

The Haskell Free Press.

VOLUME 25. NO. 39

HASKELL, HASKELL COUNTY, TEXAS, SATURDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 24, 1910.

WHOLE No. 1287

Collier's Drug Store Always in the LEAD. Magazines & Periodicals.

NO MORE CREDIT

Our Books Will be Closed After September 30th.

Please Do Not Ask For Credit.

It has been a pleasure for us to accommodate our customers and we have done this as long as possible. We are forced to close our books and sell for cash until we meet our obligations. This will positively be the policy of this store until further notice. **SPOT CASH.** Goods will be found reasonable and we hope to have a continuance of your good business on the New Policy.

Please do not ask for CREDIT. We will absolutely close our BOOKS on Sept. 30th.

F. G. ALEXANDER & SONS

THE BIG STORE

A GREAT MOVEMENT.

The Dry Farming Doctrine Becoming World-Wide in its Scope.

OF INTEREST TO THE PEOPLE OF WEST TEXAS.

Few persons have an adequate idea of the extent to which the so called "dry farming" propaganda has been developed within the last few years. Some have objected to the term "dry farming" as a misnomer. It is merely a catch phrase used to distinguish the methods necessary for successful farming in sections where the rainfall is not well distributed over the growing season, as is often the case in this section, or, where the precipitation is scant, from the methods employed in sections where the rainfall is evenly distributed and often in too great excess.

It does not mean farming without moisture, but is a means of conserving moisture and making the best use of it for growing crops, and the system is valuable in any country where there is not an excess of rain during the growing period.

The movement had its rise largely from the labors of Mr. H. W. Campbell of Nebraska, who spent many years in scientific research and actual demonstration and farm work in the semi-arid Northwest, and from which he developed a system of preparation and tillage of the soil which has proven the best yet devised for getting satisfactory results from farming in such regions. The work was taken up by the U. S. Agricultural department several years ago along the lines developed by Mr. Campbell and his co-laborers and there are at this time fourteen government experiment stations operating along that line in the Northwestern States, besides thousands of farmers who have taken it up and are having fine success.

Five years ago a number of the Northwestern States united in organizing a "Dry Farming Congress." This has been attended by increasing numbers of farmers from year to year, who have

made reports of their actual work and progress and have listened to lectures and discussions by the directors of experiment stations and prominent scientists who have aided in the study of the problems involved. The 4th Annual Congress held a five days session at Billings, Mont., last Oct. and had an attendance of 1100, including delegates sent by Russia, Australia, Brazil, Hungary, Canada, Mexico and the Transvall for the purpose of joining in the movement with the view to its promulgation in the dryer sections of those countries. So it is seen the movement has become world-wide in its scope and influence. We have before us the call and prospectus of the Fifth Annual Dry Farming Congress, which is to be held at Seattle, Washington, Oct. 3-6, 1910, and which promises to surpass any previously held in point of attendance and interest. As a further evidence of the real and growing interest in the movement, it is noted that a number of states have organized local Dry Farming Congresses which are to work in co-operation with the general Congress, among these being Kansas, where organization was effected on June 7-8 this year; Wyoming, organized at Cheyenne, July 20-21; S. Dakota, organized July 18; Colorado organized (we haven't the date and place at hand) and an organization was effected at Eagle Pass, Texas, two years ago and the second Congress held there in August this year.

These facts are mentioned to show those who have not given the matter any thought or study and who have a vague notion that the movement is but a small ripple created by a few visionary theorists and will soon vanish, that it is a real, tangible thing which has passed the theoretical stage. A fact which they would readily admit if they had but a tithe of the reports and evidences of actual achievements before them.

In conclusion, permit us to say that we do not entertain the least doubt but that a system can be brought into use in this part of Texas that will more than double its average yield and give our farmers reasonable assurance of fair crops every year. This conviction has impelled the Commercial Secretaries along the W. V. R'y to take up the proposition of organizing a Dry Farming Congress for Northwest Texas, which they have been trying for some weeks past to place before the farmers through the papers of this section.

Through cooperation with State Comr. of Agriculture Ed R. Kone a number of experienced and competent lecturers have been arranged for and the date for the meeting set for Oct. 19 and 20, at Haskell. The official call will be prepared and sent out for publication next week. The place of holding the next annual meeting will be fixed by a vote of the congress.

Some of the railroads have already promised a very low rate

Unto him that hath it shall be given
tear this out!

THIS IS A SCIENTIFIC FACT and simply MEANS THAT NOTHING SUCCEEDS LIKE SUCCESS! ALL BUSINESS SUCCESS BEGINS WITH MONEY IN THE BANK START NOW

The sooner you begin to save money the sooner you will have money. Begin banking your money and you will find more pleasure in saving than in spending.

Make OUR Bank YOUR Bank.

The Haskell National Bank,

Haskell, Texas.

for the Congress and it is believed that all of them will make low rates for it.

J. E. POOLE,

For the Committee of Secretaries.

SPENCER & GILLAM DRUGGISTS

School Supplies & Tablets
Agency, Nyal's Non-Secret Remedies.

HASKELL FREE-PRESS

OSCAR MARTIN, Publisher
HASKELL TEXAS
FARMING IN JAPAN.

Those who despise the power of the Japanese people should correct their estimates by a study of the agricultural prodigies of this most capable race, says New York American. In war the first victory rests with the commissary, and the last objective of all military operations is the command of the wheat fields—or the rice fields. Nations are strong not in proportion to their natural resources, but in proportion to their ability to make much of what they have. Now, Japan does its farming in a way that is, from a military point of view, simply formidable. It supports a population of 1,000,000 on an area of arable land that could be contained in a circle with a radius of 75 miles—considerably less than the distance from New York to Philadelphia. There are more farms that are called "worn out" in New England and the middle states than would equal the whole of the tillable surface of the Japanese islands. Our lands are "worn out," of course, merely because our scant skill and fickle patience are exhausted, and not because they do not contain under their hidebound sods the making of the food of millions. The teeming little farms of present day Japan were cropped a thousand years before the Pilgrims landed on the Plymouth sands.

DIFFICULTY OF INVASION.

Whenever war is discussed invasion is sure to be treated as a matter to be considered anxiously. Yet successful invasion has always been the exception, rather than the rule. England has had a fit of the shivers every few years for centuries at the thought of invasion, and yet it has actually been centuries since she has suffered from an invasion, says Manchester Union. In the last war with England there was a great deal of talk about invasion, both of this country and of Canada, yet nothing came of it all except the taking of York, now Toronto, by Pike, and the capture of Washington by Ross, neither of which had any permanent results or even any important influence on the course of the war. Now and then something is said in the newspapers and in military circles about the invasion of the United States by the army of some hostile nation. It is well enough to provide suitable coast defenses, for it would be disagreeable and expensive for some one of our seacoast towns to be leveled upon for a heavy tribute by a hostile fleet, but as to an invasion which would reach anywhere into the interior, it is not for a moment to be seriously entertained.

The latest public school development is the proposed establishment of classes at Montclair, N. J., for instruction in the prevention of tuberculosis. A census of the Montclair schools shows that there are about 85 pupils who are predisposed to tuberculosis, and to save these children and others the authorities propose to establish outdoor classes in each of the schools. It would be good policy to make instruction in warfare against tuberculosis general so that the pupils may guard themselves against infection, and avoid inclusion in the outdoor classes. The open air school is becoming quite general. New York has opened one and the school authorities of Chicago are preparing to do likewise.

A woman in New York obtained \$20,000 damages from a railroad company because she was so badly burned in a collision with her automobile that the scars preclude her from ever wearing décollete gowns. The famous decision is yet remembered of a New Jersey judge who decided that parents of children killed in an accident could not recover any but nominal damages, as the children had no money value. The vagaries of the law are certainly hard for the lay mind to understand.

Every now and then one hears of a "remarkably good counterfeit \$50 bill" in circulation. Remarkably good or remarkably bad, as you look at it, since the excellence of its imitation only increases its moral turpitude. But a large share of society is not afraid of being deceived by bad \$50 bills.

The country is getting almost as dry as the weather bureau.

A Newark man who admits he wants to get married, but dreads to propose, is probably about to experience the busiest time of his life.

Rome is preparing for its big exposition by raising rents. That may be one way to attract visitors, but it is hardly a good way.

Champagne is likely to be more expensive and great suffering is anticipated on Broadway.

NO CLOUDS IN SIGHT

COLONEL GEORGE HARVEY SAYS COUNTRY ALL RIGHT.

THE WRITER SEES NO CLOUD

Striking Article in North American Review That is Attracting Wide Attention.

The attention of business and professional men in all portions of the country has been attracted to a strikingly strong article by Col. George Harvey in the September issue of the North American Review in which the writer takes a view of the greatest hopefulness for the future of America and Americans. The article is entitled "A Plea for the Conservation of Common Sense," and it is meeting with the cordial approval of business men of all shades of political opinion throughout the entire country. In part, Colonel Harvey says: "Unquestionably a spirit of unrest dominates the land. But, if it be true that fundamentally the condition of the country is sound, must we necessarily succumb to despondency, abandon effort looking to retrieval and cringe like cravens before clouds that only threaten? Rather ought we not to analyze conditions, search for causes, find the root of the distress, which even now exists only in men's minds, and then, after the American fashion, apply such remedies as seem most likely to produce beneficent results?"

Capital and Labor Not Antagonistic.

"The Link that connects labor with capital is not broken but we may not deny that it is less cohesive than it should be or than conditions warrant. Financially, the country is stronger than ever before in its history. Recovery from a panic so severe as that of three years ago was never before so prompt and comparatively complete. The masses are practically free from debt. Money is held by the banks in abundance and rates are low.

"Why, then, does capital paure upon the threshold of investment? The answer, we believe, to be plain. It awaits adjustment of the relations of government to business. . . . The sole problem consists of determining how government can maintain an even balance between aggregations of interests, on the one hand, and the whole people, on the other, protecting the latter against extortion and saving the former from mad assaults.

Conserve Common Sense.

"Is not the present, as we have seen, exceptionally secure? What, then, of preparations for the future? Patriotism is the basis of our institutions. And patriotism in the minds of our youth is no longer linked solely with fireworks and deeds of daring. It is taught in our schools. A new course has been added—a course in loyalty. Methodically, our children learn how to vote, how to conduct primaries, conventions and elections, how to discriminate between qualifications of candidates and, finally, how to govern as well as serve. They are taught to despise bribery and all forms of corruption and fraud as treason. Their creed, which they are made to know by heart, is not complex. It is simple, but comprehensive, no less beautiful in diction than lofty in aspiration. These are the pledges which are graven upon their memories:

"As it is cowardly for a soldier to run away from battle, so it is cowardly for any citizen not to contribute his share to the well-being of his country. America is my own dear land; she nourishes me, and I will love her and do my duty to her, whose child, servant and civil soldier I am.

"As the health and happiness of my body depend upon each muscle and nerve and drop of blood doing its work in its place, so the health and happiness of my country depend upon each citizen doing his work in his place.

"These young citizens are our hostages to fortune. Can we not safely assume that the principles animating their lives augur well for the permanency of the Republic? When before have the foundation stones of continuance been laid with such care and promise of durability?"

"The future, then, is bright. And the present? But one thing is needful. No present movement is more laudable than that which looks to conservation of natural resources. But let us never forget that the greatest inherent resource of the American people is Common Sense. Let that be conserved and applied without cessation, and soon it will be found that all the ills of which we complain but know not of are only such as attend upon the growing pains of a great and blessed country.

He Knows the Game.

According to the Metropolitan Magazine, Fire Chief John Conway of Jersey City, has solved the baseball excess question by the posting of the following printed notice on his desk at fire headquarters:

"All requests for leave of absence owing to grandmothers' funerals, lame back, house cleaning, moving, sore throat, headache, brainstorm, cousins' wedding, general indisposition, etc., must be handed to the chief not later than ten o'clock on the morning of the game."

FUTURE GREATS—FIRST BASCMAN



(Copyright, 1916.)

MR. TAFT WOULD FORTIFY BIG CANAL

RECOMMENDS BUILDING TWO BATTLESHIPS EACH YEAR FOR THE PRESENT.

WILL ASK FOR \$2,000,000

The Cabinet Will Begin a Series of Daily Meetings On Monday, September 26.

Beverly, Massachusetts: Before leaving for Boston by automobile to take the midnight train for New Haven and Cincinnati, President Taft announced that his message to Congress in December he will recommend the appropriation of \$2,000,000 to begin the work of fortifying the Panama Canal. He has always favored the protection of the canal with great guns and he thinks the time has arrived to begin the work.

The President also will recommend to Congress that provision be made for two new battleships of the Dreadnought type. He does not believe that the economy plans should preclude the construction of at least two battleships a year until such time as the canal will have the effect of doubling the efficiency of the navy, and that after it is in operation the building of new battleships can be cut down to one a year.

The President will reach Washington next Sunday, the 25th. The Cabinet will begin a series of daily meetings on Monday morning, the 26th. It is expected the Cabinet will meet every day while Mr. Taft is in Washington. Most of the members of the Cabinet will be the President's guests at the White House, and informal meetings will be continuous. Secretary Ballinger, it is said, will attend all meetings. So far as Beverly is informed, the Ballinger-Pinchot case will not be taken up.

Economy of the Administration in all parts will be one of the subjects. Estimates for the coming fiscal year also will be considered at great length. The President's Supreme Court appointments will be discussed, although the President has announced he will not make these appointments until after Congress is in session.

POSTAL BANK PLANS FINISHED

Plans Will Be Placed Before Postmaster General in Near Future.

Washington: The postal savings bank system may actually be in operation by the latter part of October, next, according to Theodore Weed of the board of trustees. Mr. Weed said that the board had finished its work of preparing plans for the system and that these plans will be placed before the Postmaster General when that official arrives here next week to attend the meeting of the President's cabinet.

In each of the forty-seven States one representative town has been chosen in which to establish a post-office depository. The plan is to extend the system as rapidly as possible to other postoffices.

The postal authorities have no jurisdiction in the selection of banks as depositories for postal savings funds, the law providing that all banks applying and meeting the requirements fixed by law are eligible. The total deposits therefore, will be prorated among the banks which are eligible.

Patten's Seat Costly.

New York: The purchase of James A. Patten's Stock Exchange seat proved a losing investment for Harry L. Terry. Terry bought the seat on August 18 for \$70,000, the deal being completed through the agency of the wireless telegraph, as Mr. Patten was then on the ocean. Terry has now sold it for \$66,000 to W. W. Pell, a curb broker, so that the investment stands him a loss of \$4,000, counting a \$2,000 transfer tax, which the seller has to pay. Terry's reason for selling the seat so soon after its purchase was not given.

ZEPPELIN BALLOON DESTROYED

German Inventor's Latest Airship Construction Destroyed in a Few Minutes.

Badenbaden: The latest type of Count Zeppelin's inventive genius met with disaster when the dirigible balloon Zeppelin VI. took fire after an explosion while being warped into her shed. A score or more of men were trying to hoist the airship when a benzine tank in the rear gondola exploded, setting fire to an adjacent gas compartment. The explosion of this compartment was followed by the explosion of the sixteen others. There was a gush of flames, developing intense heat, and the whole structure was destroyed in a few minutes. Nothing remained of Count Zeppelin's latest model except a tangled mass of aluminum frames. Several workmen were burned, but none fatally.

The ignition of the benzine occurred while workmen were cleaning the machinery, during which time the benzine holders were open. The cause of the ignition has not been ascertained.

FISHERIES QUESTION SETTLED

United States Wins Five Points—Point Won by England is Important.

The Hague: The United States wins on five points out of the seven points submitted to the international court of arbitration in the Newfoundland fisheries dispute with Great Britain. Great Britain won points one and five. A decision has been handed down.

Point 5, decided in favor of Great Britain, has been held by Englishmen as the most important of those submitted. The fifth point was stated in form of this question:

From where must be measured three marine miles from any coast, bay, creek or harbor referred to in Art. I, of American-British treaty of 1818?

United States fishermen claimed the right to measure from any part of British North American shore and therefore the liberty to fish in the middle of any Canadian bay or estuary having a radius of more than three miles.

The British contention was that the limit should be measured from an imaginary line connecting the headlands. The peace court sustained the British contention.

Farmer Finds Valuable Coppers.

Newark, N. J.: Charles M. Webb a farmer of Mount Freedom, near here, is \$500 richer as the result of a few hours' plovling which he did last week. While turning over the ground he came upon four remarkable old copper pennies. Two pieces were dated 1737. One of these has a horse's head and plow on one side; the second has a shield on one side and "Nova Caesarea" on the other. Another of Mr. Webb's finds is a large copper cent of 1848, United States mintage. The fourth is an English copper piece of 1776. The four coins are appraised by dealers at an average of \$200 a piece.

Odd Fellows in Atlanta.

Atlanta, Ga.: This city is in gala attire with flags and bunting in honor of the visiting delegates attending the eighty-sixth annual meeting of the sovereign grand lodge of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, which opened in the Hall of Representatives, in the State Capitol, Monday. The program begins with an address of welcome on the part of the State by Gov. Jos. M. Brown, and Mayor Robert F. Maddox on the part of the city. The Georgia Odd Fellows will welcome their brothers through Robert T. Danzel.

Texas Industrial Congress.

Dallas: R. J. Kleberg, of Kingville, president of the Texas Industrial Congress, has issued the following address to the people of Texas urging their interest in and attendance upon the next convention. "The Texas Industrial Congress urgently requests that every broad-gauged patriotic citizen of Texas who can possibly do so, attend its next session, which will be held at Houston commencing Nov. 15, and at which matters of vital and far-reaching and general importance will be considered."

BANKERS DECLINE BRITISH PLAN

Cable Dispatch Received in Which Foreign Bankers Re-affirm Their Determination.

New York City: After considering the refusal of European bankers to accept the validation plan on bills of lading covering shipments of cotton for export, the subcommittee of the American Bankers' Association considered a reply to the London bankers Thursday, reiterating their refusal to afford the cast-iron guarantee desired.

The cable dispatch received on Wednesday from the secretary of the London meeting in which the foreign bankers had reaffirmed their determination to refuse to honor bills after Oct. 31, unless guaranteed by the American banks, was the subject of brief discussion, as the American bankers had determined not to recede, so the meeting was chiefly concerned in the wording of the reply. It was as follows:

"As there is still a month and a half before the refusal to honor American bills goes into effect on the other side, American bankers are not without hope that an amicable and satisfactory solution may be reached. "We deeply regret your decision and can not but feel that it was reached through misapprehension. We have accomplished much in securing the business on a safe basis. Further consideration of bankers' guarantee is absolutely out of the question, being incompatible with correct banking principles.

"This is final. Situation could not be changed by our committee going to London, but of course we would welcome your deputation to New York, where all data and information are obtainable and where, railway and cotton people also could be heard. We are confident this would lead to a better understanding with mutually satisfactory results."

From private advices to banks it is learned that some of the London bankers are not averse to accepting bills of lading to which validating certificates have been attached, and that the action in the meeting in London Wednesday was far from unanimous.

Among the houses mentioned as considering the railroads' acceptance of liability sufficient are Brown, Shipley & Co., Kleinwort Sons & Co. Other institutions are considering application made by Lloyds of London to insure receipt of cotton for which the bills of lading call. This insurance plan was first proposed to surety companies on this side, but their rates have been prohibitive. Lloyds' rate, it is understood, is far more moderate.

Also present at the meeting Thursday were John E. Gardin, vice president and manager of the foreign department of the National City Bank, and Max May, vice president of the Guaranty Trust Company.

That the American bankers feel that their position is strong, and more tenable than that of the European bankers has frequently been made evident during the negotiations this summer. That New York is the logical place for an international conference has been reiterated upon the ground that the problem is one which originated in the United States and that its elements can be best investigated by the foreign financiers on this side.

MEXICO'S GREAT CELEBRATION

Centennial Celebration of Call to Arms for Independence Now In Progress.

City of Mexico: The centennial celebration which has been in progress in the City of Mexico for the past few weeks reached its height on Sept. 16. It was on that date in 1810 that the patriot priest, Padre Hidalgo, began the revolution which resulted in the overthrow of the Spanish power in Mexico. During 1809 the revolutionary spirit was rife in Mexico. Many attempts to perfect an organization that might contend with the Spanish power were made, but they uniformly ended by the execution of all leaders in the plots.

Hidalgo was one of the leaders of an undiscovered plot and it was intended, as in other cases, to perfect organization before striking the first blow. Word came to Hidalgo that the plot had been discovered and the troops were even then on the way to arrest him, together with Allende, Aldama and other patriots.

Accidentally Kills Brother.

Gainesville: Late Saturday afternoon G. W. Burch, a prominent farmer living ten miles southeast of here, took his shotgun and went to the field to shoot some crows and was accompanied by his two sons, 4 and 13 years of age. After killing a crow Mr. Burch handed the gun to the older son and started the two boys back to the house. They had only gone a short distance when the gun was accidentally discharged and the heavy load of shot tore away the greater part of the 4-year-old child's head, killing it instantly.

Coal Contracts Ratified.

Kansas City: The long-drawn-out controversy between the United Mine Workers and the operators' association, including Missouri, Kansas, Oklahoma and Arkansas, was brought to a close by a joint ratification of the new contract and the 25,000 men affected will return to work Tuesday morning. Of the 35,000 miners originally affected, 10,000 have already returned to work under independent contracts negotiated by the miners' association. The effect is a compromise contract satisfactory to both.

GALVESTON TO FINANCE TEXAS COTTON CROP

FARMERS MAY BORROW \$40 TO \$60 PER BALE FROM GALVESTON AT 6 PER CENT.

"HOLD COTTON" IS THE WORD

The Growers of Texas Will Be Enabled to Hold Their Crop for at Least 15 Cents.

Galveston, Sept. 20: The cotton crop of Texas and Oklahoma can be financed in Galveston, according to a statement of E. F. Shropshire, central selling agent and secretary of the Farmers' Union Warehouse Co-operative Association of Texas. "Arrangements have been completed," said Mr. Shropshire in his office in the Moody Building, at the corner of Twenty-second street and Strand, "whereby there are several firms in Galveston who have agreed to loan between \$40 and \$50 per bale, at interest of 6 per cent, to the members of the association. This is the amount that they are willing to loan, and it is the amount at which a bale of cotton was sold between three or four years ago. This arrangement is not made with the idea of taking the business out of the hands of the upstate banker, but the cotton grower who has no warehouse in his vicinity, in which to store his product, and the grower whose local bank is unable to finance the crop he has raised, can consign their cotton to us here, or can, if they find a place to warehouse it, put it there, and then raise the amount I have named upon it. This will enable the growers of Texas to hold their cotton for a least 15c, which, to my mind, is still a low estimate of the figure cotton will reach before this season is closed. There is no reason, under this new arrangement, why a man should sell his cotton at the price at present offered. It is the dumping of cotton upon the market by the grower that causes the price to go down, and we are trying to have the growers hold their product. If they do they will control the situation. The association has made arrangements with the firms of Moody & Co., Kemper & Co., Beadles & Co., Currie, Landers & Co. and arrangements are now pending with John D. Rogers Co., all of Galveston, to loan, as I said, from \$40 to \$50 per bale at 6 per cent, and with this offer open there is no reason for a man to sell until he had practically obtained his own price.

"The watchword, if one is to be adopted, should be 'Hold your cotton.' The holding movement is the key to higher prices. That cotton is worth 15c as a basis, in the interior today, under existing conditions, nobody well versed in the cotton trade can deny, or will dispute unless speaking from a selfish or prejudiced standpoint. We have entered a new cotton year with a carry-over something like 2,000,000 bales short of that of last year, following one of the shortest crops in years, and with a crop to market, according to the most optimistic bear, of not exceeding 12,000,000 bales. The stock of dry goods is short upon the hands of the spinners, and upon the shelves of the wholesalers and jobbers.

"The fault that cotton is not bringing 15c today lies with the farmers of Texas. During the drought that has been almost State-wide, the crop has opened prematurely, and this fact, coupled with the additional fact that the weather has been of the finest possible variety in which to gather crops, up to the past few days, has created the situation that many of the farmers have been 'playing the dumper'—that is, dumping their cotton upon the market at what prices they could get. Thereby the grower has been selling the market down, which is the very thing that the bears expected him to do—were, in fact, betting he would do."

NEW TEXAS STEAMSHIP LINE

Plans On Foot for an Independent Line From New York to Galveston.

New York: As a result of the practical combination so far as competition is concerned of the Mallory, Morgan and Texas City Steamship Lines, there is a practical certainty of a new free lance line being established, backed by the capital of some heavy shippers in Texas as well as in the East, and sailings will be announced between New York and Galveston within a week or two. There is also a report that the Baltimore Line, since the Mallory and Morgan Lines went out of their way to haul their canned goods business for practically nothing, will retaliate by entering the New York field and doing a little undermining on its own hook.

Bill of Lading Hearing.

Austin: The Railroad Commission has given notice of hearing Sept. 29 to consider the issuance of regulations regarding bills of lading as provided for in the bill of lading act of the fourth called session of the Legislature. The notice of hearing sets no standard for consideration, but merely invites all railroad men, bankers, cotton men and others interested in the validation and guaranty of cotton bills of lading to be present at the hearing, that all sides of the case may be presented.

GIVEN UP TO DIE.

Doan's Kidney Pills Effect Marvellous Recovery.

Mrs. M. A. Jinkins, Quinab, Texas, says: "I was bloated almost twice natural size. I had the best physicians but they all failed to help me. For five weeks I was as helpless as a baby. My back throbbled as if it would break and the kidney secretions were in terrible condition. The doctors held out no hope and I was resigned to my fate. At this critical time, I began using Doan's Kidney Pills and soon felt relief. I continued and was cured."

Remember the name—Doan's. For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

AN UP AND DOWN ARGUMENT.



Sam—I want yo' toe understand dat Ise no common nigger, Ise had a good bringin' up, I has. Pete—Dat's all right, but ef yo' fools wid me, man, yo'll hab a good frowin' down, too.

Public Want Ads.

Wanted—Several nice old gentlemen to represent us financially. Nothing to do but utter wise remarks and indorse dividend checks. Good wages, from fifty to one hundred millions a year.

Wanted—A financier who will guarantee to keep us supplied with half-colleges and half-libraries while we supply the other halves. No experience required. Good take-off.

Wanted—At once. A large number of stockholders to take charge of our food supply and keep us from eating too much. No regular hours. Palm Beach in winter. Adirondacks in summer.

Wanted—A few select persons to represent us socially and do the things we haven't time for. No brains needed. All expenses paid. No worry—Success.

A Handicapped Official.

"You let some of the swiftest auto scorches get by without a word?" "I know it," replied the village constable. "My glasses don't suit my eyes like they used to, and I can't do anything with an auto that ain't goin' slow enough for me to read the number."

Some men need to be called down about twice a day.

ASSIST YOUR WEAK STOMACH

Often times the stomach needs some assistance in its great work of digestion and assimilation and an occasional dose of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters will give that assistance better than anything else you might take. Its merit has been proven thousands of times in cases of Poor Appetite, Headache, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Costiveness and Malarial Disorders. Be persuaded to try a bottle today. Refuse substitutes.

Texas Directory THE KEELEY INSTITUTE

Bellevue Place, Dallas, Texas

Cure Whiskey, Drug and Tobacco habits. Only place in Texas using Keeley Remedies. 4,000 cures in Texas. Write for literature.

Edison-Edison-Edison

Ten Amber Records for \$1.00 if you buy attachment to play them. Six Amber Records free—FREE if you sell an EDISON for us.

EDISON PHONOGRAPH CO. JOBBERS. HOUSTON, TEXAS

HED-LYTE

The new liquid headache and neuralgia medicine. Safe, Pleasant and Effective. 10c, 50c and \$1.00 bottles at all Drug Stores. Manufactured by THE HED-LYTE COMPANY, DALLAS, TEXAS

STATE PRISONS ARE NOW SELF-SUSTAINING

A. M. BARTON, FINANCIAL AGENT OF THE PENITENTIARY, MAKES STATEMENT.

NO ASSISTANCE IS NEEDED

Under Present System Unnecessary for Legislature to Make Any Appropriation.

Austin, Texas: The present financial agent advises the Controller, in response to a letter from the latter official, that the State penitentiaries are more than self-sustaining under the present system, but that he is unable to make any estimate of revenue needed under the new law. The Controller has requested all department heads to submit an estimate of the appropriations needed for the next two appropriation years, commencing Sept. 1, 1911. A. M. Barton, financial agent of the penitentiaries, replied as follows:

"Under the present system it will be unnecessary for the Legislature to make any appropriation whatever for the maintenance of the penitentiaries. I understand, however, that the new penitentiary bill contemplates some additional improvements and expenditures. As this law does not take effect until Jan. 20 no attempt will be made at the present time to estimate the appropriations necessary and I do not believe you can include in your report such suggestion as will be of much value to the Legislature in this connection. Under the present system the penitentiaries are more than self-sustaining."

The Southwestern Insane Asylum asks for a total of \$271,090 and \$191,590, respectively, for the two years as against \$272,420 and \$158,320 for the current two years. Of the former amount appropriated the Governor vetoed \$35,000. In the recommendations of Superintendent Nichols the salaries of the three assistant physicians are raised from \$1,250 to \$1,500 per annum with an allowance of \$250 for provisions, also for housing, water, fuel and lights. There is little change in the salaries of the under employes, but the number is increased, due to the increased number of patients in the asylum. More cooks are asked for, also sixty-five attendants, instead of fifty. The maintenance is increased from \$72,000 to \$105,000 per annum and dry goods and clothing item from \$12,000 to \$17,000. Some substantial improvements are requested, such as \$15,000 for the erection and equipment of an east wing to the hospital with connecting passages; \$45,000 for the erection and equipment of a new male hospital with connecting passages; \$8,000 for galleries and wire guards on certain buildings; \$8,000 to move and rebuild barns; \$1,000 for a bowling alley and \$1,000 for a cottage for outside employes.

The State Treasurer asks for \$13,430 each year, which is the same as the current two years, except that it cuts out one clerkship which has paid \$1,200 per annum.

The Railroad Commission submitted its estimate and the figures are the same as the current appropriations, totaling \$38,180 each year. It may finally ask the Legislature for a special appropriation to pay for the services of experts to investigate the books of railroad companies with a view of determining whether or not the companies are charging too much to Texas operating expenses. Operating expenses have increased to a very large extent and the commission has desired to make an investigation of the railroad records. It may also look into the ownership of equipment to see if the Texas roads are now charged for locomotives and cars used on the same system outside of the State.

POTTER COUNTY ELECTION VOID

Comptroller Declines to Issue Saloon Permits for City of Amarillo.

Austin: Comptroller Stephens not only declined to issue retail liquor license permits for Amarillo, but in effect held that the local option election held in Potter County, August 27, 1910, and carried by the anti by sixty-one votes was void. He based his ruling upon an opinion by the Attorney General to the effect that no local option election could be ordered in Potter County until the result of the election held Dec. 3, 1907, had been finally thrashed out in the courts. It seems that the election of Dec. 3, 1907, which has been declared null and void by the District Court and the Court of Civil Appeals is still pending in the Court of Civil Appeals on motion for rehearing.

Cotton Belt for Comanche.

Comanche: The railroad contract between the Cotton Belt and the citizens of Comanche County has been formally closed. The contract calls for an extension of the Cotton Belt from Hamilton to Comanche, Tex., a contract having already been entered into calling for an extension from Gatesville to Hamilton, on which much grading has already been done. The railroad has executed an indemnity bond in the sum of \$50,000 guaranteeing the due execution of its contract.

Many Ride Free in Texas.

Austin: The mere fact that Texas has an anti-pass law does not prevent some people from riding upon passes in Texas, for the annual reports from the railroads on the number of passes issued by them show that thousands of passes upon which people travel millions of miles in Texas are issued every year by the railroad. Of course, the passes are distributed among those to whom passes are allowed by law, but at the same time thousands are issued and used.

NEW PENITENTIARY BILL SIGNED

Will Go into Effect Jan. 20, 1911, and Not 90 Days After Adjournment.

Austin: The penitentiary reform bill has been signed and approved by Gov. Campbell. It will go into effect Jan. 20, 1911, and not ninety days after adjournment, as some have thought that it might do, for Gov. Campbell will make no effort to appoint the Commissioners, but will follow out the legislative intent that it shall go into effect Jan. 20, 1911.

Saturday his official signature was affixed to the bill and it was sent to the Secretary of State's office to be published along with other acts of the third and fourth called sessions of the Thirty-First Legislature. He used two gold pens to sign the measure with. The first of these he gave to the San Antonio Express correspondent to be sent to the office of the paper. The other will be sent to Representative Clarence Gilmore of Willis Point, chairman of the Penitentiary Investigation Committee of the Thirty-First Legislature, and in earnest worker in behalf of better conditions in the Texas prisons.

The penitentiary bill, which has been in the Attorney General's office for several days, was returned to the Governor Sat. Chairman W. H. Gill of the present Penitentiary Board, was here and read the bill during the morning. In the afternoon the measure was signed. However, it was stated that Chairman Gill had not come to Austin upon penitentiary business.

Attorney General Lightfoot furnished the Governor with no formal opinion upon the penitentiary bill. It seems that he was not asked to pass upon the question as to the time that the bill goes into effect.

Gov. Campbell decided himself that it should go into effect Jan. 20, 1911, as desired by the Legislature and asked for no opinion upon this point, according to his statement.

DALLAS' POPULATION IS 92,104

With Unannexed Suburbs, Dallas' Population is 102,313—Gain in 10 Years 116 Per Cent.

Washington: The population of Dallas is 92,104, a gain of 49,466, or 116 per cent. By these figures Dallas outstrips all competitors, and, according to all indications, will take its place as the largest city in Texas, and the fifth, or possibly the forty-eighth, largest city in the United States. The result of the 1910 census for Dallas was announced by William C. Hunt, chief statistician for population, in the following statement to Director Durand of the Census Bureau: "I have the honor to report that, according to the official count of the returns of the thirteenth census, the population of the city of Dallas, Texas, is 92,104, as compared with 42,638 in 1900 and 33,057 in 1890. The increase from 1900 to 1910, therefore, is 49,466, or 116 per cent as compared with an increase for the preceding decade of 4,571, or 12 per cent." This showing puts Dallas in the class of such cities as Camden, N. J., and Reading, Pa., and Wilmington, Del., its nearest competitor, which has a population of 87,411. Next below Wilmington is Yonkers, N. Y., with 79,803, and then comes Houston, Tex., with 78,800.

Dallas does not begin to figure in the census reports until 1880, when she was credited with a population of 38,087, a gain of 27,709, or 267.5 per cent.

TRANS-MISSISSIPPI CONGRESS

Called to Meet in San Antonio for Two Days' Session, November 22.

Kansas City: The call for the twenty-first annual session of the Trans-Mississippi Commercial Congress, to be held in San Antonio, Tex., Nov. 22-25, has been issued. Many National questions of importance will be discussed by prominent men of the country.

The delegates to this congress are appointed as follows: Twenty by the Governor of each State, the Mayors of each city may appoint one delegate, and one additional delegate for each 5,000 persons, but not to exceed ten; all organizations of business men one delegate, and one additional for each fifty members with a maximum of ten; each county one delegate. Besides this, all Governors, Senators and Representatives are ex-officio members of the congress.

Formal addresses on the Pan-American feature of the program will be made by Secretary of State Knox, by John Barrett, director of the Pan-American Bureau, by William J. Bryan and by Arnold Shanklin, Consul General to Mexico. The congress will consider drainage and irrigation, conservation of National resources, waterway improvement and trade with Latin America.

Farmers' Educational and Co-Operative Union of America

Matters of Especial Moment to the Progressive Agriculturist

A full pocketbook makes a sleepy conscience. To a brave hearted man his farm is his country. A drop in the bucket is worth a whole half pint in the whisky barrel. This fall will witness the long needed and general conservation of the straw stack. A hen as a bird is a poor singer, but nobody objects to the practice she indulges in.

All is not gold that glitters, but a good many people take comfort in thinking so. The conservationists who forget to conserve men miss the prime end of all conservation. A thick coat of manure on the corn land means warm coats for mother and the girls next winter.

If you fool with every agent that comes along some agent is sure to come along who will fool you. Some men are sure they were meant for a better world because they have made such a mess of this one. Just as soon as a man is as old as he wanted to be he is sure to begin wishing he were younger than he is.

A merry heart doeth good like a medicine. Cultivate the habit of cheerfulness. It is contagious and should be cultivated. It is good business to get a good thing for the least possible money, and there isn't any secret in how to go about it.

The farm workman who is always afraid he will do more than he is paid for, is not going about it in the right way to get mere pay. Most of us like to say mean things about rich men, but very few there are who would refuse to change places with them, if we had the chance.

Nine times out of ten, bad luck is nothing less than shiftlessness. There are a great many more fools in the world than wise men, but the latter manage to control things pretty much their own way.

PROGRESS MADE IN DAIRYING

Probably Greatest Advance Achieved in Co-operative Enterprises in That Industry.

Probably the greatest advance in co-operative enterprises among American farmers, with the possible exception of fruit growers, is found in the methods practiced by dairymen, says Orange Judd Farmer. The growth of co-operative creameries throughout the middle west, especially during the past 12 or 15 years, has been very extensive. This movement began with the establishment of separating stations for receiving whole milk from farmers at the time of the introduction of separators of large capacity. Sometimes these plants were owned by farmers' associations and operated upon the co-operative plan. Sometimes they were owned by large creamery concerns, who received the milk from the farmers, separated it and paid each patron according to the amount of butterfat actually received. Sometimes this cream was sold in bulk to the big creamery concerns, while in other plants it was churned and the butter marketed direct.

The most complete co-operation is found in those plants where the entire operations are carried on by the farmers themselves, but there are certain elements of co-operation in all of them. For instance, a number of farmers could club together for the delivery of milk to the separating station and the return of skimmed milk to the farms, thus reducing the expense and labor for all concerned. These receiving stations for whole milk have been displaced in nearly every instance by cream receiving stations.

This has been brought about by the extensive introduction of hand separators, so that the actual work of separation is done by each farmer for himself and only the cream disposed of. In many sections this cream is received by local creameries, owned either individually or by farmers' associations, is churned and the butter marketed direct from there. In this case there are large amounts of buttermilk to be disposed of as a by-product. If this is apportioned among the farmers, according to the amount of cream received, the amount given each is too small to be of any value. So it is customary to have the creameries dispose of the entire output of buttermilk for a year in advance to some individual farmer or group of farmers, according to the highest bidder, and a return of from 25 to 50 cents per barrel may thus be obtained by the creamery for a by-product.

Cottonseed Hulls for Cattle.

For long or short fattening periods experiments at the Texas station seem to clearly indicate that when cottonseed hulls cost three to four dollars per ton and cottonseed meal \$12 to \$18, it seemed most profitable to feed cattle five or six pounds to every pound of meal. When less than two and one-half pounds of hulls are fed to one pound of meal, the appetite is disturbed and indigestion produced.

MARKETING OF COTTON CROP

Committee Appointed by Texas Cotton Growers' Association Makes Practical Suggestions.

At the recent meeting of the Farmers' congress at College Station, a committee was appointed by the Texas Cotton Growers' association was appointed to study and make recommendations as to what was best to be done relative to the crop this year. Says Co-Operator. This committee met in Dallas and discussed cotton growing, ginning, hauling, baling and marketing, and with the view that there might be system and co-operation in marketing issued under their signatures the following recommendations to the public:

To the Cotton Planters of Texas and the Entire South: We, your committee on best methods of handling and marketing the cotton crop, beg now to recommend:

1. That with the present prospects of a short crop, no cotton be sold at less than 15 cents per pound, middling basis, interior common points, and that the same be marketed at a rate of not more than ten per cent. per month. 2. That we urge upon all the great importance of diversifications as the greatest factor that will enable the planter to control his cotton by living at home, and to that end we urge the planters to avail themselves of the education advantages of all demonstration work carried on by the government.

3. That we indorse the idea of making cotton grading a part of our public school curriculum, more especially in the rural districts, and appeal to our state legislature to make provision therefor.

4. We urge the proper warehousing and care of cotton, to the end that it will become a safe and ready collateral and urge the hearty co-operation of bankers and financiers in assisting the planter to hold his cotton when so desired, by making liberal advances on same.

5. We deplore the slovenly manner in which the present square bale, as a rule, is prepared and sent to market, and the gross extravagance in and careless handling of same from the gin to the mill or the ship's side. 6. We finally urge the planters to cover their cotton entirely with heavy bagging and keep same under shelter, either on the farm at the gin or in the cotton yard, in order to prevent country damage, waste, etc.

We realize the consummation of the above suggestions to a large extent depends upon the widest publicity and we therefore request the press of the south at large to give space to same, and to our bankers, merchants, business men generally and brother farmers to give us their ablest counsel and co-operation in the common cause of educating and upbuilding the agricultural classes, the bulwark of our national prosperity. Respectfully submitted,

W. B. YEARY, Pres., H. O. BOATWRIGHT, J. TOM PADGITT, MRS. J. T. PADGITT, N. T. BLACKWELL.

W. B. Yearly of Farmersville is a member of the Farmers' union and is a large cultivator of cotton and other farm products, and his advice, being in line with common sense and good judgment, is well worth heeding.

TOO LAZY TO GROW COTTON

Attempt of British Government to Make Egypt Rival of Southern States Proves Failure.

The British government has failed in its attempt to make Egypt a rival of our south in cotton growing. A few years ago considerable uneasiness was felt in this country lest the British would be able to develop the industry along the Nile to the extent that it would hurt our cotton growing. But after spending millions of dollars irrigating areas and in experimental work the crop last year was smaller than the year before.

Laziness on the part of the natives is the principal cause. They will not work but prefer to steal or beg for a living. One enterprising planter took over a large number of our southern negroes in the hope that they would make ideal laborers on his cotton plantations but in a year or two they got as lazy as the natives and also refused to work.

In that country a strip of cotton is all that a man needs in the way of clothing and as all he has to do to secure his food is to steal a few bananas every day work seems to him a useless effort.

The British government is very much discouraged over the experiment so far and it looks as though the future is not likely to hold any further terrors for our American growers unless some mechanical cotton picker and adopts plows and cultivators that will run under their own power.

Profitable Farming.

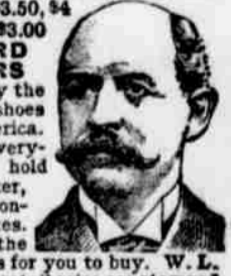
The man that grows on the farm all that he consumes on it saves a double transportation—the hauling home of what he buys and the hauling to market of what he sells to pay for it, says Rural Home. These two items of cost help very materially to make up the difference between profit and unprofitable farming.

MUNYON'S PAW-PAW LIVER PILLS

I want any person who suffers with biliousness, constipation, indigestion or any liver or blood ailment, to try my Paw-Paw Liver Pills. I guarantee they will purify the blood and put the liver and stomach into a healthy condition and will positively cure biliousness and constipation, or I will refund your money. —Munyon's Homeopathic Home Remedy Co., 53rd and Jefferson Sts., Phila., Pa.

W. L. DOUGLAS HAND-SEWED SHOES

THE STANDARD FOR 30 YEARS They are absolutely the most popular and best shoes for the price in America. They are the leaders everywhere because they hold their shape, fit better, look better and wear longer than other makes. They are positively the most economical shoes for you to buy. W. L. Douglas name and the retail price are stamped on the bottom—value guaranteed. TAKE NO SUBSTITUTES! If your dealer cannot supply you write for Mail Order Catalog. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.



PREVENTION

better than cure. Tutt's Pills if taken in time not only cure, but will prevent.

SICK HEADACHE, Biliousness, constipation and kindred diseases.

Tutt's Pills

TRY MURINE EYE REMEDY

For Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and GRANULATED EYELIDS. Murine Does't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain. Druggists Sell Murine Eye Remedy, Liquid, 25c, 50c, \$1.00. Murine Eye Salve, in Asseptic Tubes, 25c, \$1.00. EYE BOOKS AND ADVICE FREE BY MAIL. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

WARNING THAT WAS FAMILIAR

Grocer Man Used Formula That Made Little Harry Long to Be Far Away.

Mrs. Jones' favorite warning to her young progeny when they were in mischief was that she would tend to them in a minute. "Tending" was accomplished by applying the open hand where it would do most good. When Harry was four years old he was sent for the first time round the corner to the grocery. In a few minutes he came trotting soberly back with the nickel still in his hand, but no bag of onions. "What's the matter?" asked his mother. "I'm 'fraid of the man," he said, solemnly.

"Oh, he won't hurt you," reassured Mrs. Jones. "Run along and bring the onions. I'm in a hurry for them."

A second time Harry disappeared round the corner, and a second time returned without his purchases. "I'm 'fraid of the grocer man," he explained, as before.

"Well, what makes you afraid of him?" demanded his mother, impatiently.

"Why," answered the little fellow, "befe times when I goed in, he looked at me, an' said, 'I'll tend to you in a minute.'"—Youth's Companion.

World's Largest Cemetery.

At Rookwood, Australia, is the largest cemetery in the world. It covers 2,000 acres. Only a plot of 200 acres has been used thus far, in which 100,000 persons of all nationalities have been buried.

The sand is flowing out of the glass, day and night, night and day; shake it not. You have a work here.—General Gordon.

PUZZLED

Hard Work, Sometimes, to Raise Children.

Children's taste is oftentimes more accurate, in selecting the right kind of food to fit the body, than that of adults. Nature works more accurately through the children.

A Brooklyn lady says: "Our little boy had long been troubled with weak digestion. We could never persuade him to take more than one taste of any kind of cereal food. He was a weak little chap and we were puzzled to know what to feed him on."

"One lucky day we tried Grape-Nuts. Well, you never saw a child eat with such a relish, and it did me good to see him. From that day on it seemed as though we could almost see him grow. He would eat Grape-Nuts for breakfast and supper, and I think he would have liked the food for dinner."

"The difference in his appearance is something wonderful."

"My husband had never fancied cereal foods of any kind, but he became very fond of Grape-Nuts and has become much improved in health since using it."

"We are now a healthy family, and naturally believe in Grape-Nuts."

"A friend has two children who were formerly afflicted with rickets. I was satisfied that the disease was caused by lack of proper nourishment. She showed it. So I urged her to use Grape-Nuts as an experiment and the result was almost magical."

"They continued the food and today both children are well and strong as any children in this city, and of course, my friend is a firm believer in Grape-Nuts for she has the evidence before her eyes every day."

Read "The Road to Wellville," found in pkgs. "There's a Reason." Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

THE HASKELL FREE PRESS

OSCAR MARTIN, Ed. & Pub.
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as Second Class Mail Matter

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One Year \$1.00 Six Months .50c.
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Display advertisements
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Local notes, 5c per line.
Locals in black face type
10 cents per line
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5 cents per line
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No. 6 Due at10:09 p. m.
WEST BOUND
No. 1 Due at6:50 p. m.
No. 5 Due at5:17 a. m.

ANNOUNCEMENT COLUMN.

Democratic Nominees.

For Representative,
R. B. HUMPHREY,
For District Judge, 39th Judicial
District,
JNO. B. THOMAS
For District Attorney, 39th Judicial
District,
JAS. P. STINSON
For County Judge
A. J. SMITH
For Supt. Public Schools
T. C. WILLIAMS
For County Attorney
BRUCE W. BRYANT
For County Clerk
J. W. MEADORS
For District Clerk
GUY O. STREET
For Sheriff
W. D. FAULKNER
For Tax Collector
J. E. WALLING
For Tax Assessor
J. W. TARBETT
For County Treasurer
EMORY MENEFFEE
For Commissioner, Pre. No. 1
R. C. WHITMIRE
For Justice of Peace, Pre. No. 1
J. S. POST
For Constable Pre. No. 1,
A. G. LAMBERT
For Public Weigher Pre. No. 1
C. H. RUSSELL

The drummers make Haskell if they can to spend the night or Sunday on account of the cool pure waters and the hard clear ice we have.

There are hundreds of wells in Haskell that no windmill can exhaust. Some windmills run perpetually and still the water flows with every stroke of the pump.

Move to Haskell, where you do not have to buy or filter your water. Where you can pump it into your own house, lot and onto your own lawn from your own well that no windmill can exhaust.

Haskell's wells flow just as well in drouth as they do in the floods. Come to Haskell where you can get cool refreshing water to drink, free, come where you can water your teams at public fountains on the square. Come to Haskell and buy property before it begins to boom. The fame of Haskell will be sung by thousands of prospectors who have quenched their thirst with the pure limped waters of this city.

WATER PLENTIFUL FOR MAN OR BEAST.

There have been thousands of prospectors passed through Haskell this summer, and we can rest assured that they will spread the fame of our public drinking troughs with its limped waters. These travelers have passed through many towns in Texas, and probably never saw any town with as much water and as good water as Haskell. Haskell has hundreds of inexhaustible wells. Nearly everybody have windmills and zink elevated tanks and pump their own water to irrigate the gardens, trees and have hydrants on the lawns in the houses and in their lots. We also have two immense public wells 24 feet in diameter that are inexhaustible, that supply the city system, the city water works of this city could supply any number of towns its size with water.

Nearly everybody have their own private well and water system and very few use water from the city mains. The only real advantage in the city system is the fire protection. The present severe drouth in West Texas has contrasted the water facilities with that of every city in West Texas, to the immense advantage of Haskell.

Those who own property in Haskell will find that this one advantage will keep Haskell growing and developing and will keep up the values of real estate. Haskell will yet win over all competitors.

We are glad to acknowledge that some of our subscribers are paying up their subscriptions. The payments coming in at this time are very acceptable owing to the fact that commercial advertising and job work are exceedingly light. We are selling the paper at about cost and there are a few of our subscribers who won't be able to pay their subscriptions, for this reason we would urge all who can to come in and pay us if you have not done so. Do not wait to be presented with a bill. We can not afford to hunt up our many subscribers for the purpose of presenting a bill and it will cost a neat sum to send statements to all.

G. E. COURTNEY III.

Mr. George Courtney is very dangerously sick at his home in this city. Mr. Courtney has been a most useful man to both this county and West Texas. He originated the new industry of broom corn culture and put in a broom factory that has helped the resources of the country wonderfully. We hope he will soon recover.

As a household remedy for cuts, burns, bruises, piles, pain and soreness of all kinds, Dr. Cox's Barbed Wire Liniment, 25c size, has no equal. If not satisfactory, money refunded. For sale by All Druggists.

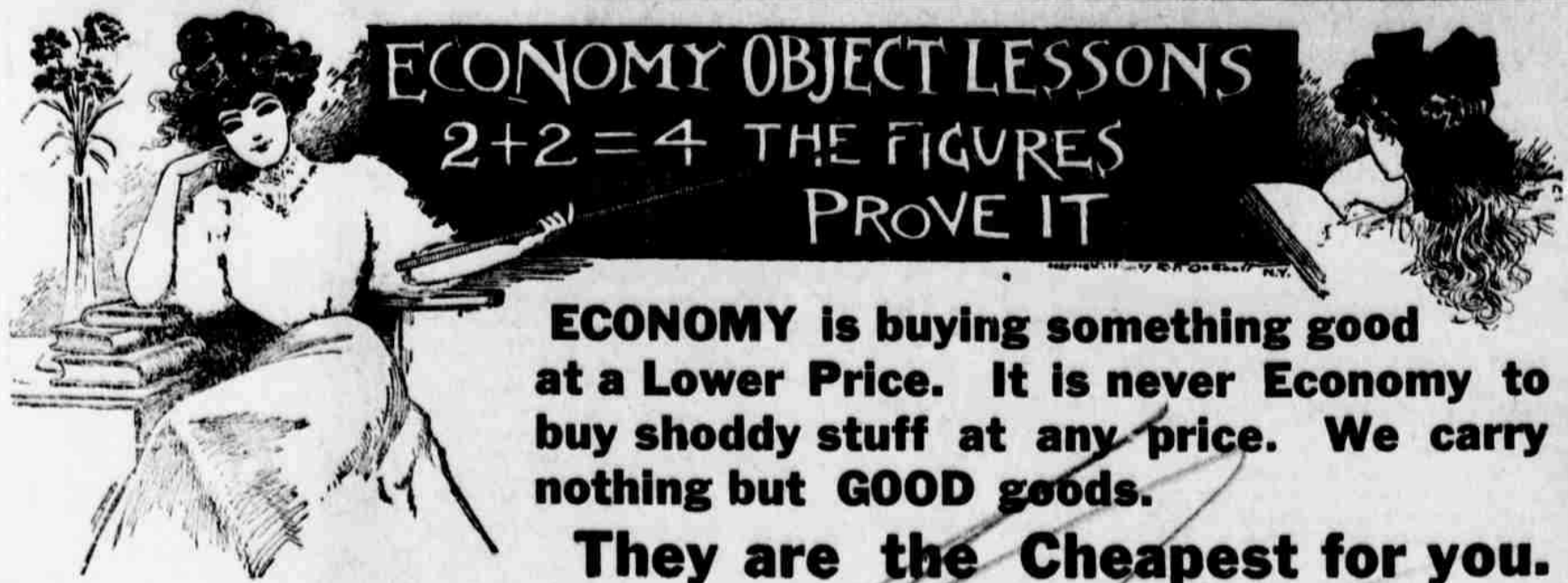
LIBRARY NOTES.

Owing to the fact that the days are getting shorter the library will be open from 4 to 6:30 on Tuesday and Saturday afternoons.

The New Kennel Building 20x260 feet comes next, and in this will be found the latest convenience that go to make a bench show popular.

ADVERTISED LETTERS.

1. Mrs. Ema Cooley.
2. J. J. Coggin.
3. Ervin Durham.
4. Moody English.
5. Rufus Payne.
6. Fred Garvin.
7. Mrs. Mattie Coodenhead.
8. J. L. Grogg.
9. Sra. Sensens Duran.
10. Deonissio Castillo.
11. J. L. Grogg.



ECONOMY OBJECT LESSONS

2+2=4 THE FIGURES
PROVE IT

ECONOMY is buying something good
at a Lower Price. It is never Economy to
buy shoddy stuff at any price. We carry
nothing but **GOOD** goods.

They are the Cheapest for you.

We invite scrutinizing money-savers to look at our goods. They buy from us. Our trade has learned that we make prices right all the time and that every day we offer "Economy Object Lessons." Our stock was never more complete.

The Store For All The People.

C. M. HUNT & CO.

Public School Notes

Our school opened with over five hundred pupils in the school system.

We are well satisfied with our teachers this year and we all realize what that means.

Misses Fanny Lee Fitzgerald and Jessie Martin were visitors to our school Tuesday.

An athletic meeting was called after school hours Tuesday afternoon. We were very glad to see so many of the pupils interested in it. We are also glad that the faculty is taking a great interest in us and we expect to accomplish great things.

The senior class have been moved to the office in order to make more room.

The boys basket ball team met Tuesday afternoon and re-elected Earl Atchison as manager and Grady French as captain.

We are glad to state that Miss Mary Hughes has not been tardy during her school life.

Mr. Lee Killingsworth and Mr. Ben Clifton were two new additions to our junior class Monday.

Miss Allene Couch has recently added the German alphabet to her vocabulary.

We are informed by Mr. Woodley (our superintendent) that there has been but one tardy in the High School up to the present date. This is inspiring. Let the good work go on.

I think it would be a good step in selecting Homer Hutchens as class poet.

It is about time the mothers club is having a meeting. Isn't it?

We are glad to have so many of the senior class with us again this year and would be glad to see others drop in.

Mr. Woodley coached our basket ball team for us Wednesday afternoon and we were well pleased with his work.

Well here goes for the best school term Haskell has ever witnessed.

Good-bye,
A PUPIL.

Excursion-Outing to the Lake.

For school children every Saturday-round trip 5 cts. Base Ball-Croquet-Swings-Boating-etc Car will leave depot at 2:30 p. m. and pick up children en route; returning at 6 p. m.

Mothers, put your little ones on the car to enjoy the afternoon as Mrs. Steadman, assisted by other grown-ups will take special care of them, and see them safely off the car.

You don't have to discount your land notes and you get farm loans at eight per cent from,
Scott & Key, Lawyers,
Haskell, Texas.

PLAINVIEW HAPPENINGS

Hello how are you getting along picking cotton?

The people will soon be through picking cotton in this part of the world as it is yielding only about a bale to every ten acres.

Mr. Jim Miller left for Jud this morning where he will stay about two or three weeks to pick cotton for his brother, Mr. Allen Miller.

Mr. Tom Medlin and sister, Miss Katharine Medlin, visited Mr. J. K. Baugh and family Saturday and Sunday, who reside near Rule.

Misses Lois and Ruth Overby of the Stamford Collegiate Institute were home Sunday.

Mr. T. J. Wagley and wife of Stamford and Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Medlin were the guests of Mr. W. T. Overby and family Sunday.

Mr. M. L. Kinnison and family visited his father, Mr. S. E. Kinnison of Haskell Saturday.

The fruit supper at Mr. J. M. Rileys was enjoyed by all who attended.

Miss Clemmie York left last week for Haskell where she entered the Haskell High School for the ensuing year.

Tacked to a telephone post at one of the cross roads in this community is a piece of type writer paper which bears the following inscription:

MONEY TO LOAN

McConnell National Bank
Capital \$.30
Surplus .15
W. T. Medlin, Pres.
R. B. Kinnison, Vice-Pres.
J. E. Miller, Cashier.

L. R. Overby, E. W. Medlin and C. C. Clark, Stockholders.

Those desiring aid in a financial way would do well to see these gentlemen. Being personally acquainted with them I can vouch for their honesty and fairness to everyone with whom they have any dealings.

If the editor and subscribers will excuse this letter I will beg to remain,
"Weeping Willow."

NOTICE

If you are in debt on your farm and need assistance, perhaps I could arrange for a sale or exchange of your property that would be to your advantage-might buy first class farm at a bargain, or would buy first lien land notes.

See me at my residence, corner of Reynolds and Crocket streets, near business part of city.
394f
W. A. Smith.

Bring your clothes to the Club Tailoring Co., we make the dirt fly. Ladies a specialty. "Reasonable Prices, Excellent Service" Our Motto.

No Old **THE** No Old
Ones Here **LARGEST** Ones Here

and best selected stock of men's wearing apparel is now ready for your inspection and approval.

**New Hats, New Caps, New Hose,
New Underwear, New Work Clothing,
New Neckwear, New Shoes,**

in fact everything is new and up-to-date at prices extremely low for quality so high. All wool suits made to your individual measure with best grade of hair cloth lining, hand made button holes, hand padded shoulders and tailored to your taste at from

\$16.50 TO \$45.00.

Come in and see the large lengths. 'Tis so much easier to select from large samples than from books. Our prices are 10 to 20 per cent lower than others.

YOURS TO COMMAND.

THE HUB

No Old **I. P. CARR** No Old
Ones Here **& Co.** Ones Here

Many Going to Circus.

Haskell Will be Well Represented at Abilene on Saturday, Oct. 1st, 1910.

The Barnum and Bailey Greatest Show on Earth is the powerful magnet that will draw thousands of people from Haskell and vicinity on Saturday, Oct. 1st, to see the Big Circus. The railroads will make a special low rate and excursions will be run.

A glance at the list of features offered by this circus discloses many wonders. Jupiter, "the Balloon Horse," takes a trip to the dome of the tent and comes back to earth amid a shower of fireworks. Desperado, a rash Frenchman, dives from the top of the arena to the ground, lighting on his bare chest.

Charlie the First, a chimpanzee, presents a greater bicycle and acrobatic act than any man ever achieved. A company of fifty clowns creates incessant laughter. A member of the Siegrist-Silbon family of aerialists, blindfolds his eyes and leaps across the entire width of the arena, turns a doublesomersault on the way and catches the wrists of a comrade who hangs head down from a flying swing. The Abreu family of Mexican gymnasts introduce a great novelty act. Bernal's

horses present an amusing play, the scene of which is laid in a country inn. One horse plays landlord and another is the town constable. The other horses make very amusing boarders. Paula Peters' monkey and dog circus holds the attention of the audience for half an hour. A mastiff villain sets fire to the hero's cottage. The dog fire department responds. The captain climbs a ladder and rescues Miss Poodle and an ape detective puts the villain in a cell. Other notables are the Konyot family of riders, the La Faille family of world's strongest men. Winston's equestrian seals, the Dollar family of acrobats, and Victoria Codona, the greatest high-wire artist in the world.

In the menagerie are to be found 1,200 rare wild animals. Among them is Bumboono, the only giraffe ever born or exhibited in America. It is but three feet high and worth its weight in gold. There are forty elephants, 700 horses and 2,280 employees. The show travels on a train over a mile in length. The forenoon parade is the most gorgeous affair ever offered by a circus. It cost \$1,000,000.

Are you looking for a snap? I have it in the best grades of coal for winter at summer prices. See me. Chambers

C. D. Grissom & Son

The Store With the Goods.

Announce the arrival and the showing of their complete assortments of

**Ladies Skirts,
Ladies and Misses Suits,
Ladies, Misses and Childrens Coats.**

A complete assortment of Millinery including a large collection of High Grade Pattern Hats. Also a good selection of Woolen and Silk Dress Goods. Red Seal Gingham and Etc.

You are cordially invited to inspect Our Stock. It will be our pleasure to show you the many new and beautiful things even though you are not yet ready to make your selections.

C. D. Grissom & Son

The Store With the Goods.

Locals and Personals.

R. E. Sherrill was in Dallas this week.
W. F. Weaver of Vontress was in town Tuesday.
See Parsons for perfect fit in glasses.
E. C. McCullough was in Seymour this week.
J. V. Hudson shipped a car of hogs to Ft. Worth last week.
R. W. Herren shipped a car of calves to Ft. Worth last week.
County Court will convene the first Monday in October.
See Parsons for watch repairing and optical goods.
Judge Irby made an official trip to Sagerton Monday.
E. O. Johnston of Sherman was here this week.
Geo. M. Baker and family have moved to Farmersville to live.
Miss Louise Gause of Ft. Worth has returned to her home.
Your eyes your most precious jewels.
Jessie Foster of Rule was in Haskell Monday.
For Sale Cheap; a horse and buggy.
39 3tp Will Brewer
Proper care for the eyes of school children is one of the essentials of an education.
Just arrived a fresh shipment of choicest cakes—anything you want. F. G. Alexander & Sons.
High grade winter wheat for seed at Sherrill Elevator Co. Better speak for seed now.
When your eyes have to be rubbed frequently while reading it is time to consult Dr. Meyers.
Patronize home Laundry. Call phone No. 197 and get your clothes back the next day.
G. S. Miller, Prop.
Try a sack of All Cross flour, the best on earth. F. G. Alexander & Sons. 38 3t
Reynold Liles of Aurora Mo. is visiting the family of his uncle, O. P. Liles of this city.

Miss Madera Tucker left Saturday for Fort Worth, where she will attend school this winter.
Bob Dixon was up from Stamford this week.
Miss Ella Springer of Aspermont, was visiting Mrs. L. M. Garrett of this city this week.
W. A. Marsh at the Palace Market will pay the market price for your chickens, eggs and butter.
Miss Annie Lyda Hughes who has a clerical position at Monday, paid a visit to her parents this week.
Wanted: A bunch of hogs from 75 to 100 pounds. See Earl Cogdell at the oil mill.
Our abstract books are complete and up-to-date. Get your abstracts from Sanders & Wilson.
Mrs. C. D. Grissom left Saturday night for Fort Worth to attend the bedside of a sick relative.
Miss Jessie Martin has returned from Aransas Pass where she has spent the summer. She will return to that city to spend the winter.
Mr. S. L. Robertson left Saturday for Dallas and other points to purchase a stock of seasonable dry goods.
When in town come around to the Palace Market and get a cold drink of ice water.
Mr. J. T. Roberts, freight agent of the Katy was in the city last week.
Mr. I. P. Carr, proprietor of "The Hub," left Monday on a business trip to Gainesville, his old home.
H. N. Frost of Mineral Wells, was here this week visiting Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Frost, his parents.
Mrs. W. E. Johnson of Marlin, has returned to her home after a few day visit to relatives in this city.
After Oct. 1st buy your meat at the Palace Market where you do not have to pay the per cent of bad accounts.

Geo. Roberts has opened up a new market on the North Side and desires a share of the public patronage. He has been in Haskell four years and has been constantly engaged in the market trade.

Jeff Greer the uncle, and J. H. Hicks the father of W. S. Hicks were in the city this week. Mr. J. H. Hicks will leave in a few days for California.

Guarantee your winter coal SUPPLY HOW?

By buying summer storage, Where? of E. A. Chambers.

Mr. J. C. Collins of Kaufman county is visiting his son, Mode Bollins of this place. Mr. Collins is a brother of ex-sheriff J. W. Collins.

Master Boone Morgan spent a week with his grand parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Boone of this city.

Our abstract books are complete and up-to-date. Get your abstracts from Sanders & Wilson.

Boost Don't Knock. Place your orders with Chambers for feed and coal.

Mr. Stinson, the Ft. Worth mule buyer left Monday with a car of mules.

Mrs. M. M. Bryant, the mother of Hon. Bruce W. Bryant, has returned from a visit to her mother in Kentucky.

Mr. W. A. Marsh has charge of the Palace Meat Market on the north side of square.

Mrs. D. H. Bell, Mrs. W. H. Murchison and Mr. T. C. Cahill went to Abilene Monday to attend Mrs. Cahill who is ill in a hospital in that city.

We have one of the largest and best assorted stocks of harness including the Benjamin Young, the best harness made. We now offer this stock at ten per cent reduction until we can reduce the stock.

W. P. Whitman & Son.

It is surprising how cheap you can fill your coal bins.

Can you afford to overlook such an OPPORTUNITY?

Ask for rates at E. A. Chambers.

Mrs. A. C. Foster of Rule was in the city Monday.

The Mothers club will be at home to the teachers and patrons of our schools, Friday evening, Sept. 30, at the home of Mrs. C. D. Long. Every parent and friends of the mothers club are cordially invited to be present.

Mrs. Henry Alexander has returned from Illinois, where she spent several months this summer visiting her parents.

Miss Ruby Liles is visiting her parent, Mr. and Mrs. O. P. Liles of this city.

The old jail and the lot it is on sold last Saturday to Lee Pierson for \$135.00. It was sold at auction and this was the highest bid.

Veterinary surgeon, A. J. Lewis, left this week for Cleburne to practice his profession. Dr. Lewis is a splendid young man and promises to be one of the best veterinary surgeons in the state.

Mrs. Robert Reynolds of N. M. is visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Hudson of this city.

Judge Pete Helton has returned from a business trip to Oklahoma and Arkansas.

Messrs. L. C. Darby and J. H. Lockman of Hermleigh, Scurry county, were in the city Monday conferring with Postmaster, Jno. B. Baker of this city.

Messrs. Walter Presnell and Grady Webster have leased the Herald published at Beyers, Texas. They left Haskell Monday to take charge of the business.

I have any number of exchange propositions in different parts of Texas and New Mexico and one in Johnson Co., near Cleburne. A. H. Norris.

NOTICE.

The fall term of my music class will begin with the opening of school. Terms \$4.00 per month three lessons a week. I will appreciate a share of your patronage. Mrs. H. R. Jones

If you want to sell or exchange any of your property either real or personal see me and hand in a list of your trade properties. I have the stuff you want. 33 tf A. H. Norris.

ALL LOCALS TAKE NOTICE.

The Haskell County Farmers Union will meet with O'Brien Local Thursday and Friday, Oct. 6 and 7th. O'Brien is 15 miles northeast from Rule, on the Orient R. R.

I hope we will have a good representation.

T. J. Cole, President. IN STAMFORD

It's nice to be the daddy

In Stamford

Of a brand new little laddie

In Stamford

In case a shortage should appear, We'll remedy it next week, never fear,

The above has happened to Jas. A. Greer,

In Stamford

—Stamford Tribune.

We desire to congratulate Bro. Greer. Mr. Greer was at one time the editor of the Stamford Tribune and ranks high as a journalist, and it is proper that he should be the daddy of "a brand new laddie in Stamford."

FOR SALE: The east half of block No. 70, subdivision of Peter Allen survey adjoining the residence property of Mr. J. S. Boone. The plat calls for this property to be 195 feet wide and 300 feet long. Call at the office of the Free Press for further information. tf

Our long Acquaintance with Haskell County land matters enables us to give you excellent service in examining and perfecting title and in making your abstracts of title. charges moderate. Scott & Key, Lawyers, Haskell, Texas.

NOTICE

I want to buy first vendors liens against well improved Haskell county farms.

Might be interested in the purchase of a good farm at a bargain for cash, or if you want to exchange your farm for a stock of goods or a farm in central Texas, see me; perhaps I could arrange a satisfactory exchange for you. Find me at residence, corner, Reynolds and Crockett streets, near business part of city. 39tf W. A. Smith.

To Trade.

Good black land farms in Dallas or Kaufman counties for farms in Haskell or Jones counties. Bruce Stevenson, Dallas, Texas. Wilson Bldg. Room No. 620. 2t

List Your Land With us and we will advertise and sell it for you. Sanders & Wilson.

Glasses are not always given to improve eyesight but to relieve undue strains to assist nature. Thousands of eyes are ruined yearly. Seven persons out of ten have neither eyes alike, and one out of twenty, astigmatism, hence the necessity of testing each eye separately. Special attention is given by Dr. Myers to any inequality that may exist between the refraction of the eyes.

If you have a bargain in land list it with Sanders & Wilson; they will advertise and sell it for you.

SCHOOL DAYS ARE HERE

And with them comes the demand for school shoes. When you buy shoes you want the best that you can get for your money—that's the reason why you should buy SECURITY SCHOOL SHOES for your boy or girl—SECURITY SCHOOL SHOES are the best that money can buy. For years this shoe has gained favor among the school children and their parents. The children like them because they look well and make their feet feel good. The parents like them because they wear longer than any other school shoe that can be bought at any price, and they are not constantly having trouble with their childrens feet being sore, as they would be if they were wearing shoes of an inferior make. Lots of good shoes hurt the feet—that is shoes that are made of good leather and look well, but that is not all that it takes to make a good shoe. It is the workmanship that counts most in good shoes—and the SECURITY SCHOOL SHOES are made by the most skilled workmen, who have had years of experience in making nothing but childrens shoes. They make them to fit the feet.

Many shoe manufacturers have tried to copy Hamilton Brown's SECURITY SCHOOL SHOES, but they have all failed. No school shoe can be found at any price that can compare with the SECURITY SCHOOL SHOE in style, comfort and durability. It is the only school shoe that is made with the security welt. Bring your child to our store and let us fit it in a pair of Security School Shoes. We will explain what the Security Welt is and fit your child so well, and give you such a good looking, good wearing shoe for the money that you will ever be a shoe customer of ours.

F. G. ALEXANDER & SONS

THE BIG STORE

LOWNEY'S CHOCOLATES

PURE DRUGS

West Side Pharmacy

Lloyd & Co., Proprietors

H. H. Langford, Mgr.

BEST LINE OF CIGARS

NOTICE

Miss Ida Maxwell, teacher of Piano Theory, Harmony and History of Music. Studio in High School building.

Special arrangements for pupils in South and East Wards. Terms \$4.00 a month. Three lessons a week. Class opens September 12th.

MRS. GORDON MCGUIRE'S

School of Music, (Piano, Vocal, Theory and Musical History) will OPEN ON THURSDAY, September 15th, 1910.

Lecture, Arrangement of Class Periods and Grades at Ten O'clock Thursday Morning.

For Further Information Phone No. 264 OR CALL.

NOTICE.

Bids on concrete sidewalks around jail building on southeast corner of square will be received at the County Judges office until Saturday, September 24th, 1910. Joe Irby, County Judge.

Are you a member of the Club? If not you are missing something great. Club Tailors Co.

If you want to borrow money on your land or sell land notes see Sanders & Wilson.

NOTICE

The Mothers club will meet at the North Ward school building Wednesday, 4 o'clock p. m., Oct., 5th. Urgent business requires the presence of every member.

Dr. Meyers corrects all errors of refraction of the eyes without the use of Atropine, Eserin or Cocaine; but by the scientific adjustment of the proper lenses for the improvement of vision and relief of nerve strain and PHYSICIANS ESPECIALLY are invited to call and investigate his method of correcting errors of refraction for many cases of headache, neuralgia, irritability, insomnia, vertigo, nervous prostration and the seeming stupidity of children is often due to defective vision caused by an abnormal curvature of the cornea or crystalline lens or to an irregularity of the refractory media of the eye, and are relieved at once upon the application of the proper ground, correctly fitted lenses.

LOST—Somewhere on the streets of Haskell, Monday Sept. 5th a ladies Elgin watch, has a small chain on it. Finder please call and leave same at Free Press office, and receive reward.

Weyler's Book Justifies Our Intervention in Cuba



WITH an unpardonable lack of tact or a gross attempt at a sinister piece of humor, Gen. Valeriano Weyler, the former Spanish captain general of Cuba, who gained for himself the unenviable title of "butcher," has allowed the publishers to print the title of the sensational book in which he attempts to defend his conduct while the representative of the Spanish crown on that island, MI MANDO EN CUBA (My Command in Cuba)

in letters of gory scarlet on a paper of livid gray. Whatever the motive may have been that prompted such a choice, that bloody "eye catcher" of a line fully symbolizes the man and the work which caused so many years of discontent in Cuba. Weyler has been on trial before public opinion for butchering his enemies instead of fighting them; and he flaunts in our faces the ugly stains that show where he wiped off his knife.

Captain General of the most fertile province of Spain (and a province which more than once manifested her intention to throw off the Bourbon yoke), he makes such a case against the country that buys his services as no citizen of the United States could have ever made to justify America's attitude in the Cuban mix-up.

Weyler was the best hated man in Cuba when the government of his nation finally recalled him. This book will cause him to be cursed the length and breadth of the peninsula.

"I wrote it," he says, "to give all the facts about my conduct as general in chief, a conduct admired not only by army officers, high and low, who wrote me innumerable letters, but by privates, who, on their return to the peninsula, spoke of me with an enthusiastic fervor for which I can never thank them enough. Various reasons prevented me from doing years ago (when I could not have freed my mind from a certain bias) a work which I can now do in perfect peace of mind, thanks to the time that has passed, and which has soothed the irritation due to the injustice I suffered at the hands of some men."

"Furthermore I did not wish to sadden Senor Sagasta by retelling the story of our colonial disasters; neither did I feel any pleasure in censuring the illustrious Gen. Martinez Campos, my predecessor in Cuba, however uncharitably he acted toward me after his return to the capital."

A perusal of the book fails to prove that Weyler kept his promise to treat the subject with perfect moderation; the general's blood is still boiling, and with some justification, for atrocious as his conduct was in many instances, it could not very well be criticized in Spain by the Spanish government.

Had Weyler been endowed with the literary genius of a Marbot or a Las Cases, he could have made a much stronger case against Spain and presented his own actions in a much more favorable light. Unfortunately his knowledge of the writer's craft is as deficient as his fund of information touching political economy, general history, national and international politics is meager.

Weyler is not a diplomat; the slippery land of nuances and innuendoes is to him terra incognita; a primitive brute, with rudimentary ethics, though unflinchingly frank and straightforward, he never ventures an assertion which cannot be supported by documents; he never pays any attention to hearsay but quotes people's letters in extenso.

A fascinating type, after all, for the observer blessed with the sense of history; just imagine what a Weyler would have developed into if he had not been born some 500 years too late; clad in steel, he had been riding a caparisoned mount, or, if he had been allowed to range over Europe during the Thirty Years' war!

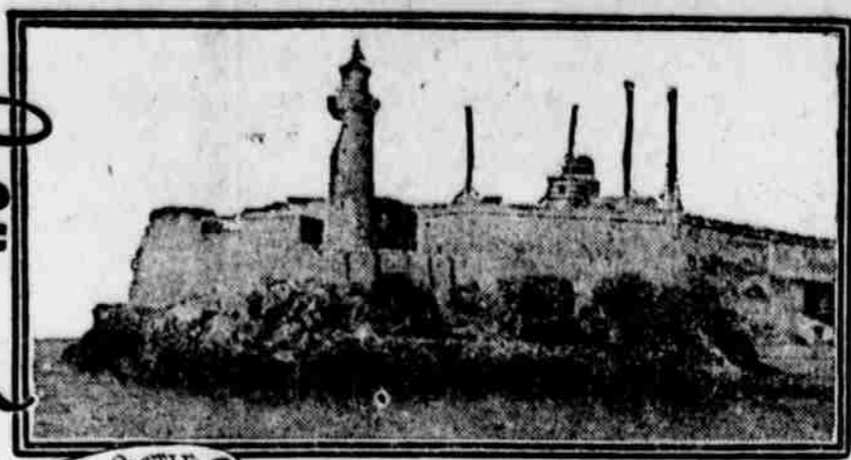
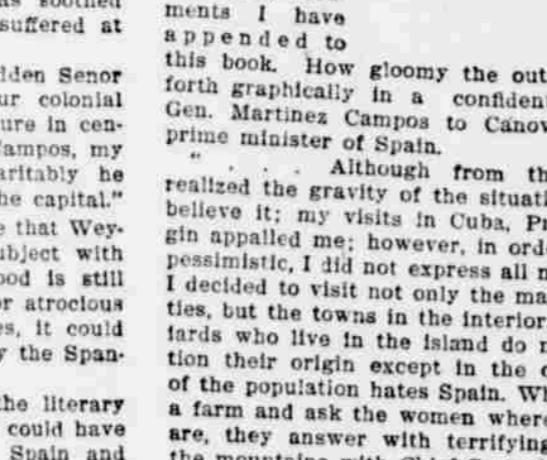
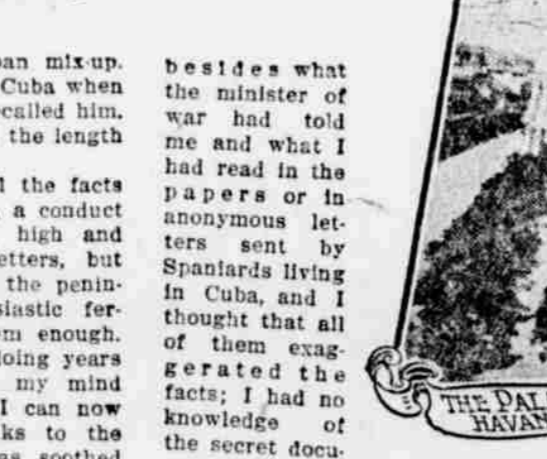
General Weyler's style is very trying; even his proclamations vainly modeled after Napoleon I's oratorical gems, rarely sound the note that makes a people or an army vibrate. His relations of the Cuban campaign with all the facts, figures, names recorded in haphazard fashion day by day, is well nigh unreadable.

But the documents he publishes in support of his thesis (some of them of a confidential character and which must have been secured through "diplomatic means") make it well worth wading through an otherwise dull, shapeless and indigestible piece of writing.

First of all we are made to realize how hopeless the plight of the Spanish commanders had become in the island when Weyler took the situation in hand; the many generals who preceded him had been losing ground from day to day; their cables to the Spanish government gave information of a pessimistic character of which the public and the press were seldom apprised; their confidential correspondence betrayed heart-rending facts; more than once poor Gen. Martinez Campos had humbly confessed himself beaten, while the cabinet led the Spanish nation to believe that the war was practically over.

Weyler himself, when placed in command of the Cuban army, was not even given what he was entitled to, an honest account of the situation.

"When I landed in Cuba," he writes, "I did not even suspect the terrible conditions that prevailed in the island. I did not know anything



MORRO CASTLE HAVANA

gave them constant aid and kept them informed of every movement of the Spanish regiments. Says General Weyler:

"Of all the measures I took the most bitterly criticized was the 'concentration,' which saved my troops from being uselessly decimated and prevented the landing of arms and munitions consigned to the enemy. I need not defend that system. Whoever has a smattering of the history of modern wars knows that it was copied by the English in the Transvaal and the Americans in the Philippines, a fact most flattering to my pride as a general.

"If individuals were sometimes summarily shot under my generalship, as it happens in the course of every war, they were put to death in obedience to the laws and regulations, never for the mere reason that they were insurgents. I pardoned those who returned to the fold, and showed much clemency to all those who came to me, however black their past may have been."

It is a matter of regret that General Weyler should not have deemed it advisable to volunteer more information as to the organization of the concentration camps. He says that one pound of meat and a quarter of a pound of rice were allowed to every individual over fourteen, and one-half that ration to children, which seems quite sufficient under the circumstances.

A few paragraphs, however, couched in his blunt, soldierly style, setting at naught the terrible charges preferred against him in connection with that stern system of warfare would have been interesting, but they were lacking. His silence amounts to a confession of guilt. He makes a weak attempt at explaining that the wives and children of insurgents were not "concentrated," but obliged to betake themselves where the head of the family was supposed to be found. This is worse yet, for one can conceive the appalling abuses which such an order emanating from the general in chief must have countenanced and justified. As the revolutionary bands were constantly moving from east to west and from west to east and could not be located with any certainty, what an existence must have been that of families whose men were not serving in the ranks of the regular army. Refused army rations, compelled to roam from one devastated village to a burnt hamlet, they could not but succumb to hunger and exhaustion.

Had Weyler been less brutally honest, he would have omitted such a damaging admission. Up to this day we have had books of many kinds dealing with the Cuban war; pamphlets put forth by the insurgents and notoriously unfair to Spain; Spanish publications which misrepresented grossly the attitude of the United States; articles in European newspapers almost unanimously censuring the Americans for "robbing" Spain of her colony.

Now, however, we have the facts presented almost without any comments and certainly without embellishment by a Spaniard who loves his country and frankly detests the Americans.

Once or twice he registers a protest against the senate's decision concerning the recognition of belligerency or the campaign of defamation directed against him in American papers.

He complains that in March, 1896, when he had the situation well under control, the senate of the United States interfered most unfairly, for it recognized the belligerency of the insurgents, thereby giving them new courage.

This is less convincing than the majority of his arguments, for if we compare dates we find letters in which he admits his failure to stop the progress of the insurrection.

His gravest charge against the United States is contained in the following paragraph, which is too vague to be taken as seriously as some other statements of his:

"The United States were against everything that would bring about a termination of the war—American citizens held several millions worth of Cuban bonds, issued with the provision that the island would pass under the domination of the United States ten years after Cuba would have separated herself from Spain. The Yankees saw that with the pace I set the much-longed-for independence of Cuba and its corollary, the annexation thereof, was becoming a more and more remote possibility. But there was no reason why the peninsula should have robbed all the gossip which originated in America."

But on the whole the picture his letters and reports, as well as the letters of Martinez Campos he publishes, present to our eyes of Cuba in the years preceding the Maine incident would have justified any nation, near or remote, in intervening for the sake of humanity; a population unanimous in its desire for independence; a bloody war which could only lead to an ephemeral peace and at best would have left the island a dreary waste for years to come; the rights of foreign land owners and investors trampled under foot; all this horror had to be stopped.

Spain did not lose Cuba as a consequence of the war with the United States; by the very admission of Spain's military representatives in that ill-fated colony, Cuba was irrevocably lost to Spain in 1897, and the few Spaniards residing in the coast towns, the only safe abode for them felt themselves a displaced, ostracized minority.

In Bad Fix

"I had a mishap at the age of 41, which left me in bad fix," writes Mrs. Georgia Usher, of Conyers, Ga.

"I was unconscious for three days, and after that I would have fainting spells, dizziness, nervousness, sick headache, heart palpitation and many strange feelings.

"I suffered greatly with ailments due to the change of life and had 3 doctors, but they did no good, so I concluded to try Cardui.

"Since taking Cardui, I am so much better and can do all my housework."

TAKE CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Do not allow yourself to get into a bad fix. You might get in so bad you would find it hard to get out. Better take Cardui while there is time, while you are still in moderately good health, just to conserve your strength and keep you in tip top condition.

In this way your troubles, whatever they are, will gradually grow smaller instead of larger—you will be on the up-grade instead of the down—and by and bye you will arrive at the north pole of perfect health.

Get a bottle at your druggists' today.

Don't Persecute your Bowels

Cut out cathartics and purgatives. They are bad—hard—unnecessary. Try

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Purely vegetable. Act gently on the liver, eliminate bile, and soothe the delicate membrane of the bowels. Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache and Indigestion, as millions know.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price

Genuine must bear Signature

Beaumont

Lice, Mites, ticks, fleas, and other parasites cause serious losses to every stock and poultry raiser. Kill them safely, by using

BLACK-DRAUGHT DISINFECTANT LICE KILLER & DIP

This is a safe, cleansing, aromatic preparation, much stronger than carbolic acid, without its disagreeable and dangerous qualities. Try it. Your dealer sells it.

Write for free sample to Black-Draught Stock Medicine Co. Chattanooga, Tenn. P.O.

To Cure Your Pimples.

Take a cup of GRAND M A'S T E A every night before retiring. Pleasant to take and marvelous results in two weeks.

Package 25 cents.

LIVE STOCK AND MISCELLANEOUS

Electrotypes

IN GREAT VARIETY FOR SALE AT THE LOWEST PRICES BY

WESTERN NEWSPAPER UNION Kansas City, Missouri

Despair and Despondency

No one but a woman can tell the story of the suffering, the despair, and the despondency endured by women who carry a daily burden of ill-health and pain because of disorders and derangements of the delicate and important organs that are distinctly feminine. The tortures so bravely endured completely upset the nerves if long continued.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a positive cure for weakness and disease of the feminine organism.

IT MAKES WEAK WOMEN STRONG, SICK WOMEN WELL.

It allays inflammation, heals ulceration and soothes pain. It tones and builds up the nerves. It fits for wifehood and motherhood. Honest medicine dealers sell it, and have nothing to urge upon you as "just as good."

It is non-secret, non-sedative and has a record of forty years of cures. Ask Your Neighbors. They probably know of some of its many cures.

If you want a book that tells all about women's diseases, and how to cure them at home, send 21 one-cent stamps to Dr. Pierce to pay cost of mailing only, and he will send you a free copy of his great thousand-page illustrated Common Sense Medical Adviser—revised, up-to-date edition, in paper covers. In handsome cloth-binding, 31 stamps. Address Dr. R.V. Pierce, Buffalo, N.Y.

IN CONGRESS AT ROME

International Gathering of Foes of Tuberculosis to Be Held Late in September.

Official announcement of the Seventh International Congress on Tuberculosis which will include representatives from every civilized country in the world, has been made by the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis. The congress will be held in Rome from September 30, 1911, and will be similar in respects to that held in Washington in the fall of 1908. The congress, which meets every three years, is under the direct patronage of the king and queen of Italy.

An American committee of 100 will be appointed as the official representatives of the United States. Meanwhile the National Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis is acting in that capacity and its office in New York will be the headquarters for the United States delegation. The secretary general of the congress is Prof. Vittorio Ascoli of Rome.

As a direct result of the stimulus of the last international congress held in this country, the American committee will be able to report that the number of tuberculosis agencies in this country have been tripled in the three years. More than twice as much money is being spent in the fight against tuberculosis by private societies and institutions, and the appropriations of federal, state, municipal and county have increased nearly fourfold. It is estimated that nearly \$15,000,000 will be spent in anti-tuberculosis work in 1910.

She Took No Chances.
An apply-wedded matron is the principal of an odd incident, which one of her "dear" friends relates.

Before the matron's engagement to her present husband was announced, she met her "dear" friend on the street. The new matron was hurrying toward one of the large jewelry stores of the city.

"John gave me an engagement ring," she explained, "without a shadow of embarrassment, and I am going down to see how much it cost. You see, I got the jeweler's name of the box," and she hurried on.

The same friend said that another bit of information the matron got was the commercial standing of the prospective husband, which she secured by paying for a special report from a commercial agency.

Beware the Dog!
A family moved from the city to a suburban locality and were told that they should get a watchdog to guard the premises at night. So they bought the largest dog that was for sale in the kennels of a neighboring dog fancier, who was a German. Shortly afterward the house was entered by burglars, who made a good haul, while the big dog slept. The man went to the dog fancier and told him about it. "Well, what you need now," said the dog merchant, "is a leather dog to take up the big dog."—Everybody's.

Cruel.
Mrs. Benham—Every time I sing to the baby he cries.
Benham—Ho gets his ability as a musical critic from my side of the house.

Distinction.
Milly—Is this picture like your father?
Tilly—Of course not, silly! It is like father when he has his picture taken.—Puck.

The Modern Polish.
"Now, my boy, don't expect to work wonders in this world."
"All right, dad."
"You can get quicker returns by working suckers."

She Was a Big Fighter.
Mrs. Benham—Do you remember when I had my coming out?
Benham—No; but it must have been like the launching of a battleship.

Wood in a High Grade Violin.
In a high-grade violin there are 15 pieces of wood of three or more kinds.

By making use of the knowledge you have you will gain more.

Let Us Cook Your Breakfast! Serve Post Toasties with cream or milk and notice the pleasure the family finds in the appetizing crispness and flavor of this delightful food.

"The Memory Lingers"

Post-Cereal Co., Ltd.
Battle Creek, Mich.

KEEPING THE CLOSET CLEAN

One Solution of This Problem That Confronts Many Is to Paint It White.

Usually there are about the house closets so dark that except at the yearly or semi-yearly housecleaning it is impossible to tell whether or not they are dirty. They are breeders of disease, even in the best-managed households, for no maid and few mistresses will crawl into the dark hole under the stairs or back in the kitchen after perfectly invisible dust.

One solution of the problem is to paint these closets white, ceiling, floor and walls. It is easy enough to see dirt then, and the other and more useful contents of the closet as well. If one can keep the hall closet clean, and find the family overshoe on sight, simply by painting the closet white, then, by all means, let us hasten to the paintshop and remove the obsolete and horrible wall paper that usually incubates these germ hotels.

If the closet is still dark after this treatment, try cleaning with the aid of the electric flashlight. There is no danger of fire, and corners can be closely investigated. All of which is an advantage to the housewife who does not love dirt and disorder.

But always, when cleaning day comes, consider first the closets, and most important of all of these is the sloping, dark, neglected closet under the stairs.

Rice Culetts.
Two eggs, one-quarter pound of rice, one tablespoonful of grated cheese, two ounces of any kind of nut food, one-half cupful of brown bread crumbs, one tablespoonful of tomato sauce, a few sprigs of parsley, pepper and salt. Wash and put the rice in one pint of boiling water; boil rapidly until rice is tender and water absorbed; turn on a sieve, add one-half teaspoonful of salt when half cooked. Stew the nut food in a gill of water for ten minutes, add the rice and the cheese, season, then the yolks of the two eggs, well beaten. Stir the mixture thoroughly until set, then turn on a dish and let the whole cool. When cold form into culet shapes, dip each into white of egg, and roll in fine bread crumbs. Fry in smoking hot fat and serve hot. These two recipes are fairly rich in body building elements and will be found to be excellent meat substitutes and greatly relished now that meat prices are ever soaring.

Filler for Floors.
When you are having your floor stained here is a good filler, recommended by a paint man, to cover up the cracks in a carpetless floor. It is nothing more nor less than newspaper and mucilage. Soak the newspaper in warm water until it is reduced by tearing and squeezing, to a mere pulp; mix this pulp with enough mucilage to give it consistency and stuff the cracks with it by means of a pointed stick, smoothing them off carefully so as to avoid lumps.
This will do just as well as an expensive and troublesome putty filler.

Chicken Salad.
An attractive way of serving chicken salad is to place it in a ring of ham jelly. Two cupfuls of the salad should be poured in the ring of jelly after it is placed on a platter. To make the dish attractive the jelly should rest on lettuce or watercress. For the ham jelly whip one-half pint of thick cream until stiff, stir in a cupful of aspic jelly, cool a little, and add a jar of potted ham. By adding a few drops of fruit sirup it will make the jelly pink.

Mock Roast.
One cup of beans, bottled and mashed; one cup of peas, bottled and mashed; one cup of finely chopped peanuts or pecans, one cup of dry bread crumbs. Moisten the bread crumbs with water and mix with the mashed peas, beans, and nuts. Season with salt, pepper and onion juice. Put into a buttered baking dish, cover with a cup of rich cream and bake about an hour and a half. This is very healthful and a fine substitute for meat.

Apple Dessert.
Take a large apple cut in half, not lengthwise. Remove the core and all the inside of the apple, leaving just the shell thick enough to serve the salad in. Slice some apples very thin, cut dates in small pieces and break the nut meats. Mix all together and fill the apple shell with this salad. Place on a dessert dish, cover the top with whipped cream and sprinkle with ground nuts. Put a walnut meat in the center.

Uncooked Ripe Tomato Relish.
One-half peck of ripe tomatoes, peel, cut in small squares, drain two hours; add one cupful of grated horseradish, one cupful yellow mustard seed, two tablespoonfuls of salt, two tablespoonfuls of celery seed, two cupfuls of sugar, one tablespoonful of black pepper, two red peppers cut fine, two tablespoonfuls of cinnamon, ground, one quart of elder vinegar; bottle cold and seal. Do not heat or cook any of it.

Pineapple Punch.
Boil a pound of sugar and a quart of water for five minutes; strain, add to it the juice of one lemon and half pint of grated pineapple; stir and strain again; add sufficient amount of cracked ice to make it palatable, and add half a pint of finely picked pineapple and a few raspberries may also be added.

IN THE ART GALLERY.



Mr. Hayrick—Mandy, this here catalogue says that the artist got \$5,000 for paintin' that little picture.
Mrs. Hayrick—My gosh, Hiram! I wonder what on earth he'd charge fer paintin' a barn?

FOR THE SKIN AND SCALP

Because of its delicate, emollient, sanative, antiseptic properties derived from Cuticura Ointment, united with the purest of cleansing ingredients and most refreshing of flower odors, Cuticura Soap is unrivalled for preserving, purifying and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair and hands, and, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, for dispelling itching irritation and inflammation and preventing clogging of the pores, the cause of many disgusting facial eruptions. All who delight in a clear skin, soft, white hands, a clean, wholesome scalp and live, glossy hair, will find that Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment realize every expectation. Cuticura Remedies are sold throughout the world. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., sole proprietors, Boston, Mass. Send to them for the latest Cuticura Book, an authority on the best care of the skin, scalp, hair and hands. It is mailed free on request.

Saucy Soldier Shut Her Up.
Col. Robert C. Carter at a Nashville banquet was talking about campaign comrades.

"Then there was Dash of Company A," he said. "Dash had the reputation of being the nastiest tongued man in the regiment.

"It was Private Dash, you know, who, out foraging one evening on a rich estate, came accidentally upon the owner's wife, a grande dame in evening dress.

"Dash asked her for food. She refused him. He asked again. But, still refusing, she walked away. 'No,' she said, 'I'll give you nothing, trespassing like this; I'll give you nothing. My mind is made up.' 'Made up, is it?' said Dash. 'Like the rest of you, eh?'

Remembering Each Other.
He sat on the sand at Atlantic City in a bathing suit. About ten feet away she was drawing pictures in the sand with a small brown forefinger. He noticed her complexion, her curves and the glint of gold in her hair. He wanted to speak, and yet—Finally he summoned courage and walked over to her.

"Didn't I talk with you for about five minutes two summers ago?" he asked.
"Two years ago," she said dreamily.
"Two years ago—let me see—did I wear blue silk stockings?"

Taken at His Word.
"Since you are so busy today," said the urbane journalist, "will you kindly tell me when and where I can meet you for an interview?"
"Go to blazes!" exclaimed the frate politician.
"Thanks. I'll consider it an appointment."

Could Wait.
"Why didn't you stay to ascertain how badly the man was injured?" demanded the judge.
"Why," explained the chauffeur, "I knew I could find out from the daily papers."

When Rubbers Become Necessary
And your shoes pinch, shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Paste, the antiseptic powder for the feet. Cures tired, aching feet and takes the sting out of Corns and Bunions. Always use it for Breaking in New shoes and for dancing parties. Sold everywhere. Sample mailed FREE. Address: Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

It Would Seem So.
"Say, pa?"
"What is it?"
"Does Uncle Sam ever lose his collar button under the weather bureau?"

No man can justly censure or condemn another, because, indeed, no man truly knows another.—Sir Thomas Browne.

Bottomless tanks enable you to water your cattle in Nature's way at small cost. Booklet "A" free. Alamo Iron Works, San Antonio, Texas.

Muscle lends expression to that for which the speech has no words.—Carmen Sylva.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
Prevents teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, always safe, cures colic. See a bottle.

Absence makes the picture post cards accumulate.

LEWIS' "SINGLE BINDER."

A handmade cigar fresh from the table, wrapped in foil, thus keeping fresh until smoked. A fresh cigar made of good tobacco is the ideal smoke. The old, well-cured tobaccos used are so rich in quality that many who formerly smoked 10c cigars now smoke Lewis' Single Binder Straight 5c. Lewis' Single Binder costs the dealer some more than other 5c cigars, but the higher price enables this factory to use extra quality tobacco. There are many imitations; don't be fooled. There is no substitute! Tell the dealer you want a Lewis "Single Binder."

Pierp's Appetite
J. P. Morgan, Sr., was always a good trencherman in his youth and he has as good an appetite today as he ever had, not only for corned beef and cabbage—his favorite dish—but for other foods. If the Morgan, who dazzled the Teutons with his mathematics when he was a German university post-graduate student, had accepted the chair of mathematics offered to him by Heidelberg, instead of his Yankee corned beef and cabbage it might have been frankfurters and sauerkraut.—New York Press.

Perfectly Harmless.
A little girl of three years, whose father had bought her some firecrackers and sky rockets for the Fourth of July, wanted to know what they were for. On being told their purpose, she anxiously inquired if they would hurt anybody. When told they would not, she seemed relieved, and that night, when saying her prayers, she added: "An' Dod, don't 'oo be 'traid of zem poppin' fins when zey make a noise tomorrow, 'cause zey won't hurt 'oo."

Cures Human Skin Troubles and is Equally Good for Our Pets and Domestic Animals.
Resinol Salve is my ideal and favored remedy wherever a salve is needed. It is as good for horses, dogs, etc., as for mankind. Truly a universal healing ointment.
W. P. Schmitz, Vet., Hinsdale, Mass.

Carve the face within, not dress it from without. For whoever would be fairer, illumination must begin in the soul; the face catches the glow only from that side.—W. G. Gannett.

Cattle drink pure water at less cost to you, if you have a bottomless tank. Booklet "A" free. Alamo Iron Works, San Antonio, Texas.

And we once heard of a man who wrote a book on "How to Get Rich" who had actually done it himself.

Constipation causes many serious diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. One a laxative, three for cathartic.

We are builders of our own characters.—J. F. W. Ware.

Attention Sick Women

If you had positive proof that a certain remedy for female ills had made many remarkable cures, would you not feel like trying it?

If during the last thirty years we have not succeeded in convincing every fair-minded woman that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has cured thousands and thousands of women of the ills peculiar to their sex, then we long for an opportunity to do so by direct correspondence. Meanwhile read the following letters which we guarantee to be genuine and truthful.

Hudson, Ohio.—"I suffered for a long time from a weakness, inflammation, dreadful pains each month and suppression. I had been doctoring and receiving only temporary relief, when a friend advised me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I did so, and wrote to you for advice. I have faithfully followed your directions and now, after taking only five bottles of the Vegetable Compound, I have every reason to believe I am a well woman. I give you full permission to use my testimonial."
—Mrs. Lena Carmochino, Hudson, Ohio. R. F. D. No. 7.

St. Regis Falls, N. Y.—"Two years ago I was so bad that I had to take to my bed every month, and it would last from two to three weeks. I wrote to you for advice and took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in dry form. I am happy to say that I am cured, thanks to your medicine and good advice. You may use my letter for the good of others."
—Mrs. J. H. Breyere, St. Regis Falls, N. Y.

There is absolutely no doubt about the ability of this grand old remedy, made from the roots and herbs of our fields, to cure female diseases. We possess volumes of proof of this fact, enough to convince the most skeptical.

For 30 years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills. No sick woman does justice to herself who will not try this famous medicine. Made exclusively from roots and herbs, and has thousands of cures to its credit.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health free of charge. Address Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass.



WE WILL TEACH you the fire insurance business and furnish all supplies free if you will act as our agent in your town; good income guaranteed. Inter-Insurance General Agency, Houston, Texas.

W. N. U., DALLAS, NO. 39-1910.

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
ALCOHOL-3 PER CENT
Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of INFANTS - CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral NOT NARCOTIC
Recipe of Old Dr. DANIEL FITCHER
Pumpkin Seed -
Sassafras -
Rhubarb -
Licorice -
Cinnamon -
Syrup -
Sugar -
Purified Honey -
Peppermint Oil -
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher
THE CENTRAL COMPANY,
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DROPS 35 CENTS
Guaranteed under the Food and Drug Laws.
Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA

Every Man Should Fence His Yard
his garden, orchard or stock. It insures a certain degree of privacy and keeps out undesirables. The best fence to use for this purpose and the most economical is the famous Hodge Fence, a combination of wood and wire. Insist on your lumber dealer showing it to you or write THE HODGE FENCE & LUMBER CO., Ltd. Lake Charles, La.

Uncle Allen.
"If you're getting old and don't know it," philosophized Uncle Allen Sparks, "you'll find it out when you go back to the town where you grew up and look around for the boys you used to play with when you were a kid."



For DISTEMPER
Pink Eye, Epizootic Shipping Fever & Catarrhal Fever
Pure cure and most preventive, no matter how far advanced any stage are indicated. Acts on the system and the blood and glands, expels the poisonous germs from the body. Cures Distemper in Dogs and Sheep and Cholera in Poultry. Largest selling live stock remedy. Cures the grippe among human beings and is a safe kidney remedy. See ad at a bottle, 25 and 50 cents. City and Country. Cures and Cures. Special Agents everywhere. SPONN MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists GOSHER, IND., U. S. A.

Accidents Will Happen

And when they do—they hurt. HUNT'S LIGHTNING OIL is the one instantaneous relief and cure for all wounds, bruises, sores, cuts, sprains and abrasions of the skin. It forms an artificial skin covering, excludes the air instantly, stops pain at once. There are many oils, but none like HUNT'S. The action is different, and the effect as well.

HUNT'S LIGHTNING OIL

Always have it in the house. Take it with you when you travel—you never can tell when HUNT'S LIGHTNING OIL may be most needed. 25cts and 50cts bottles.

For Sale by All Druggists
A. B. RICHARDS MEDICINE CO., Sherman, Tex.

Worms

"Cascarets are certainly fine. I gave a friend one when the doctor was treating him for cancer of the stomach. The next morning he passed four pieces of a tape worm. He then got a box and in three days he passed a tape-worm 45 feet long. It was Mr. Matt Preck, of Millersburg, Dauphin Co., Pa. I am quite a worker for Cascarets. I use them myself and find them beneficial for most any disease caused by impure blood."
Chas. E. Gordon, Lewisport, Pa., (Millin Inn.)
Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Grippe. 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C. C. C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.

Will Sell 220 Shares

of my stock in the Phit Eese Shoe Co., the only shoe manufacturing company in Texas, at par value—One Dollar per share. Plant now being established. I need the money.
L. S. TAYLOR, 520 Blinn Bldg., Houston, Tex.

Readers of this paper desiring to buy anything advertised in its columns should insist upon having what they ask for, refusing all substitutes or imitations.

PATENTS

Write E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Booklet free. Send name. For more information, see ad on opposite page.

You Look Prematurely Old

Because of those ugly, grizzly, gray hairs. Use "LA ORSOLE" HAIR RESTORER. PRICE, 50 CENTS, RETAIL.

Where It Does Most Good.

The Review is somewhat of a crank on patronizing home industries, as a result of a long study of just such conditions as are prevalent in Rule today. In fact we are so much worked up over the matter...

Whereas, T. G. Carney and wife, Lizzie Carney, by their Deed of Trust in writing, dated the first day of March A. D. 1905...

And Whereas, Said Deed of Trust provides for the appointment of a Substitute Trustee, in case the said Trustee refuses to act.

Now, Therefore, Notice is hereby given that I will, on Tuesday, the 4th day of October A. D. 1910, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the Court House door in Haskell in the said county of Haskell, State of Texas, offer for sale at public vendue or outcry...

First Tract. 400 acres more or less, a part of a survey of 1267 acres patented to J. S. Bounds, assignee of Rebecca E. Farrow, on May 4th, 1887, by patent No. 582, Vol. 36, Abst. No. 69...

Second Tract. Being a survey of 265 1/2 acres, patented to H. G. Bedford assignee of Nancy Iden, on Sept. 9th, 1884, by patent No. 559, Vol. 5, Abstract No. 835...

Third Tract. 171 acres, a part of 640 acres, section No. 3, block I, Cert. 28-164 in name of Washington County R. R. Co. patent No. 287, Vol. No. 1, Abstract No. 453...

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

Whereas, T. G. Carney and wife, Lizzie Carney, by their Deed of Trust in writing, dated the first day of March A. D. 1905...

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This 5th day of September, 1910. Wm. H. Cobb, (37 3t) Substitute Trustee.

Dr. Cox's Painless Blister, Price 50c. Guaranteed to blister without pain, or money refunded. For sale by All Druggists.

Mr. Bruce Stevenson representing a wholesale drug firm of Fort Worth, was in Haskell this week. Mr. Stevenson has traveled in West Texas for several years and has an extended acquaintance in the west...

All Druggists sell Dr. Cox's Barbed Wire Liniment, 25c, 50c and \$1.00 bottles. Guaranteed to heal without leaving a blemish, or money refunded.

TEXAS STATE FAIR BEGINS OCTOBER 15

Great Preparations Being Made For Twenty-Fifth Meeting.

SUPERB IMPROVEMENTS.

Coliseum, Industrial Arts Building, Kennel and Dairy Structures Among Those Erected This Year.

Dallas, Texas.—In making its twenty-fifth annual bow to the citizenry of the Southwest the management of the State Fair of Texas takes pride in the announcement that for the exposition of 1910, which begins October 15 and continues sixteen days greater preparations are being made than for any previous meeting.

It is a herculean task—that of preparing for each annual event of the State Fair of Texas. Not only do President E. J. Kiest and his directors contribute their time and effort gratis for the benefit of the institution, but they do not hesitate to spend money out of their own pockets for its success. Why? Because they realize that the State Fair of Texas now ranks at the head of institutions of its kind in the country.

A few people realize the vast amount of labor there is in this task of getting in readiness for each annual meeting. President Kiest has divided this into three parts under the head of improvements, entertainments and exhibitions.

Secretary Sydney Smith and Assistant Secretary Ben E. Cabell are in direct charge of the details of all improvement work. Both are well known to State Fair patrons.

One can easily understand the position of President E. J. Kiest and his directors. The Fair is in the nature of a monument to them. It will live long after they are gone, hence they desire that it prosper and improve each year.

Despite the fact that last year the net receipts showed a considerable decrease over that of the Fair of 1908, the management this year is expending a larger sum for permanent improvements than ever before.

Attorney at Law. H. G. McCONNELL. OFFICE IN McCONNELL BUILDING, N. W. COR. SQUARE.

Gordon B. McGuire Attorney-at-Law OFFICE IN McCONNELL BLDG.

Monroe & Hal McConnell HASKELL, TEXAS. DEALERS IN Poultry and Pet Stock

Orpington Chickens and Eggs Fancy Fantail & Homer Pigeons Imported Belgian Giant Hares American Red Rufus Belgian WRITE FOR PRICES

Dr. Cox's Barbed Wire Liniment does not burn or blister, relieves pain quickly, and flies will not bother the wound. For sale by All Druggists.

She Named New Glacier. The George W. Perkins excursion party, while cruising along the Alaskan coast recently, discovered a new glacier emptying into Prince William's Sound.

We the undersigned have leased The Big Gin of W. T. McDaniel, and also residence, and will operate this plant during the coming season, giving the best service we can.

THE STATE OF TEXAS.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Haskell County—GREETING:

YOU ARE HEREBY COMMANDED, to summon, Hays Covington, Thomas Covington, John L. Covington, Sarah F. Stanford, Elizabeth Ferguson and Polly Blakely, whose residences are unknown, and the heirs of Hays Covington, deceased (except Charles Covington) and the heirs of Thomas Covington, deceased, and the heirs of Sarah F. Stanford, deceased, and the heirs of Elizabeth Ferguson, deceased, and the heirs of Polly Blakely, deceased, all of whose names and residences are unknown, by making Publication of this Citation once in each week for eight successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in Haskell County, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not then in any newspaper published in the nearest county where a newspaper is published to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Haskell County, to be held at the Court House thereof, at Haskell on the 16th Monday after the first Monday in August, 1910, the same being the 21st day of November, 1910, then and there to answer the first amended original petition filed in said Court on the 21st day of July, 1910, in a suit numbered 612 on the Docket of said Court, wherein E. Burgess and F. E. Burgess are Plaintiffs and Hays Covington, Thomas Covington, John L. Covington, Sarah F. Stanford, Elizabeth Ferguson and Polly Blakely, whose residences are unknown, and the heirs of Hays Covington, deceased, Elizabeth Ferguson, deceased, and the heirs of Thomas Covington, deceased, are Defendants.

On or about January 1st 1910 Plaintiff were lawfully seized and possessed of the following described land and premises situated in Haskell County, Texas, holding and claiming the same in fee simple, to-wit:

Hays Covington Survey, Abstract No. 36, Survey No. 137, containing 200 acres described by the following notes and bounds, to-wit: Beginning at the N. E. corner of Survey No. 44, made for John Carrington, for the N. W. corner of this Survey from which a measture bears N. 33 degrees E. 19 3/4 varas, another bears East 17 varas; thence East with the South line of Survey No. 16, 1533 varas to a stake for North-east corner from which a measture bears S. 45 degrees East 23 varas; another bears N. 6 degrees East 26 3/4 varas; thence South 1600 varas to stake in prairie for the South-east corner; thence West 1225 varas to the South-east corner of Survey No. 44 for South-west corner of this Survey; thence North 1600 varas to the place of beginning.

That on the day and year last aforesaid the defendants unlawfully entered upon said premises and ejected Plaintiffs therefrom and unlawfully withheld from the Plaintiffs the possession thereof to their damage \$3000.00. That the reasonable annual rental value of said land and premises is \$250.00.

Plaintiffs further show to the Court that they are claiming said land and premises under the following chain of title, to-wit: A Patent issued to Hays R. Covington, State of Texas on the 5th day of December 1858 by J. H. Holt O. T. Holt, Ingham P. Seward of Harris County, Texas and Mrs. Annie E. Wallace and J. W. Wallace of Alleghany County, Virginia to O. A. Seward of Washington County, Texas, on July 18th 1905, said deed being duly executed and recorded in Deed Records of Haskell County, Texas, in Vol. 32 page 549.

A deed duly executed by O. A. Seward to W. N. Bunkley on February 24th 1906 filed for record in Haskell County, Texas, April 15th 1907, and duly recorded in the Deed Records of said County in Vol. 35 page 416; and a deed duly executed by W. N. Bunkley and wife to Plaintiffs, E. and F. E. Burgess June 4th 1907, and duly recorded in the Deed Records of Haskell County, Texas, in Vol. 37 page 352.

The Plaintiffs further show to the Court that they are claiming said 200 acres of land under deeds duly registered, and that they and those under whom they hold have had peaceable and adverse possession of said land and premises and tenements hereinafore described, cultivating, using and enjoying the same, and paying all taxes due thereon for a period of more than five years prior to the said January 1st 1910, and before the commencement of this suit, and this they are ready to verify.

The Plaintiffs further show to the Court that they and those under whom they hold, have had peaceable, continuous and adverse possession, by an actual enclosure of said land and premises hereinafore described, cultivating using and enjoying the same for a period of more than ten years prior to January 1st 1910 and before the commencement of this suit and this they are ready to verify.

Wherefore Plaintiffs pray that the defendants be cited in the terms of the law to appear and answer this petition, and that they have judgment of the Court for the title and possession of the above described land and premises, and that a writ of restitution be issued, and for costs, damages and costs of suit, and for such other and further relief, special and general, in law and in equity, as they may be justly entitled to.

Herein fail not, but have before said Court on the 1st day of the next term thereof, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness J. W. Meadors, Clerk of the District Court of Haskell County, Texas. Given under my hand and seal of said Court, in the town of Haskell this 21st day of July, A. D. 1910.

J. W. Meadors Clerk District Court, Haskell County. By Roy English, Deputy.

We the undersigned have leased The Big Gin of W. T. McDaniel, and also residence, and will operate this plant during the coming season, giving the best service we can. Everything has been overhauled and put in first class condition. Give us a trial and we guarantee absolute satisfaction.

Respt., Glenn & Webb.

Respectfully,
Glenn & Webb.

CITATION

THE STATE OF TEXAS.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Haskell County—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded, that you summon, by making publication of this citation in the county of Haskell, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in any newspaper published in the 39th judicial district; but if there be no newspaper published in said judicial district, then in a newspaper published in the nearest district to said 39th judicial district, for eight weeks previous to the return day hereof, W. C. Scott, whose residence is unknown, to be and appear before the Hon. District Court, at the next regular term thereof, to be held in the county of Haskell at the court house thereof, in Haskell, Texas, on the sixteenth Monday after the first Monday in August (being the 21st day of November, 1910) then and there to answer a petition filed in said court, on the 18th day of July A. D. 1910, in a suit numbered on the docket of said court No. 674, wherein J. H. Wilder is Plaintiff and W. C. Scott is defendant. The nature of the plaintiff's demand being as follows, to-wit:

Suit for debt, interest, attorney's fees and foreclosure of vendor's lien under allegations as follows: That heretofore, to-wit: on the 2nd day of November, 1907, the defendant, W. C. Scott, made, executed and delivered to one Wm. Oglesby his four certain promissory notes, each for the sum of \$125.00, two of said notes due and payable November 2, 1908, and two due and payable November 2, 1909, and each of said notes payable to the order of said Wm. Oglesby, and each bearing interest from date until paid at the rate of 8 per cent per annum, said interest payable annually and if not paid when due to become as principal and bear the same rate of interest as the principal, and each note stipulating for ten per cent upon the amount of principal and interest due thereon as attorney's fees, provided suit is had upon said notes or the same is placed in the hands of an attorney for collection; whereby the said defendant became bound to pay and liable and promised to pay the said Wm. Oglesby the sum of money in said notes specified, together with all interest thereon and attorney's fees according to the tenor and effect thereof.

That said notes were given for a part of the purchase money of the hereinafter described real estate, as follows:

Two of said notes were given as a part of the purchase money for one acre of land situated in Haskell County, Texas, being one acre of land out of the northeast corner of out lot No. 94 of the Peter Allen survey of 1/2 league and labor, abstract No. 2, certificate No. 136, patent No. 365, volume 17. And two of said notes were given as a part payment for one acre of land out of said Allen survey situated in said Haskell County, Texas, and described as follows: Beginning 27.2 varas south of the northeast corner of out lot No. 94; thence south 27.2 varas; thence west 207.2 varas; thence north 27.2 varas; thence east 207.2 varas to beginning. That said land was heretofore, to-wit: on the 2nd day of November, 1907, conveyed to defendant by the said Wm. Oglesby by his deeds of writing of that date, in consideration, among other things, of the four notes herein described, and that in said deeds of conveyance a lien was reserved thereon to secure the payment of said notes. Plaintiff alleges that before said note became due he purchased same from the said Wm. Oglesby who was the owner of said notes at the time of the purchase thereof, and paid therefor a valuable consideration, and that he is now and was at the institution of this suit the legal owner and holder of said notes; that each of said notes are due and unpaid, and defendant, though often requested, has failed and refused to pay the same or any part thereof or any installment of interest thereon, but that the same remains still due and unpaid, that said notes have been placed in the hands of an attorney for collection and defendant has contracted to pay the attorney fees stipulated therein.

Herein fail not, and have you before said court, on the said first day of the next term thereof, this writ, with your endorsement thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and seal of said court, at office in Haskell, Texas, this, the 4th day of August, A. D. 1910.

J. W. Meadors, Clerk District Court, Haskell County, Texas. By Lucile Hughes, Deputy.

of said court, at office in Haskell, Texas, this, the 4th day of August, A. D. 1910.

SEAL J. W. MEADORS, Clerk District Court, Haskell County, Texas. By Lucile Hughes, Deputy.

CITATION THE STATE OF TEXAS.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Haskell County—Greeting: You are hereby commanded that you summon, by making publication of this citation in some newspaper published in the county of Haskell, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in any newspaper published in the 39th judicial district; but if there be no newspaper published in said judicial district, then in a newspaper published in the nearest district to said 39th judicial district, for four weeks previous to the return day hereof, Mrs. Mattie H. Neathery and R. E. Neathery whose residence is unknown, to be and appear before the Hon. Special Commissioners in the county of Haskell at the Court House thereof, in Haskell, Texas, on the 4th day of October, 1910, at 10 a. m. o'clock then and there to answer a petition filed with the county judge of Haskell county, on the 24th day of August A. D. 1910, in a condemnation proceeding, wherein Wichita Valley Railroad Company is plaintiff and Mrs. M. E. Hayes, John M. Hayes, Mrs. Georgia Cooke, W. H. Cooke, Mrs. Mattie H. Neathery, R. E. Neathery and Florence Tillman are defendants. The nature of the plaintiffs demand being as follows, to-wit: Plaintiff alleges that it is a railroad corporation, duly incorporated, and for its use as a roadbed, has taken as a right of way over section 141 block 45 H. & T. C. R. R. Co. survey in Haskell county, Texas, belonging to the defendants, 5.1 acres of land; that plaintiff and the defendants are unable to agree on the price of said land so taken and the damages incident thereto, and plaintiff prays that same be legally condemned and the damages assessed.

Herein fail not, and have you before said Commissioners at their said meeting, this writ, with your endorsement thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under our hands in Haskell, Texas, this the 24th day of August A. D. 1910.

G. J. Clough R. P. Simmons Frank Wilfong Special Commissioners.

Professional Dr. O. M. Guest Dentist Office in the McConnell Building. OFFICE Phone No. 52. RESIDENCE " 149.

Dr. J. D. Smith Dentist Office Smith & Sutherland Bldg Phone Office No 12 Residence No. 111.

Dr. W. A. Rimbrough Physician and Surgeon Office Phone No. 246 Residence " No. 124 Or College's Drug Store HASKELL, TEXAS.

Dr. A. G. Neathery Physician and Surgeon. OFFICE IN Smith & Sutherland Bldg Office Phone " " " No. 50. Dr. Neathery's Res. " " No. 95.

Dr. W. Williamson, Residence Phone 113 OFFICE OVER Smith and Sutherland Bldg's

J. A. Moore Physician and Surgeon OFFICE IN McConnell Building HASKELL, TEXAS.

Dr. F. C. Helton Veterinary Surgeon Office Phone 25 Res. Phone 190