

THE FLOYD COUNTY HESPERIAN

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FLOYDADA, FLOYD COUNTY, TEXAS, THURSDAY, AUGUST 8, 1918.

NUMBER 22

4 LIBERTY LOAN DRIVE BEGINS SEPTEMBER 28

EXACT AMOUNT AND OTHER DETAILS ARE NOT ANNOUNCED AS YET

Washington, July 31.—The campaign for the Fourth Liberty Loan will open Saturday, September 28, and continue three weeks, ending October 19, it was announced tonight by Secretary McAdoo.

In fixing three weeks as the length of the campaign instead of four, treasury officials plan for a more intensive campaign.

Although official announcement has not been made, the amount of the loan probably will be \$6,000,000,000 and the rate of interest which the bonds will bear 4-1/4 per cent. Should the treasury decide soon to place on the market certificates of indebtedness redeemable next June, when taxes are paid, the amount of the loan may be reduced.

SUGAR CASE NEWEST AFTERNOON WARDROBE ACCESSORY

A new request now appears on invitations to afternoon teas and in place of the insistent R. S. V. P. is neatly placed the inscription, "bring own sugar." It would, of course, be impossible for milady to carry her two lumps in her bag or wrapped in paper, and so to do away with this difficulty the jewelers have come forward and offered a solution. A tiny gold or silver filigree case, resembling a small vanity case is now a necessary accessory to the afternoon wardrobe. These little cases are just large enough for the prescribed two lumps and hang from a ring which fits little finger. It is a novel sight to each guest at luncheon or tea open pretty sugar case when tea is served.—Amarillo News.

J. W. B. McDANIEL VISITING AT GREENVILLE NOW

Rev. W. B. McDaniel left this week for Greenville where he will visit a short time with friends, joining his wife who is already there.

No preaching will be held at the Baptist church Sunday, he states though Sunday school will be held at the regular hour, and he urges attendance of the membership of the Baptist church as well as those of other faiths at the Presbyterian revival.

HAPPY, TEXAS, MAN KILLED

George Ward was shot and instantly killed at his ranch near Happy, Texas, Sunday afternoon, according to report received here yesterday. A man named J. H. Messemmer, a renter of the Ward place, was arrested by the officers in connection with the case and later released under \$2,500 bond.

Reports received here state that Ward and Messemmer had had previous trouble.—Amarillo News.

MAN HURT IN FALL FROM WATER TANK

Lockney, Texas, Aug. 5.—Dan Gilliland of Plainview, while repairing a Santa Fe water tank here Saturday, fell from the scaffold, fracturing his skull and injuring his eyes.

TELEPHONE RATE INCREASE MADE AT PLAINVIEW

An increase in telephone rates, announced recently by the Southwestern Telephone and Telegraph Company at Plainview is causing quite a stir among the subscribers there. Mass meetings protesting against the increase have been called and every effort will be made to get the rate reduced to its former figures.

SINGING AT LOCKNEY FOR SUNDAY AFTERNOON

The announcement is made that a singing will be held at the Baptist church in Lockney next Sunday afternoon beginning at 2:30.

Prof. R. H. Cornelius, of Waco, one of the leading singers of the state, will be present at the singing. He has been teaching in a school at Sunset. Numerous other local singers will also be there, and an invitation is extended to all singers and lovers of music to be present.

CROP CONDITIONS HELPED BY LIGHT SHOWERS

Crop conditions are somewhat improved over the past two weeks by light showers which fell over portions of the county the past two days. Last night a half-inch shower fell at Floydada. The extreme west and northwest portions of the county had fairly good seasons according to telephone reports.

Early row crops have been showing the need of rain for two weeks. Late crops are in much better condition. Cotton is, for the most part, reported still growing and putting on fruit.

MARVIN JONES WILL VISIT FRANCE AND ENGLAND

James O. Guleke is in receipt of a telegram from Hon. Marvin Jones, private secretary in Washington, D. C., to the effect that Mr. Jones will sail at an early date for France as a member of the Congressional Contingent Committee on military affairs. This committee will visit for the purpose of making a study of military affairs and will look after the welfare of the boys from America in the war.

This selection comes as an honor to the congressman from this congressional district of Texas.—Amarillo News.

CUT IN PNEUMATIC TIRE OUTPUT IS REQUESTED

New York, July 31.—Fifty per cent cut in production of pneumatic tires in August and September as compared with the same months last year was asked of the rubber industries in a letter from Geo. N. Peck, commissioner of finished products of the war industries board, read before 400 members of the trade at a meeting here today. This restriction would be exclusive of government business.

SUGAR NOW TWO POUNDS PER PERSON PER MONTH

NEW REGULATION MADE NECESSARY BY SCARCITY OF SUGAR OVER THE COUNTRY

E. A. Peden, Federal Food Administrator for the State of Texas, has issued the following addressed to all District and County Food Administrators, under date of July 31:

I know you realize that the sugar situation is becoming more acute each day, and an allotment has been made over the entire country, based on the population and amount used for manufacturing purposes. Texas has been allotted for the month of August, 13,230,000 pounds. This amount of sugar must take care of all our requirements for every purpose.

We have made the following allotments to the different classes of users, covered by various certificates: Statement A 50 per cent of amount issued for July, or 950,000 pounds.

Statement B Same as July or 450,000 pounds.

Statement C 66 2-3 of July, or 310,000 pounds.

Statement D 50 per cent of June consumption, or 200,000 pounds.

Statement E 66 2-3 per cent of July or 11,480,000 pounds.

Total.....13,390,000

We have issued to the retail merchants their certificates for August allotment, but it is necessary, and we have notified jobbers, to honor these certificates only for August on a basis of 66 2-3 per cent of the amount the certificates call for.

The population of Texas, according to the United States Census, is approximately 4,700,000, and as the Government has requested the households to consume on a basis of only two pounds of sugar per person per month, it will take 9,400,000 pounds of sugar, and, with the allotment for Statements A, B, C, and D, you can readily see that there will be very little sugar left for preserving purposes. You should therefore urge upon the people of your vicinity to put up their fruits without sugar and add the necessary sugar when our supplies are increased.

You should urge your retail merchants to closely watch their sales for preserving purposes, for unquestionably this has been greatly abused throughout the State, and it may become necessary any day to prohibit the sale of sugar for preserving.

Undoubtedly there has been a great deal of hoarding done, in a small way, by consumers who have made many purchases from various merchants in the two and five pound quantities, and for this reason it has now become necessary to place a check on the households. I am enclosing herewith approved form of certificates which all merchants will be required to take from their customers when purchasing sugar for household consumption.

The merchants selling sugar will forward to you, or the nearest Deputy Food Administrator, copies of these certificates, and you should check same over carefully, and if any consumer has purchased sugar in excess of the two pounds per person per month, they will be severely dealt with.

The certificates the merchants take, covering sugar sold for preserving purposes, should be turned in to you, and you then advise this office the names of the merchants, and the total amount of sugar, and we will issue additional certificates to cover.

We suggest you give all this the widest publicity possible, especially the paragraph referring to certificates for preserving purposes.

We realize that the sugar situation will put the greatest amount of work on the Administrators that they have yet been called upon to do, but it is absolutely necessary that we handle sugar in the most efficient manner, so there will be an equitable distribution throughout the State.

WORLD'S SERIES WILL BEGIN SEPTEMBER FOURTH

Cleveland, August 3.—At the special meeting of the American League here today, it was voted to continue the session until September 2.

It was also decided to start the world's series with the National League pennant winners on September 4.

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. Bob Rogers, Center, Saturday, August 3rd, a son.

Robert Jones of Floco, was in Floydada Sunday. On his return home Mrs. Jones, who has been in the sanitarium here, left with him.

DEMOCRATIC PRECINCT CHAIRMEN ARE CHOSEN

J. C. GAITHER AND J. N. STALBIRD STATE DELEGATES INSTRUCTED FOR HOBBY

At the Democratic County Convention held Saturday afternoon at the County Court Room J. C. Gaither of Floydada and J. N. Stalbird, of Lockney, were chosen as delegates from Floyd County to the State Democratic Convention at Waco, and they were instructed by a resolution adopted unanimously to vote for W. P. Hobby for governor and O. S. Carlton for state chairman.

Upon motion it was decided that the chairman of the convention, J. C. Gaither, appoint delegates to the representative, judicial, senatorial and congressional conventions.

At the same meeting the organization for the next two years was perfected by the selection of precinct chairmen. They were elected as follows: Floydada, A. C. Goen; Starkey, W. J. Berry; Allmon, D. W. Fyffe; Sand Hill, W. C. Hanna; Lockney, C. F. Ramsey; Providence, G. C. Hartman; Lone Star, Tom McGhee; Sunset, Paul Sims; Fairmont, G. R. Tibbits; Cedar, Walter Wood; Center, L. B. Maxey; Baker, G. R. May; Antelope, J. F. Roberts; Lakeview, R. H. Conway.

The meeting of the Democratic Executive Committee was held in the morning of the same day and the returns of the election canvassed. No material change was made in the count for any of the officers from the report already issued. Certificates of nomination for county officers were prepared and delivered to the county clerk and the state and district office votes were listed and forwarded to the respective chairmen.

HIGH PRODUCTION OF ARMS AND MUNITIONS

The attention of owners of Liberty Bonds and War Savings Stamps is called to the following. They are financing the work:

On one day in June last approximately 27,000,000 cartridges of various descriptions were produced in the United States manufacturing plants for the United States Government.

The daily average production of United States Army rifles was broken in the week ending June 29, and average of 10,142 rifles a day of a modified Enfield and Springfield type being maintained. In addition spare parts equivalent to several thousand rifles were manufactured.

The Ordnance Department has produced 2,014,815,584 cartridges, 1,886,769 rifles, and 82,540 machine guns since the United States entered the war. The daily output of cartridges is now 15,000,000.

TO THE VOTERS OF FLOYD COUNTY

I hereby wish to express my thanks and appreciation for the vote you gave me in my race for second term for the office of Tax Assessor of your county.

If elected in the general election I shall continue to give my best services to the discharge of the duties of the office, and true to my promise, after serving the ensuing term retire from the office.

A. A. WHYTE.

J. W. Southard and family of Lamesa, Dawson County, are here this week on a visit with Mrs. Southard's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Foster, and other relatives.

W. C. Watson and family, of San Angelo, Texas, are here on a visit with Mr. Watson's parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Watson. Mrs. Watson, senior, has been visiting her son and returned with him.

G. R. May and family left this week for Ellis county where they will spend some time on a visit with relatives at their former home.

T. M. Carter and family, of Celeste, are here on a vacation and visit with friends. Mr. Carter owns real estate in Floyd county.

Mr. and Mrs. E. N. Baker returned the first of this week from Avoca, Texas, where they had been on a visit of a few days with relatives.

Miss Lola Walling, Deputy County and District Clerk, is enjoying a vacation with relatives in Oklahoma.

AID FOR CATTLEMEN OF WEST MAY BE FURNISHED

Washington, Aug. 6.—The finance corporation is expected to announce soon details of arrangements by which advances can be made to banks loaning to stockraisers of the West and Southwest. Plans for carrying out the corporation's intention of assisting stock raisers were discussed with corporation director today by W. F. Ramsey chairman of the board of the Dallas Reserve bank; J. Z. Miller, governor of the Kansas City Reserve bank; M. Sanior of Fort Worth, representing the Texas Cattle Raisers' Association, and Lynn Talley, director of the Dallas Reserve bank.

PROHIBITION ABROAD PROVING WORTH WHILE

London, August 6.—The gain in national efficiency is so great as the result of the war time liquor restrictions, that it is certain Great Britain will never return to pre-war conditions in this regard, according to a statement made to the Associated Press today by Baron D'Abernon, chairman of the central board of control, which has to deal with the drink problem.

HOBBY'S LEAD TUESDAY NIGHT WAS 222,127

The Fort Worth Star-Telegram gave the following resume of election returns received up to Tuesday night of this week:

With returns accounting for 4,100 of the 4,399 precincts of the State received up to Tuesday afternoon, Governor Hobby's lead over Ferguson had increased to 222,127. The figures leave approximately 80,000 votes unaccounted for. The vote of the two candidates was: Hobby, 441,721; Ferguson, 219,594.

Standing in other races as shown by reports received Tuesday afternoon include:

For Lieutenant Governor (3,647 precincts)—Moore, 99,138; Cowell, 73,135; Bailey, 48,667; Henderson, 73,547; Davidson, 120,333; Johnson, 108,851.

For Attorney General (3,579 precincts)—Cureton, 196,290; Spoons, 134,124; Woods, 189,090.

For Court of Criminal Appeals (3,374 precincts)—Pippen, 70,863; Pierson, 83,314; Martin, 35,256; Lattimore, 106,166; Ward, 51,562.

For Railroad Commissioner (3,313 precincts)—Andrews, 106,160; Gilmore, 224,512; Hurdleston, 122,635.

For Comptroller (3,216 precincts)—Goodlet, 104,253; Terrell, 188,731; Mayfield, 146,963.

MANY TOURISTS VISIT THE SOUTH PLAINS

Many tourists visit Floyd County annually, passing through principally from Oklahoma, East and Central Texas, to Colorado and New Mexico, during the months of June, July and August.

The travel this year has been unusually heavy, from ten to thirty autos passing through daily.

HOLINESS ASSOCIATION AT PLAINVIEW AUGUST 15

The Annual Holiness Association of this territory is to be held in Plainview beginning August 15th and continue through August 25th, according to announcement made last week.

Rev. J. B. Kindall will do the preaching during the meeting.

COUNTY AND DISTRICT TRUSTEES HAVE MEETING

Problems of the common districts of Floyd County were discussed at length in a two-day session of county and district school trustees held in Floydada Monday and Tuesday. The meetings were presided over by A. J. Blackwell, president of the county board, and a representative attendance was present from the districts from all portions of the county.

E. C. Nelson, A. J. Blackwell, J. H. Upton, R. E. L. Muney, and Geo. L. Favver, members of the county board were present, and the school districts were represented by: J. B. Snider, A. H. Norton, S. D. Irwin, D. I. Bolding, G. W. Johnson, W. A. Whitlock, W. H. Fields, J. H. Lloyd, M. W. Heard, R. F. Hall, A. J. Blackwell, W. A. Huckabee, S. L. Rushing, Chas. Viegel, W. L. Thomas, W. F. Cooksey, Mr. McLaughlin, J. F. Roberts, R. T. Spence, G. C. Hartman, Mr. Hampton, C. A. Wilson, N. T. A. Byars, J. E. Hammitt, M. D. Ramsey, and L. E. Willis. Numerous other visitors in teachers were present at one of the sessions.

On Tuesday afternoon, following close of the general meeting, district trustees held their board meetings, agreeing on tax rates, matters. The County Board at a business session in the afternoon classified a number of the schools of the county. The classification by School District Number follows:

District No. 5, First Class
District No. 26, Second Class
District No. 7, Second Class
District No. 19, Second Class
District No. 17, Third Class
District No. 4, Third Class High
District No. 9, First Class High; District No. 1, and 14 each Third Class High
District No. 13 Second Class High

WOMAN IS APPOINTED COLEMAN CO. SHERIFF

Coleman, Texas, August 6.—Mrs. John R. Banister, widow of late Sheriff John R. Banister, was appointed yesterday by the commissioners' court to serve the unexpired term of her husband.

Banister received the largest number of votes in the recent primary and would have been in the runoff with W. R. Hamilton.

AMARILLO WOMAN KILLED BY OVERTURNED CAR

Mrs. E. E. Nolan, of Amarillo, was killed eight miles north of Tulia Saturday morning about 8:30 o'clock, when the car in which she and her husband were riding upset, pinning both beneath the car, and breaking Mrs. Nolan's neck and injuring her about the chest. A broken right back wheel caused the car to run over an embankment, where it turned over.

Mr. Nolan was injured, and was taken to Tulia in an unconscious condition. Mr. and Mrs. Nolan were on their way to Slaton to visit their married daughter, Mrs. W. H. Jones. Mr. Nolan is jailor at Amarillo.

A brother of Mrs. Nolan, T. W. Barnes, arrived in Tulia Saturday afternoon with an undertaker, and took the body back to Amarillo. Mr. Nolan was also taken to Amarillo.—Plainview Herald.

Hesperian Want Ads Bring Results.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
Floydada, Texas
Capital and Surplus - - \$80,000

**Dependability
Promptness
and Courtesy**

Are a part of the service of this bank.
We cordially solicit your banking business.

Buy W. S. S.

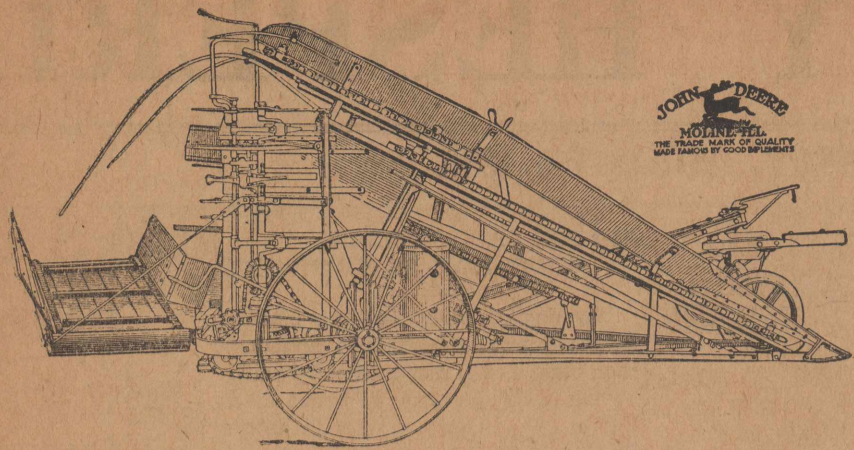
Conservative Methods

From the basis of the success this State Bank

We invite the accounts of both large and small business and place at your disposal the services of our bank in financial matters.

The non-interest bearing and unsecured deposits of this bank are protected by the Depositors' Guaranty Fund of the State of Texas.

The First State Bank
FLOYDADA, TEXAS
Jas. K. Green, vice president.
N. W. McCleskey, Cashier



John Deere Corn Binders

There is no neck weight. In turning corners horses do not have to push or drag the machine around, but instead pull it by the tugs in the proper way.

Hot riveted frame designed and constructed to form practically a one piece solid steel frame. The continuous outside sill, the long center sill and the three cross sills are wide steel bars rigidly connected, make a rigid foundation for the cutting device. The entire frame together with the idea of insuring permanence and durability.

Large, Strong Wheels, fitted with wide tires, have new improved oiling device.

Clean Cutting—the wide stationary knives are shaped and placed to cut off a large percentage of the corn before reaching the sickle.

John Deere power bundle carrier is always in position to receive bundles.

The only bundle carrier ever used on corn binder that will get bundles away from machine without effort on the part of the operator.

Requires No Leg Power or Effort

Boy can operate it as effectively as a strong man. Simple, durable, up-to-date.

Accurate Knotter, with all wearing parts specially hardened, guarantees sure, positive tying.

Eighteen roller and ball bearing to reduce friction and lighten draft.

Quick turn tongue truck counteracts side draft, allows the operator to guide and control the machine easily under practically all field conditions. Short quick turns run down very little corn.

STOCKED AND SOLD BY

MITCHELL BROTHERS

FINANCIAL REPORT FLOYD CO. CHAPTER RED CROSS

Receipts for July	
Cash on hand.....	\$466.68 \$ 466.68
Surgical Dressings.....	153.52
Hospital Supplies for	
Auxiliary.....	194.90
Yarn.....	37.22
Total for supplies.....	\$385.64
Donations.....	\$124.25 \$124.25
Total on memberships.....	104.50 104.50
War fund.....	1,035.21 1,035.21
Total.....	\$2,116.28 \$2,116.28

Expenditures	
Surgical Dressing.....	\$369.56
Hospital Supplies.....	159.62
Knitting needles.....	8.80
Total for supplies.....	\$537.98
Refund on members to	
St. Louis.....	114.75
Refund on members to	
Lockney.....	11.75
Total on members.....	126.50
Printing, telephone, etc.....	11.70
Dray and express.....	42.75 42.75
Home service.....	25.00 25.00
War fund to auxiliary.....	706.52 706.52
	\$1,450.45 1,450.45
Balance on hand.....	665.83 665.83
	2,116.28 2,116.28

Mrs. H. O. Pope, Treasurer,
Mrs. W. I. Cannaday, Secretary.

PEOPLE OF SOUTHWEST WILLING TO SACRIFICE

St. Louis, August 6.—George W. Simmons, manager for the Southwest Division of the American Red Cross, announced on his arrival here after a tour of Texas, Oklahoma and Southern California that he found the residents of those states extremely patriotic and willing to make any sacrifice to help win the war.

"These people no longer discuss government orders but obey them promptly," said Simmons. "If they are asked to conserve food, donate money or give their time, they do so without question."

Upwards of 100,000 persons heard speeches by Simmons in which he told of conditions in Europe and what the American Red Cross is doing to relieve sufferers.

MOTOR BUSES TO TRANSPORT PUPILS

The county board of education has recently received four large motor busses that will be used in transporting pupils to the school buildings in the rural school districts. The cars are equipped with Ford engines and are designed especially for the use for which they were purchased, being the first of their kind ever brought to the state of New Mexico. The plan of uniting rural schools was initiated by Superintendent Bickley, a year or two ago and it has been very successful as it makes stronger and more thorough schools which can be operated at no more expense to the taxpayers.—Clovis (N. M.) News.

J. J. Foster, who has been ill for several weeks, has practically recovered and is able to be out.

CHEAPEST AND QUICKEST

Save money and time from Fort Worth to Floydada—travel the Denver, Q. A. & P. and the—

Floydada-Roaring Springs Auto Mail Line

\$ 2.46 cheaper than by Amarillo, \$1.11 cheaper than by Sweetwater; 6 hours quicker than either route. \$3.25, including war tax, one way to Roaring Springs or Matador. PHONE NO. 12

C. C. WRIGHT, MANAGER

\$1,000,000 TO LOAN QUICK

5, 7 OR 10 YEARS TO PAY—ON OR BEFORE MATURITY

Quick Service. Inspector in Plainview. Wire, Write or Come.

Loans Made Only on West Texas Farms and Ranches

STEWART & PATTERSON

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Room 30 Grant Bldg. Plainview, Texas

Receiving New Goods

We are receiving new goods now and are fast replenishing our stock to its old standards.

You will find what you want when you want it at our store now that new goods are coming in.

Have you visited us since we re-opened? You are invited to make our store your headquarters in Floydada.

TOM B. TRIPLETT
PHONE 215 FLOYDADA, TEXAS

LOSSES SURELY PREVENTED
by CUTTER'S BLACKLEG PILLS
Droppings, fresh, reliable, preferred by western stockmen, because they protect where other vaccines fail.
Write for booklet and testimonials.
Money pkg. Blackleg Pills, \$1.00
4-1000 pkg. Blackleg Pills, \$4.00
See any inspector, but Cutter's simplest and strongest. The superiority of Cutter products is due to over 15 years of specializing in VACCINES AND SERUMS ONLY. INSIST ON CUTTER'S. If unobtainable, order direct.
The Cutter Laboratory, Berkeley, California

THE TEXAS COTTON CROP Condition Compared with Normal, 61, as Reported by the Cotton Crop Reporting Board August 1, 1918.

Summary by districts of condition July 25, 1918. (By F. N. Gray, Texas Cotton Specialist of crop estimates, United States Department of Agriculture.)

Condition:

Hot dry weather, has been disastrous upon cotton in Texas since June 25th, date of last report. From a most promising condition, as of that date, the State shows a loss of 23 points, one of the greatest in like periods known. For several years past, because of prolonged droughts, moisture in the subsoil has been steadily depleted in many of the districts. Failure to obtain the necessary rains within the period, caused cessation of growth, and some shedding, under continuous high temperature which have characterized the weather of the past month. The one redeeming feature is the almost total freedom from insect ravages. Cotton picking is now becoming general in the south portions. Thus far labor seems to be adequate.

Condition by Districts

Northwest (7 per cent of crop)
A very spotted condition, from poor to good. Certain counties in the northern tier, have good crops. In the southern part of the district, deterioration is very marked. Deficiency of moisture. Condition 38.
North (22 per cent of crop)
The condition is the best in the state, due to ample moisture early in the season. Deterioration, however, has resulted and the plant is now needing rain. Condition 78.
Northeast (9 per cent of crop)

Lack of moisture has caused considerable loss from shedding, because of the lighter soils of this district. Condition 65.
West center (4 per cent of crop)
Deterioration is very great. In some counties the plant has died from want of moisture. Condition 24.
Center (39 per cent of crop)
Under intense heat and absence of moisture, the district has suffered great losses from Hill and Navarro counties, southward. McLennan and Williamson, large producing counties are in critical condition. Condition 56.
East (6 per cent of crop)

Like the northeast district, has suffered in the absence of rain, because of the lighter character of soils, shedding and stunted growth has resulted. Condition 63.
South (10 per cent of crop)
In a large part of this district, lying upon the gulf coast, particularly in Neuces and San Patricio counties, heavy rains earlier in the season gave subsoil moisture to sustain the plant and cotton is very promising. Elsewhere, marked deterioration for lack of moisture has occurred. Condition 66.
Southeast (3 per cent of crop)

The outlook is fairly good. Showers have thus far sustained the plant, but now needing rain. Condition 72.

COOLEST PLACE IN REFRIGERATOR NOT CLOSEST TO ICE

Many housewives have learned from sad experience in loss of perishable foods that next to the ice is not the coolest place in the home refrigerator. To the housewife who has not had this experience the Food Administration gives this advice:

"Many put their butter and milk right next to the ice because they think this is the coldest place, but, as a matter of fact, the coldest place is the bottom of the refrigerator. Hot air rises, and air that is not being constantly purified by circulation around the blocks of ice soon is unfit to come into contact with the food. When the warm air in the refrigerator rises it carries with it impurities and moisture which are absorbed from the surface of the food, and which if allowed to remain in the air spoil the food. The air which is warmed by passing over the food comes in contact with the ice where the moisture is condensed upon the surface and the impurities are carried off by the melting ice. The air is thus dried, cooled, and purified. The cooled air immediately descends to gather up more moisture and impurities and thus the process is repeated continually.

"It is advisable to allow heated food to cool off before placing it in the refrigerator. If put in when warm it raises the temperature of the refrigerator higher than it should go and melts ice unnecessarily. The trapdoor through which the meltage passes out at the bottom of the refrigerator should be kept in place because if it is broken or lost a constant stream of warm air is allowed to flow into the refrigerator."—Weekly War News Digest.

TO AID WHEAT GROWERS

Washington, July 29.—To aid wheat growers of the west who have suffered severe losses through winter killing of their crops and through drouth, President Wilson has placed \$5,000,000 at the disposal of the Treasury and Agricultural Departments, it being announced tonight.

"The primary object of the fund," says a statement issued tonight, "is to assist in tiding over the period of stress, to enable them to remain on their farms under all considerations with a view to increasing the food supply of the Nation and to the national security and defense."

The loans, the department announced, probably will not be made for more than \$3 an acre, with maximums of 100 to 150 acres. It is stated that the fund should not be used as a loan to farmers who have banking collateral and can otherwise secure loans.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Shearer, of Tiaban, New Mexico, have moved to Floydada and Mr. Shearer is engaged in the barber business here with the Palace Barber Shop. Mrs. Shearer was formerly Miss Maggie Power and resided here before her marriage.

For Weak Women

In use for over 40 years! Thousands of voluntary letters from women, telling of the good Cardui has done them. This is the best proof of the value of Cardui. It proves that Cardui is a good medicine for women.

There are no harmful or habit-forming drugs in Cardui. It is composed only of mild, medicinal ingredients, with no bad after-effects.

TAKE

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

You can rely on Cardui. Surely it will do for you what it has done for so many thousands of other women! It should help. "I was taken sick, seemed to be . . .," writes Mrs. Mary E. Vestie, of Madison Heights, Va. "I got down so weak, could hardly walk . . . just staggered around. . . I read of Cardui, and after taking one bottle, or before taking quite all, I felt much better. I took 3 or 4 bottles at that time, and was able to do my work. I take it in the spring when run-down. I had no appetite, and I commenced eating. It is the best tonic I ever saw." Try Cardui.

All Druggists

J. 70

Buy Your SEED WHEAT NOW ---from your neighbor

The Food Administration recognizes the fact that there is a shortage of wheat in Floyd County this year and that practically all the wheat raised in Floyd County will be needed to re-seed this fall.

FOR THIS REASON WE SUGGEST THAT YOU

Buy your wheat now

from your neighbor, before it is ever hauled to market, thus saving haulage and freight from distant points and likewise obtaining acclimated seed. If, at the time of planting, you are unable to plant you will have to take only a small loss on the price, if any, and very likely could turn it to some other neighbor without any loss whatever.

Edwards Grain and Elevator Company

FLOYDADA, TEXAS

PHONE 106

R. C. SCOTT
Abstracter
 Notary Public and
 Conveyancer.
 Room 10 First Nat'l.
 Bank Building

ARTHUR B. DUNCAN

GENERAL LAND AGENT
 AND ABSTRACTER
 Floydada, Texas

Buys, sells and leases Real Estate on commission; Renders and pays taxes for non-resident land owners; Investigates and perfects titles; Furnishes abstracts of title from records;

Owner of Complete Abstract of all Floyd County Lands and Town Lots;

Have had 25 years experience with Floyd County Lands and land titles. List your land and town lots with me if for sale or lease; and give me your abstract of title work. Office South East Corner of Square.

—ADDRESS—

ARTHUR B. DUNCAN
 FLOYDADA, TEXAS

GARNER BROS.

Undertakers and Embalmers. All calls answered promptly.

PLAINVIEW, TEXAS

W. M. MASSIE & BRO

GENERAL LAND AGENTS
 (The Senior Land & Abstract Business of Floyd County.)
 BUY, SELL, LEASE OR EXCHANGE LAND

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 FLOYDADA, TEXAS

City Barber Shop

—T. M. COX, PROPRIETOR—

All barber work first class. All treatment courteous. Shallow Water Steam Laundry represented.

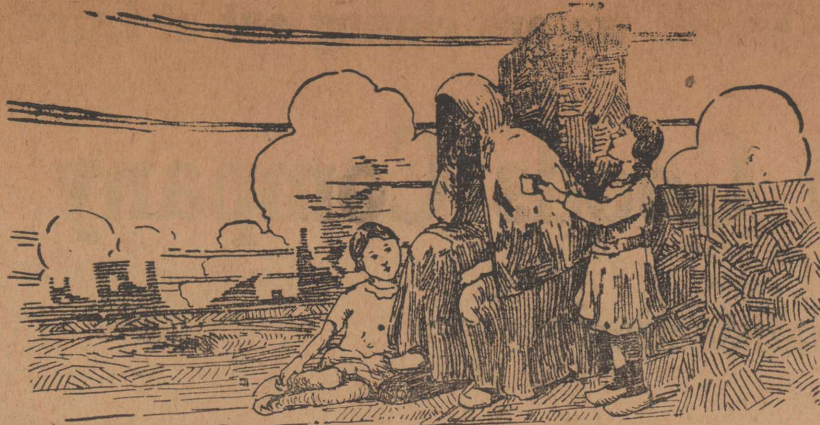
HOT OR COLD BATHS
 NICE, CLEAN TUBS

DOUBLE VISION GLASSES
 WITHOUT LINE OR SEAM



Have you hesitated about wearing bifocal lenses because that conspicuous line blurs your vision and makes you look freakish? KRYPTOK (Pronounced Crip-tock) Lenses are made one solid piece without the slightest trace of a line or seam. Yet they give you perfect far and near vision. You will be delighted with them.

WILSON KIMBLE, Opt. D.



What Are You Doing?

If a list were made of all those in Europe who have been killed on the field of battle, and another of those who have died of starvation since the war began, the latter list would be the longer, according to figures made public by the Federal Food Administration for Texas.

The total number of deaths in action up to the first of the present year is approximately 4,250,000, while the total number of those who have died from famine has been conservatively estimated at 4,750,000.

Can we grasp the tragedy in these figures?

Over four and one-half million men and women, young mothers and boys and girls, have been sacrificed to the War-God. They have died in anguish, unknown and unsung.

Perhaps the memory of their deaths would not forever fill us with horror if we could convince ourselves that those who died of starvation have not died in vain, that by their sacrifice they have pushed the Allies a little nearer victory. But the loss of these lives will have been appallingly useless UNLESS their deaths shall serve as a spur for us to redouble our efforts in food conservation and save the remaining millions in Europe who turn to us each day, pleading, "Give us this day our daily bread!"

What are you doing to prevent the further sacrifice of human lives by starvation?

If you are not saving wheat flour and sugar, using substitutes, so that these vital necessities may be shipped to those suffering millions over there, you are shirking your patriotic duty and your responsibility, for other deaths by starvation will be heavy.

CONSUMPTION OF ICE TO BE REDUCED

FOOD ADMINISTRATION TELLS OF WAYS PRODUCT IS WASTED.

Re-icing of Ice Cream by Maker May Be Forbidden—Cracked Ice Should Not Be Used With Drinks.

There are many ice economies that the householder should practice in the conservation of ice, announces the Federal Food Administrator for Texas, and first of these is that refrigerators should be kept clean and doors kept tight and the driptrap kept in place. The door of the refrigerator should never be opened except when necessary, and then for the shortest possible space of time; no hot foods should be placed in the refrigerator.

Cracked ice should not be put in glasses to cool drinking water and other beverages. A bottle of water kept in the refrigerator or water drawn from the water cooler will furnish a sufficiently cool drink.

Crushed ice should not be used in serving fruits, salad, seafoods, radishes, celery, tomatoes and so forth. These articles will be found perfectly palatable when chilled to the temperature of the refrigerator.

The greatest waste in the use of ice, the Food Administration has discovered, is among those concerns using the greatest quantity of ice. They have naturally been able to buy at the lowest price and their employees (forgetful of ice value) have generally been most wasteful in their handling of this perishable article.

Saving Ice Urged.

A reduction in the use of ice by ice cream manufacturers naturally follows from the diminished production brought about by the restrictions on the use of sugar. But a further very considerable saving of ice can be effected by certain economies, which the Food Administration insists upon.

It has been the observation of the Food Administration that ice cream manufacturers generally carry great quantities of crushed ice on their delivery wagons; they sometimes go so far as to mix salt with the ice, which increases the meltage several fold. This crushed ice and salt is used to repack the ice cream of their customers. The ice in the wagon is not protected, is carelessly handled in the distribution and is not conserved by the customer because it costs him nothing. It is sometimes found that the ice cream wagons on returning to the factory will make no attempt to put the returned ice in a protected place, but will allow it to melt in the wagon or be swept into the yard.

These reports are from the extreme cases, but the number of them the Food Administration receives from over Texas indicates that a large quantity of ice can be saved to a community by stopping the abuse of the ice cream trade.

It may be necessary to stop altogether the practice of the ice creamer re-icing, free of charge, his customer's cabinets or tubs. If the customer is obliged to buy the ice in solid form from the ice cream wagon or from the ice dealer and do his crushing and packing, he will be vastly more conservative in his use of ice for this purpose.

Too Many Retailers.

In some neighborhoods there are too many people retailing ice cream and thus an undue amount of ice is required in proportion to the amount of ice cream sold.

It is also a suggestion of the Food Administrator that where a moderate amount of ice cream is sold only one or two flavors should be carried and a corresponding small cabinet be used.

Restaurants, hotels and clubs can reduce their ice consumption by cutting down the variety of food they serve and thus reduce the number of refrigerators in service. Serving crushed ice on fruits, seafood, salads and so forth should certainly be stopped. Ice

should be omitted from the drinking glasses.

Extravagant use of ice is also reported as occurring at many fish markets, where the ice is likely to lay around unprotected. Strict care is insisted upon by the Food Administration in such establishments.

ARMY HAS OWN WAY OF BUYING CANNED GOODS; HOME CANNERS SHOULD NOT SEEK TRADE

The army and navy are at times embarrassed by offers of canned goods, vegetables and so forth by good-intentioned housewives and other citizens. In some instances such supplies are offered to the army for sale or to be distributed gratis to soldiers in the cantonments.

Administrator Peden is advised that neither the army nor navy has the privilege of accepting these gifts, nor are they in a position to purchase them, in view of the fact that their purchases must be made according to specification and inspection. This explanation is made, not to discourage home canning and preserving of foods, but that the public may understand that purchases made by the army and navy must be through the proper channels.

DAIRYMEN NO LONGER REQUIRED TO PAY 50c MINIMUM CHARGE.

Shippers of milk and cream throughout the country were relieved of the minimum charge of 50 cents on each shipment, established June 25 by the Railroad Administration when a general increase of 25 per cent in rates went into effect.

This was effected through the co-operation of the Food Administration with the Railroad Administration, which had received protests from dairymen that the minimum, which had to be paid on shipments even so small as a single can of milk, no matter how short the haul, would work a hardship, particularly in suburban territory near large cities.

The minimum will be done away with entirely as soon as the tariffs can be amended so far as milk and cream are concerned, but the general increase will stand.

REVOKE LICENSE OF WEST, TEXAS, DEALER.

Effective July 10, the United States Food Administration announces that the license of L. Poteet, West, Texas, as wholesaler, jobber and retailer of wheat, oats and corn, has been revoked by the Food Administration. This action followed a hearing of the complaint charging that Mr. Poteet had wrongfully refused to accept two cars of oats shipped to him by the Clement Grain Company of Waco.

The hearing was conducted by special examiner appointed by E. A. Peden, Federal Food Administrator for Texas, and the enforcement division announces that the revocation will continue in effect until further notice, and no application for re-issuance of license will be entertained by the Food Administration prior to September 9.

NEW LICENSE REQUIREMENTS FOR ALL GINNERS AND ALL COTTON SEED DEALERS.

All ginnors, buyers, agents, dealers or other handlers of cotton seed not already licensed by the United States Food Administration who handle yearly between September 1 and August 31 more than 20 tons of cotton seed were made subject to license by the president's proclamation of May 14, 1918. The effect of this extension of the license regulations was to include practically all the cotton seed business.

NO STATE FAIR THIS YEAR

There will be no State Fair at Dallas this year. The war department has taken over Fair Park to continue training soldiers. This means that the Fair cannot be held this year as planned.

While this is regrettable when we consider the great education, recreational and social value of the Fair, all true Texans will acquiesce willingly, as the officials of the State Fair of Texas did.

Winning the war is paramount. The destruction of our institutions has been plotted and undertaken by the Hun, the enemies of free peoples. Until the Hun is beaten, driven back and conquered we cannot expect to "pursue the even tenor of our way." The war must be won. The government is welcome to the Fair grounds and the people of Dallas and Texas will be gratified to know that they can assist by designating the grounds as a training camp for our boys.

When the war is over the State Fair of Texas will be opened and contribute mightily to agriculture, manufacture and transportation. It doubtless will be a greater factor for peace and prosperity than ever before. Let us hope that the government will need training camps but a short time and that peace rather than war will be our mission.—Farm and Ranch.

FILLING THE SILO

Remember that in putting up silage you are after dry matter, and not bulk nor water content. There is no nutriment in water. The nutriment is altogether in the dry matter, and the amount of nutriment the farmer gets out of it depends on the palatability of the dry matter; for in a cow as in man the saliva flows more freely if what is being eaten tastes good, and hence digestion is more perfect, says the University of Florida extension division.

Don't begin to cut your corn for silage until it begins to glaze, for the simple reason that Nature has not yet done her work, has not finished putting feeding value in the ear and the stalk. When it begins to glaze begin to fill your silo.

Don't imagine that you have to wait to let your fodder dry out before you put it in the silo. While the water in it has no feeding value, yet you must have the water to keep the silage. Don't let a heavy dew or a light rain stop you. You are not likely to put too much water into the silage if you have let your corn begin to glaze.

GROCERIES

WHITE that **WHITE**
 Sells for Cash why Sells for Less

In filling the silo you want to exclude the air from the silage. Therefore, you want to cut it short so that it will pack closely; then pack it closely. If you do not air will get in, the silage will get moldy, lose its flavor, and of course loses feeding value. Remember that the place from which you want especially to exclude the air is along the edge, for the friction of the silage in the silo will prevent close packing. Therefore, tramp it, and tramp it well about the edge.

There are many other points that will have to be learned by experience, so it will be advisable to get experienced men to help with the work for the first time.—Farm and Ranch.

FERGUSON DENIES ANY KNOWLEDGE OF NOTES

Houston, August 2.—James E. Ferguson last night denied any knowledge of the notes referred to by L. A. Adoue. "I don't know a thing about it," Ferguson declared, when he was shown the dispatches. "I have no further statement to make at this time."

David Bumgardner visited in Canyon last week.

MAILS CHOKED BY SOUVENIR HELMETS

With the American Army on Ainsie-Marme Front, Thursday, August 1.—Every American postoffice where the fighting troops are camped is filled each day with German helmets addressed to relatives and friends in the United States. Officers' men, members of the Y. M. C. A., the Red Cross, and in fact, every appears to be sending helmets.

These trophies are found along roads in the forests and in fields where the Germans retreated.

Helmets at one depot form a larger than an ordinary bungalow.

BENDER STOCK SOLD

The C. M. Bender Dry Goods Company this week sold their stock of goods to M. Handler, of Fort Worth, and an invoice of the goods is made this week.

The stock will be moved to Worth, Mr. Handler announces. Mr. Bender has not made any statement as to his future plans as yet.

Hesperian Want Ads Bring Res

\$100,000 TO LOAN

On improved farm property. If you owe on your land, or have notes you want taken up, See—

SMITH & DARSEY

Room 6, First National Bank Building

Preserve our Nation's Wealth

The building of barns and sheds to house all livestock, the repairing and remodeling of existing structures and looking after the small repairs are some of the urgent and patriotic building needs right now.

There are hundreds of little repairs that need to be done in most all communities. Let's keep up these little things. This will help to preserve and will make more useful the Nation's wealth.

We know something about the repair work you need and will help you plan to fix it up. We will also help you plan the nice residence or barn which you expect to build.

LET US HELP YOU

That's a big part of our business

A. G. McADAMS Lbr. Co
 Floydada, Texas Telephone

We still have a lot of Extreme Summer Merchandise which we are closing out at Extra Close Prices

Caton--Dodson Dry Goods Company

Floydada, Texas

"The Store of Satisfaction"

Telephone 149

THE FLOYD COUNTY HESPERIAN

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY
The Hesperian Publishing Company

EDITOR AND MANAGER
MER STEEN

Entered as second class matter April 20th, 1907, at the Post Office at Floydada, Texas, under the Act of Congress of March 3rd, 1879.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICES:
One Year, in Advance.....\$1.00
Six Months, in Advance.....50

ADVERTISING RATES: FURNISHED ON APPLICATION

While many people have heretofore in great users of sugar and the two and rule established by the Food Administration beginning this month be a hardship to these people, they will not notice the change. The merable substitutes for the refined sugar will prove very handy as people learn their uses. The two-nd rule, it is announced, will be oved very strictly until the emergency has passed over. German U-erating on the Atlantic Coast s big German offensive of the which took much of the sugar-ads of France are charged with arriage we are facing.

It seems possible that ex-governorerguson will contest the results of the recent gubernatorial primary. Press reports indicate that he has requested a statement from a number of collectors over the state on the point as to whether the women who registered filled their own receipts. This point has been previously raised. All Floyd County registration receipts were filled out in the handwriting of

S. H. Sharp and wife, of Richardson, Texas. Mrs. H. A. Wilson, of Waxahachie, Texas, accompanied by Will S. and Lula May Carter, of Childress, are visiting here this week with their relatives, the S. Y. Carter family south of town.

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. R. O. Dandiel, of Sand Hill, August 7th, a daughter.

NICHOLAS COLLAPSES WHEN TOLD OF FATE

Former Russian Emperor Given Two Hours in Which to Prepare For Execution

Amsterdam, July 31.—Given two hours in which to prepare for the end, Nicholas Romanoff, former Russian Emperor, was taken out by his executioners in such a state of collapse that it was necessary to prop him against a post, says the Lokal Anzeiger of Berlin, which claims to have received from a high Russian personage an account of the Emperor's last hours.

Nicholas was awakened at 5 o'clock in the morning on the day of his execution by a patrol of one non-commissioned officer and six men. He was taken to a room where the decision of the Soviet Government was read to him. He was informed that execution would be carried out in two hours.

The former Emperor, it is said, received the announcement of the sentence of death with great calmness. He returned to his bedroom and collapsed in a chair. After a few minutes he asked for a priest, with whom he was allowed to remain unattended. Subsequently he wrote several letters. When the escort arrived to take him to the place of execution Nicholas attempted to rise from his chair, but was not able. The priest and a soldier were obliged to help him get to his feet. The condemned man descended the stairs with difficulty and once he was unable to stand without support when the place of execution was reached, he was propped against a post. He raised his hands and seemed to be trying to speak, but the rifles spoke and he fell dead.

SOUTHWESTERN MANAGER APPEALS FOR STUDENT NURSES

St. Louis, August, 5.—George West-Simmons, manager for the Southwest-ern Division of the American Red Cross, addressed an appeal today to all Red Cross workers in Missouri, Oklahoma, Arkansas, Kansas and Texas, to assist in the campaign to enroll 20,000 young women for training as nurses.

"The greatest way in which a young woman can show her love of country and willingness to aid in winning the war, is to enter a training school for nurses," said Simmons. "Our men have enlisted in navy and army and have announced a willingness to suffer and die for our country may live. What greater work can a young woman do than to take up training that will enable her to care for these sailors and soldiers at the end of the conflict when they will return to their country."

"The larger the number of nurses the smaller the amount of suffering. No woman would stand aside and let a soldier spend his life as a cripple and for this reason I appeal to all Red Cross workers to urge young women to enter training schools that America may be prepared to aid wounded soldiers to speedy recovery."

Women between the ages of 19 and 35 are wanted. They must have at least two years of high school training. The Woman's Committee of the Council of Defense in co-operation with the American Red Cross has opened enrollment stations in virtually all the larger cities and towns of the United States.

The Government hopes that not less than 50,000 young women will have enrolled for service before August 10, when the present active campaign is to draw to a close.

It pays to advertise in the Hesperian

KANSAS CITY LIVESTOCK MARKET IN DETAIL

Kansas City, Stock Yards, August 5.—Cattle receipts were 26,000 head, including a good many drouth cattle, market slow and lower, nothing prime here, hogs sold 15 higher, early top \$19.65, but packers got their hogs at steady prices, receipts 8,000. Sheep and lambs were 25 higher, no choice lambs, which are worth \$17.50, receipts 3,000.

Beef Cattle
No good corn fed cattle were here today, and especially there was nothing in the class that sold up to \$18.50 last week. That kind would have brought as much today, but all other kinds are lower, most of them \$1.00 or more under a week ago. Some Kansas wintered steers brought \$17.75, others \$12 to \$16.50, five cars of Oklahoma steers, weighing 986 pounds, brought \$15, which was the top in their class, other sales of Oklahomans at \$7.50 to \$14. Cows quit last week 50 to 75 cents lower with some kinds selling under \$6.00, and they are dull today, most sales of grass cows at \$7 to \$8.50, veals \$1.00 under last week, best around \$13.00.

Stockers and Feeders
Weighty feeders have been in strong demand but continued drouth scare has already taken \$1.00 off the price, sales today at \$10 to \$13. Choice stock steers sell up to \$12, but there is an increasing number of useful red yearlings and calves selling around \$8, the kind that brought \$10.00 a short time ago.

Hogs
The top of \$19.65 paid by order buyers looked shaky from the first this morning, as Chicago came in with an extreme top of \$19.75. Packers held off and stopped at \$19.50. The top was paid for heavy hogs, medium weights selling up to \$19.50, though the top to packers on lightweight hogs was \$19.35, bulk of sales \$19.10 to \$19.50. Stock pigs are materially higher than a week ago, up to \$18.50. If the moderate receipts of today are followed by light runs later this week, the market may go higher, but buyers say there will be no big advance this week.

Sheep and Lambs
No good lambs were received, else the top would have been around \$17.50. The light run being not enough to supply packers' wants. Ewes sell up to \$12.50. There is a good strong demand for feeding lambs at prices equal to prices paid for fat lambs, and breeding ewes sell at \$9.50 to \$17.00, according to age and quality.

J. A. RICKART,
Market Correspondent.

Edgar Allen, among Crosbyton's most substantial citizens and our efficient county clerk, was among those the editor met while in Crosbyton Monday. Mr. Allen was a candidate this year for clerk without opposition, which goes to show that he has filled the office in a most efficient manner, and in a way that pleased the majority of the people. He has been in Crosby county something over ten years and has seen this country in the grip of the drouth fiend before, and expresses the opinion that we will make good crops this year. The old timers have no fears in regard to crop yields.—Ralls Banner.

J. H. Hulsey and family and H. E. Terry and family of Lamar county are visiting here this week with W. I. Hulsey and family southwest of town.

J. L. Hurst, of Greenville, Texas, accompanied by J. T. Woodrider, of Lubbock, was a visitor here this week, the guest of his aunt, Mrs. L. H. Newell, Sr., and other relatives.

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. Jno. L. West, City, August 4th, a daughter.

Miss Alvie Fawver visited last week in Plainview with relatives and friends returning home Monday.

Calvin Steen has recently written his mother from England, where he and the greater number of the first Floyd county contingent are now training, having just recently arrived overseas.

S. B. King and family are here from their home in New Mexico visiting with Mrs. R. A. King, Mr. King's mother, and other relatives.

Mrs. Jack Galloway, of Plainview, visited here the latter part of last week, the guest of Mrs. E. E. Brown.

T. J. VanArsdell, of Plainview, was in Floydada Thursday last on business.

HOUSEWIVES URGED TO USE LESS SUGAR IN CANNING Sugarless Recipes

of sugar allowed for each cup of juice will be sufficient. By employing this test sugar can often be reduced. In this case the jelly texture will be finer, less sticky, and the flavor better.

1. Preserved fruits. The preservation of fruits without sugar is a common household practice and depends upon accurate following of the method. Excess sugar will frequently form crystals and impair the appearance and quality of the product. A thin syrup made with four parts of water to one part sugar may be used for all fruits. If more sugar is desired it can be added at time of use either on the table or in general cooking.
2. Jam and marmalade. These require a larger amount of sugar than canned fruits and are used for special rather than general purposes. If made, use less sugar than "half and half" and cook longer.
3. Pickle, watermelon rind, etc. These require a large amount of sugar on account of the presence of vinegar. Except for the sugar, they have no more food value than pickles. They could well be omitted this year.

Note.—Canning without sugar will give good results provided that the time of cooking with sugar is about doubled.

1. Can vegetables freely. These require no sugar.

2. Encourage drying of fruits and vegetables.
3. Storage of fresh fruits, such as apples, winter pears and quinces, in a cool cellar, saves sugar.

APPOINT PUBLIC EATING PLACE STAFF OF DIRECTORS

Henceforth the principal work of the Federal Food Administration for Texas as with the hotels and restaurants will be performed through the District Directors in the fifteen districts of Texas. The purpose of the District Director is to make him responsible for instructing the proprietors of hotels and restaurants and other public eating places in his district.

When no appointment of a District Director of Hotels and Restaurants is made the work is handled by the District Administrators. The districts and the men responsible in them for the proper instruction of public eating places line up as follows:

First District, Otto Herold, Dallas; Second District, Coke Murphy, Lufkin; Texas; Third District, George W. Seibert, Beaumont; Fourth District, Karl M. Roberts, Houston; Fifth District, John R. Furman, San Antonio; Sixth District, Administration Porter, Dallas; Seventh District, E. P. Rice, El Paso; Eighth District, Administration O. L. Williams, Amarillo; Ninth District, W. N. Munroe, Paris; Tenth District, H. C. Knowles, Fort Worth; Eleventh District, V. E. Stamphill, Wichita Falls, Texas; Twelfth District, Administration L. M. Hewitt, Navasota; Thirteenth District, R. E. Pellow, Waco; Fourteenth District, W. L. Stark, Austin; and Fifteenth District, Administration T. F. Owen, San Angelo.

SUGAR MUST BE SAVED!

A teaspoonful more nothing you say. A helping teaspoonful for each meal for 100,000,000 people in the United States makes a pile as high as the Washington building, enough to feed the world's army of the nation.



The loss of sugar and sugar ships by German submarines, and the transfer of 50,000 tons of shipping allotted to other purposes in order to meet the requirements for Belgian relief have caused the sugar situation again to become serious. Sugar now available for home canning must be sold only in accordance with instructions of the Federal Food Administration.

The modern airtight container and methods in the home have done away with the absolute necessity of using sugar as a preservative.

Fruits—Without sugar:
Acid fruit juices can be neutralized with carbonate of lime, sterilized, bottled with carbon dioxide.

Fruit juice can be sterilized without sugar, bottled and used for jelly making when sugar is more plentiful. (Both of the above can be used as ice cream, flavoring, in puddings and beverages.)

Every fruit can be completely and successfully sterilized with boiling water by increasing time of cooking, when served in a tart butter is added with sugar. Sugar may be added when served if desired.

Drying of fruit will save sugar.

1. Jelly. After cooling the cooked fruit juice to room temperature test it to determine the amount of pectin present. This test gives some idea of the proper proportion of sugar to juice. Add one tablespoon 95 per cent grain alcohol to an equal volume of cooled fruit juice and shake gently. (If denatured alcohol is used, remember it is poison.) The effect of the alcohol is to bring together the pectin in a jellylike mass. If a large quantity of pectin is present, it will appear in one mass or clot when poured from the jar. If the mass is not slip from the jar, it is not a good jelly. The amount of sugar does not slip from the glass in one mass, less sugar will be required. The material used in this test should be destroyed. A fair proportion is three-fourths cup of sugar to one cup of juice. If the pectin is thin and much separated, one-half cup

U.S. Tires and Tubes

Our price saves you from 10 to 20 per cent. No better tires or tubes made for the money.

...A FRESH \$3,000 STOCK...

BROWN BROS.

WHAT THE RED CROSS IS DOING

AND WHAT YOU CAN DO

BUREAU OF SUPPLIES DEPARTMENT.

The Bureau of Supplies might be called the American Red Cross Dry Goods Company. It purchases through its Washington office tremendous quantities of all materials which are needed for making the various articles manufactured in Red Cross Workshops. Through the advantage of this centralized buying plan, Chapters are enabled to purchase materials at exceedingly low cost.

The Bureau of Supplies specializes in materials needed for all surgical dressings in yarn for knitting and some of the materials for the more important part of the red cross garments, and especially the large quantities of material for pajamas, bed shirts, bed socks, bathrobes, bed jackets, and the more brilliant articles for hospital and patients' use.

Another end of the Bureau of Supplies is the examining, repacking and shipping of all the articles the Chapters make. These are assembled at the St. Louis warehouse, there opened, examined and properly sorted, and shipped to Eastern ports for use abroad, or else sent to the cantonments to cover the needs of those of our men in service in this country.

At present the Bureau of Supplies has over 100 people in its employ besides some 30 volunteers. It occupies a warehouse with 50,000 square feet of space, which is far larger than the ordinary business houses, and is in every way equipped to be of an aid and service which equals the intensity of the women workers. Through the combination of the volunteer workers of the Chapters and the American Red Cross Bureau of Supplies, the Red Cross now is the largest garment and bandage supply factory in the world.

Through the increased membership there are 24,000,000 volunteers available, and reports indicate that the new membership is going to be as active in participation as the older members. For further information, address

HORACE M. SWOPE,
Director Bureau of Supplies, S. W. Division, 1230 Olive street.

Summer Clearance Money Savers

We still have some bargains in ready-to-wear goods that are more than worth the money at the regular price. Doubly attractive at these reductions.

Children's gingham dresses, good assortment, worth 75c, now going at.....39c

We have just received a nice new line of Misses school dresses, on sale at.....\$1.50 to \$2.50

New line of crepe de chiné and georgette crepe waists. They go at.....\$3.00 to \$5.00

W. H. Seale, Dry Goods

FLOYDADA - - - TEXAS

The Hesperian Want Ad Department

YOU ARE TOO BUSY

To get out and find a buyer for that thing you have for sale or trade, but selling and buying and trading things is the job of The Hesperian Want Ad.

And the busier the Want Ad is the more "pep" it puts into sales. So there's no reason why you should not turn your selling or buying troubles over to the Want Ad Column and let it do your work while you farm.

Quality Monuments. South Plains Monument Co. Plainview. 22-tfc

Miss Mollie Crum Spirella Corsiere. Phone 141. 4tc

WHEAT FARM FOR SALE

640 acres 4 miles of Friona, 200 acres in cultivation, all fenced, small house. Price \$16.00 an acre all cash. Must be sold to settle an estate. Crum & Winn, Friona, Texas. 21-2tp.

TWO NEW brick buildings 25x100 feet on south side square for rent. Inquire of Jno. N. Farris. 6-tfc

For marble monuments see S. B. McCleskey. 9-tf

"We take up and extend Vendors Lien Notes, and make straight loans with the privilege of paying on or before. See our ad in this issue. It will mean dollars to you. Stewart & Patterson, Plainview, Texas. 22-4tc

Half-gallon Mason fruit jars, \$1.00 per dozen at Surginer & Son's. 22-2tc

FOR TRADE

Coming 2-year-old horse colt,—goon one—to trade for buggy and harness. See Luther Rogers. 22-2tp

RANCH FORSALE

320 acres, 3 miles of Friona, good four room house, well and windmill, sheds and corrals. Price \$32.50 an acre, \$3,500.00 cash, balance terms. Will turn nine section lease with this place, price of lease about 17 1-2c per acre. Crum & Winn, Friona, Texas. 21-2tp.

TRACTOR FOR SALE

One Titan 10-20 H. P. tractor, practically new, 148 head of full blood Hereford cows, 1-2 section of well improved land. 3 1-2 sections of lease land thrown in. S. P. Dickson, Olton, Texas. 21-2tc

Try Collins Grocery for the rest of August. You will find their stock complete, their prices right and their clerks courteous and efficient. 22-2tc

The City Hotel has re-opened under new management and will be glad to have your patronage. Three nice meals served daily. 21-tfc.

Good Groceries at Collins Grocery. 22-2tc.

TO THE PUBLIC

Take Notice: No hunting, fishing, camping or trespassing of any kind will be allowed in my pastures on Blanco Canyon. R. B. Smith. 20-4tc

You'll be glad you bought 'em at the Collins Grocery. 22-2tc

JUST RECEIVED—A new line of Trunks, Suit Cases and Hand Bags. W. H. Seale, Dry Goods. 22-2tc

WANTED—To lease, one section of grass land with water and small farm. W. D. Owen. Route 1, Clyde, Texas. 22-1tp.

Come to Plainview and select your monument from complete stock. South Plains Monument Co. Plainview. 22-tfc

Half-gallon Mason fruit jars, \$1.00 per dozen at Surginer & Son's. 22-2tc

NICE HOUSE FOR RENT

All conveniences. Close in. See Homer Steen. 22-2tp

Half-gallon Mason fruit jars, \$1.00 per dozen at Surginer & Son's. 22-2tc

FOR SALE—Jersey cow. Good disposition. Good milker. See Homer Steen. 22-2tp

Good cool range, oil range, Hoosier kitchen cabinet, oak dining room set and other excellent items of furniture for sale. See Mrs. C. M. Bender at the residence. 22-2tc

THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS IN GOLD SUNK IN MID OCEAN BY GERMAN SUBMARINES

However, our people did not have their money on these ships, therefore we can make you any sized loan on your farm or ranch with privilege of paying on or before. Prompt Service. Red Tape Eliminated. See our ad in this issue. Stewart & Patterson, Plainview, Texas. 22-4tc

Best grade of coal oil and gasoline at Collins Grocery. 22-2tc

Save 25 per cent commission. South Plains Monument Co. Plainview Co. Plainview. 22-tfc

FOR SALE

3 sections of land for sale or trade. Located in Borden and Dawson counties. See Geo. W. Foster. 22-tfc

Why pay agents commission. South Plains Monument Co. Plainview. 22-tfc

C. Surginer & Son have the half-gallon self-sealing Mason fruit jars at \$1.25 per dozen. 22-2tc

C. Surginer & Son have the half-gallon self-sealing Mason fruit jars at \$1.25 per dozen. 22-2tc

Collins wants your grocery business. Southeast corner square. 22-2tc

A. L. Knowles, wife and children, of Bloomburg, Texas, are here visiting with Mrs. Knowles' parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Gray.

FEDERAL AID FOR TEXAS ASKED IN LABOR SHORTAGE

STATEWIDE CONFERENCE AT SAN ANTONIO RESULTS IN SENDING MESSAGE TO SECRETARY OF LABOR AT WASHINGTON.

Government is Asked to Raise Immigration Ban on Mexican Labor; Mexican Editors Entertained.

Food Administrator Peden has returned from San Antonio, where he was present at a conference on the labor situation, the result of which was a message to William B. Wilson, secretary of labor, urging that for a period of 90 days the immigration laws as to Mexican labor be immediately suspended and the bars be let down except as to the health requirements.

The conference brought out the fact that a small group of Texans in Southern Texas alone required 40,000 Mexican laborers in addition to those they already have, and that the need is manifold over the entire State.

As an interesting climax to the request that the present restrictions on Mexican labor be removed, Mr. Peden had an opportunity to address the Mexican editors who were recently received in Washington by President Wilson. These editors were in San Antonio on their way back to Mexico after a tour of the United States. In his address following a luncheon at the Gunter Hotel Mr. Peden read the message from the provost marshal general of the army to the Food Administration with reference to Mexicans of military age engaged in labor in the United States and the generous rulings provided for their military exemptions.

Administrator Peden also wired Herbert Hoover, United States Food Administrator, requesting that Mr. Hoover take the matter up as a military necessity with the Department of Labor the need of additional labor at once in order that the farmer, who was urged to plant larger crops, may not be discouraged to do likewise in 1919.

Mrs. E. C. Nelson returned home last Saturday from near Clovis, New Mexico, where she had been for a week visiting her daughter, Mrs. Dave Standifer. Mrs. Standifer and little son accompanied her mother home for a visit.

C. L. Gleen, Henry Hobbs and Attorney T. T. Bouldin, of Matador, were Floydada visitors Saturday.

W. F. Weatherbee and wife left last week for Fannin and other North Texas counties on a visit with relatives and friends.

M. A. Yearwood and wife spent the past week in Tulia.

Chas. Rose is now in Miami, Arizona, where he is working in the copper industry.

S. H. Wright left Monday for Detroit, Texas, where he is to visit for awhile. Upon his return his family who are already there, will accompany him home.

G. B. Carpenter, of Wolfe City, is visiting here with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Q. Carpenter. He arrived Monday afternoon.

Miss Mae Shelton, of Wolfe City, is visiting A. V. Haynes and family this week.

Miss Myrtle King and Grandmother R. C. Andrews spent last week in Plainview visiting friends.

Rev. and Ms. Lane, of Floydada, accompanied by Mrs. Jim Hughes of that place visited their daughter, Mrs. Hugh Atkins northeast of Lubbock Wednesday, and run into town for a few minutes. They returned home the same afternoon and Mrs. Atkins accompanied them home for a short visit. They report dry weather over there.—Lubbock Avalanche.

T. B. McPeak left this week for a business trip to Wichita Falls.

FARMERS URGED TO RAISE WHEAT

May Retain Twelve Pounds a Month for Each Person in Family.

There are two distinct classes of wheat producers in Texas—those in the northern part of the State, who have been in the habit of raising wheat for commercial purposes, and those in scattered sections of the State who, beginning last year, planted sufficient wheat to feed themselves and those dependent upon them. This latter class, the Food Administration announces, should first arrange for sufficient wheat out of their crops to feed their families for the coming year on a basis of 12 pounds per month per person, also enough for seeding purposes. If they have more wheat than covers that of providing for their families and seeding, the farmers should sell their surplus to their neighbors for seeding purposes exclusively, thereby putting more farmers in a position to produce their own bread for the coming year.

"It is the policy of the Food Administration," states Administrator Peden, "to have all farmers, wherever possible, plant sufficient wheat for their own consumption and those dependent upon them. If there is any other impression it should be corrected at once.

"The public may rest assured that the United States Food Administration will do everything it possibly can for the farmer producing wheat for home consumption, and the only reason they were restricted in the use of wheat last year was that the crop was so short that it was absolutely necessary to get every grain of wheat to the mills in order that this government could take care of the obligations in the army, navy and allied countries.

"Because of the fact that there would be a considerable waste and spoilage if the quantity retained on farms were ground at once, the Food Administration requires that out of the 1918 wheat crop only sufficient wheat of the 12-pound per person per month allotment be ground to last until October 1. When that period has passed additional grinding is in order.

"Both the commercial wheat producer and the small producer for family use and seeding operate on the same plan so far as the 12 pounds per person a month goes. The exception is only in that the small producer may distribute his surplus among his neighbors for seed."

MERCHANTS IN CORN BELT HAVE FIFTY-FIFTY RULE MODIFIED.

In all the corn-producing counties of the State both the farmer and the merchant serving the farmer have been in a quandary as to how the 50-50 plan for buying wheat flour and wheat flour substitutes might be modified so as to not work a hardship upon the farmer having home-grown substitutes; and the merchant who, because of his 50-50 buying from the wholesaler, would have to carry substitutes on hand for which there would be no market. The difficulty, and the solution which will bring a sigh of relief to every merchant in the corn belts, is as follows:

"The farmer with meal ground from corn raised by himself is permitted to purchase flour from the merchant without substitutes, but he must give the merchant a statement to the effect that the meal was ground from home-grown corn, then the merchant is permitted to sell flour without substitutes. "The merchant may take this statement he receives from the farmer and forward same to the jobber or mill, from whom he purchases flour, and the jobber or mill will furnish him flour against same without substitutes. In other words, the same rules are effective now as were enforced when the fifty-fifty rule was first issued."

Miss Marie Hughes, who has been visiting in Fort Worth and San Antonio since school closed at the College of Industrial Arts, returned home last mid-week.

J. E. Ellis left this week for Houston where he will visit a brother and possibly remain to work in the ship yards.

Mesdames Nannie Sims, B. F. Forster, and Emma Whitfield, of Waxahachie, Texas, have been here the past several days on a visit with their sister, Mrs. D. T. Curry.

J. S. Collins left last week for Fort Bayard, New Mexico, where his son, Walter, has been transferred from Camp Travis. He will visit there several days.

Glenn Flinn has resigned his place as salesman with the Martin Dry Goods Company and is in Pueblo working at one of the war industries.

Martin George and family who visited for several weeks at San Angelo and Christoval, returned home last week.

J. A. Grigsby returned the first of the week from Croyell county where he spent a couple of days last week visiting at his former home.

Mrs. T. C. Carpenter and son, Medlin, left last week for Wolfe City for a visit of sometime with relatives and friends at their former home.

Miss Rowena Rutledge, who has been visiting her brother, O. P., here the past few weeks, returned to her home in Dallas last Monday.

Mrs. S. S. Ramsey, of Tahoka, is visiting here with her daughter, Mrs. O. P. Rutledge, having arrived the latter part of last week.

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Thomasson, of Imperial, California, August 3rd, a son. Mrs. Thomasson is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. M. F. Swain, of Floydada, and was visiting her parents here at the time of the arrival of the son and heir.

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. Lee Burgett, a son, August 2nd.

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Campbell, August 3rd; a daughter.

C. M. Wilson, who two weeks ago left for Colorado on a tour of that state, has stopped in Pueblo and is working in one of the war industries there. Mrs. Wilson left last Thursday to join him.

Elbert Crabtree and family, of ney, Okahoma, are here this week visiting with Mr. Crabtree's parents, M. and Mrs. W. E. Crabtree.

ANNOUNCEMENT COLUMN

The following persons have authorized The Hesperian to Announce their Candidacies for the office indicated above their names, subject to the ajority Democratic Primary, August 24, 1918.

FOR COUNTY JUDGE
John W. Howard
W. B. Clark.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

The following named persons have been nominated for the office indicated by the Democratic Party in Floyd County, subject to the action of the voters at the General Election in November:

FOR JUDGE 64th JUDICIAL DIST.:
R. C. Joiner.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY 64th JUDICIAL DISTRICT:
Austin C. Hatchell.

FOR CO. AND DIST. CLERK.
Tom W. Deen.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER:
Mrs. L. L. Britton.

FOR COUNTY ATTORNEY:
C. K. Holloway.

FOR TAX ASSESSOR
A. A. Whyte.

FOR SHERIFF AND TAX COLLECTOR:
J. A. Grigsby.

FOR COMMISSIONER PRE. NO. 4:
B. C. WILLIS.

FOR COMMISSIONER PRE. NO. 1:
Chas. Trowbridge.

FOR PUBLIC WEIGHER AT FLOYDADA:
S. B. McCleskey

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR:
Geo. A. Luder.

FOR JUSTICE OF THE PEACE PRECINCT NO. 1:
J. C. Gaither.

For Constable Precinct No. 1.
JOHN A. FAWVER.

WHAT THE RED CROSS IS DOING AND WHAT YOU CAN DO

CANTEEN SERVICE DEPARTMENT.

In the Southwestern Division of the Red Cross, which includes the States of Missouri, Kansas, Oklahoma, Arkansas and Texas, there have been organized 97 Red Cross Canteens in towns along the main lines of railway travel to render aid of every kind to troop trains.

In large movements of troops delays are unavoidable, and these bodies of men will often suffer from hunger and thirst in spite of the best efforts of the Army, and to give some refreshment to these men is a service the Red Cross is undertaking.

The commander of every troop train is supplied with a list of the towns where Red Cross canteens have been organized, and he is instructed to wire ahead for any service that a canteen can give. The organization of a canteen consists of a chairman and a committee of at least 10 members. Arrangements are made beforehand for the preparation of coffee and sandwiches in large quantities on short notice and their transportation to the station. The average troop train of 500 men will require 60 gallons of coffee. Fruit, cigarettes, etc., are also distributed. Hot coffee is always most acceptable. Although supplied with the army travel ration, it is often impossible to provide every troop train with cooking facilities, in which case hot coffee is greatly appreciated by the men.

If a troop train commander finds that, owing to delay, his food supply is exhausted, he will wire his requirements to a canteen and they will use their organization to supply his needs. In case of serious illness demanding immediate attention, the canteen will have an ambulance at the station to remove the man to a hospital without delay. This service has already been the means of saving the life of more than one of our boys.

Postal cards are distributed to the men to write home. This little attention is much appreciated by them, as the troops are often not allowed to leave the train.

Innumerable letters are received showing the gratitude of the boys for

the favors they have received from the Red Cross canteens all over the country, all of which makes them feel that somebody is interested in their welfare, and does much to cheer and encourage them.

The personal touch of the Red Cross worker is an important factor in maintaining the spirit of the troops, and this is an important duty of the Red Cross.

Too much cannot be said of the splendid enthusiasm that the women of the whole country have shown in this work. When they have been called upon they have responded, whether day or night. It is a service that all women will be glad to render to our boys who are giving so much.

That it's worth while on has but to read the letters from the men. I quote but one:

"On our arrival at M— we were tendered a most hearty reception by the Red Cross. Their kindness in serving us with hot coffee and sandwiches left an impression upon the boys that will never be forgotten. We cherish not only the worth of such a gift, but more than that the fact that the whole nation is interested in our welfare."

We welcome the organization of a Red Cross canteen along any main railroad line, and the undersigned will be glad to furnish information as to just what duties may be expected of them. CHARLES P. PETTUS, Director of Canteen Service, Southwestern Division American Red Cross, 1617 Railway Exchange Building, St. Louis, Mo.

Trouble Station

We don't want you to bring all your troubles to us, but you'll find the best solution to your AUTO troubles here.

Expert workmanship and fair prices are the main points on which we base our claims for your business. A trial will prove our claims.

Accessories, Ajax Tires and Tubes, gas, oil, etc., at the—

Day and Night Garage

J. M. HUGHES, Manager. Floydada

CITATION BY PUBLICATION

STATE OF TEXAS,
To the Sheriff or any Constable of
County, Greeting:

Oath having been made as required
by law.

You are hereby commanded to sum-
mon Crawford Trees and Mrs. Craw-
ford Trees, and the unknown heirs of
Crawford Trees and Mrs. Crawford
Trees, and J. S. Daugherty and
Mrs. J. S. Daugherty and the unknown
heirs of J. S. Daugherty and his wife
Mrs. J. S. Daugherty, and Conneti and
Mrs. Conneti and the unknown
heirs of Conneti and wife Mrs. Con-
neti, and Anunerman and Mrs. An-
unerman, and the unknown heirs of
Anunerman and Mrs. Anunerman, his
wife, whose given names are unknown,
and Michael Carolan and Mrs. Michael
Carolan his wife and the unknown
heirs of Michael Carolan and his wife
Mrs. Micheal Carolan, and T. J. Hous-
ton and wife Mrs. T. J. Houston and
the unknown heirs of T. J. Houston
and wife Mrs. T. J. Houston, and T. J.
Houston and wife Mrs. Victo-
rine Houston and the unknown heirs
of T. J. Houston and wife Mrs. Vito-
rine Houston, and Josiah Harper and
Mrs. Josiah Harper, and the unknown
heirs of Josiah Harper and wife Mrs.
Josiah Harper, and Isaiah Hanna, and
Mrs. Isaiah Hanna and the unknown
heirs of Isaiah Hanna and wife Mrs.
Isaiah Hanna and S. B. Chadwick and
wife Mrs. S. B. Chadwick and the un-
known heirs of S. B. Chadwick and
wife Mrs. S. B. Chadwick, S. M. Moore
and Mrs. S. M. Moore and the un-
known heirs of S. M. Moore and wife
Mrs. S. M. Moore, by making publi-
cation of this citation once in each week
for eight successive weeks previous
to the return day hereof, in some news-
paper published in your county, if
there be a newspaper published there-
in, but if not, then in any newspaper
published in the 64th Judicial District;
but if there be no newspaper publish-
ed in said Judicial District, then in a
newspaper published in the nearest
district to the said 64th Judicial Dis-
trict, to appear at the next regular
term of the District Court of Floyd
County, to be holden at the Court
House thereof, in Floydada, Texas, on
the Fourth Monday in September A. D.
1918, the same being the 23rd day of
September A. D. 1918, then and there
to answer a petition filed in said Court
on the 8th day of July A. D. 1918, in
a suit, numbered on the docket of said
Court No. 1202, wherein J. R. Read-
er is plaintiff, and Crawford Trees
and Mrs. Crawford Trees, and the un-
known heirs of Crawford Trees, and the
unknown heirs of Crawford Trees and
Mrs. Crawford Trees, and J. S. Daugh-
erty and Mrs. J. S. Daugherty and the
unknown heirs of J. S. Daugherty
and his wife Mrs. J. S. Daugherty,
and Conneti and Mrs. Conneti,
and the unknown heirs of Conneti and
wife Mrs. Conneti, and Anunerman
and Mrs. Anunerman and the unknown
heirs of Anunerman and Mrs. Anunerman
his wife, whose given names are
unknown and Michael Carolan and Mrs.
Michael Carolan his wife and the un-
known heirs of Michael Carolan and
his wife Mrs. Michael Carolan, and T.
J. Houston and wife Mrs. T. J. Hous-
ton and the unknown heirs of T. J.
Houston and wife Mrs. T. J. Houston,
and T. J. Houston and wife Mrs.
Vitorine Houston and the unknown
heirs of T. J. Houston and wife Mrs.
Vitorine Houston and Josiah Harper
and Mrs. Josiah Harper, and unknown
heirs of Josiah Harper and wife Mrs.
Josiah Harper, and Isaiah Hanna and
Mrs. Isaiah Hanna and the unknown
heirs of Isaiah Hanna and wife Mrs.
Isaiah Hanna and S. B. Chadwick
and wife Mrs. S. B. Chadwick and the
unknown heirs of S. B. Chadwick and
wife Mrs. S. B. Chadwick, S. M. Moore
and Mrs. S. M. Moore and the un-
known heirs of S. M. Moore and wife
Mrs. S. M. Moore, as defendants, and
said petition alleging:

CITATION BY PUBLICATION

STATE OF TEXAS,
To the Sheriff or any Constable of
Floyd County, Greeting:

Oath having been made as required
by law.

You are hereby commanded to sum-
mon J. M. Strowbridge and wife Mrs.
Lillian B. Strowbridge, and the un-
known heirs of J. M. Strowbridge
and his wife, Mrs. Lillian B. Strowbridge;
Alvin T. James and Mrs. Alvin T.
James, and the unknown heirs of Alvin
T. James and his wife, Mrs. Alvin T.
James; Alvin I. James and wife, Mrs.
Alvin I. James, and the unknown heirs
of Alvin I. James and Mrs. Alvin I.
James his wife; S. M. Smith and wife,
Mrs. S. M. Smith and the unknown
heirs of S. M. Smith and
wife Mrs. S. M. Smith
A. J. Shaw and wife Mrs. A. J. Shaw
and the unknown heirs of A. J. Shaw
and wife Mrs. A. J. Shaw; P. F. Brown
and his wife Mrs. P. F. Brown and his
wife Mrs. P. F. Brown; James L. Buck-
halter and wife Mrs. James L. Buck-
halter, and the unknown heirs of
James L. Buckhalter and wife, Mrs.
James L. Buckhalter; W. F. Clary and
wife Mrs. W. F. Clary and the un-
known heirs of W. F. Clary and wife
Mrs. W. F. Clary; W. R. Webb and
wife, Mrs. W. R. Webb and the un-
known heirs of W. R. Webb and wife
Mrs. W. R. Webb; J. M. Webb and
wife Mrs. J. M. Webb, and the un-
known heirs of J. M. Webb and wife
Mrs. J. M. Webb; J. F. Mann and wife
Mrs. L. Jessie Mann and the unknown
heirs of J. F. Mann and his wife Mrs.
L. Jessie Mann; F. I. Upton and wife
Mrs. F. I. Upton and the unknown
heirs of F. I. Upton and his wife Mrs.
F. I. Upton; H. L. Smith and wife Mrs.
M. I. Smith, and the unknown heirs
of H. L. Smith and wife Mrs. M. I.
Smith; I. C. Giles and wife Mrs. I. C.
Giles and the unknown heirs of I. C.
Giles and wife Mrs. I. C. Giles; E. H.
Shoults and Mrs. E. H. Shoults his
wife and the unknown heirs of E. H.
Shoults and wife Mrs. E. H. Shoults;
D. T. Gentry and wife Mrs. D. T. Gen-
try and the unknown heirs of D. T.
Gentry and wife Mrs. D. T. Gentry
by making publication of this citation once
in each week for 8 successive weeks
previous to the return day hereof, in
some newspaper published in your
county if there be a newspaper pub-
lished therein, but if not, then in any
newspaper published in the 64th Judi-
cial District; but if there be no news-
paper published in said Judicial Dis-
trict, then in a newspaper published in
the nearest District to said 64th Judi-
cial District, to appear at the next
regular term of the District court of
Floyd County, to be holden at the
Court House thereof, in Floydada,
Texas, on the Fourth Monday in Sep-
tember, A. D. 1918, the same being
the 23rd day of September A. D. 1918,
then and there to answer a petition
filed in said court on the 11th day of
June A. D. 1918, in a suit, numbered
on the docket of said Court No. 1198,
wherein S. A. Greer is plaintiff, and
J. M. Strowbridge and wife Mrs. Lillian
B. Strowbridge and the unknown
heirs of J. M. Strowbridge and his
wife Mrs. Lillian B. Strowbridge; Al-
vin T. James and Mrs. Alvin T. James
and the unknown heirs of Alvin T.
James and his wife Mrs. Alvin T. James;
Alvin I. James and wife Mrs. Alvin I.
James and the unknown heirs of Alvin
I. James and Mrs. Alvin I. James and
wife Mrs. S. M. Smith and wife

T. J. Houston for taxes and T. J.
Houston and wife Mrs. Vitorine Hous-
ton conveyed said land to Josiah Har-
per and Isaiah Hanna, D. W. Jenkins
Sheriff and Tax Collector for Floyd
County sold said land for taxes to S.
B. Chadwick, who sold said land to S.
M. Moore, who sold said land to W. T.
Sperks who sold said land to this plain-
tiff, all of said conveyances repre-
sented by deeds duly recorded in Floyd
County, Texas.

3rd. That on the day and year last
aforesaid defendants unlawfully en-
tered upon said land and premises and
ejected plaintiff therefrom and unlaw-
fully withholds from him the possess-
ion thereof to his damage \$10,000.00.

4th. Plaintiff says that he and
those whose estate he has claiming
the same under deeds duly registered,
has had peaceable, continuous and
adverse possession of the lands and
tenements above described, cultivating,
using and enjoying the same, and
paying all taxes due thereon for a
period of more than five years prior
to the filing of this petition and be-
fore the commencement of this suit
and this he is ready to verify.

Witness, Tom W. Deen, Clerk of the
District Court of Floyd County.

Given under my hand and the seal
of said Court, at office in Floydada,
Texas, this 16th day of July A. D.
1918.

(Seal) TOM W. DEEN,
Clerk District Court, Floyd County,
Texas.

19-8tc By LOLA WALLING, Deputy.

CITATION BY PUBLICATION

STATE OF TEXAS,
To the Sheriff or any Constable of
Floyd County, Greeting:

Oath having been made as required
by law.

You are hereby commanded to sum-
mon J. M. Strowbridge and wife Mrs.
Lillian B. Strowbridge, and the un-
known heirs of J. M. Strowbridge
and his wife, Mrs. Lillian B. Strowbridge;
Alvin T. James and Mrs. Alvin T.
James, and the unknown heirs of Alvin
T. James and his wife, Mrs. Alvin T.
James; Alvin I. James and wife, Mrs.
Alvin I. James, and the unknown heirs
of Alvin I. James and Mrs. Alvin I.
James his wife; S. M. Smith and wife,
Mrs. S. M. Smith and the unknown
heirs of S. M. Smith and
wife Mrs. S. M. Smith
A. J. Shaw and wife Mrs. A. J. Shaw
and the unknown heirs of A. J. Shaw
and wife Mrs. A. J. Shaw; P. F. Brown
and his wife Mrs. P. F. Brown and his
wife Mrs. P. F. Brown; James L. Buck-
halter and wife Mrs. James L. Buck-
halter, and the unknown heirs of
James L. Buckhalter and wife, Mrs.
James L. Buckhalter; W. F. Clary and
wife Mrs. W. F. Clary and the un-
known heirs of W. F. Clary and wife
Mrs. W. F. Clary; W. R. Webb and
wife, Mrs. W. R. Webb and the un-
known heirs of W. R. Webb and wife
Mrs. W. R. Webb; J. M. Webb and
wife Mrs. J. M. Webb, and the un-
known heirs of J. M. Webb and wife
Mrs. J. M. Webb; J. F. Mann and wife
Mrs. L. Jessie Mann and the unknown
heirs of J. F. Mann and his wife Mrs.
L. Jessie Mann; F. I. Upton and wife
Mrs. F. I. Upton and the unknown
heirs of F. I. Upton and his wife Mrs.
F. I. Upton; H. L. Smith and wife Mrs.
M. I. Smith, and the unknown heirs
of H. L. Smith and wife Mrs. M. I.
Smith; I. C. Giles and wife Mrs. I. C.
Giles and the unknown heirs of I. C.
Giles and wife Mrs. I. C. Giles; E. H.
Shoults and Mrs. E. H. Shoults his
wife and the unknown heirs of E. H.
Shoults and wife Mrs. E. H. Shoults;
D. T. Gentry and wife Mrs. D. T. Gen-
try and the unknown heirs of D. T.
Gentry and wife Mrs. D. T. Gentry
by making publication of this citation once
in each week for 8 successive weeks
previous to the return day hereof, in
some newspaper published in your
county if there be a newspaper pub-
lished therein, but if not, then in any
newspaper published in the 64th Judi-
cial District; but if there be no news-
paper published in said Judicial Dis-
trict, then in a newspaper published in
the nearest District to said 64th Judi-
cial District, to appear at the next
regular term of the District court of
Floyd County, to be holden at the
Court House thereof, in Floydada,
Texas, on the Fourth Monday in Sep-
tember, A. D. 1918, the same being
the 23rd day of September A. D. 1918,
then and there to answer a petition
filed in said court on the 11th day of
June A. D. 1918, in a suit, numbered
on the docket of said Court No. 1198,
wherein S. A. Greer is plaintiff, and
J. M. Strowbridge and wife Mrs. Lillian
B. Strowbridge and the unknown
heirs of J. M. Strowbridge and his
wife Mrs. Lillian B. Strowbridge; Al-
vin T. James and Mrs. Alvin T. James
and the unknown heirs of Alvin T.
James and his wife Mrs. Alvin T. James;
Alvin I. James and wife Mrs. Alvin I.
James and the unknown heirs of Alvin
I. James and Mrs. Alvin I. James and
wife Mrs. S. M. Smith and wife

1st. That on or about the 1st day
of July A. D. 1918 he was lawfully
seized and possessed of the following
described tract of land and premises
situated in the County of Floyd and
State of Texas, holding and claiming
the same in fee simple to-wit: 640
acres of land known as survey No. 7,
Cert. No. 10, in block No. 1, Grantee
E. & B. abstract No. 77, containing 640
acres of land located in Floyd County,
Texas, bounded as follows, beginning
at the northeast corner of survey No.
8, block 1, B. & B. for the S. E. corner
of this survey; thence north 1900 vrs.
to a point for the N. E. corner of this
survey; thence west 1900 vrs. to the
N. W. corner of this survey; thence
south 1900 vrs. to the S. W. corner of
said survey; thence East 1900 vrs. to
the place of beginning.

2nd. That defendants claim said
land under the following chain of title.
Said survey 7, was patented to
Crawford Trees Assignee of Brooks &
Burlison, Crawford Trees conveyed
said land to J. S. Daugherty who as a
member of the firm of Daugherty,
Conneti & Anunerman Real estate
agents conveyed said land to Michael
Carolan, the land was sold for taxes to Mrs. T. J. Hous-
ton, who with her husband conveyed
the land to J. S. Daugherty. Said
land was sold a second time to Mrs.

Mrs. S. M. Smith, and the unknown
heirs of S. M. Smith and wife Mrs. S.
M. Smith; A. J. Shaw and wife Mrs.
A. J. Shaw and the unknown heirs of
A. J. Shaw and wife Mrs. A. J. Shaw;
P. F. Brown and his wife Mrs. P. F.
Brown and the unknown heirs of P. F.
Brown and his wife Mrs. P. F. Brown;
James L. Buckhalter and wife Mrs.
James L. Buckhalter and the unknown
heirs of James L. Buckhalter and wife
Mrs. James L. Buckhalter; W. F. Clary
and wife Mrs. W. F. Clary, and the un-
known heirs of W. F. Clary and wife
Mrs. W. F. Clary; W. R. Webb and
wife Mrs. W. R. Webb and the un-
known heirs of W. R. Webb and wife
Mrs. W. R. Webb; J. M. Webb and
wife Mrs. J. M. Webb and the un-
known heirs of J. M. Webb and wife
Mrs. J. M. Webb; J. F. Mann and wife
Mrs. L. Jessie Mann and the unknown
heirs of J. F. Mann and his wife Mrs.
L. Jessie Mann; F. I. Upton and wife
Mrs. F. I. Upton and the unknown
heirs of F. I. Upton and his wife Mrs.
F. I. Upton; H. L. Smith and wife Mrs.
M. I. Smith, and the unknown heirs
of H. L. Smith and wife Mrs. M. I.
Smith; I. C. Giles and wife Mrs. I. C.
Giles and the unknown heirs of I. C.
Giles and wife Mrs. I. C. Giles; E. H.
Shoults and Mrs. E. H. Shoults his
wife and the unknown heirs of E. H.
Shoults and wife Mrs. E. H. Shoults;
D. T. Gentry and wife Mrs. D. T. Gen-
try and the unknown heirs of D. T.
Gentry and wife Mrs. D. T. Gentry,
as defendants. Nature of cause of
action: This is a suit of trespass to
try title to the hereinafter described
lands located in Floyd County, Texas.
That on or about January 1st, 1918,
S. A. Greer was lawfully seized and
possessed of the following described
lands located in Floyd County, Texas,
to-wit: Holding and claiming the same
in fee simple. Plaintiff alleges that
on said date defendants unlawfully en-
tered upon the premises here after
described and ejected plaintiff there-
from to his damage \$10,000.00 said
land described as follows:

1st tract: 480 acres of land known
as South 1-2 and N. W. 1-4 of survey
No. 89, block No. G. Certificate No.
733, bounded as follows:
Beginning at the S. W. Corner of
Surv. No. 29, block G, T. & N. O. Ry. Co.
for the N. W. Corner of this survey.
Thence south 1900.8 vrs. to the N.
W. Corner of survey No. 94 same block
Thence east 1900.8 vrs. along north
line of survey No. 94.
Thence north 950.4 vrs. along east
line of survey 89.
Thence west 950.4 vrs. to the center
of survey No. 89.
Thence north 950.4 vrs. to the North
line of survey No. 89.
Thence west 950.4 vrs. to the place
of beginning. Said land Pat. to J. M.
Strowbridge who conveyed to Alvin T.
James, who conveyed to S. M. Smith,
who conveyed to A. J. Shaw, who con-
veyed to P. F. Brown, who conveyed to
Jas. L. Buckhalter, who conveyed to
W. F. Clary, W. R. Webb and J. M.
Webb who conveyed to plaintiff, S. A.
Greer, and being the chain under which
same is held by S. A. Greer.

2nd tract: Also located in Floyd
County, Texas, and being 80 acres of
land the north 1-8 of survey No. 94,
block G, certificate No. 1193 E. L. &
R. R. Ry. Co. bounded as follows: Be-
ginning at the S. E. Corner of said
survey No. 89, block G. T. T. Ry. Co.
for the N. E. Corner of this tract.
Thence south 237.5 vrs.; thence west
1900.8 vrs.; thence north 237.5 vrs.;
thence east 1900.8 vrs. to the place of
beginning. Plaintiff Greer's title and
chain of title to same as follows:
Said by the State to J. F. Mann, who
made three years proof, and sold to
plaintiff said land.

3rd tract: Also located in Floyd
County, Texas, and being ten acres out
of the F. I. Upton Survey No. 296, Pat.
No. 166, Vol. 22, abstract 2100, bound-
ed as follows:
Ten acres out of the S. E. Corner of
the east wing, said survey 269. Begin-
ning at a point 279 vrs. north of the
S. E. corner of said Sur.; thence south
and west with the meanderings of the
road to a point in the South line of
said survey 296; thence east to the S.
E. Corner of said survey No. 296;
thence north to the place of beginning
containing 10 acres out of the S. E.
corner of the east wing of said survey
296.

S. A. Greer chain of title to said
ten acre tract is as follows: said land
patented to F. I. Upton who conveyed
to H. L. Smith, who conveyed to I. C.
Giles, who conveyed to Plaintiff S. A.
Greer, S. A. Greer conveyed to D. T.
Gentry from whom S. A. Greer recov-
ered said land in suit.

That said conveyances are repre-
sented by deeds duly executed, and
plaintiff pleads five years statute of
limitation, and that he has held said
land for more than five years prior to
the filing of this suit under deeds duly
recorded, paying all taxes due on said
lands during said time and cultivating,
using and enjoying said lands during
all this time.

Herein fail not, but have before
said court, at its aforesaid next regu-
lar term, this writ, with your return
thereon, showing how you have exe-
cuted the same.

Witness, Tom W. Deen, Clerk of the

District Court of Floyd County.

Given under my hand and the seal
of said court at office in Floydada,
Texas, this 11th day of June, A. D.
1918.

(Seal) TOM W. DEEN,
Clerk District Court, Floyd County,
Texas.

15-8tc LOLA WALLING, Deputy.

SHERIFF'S NOTICE OF ELECTION

THE STATE OF TEXAS,
County of Floyd.

Notice is hereby given that an elec-
tion will be held on the third day of
August, 1918, at the Hill Crest school
house in Common School District No.
28 of this County as established by
order of the Commissioners' Court of
this County, of date the 28th day of
May, 1913, which is recorded in book
3, page 522, of the minutes of said
court, to determine whether a major-
ity of the legally qualified property
tax paying voters of that district de-
sire the issuance of bonds on the faith
and credit of said Common School Dis-
trict in the amount of Two Thousand
(\$2,000.00) Dollars, the bonds to be
of the denomination of One Hundred
(\$100.00) Dollars each, numbered con-
secutively from one to twenty, both in-
clusive, payable twenty years from
their date, with option of redemption
after ten years, and bearing five per
cent interest per annum, payable an-
nually on April 10th of each year, to
provide funds to be expended in pay-
ment of accounts legally contracted in
constructing and equipping a public
free school building of wood material
within said district, and to determine
whether the Commissioners' Court of
this County shall be authorized to
levy, assess and collect annually while
said bonds or any of them are out-
standing a tax upon all taxable prop-
erty within said district sufficient to
pay the current interest on said bonds
and provide a sinking fund sufficient
to pay the principal at maturity.

All persons who are legally qual-
ified voters of this state and County
and who are resident property tax
payers in said district shall be en-
titled to vote at said election.

Said election was ordered by the
County Judge of this County by order
made on the 13th day of July, 1918,
and this notice is given in pursuance
of said order.

Dated the 17th day of July, 1918.

J. A. GRIGSBY,
19-4tc Sheriff Floyd Co., Texas.

**WAR WORKERS SPEND
FRIDAY IN AMARILLO**

N. W. McCleskey, J. B. Downs and
Dr. V. Andrews, members of the Local
Exemption Board, John N. Farris,
chairman for Floyd county of the War
Labor Policies system, C. K. Holloway,
government appeal agent, A. P. Mc-
Kinnon, member legal advisory board,
and I. D. Gamble, member of the Coun-
ty Council of Defense, spent last Fri-
day in Amarillo, at a meeting of war
workers with Adjutant General John
C. Townes, Jr., and Major B. W. Russ,
representing the war department. The
meeting was held to discuss problems
of the draft in the emergency arising
from the shortage of men now immin-
ent to fill the army cantonments.

Two sessions were held during the
day with Major Townes, who is super-
visor of the Selective Service in
Texas.

CARD OF THANKS

To the Voters of Floyd County:

I want to thank both ladies and gen-
tlemen who so loyally supported me
in my recent race for county judge,
and as myself and W. B. Clark have to
run the race over in the second pri-
mary which will be August 24th, I
earnestly solicit your support and in-
fluence in this second primary. Again
I want to thank you for your loyal
support.

Yours truly,
JNO. W. HOWARD.

MEETING AT WHITE FLAT

G. W. Tubbs, pastor, is in a revival
meeting at Whiteflat, which begun
Friday night last.

He is being assisted in the meeting
since Tuesday by Rev. J. L. Truett, of
White Wright, Texas, who was in
Floydada Monday enroute to White-
flat.

MEETING AT MUNCY

The Baptist Revival which began at
Muncy Sunday is having good attend-
ance and results. Pastor R. E. L.
Muncy is being assisted in the meet-
ing by Rev. W. L. Tubbs.

OIL FROM SHALE ROCK

With the demand for gasoline and
for the crude oil from which it is made,
as well as for the ammonia to be used
in fertilizers, growing more and more
imperative, it is encouraging to learn
that rapid progress is being made in
the work of producing the materials
from the oil shales that are found in
great deposits in our Western States,
especially in Colorado, Nevada, Mon-
tana, Utah, and Wyoming. More than
a dozen large companies have been
organized to win oil from these shales
and are now making experiments to
determine the most efficient and eco-
nomical way of doing so. Aerial tram-
ways are being built to bring the shale
from mines to be opened high on the
sides of the mountains down to retorts
or distillation plants to be built in the
valleys near water and near lines of
transportation.

Chemists are finding that a great
many useful things can be made from
the oil shales—such as dyes, explo-
sives, paints, fertilizers, and substi-
tutes for rubber, as well as gasoline,
kerosene, paraffin, and flotation oil—
but the industry is not yet far en-
ough advanced to enable anyone to tell
which of these products or how many
of them can be manufactured at a
profit. The industry must eventually
succeed, but its success may depend
largely on the profits derived from the
sale of the byproducts.

**DETAILS OF FEDERAL DROUTH
RELIEF ARE ANNOUNCED**

Washington, August 1.—Regula-
tions under which drouth-stricken far-
mers of the Northwest and Southwest
may obtain loans for seed from the
\$5,000,000 fund set aside for that pur-
pose by President Wilson were an-
nounced today by the Treasury and
Agriculture Departments, which will
administer the fund jointly. Only
farmers whose credit and resources
already are exhausted and who can not
get advances properly from banks
may participate.

Loans will be limited to \$3 per acre
with a maximum of \$300, and will be
payable at 6 per cent, October 1, 1919,
in Southern districts and November 1,
1919, in Northern districts.

Federal Land Banks will make and
collect the loans after Department of
Agriculture agents have investigated
and approved the applications. Appli-
cants must agree to use seeds and
methods approved by the Department
of Agriculture. The money will not
be advanced until the seeding is com-
pleted, but a certificate will be given
as the basis for temporary credit.
Each borrower will be required to
agree that if his wheat yield is seven
bushels or more per acre he will pay
25 per cent of his loan into a guaranty
fund to cover possible losses to the
Government.

Applicants for loans or banks wish-
ing to assist, are to apply to the Fed-
eral Land Bank of their district.

CAVALRY STILL UNSETTLED

So far no word has been received
from Washington City as to the fed-
eralization of the cavalry regiments
organized in Texas, of which troop
L, Plainview, is a part. All the papers
are in the war department's hands,
and final decision is looked for each
day.—Plainview News.

**MEETS EVERY SATURDAY
NIGHT.**

Mrs. G. A. Crum and son, Robert,
in company with M. A. Crum and sis-
ters, Misses Mollie and Lucy, left last
week for Granbury and that vicinity
to visit with relatives and friends at
their former home.

SEE US AND SEE BETTER
If your eyes bother you in read-
ing or doing close work, with or
without glasses, it is evident
that you have muscular trouble.
You can't focus both eyes on one
point. We have specialised in
this line, and can give you satis-
faction because we correct the
defects.
We Solicit the "Hard to Fit"
ARTHUR L. TALLEY
Optometrist
At Optical Parlor, McMillon
Drug Store, North side Square,
Plainview, Texas

B. B. GREENWOOD
LAWYER
Floydada, --- Texas

DR. W. M. HOUGHTON
GENERAL PRACTICE
CALLS ANSWERED DAY OR
NIGHT. OFFICE ROOMS 11
and 12 1st Nat. Bank Building.
Diseases of Women and Chil-
dren a Specialty
FLOYDADA, TEXAS
Office Phone No. 256 Res. 250

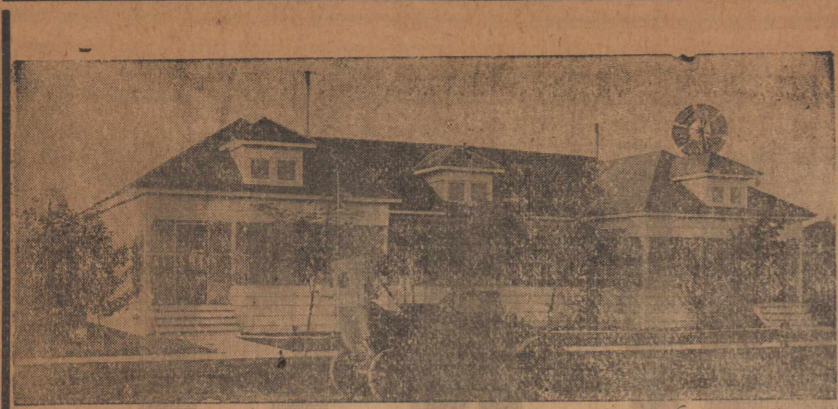
Kenneth Bair
Lawyer
OFFICE ROOM FOUR
OF FIRST NATION
AL BANK BUILDING
General Practice

J. B. BARTLEY
Attorney-at-Law
Office in Court House
Land Titles and Land
Litigation a Specialty
Floydada, Texas

**Floydada
Lodge No. 34
I. O. O. F.**
Meets every Saturday
Night.
Visitors cordially invited.
W. C. Hanna, N. G.,
W. A. Gound, Secretary

C. D. DENNIS
HAS BOUGHT THE WILSON STUDIO
We do all kinds of work in photography and
all kinds of enlarging in oil finish. Also all
kinds of frame work.
OUR PRICES ARE RIGHT
Come to See Us
And bring your kodak films for developing.

PRICE-GOEN



DRS. SMITH & SMITH
CHILDERS PRIVATE SANITARIUM
 For Medical and Surgical Cases
 Telephone No. 177 Floydada, Texas

Don't Fail Read the Ads in this Issue

Service---

It requires study and attention in any line of work to render good SERVICE. We give our entire time to the Insurance business and have made a thorough study of it. Let us figure with you if you have anything to insure. Our companies are prompt in payment of all losses whether large or small.

O. W. FRY & COMPANY

KEEP CANNING, SUGAR OR NO SUGAR
 Department of Agriculture Specialists Explain How to Preserve When Sweets Are Scarce

"Keep canning, sugar, or no sugar," say specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture. If you can't get enough sugar for home canning put up your fruit without it. The products will keep perfectly until a time when more sugar is available or until a sugar substitute program has been worked out. Fruits put up in this way are excellent for pie-filling and salads and may be used in desserts, puddings, ices, and punches.

In canning fruit without sugar, can the product the day it is picked. Cull, stem, seed, and clean fruit by placing in strainer and pouring cold water over it. Pack the product carefully in hot glass jars or cans until full. Use a tablespoon, wooden ladel, or table knife for packing purposes. Pour boiling hot water over the product in the hot jar. Place rubbers and caps in position, not tight. If using tin cans seal completely. Place in the sterilizer vat, or canner, and sterilize for the length of time given below according to the particular type of outfit used:

	Minutes
Hot-water bath, homemade or commercial.....	30
Water seal, 214 degrees.....	20
5 pounds steam pressure.....	12
10 pounds steam pressure.....	10

After sterilizing remove the filled containers. Seal jars; invert to cool and test the joints. Wrap in paper to prevent bleaching and store in a dry, cool place. If tin cans are used it will be found advantageous to plunge them into cold water immediately after sterilization to cool them quickly.

Fruit Juices, Sugarless Too
 Homemade fruit juices take no sugar and may be used during the winter months in a variety of ways, according to specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture. One important use for fruit juices is in the making of jellies at a time of year when sugar or its substitutes may be more plentiful and when it is more convenient to do the work. In this way freshly made jellies may be available all through the winter.

Fruit juice may be pressed out of fruit by means of a cider press, special fruit press, or other improvised presses; then heated in an acid-proof kettle up to 110 degrees F. The fruit juice may then be poured into ordinary hot jars, hot bottles, or tin cans, and handled by the same directions as those for canning fruit itself. If poured into miscellaneous bottles, it is suggested that the fruit juice be sterilized as follows:

Make a cotton stopper and press into the neck of the bottle and leave during the sterilization period. Set bottles in boiling hot water up to the neck of the bottle, sterilize the fruit juice for 40 minutes at a temperature of 165 degrees F. Remove the product, press cork in top over cotton stopper immediately. If the cork fits well, no paraffin need be used. If a poor cork, it may be necessary to dip the cork in a melted solution of wax or paraffin. Fruit juices and apple cider when handled in this way will not "flatten in taste" and will keep fresh for future use.

Use Fruits Instead of Sugar
 Sweet fruit sirups require no sugar in the making and may be used in place of sugar in several ways in general cooking, according to specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture. Apple sirup is especially good for cakes, hot biscuits,

candies, and seasoning.

To make it add 5 ounces of powdered calcium carbonate to 7 gallons of apple cider. Powdered calcium carbonate (carbonate of lime) or, to give it its common name, precipitated chalk, is low-priced and harmless. Boil the mixture in a kettle or vat vigorously for five minutes. Pour the liquid into vessels, preferably glass jars or pitchers; allow to stand six or eight hours, or until perfectly clear. Pour the clear liquid into a preserving kettle. Do not allow sediment at bottom to enter. Add to the clear liquid one level teaspoonful of lime carbonate and stir thoroughly. The process is completed by boiling down rapidly to a clear liquid. Use density gauge or candy thermometer and bring the temperature up to 220 degrees F. If a thermometer is not available, boil until bulk is reduced to one-seventh of the original volume. To determine whether the sirup is cooked enough test as for candy—by pouring a little into cold water. If boiled enough it should not be cooked long enough to harden like candy when tested.

When the test shows that the sirup has been cooked enough pour it into fruit jars, pitchers, etc., and allow it to cool slowly. Slow cooling is important, as otherwise the suspended matter will not settle properly and the sirup will be cloudy.

A good way to insure slow cooling is to stand the vessels, full of sirup, in a bucket or a wash boiler of hot water, or to place them in a fireless cooker. The white sediment which settles out during cooking is called "malate of lime" and is a harmless compound of lime with the natural acid of the apple. When the sirup is cooled it should be stored in fruit jars, bottles, or jugs and corked. Place the rubber and cap or cotton stopper or cork in position and tighten. Place the container in boiling hot water and sterilize for the length of time given below for the particular type of outfit used:

	Minutes
Water bath, homemade or commercial.....	15
Water seal, 214 degrees.....	10
5 pounds steam pressure.....	8
10 pounds steam pressure.....	5

Remove jars and tighten covers. Invert to cool, and test the joints. Store for future use. This recipe is for making sirup primarily for home consumption. If the product is to be sold, legal requirements as to labeling should be ascertained and complied with.

Add the Sugar Later
 Plenty of apple pies are guaranteed for Americans next winter in spite of the sugar shortage. Housewives are going to save the windfalls in piefilling canned without sugar, according to specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture. Apples canned by this method will be available later on when the sugar may be added or pies may be sweetened with sirups and other sugar substitutes.

In canning apples for pie filling slice them immediately after paring into slightly salted cold water. Pack the product carefully in hot glass jars or tin cans until full. Use a tablespoon, wooden ladel, or table knife for packing purposes. Pour boiling hot water

over the product in the hot jar. Place rubbers and caps in position, not tight. If using tin cans, seal completely. Place in the sterilizer, vat, or canner, and sterilize for the length of time given below according to the particular type of outfit used:

	Minutes
Hot-water bath, homemade or commercial.....	30
Water seal, 214 degrees.....	20
5 pounds steam pressure.....	12
10 pounds steam pressure.....	10

After sterilizing remove the filled containers. Seal jars; invert to cool and test the joints. Wrap in paper to prevent bleaching and store in a dry, cool place. If tin cans are used it will be found advantageous to plunge them into cold water immediately after sterilization to cool them quickly.

Corn Sirup Takes Sugar's Place
 Corn sirup may be used in canning and in making jellies, jams, and marmalades and fruit butters, according to specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture. Varying amounts of corn sirup are used with sugar. The sirup gives a modified flavor to products. So it should be tried out in taste. It combines most satisfactorily with strong flavored fruits such as pineapple and cherry. The amount used must be determined by the kind of fruit and the strength of the sirup.

Food-Drug Plants
 The United States Department of Agriculture and the United States Food Administration agree that the establishment of more commercial plants for drying of fruits and vegetables is highly desirable in the present emergency. Warning is given, however, against poor products and stringency schemes. Many inquiries regarding the extension of the industry, which is in its infancy in this country, are being received. It is essential from the standpoint to assure products of excellent quality. Government officials point out that processes that do not give satisfactory results will lead to loss of capital and discouragement and will hinder general movement.

The public is advised to be responsible and unscrupulous in buying schemes. Establishments producing plants and manufacturer grade products require skill and experience, absence of which may damage the industry through flooding the market with inferior products. Drying when properly done is recognized as an efficient means of conserving food. It requires no sugar. It is reported that the German Government has fostered the drying industry in that country.

SPENDING VACATION IN COLORADO

Judge and Mrs. F. P. Henry, City, Buck Sams and wife and Judge E. P. Thompson and family of Lockney, left Monday for Colorado where they will spend several days on a vacation tour. They will visit several points in Colorado before returning home.

Joe W. Williams, of Plains, Texas, was here the earlier part of the week on business.

MAZOLA
 the new oil for shortening



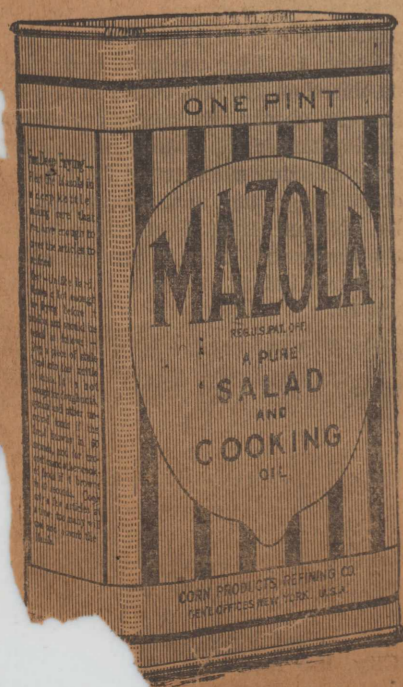
FOLKS should know how light and dainty bread, cake and pastry are when shortened with Mazola—the sweet, wholesome oil from corn. Even little children and people with delicate stomachs can eat and digest them.

Being an oil and not a solid fat Mazola requires no melting. It is ready to use. Quantities can be measured exactly. It saves time, prevents waste.

And in frying and sautéing, Mazola crisps over the food—doesn't soak in and make food heavy and soggy, as animal fat does.

It never carries odors or flavors—even onions or fish—from one food to another—can be used over and over again—to the very last drop. And it saves animal fats.

Mazola is also perfectly delicious on salads.



Corn Muffins

2 cups corn meal	5 teaspoonful baking powder	1 egg
1 teaspoonful salt	4 tablespoonful Karo	1 1/4 cups water
	2 tablespoonful Mazola	

Beat hard to mix. Bake in well-greased muffin tins for 30 minutes in a moderate oven.

For sale in pints, quarts and gallons. (The large sizes are the most economical to buy.) Get a can from your grocer today.

Ask your grocer for the valuable Cook Book especially prepared for Mazola users—or write us direct. FREE.

Selling Representatives:
 DON CAMPBELL COMPANY, 300 North Ervay Street, Dallas, Texas

MAZOLA

The Delicious Salad and Cooking Oil
 Produced by the CORN PRODUCTS REFINING CO.
 P. O. BOX 161 FLOYDADA, TEXAS



The Movie Cafe

FOR THE
Best Eats and Good Service

Plenty of fresh ice water free to all all the time. Come in to see us and help yourself.

NICE ROOMS IN CONNECTION

W. E. Pack

FLOYDADA, TEX. WEST SIDE SQUARE

25 years residence in West Texas and 12 years experience dealing in Plains lands puts us in position to handle your business in the most satisfactory manner.

List your land with

Fawver & Christian

First National Bk. Bldg.

Floydada, Texas.

SALE IN FULL BLAST

A FURTHER TREAT OF BARGAINS

ALL PRICES QUOTED LAST WEEK ARE STILL IN EFFECT

Besides Many More Now Displayed For Your Convenience. Don't Fail to Take Advantage of Our Sale at An Early Date If You Have Not Already.

Reductions On Everything In the Store, Positively

ONE-DAY SPECIALS

To make our sales as good in the mornings as in the afternoons, we are going to give premiums, as follows

Friday

One Lawn Dress pattern to each of first five bills sold amounting to \$10. each.

Saturday

Any \$1.00 or \$1.25 Ladies' waist in stock to each lady who buys \$10.00 worth, until ten are given away.

Monday

A 50c or 65c Men's tie with first ten \$5.00 bills sold.

Tuesday

A \$1.00 or \$1.25 Boy's wash suit with each of the first five bills for \$10.00 sold.

Wednesday

A \$1.25 Fancy parasol on each of first five \$10.00 bills sold.

Thursday

Any \$1.25 girls' gingham dress until five are given away on each \$10.00 bill

Note That This Is a Double Discount--You Get a Discount On the Bill and the Premiums, Too

West Side Square
Floydada, Texas

BARRIER BROS.

Stores at Brownfield and Lubbock

"Dependable Merchandise" Telephone No. 30

PREHISTORIC ASTRONOMY

For many years two pairs or holes in the walls of the celebrated prehistoric Casa Grande Ruin in Arizona have given rise to much speculation not only on the part of tourists but of archaeologists also. The holes are about an inch and a half in diameter and are bored through walls four feet thick. They occur in pairs, each pair on opposite sides of a great central room. The holes in each pair are in line with each other, so that one standing in a dark first floor room behind the central room may look through the innermost hole, across the central room, and through the outermost hole at the sky. One pair points due east. The other pair points north at a declining angle.

The interesting people who built this most ancient of pueblos have left no traces behind them. One can only imagine, by analogy from better known neighborhood races of a later period, what their civilization may have been. That they were a deeply religious people and worshipers of the sun is an assumption. Recently an interesting theory has been advanced to explain the holes.

According to this theory these holes form what might be called a seasonal clock. Twice a year, once as the sun works north and once as it works south along the eastern horizon, it rises in line with the eastward pointing holes and for one morning, for possibly three minutes, throws a bar of light into the dark inner room.

From this the ceremonial calendar could be dated and certain festivals would fall on the same day each year after year. One is reminded of Stonehenge in England where the sun at its summer solstice shone down a long alley of stone monuments upon an altar placed in the center of a series of circles of stones.

We come now to the northern pair of holes which are placed in the north wall of the central room and the corresponding outer wall of the building. This pair trends downward and to the east so that they never overlooked the defensive wall which surrounded the group of buildings around the Casa Grande. At first thought this precludes any astronomical use, but the ingenious theorist has an explanation for even this condition of affairs.

If we grant the former inhabitants the use of an instrument of reflection,

which need be no more complicated than a plain bowl of water, then it is easy to imagine the medicine man in the dark of the night, when he comes to a certain point in his ceremony, putting a bowl of water at a predetermined point on the plaza outside and so reflecting the light of some bright star in the northern heavens up through these holes into the central room of the Casa Grande.

The problem is now being studied, as to which bright star near that particular angle could have been moved from that exact angle by the precession of the equinoxes, and it is hoped by this point to establish the date when the Casa Grande was inhabited. How long ago this was is uncertain, moderate guesses beginning with 600 years and more radical guesses going to 1,000 or more years.

The Casa Grande itself, however, ancient though it is, was the most recent of its group. The evidence seems to show that an older group of ruins was abandoned about the time the Casa Grande was built.

HUNTING MOUNTAIN LIONS

Although mountain lions are, un-

fortunately for the deer, found occasionally in most of our western national parks, they are rarely seen. There is no more timid, even cowardly, brute in America. Your lion, which is really the panther of our eastern wilderness, has his home in the most retired rocky fastness of his neighborhood and skulks abroad chiefly at night. His purpose is to play safe. He rarely takes a chance with animals capable of fighting back, and never with man. He leaps upon the unsuspecting deer from behind or from a higher rick or low tree. His special fondness for kids and fawns is suspected to originate in their helplessness rather than the tenderness and delicacy of their flesh.

Because he is a large brute with a good appetite and likes his meat quite fresh, the lion is exceedingly destructive. He returns to his kill only while the meat remains sweet. Then he kills again. Often, when deer are plentiful, he kills not only for the love of killing.

Late last winter two lions were shot near Hesperian in the Sequoia National Park. They had killed several deer. The superintendent Walter Fry, who was present at the shooting,

"and about all that was necessary was to watch the carcasses and shoot when opportunity offered. The female lion was killed the second day and the male the fourth day. There were several hundred deer in the herd when the lions attacked them, but the following day they left the country and did not appear again in the vicinity of Hospital Rock for about two weeks. The lions killed in one night many more deer than they were able to eat."

But lions are not usually so easily shot. They are best got in the winter when they may be trailed by dogs to their lairs in the far places. Mountain lions, lynxes, wolves, coyotes, and foxes only are killed in our national parks, and these only because of their predatory habits.

Rev. J. Wood Parker is organizing a Boy Scout Troop here among the boys between the ages of 12 and 18. A meeting was held Wednesday night and plans laid for a trip to the Canyon for an outing of a day or two, at which time the organization will be completed, if enough are interested in it.—Silverton Star.

Hesperian Want Ads Bring Results.

EXCHANGE OF LIBERTY BONDS

The issue of registered bonds of the Third Liberty Loan has progressed so far that transfers and exchanges of registered for coupon bonds will be made on and after August 1 until August 15. The registry books will be closed on the latter date in order to prepare checks for interest payment on September 15. Bonds may be presented during such period for transfer or exchange, but such transaction will be effected after September 15 and the September interest paid to whomsoever was holder of the bonds on August 15.

Coupon bonds presented after August 15 for exchange for registered bonds should have the September interest coupon detached; the registered bonds issued upon such exchange will bear interest from September 15.

Mrs. C. M. Stephenson has received word that her brother, Phillip See has arrived safely overseas.

R. L. Greenway and wife of Brownfield, are here this week with Mrs. Greenway's mother, Mrs. J. Q. Carpenter.