

LOCAL BOARD WILL RETAIN PRESENT OFFICE ROOM

As of considerable probable value to the large number of Floyd County men who are already in the Selective Service Age under the old law as well as those who are today registering at the various voting boxes under the 18 to 45 law inclusive, it is stated that the Local Board has arranged to retain its office adjoining the county attorney's office on the third floor of the court house, which is the grand jury room.

With the approach of the fall term of the grand jury arrangements were gone into by the board with the county officials whereby the county is to allow the board to retain their office, the grand jury meeting in another room of the court house, possibly in the county court room or on the fourth floor. The Local Board has an accumulation of records that make it inconvenient to move and in addition to this will have a tremendous load of detail work added by the new registrations of today, all of whom will be filing questionnaires and attending to other matters before the board. It is thought, therefore, that the retention of their present offices by the board will help to prevent confusion.

BAPTIST LADIES AID

The Baptist Ladies Aid met at the church Monday, September 9, 1918.

Devotional led by Mrs. Truett. The Society outlined the work for the coming year as follows:

Social meeting, first Monday; Bible questions on Old Testament, second Monday; A study of the women of the Bible, third Monday; Missionary program, fourth Monday.

Mrs. Graham gave a report from the Ladies meeting at Lockney. The following officers were elected for the County Organization: President, Mrs. Dr. Shaw; vice president, Mrs. Graham; secretary treasurer, Mrs. Kizziar; corresponding secretary, Mrs. Dick; personal service chairman, Mrs. Joiner; juvenile leader, Mrs. Weatherby.

Corresponding Secretary.

HILBURN IS QUICK CHANGE IMPERSONATOR ARTIST

A. Mather Hilburn at the High School Auditorium last Monday night in the opening number of the Lyceum year at Floydada immensely pleased a fairly good-sized audience with his quick change impersonations of characters known and beloved of the southwest. The greater part of his program was humorous, but he showed real dramatic ability in his presentation of "A Bachelor's Romance," which was very much appreciated by the audience.

From Floydada Mr. Hilburn went to Roaring Springs to fill a date and the remainder of this week he is spending at points in Oklahoma and on the Denver railroad.

Mr. Hilburn's home is at Shamrock where his family resides. His last engagements were in Summer Chautauqua work in Canada, where, according to press comments from large as well as smaller cities, he was very popular.

12,000,000 MEN ARE REGISTERING TODAY

Today is registration day all over the nation for men between the ages of 18 to 45, inclusive, who have not previously registered.

At Floydada approximately 200 men had registered at noon. The registration is being conducted in the county court room.

Announcement made yesterday indicates that men between the ages of 19 and 21 and 31 and 36, not exempted, will be first to take up military service.

No disaffection of trouble is reported from any section of the county, none being anticipated, however.

CO-OPERATIVE GROCERY

R. O. Fields and others are planning the establishment of a Co-operative Grocery in Floydada, the preliminary movement being undertaken to obtain stock in the concern. Subscriptions of \$10 or more are being taken, stockholders being allowed 5 per cent discount on purchases and being allowed credit to the extent of the stock held, according to the plan outlined.

The co-operative grocery, if established, would deliver groceries in the city. Several have subscribed for stock in the concern.

MARRIAGE LICENSE ISSUED

County Clerk Tom W. Deen issued license to marry on September 5th to Mr. Lloyd M. Brown and Miss Emma L. Glasson.

CONVERSION OF LIBERTY BONDS

The privilege of conversion which arose in consequence of the issue of 4 per cent bonds of the Third Liberty Loan will expire on November 9 next and under existing law can not be extended or renewed. Delay in exercising the privilege will result in overburdening the banking institutions of the country and the Treasury Department by making it necessary to handle all conversions at the last moment and may result in many cases in the loss of the privilege of conversion altogether.

Holders of coupon bonds are strongly advised to exchange them for registered bonds in order to protect themselves against the risk of loss, theft, and destruction of their bonds. The banks throughout the country as a matter of patriotic service, will doubtless all assist bondholders in converting and registering their bonds.

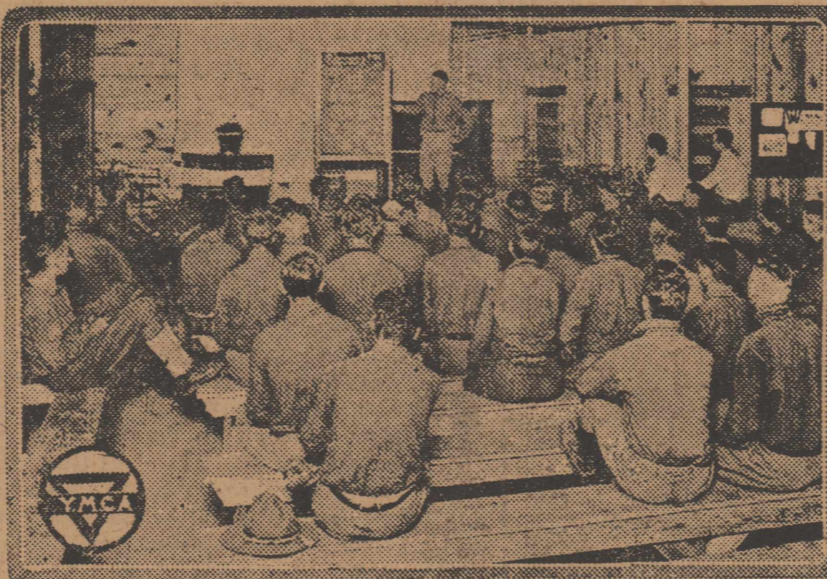
EXEMPTION BOARD RECEIVES MUCH MAIL

The Exemption Board for Floyd County, since its establishment last year, has been one of the heaviest receivers of mail in the city. More recently the mail for the board has been unusually heavy, as blanks arrive for the 18 to 45 registration.

Wednesday the board received four large pouches of mail, besides other single pieces.

H. N. Cox, of Merit, Texas, is visiting in Floydada with his son, T. M. Cox and wife.

A SOLDIER "TRIG" CLASS

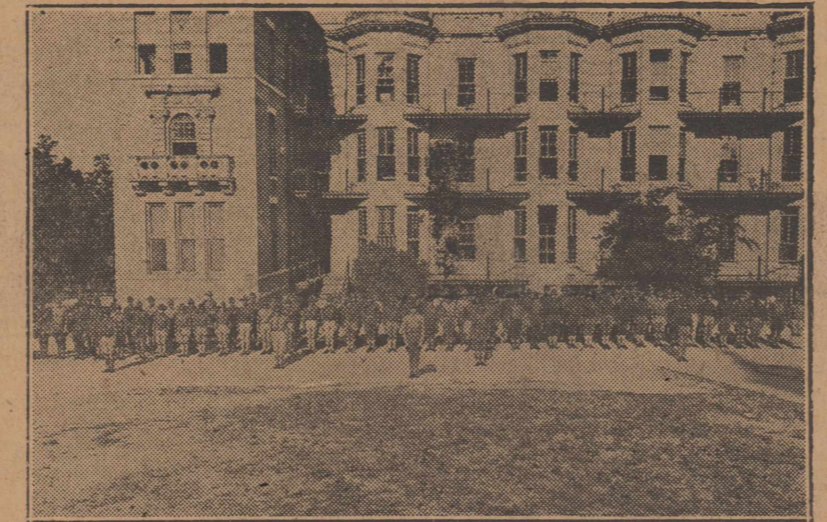


Educational classes at the Army Y. M. C. A. huts are proving popular with the soldiers. Thousands of young men who left school to go into the service are continuing their studies and classes while in the army. Many educational institutions are arranging to give credit for the work done in this way, so that students may not lose anything while serving their country, and can resume their studies on their return, with credit toward degrees and graduation for the class-room work in the army. The picture shows a group of college men continuing their study of trigonometry at one of the Y. M. C. A. schools. It will make them better artillerymen.

In addition to advanced classes, the Y. M. C. A. conducts classes for illiterates and foreigners, teaching them to read, write and speak the English language. The War Department is giving the Army Y. M. C. A. hearty cooperation in this work.

The "trig" class shown in the picture is one of the many educational classes conducted by the Y. M. C. A. at Camp McArthur, Texas.

Texas University is Leading School In Victory Activity In U. S.



A UNIVERSITY BUILDING.—RADIO STUDENTS

Austin, Texas, September 9.—The war activities of the University of Texas have progressed until they are now far greater than those of any other educational institution in the United States. This statement is borne out by the official records of the universities and colleges in the matter of training men for the army. President R. E. Vinson of the University since the declaration of war has devoted his time and energy constantly toward building up a military training establishment here. Many of his ideas along these military educational lines have been adopted by the War Department and are now in practice by educational institutions over the country. It is stated by Dr. Vinson that notwithstanding the big scope of its military schools all departments of the University will be open and conducted as usual at the regular session. There may be a modification or re-adjustment of some of the courses to meet existing war conditions. The constructive ideas of Dr. Vinson which paved the way to the establishment of the different military schools at the University met with the hearty support of the Board of Regents of that institution. He devised the plan by which an expenditure of nearly \$1,500,000 will have been made for buildings and equipment for these military schools, reimbursement for this expenditure to be obtained from the Federal Government by the feeding, housing and instruction of the students by the University.

The latest addition to the military vocation schools of the University will be situated just south of Austin upon a tract of 310 acres of land, where there is now being erected an administration building, six barracks buildings and a mess hall. All of these will be of brick construction of permanent type. They will be occupied by the Radio School which the University is now conducting. Besides these buildings four hangars for air planes will be erected. The cost of the improvements will be approximately \$450,000, it is stated. This will be borne by the University which will be reimbursed later

by the Government for the outlay. The Radio School of the University was established several months ago and has been conducted in the Engineering Building of that institution. When the new plant is finished the attendance will be increased from 400 to about 4,000 and the course of training will be enlarged.

In addition to this war work, the University recently completed the construction of a number of brick barracks buildings, administration building, mess hall, shops and lecture buildings at Camp Mabry, Austin, for the accommodation of the School of Automobile Mechanics which it is conducting for the Government. These buildings were erected at a cost of about \$500,000, and plans have just been adopted for the enlargement of the School by additional buildings and equipment which will cost about \$130,000. The attendance at the school of Automobile Mechanics is now about 3,000 and it will be increased to about 6,000 when the new buildings are finished.

The University is also conducting a School of Military Aeronautics, with an attendance of about 1,200, for the Government. It expended \$167,000 in buildings and equipment for that school. Advice just received from Washington are to the effect that the School of Military Aeronautics here is to be greatly enlarged. This may necessitate the erection of additional buildings by the University. A tire plant to cost \$50,000 is to be built at that school.

The University has also taken over the Theological Seminary at Austin and is converting it into a modern military hospital at a cost of about \$100,000. Besides its other war work, the University will conduct a Students' Army Training Corps, beginning with the opening of the coming regular session of that institution. More than 2,700 students and former students and about fifty members of the faculty of the University are in the army. Most of them are already in France. Several hundred young men went through the training camps and received

SCHOOL OPENS WITH GOOD ATTENDANCE MON.

Floydada Public Schools opened Monday morning of this week with encouraging attendance. Backward conditions had led school officials to believe that the attendance this year would be less than last. First estimates do not seem to bear this out, however. Superintendent Parks estimates the first day attendance to be as great as on the first day last year.

Opening exercises, attended largely by patrons, were held at both the High school and North Side school. The exercises of the high school department were held in the auditorium of the building. The North Side school took advantage of a pretty morning and held their opening out of doors.

BOARD WILL REPORT TOTAL REGISTRATION TOMORROW

The Local Exemption Board for Floyd County will have by tomorrow noon returns on the registration of today from every precinct in the county and as early tomorrow afternoon as possible will wire the adjutant general or provost marshal general the figures.

By Saturday the provost marshal's office will have tabulated and be able to report the total registration in the United States.

EDGAR JONES OPENS ELK CAFE AT PLAINVIEW

Edgar Jones and E. M. Kimble Wednesday opened a new cafe in Plainview, which they have named the Elk Cafe. Mr. Jones has active management of the business.

DISTRICT COURT FLOYD COUNTY OPENS SEP. 23

The District Court for Floyd County will convene on Monday, September 23rd, in Floydada.

The court is now in session in Hale County.

NIECE OF MISS SAVAGE DIED AT ATLUS, OKLA.

Miss Essie Wines, 14-year-old niece of Miss Elsie Savage, teacher in Floydada Public School, died last Sunday at her home in Altus, Oklahoma, from ptomaine poisoning.

Miss Savage left for Altus Monday morning.

Captain A. P. Duggan and Lieut. Muse of Company L Fourth Texas Cavalry together with W. C. Long, Jr. secretary of the Young Mens Business League and E. H. Perry of the O. T. Association were in Floydada Tuesday discussing matters with the Commissioners Court.

Miss Sabra Thagard left Saturday for Fort Worth by way of Wichita Falls. At the latter place she visited two days with her brother, Flynn. She is attending Texas Christian University at Fort Worth.

Mrs. S. D. Bishop Tuesday moved her residence building from the northeast portion of town to lots in the southwestern portion of town. The family will continue to reside in the building.

A. J. Smith was in Floydada the earlier part of this week on business. Mr. Smith's home is now near Bovina.

PAUL FOSTER RESTING AFTER FRONT LINE SERVICE

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Foster, City, had four letters at once the latter part of last week from their son, Paul, who is in the 7th infantry of the Panther Division. His letters were written between the first and fifteenth of August, during which time he was having a rest after service on the line. He says in part:

August 4th.
"Dear Mama, Papa and Little Bud:
**** I am fine and enjoying life well. We are having a little wet weather now. We are not doing anything at all now except taking a little rest. Well, some of the Texas boys have been knocked off, but you sure ought to see the Germans move out. They don't mind to vacate. **** Write all the news."

August 7th.
**** "I feel a little better this afternoon. I just signed the payroll for five months' pay, first time since I was at home. Well, I am going to look for a letter soon as I have been here long enough to hear from home. Write often for we sure do appreciate a letter from home. Here's hoping we are at home by Christmas. What is Silas doing now and where is he?"

"I have been upon the front once since I have been over and am in a rest camp now. I will tell you all about it when I get back. I can tell you one thing now. I have decided to be a better boy and I have quit my bad habits and am going to live a better life, so pray for me."

August 12th
**** "Today is Sunday and we are all lying around doing nothing. Still looking for a letter and may get one any day. Write often so I can hear from you. You can write once a week and I will hear often enough."

August 15th.
**** "We are still in a rest camp. Had a little ball game this afternoon to pass off the time."

**** "Have not heard from you yet but am looking every day for a letter. Well, will close as I want this to go off at once."

"Your loving boy,
PAUL FOSTER."

The letter does not indicate what part of the front the division is located on.

RED CROSS MAKES BIG SHIPMENT OF GARMENTS

This week and last the Red Cross Chapter has completed and shipped out six boxes of supplies, three of which were surgical dressings, two hospital garments, and one knitted garments.

The box of knitted garments contained 41 sweaters, 1 pair of gloves, 118 pairs of socks, and 41 helmets.

WAYLAND RECOGNIZED

Wayland College at Plainview has been recognized by the U. S. Government as one of the schools in Texas at which young men 18 years and up may receive military training under direction of regular army officers. Uniforms being furnished by the Government and these men to receive \$30.00 per month during time of their training.

Hesperian Want ads bring results.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Floydada, Texas

Capital and Surplus - - \$80,000

Dependability
Promptness
and Courtesy

Are a part of the service of this bank.
We cordially solicit your banking business.

Buy W. S. S.

A Checking Account With This Bank

Affords the following advantages:

It assures absolute accuracy in the paying of bills and expenses, and an indisputable receipt for every dollar paid out.

It saves time and energy and introduces system into the handling of your everyday financial matters.

It gives you a valuable business standing among those with whom you deal.

WE WELCOME SMALL AS WELL AS LARGE ACCOUNTS

The First State Bank

FLOYDADA, TEXAS

Lee Montague, President; Jas. K. Green, Vice President
N. W. McCLESKEY, Cashier

U. S. Tires and Tubes

...A FRESH \$3,000 STOCK...

Our price saves you from 10 to 20 per cent. No better Tires or Tubes made for the money.

BROWN BROTHERS.

DO NOT FAIL TO GET OUR PRICES ON HEATERS

The market price is much more than last year, but we have several to sell at last year's prices.

- Large Nickel-trimmed Base Burners
- Large Nickel-trimmed Hot Blasts
- Medium and Small Nickel-trimmed Hot Blasts
- The Cannon Ball Cast Iron Heaters
- Two Small Styles Cast Iron Heaters
- Also the Little Laundry Stove

MITCHELL BROS.

HARDWARE, IMPLEMENTS, WINDMILL OUTFITS, PIPEING, FURNITURE AND UNDERTAKING

Telephone No. 91 Floydada, Texas

Good Business

Insurance against damage or loss by fire is the very best of business whether the insured be business man, professional man, stockman or farmer. Risk of fire loss is too great to be carried by the individual. Why not let one of our strong old-line companies carry it for you

Prompt settlements and liberal dealings are features among the companies we represent.

D. W. FRY & CO.

NATIONAL BANK BLDG. FLOYDADA, TEXAS

JOHN E. YOUNG DEAD

Former Floydada Citizen Succumbs at Shattuck, Oklahoma.—Tribute By a Friend

John E. Young, who with his family formerly resided in Floydada and has many friends here, died recently at Shattuck, Oklahoma. Writing in the Shattuck newspaper a friend, T. A. Butler, says:

John E. Young was born near Warrensburg, Mo., April 5, 1874—died at Shattuck, Oklahoma, August 30, 1918, age 44 years, 4 months, 25 days.

He came with his parents to Pratt County, Kansas, in 1881, lived in Kansas until 1905 when he came to Shattuck, Oklahoma.

He was married to Adda V. Dodson, September 8, 1902, to this union were born three children, he leaves a devoted wife and three children, also a father, mother, and three brothers and three sisters. Mr. Young was a devoted father and husband, and a useful man. He has for some time held a position in the postoffice in Shattuck, where he was accommodating and where he attended strictly to business. In this and other positions held by him he gained many friends, and we will miss his efficient help in our public life. He was a member of the I. O. O. F. fraternity where he had the honor and fraternal fellowship of a large brotherhood. He had not been in good health for a long time but his death was a shock to us all. He was at his work in the P. O. Thursday, all

day, and Friday morning before time for work he had crossed the stream of death. Yes, he will be missed but by none so much as by the lonely wife and precious children, and next to them (if not equal with them) are the dear old father and mother who have been devoted to their children and their country for many long years having served their country through the civil war, and stand today as examples of patriotism and devotion to our beloved flag, and the brothers and sisters have lost a beloved member of their group. To one and all, you have the sympathy of many friends but above all we commend you to God the unfailing friend who alone can give the help most needed in this bereavement.

After a memorial service at the Baptist church Saturday evening at six o'clock, he was laid to rest in the I. O. O. F. cemetery to await the resurrection, the above fraternity officiating in which a number from other towns were present and took part.

WE BUY OLD FALSE TEETH

We will pay up to \$21.50 per set (broken or not). Send now. Cash sent by return mail. Package held 10 to 15 days subject to sender's approval of our offer. Highest prices paid for Old Gold Jewelry, Gold Crowns, Bridges, Platinum and Silver.

United States Smelting Works, Inc. 1033 Goldsmith Bldg., Opp. Post Office, Milwaukee, Wis.

PRESENCE OF MIND SAVES PASSENGER TRAIN

Brakeman on Freight Stops Runaway Train of Gasoline on Down Grade

The most remarkable example of head work and presence of mind was made by Ray Anderson the other night on a runaway freight. His heroism and pluck prevented a railroad wreck that would have been horrible even to contemplate.

The story as we understand it, is substantially as follows: Anderson, brakeman, was coming west on an oil train, with conductor S. H. Coover. At Tangier, or at least in that vicinity, the freight was taking siding to let passenger train No. 113 pass. While going on the siding the draw bar pulled out breaking the air connection and the rear of the train, consisting of more than forty cars started back down the hill.

Conductor Coover and Brakeman Anderson, started setting brakes by hand. The club which Coover had broke, throwing him from the train. This left Anderson alone and he went to work to stop the train by means of the hand brakes. He accomplished the task, setting the brakes on 41 cars and stopped the train. He then took a fusee and ran back to stop the passenger, which he succeeded in doing at just 40 feet from the train which he stopped.

If this train had collided with those cars loaded with gasoline, it seems impossible that anyone on either of the trains could have escaped death by cremation.

Conductor Coover is in the hospital at Mulvane seriously injured, from which it is hoped he will shortly be fully recovered. Anderson is little the worse for his experience except that his hands are both badly blistered.—Canadian Record.

CALIFORNIA BANK FOR "STARS AND STRIPES FOREVER"

The following letter, taken from a bankers trade journal of national circulation, is typical of the unselfish loyalty of the bankers of the United States as a whole, and bespeaks a policy that should be adopted in other lines of commercial endeavor:

"The First National Bank of Pasadena, Cal., May 2, 1918.

"Mr. _____, Pasadena, Cal.

Dear Sir:

We hold at the present time about \$60,000 worth of first mortgages belonging to you, on which we collect payments for you. We have held as high as \$90,000. We know you have real estate in Iowa, that make you a well off man. You are what a bank regards as a good customer; and we are indebted to you for past business.

"You have not subscribed to either First, Second or Third Liberty Loans. You are not a member of the Red Cross, and so far as we know, are not supporting your country in any way.

"You are not only a detriment but a menace to this community. This bank cannot afford to thrive on such business as yours. We have too many calls from patriotic citizens these days to be willing to extend credit to you in order that you may reinvest at 7 per cent up. You will therefore please take up your small note of \$300 immediately; also call at the bank and receipt for your securities, and take your business to lend to German sympathizers.

Yours truly,
J. S. Macdonnell,
Cashier."

FIRE DAMAGE AT ESTELLINE

Estelline was visited by one of the worst fires in its history last Tuesday night. Four brick and cement block buildings and contents were burned. The fire is thought to have originated from lightning which entered the building occupied by the picture show. The fire rapidly spread to the Johnston Hardware Co. store and to the Masonic building. All of these were total losses. The Estelline State bank and post office were damaged but not destroyed. The Masonic Lodge lost its property, the lodge hall being in the second story of one of the structures burned. Some insurance was carried on several of the buildings and stocks, but the loss in addition is quite large. It is not known whether or not the buildings will be rebuilt, but on account of war conditions perhaps not at once.—Hall County Herald.

The Hesperian is published as Semi-weekly News.

WHAT "MISSING IN ACTION" MEANS

Probably the greatest ordeal to a family comes when a soldier is reported "missing in action," says Mr. W. J. Castle, Director of the Bureau of Communication, Washington, and this uncertainty is due to the fact that the report may mean any of several things. It may mean that a soldier has been injured so severely that identification is not possible for the time or it may mean that he was taken prisoner. In the greater number of cases it will turn out that men who are reported missing in action have been captured by the Germans. This informant is further quoted in the press:

"The Bureau of Communication does not wait for an inquiry from the family when a soldier is reported missing in action. The name, regiment and company of the man are sent at once to the searchers in all the hospitals. Effort is made to find the soldier who saw the missing man last, and it is likely that survivors of the engagement in which the man disappeared may be found in some of the hospitals. Those who took part in the engagement are asked, when found, whether they knew the missing man, whether they saw him at any time during the fight; if not, whether they have any hearsay knowledge of what happened to him.

"The evidence obtained, no matter how conflicting, is forwarded to Washington, where bulletins successively, are issued to the family, with a caution as to what information is hearsay.

"While this investigation is going on among those American soldiers who were in the same engagement, another is being conducted to determine from German sources whether the man was taken prisoner. This is done through the International Red Cross at Geneva. As soon as an American soldier is reported missing, the name is

sent to Geneva and thence the request for information is sent to the German Red Cross. As the German Red Cross is desirous of obtaining reciprocal information as to German prisoners captured by the Allies, we find that prompt attention is given to our requests.

"Information as to prisoners captured by the Germans is generally received by us, through the International Red Cross, days, sometimes weeks, before a report is received by the State Department or the publication of the official lists by Germany. In a few cases we have received information that a man reported missing is a prisoner in Germany within a week after he disappeared, but usually the time required is five or six weeks. The Germans often permit us to send cards to their families stating that they have been captured.

"The prisoners are first sent to a central camp in Germany; thence they are distributed. When they arrive at the other camps the Prisoners' Help Committee is permitted to send a notification to the American Red Cross in Bern, Switzerland, in order that regular food-supplies may be promptly forwarded. The American Red Cross maintains a warehouse at Bern, with supplies of food and clothing and the Quartermaster's Department of the United States army. There are also Stores of clothing from the United States Navy.

"Four parcels of food are supplied to each American prisoner of war every two weeks. Clothing is also sent, as needed, and tobacco. A self-addressed postal card for acknowledgment of the receipt of the package, is enclosed, and, with few exceptions, the prisoners return the card. There are at present in the warehouse at Bern 300 tons of food and incidental supplies, besides a stock of clothing. These supplies will be doubled within six weeks by the addition of shipments now in transit."

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

The following named persons have been nominated for the office indicated by the Democratic Party in Floyd County, subject to the action of the voters at the General Election in November:

FOR JUDGE 64th JUDICIAL DIST.: R. C. Joiner.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY 64th JUDICIAL DISTRICT: Austin C. Hatchell.

FOR COUNTY JUDGE John W. Howard

FOR CO. AND DIST. CLERK. Tom W. Deen.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER: Mrs. L. L. Britton.

FOR COUNTY ATTORNEY: C. K. Holloway.

FOR TAX ASSESSOR A. A. Whyte.

FOR SHERIFF AND TAX COLLECTOR: J. A. Grigsby.

FOR COMMISSIONER PRE. NO. 4: B. C. Willis.

FOR COMMISSIONER PRE. NO. 1: Chas. Trowbridge.

FOR PUBLIC WEIGHER AT FLOYDADA: S. B. McCleskey

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR: Geo. A. Lider.

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE PRECINCT NO. 1: J. C. Gaither.

For Constable Precinct No. 1. JOHN A. FAWVER.

The Boss Has Gone to Market

When he left he said he wanted to see some "results" when he got home. We're going after the "results." In order to get them,

We Are Offering a Straight Ten Per Cent. Reduction On Every Sale Made, Beginning Friday, Sept. 13

(Friday the 13th always was a lucky day.)

and including all of next week. You buy a \$10.00 bill of goods and pay \$9.00; a \$5.00 bill of goods will cost you \$4.50, and so on. The figures won't be run up on you, either.

Overalls and all staples go just the same as other lines.

We especially urge that you see the NEW FALL THINGS, which go just like everything else in the house, at ten per cent. off.

Our Ladies' Fall and Winter Suits Are Here.

They are priced reasonably—only \$18 to \$35. Come in and see them, ladies. We are delighted to show if you buy or if you do not.

At the reduced prices everything goes for CASH only.

Don't ask us to charge, please.

W. H. SEALE, DRY GOODS

Northwest Corner of Square, Floydada.

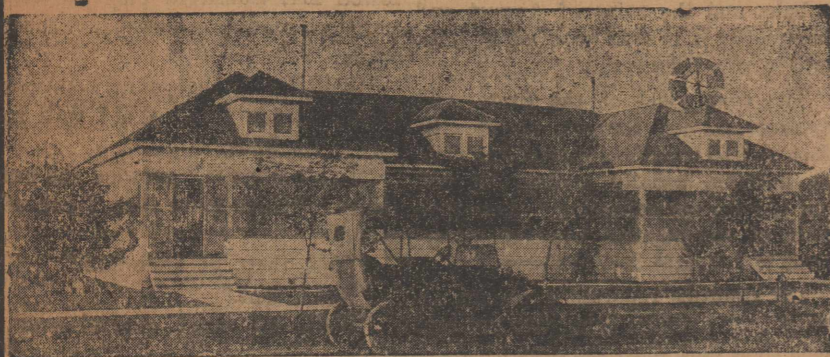
CHEAPEST AND QUICKEST

Save money and time from Fort Worth to Floydada—travel the Denver, Q. A. & P. and the—

Floydada-Roaring Springs Auto Mail Line

\$ 2.46 cheaper than by Amarillo, \$1.11 cheaper than by Sweetwater; 6 hours quicker than either route. \$3.25, including war tax, one way to Roaring Springs or Matador. PHONE NO. 12

C. C. WRIGHT, MANAGER



**DRS. SMITH & SMITH
CHILDERS PRIVATE SANITARIUM**

For Medical and Surgical Cases
Telephone No. 177 Floydada, Texas

OYSTERS IN SEASON

The oyster season has come again and you'll find our cafe the best place to get them according to your taste.

We always have everything the market supplies and give, in addition to reasonable charges, courteous and efficient service.

WE WANT YOUR PATRONAGE

The Movie Cafe

W. E. PACK, Proprietor
West Side Square. Floydada, Texas

LEACH'S 5, 10 and 25c STORE

WILL BE

**Headquarters for
SCHOOL SUPPLIES**

We have a most complete line of all supplies needed and want all the boys and girls and teachers, too, to come and see what we have

We have something FREE for each boy and girl that buys as much as 35c worth of school supplies

Next Door to P. O.

LEACH'S

FLOYDADA, TEXAS

PRICE—GOEN

FOSTER COULD TELL BUT WON'T, EXCHANGE SAYS

Foster, the weather prophet, says severe and dangerous storms may be expected during the last of September, and that in these storms lie the hope of moisture sufficient to allow the sowing of winter grains which he says should be sown unusually late. Foster is still of the opinion that the war will end this year, basing his prediction on the fact that it cannot pay the Kaiser, nor the German people to continue the war. Speaking of the drouth in general, he says, I know that the three years drouth, affecting the southwest half of the country east of Rockies, is not permanent. The good crop-seasons will return to the country. I could definitely state when and give the reasons why but it does not pay to give away such facts at all times.—Ralls Banner.

MAIN GARAGE SOLD BY POPE TO W. J. BROWN & SON

H. O. Pope has sold the Main Garage to W. J. Brown & Son who took charge several days ago. Details of the deal were closed the latter part of last week.

Mr. Pope will remain in Floydada and will work with the new management at least for the present.

MRS. T. H. GASKINS SUC-CUMBS TO TYPHOID FEVER

Mrs. T. H. Gaskins, 32 years of age, wife of T. H. Gaskins, of McAadoo, died in Floydada Sunday morning at 9 o'clock at the Childers Sanitarium after an illness of 30 days from typhoid fever, and the remains were buried at Carr's Chapel cemetery Sunday afternoon at 6 o'clock, Rev. W. B. McDaniel conducting the services.

Besides her husband, Mrs. Gaskins is survived by a son 5 years of age, and by her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Nichols, of Martin county, all of whom were here at the time of her death.

Mrs. Gaskins is a niece of Mrs. Bennie Gross, of Sand Hill, and of W. C. Nichols, of Lockney.

Mr. Gaskins and his little son will return to Martin county at an early date to make their home with Mrs. Gaskin's parents.

The Hesperian and Dallas Semi-weekly News, \$1.75.

YOUR WIFE CAN USE IT

If you are away from home and one of your horses takes the colic your wife can treat him if she has Farris' Colic Remedy in the house. It is easy to use. Just drop it on the horse's tongue and in thirty minutes he is relieved. Get it today. You may need it tomorrow.

A. D. WHITE GROCERY CO.

HAS TRUE PATRIOTIC SPIRIT

Mother of Two Sons Serving in the United States Army Also is "Doing Her Bit"

In the course of one of the most inspiring meetings the national service section, United States ship-building board, ever conducted, a woman clad in overalls battled her way through the big crowd of shipyard workers employed at Vancouver, Wash., and took her place close to the speakers' stand.

There she stood until the last word was spoken by A. R. Parkhurst, Jr., secretary of the section, and when the yard band struck up "The Star-Spangled Banner," she snatched a soiled cap from her wavy hair and stood at attention until the last note was sounded.

The woman toiler, says the Emergency Fleet News, proved to be Mrs. G. R. Underwood, leader of a gang of calkers, but whose chief duty is to weave the oakum for the men calkers. Mrs. Underwood is the mother of two sons in the United States army. Both are overseas and when she was left to make her own way she determined to seek a berth where she could serve her country to the best advantage.

THE REAL OBJECTION



"You say your father objects to my suit?"
"No. He doesn't mind your suit, but he don't like you."

FEAR GERMAN CHICANERY.

"Made in Germany" is not going to be a popular trademark after the war, and the Germans know it. There is evidence, according to Swiss chambers of commerce, that Teuton manufacturers will put "Made in Holland," "Made in Norway," or "Made in Switzerland" on kulture products, an exchange says.

The Swiss are already taking steps to protect themselves against this type of forgery. A Swiss organization for promoting foreign trade has been formed. It is not a profit-making company, but a co-operative enterprise for improving the quality of Swiss goods and for protecting them against German substitutes.

The new organization, Syndicate pour L'Exportation Suisse, will admit to membership only firms and companies the majority of whose capital is owned by native born Swiss or residents of ten years' standing. Goods produced by members will bear the initials S. P. E. S.

ANOTHER CASE OF 50-50.

In his book, "From Gallipoli to Bagdad," "Padre" William Ewing tells the story of a burly Irishman brought into the field hospital suffering from many wounds.

"What are you?" asked the doctor.

"Sure, I'm half an Irishman."

"And what's the other half?"

"Holes and bandages."—Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph.

FOND OF FURS.

Platbush—I saw your wife out yesterday wearing furs.

Bensonhurst—Oh, yes.

"Does she wear them the whole year through?"

"Well, there was a little spell last winter when she didn't wear 'em, I believe."

ALL IN.

"Have you got your coal bins filled up for next winter?"

"Haven't got any coal bins. I burned 'em up last winter when I couldn't get coal."

TAKE YOUR CHOICE.

"Why do they call 'em Liberty loans?"

"Because you are at liberty to lend your money to Uncle Sam or to let the kaiser take it away from you."

SHARED HIS DRESS UNIFORM

"Glad Rags" Owned by Fortunate Soldier in Demand for All Sorts of Occasions.

Back in the early days at Camp Shelby, Hattiesburg, Miss., dress uniforms were not so plentiful as they are now. Things were just getting organized. There was one young man who had been able to get a dress uniform, however, and while the rest of his friends from Indianapolis were waiting the arrival of theirs he very kindly lent his whenever an occasion demanding the best clothes a soldier had arose. In fact, it got so the noncoms used to see the owner of the clothes before they made arrangements to get away. He was a good-hearted youth and was perfectly willing to lend his clothes to any of his friends whom they might fit.

"I want to get off and run up to Indianapolis to get married," said one. "What's the chance of getting your clothes, Jim?" "What is the date?" asked the clothes owner. The date was given. "Better make that a week later," said the clothes millionaire; "they are going to a dance with Jones Monday night; Friday Brown expects to wear them home to a funeral, and Green is going to Arizona on official business the following week, and we want them all to look as well as possible."—Indianapolis News.

MOIST WHIST



"Rubber playings cards—great invention."
"What good are they?"
"Bathers needn't lose time from the whist table; can get a board and play bridge in the surf."

VALUE OF SUGAR MAPLES.

In this time of sugar shortage a state that has extensive maple forests is fortunate. Vermont, for example, has 12,000,000 pounds of maple sugar to help along the cause of conservation in 1918. All this is clear gain, and, besides, maple sugar offers the consumer a pleasing variety. As Vermont apparently made no extra investments in its home sugar industry, the figures are more impressive. Owners of idle land suitable for maple trees ought to be encouraged to plant sugar orchards. There is always a market for the products of maple sap. Maple wood is valuable for many commercial purposes. No mistake will be made in starting maple forests throughout New England. What is to prevent the systematic planting of thousands of sugar maples in the states east of the Hudson?—Providence Journal.

LUCKY MAN.

C. R. H. writes back from a training camp where he arrived last week that he has been equipped with shoes weighing not less than twenty-five pounds apiece. He presumes from that that he has been selected to kick the kaiser.—Kansas City Star.

SOME GRINDISTS.

Kwoter—The mills of the gods grind slowly, you know.

Piker—Yep; they're probably proceedin' with caution so as not to run afoul of any of the food regulations.

OVERDOING IT.

Maisie—After Jack proposed I told him to see papa.

Daisy—What happened?

Maisie—Why, they started to play cards and now he goes to see papa every night.

ROUGH STUFF.

Fashion Editor, the Star—Can you suggest something cool to slip on these hot mornings? Signed, Prostrated.

"Why, sure, Prossie—a piece of ice is just the thing."

B. B. GREENWOOD

LAWYER

Floydada, --- Texas

DR. W. M. HOUGHTON

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All barber work first class. All treatment courteous. Shallow Water Steam Laundry represented.

HOT OR COLD BATHS
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THE FLOYD COUNTY HESPERIAN

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY
The Hesperian Publishing Company

HOMER STEEN EDITOR AND MANAGER

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ADVERTISING RATES: FURNISHED ON APPLICATION

Fred L. Haskett, editor of The Childress Index, has volunteered for military service and is gone to war. He is succeeded by Ben W. Waid in the management of the paper.

It is pleasing to note that the Duval County election fraud did not receive official countenance from the state democratic convention at Waco. The vote in that county, was thrown out.

Tomorrow is Friday, the 13th. In order the avoid bad luck the entire day it will be necessary for you to turn a hand spring backwards the first thing after you arise in the morning. Don't neglect this. It is very important.

J. W. Hoopes, deputy governor of the Dallas District Federal Reserve Bank in letters to the people of the various portions of the state, is advising that their banking officials have laid before the treasury officials the conditions which prevail over Texas and Oklahoma and are asking that the quotas assigned to the various counties of Texas, Oklahoma and Louisiana, be reduced to such amounts as can actually be raised by these districts. While, as a matter of fact, Floyd County is not in position to do as much as last fall and this spring toward absorbing government securities, it will be a relief to patriotic citizens to know that the situation in the entire southwest is being considered and that quotas will likely not be assigned that cannot be cared for.

THE REASON

The Panhandle Herald, of which Lee Satterwhite is editor, and B. F. Smith editor of The Lockney Beacon, have for the past several months, had a running discussion through their papers of various personal matters, one of which is the particular propensity of the Panhandle editor for chicken dinners, to which he is often invited by admiring friends. Smith has been complaining, as accused by Satterwhite, of failure to learn the art of being invited out, and last week under the heading "We Now Know Why" the Panhandle editor assigns the following reason:

We have just recently learned why Ben never gets invited out. A mutual friend tells us that last spring Ben was invited out to dine with a family, when just a few weeks before the home had been blessed with a new baby. The hostess met Ben at the door and, after the usual salutation, he asked after the baby's health. The lady was hard of hearing, had a cold, and thinking he was asking about herself, answered that although she usually had one every winter, this was the worst one she ever had, it kept her awake at night a good deal, and at first confined her to her bed. Then noticing that the editor was acting very strangely, she said she could tell by his looks and actions that he was going to have one just like hers, and she asked him to come in out of the draft and sit down.

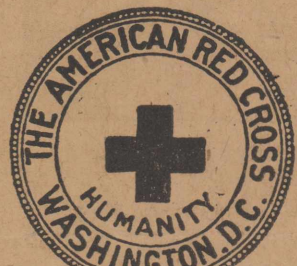
NOT A WEST TEXAS DROUGHT

The drought in West Texas has been written about and talked about so much that we are likely to lose sight of the fact that it is by no means confined to that section. The latest report of the Federal Reserve Bank of Dallas on business conditions brings this fact forward, though not to the conspicuous position it must be placed in if we are to put the predicament of West Texas in proper perspective. It remarks that, since the preceding report, "over every section of the district there has been little rain." This is rather an understatement. The fact is there are probably not ten counties in Texas that have had a normal rainfall this year. A condition of drought has obtained over virtually the entire area of the State being only more prolonged and intense in West Texas than in most other sections. Furthermore, there are a good many counties of Texas considerably east of the line which marks off the semi-arid section that have had a deficiency of rainfall during two years great enough to make it practically an unbroken period of drought. Some of the richest counties of Texas, counties which are ordinarily toward the top of the list in point of production of wealth, are within the two-year drought area. Even in several counties of Southeast Texas, where the usual complaint is of too much rain, there has been a serious deficiency of rainfall for two years. These are facts which show that the condition of West Texas

is very much more exceptional than one would be likely to infer from the great prominence which has been given to its plight.

One could go much farther afield without getting beyond the bounds of truth in speaking of the drought's extent. It has extended over the whole of the Southwestern section of the country, but has it been confined to that section made up of Oklahoma, Texas, Arizona and New Mexico. It has seriously affected Kansas and Nebraska, and even in Iowa and Illinois the corn crop, which is as dependable in those States as the cotton crop is in Texas, will this year be much below normal. The New York farmers have complained of insufficient rainfall, while several of the Southern States, notably Tennessee, Georgia and parts of Mississippi, have this year had far less than their normal rainfall. An examination of the records would probably show that over the greater part of the entire country the deficiency of rainfall has been great enough to effect a very appreciable reduction of the harvests.

It is not a West Texas, nor even a Texas, nor yet Southwestern drought which we suffer, but one more nearly country-wide than sectional, a fact which should be emphasized as a means of combating the disposition to exaggerate the faults of the State's climate by treating an adversity that is widespread as if it were local and characteristic of Texas. There is occasion for recalling the fact that eight or ten years ago Texas climbed to the top of the list of States in point of the annual production of agricultural wealth, and it has only temporarily lost that proud place.—Dallas News.



RED CROSS NOTES

Home Service Section Has Aided a Million People

Washington, D. C., September 7.—The American Red Cross, through its Home Service Section, has aided more than 1,000,000 persons since the war began, says a report just made public by the War Council on the use of the first Red Cross War Fund of \$100,000,000. The report deals with the Home Service Section exclusively, an announcement being made that other activities will be reported later.

The outstanding features of the report tells of the helping of more than 300,000 families of American men in the service. These families were relieved of money troubles, legal difficulties and family worries by the Red Cross.

By January 1, 1919, the American Red Cross will have expended \$6,000,000 in Home Service, money being the least valuable contribution of this section, and will be carrying a burden of about \$1,000,000 a month, the report says. For the first six months of this year the expenditures were \$1,500,000. It is estimated that the expenditures for home service for the final six months of the year will exceed \$4,000,000.

St. Louis, September 7.—Mourning brassards will be supplied free, by the American Red Cross, to parents and widows of soldiers who lose their lives at the front. The brassard, a band of black broadcloth three inches wide with a regulation military star embroidered in gold thread, is to be worn on the left sleeve midway between elbow and shoulder. The brassard was suggested and designed by the Woman's Committee of the Council of National Defense and endorsed by President Wilson. It is to be worn in lieu of general mourning.

KANSAS CITY MARKET REPORT IN DETAIL

Kansas City Stock Yards, September 9th, 1918.—Cattle supply today was largest of the season, with 37,000 head, market generally 10 to 25 lower, no prime steers here. Hogs sold 15 to 25 higher, top \$20.25, receipts 10,000. Sheep and lambs sold 25 lower, best Western lambs \$17.00.

Beef Cattle
Steers sold around 25 lower last week, except the best fed steers which were firm, and made a new high record here at \$18.75, other sales of good fed steers from \$18.00 up. Good grass steers have some competition from feeder buyers and range from \$14.50 to \$14.00, common light Southern steers down to \$7.00. This makes a range of prices on beef steers almost \$12.00 between lowest and highest, which is the widest range ever known. Cow prices declined 25 to 40 cents last week and are some lower today, good grass cows \$10 to \$12, medium, \$7.50 to \$9.50, canners selling today around \$6.00. Calf receipts here last week were larger than in any previous week at this market, 15,766 head, but prices held up pretty well and are around steady today, veals \$10 to \$13.50.

Stockers and Feeders
County trade was good last week shipments out 26,000 head, best grades steady, but others 25 to 40 cents lower, prices are again lower today on most grades, feeders selling at \$10.50 to \$15.50, stock steers \$7.50 to \$12.50.

Hogs
Kansas City prices were highest in the West last week, tops here selling higher than at either Chicago or St. Louis after the middle of the week, although the close was 25 to 40 cents below the highest point reached. Prices are up again today, order buyers and packer buyers both paying \$20.25 for best heavy and medium weight hogs. Top on light hogs was \$20 and bulk of sales ranged from \$19.20 to \$20.00. There is a good pig demand, and a great many stock pigs are coming, sales of desirable ones today from \$16.50 to \$18.25. Average weight of all the hogs here last week was 196 pounds, the lightest in several years, indicating a large number of pigs and common hogs included.

Sheep and Lambs
All the markets had declined last week on both fat lambs and feeders. Sales are lower today, best Western fat lambs at \$17.50, and natives \$16 to \$16.50, best feeding lambs \$16.75, a large string of Arizonas today at \$16.25. Fat ewes sell at \$10 to \$12, wethers \$11.50 to \$13.00, feeding ewes \$8 to \$9.00. Good runs are expected to continue and a tendency is toward more discrimination with a wider range of prices on the various grades more like it is in the cattle market.

J. A. RICKART,
Market Correspondent.

CONSCIENCE MADE HIM FEAR

Capitalist Could See Only Disaster in the Rather Sudden Departure of the Priest.

Charles M. Schwab, the democratic—and entirely frank—boss of our shipbuilding, told this story at a luncheon during his recent visit to San Francisco:

"I was interested in a big corporation with a famous capitalist. We had been 'navalyzing' the enterprise with water. (And it was not all salt water.)

"We were both Catholics. The 'navalyzing' got on our consciences. It so happened that we each went to confession to the same priest at the same time, without the other knowing. I was on one side of the confessional, my friend on the other, with the priest in between.

"The priest was unexpectedly called into the church. Then my friend and I could see each other across the space vacated by the father.

"Where has his reverence gone?" my brother financier asked me.

"He went out into the church," I said.

"You're a liar," whispered my friend. "He's gone to call a cop."

CAN'T CHEW TOBACCO.

Among the American soldiers who have gone to France there has been a decline in the American habit of chewing tobacco, according to reports, and Y. M. C. A. secretaries who sell tobacco in canteens in France say that modern warfare rather than prejudice is responsible for it. It's the gas mask that's done the trick, they say. A devotee of the plug is seriously embarrassed when called upon to don the gas mask. One southern soldier is said to have put it like this: "With terbacca bitin' inside yer cheeks, the ol' gas mask anchored 'tween yer teeth, mustard gas all about ye an' no chanct fer open yer mouth—war sure is hell!"—Charlotte Observer.

TO TEACH TOWN PLANNING

Already Provisions Are Being Made for Reconstruction Period in France and Belgium.

The reconstruction problem in France is one that is likely to prove overpowering if immediate steps are not taken to approach it with adequate preparation of study. When the war ends, be it sooner or later, the task of peaceful occupation of this disrupted country will be as little for amateurs as the task of waging the war has been. It is therefore extremely encouraging to learn that a school of civic design has been established in Paris with a staff of all the acknowledged masters of the subject available in that city. The official title of the school is the "Ecole Supérieure d'Art Publique" and the director administrateur is M. Charles Patris, a well-known architect of Brussels. Many of the Belgians now waiting in France to return to their country will, it is expected, avail themselves of the teaching provided in the school.

NOT NOW, BUT SOON



Soon will ye little busy bee,
Ye little honey bringer,
Improve each shining hour in glee
By using of his stinger.

NEW FIELD FOR WOMEN.

With all the unusual things, professions and occupations into which women have entered since the war took away so many men for fighting, there is one which she has not yet attempted; she has not shown eagerness to enter the clowning business, at least not as a wage-earning enterprise. Surely there is an opening for her here and a field in which she may become useful, although admittedly not so well qualified for it by nature of practice as a man is. But she is surely needed there. When the Hippodrome was at Forbes field recently six able-bodied men were used for clowns, whose places could have been taken by women, releasing the men for more manly work. But this seems to be one of the occupations which men still jealously guard from the invasion of woman.

EXTRAORDINARY EXPERIMENTATION.

A writer in a German medical paper turns even misfortune to account. A German physician gone mad put certain novel theories into practice among Turkish troops in Anatolia. As a result of his doctoring 25 per cent of his young and healthy soldier patients died and the rest were properly sickened. The writer in question studied the instance and found an unusual opportunity to make instructive observations as to the reaction of the human system to the drugs administered by the mad doctor.

ANOTHER BLUFFER.

"He married a beautiful Japanese girl."
"Indeed?"
"One of the Geisha girls."
"I know the family. When I was in Japan I knew old man Geisha very well."

WHY THEY ARE PUT IN PUTTEES.

Millicent (watching the parade go by)—Why do so many of the men wear spiral puttees?
Tom—Makes 'em march faster.
Millicent—Really?
Tom—Yes; you see they're all wound up!—Cartoons.

BLANKETY BLANK.

Askett—Why are you wearing such a blank look, old chap?
Tellum—Questionnaire, income tax, Liberty bonds, War Savings Stamp pledge, food regulations and a marriage license. Life is one blank after another.

TEXAS CROP REPORT

Texas Industrial Congress: Dallas, Texas, September 7.—Texas has produced substantially fifty per cent of the food and feed required for a year, according to reports from 240 counties, which have been compiled for the Federal Food Administration in Texas by the Texas Industrial Congress. From a State wide survey it appears that the acreage of all crops except rice is less than last year, conditions poorer, rainfall more deficient and range conditions worse than last year, when production was below the average of the states.

Thousands of acres of cotton have been abandoned; reports show that on an average sixteen acres of the remainder will be required to produce a bale, and the rains of August and September it is said have arrived too late to affect the result.

The corn yield of the State, will average fifteen bushels, despite the fact that 60 counties reported the yield as nothing, usually adding, "it will not pay for the gathering." Less than half of the reports however undertook to estimate the corn crop.

137 counties reported a peanut acreage, the average being two per cent less than last year, the crop yielding, from reports of 83 counties, 17 bushels per acre. The sorghum, kaffir, milo and feterita yield is reported as two-thirds of last year's, the average per acre being given by 91 counties as 1.15 tons.

131 counties report a sweet potato acreage of four-fifths of last year, with the yield, estimated by 96 counties at 47 bushels per acre. 37 reports show an acreage less than that of last year, the yield being either extremely small or impossible of estimate.

Range conditions are reported as good in but seven counties; four of them, Hartley, Ochiltree, Parmer and Terry being in the extreme northwest of the State. Newton and Orange counties in the southeast and Hudspeth in the west make out the number. 30 counties say the range is fair, and in 122 it is classed as bad, ranging from a scarcity of grass to absolutely bare ground and a lack of drinking water for man and animal.

Livestock have continued to decrease in number; heavy losses in the drouth area being but slightly met by small increases in other sections. Losses in hogs are estimated at 30 per cent, but five counties reporting increases. Cattle have also decreased 30 per cent in number, but 14 counties, located mostly on the New Mexico border showed increases. Losses in sheep have netted 19 per cent, actual increases being reported in twelve counties, substantially the territory in which cattle increases are reported.

Reports of an oversupply of labor comes from the entire drouth area, but a greater shortage is declared to exist in other counties, so that the State as a whole seems to be about 30 per cent short of needed farm labor. A shift of labor, in progress in September and late August, has materially modified conditions that were basis of reports on September 1.

Ten counties report 102 per cent of last year's acreage in rice is being harvested and say the yield will be about 50 bushels per acre. 175 counties state the hay crop is three-fourths of what it was last year.

One and a quarter million acres of wheat are promised for the coming season, with a certainty of more if there are timely rains during the fall months and a supply of seed obtainable. Since the reports were made much of the territory covered by them have had scant to moderate rains.

The extreme drouth has most seriously affected about 80 counties of West Texas. They are included by lines from Memphis, Hall county, to the western edge of Cook county, thence straight to San Antonio, and from that point to the southeast corner of New Mexico thence northeast to Memphis.

The extreme northern tier of counties, from Lipscomb west to Dallam, then south to Terry county, have had rains, and conditions are reported better than for years. South of the San Antonio-New Mexico line, actual suffering has not been so great because of the fact that it depends more largely on stock raising, and former years of short rainfall have denuded the country of stock, so deficient pasturage has not caused as much suffering and loss of stock as would have been the case before the exodus of cattle took place.

Northeast Texas is in slightly less than fair condition. The country south of a line from San Antonio to Nacogdoches is in still better condition, the best reports coming from the Rio Grande valley. Collin, Hunt, Rockwall and Kaufman counties, though not as formerly, are in better condition than their neighbors. The same is true of the counties in the triangle with Fayette, Galveston and Calhoun counties at the corners.

The Hesperian and Dallas Semi-weekly News, \$1.75.

BEFORE HE BECAME FAMOUS

Incident of John Philip Sousa's Early Life Which He Must Recall Now With Amusement.

John Philip Sousa was not always so prosperous and popular as he has been of late. The New Success has unearthed the story of the sale of one of his first marches to prove this. Once during his earlier struggles, the rent of his room being due and the money lacking, he started out to sell the manuscript of a composition for anything that it would bring.

A publisher whom he visited dealt in books as well as in music. He was a gruff individual, and he allowed Mr. Sousa to play his composition, reading a newspaper meanwhile.

"Well," said the young composer, "what do you think of it? Will you buy it for \$25?"

"Don't want it," growled the publisher. "Have more than I can sell now."

"Well, then, give me \$15."

"Not a cent."

"Well, we won't quarrel over a trifle. Give me \$5 and it's yours."

"Oh, go away," said the publisher. The young musician gathered up his manuscript and sighed. He was about to leave the room when he noticed a stack of dictionaries in the corner of the room. An idea struck him.

"Let you have the march for one of those dictionaries," he said.

"Done," said the publisher. "Take the book and clear out."

So John Philip Sousa sold a march for a dictionary. He presented the book to his landlady and got another week's time.

WHEN SIRIUS IS IN POWER

Midsummer Days, With Their Fierce Heat, All Part of the Great Scheme of Nature.

A mist floats up from the meadows, prophetic of the coming autumn; noontime glows with fervence of untempered sun, and with evening comes a sultriness that tries man's patience. It is midsummer, "dog days," when Sirius rules the sky, and Dame Nature loses her fiercest heat to the ripening of the corn and the maturing of the fruits. Pastures are turning brown and hill-sides lie dull and dusty under the spell. Over the cornfields hovers that mysticism of creation's alchemy which none can comprehend, but in all the world no mightier process is going on today. Uncounted myriads of kernels are undergoing the miracle of development, while in orchard and vineyard the wonder of fruitage is being wrought. Nature presses with her utmost energy to fulfill her task within the time, while man goes about his work with less of vigor because of the very zeal of creation about him. From the mists of the morning until the last hot breath of the day has passed with the deepening night, the call of lassitude beguiles him, and he works from duty and not for the joy of doing it. And in the dusk he hearkens to the locust and the tree toad, as they rasp the air, and strains his ear to catch the cry of the katydid, prophet of the coming frost.—Omaha Bee.

BEHEADING BY WHOLESALE.

Shades of King Henry VIII, what are we coming to? Modern science, according to Electrical Experimenter, has come to the aid of the bolshevik, in case they decide to imitate the French revolution and introduce the guillotine, in the person of a Russian engineer named Blubin. He has submitted a new type of that instrument to the council of people's commissaries, and which is said to work by electricity; it will behead 500 victims with one stroke. Next!

STILL UNPOPULAR.

Bacon—What's become of that fellow who used to umpire the baseball games?
Egbert—He's enlisted in the government service.
"That's good; umpiring made him so unpopular."
"He's just as unpopular now. He's a censor."

HIS LIMIT.

Medical Officer (pointing to eye-test board, on which are the letters P X Y Z O Q K, etc.)—Can you read that?
Recruit—Lumme! I can read it, but I'm blast if I can pronounce it.

The Hesperian Want Ad Department

Miss Mollie Crum Spirella Corsetiere. Phone 141. 4tc

TWO NEW brick buildings 25x100 feet on south side square for rent. Inquire of Jno. N. Farris. 6-tfc

You always get market price for your produce at White's and he pays the cash. 25-2tc

New curtains, new ising glass, new tops, made or old curtains or tops repaired at E. T. Green's, three doors south of Main Garage. 27-3tc

You'll decide Friday the 13th is a lucky day if you will read Seale's Dry Goods ad on another page in this paper. 27-1tc

FOR SALE

3 sections of land for sale or trade. Located in Borden and Dawson counties. See Geo. W. Foster. 22-tfc

Liberty Bonds or Vendors Lien Notes will buy nice home in Floydada Easy terms. See W. M. Massie & Bro. 25-tfc

Come to Plainview and select your monument from complete stock, transportation allowed on purchases. South Plains Monument Co. Plainview. 27-tfc

Come to Plainview and select your monument from complete stock. South Plains Monument Co. Plainview. 22tfc

WANTED—Lady to do light house-keeping and help in front at restaurant. Apply at Movie Cafe. 26-1tc

Single Comb Rhode Island White stock for sale. For particulars see—J. G. WOOD. 25-3tp.

See the new fall suits at Seale's. They are very reasonably priced and you also get 10 per cent off this week and next. 27-1tc

A new top on that auto will be more than worth the money the first cold day you drive out. See E. T. Green, three doors south of the Main Garage. 27-3tc.

Lots of good maize heads for sale. See G. M. Bullard, 2 miles east of Fairview. 25-tfc

MONEY TO LOAN—See Stewart & Patterson's ad on another page. 24-1tc

FOR SALE

Well-improved 240 acre farm seven miles southwest of Floydada, 160 acres in cultivation. Crop and possession if desired. Terms \$40 per acre. J. E. Hammit owner, Floydada, Tex. 24-2tp

MONEY TO LOAN—Inspector in Plainview. See Stewart & Patterson's ad on another page. 24-1tc

VENDOR'S LIEN NOTES—Taken up. Stewart & Patterson's ad tells about it. 24-1tc

LOST—In Floydada 2 diamonds set in gold lavalier settings linked together. Please return to Mrs. Glad Snodgrass. 26-2tc

WANTED—Messenger boy. Apply in person at the Santa Fe Station for particulars. 27-1tc

WANTED—Lady to do light house-keeping and help in front at restaurant. Apply at Movie Cafe. 26-2tc

For sale or trade for property in Plainview, my home place in Floydada. Address Mrs. R. H. Baker, Plainview, Texas. 26-2tc

WANTED—Lady to do light house-keeping and help in front at restaurant. Apply at Movie Cafe. 26-1tc

Save agents 25 per cent commission. South Plains Monument Co. Plainview. 27-tfc

HOW TO GET MONEY—Clean cut proposition in Stewart & Patterson's ad on Page 5. 24-1tc

FOR SALE

12-25 Warloo Boy Tractor, latest model. Been used 15 days. 6 disc engine gang. See or write W. R. Cope, Floydada, Texas. 26-2tc

LOST—Bay 3-year-old horse, 15 hands high, no marks or brands. Supposed to have on halter. Got loose in Floydada Sunday night. Finder notify J. M. Johnson, Route 2. 27-1tp

Remember you get overalls and shoes at 10 per cent off at Seale Dry Goods. 27-1tc

FOR SALE

Practically new McCormick row binder, cut less than 100 acres. A bargain. See G. W. Tubbs. 27-2tp

NOTICE

I have sold the Main Garage to W. J. Brown & Son and want to thank my friends and former customers for past favors and patronage.

For the present I will be located at the garage at your service for any kind of automobile or battery work.

Persons who are indebted to me will please settle their accounts at once. Yours truly, H. O. POPE.

27-1tc.

For marble monuments see S. B. McCleskey. 9-tf

Winter time is coming. Get ready for it. Have your auto top repaired or recovered by E. T. Green, third door south of Main Garage. 27-3tc

LOOK AND READ

Two and one-half sections well improved for sale, four and one-half for lease. Total seven sections 12 miles from railroad town. Address Box 101 Dumas, Texas. 26-2tc

All work finished and erected by experts. South Plains Monument Co. Plainview. 27-tfc.

LOST—Four Magnolia Petroleum Co. invoice books. Finder please return to A. J. Ryals. 27-1tc

LOST—Between Floydada and Muncy school house, cane suit case. Ginder please return to Sheriff's office, Floydada, Texas. 27-2tc

FOR SALE

1917 model Ford touring car. C. M. Bender. 27-1tc

FOR SALE

Brand new piano, or will trade for good milk cow. See J. A. Callahan. 27-1tc.

New Perfection Stove for sale. Call No. 8. 27-1tc

FOR RENT

Good 5-room residence close to High school. Water in house. See S. C. Vanderlip. 27-1tc

HOUSE FOR SALE

8 rooms, in good condition, good location. Both city water and filtered cistern water. Will trade for car. See S. C. Vanderlip. 27-1tc

NOTICE

I will leave Tuesday morning for Lubbock to attend the West Texas Dental Society and will be absent from the city the remainder of the week. Will be in the office again Monday, September 23. Dr. I. W. Hicks. 27-1tp

CITATION ON APPOINTMENT OF TEMPORARY GUARDIAN

No 233 THE STATE OF TEXAS. To the Sheriff or any Constable of Floyd County Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to cause the following notice to be published in a newspaper of general circulation which has been continuously and regularly published for a period of not less than one year preceding the date of the notice in the County of Floyd State of Texas, and you shall cause said notice to be printed at least once each week for the period of ten days exclusive of the first day of publication before the return day hereof: Notice of Appointment of Temporary Guardian

THE STATE OF TEXAS

To All Persons interested in the welfare of The Estate of Ray Vernon Randerson, minor: E. S. Randerson was, by the County Court of Floyd Co., Texas duly appointed Temporary Guardian of the estate of said minor, which appointment will be made permanent, unless the same shall be successfully contested at the next term of said Court, commencing on the third Monday in October, A. D. 1918, the same being the 21st day of October, A. D. 1918, at the Court House thereof, in Floydada, Texas, at which time all persons interested in the welfare of said Minor may appear and contest such appointment, if they see proper to do so.

Herein fail not, but have you before said Court, on the said first day of the next term thereof, this Writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness, Tom. W. Deen, clerk of the County Court of Floyd County.

Given under my hand and the seal of said Court, at office in Floydada, Texas this 11th day of September A. D. 1918.

(Seal) TOM W. DEEN, Clerk County Court, Floyd County, Texas. 27-3tc By LOLA WALLING, Deputy.

MEDICOS AND DENTISTS TO HAVE JOINT MEETING

Members of the West Texas Dental Society and the Panhandle Medical Association will meet in joint session at Lubbock Tuesday and Wednesday of next week.

Drs. I. W. Hicks and A. E. Hopkins, and possibly others of the medical profession will attend from Floydada.

COMING OUT OF SECLUSION

Chinese Girls Are Beginning to Adopt Dress and Mannerisms of Their European Sisters.

Chinese women are coming into their own. In the World Outlook Tyler Dennett, describing a Sunday afternoon in Peking, says that in the Chinese-English park in the imperial city, under the red and yellow walls of the Forbidden city itself, there are to be found things never before seen on Chinese sea or land.

There are Chinese girls, he says, ranging from sixteen years to nineteen, with their black glistening hair in long braids, their pink trousers reaching midway down to their up-to-date European pumps. With this regalia they wear bright blue stockings, and some of them are to be seen smoking cigarettes.

Only the two extremes of the Chinese feminine social order are exposed to public view. The coolie woman one sees hoeing the fields, pulling the car, carrying her fair or unfair share of every load. But the lives of the great mass of Chinese women beginning with the orders just above this class are shrouded, he says, in mystery.

The Chinese girls that one sees at the race meetings, motoring down Bubbling Wells road, are the emancipated Chinese girls. While not exactly typical, they are leading a procession which grows larger every year, and they indicate a tendency which is causing no little harm.

SIX-HOUR DAY FOR LABOR

Lord Leverhulme Believes It Would Be for the Benefit of Both Employer and Employee.

The six-hour day proposal of the Socialist party of New York is not taken very seriously in this country, but Lord Leverhulme's similar plan for English industry is not so lightly treated in Britain.

Lord Leverhulme is interested in efficiency as well as in the happiness and health of the workers. He believes that many industries would turn out larger product with smaller expenditure of money if the eight-hour day were abolished in favor of the six-hour day.

Many factories use few men in comparison with the amount of machinery they require. It is most important that this machinery should be kept running at maximum speed throughout the whole day. Three shifts of eight hours are much less efficient, Lord Leverhulme holds, than four six-hour shifts would be.

Then there are businesses where the office expense and cost of advertising and sales are high in comparison with the shop costs. These, too, are ripe for the six-hour program, the reforming lord believes.

He would not establish the shorter day in industries where the tools are cheap and unimportant, at least not at present; and he does not advocate a six-hour day for farming.

WHY HE STOOD UP.

Patience—I saw Harry at the patriotic meeting last night. He was in khaki.

Patrice—Oh, you saw him, did you?

"Yes, and he was so patriotic that he stood up during the entire meeting."

"Oh, that wasn't altogether patriotism. He's joined the cavalry, you know, and yesterday was the first day he'd tried to ride a horse."

STAYED WITH THEM.

A marine confided to the surgeon who was dressing his wound that his company had, at one point, swarmed up to the German artillery and taken the guns. "Were you able to bring them back?" the doctor wanted to know.

"Bring them back? H—, we're camping there."

BUT NOT SO GOOD.

Church—Why, this typewriting is awful! Look at all the wrong words in the letter.

Gotham—I know. My typewriter is like all the other women. She's using substitutes.

APPREHENSIVE.

"That new hired man seems to know a lot about agriculture," remarked Mrs. Cornstossel.

"Yes," replied her husband. "He talks so entertainin' about it I'm kind o' scared for fear he's more of a lecturer than he is a farmer."



If It Paid to Wear "Cheap" Garments

Wouldn't Uncle Sam provide his soldiers with the cheapest uniforms that could be purchased? Isn't it a fact that the better garments give you the most pleasure, the most service, and are the most inexpensive in the long run.



Is one that never fails you. Always right in style, it has an individuality of its own but at the same time renders service. If you will look at these we have in stock, you will see genuine values.

The Martin Dry Goods Co. "The Store With the Goods"

FIRE IN GINS

The total annual loss caused by fires in gins is too apparent to necessitate lengthy comment, and during the dry season we are now experiencing it is especially necessary to observe every precaution to prevent same.

The Department of Agriculture, through the Bureau of Chemistry, cooperating with the Bureau of Markets and the Extension Service of the A. & M. College of Texas, is planning to carry out investigations in the State of Texas in order to determine the cause of the large number of fires in cotton gins, and as a result Dr. H. H. Brown, chemist, has been sent to Texas from the Washington office to direct this work.

The Department desires the assistance of the County Agents, and all others interested in this work to help in solving this problem. The investigators desire to reach the scene of all fires as soon as possible after they occur. They also wish to investigate all conditions which might in any way be related to this subject, such, for instance, as the presence in the gins of unusual amounts of static electricity; therefore, it is requested that if any gin fires occur in your vicinity that you immediately wire, collect, to the Bureau of Markets, 1308 Southwestern Life Building, Dallas, Texas, giving such details as possible, also the exact location of the gin. It is further requested that if any unusual conditions occur in the gins, that you notify Dr. H. H. Brown, at the same address, either by wire or letter, as the case may demand.

For several years the Bureau of Chemistry has been investigating the causes of dust explosions in mills, elevators and threshing machines. It has been found that these explosions are caused by the dust being ignited by open flames, such as lanterns and burning matches, by electric arcs, by sparks through grinding machines or through the cylinders of the threshing machine, and by sparks of static or frictional electricity. It is possible that some of these same things may start the fires in our gins, and there may be other causes. The Department desires, through the investigations, to establish the exact cause or causes and to develop means of prevention. It has been developed that static electrical

sparks will ignite cotton. This type of electricity is produced by the rapid passage of the cotton through the blower pipes or by the slipping of pulleys or belts. Often large quantities of it seem to be present in the gins, and it may be one of the causes of the gin fires.

C. M. Owen of Lockney, was in Floydada Tuesday transacting business.

Mrs. S. J. Ryals, mother of A. J. and J. J. Ryals, has been quite sick the past several days.

G. C. Barrier, from Lubbock, was in Floydada the first of this week attending to business.

Edgar Jones was home Wednesday from Plainview on business.

C. H. Owen returned this week from Wichita Falls, where he had been for some time.

W. A. Gound was home last night from Shallowater, for the registration.

Chas. Van Hoy, of Lockney, was a business visitor in Floydada yesterday.

J. W. Johnson left Monday for Amarillo to spend sometime on business.

R. J. Teal left this morning for Pueblo, Colorado.

Hesperian Want ads bring results.

The United States Government Establishes a Students' Army Training Corps at Wayland Baptist College, Plainview, Texas.

All men Between 18 and 45, Inclusive, Take Notice:

1. The War Department will detail a U. S. Army Officer to open a training camp here about October 1, and continue same indefinitely.
2. The U. S. Government will furnish free, tuition, board and clothes, and pay \$30 per month to all who enter.
3. All men who are 18 years of age or more and have completed a standard high school, or who can pass college entrance examinations are eligible.
4. Boys under 18 years of age who have finished the high school course will receive free military training.
5. Boys over 18 years of age who have not finished high school, and who cannot pass college entrance examinations, may enter the vocational unit of the Students' Army Training Corps on pay and subsistence.
6. Boys will all live in barracks and will be under military discipline 24 hours per day, 7 days per week.
7. Boys will be required to do 13 hours per week of military work, and 3 hours of recitation on our "War Aims." It is desirable that all boys take French and technical English. Military instruction will consist of close order drill, physical drill, rifle shooting, and bayonet practice.
8. In addition to the above equipment, furnished by the U. S. Government, Wayland Baptist College will furnish FREE BOOKS all registrants.
9. The Wayland Baptist College has a splendid library with large file of magazines, newspapers, etc., free for the use of all registrants.
10. The Wayland Baptist College has well trained men in her faculty, in which is taught the academy branches of course of two years, bookkeeping, shorthand and typewriting. Those who have not been able to meet the demands for stenographers, bookkeepers. The United States needs statisticians, bookkeepers, stenographers. For further information address:

J. E. Willis, Dean, WAYLAND BAPTIST COLLEGE

MONEY TO LOAN on 5, 7 or 10 Years' Time

Payable on or before. Only annual interest asked, and purchaser permitted to select such date as he desires to have interest fall due each year. This permits the harvesting of your crops and their sale before you have to meet your interest. Your loan does not bear interest from date of application, but from the date of the check giving you your money. No inspection fee or commissions added. The cleanest cut loan proposition you were ever offered. Inspector lives in Plainview. Prompt service. We can take up those Vendor's Lien Notes and extend them for you.

STEWART & PATTERSON, Suite 30 Grant Bldg. Phone 388. Plainview, Tex.

Ready for Grinding

The Floydada Mill and Elevator Co.

is now ready for business and will do custom grinding of grains, such as maize, kaffir corn and Indian corn on Saturday of each week.

I am in the market for all your grain and will try to pay the top prices. See me before you sell your wheat.

J. A. Abernathy, Prop.

Floydada, Texas

Your Children's Eyesight

You are responsible for the eyes of your children. Watch out for frowns and squints. When he reads or looks at a picture book does he hold it too near or too far? These little things grow fast, but in many cases can be overcome if discovered in time. We insist on your bringing your children in. You may save them a life time of strain and weak sight. Defects of vision never disappear of their own accord, and in most cases grow worse. It's a duty you owe your child. No charges for advising you.

Wilson Kimble

Optometrist, Jeweler and Engraver
FLOYDADA TEXAS
South Side Square

R. C. SCOTT

Abstracter
Notary Public and Conveyancer.
Room 10 First Nat'l. Bank Building

ARTHUR B. DUNCAN

GENERAL LAND AGENT AND ABSTRACTER
Floydada, Texas

Buys, sells and leases Real Estate on commission; Renders and pays taxes for non-resident land owners; Investigates and perfects titles; Furnishes abstracts of title from records;

Owner of Complete Abstract of all Floyd County Lands and Town Lots;

Have had 25 years experience with Floyd County Lands and land titles. List your land and town lots with me if for sale or lease; and give me your abstract of title work. Office South East Corner of Square.

—ADDRESS—

ARTHUR B. DUNCAN
FLOYDADA, TEXAS

Wednesday for St. markets to and of time in

DRILL FOR OIL ON Z BAR L RANCH

Mr. McCraley, representing a large Oklahoma oil company, has been in Post this week arranging for the placing of oil well machinery on the company's lease fifteen miles north of Post.

This well will be drilled on section two of the Z Bar L Ranch, and the company has about 150 sections leased in that neighborhood. We understand that this company has set aside \$3,000,000 to be used in development work on this and two other leases they have in Texas.

Geo. Russell has the contract to haul this machinery to the proposed well and now has several wagons transporting it to the lease. There are three cars of machinery and derrick lumber and five cars of piping to be hauled. A derrick builder will be here this week and work will be pushed as rapidly as possible so that drilling may begin at an early date.—Post City Post.

RICH RICHARDSON MAN WAITER ON TRAINING SHIP

With an income running well into five figures, R. C. Watson of Richardson, who became a 32nd degree Mason and Shriner in Dallas last spring, is now waiting on the tables of the training ship Meade for \$1 a day and seemingly is very contented.

This is a part of a story unfolded by the merchant mariner in listing the names of the big business and professional men who are doing their share to rid the world of German autocracy. Mr. Watson, with members of his family, owns a farm valued at more than a quarter of a million dollars.—Dallas Evening Journal.

GREAT SEAL OF THE U. S. UNDER LOCK

The Great Seal of the United States is kept locked up in a rosewood box in the vaults of the State Department at Washington. Its custodian will impress it upon a document only on receipt of a formal warrant signed by the President. The use of it without such a warrant is a grave offense, punishable like the most serious forgery. It cost \$10,000 and is Uncle Sam's most sacred possession.

When it is imprinted upon a document—a Thanksgiving proclamation, for instance—this is of parchment and beautifully engrossed. Such documents are filed in the archives and only printed or typewritten copies are sent out. Governors of States are entitled to receive copies signed by the President and Secretary of State personally. Other persons, unless specially favored, receive only printed copies.

ABERNATHY BUYING BRISCOE COUNTY WHEAT NOW

J. A. Abernathy and son were up from Floydada Monday in the interest of getting the Briscoe county wheat marketed there, and are offering pretty fair prices as will be seen by reference to their ad elsewhere in this issue.

Mr. Abernathy has just completed the installation of a flour mill and elevator at Floydada. He is working in harmony with, and under the instructions of the Food Administration, which sees the advisability of keeping the Plains wheat on the Plains.—Silverton Star.

RAILROAD NOW COMPLETED TO SEMINOLE

Seminole Sentinel: Seminole has after a good, long wait been connected with the outside world with a railroad. The Midland & North western having completed the laying of their tracks into Seminole Wednesday of this week.

The crew is now working on the track surfacing and otherwise putting the newly constructed track in shape. They expect to move the construction crew into Seminole the first of next week and work from this end of the line.

The track south of the present camp is complete and in good shape, and it will only take a few weeks to put this end of the line in good condition.

Plans are now being drawn for a depot at this place, and Mr. O'Donnell stated that they will erect a good, substantial building with passenger and extra large freight handling facilities. Work is to begin on same in a few days.

The first trip over the tracks of the Midland & Northwestern railway from their depot site at Seminole to Midland was made Thursday of this week.

In honor of the occasion, President O'Donnell invited quite a crowd of Seminole citizens to make the trip as his guests.

The train left Seminole at 9:30 in the morning and on the return trip arrived at Seminole from Midland at 11:00 o'clock in the evening.

President T. J. O'Donnell of the Midland & Northwestern Railway Company, authorized the Sentinel to state that there will be regular daily train service beginning Monday, September 9th. The schedule will appear in next week's Sentinel.

A mixed train, accommodating both freight and passenger traffic will be operated between Midland and Seminole.

YEAR HAS BEEN GOOD ONE FOR BAPTIST ASS'N.

At its annual meeting held in Lockney from Tuesday to Thursday of last week the Floyd County Baptist Association rounded out its first year with a fine spirit and good attendance, reports indicating that the year's work had been a good one.

Counting pledges the association ended its year out of debt.

Rev. W. B. McDaniel of this city was re-elected moderator for the new year, Rev. R. E. J. Muncy was re-elected clerk and Rev. J. T. Burnett of Lockney corresponding secretary and treasurer.

ACCOMODATING STONE

It is interesting to know that there is one place on earth where explosives in getting out stone and laying foundations for buildings are not only unnecessary, but where their use would be positively disastrous. In the Island of Bermuda, beloved of Mark Twain, where all the builder has to do to obtain stone for a house is to go to a quarry, anywhere on the islands, and saw out the slabs of the soft, creamy limestone of which these favored islands are built, in convenient sized blocks, like cakes of ice. The limestone cuts almost like cheese, and is quite soft and crumbly, but after being piled up and exposed to the air it becomes hard and flint-like, and is then ready to be used in building. The houses built of this stone last for many years.

It is positively uncanny to watch the workers sawing this stone out of the ground. The blaem men look blacker than ever among their white surroundings, which may be one of the reasons they so strenuously object to being photographed. If they see a camera they immediately lay down their tools and retire.

All the islands of Bermuda, and there are a great many of them, big and little, are of coral formation, and all the houses on the islands are built of this native limestone, quarried in this way. A stone quarry can be started almost anywhere, even in the backyard of the lot where one proposes to build.

LUBBOCK'S FIRST BALE

Lubbock's first bale of cotton was received on the market Friday of last week.

Tahoka's first bale was also announced at about the same time.

The Hesperian and Dallas Semi-weekly News, \$1.75.

CARD OF THANKS

Even at this late hour it is appropriate that I extend to my friends throughout Floyd county my thanks for their loyal support during the recent primaries. No man was ever blessed with as staunch and loyal friends as I possess in this county.

Again thanking you, and with the assurance that I shall always stand for the right, with equal justice to all and special privilege to none in private as well as public matters, and with sincere best wishes for your continued welfare and happiness, I beg to remain, Yours truly,

W. B. CLARK,
County Judge Floyd County.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS

S. J. Livingston and wife to W. S. Cope, deed; consideration \$90.00; description: Lots No's. 4, 5, 6, and 7 in block No. 25, Railroad Addition to town of Lockney, Floyd County, Texas.

G. F. Rigdon and wife to W. S. Cope, deed; consideration \$280.00; description: Five acres of land out of survey 7, block S. C. Floyd county, Texas.

W. L. Gruber and wife to Sid W. Brown, deed; consideration \$1,200.00; description: Lots No's. 10, 9, 8, and 11, feet off of south side of lot No. 17, in block No. 19, to the town of Lockney, Floyd County, Texas.

S. R. McLaughlin and others to H. R. Manning and others, deed; consideration \$4,000.00; description: 1st Tract: 53 1-3 acres off of the Pat McHugh 80 acres pre-emption survey. Second tract: 106 2-3 acres off of the Zeo Parnell survey.

J. T. Livesay and wife to Joe Ed Burleson, deed; consideration \$300.00; description: lots No's. 6, 7, and 8 in block 6, Livesay Addition to town of Lockney.

Joe Ed Burleson and wife to S. F. Barber, deed; consideration \$600.00; description: lots No's 15, 16, 17 and 18 in Block 2, Muncy Addition to town of Lockney.

D. E. Pitts was home from Pueblo, Colorado, the past few days on business.

NO. 439 BANKS OFFICIAL STATEMENT OF THE FINANCIAL CONDITION OF THE FIRST STATE BANK AT FLOYDADA

State of Texas, at the close of business on the 31 day of August, 1918, published in The Floyd County Hesperian, a newspaper printed and published at Floydada State of Texas, on the 12 day of September, 1918.

RESOURCES:

Loans and Discounts, personal or collateral	\$255,834.38
Loans, real estate	12,189.06
Overdrafts	860.79
Bonds and stocks	1,500.00
Real estate (banking house)	8,700.00
Other real estate	4,671.50
Furniture and fixtures	2,100.00
Due from Approved Reserve agents, net	48,597.50
Cash items	483.66
Currency	8,441.00
Specie	2,767.41
Interest and Assessment Depositors' Guaranty Fund	2,948.69
Other Resources: Bills of exchange	2,794.02
Cash Collections	53.18
TOTAL	\$351,941.19

LIABILITIES:

Capital stock paid in	\$ 40,000.00
Undivided profits, net	3,583.02
Due to banks and bankers, subject to check, net	853.84
Individual deposits, subject to check	172,327.12
Time certificates of deposit	76,248.78
Cashier's checks	18,928.43
Bills payable and rediscounts	40,000.00
TOTAL	\$351,941.19

The state of Texas, County of Floyd. We Jas. K. Green, as vice president, and N. W. McCleskey, as cashier of said bank, each of us, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.

JAS. K. GREEN, Vice President
N. W. McCLESKEY, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of September, A. D. 1918.
(Seal) W. T. MONTGOMERY,
Notary Public Floyd County, Texas.
CORRECT—ATTEST:
LEE MONTAGUE,
WILL I. ALLEN,
J. S. STARKS,
—Directors

TRAINED OFFICERS ARE GREATLY IN DEMAND NOW

Camp Travis, Texas, September 7.—Trained officers are demanded by the government to meet the needs of our rapidly expanding army. Uncle Sam to meet this need is proceeding in the thoroughly democratic manner which is characteristic of the huge armies which are now forming. The ranks of the entire army are now being thoroughly canvassed for all soldiers suitable as material for training as officers. This problem of selecting is being systematically done at Camp Travis. The men who have been drafted by the local boards of Texas, Oklahoma, New Mexico and Colorado, are being given the opportunity to be sent to schools to undergo intensive training as officers.

In order that every man should be aware of the opportunity that is his, all recruits and non-commissioned officers in Camp Travis who have had a high school or college training, were recently marched to the Y. M. C. A. Auditorium where the President of the Examining Board, explained the processes and requirements for gaining entry into one of the training camps. The War Department has adopted as its permanent policy in the training of officers for this war, a school that is known as the Central School Plan. Candidates at the first training camps for officers were recruited from civil life. Two of these camps were held last summer, but with the formation of the National army, the policy was, and is, to secure officer material from the ranks. The second plan of camp was adopted whereby each newly formed division inaugurated and maintained a Divisional School for the training of officers. With the rapid movement of the Divisions overseas it became apparent that in order to insure continuity of plan and instruction, it would be necessary to add the element of permanency to the camp, thereby insuring a higher grade of instruction and the benefiting from experience in training large numbers. To consummate this method, Central Training Schools for Infantry officers were established at Camp Pike, Arkansas, Camp Gordon, Ga., and Camp Lee, Va., for Field Artillery officers at Camp Taylor, Kentucky; for Machine Gun officers at Camp Hancock, Ga., and for Quartermaster officers, at Joseph E. Johnson, Jacksonville, Fla.

The candidates are being given thorough physical examination in order to insure their physical fitness for the strenuous training which officer candidates must undergo. Heretofore, written examinations have not been required at Camp Travis for applicants to the training camp, but in order to insure every man desiring to go, to have an opportunity, written examinations have been adopted. Examinations will be given in History, Geography and Arithmetic, but prior to taking this examination, the applicant must appear before the examination board for an oral examination. This examination will consider principally the appearance of the applicant and the impression he makes upon the board, the oral examination will be given the weight of one subject. Following these examinations a second in mathematics consisting of five questions each in Algebra, Geometry, and Trigonometry. An applicant must answer a total of 10 of the above 15 questions with a minimum of at least 3 in each subject. The mathematical examination will count as one subject. An applicant must make a general average of 79 and not fall below 50 in any one subject to be recommended by the board.

Heretofore, written examinations have not been required, and many of

the men, realizing that they have forgotten much they learned in school, were somewhat doubtful about putting in applications. But the Y. M. C. A. always ready to serve, was on the spot, and one of its representatives announced to the audience that classes in arithmetic, history and geography, and also in higher mathematics, would be started at every "Y" building in camp the next evening and that every man would be given an opportunity to review up on these subjects, in the few days that remained to them. "Y" instructors were also promised for any company that organized a class in its own barracks. All this was promised although the "Y" men had been given only a few hours to make preparations but they were ready on the minute with the help that was needed and as the men realized the liberality of the offer that was made them, the hall resounded with applause for the Y. M. C. A.

Encouraged by the "Y" offer of help, the men in large numbers have turned in their applications during the past week and they will soon be given a chance to show whether or not they have the making of officers in them. At least every man has an equal opportunity with his fellow, and the lack of friendships or "pull" will not keep any man from going just as high as his abilities will take him.

Plans for the organization of the 18th Division at Camp Travis are rapidly taking shape. The 19th and 35th Infantry regiments of the regular Army are already in camp and will form the nucleus on which the new division will be formed. These regiments of men already training will furnish a number of non commissioned officers for each of the new companies to be formed. A number of privates will be transferred to the new organizations also, and in this manner it is thought the new division will be more quickly and thoroughly trained than it could be in any other way. With experienced men from Captain to privates in each company, the new recruits should be able to catch military matters in a hurry.

Special orders have been issued that new men be subjected to no strenuous drill at first. The man of sedentary occupation especially is to be kept in mind, and the hardening process is to be gradual. As it is now the recruits do most of their drilling in the cool of the morning, starting at it about sun-up, while the afternoon is given mostly to lectures, signal practice and games.

No man is going to be worked beyond his strength, every man is going to have abundant good food, and every reasonable pleasure and recreation, but military training will be the first thing always.

H. F. Shearer, of Winnsboro, Texas, who since his last visit to Floydada, has been living at San Antonio the greater part of the time, has returned and will probably make this his permanent home.

W. J. Burk returned last week from the oil field district of central Texas where he had been the past several months, also with his family visiting in various parts of the state.

Wm. Gaither returned the latter part of last week from Pueblo, Colorado, where he had been for several weeks.

TYPHOID is no more necessary than Smallpox. Long experience has demonstrated the almost miraculous efficacy, and harmlessness, of Antityphoid Vaccination. Be vaccinated NOW by your physician, you and your family. It is more vital than house insurance. Ask your physician, druggist, or send for "Have you had Typhoid?" telling of Typhoid Vaccine, results from us, and danger from Typhoid Carriers. THE CUTLER LABORATORY, BECKLEY, W. VA. PRODUCING VACCINES & SERUMS UNDER U. S. GOVERNMENT

25 years residence in West Texas and 12 years experience dealing in Plains lands puts us in position to handle your business in the most satisfactory manner.

List your land with

Fawver & Christian

First National Bk. Bldg.

Floydada, Texas.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, BUREAU OF CROP ESTIMATES

Office of Texas Cotton Specialist, Federal Building, Houston, Texas, September 3, 1918.

(The Bureau of Crop Estimates, United States Department of Agriculture, from reports received as of August 25th, estimates the condition of the cotton crop of the United States at 55.7 of a normal, indicating a total crop of 11,137,000 equivalent 500 pound bales.

THE TEXAS COTTON CROP

(Condition 43 per cent of normal, as reported by the bureau, September 3, 1918.) Summary, comments and condition by districts. (By F. N. Gray, Texas Cotton Specialist.)

A condition of 43 per cent of normal crop, upon the usual allowance of 1 per cent abandonment of acreage, would indicate a total yield for Texas of 2,544,000 equivalent 500 pound bales. Last year's production was 3,125,378 bales. This, of course, is subject to such change as the weather condition and acreage actually to be picked, may warrant during remainder of the season. Based on a planted acreage of 11,910,000, preliminary estimate, the indicated crop for Texas is the smallest known. Continued drought, under high temperatures, over large producing areas, unrelieved until the 24th of August, inclusive, the date for closing this report, wrought havoc on the plant, previously reduced in vitality, as shown in the condition as of the 25th of July. Scattered showers earlier in the month were of no benefit. The rains, however, of the two closing days of the period, augurs an improvement in districts where the plant is capable of fruiting before usual frost date. In some of the districts, particularly in the west center and most of the northwest, no amount of rain at this date could prove of benefit, the weed being too small and the frost date too near. In other districts except for parts of the center district, where the plant has been much dwarfed by drought, material improvement is susceptible, if rain should continue. In the north and northwest districts there is much cotton with a good weed, some of it still blooming when the rains came, that would increase its fruit, at least to make bolls before frost. In the south district, a top crop is possible in counties where the weed is sufficiently large and having vitality. This is particularly true of the coastal belt, where practically a good crop had been insured date of last report. The southeast district has the best crop in the state.

Northwest (7 per cent of crop) including the following counties: Archer, Baylor, Briscoe, Childress, Collinsworth, Cottle, Dawson, Dickens, Donley, Fisher, Floyd, Foard, Hall, Hardeman, Haskell, Hemphill, Jones, Kent, Lubbock, Motley, Scurry, Shackelford, Stephens, Stonewall, Swisher, Throckmorton, Knox, Wichita, Wilbarger, Young, Hardin. Condition 21.

North (22 per cent of crop) including: Clay, Collin, Cooke, Dallos, Delta, Fannin, Grayson, Hopkins, Hunt, Jack, Kaufman, Lamar, Montague, Palo Pinto, Parker, Rockwall, Tarrant, Wise. Condition 48.

Northwest (9 per cent of crop) including: Bowie, Camp, Cass, Franklin, Gregg, Harrison, Henderson, Marion, Morris, Panola, Rains, Red River, Rusk, Smith, Titus, Upshur, Van Zandt, Wood. Condition 50.

West Center (4 per cent of crop) including: Bandera, Blanco, Callahan, Coke, Coleman, Concho, Edwards, Gillespie, Howard, Kendall, Kerr, Llano, McCulloch, Mason, Menard, Mitchell, Nolan, Real, Runnels, San Saba, Schleicher, Taylor, Tom Green, Ward. Condition 9.

Center (39 per cent of crop) including: Bosque, Brazos, Brown, Burleson, Burnett, Caldwell, Comal, Comanche, Coryell, Eastland, Ellis, Erath, Falls, Fayette, Freestone, Hamilton, Hays, Hill, Hood, Johnson, Lampasas, Lee, Limestone, McLennan, Milam, Mills, Navarro, Robertson, Somervell, Travis, Washington. Condition 41.

East (6 per cent of crop) including: Anderson, Angelina, Cherokee, Grimes, Hardin, Houston, Jasper, Leon, Liberty, Madison, Nacogdoches, Newton, Polk, Sabine, San Augustine, San Jacinto, Shelby, Trinity, Tyler, Walker. Condition 51.

South (10 per cent of crop) including: Atascosa, Bee, Bexar, Calhoun,ameron, Dewitt, Duval, Frio, Goliad, Gonzales, Guadalupe, Hildalgo, Jack, Jim Hogg, Jim Wells, Karnes, berg, LaSalle, Lavaca, Live Oak,ullen, Medina, Neuces, San Patricio, Uvalde, Victoria, Wilson, Refugio. Condition 51.

Southwest (3 per cent of crop) including: Austin, Brazoria, Colorado, Fort Bend, Harris, Matagorda, Montgomery, Waller, Wharton. Condition 65.

Hesperian Want ads bring results.



Sergt. Arthur Guy Empey in Vitagraph's master piece "Over the Top".

OLYMPIC THEATRE

Vitagraph's Greatest American Photodrama

"Over the Top"

Featuring SERGT. ARTHUR GUY EMPEY (HIMSELF)

Supported by

LOIS MEREDITH, JAMES MORRISON AND AN ALL-STAR VITAGRAPH CAST

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Reserved Seats on Sale at Box Office. 30c and 55c

ORDER STOPS MANUFACTURE OF BEER DECEMBER FIRST

Curtailment Due to Needs of War Industries and Transportation Shortage

Washington, Sept. 6.—Manufacture of beer in the United States will be prohibited after December 1, next as a war measure.

This announcement was made tonight by the food administration, which said the decision had been reached at conferences between President Wilson and representatives of the fuel, food and railroad administrations and the war industries board. Factors which influenced the decision to prohibit the manufacture of beer after Dec. 1, the food administration announcement said, were "the future necessity of war industries for the whole fuel productive capacity of the country, the severe drought which has materially affected the supply of feeding stuff for next year, the strain upon transportation to handle necessary industries and the shortage of labor caused by enlargement of the army program."

"Warning was issued to manufacturers of all beverages and mineral waters that for the same reasons there will be further great curtailment in fuel for the manufacture of glass containers, of tin plate for cans, of transportation and of food products in such beverages."

Action along this line, it was said, had been expected by the brewing interests in view of the fuel administration's order of last July 3 reducing coal consumption of breweries 50 per cent and a warning that they might not be able to continue in business.

Brewers Won't Oppose Order Milwaukee, Sept. 6.—Brewers here will make no attempt to oppose the order issued at Washington today prohibiting the manufacture of beer after December 1, according to Wm. H. Austin, attorney for the Milwaukee Brewers' Association.

"The supply of beer probably will be exhausted within two months after the order goes into effect," said Mr. Austin, "because the breweries have been making only about 50 per cent of their usual product for the last six months under fuel restrictions."

FIRST AIR SHIP

The first air plane to ever be seen at Paducah was last Saturday afternoon. One was spotted flying high in a northeast direction. It was far away and could just be distinguished as a plane.

This is the first time that one has even been sighted from this city.—The Paducah Post.

Hesperian Ad Liners Get Results.

SPECULATIVE STOCK SALES TO BE STRANGLING

Washington, Sept. 7.—Plans for strangling hundreds of millions of dollars worth of oil stocks and other speculative securities which the Government considers unnecessary in the war emergency and hindrances to sale of Liberty bonds were announced today by the Capital Issues Committee. Within a few weeks the committee hopes to stop absolutely the sale of all stocks and bonds not previously submitted to the committee or its district agencies for examination to determine whether the issues could not better be postponed until after the war.

Although this is only part of the Government's general program for conserving credit, along with materials and men, the action was hastened by reports that promoters are taking millions of dollars of Liberty bonds in exchange for stocks of doubtful value, luring investors with the specious plea that by this means their money does double service for the Government. The traffic in doubtful securities alone, heretofore not submitted to the Capital Issues Committee, amounts to between \$250,000,000 and \$500,000,000 a year, the committee estimated. Secretary McAdoo, in a letter made public today, indorsed the committee's plans.

CONCENTRATION OF AMERICAN TROOPS ON 1 SECTOR

Washington, Sept. 7.—Concentration of American troops in the American sectors in France is proceeding rapidly and General Pershing now has under his direct command more than 90 per cent of the troops who have reached the other side. This was revealed today by General March, chief of staff, who said that more than 90 per cent of Americans now are in the American sectors.

General March made no statement as to the purpose of this concentration. He did say, however, that the custom of brigading new divisions with the French or British forces to hasten their preparation for front line duty had not been abandoned.

"But as our men go over there now pretty well instructed," he added, "the time they stay in the training camps over there is very much less."

General March announced also that the Twenty-Seventh Division, previous training behind the British lines, is now on the line in Flanders. This was interpreted to mean that the division soon would be withdrawn to join Pershing's army.

Luther Roberts, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Roberts, of Antelope, who has been at Gray, Oklahoma, in a sanitarium undergoing treatment for appendicitis, is reported doing well and will probably return home in the near future.

LUBBOCK METHODISTS UNVEIL SERVICE FLAG

Lubbock Avalanche:

Quite an interesting service was held at the Methodist church last Sunday night beginning at 8:45. It was the unveiling of the Methodist Service Flag, on which stars were pinned to represent the men and boys in the government service from Lubbock who were members of the Methodist church or members of the families who belonged to that denomination. There was quite a large crowd present and the service was very appropriate indeed. This service was under the auspices of the Woman's Missionary Society.

BIRD MAN MARRIED

Ted Reid, son of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Reid, who live 12 miles southwest of town, was married last Sunday at 9 a. m., at Tulia to Miss Ruby Fowler who lived between here and Lockney.

Ted is a bird man, having been in training at West Point, Miss., for some time and recently received his commission. He came home the first of the week and visited relatives and friends all week and he and his bride left immediately after the ceremony for West Point to reside. He expects to be kept there for some time to assist in instructing airmen for the service.—Silverton Star.

LOCKNEY M. D. HONORED

Dr. D. J. Thomas has been appointed a member of the Texas Executive Committee of the National Council of Defense and will represent Floyd county in recruiting members for the Volunteer Medical Service Corps. He will enroll each doctor in the county in the service for the army. The doctors of the county are under volunteer call and have not been drafted for the service. He will also have charge of the county communities in the matter of supplying them with medical service where M. D.'s have enlisted and gone into the service. Dr. Thomas will begin this important branch of government service as soon as he receives the necessary supplies.—Lockney Beacon.

Robert Menefee left this week for the A. & M. College of Mississippi to enter that school at the opening of the term. Besides taking the school work he will be in the band organization of the institution.

Robert Puryear, who is in the Dallas Brigade of the Texas National Guard, has been home the past several days visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Puryear.

Miss Aura Adams, of Slaton, Texas, has been visiting here the past several days with her sisters, Mrs. Geo. W. Smith and Mrs. K. J. Matthews.

We Have Bought the Main Garage

From Mr. H. O. Pope and in announcing the fact want to ask for the continued patronage of automobile owners of Floydada and Floyd County. We will maintain the high standard of workmanship of the past, Mr. Pope having agreed to remain with us indefinitely. We will do a cash business strictly, and call your attention to this fact. This rule will apply to all.

Again bespeaking your patronage, we are

Yours very truly,

W. J. Brown & Son.

EVERYBODY is beginning to see the difference between right rifle shooting and aimless "potting around" and go-as-you-please "target shooting." The trend of the times toward efficiency is leading thousands to follow the Government's wishes and shoot the official N. R. A. small-bore courses (not military) adopted for civilian and junior marksmen.

Remington UMC .22 Caliber Rifles and Cartridges, made to shoot first choice for this shooting, because they measure up to the highest standard.

Get in line with a Remington UMC .22 Caliber Rifle and Remington official Government decorations awarded for proficiency by the N. R. A.

Sold by Sporting Goods Dealers in Your City.

For information about the new Small-Bore Courses, ask the Sporting Goods Dealer, or address the National Rifle Association, 1100 Washington, D. C.

THE REMINGTON ARMS UNION METALLIC CARTRIDGE COMPANY, Inc. Largest Manufacturers of Firearms and Ammunition in the World. NEW YORK

Hesperian Want Ads

COACH IS WORTH PRESERVING

Vehicle in Which General Lafayette Is Known to Have Ridden, Brought to Light.

"What will they do with the Lafayette coach?" was the casual question asked recently when it was talked of tearing down the old sheds in the rear of Trinity church at Geneva. It was thus learned that such an historic relic had been hidden under cobwebs for many years.

This carriage was built by Henry Brewster of New York over 100 years ago and brought to Geneva by Henry De Zeng when he came there to settle. So far as is known, this was the only carriage in western New York, outside of Rochester.

It was in the summer of 1825 that General Lafayette visited Geneva. He had been the guest of the celebrated lawyer, Mr. Gregg, in Canandaigua and it was from there that he was taken by this carriage to Geneva, from there to Auburn, Syracuse, Utica, etc. It was drawn by six white horses and was accompanied by outriders. Occupying the coach besides General Lafayette were his son and secretary. The coach was afterward returned to its owner in Geneva and its last public appearance was at the centennial of the city, about ten years ago, when it carried a Mr. Keppler, a pioneer over one hundred years old.—Buffalo Express.

ALERT MIND



Peggy—Yes; tomorrow's my birthday.
Reggy—Weally! 'Pen m' honch, you don't look it.

NOT SO BAD AS THAT.

How the anti-German sentiment is obtaining a foothold in the minds of the younger generation of Americans was illustrated strikingly in a South Illinois street soft drink place one evening recently.

A man entered the place and bought a drink from a boy about twelve years old. He handed the lad a \$5 bill and received the correct change. He had just emerged to the sidewalk when the youngster rushed after him and excitedly called:

"Where's that feller that gave me this bill? It's no good. It's on the German National bank."

And it required the efforts of several bystanders to convince him that the money was all right.—Indianapolis News.

THEY LAST LONGER.

A dozen pansy plants cost as much as half a bushel of potatoes, but that is no reason for buying potatoes and going without a pansy bed. The pansies will last all summer.—Seattle Post-Intelligencer.

MORE TIME FOR KNITTING.

"I see that fewer pockets in men's clothes have been ordered."
"What's the idea?"

"To save cloth for one thing—also to save our wives' time in going through them."

A DISAPPOINTMENT.

Nell—Isn't it a shanie about our summer furs?
Belle—Yes, indeed; it doesn't look stylish any more, for it has been cool enough to wear them.

WEST.

I come from the scale. Do these sub-

UBES.

What on earth is that queer bit of junk hanging in the corner of his cellar?

"Sh! That's a ton of camouflaged coal."

FISH ABLE TO REMEMBER

Abundant Proof That Members of the Finny Tribe Have the Power of Memory.

Even the fishes of the sea have pictures on memory's wall. Experiments have been made with several fishes as to their faculties for remembering, but the most striking results have been obtained with the gray perch, which live chiefly on a small silver-luod sardine. Some of these were taken and colored red and were then put into the tank where the perch was, with several silver-colored sardines. Of course, the normal sardines were at once seized and eaten, but it was not until hungry that the perch made a tentative meal of one of the red-colored victims.

On recognizing the sardine flavor, however, he promptly demolished the remainder, says an exchange. Later the perch devoured the sardines irrespective of color, thus showing not only traces of a memory, but also the power to differentiate color.

Subsequently sardines colored red and blue were placed in the tank, together with the silver ones. The same scene was repeated, the blue sardines not being attacked until the others were eaten and hunger compelled investigation of the newcomers. After this introduction the perch ate the sardines of all three types without any difficulty.

Some spines of the sea nettle were then fastened to the blue sardines. These were at once avoided by the perch, who promptly got out of the way of the newcomers. This showed traces of memory, as the results of contact with the sea nettle were shown and recognized.

NEW ART IN PORTRAITURE

Doretype, Recently Introduced, is Many Respects the Best Yet Devised.

A new style of portrait photograph, the Doretype, has recently been introduced as a means of providing a form of portrait photograph of rich distinctive appearance, yet capable of being produced at a comparatively low cost. The Doretype is a warm-toned, thin, positive image on glass and receives its brilliancy from the material which is used as a backing. It lends itself to almost any treatment. It may be backed with light-tinted papers, or various shades of fine silk or satin, but the most satisfactory method is to coat the back of the transparency with a fine gold bronze.

With edges simply bound or the picture in a frame, most of the attractiveness of the Doretype is lost. The aim of the promoters has evidently been to originate something which in its way can be prized by the possessor just as the daguerreotype miniatures were prized in their day.—New York Times.

THE MONEYED CLASS.

"This writer gives some good advice to farmers."

"About crops?"

"Certainly not. Farmers are supposed to know how to raise crops. He advises them in regard to making investments in gilt-edged securities."

HE WANTED PEACE.

My brother was out at Camp Funston, Kan., and having gotten lost in a negro camp and trying to find his way back was called by the negro who was on guard duty, "Who goes dar?" "Lieutenant Johnston," was the reply. "Step forward and be reconciled."—Chicago Tribune.

RUDIMENTARY EDUCATION.

"The trouble with the Prussians is their school system."

"How would you revise it?"

"I'd give the kaiser and his six sons some old-fashioned copybooks and make them put in all their time writing 'Honesty is the best policy.'"

THAT PROVED IT.

Patience—I'll bet that fellow in khaki is a good soldier.

Patrice—Why?

"He's got a quick eye."

"How do you know?"

"Cause he winked at me."

FORETHOUGHT.

"What on earth is that queer bit of junk hanging in the corner of his cellar?"

"Sh! That's a ton of camouflaged coal."

CROPS NOT FOR AUSTRIANS

Italians Will Gather Harvest From Seed Sown by the Soldiers of Emperor Karl.

The Austrians in their retreat from the Piave abandoned not only materials of war but also their harvests. The possessive pronoun is used advisedly.

Last winter they sowed grain in their conquered territory during the abundance of spare time they had when there was little fighting. They watched the crop come up and grow to swift maturity under the kindly Italian sun. They watered at the mouth in anticipation of enjoying summer feasts of white bread, so long denied them.

They had almost forgotten that the land was not their very own. They had no expectation that the real owner would return to claim the harvest; on the other hand they were looking enviously at the smiling fields further on.

Suddenly they had to quit the soil and its yield. When the order for the retreat was given and discipline was relaxed the soldiers, fleeing, snatched off the heads of the grain and filled their haversacks. Prisoners say the scene reminded them of passages in the Bible which tell of the men of Holy Writ going through the fields and rubbing out the kernels between their palms to eat them raw.

THE MODERN MINSTREL



The poet's lay may be all right,
To some is seems a crime,
For downright usefulness I'll take
The hen's lay every time.

SUN MAKES SOUVENIRS.

Don't pin on the insignia of your sweetheart who is fighting in the trenches; let Old Sol do it. The girls here who are eager to keep about them some souvenir of the man they love who is fighting in France, are adopting a new fad at Coney this summer. They are cutting pieces of court plaster into the shape of the insignia worn on the khaki tunics of their sweethearts and, sticking these designs over their hearts or on their shoulders. Then they sit in the sun until they are tanned. When the court plaster is removed there is the design outlined in white, fixed for the rest of the summer. If you cannot get near the seashore, the roof will answer the same purpose.—New York Sun.

THE TRAMP'S BIT.

A Muncie woman noted for her philanthropy was approached by a novel kind of beggar the other day. He wished money instead of a "hand-out."

"What is your great need for money right now?" she asked, her hand on her open purse. "Are you hungry?"

"No, lady, it ain't that so much," he explained, "but I gotta do my bit buyin' Thrift stamps."—Indianapolis News.

A SOLDIER'S DREAM.

"I had a great dream last night," said the private as the last note of reveille died out.

"What was it?" asked the wagoner as he drew on his socks.

"I dreamed that we had finished our job of whipping the Germans," returned the private, "and General Pershing said, 'Sergeant, dismiss the army.'"

WHY SHE MOURNED.

Mrs. Flatbush—Who is the service flag in your window for?

Mrs. Bensonhurst—My only son. "Oh, indeed! And did he enlist or was he drafted?"

"I don't know just what you'd call it, but the poor boy never did a stroke of work in his life, and now the judge has made him go to work."

A VETERAN RANGER AND HIS HERD

George F. Stratton in Farm and Ranch

Col Charles Goodnight, ex-Texas Ranger and Confederate cavalryman and one time one of the largest cattlemen of his state, now rides, at the age of eighty-four among his herd of true buffalo on his ranch near Amarillo in the Texas Panhandle.

The herd numbers nearly two hundred and the colonel's object in securing their ancestors, forty years ago, was for the purpose of crossing them with domestic cattle. He tells the whole story very concisely and clearly:

"Being raised in a buffalo country I became interested in their extreme hardihood and adaptability to thrive under all climatic conditions and on a large range of territory.

"I decided to cross them with the common cattle and if possible establish a breed which would stand the high altitude and severe winters as the buffalo themselves do, and the elks and mountain sheep, and I commenced with the Polled Angus, having found them the hardiest of the cow kind.

"In 1878 I captured a lot of wild buffalo calves by roping, and allowing them to suck the common cow as a foster mother. This insured their serving the common cow after they had become large enough—in other words after they were three years old. In crossing I met with much loss from abortion and death and I found that no calves were born except females; all cows carrying bull calves either aborted or died.

"I bred the heifer calves back to the pure buffalo, obtaining a good percentage of calves about equal in sex, and when two years old and up I tested these three-quarter grades.

"The males proved to be worthless and infertile, although I tried the same plan for a number of years. The females were fertile and crossed readily, either with buffalo or common bull.

"Then I changed my plans. I bred buffalo cows to a Polled Angus bull, obtaining quarter-bloods. The bulls proved fertile to the three-quarter blood buffalo cows and from these I took my start and have a fairly established race that have proved superior to any breed of cattle known, for the following reasons:

"So far as I have been able to test they are immune from all disease. They never have had blackleg. They thrive and do well on less food than any other cattle known. They do not carry the extra quantity of tallow as common cattle, but by analysis the tallow is worth three to four cents more per pound as a butter producer.

"I hope to establish the fourteenth rib which the buffalo has. Some of my grades have it and time and patience will, I think, establish it in all. This will give greater hardihood and a longer and deeper loin. These cattalo live and produce at a much greater age and do not get as light in their old age as common cattle. At any time they will cut or dress 70 per cent gross weight, and the cows will weigh from 1,100 to 1,600 pounds.

"They do not require as much range as the common stock; they do not drift in storms; they do not run from hee-fles; they rise on their forefeet instead of their hind feet, which enables them to get up if weak; they never lie down with back down a slant, a habit that causes much loss among range cattle, which any experienced cowboy will assert.

"Under the same conditions they are more gentle than common cattle. They are not bad to run in driving and will not fight until forced. They locate and do not run astray like common stock.

"They carry more brain than common cattle and take better care of themselves; they do not require much salt as others; they do not disturb or destroy water; they will not eat loco; I have never seen a sick cattalo; they have eight incisor teeth and the shape in which they are set enables them to bite off the grass as close as the buffalo, giving them the benefit of the rich seeds that form in the tussets of the feed known as 'Buffalo grass'—a different species from the mesquite grass. This close grazing also gives them the benefit of the green shoots or stalks which are found near the ground in dry seasons and in winter."

An inspection of some hides he had from these cattalo shows the short curly hair of the buffalo and usually the same color. The mane and neck-hair, however, are not as long and heavy as those of the buffalo and the hump is not nearly as prominent.

But all these years of experiment have not yet developed a type which will remain true without continued breeding with the pure buffalo cow.

N. T. A. Byars, of northwest of town, was in Floydada Tuesday on business.

W. H. Dougherty, of Gainesville, is here this week on a visit with his daughter, Mrs. Fred Zimmerman.

C. Foster returned Monday from Burkburnett, where he had been several days in the oil fields.

STANDARD PATTERNS

We Have Just Received a New Stock of Them

EVERY STANDARD PATTERN is guaranteed to be correct. Use the finest materials without hesitation. You can positively rely upon Standard Patterns. We stand behind this guarantee.

Help Win the War by doing some sewing at home

We are giving special values in Serges and Poplins.

BARRIER BROTHERS

DISTRIBUTORS OF DEPENDABLE MERCHANDISE

Foster Bros.' Old Stand

Telephone No. 30

Stores at Brownfield and Lubbock

Prof. Claude V. Hall and his wife and their little daughter returned home Monday from Austin where Mr. Hall had spent the summer in special work at the University, and Mr. Hall is busy this week completing arrangements for the opening of the Slaton schools next Monday, September 9th.—Slaton Slatonite.

Jesse Seale returned home Monday from Fort Worth where he has been in National Business College since May 1st. He will be in charge of the Seale Dry Goods until the return of his father, W. H. Seale, from market.

C. P. Huckabay of Spring Lake, Texas, was here the earlier part of this week on business and visiting with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Huckabay.

Miss Annette Newell left last Friday for Canyon where she will be employed as milliner during the fall and winter season with the Canyon City Supply Co.

Allen Coalsion of Weatherford, is visiting here with his sister, Mrs. W. L. Morris this week. He will enter military service shortly after returning home.

Hollie Pool, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. G. Poole, left last week for Amarillo where she will attend school this year.

Leon Collins left Tuesday morning for Denton, Texas, where he will visit a few days before entering A. & M. College of Texas.

T. M. Bartley of Waco, was here a short time the earlier part of this week visiting his brother, Judge J. B. Bartley and family, and other relatives.

J. T. Pitts, the condition of whose health has been bad for sometime, was quite sick the latter part of last week, but is better at this time.

J. L. Smith and family and Miss Artie Smith returned home last Friday from Hillsboro, where they had been visiting.

W. H. Ireland has resigned his place with the Floydada Drug Company, and with his wife will move in the near future to Houston.

Jesse L. English, county and district clerk of Shackelford county, visited at the home of R. Carter and family last week end.

H. J. Willis and family, of Wichita Falls, are spending the week in Floydada on a visit while Mr. Willis is transacting business here.

Mrs. Mae Fullingim of Estacado, visited in Floydada the earlier part of this week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Shipley.

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The Elk Cafe

JONES & KIMBLE, Props.

North Side of Square. Plainview, Texas.

TRY US AND BECOME A SATISFIED CUSTOMER

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