G. Dean of this city, and was engaged in the merchantile business at Bettie. Mr. and Mrs. Dean have many friends here who will regret to hear of their bereavement. We desire to express our deep sympathy for the family in this the greatest of all earthly trials.

CARD OF THANKS.

I desire to thank the voters of precinct No 1 for the support they gave me in the primary election July 23rd. I assure you one and all it was more than appreciated.

Respectfully,
W. D. Joiner.

When hungry visit Jacks restaurant.

DOUGLAS DOTS

Well, as I did not come last week will try to give a little news this time.

Farmers are up with their work and would be pleased to see a real good rain.

S. M. Singleton and family from Throckmorton have been visiting J. B. Patterson and family for the past week.

I regret to report, that Mr. Geo. Pistole happened to a serious accident by getting his back hurt by lifting a wagon bed, though he is able to be buming around now, was the guest of Mr. Earles son.

Mr. Bill Earles visited home folks Sunday.

Mr. Earles was the guest of Elsie Patterson Saturday night.

Miss Rosy Brown looked rather blue Sunday. Cheer up old girl while there is life there is hope.

Mr. Welborn Parks has been all smiles. Some times wonder why?

J. A. Creaser and Pan Whitby made a flying trip to Stamford.

Jim Earles and wife were the guest of Mr. Susie Earles Saturday and Sunday.

Sunday school is all end now. Nothing doing at Douglas.

Wanted—A girl, old maid or widow, that can do all kinds of house work, chopping stove wood and feeding five dogs included. Apply to Bill Earles.

Talk about playing mumalpeg, Mr. J. P. Brown Jr. can beat any one.

Elsie Patterson visited Maodie Garvin Sunday week.

Well I will ring off for this time. Best wishes to Free Press. Bennie.

A RECEPTION

One of the most pleasant events of the summer was the reception given at the home of Mrs. G. R. Couch's from 5 to 7 o'clock Thursday afternoon, July 28th, in honor of Mrs. Jno. A. Arbuckle. The music rendered by Mrs. H. R. Jones was very much appreciated by all present. Social chats were the feature of the afternoon. Mrs. Couch was assisted by her daughters. Miss Florence presiding over the punch bowl, and Miss Lela served refreshments to, Mrs. Jno. Arbuckle, Mrs. Oates, Mrs. Pierson, Mrs. D. Scott, Mrs. Nicholson, Mrs. Whiteker, Mrs. Bowman, Mrs. H. R. Jones, Mrs. Posey, Mrs. Clifton, Mrs. I. D. Killingsworth, Mrs. Jno. Couch, Mrs. Will Killingsworth, Mrs. DeBard, Mrs. Lilly, Mrs. H. S. Wilson, Mrs. E. Griffin, Mrs. Collins, Mrs. Murphy, Mrs. Travis Arbuckle, Mrs. Hughes, Mrs. Ross, Mrs. A. J. Smith, Mrs. Gus Evans, Mrs. Tom Russell, Mrs. Seal and Mrs. McFatter. A Member.

For Sale—Fifteen Lots.

In Johnson addition to Haskell for sale cheap.
Sanders & Wilson.

Mr. W. H. Chambers of Decatur, the father of Ed Chambers of this city and Misses Alice and Erma Chamber of Sanger sisters of Mr. Ed Chambers, whoh ave been visiting in this city have returned to their homes.

Our abstract books are complete and up-to-date. Get your abstracts from
Sanders & Wilson.

Little Miss. Connie Griffin was operated upon a few days ago for appendicitis at the Alexander Sanitarium at Abilene. We learn she is getting along well, and will soon recover.

A. C. Crosby, of Ennis, Ellis county, who owns a farm in west side was here this week. We have known Mr. Crosby from boyhood and we are always glad to see him.

Miss Floa Tandy, who has been visiting friends and relatives at Waco has returned to this city.

**FROM REV. ABEMULKEY
In the Christian Advocate**

I want to say that I have just visited Haskell, and had the most profitable meeting in every way.

Brother Bruce Meador, the pastor, was once a business man of Corsicana, and was a success.

He has accomplished a great work at Haskell. This is his third year for that charge. He found when he went there three hundred members; he has now six hundred and fifty; about thirty was added during my stay with him; the others were his own chatch.

He had a church building worth about \$500; he now has an-up-to-date stone and brick church, embracing the lot, costing about \$30,000. This was secured by his own efforts, saved \$5000, which was contributed at the close of the service.

He lives in the parsonage, worth about \$1500. He called the ladies of his church together, which numbered 110. He asked me to say a few words concerning the construction of a new parsonage to them which I did.

There was no collection lifted for it; however, the sentiment was increased, and since leaving there one lady offered to give the frame work of the building and they will let the contract out in about ten days, I think, for about a \$3500 building. He has carried on the church construction part of our work without friction, which is not always the case. He has carried on the work both spiritual and temporal and kept on the first floor with God and man is my judgement. He has more men women and children to pray in public than any charge I have ever served. How often it is the people want the pastor to leave after building parsonage and church but is not the case at Haskell. His business education has helped him bridge over many difficulties that arise without this qualification, and I think will be ready to dedicate by conference. "On with the battle."

ABE MULKEY

To The Voters

I take this method of extending my thanks to all who gave me their support in the first primary. I was only five votes behind the foremost on the ticket.

I feel very grateful to all my friends. I shall use my best efforts to see all the voters before the next primary. Friends help me in this matter by talking for me. Urge my friends to go to work for me now. I know that I can make you a satisfactory officer and will appreciate the help just now very much. I need the office and will consider that you placed a great honor upon me by giving me the place, and will know that you have assisted me to a position where I can earn my way. If you can get up and talk for me and help me now I will win the place with a good majority. J. E. Walling, Candidate for Collector. Advertisement

Mr B. Q. Burch of McConnell was in Haskell Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. T. B. Morgan of Amarillo are visiting the family of Mr. G. T. McCulloh of this city Mr. Morgan is a brother of Mrs. McCulloh.

Mrs. E. H. Morrison and children who have been visiting in this city have returned to their home at Graham Texas. Mrs. Morrison is a daughter of Mrs. J. S. Rike of this city.

If you want to borrow money on your land or sell land notes see Sanders & Wilson.

Mr. Bob Williams of Dellis is visiting in this city.

Mrs Annie Morgan who has been visiting in San Angelo has reher turned home in this city.

Mrs J. R. Watson of the east side has returned from a visit to North T exas.

LOWNEY'S CHOCOLATES
West Side Pharmacy
Lloyd & Co., Proprietors
H. H. Langford, Mgr.
PURE DRUGS
BEST LINE OF CIGARS

A POINTER TO MR. COLQUITT

Hon. Oscar Branch Colquitt who has been nominated for governor by an overwhelming plurality, has announced that he is going to serve as Railway Commissioner until January, or until he is inaugurated as Governor of Texas.

No one can criticise his position in this determination. It is well known fact that he and the present governor are not in accord and if Mr. Colquitt should resign as Railway Commissioner, it would devolve upon Governor Campbell to appoint Mr. Colquitt's successor, who would have two years to serve. This being true, Mr. Colquitt feeling that Governor Campbell would not appoint a man in harmony with the incoming administration, has announced that he will appoint his successor.

In this decision Mr. Colquitt is above criticism and his action will be heartily approved by his friends.

The office of railway commissioner ranks in importance almost to that of governor, and in West Texas it is of supreme importance. This is true from the fact that in no section of the state is there the amount of railway building as in West Texas, and this is certain to be the case for some years to come. This being the case, and it cannot be controverted, West Texas submits that she should be entitled to recognition on the Railway Commission.

Another reason, that West Texas presents, is the fact that she has not had her share of state officials and a recognition by Governor O. B. Colquitt would be fully appreciated from this standpoint. The census reports that have been announced so far show that no section of the state is developing as rapidly, the increase in population in many West Texas counties being phenomenal. Notwithstanding the fact that West Texas was not in harmony with Mr. Colquitt's views on the submission question, this was waived by thousands of voters and they voted for him on account of his manly campaign and his strong fight for political peace and legislative rest and to the surprise of the submission leaders of the state, West Texas, practically all of which is in the dry column, gave Mr. Colquitt a plurality of votes, and of this splendid vote it is hoped that Mr. Colquitt will take due cognizance and appoint as his successor on the Railway Commission, a man of and for West Texas. The News has no name to suggest, but, in case Mr. Colquitt should decide to recognize West Texas in this manner, there are many men in this section who would fill this important position with credit to Texas, and with pride to the distinguished official who has so ably filled it, and who is soon to be elevated to the highest position, within the gift of the people of Texas.—Stamford News, July 29, 1910.

Call at Jacks restaurant for a square meal

Boost Don't Knock. Place your orders with Chambers for feed and coal.

THANKS EXTENDED.

I thank every voter in Haskell County, who assisted me in the Primary on July 23rd and I want you to help me from now till the Polls close on the 13th. I have a plurality of seven over all of my opponents in the first primary, and I have won the office fair and square in the first race, and now ask your help in the second. There can be no question as to my fitness for the place as I have been Deputy Colletor for the past two years. I have no income but my salary. Be sure and come out on August 13th and vote for the leading candidate in the first primary for Tax Collector.

Respectfully,
J. H. Meadors,
The leading candidate in the first primary for Tax Collector.

REUNION OF BOSQUE COUNTY CITIZENS.

We have been requested by Mr. F. C. Lowe to announce that those citizens of Haskell county who came from Bosque county will have a picnic and reunion at Rule on the 19th of August.

There will be prominent speakers and the old fiddlers have been invited to attend.

Everybody is invited to attend and bring a full basket.

BALLEW HAPPENINGS
August 1st.

Mr. Ray Dennington is better this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Baugh have returned from Rule, where they have spent the past three weeks and Miss Eva Baugh returned with them.

Everybody come to the revival meeting next week.

We are all sleepy from attending church late at night.

Miss Mabel Cunningham is on the sick list this week.

Miss Josie Toliver and Nellie Arnold have been visiting on the west side of town for several days.

The hot winds have not ceased yet.

Miss Ardonis Joslett had company Sunday. "Rambler."

YATES-WILLIAMS

On Last Tuesday Mr. Jno. Yates and Miss Lula Williams were married at the parsonage in McConnell, Rev. Addison officiated.

CHRISTIAN CHUCH.

Special services at Christian Church Sunday morning.

Edward Owers, Texas Bible School Superintendent will be present to talk on the Bible School work in Texas.

The Sunday School will have its usual Singing by their childrens Choir which is one of the best Choirs in the State.

Every body invited to attend and the members of the Choir are urged to come a few minutes early. Sunday School begins at 10 a. m.

On next Friday night a protracted meeting will commence at Howard school house. Rev. O. E. Phillips will hold the meeting. Everybody invited to attend.

	1 Haskell	2 Brushy	3 Howard	4 Sagerton	5 Rochester	6 Weinert	7 Rule	8 Cliff	9 Cot' wood	10 Joe Bailey	11 Jud	12 O'Brien	13 McConnell	14 Cobb	15 Irby	16 Moeller	17 Kirkdale	18 Zahn	Total
For Representative, R. B. HUMPHREY,	568	61	45	167	156	133	261	35	67	42	62	50	22	14	19	12	14	23	1756
For County Judge A. J. SMITH JOE IRBY	331 282	47 23	40 14	107 85	55 111	88 52	136 149	19 17	36 32	38 8	33 46	32 26	17 9	8 6	6 13	6 8	10 4	9 16	1118 901
For County Attorney J. E. WILFONG BRUCE W. BRYANT	247 363	21 46	18 33	97 86	70 95	65 77	116 165	17 18	32 37	19 24	37 41	18 39	12 13	13 1	6 12	10 4	3 12	15 9	816 1075
For County Clerk J. L. ROBERTSON J. W. MEADORS	363 254	21 48	30 24	58 127	75 91	68 74	151 140	21 16	41 30	34 13	32 45	20 38	18 8	0 14	13 6	8 6	6 9	4 20	963 963
For District Clerk GUY O. STREET W. W. MURPHY	459 150	31 38	40 11	127 56	96 66	90 50	175 115	24 13	40 29	35 10	39 37	33 25	21 5	12 2	9 10	8 5	11 2	7 17	1257 641
For Sheriff M. S. EDWARDS M. L. LYNCH W. D. FAULKNER M. E. PARK I. W. (Walter) KIRKPATRICK W. W. FITZGERALD.	113 38 153 37 94 175	4 0 17 0 29 18	3 4 30 1 2 15	10 9 102 14 14 43	12 18 85 18 14 20	19 0 27 12 13 68	17 7 138 23 79 28	3 2 16 5 3 8	6 3 21 2 14 24	0 2 30 2 2 11	5 1 26 6 13 27	5 2 41 4 3 10	1 1 12 0 2 9	2 0 0 0 0 14	0 2 5 0 2 10	0 0 0 0 4 10	0 0 5 0 10 0	0 1 4 3 1 15	195 90 712 127 296 505
For Tax Collector J. H. MEADORS C. R. PETERS A. H. NORRIS J. E. WALLING	195 171 122 126	40 11 8 10	25 11 5 13	94 25 8 62	44 63 8 52	43 36 12 49	66 20 11 197	16 1 0 20	20 18 16 15	18 4 3 20	26 22 3 26	23 7 2 23	11 6 4 6	2 12 0 0	9 2 3 5	2 4 1 7	2 4 1 6	11 11 0 2	647 428 207 639
For Tax Assessor J. W. TARBETT R. H. SPROWLS	228 382	36 32	34 20	116 75	117 49	67 73	209 80	15 20	41 29	40 7	59 23	38 19	20 7	1 13	10 9	5 7	12 3	5 19	1053 867
For County Treasurer J. M. PERRY EMORY MENEFFEE	73 541	20 45	22 31	43 137	54 113	32 110	49 244	6 51	15 55	16 31	29 49	18 38	14 13	3 11	2 17	2 12	3 11	7 17	408 1506
For Commissioner, Pre. No. 1 T. A. MAYES R. C. WHITMIRE	150 454				97 69		183 101	13 24			66 13	25 30			0 18			3 20	537 729
For Justice of Peace, Pre. No. 1 A. J. HILL S. A. HUGHES J. S. POST	227 112 272														1 2 15				228 114 287
For Constable Pre. No. 1 T. W. CARLETON W. D. JOINER A. G. LAMBERT R. E. DeBARD	93 99 164 174														11 3 2 1				104 102 166 175
For Public Weigher Pre. No. 1 J. L. GARDNER C. H. RUSSELL E. L. NORTH CUTT B. F. WALKER	173 184 183 71																		

Governor	
Davidson	195
Johnson	295
Jones	8
Colquitt	628
Poindexter	674
Lieutenant Governor	
Webster	228
Hawkins	282
Thomas	633
Davidson	429
Hammonds	145
Attorney General	
Lightfoot	1662
Treasurer	
Sparks	1410
Winningham	290
Comptroller	
Teague	402
Waller	137
Burks	581
Barker	184
Lane	415
R. R. Comr., Reg. Term	
Thomas	485
Daehliel	224
Mayfield	569
Blake	451
R. R. Comr., Unexp. Term	
Williams	1802
Comr. Gen. Land Office	
Geers	644
Robison	742
Hill	263
Supt. Public Instruction	
Bralley	1723
Comr. Agriculture	
Kone	1631
Court Criminal Appeal	
McCord	644
Harper	402
Turner	572
As. Just. Supr. Court	
Brown	1827
U. S. Senator	
Culberson	1798
Chief Justice 2nd Jud. Dist.	
Connor	1498
For Submission	837
Against Submission	554

Congressman 16th Dist.
Smith..... 1789

Dist. Judge 39th Dist.
Thomas..... 550
Hopson..... 263
Jones..... 1011

District Attorney.
Stinson..... 1857

GUS EVANS
JEWELER
Repairs Anything
in the Jewelry Line.

R. R. Time Schedule
EAST BOUND
No. 2 Due at7:50 a. m.
No. 6 Due at10:09 p. m.
WEST BOUND
No. 1 Due at6:50 p. m.
No. 5 Due at5:17 a. m.

Locals and Personals.
Miss Ruby Guthrie who has been teaching school at Irby, left Tuesday night for Waco where she will spend her vacation with her parents.
Vote on August 13th for J. H. MEADORS the leading candidate for Tax Collector. Adv. 31-2t
The best for the money at Jacks restaurant.
John Lowry, while cleaning a 41 pistol, shot himself in the leg Saturday. The ball interred the calf of his leg ranged downward There were no bones broken, but we understand that the ball has not been located.
Dick Pogue arrived here from El Paso County Tuesday. Mr. Pogue was an early settler of this county, but for several years has been in the West. He has eight sections of fine land in the Western Country.

Meridian Woman's College

One of the Nation's Leading Schools for Young Ladies and Girls.

Sixty-acre campus for out door life. Boating, Fishing, Swimming, Basket Ball, Tennis, Swings, Beautiful Military Drill. Happy Healthful surroundings.

Excellent Faculty of Christian Teachers live with the girls. Special Advantages in Art, Elocution, Domestic Science, along with the highest Literary Training.



An Ideal Union of Home and School.

A Vegetable Farm, Scientific Cooking, Excellent Board, Special Dormitory for young girls in lower grades. See full particulars in our beautiful illustrated catalog. Write to President J. W. Beeson, Dept. (B 9), Meridian, Miss.

The new Methodist Parsonage is nearing completion. The work has been the most rapid and the building will soon be ready for occupancy.
Mr. A. H. Tandy who has been visiting his daughter Mrs. S. W. Scott and son Henry Tandy returned to his home in the Panhandle Thursday. He was accompanied by his granddaughter Miss Elsie Scott who will spend a few Weeks visiting her grandfather.
For Sale—A second hand wagon and harness. For particulars see J. N. McFatter, Haskell, Tex.
Vote on August 13th for J. H. MEADORS the leading candidate for Tax Collector. Adv. 31-2t
Last Wednesday at about six o'clock p. m. the barn of L. A. Stewart was discovered to be on fire. The alarm was given and the fire boys and citizens turned out with buckets and saved the residence which was threatened.

In last issue we made a mistake in the vote for District Judge, wherein we state that Jno. B. Thomas received 843 votes.
The correct count was
Jno. B. Thomas 580
John D. Hopson 263
H. R. Jones 1011
Our abstract books are complete and up-to-date. Get your abstracts from Sanders & Wilson.
We have one doz. fine thorough bred Rhode Island Red Cockerels for sale at \$1.00 each Write or see M. O. Baker Goree, Tex. 32-4t
List Your Land and we will advertise and it for you. Sanders & Wilson.
Mrs H. R. Jones will take up her music class for the fall term when school begins in September.
If you have a bargain in land list it with Sanders & Wilson; they will advertise and sell it for you.

Born August 3rd to Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Irby a daughter.
Mr. J. P. Courtney of Halene New Mexico is visiting his son Geo. Courtney of this city.
Mr. G. B. McGuire and family are spending a few weeks at the summer resorts of Colorado.
Mr. J. L. Bledsoe of center point has been very sick the past few days.
Messrs A. O. Hancock and Lee Ballew are spending a few days this week on the creek fishing and hunting.
Messrs J. H. Hicks and W. J. Greer of the Rochester community were in town Monday.
Mrs. S. H. Foster received a telegram Sunday that Samie, who is visiting in Corsicana, was very sick. Mr. Foster left on the first train, and was expected home Wednesday night.
Mrs A. O. Hancock and little daughter Sibyle, are visiting relatives at Wichita Falls this week.

All Druggists sell Dr. Cox's Barbed Wire Liniment, 25c, 50c and \$1.00 bottles. Guaranteed to heal without leaving a blemish, or money refunded.
Are you looking for a snap? I have it in the best grades of coal for winter at summer prices! See me. Chambers
Guarantee your winter coal SUPPLY—HOW?
By buying summer storage. Where? of E. A. Chambers.
Mr. T. E. Ballard shipped two cars of cattle from his ranch, in this week.
Mrs. G. E. Langford who has been visiting her parents in Oklohoma was expected home last evening.
Ice Cream, Freezers \$1.50 to \$2.25 Jelly Glasses 30c per doz. Hancock & Co.
Dr. Cox's Barbed Wire Liniment does not burn or blister, relieves pain quickly, and will not bother the wound. For sale by All Druggists.

FROM THE STATE CAPITAL

WHAT THE LEGISLATORS AND SENATORS ARE DOING FOR THEIR STATE AT AUSTIN.

Austin: Following the Senate rejection by a vote of 22 to 7 of the name of William E. Hawkins, "reported" by the Governor as a vacation appointment, to be Commissioner of Insurance and Banking, a statement making spirited comment on the action was issued by Mr. Hawkins, and Gov. Campbell gave an interview setting forth his reasons for the course he has pursued in the case.

The next move will be for the Governor to send the Senate the name of another man for appointment to this office. He was asked if he had decided on the man, but declined to give out any information. This result of the controversy came as a surprise and caused a decided sensation, for it has been the belief that Mr. Hawkins' friends in the Senate were in the majority. The Administration view of it is that it has demonstrated the Governor's strength in the upper house, a body which was supposed to include several aggressive "insurgents," and the opinion is that messages recommending legislation will henceforth come more frequently from the Chief Executive's office. One reason given for the vote is that a letter and brief written by Mr. Hawkins caused him to lose some of his supporters. In the letter said he would not be satisfied with less than confirmation which was considered impossible, inasmuch as it was charged that more than one-third of the Senate had agreed to reject his name. The brief presented a constitutional argument that only a majority vote was required to confirm him, his office not being created by the Constitution. This letter and brief are said to have made an unfavorable impression and to have caused the defection of a number of those who had been his supporters.

Mr. Hawkins received intelligence of the action with evidences of considerable emotion and vehemently protested that the action was not right and should not have been taken. He declared that he had been removed from office because he stood for the Constitution and had refused to permit a "dictator" to make him disregard his oath of office.

Gov. Campbell received the news calmly and then declared that his course had been in the best interest of the people of this State; that competent authorities had estimated it would result in a saving to the insuring public of probably more than \$2,000,000 in a year and that he assumed entire responsibility for the action.

Railroads Make Strong Fight.

Texas railroads are making a vigorous protest in the House Committee on Common Carriers against the bill of lading measure by Messrs. Moller, Cureton and others which would make railroads liable for acts of their agents to the extent of fraudulent performances of such agents. On two principal points thus far the contention is that railroads can not be forced to go into the banking business, as the attorneys assert, would be the result of railroads practically guaranteeing loss of shipments or swindling of shippers, and further, that the State Legislature has no authority, constitutionally, to prescribe a uniform bill of lading affecting foreign and interstate shipments.

The Moller-Cureton bill seemingly has greatly aroused the Texas railroads, the committee hearing on which has begun. The hearing is being attended by fourteen railroad attorneys or officials, and six hours' time has been allotted them for presenting their opposition. Mr. Moller explained the intent of the bill and urged that it is an imperative public necessity mainly to prevent fraud, and cited instances of atrocious swindlings growing out of a so-called lax and irregular system of billing consignments of goods by railroads. He made a forceful argument for his measure, based somewhat on an experience of twenty-five years as a traffic man and shipper.

The Legislature will doubtless apply itself diligently this week to the work before it so that adjournment to permit attendance upon the Democratic State convention may not seem to be expensive negligence. About twenty bills have been introduced in the two branches since the day of convening, and but three have been passed finally. Both houses have enacted the mileage and per diem and contingent expense bills and each house has passed a bill prohibiting certain kinds of moving picture exhibitions, including those of prize fights, sparring matches and immoral scenes.

Austin: From a reliable source information is received that Gov. Campbell contemplates recommending to the Legislature a change in the Terrell election law providing for the abandonment of the present plurality nominating system and the substitution of majority nominations. Since the plurality system has been in operation in Texas it has drawn much criticism, chiefly on the ground that a minority candidate is usually nominated. In the late primary, for instance, Mr. Colquitt received a smaller

Insurance Committee at Work.

The Senate Committee on Insurance has resumed the hearing on the bill repealing the present Fire Rating Board law and that providing for a new fire rating board. A letter from the Galveston Brewing Company was read challenging the statement of I. Jalonick to the committee to the effect that with the reductions by the Fire Rating Board the companies would collect about the same premiums as last year. The letter said such was not true with reference to the beer plant, as its former rate was \$3.50, which was raised to \$3.40, then reduced to \$2.90, and with the 15 per cent special hazard reduction, the rate is \$2.46 1/2, an increase of \$1.53 or 166 per cent. It further set forth that an outside company in New York had examined diagrams of the plant, etc., and offered to write the risk with a 90c co-insurance clause at a rate of 80c, without alterations, additions or improvements. It was also stated that the breweries have not had \$30,000 loss in Texas in twenty years.

Senator Brachfield moved to favorable report the Hudspeth bill repealing the present Fire Rating Board law.

The motion caused a brief discussion. Senator Alexander doubting the wisdom of repealing outright, without provision for protecting the public, and especially those sections which have complained. He believed the better way would be to perfect the present statute.

Senators Brachfield and Veale were anxious to accord full protection to the sections which have complained and to fix minimum rates, though Senator Veale favored discriminations with a maximum provision.

The bill was then reported favorably by viva voce vote.

As to the bill for another Fire Rating Board law George H. Harris, secretary of the Taylor Board of Trade, said of the fifty-seven companies represented at Taylor thirty-nine refused to write under the new rates and eighteen agreed to write at the advanced rates. He said that since the hearing several of the agents appeared to have gotten instructions and were after business. He read from insurance records to show the large dividends and premiums of insurance companies to refute the statement that the companies had lost money.

Mr. Moller of Galveston, author of the proposed bill of lading law, on which there will be a public hearing before the House Committee on Common Carriers, explained some of the features of his measure.

He considers one of the most important provisions, that looking to prevention of forgeries, the provision requiring that all general freight agents verify signatures of local agents. He believes forgeries practically will be eliminated if banks will refuse to make advances on bills of lading until signatures have been verified. He says verification can be made in twenty-four hours in a majority of cases. The bill requires that signatures of agents be posted in stations for the information of the public and to afford shippers to compare the signature of a particular agent on a bill of lading with that posted.

"While there will be some delay in verification," said Mr. Moller, "the safeguard against forgeries will more than recompense all parties concerned for the loss of time."

"While courts have decided that a common carrier is not responsible for merchandise signed by their agents, when such merchandise has not been received by the particular common carriers, the courts will take a different view of the matter under the provisions of this law," Mr. Moller contends, and holds it is equitable for common carriers to be responsible for acts of their agents.

"Protection is afforded the railroads," he said, "as the bill makes it a felony for any agent to sign a bill of lading for merchandise not in his possession."

In a letter which he addressed to Gov. Campbell Representative Terrell urges him to submit to the Legislature the question of improving and further enlarging the Southwestern Insane Asylum at San Antonio. He says in that institution only fifty-seven beds are left for male inmates and 110 beds for female inmates. Austin asylum is full, he declares, and as applications have been made to Southwestern for accommodation for 117 patients all space in Southwestern will soon be taken.

number of votes than was cast against him, although his plurality was most superior in numbers to that of other successful candidates for Governor under that system. Gov. Campbell himself was a minority candidate, receiving the nomination under a plurality vote.

All of the elective officers of the present House of Representatives have announced for re-election to their respective offices in the Thirty-Second House next year.

CITRUS FRUIT CULTURE IN CUBA BY I.A. WRIGHT

DURING the first week in February, 1910, the Cuban National Horticultural society, an organization the membership of which is almost exclusively American and Canadian, held its fourth annual meeting in Havana. In connection, a horticultural show was open; among the exhibits were citrus fruits from every section of the island. The fruits were large, juicy, clean, thin-skinned, heavy, beautifully colored and delicious in flavor. Florida had sent across grape fruit and oranges from famous orchards of the

peninsular state, to facilitate invidious comparison, and the comparison, when made, showed that Cuba can produce citrus fruit of first-class quality, and, moreover, that she is doing so.

Citrus-fruit culture is the principal interest of American and Canadian settlers throughout Cuba. Cubans and Spaniards are growers of no citrus fruits save pineapples—the grape fruit and orange groves belong to the English-speaking colonists. Orange and grape fruit culture is the business which has boomed mercifully by land companies advertising largely and sometimes unscrupulously all through the United States and in Canada during the past ten years. Their customers, arriving in Cuba, have insisted upon growing nothing but grape fruit and oranges, even in regions where other crops would assuredly have proven more immediately profitable if not the better investment in the long run.

For instance, there are Americans and Canadians growing citrus

fruits in the heart of Vuelta Abajo and in other parts of Pinar del Rio province on lands that might be made to produce tobacco of the qualities which have made western Cuba famous for this one crop, were the owners willing to co-operate with Cubans on the partidar system, according to which the newcomer furnishes the requisite capital and the native furnishes the skill no less necessary to success in the delicate undertaking. It is a notable fact that few Americans or Canadians who themselves do the actual work in their to-



VIEW OF HAVANA AND WATER FRONT



TYPICAL "COLONY HOUSE" OF CITRUS FRUIT GROWERS



CITRUS FRUIT ESTATE, ISLE OF PINES



GROVE OF YOUNG LEMON TREES

bacco fields have found this crop profitable. There are "tricks in the trade" of which Cubans are masters, especially those persons whose families have for generations out of mind engaged in tobacco culture entirely. They seem to be possessed of an intuition which enables them to handle the seedling, the plant and the leaf, when germinating, when maturing, and especially when curing, in a manner to insure a better outcome than any foreigner is likely to compass. To grow the very best tobacco requires capital. The venture is a gamble, the result of which, however, is known in a single season. If the planter wins, he probably rakes in "big money." If he loses, at least it takes him only months, not years, to find it out.

In the Isle of Pines, which was formerly a cattle and hog country, producing especially valuable draft oxen for sale in Cuba proper, American citrus-fruit growers consume large quantities of canned condensed milk, at high prices, as well as large amounts of canned meats and vegetables, despite the fact that some good pasturage exists, while still more could doubtless be planted, and the further fact that fine vegetables in remarkably large variety can be grown along the river banks, or, really, almost anywhere else where irrigation is possible. They also import hay and feed at ridiculous cost. All this into a region where corn at least can be grown and large herds used to "find" themselves.

In central, but most particularly in eastern Cuba, Americans and Canadians are developing groves in lands admirably adapted to sugar cane, which is a quick, certain and profitable crop, sold either in the field, or out and delivered wherever there is a mill near enough to buy up the cane. They are growing their trees on sites natives would assuredly prefer for coffee and cacao, or, more wisely, for the numerous indigenous crops (names, boniatos, etc.) for which there is constant and remunerative demand.

American and Canadian settlers in Cuba, including the Isle of Pines, are citrus-fruit mad. In Pinar del Rio, in the Isle of Pines and in central and eastern Cuba there is, nevertheless, in their madness so much method, plus grit and utter inability to realize the odds they are "up against," that it seems to be very probable they will succeed regardless. Money, time and hardship are to them no object at all.

Pinar del Rio is a province possessed of most fertile lands in certain districts. There are among the foothills and in the "Organos" themselves rich valleys; unfortunately, some of the choicest are as yet almost inaccessible. There is good land always along the streams, and arable areas are to be found, here and there, everywhere. Also here and there and everywhere

there are worn-out fields, sun baked through years, which wear, however, to the inexperienced eye, the aspect of virgin, though lightly wooded or savannah lands; there are also other sections—desolate palm barrens—where no man save the sort who purchase real estate "sight unseen" would think of attempting to grow anything. There are, too, south of the mountain range, on the plain which drops gradually from its skirts to the Caribbean sea, certain sandy, gravelly reaches, poor in plant food. It is here, however, with proper fertilization and care, that growers are developing orange and grape-fruit groves.

These lands will produce the trees, if food to support them is supplied in the shape of fertilizer, and the trees will bear citrus fruit of the very best quality—bright colored, weighty, full of juice, inclosed in smooth, thin rind. No fair-minded person can longer doubt that they will do so after seeing fruit of the quality which growers located at Taco Taco exhibited at the latest horticultural show in Havana. These gentlemen had, however, the money to keep their trees properly nourished. Many others who have failed to succeed as they are succeeding owe that failure to the fact that they did not have the money to do as much for their groves.

Some land companies doing business in western Cuba deny overtly or by implication that fertilization is necessary, but no prospective owner of a citrus-fruit grove in western Cuba can afford not to include in his estimate of expenses the cost of fertilizing early and often in amounts properly augmented as years pass. Fertilizers in general use in the groves of the region mentioned cost, on a fair average, about \$45 a ton.

This is the situation in the Isle of Pines, as well as in the western and central mainland of Cuba. "The soils are all poor in plant food compared with the average soils in the United States, and the gravel ridges are especially so," states Mr. H. C. Henricksen, secretary of the Cuban National Horticultural society, referring particularly to the Isle of Pines, "but I have never seen the effect of good fertilizers so sharply outlined as in these very soils, and from experience in Florida and Porto Rico I would predict an abundant crop of fruit of superior quality wherever the groves are properly treated."

The vital question in these regions is, then, whether the owner is able to afford proper treatment. He will, save in exceptional cases, where the soil is too "American" for any use whatsoever, get his crop provided he has the money to supply enough fertilizer.

For there are richer lands in Cuba than those on which Americans and Canadians are developing their groves in western Cuba and the Isle of Pines.

Along the Cauto river, to mention but one locality, there are exceedingly deep, fertile, virgin soils which need no fertilizer to produce citrus fruit groves. Such lands must, at the very commencement, be cleared, at some expense, of the thick woods that cover them, and groves, once planted, must at all costs be kept fairly free of weeds. Secondary crops—corn, for instance—may be grown between rows without detriment to the trees; in fact, it would seem wiser to do

so than otherwise, for, exactly the opposite of the case in the west, these far eastern lands need to be reduced.

They are almost too rich, and the fruit of trees they produce, particularly young trees, is apt to be coarse-skinned, too big, and pithy. These defects, nevertheless, time remedies, for as groves age they lessen the supply of plant food. Eventually it will become necessary to fertilize the trees, and then growers, by selecting their fertilizer, can control the quality of their fruit.

They have, meanwhile, acquired their grove without the expense for fertilizer the grower in the west has been put to in order to produce his. He, on the other hand, has been to less expense than the man in the east in the matter of clearing, and he has not had to sit up nights weeding to keep his grove from disappearing under a tangle of tropical vegetation.

The obvious conclusion, is therefore, that six is one-half dozen. Groves in both eastern and western Cuba will produce trees and good fruit, but neither will do so for any owner not willing to pay the price under one head or another in cash and also in hard work.

It is conservatively estimated that no man should undertake even a five-acre grove anywhere in Cuba unless he has at least \$5,000 where he can lay his hands on it. If he is a lively, capable man he will probably not need that amount of money, but no matter what his ability he should be able to command at least that sum before embarking in the citrus fruit business here. He may need it all, and more.

While no complete statistics are available, it is the writer's impression that in western Cuba, including the Isle of Pines, the acreage of oranges is more than that of grape fruit, while in the east it would seem that the grape-fruit acreage is the larger. The older groves seem, usually, to be orange groves; the younger the grove the larger the proportion of grape fruit in it.

Problems of transportation to market demand careful study from all growers, prospective or established. Groves situated at a distance from railway lines are handicapped at the start, for, although there are many good roads in Pinar del Rio province, and all over the Isle of Pines, every foot of haul counts, and where the roads are not excellent, it counts heavily, most especially in wet weather.

Americans and Canadians have plunged headforemost into citrus-fruit culture in Cuba. They are building up against odds, by their indomitable courage and optimism, an industry into which preceding owners of the lands they hold did not venture. The Spaniards and Cubans did not so venture may have been because they were blind to the possibilities, lacked specific knowledge, or the energy required; or possibly they were outmatched by adverse conditions in past decades. Then again, it may be they were deterred not by these things at all, but by a true understanding of basic conditions here; by a realization of difficulties in the way of competing, not to say controlling, in the markets where the citrus fruit of Cuba must be sold; and, especially, by a keen appreciation of more profit to be made more quickly and inexpensively elsewhere. In fine, they may have been governed by caution, which does not notably distinguish the Anglo-Saxon when engaged in opening up fields to him new.

New to him, be it noted, but in Cuba's case not in themselves either new or untried. This island is not a virgin wilderness in toto. It has been under the domination of white men for 400 years. Not all these white men were idle and incompetent. They appreciated the country and in developing its resources—not to the fullest extent possible nowadays, to be sure, but as far as was possible to them in their times—they made fortunes.

The Spaniards devoted all the energies they had for agriculture in Cuba to sugar cane and tobacco in the eastern and central provinces, and especially to tobacco in the west. For four centuries they held fast to these two products, thus demonstrating that they were possessed of no more versatility than the American and the Canadian who, in Cuba, insist upon discovering no future save in citrus fruit.

From tobacco and from cane the Spaniard, and the Cuban with him, has wrested the "wealth of the Indies." "Rich as a Cuban planter"—planter of cane and tobacco, not of oranges and grape fruit—is a significant English phrase. To attain to the wealth and the ease it implies has been the ambition of the adventurous and the avaricious from 1492 to the present time.

TEXAS SCHOLASTICS NUMBER 975,000

INCREASE THIS YEAR \$5,000—AP-
PORTIONMENT PROBABLY \$6.25
PER CAPITA.

DEFICIT MAY SHOW UP LATER

The Estimates Are Based Upon the
Receipts During the Fiscal
Year 1910-1911.

Austin, Aug. 2: With only one or two small counties census reports out, State Superintendent of Education Bralley estimates that there are 975,000 children of scholastic age in Texas, according to this year's scholastic census. The State Board of Education will make the appointment of the available school fund for the fiscal year of 1910-1911 and it is believed that it will be \$6.25 for each child shown on the scholastic census, the same as this year's apportionment. According to the estimate of receipts of the available school fund for the next fiscal year beginning Sept. 1, there will be available for apportionment \$6,081,000, a larger sum than was available this year. The receipts are as follows, according to the Controller's estimate: Scholastic tax 1910 at 16 2-3c on \$100 valuation \$3,160,000, poll taxes \$525,000, occupation taxes \$208,000, special collection by Treasurer \$10,900, special collections by Controller \$8,000, interest on bonds \$636,000, interest on land sales and leases \$1,350,000, interest on deposits \$4,000; total \$6,350,000.

The increase in the number of scholastics this year is approximately 25,000. The fund for the coming year is estimated at \$451,000 more than the fund this year, but the increase in the scholastic population will devour the increase. Last year it was also necessary to pay off a deficit of \$500,000 and there will not be this large deficit this year. In the amounts estimated for the available school fund for the next fiscal year there is an increase in the amount of taxes from the State school tax due to taxes increase in the total valuation. There is also an increase in the receipts from poll taxes, land sales and leases and the amount of interest from bonds, held by the permanent school fund. The occupation taxes, in which liquor license money is included, shows decrease of \$42,000, while receipts from gross receipts taxes and insurance companies also show a decrease. No allowance is made for delinquent taxes, and last year allowance was made for \$200,000 in this fund.

This year estimates are based upon the receipts during the fiscal year 1909-1910. There remains to be paid off in the apportionment for the present fiscal year 25c per capita. No apportionment has been made, as it is hoped to accumulate enough in the available school fund by the middle of the present month to pay off the entire apportionment for this year. If this does not prove to be the case there may be a slight deficit on this year's apportionment, though it can hardly be more than \$100,000. However, the deficit is not expected.

TEXAS VALUATION \$2,369,695,554

Final Returns Increase the Amount
\$19,695,554—State Tax Board's
Estimate.

Austin: The total estimated taxable values of the State for 1910 are \$2,369,695,554, an increase of \$59,791,928 over last year's valuations. Chief Tax Clerk Terrell of the Controller's department expects the actual totals of the tax rolls to be greater than the total estimated taxable values. In fixing the State tax rate the automatic tax board figures that the taxable values this year would amount to \$2,350,000,000 and the board's estimate was exceeded \$19,695,554. The board planned to raise by the 4 per cent rate \$340,000, but under the total estimated valuation an amount \$7,878 in excess of \$340,000 will be raised. Last year the taxable values were \$2,309,803,626 and this year they will be approximately \$60,000,000 in excess of this amount, according to information on hand in the Controller's department.

STREET CAR FALLS INTO RIVER

Goes Through International Bridge at
El Paso—Passengers Escape
Injury.

El Paso: A street car with twenty-five passengers on board went through the international bridge over the Rio Grande River here. As there was little water in the river, injuries were limited to a severe shaking-up. The bridge is the same one on which President Taft and Diaz crossed in paying visits to each other.

TEXAS GUARANTY BANK FUNDS

Complete Reports from 539 Show Pro-
tected Deposits Aggregating \$28-
103,263 on June 30.

Austin: The State Department of Insurance and Banking has announced that complete reports from the 539 State banks and bank and trust companies organized under the guaranty fund plan show a total of non-interest-bearing and unsecured deposits amounting to \$28,103,263 at the close of business on the 30th day of June.

GOVERNOR'S SPECIAL MESSAGES

Recommendations Made For Laws to
Give Cotton Bills Better Standing
in Financial World.

Austin, Texas: Messages Nos. 3 and 4 were received from Gov. Campbell. Message No. 3 dealt with the usual vacation appointments. No. 4 however, presented a number of important matters.

The first of these calls for a better system of accounting for the Controller's office in accordance with the recommendations of the Board of Auditors.

The next is with reference to legislation prescribing the duties of County Tax Collectors, Tax Assessors, County Clerks, the Controller Section No. 3 of the last message makes recommendations regarding guaranteed bills of lading, the particular purpose being to protect the cotton business so that such bills may have better standing in the commercial world. The message reads as follows:

To the Legislature—By virtue of authority vested in me by Sec. 40, Art. III, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, I hereby designate and present to you for your consideration the following subjects and suggest legislation thereon:

1. Legislation providing for the election, qualification, bond and duties of the Controller of Public Accounts of the State of Texas and of his employees, and providing for a complete, effective and more economical system of accounting, bookkeeping and auditing for that department of the State government.

2. Legislation prescribing the duties of County Tax Assessors, Tax Collectors and the County Clerks, Controller and State Treasurer, with reference to the assessment and collection of taxes, and providing a more systematic, effective and economical system of bookkeeping and accounting, and the enactment of such other rules and methods with respect thereto as may be proper.

3. The enactment of adequate laws defining "bills of lading" and defining the words "carriers." Providing that it shall be the duty of common carriers and their officers and agents to issue negotiable bills of lading and straight or non-negotiable bills of lading at the request of the shippers, between certain places to be prescribed in the law, and defining negotiable or order bills of lading and non-negotiable or straight bills of lading and prescribing the necessary requirements for all bills of lading; to make all negotiable bills of lading negotiable by endorsement and delivery in the same manner as bills of exchange and promissory notes and prohibiting the placing upon negotiable bills of lading any terms which would in any manner limit their negotiability; and providing for the division of bills of lading into such different series as may be appropriate and defining each series prescribing how bills of lading shall be issued and prohibiting the issuing of negotiable bills of lading in part or parts except as prescribed by law; prescribing the duties of general freight agents or persons authorized to act for them and the duties of local station agents of common carriers and for such additional legislation on this subject as business conditions and the general welfare may demand. Very respectfully,

T. M. CAMPBELL,

TEMPLE SHOWS GOOD GAIN

Few More Isolated Returns Than Big
Cities Will Come, Says
Census Director.

Washington: The population of the city of Temple, Tex., is 10,993 against 7,065 in 1900, a gain of 3,928 or 55.8 per cent in ten years. Census Director Durand states that there are but a few more cities and counties to be given out when a flood of returns for entire States and large cities will issue from the Census Bureau. The first of these complete State returns are expected within the next two weeks, but at the census office it is said that the census of Texas will not be made public for perhaps a month or more, as there are still lacking returns from the more inaccessible parts of the State. The census for the larger Texas cities, however, will probably be announced before the end of August. No statistical information by States on manufactures and agriculture will be available before the end of November, according to Director Durand.

Georgia's Bumper Peach Crop.

Atlanta, Ga.: Notwithstanding that between 300 and 400 cars of peaches rotted on the growers' hands because of lack of a sufficient supply of refrigerator cars, Georgia's crop of peaches this year exceeds the record crop of 1908 by about 300 cars. This season's crop was three times as large as that of last year, the shipments approximating 6,000 cars. The yield this year was more than 1,000 cars in excess of the estimate by the Georgia Fruit Growers' Exchange.

12,000 Visit Galveston.

Galveston: Sunday was the second day of the Galveston Cotton Carnival, and from all over the State the people came in thousands to the Oleaner City, brought by the combination of the carnival, perfect Galveston weather at the beach and the unusually low rates that the railroads have made from all over the State to the scene of the exposition. Six thousand arrived Saturday and another six thousand came in during the day Sunday.

ANNUAL LOSS IS ENORMOUS

Two Hundred Million Dollars a Year
Might Be Added to Wealth
of Country.

Computing that there are in the United States at least 300,000 indigent consumptives who should be cared for in charitable or semi-charitable sanatoria and hospitals, the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis estimates that the annual cost to the country for the treatment of these persons would be \$50,000,000 at the rate of \$1,669 per day per patient. At the lowest possible estimate the country loses \$200,000,000 a year from the incapacity of these indigent victims of tuberculosis. This would mean a net saving of \$150,000,000 a year to the United States if all victims of consumption who are too poor to afford proper treatment in expensive sanatoria were cared for at the expense of the municipality, county or state. And this annual gain does not include the enormous saving that would accrue from the lessened infection due to the segregation of the dangerous consumptives in institutions.

SCRATCHED SO SHE COULD NOT SLEEP

"I write to tell you how thankful I am for the wonderful Cuticura Remedies. My little niece had eczema for five years and when her mother died I took care of the child. It was all over her face and body, also on her head. She scratched so that she could not sleep nights. I used Cuticura Soap to wash her with and then applied Cuticura Ointment. I did not use quite half the Cuticura Soap and Ointment, together with Cuticura Resolvent, when you could see a change and they cured her nicely. Now she is eleven years old and has never been bothered with eczema since. My friends think it is just great the way the baby was cured by Cuticura. I send you a picture taken when she was about 18 months old.

"She was taken with the eczema when two years old. She was covered with big sores and her mother had all the best doctors and tried all kinds of salves and medicines without effect until we used Cuticura Remedies. Mrs. H. Kiernan, 663 Quincy St., Brooklyn, N. Y., Sept. 27, 1909."

WELL QUALIFIED.



Scullibob—That fellow over there would make a splendid magazine poet. Squilligan—A genius, eh? Scullibob—No, but he has dyspepsia so bad that he wouldn't get so hungry living.

Yes, indeed.

Hostess (at party)—Why, so silent, Miss De Muir? You've scarcely said a word since you came. Youthful Guest—Really, Mrs. Leader, I am having a very enjoyable time, but my father has told me 100 times never to say anything unless I have something to say, and I suppose— Hostess—But, my dear child, think what a stupid and tiresome thing society would be if everybody followed that advice!

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*. In Use For Over 30 Years. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

The Real Thing.

"You say your husband was cut by his neighbors at the party?" "Yassah, dat's so, sah." "Did they cut him with malice pretense?" "No, sah; wiv a razah, sah."

Undoubtedly Bad.

Mary Mild—Wouldn't you call her a—ah, doubtful character? Carrie Caustique—Not unless you wanted to give her the benefit of the doubt.—Smart Set.

Bottomless tanks enable you to water your cattle in Nature's way at small cost. Booklet "A" free. Alamo Iron Works, San Antonio, Texas.

One often wonders why the woman members of a burlesque show require dressing rooms.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets, small, sugar-coated, easy to take as candy, regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Do not grip.

No other man appreciates a helping hand like a man in trouble.

RESTORED TO HEALTH.

After Suffering With Kidney Disor-
ders for Many Years.

Mrs. John S. Way, 209 S. 8th St., Independence, Kans., says: "For a number of years I was a victim of disordered kidneys. My back ached constantly, the kidney region was constantly, the passions were irregular and my feet and ankles were badly swollen. Spots often appeared before my eyes and I became very nervous. After using numerous remedies without relief I was completely cured by Doan's Kidney Pills. This seems remarkable when you consider my advanced age." Remember the name—Doan's. For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

There Should.

Fritz the gardener was a stolid German who was rarely moved to extraordinary language. Even the most provocative occasions only caused him to remark mildly on his ill-luck. Not long ago he came back from the city in the late evening after a hard day in the market place. He was sleepy, and the train being crowded, the baggageman gave him a chair in his roomy car.

Finally the train reached Bloomfield. Fritz still slept as it pulled in and his friend had to shake him and tell him where he was.

"I thank you," said Fritz, as he rose slowly to his feet. The open door of the car was directly in front of him. He walked straight out of it. The baggageman sprang to look after him. Fritz slowly picked himself up from the sand by the side of the track, looked up at the door, and said with no wrath in his voice: "There should here be some steps."

The Return of Ferguson.

A night clerk in a hotel sat dozing at his desk at about 1 a. m., when a man in evening clothes came in as if laboriously trying to walk a crack, and said:

"I'm Ferguson; key to room 44." The guest disappeared in the direction of his room, one flight up. In a few minutes a man in his shirt sleeves with a flattened silk hat on the side of his head, and with one shoe on a foot and the other in his hand, came in and said to the clerk:

"I'm Forshon; key to for-for." "Mr. Ferguson just took his key and went up."

"Mr. Ferguson just fell out window 'n' left key inside. Kindly lemme have 'nother.'—Everybody's.

A Simple Matter.

Charley, dear," said young Mrs. Torkins, "the paper says that the Prohibitionists have trouble with bootleggers." "I believe so." "Men are so stupid! Why don't they put a stop to it by compelling everybody to wear low shoes?"

Cattle drink pure water at less cost to you, if you have a bottomless tank. Booklet "A" free. Alamo Iron Works, San Antonio, Texas.

After a dog has indulged in short pants he usually goes in swimming.

Lewis' Single Binder cigar is never doped—only tobacco in its natural state.

Tips you get are almost as worthless as those you give.

The Fountain Head of Life

Is The Stomach

A man who has a weak and impaired stomach and who does not properly digest his food will soon find that his blood has become weak and impoverished, and that his whole body is improperly and insufficiently nourished.

Dr. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY makes the stomach strong, promotes the flow of digestive juices, restores the lost appetite, makes assimilation perfect, invigorates the liver and purifies and enriches the blood. It is the great blood-maker, flesh-builder and restorative nerve tonic. It makes men strong in body, active in mind and cool in judgment.

This "Discovery" is a pure, glyceric extract of American medical roots, absolutely free from alcohol and all injurious, habit-forming drugs. All its ingredients are printed on its wrappers. It has no relationship with secret nostrums. Its every ingredient is endorsed by the leaders in all the schools of medicine. Don't accept a secret nostrum as a substitute for this time-proven remedy of known composition. Ask your neighbors. They must know of many cures made by it during past 40 years, right in your own neighborhood. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Dr. R. V. Pierce, Pres., Buffalo, N. Y.

Not His Fault. "Oratory is a gift, not an acquirement," said the proud politician, as he sat down after an hour's harangue. "I understand," said the matter-of-fact chairman. "We're not blaming you. You done the best you could."

Generosity. "I never deny my wife a wish." "Indeed?" "No; I let her wish. It doesn't cost anything."—Life.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, always pain, cures wind colic. See a bottle.

A nagging wife makes her husband forget his other troubles.

Lewis' Single Binder 5c cigar equals in quality most 10c cigars.

The supply of talk always exceeds the demand.

Wife and Country.

Paul D. Cravath, the noted New York lawyer, said at a luncheon at the Lawyers' club: "Vacation time is here, and already that dreadful song about the wife gone to the country is being resurrected. But a variant to the song was furnished by a conversation I overheard the other night. "Hello, Smith," said one man to another. "I'm glad to see you back at the club again, old fellow. Wife off to the country, eh?" "No," growled Smith. "She's got back."

Literary Note.

"Do you think that poets should never marry?" "I don't know about that. But they should be very careful about composing love letters unless they intend to."

Your cattle always have pure water at small cost to you if you have a bottomless tank. Booklet "A" free. Alamo Iron Works, San Antonio, Texas.

Many a budding genius has developed into a blooming idiot.

IT IS REALLY ABSURD

to think that you can cure your weak stomach and get back your health again by dieting or experimenting with this or that remedy. You need Hostetter's Stomach Bitters and nothing else. For over 57 years it has been making people well and keeping them so and it will do as much for you. Try a bottle today for Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Cramps, Diarrhoea and Malaria, Fever and Ague. It never fails.

A Beautiful Skin

Milady can use
Freckleator
Face Powder

and completely overcome any roughness or tenderness of the skin. It is complexion's best friend. Get it from your dealer today.

Price 25 Cents
Baker-Wheeler Mfg. Co., Dallas, Tex.

Put a
Gillette
KNOW THE WORLD OVER
in your vacation outfit

Pecan Growing for Profit
Grafted trees bear in 6 years, and 8 year old groves are worth \$750.00. Plant you a few acres of your own, and later quit work. Illustrated and descriptive catalog for the asking.

THE PAPER SHELL PECAN NURSERY
W. M. ELLISON, Mgr. Lafayette, Louisiana

After a dog has indulged in short pants he usually goes in swimming.

Lewis' Single Binder cigar is never doped—only tobacco in its natural state.

Tips you get are almost as worthless as those you give.

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A nagging wife makes her husband forget his other troubles.

Lewis' Single Binder 5c cigar equals in quality most 10c cigars.

The supply of talk always exceeds the demand.

Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.

Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress after Eating. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

Genuine must bear Signature

Breakfast Food

Textone
The Drink of Quality



The Textone Boy
AT FOUNTAINS AND IN BOTTLES.
TEXTONE COMPANY DALLAS, TEXAS

Avoid headache, impurities of the Blood, constipation by taking a cup of GRAND MA'S TEA. Best laxative for children. Pleasant to take, sweeten and take as an ordinary tea. Package 25 cents.

FREE Send postal for Free Package of Paxtine.

Better and more economical than liquid antiseptics FOR ALL TOILET USES.

PAXTINE
TOILET ANTISEPTIC

Gives one a sweet breath; clean, white, germ-free teeth—antiseptically clean mouth and throat—purifies the breath after smoking—dispels all disagreeable perspiration and body odors—much appreciated by dainty women. A quick remedy for sore eyes and catarrh.

A little Paxtine powder dissolved in a glass of hot water makes a delightful antiseptic solution, possessing extraordinary cleansing, germicidal and healing power, and absolutely harmless. Try a Sample. 50c, a large box at druggists or by mail. THE PAXTON TOILET CO., BOSTON, MASS.

Millions Say So

When millions of people use for years a medicine it proves its merit. People who know CASCARETS' value buy over a million boxes a month. It's the biggest seller because it is the best bowel and liver medicine ever made. No matter what you're using, just try CASCARETS once—you'll see.

CASCARETS are a box for a week's treatment, all druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Wash-
ington, D.C. books free. High
and references. Best results.

If afflicted with
sore eyes, use
Thompson's Eye Water

W. N. U., DALLAS, NO. 32-1910.

USE THE BEST
FAULTLESS STARCH FOR LAUNDRY WORK
FOR SHIRTS COLLARS CUFFS AND FINE LINEN

Every Man Should Fence His Yard

his garden, orchard or stock. It insures a certain degree of privacy and keeps out undesirable. The best fence to use for this purpose and the most economical is the famous Hodge Fence, a combination of wood and wire. Insist on your lumber dealer showing it to you or write THE HODGE FENCE & LUMBER CO., Ltd. Lake Charles, La.

You Look Prematurely Old
Because of those ugly, grizzly, gray hairs. Use "LA CREOLE" HAIR RESTORER. PRICE, \$1.00, retail.

Notice of Sheriff's Sale.

The State of Texas, County of Haskell. In the District Court of Haskell County, Texas. C. D. Grissom, Plaintiff, vs. No. 584 G. C. Burdine, et al, Defendants.

Whereas, by virtue of an order of sale issued out of the District Court of Haskell County, Texas, on the 23 day of August, 1910, under a judgment rendered in said court on the 31st day of May, 1910, in favor of said C. D. Grissom and against G. C. Burdine, E. S. McGuire, E. V. Altman, W. B. Reeves, W. T. Montgomery, Lige Sanders and Hays Smith, numbered 584 upon the docket of said court, I did on the 3rd day of August, 1910, seize and take into my possession the following described tract and parcel of land, to-wit: All that certain tract or parcel of land situated in Haskell County, Texas, and being the west one-half of the southwest one-fourth of section No. 4, block No. 2, located by virtue of certificate No. 28-167, issued to Washington County Railroad Company, and also known as the J. J. Ward State school land, containing 80 acres. And on the 6th day of September, 1910, being the first Tuesday of said month, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. on said day at the court house door of said county of Haskell, State of Texas, I will offer for sale and sell at public auction for cash the above described property; said judgment being a foreclosure of the vendor's lien upon said property as it existed on the 16th day of June, 1906, and the proceeds of said sale will be applied towards the satisfaction of said judgment as rendered and otherwise as provided for in said order of sale.

Dated at Haskell, Texas, this 3rd day of August, 1910. M. E. Park, Sheriff. (32) Haskell County, Texas.

A two days Barbecue, picnic and Old Soldiers Reunion at Hemphill Lake, three miles northeast of Haskell, Texas, on Aug. 17th and 18th. All the Old Soldiers are invited to come and camp, plenty of wood and water, plenty of grass, all for them to come and camp a week if they want to. Let everybody come and bring bread, cakes, pies and a full basket. We are expecting five or six thousand people each day. Plenty of sheds and seats. The town of Haskell is furnishing the barbecue. Privileges will be sold to the highest bidder at the court house at 2 o'clock p. m. Aug. 1st, 1910. We will accept bids by mail, money must accompany the bids. Write or see M. R. Hemphill for list of privileges.

MASONIC.

J. B. Jones of Knox City, District Deputy Grand High Priest attended the Council here Tuesday night and assisted the High Priest, G. E. Langford in conferring the Council degree upon W. B. Alexander, Chas Irby, J. A. Hankerson and J. L. Tabbs.

BIRTHDAY PARTY.

Tuesday Aug. 2 being the eight Birthday of little Willis Posey, his mother entertained fourteen little boys and girls for his pleasure.

At five-thirty the jolly little party had arrived. For an hour and a half childrens games were played on the lawn, and the merry laughter of childrens voices could be heard.

The dining room was beautifully decorated in red and white. The walls being festooned with flowers and vines. In the center of the table was a large figure 8 mound with red and white "Cookies". From the ceiling was dropped red and white crape paper to the four corners of the table. Red and white ices were served to the following little folks—

Willis, Harold and Forest Posey, May and Brunnic Long, Bonner and Clark Meador, Clyde Couch, Gladys Taylor Velma Martin, Lowell Sasseen, Ruby Lilly, John Rike and Merle Ellis.

Notice of Sheriff's Sale.

The State of Texas, County of Haskell. In the District Court of Haskell County, Texas. LePaul Josselett, Plaintiff No. 652, vs. Paul Solomon.

Whereas, by virtue of an order of sale issued out of the District Court of Haskell County, Texas, on a judgment rendered in said court on the 30th day of May, 1910, in favor of LePaul Josselett and against D. O. Hawkins, Paul Solomon and W. H. Boren, in the above styled suit numbered 652, upon the docket of said court, I did on the 4th day of August, A. D. 1910, at 9 o'clock a. m. seize and take into my possession the following described tract of land, to-wit: All that certain tract or parcel of land in Haskell County, Texas, the same being a part of the Joseph McGee League and Labor Survey of Land, Abst. No. 316, Cert. No. 2090-2191, survey No. 36, and patented to Joseph McGee on January 27, 1857, by patent No. 661, Vol. 12, and described by metes and bounds as follows: Beginning at a stake in the N. B. line of said McGee survey of land 1106.7 vs. E. of its N. W. corner, the same being the N. E. Corner of a one hundred acre tract conveyed by LePaul Josselett to T. L. Green, October 1st, 1908; Thence S. 1073.7 vs. to stk. set for S. W. cor. of this tract; Thence E. 631.1 vs. to stake in E. B. line of Paul Josselett 1200 acre tract of land; Thence N. 1073.5 vs. to N. E. cor. of said 1200 acre tract, for N. E. cor. of this tract; Thence S. 89 deg. 40 min. W. 631.1 vs. to the place of beginning containing 120 acres of land.

And on the 6th day of September, 1910, being the first Tuesday of said month, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. on said date, I will offer for sale and sell at public auction at the court house door in the city of Haskell, Haskell County, Texas, for cash, the above described property foreclosing the vendor's lien thereon as the same existed on the 1st day of October, 1908, and will apply the proceeds on the aforesaid judgment, which is in favor of LePaul Josselett and against D. O. Hawkins, Paul Solomon and W. H. Boren for the sum of One Thousand Five Hundred Twenty Eight and 17-100 (\$1528.17) Dollars, with interest thereon from May 30, 1910, at 8 per cent per annum, and all cost of suit, etc.

Dated at Haskell, Texas, this 5th day of August, 1910. M. E. PARK, Sheriff of Haskell County, Tex.

KEY TO SUCCESS.

\$50.00 will open the door to success fairly well; \$95.00 will throw it wide open, if invested in the developing of commercial branches for which the business world pays cash. \$50.00 buys an unlimited life scholarship for a course of either bookkeeping and business training, shorthand and typewriting or telegraphy; \$95.00 pays for an unlimited life scholarship in any two of these courses. Most of our students enroll for two courses. Literary branches are free with all courses.

The average time required for completing a course in bookkeeping and business training or telegraphy is four months, shorthand and typewriting three months; any two courses combined, five months.

In addition to the above cost the student will have a monthly expense for board and lodging, with private families, of \$12.50 per month.

Upon arriving in our city, come direct to the college. Where you will be given prompt attention and choice of boarding place. For free catalog, giving full particulars of America's largest business school, fill in below your name and address and mail to Tyler Commercial College, Tyler, Texas.

Name _____ Address _____

Mr. J. D. Hughes shipped six cars of cattle to market this week from his Ranch on Paint Creek.

PROFESSIONAL.

Dr. O. M. GUEST
DENTIST
Office in the McConnell Building.
OFFICE Phone No. 52.
RESIDENCE " " 149.

Dr. J. D. SMITH
DENTIST
Office-Smith & Sutherland Bldg
Phone { Office No. 32
Residence No. 111

DR. W. A. KIMBROUGH
Physician and Surgeon
Office Phone No. 246
Residence No. 124
Or Coiler's Drug Store
HASKELL, TEXAS.

DR. A. G. NEATHERY.
Physician and Surgeon.
OFFICE In Smith & Sutherland Bldg
Office phone.....No. 50.
Dr Neathery's Res.....No. 23.

DR. W. WILLIAMSON,
RESIDENCE PHONE 113
OFFICE OVER
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Physician and Surgeon
OFFICE In McConnell Building
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A. J. LEWIS, M. D. G.
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Office 216
Telephones Res 256
OFFICE--Spencer & Gillam's
Drug Store. Haskell, Tex.

Dr. F. C. HELTON
Veterinary Surgeon
Office Phone 25
Res. Phone 190

H. G. MCCONNELL,
Attorney at Law.
OFFICE IN
McConnell Building N W Cor Square

Gordon B. McGuire
Attorney-at-Law
Office in McConnell Bldg.

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DEALERS IN
Poultry and Pet Stock
Orpington Chickens and Eggs
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WRITE FOR PRICES

Crosbyton-Southplains Railroad

Will operate its first train into CROSBYTON Dec. 1st 1910 which will be the first regular train ever operated into CROSBYTON, Texas.

On August 15th, 1910, the C. B. Live Stock Company will place its agricultural lands on the market, and the Crosbyton-Southplains Townsite Company will offer its town lots in CROSBYTON for sale. A vast body of the best agricultural lands in the Panhandle, and the choicest lots in CROSBYTON will thus be open to purchasers.

Terms and prices reasonable and will be quoted on any tract or lot on application, either in person or through correspondence. Address all correspondence to, C B Live Stock Co., Crosbyton, Tex.

Name _____ Address _____

Dr. Cox's Painless Blister, Price 50c. Guaranteed to blister without pain, or money refunded. For sale by All Drug-gists.

THE STATE OF TEXAS.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Haskell County—GREETING:

YOU ARE HEREBY COMMANDED, to summon, Hays Covington, Thomas Covington, John L. Covington, Sarah F. Stanford, Elizabeth Ferguson and Polly Blakey, whose residences are unknown, and the heirs of Hays Covington, deceased (except Charles Covington) and the heirs of Thomas Covington deceased, and the heirs of John L. Covington, deceased, and the heirs of Sarah F. Stanford, deceased, and the heirs of Elizabeth Ferguson, deceased, and the heirs of Polly Blakey, deceased, all of whose names and residences are unknown, by making Publication of this Citation once in each week for eight successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in Haskell County, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not then in any newspaper published in the nearest county where a newspaper is published to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Haskell County, to be held at the Court House thereof, at Haskell on the 16th Monday after the first Monday in August, 1910, the same being the 21st day of November, 1910, then and there to answer the first amended original petition filed in said Court on the 21st day of July, 1910, in a suit numbered 612 on the Docket of said Court, wherein E. Burgess and F. E. Burgess are Plaintiffs and Hays Covington, Thomas Covington, John L. Covington, Sarah F. Stanford, Elizabeth Ferguson, and Polly Blakey, whose residences are unknown, and the heirs of Hays Covington, deceased, (except Charles Covington) and the heirs of Thomas Covington, deceased and the heirs of John L. Covington, deceased, and the heirs of Sarah Stanford, deceased, and the heirs of Elizabeth Ferguson, deceased, and the heirs of Polly Blakey, deceased, all of whose names and residences are unknown, are Defendants said amended original petition alleging that on or about January 1st 1910 Plaintiffs were lawfully seized and possessed of the following described land and premises situated in Haskell County, Texas, holding and claiming the same in fee simple, to-wit: The Hays Covington Survey, Abstract No. 96, Survey No. 157, containing 399 acres described by the following metes and bounds, to-wit: Beginning at the N. E. corner of Survey No. 44, made for John Carrington, for the N. W. corner of this Survey from which a mesquite bears N. 35 degrees E. 19 1/4 varas; another bears East 17 varas; Thence East with the South line of Survey No. 16, 1233 varas to a stake for North-east corner from which a mesquite bears N. 45 degrees East 23 varas; another bears N. 6 degrees East 20 1/2 varas; Thence South 190 varas to stake in prairie for the South-east corner; Thence West 1227 varas to the South-east corner of Survey No. 44 for South-west corner of this Survey; Thence North 190 varas to the place of beginning.

That on the day and year last aforesaid the defendants unlawfully entered upon said premises and ejected Plaintiffs therefrom and unlawfully withheld from the Plaintiffs the possession thereof to their damage \$3000.00. That the reasonable annual rental value of said land and premises is \$250.00.

Plaintiffs further show to the Court that they are claiming said land and premises under the following chain of title, to-wit: A Patent issued to Hays Covington by the State of Texas on the 5th day of December 1858 by virtue of augmentation certificate No. 243 issued to said Hays Covington by the Board of Land Commissioners of Washington County, Texas on the 2nd day of February 1858. A General Warranty Deed executed by Charles Covington and John H. Seward on January 31st 1872, acknowledged on the same day by Charles Covington before Thomas M. Hunt, Clerk of the District Court of Harrison County, Texas, filed for record October 31st 1880 and duly recorded in the Deed Records of Haskell County, Texas, in Vol. 13 on page 4. A deed executed by Mrs. Laura R. Seward, Mrs. Marion S. Holt O. T. Holt Ingham R. Seward of Harris County, Texas and Mrs. Annie E. Wallace and J. W. Wallace of Alleghany County, Virginia to O. A. Seward of Washington County, Texas, on July 18th 1895, said deed being duly executed and recorded in Deed Records of Haskell County, Texas, in Vol. 32 page 349.

A deed duly executed by O. A. Seward to W. N. Bunkley on February 24th 1906 filed for record in Haskell County, Texas, April 15th 1907, and duly recorded in the Deed Records of said County in Vol. 38 page 46; And a deed duly executed by W. N. Bunkley and wife to Plaintiffs, E. and F. E. Burgess June 4th 1907, and duly recorded in the Deed Records of Haskell County, Texas, in Vol. 57 page 252.

The Plaintiffs further show to the Court that they are claiming said 399 acres of land under deeds duly registered, and that they and those under whom they hold have had peaceable and adverse possession of said land and premises and tenements herebefore described, cultivating, using and enjoying the same, and paying all taxes due thereon for a period of more than five years prior to the said January 1st 1910, and before the commencement of this suit, and this they are ready to verify.

The Plaintiffs further show to the Court that they and those under whom they hold, have had peaceable, continuous and adverse possession by an actual enclosure of said land and premises herebefore described, cultivating using and enjoying the same for a period of more than ten years prior to January 1st 1910 and before the commencement of this suit and this they are ready to verify.

The Plaintiffs further show to the Court that they are unable to set out the claim or claims of the several defendants, or the pretended claims of said defendants, for the reason that their several claims or pretended claims, if any they have, and the nature thereof, are to the Plaintiffs unknown.

Wherefore Plaintiffs pray that the defendants be cited in the terms of the law to appear and answer this petition, and that they have judgment of the Court for the title and possession of the above described land and premises, and that a writ of restitution be issued, and for rents, damages and costs of suit, and for such other and further relief, special and general, in law and in equity, as they may be justly entitled to.

Herein fail not, but have before said Court on the 1st day of the next term thereof, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness J. W. Meadors, Clerk of the District Court of Haskell County, Texas. Given under my hand and seal of said Court, in the town of Haskell this 21st day of July, A. D. 1910.

J. W. Meadors
Clerk District Court, Haskell County.
By Roy English, Deputy.

Mr. B. H. Cogdell and his bride of a month, of Granbury, have moved to Haskell and taken rooms for Keeping house in the upper story of Mr. Steve Neathery's residence. Mr. and Mrs. Cogdell are a fine young couple and we are glad to welcome them to Haskell. Mr. Cogdell will be associated with his brother in the management of the Haskell Oil Mill of this city.

A CALL TO THE COUNTRY.

Existing Conditions Cry Aloud for a Change.

Years like this and last year ought to bring the people, all of the people—farmers, merchants and business men of every class down, not only to serious thought but, to the most serious and earnest effort to improve the farming system of the country along lines calculated to resist and overcome the effects of drouth. That this can be done to a very large extent, there is not a remaining vestige of doubt on the part of those who have thought and investigated with open and willing minds. It is a lamentable, yes, a very serious fact, however, that there is a large per cent of people throughout the country who are so wedded to their own ideas and so prejudiced against the men of education and scientific attainment who attempt to teach them that there is a better system than theirs and, how to practice it, that they seem to think it a virtue to turn a deaf ear to them and to the most clearly demonstrated facts, such facts as, if carefully weighed and considered, can leave no doubt in any intelligent human mind.

Such facts as are vouched for in a bulletin of the Agricultural Department in which the names and residences of 170 farmers in half a dozen Southern States are given who, by following the directions of the men sent by Secretary Wilson to instruct them, produced last year from 70 to 125 5-6 bushels of corn per acre in states whose average yield of corn runs from 13.5 to 23 bushels per acre seen to fall away from such men like water from a duck's back. If this thing had been done by only one or two farmers in one state there would be some excuse for saying that it was an accident, or, that it couldn't be done in this or some other state. But when it was done by one hundred and seventy farmers in six states as far apart and as different in soils and conditions as North Carolina and Louisiana, the man who refuses to accept the fact that a principle, based on a scientific knowledge of soil conditions and plant growth, was involved, and that its proper application to preparation and tillage produced the result places himself in the category of the ignorant and prejudiced and he must shake himself awake before he can hope to make progress. But such men are slow to awake; they are so dead that they don't know that they are asleep and need to rouse up.

The reluctance of so many to take hold of the "Campbell System" is another evidence of unenlightened prejudice, or, at least, such a degree of skepticism in regard to it as prevents men from giving it a fair test and opportunity to prove its merits, for we are constrained by a great weight of uncontradicted evidence to believe that Mr. Campbell presents the best system for the conservation of soil moisture and overcoming drouth conditions yet devised. The fact that it has succeeded year after year under adverse conditions and in a dryer region than ours, in many instances giving results that are marvelous when compared with the general production of the country, ought to be enough to inspire any man whose living depends upon his farm labor to give it a thorough, honest trial. There is certainly great inducement in the promise it holds out, especially when we consider that it costs so little to try it beyond getting one's consent to give up his preconceived prejudices if he finds it better than his way.

Some weeks ago we wrote Mr. Campbell, at his request, in regard to crop conditions here. In replying to that letter Mr. Campbell wrote, July 15: "Your report indicates all the way through that crops are in proportion to the rainfall in different localities. Judge, this is not as it should be. If the people will take hold of the principles of tillage for the conservation of soil moisture they will grow good crops under unfavorable conditions."

"On our demonstration farm at Plainview, Texas, where we have had the most drouthy conditions for two years known to that country, and the crops of the country are almost a total failure, and wheat, oats and fodder crops were a failure last year, yet we have this year grown 16 bushels of wheat to the acre on 60 acres that grew a crop of wheat last year. But on our every other year plan, or what we call summer tilled land with crop the following year, we have a small piece which yielded 52 bushels to the acre. This is the thing that people should take hold of, but we cannot force it upon them, however much we wish to see them prosper. They have got to take their own time."

We have seen it vouched for many times by people whose word and motive we have no reason to doubt that Mr. Campbell's method has time after time produced from 40 to 67 bushels of wheat where the general yield of the country ran from almost nothing to 15 bushels per acre.

Now, people, haven't you taken time enough and suffered enough from failures and partial failures in going your own way to make you try the other fellow's road and see if it isn't better?

Surely, as we said in the beginning, it is time that the whole country should wake up to the gravity of the situation and grapple with the problem before them. The business man, farmer, landlord and tenant are alike interested, because the welfare of all is vitally involved in the outcome, and if they can get together and solve it successfully they will have accomplished more for themselves and the country than the building of railroads and factories and peopling it with more thousands can do, for the doing of these things under present conditions will not increase the production of the land and bring permanent prosperity to the many. But an improved system of farming that will in large measure defeat the drouths and give uniformly good crops and increased yields from every acre will increase land values and bring people, railroads and factories without costly bonuses and will give us a country of prosperous and happy people.

We believe that the business men of every class, the commercial clubs or other organizations and the press of West Texas, can do no greater or more profitable work than to take this question up and co-operate with the farmers until success is achieved.

True, it may be a discouraging task and move slowly at first, but we do not doubt that the final result will justify the cost and the effort expended.

Yours truly,
J. E. POOLE, Secretary,
Haskell Board of Trade.