

# The Haskell Free Press.

VOLUME 25. NO. 36

HASKELL, HASKELL COUNTY, TEXAS, SATURDAY MORNING SEPTEMBER 3, 1910.

WHOLE No. 1284

## Collier's Drug Store Always in the LEAD. Magazines & Periodicals.

### The Texas Congress of Mothers

Conducted by Mrs. J. F. Posey.  
COUNTY CHAIRMAN CONGRESS EXTENSION.

#### Benefits Derived from Parent Teachers Association.

It seems to me that much of the thinking and acting in regard to the relation of the child to the school is tending in a dangerous direction. There is a disposition on part of parents to be rid of many of the responsibilities which rest upon them and there is an undue zeal upon the part of the schools to assume responsibilities with respect to children that aforesaid rested upon the parents. Many homes are recognized as more or less unfit for rearing children, and as a consequence of this condition teachers in their desire to be of greatest benefit to the rising generation are undertaking to do things which the home ought to do.

Undoubtedly in isolated cases teachers can do more for children than their parents are qualified to do, but it may be depended upon that the more the schools undertake to do the less parents will feel their duty to do. To meet the recognized difficulty that prevails in exceptional homes the proper method is to uplift the parents and not to relieve them of their responsibility. The whole modern tendency is to relieve the individual of duties which are difficult or which society as a whole thinks it can discharge better than the individual. Nothing is more fallacious. No society can be stronger than the average of its individuals, all strengthenings of people's or governments comes through the strengthening of the component parts.

The parent-teachers associa-

tion is instituted as a happy instrumentality for bringing the school and the home into an intelligent and sympathetic co-operation for the benefit of the child.

The contact between teachers and parents in these associations will give each from the other a clear conception of their relative duties and obligations, and will carry into the school room the parental affection from the home, and will carry into the home the methodical and disciplinary direction of the school. The parent can give to the teacher much inspiration which none but a parent can give to the parent much actual knowledge of human nature gained by contact with the mass of children that few parents can otherwise acquire.

For these reasons which are so obvious, it seems to me, as not to require details of illustrations or refinement. I welcome the organization of parent-teachers associations throughout the country as an auxiliary medium of tremendous influence upon both the homes and schools. In the co-operation of these two institutions, in their mutual dependance and in their recognized responsibilities and co-ordinated efforts lies the hope of the soundest and most effective development of child character.

Clarence Ousley,  
In the Texas Motherhood Magazine.

#### Farming in Dry Weather.

Within the last month I have gathered up the following information which Judge Poole, Secretary of the Haskell Board of Trade, who is always looking out for the interest of Haskell county. Thinks ought to be given to the farmers of our country for them to think over. I therefore furnish it as I get it, and you can draw such conclusions as are legitimate.

Mr. Cobb northeast of town on the Franklin place and his son planted two plats of cotton along side of each other, both were first bedded with the common middlebuster and then harrowed with a tooth harrow, and planted, opening the bed thus harrowed down, all alike. One plat was cultivated with the cultivator in the usual manner and at the same time the other cultivated with a spring tooth diverse cultivator. This was repeated till each had been cultivated four times, with no difference except the tools used. The plat of cotton cultivated with the spring tooth cultivator was then fully one third taller and much fresher and still growing while the first plat was checked in its growth and wilting in the heat of the day and blooming on top. The one was finely pulverized by the teeth scratching through it level, and this seems to be the sole cause of the difference.

J. D. Roberts has kept his land continuously worked and thoroughly clean and has made over forty bushels of oats, and claims he will make thirty bushels of corn, and cotton looking fine. He claims it is due entirely to thorough cultivation.

On the Campbell demonstration from near Hereford sixteen bushels of wheat was raised after his system of working, and that which was worked and left unplanted last year made fifty-four bushels this year.

P. J. Spencer of Glazier gave me an account of a farm in Hansford which was worked after the best customary manner, and yielded twelve bushels, while he tested three acres after Campbell's system and got a yield of forty bushels, four times as much all weighing 62 lbs. It was spring harrowed. This was last year.

Another plat near Canadian was prepared for alfalfa after the Campbell system, putting it in the best condition he could. He, for some reason, failed to get it planted in alfalfa and planted it in wheat, but did not spring harrow in. The six acres made forty-two bushels per acre while the wheat around it yielded an average of about twelve bushels.

Another planted fall wheat in October and got nine bushels and planted another lot Feb. 1st, and from this got sixteen bushels, with no difference except the time of planting. This seems to be due to the better condition of a the ground when it was prepared and planted.

Another planted fall wheat in the fall and got twelve bushels, and again planted fall wheat Feb. 15th and got from this

twelve bushels.

Many very interesting inferences were drawn from these and other such facts, but it is not the purpose of this article to do more than furnish these facts as given me for farmers who are interested to draw their own conclusions.

R. E. Sherrill.

#### BUTTER.

We now have the creamery in charge of a thorough expert, Mr. Metker who learned and followed the business for many years in the great dairy and creamery districts of Wisconsin and New York States. He has put the plant in a thoroughly sanitary condition and is turning out as rich, fine flavored butter as you ever tasted. Try a pound of it and be convinced. We always have on hand the best of ice cream for sale by the half gallon or gallon. Phone your order to No. 161.

Haskell Creamery Co.

#### TO TRADE.

Say: How would you like to trade that old burnt up farm in Haskell County for a real farm in Dallas or Kaufman County?

My farms have made 45 to 75 bus. corn and will make 1-2 to 1 bale of cotton this year.

35-2t p. Bruce Stevenson,  
Stamford, Texas

#### NOTICE.

The fall term of my music class will begin with the opening of school. Terms \$4.00 per month three lessons a week. I will appreciate a share of your patronage. Mrs. H. R. Jones

Next in the list of building now under course of erection comes that were Manufactured articles will have their home. This building of cement, stone and brick, 30x200 feet, faces the Agriculture Hall. Then there is a new Dairy Products building with its equipment of the latest improvements in Dairy and Creamery machinery. Everything pertaining to this industry will be shown here. Machinery—Butter making machines and everything pertaining to that line will be found here in operation.—Dallas Fair.

#### CLUB SCHOLARSHIP.

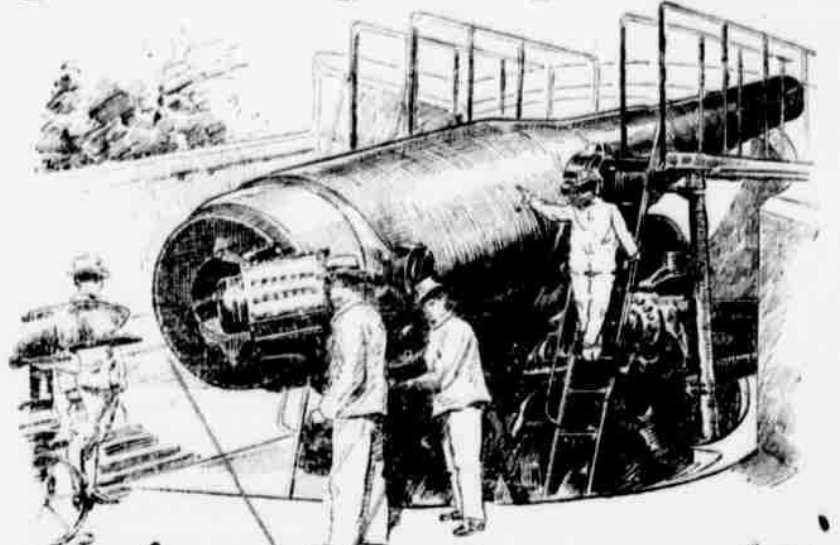
The free scholarships offered by the Haskell Magazine Club in Haskell Public Schools were awarded to the following:

Miss Pearl Williams  
Rufus Moore  
William Polston  
Scholarship Com.

The New Kennel Building 20x260 feet comes next, and in this will be found the latest convenience that go to make a bench show popular.

Mrs. B. H. Cogdell, Pupil and Graduate of Herman, Wm. Woods College and Conservatory, Fulton, Mo., will accept a few pupils in Piano, Harmony, Musical History, Theory, etc. Studio at Dr. Neathery's. Phone No. 23.

### FORTIFY YOUR FUTURE



*The best protection against trouble is money in the Bank  
It insured safety*

The hole in the ground, the crevice in the wall, a friend's pocket-book, or your own, is not as safe a place to keep your money as is our bank, which is fire and burglar proof. We refer those who have not banked with us to those who have.

Make OUR Bank YOUR Bank.

## The Haskell National Bank, Haskell, Texas.

#### NOTICE.

The Haskell Cemetery Association desire to say to everyone who has not a deed to their cemetery lot, that they must pay for the lot within the next two weeks, as the association has to have the money to pay on the new fence being erected.

There is a great demand for lots and we will sell to other parties all lots that are not paid for if you do not pay for same within the specified time. We have waited upon you as long as we can and now we must have the money. We have been saving the fund derived from the sale of lots to purchase a new fence and if you do not think it has been well invested, take a look at the substantial fence and beautiful archway and you will be satisfied we feel sure.

The price of all lots is \$10.00 each. Every lot owner is assessed \$3.00 per year to help pay the sexton's salary and each lot is taken care of by the association. We cannot keep our sexton unless this assessment is paid and everyone ought to be glad to pay this small sum to help take care of and beautify our city of the dead.

It is a credit to any town to have a well kept cemetery.

There is another matter that the Association wishes to have the public understand and that is that we pay our sexton a salary and half of each grave digging fee. Often the friends of the party who needs to have a grave dug, insist upon digging it for him. If they understood that it is taking the sexton's rightful pay away from him, which he needs as much as anyone for he has a large family to support, we feel sure that they would not want to be unjust to him. Therefore we can-

not allow anyone to dig the graves except the sexton unless they wish to help him and pay for it too.

Pay for your lots and keep up your assessment regularly and you will feel the satisfaction of having done your part in this great work.

Mrs. H. G. McConnell,  
Secretary and Treas. Haskell Cemetery Association.

#### Ballew Happenings.

Well here I come again. Mrs. V. J. Josslet and daughter Miss Annie and Ardonia spent Sunday with Mrs. J. H. Cunningham.

Miss Della Thomas spent Sunday with Miss Mary Whitson.

Misses Simmie and Zella Goodwin were in this community Sunday.

Mr. J. C. Holt has relatives visiting him from Coahoma Texas.

Mr. Eark Dennington spent Sunday with Mr. J. F. Thomas.

Misses Mable Cunningham and Opal Holt spent Thursday with Miss Bessie Glenn.

We have prayer meeting every Sunday night and singing every Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Everybody invited.

Miss Nervia Bolles spent Sunday with Miss Lillie Beckham.

Well I will ring off for this time. "Rambler."

If you want to borrow money on your land or sell land notes see Sanders & Wilson.

Dr. Cox's Barbed Wire Lintment does not burn or blister, relieves pain quickly, and flies will not bother the wound. For sale by All Druggists.

TOILET ARTICLES

**LOWNEY'S CHOCOLATES**

**West Side Pharmacy**

Lloyd & Co., Proprietors  
H. H. Langford, Mgr.

PURE DRUGS

**BEST LINE OF CIGARS**

A fellow from Brandenburg was in Wichita Falls this summer and some one mentioned the drouth. The Brandenburg man was feeling pretty good and replied that "all we needed in West Texas to make a bale of cotton per acre was to have two or three damp mornings." This sounds rather boastful but if a fellow acquainted with conditions will go out and look at the cotton that is actually matured he will realize that if we get the three

damp mornings in time we may make a bale of cotton yet in some places.

#### For Sale--Fifteen Lots.

In Johnson addition to Haskell for sale cheap.

Sanders & Wilson.

All Druggists sell Dr. Cox's Barbed Wire Lintment, 25c, 50c and \$1.00 bottles. Guaranteed to heal without leaving a blemish, or money refunded.

## SPENCER & GILLAM DRUGGISTS

Cold Drinks, Cigars,  
Pure Drugs and Toilet Articles  
Agency, Nyal's Non-Secret Remedies.



FEMININE HIGH FLIERS.

When the heavier-than-air flying machine was proved to be a mechanical possibility it was predicted that aviation would soon become a fad similar to that of automobiling or, in the earlier days, bicycling. Despite recent mishaps in the air which have cost the lives of several experimenters, this forecast seems likely to be verified. Already factories are turning out airplanes to order both in this country and abroad, and soon it will be possible for anyone who fancies an aerial career to equip himself with an up-to-date machine of any one of half a dozen or more types. Indeed, there are now at work several thousand skilled artisans making airplanes for public use, and in all probability next season will see an airplane owned privately in every large city, while possibly the town that does not possess a sky pilot among its followers of venturesome sport will feel outclassed and distanced in the race of progress. It has just been announced that three French monoplanes are now on their way across the Atlantic, having been manufactured especially for the American feminine market. They are in every respect the most ladylike machines that have been turned out thus far, and it is the hope of the French manufacturers that after they have been demonstrated by a trio of exceedingly attractive Parisiennes there will be almost a competition for their ownership, and the American market for these machines will have been established.

Some one over in England has discovered a lot of records which go to show that if certain things had been said and done by the government "when George the Third was King" there would have been no revolution in America and what is now the United States might still be a British dependency. Perhaps so. But some things also happened on this side of the ocean which had an effect on history. There was the Declaration of Independence, the pre-eminent military ability and statecraft of George Washington, a few battles and American victories, such as those at Bennington, Saratoga, Trenton and Yorktown, and several other occurrences that had a bearing on the case. And American patriotism and determination against overwhelming odds had a little something to do with the outcome.

Texas continues to raise some things which are very much to her credit and advantage. Among them are big crops. This year the Lone Star state will distinguish herself especially by the corn yield. The latest estimate by the Texas agricultural bureau is 210,000,000 bushels, against 122,500,000 bushels last year and 201,000,000 bushels in 1908, the latter being an exceptional output. The agricultural resources of Texas are enormous, and the grain harvest is but one part of the business. The state is beating Bermuda in early onion growing, raises some of the best and earliest potatoes in the market and supplies other vegetables. In fact, it is doing its part in showing that the natural resources of the United States are far from exhaustion.

Capt. Ivan de Kavousky of the Russian army, who is now on his way to Rotterdam, was busy every hour of the time he spent in New York. While in this country he purchased five motor boats for the use of the Russian navy and also placed an order for a nickel-plated motor boat to be presented to the czar's wife by the officers of the Russian volunteer fleet. The captain said that the Russian government considers small boats of American manufacture the best and speediest in the world. It is not alone in this view. Wasn't it to American builders that the German Kaiser entrusted the construction of his yacht?

As yet the "hobble" skirt is known to most people only through description and pictures. That it may never be better known is the petition of the sane. Mere foolishness often has found expression in odd raiment, but imbecility has but seldom taken material form as a fashion. That a woman who hobbles her limbs with one of these absurdities has had first to hobble her intelligence is certain. Every woman owes to herself such a dress as in a mouse emergency will permit her to mount a chair.

After riding all night in a taxicab a man paid the chauffeur two dollars and then tipped him five cents. Such hypertrophied nerve should be in better business, such as, for instance, selling de luxe editions of dead and defenseless authors.

By screaming louder than her competitors a Chicago woman the other day won a money prize in a shriek contest. Perhaps she saw a mouse at the psychological moment.

COTTON FORCED UP  
\$16 ON THE BALE

THIS IS 20C OR THE HIGHEST PRICE SINCE THE CIVIL WAR.

MANY MILLIONS ARE MADE

Long Side Has Handled More Than 800,000 Bales Since March This Year.

New York, Aug. 30.—Touching the highest level since the Civil War, August cotton sold for 20c a pound Monday morning.

In a panic of local and foreign shorts, lasting about an hour, the August option advanced 318 points, or nearly \$16 a bale, from the closing figures of Saturday. Twenty cents was the highest price for the position offered by one broker, who received the cotton from W. P. Brown. Brown immediately offered 100,000 August at 20c and the tension was somewhat relieved. On the theory that this marked the culmination of the upward movement, room traders at once began to swell the late months, forcing a moderate decline. August shortly before noon declined to 18.2c, and prices were irregular, but the trade kept active. Later months failed to share the August jump and were 1 to 3 points lower, although rallies occurred, due to a little outside buying on the dry weather in Texas.

It was taken for granted that the Brown offer meant that the remaining August short interests would settle at 20c, or at least buy back their contracts at that figure, and that this represented practically the culmination of the bull deal. On Friday morning August contracts sold at 16.07c. At 20c they showed an advance of over \$19 per bale, and had made a new high record of prices, dating from the Civil War. The drop from the high price was not considered significant of any change in the bull position, but it was thought probable that some people who had a few hundred bales of cotton for which they had been waiting for a fancy price had regarded the Brown offer as marking the limit they were likely to obtain and let go their cotton. The bulls were absolutely in control of August and in the opinion of many traders they might as well have put the price up to 25c as to 20c a pound. Considering everything, many thought that the bull leaders showed great moderation when they entered the ring with an offer of 100,000 bales at 20c, checking the advance at that figure. This offer, apparently, has had the effect of bringing out all the cotton that had arrived here very late in the month, and which was being held for fancy prices.

Not a great many bales—perhaps 15,000—actually changed hands on the advance from 16.82c, the closing price of last week, to 20c for August. Later, after reacting from 20c to 18.2c under scattered selling of a few hundred bales, August advanced on renewed buying by shorts, touching 19.9c in the afternoon, or within 10 points of the high record.

No one has attempted any accurate figuring of the profits of the big bull leaders, Brown, Eugene G. Scales and Frank B. Hayne. In all the bull leaders have handled spot cotton to the amount of 800,000 bales, valued approximately at \$65,000,000.

TO CONTINUE 51C COTTON RATE

Railroads Will Grant Lower Rate On Local Bill of Lading—Agreement Reached.

Dallas: While there was no definite action taken on the 51c cotton rate proposition at the Fort Worth meeting of the general freight agents further than to refer it to legal representatives for further advice and investigation, it is generally admitted in railroad circles that a very considerable majority of the Texas railroads affected are in favor of letting the rate stand at 55c where cotton is shipped to foreign points via Galveston on through bills of lading, and that all will stand together.

Since practically all cotton shipped to Galveston is intended for export, the situation, in short, is that if the shipper desires a through bill of lading from his shipping point to the point of final delivery he will be obliged to pay freight at the rate of 55c per 100 pounds to Galveston; or, if he cares to go to the trouble of shipping to Galveston and there taking out another bill of lading, covering transportation to point of final delivery, he can have his cotton hauled to Galveston for 51c.

Dallas County Leads in Schools.

Dallas: According to the lists sent out from Austin Dallas County leads the State in the matter of scholastic population and is entitled to the largest appropriation of the State school fund. The scholastic population of Dallas County is shown to be 27,577, entitling her to \$179,250.50 State school money. Harris County is second with a scholastic population of 26,581 and is entitled to \$172,765.00. Bexar is third with a scholastic population of 24,028, and gets \$156,482.

BOARD OF HEALTH WARNING

July Bulletin Says Typhoid Is On the Increase—1,119 Deaths Occur From Pneumonia.

Austin: "To save the babies is to save the Nation," declares the July bulletin of the State Board of Health which has just come from the press. With this theme the bulletin urges upon the cities of this State the necessity of adopting some method for the protection of the lives of the infant population. Particular attention is called to the plan originating in Chicago whereby the parents of each child are given upon the birth of the little one a pamphlet telling of the best methods of treatment of children, the best diets, where the natural food supply fails, the best methods of sanitation, etc. El Paso in this State has adopted a procedure for the protection of infants.

"Typhoid fever is steadily increasing in volume as the summer days advance," declares the bulletin in a plaintive tone, as it appeals to the people to prevent soil pollution. For the quarter pneumonia leads the list, with 1,119 deaths, and tuberculosis second, with 12.11 per cent. Deaths from diarrhea and enteritis under 2 years of age rank third for the quarter, with 542 deaths, a percentage of 7.03 of the total deaths. The quarterly report for the previous quarter showed only seventy-one deaths from this cause, and the increase from the complaint is very noticeable. The percentage of total deaths from other prevalent causes is as follows:

Other diseases of the digestive system 7 per cent, old age 6.13, diseases of infancy 5.21, organic heart disease 5.74, external causes, not suicidal, 5.60; Bright's disease 2.74, cancer 2.02, etc.

The doctors, in their article on the treatment of a case of pellagra by the transfusion method, declare that it has been entirely successful. They claim that a woman who had been weak, unable to retain anything on her stomach, and who was brought to the hospital on a stretcher, was able to leave in four days after she received the treatment, and that she was able to walk to her carriage when she left.

The doctors give a complete history of the dread disease and figure that there are 300 cases of pellagra in Texas, their estimate being based upon an annual death rate of 150. They declare that the disease is most prevalent in the Atlantic Coast States, particularly the Carolinas, Georgia and Florida, but that Texas is carrying her share of the burden.

The "buffalo gnat" is declared by some to be a medium of infection for the disease. The Italians are supposed to have brought the disease to America and infected the gnats, which are in turn spreading the disease further.

The quarterly vital statistics report shows twenty-three deaths from smallpox in three months and forty-three deaths from diphtheria and croup. The bulletin says that this rate of death from these diseases is too high and is deplorable.

Numerous pithy paragraphs have been inserted throughout to urge upon the readers the necessity for exterminating the flies.

CANYON CITY POPULATION 1,400

Denver (Colo.) Has 213,381, Buffalo (N. Y.) 423,715 and Paterson (N. J.) Has 125,500.

Washington: The population of Canyon City, Tex., was announced as 1,400. The census of 1900 takes no notice of any Canyon City, but the population of all Randall County, of which Canyon City is the county seat, was only 963 in 1900. Other population figures made public today show that Denver, Colo., has increased from 133,859 in 1900 to 213,381 in 1910, a gain of 59.4 per cent. Buffalo, N. Y., has increased from 352,357 to 423,715, a gain of 20.2 per cent. The population of Paterson, N. J., is 125,500, a gain of 19.4 per cent.

REDEMPTION FUND IS REDUCED

National Banks Will Be Required to Retain Only 5 Per Cent Against Emergencies.

Washington: National banks will be required to maintain only a 5 per cent redemption fund against emergency which may be made under the Aldrich-Vreeland act, according to a ruling which the Treasury Department is about to promulgate. This ruling will reverse a former one made on June 30, 1908, which fixed the amount at 10 per cent.

Chinese in American Schools. Pekin: Another lot of "indemnity" students will soon leave China to enter American colleges. Aspirants for the coveted honor are now in the throes of examination.

Korea Passing to Japan.

Tokio: Within a week the "Hermit Kingdom" and the empire of Korea will become historical terms, twelve millions of people will be added to the population of Japan and territory as large as England will become part of the Japanese Emperor's dominions. The treaty of Portsmouth which settled the war between Japan and Russia provides that Japan shall have the "guidance, protection and control" of Korea, and the last stage of this agreement is now becoming an actuality after three years

IN CHEYENNE



(Copyright, 1910.)

CORN IS KING; COTTON TAKES SECOND PLACE

MOST PROSPEROUS OF THE YEARS IS THE PLACE TO WHICH 1909 IS ENTITLED.

WHEAT IS THIRD IN LINE

The Value of the Farm Products Is So Large It Has Become Merely a Row of Figures.

Washington, Aug. 29.—That corn, with a crop value for 1909 of \$1,720,000,000, is King, and that cotton, with a crop value for 1909 of \$850,000,000, is second in rank, and wheat at \$725,000,000 is a close third, is announced in the forthcoming annual yearbook of Secretary Wilson of the Department of Agriculture, extracts of which report has been made public.

Another feature of the report is Secretary Wilson's investigation of the advance in the cost of meats, and in this connection he finds that the cattle raiser has not received his share of the advance.

Speaking generally of the agricultural prosperity, Secretary Wilson said:

"Most prosperous of the years is the place to which 1909 is entitled in agriculture. The yield has been bountiful with most crops and prices have been higher. Advantageously situated as he is in most respects, the farmer is less and less generally compelled to dump his crops on the market at time of harvest.

"He does not need to work for his board and clothes, as he often did in former times, when prices were so low as to be unprofitable.

"The value of the farm products is so incomprehensibly large that it has become merely a row of figures. For this year it is \$7,860,000,000; the gain this year over the preceding one is \$869,000,000.

"Ten years ago the value of the products of the farm was only 5 1/2 times the mere gain of this year over 1908; it was little more than one-half of the total value of this year. The value of the products has nearly doubled in ten years.

"Eleven years of agriculture, beginning with a production of \$4,417,000,000 and ending with \$7,860,000,000, a sum of \$79,000,000,000 for the period."

PRESIDENT ESTRADA FRIENDLY

Nicaragua Wants to Make Restitution For the Killing of Cannon and Groce.

Washington: Huntington Wilson, Acting Secretary of State, made public a cablegram received by him from Gen. Estrada, leader of the revolutionary forces in Nicaragua. In this cablegram Gen. Estrada evidently regards himself as being in control of the Government of Nicaragua. His cablegram is as follows:

"To Knox, Secretary of State, Washington: The first official act of the new President of Nicaragua is to assure the American people through Your Excellency of the warm regard entertained for them by the victorious party of the revolutionists.

"I desire to inform Your Excellency that Nicaragua is willing and eager to make the proper restitution for the unfortunate killing of your citizens, Cannon and Groce, and for other atrocities committed by my predecessors.

"JUAN J. ESTRADA."

Value of Thorough Preparation.

Canadian: The following will prove of interest to farmers in general: A farmer living near Canadian prepared a part of his farm for alfalfa by breaking the land early and rebreaking and by thoroughly harrowing it; the other part of his farm he prepared less thoroughly, expecting to put it in wheat. For some reason the farmer changed his mind and put all his farm in wheat. From the portion of the farm which was so well prepared, he threshed 41 bushels per acre; from the other portion he threshed 27

FOREST FIRES KILL 114 PERSONS

Entire Bitter Root Mountain Range Seems in Flames—Loss of Property Incalculable.

Spokane, Washington: It is believed that more than 200 persons, nearly all fire fighters, perished in the Idaho forest fires.

Supt. Weigle of the Couer d'Alene National forest, after receiving many reports of disaster to various parties of his 600 employees, posted a bulletin today in his office at Wallace announcing the death of 114 of the men and also stated his grave concern for the safety of Ranger Joseph Halm and seventy-four men who were surrounded by fire on the Couer d'Alene River, where another party lost thirteen men.

Wallace, Idaho, Aug. 25.—The latest official reports received by Forest Supervisor Weigle placed the number of known dead in his territory at fifty-one, distributed as follows:

Big Creek 13, Bullion 8, Wallace 3, Placer Creek 6, Setzer Creek, Avery Precinct 20, St. Joe 1.

In addition the supervisor has received a telegram from a ranger tonight reporting fifteen dead at Big Creek, but this is thought to refer to the district already recorded.

The foresters at Bird Creek, for whom fears were entertained, reported safely this evening to the supervisor and the Ranger Rocks party on the north fork of the St. Joe River have lost but one man. Nothing official has been yet received from Clearwater or the head of the St. Joe, where Weigle has 185 men who became separated from Deputy Supervisor Paines.

Weigle reports two new fires, one on Grizzly Creek, a tributary of the north fork of the St. Joe, and the other on the north fork and burning down toward Pritchard. Employees of the Hercules and Hecla mines at Burke have saved the great plants of these properties and 200 men are still guarding flumes carrying the town's water supply.

The official estimate of the destruction of timber says that 10 per cent of the Couer d'Alene forest reserve is destroyed. This is considered conservative and with the other timber burned the loss from this source can not be less than \$20,000,000.

The four families of homesteaders who were reported burned to death on Latoure Creek, Kootena County, Idaho, escaped by wading fifteen miles along the bed of the creek with fire burning down to the water's edge, forcing the refugees frequently to submerge themselves when the flames reached their faces. The families were those of Walter Osborne, B. A. Smith, F. O. Anders. The aged father of the Anders boys was borne on a stretcher by the other men. They arrived at St. Joe with their charred clothing ready to fall from their bodies.

UNCLE SAM'S COLONY BUSINESS

Commercial Statistics For The Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 1910.

Washington: The commercial statistics for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1910, just now available, show that the former Spanish colonies under American administration and development are doing an annual foreign business several-fold greater than they did under Spanish control. Porto Rico is an interesting example. In the three years between 1893 to 1896, a banner period under Spanish regime, Porto Rico sold to the mother country, Spain, goods to the value of \$4,000,000, and to the United States, its next greatest market, \$2,500,000, a total of \$6,500,000, being the bulk of its export trade. In the same period Spain sold to Porto Rico merchandise to the value of \$6,000,000 and the United States sold to Porto Rico goods to the value of \$4,300,000, a total importation from these two markets of \$10,000,000.

As against these figures, the statistics for the fiscal year recently ended show that during that year the United States alone bought from Porto Rico goods to the value of \$32,095,788, and Porto Rico bought of the United States goods to the value of \$26,478,106, leaving a balance of trade in favor of Porto Rico of \$5,617,682, whereas under Spanish regime for three years between 1893 and 1896 the balance of trade was in favor of Spain to the extent of \$2,000,000.

From a commercial standpoint alone these figures speak volumes in answer to the gross that emanates periodically from the native Porto Rican politicians against the change from Spanish to American rule.

In the last three fiscal years the imports of the United States from its colonial possessions, exclusive of Alaska, have grown from \$77,722,186 in 1908 to \$95,654,973 in 1910. Its exports to these colonies went from \$48,471,570 in 1908 to \$63,626,266 in 1910. The balance of trade for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1910, was in favor of the colonies to the extent of \$32,028,707.

Big Hats Made Bigger.

Chicago: There is no relief in sight for women who during the last year have accepted the dictates of fashion and struggled under the weight of hats the size of an ordinary umbrella, according to the edict of the National Association of Milliners, which opened a convention here. Big hats are to be bigger and small hats smaller than ever before. There are to be no medium sized hats. According to milliners at the meeting, the nearer to either extreme the hat may be, the nearer the wearer will be to



# COAST OF WEST TEXAS IS SWEEP BY STORM

TWO TOWNS CUT OFF FROM COMMUNICATION WITH BROWNSVILLE.

## SEVERAL HOUSES UNROOFED

Fear Felt for Safety of Government Engineers—Wind Damage is Heavy.

Brownsville, Aug. 31.—The Gulf storm, sweeping inshore along the Western coast of Texas, increased in severity, and the gale shows little indication of abating. Point Isabel and Brazos de Santiago Pass, where the burst of the wind was felt are cut off from communication with Brownsville, but before the wires failed this afternoon several substantial buildings were reported unroofed, a number of Mexican huts had been wrecked and other minor damage has occurred.

So far no definite reports have been received of loss of life, although fears are entertained for the safety of the Government gasoline launch, Florence, with Engineer E. M. Hartlock, Junior Engineers N. J. Blackburn and P. H. Smith, both of Galveston, Tex., and a crew of five aboard. It is not thought possible that the frail craft could have battled long against the storm and is probably beached. The last heard of the boat it was heading for Brazos Island, and it is not improbable that those aboard were rescued by the life saving crew stationed at that point. Near Point Isabel several large fishing smacks are reported beached.

A Rio Grande passenger train, which left Brownsville this morning, reached Point Isabel shortly after noon, minus the roof of one coach, blown off en route.

Heavy rains are reported over a large area of the Rio Grande Valley.

A severe rain and windstorm has prevailed here all day, but no damage occurred, except a few small houses turned over and trees stripped.

At Point Isabel, twenty miles below here, the storm has been increasing in velocity since yesterday and today the gale was estimated at sixty-five miles an hour. A few fishing boats have been blown ashore and several small houses blown down.

## DR. COOK ON WAY TO POLE

It is Declared He is Seeking Records and Instruments Left There.

Copenhagen: A letter from Godhaven, Greenland, says it is certain that Dr. Frederick A. Cook is on his way to find the records, which he claims to have left in the North. Recently an American steamer stopped in Godhaven harbor for an hour, apparently confirming the reports in the American papers about Dr. Cook having started for the Arctic regions to recover his instruments and papers. The letter says everybody in Greenland still believes that Dr. Cook reached the North Pole, and that some day he will return with the proofs.

## SEVEN YOUNG MEN INJURED

Attempt At Wholesale Assassination Was Made in Little Town of Myra.

Gainesville: The little town of Myra, ten miles west of here, was thrown into a state of excitement when an attempt at wholesale assassination was made there. At about 9 o'clock a number of young men had congregated on the street and as they were talking standing close together an unknown man walked up to within a few feet of the crowd and fired both barrels of a double-barrel shotgun into the midst and made his escape. The shot took effect in seven of the young men's heads and bodies and they have all been under the care of physicians, but none of them are fatally wounded.

### 6,692 Feet in the Air.

Havre: In a flight in a monoplane here Leon Morane, a Frenchman, ascended to a height of 6,692 feet. As first it was claimed that he had gone up 6,889 feet, but on a revision of the figures the judges found he had reached only 6,692 feet. They claim, however, that this constitutes a world's record, as the flight of J. Armstrong Drexel, the American aviator, of 6,762 feet, they assert has never been officially ratified. Mr. Drexel's flight was made at Lanark, Scotland, Aug. 12. He used a Bleriot monoplane.

### Skull of Human Found.

Lubbock: Much interest was aroused by the finding of a human skull in an alkali lake in Cochran County by a man named Swain, who brought his find to Lubbock and turned it over to W. K. Dickson. It seems that during the dry weather of the present time this lake has no water in it and Swain in passing by its edge noticed the skull. There was no other human bones to be found and it seems that the bones of cattle that had died in this lake were practically eaten up from the effects of the alkali.

# FROM THE STATE CAPITAL

WHAT THE LEGISLATORS AND SENATORS ARE DOING FOR THEIR STATE AT AUSTIN.

Austin: This week may see the special session of the Legislature dispose of the important bills pending now ready to be considered. No one believes that final adjournment will come this week, but legislative affairs could so be shaped during the few days coming that a get-away could be made next week.

It can be said that quite a good deal was accomplished during the week just ended. And if the work is carried on with just a little more energy much will have been accomplished by the end of this week.

Three bills, or practically half the subjects submitted for this session, have been disposed of and the Legislature recorded thereon.

### I. & G. N. Bill Passes.

The Senate Saturday afternoon passed finally the "International and Great Northern" bill after an all day debate, without even a recess at noon. All amendments which had been offered were killed. The bill was passed as it was originally introduced and it received the necessary two-third vote to make it effective before the sale of the International and Great Northern on Sept. 15. The House also passed its International and Great Northern bill, a companion measure to the one the Senate passed. But although both branches have taken this favorable action, it is very probable, because of developments in the Senate concurrent with the bill's passage that the "International and Great Northern" question is by no means settled by the Legislature.

### Penitentiary Reform Bill.

When some of the members of the joint committee prepared to draft a penitentiary reform bill learned that other members were in favor of reinstating authorization to whip convicts under certain conditions, they hastened to the committee room and entered a protest, which resulted in the bill remaining unchanged in its prohibition of corporal punishment.

The redrafted bill was finally adopted by the committee and was introduced in the House. It provides that the act shall take effect at once, which means that Gov. Campbell would get to appoint the first commissioners should the bill pass. The bill was at once favorably reported by the House Penitentiary Committee, which trusted to the work of the joint committee. The House has ordered 500 copies printed. The vote in the House Committee was 13 to 4. Representatives Cox, Terrell of Cherokee, Luce and Fant protested against summary action. All members of the committee reserved the right to offer amendments.

The Senate members of the committee introduced the bill in the upper body after changing it so as to provide that the act shall take effect Jan. 20, which means that Gov. Colquitt would get to appoint the first commissioner. So this important issue is openly made from the start as between the two houses. The Senate Committee on Internal Improvements met to consider the bill Monday.

In all other respects that as above noted, the House and Senate bills are identical. They start out by declaring that it shall be the policy of the State to operate the prison system with the view of reforming prisoners and that all prisoners shall be worked within the prison walls and upon farms owned by the State; that the lease system shall be abolished as speedily as possible and not later than Jan. 1, 1914.

### To Tax Prison Farms.

The House Committee on Penitentiaries referred to a subcommittee composed of Messrs. E. McCallum, Bell and Munson the bill by Mr. Munson which would require the State to pay to the respective counties in which it owns penitentiary farm lands the equivalent of the county taxes upon such lands. This committee is to look into the constitutionality of the measure, which has been questioned. Mr. Munson made an extended argument in favor of the bill, pointing out the hardships under present conditions to the counties in which penitentiary farms are located.

Austin: It is said that members of the House who were investigation advocates have not forgotten the proposed investigation of charges made in the recent campaign. But their course in the fourth called session is

### Bills Passed.

The following bills were passed by both houses and will become laws: House bill No. 18. An act increasing the rate of interest on the Galveston causeway bonds, not to exceed 6 per cent.

House bill No. 5. A bill prohibiting exhibitions of representations of prize fights and glove contests or immoral scenes by means of moving picture films or otherwise.

House bill No. 30. A bill reorganizing the Seventh Judicial District.

said to be more devious than the direct introduction of a resolution providing for such investigation, as was followed in the third session, and which resolution was killed in the Senate.

This time the House apparently started out for an investigation, it is whispered by some, by increasing the Senate contingent expense bills from \$10,000 to \$15,000. At least that impression has been created in some quarters. The increase was a puzzle for awhile. But when the Senate refused to concur and a free conference committee was appointed suspicion was created, and then some members stated that it had only been a "joke." The "joke," however, wasn't considered funny enough to let the newspaper men in on. Mr. Kennedy of the House demanded an executive session of the free conference committee. Senator Kaufman of Galveston declared he had never been in an executive session in his life. He represented a Democratic constituency. He wanted the newspaper men to be present. Mr. Kennedy rejoined that he didn't want his constituency reflected upon. After the "joke" was over, and the free conference committee had adjourned, the conferees reported that they had reduced the appropriation to \$7,000. The Senate's original appropriation was \$10,000. The House wanted \$15,000 (the additional \$5,000 to be used in conducting an investigation, it is understood), and the conference committee decided upon \$7,000. Upon the presumption that the additional appropriation is necessary for an investigation, and that it would have been put to that use, this action effectually stifles the investigation scheme.

### House Spider Bill.

The House "Spider Bill," with the House amendments adopted, which radically alter the measure from its original form, was reported favorably by the Senate judiciary committee, with no argument and without dissent. The Senate "Spider Bill" introduced by Senator Kaufman, and identical with the Moller House bill, prior to the changes effected by House amendments, was "postponed indefinitely" upon motion of Senator Peeler. As the bill now stands, with the House amendments, and so reported favorably by the Senate committee, any employer of a man injured by a "spider" bale is responsible. It may be a compress, railroad, any other common carrier, wharf company, stevedore, steamship company or any other person, firm or corporation employed. The House amendments also eliminate the \$5,000 appropriation for the Bureau of Labor statistics. It is also provided that the inspection of cotton shall be made by the employer and not the employee.

Senate committee upon internal improvements reported favorably the "Car Shed" bill, with agreed amendments, requiring the erection of a "building or shed" instead of a "shed" for workmen. This compromise removes the contention that workmen need a "building" in the Panhandle and North Texas, but only a "shed" in South Texas, where it is much warmer. Under the agreed bill the railroads may erect "buildings" or "sheds," as the climatic conditions demand. The penalty was reduced from a fine of \$500 to \$100 for each day's violation of the provisions, to same penalty for each ten day's violations.

The car shed, spider and bill of lading bills may be pushed this week and sent to final passage, after certain amendments are adopted. It is understood that some of the conflicting interests have almost agreed on the changes in the three bills which will give them clear sailing and with only a minimum of opposition. If this should be the case the bills will move with rapidity.

But there are three other matters under the Governor's call and they promise to produce the serious drawbacks to a harmonious session. After the two houses have passed their respective insurance bills it is going to be surprising if they agree on a bill providing for a continuance of the Fire Rating Board idea. The House wants specific rates in each instance and the Senate holds out for the maximum rate scheme granting competition under the maximum rates with uniform reductions by classes.

H. B. 13. An act reorganizing the Controller's Department, and providing a modern system of auditing and accounting therefor.

House bill No. 37. An act adding to the definition of a disorderly house the description of any place in a local option territory where non-intoxicating malt liquors are sold. The bill is intended to remedy a supposed defect in the occupation tax law in which a \$4,000 tax is levied on the occupation of selling non-intoxicating malt beverages in local option territory.

# ROOSEVELT FLAYS CORRUPT CORPORATIONS AND CITIZENS

In Lively Speech at Kansas City He Insists Honesty Is a National Necessity and Not a Party Matter—Senator Bristow Is Warmly Commended.

Kansas City, Mo., Sept. 1.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt spent the afternoon and evening here today as the guest of the Commercial club. After a luncheon at which his fellow guests were Governors Haagey and Stubbs, Gen. Fred Funston and the senators from Missouri and Kansas, he made a characteristic speech in which he said nice things about Senator Bristow and things not nice about dishonest corporations and individuals.

### What Mr. Roosevelt Said.

Mr. Roosevelt's train arrived just after noon and he was escorted by the reception committee and the Thirtieth regiment to the Hotel Baltimore, where the luncheon was served. In his address Col. Roosevelt said:

There are certain matters which should never be treated as party matters; and foremost among these is the great and vital virtue of honesty. Honesty should be the prime necessity to our success as a nation. The minute that a question of honesty against dishonesty is involved, then we must all act together as Americans, without regard to party or political affiliations. Honesty is not a party matter; and the first man to attack a scoundrel of any party should be the honest man of that party. When in office, I always proceeded upon the theory that there would be no need of my opponents raising the cry of "turn the rascals out," because I would turn them out myself, just as soon as by vigilant and intelligent industry, I could discover them.

The present Senator Bristow, for instance, was in the Post-Office Department when information reached me which convinced me that there was extensive rascality being practiced in the department. This information came to me through the then First Assistant Postmaster General Mr. Wynne, an admirable man whose honesty I knew to be beyond proof. The active work of the investigation was done by another post-office official in whose honesty, courage, and energy I had the fullest confidence—the present Senator Bristow. When he got through I knew that all the rascals whose rascality could be detected which are out of office and all of them that had committed acts which we could proceed against as criminals were indicted or imprisoned. As we dealt with the crooked public employees, we dealt with the private citizen; with the rich swindler in New York or Chicago as with the horse-thief or homicide in Indian Territory. We never attacked a man because he was poor or because he was a member of any party, but I also wish you especially to remember that we never hesitated to shield him and stand up for him once we were convinced that he was improperly attacked. There is no greater foe of honesty than the man who, for any reason, in any capacity, attacks or seeks to attack an honest man who has not tried to attack the dishonest man than it is to exonerate the honest man falsely accused; and I should be ashamed to hesitate the fraction of a second longer in one case than in the other.

### Honesty Is Not Unilateral.

Remember that honesty cannot be unilateral. Good citizens should conditionally distrust the man who can never see dishonesty excepting in men of the class he dislikes. The reckless attacker who invariably singles out men of wealth as furnishing the only examples of dishonesty, and the equally unscrupulous—but no more unscrupulous—reactionary who see dishonesty only in a blacklisting politician or a crooked labor leader, both stand on the same plane of obnoxiousness. You will never get honesty from politicians until you exact honesty from business men; on the other hand, you brand yourselves as fools or as hypocrites if you say that the corporation owner, or the employer, is always the dishonest man, and the poor man never, that it is only the wealthy man who corrupts the politician and never the politician who blackmails the corporation.

Any man in his senses knows that the great clients of corporations in this country who prosper by bribing legislatures just as they prosper by swindling the public; and any man in his senses ought to know, in addition, that there are plenty of corrupt men of small means who, in legislative or other bodies, try to blackmail corporations—and try to blackmail other people as well. If they doubt this, let them look at the revelations of corruption in my own state—New York—and in yours, my hearers—here in Missouri; let them look at what has occurred in California and what has occurred in Illinois. In Illinois, for instance, one of the rascalities developed by the recent investigation was the existence of a combination of legislators who blackmail fishermen along a certain river, forcing them to pay to prevent legislation which would have interfered with their business.

### No Distinction of Class.

Now, scoundrels who do these kinds of things are, of course, the very men who, on the one hand, will blackmail a corporation, if they get a chance, and, on the other hand, will cheerfully, if the chance occurs, sell themselves to that corporation against the interests of the public. Their corruption is no more due to the action of the corporations than the corruption of the corporations is due to their action; and evil, and not good, is done by the honest but misguided man who would persuade you that either fact is true. Our duty is to war with equal sternness against the corrupt man of great wealth and the small man who makes a trade of corruption; our fight is against both the swindling corporation and the blackmailing or bribe-taking politician.

We cannot afford to limit a campaign against corruption to those who happen to have a certain social status. We need laws which shall put the corporation out of business, so far as concerns corrupting the servants of the public

and betraying the rights of the public. I believe that the great issue now before the people is the doing away with special privilege in all its forms; doing away with the power of the big corporation to control legislation in its interests and to interfere in politics in order to secure privileges to which it is not entitled. But I regard the essential factor in this campaign as being an aroused civic conscience which will unsparingly condemn dishonesty in every form, and in every man, high or low. The reckless would-be reformer, who, in speaking or writing, seeks to persuade us that we need pay heed to corruption only when it shows itself in the rich man, is doing as great a moral wrong as the rich man whose low moral standard tends to lower the moral standard of the whole community. The people of this country will get justice from the corporations only if they both do justice to them and rigidly exact it from them. Unless they do justice to rich men, they put a premium upon injustice and dishonesty among rich men. Let us hold them to the strictest accountability for any wrong doing; but let us insist upon honesty in our own ranks no less than theirs; let us war on crookedness of every kind in the man of small means as well as the man of large means. Let us judge each man by his conduct, and not by his social or financial condition.

### KING IN QUEST OF A BRIDE

Portugal's Youthful Ruler Has Searched in Vain for Suitable Wife to Share Throne.

Young King Manuel of Portugal is looking for a suitable bride, but none of the marriageable princesses of Europe seems to be over-anxious to share his somewhat unstable throne. His failure to secure a wife during his recent tour is a source of great disappointment not only to Manuel himself but to his advisers.

Manuel is not wealthy as monarchs go. His civil list is just \$1,000 a day, and it was hoped he would be able to make a match with a popular princess possessing large means in her own right. The father of one princess was strongly opposed to the alliance, not that he disliked the young Portuguese king, but because of the unsettled state of the country.

Since the assassination of the late King Carlos and his eldest son, the condition of Portugal has not improved, and there are fears that before very long serious trouble will break out. A well-known Portuguese politician, in a letter to a prominent Englishman, says that the people are intensely dissatisfied with the existing regime and the growing influence of the old clericalism at court, and if reforms are not quickly initiated and the members of the old camarilla dismissed a revolution may break out at any moment.

There is, of course, the alternative of Manuel's abdication and the succession of his uncle, the Infante Alfonso, duke of Oporto, a man of forty-five.

### REFUSED TO BUY TELEGRAPH

Morse Patent Offered to the Government for \$100,000—Now Capitalized at \$220,000,000.

Sixty-five years ago, on April 1, Professor Morse, accompanied by his associates, stood before congress and offered to sell the patents on the electric telegraph for \$100,000. After a long and bitter debate congress appropriated \$30,000 for the construction of a line between Washington and Baltimore in order that the merits of the invention might be fully tested, says Electric News.

It is recorded that President Polk thought the invention a good thing for the government to own, but the postmaster general, in a long report, gave as his opinion that the revenues could never be made to cover the expenditures in the telegraphing of messages. Today, in this country alone, the Morse systems are capitalized at \$220,000,000.

But this little anecdote is seldom told by the officials of the Western Union Telegraph company, for it is a matter of history that Prof. Alexander Graham Bell offered to sell his telephone patents to the telegraph company for the paltry sum of \$50,000, but the officials of that company smiled and declared the invention a toy, with no commercial value. Today there are more than five million telephones in use in this country, earning \$150,000,000 annually.

### Foreign Students in France.

From returns recently made to the French ministry of public instruction, it appears that there are over five thousand foreign students enrolled in the albums of the national universities. All told there are 41,044 students enrolled, so of one hundred students eighty-seven are French and thirteen foreigners. Of the foreigners, 1,797 are women and 3,444 men. There are only 2,033 French women students; Russia sends 2,556 students; Bulgaria, 254; Roumania, 330; Turkey, 232; Germany, 314; Egypt, 267; England, 177; Austria-Hungary, 182; United States, 232. Nearly all the English contingent is studying letters. Most of the foreign students go to Paris.—London Globe.



When the digestion is bad you need something that will not only relieve but will strengthen the digestive organs and assist them back to their normal condition. This calls for the Bitters first of all. Try it.

## Tutt's Pills

The dyspeptic, the debilitated, whether from excess of work of mind or body, drink or exposure in

MALARIAL REGIONS, will find Tutt's Pills the most genial restorative ever offered the suffering invalid.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

It's always a case of the survival of the fittest. Are you it?

Cattle drink pure water at less cost to you, if you have a bottomless tank. Booklet "A Free, Alamo Iron Works, San Antonio, Texas.

If a man amounts to anything in a small town he soon begins to think he would amount to much in a big town.

### A Wise Old Owl.

In her trim little bathing suit she sat on the white sand.

"I adore intelligence," she cried.

"So do I," said he. "All the same, though, beauty and intellect never go together."

"And do you think me intellectual?" she faltered.

"No," he confessed, frankly.

With a faint blush she murmured, "Flatterer!"

### All the Difference.

The professor was delivering an eloquent address on cruelty to animals, and, to illustrate how a little judicious forethought would eliminate to a great extent the sufferings that even small insects are subject to, said:

"As I was coming through the hall tonight I saw a bald-headed gentleman very harshly treat a little innocent house-fly which had alighted on his head.

"Now, if there was any justification for such bad temper, I would be quite justified in indulging in it at the present moment, for a fly has just alighted on the back of my head. I can't see it, but I can feel it.

"Possibly some of you can see it now; it is on the top of my head. Now it is coming down my brow; now it is coming on to my G-r-r-rat pyramid of Egypt, it's a—wasp!"

## There Are Reasons

Why so many people have ready-at-hand a package of

## Post Toasties

The DISTINCTIVE FLAVOUR delights the palate.

The quick, easy serving right from the package—requiring only the addition of cream or good milk is an important consideration when breakfast must be ready "on time."

The sweet, crisp food is universally liked by children, and is a great help to Mothers who must give to the youngsters something wholesome that they relish.

The economical feature appeals to everyone—particularly those who wish to keep living expenses within a limit.

Post Toasties are especially pleasing served with fresh sliced peaches.

## "The Memory Lingers"

Postum Cereal Co., Ltd. Battle Creek, Mich.



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No. 6 Due at .....10:00 p. m.

### WEST BOUND

No. 1 Due at .....6:50 p. m.  
No. 5 Due at .....5:17 a. m.

## ANNOUNCEMENT COLUMN.

### Democratic Nominees.

For Representative,  
R. B. HUMPHREY.  
For District Judge, 39th Judicial District.  
JNO. B. THOMAS  
For District Attorney, 39th Judicial District.  
JAS. P. STINSON  
For County Judge  
A. J. SMITH  
For Supt. Public Schools  
T. C. WILLIAMS  
For County Attorney  
BRUCE W. BRYANT  
For County Clerk  
J. W. MEADORS  
For District Clerk  
GUY O. STREET  
For Sheriff  
W. D. FAULKNER  
For Tax Collector  
J. E. WALLING  
For Tax Assessor  
J. W. TARBETT  
For County Treasurer  
EMORY MENEFFEE  
For Commissioner, Pre. No. 1  
R. C. WHITMIRE  
For Justice of Peace, Pre. No. 1  
J. S. POST  
For Constable Pre. No. 1.  
A. G. LAMBERT  
Public Weigher Pre. No. 1  
C. H. RUSSELL

If you owe a debt pay it if you can.

Give us that old dollar on subscription account.

Don't buy goods on credit and wait for a collector to hunt you up to get the money.

If everybody would pay their debts as fast as they get the money it will greatly relieve the financial situation.

There will be plenty of money in the Haskell banks to handle the cotton crops and Haskell is going to pay the top of the market for cotton this year.

There are some who have bought too much land for their means. Go to a good land agent and he will find you a purchaser. Haskell county lands never quit selling.

The local merchants are beginning to realize that there has been a fair crop of cotton matured in spite of the dry weather, and have put in a heavy stock of

new goods. The Haskell stores are busy marking up new goods and getting ready for the fall trade.

This has been a hard year but if you can spare the old Free Press a dollar, come around and make us feel cheerful, a silver dollar these times has a very soothing effect on the many cares of "Ye Scribe." We are always glad to meet our subscribers but when one makes us a pleasant call and drops us a dollar on subscription it braces us up.

All those who endure the present drouth and stay in Haskell county will acquire the feeling of an old settler. There will be no feeling of envy by the new comer against the old settler. The present conditions seems to have a kind of cementing effect. The new comer will feel at home. It generally takes a few years residence and a political campaign and a heavy subscription to a school or church building to get a fellow located any way, and when a drouth comes and a fellow stays he earns the title of old settler. We realize that the social atmosphere has cleared wonderfully in the past few months. We are glad to see this and the Free Press is wining new friends all the time.

There have been several sales of Haskell town property lately. The good water facilities schools, public improvements of Haskell keeps up the values of Haskell city property. The public watering-troughs on the court square in Haskell has given this town unusual fame with travelers and prospectors. In the past few weeks hundreds of prospectors have watered at these troughs and they will spread the fame of Haskell to the four quarters of the earth. When we recover from the present financial depression, values in Haskell town property will make new high levels. There are some whose necessities may induce them to sell now and we believe now is the time to buy Haskell real estate. It may never be as cheap again. The man who buys when others want to sell and sells when everybody wants to buy is the most successful in the financial world. This was the policy of the Goulds, Morgan and Hill. This will be the policy of men who are to become the capitalist of Haskell.

Don't forget the home merchant when you get ready to purchase that Fall suit of clothes or anything else. If you expect the home merchant to patronize you, you must patronize him. The Haskell merchant is the man for you to tie to, the man you buy from away from Haskell would not put out your house if it caught a fire, he wouldn't sit up with you if you got sick, he wouldn't go on your bond if you got in jail, he wouldn't even know which one of the boys you "wuz" if he met you in the road. All he wants is your money, he doesn't care what becomes of "YOU." While the Haskell merchant is your friend and neighbor and will lend you a helping hand when you need it. Get rid of that old Mail Order house catalog. "BURN IT UP." When you fool with it you are putting your hand in a nest of vipers. Throw it away and buy your stuff from "MEN." Does the mail order house furnish you bacon, flour or anything to eat when you get in a tight? If you patronize the mail order house with your CASH, be a man and don't ask the home merchants for credit.

The Editor and wife accepted the invitation of Judge and Mrs. S. W. Scott Thursday to visit their 800 acre farm and ranch near Sagerton. The trip was negotiated in Judge Scott's car in about an hour. We found Mr. Brown who is in charge of the

# Red Seal Gingham's

- F O R -

## School Dresses.

An assortment of over 200 pieces of this famous cloth to select from.

All the newest and best colors are now in stock, and we are offering choice for the old price of 12 1-2 cts. Per Yard.

Buy Now While Our Assortments are Complete.

# C. D. Grissom & Son

## The Store With the Goods.

farm in a fairly good spirit. He said he had about six bales of cotton matured and was going to have some forage and grain from his maize. Many fields of cotton showed a fair crop of bolls matured and some fields were still blooming. We still hope and believe that in spite of dry weather Haskell county is going to make a fair crop of cotton.

Haskell county's pioneer editor, Oscar Martin of the Free Press at Haskell was a pleasant visitor to our office Tuesday. We enjoyed having him tell us of the early days in the county. Mr. Martin has been with the Free Press every week since its beginning a quarter of a century ago. A record that a great many of us could with a great degree wish for. Does the town in which the Free Press is published appreciate this man as it should? He has seen the time when for years he personally knew every person in the county that has the states record on increase of population the last ten years. Come again Mr. Martin we are always glad to be honored by a visit from you and get to show you the samples of Rule country's feed crop is a pleasure. —Rule Review.

We thank the Review for its complimentary notice, but desire to correct a slight error. We were not associated with the Free Press from Jan. 1st, 1893 to Nov. 19th, 1904, having sold the same to Judge J. E. Poole, in the fall of 1892. Answering the question as to the towns appreciation we are glad to say that the Free Press has always enjoyed the confidence of the people of Haskell, and though it has at times had strenuous opposition it has always been sustained by the best element in this community. May its toes never turn to the daisies?

### Haskell Ice the Best Made.

During an experiment the other day at the Haskell ice plant, it was demonstrated that the headings in the Free Press could be read through three blocks of ice 22 inches thick aggregating 66 inches and that the body print could be read through two blocks aggregating 44 inches. Where do they make ice like this? Can the great lakes and Boreas beat the Haskell plant making ice?

See Parsons for a perfect fit in glasses.

### WATER! HASKELL FORTUNATE.

The question of water has no terrors for the Metropolis of Central West Texas. All the private wells at Haskell, the wells that supply the city water system, the wells that supply the Ice plant are still flowing with the cool, sweet, limpid fluid, and every train that leaves Haskell carries these waters for distribution to the less fortunate communities. We do not rejoice at the misfortunes of neighboring towns, but we do rejoice that our city has proven to be the ideal place for railroads to get in connection with. A place at which to locate factories, round houses, etc. In fact Haskell always was "IT." Like the waters of sunny Italy, those of Haskell are far-famed.

WANTED—Cosmopolitan Magazine requires the services of a representative in Haskell to look after subscription renewals and to extend circulation by special methods which have proven unusually successful. Salary and commission. Previous experience desirable but not essential. Whole time or spare time. Address, with references, H. C. Campbell, Cosmopolitan Magazine, 1789 Broadway, New York City.

The little 2½ year old child of Mr. and Mrs. Russell of the east side of town strayed away from home Thursday morning, creating quite a sensation and alarming the neighbors in general. A searching party was instituted and the babe was found up in the north part of town. She had grown tired of walking and was sitting calmly by the roadside with her toys. For about 3 hours excitement ran high, as many of the searchers thought probably she had climbed up the ladder of the W. V. Railway tank and fallen in. While the idea seems preposterous still it is not all impossible that such could have been the case. Mr. Marshall Little found the child.

It would seem that cotton in this county can make the fleecy staple rain or no rain. There is not going to be as short a crop as has been predicted. The price this year is going to be the best since the civil war. Under these conditions the short crop wont count against the farmer so badly after all.

# CONGRESS OF FARMERS

## For Study of Better Farming Methods.

TO THE PEOPLE OF NORTHWEST TEXAS:

Considerable study and investigation and some experimenting by some farmers and others along the line of soil moisture conservation, or so called "dry farming," as that system has been developed and taught by H. W. Campbell of Nebraska and some of the leading experiment station workers, has convinced many of the people of this section that the adoption of the "dry farming" methods in Western Texas would to a very great extent overcome the damaging effects of our recurring drouths and very materially increase the yields of our farms as well as the certainty of making fairly good crops in our worst years.

No one should make the mistake of supposing that the people who have come to this view are of the class who would minimize or detract from the value and merits of Northwest Texas as a farming country. On the other hand they are as a rule the men who have been here the longest and are its most successful farmers and business men, and the intelligence and spirit of enterprise which have put them in that class has also led them to see that conditions and results can be improved and has inspired them to reach out for the information and means which will enable them to accomplish that desired end and, at the same time, make such information available for the benefit of all.

With this in view some agitation has been attempted by means of articles in such papers as would give them space, in order to awaken something like a general interest in the proposition to organize a "Dry Farmers' Congress" to be held annually at such points in this section as may be designated from time to time by the Congress, at which competent lecturers experienced in the principles and practice of dry farming shall instruct the people in that system, and at which there shall be free exchange and discussion of experiences. Such congresses have been held in the Northwestern States for several years, largely attended, with the result that agriculture there has been greatly benefited and thousands of acres of semi-arid land beyond the reach of irrigation systems have been brought under successful tillage. The last one, held at Billings, Montana, was attended by eleven hundred farmers from a number of States, and by accredited delegates from Mexico, Australia, Russia, South Africa, Western Canada and other countries interested in dry farming methods. A report of its proceedings makes a book of three hundred large pages. The next session is to be held at Spokane, Washington. The second annual Dry Farmers' Congress for Southwest Texas held a three days session at Eagle Pass last week, and our information is that it is doing a great deal of good in that section. These things are mentioned here to show the interest being manifested in, and the good accomplished by, the dry farming method, which would not be so if it did not possess the merit claimed for it.

In this connection I will quote the reply of Mr. L. Gough, manager of the Campbell demonstration farm at Hereford, Texas, to my inquiry as to the value of the system, he says: "In regard to the Campbell system, or really scientific soil culture, I will say that in my judgment it is the only way to successfully till the soil and get results. It is my experience that under like conditions the yield is increased from 50 to 150 per cent over the ordinary methods. If I had never learned it I would not be farming today."

As a result of the desire for something of the kind in this section the matter was taken up actively some weeks ago by me, as secretary of the Board of Trade at Haskell, and I have been assured of the co-operation of the secretaries of the commercial organizations in the towns along the Wichita Valley Railroad from Abilene to Wichita Falls, it being the intention to make the Northwest Texas Dry Farmers' Congress cover the counties along that road and those contiguous to them.

The proposition has also been submitted to the State Department of Agriculture which, in a letter sent me a few days ago, endorses the plan outlined and in unqualified terms expresses the conviction that the farm production of Western Texas can be largely increased by a system of preparation and tillage designed for the conservation of the soil moisture, and concludes by saying: "If in your judgment the calling of a Dry Farming Congress for your section of the State, to be held during the month of September or October, is a wise movement, and the meeting called, this Department will lend you every possible assistance, and secure the services of the most expert dry farmers in the United States, even if the expense should be a heavy tax on this Department. We realize that this Department belongs to the people and that the farmers of Texas are entitled to its very best endeavors." (By the way, that sentiment deserves the applause of the Texas farmers.)

The matter was also brought to the attention of Mr. A. A. Glisson, G. P. A. of the Ft. W. & D. C. and W. V. R'y's. and he very promptly promised a low rate on those roads for the Congress and expressed approval of the movement.

We are very strongly imbued with the belief that our system of farming can be vastly improved along the lines suggested and that we can do more good for our country in assisting to bring about such improvement than we can do by efforts expended in any other way, therefore we earnestly request that all the newspapers in the territory to be covered by the proposed Congress lay the matter before their readers by the publication of this article and by such editorial comment and encouragement as may seem to them pertinent.

In conclusion, it is important to hold this Congress at as early a date as possible, in order that we may have the information to apply in the fall preparation of the land. It will require two or three weeks after deciding upon the date to get a program arranged and well advertised. We want first to know if the sentiment of the people will justify the calling of such Congress, if they will attend it, and desire to hear from as many as possible during the next week, personally or by letter or post card, both farmers and business men who endorse it, for we are all interested, from banker to bootblack, in having a more successful and productive country. We suggest that you also see or write the secretary of the Commercial Club in your nearest town and give him your views.

Yours for a greater prosperity,

Haskell, Tex., Aug. 27th.

J. E. POOLE, Sec'y,  
Haskell Board of Trade.



### Locals and Personals.

For board and rooms, see Mrs. C. L. Terrell. Phone 47. 36 2t

Messrs. J. L. Lennis Jones and Miss Francis, were in this city Friday.

Miss Julia Winn has returned from Dallas where she has been visiting relatives and friends.

Mr. Marshall Pierson who has been spending the summer in Colorado has returned home.

High grade winter wheat for seed at Sherrill Elevator Co. Better speak for seed now.

Try the new cotton seed flour. \$1.00 per sack—at F. G. Alexander and sons.

Are you looking for a snap? I have it in the best grades of coal for winter at summer prices. See me. Chambers

Mr. T. P. Martin and family of Snyder, were visitors to friends at Pinkerton this week.

Park Caudle of Sagerton was in Haskell Monday.

Misses Mamie and Clara-Will McNatt of Abilene, returned home Thursday night of last week after a visit of several days with Mr. and Mrs. Jno. L. Robertson of North Haskell.

Born to Rev. and Mrs. C. B. Meador an eight pound boy on the 27th inst.

Patronize home Laundry. Call phone No. 197 and get your clothes back the same day.

G. J. Miller, Prop.

If you have a bargain in land list it with Sanders & Wilson; they will advertise and sell it for you.

You dont have to discount your land notes and you get farm loans at eight per cent from, Scott & Key, Lawyers, Haskell, Texas.

Fred Alexander and Morris Gilbert were in Stamford Friday night.

WANTED—A man and wife to work on farm and ranch. 36-3t p R. W. Herren, Haskell.

Miss Jessie Martin will attend the Academy at Corpus Christi this winter, where she will take a course in music and voice.

WANTED—A good cook, German or Swede preferred, Mrs. C. L. Terrell. Phone 47. 36 2t

Mr. Monee Frost and sisters Misses Cleo and Gillie Frost of Mineral Wells are visiting relatives in the city this week.

Mrs. Mary Tysinger of Nacogdoches, is visiting her niece Mrs. Buchanan, of this city this week.

Mr. W. P. Foster and family left this week for Collin county, where they go to make their home.

Boost Don't Knock. Place your orders with Chambers for feed and coal.

Mr. J. D. Hall, Editor of the Rule Review, was in Haskell Friday. He reports that Rule will have received 150 bales of cotton by tonight.

Our abstract books are complete and up-to-date. Get your abstracts from Sanders & Wilson.

Dr. M. M. Hart of Weinert, was in the city Thursday night. He was accompanied by his daughter, Miss Rada, who is to take the examination as a teacher under our county superintendent, Mr. T. C. Williams.

FOR SALE: The east half of block No. 70, subdivision of Peter Allen survey adjoining the residence property of Mr. J. S. Boone. The plat calls for this property to be 195 feet wide and 360 feet long. Call at the office of the Free Press for further information.

Mr. A. Lee Kirby and wife of Okla., who has been visiting the family of Messrs. W. H. Parsons and Abel Jones, have returned to their home. Mr. Kirby was at one time a citizen of Haskell and will be remembered by all the old settlers.

Uncle Frank has moved his Bake-Shop to the Mart Lynch Restaurant, he will continue to sell Bread, Cakes, Pies, Etc., and will run a restaurant in connection with his Bake-Shop. He ask a continuance of your patronage and will feed the hungry any time with a cold lunch. Call and see Uncle Frank when in need of anything to eat.

Guarantee your winter coal SUPPLY—HOW?

By buying summer storage, Where? of E. A. Chambers.

If you want to sell or exchange any of your property either real or personal see me and hand in a list of your trade properties. I have the stuff you want. 33 tf A. H. Norris.

We learn that Miss Day will teach expression in the auditorium of the high school building this winter. Miss Day is a celebrated artist, and we are glad her services will be available to us this winter.

Our long Acquaintance with Haskell County land matters enables us to give you excellent service in examining and perfecting title and in making your abstracts of title. charges moderate.

Scott & Key, Lawyers, Haskell, Texas.

Our abstract books are complete and up-to-date. Get your abstracts from Sanders & Wilson.

See Parsons for watch repairing and optical goods.

Rev. O. W. Dean, who has been called to Pastorate of the 1st Baptist church, and family of Hereford arrived Tuesday.

Miss Slydell Wyche has returned from Austin, where she attended the Summer Normal at the University.

Mr. Scott Key has returned from New York City where he spent six weeks with his father Judge Key, Chief Justice of the Court of Civil Appeals at Austin, who went to New York for a surgical operation. We learn from Mr. Key that his father was greatly benefitted by the operation.

The Woman's Home Mission Society will meet Monday, Sept. 5th, 4 o'clock at Mrs. Morris' residence. This is an important meeting, let every member be present. Come! bring or send all the mite boxes and lets have the much needed contribution.

Press Reporter.

Mr. B. C. Duke called at our office Wednesday, and in a conversation with him we learn that he takes a very cheerful view of the situation for a fall crop of cotton if we have a rain in the next ten days.

Mr. R. E. Sherrill went to Austin to appear in behalf of the school board in the appeal of Prof. Thomas from the action of the State Superintendent in sustaining the board here in canceling the contract of employment of Prof. Thomas as superintendent of the public schools of this school district.

Mr. Henry Tandy while loading ice Thursday slipped and fell sustaining a painful scalp wound.

Mr. Thomason the brilliant editor of the Weinert Enterprise of the city prosperous was in the city Thursday night.

List Your Land With us and we will advertise and sell it for you. Sanders & Wilson.

FOR TRADE. 4 first-class farms in Hill Co. to exchange for land in Haskell Co. For full information write Curtis Patterson, Hillsboro Texas.

I have any number of exchange propositions in different parts of Texas and New Mexico and one in Johnson Co., near Cleburne. A. H. Norris.

### IT TAKES LOTS OF TRAINING TO PLAY BALL.

Boys, you have played ball, and you know that a man cannot get into the National League he has had thorough training. Then is it not just as essential that he get a thorough practical training to enter successfully into the great business enterprises of this country? If you was about to lose an eye, would you employ some one to treat it who had never made a specialty of the eye and hadn't a certificate from a reliable college? If you had an important case in court, would you employ a man as your attorney who had never been admitted to the bar and had never made a special study of law? Why, then young man, could you think for a moment of entering the business without first taking a thorough business training in some first-class school and obtaining a certificate of proficiency. We are living in a commercial age and in one of the greatest commercial countries on the globe. Competition is close, and only those who are thoroughly prepared may hope to succeed in this day and time in building for themselves a satisfactory business, a business that will produce the profits that will enable them to own pleasant home and enjoy life as they should. Young lady, if you desire to take out an insurance policy upon which you will have to pay a premium every year, one that when you have paid the first annual premium it is paid for, for life, take a course of Bookkeeping and Shorthand or Telegraphy with us, let us get you a good position where you can be independent. Or, if in after years, the worst should come, and you should be thrown upon your own resources, you could make an honorable living. The day and time has passed when men and women can go into the business world and succeed without preparing in some good business training school.

Write us for large beautifully illustrated free catalog of America's largest commercial college. Tyler Commercial College, Tyler, Texas.

To Patrons of Haskell Post Office.

I have just had printed, a booklet, "Practical Points for Post Office Patrons" for free distribution to patrons of the office. The book gives such information concerning Post Office matters and postal system as should be known by those using the U. S. Mails.

If you have not been supplied with one of these books please Call at this office and get one and I urge that you keep the book for reference, it will answer many questions for you that you may want to know about class of mail, rates of postage, registry business, money order business and other departments of the service.

I would also call attention to the advertisers who made it possible for me to get out the book. The enterprising business men who have adds in it are thoroughly reliable and represent the leading firms of our town. They bid for your business and will give you the courteous and obliging service they have always given you.

Please read the book and then retain it for reference.

Yours very truly, Jno. B. Baker, P. M.

Mr. A. S. Kinnard of Johnson County, a cousin of Judge Jas. P. Kinnard is visiting in this city. Mr. Kinnard in company with Rev. Ronald McDonald made us a pleasant call.

It is surprising how cheap you can fill your coal bins.

Can you afford to overlook such an OPPORTUNITY? Ask for rates at E. A. Chambers.

## Palace Pressing Parlor

We wish to announce that we have opened a first-class Pressing Parlor, West of E. A. Chamber's Feed Store. We do Cleaning, Pressing and repairing.

FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY RESPECT.

### Cleaning and Pressing of Ladies Suits A Specialty.

We have also organized a club for the benefit of our Patrons which is \$1.50 per month, four suits pressed, or two suits cleaned and pressed. We call for your clothes and deliver them.

We will appreciate a large share of your patronage. We guarantee our work.

GIVE US A TRIAL AND YOU WILL BE CONVINCED.

## Palace Pressing Parlor

WALL & SWOPE, Props.

### To Exchange for Land in Haskell or Adjoining Counties.

\$40,000 stock of Merchandise.  
\$23,000 stock of Merchandise.  
\$22,000 stock of Merchandise.  
\$14,000 stock of Merchandise.  
\$11,000 stock of Merchandise.  
Light Plant, Price \$30,000  
Phone Exchange, Price \$12,500  
Brick, business, House Price \$16,000.  
Brick Business House Price 10,000  
Brick Business House Price \$6000  
Brick Business House price \$3500  
60,000 acres Timber land price 100,000.  
460 acres timber land price \$4,600  
100 section ranch price \$15,000  
10 section ranch price \$17,500  
13 section ranch price \$17,500  
12 section ranch price \$10,000  
1439 acres of Blackland price \$65  
860 acres of black land price \$60.  
219 acres of black land price \$50  
134 acres of black land price \$50.  
185 acres of black land price \$70.  
178 acres sandy land price \$50.  
163 acres black land price \$65.

We have Black land in Dallas, Tarent, Ellis, Navarro, Hill, Johnson, Denton, Wise, Cooke, Fannin, Collin and Montague Counties to exchange. 33-4t p Thomason Realty Co.

### NOTICE

I will stand my registered Jersey Bull at the Dyer Wagon Yard. I have the papers on this animal and know him to be the best. Mr. Clough has owned this animal and says he will recommend him to be as good as can be purchased by any body anywhere. G. E. Ballew owns this animal and will keep him at the Dyer Wagon Yard. Charges, \$2.50 Spot Cash.

### MRS. GORDON McGUIRE'S

School of Music, (Piano, Vocal, Theory and Musical History) will OPEN ON THURSDAY, September 15th, 1910.

Lecture, Arrangement of Class Periods and Grades at Ten O'clock Thursday Morning.

For Further Information Phone No. 264 OR CALL.

Miss Eula Poole returned Monday evening from Austin, where she attended the University Summer Normal and was successful in securing a first grade certificate. She attended a teachers' meeting at Rule Thursday, where she will teach this year.

## NOVELTY HATS

in all the wanted shapes and colorings. Remember we have a hat for every head whether it be for the young chaps or the more staple shapes for the older men. We are sure you will find just what you want here. A large line of

### New Fall Neckwear,

Beautiful Patterns in the New Shades for Fall wear made of CHOICEST Silks await your inspection and approval.

We are yours to command.

## The HUB

I. P. CARR & CO.

### Notice Farmers.

I have just finished giving my gin a thorough overhauling. Have taken out my cleaning machinery, which will enable me to make a first class turnout and at the same time give you a good sample, as the cotton that goes to overflow is cleaned by sending it through twice and sample is made from this.

My saws are sharp, and I will be on the ground myself to give you my personal attention and will have best price going for seed.

Thanking you for past custom I am, respectfully, F. T. SANDERS.

The Up-To-Date Gin Man.

Mrs. B. C. Duke and daughters Katie and Louise have returned from Calvert Kentucky, where they have been visiting relatives and friends for the past three months. Mrs. Duke says they had quite a nice time eating fruits, vegetables, etc. and that Kentucky has had plenty of rain.

Mr. Henry Alexander has returned from the Northern market, where he has been for several weeks purchasing the stock for his firm.

The Ladies Cemetery here is none better. There is a splendid fence around the cemetery and it is a most commendable enterprise to a successful one and while commencing those who have proven so worthy in this connection to suggest that their future labors will be greatly facilitated if all families interested will give a reasonable assessment, promptly that will provide the society with such funds as they need to properly care for the cemetery.

Mr. J. F. Jones of Rule passed through Haskell yesterday on his way home from Fort Worth to which point he had shipped some cattle the early part of the week.

Mrs. M. O. Pugh of Greenville who has been visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Joiner of the South side returned home Thursday.

Mrs. Brewer Norman has resumed her duties at C. M. Hunt & Co's.



# THE ONLOOKER

Where life is



The city is of brick and stone  
With walls that touch the sky.  
But there a man is quite alone  
Though thousands pass him by.  
They breathe the breath of mill and mart  
Where never dreaming is.  
He in their lives may have no part  
And they have none in his.

It hammers him, the city's day,  
Or lulls him round with tape,  
Until in its relentless way  
It molds him to a shape—  
A shape that also shapes his soul  
Like those of all the rest,  
Unless he will not pay this toll  
And fares upon a quest.

The country is of grass and trees  
And cloud and sun and rain,  
Of singing birds and humming bees  
And winding road and lane,  
And grass that whispers all day long,  
And orchards deep with shade—  
Ah, there are story, laugh and song,  
Forever to be made.

And he who passes is your friend  
Though never again you meet,  
The people do not blur and blend  
As in a city street.  
Into a host of rushing forms  
That either come or go,  
And if your soul has chimes or storms  
They neither care nor know.

A garden first was given man  
But with his knowing frown  
He sacrificed the primal plan  
And built himself a town.  
And ever through the city ways  
There comes the luring dream  
Of stary nights and drowsing days  
Of meadowland and stream.

Choosing a Watermelon.  
The flavor of a watermelon depends largely upon how you choose it. If you select it over the telephone through the mediumship of a grocery clerk whose clairvoyance is imperfectly developed you will obtain a melon which is beautiful to gaze upon externally but whose interior decorations are unfinished.

There is nothing so despoiling in life as to bisect a large, emerald watermelon with a blonde area on its southern exposure, and find the inside of it a discouraged pink streaked with white. Such a color scheme is fine for a mother-of-pearl knife handle, but ineffective for nutritive purposes.

Another unapplying feature of a watermelon is to be compelled to eat it with a fork and not drop any of the juice on your napkin. Watermelons were never invented by nature to be sliced geometrically and eaten by means of a fork. They are not in the pie class. For that matter, many good authorities contend that the use of a fork damages the flavor of pie.

Pie and watermelon each should be eaten by the same method. A convenient wedge should be seized in the hand, the back should be turned if necessary to avoid shocking on-lookers, and then the delicacy should be bitten off and lib. The chin may be wiped dry with the handkerchief.

If you owe a description account. Don't buy goods wait for a collection to get up to the fence post and let nature take its course.

Changed Her Mind.  
"Do you wish to break our engagement?" he asked, bitterly. "I do, I feel that you do not appreciate me as you should," she responded. "Then I shall sue you for breach of promise, for a hundred thousand dollars' damages!"

With a cry of delight the fair young thing threw herself into his arms. "Forgive me, George," she murmured. "I was mistaken. If you think my affection is worth that much to you, I am yours."

No Prentice Hand.  
"How long has Mr. Flidge been writing humor?" "O, he must be an old stager." "But he seems so young." "I know that, but at the banquet to the humorists he made a speech and in it he never once said anything about laying aside the cap and bells for the time being."

Divining Rod 200 Years Old.  
Winslow W. Fifield of Medford, Mass., owns a metallic divining rod brought from England more than two hundred years ago by one of his ancestors. The rod, says Mr. Fifield, has been used successfully all over New England and in the western mining districts. It is attached to whalebone handles 12 inches long and weighs two ounces. The handles have inscriptions on them which are almost obliterated by age.

The person who brought the rod to America was Isaac Greenleaf, who settled in Massachusetts. The rod became famous as a finder of water. After marking the place of many springs the rod was used in California, Colorado and North Carolina for locating by men in quest of gold mines and other metals. One person who used it with particular success was a blind man, in whose hands the rod is said to have done marvels.

A Strong Preacher.  
The minister's eight-year-old daughter was returning with her parents from church, where the district superintendent had that morning occupied the pulpit. "Oh, father," asked the little girl, her face alive with enthusiasm, "don't you think Brother C. is a very strong preacher? I do."

Gratified by this evidence of unusual intelligence on the part of his offspring, the minister eagerly inquired into her reasons for her statement. "Oh," replied the little miss, artlessly, "didn't you see how the dust rose when he stamped his feet?"—Judge.

## AS IT APPEARED TO HER

Mrs. Oelrichs Evidently Didn't Think Much of Mr. Blank's Earning Capacity.

Mrs. Herman Oelrichs, the best-dressed woman in Newport, criticized very pertinently, at a recent dinner, the new dinner gowns of Paquin and Callot.

These clinging and filmy gowns are chiefly remarkable for the V-shaped back that they possess. The V—it is incredible, but it is true—opens all the

way down to the waist line. At a gala performance in Paris given by the Metropolitan Opera company of New York—the most successful performance Paris ever saw, and one whereat \$40,000 was gained for the Pluviose victims—many of the beautiful Americans in the 40 orchestra seats wore these daring gowns, and now at Newport they are often to be seen.

Mrs. Oelrichs stared at one with astounded eyes at a dinner, and her neighbor said: "Isn't that new gown of Mrs. Blank's a dream? Old Mr. Blank is so devoted. They say that everything he makes goes on his wife's back."

Mrs. Oelrichs, her eye fixed on the gown's terrific V, said with a smile: "Well, he must be making very little, then."

Practical Matching.  
What the little girl with the red cents in pennies wanted was some red ribbon of a particular shade for her mother. She knew the shade, but she couldn't explain it and all she could say was, "It wasn't that, no, no that; it was deeper than that, and not so

The Counterfeit Southerner.  
Of course, there are many counterfeits. A most amusing imitation is one that often passes for the typical southerner in New York. This satchel-mouthed braggart infests the cafes and demands attention by his abusing the waiter for offending his delicate sense of honor. "I hate a nigger, sub," he loudly proclaims, which is a sentiment that one never hears from those to the manner born. He haunts the theaters and parades the streets, since it is poor fun to practise his gentility in private.

He wears a wide black hat, mounts the table and yells whenever the band plays a southern melody. Such a pretentious caricature would be harmless enough, but for the ridicule he brings upon the south. Unfortunately, popular authors seem to accept him at face

stroyed, men murdered and the long list of atrocities practised by Labor Trust members on other human beings who cannot agree with the trust methods.

Now for the better way. Workingmen are now organizing in the old fashioned trades union or "guild" way, affiliated with the National Trades and Workers Association whose constitution provides arbitration of differences with picketing for no strikes, boycott, picketing or hateful coercion of any kind.

This Trade Association has evolved from the experience of the past and is the highest order of Trades Unionism at the present day. Under its laws it is not possible for the Hod Carriers Union or the Street Sweepers Union to order the school teachers or locomotive engineers to quit work in a "sympathetic strike."

If any craft finds injustice, the case is presented to properly selected arbitrators, testimony taken and the case presented to the public through the press. Thereupon public opinion, that greatest of all powers, makes itself felt and curiously enough a fair settlement is generally the result.

There is no strike, no loss of wages, no loss to the community and yet the faithful workers get their just treatment.

There are many details which have been worked out by men skilled in labor matters. It will recompense any interested man to know these details which can be secured by a postal request for constitution and by-laws written to the National Trades and Workers Association, Kingman Block, Battle Creek, Mich.

Reader, look carefully into this great question of the relations of Capital and Labor and its successful solution. The new plan works, and brings results for the members.

I became so favorably impressed with the trustworthiness and practicability of the leaders of this new labor movement that I gave the Association a sanatorium at Battle Creek worth about \$400,000 and with about 300 rooms, to be used as a home for old members and the helpless babies, sometimes made fatherless by the pistol, club or boot heel of some member of the violent "Labor Trust."

Suppose you attend church Labor Sunday and hear what your minister has to say in defense of the safety and rights of the common, everyday man.

Let me ask you to read again a portion of one of my public articles printed a few years ago.

"The people of the world have given me money enough to spend in these talks through the papers in trying to make better and safer conditions for the common people, whether the Postum business runs or not. Scores of letters have come to me from work-people and others, some from union men recounting their sufferings from union domination and urging that their cases be laid before the public.

It will not answer for us to only sympathize with the poor, the oppressed, those who haven't power enough to drive off tyrants and resent oppression, we must help them tie the hands of the oppressors. Americans must act.

Some of my forebears in New England left comfortable homes, took with them the old flint locks, slept on the ground in rain and frost; hungry, footsore, and half clothed they grimly pushed on where the Eternal God of Human Liberty urged them. They wove for me and for you a mantle of freedom, woven in a loom where the shuttles were cannon balls and bullets and where swords were used to pick out the langies in the yarn.

These old, sturdy granddads of ours stood by that loom until the mantle was finished, then, stained with their life blood it was handed down to us. Shall I refuse to bear it on my shoulders because the wearing costs me a few dollars, and are you cowards enough to hide yours because some foreign labor union anarchist orders you to strip it off?

I have faith that the blood of 1776 still coursing in your veins will tingle and call until you waken. Then Americans will act." "There's a Red son." G. W. POST.

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## MUNYON'S RHEUMATISM CURE

Has cured thousands and it can cure you. Relieves from the first. All Druggists, 25¢

By associating with some old people you may realize the truth of the saying: "The good die young."

Deafness Cannot Be Cured by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When the tube is inflamed you have a humming sound in the perfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; this comes out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surface. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness caused by Catarrh, that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circular, free.

Howell—I see that the paper says that the treasury department announces that by washing paper money it will last twice as long.

Powell—Yes, but what is a poor devil to do while his money is at the laundry?

A CASE OF GRAVEL.  
Tulare, Cal., Man Cured by Doan's Kidney Pills.

Harrison A. Sturtevant, G and Maple Sta., Tulare, Cal., says: "I was in bad shape with kidney trouble. Too frequent passage of the urine compelled me to arise at night, my bladder became inflamed and I had excruciating pains in my abdomen. Soon after I began using Doan's Kidney Pills, I passed a gravel stone three-quarters of an inch in length and variegated in color. After this my trouble disappeared."

Remember the name—Doan's. For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Tough Luck.  
"I thought you said this was a young chicken," remarked Newed, as he saw away at a portion of the bird.

"And I thought it was," rejoined his better half. "I looked in its mouth and it showed no indication of having out a single tooth yet. The dealer must have imposed upon me."

"Did he tell you it was a young chicken?" queried her husband. "No," replied Mrs. Newed. "But I'm sure he must have extracted its teeth before offering it for sale."

Why He Was Sorry.  
To impress on young children just what should and what should not be done and why, is among the most trying problems of parents, as evidenced by the recent experience of a West Philadelphia mother. Last Sunday she asked her small son, aged eight, to carry a chair for her from the dining room to the parlor. He started off willingly, but in the hall he tripped and fell. Amid the crash could be heard the boy giving vent to utterances that would have done credit to a pirate of ancient days. The mother was taken by surprise and was greatly shocked. She gave the boy a long and serious talk on the subject of profanity. This apparently did not make the right impression, for when she concluded the boy added to her discomfiture by exclaiming, "I am sorry I swore, mamma, but I forgot it was Sunday."

LACK OF MONEY  
Was a Godsend in This Case.

It is not always that a lack of money is a benefit.

A lady of Green Forest, Ark., owes her health to the fact that she could not pay in advance the fee demanded by a specialist to treat her for stomach trouble. In telling of her case she says:

"I had been treated by four different physicians during 10 years of stomach trouble. Lately I called on another who told me he could not cure me; that I had neuralgia of the stomach. Then I went to a specialist who told me I had catarrh of the stomach and said he could cure me in four months but would have to have his money down. I could not raise the necessary sum and in my extremity I was led to quit coffee and try Postum.

"So I stopped coffee and gave Postum a thorough trial and the results have been magical. I now sleep well at night, something I had not done for a long time; the pain in my stomach is gone and I am a different woman.

"I dreaded to quit coffee, because every time I had tried to stop it I suffered from severe headaches, so I continued to drink it although I had reason to believe it was injurious to me, and was the cause of my stomach trouble and extreme nervousness. But when I had Postum to shift to it was different.

"To my surprise I did not miss coffee when I began to drink Postum. Coffee had been steadily and surely killing me and I didn't fully realize what was doing it until I quit and changed to Postum."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

Where life is



## Farmers' Educational and Co-Operative Union of America

Matters of Especial Moment to the Progressive Agriculturist

Sacrifice a little and enjoy great gains.

A man never improves his character by losing a reputation.

No man is fit for another world who is not efficient in this one.

It is not difficult to overcome grief providing it is not our own.

The best way to cure the dishonesty of the world is to be honest ourselves.

There is a world of difference between self-reverence and self-adoration.

By your conduct show your neighbors what sort of neighbors you desire.

Don't take too much pride in family trees. The fruit crop may be a failure.

Never despair. If the things you hope for don't happen something else will.

Truth is as simple as the language of a child but some people never learn to speak it fluently.

Nothing was made in vain, but it is hard for a mere man to believe this when he sees a lap dog.

There is much greater fun in hammering cold iron than in trying to farm without a well-arranged plan.

The man who fears the wisdom of the people to select representatives and officials is not to be trusted himself.

The man who knows all about the business of everybody else in the neighborhood seldom has any of his own.

It so often happens that the thing we slight as being of little value is the very key to the situation. It behooves us, then, to look carefully to each detail.

Some farmers are so lazy that they depend altogether on Nature and lean on her so heavily that she becomes tired and rebels. Nature is kind but she requires every one to do their share.

The Farmers' union is much alive and don't you forget it. It has had some jolts and has passed over some rough roads, but it is at the turning of the lane now, and things are going to happen sure.

The nervous little scrub-horse is always jumping around, now pushing hard on the collar and again lagging back, but the well-bred draft-horse moves along with calm dignity, doing most of the work without undue waste of strength.

## GREAT SOURCES OF WEALTH

Diversification of Crops One of Best Ways of Making Cotton Grower Independent.

Diversification of crops is one of the great sources of wealth of the Texas cotton farmer. It is not only making amends for years of wasteful cultivation of the soil, but, by furnishing supplies for home needs and fodder for live stock, it has made the planter more independent. They are no longer obliged to sell their cotton at once for whatever price they can get at the nearest market, but can store it until prices are good. In Texas diversified farming is carried on to a much greater extent than in other states because the lands are so rich, especially in the southern counties, that they can be kept under cultivation the year round, and thus be made to yield several crops.

The by-products form a most important factor in the cotton industry today. The leaves have a certain value as coarse fodder, the stems can be made into fiber for bagging, and the bark of the root has medicinal properties. Next to the lint, the seed is the most valuable, for it yields cotton seed oil meal, which can be used for fodder and for fertilizing. The hulls are used for the manufacture of paper and for fuel, the ashes being an excellent fertilizer, as they contain a large amount of phosphoric acid and potash. It is estimated that the value of the cotton by-products in Texas exceeds \$20,000,000 annually.

There are many thriving cotton seed oil mills throughout Texas, but they use only a small portion of the enormous amount of seed produced annually. There are fine opportunities for the investment of capital in plants of this kind. In Houston alone there are five of these mills and seven cotton compresses. There could be more manufacturing establishments there with good returns on the capital invested in view of the excellent market and the splendid railroad facilities.

The number of cotton textile mills in the south is growing every year, and it is undoubtedly destined to become the greatest cotton manufacturing territory that the world has ever seen, as Texas is already the producer of nearly one-third of the United States' supply of raw cotton.

## For Grazing Pasture.

Rye sown in August will make, if weather conditions are at all favorable, excellent grazing for stock through the fall when the pastures are short of feed. This is recommended by several experiment stations.

## WHO SECURES RATE BENEFIT?

Does It Help Farmer When Freight on Cotton to Galveston is Reduced?—Question Discussed.

Every once in awhile there comes up a proposition to change the freight rates on various commodities, writes A. W. Grant in Co-operator. When the commodity involved is something that the farmers raise, the farmer's interest is invoked either to secure a reduction or a raise as the case may be. Like the tariff freight rates are a species of alleged protection. For instance, a higher freight rate on farm products intended to be sold in Texas is considered beneficial to Texas farmers. If the rate on flour from Kansas were raised a few cents it would be considered to the advantage of Texas farmers who raise wheat, because the higher freight rate will enable Texas millers to charge more for their flour, and it is assumed, pay more for Texas wheat.

On the other hand, a reduced freight of any farm product from Texas to market is considered to the advantage of the farmer on the theory that it will mean a higher price to him for the product.

The purpose of this article is to inquire whether the farmer really is benefited by the protection of freight rates. Does it help the farmer when the cotton rate to Galveston is reduced or when the rate on flour from northern mills is raised?

The farmer should consider this question carefully because time and again he is called upon to exercise his right of petition to the railroad commission on one or more rates. The men who ask the farmers for their petitions have much at stake. Does the farmer get the benefit those who ask for his influence say he will?

The truth of the matter is that if the farmer shipped direct to the spinner and had to pay his own freight, a reduction in freight rates would help him. If the farmer milled his own wheat and sold flour a raise on the flour rates from other states coming in would also help him. But so far farmers neither mill their own wheat or ship their cotton direct to the spinner.

Yet everybody is in favor of lower freight rates. Where does the farmer have a chance to get off?

He has only one, and that is in the ownership and control of warehouses. Owing a warehouse which can ship his products direct to the consumer without the chance of a middleman's handling the product, gives the warehouse the benefit of the reduced or increased freight rate as the case may be. If the farmer is a stockholder in the warehouse he gets the benefit. In a warehouse of which he is a stockholder the farmer can hold his cotton until the price suits him and the warehouse can then ship it and get lower rate. If the spinner bought direct from the farmer the farmer could ship it himself, but spinners don't buy that way. In an elevator of which he is a stockholder a farmer can hold his wheat until the price gets right and then the elevator can sell to the miller and reap the benefit of the protective freight rate to come back later to the farmer in dividends. Better still it would be if the elevator also controlled a flour mill to manufacture the grain it controlled into flour.

So long as middlemen get their hands on the farmers' products freight rates can be juggled to reduce, but it is gambling against human nature and human selfishness to think they will ever be juggled to raise them. The only remedy is warehouses and co-operative control of products until they are ready for shipment.

## Weighing and Testing Milk.

This is the only sure way to determine the difference in value between the good and inferior cow. Weighing and testing daily is only a business proposition. It is the only safe way of determining what price to ask for a cow in selling her, or of what to pay for her when buying. No intelligent farmer will sell a cow for \$30 that will make him a net profit of \$40 or \$50 a year. Neither will he keep a cow that doesn't pay him a profit if he knows it. Test and weigh the milk is the way to know.

## Whole Grain for Chickens.

Never feed whole grain to chickens from a trough. The stronger and the bolder birds will get more than their share and more than is good for them, while the weaker ones will be underfed. Scatter all grain fed over as wide an area as it can be thrown. If in narrow quarters, then go to some pains to bury it in straw or litter.

## Essential to Success.

An essential to success in the co-operative movement is a realization on the part of the co-operator that he is going into a business enterprise, and a willingness on his part to assume the responsibilities of a co-partner quite as readily as he accepts the profits of the business.

## Fallacious Notion.

Some persons have a notion that pure bred stock is less hardy than scrub stock, but it is altogether an erroneous idea; for it has been proven time and again to be fallacious.

# WORTH MOUNTAINS OF GOLD

During Change of Life, says Mrs. Chas. Barclay

Grantville, Vt.—"I was passing through the Change of Life and suffered from nervousness and other annoying symptoms, and I can truly say that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has proved worth mountains of gold to me, as it restored my health and strength. I never forget to tell my friends what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me during this trying period. Complete restoration to health means so much to me that for the sake of other suffering women I am willing to make my trouble public so you may publish this letter."—Mrs. CHAS. BARCLAY, R. F. D., Grantville, Vt.

No other medicine for woman's ills has received such wide-spread and unqualified endorsement. No other medicine we know of has such a record of cures of female ills as has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. For more than 30 years it has been curing female complaints such as inflammation, ulceration, local weaknesses, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, indigestion, and nervous prostration, and it is unequalled for carrying women safely through the period of change of life. It costs but little to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and, as Mrs. Barclay says, it is "worth mountains of gold" to suffering women.

Little, but Oh, My! Senator Smoot of Utah tells a story on the late E. H. Harriman, which sounds somewhat familiar. He says that when the Salt Lake cut-off was completed Mr. Harriman took a large party of big railroad men out to it.

They had their pictures taken at the right spot scenically. Mr. Harriman stood at one end of the group. When the pictures were printed and the photographer brought them around the railroad men examined them.

"Why," shouted one of the guests, "where's Mr. Harriman?"

"Do you mean that little chap that stood at the end?" asked the photographer. "Why, I cut him off."

## IN AGONY WITH ECZEMA

"No tongue can tell how I suffered for five years with itching and bleeding eczema, until I was cured by the Cuticura Remedies, and I am so grateful I want the world to know, for what helped me will help others. My body and face were covered with sores. One day it would seem to be better, and then break out again with the most terrible pain and itching. I have been sick several times, but never in my life did I experience such awful suffering as with this eczema. I had made up my mind that death was near at hand, and I longed for that time when I would be at rest. I had tried many different doctors and medicines without success, and my mother brought me the Cuticura Remedies, insisting that I try them. I began to feel better after the first bath with Cuticura Soap, and one application of Cuticura Ointment.

"I continued with the Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment, and have taken four bottles of Cuticura Resolvent, and consider myself well. This was nine years ago and I have had no return of the trouble since. Any person having any doubt about this wonderful cure by the Cuticura Remedies can write to my address. Mrs. Alta Etson, 93 Inn Road, Battle Creek, Mich., Oct. 16, 1909."

## Evidences of Wealth.

"I wish we had a piano; I'd like to impress those people."

"Show 'em the pieces of beef you've got in the refrigerator."

## TO DRIVE OUT MALARIA AND BUILD UP THE SYSTEM

Take the Old Standard Quinine and Iron Tonic. You know what you are taking. The formula is plainly printed on every bottle, showing it is simply Quinine and Iron in a tasteless form. The Quinine drives out the malarial and the Iron builds up the system. Sold by all dealers for 30 years. Price 50 cents.

We feel sorry for a girl who knows more than she ought to and not as much as she should.

Your cattle always have pure water at small cost to you if you have a bottomless tank. Booklet "A" free. Alamo Iron Works, San Antonio, Texas.

Some men are self-made and some others are wife-made.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, soothes the gum, reduces inflammation, always cures wind colic. See bottle.

A man knows but little if he tells the missus all he knows.

Constipation causes and seriously aggravates many diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Dr. Pierce's Peppermint Cure.

A fool can always find another fool to admire him.

## Pipe Gives Cadet Typhoid.

Midshipman Smith, who was stricken with typhoid fever on the Indiana at Plymouth, England, contracted the disease, it is said, from smoking a briar used nearly a year ago by his roommate at Annapolis who had a bad case of typhoid. This theory is taken as proof that concentrated nicotine cannot destroy a typhoid germ. The medical department of the navy will examine into the theory with the result that midshipmen of the future may confine themselves to their own pipes.

## The Stylish Fisherman.

One of the guests of a fashionable summer resort in West Virginia got himself up in his best fishing togs and started along a certain mountain stream.

Meeting a native, he asked: "Here, my good man! kindly tell me whether it would be worth my while to try fishing in this vicinity."

The native regarded him scornfully. "The fishin' ain't good," he finally said, "but I ain't informed as to how you values your time."—Lippincott's.

## How Lightning Splits Trees.

Lightning makes trees explode, like overcharged boilers. The flame of the lightning does not burn them up, nor does the electric flash split them like an ax. The bolt flows through into all the damp interstices of the trunk and into the hollows under its bark. All the moisture at once is turned into steam, which by its immediate explosion rips open the tree. For centuries this simple theory puzzled scientists, but they have got it in right at last.

Bottomless tanks enable you to water your cattle in Nature's way at small cost. Booklet "A" free. Alamo Iron Works, San Antonio, Texas.

The discovery that he had invested in a salted mine is apt to make a man peppery.

Lewis' Single Binder, the famous straight 5c cigar—annual sale 9,500,000.

Best men are molded out of faults.—Shakespeare.

## Stomach Blood and Liver Troubles

Much sickness starts with weak stomach, and consequent poor, impoverished blood. Nervous and pale-people lack good, rich, red blood. Their stomachs need invigorating for, after all, a man can be no stronger than his stomach. A remedy that makes the stomach strong and the liver active, makes rich red blood and overcomes and drives out disease-producing bacteria and cures a whole multitude of diseases.

Get rid of your Stomach Weakness and Liver Laziness by taking a course of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery—the great Stomach Restorative, Liver Invigorator and Blood Cleanser.

You can't afford to accept any medicine of unknown composition as a substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery," which is a medicine of known composition, having a complete list of ingredients in plain English on its bottle-wrapper, same being attested as correct under oath.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate Stomach, Liver and Bowels.

## The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Purely vegetable—act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness and Indigestion. They do their duty. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price. Genuine must bear Signature.

## W. L. DOUGLAS HAND-SEWED SHOES

Men's \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00, \$5.00  
Women's \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00  
Boys' \$2.00, \$2.50 & \$3.00  
THE STANDARD FOR 30 YEARS  
They are absolutely the most popular and best shoes for the price in America. They are the leaders everywhere because they hold their shape, fit better, look better and wear longer than other makes. They are certainly the most economical shoes for you to buy. W. L. Douglas name and retail price are stamped on the bottom—value guaranteed. Fast Color Erupts. TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE! If your dealer cannot supply you write for Mail Order Catalog.

## TRY MURINE EYE REMEDY

For Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and GRANULATED EYELIDS  
Murine Doesn't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain  
Druggists Sell Murine Eye Remedy, Liquid, 25c, 50c, \$1.00  
Murine Eye Salve, in Asseptic Tubes, 25c, \$1.00  
EYE BOOKS AND ADVICE FREE BY MAIL.  
Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

## PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors.

Freedom is the only soil in which great and good men grow—freedom of mind and body.

Many who used to smoke 10c cigars now buy Lewis' Single Binder straight 5c.

A seal on a watch fob may be worth two on an iceberg.

**900 DROPS**  
**CASTORIA**  
ALCOHOL—3 PER CENT  
Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of  
**INFANTS & CHILDREN**  
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral  
**NOT NARCOTIC**  
Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER  
Pumpkin Seed  
Aloes  
Rhubarb Sals  
Sassafras  
Peppermint  
Licorice  
Cinnamon  
Mentha  
Mint  
Wintergreen  
Flavor  
Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.  
The Similar Signature of  
*Chas. H. Fletcher*  
THE CENTAUR COMPANY,  
NEW YORK.  
At 6 months old  
35 DROPS 35 CENTS  
Guaranteed under the Food and Drug Act  
Exact Copy of Wrapper.

# CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature

of

*Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use

For Over

Thirty Years

# CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

FREE Send postal for Free Package of PAXTINE. Better and more economical than liquid antiseptics FOR ALL TOILET USES.

## PAXTINE TOILET ANTISEPTIC

Gives one a sweet breath; clean, white, germ-free teeth—antiseptically clean mouth and throat—purifies the breath after smoking—dispels all disagreeable perspiration and body odors—much appreciated by dainty women. A quick remedy for sore eyes and catarrh.

A little Paxtine powder dissolved in a glass of hot water makes a delightful antiseptic solution, possessing extraordinary cleansing, germicidal and healing power, and absolutely harmless. Try a Sample, 50c, a large box at drugists or by mail. THE PAXTON TOILET CO., BOSTON, MASS.

## FAD OF THE DAY

Wear your own monogram. Famous Mastercraft Jewelry for September only. Send 10c for heavily plated 14K Monograms.

ONE-HALF ACTUAL SIZE for belt, hairpin or bag marker. Also ladies' or gentlemen's watch fobs freely as illustrated. YOUNG M.A.N., give your girl her monogram. YOUNG L.A.D.Y., how about a fob for your beau? Silver or gold metal. Send for yours. Sent prepaid. Immediately on receipt of order. Money refunded if not satisfactory. State what article and letters are desired.

THE MASTERCRAFT COMPANY 140 Nassau Street New York City

## The difference remember this—

it may save your life. Cathartics, bitter shot and cannon ball pills—tea spoon doses of cathartic medicines all depend on irritation of the bowels until they sweat enough to move. Castoreum strengthens the bowel muscles so they creep and crawl naturally. This means a cure and only through Castoreum can you get it quickly and naturally.

Castoreum—10c box—Weg's treatment. All druggists. Biggest seller in the world—million boxes a month.

Opera House is by the American exchange of New here is none better. They are having all made by an artist repute, the show go will be better cared than ever before. Garden, new parlor, street scenes, e by the ex- to remodel all modern

Everywhere in the world shave with the Gillette KNOWN THE WORLD

PARKER'S HAIR BALM. Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. For sale by Druggists. Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures only dandruff & hair falling out. 25c and 50c at Druggists.

Everybody Sing "Down in Sunny Texas" Latest song hit. Words and music by mail. Texas Music House, Box 941, San Antonio, Tex.

SUMMER RESORT NEAR HOME. Go to Baton, N. M. Dry, invigorating, mountain climate. Expenses moderate. Excellent opportunities for investments. Further information, please correspond with W. N. U., DALLAS, NO. 35-1910.

**Radium SPRAY**  
EXTERMINATES Chloken Mites, Bed Bugs, Fleas, Mosquitoes, and all insects, household and lawn. Disinfects. At your dealer or write RADIUM SPRAY CO., 494 1/2 Main St., Dallas

## Texas Directory

**HED-LYTE**  
The new liquid headache and neuralgia medicine. Safe, Pleasant and Effective. 10c, 25c and 50c bottles at all Drug Stores. Manufactured by THE HED-LYTE COMPANY DALLAS TEXAS

## Edison-Edison-Edison

Ten Amberol Records for \$1.00 if you buy attachment to play them. Six Amberol Records free—FREE if you sell an EDISON for us. EDISON PHONOGRAPH CO. JOBBERS. HOUSTON, TEXAS

## To Cure Your Pimples.

Take a cup of GRAND M A'S TEA every night before retiring. Pleasant to take and marvelous results in two weeks. Package 25 cents.

## PATENTS

Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Booklet free. High-class references. Best results.

## DEFIANCE STARCH

easiest to work with and starches clothes nicest.

## Every Man Should Fence His Yard

his garden, orchard or stock. It insures a certain degree of privacy and keeps out undesirable. The best fence to use for this purpose and the most economical is the famous Hodge Fence, a combination of wood and wire. Insist on your lumber dealer showing it to you or write THE HODGE FENCE & LUMBER CO., Ltd. Lake Charles, La.

# You Look Prematurely Old

Because of those ugly, grizzly, gray hairs. Use "LA GREOLE" HAIR RESTORER. PRICE, \$1.00, retail.



**Notice of Sheriff's Sale.**

The State of Texas,  
County of Haskell.

In the District Court of Haskell County, Texas.

LePaul Jossellett, Plaintiff  
vs. No. 652, vs.  
Paul Solomon, et al.

Whereas, by virtue of an order of sale issued out of the District Court of Haskell County, Texas, on a judgment rendered in said court on the 30th day of May, 1910, in favor of LePaul Jossellett and against D. O. Hawkins, Paul Solomon and W. H. Boren, in the above styled suit numbered 652, upon the docket of said court, I did on the 4th day of August, A. D. 1910, at 9 o'clock a. m. seize and take into my possession the following described tract of land, to-wit: All that certain tract or parcel of land in Haskell County, Texas, the same being a part of the Joseph McGee League and Labor Survey of Land, Abst. No. 316, (Cert. No. 2090-2191, survey No. 36, and patented to Joseph McGee on January 27, 1857, by patent No. 661, Vol. 12, and described by metes and bounds as follows: Beginning at a stake in the N. E. line of said McGee survey of land 1106.7 vrs. E. of its N. W. corner, the same being the N. E. corner of a one hundred acre tract conveyed by LePaul Jossellett to T. L. Green, October 1st, 1908; Thence S. 1073.5 vrs. to stk. set for S. W. cor. of this tract; Thence E. 631.1 vrs. to stake in E. B. line of Paul Jossellett 1200 acre tract of land; Thence N. 1073.5 vrs. to N. E. cor. of said 1200 acre tract, for N. E. cor. of this tract; Thence S. 89 deg. 40 min. W. 631.1 vrs. to the place of beginning containing 120 acres of land.

And on the 6th day of September, 1910, being the first Tuesday of said month, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. on said day, I will offer for sale and sell at public auction at the court house door in the city of Haskell, Haskell County, Texas, for cash, the above described property foreclosing the vendor's lien thereon as the same existed on the 1st day of October, 1908, and will apply the proceeds on the aforesaid judgment, which is in favor of LePaul Jossellett and against D. O. Hawkins, Paul Solomon and W. H. Boren for the sum of One Thousand Five Hundred Twenty Eight and 17/100 (\$1528.17) Dollars, with interest thereon from May 30, 1910, at 8 per cent per annum, and all cost of suit, etc.

Dated at Haskell, Texas, this 5th day of August, 1910.

M. E. PARK,  
Sheriff of Haskell County, Tex.

**Notice of Sheriff's Sale.**

The State of Texas,  
County of Haskell.

In the District Court of Haskell County, Texas.

C. D. Grissom, Plaintiff,  
vs. No. 584  
G. C. Burdine, et al. Defendants.

Whereas, by virtue of an order of sale issued out of the District Court of Haskell County, Texas, on the 20th day of August, 1910, under a judgment rendered in said court on the 31st day of May, 1910, in favor of said C. D. Grissom and against G. C. Burdine, E. S. McGuire, E. V. man, W. B. Reeves, W. T. C. Montgomery, Lige Sanders Hays Smith, numbered upon the docket of said court, I did on the 3rd day of August, 1910, seize and take into my possession the following described tract and parcel of land situated in Haskell County, Texas, known as lot No. 6 in block 21 in the town of Sagerton in said County and State. And on the 6th day of September 1910, being the first Tuesday in said month, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. on said day at the Court House door of said County, I will offer for sale and sell at public auction for cash the above described property, and will apply the proceeds toward the payment of said judgment and otherwise as directed therein.

Witness my hand officially at Haskell, Texas this 12th day of August, A. D. 1910.

M. E. Park, Sheriff,  
Haskell County Texas.

**OLD SOLDIER'S DINNER**

September 10th.

Camp Raines No. 633 U. C. V. met at the Court House, Aug. 27th, and after some discussion decided not to have a barbecue this year owing to unfavorable conditions, but decided to meet at Comrad G. J. Miller's on Sept. 10, 1910, with baskets and lunch and have one more social Mess together.

Everybody is invited to attend and bring a well filled basket.

The teachers, preachers, editors and children are invited to meet with us and make it a day of cheer for the old veterans.

If we fail to meet this time, the coming winter's blasts may deprive some of us of another opportunity to meet with the camp.

There will be good music for the occasion.

J. S. Post  
G. E. Ballew  
W. A. Trice

Committee,  
Haskell County, Texas.

**Notice of Sheriff's Sale.**

The State of Texas,  
County of Haskell.

In the District Court of Haskell County, Texas.

David Garnier, Plaintiff,  
vs. No. 659  
A. W. Hruska, Defendant.

Whereas, by virtue of an order of sale issued out of the District Court of Haskell County, Texas, on a judgment rendered in said court on the 30th day of May, 1910, in favor of said David Garnier and against the said A. W. Hruska, numbered No. 659 on the docket of said court; same being a foreclosure of the vendor's lien upon the property hereinafter described: I did on the 11th day of August, 1910, at 10 o'clock a. m. seize and take into my possession the following described tract and parcel of land: All that certain tract or parcel of land situated in Haskell County, Texas, and described by metes and bounds as follows: Beginning at a point 709 varas north and 1735.7 varas east from the southwest corner of Jos. McGee survey; thence north 1042.7 varas; thence north 89 degrees 42 minutes east 979 varas; thence south 1042.7 varas; thence south 89 degrees 42 minutes west 979 varas to place of beginning, containing 180 9/10 acres of land.

And on the 6th day of September, 1910, being the first Tuesday in said month, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. on said day at the court house door of said county, I will offer for sale and sell at public auction for cash the above described property, and will apply the proceeds toward the payment of said judgment and otherwise as directed therein.

Witness my hand officially at Haskell, Texas, this 11th day of August, A. D. 1910.

M. E. Park,  
Sheriff, Haskell County, Tex.

**NOTICE OF SHERIFF SALE**

The State of Texas,  
County of Haskell.

In the District Court of Haskell County, Texas.

J. M. Radford Grocery Co.,  
vs. No. 665,  
J. H. Booth et al

Whereas by virtue of an order of sale issued out of the District Court of Haskell County, Texas, on a judgment rendered in said Court in favor of J. M. Radford Grocery Co., and intervenor Mrs. Annie Wood and against J. H. Booth and B. F. Thomas numbered 665 on the docket of said Court. Same being a foreclosure of the Vendors Lien upon the property herein after described: I did on the 12th day of August A. D. 1910 at 10 o'clock a. m. seize and take into my possession the following described tract and parcel of land to-wit: All that certain tract or parcel of land situated in Haskell County, Texas, known as lot No. 6 in block 21 in the town of Sagerton in said County and State. And on the 6th day of September 1910, being the first Tuesday in said month, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. on said day at the Court House door of said County, I will offer for sale and sell at public auction for cash the above described property, and will apply the proceeds toward the payment of said judgment and otherwise as directed therein.

Witness my hand officially at Haskell, Texas this 12th day of August, A. D. 1910.

M. E. Park, Sheriff,  
Haskell County Texas.

**OLD SOLDIER'S DINNER**

September 10th.

Camp Raines No. 633 U. C. V. met at the Court House, Aug. 27th, and after some discussion decided not to have a barbecue this year owing to unfavorable conditions, but decided to meet at Comrad G. J. Miller's on Sept. 10, 1910, with baskets and lunch and have one more social Mess together.

Everybody is invited to attend and bring a well filled basket.

The teachers, preachers, editors and children are invited to meet with us and make it a day of cheer for the old veterans.

If we fail to meet this time, the coming winter's blasts may deprive some of us of another opportunity to meet with the camp.

There will be good music for the occasion.

J. S. Post  
G. E. Ballew  
W. A. Trice

Committee,  
Haskell County, Texas.

**PROFESSIONAL.**

**Dr. O. M. GUEST**  
DENTIST

Office in the McConnell Building.  
OFFICE Phone No. 52.  
RESIDENCE " " 149.

**Dr. J. D. SMITH**  
DENTIST

Office-Smith & Sutherland Bldg  
Phone { Office No. 32  
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**DR. W. A. KIMBROUGH**  
Physician and Surgeon

Office Phone No. 246  
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RESIDENCE PHONE 113  
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**J. A. MOORE**  
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OFFICE In McConnell Building  
HASKELL, TEXAS.

**A. J. LEWIS, M. D. C.**  
Veterinary Surgeon  
and Dentist.

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Office Phone 25  
Res. Phone 190

**H. G. MCCONNELL.**  
Attorney at Law.

OFFICE IN  
McConnell Building N.W. Cor Square

**Gordon B. McGuire**  
Attorney-at-Law

Office in McConnell Bldg.

**Monroe & Hal McConnell**

HASKELL, TEXAS.  
DEALERS IN  
Poultry and Pet Stock

Orpington Chickens and Eggs  
Fancy Fantail & Homer Pigeons  
Imported Belgian Giant Hares  
American Red Rufus Belgian "

WRITE FOR PRICES

**NOTICE.**

On Saturday September 17th 1910--There will be sold at the Court House door in the town of Haskell, to the highest bidder, the old jail building in the town of Haskell, together with the lot on which the same is located, on terms of one half cash and balance on twelve months time.

Also at the same time there will be sold by the County to the highest bidder a couple of small out buildings and one large galvanized water tank on terms of cash.

**ADVERTISED LETTERS.**

- 1. Rev. Stanley
- 2. J. A. Moore
- 3. Rev. Stanley
- 4. Dr. C. Scott
- 5. Mrs. Emley Terrell
- 6. Miss Estelle Westmoreland
- 7. California Ranch
- 8. Rev. G. B. Rayner

Dr. Cox's Painless Blister,  
Price 50c. Guaranteed to blister without pain, or money refunded. For sale by All Drug-gists.

**THE STATE OF TEXAS.**

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Haskell County--GREETING

YOU ARE HEREBY COMMANDED, to summon, Hays Covington, Thomas Covington, John L. Covington, Sarah F. Stanford, Elizabeth Ferguson and Polly Blakely, whose residences are unknown, and the heirs of Hays Covington, deceased (except Charles Covington) and the heirs of Thomas Covington, deceased, and the heirs of John L. Covington, deceased, and the heirs of Sarah F. Stanford, deceased, and the heirs of Elizabeth Ferguson, deceased, and the heirs of Polly Blakely, deceased, all of whose names and residences are unknown, by making Publication of this Citation once in each week for eight successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in Haskell County, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not then in any newspaper published in the nearest county where a newspaper is published to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Haskell County, to be held at the Court House thereof, at Haskell on the 16th Monday after the first Monday in August, 1910, the same being the 21st day of November, 1910, then and there to answer the first amended original petition filed in said Court on the 21st day of July, 1910, in suit numbered 612 on the Docket of said Court, wherein E. Burgess and F. E. Burgess are Plaintiffs and Hays Covington, Thomas Covington, John L. Covington, Sarah F. Stanford, Elizabeth Ferguson and Polly Blakely whose residences are unknown, and the heirs of Hays Covington, deceased, (except Charles Covington) and the heirs of Thomas Covington, deceased, and the heirs of John L. Covington, deceased, and the heirs of Sarah Stanford, deceased, and the heirs of Elizabeth Ferguson, deceased, and the heirs of Polly Blakely, deceased, all of whose names and residences are unknown, are Defendants said amended original petition alleging that on or about January 1st 1910 Plaintiffs were lawfully seized and possessed of the following described land and premises situated in Haskell County, Texas, holding and claiming the same in fee simple, to-wit: The Hays Covington Survey, Abstract No. 36, Survey No. 137, containing 369 acres described by the following metes and bounds, to-wit: Beginning at the N. E. corner of Survey No. 44, made for John Carrington, for the N. W. corner of this Survey from which a mesquite bears N. 35 degrees E. 19 1/4 varas, another bears East 17 varas; Thence East to the South line of Survey No. 16, 123 1/2 varas to stake for North-east corner from which a mesquite bears S. 48 degrees East 23 varas; another bears N. 6 degrees East 26 1/2 varas; Thence South 1600 varas to stake in prairie for the South-east corner; Thence West 1223 varas to the South-west corner of Survey No. 44 for South-west corner of this Survey; Thence North 1600 varas to the place of beginning.

That on the day and year last aforesaid the defendants unlawfully entered upon said premises and ejected Plaintiffs therefrom and unlawfully withheld from the Plaintiffs the possession thereof to their damage \$3000.00. That the reasonable annual rental value of said land and premises is \$250.00.

Plaintiffs further show to the Court that they are claiming said land and premises under the following chain of title, to-wit: A Patent issued to Hays Covington by the State of Texas on the 5th day of December 1858 by virtue of augmentation certificate No. 245 issued to said Hays Covington by the Board of Land Commissioners of Washington County, Texas on the first day of February 1858, A General Warranty Deed executed by Charles Covington to John H. Seward on January 31st 1872, acknowledged on the same day by Charles Covington before Thomas M. Hunt, Clerk of the District Court of Haskell County, Texas, filed for record October 31st 1880 and duly recorded in the Deed Records of Haskell County, Texas, in Vol. 12 on page 4. A deed executed by Mrs. Laura E. Seward, Mrs. Marion S. Holt O. T. Holt Ingham R. Seward of Harris County, Texas and Mrs. Annie E. Wallace and J. W. Wallace of Alleghany County, Virginia to O. A. Seward of Washington County, Texas, on July 18th 1905, said deed being duly executed and recorded in Deed Records of Haskell County, Texas, in Vol. 32 page 349.

A deed duly executed by O. A. Seward to W. N. Bunkley on February 24th 1906 filed for record in Haskell County, Texas, April 15th 1907, and duly recorded in the Deed Records of said County in Vol. 25 page 465; And a deed duly executed by W. N. Bunkley and wife to Plaintiffs, E. and F. E. Burgess June 24th 1907, and duly recorded in the Deed Records of Haskell County, Texas, in Vol. 37 page 252.

The Plaintiffs further show to the Court that they are claiming said 369 acres of land under deeds duly registered, and that they and those under whom they hold have had peaceable and adverse possession of said land and premises heretofore described, cultivating and enjoying the same for a period of more than ten years prior to January 1st 1910 and before the commencement of this suit and this they are ready to verify.

The Plaintiffs further show to the Court that they and those under whom they hold, have had peaceable, continuous and adverse possession by an actual enclosure of said land and premises heretofore described, cultivating and enjoying the same for a period of more than ten years prior to January 1st 1910 and before the commencement of this suit and this they are ready to verify.

The Plaintiffs further show to the Court that they are unable to set out the claim or claims of the several defendants, or the pretended claims of said defendants, for the reason that their several claims or pretended claims, if any they have, and the nature thereof, are to the Plaintiffs unknown.

Wherefore Plaintiffs pray that the defendants be cited in the terms of the law to appear and answer this petition, and that they have judgment of the Court for the title and possession of the above described land and premises, and that a writ of restitution be issued, and for rents, damages and costs of suit, and for such other and further relief, special and general, in law and in equity, as they may be justly entitled to. Herein fail not, but have before said Court on the 1st day of the next term thereof, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness J. W. Meadors, Clerk of the District Court of Haskell County, Texas.  
Given under my hand and seal of said Court, in the town of Haskell this 21st day of July, A. D. 1910.

J. W. Meadors  
Clerk District Court, Haskell County.  
By Roy English,  
Deputy.

SEAL

We the undersigned have leased The Big Gin of W. T. McDaniel, and also residence, and will operate this plant during the coming season, giving the best service we can. Everything has been overhauled and put in first class condition. Give us a trial and we guarantee absolute satisfaction.

Respt.,  
Glenn & Webb.

**CITATION**

THE STATE OF TEXAS.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Haskell County--Greeting:

You are hereby commanded, that you summon, by making publication of this citation in some newspaper published in the county of Haskell, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in any newspaper published in the 39th judicial district; but if there be no newspaper published in said judicial district, then in a newspaper published in the nearest district to said 39th judicial district, for four weeks previous to the return day hereof, W. C. Scott, whose residence is unknown, to be and appear before the Hon. District Court, at the next regular term thereof, to be held in the county of Haskell at the court house thereof, in Haskell, Texas, on the sixteenth Monday after the first Monday in August (being the 21st day of November, 1910) then and there to answer a petition filed in said court, on the 18th day of July A. D. 1910, in a suit numbered on the docket of said court No. 674, wherein J. H. Wilder is plaintiff and W. C. Scott is defendant. The nature of the plaintiff's demand being as follows, to-wit:

Suit for debt, interest, attorneys fees and foreclosure of vendor's lien under allegations as follows: That heretofore, to-wit; on the 2nd day of November, 1907, the defendant, W. C. Scott, made, executed and delivered to one Wm. Oglesby his four certain promissory notes, each for the sum of \$125.00, two of said notes due and payable November 2, 1908, and two due and payable November 2, 1909, and each of said notes payable to the order of said Wm. Oglesby, and each bearing interest from date until paid at the rate of 8 per cent per annum, said interest payable annually and if not paid when due to become as principal and bear the same rate of interest as the principal, and each note stipulating for ten per cent upon the amount of principal and interest due thereon as attorneys fees, provided suit is had upon said notes or the same is placed in the hands of an attorney for collection; whereby the said defendant became bound to pay and liable and promised to pay the said Wm. Oglesby the sum of money in said notes specified, together with all interest thereon and attorneys fees according to the tenor and effect thereof.

That said notes were given for a part of the purchase money of the hereinafter described real estate, as follows:

Two of said notes were given as a part of the purchase money for one acre of land situated in Haskell County, Texas, being one acre of land out of the northeast corner of out lot No. 94 of the Peter Allen survey of 3/4 league and labor, abstract No. 2, certificate No. 136, patent No. 365, volume 17. And two of said notes were given as a part payment for one acre of land out of said Allen survey situated in said Haskell County, Texas, and described as follows: Beginning 27.2 varas south of the northeast corner of out lot No. 94; thence south 27.2 varas; thence west 207.2 varas; thence north 27.2 varas; thence east 207.2 varas to beginning. That said land was heretofore, to-wit; on the 2nd day of November, 1907, conveyed to defendant by the said Wm. Oglesby by his deeds of writing of that date, in consideration, among other things, of the four notes herein described, and that in said deeds of conveyance a lien was reserved thereon to secure the payment of said notes. Plaintiff alleges that before said note became due he purchased same from the said Wm. Oglesby who was the owner of said notes at the time of the purchase thereof, and paid therefor a valuable consideration, and that he is now and was at the institution of this suit the legal owner and holder of said notes; that each of said notes are due and unpaid, and defendant, though often requested, has failed and refused to pay the same or any part thereof or any installment of interest thereon, but that the same remains still due and unpaid, that said notes have been placed in the hands of an attorney for collection and defendant has contracted to pay the attorney fees stipulated therein.

Herein fail not, and have you before said court, on the said first day of the next term thereof, this writ, with your endorsement thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and seal

of said court, at office in Haskell, Texas, this, the 4th day of August, A. D. 1910.

J. W. MEADORS,  
Clerk District Court, Haskell County, Texas.  
By Lucile Hughes, Deputy.

**NOTICE OF SHERIFF'S SALE:**

THE STATE OF TEXAS,  
County of Haskell.

By virtue of an order of sale, issued out of the Honorable District Court of Haskell County, on 11th day of August 1910, by the clerk thereof, in the case of J. U. Fields versus W. T. Hudson et al. No. 433, and to me, as Constable directed and delivered, I will proceed to sell for cash, within the hours prescribed by law for Sheriff's Sales, on the First Tuesday in Sept. 1910, it being the sixth day of said month, before the Court House door of said Haskell county, in the town of Haskell the following described property, to-wit: The north sixty-five acres of an 80 acre tract of land in Haskell county, Texas, known as block No. 11 7 of the Peter Allen 2 1/2 L. & L. Survey No. 140, Cert. No. 136, Abst. No. 2, Patent No. 365, Vol. 17, as the same is shown on the plat of the subdivisions of said Peter Allen survey recorded in Vol. M. 7 page 400 of the deed records of Haskell county, Texas, which is here referred to, levied on August 11th, 1910, as the property of W. T. Hudson, W. C. Wasson and the unknown heirs of O. A. Pattee deceased, to satisfy a judgment amounting to \$960.66 in favor of G. E. Tandy and costs of suit, and a second lien of \$5087.51 and a third lien of \$531.76.

Given under my hand, this 11th day of August, 1910.

T. W. Carleton,  
Constable Pre. No. 1,  
Haskell Co., Texas.

**CITATION**

THE STATE OF TEXAS.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Haskell County--Greeting:

You are hereby commanded, that you summon, by making publication of this citation in some newspaper published in the county of Haskell, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in any newspaper published in said judicial district; but if there be no newspaper published in said judicial district, then in a newspaper published in the nearest district to said 39th judicial district, for four weeks previous to the return day hereof, Mrs. Mattie H. Neathery and R. E. Neathery whose residence is unknown, to be and appear before the Hon. Special Commissioners in the county of Haskell at the Court House thereof, in Haskell, Texas, on the 4th day of October, 1910, at 10 a. m. o'clock then and there to answer a petition filed with the county judge of Haskell county, on the 24th day of August A. D. 1910, in a condemnation proceeding, wherein Wichita Valley Railroad Company is plaintiff and Mrs. M. E. Hayes, John M. Hayes, Mrs. Georgia Cooke, W. H. Cooke, Mrs. Mattie H. Neathery, R. E. Neathery and Florence Tillman are defendants. The nature of the plaintiffs demand being as follows, to-wit: Plaintiff alleges that it is a railroad corporation, duly incorporated, and for its use as a roadbed, has taken as a right of way over section 141 block 45 H. & T. C. R. R. Co. survey in Haskell county, Texas, belonging to the defendants, 5.1 acres of land; that plaintiff and the defendants are unable to agree on the price of said land so taken and the damages incident thereto, and plaintiff prays that same be legally condemned and the damages assessed.

Herein fail not, and have you before said Commissioners at their said meeting, this writ, with your endorsement thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under our hands in Haskell, Texas, this the 24th day of August A. D. 1910.

G. J. Clough  
R. P. Simmons  
Frank Wilfong  
Special Commissioners.

Mrs. Henry Tandy and niece, Miss Elsie Scott have returned from a visit to relatives at Woodard Okla. and Glazier Texas and other points.