

# THE FLOYD COUNTY HESPERIAN

VOLUME NUMBER 26

FLOYDADA, FLOYD COUNTY, TEXAS, THURSDAY, JULY 17, 1919.

NUMBER 19

## STAR MAIL ROUTE TO SILVERTON IS GRANTED

Route Will Be Started Sept. 1.—Bids Posted for Six-Day Service Week

The Post Office Department has granted the petition of citizens of Floydada, Silverton and people along the road between for a star mail route between the two points, and will start the service on September 1st.

Postmaster F. P. Henry was notified of this fact Monday night and was ordered to post notice of bids for the route between the two points for a six-day in the week service.

The schedule for the route will be as follows: Leave Floydada 8:30 a. m.; arrive Silverton 12:30 p. m.; leave Silverton 1:30 p. m.; arrive Floydada 6 p. m.

The new route will be more than passing benefit to both Floydada and Silverton people and will serve seventy or more families not now on routes, who are conveniently located to the route between the two towns. Heretofore mail communication between the two points has required two days. This has been a material detriment to business interests of both towns, more especially during the past twelve months, increasing trade and traffic having made better mail facilities a necessity. That this last condition was recognized by the post office department is indicated by the dispatch with which the petition was granted after it was presented to the department.

## DELEGATION WILL CONFER WITH HIGHWAY COMMISSION

A delegation representing the Floyd County Commissioners' Court will confer with the Highway Commission of the State the first of next week in Austin, according to present plans, the idea of the court being to obtain from the commission their attitude toward further state and federal aid for counties which vote bond issues for roads.

Commissioners Brown and Trowbridge and County Surveyor Linder will likely compose the party which will go to Austin.

## BLED SOE CARRIES FLOYD COUNTY FOR SENATOR

W. H. Bledsoe, of Lubbock, was given a ten to one majority in Floyd County over R. L. Templeton, of Wellington, in the senatorial election held Monday. A very light vote, which complete returns will probably not run over 225, was cast, half of these being cast at the Floydada box. At least two and possibly three or four boxes did not hold elections. At Sunset and Lone Star no elections were held. No reports had been made at two o'clock Wednesday from Antelope, Allmon, Cedar or Starkey. The vote by precinct in the boxes reported is as follows:

Box	Bledsoe	Templeton
Floydada	107	6
Baker	6	0
Center	6	6
Flomot	7	1
Lockney	42	2
Sand Hill	3	3
Lakeview	7	1
Providence	5	0
TOTALS	183	19

## SERIAL NO. 258, ORDER NUMBER ONE, IS HOME

James A. LeMay, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. LeMay of this city, is home from army service, after having been discharged at Washington, D. C., last week, from the Observation Corps.

LeMay was assigned Serial No. 258 in the June 5, 1917, registration, and in the National Lottery for orders drew No. 1. Making no claims for exemption or discharge he was the first National Army man to go from Floyd County to Camp Travis for training. There he was assigned as a cook, but was transferred shortly to the Observation Corps and spent nine months at the University of New York studying as a photographer and developer for the air service. He reached France in July of 1918 and served in the campaign there until the armistice was signed.

## JACK CHILDERS SPENT 76 DAYS ON FRONT IN FRANCE

Jack Childers, son of Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Childers, returned home last week, after being discharged at Camp Bowie, from the 359th Ambulance Company of the 90th Division.

Following the signing of the armistice he was on the Rhine in the Army of Occupation. His company saw 76 days of active service on the front.

## TULIA CELEBRATING SWISHER COUNTY'S BIRTHDAY

A big celebration picnic will be held Saturday at Tulia, on the occasion of the 1919 birthday of Swisher county.

Returned soldiers, sailors and marines are to be guests of honor at the picnic.

## REV. MEALOR IN MEETING AT DAWSON, TEXAS

Rev. O. A. Mealor and family left Tuesday morning for Dawson, Texas, where they will spend some two weeks while Rev. Mealor is conducting a meeting there.

They plan to return home shortly after the meeting closes.

## NORTHWEST STOCKMEN ARE SEEKING TEXAS GRASS

A serious drought is on in the northwest states of Montana, Wyoming and Idaho, according to advices received here by County Agent W. H. Darrow from the Texas A. & M. College, who are aiding in an effort to locate grass for stock and sheep of stockmen in those states.

In the telegram Mr. Darrow is asked to advise if any grass is available in this or adjoining counties.

Mr. Darrow notified A. & M. College that there would be some grass available, he thought.

## MASON RILEY RECOVERING FROM APPENDICITIS

Mason Riley was operated on for appendicitis at the Childers Sanitarium Monday and his condition is favorable at this time for any early recovery, Dr. Smith states.

Riley became ill Sunday, and his condition made an early operation imperative.

## BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. Harley I. Brown, of Lakeview, July 15th, a son.

## BRISCOE WILL MEET FLOYD WITH GOOD ROAD

Briscoe County will meet Floyd County at the line with a road as good as any road which the Commissioners of this county will build, the Commissioners of that County told a delegation of Floydada and Lockney business men and the Commissioners' Court of this county who went to Silverton Tuesday.

The personell of this delegation, which was made up of twenty-five persons were guests of the Briscoe County Officials at dinner, following a general get-together meeting at the County Court room there in the forenoon, at which felicitations were exchanged in several short talks. The Floyd County delegation was told of the plans being made for road improvement in Briscoe, and officials there urged that a committee should be sent to Austin to confer with the Highway Commission on Federal and State aid on the proposed issue in this county. Briscoe, on a \$100,000 issue was awarded \$65,000 aid money, they were told.

Following their meetings with the Briscoe officials and citizens of Silverton the Floyd County delegation had an informal meeting, at which it was decided that whether or not the bond issue in this county shall carry, every effort will be made to improve a good road from Floydada to the Briscoe County line, which would serve not only a large number of Briscoe County people who want to come to Floydada and Lockney, but would also give a large number of people in this county a good road to market who have heretofore been handicapped because of poor roads.

At the same meeting an organization was perfected which will make every effort to carry the bond issue of \$500,000 in this county. Of this organization Judge E. P. Thompson, of Lockney, was made chairman, N. W. McCleskey, Floydada, vice chairman for Floydada, and Ben F. Smith and G. A. Linder secretaries respectively at Lockney and Floydada. The organization plans to make a campaign for the bond issue.

## REV. W. M. LANE AND WIFE ON VACATION TRIP

Rev. W. M. Lane and wife left Tuesday morning for Colorado in which state they will spend some thirty days on a vacation, also visiting points in Idaho probably before returning home.

His trip is being made following a resolution passed by the stewards of the church granting the pastor a vacation. They are going by auto cross country. They were joined at Plainview by their daughter, Mrs. Atkins, of Lubbock, who will accompany them.

## BROTHER FROM CALIFORNIA VISITING MRS. M. J. MAXWELL

J. P. Armstrong, of San Diego, California, is visiting here with his sister, Mrs. M. J. Maxwell, the pleasure of their reunion being heightened by the fact that they had not seen each other for forty years.

They parted in Tennessee at the family home, and fate, in one form or another has kept them apart for all the years intervening.

Mrs. Maxwell and children are urging Mr. Armstrong to spend the summer here, and it is possible he may do so though he had not planned so long a stay.

## SIX O'CLOCK DINNER

Miss Mary Lou Hampton entertained with a six o'clock dinner Monday evening honoring her guests, Misses Minnie Lee and Bessie Glenn Hampton of Sanger.

The guests were the honorees, Miss Ruth Collins, and Messrs. Roy and Clarence Snodgrass, J. H. Reagan, Maurey Hopkins and Irvin Bishop.

Homer Stanley, after twelve months of foreign service in the First Army Engineers, is home. He received his discharge at Camp Bowie, being a sergeant at the time he was given his papers. He was in two major operations in France,—on the St. Mihiel Drive and in the Meuse-Argonne Campaign.

Dr. and Mrs. J. W. Morris and family left the latter part of last week for Weatherford, Texas, where they will make their future home. Dr. Morris having gone down some few weeks ago and purchased a home in that city.

Mr. and Mrs. B. P. Woody returned home Friday from a stay of twenty days at Lometa and other points, on a vacation.

## FIRST PIONEER INFANTRY LANDED AT NEWPORT NEWS

Vergil F. Lemons, of Floydada Only West Texas Boy in Outfit

Vergil F. Lemons, whose regiment, formerly the First New York Infantry, landed recently at Newport News, will likely be home soon. He is the only West Texas boy in the regiment. He declares in a note accompanying a news item from Newport relative to their landing, that he will be very glad indeed to get back to Floyd county and friends and relatives. His regiment was in the A. E. F. exactly twelve months.

The report of their landing is interesting. It is as follows:

Slick, oozy mud, little puddles of rain water and the remains of bygone cinder paths covered with sticky clay greeted over two thousand huskies of the First Pioneer Infantry who awoke in Camp Stuart yesterday morning on their first day in America for a long, long time. But did they mind? Why, mud was pie to them. Rain was their middle name, and there were times when they couldn't sleep good unless their eyes and ears and hair and neck 'n everything were dripping wet.

They got home on the Ancon Monday afternoon, and landed just in time to repeat the performance they had been so familiar with in France. It was raining. Those three words had spelled the daily routine for them for over 12 months. It was raining. They were so accustomed to that, that when they marched through the city streets, which have a habit on rainy days of piling the product of Jupiter Pluvius in great gullies and waves and mounds they just grinned and looked around for some "Frogs," and maybe some of them thought there ought to be some cognac handy, or perhaps a little via rouge. It seemed almost like France, with the water and mud result of the rain, for Stuart is a model camp.

Once in camp, they didn't have time to think about discomforts. The fact was, discomforts don't mean much to those birds, they've been uncomfortable so much lately. So they pushed their clothes through the cootie plan, and got ready to go home. There weren't any cooties, at all, but Uncle Sam has a habit of making a fellow do things just for the sake of doing them—maybe.

About a thousand in the crowd live out in Kentucky, and they'll be going home in a day or so. A lot of them are from the north, and others are scattered all over the country. For this was an outfit that gathered its men from everywhere, almost. It was originally the First New York Infantry, but after they got through over there it didn't look much like the same outfit. They'll be split up here, and will be on their way up the red chevron road in a day or so.

The First Pioneer Infantry was one of the "Go get 'em" units that fought on the Aisne, the Marne and on the Meuse, and in the Argonne they carved their names on a lot of Huns, and left them there. They did turn in Germany later, and are glad they're home. And they don't ever want to go back again.

## HAND GRENADE BANKS BEING DISTRIBUTED

Dallas, Texas, July 16.—A limited number of hand grenades, made over into savings banks, are being distributed over the Eleventh District through the various local banks. Boys and girls may obtain these grenades by saving money and buying a War Savings Stamp and adults may obtain them by purchasing at least three War Savings Stamps. These grenades were manufactured for the use of the American armies in Europe, a big supply being on hand when the war ended.

Mrs. J. T. J. Dawson is home for a visit from Belen, New Mexico, and will be joined here this week probably by her husband, who has been in Missouri on business. They will return to Belen after spending some time here.

C. M. Lassiter, Oklahoma mining and oil promoter, is here this week conferring with local business people on oil business. While in Floydada Mr. Lassiter is the guest of H. B. Callihan.

Mrs. E. P. Nelson and daughter, Florence, left Monday morning for east Texas to spend several days visiting at Ennis, Mt. Vernon and Mt. Pleasant. From the latter place Mrs. Nelson will go on to St. Louis to buy fall millinery for the Hat Shop. They will be absent from home some thirty days.

## FAIR DATES ARE SET FOR OCTOBER 2-3-4

The Floyd County Fair dates for 1919 have been set for October 2nd, 3rd and 4th, and plans are under way to make this year's fair bigger and better in every way than any previous one. That this will be possible is indicated by the unusually liberal support the fair is having from business and professional men and farmers, whose subscriptions to the fund will make possible a much better prize list and more features than has marked other exhibits.

As soon as preliminary matters can be arranged a prize list will be issued.

## FIND OUT WHERE TO BUY

Hale County people, too, are finding out where to buy implements and hardware. Among the wheat raisers of that county in Floydada this week buying was C. B. Reeves, who lives ten miles northwest of Plainview.

Mr. Reeves bought three grain wagons of local dealers, which he will use in marketing his grain this season.

## OATS YIELDS 105 BUSHELS

The best yield of oats reported to date is on the farm of L. P. Sandefur, six miles northwest of Floydada, who finished threshing yesterday. His crop measured out 105 bushels per acre.

He is marketing his crop here today.

## BLED SOE CLAIMS ELECTION OVER TEMPLETON

W. H. Bledsoe, of Lubbock, claims that he has been elected State Senator from the 29th District over R. L. Templeton, of Wellington, by a majority as large as 7 to 1, and Templeton's friends have practically conceded Bledsoe's election, according to information received Wednesday at this office.

The total vote of the district is upward of 60,000, but not over one-tenth of this number of votes were cast, it is thought.

Mr. Bledsoe could not be reached by telephone this morning at Lubbock, having left for Austin on yesterday.

## LIVESTOCK CONTINUE TO GO STRONG ON THE MARKET

Kansas City Stock Yards, July 14.—Hog prices were higher again today, making a new high record position with top \$22.45, and bulk of sales \$22 to \$22.45. Beef steers were 10 to 15 cents higher and other cattle steady. Sheep were strong to 50 cents higher. The increasing strength in all divisions on the market reflects an increasing outlet for meat and the improved tone in cattle is regarded as having lasting qualities.

Today 16,000 cattle arrived, more than double the supply a week ago, though 9,000 less than a year ago. The bulk of the offerings today came from Kansas, Oklahoma and Texas. There were no far Western cattle except a few from Idaho. Hog receipts 13,000 were 1,000 larger than a week ago and 3,000 larger than a year ago. Sheep arrivals were 5,000 or 1,000 more than a week ago and 300 less than a year ago.

Mrs. T. O. McCallon and daughters, Maxine and Augusta, of Plainview, visited here from Friday to Tuesday with friends and former neighbors.

## WHEAT MARKETING BEGINS IN FLOYD COUNTY

25-Bushel Average Yield Probable—\$10,000 Worth a Day Reaching Floydada

The Floyd County wheat crop has begun to move to market. Local dealers received first consignments of the grain last mid-week and by Saturday afternoon movement of the crop from country to town began steadily, many raisers marketing as much of the crop as possible direct from the thresher. This week there are many threshers in the field and the movement of grain will be heavy until the end of the season or until congestion of the market or lack of cars stops it. Anticipating possible inability to get to market early in the season many farmers have built granaries and temporary storage facilities on their farms.

At present the grain receipts at Floydada are around \$10,000 worth per day. Tuesday's wheat clearings at local banks were above \$7,000. Four dealers are operating here now.

Acree yield reports continue encouraging and the range of localities from which these reports come make it possible to estimate the crop at a better figure than first threshings would indicate. It now looks as though the average the county over would be from 23 to 25 bushels per acre. Many 27 and 30 bushel crops are being threshed, and a few crops look good for 35 or 40 bushels.

The oat crop will be a much larger item of the aggregate grain of the county than has been believed. Oats threshed, which had been estimated at from 40 to 50 bushels per acre, are running from 50 to 75 bushels. Oats are exceptionally well-filled, too.

## SUPREME CONVENTION OF WOODMEN CIRCLE IN SESSION AT CHICAGO

Mrs. J. D. Starks left Monday morning for Chicago, where she is attending the Supreme Convention of Woodmen Circle, as a Supreme Delegate from Texas.

Mrs. Starks was elected to this honor at the last convention of the state delegates of the Woodmen Circle held at Dallas in April.

The Supreme Convention is held only once every four years, only officers and delegates from the state convention attending.

She will be absent from home several days.

## WOMAN'S MISSIONARY SOCIETY

The Woman's Missionary Society of the Methodist Church met in regular meeting July 7th at the church, with 20 members present. Mrs. L. C. McDonald conducted the devotional meeting, from third chapter of 1st John followed by prayer and hymn No. 143.

The officers then went through the routine of business after which a good report of the District Woman's Missionary Conference at Tulia June 11 was given by our delegate, Mrs. Potterfield. This meeting was adjourned to meet again at the church the following Monday, July 14th at 4 o'clock instead of 3 as formerly.

On this date the program was both interesting and instructive. Each member on duty was present, and those who missed these meetings a great losers.

—Reporter

## The High Cost of Living

You can accurately figure what it costs you for such items as clothing, charity and household expenses by depositing your money in this bank and paying all your bills by check. When your cancelled checks are returned you can get the information in a very short time from them.

This gives you a close tally on your expenditures and enables you to reduce a part of them.

First National Bank  
Floydada - - - - Texas

## A Service of Safety

A bank, of course, keeps your money safe. And it just as surely can help you handle your money safely.

For instance, a checking account here is more than a simple convenience. It is a guarantee of security to you in the transmission of funds. It enables you to keep your money instantly accessible without danger of loss.

## Checks Protect You

Your checks drawn on this bank carry your money to all parts of the country at the cost to you of a postage stamp. Checking enables you to keep track of your money in a systematic way. The stubs in your check book can be used to do this.

The canceled checks, returned to you each week, are receipts for your payments. These and many other benefits yours if you establish a checking account here. We will be glad to discuss it further with you.

To Save Your Money and Make Your Money Safe BANK WITH US  
FIRST STATE BANK  
FLOYDADA, TEXAS

Weekly Club Letter to Boys

W. H. Darrow, County Agent.

A subject of perhaps indirect practical importance, but one which every farmer should know something about, is that of the history of the more important crops growing here. It is often assumed that our common crops, since they have been grown here so long, are native to this section or to the United States, but the opposite is often true. Kaffir, maize, feterita, sudan, sorghum and cotton are all grown here successfully now but none are native with us, all having been brought to the United States from abroad. Corn is a purely American plant, but even corn is believed to have originated in South America. It will therefore be interesting, I think, to study a little more closely the history of a few of these crops in order that we may be more at home with the life of our farms.

America's four greatest contributions to the world's varieties of crops and stock are corn, the potato, tobacco and the turkey. Of these corn is probably the most important. It has generally been believed that the high central plateau of Mexico was the original place of corn because botanists find in that section two plants closely resembling corn, namely, gama grass and teosinte; and because corn is still found there and seems to radiate from there north and south. After the discovery of Chinese corn, which differs mainly from our corn in that each kernel is closed in a husk instead of the entire ear having a husk, references and drawings of corn were found in Chinese literature dating back to thirty years or so after the discovery of America. While it is possible that corn came to America from China, therefore, most botanists still hold the belief that it originated in Mexico. Corn was found in the ruins of the Aztec civilization in Old Mexico; among the Incas of Peru; in Indian mounds in Ohio; Columbus found corn in Haiti; and it was discovered as early as 1534 in Canada. In any event, the white man took corn in a more or less primitive stage and developed a plant yielding more fodder, more ears, larger ears, and more and better grain than was ever known in early times. Corn is now king of all feeds, in point of production, and has undoubtedly played a great part in the development of the nation.

It is only 40 years since the first grain sorghums (kaffir, maize etc) were introduced into the United States and only 25 years since any of them have become crops of wide importance. Without these valuable crops the farmers here on the plains, and throughout the semi-arid regions, would have a hard time to produce enough grain for profitable farming. In short, the grain sorghums have probably been the chief means of converting this country from a grazing region to a prominent farming section.

Although grain producing varieties had probably been brought to America since early colonial days, none remained in cultivation. The first varieties introduced that have remained are brown and white durra, which reached California in 1874 under the names "Brown Egyptian Corn," and "White Egyptian Corn." On account of its earliness and drought resistance the white variety became popular in the Central Plains region during two different series of dry years. The first was from 1880 to 1884 when it was known as "Rice Corn." Again, 10 years later, it was rather widely grown under the name "Jerusalem Corn." While these two varieties are still grown sparingly in the Southwest, they have not remained under general cultivation for the reason that grain shattered so badly, and the hulls were covered with matting hairs.

Two varieties of kaffir, the white and red, were brought from South America in 1876, but did not come into general use on the plains until about 1890. The Blackhull kaffir, our commonest here, appeared soon after. It was a part of the original importation or was a later introduction. The white kaffir is a cross between the Blackhull and Blackhull kaffir corns. It was first brought into this country from Georgia about the year 1890, but did not come into general notice until about 1890, when it had become a staple crop in many parts of West Texas.

Feterita is another sorghum variety brought to the United States by the U. S. Department of Agriculture from Alexandria, Egypt, in 1901. It was given to three persons in Arizona and Kansas, but died out and no records were obtained. Again in 1906 more of the seed was brought from Sudan, Africa, and in 1908 another supply was obtained from Khartoum. It has been tested and grown in

ly in the Panhandle, and while not generally considered the equal of kaffir or maize, is grown quite widely.

Little can be said of cotton or wheat except that both originated in Asia or Africa at a date so early that man has no record of it. Millet is one of the world's oldest cultivated crops, there being mention made of it in Chinese records as early as 2700 B. C. It originated in Southern Asia. Sudan grass was introduced to the United States by the U. S. Department of Agriculture in 1909. Only one half pound of seed was brought and this was given to the Chillicothe Experiment Station in Texas. Since that time sudan has come to be a valuable crop here.

This in brief is the history of our more common crops. From even this limited account, you can readily see that we owe most of our crops to foreign lands, and that the crops we have seen grown as long as we can remember are not so very old with us after all. Another important lesson for us from the reading of the above is that we may expect to see still other crops introduced in the future, and that we ought all to keep our eyes open for new crops that may be of great value.

SOLDIERS' BONUS BILL INTRODUCED IN HOUSE

Austin, July 11.—The bill to pay a bonus of \$300 to each soldier, sailor and marine in the World's War, who at his time of enlistment was a citizen of Texas, has been submitted to the Legislature by Governor Hobby and is before the State body for action. It was drawn by Representative Wallace Malone of Tarrant County.

The bill provides for the issuance of \$50,000,000 of bonds and the creation of a sinking fund to pay the interest and redeem them.

Any man, whether enlisted, enrolled or drafted, who saw service in the United States or in foreign countries as an officer or in the ranks, is entitled to the bonus, provided he served between April 7, 1917, and Nov. 11, 1918. In the event of the death of any man, who, if living would be entitled to the bonus, it shall on proper presentation of proof be presented to the wife, children, mother or father, brothers or sisters under 16 years of age who were wholly or partially dependent upon him.

The act specially excludes any person who was not honorably discharged or who sought exemption because of conscientious scruples.

The bonds, under the provision, would be for \$10,000 each, payable forty years after July 1, 1919, and designated on the face as "The Texas War Loan." It is provided that for the purpose of paying the semiannual interest and providing a sinking fund of 2 per cent per annum for redemption of the bonds, a civilian war poll tax of \$2 shall be levied and collected as other taxes, but kept separately. If that amount is not sufficient up to at least 1 per cent the treasurer shall set aside a sufficient sum from unappropriated funds.

BRISCOE COUNTY BOY WINS \$10,000 RIDING PRIZE

The world champion prize in the riding contest at Phoenix Arizona, a few days ago was won by Claude Swanner, formerly a Briscoe county boy and well known by many of our people, according to information received here this week. We understand the prize consisted of \$10,000 in money and the distinction of being the world champion rider.—Silverton Star.

BOLSHEVIK LIBERTY

New York, July 2.—That Russia under the dictatorship of the under dog is not exactly a land of liberty is one of the first discoveries of the foreigner visiting Moscow.

The Bolsheviks like to call Russia the "free communist republic." As a matter of fact, there are no laws, as they are known in other lands. But in their place there are several million manifestoes, or proclamations, that have been issued by various soviets.

Nobody knows just how many there are, nor has anybody taken the trouble to write them all down. Any soviet can issue manifestoes, and all of them are prolific in exercising the privilege. Usually new manifestoes are posted up on walls or are published in some paper.

If you act contrary to one of these manifestoes, and a commissaire catches you—a commissaire is a Bolshevik official—a tribunal settles your case. The tribunal is made up of three Bolsheviks. It bothers not about either laws or manifestoes, there being none of the former and too many of the latter. The tribunal simply decides what it thinks ought to be done to you, which may be anything from pardon for killing a man to being shot at sunrise for stealing a loaf of bread, and it is done—that is Bolshevik justice.

In soviet Russia, you are entirely at liberty, according to the Bolsheviks. However, you cannot do any of the following things:

You cannot be at large without a permit to live issued by the commissaires. You need that for the right to breathe.

You cannot buy a pair of socks, a shirt, or any kind of clothes or merchandise. It is forbidden for stores to sell or people to buy merchandise. They are supposed to wait until it is issued.

It is forbidden to leave town, or travel anywhere, except on official business. Individuals cannot go from one town to another on private business or because they want to travel.

You cannot rent a room or move into a new house, unless the commissaire assigns you to new quarters. You have to go where he says. Hotels do not exist. They are confiscated for headquarters.

It is forbidden to quit your job, if you do not like it. You are considered an enemy of the government if you strike. The government can mobilize you to any job it wishes, just as though you were a soldier.

You cannot have a bank account, own a bicycle or automobile, own firearms, unless you are a Bolshevik, or be the sole proprietor of anything of commercial value.

Otherwise you are perfectly free—with a few more exceptions.

The Bolshevik idea of liberty was impressed upon the United Press correspondent when he first arrived in Moscow. He was under guard, and was taken first to the police station. There, among all the millions of manifestoes, the police commissaires could not find any which outlined regulations regarding foreign press correspondents who came into soviet land through the back door—the Lithuanian front.

The police commissaire decided to "pass the buck" to the foreign-office secretary. "Why have a foreign office if it can't decide whether foreigners we catch here have any right to live or not?" he asked.

Under guard, but otherwise unshaved and unclean from the long train trip—the correspondent was ushered before the foreign secretary, whose first act to heap a tirade of abuse of all Entente lands upon the head of the only specimen in captivity at the time.

Finally he relented and said: "Well let you stay here a few days. I suppose the first thing is to get you out of a rest. Wait here while I see if it can be done."

Half an hour later an assistant came back and announced, with a note of triumph: "Well you're free. You're at perfect liberty."

"Thanks, that's fine. I suppose I can hunt up a room now and clean up. Can you recommend a hotel?"

"No, I can't," replied the Bolshevik. "There aren't any hotels. They're confiscated. I'll take you home with me tonight."

"Can you recommend some one I can hire for interpreter?"

"No; it can't be done," said the Russian. "You can't hire anyone. You'd be a capitalist if you did."

"Is there any objection to my taking some pictures. I brought a camera."

"You cannot do that, either," ruled the Bolshevik. "It is forbidden for private individuals to have cameras. You'd better keep yours under cover, or it may be confiscated."

"Guess there isn't much I can do right now, is there?"

"No, except read these pamphlets," he said, handing over a pile of propaganda. "You'll have to be interned now for a couple of hours, until I get through. I don't think you'd better wander alone. You might get lost, or be arrested if you have no guide."

But otherwise you are at perfect liberty in Bolshevik Russia.

Mrs. Guy Bradley is spending this week in Plainview at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. R. McVickers to be with a brother who has just reached home from France.

100 Per Cent  
SAVED ON  
GLASSWARE AT  
LEACH'S  
SATURDAY, 19th  
See the goods in  
East Window

WE OFFER YOU—  
Low Interest Rate  
Long Term Loan  
Quick Service

—On that Farm Loan you are needing to make improvements or take up indebtedness.

—For the man to whom these features appeal we extend a cordial invitation to become a member of this association and enjoy the benefits to be derived from it, under Federal supervision. See any member or officer of.

THE FLOYDADA NATIONAL FARM  
LOAN ASSOCIATION

JAS. K. GREEN, Secretary

Money to Loan

I have an unlimited amount of money to loan on improved real estate. Reasonable rates and easy terms.

W. D. SMITH

Room 6, National Bank Building  
Floydada, Texas

Hesperian Want Ads Get Results—Try One.



WHY are we burdened with the coal question all Summer? Settle it now while it is easy and will cost you less.

Suppose your wife waited until you came in the front door before beginning to prepare lunch.  
SUPPOSE the Cigar Manufacturer waited until you order a cigar before making any?

SUPPOSE the coal miners waited until December to start digging? Don't wait until a cold coal bin tell you that furnace and an empty Winter has come. That means inconvenience. Order NOW! Banish the worry and the hurry of later days. No time is better than the good old Summer time. Before taking that Summer Vacation—fill your bin!

PHONE 227

B. F. Yearwood & Son  
Floydada, Texas

New Oakland  
Sensible Six  
1919 Models

I have received a car of New OAKLANDS SENSIBLE SIX 1919 MODELS, which can be seen at the Lockney Garage. These New OAKLANDS embraces all the new ideas in automobile construction, both as to design, durability and practicality. We are selling these cars thoroughly equipped for

\$1220.00

COME IN AND INVESTIGATE

C. A. Wofford, Agent  
LOCKNEY, TEXAS

ALARMING NEWS

The statements made by the Federal Fuel Administrator, Dr. Garfield, the President of the National Coal Association, H. N. Taylor, and other prominent men, urging every consumer to get his supply of coal immediately, seem at first thought to exaggerate the situation, but a careful investigation through various sources is conclusive of the fact that the true seriousness of the situation has been under, rather than overstated. Unless something akin to a miracle occurs, there will be a worse coal famine in this western country next fall and winter than ever before experienced. But shortage of miners, labor difficulties, car shortage and other troubles which cause coal famines need not worry the forehanded man who has his bin full of coal. Those, however, who have not laid in their winter's coal supply should heed well the warnings given.

Miss Eva Jones of Plainview, spent a part of last week here the guest of Mrs. Guy Bradley.

RELATING TO SPECIAL TAXES BY CITIES, TOWNS AND COUNTIES FOR PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS, PUBLIC ROADS, ETC.

Senate Joint Resolution No. 20

Proposing an amendment to Section of Article 8 of the Constitution of the State of Texas, by changing said Section 9 so as to provide for the levy of taxes by counties, cities and towns, not to exceed thirty cents for roads and bridges, and a tax not to exceed fifty cents on the One Hundred (100) Dollars' valuation in any one year, for the erection of public buildings, streets, sewers, water works, improvements of cemeteries and other permanent improvements, providing for the levy of a maintenance tax by counties, or political subdivisions thereof, not to exceed sixty cents on the One Hundred (\$100.00) Dollars' valuation upon a majority vote of the qualified property tax payers voting at an election held for that purpose, and making an appropriation therefor.

Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

Section 1. That Section 9 of Article 8 of the Constitution of the State of Texas be so amended that the same will hereafter read as follows:

Section 9. The State tax on property, exclusive of the tax necessary to pay the public debt, and the taxes provided for the benefit of the public free schools, shall never exceed thirty-five cents on the One Hundred Dollars' valuation; and counties, cities and towns are authorized to levy not exceeding thirty-five cents for city or county purposes, and not exceeding thirty cents for roads and bridges, and not exceeding fifteen cents to pay jurors, on the One Hundred Dollars' valuation, exclusive of taxes levied for the payment of debts incurred prior to the adoption of the amendment September 25th, 1883; and for the erection of public buildings, streets, sewers, waterworks, improvement of cemeteries, and other permanent improvements not to exceed fifty cents on the One Hundred Dollars' valuation, in one year, and except as in this Constitution otherwise provided and the qualified voters, who have been assessed or paid property tax, of any county or sub-division thereof now existing or that may hereafter be defined by the Commissioners' Court, may at an election called in accordance with the law authorizing the levy of a special road tax, by a majority vote levy a special tax of not exceeding sixty cents on the one hundred dollars' valuation on all property, for the further improvement and maintenance of public roads; provided that this provision shall be self executing and that no part of such tax shall be available to pay an indebtedness incurred prior to the current year for which such tax is collected, except to pay indebtedness now existing, and provided further that such levy may be voted off or changed at any time by majority vote of those qualified to vote under this provision. And the Legislature may pass local laws for the maintenance of public roads and highways, without the local notice required for special or local laws.

Sec. 2. The foregoing constitutional amendment shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified electors at an election to be held for that purpose on the fourth day of November, A. D. 1919; at said election the vote shall be by official ballot which shall have printed or written thereon the words "For the amendment to Article 8, Section 9 of the Constitution of the State of Texas providing for the levy of taxes not to exceed thirty cents for roads, streets and bridges and not to exceed fifty cents for the erection of public buildings, streets, sewers, water works and other permanent improvements, and not to exceed sixty cents for maintenance of public roads in one year," and also, the words "Against the amendment to Article 8, Section 9 of the Constitution of the State of Texas providing for the levy of taxes not to exceed thirty cents for roads, streets and bridges, and not to exceed 50c for the erection of public buildings, streets, sewers, waterworks and other permanent improvements, and not to exceed sixty cents for the maintenance of public roads, in any one year." All voters favoring this proposed constitutional amendment shall erase the words, "against the amendment to Article 8, Section 9 of the Constitution," etc., and those opposing it shall erase the words "for the amendment to Article 8, Section 9, of the Constitution," etc., which erasure shall be made by making a mark with pencil or pen through said words. All ballots cast as above provided shall be counted as cast for or against this proposed amendment; and if a majority of the votes cast shall be for the amendment, it shall be declared adopted; if a majority of the votes cast shall be against the amendment, said amendment shall be lost.

Sec. 3. The Governor of this State hereby directed to issue the neces-

sary proclamation for said election and to have the same published as required by the Constitution and laws of this State.

Sec. 4. The sum of Five Thousand (\$5,000.00) Dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of funds in the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated to defray the expense of such publication and election.

(Attest—A True Copy.)

GEORGE F. HOWARD,  
Secretary of State.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR PROBATE OF WILL

THE STATE OF TEXAS,  
To the Sheriff or any Constable of Floyd County—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to cause the following notice to be published in a newspaper of general circulation which has been continuously and regularly published for a period of not less than one year preceding the date of the notice in the County of Floyd State of Texas, and you shall cause said notice to be printed at least once each week for the period of ten days exclusive of the first day of publication before the return day hereof:

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR PROBATE OF WILL

THE STATE OF TEXAS,  
To all Persons interested in the Estate of Mrs. A. F. Vanderlip Deceased. You are hereby notified that S. C. Vanderlip has filed in the County Court of Floyd County, an application for the probate of the will of Mrs. A. F. Vanderlip, deceased, which will be heard at the next Term of said Court, commencing the 3rd, Monday in July A. D. 1919, at the Court House thereof, in the town of Floydada, Texas, at which time all persons interested in said Estate may appear and contest said application should they desire to do so.

Herein fail not, but have you then and there before said Court this Writ, with your return thereon endorsed, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and the seal of said Court, this the 27th day of June, A. D. 1919.

(Seal) TOM W. DEEN,  
Clerk County Court, Floyd County, Texas. 17-2c

ORDER FOR ROAD BOND ELECTION

June 10th, 1919.

This day came on to be considered the Petition of E. P. Thompson and more than fifty other property tax paying voters of Floyd County, Texas, for an election to be held within said County, to determine if the Bonds of said county shall be issued to the amount of \$500,000.00, payable forty years from their date and bearing interest at the rate of 5 per cent, per annum, with option of redemption any time after ten years from their date, for the purpose of constructing, maintaining or operating, macadamized, graveled or paved roads and turnpikes, or in aid thereof; and whether there shall be annually levied and collected on all of the taxable property in said County, while said Bonds or any of them are outstanding, a tax sufficient to pay the current interest on same, and provide a sinking fund sufficient to pay the principal thereof at maturity;

And it appearing to the Commissioners' Court of Floyd County, Tex.

as, that it is advisable to issue said Bonds, for the purpose therein stated; Therefore it is hereby ordered by the Commissioners' Court of Floyd County, Texas, that an Election be held on the 9th day of August, A. D. 1919, at which Election the following proposition shall be submitted:

Shall the Commissioners' Court of Floyd County, Texas, be authorized to issue Bonds of said County, numbered consecutively from 1 to 500, both inclusive, of the denomination of \$1,000 each, aggregating \$500,000.00 to bear interest at the rate of 5 per cent, per annum, payable annually April the 10th of each year, said bonds to be payable forty years from their date, with option of redemption any time after ten years from their date, on the faith and credit of said Floyd County, to provide funds to be expended in payment of accounts legally contracted for in constructing, maintaining and operating, macadamized, graveled or paved Roads and turnpikes, or in aid thereof; and to levy, assess and collect annually, while said bonds or any of them are outstanding, a tax upon all taxable property within said County sufficient to pay the current interest on said bonds and provide a sinking fund sufficient to pay the principal at maturity.

In accordance with Chapter Two, Art., 627, et seq. Revised Statute of the State of Texas, 1911, and Acts amendatory thereof.

Said Election shall be held at the several voting places of said County and the following named persons respectively, of the said Election Precincts are hereby appointed managers of said Election;

- Voting Precinct No. 1, Floydada, W. L. Boerner, Manager.
  - Voting Precinct No. 2, Starkey, D. H. Roland, Manager.
  - Voting Precinct No. 3, Allmon, C. C. Krause, Manager.
  - Voting Precinct No. 4, Sandhill, W. C. Hanna, Manager.
  - Voting Precinct No. 5, Lockney, Wm. McGehee, Manager.
  - Voting Precinct No. 7, Providence, G. C. Hartman, Manager.
  - Voting Precinct No. 8, Lone Star, C. Applewhite, Manager.
  - Voting Precinct No. 9, Sunset, Chas. A. Wilson, Manager.
  - Voting Precinct No. 10, Fairmont, Geo. R. Tibbits, Manager.
  - Voting Precinct No. 11, Cedar, R. L. Orman, Manager.
  - Voting Precinct No. 12, Center, L. B. Maxey, Manager.
  - Voting Precinct No. 13, Baker, J. D. Farmer, Manager.
  - Voting Precinct No. 14, Antelope, Will Graham, Manager.
  - Voting Precinct No. 15, Lakeview, J. D. Hopper, Manager.
- The place of voting in each voting precinct shall be at the respective

School Houses thereof, with the exception of the Voting Precinct No. 1, where the place of Voting shall be at the Court House of Floyd County, Texas.

Said Election shall be held under the provisions of Chapter Two, Art., 627 et seq., Revised Statutes, State of Texas, 1911 and Acts amendatory thereof, and only qualified voters, who are property tax payers of said County, shall be allowed to vote and all voters desiring to support the proposition to issue Bonds shall have printed or written on their ballots the words "For the Bonds". And those opposed shall have printed or written on their ballots the words "Against the Bonds."

The manner of holding said election shall be governed by the Laws of the State governing general elections.

A copy of this order, signed by the County Judge of Floyd County, shall serve as proper notice of said Election, and the County Judge is directed to cause said notice to be published in a

Newspaper published in said County for four successive weeks, and in addition thereto to have notice thereof posted at three public places in the county, one of which shall be at the

Court House door, for three weeks prior to said election.

J. W. HOWARD,  
County Judge of Floyd County, Texas. 16-4c.

**Send Your GLAD RAGS To "GLAD"**

IF YOU WANT THAT UNEXCELLED TAILORING SERVICE THAT MAKES YOUR CLOTHING LOOK GOOD AND LAST LONGER

Perhaps you have some silk dresses laid aside that you think ruined with stains or that you think cannot be cleaned. We get no jobs here too difficult, the more difficult the more pains we take in making them please you. We have a tailor whose experience in cleaning all kinds of wearing apparel we can commend you to trust the most delicate fabric to be cleaned and pressed and add our ever-standing motto: "If not right we will make it right."

ALL WORK CALLED FOR AND DELIVERED. USE YOUR PHONE—WE DO THE REST.

**"GLAD'S PLACE"**

**THE CITY CAFE**  
(Re-opened, Renovated, Under New Management)

We are not on the seashore, but we think we have the coolest place in town. We need your trade; you need what we have to eat. Let us serve you.

Follow the dictates of the inner man to the cafe where "service and good things to eat" is the motto.

**McFARLAND & McFARLAND**  
FIRST DOOR WEST OF POST OFFICE

**Your Child's Future**

And this is where we can help

Your child is but a child ONCE. In a few years, the child is a man or a woman, going his or her own way, oftentimes far from her early childhood.

And sometimes, in those after years, you, the parent, search longingly for some token of those early days, some little picture that will bring THE CHILD to you once more.

Let us help you to preserve those early memories.

Let us help you to keep ever green those enchanting ways of childhood, those little dimpled cheeks and saucy, laughing eyes.

**Wilson Studio**

**SPECIAL SALE**

—AT—

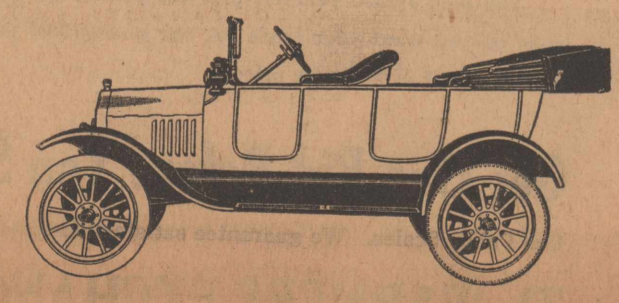
**LEACH'S**

**SATURDAY,**

**JULY 19th**

**Ford**  
THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Remember that when you bring your Ford car to us for mechanical attention that you get the genuine Ford service—materials, experienced workmen and Ford factory prices. Your Ford is too useful, too valuable to take chances with poor mechanics, with equally poor quality materials. Bring it to us and save both time and money. We are authorized Ford dealers, trusted by the Ford Motor Company to look after the wants of Ford owners—that's the assurance we offer. We are getting a few Ford cars and first come first to receive delivery.



**BARKER BROTHERS**  
Floydada, Texas

**A Triumph of Toughness**

And yet, the 'Royal Cord' possesses amazing buoyancy and life.

That's the secret of this famous tire's success.

Hardihood that means many extra miles, combined with the luxury of easier riding.

Let us put 'Royal Cords' on your car. They are the utmost in equipment—the finest tires in the world.

**United States Tires are Good Tires**



"Royal Cord" "Nobby" "Chain" "Usco" "Plain"

We know United States Tires are good tires. That's why we sell them

**Brown Bros., Floydada Williams & Jones, Aiken**  
**Crowell's Cash Gro., Flomot; Thompson's Garage, Lorenzo**  
**Caldwell & Rozzell, Lorenzo**

The Floyd Co. Hesperian

Published Every Thursday By THE HESPERIAN PUBLISHING CO.

HOMER STEEN  
Editor and Manager

Entered as second class matter April 20th, 1907, at the Post Office at Floydada, Texas, under the Act of Congress of March 3rd, 1879.

**SUBSCRIPTION PRICES:**  
One copy one year, in advance...\$1.00  
One copy six months, in advance...50c

Advt. Rates Furnished on Application

It is to be regretted, from our point of view, that the people of Floyd County are not of a mind to begin now the construction of hard-surfaced roads, for such we are led to believe to be the case by people who are supposed to be familiar with the political temper of the voters. In truth, one or more members of the court are against a road bond issue, if it is to be spent in that manner. The argument advanced is that the mileage of hard-surfaced roads built would serve too small a per centage of the residents of the county to justify the outlay. It looks like the beginning of a hard-surfaced road system should be made now, and that whatever money there can be obtained on a bond issue should go that way. Since this is not to be the case, however, The Hesperian is willing indeed to go the route for road improvement that the people of the county can be brought to support. It is sorely evident that some move must be made to improve the road system in the county, and we are willing to support any reasonable plan that looks in that direction. If the court can legally spend a bond issue for really good dirt roads, such as they can build, and such as we do not now have samples in the county, roads that can be traveled nine days out of ten the year round, that will be a great improvement over what we now have. Fact is that kind of a road, maintained properly, will save enough money in a year on jitney repairs alone to pay the bill. Which is saying much more than can be said for any amount of money that can be raised through a straight tax. People who can't bring themselves to support this idea, which is said to be the working plan of the Commissioners' Court if the bond issue carries, should advance some other means of getting the county out of the mud.

That million-dollar wheat crop in Floyd County is not at all a dream now. It is a realization, except for getting it to market. The last several days of the marketing season for wheat were not so favorable as the earlier part of the season had been, and some growers began to lower their crop estimates by many bushels. Yields from early-threshed crops have fully justified the first estimates, however, and at this time there is no good reason to figure the crop at less than a million dollars. The oat crop will also be a bigger thing than growers or dealers had figured and will add tremendously to the total of the small grain crop of the county when they get on the market. No reason now for pessimism in Floyd County. A million two hundred and fifty thousand dollars from small grain with unusually good prospects for a bumper row crop cannot but make things hum.

The Farmers' Union is planning a meeting to be held Monday at Floydada beginning at 10 o'clock in the morning. The morning session will be given over to matters of the organization, but in the afternoon a general discussion, to which the public is invited, will be held on the road bond matter. Persons who can leave their work should be present at the afternoon meeting. The road question is a vital one in this county. A decision on one form or another of a road improvement program is necessary to the prosperity of the county. This meeting Monday afternoon will doubtless bring out all the points for and against the present road bond issue.

The first car of wheat to be sent to market from Floydada went to Galveston. It was shipped by the Edwards Grain & Elevator Co., and tested No. 2.

MR. BEEDY SAYS THE HESPERIAN DODGES QUESTION

Under date of July 14th, A. A. Beedy addressed the following communication to The Hesperian, in which he refers to his questions printed last week and the answers which were given them by this newspaper.

In your answer to my questions you dodge the point. What is the ruling of the county attorney or the attorney general on the question "Can road bonds be used for any other than the road bond?" On the question "Can road bonds be used for any other than the road bond?"

granted to any county in the state only on a state road by either the state or federal fund?" hoy do you know Briscoe County has been granted \$65,000, as the State Highway Department does not mention it in their report for the last six months, as I have read them closely.

As to the question "What rate of tax will the \$500,000 road bond require to take care of the interest and sinking fund?" you have made a mistake there also. It will take 48 cents on the hundred instead of 42 as you state.

Now, Mr. Editor, please look up the meaning of the word turnpike. It doesn't mean a dirt road at all. Don't say because other counties are breaking the law that this county has a right to do so. Some men in this county have been gambling but they found it was against the law to their cost.

To "oblige several of our readers on the road bond question" last week and under the impression that we were disseminating light on the matter we made an effort to answer questions propounded by Mr. Beedy. That we did not do so fairly, as requested by him, seems to be indicated by the tone of his latest communication given above,—at least, not fairly from his point of view. However, since he asks for more of the same we shall go further, fair or unfair.

"Can road bonds be used for any other than a hard surfaced road?" County Attorney A. P. McKinnon is of the opinion that they cannot. He has not gone into the matter exhaustively, however, and has submitted the matter for an opinion to the attorney general, for the Commissioners' Court. Whatever this opinion may be it will be given publicity in The Hesperian. To be fair, our belief as expressed last week in answer to this question, was based on the fact that "other counties are breaking the law," as Mr. Beedy expresses it, and that Floyd County might do the same. In those counties which have obtained federal or state aid or have sold large bond issues for road improvements, it may fairly be taken for granted that a Highway Engineer would hardly O. K. expenditures that are unlawful, or for that matter would the attorneys of a bond-buying firm allow their clients to invest a half million or several million dollars in an issue which would likely be repudiated. These people doubtless already know what the attorney general of the state thinks of the matter, and in the absence of better evidence, either for or against, we answered "We believe so." If Mr. Beedy has a ruling from the attorney general or better evidence he should have given it. Information, not argument, is what voters should have.

The Hesperian knows Briscoe County has been granted \$65,000 State and Federal Aid, because County Judge L. B. Richards and the commissioners' court of that county say they have been granted it, is our answer to the question "How do you know Briscoe County has been granted \$65,000?" If the Highway Commission is just kidding with Judge Richards and the Briscoe County commissioners we are wrong again, of course.

Last year's taxable valuations in Floyd County were \$8,766,040. A \$500,000 40-year bond issue in the county, would require a \$12,500 sinking fund and \$25,000 interest to be raised the first year. 42 cents tax on the \$100 valuation would do it, we believed last week and naturally still believe. We are more firmly in this belief since the Commissioners' Court figure the same way and plan to make a levy of that amount in case the people of the county think the issuance of the bonds is the wise thing.

PROVIDENCE NEWS

Mrs. F. M. Nations and daughter, Miss Florida Pullen also Miss Yearwood and Bro. Frank, were Floydada visitors last Tuesday.

Thrashing is all the go now. Wheat is yielding out fine around here.

Miss Hazel Ooley visited home folks over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam Newman of Liberty visited at the Sammon home Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Raper of Fairview gave a cream supper Saturday night in honor of his brother who has just returned from over seas.

Mr. and Mrs. Yearwood and two daughters were the guest of Mrs. F. M. Nations Sunday from Plainview.

Paul Barrier, who is manager of Barrier Bros. Dry Goods Company of this place, left the first of this week to visit with the Lubbock and Brownfield stores for a few days before he leaves for the eastern markets where he intends to spend several weeks buying goods. Mike Barrier, from Lubbock, came over Monday to relieve him.

Carroll Hopkins returned home the first of the week from Greenville where he was a witness in a civil docket case.

M. A. Crum, of Friona, was here the latter part of last week visiting his sisters, Mrs. M. M. and Lucy.

W. E. Kimble, of Wellington, Kansas, left for his home Tuesday, after a visit of a few days with his brother, Wilson Kimble and family here. He was just recently discharged from service in the 21st Division of Railwaymen in France where he served 18 months as a conductor on the American Military Railway.

Mrs. W. J. Burke and son, Macy, in company with her sister, Mrs. H. Moring, of Athens, reached Floydada Friday from that place. Mr. Burke has been here several weeks. He plans to spend the season in the grain business here.

M. G. Scott and family and Mrs. P. I. Stevenson, of Trent, Texas, are visiting with D. T. Scott and family in the Carr's Chapel neighborhood. Mr. Scott and Mrs. Stevenson are D. T. Scott's brother and sister. They will visit him several days.

E. T. Puterbaugh, of Croft, Kansas, is visiting here with his brother-in-law, E. E. Johnson and family. He is enroute to Tucson, Arizona, at which place he will make his home after a few weeks.

Ott Kendall, of Hamilton, Texas, is here visiting his sister, Mrs. I. M. Steen. He has just recently returned from France, where he served in the medical detachment of the 141st Infantry.

Claude Martin, of Weatherford, is here and will be employed with the Martin Dry Goods Company as salesman. He is a brother of J. G. Martin.

Si Foster is home for a visit with his parents. He has been in Colorado and Missouri for the past several weeks.

Carl Koening, of the north part of the county, was here the first of the week on road business before the commissioners' Court.

Miss Gladys Eubank, of Whitney, is visiting here with her aunt and uncle, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Eubank.

Mrs. J. G. Crie, of Tahoka, visited here from Friday to Wednesday with Mrs. C. J. Menefee.

Dewey Price is home from Dallas, having arrived Friday last.

STRICT ETIQUETTE IN CHINA

Matter of Tea Drinking a Thing of Much Importance in the Flowery Republic.

The etiquette observed in tea drinking in China is very curious. If a lady asks you to drink tea with her—and especially if the tea be sweetened—you can count yourself as well received and much liked. If she does not like you, the tea is bitter, and report has it that in cases of this sort drainings are often used. After one sip of such tea the unliked visitor makes a prompt exit!

When making a call, if the servant should bring in a cup of tea there is no need to take any particular notice of it. Allow the servant to place it where he likes near you, and continue your conversation as though nothing had happened. If your business is pleasant and agreeable to the mistress or the master of the house, he or she will pass the beverage to you; if not, you are expected to leave it untouched, otherwise you are likely to have a quarrel on hand, and a Chinese quarrel—either with a man or a woman—is unpleasant.

Ancient Asbestos.

There was a winding sheet of amlanthus in the Vatican library, soft and pliable in the hand, showing indications of ignition upon one corner. The cloth, however, did not suffer. This burning is taken as showing that some combustible fiber had been intermingled. Marco Polo, in the thirteenth century, reported a cloth which the natives of territory now included in Russian Siberia claimed as having been made of salamander skin.

Marco Polo satisfied himself, so it seems, that he had to do with a mineral substance. In fact, he found out something as to its manufacture. In this same general region of country asbestos is today known to exist.

We are not to regard asbestos as a single, definite mineral. Nor are we to understand that there is a fixed chemical constitution. Certain forms of hornblende and serpentine, if fibrous, are regarded as asbestos.

Fully Qualified.

They were arguing about qualifications for successful careers, and a famous playwright, who was one of the party, maintained that the stage offered the easiest opportunities for beginning. As some doubt was thrown on this claim, he produced a letter from a man who wished to be engaged for his new play, which was about to be produced. The letter ran as follows:

"Reverend Sir: Wishing to go on the stage, would like to appear in your play. Have been a market gardener for some years, but, having gone bankrupt, have decided to take up acting, the same requiring no capital. I am no longer young, but 6 feet 2 in my stocking feet. Have mastered a book on elocution, and am fond of late hours."—Windsor.

"Y" WOULD LOCATE 23 PERSONS FOR SOLDIERS

San Antonio, Texas, July 11.—(Special)—Information concerning the present whereabouts of twenty-three persons believed to be living in Texas, Oklahoma, Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico and Arizona, is being sought by the soldiers' remittance bureau of the National War Work Council, Y. M. C. A. to facilitate the payment of sums of money entrusted to the Y. M. C. A. to be forwarded to them, by American soldiers still serving overseas.

These remittances are part of the 614 which remained undelivered June 26, out of the 335,514 aggregating \$20,589,242.20 handled for the dough-boys by the Y, since January 1, 1918. The total of undelivered remittances represents one third of one per cent of the entire amount handled. In every case inability to clear remittances is due to incorrect or incomplete addresses or the disappearance of payee without trace.

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Graham, of Baker, Tuesday, July 8th, a son.

TWO WHEAT FIELDS BURN

Two wheat fields were destroyed by fire north and northwest of Plainview Sunday. The 30-acre field belonging to W. J. Espy caught afire, and a call was sent to Plainview for aid. The fire siren was blown, and a number of cars from town, filled with men, went out to aid in putting out the fire. The twenty-five-acre field belonging to C. E. Moore was also destroyed. It is thought it caught from a spark dropped from a cigar. Workers were busy in the grain in the field at the time. —Plainview Herald.

# Specials for Saturday and Monday

Folks, our store is full of bargains and we call especial attention to some of them here. Our store has gained its reputation on a platform of good goods at the RIGHT PRICE,—The price, after all, is the thing. Get these SATURDAY and MONDAY SPECIALS:

- Ladies' Waists worth up to \$1.00, go at ..... 35c
- One lot Ladies' White Waists, good values, worth up to \$2.00, go at ..... 95c
- 10 per cent off on all Slipper Stock, and we have a good Stock to Select From

## Specials in Men's and Boy's Slippers

- Black English Walker Slippers, worth \$3.50 and \$4.00, going now at ..... \$2.50
- Men's brown cloth top Shoes with Solid Leather Soles and heels, worth \$3.00, go at ..... \$2.00
- Men's Congress Slippers, plain toe, worth \$3, go at \$2.00
- Men's Palm Beach and Cool Cloth Suits and Coats, go at from ..... \$4.50 to \$12.50

THESE ARE JUST A FEW OF OUR MANY BARGAINS. COME IN AND PRICE WITH US BEFORE YOU BUY

# W. H. SEALE, Dry Goods

"The Price is the Thing"

# WHEAT

## The ALLIANCE MILLING CO.

still offers you the best price for your wheat

This Company backs its reputation with its product, PEACEMAKER FLOUR and we want good wheat to mill it. We are in a position to pay the best possible price for it as we have no middle man.

You may figure yourself that our profits will not be a great deal on present price basis but we want your trade for our guaranteed product and we back this by getting your grain, if at a higher price.

## Get Our Bid Before You Sell a Single Load

Use Public Scales. We guarantee satisfaction on our grading. John Deere loader at—

# The FARMERS EXCHANGE WAREHOUSE

SCOTT ALEXANDER,  
Representatives.  
ALFRED A. GRANT.

FAMILY OF SNAKE CHARMERS

Women Have Peculiar Power Over Reptiles Which the Ordinary Person Holds in Dread.

Possibly nowhere else is the art of snake charming brought to such a pitch of perfection as at Mount Popa, Upper Burma, India, and strangely enough by women. Here two famous sisters, whose fame is a byword throughout Burma, make their home. At special requests they will condescend to bring their proteges down to the towns for exhibition of their skill, but as a rule they prefer the vicinity of their mountain. This particular family has carried on their profession for many years past, keeping their secret always within their own circle.

The snakes they use are the deadly hamadryad or naja bungarus (naja ophiogagus), the king cobra. The task, possibly, would not appeal to many, as these reptiles are the most dreaded of their kind. Measuring up to 12 feet in length, they possess a deadly poison in their fangs, and an alarming speed. It is said of them, also, that they are the only snake who will attack a human being on sight, chasing him for miles until one or the other is bound to give in.

The snakes are fed on fowls, and appear amenable and tame to handle. The origin of the family and their work is probably unknown, lost in the dim passages of years, but their zeal is not one whit less today than it has been since the profession was first heard of. How long they will continue to carry it on is a matter for conjecture, but undoubtedly they stand as one of Burma's chief curiosities. A mark for the enterprising tourist is to scale the mystic heights of Mount Popa.

WRONG VIEW OF LIFE

A person of Undecisive Character Can Hardly Be Brought to See Things in Right Light.

A person of undecisive character wonders how all the embarrassments in the world happened to meet exactly in his way, to place him just in that one situation for which he is peculiarly unadapted, but in which he is also willing to think no other man could have acted with facility or confidence. Incapable of setting up a firm purpose on the basis of things as they are, he is often employed in vain speculations on some different supposable state of things, which would have saved him from all this perplexity and irresolution. He thinks what a determined course he could have pursued if his talents, his health, his age, had been different; if he had been acquainted with some one person sooner; if his friends were, in this or the other point, different from what they are; or if fortune had showered her favors on him. And he gives himself as much license to complain as if all these advantages had been among the rights of his nativity, but refused, by a malignant or capricious fate, to his life.—Rev. John Foster.

Holy Days in Deitch Land.

What is religion? It is not the observance of forms and feast days. We have only nine national holidays in America. Only two of our holidays, namely, Thanksgiving and Christmas, may be called even quasi religious. The others celebrate the birth of some great man like Columbus, Washington and Lincoln; or some great achievement like the birth of independence on the Fourth of July or the new birth of liberty on Memorial day.

Germany, on the other hand, in its nineteen holidays, has only two, namely, Christmas and New Year's which have not a distinctly religious significance. Among them are the Epiphany, Ash Wednesday, Annunciation, Good Friday, Ascension, Corpus Christi, Assumption, All Souls' day and All Saints' day. These formal celebrations of sacred events, have apparently not made Germany more saintly.—Letter Farming.

Creative Ability.

In our office we draw a very distinct line between designs or sketches and working drawings, and it is, in my opinion, fatal to try to measure a designer's ability by the number of hours it would take him to produce a sketch. That is work that requires creative imagination, and our designers are not judged by the amount of time they put into the solution of an architectural problem, but solely by the results which they obtain, irrespective of cost, so that this part of the work does not come under this category. Only after sketches have been approved, and the work is turned over to general draftsmen to be developed into working drawings, can we begin to apply scientific methods in accomplishing the different ends.—Sunbeams.

The Wig in History.

The custom of wearing a wig, as a recognized part of the costume, dates from the early days of the seventeenth century. It started in France, when Louis XIII, being greatly struck with the "long, fair locks" of the Abbe La Riviere, attained by the simple means of a periwig, adopted the style for himself, and so set the fashion. By the time of Charles II the wearing of the periwig, or peruke, or perriquet, had become general. Pepys records the fact that he paid £3 for one; but it was not until the time of Queen Anne that periwigs, or wigs for short, came into their own. Then did they appear in the full glory of an elaborate and fast stabilizing

ADAMS SAYS STATE TREASURY IS BEING RAIDED

"The State Treasury is being raided," is the statement of Editor Jess Adams of the Plainview News, who is serving as clerk in the House of Representatives at Austin. Commenting on the matter, Editor Adams says: "There is a continuous raid on the state treasury. It is absolutely horrifying to me, a novice in the legislative halls, at the manner in which the state money is fritted away. Possibly every legislator was elected on a promise that he would work for economy in spending the taxpayers' money, yet there are not over twenty-five or thirty who stand out against extravagance. Col. Tilson is one of the leaders in this small band. The rest of the 141 legislators vote for practically every bill seeking increased appropriations. Something will soon have to be done, for the constitutional limit of taxation has already been reached, and it is a cinch that the people of Texas are not going to vote to increase the constitutional rate. In the time of Governor Campbell appropriations called for were about \$4,000,000 a year. The appropriation bills now before the legislature will call for \$32,000,000 for the coming two years—four times as much as was necessary under Campbell. One great evil is the creation of so many boards, commissions, bureaus etc., all with heavy salaries and expense accounts. In these days the regulatory business has become all embracing. Every action in a person's life from the time he is born until he has been buried is regulated by law through some kind of a board or bureau. He is met at every turn with the command not only of "thou shalt not," but also "thou shalt do so and so." While the nation is repudiating the name of socialism, it seems to be adopting its program in dealing with the people. This is certainly in direct conflict with every fundamental principle of democracy and the democratic party, which used to cherish the claim that "the government that is best is the one that governs least."

CENTER NEWS

July 15.—We are having fine weather for thrashing and weed killing and crops are growing nicely. Some places report they are needing rain for the row crops. The men are busy in the fields and the women are trying to put up things out of the garden for winter use. Almost every body that tried at all has a good garden.

Miss Alma Burk is spending a few days with her cousin, Clifford Tubbs and family.

Mrs. Broyles has been pretty sick she had Dr. Andrews out to see her yesterday. There is quite a lot of sickness around though not serious.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Rogers took Sunday dinner at Mr. Warrens and attended singing in the afternoon.

The Girls Club met here at Center this morning with a light attendance. Miss York will take dinner at the Hamrick home and go on to Fairview this afternoon to meet with the girls there.

Herbert and Clyde Irwin go Wednesday to the north plains to work through the thrashing season.

Among the boys discharged the past two weeks are Alf Huckabee, Everett Nix and Clyde Irwin.

Mesdames Hamrick and Johnston called to see Mrs. W. E. Broyles yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. Jordan visited with the Misses Maxey Monday afternoon.

Mr. Johnston had quite a crowd to dinner last Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Bullard and small children, Mr. and Mrs. Jackson and children, and Mr. and Mrs. Clifton Crabtree and children. They all came to singing here in the afternoon.

There were so many strangers here Sunday and a big crowd we can't begin to name them. Had some right good singing but there were not many visiting leaders present.

Miss Ruby Maxey will teach in the Floydada school next term, we understand. Our primary teacher will be Miss Wimberly but have no principal employed.

Mrs. Dillard's baby is real sick.

News from Mrs. Love, who used to live on the Montgomery place says they have had a serious time with the influenza, they had it about the first of May and she is hardly able to be up now, not able to care for her eight or nine months' old baby yet.

Little Mabel Tubbs was sick last week but is all right now.

Marvin Lemons and family and his father took Sunday dinner at the Maxey home and came to singing Sunday afternoon.

Mr. Austin and family went to church at town Sunday morning and here to singing in the afternoon.

Jno. A. Hollums has as guests for a stay of several weeks, his mother, Mrs. S. J. Hollums, of Anson; his cousin, Mrs. Minnie Ashmore, of Collin county, and nieces, Misses Ola Belle and Islen Hollums, of Atlanta, Ga. He met them at Anson Saturday returning home Sunday.

CUSTER VETERAN NOW WITH Y. M. C. A.

Survivor of "Battle of Big Horn" Touring Southern Department Telling Interesting Experiences.

Col. Theo. W. Goldin, a veteran of Custer's famous Seventh cavalry, has for many months been devoting all of his time to war work with the Army Young Men's Christian association. He is now on a tour visiting all military camps in the six states of the Southern Military department entertaining the soldiers with stories of the great West of the long ago.

Colonel Goldin has had an unusual and picturesque career on the frontier as soldier, government scout and quartermaster clerk, having participated in several Indian campaigns, among them the "Battle of the Big Horn," where Custer and some five hundred veterans went down before ten times their number of Indians. He has been in the Army Y. M. C. A. work since November, 1917, serving first at Fort Bliss and later at Presidio. He has been booked by the educational bureau of the Southern Department Army Y. M. C. A. for a speaking tour in Southern department camps.

Colonel Goldin owes his life to the fact that during the battle of the Big Horn he was serving as regimental clerk, and in that capacity was doing duty as mounted orderly. He was sent to Major Reno, some three miles away, with dispatches; but even then, during most of the ride, he was a tar-



COL. THEO. W. GOLDIN.

get for a number of long-range shots taken at him by the Indians. He was with Major Reno during the remainder of the fight, which lasted two days.

Among other campaigns he took part in was what was known as the "Big Horn and Yellowstone Expedition," which was probably the largest single expedition ever sent out against hostile Indians. As government scout and courier, he served under Gen. Nelson A. Miles at the Tongue River cantonment and later with his old regiment at Fort Meade. In 1876 he was in Arizona with different regiments at war with the Apaches. Later he carried dispatches for a time between old Fort Bliss, near El Paso, to the various posts as far down the border as Eagle Pass.

As Y. M. C. A. man, he worked with the Kansas City association, and among colleges and universities in Oklahoma, Missouri and Kansas. For several months he served at Oklahoma City in the boy scout work.

Colonel Goldin was awarded the Congressional Medal of Honor for his services in 1876 during the Custer campaign.

COMMANDER OF THE 90TH COMMENTS "Y"

Gen. Henry T. Allen Says Red Triangle Men Went "Over the Top"

Maj. Gen. Henry T. Allen, commander of the Ninetieth division, composed almost wholly of Texas and Oklahoma troops, has written J. W. Nixon, division secretary of the Army Y. M. C. A., as follows:

"Dear Mr. Nixon: "By reason of the excellent work shown by the Y. M. C. A. assigned to the Ninetieth division throughout the period September 12-19, I ask that in behalf of this division you express to all members concerned my sincerest thanks for the highly important services rendered by them. Through these trying days, from your headquarters at Griscourt, where a canteen, warehouse and dormitory were established, your valuable activities were at all times in evidence up to the assaulting battalions and back from those advanced elements with the wounded through the various medical stations to the field hospitals.

"Nine secretaries were with the Infantry battalion, and two secretaries (F. A. Daves and B. F. Ford) actually went over the top with the assaulting battalions and carried on their work in the midst of the severest losses. I specially desire to commend the zeal and fortitude of these two gentlemen, and to thank the Y. M. C. A. for having sent such excellent representatives to us.

"Very truly yours, (Signed) "HENRY T. ALLEN, "Major General."

Advertisement for Men's Beautiful Ties, Men's Silk Hosiery, Men's Oxfords, Men's Underwear, and THE MARTIN DRY GOODS COMPANY. Includes illustrations of men in suits and a list of products with prices.

BILL WOULD HAVE TRUE COST MARKED ON GROCERIES

Austin, July 12.—The bill introduced by Representatives John Davis of Dallas and D. J. Neil, which seeks to compel merchants to plainly display the "true actual cost" of merchandise offered for sale, is causing widespread discussion in legislative circles today.

The bill, which Davis and Neil say is intended to curb profiteering, provides:

That the cost tag shall not include drayage, freightage or discount allowed on payment before maturity.

A fine of not less than \$25 or more than \$50; imprisonment not less than ten days nor more than ninety days for individuals in the business; a fine of not less than \$100 or more than \$1,000 against any corporation and forfeiture of charter, on second offense, in event of conviction.

RE-STOCKING HOG PASTURES

Floyd County stockmen and farmers are re-stocking their hog pastures just as fast as conditions will permit, the principal deterrent now being shortage of gilts and sows. Last year, because of the shortage of feedstuffs practically all the larger herds were reduced as low as possible, but with plenty of range at hand, and wheat cleanings, and a big row-crop in the offing every effort is being made to get herds back to normal sizes, by which means the feeds can be most economically marketed.

By next spring the hog-shippments will become numerous again and next mid-summer should see Floydada dealers sending out from one to five cars per week again.

Mrs. D. E. Pitts and Mina Steen left Friday for Hereford to visit their sister, Mrs. E. C. Mince.

Vernon Morris left the latter part of last week for Eastland.

WAR AS IT IS KNOWN BY THE DOUGHBOY

From the last issue of the Stars and Stripes: The flag on Ehrenbreitstein may weather a few more summers, but this summer is the last that the A. E. F., as most of us know it, will sweat through. We've finished. And we have the satisfaction of knowing that we did a good job, and we're glad to quit.

But can we carry the lesson home? Print can't do it.

Photographs can't do it.

Many will come to Belleau Wood, people who have read all about the great pathless hell. Those people will see the twisted trees. But they won't see the sprawling forms beneath them. They will see the bullet-bitten rocks. But they can never visualize the trembling horror of lying in those crevices while the German guns spat their death through the grass. Here and there they may pick up an empty shell. But the fingerless hand protruding from the rotting khaki blouse has been graciously buried beneath a neat white cross.

The horror has been holowed. The misery has become picturesque, the murder turned to romance.

And those little vilages in the valleys! Their strange, sad windows look out across fresh meadows now like starting blinded eyes. They are so still, so deathly still—not a single wisp of friendly smoke, no human color, only a garish patch, perhaps, where some unremembering bush flaunts its green branch across the gray.

This can not touch the tourist. The home folks can never feel it before their friendly hearts. Nobody under God's great, tranquil skies can tell of the rottenness of war but the men who suffered through it.

Upon them rests a solemn duty. They must go home and choke the coward jingo who masks himself behind his false and blatant patriotism, and the merchant-politician, not content with stuffing his home coffers till they burst—but anxious to garter the blood of his country's young manhood for new places in the sun!

The Prussian Guardsman died hard, fighting for such a place. The men in frock coats who made the law never had to stand up against him. They never took a machine gun nest or saw a barrage roll down, stop and then uncurtain a wall of shrieking steel. We know what the Prussian Guardsman means—his code, his cold courage and the blind patriotism that sent him forward, granting none the right to live but those who wore his uniform.

We know, but we can not give that knowledge to others. But upon it we can act. We can help build a League of Nations with such sinews of war and such conscience for peace that no one will dare oppose it.

If we don't, the blood will be on our own foolish heads, which, by the grace of God, chance, or some Prussian Guardsman's poor aim, are still on our foolish shoulders.

FREE PROOF TO YOU

Not One Penny Will RICH-TONE Cost You, if it Doesn't Prove Genuine Worth in YOUR CASE

You are to be the judge—try this famous tonic—if it doesn't bring to you new energy a splendid appetite, restful sleep, peaceful and quiet nerves—if it doesn't destroy that tired feeling and build you up, then Rich-Tone will be free to you, it will not cost you anything—NOT ONE PENNY.

YOU OWE IT TO YOURSELF to try this marvelous remedy. YOU OWE IT TO YOUR FAMILY AND FRIENDS to be strong, well, happy, bright of eye, brisk of step, ruddy of cheek, able to go about your work with a smile on your lips!

On each bottle is plainly printed, "Money cheerfully refunded if not entirely satisfactory," and your own local druggist will let you try Rich-Tone on this money-back guarantee.

One user says: "I was run down after a bad case of 'flu'. I was in bed four months and under the care of five doctors had nervous prostration and could not sleep and ate very little. I got a bottle of your wonderful tonic, Rich-Tone, and am now eating three times a day and I sure sleep sound. I can't say enough for your wonderful tonic, Rich-Tone. It is worth its weight in gold. It has saved me \$50 or \$60 as I was going to Mineral Wells, but I do not need to go now, thanks to Rich-Tone."

Rich-Tone makes more red corpuscles, enriching and purifying the blood. It contains all of the elements that are needed most in maintaining tired nerves, restores appetite, induces healthful sleep—it gives you all those things which mean energy and well-being. Get a bottle to-day on our money-back guarantee. Sold locally by—WOODY DRUG COMPANY.

Advertisement for DON'T MISS OUR 15c GLASSWARE SALE SATURDAY LEA

# Lubricating Oil

We believe we are selling the best lubricating oil for autos and other uses that is sold in Floyd County for the money. Ours is the genuine SUPREME OIL, the only brand of lubricating oil made by the Gulf Refining Company—one of the biggest oil companies in the world. Our price is 60c. per gallon. You pay as high as \$1.00 per gallon for this oil at some places. Get our new prices on United States Tires and Tubes.

## BROWN BROTHERS

### NORTHWEST BURKBURNETT POOL CLOSED FIVE DAYS

Austin, July 11.—Production of oil and bringing in of wells in the northwest extension of Burkburnett oil field in Wichita county is suspended for five days by an order of the Railroad Commission.

The shutdown is made pending a hearing to determine whether the order shall be extended for thirty days because of inability of pipe lines to handle production.

The order, which was issued today, says that great waste has arisen from the production. It says that for a period of five days from and including July 12, when wells being drilled reach oil sand, casing may be set but drilling operations must discontinue. The beginning of new wells is prohibited.

Mrs. M. L. Kizzair, son and daughter returned home the first of the week from Vernon, after a six-weeks visit there with her mother.

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Brannin, July 12th, a daughter.

### PERMITTING PRISONERS TO SHARE IN THE NET PROCEEDS FROM THE STATE PENITENTIARY SYSTEM.

#### House Joint Resolution No. 38

Proposing an amendment to Article 16 of the Constitution of the State of Texas, by adding a new Section thereto to be known as Section 60; providing that the Legislature shall have power to enact laws authorizing a division of the net proceeds arising from the operation of the prison system of this State between the State and prisoners confined in the Penitentiary or their dependents; providing for the submission of a proposed amendment to a vote of the people, and making an appropriation to defray the expense of such election.

Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

Section 1. That Article 16 of the Constitution of the State of Texas be amended by adding thereto a new section to be numbered Section 60 as follows:

Section 60. The Legislature shall have power to authorize a division of the net profits arising from the operation of the prison system during any one fiscal year between the State of Texas and the prisoners confined in the Penitentiary during said fiscal year or any part thereof, or their dependents in such proportion as the Legislature may determine, not to exceed fifty (50) per cent to such prisoners or their dependents.

Section 2. The foregoing amendment to Article 16 of the Constitution of Texas shall be submitted to the qualified electors of this State for its adoption or rejection at a special election hereby ordered for the fourth day of November, 1919. All voters on this proposed amendment at said election who favor its adoption shall have printed or written on their ballots the following: "For amendment to Article 16 of the Constitution, authorizing a division of the net proceeds of the prison system of this State between the State and prisoners confined in the Penitentiary or their dependents." Those voting against its adoption shall have printed or written on their ballots the following: "Against the amendment to Article 16 of the Constitution authorizing a division of the net proceeds of the prison system of this State between the State and prisoners confined in the Penitentiary or their dependents." Previous to the election the Secretary of State shall cause to be printed and forwarded to the County Judge of each County, for use in said election, a sufficient number of ballots for the use of the voters in each County, on which he shall have printed the form of ballots herein prescribed, for the convenient use of voters.

Section 3. The Governor of the State is hereby directed to issue his necessary proclamation ordering this election, and have the same published as required by the Constitution and laws of this State. The sum of five thousand dollars (\$5,000.00), or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any funds in the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to defray the expenses of publishing said proclamation, and printing and distributing the necessary tickets and blanks for use in said elections.

(Attest—A True Copy.)  
GEORGE F. HOWARD,  
Secretary of State.

### NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR ORDER OF SALE THE STATE OF TEXAS.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Floyd County—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to cause the following notice to be published in newspaper of general circulation to be continuously and regularly published for a period of not less than ten days preceding the date of the sale in the County of Floyd and you shall cause to be printed at least once in each of twenty

days exclusive of the first day of publication before the return day hereof. Notice of Application for

#### Order of Sale—Estates

THE STATE OF TEXAS,  
To all Persons interested in the Estate of W. T. Montgomery, deceased, J. C. Gaither, Administrator, has filed in the County Court of Floyd County, an application for an order to sell the following property of said Estate, to-wit:

#### Personal Property, Stocks, Bonds, Etc.

Two (2) Shares, U. S. Automatic Train Pipe Co. of Washington, D. C.  
One (1) Share, Conservative Oil Co Plainview, Texas.

Fifty (50) Shares, Liberty Oil & Gas Co. of Maine.

Twenty (20) Shares, Cuban-American Petroleum Co. Arizona.

One (1) Share West Texas Oil Co., Burkburnett, Texas.

One (1) Liberty Bond, 4th issue 4 1-4 per cent (50.00)

U. S. War Savings Stamps, Series of 1918 (\$42.60.)

#### List of Personal Effects

1 Office Desk.

1 Remington Typewriter (Used about four years.)

1 L. C. Smith Typewriter (Used about two years.)

1 Check Protector.

1 Iron Safe (Weight about 1000.)

1 Settee (in office)

1 Office Chair.

2 Notary Seals.

1 Heating Stove.

1 Cook Stove (Small.)

1 3-4 Iron Bed.

1 Gasoline Lantern.

6 Cane bottom chairs.

1 Chest of Carpenters tools.

Typewriter paper and supplies.

1 6-foot table (plane) homemade.

1 Cubboard.

1 Town Lot Abstract Book (Floydada, Texas) Not up to date.

#### Miscellaneous Items

Office Buildings on back part of Lot 1 Blk. 62, Floydada, Texas.

50-Foot Section Rubber hose.

Part roll hog wire.

2 Post hole diggers.

1 Mattock.

1 Spade.

1 Oil Barrel (iron.)

1 Pipe Wrench.

1 Bedstead.

2 Screen doors.

#### Real Property of Said Estate (Situated in Floyd Co. Texas)

Abst. 32 Cert. No. 1281 Sur. No. 61 Original Grantee, A. B. & M. 40 acres Part S. W. 1-4 of S. W. 1-4.

Abst. 32 Cert. No. 1231 Sur. No. 61 Original Grantee A. B. & M 40 acres Part S. E. 1-4 of S. W. 1-4.

Abst. 32 Cert. No. 1231 Sur. No. 61 Original Grantee A. B. & M. 20 acres 1-2 S. W. 1-4 of S. E. 1-4.

Abst. 32 Cert. No. 1231 Sur. No. 61 Original Grantee A. B. & M. 13 1-3 acres 1-3 S. E. 1-4 of S. E. 1-4.

Lots in Floydada, Floyd County Texas

Lots	Blocks
Pts 6 & 10	4
6	21
8	19
2	22
16	1
8	24
Pt 5	29
1-2	39
16-18-22-26	40
2-3	48
11-18	49
4-5	50
1-2	50
Pt 9	52
1-2	53
6	55
1-2	59
11-12-14	59
Pt 16-17-18	59
26	60
6-7-13	61
5-6	68
16-23-24-25-26	73

Pts 6 & 10

6

8

2

16

8

Pt 5

1-2

16-18-22-26

2-3

11-18

4-5

1-2

Pt 9

1-2

6

1-2

11-12-14

Pt 16-17-18

26

6-7-13

5-6

16-23-24-25-26

27 73

32 74

10 75

Pt 18-20 75

16-22 82

10 84

11-12-13-15 93

11-12-14-20-22 94

Pt 10 97

Pt 8-12 98

Pt 2 101

14 103

26 106

5-14 110

1 112

2 115

14 122

12 127

16-14 133

1-2 Int 1 50 Mont. & Farris

1-2 Int 7 62 Mont. & Farris

14 43

2 44

16 55

12 137

13 137

25 62

4 13

12 13

12 117

16 117

7 48

8 48

1-6 Int 10 3

1-6 Int 12 32

1-6 Int 14 39

1-6 Int 14 62

1-6 Int 4 129

Real Estate in Saguache Co. Colo.

Tract No. 14 Sec. 2, Twp, 43, Range 8, Acres 10.

Real Estate in Tarrant Co. Texas

Lot 23 Block 14 Ryan So. Park.  
Real Estate in Fort Bend Co. Texas  
Lot No. 298 Block No. 9 Situated in the Pilant Lake Oil & Gas Co. Sub. of 100 acres out of the Barrett & Harris League, Fort Bend Co., Texas.

Equity in 79 acres out of Survey No. 10, Block D-5, Cert. No. 63, Abstract No. 1396, belonging to shareholders in Llano-Estacado Ry. Co based on number of shares owned in said Ry. Co. and pro-rated on a percentage basis of amount of paid in funds on stock subscribed.

Which will be heard at the next Term of said Court, commencing the Third Monday in July A. D. 1919, at the Court House thereof, in the town of Floydada, Texas, at which time all persons interested in said Estate are required to appear and show cause why such sale should not be made, should they choose to do so.

Herein fail not, but have you then and there before said Court this writ, with your return thereon endorsed, showing how you have executed same.

Given under my hand and the seal of said Court, this the 24th day of June, A. D. 1919.

(Seal) TOM W. DEEN,  
Clerk County Court, Floyd County, Texas.

Hesperian Ad Liners Get Results.

**R. C. SCOTT**  
ABSTRACTS OF TITLES  
Notary Public and Conveyancer.  
Complete Abstracts to all lands and lots in Floyd County. 20 years experience with Floyd County land titles.  
**DEEDS**  
And other instruments of writing prepared. If you are getting a loan let me bring your Abstract to date.  
Room 7, First National Bank Building

**ARTHUR B. DUNCAN**  
GENERAL LAND AGENT AND ABSTRACTOR  
Floydada, Texas  
Buys, sells and leases Real Estate on commission; Renders and pays taxes for non-resident land owners; Investigates and perfects titles; Furnishes abstracts of title from records;  
Owner of Complete Abstract of all Floyd County Lands and Town Lots;

**W. H. SEALE**  
Auctioneer  
All kinds of SALES HANDLED anywhere in Floyd County.  
TERMS REASONABLE  
TELEPHONE 128  
FLOYDADA, TEXAS.

Have had 25 years experience with Floyd County Lands and land titles. List your land and town lots with me if for sale or lease; and give me your abstract of title work. Office South East Corner of Sq.  
—ADDRESS—  
**ARTHUR B. DUNCA**  
FLOYDADA, TEXAS

**Dress Up**  
YOU SHOULD SEE THOSE SWELL NEW SHIRTS AND TIES AT OUR SHOP—  
And the new silk soft collars and the other stylish collars we are showing if you want to dress up. AND YOU MUST NOT FAIL TO SEE THOSE NEW FALL SAMPLES WE WILL BE SHOWING SOON, OF FABRICS FOR MEN'S SUITS.  
We expect to have one more fine line to choose from. Some have left their orders already. WHY NOT YOU?  
MANY PEOPLE ACCUSE US OF BEING THE BEST TAILORS IN FLOYDADA. WE HAVE TO ADMIT IT.  
**RUSSEL & FRY**  
TELEPHONE 66  
City Barber Shop Building  
West Side

**USL BATTERY SERVICE STATION**  
U S LIGHT & HEAT CORPORATION  
**Why Not Obtain Expert Battery Service?**  
WE operate a thoroughly equipped service station for testing and repairing automobile starting and lighting batteries. Bring us your troubles. We guarantee courteous treatment and prompt intelligent service.  
We recharge and inspect any make of battery. If your battery requires repairs, we will make them and guarantee our work for 8 months on an adjustment basis.  
"The longer we make your present battery last the surer we are of eventually selling you a new one."  
We sell only the USL—the battery with the exclusive machine-pasted plates. Sold only on a 15 months' guaranteed adjustment plan.  
And every USL comes to us "Dry-Charged," which means you obtain a brand new, factory-perfect battery.  
**J. H. REAGAN**  
Floydada, Texas Phone 22

**Wheat Harvesting Supplies**  
"The Store of Service" is ready for the Threshing Season with every need the grain man will have to Handle his Grain Quickly, including—  
**Wagons, Wagon Bodies, Wagon Sheets, Grain Scoops**  
Right now when you need them we have them in stock ready for emergencies.  
We expect to be demonstrating the Titan Tractor this week. Be sure to see this tractor in operation.  
**O. P. RUTLEDGE**  
PHONE 57 FLOYDADA, TEXAS

**THE MOVIE CAFE**  
—Place for good eats. Regular dinners every day.  
—Special Sunday dinners. Short orders day and night.  
—Drop in when in town. Plenty of fresh ice water free for the asking.  
—Nice Rooms in Connection.  
**W. E. Pack, Prop.**  
FLOYDADA, TEXAS

NEWS OF LOCKNEY

From the Beacon:

Earl Cheshire, son of Mr. and Mrs. Cheshire, arrived home from overseas last Saturday, and has been warmly received by his Lockney friends.

R. E. L. Muncey, who lives south of Lockney was in the city Wednesday on business and reports a splendid rain in his section, which fell Monday night.

Watt Griffith arrived from overseas last Saturday, coming from Camp Travis where he was mustered out of service.

Threshing is now in full swing in this section, and the wheat yield is much greater than was first thought for.

B. F. Hampton, who lives north of town in the Bobbitt community, threshed his wheat crop this week, and made a yield of forty-two bushels to the acre.

W. M. Peck, of Concordia, Kansas, accompanied by Mrs. Peck, banker and financier of Kansas City, spent last Sunday and Monday in Lockney the guest of his friend T. S. Stevenson and wife.

F. J. McGlinchey, of Dallas, is here on a visit with his sister, Mrs. Wilson Kimble, after having recently been discharged from the army.

PROVIDING FOR THE SEPARATION OF THE STATE UNIVERSITY AND THE AGRICULTURAL AND MECHANICAL COLLEGE, AND FOR BOND ISSUES BY EACH.

House Joint Resolution No. 29.

A Joint Resolution to amend Article 7, Sections 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15 of the Constitution of the State of Texas, which article relates to education, and which sections provide for the establishment and support of the University of Texas, the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, and for a branch college for the instruction of colored youths; provides that the Texas State Medical College and the School of Mines at El Paso shall be branches of the University of Texas; provides that said University, said Agricultural and Mechanical College, said College of Industrial Arts shall be separate State Institutions independent in organization; provides for the sale of the lands belonging to the University of Texas permanent fund, and for the division of the proceeds of such sale and all securities between the University of Texas, the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, and the Prairie View Normal and Industrial College; directs at the respective parts of each shall come the permanent fund of each institution and how it shall be invested; provides that the University of Texas and the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas shall utilize the permanent fund of each as a basis for the issuance of bonds for improvements, and for redemption of such bonds from the income of such permanent funds; provides that the governing board of the Agricultural and Mechanical College shall make provisions for permanent buildings for the Prairie View Normal and Industrial College from the proceeds of bond issues by the said Agricultural and Mechanical College; declares said Prairie View Normal and Industrial College a branch of the Agricultural and Mechanical College; provides that the legislature shall make provisions by appropriation for the maintenance and development of the University of Texas and the Agricultural and Mechanical College, and for the development and support of the College of Industrial Arts, the Normal Schools, the Prairie View Normal and Industrial College; provides for the authority of the University of Texas and the Agricultural and Mechanical College pending division of the University endowment, to issue bonds receivable from the income of the endowment and granting authority to the governing board of each to make appropriations to meet any deficiency; provides that the legislature shall give direction to the de-

velopment of a University of the first class, and an agricultural and Mechanical College of the first class, and a College of Industrial Arts of the first class; provides for the submission of this proposed amendment of the Constitution to the people, fixing the date for election to be held, and making an appropriation to pay the expense of said election.

Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

Section 1. That Sections 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15 of Article VII of the Constitution of the State of Texas, which Article relates to education, and which sections provide for the establishment and support of the University of Texas, the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, and a branch college or university for the instruction of colored youths, be amended to read as follows:

Section 10. In pursuance of constitutional authority and direction the State having established the University of Texas at Austin, in Travis County; the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas at College Station, in Brazos County; and the Prairie View State Normal and Industrial College for the instruction of colored youths of the State at Prairie View, in Waller County; and the Legislature having established the College of Industrial Arts at Denton, in Denton County, the said University of Texas, the said Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, and the said College of Industrial Arts for white girls, are hereby declared separate state institutions and independent in organization.

Section 11. To better enable the University of Texas and its constitutional branches; the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas and the Prairie View State Normal and Industrial College, to fulfill the purposes for which created, all lands and other property heretofore set apart and appropriated for the establishment, endowment, and maintenance of the University of Texas and its constitutional branches, together with the proceeds of the sale of such lands heretofore made, or hereafter to be made, for the support and benefit of either institution, shall constitute a permanent fund for the University of Texas, the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, and for the Prairie View State Normal and Industrial College; provided, that when the permanent University endowment shall, by constitutional and statutory authority, be appropriated to the institutions named it shall be divided between the University of Texas, the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, and for the Prairie View State Normal and Industrial College in the following manner:

To the University of Texas, sixty-six and two-thirds (66 2-3) per cent, and the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, thirty-three and one-third (33 1-3) per cent; and the governing board of the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas shall apportion to the Prairie View State Normal and Industrial College for colored youths such part of, or interest in, the said thirty-three and one-third (33 1-3) per cent as may be determined equitably by said governing board. The principal of all funds accruing to each institution from the division of the University endowment under the provisions of this section shall, whenever the said endowment is divided, constitute the permanent fund of each, and shall be invested as the permanent public free school fund is now or may hereafter be authorized by law to be invested; and the governing boards of the University of Texas and the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas shall be authorized, with the approval of the Governor, and in the manner to be provided by law, to issue bonds for permanent improvements, such bond issues to be based upon the permanent funds of the institution issuing them; and the governing board of each institution shall make provision from the income derivable from its permanent fund for the payment of all bonds issued under its authority as may be provided by law.

Section 12. The lands set apart to the University fund shall be sold under such regulations, at such times, and on such terms as may be provided by law; and the Legislature shall provide for the prompt collection at maturity, of all debts due on account of University lands heretofore sold, or that may hereafter be sold, and shall in neither event have the power to grant relief to the purchasers. And, until such time as the University endowment fund shall be divided, in accordance with constitutional and statutory authority, the proceeds from the sale of lands, as realized and received into the Treasury of the State, together with such sum belonging to the fund as may now be in the Treasury, shall be invested as the permanent public free school fund is now or may hereafter be authorized by law to be invested; and the interest accruing thereon, and any income from the use

of the said University lands, shall be subject to appropriation by the Legislature, and may be available for the redemption of bonds based on the University endowment and to be redeemed from the use of land, as may be provided by law, to aid in the construction, equipment and maintenance of the University of Texas and the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, and the total of such bond issues outstanding shall at no time exceed four and one-half million dollars, and the Legislature is hereby authorized to appropriate out of the general revenues of the State such moneys as may be necessary to cover deficiencies in the interest sinking fund accounts of the bond issues herein provided for. Provided, that the one-tenth of the alternate sections of the lands granted to railroads, reserved by the State, which were set apart and appropriated to the establishment of "The University of Texas" by an Act of the Legislature of February 11, 1858, entitled "An Act to Establish The University of Texas," shall not be included in or constitute a part of the permanent University fund.

Section 13. The Legislature shall provide by appropriation for the equipment, maintenance and development of the University of Texas, and the branches of said institution named in this article and such other branches as may hereafter be established by law; for the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas and its branches as now or hereafter may be established by law; for the College of Industrial Arts for the education of White Girls; for State Normal Schools and for the Prairie View State Normal and Industrial College for colored youths.

Section 14. The Legislature shall give encouragement and direction to and make provision for the educational activities of the respective State institutions provided for in this Article, and as may be adequate for the promotion of literature and the arts and sciences, pure and applied, and for instruction in the professions, of a University of the first class; and for instruction in all those branches of learning which relate to agricultural, animal husbandry, the natural sciences pure and applied, connected therewith, the mechanic arts and military science and tactics, requisite to the development of an Agricultural and Mechanical College of the first class; and for the education of white girls in the literary branches, the arts and sciences, and in social and domestic economy of the age, as may be necessary to establish and maintain a College of Industrial Arts of the first class for white girls, and for instruction in all the branches requisite to the development of normal schools of the first class.

Section 15. The Prairie View State Normal and Industrial College for the instruction of colored youths of the State, having been located at Prairie View, in Waller County, as a branch of the University of Texas, is hereby declared a branch of the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas. And in lieu of the separate apportionment of a part of the University endowment, as authorized in Section 11 hereof, the said Board of Directors of the Agricultural and Mechanical College may apportion to the Prairie View State Normal and Industrial College such part of any fund realized from any authorized bond issue by the Board for the purpose of permanent improvements as the Board may determine to be equitable and the fund so apportioned shall be available only for the purpose of constructing perman-

ent improvements for the said Prairie View State Normal and Industrial College.

Section 2. The Governor of this State is hereby directed to issue and have published the necessary proclamation for the submission of this proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State, to the qualified voters of the State, said election to be held throughout the State on the first Tuesday in November, 1919, and all voters favoring the amendment shall have written or printed on their ballots the words:

"For the amendments to Sections 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15 to Art. VII of the Constitution of the State of Texas, fixing the constitutional status of the University of Texas, the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, the College of Industrial Arts at Denton, Texas; the Sam Houston Normal Institute at Huntsville, Texas; the North Texas State Normal at Denton, Texas; the Southwest Texas State Normal at San Marcos, Texas; the West Texas State Normal at Canyon, Texas, and the East Texas State Normal at Commerce, Texas, and other State educational institutions, and determining the interest, respectively, of the University of Texas, the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, and the Prairie View State Normal and Industrial College in the University permanent fund; and providing for the support, direction, and development of State Educational Institutions."

Those opposing the amendment shall have written or printed on their ballots the words:

"Against the amendments to Sections 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15 of Article VII of the Constitution of the State of Texas, fixing the constitution-

al status of the University of Texas, the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, the College of Industrial Arts at Denton, Texas; the Sam Houston Normal Institute at Huntsville, Texas; the North Texas State Normal at Denton, Texas; the Southwest Texas State Normal at San Marcos, Texas; the West Texas State Normal at Canyon, Texas, and the East Texas State Normal at Commerce, Texas, and other State educational institutions and determining the interest, respectively, of the University of Texas, the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, and the Prairie View State Normal and Industrial College in the University permanent fund; and providing for the support, direction and development of State educational institutions.

Section 3. The Governor is hereby directed to submit this amendment to the qualified voters at an election to be held throughout the State on the date herein specified, and the sum of Five Thousand (\$5,000) Dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of the general revenue not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of issuing the proclamation and publishing the amendment as required by the Constitution and laws of this State. (Attest—A True Copy.)

GEORGE F. HOWARD, Secretary of State.

Drs. Smith & Smith CHILDERS' PRIVATE SANITARIUM For Medical and Surgical Cases Phone No. 177 FLOYDADA, TEXAS

J. B. BARTLEY Attorney-at-Law Office in Court House Land Titles and Land Litigation a Specialty Floydada, Texas

Does It Make Any Difference? Some folks say it doesn't make any difference who they buy from. "For I like all of their goods." But why doesn't it make a difference? When the Rawleigh man will pay you market price for your produce in Exchange for goods. You have no risk. It is all mine. Your orders appreciated. CHAS. BOLDING HEADQUARTERS AT THE ELLIS RACKET STORE

CHEAPEST AND QUICKEST Save money and time from Fort Worth to Floydada—travel the Denver, Q. A. & P. and the— Floydada-Roaring Springs Auto Mail Line \$ 2.46 cheaper than by Amarillo, \$1.11 cheaper than by Sweetwater; 6 hours quicker than either route. \$3.50 including war tax, one way to Roaring Springs or Matador. PHONE NO. 12 C. C. WRIGHT, MANAGER

PRICE-GOEN SELLS FOR CASH

City Barber Shop —T. M. COX, PROPRIETOR— All barber work first class. All treatment courteous. Shallow Water Steam Laundry represented. HOT OR COLD BATHS NICE, CLEAN TUBS

DR. W. M. HOUGHTON GENERAL PRACTICE Calls answered day or night. OFFICE ROOMS 11 and 12 First National Bank Building Diseases of Women and Children a Specialty FLOYDADA, TEXAS Office Phone No. 256 Res. 250

Glenrio Oil Company Amarillo, Texas GENERAL INFORMATION A Texas Corporation. Capital Stock \$167,000,000, fully subscribed and paid. Original acreage 45,000 acres, recently increased to 75,700, of which about 6,400 acres has been given for the first well, leaving company's holdings 69,300 acres. Two well-defined structures, highly recommended by eminent geologists. Company holds ALL OFFSETS to location of test now contracted. Driller to go 3,500 feet or production. Messrs. Lenix & Harter, highly recommended drillers, are to drill first well, and have made their location on Section 7, Tp. 8 N. R. 2 East, Oldham County, Texas, about 6 miles north of Boise Switch. Derrick timbers and rigging and two carloads of casing are now on siding at Bois, and contractors are using a 5-ton truck to haul materials to drilling site. A well is now being drilled for water supply. Capital stock held principally by some of Amarillo's leading business men. There is NO TREASURY STOCK TO BE SOLD BY THE COMPANY. Board of Directors constituted as follows: H. A. Nobles, P. H. Landergerin, Lee Bivins, W. E. Herring, and S. H. Madden. With its acreage, geological structures, drilling contract, drillers, directorate, and business policy, this company has all that the very best of such companies in undeveloped territory can offer, and is out for development of Amarillo's territory. Information as to offerings of individual holdings of stock can be obtained through the following licensed brokers: Panhandle Commission Co. The Brooks Bureau Amarillo, Texas

Wanted TEN YOUNG WOMEN TO ENTER THE LUBBOCK SANITARIUM TRAINING SCHOOL FOR NURSES AT ONCE. APPLICANTS ADDRESS Miss Mary Farwell R. N. SUPERINTENDENT Care Lubbock Sanitarium Lubbock, Texas

**The Hesperian Want-Ad Department**

Good white laundry soap 5 cents a cake. Williams & Son, North Side. 19-2tc.

LOST—Duroc Jersey sow pig 5 or 6 weeks old. J. E. Tivis, Rt. 3. 19-1tc

FOR SALE—640 acres good Plains land, fenced, well and windmill. Price \$16.00 an acre. \$2250.00 cash balance good terms. Can turn four section lease with this place. M. A. Crum, Friona, Texas. 19-2tc.

LOST—Black pig about 8 weeks old. Finder notify Will Nickell, and receive reward. 19-1tp.

Durham or Jersey cows, fresh, for sale. See H. M. Miller, 11 miles southwest Floydada. 19-4tp

Get Rucker's price on butter before selling. 19-1tc

We will buy your butter, eggs, and cream, Williams & Son, North Side. 19-2tc.

Rucker will pay highest market price on all produce. 19-1tc

Bring your poultry on Wednesdays and Thursdays for the best price. A. D. White Grocery Co. 19-2tc

Bran and shorts at Morris-Nelson's. 19-2tc.

We will always have a good price on poultry Wednesday and Thursday of each week. White Grocery Co. 19-2tc.

LOST—Tail light for jitney, and license plate number 50,687. Finder please return to Hesperian Office. 19-3tp.

Try some of that honey that bees made. Williams & Son, north side. 19-2tc.

FOR SALE OR TRADE  
Oakland Six up in good shape. See L. H. Dorrell. 19-3tp

LOST—Between Petersburg and Center one 30x3 double fabric casing. Return to Hesperian for reward. 18-2tp

We will pay you the highest market price for your cream. Williams & Son, North Side. 19-2tc

When you need a high grade piano write J. W. Boyle & Son, Lockney, Texas. Livestock taken at their value or terms. 18-4tp-tfc

Liberty Bonds or Vendors Lien Notes will buy nice home in Floydada Easy terms. See W. M. Massie & Bro. 25-tfc

Standard "C" Canvas 8 cents per yard. W. H. Seale, Dry Goods 18-2tc

Come to Plainview and select your monument from complete stock, transportation allowed on purchases. South Plains Monument Co. Plainview. 27-tfc

For courteous treatment and a square deal try Williams & Son. 19-2tc

Miss Mollie Cram Spirella Corsetiere. 4tc

If you want to borrow money or buy land see W. D. Smith, National Bank Building. 17-tfc.

All work finished and erected by experts. South Plains Monument Co. Plainview. 27-tfc.

We test your cream and pay you for it the same day. Williams & Son 19-2tc.

For marble monuments see S. B. McCleskey. 9-tf

Meritas White Oil Cloth, best grade 40 cents per yard. W. H. Seale, Dry Goods. 18-2tc

Peter Schuttler Wagons at Surginer's, cheaper now than you can buy wagons later. 18-2tc

Peter Schuttler 3 1-4 inch wagons \$125 until our present stock is gone. Not many left. You'll pay more for wagons if you wait. C. Surginer & Son. 18-2tc

If you want the money on your vendors lien notes see W. D. Smith at National Bank Building. 17-tfc.

We test your cream Wednesdays and Saturdays only. Williams & Son. 19-2tc.

Standard LL Canvas, good grade, at 11 cents. W. H. Seale, Dry Goods 18-2tc.

Black pig about 8 weeks old. Finder notify Will Nickell, and receive reward. 19-1tp.

Morris-Nelson for Bran and

If you want to sell your land list it with W. D. Smith, National Bank Building. 17-tfc.

Peter Schuttler Wagons at Surginer's. A few each of 3 and 3 1-4 inch left. \$120 and \$125. 18-2tc

If you own a milk cow you ought to feed her on that good bran and shorts you get at Morris-Nelson's. 19-2tc

Bundle Oats—6 1-2 cents cash; 7 cents credit. 6 cents in 500 lots, cash. Oliver Allen 1 3-4 miles north on Silverton road. 18-2tp

6 Spools O. N. T. 25c. W. H. Seale, Dry Goods. 18-2tc

P. & O. Go-devils at C. Surginer & Son's. 17-2tc.

**BUNDLE OATS FOR SALE**  
Located one-half mile north depot. See J. D. Starks or L. H. Stone. 18-2tc

Good brooms, 60 cents each. Williams & Son. 19-2tc

Buy Light Crust flour and save further baking troubles. Morris-Nelson. 19-2tc

**WHEAT FARMERS**  
Marshall is back from the oil fields and tuning up the elevator for the big wheat crop this week. It will have a loading out capacity of 10 cars of wheat daily. Can dump the wagon loads of wheat as fast as they come.

As usual will buy over Public Scales paying highest government price. Marshall pays for the weighing.

The wheat buyer this season who gives better service, pays more money, or who appreciates your patronage more than Marshall will be going some.

When ready to sell wheat call at office near Public Scales. 16-4tc Marshall Grain Company.

Light Crust Flour is used by hundreds of good cooks in Floyd County because it is the best. Buy it at Morris-Nelson's. 19-2tc

Mrs. J. F. Blanton returned home this week from Whitewright, Texas, where she had been visiting relatives for several weeks.

**\$30,177,000,000 WAR COST FOR THE AMERICANS**

Secretary Glass Gives Figures Showing Expenditures up to June 30.

Washington, July 9.—The war cost the United States \$30,177,000,000 up to June 30, 1919. Secretary Glass made this statement today in submitting to the congressional Appropriations Committee the preliminary statements of the Treasury on the condition of the Nation's finances. He arrived at the estimate by subtracting the average peace time expenses for the same length of time at the rate of \$1,000,000,000 annually, from the total expenditures, \$32,427,000,000, during the war.

Taxes and other revenues than borrowed money took care of \$9,384,000,000 or 29 per cent of the war cost. The remainder came from Liberty bond and Victory note issues and saving stamps.

Further issues of bonds, Mr. Glass said, will not be necessary, "before the maturity or redemption of the Victory notes," which have four years to run. While it is impossible to estimate the expenses to be incurred during the present fiscal year the Secretary is confident that Treasury certificates supplemented by short-term notes, will provide the necessary funds to pay the Government's debts.

**Must Be Rigid Economy**

"I need scarcely to say," the Secretary said, "that the realization of these sanguine expenditures is contingent upon the practice of the most rigid economy by the Government and the continuance of ample revenues from taxation. Such a course, accompanied by the practice of sober economy and wise investment by our people and strict avoidance of waste and speculation, will make it possible for the American people to respond to the demands to be made upon them privately for capital and credit by the nations of Europe—demands which are reinforced by the strongest and most vital ties of sympathy for the allies, who fought and won the war with us—as well as by the most obvious dictates of self-interest.

In calculating the war cost, Secretary Glass made no deduction of expenditures for loans to the allies, which amounted to \$9,102,000,000

on June 30, or for other investments, such as ships, stock of the War Finance Corporation, bonds of the Federal Land Banks, etc. The gross public debt June 30, without deducting such investments, was \$25,484,000,000, a net increase for the war period of \$23,043,190,346, representing the excess of disbursements over receipts.

**TENTH ANNUAL FARMERS' SHORT COURSE AT A. & M.**

The Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, College Station. July 21-26, 1919.

The Short Course is planned to give men, women, boys and girls an opportunity to secure valuable information and at the same time refreshing and wholesome entertainment.

During this year's Short Course special emphasis will be placed on better marketing facilities and more efficient organizations for farmers.

Separate courses will be offered by the following departments: Agricultural Engineering, Agronomy, Animal Husbandry, Dairy Husbandry, Entomology, Horticulture, Plant Diseases, Poultry, Veterinary Medicine.

Arrangements have been made for a number of the most prominent home economic experts in the United States to give work in Home Economics, especially adapted to the needs of women and girls from rural communities. The work will consist of lectures and demonstrations in cooking, canning, basket making, sewing, and household arts.

Valuable prizes will be given to the winners in the Girls' Canning Club Contest and the Boys' Stock Judging Contest.

The evenings will be given up entirely to high class entertainments, such as singing, music, moving pictures, and the like.

The Short Course work will be given by members of the teaching staff of the School of Agriculture, members of the Experiment Station, and members of the Extension Service of the A. & M. College of Texas. In addition to these, lectures and demonstrations in agriculture and home economics will be given by a number of out-of-state speakers of national reputation.

For illustrated announcement, giving full particulars in regard to the Course, write the Dean of the School of Agriculture, College Station, Texas.



—COULD YOU BUT SEE HOW—

**Wirthmor Waists**

ARE MADE THEN YOU WOULD UNDERSTAND HOW WAISTS SO GOOD CAN BE SOLD FOR A PRICE SO LOW.

Could you but walk through the great big, sunflooded perfectly ventilated, efficiently conducted Wirthmor factory, and see the hundreds of happy, busy, cheerful workers producing thousands upon thousands of quality waists, then you would understand, how waists of such splendid character can be sold at a price so low.

The Same New Styles The Nation Over **\$1.50** The Same Low Price The Nation Over

is the price of the Wirthmor here and everywhere. It is a price made possible by the greatest efficiency of production, by manufacturing on a vast scale, by the elimination of all selling expense. It is a SUPERIOR way of Blouse making and Blouse selling that makes these SUPERIOR VALUES possible.

The name WIRTHMOR on a Blouse is a symbol of QUALITY; it is assurance of the utmost in STYLE, FIT, WORKMANSHIP and FINISH for the price you pay. It further evidences the fact that it was produced where the most wholesome working conditions prevail.

The products of the WIRTHMOR factory can be sold in just one good store in every city and are sold here only.

**BARRIER BROS. Dry Goods Co.**

"Distributors of Dependable Merchandise"

FLOYDADA LUBBOCK BROWNFIELD

**CHARTER NO. 7045 RESERVE DISTRICT NO. 11 REPORT OF CONDITION OF**

**THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK**

AT FLOYDADA IN THE STATE OF TEXAS, AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS ON JUNE 30th, 1919

RESOURCES:			
1. a Loans and discounts, including rediscounts, (except those shown in b and c).....	\$347,466.25		
*Total loans.....	347,466.25		
d Notes and bills rediscounted (other than bank acceptances sold) (see Item 57a).....	\$97,312.00	97,312.00	\$250,154.25
5. U. S. Bonds (other than Liberty Bonds, but including U. S. certificates of indebtedness):			
a U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value).....	12,500.00	12,500.00	
6. Liberty Loan Bonds:			
a Liberty Loan Bonds, 3 1-2, 4, and 4 1-4 per cent, unpledged.....	3,000.00	3,000.00	
9. Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent of subscription).....			2,400.00
10. a Value of banking house, owned and unincumbered.....	14,000.00	14,000.00	
11. Furniture and fixtures.....			3,600.00
12. Real estate owned other than banking house.....			12,160.00
13. Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank.....			22,797.83
15. Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks.....			33,228.16
18. Checks on other banks in the same city or town as reporting bank (other than Item 17).....			835.25
Total of Items 14, 15, 16, 17, and 18.....			34,063.41
19. Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items.....			3,898.12
20. Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer.....			625.00
Income and Excess Profit Tax.....			2,672.07
<b>TOTAL.....</b>			<b>\$366,870.68</b>
LIABILITIES:			
24. Capital stock paid in.....	\$ 50,000.00		
25. Surplus fund.....	30,000.00		
26. a Undivided profits.....	\$ 15,504.20	15,504.20	
20. Circulating notes outstanding.....			12,500.00
55. Cashier's checks on own bank outstanding.....			2,522.93
Total of Items 32, 33, 34, and 35.....			2,522.93
36. Individual deposits subject to check.....			160,364.48
37. Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days (other than for money borrowed).....			1,881.55
Total of demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to Reserve, Items 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, and 41.....			162,246.03
42. Certificates of deposit (other than for money borrowed).....			37,724.72
Total of time deposits subject to Reserve, Items 42, 43, 44, and 45.....			37,724.72
50. Bills payable, other than with Federal Reserve Bank, including all obligations representing money borrowed, other than rediscounts.....			50,000.00
56. Liabilities other than those above stated; bills payable assumed.....			6,372.80
<b>TOTAL.....</b>			<b>\$366,870.68</b>
57. a Liabilities for rediscounts, including those with Federal Reserve Bank (see Item 1d).....			\$97,312.00
Total contingent liabilities (57 a, b, and c).....			97,312.00

STATE OF TEXAS, County of Floyd, ss:  
I, S. E. Duncan, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.  
S. E. DUNCAN, Cashier.  
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 10th day of July, 1919.  
(Seal) KENNETH BAIN, Notary Public.  
CORRECT—ATTEST:  
THOS. MONTGOMERY,  
E. C. NELSON,  
C. SURGINER.  
—Directors.

**ECZEMA!**  
Hunt's Salve, formerly called Hunt's Cure is guaranteed to stop and permanently cure that terrible itching. It is compounded for that purpose and your money will be promptly refunded without question if Hunt's Salve fails to cure Itch, Eczema, Fester, Ring Worm or any other skin disease. 75c the box.  
For sale locally by  
**FLOYDADA DRUG COMPANY**

**GARNER BROS.**  
Undertakers and Embalmers. All calls answered promptly.  
**PLAINVIEW, TEXAS**

**\$125 A MONTH**  
**MEN and WOMEN**  
Fill out and mail this to-day  
Drughon's Business College, Abilene, Texas.  
Send FREE book about your NEW, EASY, quick METHOD for training me, at my home or at college, for guaranteed position, as bookkeeper or stenographer, at \$65 to \$125 a month, and tell me why your home-training courses are better than courses at other colleges and why business men prefer to employ those you train. I prefer training at..... (state "home" or "college").  
[Your name]  
[Your address]

**Kodak Finishing and Enlarging WILSON STUDIO**

**W. M. MASSIE & BRO**  
GENERAL LAND AGENTS  
(The Senior Land & Abstract Business of Floyd County.)  
**BUY, SELL, LEASE OR EXCHANGE LAND**  
Any size tracts through Northwest Texas, especially through Floyd and other Counties of beautiful Plains. Render Pay Taxes, Furnish Abstracts, Perfect Titles Etc.  
**NON-RESIDENT LANDS A SPECIALTY**  
**W. M. MASSIE & BROTHER**  
FLOYDADA, TEXAS

—15c—  
**GLASSWARE SALE AT LEACH'S**

**Kerr Mason Caps**  
"Self Sealing brand"  
Seals All Mason Jars Without Using A Rubber Ring  
Tearable - Airtight WIDE MOUTH JARS KEEP ALL THE FRUIT NO RUBBER RINGS  
"Self Sealing" Mason Lid

**Fruit Jars, Caps and Rubbers**

MAY BE SCARCE AND WHEN YOU CAN GET THEM IS A GOOD TIME TO BUY. WE ARE WELL SUPPLIED AT PRESENT TO FILL YOUR ORDERS FOR KERR SELF SEALING JARS, RUBBERS AND CAPS FOR THE OLD AND NEW STYLES. YOU CAN'T GO WRONG ON TRYING SOME OF KERR'S WIDE MOUTH JARS.

**MITCHELL BROTHERS**