

The Haskell Free Press

VOLUME 26. NO. 24

HASKELL, HASKELL COUNTY, TEXAS, SATURDAY MORNING JUNE 17, 1911.

WHOLE No. 1325

Jefferson.

Nov. 12, 1842, at Newman, Ga. Ephraim Dent Jefferson was born. At McConnell, Haskell county, Texas, June 9, 1911, he died. He grew to manhood's estate in his native state. At this period he moved to Kansas where he was for five years. Then he moved his family to Bosque county, Texas, where he was for five years. At that time he then moved to Haskell county and settled at the place where he died and has been there ever since. This classed him as one of the very few old settlers in this county, he having been here for something like twenty-one years. Thus he was here during the pioneer days and to him as well as all those that came along about that time, this country owes a great debt.

Brother Jefferson joined the Methodist church forty-nine years ago and has been doing what he could to be an active member of the same and at the same time lend a helping hand to those that were in need.

There is left behind to mourn his going, a faithful wife, Mrs. Flora Jefferson, and three daughters, one having preceded him to God's home for these that love and serve him, and four stalwart sons. Beside these there are the grandchildren then all those who knew him.

The body was laid to rest in the Haskell cemetery, the funeral being conducted by his pastor, J. W. Watson assisted by Brother Meador. May the family have that faith that will reunite them in that home for the Saints of God. God's richest blessing, and thus accompanied by the Spirit to lead and guard them, is the prayer of him who sends these feeble words: "Let not your hearts be troubled, you believe in God, believe also in me."

The Sun Never Sets On The Texas Press.

The Commercial Secretaries Association has been conducting an investigation into the number of copies of Texas weekly papers that circulate outside the state. There were 424 papers reporting and they show an average out-of-state circulation of 12 per cent of the total and in many instances the papers report as high as 60 per cent of their circulation going outside the state. The papers go to every state in the Union and many of them cross the ocean. Kansas leads all states in subscribing for our weekly papers and in foreign countries, England and Canada make the best showing. In nations speaking foreign languages, China takes the lead. It can truly be said that the sun never sets on the Texas press.

We have 750 weekly papers in the state and using 12 per cent, as the basis of outside circulation, we find approximately 200,000 copies of our weekly papers circulating outside the state. This report does not include weekly papers which our citizens read and send back to their old neighbors in other states to give them the Texas fever, neither is the circulation of daily papers included.

With a quarter of a million copies of the Texas press singing the praises of Texas in every clime and country, we are able to account for the marvelous influx of men and money moving into our state. There is no more effective way of advertising Texas, than for our citizens to subscribe for the local paper

and have it mailed to friends outside the state, and no better service can be rendered non-residents than by giving them an opportunity of learning about Texas through the columns of our newspapers.

Lightning Kills Few.

In 1906 lightning killed only 169 people in this whole country. One's chances of death by lightning are less than two in a million. The chance of death from liver, kidney or stomach trouble is vastly greater, but not if Electric Bitters be used, as Robert Madsen, of West Burlington, Ia., proved. Four doctors gave him up after eight months of suffering from virulent liver trouble and yellow jaundice. He was then completely cured by Electric Bitters. They're the best stomach, liver, nerve and kidney remedy and blood purifier on earth. Only 50c at Corner Drug Store.

Getting Something For Nothing.

An inordinate desire to get something for nothing leads to greed in business and unless restrained sometimes results in crime, but every property owner in Texas can get something for nothing in a perfectly legitimate way by joining in the crusade for improving and extending our transportation facilities.

Improving public highways adds three times their cost to contiguous lands; building new railroads adds \$64,000 per mile to adjoining property and improving waterways increases property values. Improving public highways and building railroads is the only honest way of getting something for nothing, and the property owners of Texas can get rich by improving and increasing their transportation facilities.

A Peck In His Pocket

would show the box of Bucklen's Arnica Salve that E. S. Loper, a carpenter, of Marilla, N. Y. always carries. "I have never had a cut, wound, bruise, or sore it would not soon heal," he writes. Greatest healer of burns, boils, scalds, chapped hands and lips, fever-sores, skin-eruptions, eczema, corns and piles. 25c. at Corner Drug Store.

Wrang His Own Death Knell.

Rather extraordinary circumstances attended the suicide of a church sexton at the Hungarian village of Koros-Bajany recently. The inhabitants were alarmed by the violent ringing of their church bell, and thought a fire must have broken out. As, however, none could be seen, some of them went to the belfry to discover the reason, and there found the body of the sexton dangling from the bell-rope with which he had hanged himself.

A Terrible Blunder to neglect liver trouble. Never do it. Take Dr. King's New Life Pills on the first sign of constipation, biliousness or inactive bowels and prevent virulent indigestion, jaundice or gall stones. They regulate liver, stomach and bowels and build up your health. Only 25c at Corner Drug Store.

The uniform success that has attended the use of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy has made it a favorite everywhere. It can always be depended upon. For sale by West Side Pharmacy.

Weinert Locals.

From the Enterprise, June 9.

It used to be Old Bill Curd, the great talker but now it's Mr. Curd since he is reporting a new buggy.

E. C. Couch and wife and Clyde Farmer and wife of Knox City were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Couch here Sunday.

R. Roy Ruff of the Dallas News and cartoonist is here today on a visit to his sister, Mrs. Fred Boden. Roy was formerly editor of the Munday Times, and is one of the best cartoonists in Texas.

The socialist speaking here Saturday caused to gather a large crowd, and their speaker, who is an ex-editor, made a good talk. A supposed Democrat met the speaker in debate but he made a weak argument.

G. C. Newson and wife, Dr. Nolen and wife, Leavy and wife, Mrs. J. D. Miller, Chess Marr, Dr. Hart, W. J. Fairis, Frank W. Thomason, Henry Ethridge, W. G. McLeau, Henry Monke, Alvin and Monroe Bennett, H. Weinert, Jim Bennett, J. E. Robertson and a number of others were in attendance on the McWhirter trial this week.

Thursday evening, June 1st, Mrs. H. Weinert charmingly entertained the Ladies Thursday Club having with them on this occasion their gentlemen friends. The lawn was brilliantly lighted where six tables were arranged for "42" which was to be the feature of the evening. During the evening a most delicious punch was served to refresh the enthusiast players. Fred Boden and Carl Jones tied for the gents prize and Miss Weinert proved to be the best lady. At the conclusion a delicious ice course was served. The club will meet with Mrs. Bergfeld Thursday.

E. L. Ridling was a business caller today. E. L. does not take The Enterprise these days, and we often wonder why good men like he does not take the local paper as they know that some of these days they will die and then the papers will, as they always do, give something nice about their lives as being good men, etc. at the same time when an editor has to write an obituary he always thinks of it if a man is not a reader and writes just as nice with his thoughts in another channel that is not very flattery and if on the reverse were it to go in print it would cause more people to stop and think twice about supporting their home paper. We heard a man say once that a good man never borrows a paper and was always a bonified reader of his local paper." So E. L., we believe you are a good man so come across, and the others around here who are on the wanting list should do likewise.

Judge Thomas heard the application of John Stasney, a Bohemian Wednesday for naturalization and requested W. H. Murchison of the Haskell bar to examine the applicant. We have taken the following amusing proceeding from stenographer, Jas. A. Hankerson's note book: "Who is governor of Texas? Answer: Coolquit. Do you read any news paper? Yaas. What paper? Der Vinert Inspiration."—Haskell Free Press.

Two good names are generally linked together like the above—Coolquit and The Enterprise. This week the original Inspiration was in court and the gentlemen of the bar had considerable fun commenting upon the new name. This is one of the many incidents that prove that The Enterprise is the popular paper of "the people."

Cat That Has Gold Teeth.

Admirers of Goldie, the eight pound coon cat owned by Fred Swanson, of Malden, Mass., declare that he should be given first place in the list of "extraordinary kitties." Mr. Swanson has many times told the story of how the gold was placed in the tooth. Here is the narrative: "Several years ago the cat was suffering from an ulcerated tooth. The torture became so great that the animal would dash through the rooms of my house in a frenzy, and I feared that it would go mad."

"A nephew of mine was at that time studying dentistry. He treated the tooth until the ulceration had disappeared. Then he decided that the time was ripe for the operation. The kitchen table in my home served as the operation 'chair.' Because of his great respect for the cat's claws, my nephew administered ether. When the cat was in slumberland, my nephew worked quickly and effectively with the dental apparatus. Soon the cavity had been 'plugged.'"

FREE WOOL INDORSED.

The caucus that indorsed the Underwood bill adopted the following resolution:

"Be it resolved, that the bill revising schedule K, as presented to this caucus by the majority members of the ways and means committee, is not to be construed as an abandonment of any democratic policy, but in view of a gradual reduction of the tariff and the depleted and depleting condition of the public treasury as a result of republican extravagance, a tariff of 20 per cent ad valorem on raw wool is now proposed as a revenue necessity."

The first part of the resolution rebuked those who deny that free wool is a democratic doctrine—how do the protectionists like that? The last part contradicts those who argue that a tax on wool is NOT a necessity. Like all compromises it displeases both sides—puts both sides in a false position. The protectionist democrats will repudiate it at the first opportunity and the advocates of free wool will disregard it as soon as they get a chance to substitute a tax on something else. It will answer one purpose, namely, keep the protection democrats from airing their views on protection during the discussion of the bill—thanks for small favors, and it will give the republicans a chance to point out ways in which the democrats could have collected more tax with less oppression.

Its temporary purpose is to disinfect the action of the caucus, but its future value will be in showing up the false basis on which the protectionist democrats won their victory in the caucus.—The Commoner.

His Number.

It was his first time to use the telephone. He came into the one horse store and called the keeper to one side and whispered to him that he would like to order a pair of shoes from a nearby town—over the phone.

"That's all right," assented the storekeeper. "Help yourself."

He did as he had seen others do—rang the bell and held the receiver to his ear.

"Number, please?" chirped exchange.

"Number twelves, brogans!" was the prompt reply.—Judge.

Automobiles On The Farm.

A new use for the automobile has been found by western farmers. It is that of utilizing the back wheels for motive power to run wood saws.

"In traveling in the west I came across a farmer who was cutting wood by means of his automobile," said J. E. Sheldon, representative of a western automobile company, at the Riggs house. "The farmer had jacked up the rear axle of his machine and attached a belt to one of the wheels, which was connected with a saw. In this manner he was sawing wood. I asked him how he had come to think of the scheme, and he told me that it was common practice among farmers in the west."

"It is astonishing how many farmers all through the west own automobiles. Nearly every farmer who is moderately well fixed has a machine. It is an ordinary sight to see automobiles skimming through the harvest fields, and it is remarkable how much time they save. The increased use of autos by farmers has, in a great measure, removed the prejudice against machines, and it is seldom now that one has a complaint from a farmer on the score of fast driving. The farmers, when they see a machine speeding along a road, get out of the way and do not attempt to hold up the occupants, as they formerly did. They have learned the value of the automobile in their own business."

"One of the most striking results of the use of automobiles among farmers is that of keeping the boys on the farm. The young fellows are no longer so anxious to leave the old homestead for the city, for they can jump in a machine, go to town, and get back in time for dinner."—Washington Post.

Notice of Bankrupt's Petition for Discharge.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS.

In the matter of } No. 247
William Wells } In
Bankrupt. } Bankruptcy

OFFICE OF REFEREE.

Abilene, Texas, June 12th, 1911. Notice is hereby given that William Wells of the County of Haskell, and District aforesaid, did, on the 12th day of June 1911 file in the Clerk's office of said Court, at Abilene, a petition setting up that he has been heretofore duly adjudged a bankrupt under the act of Congress approved July 1, 1898; that he has duly surrendered all his property and rights of property, and has fully complied with all the requirements of said acts and of the orders of the Court touching his bankruptcy, and praying for a full discharge from all debts provable against his estate in bankruptcy, save such debts as are excepted by law from such discharge.

On considering the above mentioned petition, it is ordered that any creditor who has proved his claim, and other parties in interest, if they desire to oppose the discharge prayed for in said petition, shall, on or before the 17th day of July 1911, file with the Referee for the Abilene Division of said District, a notice in writing of their opposition to a discharge in the above entitled cause.

K. K. LEGETT,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

No. 7825

Report of the Condition of The Farmers National Bank, at Haskell in the State of Texas, at the close of business, June 7th, 1911.

RESOURCES	
Loans and Discounts	\$ 50,585.85
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	4,189.45
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	25,000.00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	504
Bonds, Securities, etc.	449
Banking house, Furniture, and Fixtures	11,250
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)	2,487.58
Due from State and Private Banks and Savings Banks	332.94
Due from approved Reserve Agents	4,431.28
Checks and other Cash Items	122
Notes of other National Banks	2,576.00
Fractional Paper Currency, Nickels, and Cents	95.91
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank, viz:	
Specie	\$4,000.00
Legal-tender Notes	280.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)	1,250.00
Total	\$ 117,958.14

LIABILITIES	
Capital Stock paid in	\$ 51,000.00
Surplus fund	6,300.00
Undivided Profits, less Expenses and Taxes paid	2,235.25
National Bank Notes outstanding	25,000.00
Due to other National Banks	none
Due to State and Private Banks and Bankers	none
Due to approved Reserve Agents	4,431.28
Individual deposits subject to check	4,431.28
Time certificates of deposit	122
Cashier's checks outstanding	122
Bills payable, including certificates of deposit for money borrowed	122
Total	\$117,958.14

State of Texas, County of Haskell, ss. I, R. C. Montgomery, Cashier of the aforesaid bank, do solemnly swear that the statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 7th day of June 1911.

Correct—Attest:
H. M. BEE
H. S. POSEY
J. F. FINKERTIN (Directors)

Elbert Alvis Dead.

Brother Elbert Alvis, the 18 year-old son of Pastor I. N. Alvis of Rochester, died in an Abilene sanitarium last Thursday night after having been ill here for some time. Young Brother Alvis had been a student in Simmons College during the past year and was much liked here as well as at his home and other places where he was known. A shadow of gloom and sorrow was cast over the entire student body and faculty of the college when his death was announced. Brotherly sympathy is extended to the bereaved parents and friends.—Abilene Western Evangelist.

Train Loses Its Whistle.

It occurred one day recently, and the passengers on the Big Sandy train are smiling yet when they think of the oldest incident that has happened on that branch of the Chesapeake & Ohio in years. The train bound for Ashland lost its whistle while still many miles up the valley, and was forced to stop and back up almost the entire distance, looking for that whistle, which was eventually found miles away from where it was missed. The loss delayed the train five hours. It was due at Catlettsburg at five o'clock in the evening, but didn't reach that point until ten o'clock that night. Trains have been known to lose their switchmen, their cabooses and sometimes a whole cut of cars; but never before has a Big Sandy train been known to lose its whistle. Under the law a train may not operate without a whistle, and it was this fact that caused the conductor of this train to run back over many miles of track to locate the lost object.—Pikesville Advocate.

New onions, white and yellow at R. D. C. Stephens. 16

FARMING WITH DYNAMITE.

From an eloquent pamphlet issued by an eastern railroad we learn of new and unsuspected uses for dynamite on the farm. Besides its familiar tasks of extracting stumps, starting log and ice jams and breaking up boulders, dynamite is just the thing, it seems, for digging ditches, felling trees and excavating cellars. Blowing a hole to set an apple tree is cheaper than digging one and it kills bugs and loosens the ground so that the tree grows better besides, says the New York World. Dynamite charges set off eight or ten feet apart to break up subsoil restore fertility to worn lands. If a swamp has no outlet for ditching you may sometimes drain it by boring a deep hole and blowing up its hard pan bottom. The dynamite left over may be used anywhere. The crops do not it. Dynamite detonations, the red flag of warning and occasional hired men sent skyward in installments may seem inconsistent with the idyllic calm of rural pursuits, but it is too late to complain. The farmer already threshes and saws wood with his automobile motor, vacinates the soil for fertility, lures the stream out of fresh milk by centrifugal force, educates butter with chemical germs, marries staid and respectable fruits to produce strange mongrels, fights insects with master insects, frosts with smoke blankets and blight with recondit acids. He is a chemist, physicist, mechanic, physician.

Football as a fatal amusement falls into insignificance compared with Alpine climbing. The Austrian and German Alpine clubs have just published statistics showing that between 1901 and 1910 inclusive 885 Alpinists lost their lives in the central Alps of Europe, an average of nearly 100 a year. In 1909 there were 144 climbers killed and in 1910, 109, not including 45 persons who met their death while picking edelweiss. Of this total of 123 fatalities, 42 were Germans, 24 Austrians, 19 Swiss and 4 English. Eight were guides. The largest number of fatal accidents in the Alps took place in the month of August. It is estimated that the army of Alpinists now numbers 100,000.

Telephone linemen have discovered a new use for rats. F. H. Lawrence, of the engineering department of the Chicago Telephone company, is responsible for this description of how rats are employed in placing cables: "A rat is loosed in a pipe through which a cable is to be placed. Then a string is tied to a ferret, which pursues the rat, carrying the string through the pipe. On the small string a large one is attached, and on that a still larger, until a big wire cable is pulled through." Perhaps when all the rats have been killed off, to prevent the possible spread of the bubonic plague, the trick will be turned by the use of white mice.

Efforts are being made by a Kansas City snake fancier to have snakes installed in houses to catch mice and vermin. He says snakes are much better than cats. We don't know much about the ability of snakes as little helpers around the cellar, but a cat at least be said for them that they are not likely to disturb people by walling and screeching in back yards at night.

Judge Shafer of Pittsburg utters the following words of wisdom to mere men: "Never reply to the taunts of an angry woman. Flee from her, and do not begrudge her the last word, for she will have it anyway." We have never made the acquaintance of the judge, but we are willing to wager a few shekels that he is married.

Those German dirigibles persist in coming to ignominious ends. There is at least a dramatic completeness about the crash of the falling aeroplane which is utterly lacking in the avoidance of an unwieldy balloon in a tree top. At that the passengers on the dirigibles are more likely to escape with their lives.

A New York man who has been serving a salary of \$30,000 a year has gone into bankruptcy, explaining that he had to borrow money with which to buy an automobile. So, you see, having a salary of \$30,000 a year in New York is attended with hardships, so.

The manager of the Philadelphia Athletics explains that his team has been losing games because there are too many bridegrooms in the organization. If it is to be shown that matrimony interferes with baseball it will be fatal to matrimony.

This is a bad time for a man who owns luxuriant whiskers. An insect called *Phytonomus Murinus* promises to be the boll weevil of the alfalfa. He is spreading rapidly.

I. AND G. N. SOLD TO COULD INTERESTS

ONLY ONE BID IS MADE ON PROPERTY.

\$12,645,000 THE ONLY BID

Deal Endorsed by Federal Court. Palestine Asserts Right to Shops and Offices.

Palestine, Tex., June 14.—The third mortgage holders of the International and Great Northern purchased the road at receivership sale for \$12,645,000. The Gould interests own the majority of the third mortgage bonds and the result of sale is that the road will again be under their control. Frank D. Nicodemus, a New York attorney, represented the mortgage bondholders' committee and no other bid was accepted by W. H. Flippen of Dallas, Master Commissioner, subject to the approval of the United States District Court of the Northern District of Texas.

P. B. Greenwood, representing the city of Palestine and Anderson County, announced that the city and county would hold the road to its former promise to maintain the shops and general offices here. This announcement was made in connection with numerous reports that have been circulated as to the moving of the headquarters.

As an evidence of good faith Mr. Nicodemus deposited a certified check for \$100,000 before the bid was entered.

It is the intention of the purchasers to at once begin a reorganization both materially and managerially.

To Eliminate Express Companies.

Washington: Recognizing that the Democrats of the House must soon face a demand for parcel post legislation, which it will not be possible to shove off longer than the end of the present special session of Congress, Representative Burleson of Texas, after conference with House leaders, has developed the plan to eliminate from the transportation scheme of this country the express service. In the opinion of Representative Burleson the express service is unnecessary and expensive in the scheme of transportation, doing a service which he believes should be required of the railroads, or if transported by express companies should be done at rates at which the service could be rendered by parcel post.

Potatoes Go Kiting.

Chicago: After-effects of the recent heat wave are noticeable in the big rise in prices of produce here within the last day or two. Potatoes and other vegetables suffered most in the torrid wave. Old potatoes sold at wholesale ten days ago for 40¢ a bushel; now they are \$1 and will go to \$1.25 before long. Two cars of new potatoes sold at \$1.75 Wednesday, but others changed hands at \$1.90. There are very few cars of old potatoes left and the outlook is not at all bright.

The Biggest Compress.

Houston: Contracts have been let for the beginning of constructor work on what it is said will be the largest and most modern cotton compress, receiving and storing base in the South. Dirt has been broken for the construction of improvement costing approximately \$250,000, made by the Weld-Neville Cotton Company at their plant on the Harrisburg road. The improvements will consist of a large concrete warehouse with a capacity of 50,000 bales of compressed cotton, an open air shed, 300 feet long and a retaining wall 800 feet long or Brays bayou.

Guthrie Elects Reform Ticket.

Guthrie, Okla.: J. E. Nisley, president of the State Sunday School Association, was elected Mayor of Guthrie under the charter form of government Tuesday, defeating ex-Gov. Cash Barnes by 341 majority. N. M. Carter, chairman of the Presbyterian Board of Trustees, was elected Commissioner of Public Safety over W. H. Mitchell, Chief of Police and former Rough Rider, by 455 majority.

Senate Passes Direct Election Bill.

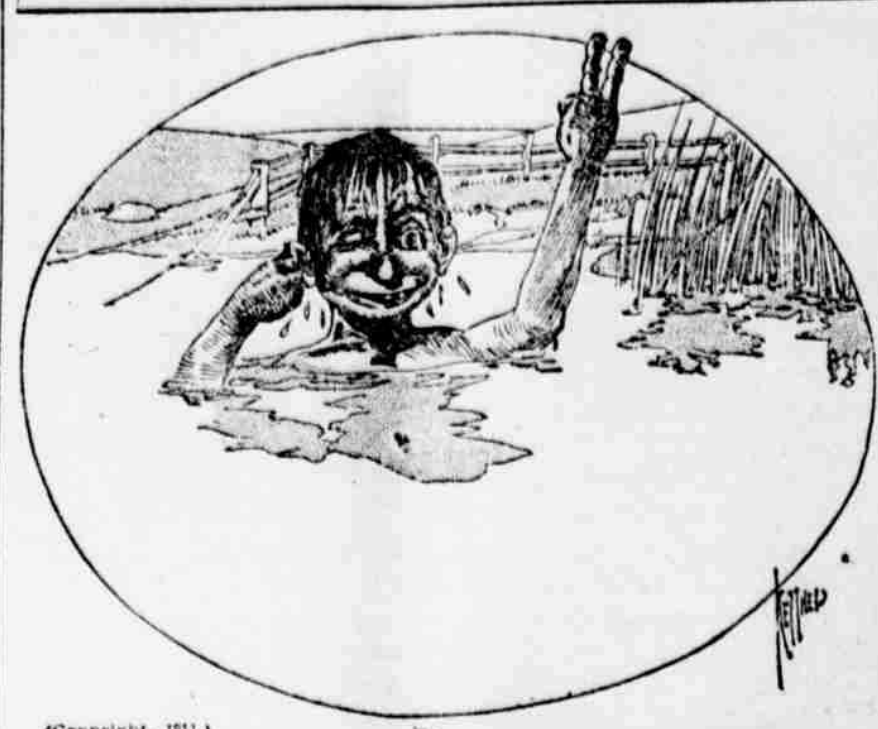
Washington: The Senate Monday night by 64 to 24 passed the resolution amending the Constitution to provide for election of Senators by direct popular vote. The Bristow amendment, giving to the Federal Government supervision of such elections, was adopted, 44 to 44, the Vice President casting the deciding ballot. The House already has passed the resolution.

Grasshoppers Eating Crops.

Chickasha: A plague of grasshoppers has struck certain portions of this country. Eight miles east of here the insects have eaten every green thing in a path a mile wide and two miles long. The corn fields have been stripped of all the blades and nothing but the stalks left standing.

Brock, Parker County, has voted an issue of bonds for a new school house, and the county has voted an increased maintenance tax.

AWAY, COME ON IN



(Copyright, 1911.)

THE 1910 COTTON CROP WAS LARGE INCREASE

THE MOST VALUABLE EVER PRODUCED.

TEXAS MADE GAIN OVER '09

Brings Millions to the State and Increased Price Stimulates Planting.

Washington, June 13.—Salient features of the 1910 cotton crop report of the Census Bureau, are as follows:

The estimated value of the 1910 crop, the most valuable ever produced in the United States, is \$963,180,000, compared with \$812,090,000 for 1909; \$681,230,000 for 1908; \$800,960,000 for 1907, and \$721,650,000 for 1906.

The value of the crop of 1910 is \$151,090,000, or 18.65 per cent more than that of 1909, notwithstanding the fact that the quantity of lint is only 1,602,667 bales, or 16 per cent greater.

The value of the cotton crops of the five-year period ending with 1910 is \$3,879,110,000, while the value of the five-year period ending with 1899 is \$1,529,500,000.

During the last five years the price of lint cotton has averaged about 12¢ per pound, or about \$60 per bale, and the value of the cotton seed has increased from \$13.80 per ton in 1906 to \$27.40 per ton in 1910.

The value of a 500-pound bale of cotton, including the value of the seed was \$87.15 in 1910, compared with \$50.37 for 1904 and with \$30.22 in 1898.

The quantity of cotton reported for the crop of 1910, with linters included and round bales counted as half bales, is 11,965,962 running bales; expressed in gross 500-pound bales the crop amounted to 12,005,688 bales, which is 1,690,306 bales, or 16.4 per cent greater than the crop of 1909, but 1,581,618 bales, or 11.6 per cent, less than the crop of 1908.

The Texas crop in 1910 was more than 500,000 bales larger than in 1909, but did not reach the dimensions attained in 1908 and 1906, or 1904. The unstable condition of cotton production in Texas is disclosed by the fact that the State showed a decline of 44.9 per cent in 1907 compared with 1906, when the largest crop that it ever produced was grown, and an increase in 1908 of 65.8 per cent over the crop of 1907, while in 1909 the crop decreased 33.4 per cent from that of the preceding year and in 1910 increased over that of 1909 by 21.7 per cent.

China Demands \$6,000,000 Indemnity.

City of Mexico: An indemnity of 12,000,000 pesos, the equivalent of \$6,000,000 gold, will be demanded of Mexico by the Chinese Government for the slaughter of Chinese subjects in Torreon. The demand will be backed up a cruiser which is already on the way to the Mexican west coast ports. Three investigators from Torreon placed in the hands of Shung Hai Sun, Charge d'Affaires of the Chinese legation, a detailed report of us carnage. The report says that 303 Chinese were killed, many of them in the most inhuman manner and that besides a bank and clubhouse, eighty-nine places of business were sacked.

In a difficulty between negroes on the Williams ranch, near Brookston, Oscar Wood was shot and killed. Two arrests were made.

Two Death Sentences Confirmed.

Austin: Two death penalty cases were affirmed in the Court of Criminal Appeals, being that of D. D. Spates, from San Augustine County, convicted of the murder of Martin Allen on June 4, 1910, and that of John Cain, from Walker County, who was given the death penalty for killing of J. J. Hardy. Spates used a lead pipe to commit the crime, while Hardy was killed by being called to his door at night on the pretense of a long distance telephone call.

It Sometimes Rains.

El Paso: Rain commenced falling about 2 o'clock Monday morning and continued until about noon. The entire country is soaked and it will be of great benefit to the crops and grass on the ranges.

Roswell, N. M.: Practically all of the Peos Valley was visited by a heavy rain Sunday night that did good to crops and ranges. At Roswell a heavy wind blew down some trees but did no great damage.

BUILDING REVOLUTION FOR CENT. AMERICA

SOLDIERS OF FORTUNE CONCENTRATE IN NEW ORLEANS.

U. S. GOVERNMENT WATCHES

Just Anything for a War and its Opportunities for Spoils and Military Glory.

New Orleans, La.: Commonly known since the Walker Expedition of the early '50s as the hotbed of revolution and the mecca of filibusters, New Orleans is today preparing for another upheaval in Central America and the city is rapidly filling with the dark complexioned Latin folks whose blood seems to simmer in proportion to the intensity of the hot weather.

Almost the entire strip of land from the southern border of Mexico to Panama, with the possible exception of Costa Rica, may witness within the next few months the most stupendous upheaval in the history of Central America.

Never before, perhaps, have there been so many people of known revolutionary designs in New Orleans as right now, and they are leading a score of secret service agents of this and other countries a merry chase these hot days and nights. If stories handed out by these Government agents are true, Jose Santos Zelaya, exiled former President of Nicaragua, has joined hands with prominent members of the Cientifico party in Mexico on a plan which involves a general upheaval embracing Guatemala, Honduras and Nicaragua, if not Salvador as well.

Several hundred exiles from these countries are now in New Orleans and daily these are holding a full conference as the eagle eyes of the Government agents will permit.

These intriguers are said to have already purchased in this country 5,000 rifles, 300,000 rounds of ammunition and the former United States torpedo boat Winslow. They are said to be negotiating for the former gunboat Siren, now in Central American waters, and a vessel or two for use on the Pacific coast.

A large number of soldiers of fortune, including half a dozen members of the America Legion, which was commanded by Garibaldi in Mexico, are here awaiting the call to arms. Gen. Lee Christmas, the best known of all the professional war men, is expected to arrive within a few days from Honduras, where he recently assisted Manuel Bonilla in gaining possession of that country.

Methodist Universities Merge.

Guthrie, Okla.: Final arrangements have been made merging the Fort Worth University and the Epworth University of Oklahoma at Guthrie permanently as a tri-State university, a strictly Methodist Episcopal institution. Dr. Fielder of the Fort Worth University becomes vice chancellor here and all paraphernalia of the two schools will be moved to Guthrie.

Ajax Waste Mill's Second Fire.

Dallas: Building and stock of the Ajax Waste Mills at Pacific avenue and Crutcher street were almost totally destroyed by fire Saturday morning. J. N. Dubois, manager of the plant, said that while the total property value was about \$30,000 he estimated the probable loss at \$15,000. The building will be restored as soon as possible, and the business will suffer but little interruption.

To Construct Filtration Plant.

Fort Worth: The city will erect a filtration plant for use at the new surface reservoirs which will be capable of purifying 5,000,000 gallons of water per day. A number of contractors have been studying the plans and it is expected that there will be a number of bids. The plant will be located near the Holly wells and will cover approximately 10,000 square feet.

Carrie Nation is Dead.

Leavenworth, Kan.: Mrs. Carrie Nation, 66 years old, who gained celebrity by her use of a hatchet in the cause of prohibition, died at 7 o'clock Friday night here in the Evergreen Sanitarium. She was admitted to the sanitarium Jan. 22, suffering from nervous breakdown. Mrs. Nation in the sanitarium was incapable of even managing her own business affairs. All trace of the bold prohibition worker had disappeared when her iron constitution began to fail, and she spent the last five months of her life in seclusion, no one but relatives and hospital attendants being allowed to see her.

Killed With Base Ball Bat.

Houston: Sunday afternoon R. G. Kelley, a young man whose home is in Dallas, was struck on the head with a club at Sugarland during a baseball game and the blow resulted in death. The information that young Kelley was playing baseball and became involved in a quarrel with two brothers, one of whom struck Kelley with his first and the other struck him with a club. Kelley was about 17 years old and an employe of the mail press company, which was recently moved from Dallas to Sugarland.



GERMAN CITY IS SOVEREIGN

Not Hampered as Are American Cities In Every Movement for Material Development.

One of the addresses delivered at the very first session of the City Plan congress in Philadelphia discussed the handicaps and difficulties that have to be met in every American city in carrying out plans of betterment and beautification. Frederick C. Howe, secretary of the National Progressive League, showed that the fundamental theories upon which government in America is based operate continually to hinder and embarrass American municipalities in every attempt at material development and improvement. In realizing plans, German cities proceed upon fundamental theories that are directly opposite to those followed in this country, and in explaining this difference Mr. Howe indicated the extraordinary difficulties in the way of making over the American city.

"The German city is sovereign. It controls the landowner and the builder in the interest of the community. It is endowed with ample power for the regulation of both persons and property and governs itself absolutely. It is not like the American city—under the thumb of a state legislature. The German city has always been a landlord on a large scale. Even German villages own forests and other land in common which have been held for centuries, and modern German cities buy and sell land or hold it for a speculative rise in price the same as individuals. Berlin owns altogether, nearly two and one-half times as much land as is included in the municipal bounds. Frankfurt owns nearly forty-nine per cent of all the land within the city limits. The policy in German cities is to acquire large tracts and to hold them, or, if they are sold in parcels, the city profits in the business transaction. The German city is initially in position to do pretty much what it pleases in way of betterments.

In American cities it is the custom to condemn land for particular uses, and just so much land is taken by them as will be at once used, and no more. The costly municipal improvements generally enhance immensely the value of adjacent lands. From this increased value the American city derives only an indirect benefit, but the German city gets the full benefit because it has taken the precaution to own the adjacent land. But whether the German city owns the adjacent land or not, it owns completely the building plans. The German city is not obliged to grope and flounder when it undertakes to do things.

GARDEN WORK AT SCHOOL

Various Cities Feel the Need of Work That Will Turn Children to the Country.

Every city that has done school garden work has studied its own needs in that direction and has followed the subject in the way that will be most beneficial. The point of view from which Washington approached the work has been that of arousing civic pride by giving better school surroundings, and by the improvement of back yards, all of this to be accomplished through its teachers, who should therefore have special training for this work.

Philadelphia, Boston, New York and St. Louis, with their large foreign quarters, have felt the need of a work that will turn the children toward the country; so in those places the subject has been worked out on a large area, subdivided into many small plots, where children are taught the value of intensive farming on small tracts. But one experiment of the kind has been tried in connection with the schools in Washington, and this work has another purpose for its foundation than those mentioned, though it may be many years before its object is accomplished.

To Make Cities Beautiful.

It would keep a man busy to follow all the civic beauty plans that are being projected and which in some cases are maturing among the cities of the United States. In some cities the civic center—parkway—greater beauty plans have not progressed beyond the dream state, in others they have reached the diagram and picture phase—and in others real money is actually being spent. But all the signs are hopeful; people are turning projects over in their minds and the city of the future will be cleaner, greener, brighter and more harmonious. A great many facts bearing on the work done, going and to be done will be brought out at the national conference on city planning to be held in Philadelphia.

Praiseworthy Protection.

Bangor would do well to follow the example of Chelsea, which permits no wooden shingles on buildings put up since the fire. Chelsea's new structures are roofed with shingles of shingles, metal or slate. Bangor as a great center of the shingle business may find the experiment self-defeating but it ought, as a precaution against another conflagration, to be a substitute for the wooden roof structure. Boston Transcript.

WOMEN MAY AVOID OPERATIONS

By taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

The following letter from Mrs. Orville Rock will prove how unwise it is for women to submit to the dangers of a surgical operation when it may be avoided by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. She was four weeks in the hospital and came home suffering worse than before.

Here is her own statement. Paw Paw, Mich.—"Two years ago I suffered very severely with a displacement. I could not be on my feet for a long time. My physician treated me for seven months without much relief and at last sent me to Ann Arbor for an operation. I was there four weeks and came home suffering worse than before. My mother advised me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I did. Today I am well and strong and do all my own housework. I owe my health to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and advise my friends who are afflicted with any female complaint to try it."—Mrs. ORVILLE ROCK, R. R. No. 5, Paw Paw, Michigan.

If you are ill do not drag along until an operation is necessary, but at once take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

For thirty years it has been the standard remedy for women's ills, and has positively restored the health of thousands of women. Why don't you try it?



HUNT'S CURE GUARANTEED FOR 30c At your Druggist.



WHAT, INDEED. Marion—Caroline says she paid \$18 a dozen for those photos of herself. Maxine—But they don't look a bit like her.

Marion—Of course not! What do you suppose she paid \$18 for?

His Disqualification. When we saw her she stopped panting by the road to rest. It was the shell road in Bay St. Louis, and she was black. Beside her was a heavy market basket filled with overflowing. We smiled at her with sympathetic friendliness and she responded with fall and free confidence.

"Yassam. I is some tired. An' lame. All painful wid miseries. Yassam. I coulda done sen' some one else to mahket fo' me. Mah grandson he coulda done gone. But I dain't trus' him. He spends mah money too briedy."—Housekeeper.

COMES A TIME When Coffee Shows What It Has Been Doing.

"Of late years coffee has disagreed with me," writes a matron from Rome, N. Y.

"The lightest punishment being to make me 'loggy' and dizzy, and it seemed to thicken up my blood.

"The heaviest was when it upset my stomach completely, destroying my appetite and making me nervous and irritable, and sent me to my bed. After one of these attacks, in which I nearly lost my life, I concluded to quit the coffee and try Postum.

"It went right to the spot! I found it not only a most palatable and refreshing beverage, but a food as well. "All my ailments, the 'logginess' and dizziness, the unsatisfactory condition of my blood, my nervousness and irritability disappeared in short order and my sorely afflicted stomach began quickly to recover. I began to rebuild and have steadily continued until now. Have a good appetite and am rejoicing in sound health which I owe to the use of Postum." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read the Little Rock "The Road to Wellville" in pgs. "There's a reason." These read the above letter. A new one appears from time to time. They are all similar, and full of human interest.

TO HELP THE TEXAS DRAINAGE SITUATION

COMMISSIONER STILES SECURES PROMISE OF AID.

TWO STATIONERS ESTABLISHED

Government Engineers Will Be Established at Houston and Brownsville.

Washington, D. C.: As a result of a conference held by State Drainage Commissioner Arthur A. Stiles of Texas, with Secretary Wilson of the Department of Agriculture, and various division chiefs, the department has ordered the drainage division to cooperate on drainage work in Texas with the Texas Levee and Drainage Board. Stations will be established at Houston and Brownsville, from which the two supervisors designated to carry on this work in Texas will organize their forces for operations in coastal plans. H. A. Kipp, drainage engineer, will be in charge of the headquarters at Houston, and W. H. Hall, drainage engineer in charge of the headquarters at Brownsville. Their forces will investigate the drainage problems of those sections, and will transmit all of the results of those investigations to the State Levee and Drainage Board, the State board reciprocating the favor in the sections where it is at work. The Department of Agriculture will increase the allotments for the work, and as a courtesy to the Texas board will place its surveys in areas where the State Levee Board is most desirous of having surveys made.

Discussing the scope and character of this co-operation, Chief Engineer Wright says:

"This work will consist first of the general examination of certain valleys and counties where there is interest among the land owners in the reclaiming of lands for agriculture. In the course of these examinations all of the information regarding the physical conditions which relate to the land from lack of adequate drainage will be obtained and arranged in the form of reports. This information will include the area of land injured, the condition which produces injury, either from overflow or, in the case of the level coast lands, from the lack of drainage channels to remove the surplus water. All facts of this character, which can be gathered without an instrumental survey, will be carefully arranged, and conclusions drawn as to what preliminary steps should be taken in securing the betterment of the land which has been examined. "When such surveys are made the office will cooperate with the people on the local drainage commission, provided the local authorities contribute approximately one-half of the cost of the survey. Where surveys are made, the object is to assist the people in handling the local problem in such a way that they do the work efficiently and economically. Where plans and surveys are made it will be expected that the owners will proceed with the work in accordance with the instructions of the office, and in doing so, will furnish an example of good management and construction to other localities where the same methods of improvement may be employed.

BOLL WEEVILS SCARE.

Dry Weather is Most Unfavorable to His Multiplying.

Dallas: According to reports received by W. D. Hunter, in charge of the laboratory of the United States Agricultural Department, the boll weevil is scarcer in Texas than in many years. This thinning out is due to the two very hot and dry summers just passed and to the very dry weather of the last few weeks. He says that hot weather and drouth are the worst enemies of the boll weevil. The heat and drouth cause the squares on the cotton plants to dry up and fall off and the weevil then can not thrive. This does not injure the cotton, but merely makes the plants grow larger and causes the bolls to open later, which somewhat adds to the danger of frost.

The only boll weevils reported in any numbers in Texas are in the wooded valleys along the Gulf Coast. There are some in other parts, it is true, but not enough to seriously injure the crop. The weevil is mostly to be found now in Louisiana and Mississippi, where there is most rainfall.

Mill Fire at Ennis.

Ennis: The Ennis Milling Company's plant burned Friday night, together with a car of corn. The loss is estimated at \$16,000 with insurance \$8,000. The origin is unknown. This is the third mill to burn on this site.

Tampered Switch; Engineer Killed.

Houston: Engineer Richard Hines of Galveston was instantly killed and Fireman G. H. Turner seriously injured at 5 o'clock Monday afternoon when a Santa Fe passenger train broke through a partly opened switch at a siding a short distance outside the city limits. The train was running possibly forty-five miles an hour when the wreck occurred. Turner sustained a broken arm and very severe bruises and cuts, but it is thought that he will recover.

THE PRO CAMPAIGN STARTS IN DALLAS

RALLY HELD IN STATE FAIR COLISEUM.

2500 LISTEN TO ADDRESSES

Hon. T. H. Ball, Fr. Murphy, Senator Sturgeon and Cone Johnson Make Addresses.

Dallas, Texas: An audience of some 2,500 men and women enthusiastically applauded and cheered the stellar orators of the State-wide prohibition cause who appeared Thursday night upon the platform of the State Fair Coliseum in the first series of rallies to be held over Texas in favor of the adoption of the constitutional amendment on July 22. The speakers were Hon. Cullen T. Thomas of Dallas, who presided; Hon. Thomas H. Ball, chairman of the State-wide prohibition organization; Rev. Patrick J. Murphy the Catholic priest of Dalhart; Hon. B. B. Sturgeon, State Senator, of Paris, and Hon. Cone Johnson of Tyler. The fact that aside from the priest two of these speakers have been prominent supporters and two prominent opponents of United States Senator Bailey gave emphasis of division upon political questions.

The speeches were largely controversial, analyzing the rally held by the anti-State-widlers at Fort Worth Monday, and answering certain of the charges there made. For example, Mr. Thomas observed: "They say the are opposed to the union of Church and State," and he added, "So are we, but I would rather see the State the bride of the Church than to see it the consort of the saloon."

Mr. Thomas, Mr. Ball and Senator Sturgeon each took notice of the charge made by Chairman Wolters of the anti-saloon work, and had started this campaign in Texas to divert attention from the prosecution of Standard Oil. The truth of this was denied, Mr. Thomas declaring that Standard Oil had already been put out of the State. Senator Sturgeon, however, declared that Standard Oil is still interested in the breweries of Texas and is fighting for them. Mr. Ball caustically commented upon the fact that the railroad rates to the anti convention were less than half the rates made to the prohibition conventions, notwithstanding which, he declared, the attendance was not as large as had been expected. He struck fire when he attacked Gov. Colquitt, declaring that he would not criticize the Governor for attending the Fort Worth meeting, as he owed it to the men who had elected him to be there, nor would he criticize him for vetoing the eight-hour law, or having vetoed the daylight bill, making long hours for the saloon, it naturally followed that there should be long hours for labor.

Father Murphy's speech was very much along the line of that which he made at Waco. His short, incisive sentences brought frequent applause. This was particularly true of his emphatic statement that every Roman Catholic in Texas is free to work and vote for State-wide prohibition, and his declaration that the church of Jesus Christ is supposed to stand for something more than the dirty saloon business; also his assertion that the picture printed in "Facts" purporting to be a likeness of Cardinal Gibbons was a fake, and not the picture of the great man.

Senator Sturgeon contrasted the criminal records of Paris and Dallas, and in that connection said that when he was working for the adoption of the race track bill he was told that the Texas State Fair would be ruined if betting on races was prohibited. He had said, however, that if the Fair was based upon a wrong it ought to go down. Time has proven that the dire prediction was ill-founded, for the Fair is prospering. From this he argued that the closing of saloons in Dallas would not kill the city, for Dallas is not based upon the saloons.

Hon. Cone Johnson was the last speaker introduced, although the audience had on several occasions called for him. He at once sailed into the declarations of the Fort Worth convention and proceeded to analyze them arousing the audience to frequent demonstrations.

Beat Britishers at Polo.

New York: America crushed England's hope of regaining the international polo cup at Meadowbrook Friday where a throng of thrilled spectators saw the challenging British cavalry officers outridden and out-manuevered and finally defeated by a score of 4½ to 3½ goals.

Heat Prostration at Chickasha.

Chickasha, Okla.: Winnie Strom, chief operator for the Pioneer Telephone Company, was overcome by the heat as she was going to work Wednesday afternoon. She fell on the sidewalk and was revived with difficulty. She is still in a serious condition. The temperature was 104 Wednesday.

The cornerstone of a \$30,000 Masonic Temple was laid at Marshall last Tuesday.

Farmers' Educational and Co-Operative Union of America

Matters of Especial Moment to the Progressive Agriculturist

If the elevator to success is stopped—try the stairs. Nobody without some pepper in him is worth his salt. Don't call on your neighbor just to borrow something.

The doors of opportunity are marked "Push" and "Pull." It is well to look on the bright side, but it is better to look on both sides.

Hoping for the best doesn't pay debts that a man has foolishly assumed.

Tell your wife how well her cooking tastes and what good butter she makes.

He mortgaged his farm to set his son up in business in the city; the son failed, and now the sheriff has the farm.

A little milk in the can makes a great noise sloshing around and the less a man knows the more noise he makes.

The wheels of Progress must be greased with the hand-oil of Common Sense in order to make the age move forward.

The man who contents himself with saying, "I'm not as bad off as my neighbor" will never amount to a hill of beans.

Things are not always what they seem. Most of the "quail" served on hotel tables are just common barnyard guineas.

It may be true that "they also serve who only stand and wait," but success comes to the person who hustles out and starts something.

Sending money to the heathen in Africa and allowing the needy of our own church to go shabby and hungry is not doing God's work.

Cultivate the friendship of every farm animal, from the dog to the horse. The man who has no friends of this kind is not apt to have many elsewhere.

The man who keeps track of his own time and whether or not it is spent in valuable effort is likely to respect the time of others, and to have the respect of his neighbors.

FARMERS' SOCIETY IS UNIQUE

Development of Co-operative Idea at Dassel, Minn., Being Watched With Much Interest.

(By C. R. BARNES, Minnesota University Farm.)

The division of agricultural extension is watching with much interest the development of the co-operative idea among the farmers in the vicinity of Dassel, Minn. Beginning as an ordinary farmers' club, it has become an unique farmers' corporation, with an authorized capital stock of \$50,000, and operating three special departments—a cow-testing association, a stock-shiping business and an egg-selling department. It has also made a beginning in the co-operative shipment of produce; having marketed, up to a recent date, six car loads of hay; and it is looking forward to arrangements for supplying its stockholders with selected seed corn and other seeds.

Some peculiar features of the organization—which render it unique so far as our information goes, and which make it unusually attractive to independent farmers, who object to associations likely to be dominated by one or two men making a larger investment than the others—are these:

1. No stockholders, whatever the number of shares he may own, can have more than one vote; and no person can hold more than 100 shares (\$500) of stock.

2. Instead of dividends, the stock draws interest at the rate of six per cent per annum; but the payment of such interest may be annulled by a vote at the annual meeting following its accruing.

3. Dividends, instead of being apportioned according to the amount of stock held, are apportioned according to the amount of business each stockholder has done with the department from which the dividends are derived.

4. Operating expenses are defrayed by a tax of a certain percentage on the amount of business done in any department.

These provisions are supplemented by others in the by-laws, and in a very just and well-drawn code of regulations concerning the shipping of stock, etc.; the whole giving the impression that the spirit of fraternity and mutual good will so dominates the organization as to make certain its steady growth and prosperity.

Co-Operative Silo Building.

A good example of co-operation is shown in the case of five farmers in the vicinity of Litchfield, Minn., who purchased building material in large enough quantities to erect a silo on each of their farms and helped each other in the construction.

One of the farmers gave a detailed account of the cost of his silo as \$228.75, although the actual cash outlay did not exceed \$300, the owner and his boys doing much of the work. It is estimated that by contract, such a silo could not be built for less than \$275.

BARRETT ON FARMERS' UNION

President Points to Part of What Powerful Agricultural Organization Has Accomplished.

To the Officers and Members of the Farmers' Union:

A new epoch was written in American history when the Farmers' union became a truly national organization. Other associations of farmers had preceded it. But they had fallen by the sword of partisan politics or had failed to hitch enthusiasm to the harvest—so they fell.

I speak advisedly when I say that the Farmers' union is the first organization in history to successfully join theory with practice, to begin the movement of wedding the politicians from the innermost councils of the farmer, and to impress upon the latter that the improvement of his lot rests not in the hands of some faroff "uplifter" or fly-by-night reformer, but with himself.

Today the world asks less for rhetoric and more for results. This is a very slight summary of what we have accomplished; together with a statement of what we yet hope, with the aid of the Almighty and our own courage, to accomplish.

We have 1,628 warehouses, mainly for storing cotton. Mississippi leads the warehouse movement, with a million-dollar corporation.

We own and operate a large number of elevators and terminal agencies for the handling of grain.

We own and operate 245 packing houses.

We own and operate dozens of newspapers.

We own and operate coal mines.

We own and operate several banks; flour mills, creameries, pickle factories, several hundred stores, an implement factory, a phosphate plant, a phosphate mine.

We own and operate tobacco factories and warehouses, produce exchanges, fertilizer factories, peanut warehouses, a peanut recleaner, many cotton grading schools, co-operative life and fire insurance companies.

Any number of other general business agencies are owned or controlled by members of the Farmers' union.

In this connection, it must not be forgotten that the union does not officially own these concerns. We are not a close corporation.

In many states we have secured radical increases in public school appropriations. In many of the states the Farmers' union has been instrumental in the establishment of agricultural colleges.

Other important legislation, state and national, now pending, is an indication of the resistless influence of the organization among American farmers. We have made systematic canvasses of the various legislatures, and of several successive sessions of congresses. There is a new viewpoint in Washington toward the American farmer—and the might of the Farmers' union, demonstrated in election, is responsible for it.

These achievements are the outward sign of a great new movement in American agriculture. But they are not comparably important to the spirit of fraternity which we have wrought among the farmers of this nation. It is fraternity, appealing to intelligence, that has wrought this progress. And the same force will develop in a thousand unexpected directions to solve the problems of the American farmer.

I cite these facts as the basis of an argument that now is the time for every American farmer to affiliate with this organization.

It has passed the stage of experiment. It is an assured, achieving, permanent institution. Every farmer, however small, who joins it, increases his own power by the organized might of his three million brethren.

Do you object to the order because you know some crooked customers in it? There are many such in every religious denomination, in many secret orders, one or two black sheep in your own family.

Does that fact keep you out of the church, the secret order, or cause you to desert your family? Hardy. It makes you more anxious to go in and cure these evils, if you are worth being called a man, and not a beast.

That same influence should bring you into the Farmers' union, with the divine determination to help your brother man—and if you help your brother man, you cannot avoid helping yourself, and your children and your children's children.

The greatest drawback the American farmer has ever labored under has been his willingness to be swayed by the man who flattered him, and who would not tell him unpleasant, but wholesome truths. This day is passing! The farmer is learning to pick the cotton strands out of the wool—where the politician and the public man is concerned. The quicker he completes the job, the better for his own material, moral, mental and spiritual salvation and those of his brethren.

We are turning now with increasing emphasis to the job of distributing our products in a business way. Heretofore many counsellors have urged and "helped" us in the matter of production. Now we are seeing that distribution, scientific and co-operative, is even more important, as Newt Gresham says when he first launched this great undertaking.

We are working toward the ideal of making the Farmers' union a transforming influence in American farm life. To that end we risk the censure of the realistic and the poverty-stricken farmer.

Best Soup Made
Pure Good—Convenient
Libby's Soups have the home-made flavor.
Try Libby's Chicken Soup, Libby's Vegetable Soup, Libby's Tomato Soup at your grocers.
Libby, McNeill & Libby

LEWIS SINGLE BINDER STRAIGHT CIGAR
You Pay 10c for Cigars Not so Good.
F. P. LEWIS Peoria, Ill.

THE IDEA.

Peggy—Didn't the lawyer know you were an actress?
Kitty—Gracious, no! He offered to get my divorce without any publicity.

MUNYON'S PAW-PAW PILLS
TRADE MARK

A trial package of Munyon's Paw Paw Pills will be sent free to anyone on request. Address Professor Munyon, 531 & Jefferson Sts., Philadelphia, Pa. If you are in need of medical advice, do not fail to write Professor Munyon. Your communication will be treated in strict confidence, and your case will be diagnosed as carefully as though you had a personal interview.

Munyon's Paw Paw Pills are unlike all other laxatives or cathartics. They coax the liver into activity by gentle methods. They do not scour, they do not grip, they do not weaken, but they do start all the secretions of the liver and stomach in a way that soon puts these organs in a healthy condition and corrects constipation. In my opinion constipation is responsible for most ailments. There are 26 feet of human bowels, which is really a sewer pipe. When this pipe becomes clogged the whole system becomes poisoned, causing biliousness, indigestion and impure blood, which often produce rheumatism and kidney ailments. No woman who suffers with constipation or any liver ailment can expect to have a clear complexion or enjoy good health. If I had my way I would prohibit the sale of nine-tenths of the cathartics that are now being sold for the reason that they soon destroy the lining of the stomach, setting up serious forms of indigestion, and so paralyze the bowels that they refuse to act unless forced by strong purgatives.

Munyon's Paw Paw Pills are a tonic to the stomach, liver and nerves. They invigorate instead of weaken; they enrich the blood instead of impoverish it; they enable the stomach to get all the nourishment from food that is put into it. These pills contain no calomel, no dope; they are soothing, healing and stimulating. They school the bowels to act without physic. Regular size bottle, containing 45 pills, 25 cents. Munyon's Laboratory, 531 & Jefferson Sts., Philadelphia.

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No. 5 Due at5:17 a. m.

Chas. Estrak, one of the faithful antis who always stands pat and believes in a man having what he wants to drink without consulting others as to whether he can or not, called today and said he wanted "The Booster" sheet for six months.—Der Vintert Inspiration.

There was a time in this country when the people were refined, and possessed some modesty, but it seems that all civilized and highly advanced people are losing their refinement and modesty. Harold Begbie writes from Bombay, India to the London daily chronicle, and comparing the Indian with the Englishman he says:

"You may see a woman who can neither read nor write, who offers food to idols, and believes that her god or devil rides round the village at night on a plaster horse or a mud elephant; but she will be modest and gracious in her manner, and her dress will be as beautiful as the flowers of the field or the marble of the Pearl Mosque. It does not matter how savage and heathen, how immoral and base, how ignorant and stupid—these races of India, every one of them, have a nobility in their manner and a loveliness in their raiment."

"A man in England may know more than Newton, and have the courtesy of a sty; a woman may worship the one true God and wear a hat that darkens the rainbow. Indeed, vulgarity would seem to be the product of civilisation. . . . In India . . . you will never find affectation or rowdiness, and never encounter hideousness or absurdity in dress."

He attributes what he describes as English vulgarity and boorishness to irreligion and infidelity, and with daring characterization utters the following sweeping generalizations about "the materialism of Europe" and the "spirituality of the East":

"Indians are more certain of the unchangeable spirit world than of the tangible, material world; they are constantly on their knees, their thoughts are constantly lifted up to the heavens, they are constantly receptive to the influences of beings higher, or, at any rate, mightier, than themselves. It would seem that any faith—however ridiculous, even however sensual and vile—bestows a certain grace on the believer, a grace which manifests itself in charm of manner, dignity of bearing, and perfect taste in the matter of raiment. Whereas no faith at all, in one however intellectually strong and morally superior to the unbeliever, is apt to make for hardness of manner, brutality of conduct, and a most disordering style of costume."

Saloon or no saloon. That's the question. All this talk about personal liberty and local self government is intended to mislead. You are either for the brewers and liquor dealers or you are against them. Pay your money and take your choice.—Waxahachie Daily Light.

Lets look at the proposition from this viewpoint: Three workmen leave the shop Saturday night, each with a ten-dollar bill in his pocket to show for his week's wages. One spends his money to supply his family with shoes. Another buys a new ten-dollar suit of clothes, and the third "blows in" his money in a glorious drunk in the saloon. Take the \$10 that went for shoes. Tracing it back through the shoe factory and the tannery, it is found, according to census reports, that \$3.24 went to the farmer for hides and \$2.25 in wages to the shoemakers and tanners. So with the \$10 that went for the suit of clothes, \$2.31 was returned to the farmer for his cotton and wool, and \$2.30 was paid in wages to the spinner, weaver and tailor. But of the \$10 squandered for whiskey, only 49 cents went to the farmer to pay for his grain and but eight cents in wages to the men in the distillery. Have you got that down in your head right? You need it right there.—Home and State.

Is the State of Texas to become by mistaken legislation a birthplace for another Carrie Nation? Shall zealous campaign zealots, asking through the Legislature of Texas a State-wide assault upon the liquor traffic, hope to accomplish more than provide a field of operation for some other Carrie Nation wielding an ax? Admitting for the sake of an example that a blanketing prohibition enactment could be applied in Texas, how many Carrie Nations, with how many hatchets, would be required in that first year to make even a dent in the impossible boot-leg, joint and speakeasy varieties of groggery which inevitably have followed such "reform?"

Carrie Nation is dead, but in her career with the hatchet she has left behind her a record of accomplishing more with an ax than the whole State of Kansas before her had accomplished by legislation. She wrecked a few of the places which the combined legislative, executive and judicial departments of Kansas government had not reached or destroyed. Is she to have a successor, heir to the ax? For there is work for it still in Kansas.—The San Antonio Express.

It is said Mrs. Nation aroused the decent people in Kansas, and that they put the saloons out and forced the officers to enforce the law. If one zealot like Mrs. Nation can arouse the conscience of Kansas what will Texas accomplish if we could only have a thousand Carrier Nations? We believe if Texas goes dry we will prove to the boot-leggers and keepers in the flesh by actually putting them in prison cells, that Texas can enforce prohibition if it carries.

Clean Saloons and A Cool Hell.

We clip the following from a Socialist paper, The Farmers Journal published at Abilene.

"If those Chicagoans succeed with their world-wide movement for clean saloons, they ought to start an agitation for a cool hell. Nothing impossible with people who can make saloons clean."

This is about the best thing we have seen on the clean saloon. We honestly believe those fellows can temper Hades just as readily as they can clean up their saloons and whiskey traffic.

Commissioners' Court.

REGULAR SESSION.

It is ordered by the Court that said court meet in regular session on the 2nd Monday in each month as provided for in the Acts of the 32nd Legislature.

Petition for roads:

T. E. Phillips et al. passed until July term.

P. E. McCain et al. granted and W. P. Caudle, W. H. Scott, T. B. McMeans, G. N. Nehring and F. Pilly appointed a jury of view.

H. F. Brodthayner et al. granted and Jno. Walters, F. Frankie, K. Balzer, F. Pilly and W. E. Dobbins appointed a jury of view.

J. F. Trummer et al. granted. Petition of W. W. Kitley et al. place section 82 in school district No. 5, granted.

Returns for election to levy 20 cts. school tax in district No. 45 canvassed and same showed 10 votes for the tax and none against the tax.

It is ordered by the court that an election ordered to be held in school district No. 20 on the 10th day of June 1911, was not held, and it is the order of the court under the same petition that an election be held in the said district No. 20 on the 7th day of July, 1911, for the purpose of voting a special tax of 30 cts. to be added to the 20 cts. and S. E. Hawkins appointed presiding officer.

Contract to publish the delinquent tax list awarded to the Haskell Herald at 14 cts. per line.

In compliance with the act of the 32nd Legislature W. M. McGregor, I. N. Alvis, J. B. Ridling, R. E. Lee and J. V. Frezell were appointed a board of county school trustees.

The petition for bridges across the Brazos by Sagerton and Rule were voted down by a majority of the court, and the petitions with drawn. Sollick and Davis voting for, and Whitmore, Ferris and Conny Judge Smith voting against.

Motion was then made and seconded that the court order an election to build the Sagerton and Rule bridges by bond issue, but the Judge with held the question at this time by request of the petitioners.

Rochester Locals.

Record, June 9th.

Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Carothers made a trip to Haskell Wednesday.

A. G. Lambert, constable at Haskell, was here Tuesday summoning men for jury service.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Roberts of Haskell accompanied by their two children, Herman and Winifred, visited S. R. Abernathy and wife Saturday. Mr. Roberts left Sunday for Ft. Worth and Dallas on business. Mrs. Roberts and children are spending the week here.

Messrs D. D. Davis of Anson, W. P. and J. F. Boyd of Haskell visited Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Paxton Saturday.

One of the most charming of the prenuptial affairs planned as a compliment to Miss Lourena Graham was a porch party given by Mrs. J. U. Fields at her home Thursday afternoon. 42 was the principal diversion of the afternoon with heart shaped score cards. A number of interesting games were played during which time the guest were served with punch. After the scores were counted a delightful ice course was served in which lavender the color scheme of the afternoon was carried out. Those enjoying this affair were the Mardi Soir Club girls and a few friends. The guest were: Miss Graham, Mamie Meadors, Docia Winn, Lucile Hughes, Jessie Wright, Lois

McConnell, Vera Neathery, Anilda Hughes, Eula Poole, Alice Poole, Nannie McDaniel, Ida Maxwell, Louise Lamar, Addie Tompkins, Misses Hancock, Day, Ellis, Pace, Baker, Mrs. T. C. Williams and Mrs. G. J. Graham.

Stamford Locals.

From News, June 9.

On Tuesday night about 11:30 o'clock the fire alarm sounded and the blaze was found to be in the Pilgrim Cream Factory. This building, with the one adjoining occupied by J. B. Miller as a feed store, was entirely consumed, with the contents a total loss. The residence next to the feed store was quite extensively damaged. The entire machinery of the cream factory was burned. Mr. Miller had just stored a large lot of hay and other feed, which has been said, was a total loss. We have not learned the amount of loss, but learn that Mr. Pilgrim had \$700.00 and Mr. Miller had \$1200.00 insurance.

Tom Jones made a business trip to Haskell Wednesday.

Ed Rowntree visited Haskell Wednesday.

Little Miss L. V. Shaw went to Haskell yesterday morning to visit the family of James A. Greer.

G. L. Davenport Esq., had legal business in Haskell this week.

On last Saturday, a party of eighteen from Ohio and Indiana arrived at Haskell to inspect their property in the Rock Island addition to Haskell. The party were met by Mr. S. W. Scott, J. J. Stein and others at their special car with five autos.

After breakfast they were taken to Rule and then back through Haskell to Mr. Scotts Ranch on California creek where they arrived about one thirty. Mr. Scott had some parties fishing several days in advance of their arrival, and when they got to the creek, the host layed off his coat and began cleaning the bass and channel cat fish and soon the meat was on the vampire, browning in the hot cooking oil. The appetites were so sharpened, there was no wait for a formal meal, but every fellow armed himself with bread and a brown piece of fish and the meal began. Feed tea prepared by Mrs. Scott was served, and the meal was continued until all had feasted to his hearts content.

Mrs. Moore and Miss Stephenson were the ladies of the party, and no doubt they enjoyed the visit to the ranch.

We had the pleasure of meeting F. H. Ellison of Manchester Ohio, C. M. Gibboney ex-sheriff of Adams County, Ohio who was in office during the noted prosecutions for vote selling in that county last year, and who performed the remarkable feat of killing a jack rabbit running at a hundred yards with a Colts pistol on Mr. Scotts ranch, and Mr. E. S. Grundy ex-tax assessor of Joliet Ill. The later two gentlemen gave us their subscription to the Free Press. People here were glad to meet this party, and will give the next party from the north a hearty welcome when they come. We need the blood and enterprise of the northern states and our citizens will welcome both prospectors and investors. We were gratified to learn that the visitors were highly pleased with Haskell and her people.

An Extra Ordinary Family.

"Lord Brokeleigh comes of an extraordinary family." "I have never heard of any member of it who was an eminent statesman or a great soldier." "No, but there is no record that anyone belonging to the house of Brokeleigh ever married a coryphee."

WANT A POSITION?

Enroll at once in

DRAUGHON'S PRACTICAL BUSINESS COLLEGE

ABILENE, TEXAS.

And receive a WRITTEN GUARANTEE, backed by twenty-two year's SUCCESSFUL experience, FORTY-EIGHT College, and \$300,000.00 Capital, to secure YOU a position or REFUND your tuition.

Modern, CONVENIENT, Practical!

FOUR large halls, with EIGHTEEN doors and windows, four large electric fans, modern Bank and Wholesale fixtures, makes this an ideal place in which to prepare for a good POSITION. Our faculty of four experts, together with the recognized SUPERIORITY of the DRAUGHON System and our WORLD-WIDE influence, assures you that YOU will get the BEST business training that the WORLD affords. Write NOW for FREE catalogue.

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Blacksmiths and Horseshoers

Corrects Corns, Quarter Cracks, interfering, etc. Fine Roadster shoeing. Hughes Street, Southwest Corner Square.

Phone 155.

M. A. CLIFTON

We have a complete stock in the following lines and will appreciate a call from you. Inspect our stock.

Flour \$2.50 to \$3.00 per 100. White wonder meal 60c. Cotton seed, Maben and Rouden, 70c in bulk, 75c sacked. Orange, Amber and Red Top Cane, \$1.50 to \$1.75 per bu. All kinds of feed, corn, maize, wheat bran, cotton seed meal, hulls and ruco, prairie hay, millet and johnson grass. Good domestic Colored Coal.

Yours for better and cheaper goods.

M. A. CLIFTON.

Just before we go to press the alarm of fire was given and the fire boys responded in time to save the adjoining residences to the house occupied by Mr. Jno. Oates. The residence of Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Oates was burned Friday at noon. The fire was caused from an oil stove. We regret very much the loss this worthy young couple have sustained.

MONEY.

I desire to lend some money on good farms and will purchase or extend vendors lien notes.

M. Pierson. 16th

First New Crop Bale Makes World's Record.

Houston, Texas, June 12.—The first bale of the 1911 cotton crop was taken to the Cotton Exchange this morning, where it will be auctioned off later in the session. It made a new world's record by eleven days and was grown on rented land by Ernest Matz near San Benito, Cameron County. It develops that there was no Riviera bale and stories sent out from there are declared to have been untrue.

The bale was composed entirely of new cotton, a fact ascertained by careful examination, weighed 493 pounds and classed strict middling. There was spirited bidding for it, Jesse H. Jones finally securing it at the record price of \$1.015. He is

not in the cotton business and has not decided what he will do with his purchase. Three active bidders were seen until \$1,000 was reached, when Mr. Jones had the field to himself.

The sale was at the rate of \$2.0584 per pound.

This afternoon Mr. Jones forwarded the bale to A. G. Edwards & Son, care New York Cotton Exchange, by Wells-Fargo express. It will be auctioned again upon arrival there.

Paper From Millet Stalks.

The Japanese manufacture much of their paper from millet stalk. Manchuria furnishes about two hundred and forty thousand tons of pulp a year.

Tough Combination.

Probably there is no combination on earth harder to live with than an artistic temperament soused in a bad cold.—Galveston News.

Our Expressive Language.

When you have to depend on the telephone you generally have to call a fellow up when you really want to call him down.

Birds Roused the Police.

The hammering of woodpeckers on a tin sign, near King's bridge, New York city, was mistaken for pistol shots and caused two hours' activity by the police.



GOING AWAY?

Don't forget to lay in a supply of medicines before you start. It may be impossible to get reliable medicine where you are going.

You can get everything you require in drugs here and save money as well.

• Rexall Blackberry Cordial is something you should surely bring along. You'll find it invaluable in stopping diarrhea and cramps. This pleasant tonic and stimulant is made from genuine blackberry brandy of highest quality. Sold with the Rexall guarantee. Price per bottle, 25c.

CITY DRUG STORE

The Rexall Store

SPENCER & RICHARDSON, Props.

Locals and Personals.

Don't expect me to sell at cost. Fair dealing is my motto. R. D. C. Stephens, 16

Rev. Sam Roberts will preach at the Methodist church Sunday at 11 a. m. No preaching at night on account of the Christian revival now in progress.

Subscribe for the Free Press.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. J. Hooten of the south side were in the city Tuesday.

Effective Monday May 29th, 1911 the undersigned banks of Haskell will open at 9 a. m. and close at 4 p. m.

Haskell National Bank.
Farmers National Bank.
Haskell State Bank.

Miss Willie McDaniel, left Monday for Los Angeles Calif. where she will make her home with her sisters and a brother.

Judge A. C. Foster was called from Haskell to Rule Monday to meet his daughter Miss Una, who was on the Orient train on her way from Boston to spend the summer with her parents at Rule. Judge Foster made the run in 30 minutes, met Miss Una and came back to Haskell in time to be at court where he had business pending. Miss Foster also came over to Haskell and paid Mrs. R. C. Montgomery a visit.

Take a business course in the Tyler Business College. Call at the Free Press office and get a scholarship. We can save \$15. on a scholarship. This is the best equipped business school in the south.

Mrs. A. W. McGregor and daughter, Almeda returned Wednesday from Arkansas, where they have spent several weeks with Mrs. McGregor's parents.

Mr. and Mrs. Brewer Norman returned Monday from a visit to Mr. Normans parents in Alabama.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Sanders visited friends in Stamford this week.

I will fill your orders as promptly and as accurately as any body in the city. R. D. C. Stephens, 16

We have about closed a sale of a scholarship to the Tyler Commercial College, to a prominent young lady who will take a course at this famous school this summer. We would be glad to sell one more to a young lady, so there may be two Free Press girls at this school this summer.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Walling were in Rule Friday visiting at the home of G. W. Wilson.

Miss Maxine Bullock left Saturday to visit relatives at McKinney.

Frank Baldwin and Buford Long who have been attending the state University at Austin, are spending the summer vacation at home.

Our abstract books are complete and up-to-date. Get your abstracts from Sanders & Wilson.

Mr. J. W. McNeely came to town Thursday and made the complaint that 80 acres of cotton that he had harrowed three times and plowed once with a cultivator was blooming, and that his land was still moist notwithstanding all the harrowing and plowing and the dry weather.

Mesdames S. W. Scott and P. D. Sanders were delegates of the M. E. church H. M. S. to the conference at Childress. They returned home Wednesday after a pleasant attendance of the conference.

Northcutt and Ascraft are the people to do your hauling. Our drays are always easy to find. Services prompt and reasonable charges. Phone, No. 45.

Subscribe for the Free Press.

In every direction from Monday smoke is seen arising from steam threshers. The weather has been unusually favorable for the harvest and the wheat and oat crop will soon be saved.

With a few more weeks of favorable weather, the corn crop will be assured. Maize and Kaffir corn is fine.

The cotton crop of the Monday country is unusually good and most of the crop is well cultivated.—Monday Times.

Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Lynch have returned from Lampasas Texas.

Messrs. J. F. Collier and S. Beavers were passengers on the south bound train Sunday.

It is worse than useless to take any medicine internally for muscular or chronic rheumatism. All that is needed is a free application of Chamberlain's Liniment. For sale by West Side Pharmacy.

A. J. Combs Sr. manager of the Haskell Telephone Co. came in from Seymour Sunday.

There is one medicine that every family should be provided with and especially during the summer months; viz, Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. It is almost certain to be needed. It costs but a quarter. Can you afford to be without it? For sale by West Side Pharmacy.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Roberts left Sunday for Georgetown, where they have a daughter attending college.

Miss Sibyl Collins returned from a visit to Weinert Sunday.

Our abstract books are complete and up-to-date. Get your abstracts from Sanders & Wilson.

Mrs. J. W. Watson and children left Tuesday evening for Blooming Grove to visit her mother. Bro. Watson accompanied them as far as Abilene.

FOUND—A watch near my farm four miles south of Haskell. Owner pay for ad.

24-2t J. A. J. Hooten.

Judge Helton visited Stamford Sunday.

F. L. Daugherty left this week for central Texas on a business mission.

Misses Mildred Foster and Nellie Jones of Rue, spent several days visiting friends and relatives in this city this week.

Whooping cough is not dangerous when the cough is kept loose and expectoration easy by giving Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It has been used in many epidemics of this disease with perfect success. For sale by West Side Pharmacy.

Elder Lee P. Mansfield returned Wednesday from a three months visit to Tennessee.

Mr. J. R. Newsom of the north west side was in the city this week.

Don't forget the place to get fresh groceries. R. D. C. Stephens-16

Mrs. J. S. Boone packed her phaeton full of good things the other morning and left for their ranch in the north east part of the county to spend several days. Jim Boone is living on his own cooking and getting as gaut as a race horse.

Rev. C. B. Meador left on the early train Friday for Aspermont, where he goes to hold a revival meeting.

Mrs. Clifton Branham returned Wednesday night from a visit to her mother at Lingleville.

Editor Hall of Rule was in the city first of the week.

Editor Thomason of the Weinert Enterprise was in town on business first of the week.

Miss Fannie Baldwin has returned home from Fort Worth where she has been attending T. C. U.

E. E. Marvin made a business trip to Aspermont Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Sanders visited in Stamford Wednesday.

Mrs. M. E. Temple of Reading Massachusetts, sent us a crisp dollar bill with which to renew her subscription to the Free Press, this week.

Born Wednesday, to Mr. and Mrs. Jas. A. Hankerson, a little stenographer, she weighed just nine pounds.

Miss Mollie Williams who has been operator at "Central" has been promoted to local manager. Miss Williams gave satisfaction and it goes without saying that she will fill her new position acceptably. Miss Beatrix Cox is operator.

Those who have had an opportunity to visit the country report crops growing nicely. We feel very hopeful that this going to be a banner crop year in the Rule country.

Goash drn it ain't it delightful to live in the Rule country where the molient breezes blow and good crops grow.

J. W. Tarbet was over from Haskell Tuesday on business. His many friends are always glad to see this grand old man and former citizen visit us.

Chester Jones, George LaBounie and Misses Martha Speer and Madge autosed down to Avoca and Neugent Sunday.

Miss Grace Capt, who has been attending school in Abilene returned home last week to the delight of her many Rule friends.

J. W. Meadors and wife were over one day last week from Haskell the guests of Mrs. W. L. Hills.—Rule Review.

Mr. Kay Baker has returned from the A. and M. College.

We saw a man the other day disputing with his wash-woman about a difference of ten cents in the charge and four minutes later call in four men to join him in a drink for which he cheerfully produced 50 cents. We saw a fellow in church fish deep down in his pocket and bring up a nickel to put in the contribution box and the next evening drop in 85 cents trying to beat a slot machine out of a cigar. We do things nearly every day about as inconsistent as that and if we were told of it, would say it was no one's business but our own—but would that make it right.—Floresville Chronicle.

The Third Annual Cotton Carnival, to be held in Galveston from July 29th to August 14th, is to by far surpass in interest and attractiveness the two preceding expositions. The first and second Galveston Cotton Carnivals were patronized liberally by thousands of Texans from all parts of the state, as well as great numbers of visitors from Louisiana, Arkansas, Oklahoma and other contiguous states. The universal expression of opinion of these visitors, as shown through hundreds of brief newspaper interviews, was that the Galveston Cotton Carnival as an institution stood unique among expositions. To make it of greater general interest, to combine intelligent instruction with that interest, is the aim of dozens of the brightest business minds in Galveston.

The grounds upon which the Carnival is to be given will be more attractive than ever. They are within less than five minutes walk from the new million dollar Hotel Galvez, within a few steps of the seawall and the unsurpassed surf on Galveston's famous beach, swept constantly by the continuous south breeze from the Gulf of Mexico. It is safe to say that there are no exposition grounds in Texas better to give comfort to the visitors.

Many and varied entertainment features have been planned by the management of the Carnival. Aeroplane flights, three days of continuous automobile racing on the Galveston beach, concluding with a thrilling hundred and fifty mile contest open to all machines, amateur sports in which well-known Southern athletes will compete, poultry and pet stock show, magnificent harbor parade of decorated yachts on the best harbor in the Southwest, parades in which four thousand United States regular infantrymen will be in line, a civic parade of elaborate floats, the mysterious night parade of the shrouded order of the K. K. K.—these are but few of the attractions that the management are now preparing in all details. There will be an art gallery filled with thousands of dollars worth of oil paintings, and containing the most complete collection of Texas art ever together, there will be daily programs of band music, and lastly, the most complete collection of cotton and cotton by-products that has ever been gathered under one roof.

Miss Ruth Jones returned Thursday from the Ursium academy at Dallas. Miss Ruth made a splendid record while at the academy, and won the gold medal for making the highest grades. We wish to congratulate her for the high honors she has won.

INSURANCE

If you want insurance of any kind, see Henry Johnson. Office over Corner Drug Store, Haskell Texas.

Why, Yes. —
LOWNEY'S CHOCOLATES
Surely!

Fresh Box Chocolate on Ice
Cold Drink and Ice Cream

WEST SIDE PHARMACY

Graham-Turk Wedding.

A wedding of unusual interest at several points in Texas took place Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at the First Methodist Church when Miss Lourena Graham became the bride of Mr. Bascom A. Turk of Hillsboro. The ceremony was said by Rev. C. B. Meador. Potted palms and ferns banked the altar and choir rail, combined with smilax to form the decorative scheme against a background of white. The large church was filled with relatives and friends of the contracting parties, who were ushered by Messrs R. M. Craig and Harry Brewer.

To announce the arrival of the bridal party at the church entrance Miss Annice Fields played Ludwick's Love Song, Mrs. Wallace Alexander sang, Beloved it is Morn, by Emily Hickey. As Miss Fields began the bridal music from "Lohergrin" the men in waiting, Messrs Lon Swope, Worth Long and Ed Waggoner, advanced down the right side aisle to form an escort for the groom and his best man, simultaneously with the men's entrance the three maids in waiting entered the left side aisle forming a semicircle similar to the mrs., to greet the bride and her maid of honor. The waiting maids were Misses Clara Turk of Hillsboro, sister of the groom, Mamie Meadors and Lucile Hughes, they wore pink crepe de chene and marquisette frocks, over pink silken slips, pink hose and glove, hair ornaments of pink forget-me-nots and carried clusters of pink carnations and ferns.

Down the left center aisle walking along came the honor maid, Miss Ida Maxwell, attired in white marquisette, with rose trimmings. She wore white gloves and slippers, pink ornament for her hair and carried pink carnations and roses, following her came the two flower girls, Little Misses Lucile and Eva B. Richardson who wore white silken frocks, pink floral sashes and hair ribbons, white slippers and hose and carried pink and white baskets filled with rose petals.

They preceded the bride who entered on the arm of her father Mr. G. J. Graham. Her robe was of white marquisette over liberty satin, with long train, the carsage being hand embroidered in pearls, with same design on either panel of the tunic. The full length veil was caught in hood fashion with roses. She carried a bouquet of brides roses and ferns and a point lace handkerchief which was her mothers. The groom and his best man Mr. W. W. Ward of Hillsboro, passed down the aisle guarded by the man in waiting and met his bride at the altar, where the brief ceremony was said after the attendants had formed a semi-circle, inside the choir rail, "Traumerei" was played during the ceremony and Mendelssohn march for the recessional.

An informal reception for the bridal party and Madri Soir club of which the bride was a member and a few intimate friends followed the ceremony at the bride's home.

The large number of handsome gifts received by Mr. and Mrs. Turk was an evidence of their popularity. Mr. and Mrs. Turk left for their home in Hillsboro on the North bound train. Mrs. Turk wore a handsome Navy frock of marquisette over messilene with hat, gloves and shoes to match. The bride presented her maids with cresent pins and the little flower girls with tiny gold pins. The groom presented his men with a half dozen silk hose and ties to match.

DeDONALD.

Little Raymond, the baby son of I. G. and Carrie McDonald, died at the home of the former parents in this city Thursday evening at eleven fifty. The little one had been sick for something like five months but it was thought that he was much better.

We extend condolence to the bereaved father and mother and pray that they let not their hearts be troubled but that they look to Him who alone is able to comfort.

Advertised Letters.

Advertised, June 12th.

1. J. W. Evans.
2. W. B. Guddy.
3. Thomas Link.
4. J. F. Lendon.
5. Mrs. Emma parks.
6. H. I. Robertson.
7. J. M. Jones.

A Peculiar Prejudice

Some people think a bank is a sort of rich men's club, that no one is wanted there unless he has a lot of money. While of course a bank is always glad to secure a depositor, if they had nothing but depositors the Bank could not make any money. Money has to be loaned and the Bank must have reliable, responsible men to lend it to. As a matter of fact there is scarcely any person in the community whom the Bank cannot serve in some way to mutual advantage. Many who have started in a small way have succeeded better because of the confidence and advice of the Farmers National Bank. This bank is for every honest man who is making an earnest effort to better himself.

The Farmers National Bank.

R. C. MONTGOMERY, Cashier.
The Farmers' Bank. Haskell, Texas.

**STONE IN BLADDER REMOVED
IN REMARKABLE WAY**

A year and a half ago I was taken with a severe attack of kidney trouble that pained me to such an extent that morphine had to be given me. Was attended by a doctor who pronounced it as stone in the bladder and prescribed Lithia Water. I took Lithia Water and tablets for some time and received no relief from them. I stopped taking medicines for some time and having some Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root in the house, I decided to try it and felt much relieved; while taking the second bottle commenced to pass gravel in urine until I had passed in all at least a half a dozen or more and have not suffered the slightest since and in all have taken one bottle and a half and feel very grateful to Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root.

Yours very truly,
H. W. SPINKS,
Camp Hill, Ala.

Personally appeared before me this 5th of August, 1909, H. W. Spinks, who subscribed the above statement and made oath that same is true in substance and in fact.

A. B. LEE,
Notary Public.

Letter to
Dr. Kilmer & Co.
Rochester, N. Y.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You. Send to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling all about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention this paper. For sale at all drug stores. Price fifty-cents and one-dollar.

POOR RETURN FOR CHIVALRY

Incident That Probably Has Forever Discouraged Kind-Hearted Mr. Jones.

Chivalrous Mr. Jones purposely dropped a fifty-cent piece at the foot of a poorly dressed woman who passed through the Subway turnstile loudly lamenting that the ticket agent had cheated her out of a half dollar, then he picked the money up and gave it to her.

"Excuse me, madame," said Mr. Jones, "I think you dropped this."
"Oh, no," she said, "it can't be mine. Perhaps you dropped it, your self."

"Oh, no," said Mr. Jones. "It is yours, I am sure. I picked it up just as you passed."

She took the money, and hurried after another man who had passed at the time the money dropped.

"Excuse me sir," she said, "I think you lost this."

"Thanks," said the other man, and jumped aboard a train that was ready to start.

"— — —!" said chivalrous Mr. Jones.—New York Times.

DOCTOR PRESCRIBES CUTICURA REMEDIES

"I wish to let you know of a couple of recent cures which I have made by the use of the Cuticura Remedies. Last August, Mr. _____ of this city came to my office, troubled with a severe skin eruption. It was dermatitis in its worst form. It started with a slight eruption and would affect most parts of his body, thighs, elbows, chest, back and abdomen—and would terminate in little pustules. The itching and burning was dreadful and he would almost tear his skin apart, trying to get relief. I recommended all the various treatments I could think of and he spent about fifteen dollars on prescriptions, but nothing seemed to help him.

"In the meantime my wife, who was continually suffering with a slight skin trouble and who had been trying different prescriptions and methods with my assistance, told me she was going to get some of the Cuticura Remedies and give them a fair trial. But as I did not know much about Cuticura at that time I was doubtful whether it would help her. Her skin would thicken, break and bleed, especially on the fingers, wrists and arms. I could do nothing to relieve her permanently. When she first applied the warm baths of Cuticura Soap and applications of Cuticura Ointment she saw a decided improvement and in a few days she was completely cured.

"I lost no time in recommending the Cuticura Remedies to Mr. _____ and this was two months ago. I told him to wash with warm baths of the Cuticura Soap and to apply the Cuticura Ointment generously. Believe me, from the very first day's use of the Cuticura Remedies he was greatly relieved and today he is completely cured through their use. I have great faith in the Cuticura Remedies and shall always have a good word for them now that I am convinced of their wonderful merits." (Signed) B. L. Whitehead, M. D., 108 Dartmouth St., Boston, Mass., July 22, 1910.

Charged.
Willis—He calls himself a human dynamo.
Gillis—No wonder; everything he has on is charged.—Judge.

JAMES BRAID SAYS:

No Athlete can do himself justice if his feet hurt. Many thousands are using daily, abroad and in this country, Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes. All the prominent Golfers and Tennis Players at Augusta, Pinehurst and Palm Beach got much satisfaction from its use this Spring. It gives a restfulness and a springy feeling that makes you forget you have feet. Allen's Foot-Ease is the greatest comfort discovery of the age and so easy to use. It prevents corns, blisters or pulling and gives rest from tired, tender or swollen feet. Seventeen years before the public, over 30,000 testimonials. Don't go on your vacation without a package of Allen's Foot-Ease. Sold everywhere, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Samples sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

The Cure for Pneumonia

by Pitt P. Hand

The STORY OF A NEW TREATMENT FOR THIS DISEASE WHICH HAS FAILED FOUR TIMES IN FOUR HUNDRED TRIALS

PNEUMONIA now has its anti-toxin. It has been tried in four hundred cases with only four failures to cure, and those four were in extremis when first treated. And, in many instances, with pneumonia traveled its brother assassin, typhoid fever. It has been tried out in a new, raw country where pneumonia comes at its most violent and collects its heaviest death toll, but, even under these extreme conditions, it has been tried and appar-

ently proved. Broadly the remedy is simple. A culture of the germs in a patient are taken. From each a vaccine is developed, and an anti-toxin, made by mixing the vaccines in the exact proportions in which the germs are found in the body, is injected in very large doses. Moderate doses are regarded as ineffectual, merely serving to further entrench the sensitive germs. But, by this remedy, they are not left standing room. They are cleansed from the body as with a hose.

The three germs which combine to kill pneumonia patients are pneumococcus, the direct cause of pneumonia; staphylococcus, which is responsible for localized abscesses; and streptococcus, which causes erysipelas and blood poisoning and is ever ready to attack he weakened human structure. Each of these germs develops a metabolic fluid which can be transformed into an anti-toxin. As the doctors put it, the remedy is auto-genous. Combine these self-created enemies, and send back an army of them, and the germs are annihilated. That is why all the two thousand cases treated have recovered. Once the anti-toxin was administered, the germs did not have a ghost of a chance.

This way to meet pneumonia's swift thrust is the discovery of Dr. August Francis Schafer, a country practitioner of Bakersfield, California. Dr. Schafer had been in Paris, instead of an old town in the depths of California, we would have been electrified by his discovery two years ago. As it is, he waited until he could bring it forth with its record of two thousand cases before he even took into his confidence the nearest medical society. Without those two thousand cases doctors would have been free to doubt. With them he has met the professional requirement of an infallible remedy.

How has he done it? How could a country doctor discover what all the laboratories of Europe have failed to reveal? These are natural questions. But it was not a fluke. The discovery was not made by accident. Dr. Schafer studied disease germs diligently for ten years and developed a laboratory not matched in the hospitals of San Francisco before he injected his anti-toxin into a human being. Then he tried it on himself to make sure that it was harmless. He is a scientific student, with a thorough knowledge of medicine and surgery. He would have worked out his theories anywhere. The accident lay in the fact that he lived in Bakersfield.

The Pneumonia Test.
No more severe test could have been given the anti-toxin than Bakersfield has afforded in the past two years. In that district pneumonia accompanies most diseases, often in the duplex form in ten per cent. of the cases abscesses develop in the lung, or pus accumulates in the pleural cavity. Moreover, it comes swiftly and strikes suddenly. The oil rushes have built towns in a night. Rapid change, exposure and bad water have been followed by typhoid and pneumonia. Men have gone to bed feeling badly and never seen the end of the next day. They have fallen in the streets as if stricken with a plague. But for two years now most of the physicians in that part of the country have been inoculating their patients with serum provided by Dr. Schafer, and, contrary to the experience of all previous rush settlements, there has been no epidemic of pneumonia.

Extreme cases have been the rule in Dr. Schafer's practice. Even after all hope has been given up, he has pulled patients through. Among the pneumonia cases cured by him, before he took the world into his confidence, were:

- Two infants.
 - Twenty children from two to eleven years old.
 - Eight chronic alcoholics, three of whom had had delirium tremens.
 - Sixteen cases with measles as well as pneumonia.
 - Three with blood poisoning in their hands and legs in addition to pneumonia.
 - Three with peritonitis complications; and
 - Twenty-two patients over sixty years old.
- Among eighteen cases of duplex lobar pneumonia was a man of ninety-two, an almost unprecedented recovery. There were, besides, two cases following operations at childbirth, one three and the other six days after. The second woman was in desperate straits when Dr. Schafer saw her. She had a pulse of 180, when it could be palpitated at all, and her temperature was 108.8. But



returned enthusiastic. After some difficulty he was able to persuade the San Francisco Medical Society to invite Dr. Schafer to deliver an address. The facts of Dr. Schafer's cures were unbelievable, but the audience could not help being impressed by the intense, dynamic aspect of the man. They might doubt the possibility, but they could not doubt Dr. Schafer's earnestness. Against their will they had to take him seriously. When the meeting closed, they arranged for a clinic at the Southern Pacific Hospital, where Dr. Schafer, in the presence of the chief surgeons of the biggest hospitals, agreed to cure every case that was brought before him. He accepted them as they came and the worst was reported cured in eight days. In other words, he was given a trial before a competent jury, and proved his case.

At the February meeting of the San Francisco Medical Society Dr. Schafer was to speak at length and the hall was crowded, but there were many physicians present who had not had a first hand opportunity to study Dr. Schafer's methods and, although he was supported by men whose medical reputations were above reproach, they refused to permit the society to endorse him. They held that it was a matter for each member to work out in his own practice. The address was never delivered, but, meanwhile, lives were being saved every day by the use of the anti-toxin.

During that trying month in San Francisco Dr. Schafer was careful not to advance a single claim. He merely showed the results of his experiments and let them speak for themselves. To medical men he was quite open, but a mystery surrounded him because he refused to talk for publication. He refused because he felt the delicacy of his position. As he himself expressed it, he was "the victim of the magnitude of actual accomplishment." It would have been very easy for him to have acquired the reputation of a charlatan. But he is entirely saved from that by the fact that he has been furnishing his anti-toxin free from the beginning. Far from making money out of his discoveries, he has sunk his small fortune of \$40,000 into his laboratory work and at one time, about five years ago, just before he clinched his discoveries, he went deeply into debt. Even at this is being written, he is preparing three hundred samples of his serums which are to be sent to leading physicians and surgeons in all parts of the United States. With them Dr. Schafer has agreed to leave the final verdict as to the value of his remedies.

to the recovery. To develop the anti-toxin from the patient's germs takes several days, and usually there is no time to waste, so in his Bakersfield practice Dr. Schafer worked out a rough formula which was found to be effective in local cases. He prepared what he termed a "mixed infection," which is worth knowing about for the lives it has already saved. As far as experiments have gone, it might be called the pneumonia anti-toxin. It is composed of equal portions of the counter-irritants the three germs predominant in pneumonia. This mixture was the result of long experiment and is unquestionably a certain remedy for pneumonia in Bakersfield.

It is made by stimulating the artificial growth of the three germs by ordinary laboratory methods until the metabolic fluid thrown off has progressed sufficiently, when the cultured mass is incubated, macerated and disintegrated. The mixing of the resulting vaccines requires great skill.

This stock anti-toxin will probably prove to be valuable anywhere. In the first few days following the announcement of the remedy in January of this year, when San Francisco physicians could only believe it the work of a quack, Dr. Henry Spiro took a chance with it in a desperate situation, with astonishing results.

"A pneumonia patient was apparently dying," he explained afterwards, "and, in what seemed his last breath, he begged for any relief. But I could do nothing for him, except try the new Schafer remedy. And so, as a last resort, I injected into his veins twice the amount of the anti-toxin Dr. Schafer prescribed.

"An hour later he showed improvement. Before night he was out of danger. In eight days he walked from the hospital. In much less serious cases it would ordinarily have taken him at least three weeks."

The charts and records of this case are in St. Francis Hospital, San Francisco.

In practice the stock anti-toxin has been used, but, unless the patient has shown immediate benefits, cultures have been taken and special preparations made in which the anti-toxins have been mixed in the exact proportions in which the germs were found in the body. And, in every case in which this has been done, the patient has promptly rallied and got well.

Two years ago Dr. Schafer took into his confidence four other physicians in Bakersfield. One of them, Dr. N. N. Brown, alone treated over a thousand cases without a death. Some of them were for publishing the discovery to the world. They said Dr. Schafer was hiding his light under a bushel. But Dr. Schafer was against it. He knew that if he had a real, enduring light, it would shine out from under the bushel.

First it became known in the surrounding country that Bakersfield was the place to go to and be cured. Then the news gradually spread, and cure after cure made the light burn brightly under the bushel. But it was not until this winter that it attracted the attention of San Francisco physicians. Several, after listening to tales of seemingly impossible cures, went down to Bakersfield, dubious but curious.

Among these visitors was Dr. Frederick Fehlsen, a scientific bacteriologist who discovered the micro-organism which causes erysipelas. He remained two weeks, and at the end of that time

returned enthusiastic. After some difficulty he was able to persuade the San Francisco Medical Society to invite Dr. Schafer to deliver an address. The facts of Dr. Schafer's cures were unbelievable, but the audience could not help being impressed by the intense, dynamic aspect of the man. They might doubt the possibility, but they could not doubt Dr. Schafer's earnestness. Against their will they had to take him seriously. When the meeting closed, they arranged for a clinic at the Southern Pacific Hospital, where Dr. Schafer, in the presence of the chief surgeons of the biggest hospitals, agreed to cure every case that was brought before him. He accepted them as they came and the worst was reported cured in eight days. In other words, he was given a trial before a competent jury, and proved his case.

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Other Tests.
Pneumonia is not the only disease Dr. Schafer has cured, but it has attracted most attention on account of its seeming infallibility. Back of the remedies lies a new theory of medicine. Its principle is revolutionary. It disregards many cherished medical ideas. But it gets results. Little as they have been able to understand it, many of the best physicians and surgeons in San Francisco have recommended it.

"Regardless of all doubts and theories," said Dr. W. B. Coffey, the Southern Pacific surgeon, "I have seen real men who have been made well by it."

Other diseases in which Dr. Schafer has brought permanent cures with his anti-toxins are scarlet fever, rheumatism, diphtheria, typhoid fever, dysentery, erysipelas, tetanus and certain forms of tuberculosis.

With that list let us stop and take breath. Altogether the various anti-toxins Dr. Schafer has produced have been used in 4,500 cases with only ten deaths. Of the 150 people treated in San Francisco only three died.

This comes pretty nearly being a panacea. Do you see why Dr. Schafer is so canny with his remarks? Suppose he had announced he could cure anything. He would have been promptly discredited. But when you come right down to it, Dr. Schafer is convinced that he can cure anything. The only disease he has encountered in his practice which he has not been able to cure entirely is tuberculosis. But even that has yielded, except in severe cases.

It is Dr. Schafer's expressed wish not to lay too much stress on tuberculosis. He fears too great credence. He does not wish to raise hopes. Nor does he want to have his office in Bakersfield besieged by tubercular patients. At the present time he is planning to have his anti-toxins available in every community, where any doctor can administer them. He is firmly convinced in his own mind that he has brought a great boon to humanity, and he wants all humanity to have the advantage of it. There is to be no patent, no restriction of any kind on the development or use of his remedies. That is one of the reasons why those who have become acquainted with his work in California believe in him so completely.

Awful Contingency.
"What are you girls doing?"
"Settling our costumes for the Shakespeare ball, mother."
"Take my advice and wait. They may dig up something at any moment to prove there never was such a person, and then where would your Rosalind and 'olla be'?"

Are You Poorly?

If your digestive system is weak, the bowels clogged, the liver sluggish, you cannot wonder that you feel "half sick" all the time; but listen—

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters

is a good remedy for such ills as well as Malaria, Fever and Ague. Try it today.

Makes You Well Again

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BARBERS and all others, send in to get the cutting and coloring guide. Get the line and best printer in the state. **CARTER & CYCLES CO., Ft. Worth, Tex.**

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Monuments at correct prices.
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BUCKSKIN HATS Ask your dealer for this popular brand
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PLUMBING, HEATING, WINDMILLS, TANKS AND TOWERS

GASOLINE ENGINES, PUMPS, IRRIGATING PLANTS, ETC.
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Musical Merchandise, Band and Orchestra Instruments, Talking Machines, Sheet Music, Music Books
207 Houston Street Fort Worth, Texas

SMILES

UNCONVENTIONALITIES.

"Shaking hands with you, Biobba, is like handling a catfish."
"I've heard you tell that story a dozen times, Muggleton, but I guess I can stand it again; go ahead."
"What! Are you a church member, Squallup? I never should have suspected it!"
"Yes, I thought I'd come and call on you, Mrs. Giggleshorpe, and get that worry off my mind."
"I'd ask you to stay and take dinner with us, old chap, only I'm afraid you'd do it."
"Papa was asking me the other day, Mr. Hankinson, if I thought you had any serious intentions, and I didn't know what to tell him."
"How odd your hands look, Phil! You must have been using soap on them!"

An Eye to the Future.
"Good morning, ma'am. Can't I sell you a preparation warranted to kill rats and mice?"
"I think not; there hasn't been a rat or a mouse on the premises for more than two years."
"You'll have some before long. I've just sold the neighbors on both sides of your some stuff they wanted to kill off your seven cats with, and it'll do it, ma'am."

Business Affection.
"Our neighbor's wife always keeps a box of fine cigars and invariably slips one in her husband's pocket when she kisses him good-by in the morning."
"What a loving little wifey she must be!"
"Humph! Loving, nothing! She does it so he won't forget to mail her letters."

Willing to Assist.
New Son-in-Law—Ahem! You remember, Mr. Oldchapp, you said that after we were married you would assist me in the matter of furnishing a house.
Mr. Oldchapp—Certainly, my boy, certainly. Come around the corner with me, and I'll introduce you to a friend of mine who is in the installment business.

THE ONLY WAY.



Daisy—Do you believe that the creek shall inherit the earth?
Mamie—Well, they never can get it except by inheritance.

Strange But True.
"I said a woman can not throw a stone a little bit, but still a woman with an aim in life oft makes a hit."

Drawing the Line.
"I don't find anything to eat," said the man of the house; "my wife's away from home. But here's a harem skirt that belongs to her. Maybe you can raise enough on that to get a square meal."
A flush mantled the grimy cheek of Tuffold Knutt.
"Mister," he said, stiffly turning away, "I ain't hot you'd call a pro-porn citizen, but I've got some pride left!"

Its Diagnosis.
"What would you say if my sailor admirer told me the furs he presented to me had one from the neighborhood of the north pole?"
"I would say that the story was what the furs are not."
"What's that?"
"Far-fetched."

One to Study Over.
Mrs. Old Bluddle—I hear you have very fine colonial furniture in the house you have rented?
Mrs. Newrich—I don't know, ma'am; but we've been to Cologne and I never saw any like it there.
Probably Not Contagious.
Waggus—Why do you get out your book anonymously? In your case modesty is a disease.
Hokus—Then it isn't one of my natural, normal qualities. O, thanks.
Amazons of the Kitchen.
"Does your husband find fault with the cooking?" asked the patient-looking woman.
"No," replied Mrs. Crocopolis. "He ate on just once—and the cook happened to overcook him."

THE DEPARTED.

A friendly sort of fellow,
Who had a winning smile;
His manner was so cordial,
So pleasing all the while,
You would have thought him worthy
Of every confidence;
A man above all selfish aims,
All folly and pretense.
His garments they were faultless,
Soft-spoken were his words;
He might have been a poet
Who loved the blooms and birds.
But since he's left the city
And taken his oily tongue,
Oh, hark! oh, hark! what's this we hear!
A chorus crying, "Stung!"

GETTING BACK AT HIM.



Hewitt—Why do you give me short weight when you sell me coal?
Jewett—I try to make up for your long wait in paying for it.

A Base Ball Achievement.
What though our club has often missed
High rank in an athletic way,
This year it surely leads the list
For pyrotechnical display.

Could It Have Been?
"Aunt Mary, this is my friend, Mr. Spiffkins."
"I'm sorry. I didn't quite catch the name."
"Mr. Spiffkins."
"I'm really very deaf; would you mind repeating it?"
"Mr. Spiffkins."
"I'm afraid I must give it up—it sounds to me just like 'Spiffkins.'"
—Punch.

Seemed Queer.
"Yes, I'm a brewer," said the florid faced person, "and I'm doing a big business. I said when I struck this little town that I'd get my share of the trade, and I'm making good."
"That's the curious part of it," observed the man with the bulbous nose. "You're not making good beer, you know."

Satisfactorily Explained.
"If you are looking for bargains," said the broker, "I can suit you. I can offer you some stock at ten cents a share."
"But why are they so cheap?" demanded the lady shopper.
"You see, they have been slightly damaged by water."

The Last Resort.
Brother John (who is studying to be a doctor)—Say, you know something about chemistry. If you were called to a person who had just taken a dose of arsenic what would you administer?
Brother Bill (who is studying for the ministry)—The sacrament—Columbia Jester.

THE WAY.



Katherine—Was that big temperance meeting last week the means of making many swear off?
Kidder—Oh, yes. Over a hundred men, who never drank in their lives, took the pledge.

A Question.
A harem skirt
Is her street attire;
What will she do
In case of fire?

House Cleaning Philosophy.
"What's intuition, pa?"
"Intuition, my son, is being able to tap on a parlor wall with a hammer and know just where to drive a picture nail."

A Domestic Gabriel.
Mrs. Kowler—is Mrs. Brown at home?
Servant—Yes, mum. She's at home, but she's a-layin' down. Shall I rise her?
More to the Purpose.
Little Boy (crying)—Boohoo! The police got my goat!
Police Investigation Witness (mournfully)—That's nothing! They got mine too!

Just Waiting.
"Do you feel all run down?"
"Well, the auto are pretty lively about my way, but I'm dodging them yet."

MRS. McPHERSON IS RELIEVED

In Letter Written From Chadbourn, N. C., She Makes a Full Statement Regarding Her Case.

Chadbourn, N. C.—In a letter from this place, Mrs. M. D. McPherson says: "I suffered five years with awful pains. They grew worse, till I would often faint. I could not walk at all, for two or three days at a time, and had an awful hurting in my side, and headache, and backache. I could not do anything.
I gave up, and thought I would die, but my husband said, 'Let's try Cardul.' So I began and the first bottle helped me, and I could do my cooking, and by the time the third bottle was used, I could do all my work.
The Cardul home treatment will do more than you recommend it to do. All the people around said I would die, but thanks to Cardul, I was relieved."
Cardul is composed of gentle-acting, herb ingredients. Its action is mild and natural, and it has no bad after-effects, as have many of the powerful drugs sometimes recommended.
No other medicine or tonic has exactly the same results as Cardul.
No other has the record of 50 years of successful treatment of cases of womanly weakness and disease.
Suppose you try it.

N. E.—Write to: Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn., for Special Instructions and 64-page book, "Home Treatment for Women," sent in plain wrapper, on request.

AN OUTSIDER.



Gwendolyn—She is not going to stop at that resort any longer.
Genevieve—What is the reason, no men there?
Gwendolyn—Not that exactly. There is one lone man, who has proposed to all of the girls but her, and she feels so out of place when they are holding an experience meeting.

That Might Be Inducement.
It was during the hot spell and on the hottest night of the week that a South side teacher took a number of her little charges for a car ride. In the Public Square they piled out and were marched to the telescope set up by a man who vends peeps at the heavenly bodies at so much per peep. The children were told that they might look at the moon, a little lecture accompanying the lesson that the moon was a cold body.
"Teacher," spoke up one little South sizer, "when you look through the glass does your face get cold?"
—Cleveland Leader.

Important to Mothers
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher* in Use For Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

She is Qualified.
"So you are sure your wife could vote with proper discrimination?"
"Certainly. If a woman can learn to score a bridge game she ought to have no trouble in marking a ballot."

TO DRIVE OUT MALARIA
Take the Old Standard GENUINE QUININE CHILL TONIC. You know what you are taking. The formula is plainly printed on every bottle, showing it is simply Quinine and Iron in a tasteful form. The Quinine drives out the malarial and the Iron builds up the system. Sold by all dealers for 25 cents. Price 50 cents.

Before taking the bull by the horns you should complete satisfactory arrangements for letting go at the psychological moment.

YOU LOVE TO EAT
Worce's Black Powder will make you able to eat what you want. By indigestion it has no equal. Ask your Druggist. Worcester Black Powder Company, Dallas, Texas.

Death may love a shining mark—but shining marks are scarce.
Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, etc. in a bottle.

Many a man has discovered that popularity is not worth the price.
Garfield Tea overcomes constipation, flatulence and bilious attacks.

Charity is too often charity dispensed.
Garfield Tea overcomes constipation, flatulence and bilious attacks.

Grace Capt, who has
ending school in
rned home last
light of b...NESS.



Smith (at matrimonial agents, looking for a wife)—From this picture she appears as a woman with a high temper. "Fraid we couldn't get along together."
Agent—That's all right, sir. With every wife we furnish complete directions for getting along with her.

Resinol Ointment Can Be Depended Upon
In all cases of eruptive and irritable skin diseases. The most obstinate cases of eczema, herpes, tetter, barber's itch, as well as the simple rashes, chafings and sores of childhood are readily cured by this reliable remedy. It stops the intense pain of a burn or scald immediately. It is also a specific in itching piles, giving instantaneous relief from all irritation. At all drug stores.

Progress of Civilization.
Lady—And did you make your congregation give up cannibalism?
Missionary (suppressing a grin)—Not quite; but after much trouble I persuaded them to use knives and forks.—The Throne.

Stop at the WESTBROOK HOTEL, FT. WORTH. Absolutely fireproof. Texas' biggest hotel. Rates \$1.00 and up.
The love of a man for his wife may be the real thing, but it doesn't seem to interfere with his appetite.

The Bradley's Hair Emulsion; Westbrook Hotel Building, Box 665, Ft. Worth, Texas. Finest of human hair goods, wigs, pompadours, switches, pins and curls. Any of these articles made from your combings. Fast or faded articles renewed. Mail orders sent on approval. Hairdressing and Manicure Parlors, Electrolysis and Chiropody a specialty.

Many self-made men forget to make themselves agreeable.
Garfield Tea keeps the bodily machinery in order; it regulates the digestive organs and overcomes constipation.

It's difficult for people to generate advice that is foolproof.
THE HEART
If the blood is poor and filled with the poisons from diseased kidneys or inactive liver, the heart is not only starved but poisoned as well. There are many conditions due to impure blood—such as dropsy, fainting spells, nervous debility or the many scrofulous conditions, ulcers, "fever sores," white swellings, etc. All can be overcome and cured by

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery
This supplies pure blood—by aiding digestion, increasing assimilation and imparting tone to the whole circulatory system. It's a heart tonic and a great deal more, having an alterative action on the liver and kidneys, it helps to eliminate the poisons from the blood.
To enrich the blood and increase the red blood corpuscles, thereby feeding the nerves on rich red blood and doing away with nervous irritability, take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and do not permit a dishonest dealer to insult your intelligence with the "just as good kind." The "Discovery" has 40 years of cures behind it and contains no alcohol or narcotics. Ingredients plainly printed on wrapper.
Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent free on receipt of stamps to pay expense of wrapping and mailing only. Send 31 one-cent stamps for the French cloth-bound book. Address: Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N.Y.

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Oldest and Best Cure For Chills and Fever; Malaria
A general tonic of 40 years' success. Contains no arsenic or other poisons. Unlike quinine, it leaves no bad effects. For sale by druggists and merchants. If your dealer can't supply it, write to
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NEAL INSTITUTES
FOR THE TREATMENT OF WHISKEY HABIT MORPHINE COCAINE AND ALL DRUG ADDICTIONS
The Neal treatment for liquor habit and drug addiction is far in advance of any other in existence, in so much as it requires so much less time to destroy all desire and necessity for stimulants. No pain, no danger, no bad after effects. Not a gold cure—Not a Hyocine treatment—Just a simple, safe vegetable remedy which eliminates the narcotic poisons from the system, removes the craving for liquor, destroys the desire for narcotic drugs—Strengthens the heart's action—revives the nerve force—builds brain and body to normal. Absolute privacy—we are very kind to our guests, all have our sympathy, and we care for them as a mother does for her children. Write or call, you are always welcome.

A Book Agent's Order.
First Book Agent—Did you receive an order at that house I just saw you come out of?
Second Book Agent—Yes, I was told to "git."
When a laxative is needed, take the always potent Garfield Tea. Composed of Herbs.
It's easier to put up a bluff than it is to put up the stuff.

You Look Prematurely Old

Pleasant, Refreshing, Beneficial, Gentle and Effective.

NOTE THE NAME
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
In the Circle, on every Package of the Genuine.

DO NOT LET ANY DEALER DECEIVE YOU

SYRUP OF FIGS AND ELIXIR OF SENNA HAS GIVEN UNIVERSAL SATISFACTION FOR MORE THAN THIRTY YEARS PAST, AND ITS WONDERFUL SUCCESS HAS LED UNSCRUPULOUS MANUFACTURERS OF IMITATIONS TO OFFER INFERIOR PREPARATIONS UNDER SIMILAR NAMES AND COSTING THE DEALER LESS, THEREFORE, WHEN BUYING,

Note the Full Name of the Company
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

PRINTED STRAIGHT ACROSS, NEAR THE BOTTOM, AND IN THE CIRCLE, NEAR THE TOP OF EVERY PACKAGE OF THE GENUINE. REGULAR PRICE 50c PER BOTTLE, ONE SIZE ONLY, FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS.

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CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

MISTER PHOTO MAN
ASK FOR OUR NEW CATALOG J. You'll save money. Largest Independent Photo Stock in the South.
Scheaffer Photo Supply Co., Houston, Texas.

Tutt's Pills
enable the dyspeptic to eat whatever he wishes. They cause the food to assimilate and nourish the body, give appetite, and DEVELOP FLESH.
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CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

Instead of Liquid Antiseptics or Peroxide
100,000 people last year used
Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic
The new toilet germicide powder to be dissolved in water as needed. For all toilet and hygienic uses it is better and more economical. To save and beautify the teeth, remove tartar and prevent decay. To disinfect the mouth, destroy disease germs, and purify the breath. To keep artificial teeth and bridgework clean, odorless. To remove nicotine from the teeth and purify the breath after smoking. To eradicate perspiration and body odors by sponge bathing. The best antiseptic wash known. Relieves and strengthens tired, weak, inflamed eyes. Heals sore throat, wounds and cuts. 25 and 50 cts. a box, druggists or by mail postpaid. Sample Free. THE PAXTON TOILET CO., Boston, Mass.

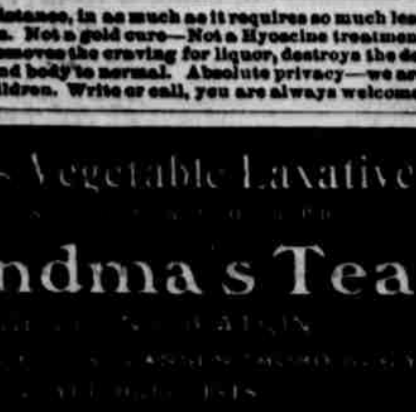
JUST ONE Bond's Liver Pill
at bed time CURES Headache, Constipation, Biliousness, Colds, Malaria, etc. They are mild, safe and effective. One is a dose.
TRY ONE TONIGHT.
Your druggist can supply you, or send 25c to
Bond's Pharmacy Co.
LITTLE ROCK, ARK.
25 cents, or 5 for \$1.00, by mail. A free sample on request.

DAISY FLY KILLER
It only takes a little Good Business Ability to acquire a happy home or make a safe and profitable investment. Hamilton County Farms and Ranches produce an average crop of corn to those of the Black Land Belt, and sell for one fourth as much, culminate and water is better. Ninety per cent of our lands are occupied by owners, making citizenship ideal. Get your fifty to seventy bushel, custom one third to one half. What twenty five to thirty bushel per acre. Entire county prosperous, not a single farm foreclosed in fifteen years. Good farms. Let us prove this. T. M. White, Hamilton, Texas.

GLASSES FITTED AT ONE-THIRD THE USUAL COST by Graduate Optician, or take no risks on ordering glasses from us by mail. We guarantee to fit perfectly and furnish cases without extra charge. As prices from 10 cents to \$2.00. Write us today for descriptive matter. Glenshire Optical Co., 124 Wood Ave., Kansas City, Kansas. F. & Co.

I SELL Improved, watered El Paso County ranches on railroad. 100 to 1000 acres, easy terms. 250 acres, \$2,500. 500 acres, \$5,000. 750 to 1,000 a. & w. \$10,000. Berwick, Tex.
MAKE YOUR OWN FIRELESS COOKER Full instructions 10 cents. Information free. Chas. Ross, 508 E. 14th Street, Kansas City, Mo.

Nature's Vegetable Laxative
Grandma's Tea



You Look Prematurely Old

Left Native Soil To Attend Tyler Commercial College, Tyler, Texas.

Some four weeks ago we left our home, Bradford, County Clare, to attend the Tyler Commercial College, Tyler, Texas. We sailed from Queenstown, Ireland, arrived in Tyler nine days later where we took up a course of Bookkeeping-Business Training, Shorthand and Typewriting. A year ago we took a combined course in one of Pittman's colleges in the old country and after eight months hard study we found we were unable to accept a profitable position. We have been in the Tyler Commercial College two weeks, and find the Byrne system practical and vastly superior to any other. Everyone connected with the college is kind and courteous in every possible way, and their good moral training is certainly to be appreciated. We take pleasure in recommending the Tyler Commercial College to young people who want a thorough, practical business training before throwing themselves against the hard propositions of business circles.

Respectfully,

Daniel and Martin McNamara.

This is four foreign countries from which the Tyler Commercial College has drawn patronage. It has also drawn patronage from 36 different states in the Union, and is rapidly becoming known as America's greatest business training school.

Mr. R. W. Fontenot of Crowley, La., finished a course in this institution less than two years ago, and is now Chief Clerk of the Commission of Banking and Currency, Washington, D. C. We notice the Tyler Commercial College graduates are getting the best positions to be offered, both in commercial and government work. The Editor would like to see more of our home boys and girls taking advantage of the practical training offered by this institution.

Saved His Wife's Life.

"My wife would have been in her grave to-day," writes O. H. Brown, of Muscadine, Ala., "if it had not been for Dr. King's New Discovery. She was down in her bed, not able to get up without help. She had a severe bronchial trouble and a dreadful cough. I got her a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and she soon began to mend, and and was well in a short time." **Infalible for coughs and colds, its the most reliable remedy on earth for desperate lung trouble, hemorrhages, lagrippe, asthma, hay fever, croup and whooping cough. 50c, \$1.00. Trial bottle free. Guaranteed by, Corner Drug Store.**

Tale Of A Donkey Hero.

A tale of the sagacity and heroism of a little burro, or donkey, comes from the Mogave desert. The engineer of the Santa Fe limited suddenly slowed up and the passengers, wondering what had stopped it far from civilization, climbed from the sleepers. They found, standing resolutely in the center of the track a sad-eyed little animal, plainly marked with the life of the desert. It refused to clear the path of the train until the engineer discovered tied to one of its front legs a slip of paper. The curious passengers crowded about the engineer and read an appeal for help from Henry Gooding. Scrawled on the paper was the blunt statement he had broken a leg ten miles south of Siberia and was alone. At the first station the message of the injured man was placed in the hands of men who brought Gooding to the town.

OLD TESTAMENT TIMES BROOKLYN TABERNACLE BIBLE STUDIES

THE FALL OF SAMARIA II Kings 17:1-18 June 18

"He that being often reproved hardeneth his neck shall suddenly be destroyed, and that without remedy."—Proverbs 29:1.

HOSHEA, King of Israel, the central personage of this study, is paid the rather doubtful compliment of being less evil in the Lord's sight than some of his predecessors. Gradually the Assyrian kingdom had extended its control to Israel, and Hoshea maintained his throne by paying tribute.

This continued for several years until the King of Israel thought himself sufficiently in league with the Egyptians on the south to refuse further tribute money. In consequence, the Assyrian army advanced and laid siege to the capital city, Samaria. It seems astounding, indeed, to learn that the city withstood the siege for three years. The end came in the ninth year of Hoshea, and signified the end of the ten-tribe kingdom, the people being transported by their captors several hundred miles to another portion of the Assyrian empire.

The overthrow of Israel, recounted in this study, we are directly told, was a judgment from the Lord. "Therefore the Lord was very angry with Israel and removed them out of His sight; there were none left but the tribe of Judah only."

Sin tends to national destruction in a very natural way—by sapping the vitality of the people of the nation. But in Israel's case there was something more than this. God entered into a special covenant with that nation by which He bound Himself and they bound themselves.

Israel agreed to be God's people, to serve and obey Him faithfully; and God agreed that, if they would do so, He would specially favor them and look out for their interests, their flocks, their herds, their health, their prosperity; all were to be blessed so long as they were loyal and true. On the contrary, God specially pledged Himself that if they as a people proved unfaithful to the covenant, He would specially chastise them, punish them, deliver them to their enemies, etc. Thus Israel's prosperity or defeat indicated surely the Lord's favor or disfavor, in a manner not applicable to other nations.

Destroyed Without Remedy. Our text, taken from Proverbs, tells what will be the final outcome of any conflict between God and the sinner. Whoever shall be remanded to the Second Death, there will be no hope for him.

The philosophy of this is plain: Adamic death, which comes to all men as a result of Adam's sin and his condemnation as a sinner, is to be entirely wiped out, and Adam and all of his race are to be fully released from it.

Those of us who, as the Spirit-bezotten Church, enjoy this favor in the present time, must not expect any further favor along this line in the future, for Christ died no more; and only one share in His redemptive work is provided for every member of the race.

When in the future all the world are brought to a knowledge of the Truth, the grace of God will then be to them "a savor of life unto life," or of death unto death," as it is now to the Church.

Israel's Promised Restitution. The Israelites suffered the penalty for their failure as a nation; they were destroyed, but not without remedy. Indeed, the Bible tells us that in the end of this Age, as soon as the election of the Church shall have been completed and the First Resurrection accomplished, God's favor will return to Israel, the twelve tribes, and their regathering will be the first blessing to humanity under Messiah's glorious reign.

St. Paul brings this matter to our attention very explicitly in his letter to the Romans. (11:25-32.) The logic of his argument should be carefully noted, including the fact that Natural Israel will receive mercy at the hands of Spiritual Israel—in the Kingdom.

The nation of Israel transgressed Divine commands, and was therefore worthy of punishment—but this did not signify that the nation would be completely alienated from the Divine mercy which God had already intended and promised through Abraham.

Neither Israel, in the days of Hoshea nor at any other time, nor any other nation, knew anything about the life and immortality which God purposed to proffer to mankind through the Redeemer in due time. As the Apostle again says, "This great salvation began to be spoken by our Lord and was confirmed unto us by them that heard Him."—Heb. 2:3.



Catapult for throwing stones.

No. 4474

Report of the Condition of The Haskell National Bank at Haskell, in the State of Texas, at the close of business, June 7th, 1911.

RESOURCES	
Loans and Discounts	\$137,059.61
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	5,128.55
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	25,000.00
Banking house, Furniture, and Fixtures	8,600.00
Other Real Estate owned	320.00
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)	351.63
Due from State and Private Banks and Bankers, Trust Companies and Savings Banks	801.12
Due from approved Reserve Agents	8,933.43
Checks and other Cash Items	33.57
Notes of other National Banks	2,034.00
Fractional Paper Currency, Nickels, and Cents	68.57
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank, viz:	
Specie	3,773.55
Legal-tender notes	6,773.55
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)	1,250.00
Total	194,062.63
LIABILITIES	
Capital stock paid in	60,000.00
Surplus fund	12,000.00
Undivided Profits, less Expenses and Taxes paid	17,322.11
National Bank Notes outstanding	25,000.00
Due to other National Banks	853.19
Due to State and Private Banks and Bankers	454.26
Due to approved Reserve Agents	none
Dividends unpaid	none
Individual deposits subject to check	76,558.62
Time certificates of deposit	2,356.25
Cashier's checks outstanding	36.30
Bills payable, including certificates of deposit for money borrowed	none
Total	194,062.63

State of Texas, County of Haskell, ss: I, G. E. Langford, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

G. E. LANGFORD, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 13th day of June, 1911. Scott W. Key, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: G. R. Couch, S. W. Scott, J. A. Couch, Directors

Illinois Heads The List.

The Texas Commercial Secretaries and Business Men's Association has compiled information showing the number of persons from other States making inquiry about Texas through that organization, and finds that during the past six months more than 500 letters have been received from parties desiring to locate in this State. Of this number perhaps the largest amount come from the Middle Atlantic States, Illinois heading the list in the amount of inquiries sent in to the Association.

The large gain in population which Texas has experienced during the past decade is due largely to the activity of Commercial organizations in encouraging immigration from other States. It is estimated by the Commercial Secretaries that we have a net gain in population of nine persons per hour or 78,266 per annum.

Money to Loan.

We can get you a quick loan to build a business house or residence in the town of Haskell on seven years time, easy payment. Call on C. D. Long for details.

Haskell Lumber Co.

Two registered Duroc Jersey male pigs for sale. Paul Zahn, Haskell Texas, Box 373

We're Shouting

about the excellent quality of our printing. We don't care what the job may be, we are equipped to turn it out to your satisfaction. If we can't, we'll tell you so frankly.

Let Us Convince You

Object Lesson in Advertising.

Those who believe that women don't read the advertisements in the newspapers might have had a convincing object lesson of the fallacy of their views a few days ago. The proprietor of a chain of New York grocery stores determined to test the matter by inserting in all the leading papers a coupon which, presented in person would entitle the holder to one dozen eggs for ten cents. The advertisements appeared in the evening papers, and on the following morning the streets in neighborhood of all the stores were almost blocked with women. Special police had to be assigned to keep the anxious bargain seekers from fighting each other in their anxiety to take advantage of the great offer. Although the grocer lost money on the egg deal, he has gained hundreds of new customers and his business for the week following "egg day" has been the biggest he has ever had by thousands of dollars.

Wildcat Was Thief.

From Sassari in Sardinia comes a curious story of a peasant and a wildcat. For the past few days Nicolo Demartis, on returning home from his daily labor in the fields, was annoyed to find his store of cheese and meat constantly diminished. Although he carefully secured the door of his humble habitation the thefts continued and at last he hid in a clump of bushes and waited the coming of the thief. He was astounded to see an enormous wildcat approach his cabin, and disappear through the window. He opened the door and fired. The animal fell, and the depredations have now ceased.

The Science of City Building.

The Commercial Secretaries will hold their annual Institute at Temple, on July 27-28. The meeting will be especially interesting and instructive to those actively engaged in Commercial Club work, and those who desire to qualify for empire building. City building is fast becoming a science, and the Commercial Secretary is compelled to study closely his profession, in order to keep abreast the times, and the Institute will give all secretaries present, a chance to profit by the experience of others. Every Club in Texas should send their Secretary, to this Institute.

Buy Goods Made In Texas.

The Commercial Secretaries Association is gathering data from Texas manufacturers on the per cent of their output that is consumed outside the State. The reports which have so far come in, indicate that the Texas Manufacturers, are in many instances compelled to seek a Northern and Eastern market for their output, while outside factories supply the home markets.

A letter of inquiry has been sent out to a number of Texas manufacturers, asking for their analysis of the situation, and soliciting any suggestions they may have to offer.

The data when complete, will be used in the campaign for patronizing home industries, which the organization is planning.

Effect But No Cause.

"So there's another rupture of Mount Vociferous," said Mrs. Partington, as she put on her specs. "The paper tells us about burning lather running down the mountains, but it don't tell how it got afire."

MONEY.

I desire to lend some money on good farms and will purchase or extend vendors lien notes. M. Pierson. 181f

PROFESSIONAL.

Dr. J. D. SMITH
DENTIST
Office—Smith & Sutherland Bldg
Phone (Office No. 12, Residence No. 111)

Dr. O. M. GUEST
DENTIST
Office in the McConnell Building.
OFFICE Phone No. 52.
RESIDENCE " " 149.

D. A. G. NEATHERY.
Physician and Surgeon.
OFFICE In Smith & Sutherland Bldg
Office Phone No. 56
Dr. Neathery's Res. No. 25.

DR. W. WILLIAMSON,
RESIDENCE PHONE 113
OFFICE OVER
Smith and Sutherland Bldg's

Office S. & R. Drug store. Phone Res. 256, Office 216

A. J. Lewis, M. D. C.
VETERINARIAN
Graduate of Chicago Vet. College
HASKELL, TEXAS.

H. G. MCCONNELL,
Attorney at Law.
OFFICE IN
McConnell Bldg N W Cor. Square

Gordon B. McGuire
Attorney-at-Law
Office in McConnell Bldg.

W. H. MURCHISON
LAWYER
Office over Farmers National Bank
HASKELL TEXAS

Dr. Cyrus N. Ray
Osteopathic Physician and Surgeon
Graduate American School of Osteopathy.
Mon., Wed. and Fridays at Haskell Hotel.

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PRICE 50¢ BOTTLE \$1.00 TRIAL BOTTLE FREE

GUARANTEED SATISFACTORY OR MONEY REFUNDED.

CHICHESTER'S PILLS

DIAMOND BRAND

LADIES! Ask your Druggist for CHICHESTER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. TAKE NO OTHER. Buy of your Druggist and ask for CHICHESTER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for twenty-five years recorded as Best, Safest, Always Reliable. **SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS** TIME TAKED EVERYWHERE WORTH TESTED

Hall Insurance.
I can insure any kind of a grain crop against hail damages. 181f
Henry Johnson.

Douglas Dots.

Here I come again this week. Health is very good at present. (in this community).

There was an ice cream supper at Mr. J. T. Browas Saturday night, given on the anniversary of Miss Rosa's birthday.

Miss Mary Henshaw attended services at Douglas last Sunday conducted by Bro. Piland.

Mr. Bill Earles was at church Sunday. He looked rather sad, cheer up old boy while there is there is life there is hope.

Mr. J. A. Creaser was at Haskell, Thursday, attending court.

Mr. M. B. Summers and family from Throckmorton have been visiting J. B. Patterson and family.

Miss Elsie Patterson spent Saturday with Miss Virgie and Flossie Smithee, and attended singing at Pleasant Valley.

Ask Milton Douglas if he likes light bread.

Mr. Harve Smithee went to Paint Creek Monday.

Mrs. Davis visited Mrs. Earles Monday.

Miss Vergie Smithee is spending the week with Elsie Patterson.

Services at Douglas every first, third and fourth Sunday at three thirty in the afternoon, every body invited to attend.

Mr. Geo. Pistole says he is proud, next year is leap probably he will get a dish washer.

Well I must go as no news to write,

I remain your, Uncle Snap.

Favorite Fiction.

"Gentlemen, I failed to Win the Nomination, but I Have No Unkind Feelings Toward Anybody."

"We Have Lost Out, My Friends, but My Only Emotion Is One of Gratitude to Those Who Loyalloy Supported Me."

"I Assure You, Mr. Winch, This Is Not a Company Dinner: This Is What We Always Have."

"Mr. Squigley, I've Been Wanting to Meet You for Years; All I Buy the Bazzoo for Is to Read Your Stuff."

"Yes, It's a Dog's Life; I'm the First One at the Office in the Morning and the Last to Leave It in the Evening."

"I Thought You said You Couldn't Dance, Mr. Peduncle! You Do It Splendidly!"

"You Can See for Yourself, Mr. Sessor That We Haven't Anything in the House Worth paying Taxes On."

"I Think I Ought to Have About \$1,000 Insurance on My Household Goods, Mr. Brocklesby; It Would Cost Me That to Replace Them."

Light In Ocean's Depths.

Distinct traces of light have been detected at the great depth of 500 fathoms below the ocean surface by Sir John Murray's ocean-graphical expedition of 1910. More recently, brightly colored organisms have been dredged up from an even greater depth, in the form of rose foraminifers with rose pink shells.

Might Spoil The Match.

Suitor—"I would like to see the photo of the lady with the \$500,000 dowry." Matrimonial Agent—"We don't show photos with the large doweries."—Fliegende Blaetter.

German Books Travel Far.

Germany does a very large and profitable trade with other countries in books printed in the German language. A largely increasing quantity is sent every year to Japan.