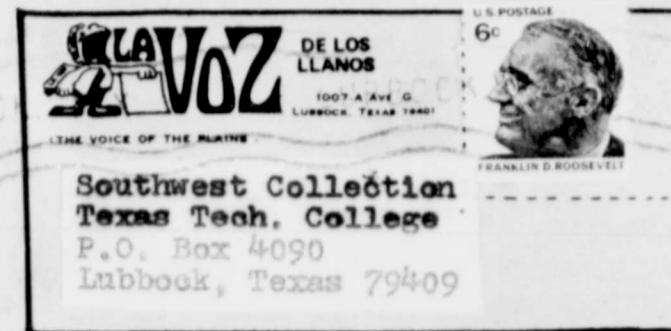




(THE VOICE of the Plains)



Volume II No. 9

Friday, April 1, 1970

Lubbock, Texas

# School Board Elections

## THREE WILL BE NAMED IN

### SATURDAY ELECTION

Lubbock voters will choose three school trustees Saturday, April 4th. Already a new Superintendent has been chosen for the school system Ed Iron, a former school superintendent.

A total of 50 persons have cast absentee ballots in this year's school board elections, according to Mrs. Marguerite Key of the school accounting office.

The positions for places 1, 3, and 7 are being sought by a host of candidates. La Voz urges everyone to go out and vote in this very important election. The future of all school children will be decided by the new administration.

## Senator Yarborough



YARBOROUGH SPEAKS OUT

In a recent West Texas conference, Senator Ralph Yarborough stated, "In America, we have the concepts of health industry, not health care."

He says that of about 40 million Americans living below poverty level, only 7.5 million are receiving medicaid benefits. "We're squandering our natural resources in Vietnam at the rate of \$3 billion a month. The average Mexican-American lives ten years less than the average Anglo-American. And that's not genetics. It's the lack of food. One doctor testified before our committee, that more money was being spent conserving migratory birds than is spent on health care of migratory workers."

## De Visita

Sgt. Elizondo of Sudan Texas has been visiting with his family in that city.

Elizondo, a native of West Texas is a Sgt. in the Green Berets outfit of the U.S. Army.

Sgt. Elizondo, will go to Vietnam on special missions.

### VISITS HOME

Roberto F. Medina, Corporal con el cuerpo de "Marines" en el ejército de los Estados Unidos y veterano de la guerra en Vietnam, se encuentra de visita con su familia y su padre Agustín Medina de 3201 Baylor.

Roberto graduó de la escuela de P.S.J.A High School en el valle al Sur de Texas.

Después de su visita Roberto irá al Estado de Carolina donde continuará su entrenamiento.

La Voz le desea al guapo joven una feliz estancia con su familia.



Roberto Medina



Quite a trio, from left to right: Dr. Dan Croy, Director of the South Plains Guidance Center; Dr. Robert Weaver, President of Bernard Baruch College-University City of New York and the first Black to be a Cabinet Member as chairman of HUD (Housing Urban Development); and Maurice Richard, President of the Lubbock Central Labor Council.

Maurice Richard is also a candidate for City Council Place 3. The three directors were caught in the act of having a good time at the home of Mark Smith of 4511 18th Street.

## G.I. Forum

There will be a G.I. Forum West Texas Regional Meeting this Sunday in Big Spring, a spokesman for this group said.

The meeting will take place at Our Sacred Youth Center, 508 N. Alley Ford St., at 1 P.M. The meeting will be the first in a series of district meetings.

## H.E. (Senator) RAGLAND

Candidate for State Representative Place 1, 74th District Amarillo. "See, they return, one and by one..." And the choice is clear. H.E. Senator Ragland, the dashing young Amarillo Investor, is the chosen candidate of the majority of the Mexican-American community of that city.

After having done some research in the State Representative race for place 1 of the 74th District, La Voz feels that it is in the interest of the Mexican-Americans to support the West Texas candidate.

La Voz, therefore, fully endorses Ragland who feels that our people -La Raza- have not been properly represented in either house. The 29 year old former school teacher has already proven that he is a friend of the Amarillo Mexican-American community. Ragland, a tireless wo-

## PRÓXIMO CURSILLO

El próximo Cursillo de hombres tomará lugar en Hereford, Texas. La fecha de este gran evento será el día 9 de Abril al día Domingo 12 del mismo.

La Voz urge a todo nuestro noble pueblo Mexicano y Cristiano a que tome parte en este gran movimiento Religioso-Revolucionario.

io para el bien del pueblo Mexicano.

Uniéndonos todos podemos hacer más lucha contra las injusticias que sufre nuestro pueblo. Recordemos que Cristo fue el más grande revolucionario contra las injusticias sociales y espirituales.



RAGLAND



## EDITORIAL

Nepitali DeLeón

### POLICE FESTIVAL

Hundreds upon hundreds of mud-gray shirts and cowboy hats were early at hand to patrol, harass, and arrest, the relatively few visitors who boldly decided to remain free and attend the Peace Festival this past weekend.

Toward the last day of the festival the mud-gray shirted freaks numbered nearly 300, while the peace-loving children barely totaled between 650 to 700. This was a careful mud-gray supervision of nearly one and a half gray-mud stuffed shirt for everyone of the hair-loving peace people.

While the turned-on bands stoned away at their instruments raising the most beatific hymns to God, the rain and the dust and the gray plague came rushing in to stop the PEACE PEACE FESTIVAL. At times it was difficult to differentiate between the West Texas dirt and mud and the mobil gray mass of Peace officers.

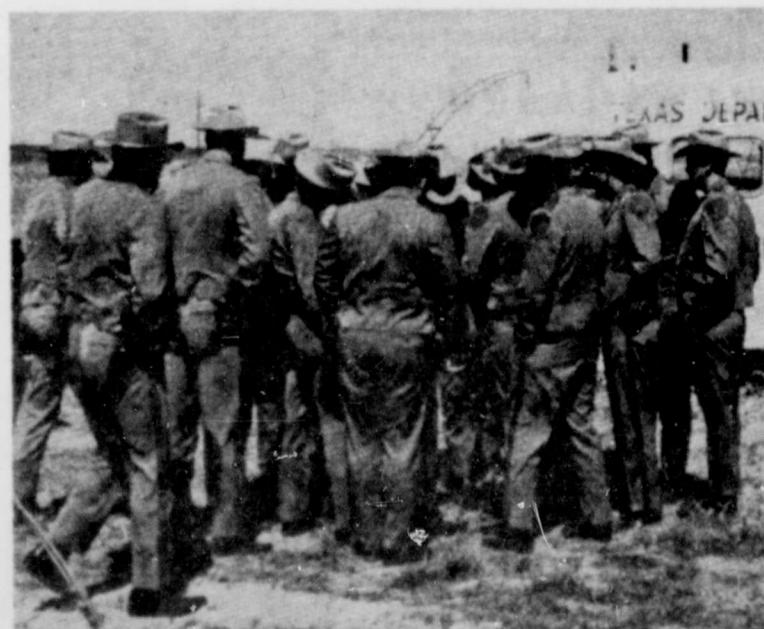
The mud gray camp immediately North of the Festival grounds was often more heavily populated than the Peace Festival itself.

The only explanation that the Editor of this paper can give in justification of such a heavily armed corp of militia is that the Texas Police Department might have feared an invasion from Mexico — to recapture our lands with the help of the justice-loving peace people.

For there were officers from every corner of the state, colossal vans with radars on their roofs, jeeps, trailers, helicopters, elaborate paddy wagons (more like army tanks) and simple-minded paranoid idiots manning this grand fortification. Even the Border Patrol was close at hand to capture the Mexican rebels.

All in all, it was a profitable affair for Lubbock County. Whereas hundreds of innocent people were thrown in jail, hundreds enriched the county with payment of fines. The reasons for the fines were (in most cases) ridiculous and often bordered on madness. No one was issued a ticket and given a 15-30 day time limit to take care of it. People were immediately taken to the judge and either pleaded guilty and paid for the fine or were thrown into jail. The brainless judges and police officers worked day and night in order to prosecute the innocent as they were unjustly charged.

The rain and dust continued blowing until finally — the gray shirts turned to brown and Hitler reigned.



### FESTIVAL POLICIAZO

Cienes sobre cienes de camisas gris-soquete y sombreros de cowboys estaban a la mano para patrullar, molestar, y arrestar a los pocos visitantes que valientemente decidieron ser libres y asistir al Festival de Paz esta semana pasada.

Hacia el último día del Festival, los locos en camisas gris eran 300, mientras los hippies amantes de la paz apenas eran 650-700. Esto si que era una supervisión cuidadosa de un policía y medio para cada amante de cabello largo.

Mientras las exitadas bandas alzaban sus himnos al Díos, la lluvia y la arena y la plaga gris se vino en torrente para poner fin al Festival Pacífico de Paz. A veces era difícil diferenciar entre la tierra y el polvo de West Texas y las masas de camisas grises.

El campamento de gris color soquete estaba inmediatamente al Norte de las tierras del Festival y a menudo más densamente poblado que el Festival.

La única explicación que el Editor de este periódico puede dar para justificar este cuerpo de milicia con tantas armas es que tal vez la policía de Texas preparaba una invasión de México — para capturar nuestras tierras con la ayuda de los hippies amantes de justicia.

Pues había policías de todas partes de Texas, colosales camiones con radar en los techos, jeeps, trocas, helicópteros, y camiones-tanques como de guerra, e idiotas de mentes y paranoides en cargo de este batallón. También había la policía de la aduana para capturar a los rebeldes Mexicanos.

Todo dicho, esto fue un "affair" ventajoso para el condado. Pues a pesar de que a mucha gente se les puso en la carcel, muchos otros enriquecieron al condado de Lubbock pagando grandes multas. Las razones para las multas eran ridículas y a veces se aproximaban a la locura. A nadie se le dio una citación de tráfico con 15-30 días para arreglar el caso. Todo mundo o se declaraba culpable y pagaba la multa o iba a la carcel. A la gente se le llevaba inmediatamente al juez. Y los jueces y la policía (todos sin cerebro) trabajaban día y noche para castigar a los inocentes tan pronto como les hacían los cargos.

La lluvia y la tierra continuaron soplando hasta que por fin las camisas gris de la policía se tornaron café y Hitler reinó...

## RINCON LITERARIO

### TENZONE

Will people accept them?  
(i.e. these songs).  
As a timorous wench from a centaur  
(or a centurion),  
Already they flee, howling in terror.

Will they be touched with the verisimilitudes?  
Their virgin stupidity is untemptable.  
I beg you, my friendly critics,  
Do not set about to procure me an audience.

I mate with my free kind upon the crags;  
the hidden recesses  
Have heard the echo of my heels,  
in the cool light,  
in the darkness.

by Ezra Pound

### TENZONE

¿Las aceptará la gente?  
(digo, estas canciones).

Cual tímida moza de un centauro  
(o centurión)  
Yá huyen, aullando con terror.

¿Serán tocados por las verisimilitudes!  
Su estupidez virgen es inatractiva.  
Les ruego, mis críticos amigos,  
Favor de no ir en busca de una audiencia.

Yo me acuesto con los míos, libre en las rocas;  
Las grietas escondidas  
Han oido el eco de mis pies,  
En la fresca claridad,  
en las tinieblas.

Ezra Pound  
Translated by  
Pooh Bear

## Che Guevara

Poem written by Che Guevara—probably during the last days of his life. It was discovered in Nanchaahuazu where the Argentine-Cuban revolutionary died in October 7, 1967.

Christ, I Love you  
Not because you came down from a star  
Because you taught me  
That man has fears  
And Pains

Keys to open the doors closed from all light  
Yes...you taught me man is God  
A poor God crucified as you  
And he upon your left in Golgotha  
The thief the bad  
Is too, a God.

## Un Poema

Poema escrito por Che Guevara en los últimos días de su vida.

Cristo, te amo  
No porque bajaste de una estrella  
Sino porque me revelaste  
Que el hombre tiene lágrimas  
Congojas

Llaves para abrir las puertas cerradas de la luz  
Si... Tú me enseñaste que el hombre es Dios  
Un pobre Dios crucificado como tú  
Y aquel que está a tu izquierda en el Gólgota  
El mal ladrón  
También es un Dios.

### A JESUCRISTO

Lope de VEGA

¿Qué tengo yo que mi amistad procura?

¿Qué interés te sigue, Jesús mío,

que a mi puerta cubierta de rocío

pasas las noches del invierno oscuras?

¡Oh, cuánto fueron mis entrañas duras,

pues no te abri! ,Qué extraño desvario!

Si de mi ingratitud el hielo frío

pasmó las llagas de tus plantas puras!

Cuántas veces mi ángel me decía:

"Alma, asómate ahora a la ventana,

verán con cuánto amor llamar porfiá".

Y cuántas, hermosura soberana,

"mañana le abriremos", respondía,

para lo mismo responder mañana.

**HAZLEWOOD**

"What would be the point in raising gas bills, electricity bills, telephone bills and rates paid for insurance, thereby adding to the terrible toll taken by inflation on the purchasing power of the dollar, if all of us are unemployed and unable to pay for this necessary service?"

With these words, the Amarillo Attorney, Jack Hazlewood, candidate for the Texas Senate of the 31st district, stated his position concerning the plight of the public and the Taxpayer, in a recent press conference.

Hazlewood stated "gas rates are inadequately policed. Pioneer Natural Gas Co. for the past several years has been engaged in a massive effort to increase rates in all the cities of the Panhandle."

The concerned Amarillo Attorney said that a public Utility Regulatory Commission should be created to give the public meaningful protection.

Jack Hazlewood is a native of Amarillo and has practiced law in the panhandle city for the past 18 years.

### **Minimum Wage Act**

The Texas minimum wage act was recently passed in Austin and was effective on February 1, 1970.

The act specifically applies to all employers who are liable for payment of contributions to the Unemployment Compensation Fund under the provisions of the Texas Unemployment Compensation Act, with certain exemptions.

It does not apply to persons covered by the Federal Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended. Other exemptions include: members of a religious order; persons less than 18 years of age who are not high school or vocational training graduates; persons less than 20 years of age who are enrolled as a student in a high school, college, university, or vocational training program; executives; commission salesmen; certain switchboard operators; domestics in private homes; state or local prisoners; most employees of non-profit organizations; dairy farmers, and employees of seasonal recreation.

The Texas Employment Commission shall furnish to the Bureau of Labor Statistics a list of names and addresses of all employers in this state who are liable for the payment of contributions to the Unemployment Compensation Fund and are therefore covered under the new law.

A minimum wage of \$1.25 an hour will be effective on and after Feb. 1, 1970, and not less than \$1.40 an hour after Feb. 1, 1971.

Tipped employees wages are determined by the employer, taking into consideration tips employees receive, but not less than 50% of the applicable minimum wage.

Orders establishing piece rate or rates by the commissioner of Agriculture shall be furnished to the Bureau of Labor Statistics. (COMMENT: This means the farm workers get the dirty end of the stick, as usual.) Persons whose productive capacity is limited by age, etc., or over 65 years old may be employed at not under 60% of the minimum wage, provided the employer secured a medical certificate certifying that, because of age, physical or mental deficiency or injury, the productive or

### *Almanaque Mundial*

(NEA).- Los salones modernos de concierto generalmente necesitan aparatos electrónicos para que se pueda oír bien el programa. El Almanaque Mundial dice que hay un teatro al aire libre que fue construido alrededor del año 330 antes de Cristo en Epidauro, Grecia, que todavía es usado para presentaciones dramáticas debido a su acústica espléndida. Las conversaciones de las personas que están en la orquesta pueden ser escuchadas claramente desde la úl-

tima fila de asientos que está a 58 metros de distancia de la orquesta y a 22 sobre ella. Este teatro tiene cabida para unas 14.000 personas.

(NEA).- El agua comprende aproximadamente el 60 por ciento del peso del cuerpo humano. El Almanaque Mundial afirma que el cuerpo de un hombre que pesa 72 kilos consiste de 45 de agua, 13 de proteinas, 11 de grasa, 2 de minerales, 0.453 de hidrato de carbono y 1-4 de onza de vitaminas.

(NEA).- Los peces voladores pueden saltar del agua y deslizarse a velocidades hasta de 64 kilómetros por hora. Los peces vuelan solamente cuando son perseguidos por sus enemigos o cuando están trastornados, dice el Almanaque Mundial. Se propulsan a sí mismo del agua con su cola y mantiene rigidas sus aletas y luego las extiende hacia afuera cuando se está deslizando. Las corrientes de aire afectan grandemente las capacidades del pez para deslizarse.



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### **H.D. WHITE**

**H. D. (Heavy Duty) WHITE****H. D. (Heavy Duty) WHITE**

**candidato para  
County  
Commissioner**

PRECINCT 4

Subject to Democratic Primaries

LUBBOCK COUNTY

Role models for young people are important. Sociologists say so. Psychologists say so. Educators say so. Poverty programs to help minorities say so. Virtually everyone says so, for how else can immigrant minorities select an ideal, a model person after which to pattern their lives? So, to help Mexican Americans become acculturated, assimilated, integrated, educated, oriented, and moving efficiently toward progress, the mainstream, and the space age, *El Grito*, as a public service, presents the following role models which Mexican-American youth can emulate, and thereby stop being "at the crossroads," "in transition," "emerging," etc., etc.

#### *Role Models for Mexican-American Youth to Emulate*

Captain America	Lassie	Mayor Daley
Bo Belinsky	George Romney	Elmer Fudd
Batman	Allen Ginsberg	Dick Tracy
Spiro Agnew	Spiro Agnew	Dagwood
Everett Dirksen	Hugh Hefner	Spiro Agnew
Superman	Bugs Bunny	Festus
Strom Thurmond	Daffy Duck	Herb Alpert
		Tiny Tim
		Lawrence Welk
		Spiro Agnew
		Captain Marvel
		The Boston Strangler

### **MIKE STEVENS**

TRUSTEE

SCHOOL BOARD

PLACE 7

From *EL Grito*



Serving LASO for the year 1970 is this new board of Directors elected on January 23 at an open meeting in the Community Action Activities Building. The Latin American Service Organization (LASO) has served this community since 1967 by providing the information, inspiration, and channels for improvement to the Latin American people in the area. Seated Ofelia Gutiérrez, Yolanda Baiza, María Ochoa. Standing Alfonso Bela, Trinidad Gutiérrez, Tony Corrales, Sam Ochoa, Thomas Rodriguez, Jesse Esquivel, Gabino Salinas, Sam Montez. Not pictured: Justo Fuentes, Juan Hernandez, Bill Flores, Luis Perez, Arlene Brooks, Rosario Montez and Gabriel Hernandez.



Si Se Puede Program- Latin American residents of Levelland about 75 in number, turned out Friday evening for a program at South Plains College. Luis Perez with LASO, served as Master of ceremonies. Heading the meeting also included left Frank Gonzales, with SPC who spoke on financial assistance; Vocational Dean Frank Hunt; Director of Special Services Charles Hays; Luis Perez MC, and Dr. Marvin L. Baker, President of South Plains College.

**HARVEY MURDOCK**  
*Will Represent You*  
  
**As Councilman , place 1**

## El Ejemplo de César Chávez

Ramón SENDER

Confieso que no he leído el libro de Peter Matthiessen titulado "sal si puedes" —en español— aunque el texto del libro está en inglés. He leído algunas críticas que coinciden en elogiar al héroe del libro, el ya famoso César Chávez. Pero coinciden también en hablar mal de libro. Como yo conozco a Chávez, voy a hablar de él y no del libro.

Parece que en vida los héroes no suelen tener suerte con sus biógrafos. Porque César Chávez es un héroe.

Y algo más que un héroe, aunque parezca difícil superar el nivel del heroísmo. César Chávez es una especie de santo laico en medio de una babilonia donde concurren todas las formas de herejía e impiedad.

Habiéndole preguntado una vez un periodista de Nueva York en qué consistía para él la hombria, Chávez no vaciló en responder: "en sufrir por los demás hombres". Esta respuesta franciscana nos ha chocado a todos un poco. En nuestro tiempo y en nuestra atmósfera y en labios de un obrero mexicano sin calificar (un bracero migratorio) es especialmente elocuente. Y además, en Los Angeles.

Sufir para los demás y por los demás. No hay duda de que este hombre que en plena juventud tiene un hogar propio con ocho hijos en un callejón pobre de los siums y cuyo callejón se llama, no sé si en serio o en broma, Salsipuedes, tiene fe en la providencia. De esa fe le viene toda su fuerza que no es la resignación estoica sino la rebeldía de un hombre que lucha y combate por los suyos y que ha obtenido notables victorias hasta ahora aunque no la que desea y los demás deseamos también para él.

—oo—

Muchos obreros mexicanos sin habilidades especializadas cruzan la frontera buscando mejores condiciones de vida. Los Estados Unidos son la tierra prometida. Y aquí viene sin hablar inglés, sin conocer concretamente un oficio, sin dinero y a veces sin papeles de identidad. Se ocupan en tareas menores: cortar la hierba en los jardines, lavar las ventanas, limpiar los "alleys". Saben que el jornal mínimo legal es un dólar y setenta y cinco centavos por hora. Cada día pueden hacer doce o trece dólares con un poco de suerte. Un jornal como ese no pueden soñarlo en México sino los obreros calificados.

Y aquí, en California, hay mucha necesidad de mano de obra sobre todo para levantar las cosechas agrícolas: la naranja, la uva, los tomates. Nadie quiere hacer esas faenas en los Estados Unidos. Los estudiantes de las universidades, de las escuelas secundarias y de los colegios podrían arrimarse al hombro deportivamente (les iría bien a la salud), pero en un país tan industrializado como USA las tareas campesinas carecen de prestigio y ya es sabida la importancia que la juventud gregaria da al prestigio a la hora de hacer algo.

En fin, que los braceros mexicanos que se dedican a la recolección de la uva eran explotados y que Chávez decidió remediarlo. Una huelga que duró varios años, una organización rudimentaria pero eficaz, algunos medios de propaganda y de influencia para organizar un boicot nacional contra los cultivadores de uva californiana. Durante los últimos años esas uvas han ido desapareciendo de los mercados, de los restaurantes, de las mesas de los hogares. Chávez recurrió a todos los medios para hacerse escuchar en la nación entera. Llegó incluso a la huelga de hambre. Estuvo muchas semanas sin comer en su hogar de Salsipuedes y casi salió de veras, por la vía horizontal de los muertos.

Las revistas más importantes de USA le han dedicado ensayos, entrevistas, co-

mentarios elogiosos. El mismo "New Yorker" que sólo se ocupa de buena literatura le dedicó dos largos ensayos muy sagaces y llenos de observaciones agudas. En fin, Chávez tiene ya su organización, los obreros han visto después de una larga resistencia su problema, si no resuelto, aliviado y en vías de cancelación, y Chávez tiene su oficina, rudimentaria y todo, desde donde se organiza el trabajo y se establece la táctica a seguir en el ya largo combate. En esa oficina tiene Chávez retratos de Luther King, John Kennedy, Grandhi, Robert Kennedy (que fue amigo suyo) y de otros reformadores con espíritu populista y religiosamente democrático. Porque Chávez es un hombre de creencias cristianas.

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LO que más sorprende en Chávez es que pueda haber sostenido un combate con armas morales y por decirlo así, medievales, contra el poderoso capitalismo americano. Las armas de Chávez eran —repite— morales. Su unión de cosechadores de uva parece más bien una de aquellas hermanadas españolas del siglo XIV. Sólo le falta estar bajo la advocación de un santo o una santa. Y no hay duda de que con todos esos elementos aparentemente anacrónicos están los braceros mexicanos logrando su victoria. Todos nos alegramos.

Y la verdad es que todos hemos contribuido de un modo y otro. A mí me gustan las uvas y las de California especialmente. Pues bien, durante más de cuatro años me he abstenido de comerlas, lo mismo en casa que en los restaurantes o en los hogares de los amigos que me invitaban. No ha sido mucho, pensando que Chávez en su huelga de hambre llegó a los veinticinco días de abstinencia. Robert Kennedy le escribió animándole, y cuando decidió ir a visitarlo se preguntaba a sí mismo y preguntaba a sus amigos: "¿Qué diablos se le puede decir a un hombre que lleva tantos días sin comer?"

Ciertamente era difícil. El mismo Kennedy iba a dar la vida poco después por una mística populista parecida a la de Chávez. Es sencillo y simple el sacrificio. La literatura sobre el sacrificio es más difícil porque siempre queda muy por debajo de la ejemplaridad que se propone iluminar.

Al parecer, y según lo que dicen los críticos, es lo que sucede con el libro que se acaba de publicar sobre Chávez. Si yo no le he leído es porque Chávez es más importante que cualquier libro que se escriba sobre él y nadie podrá decirnos nada mejor de lo que Chávez nos dice con sus palabras españolas o sus silencios o su primitiva táctica de lucha, que, como digo, ha dado resultados y está cerca de la victoria total.

Para los que saben las dificultades y las humillaciones de todas clases que esa masa obrera mexicana han sufrido en estos territorios fronterizos la victoria de Chávez es alentadora. Relativamente, los trabajadores mexicanos son heroicos y los ricos cosecheros americanos acaban por ir reconociendo el heroísmo de los humildes y dejándose vencer por el. Aunque no sin resistencia y sin protesta.

Chávez, que probablemente no ha leído un solo libro marxista y que sigue fiel a las tradiciones mexicanas del pasado (al menos en su devoción por los franciscanos) ha dado una lección de hombria "sufriendo por los otros". Su sacrificio por fortuna no se consumó del todo y sigue trayendo frutos. No deja de ser notable que entre los cuatro o cinco héroes de la última década en los Estados Unidos figure este hombre sencillo y humilde pero tan poderoso en su humildad.

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## TALENT SEARCH

Por algunos años ha estado trabajando programa llamado L.E.A.R.N. El Plan de Oportunidad de Canyon, Texas, y L.E.A.R.N. se han unido recientemente para traer La Búsqueda de Talento al Oeste de Texas.

Dirigido por Francisco Carrillo de Lubbock, el programa ha estado sirviendo en veinticuatro condados.

El objeto de La Búsqueda de Talento es el de identificar jóvenes calificados pero en necesidad económica, y animarles a que hagan sus estudios superiores ayudándoles a financiar su estudio por medio de becas y préstamos.

El programa se concentra con estudiantes de grado siete y grados superiores, cuyo medio ambiente les ha hecho imposible tener los recursos necesarios para seguir sus estudios. Esto incluye tanto el estado.

El programa sirve, solamente a los estudiantes en la escuela, sino también a los jóvenes que han dejado la escuela.

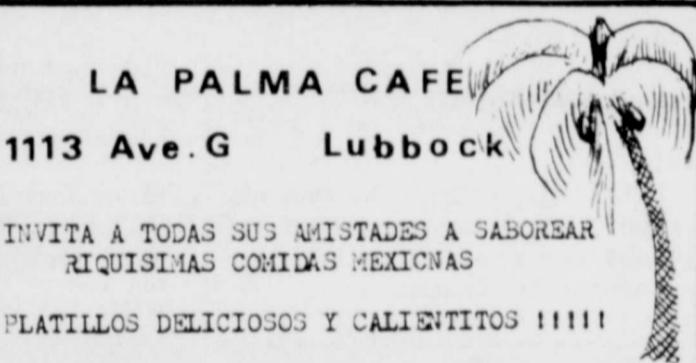
La oficina de L.E.A.R.N. y La Búsqueda de Talento está localizada en 1012 Ave. N, Lubbock, Texas. Aquellos estudiantes que necesiten ayuda pueden visitar la oficina de lunes a viernes de las 8:00 a las 5:00. Llame al teléfono 747-0935.

El Señor Carrillo está dispuesto a hablar con cualquier grupo acerca del programa.



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El Editor de La Voz y su familia dan el mas sentido pesame a la familia del Sr. Samuel Guzman por el fallecimiento de su hermano Belisario Guzman (Q.E.P.D.)

Cut out and mail to H.E. (SENATOR) RAGLAND Box 1171 Amarillo

## H. E. (Senator) RAGLAND

WILL HELP LA RAZA BUT FIRST HE NEEDS YOUR HELP. MAIL TODAY!  
CHECK EACH BOX YOU ARE INTERESTED IN

I would like to talk to you       Send me \_\_\_\_\_ bumper stickers       I would like to help in your campaign

Name \_\_\_\_\_  
Address \_\_\_\_\_  
City \_\_\_\_\_ Phone \_\_\_\_\_

I NEED YOUR HELP!

## RAGLAND

DÓBLE CUMPLEAÑOS

Terry C. Sauceda, esposa del Sr. Leónel Sauceda de 112 Sherman cumplió años el dia 19 de Abril.

"April Fool" dice la simpatica joven en una visita en casa de Mike y Gloria Canales de 1800 Bates.

La Sra. Sauceda tiene 3 niños: Domingo 4 Marcos 2 y Dalia de 3 años.

Marcos, el niño tambien cumplio años el dia 2 de Abril. Feliz Cumpleaños dice La Voz. Feliz doble cumpleaños.

rker, realizes he needs the support of La Raza and we know we need the concern of Ragland.

"The disgraceful and whimsical tax laws hit La Raza the hardest," Ragland stated, referring to the property taxes on home, furniture and automobiles.

About the Municipal Workers and City Employees, Ragland stated: "They should be allowed to express their choice collectively. If their jobs are threatened because of this action, their right to freedom of speech is violated."

H.E. Senator Ragland is fully aware of the fact that many of our Mexican Americans do not feel free to openly back a candidate for fear of losing their jobs.

About education, the former special education teacher of M-A children said: "More bilingual programs and revised texts should be introduced in the education of our Mexican-American population which could enrich our entire community even more if we but give them the tools to do so."

La Voz urges the Mexican-American community to support H.E. Ragland for representative Place 1 of the 74th District. Be sure to get a Ragland Bumper sticker for your car. And give one to your friend. La Causa makes its choice.

**VOTE APRIL 4th And  
ELECT**

*Byron  
Martin*



YOUR VOTE WILL BE APPRECIATED

BYRON MARTIN for Place 6.

BYRON MARTIN is currently serving on the school board, and previously served 12 years as a member of the Building Advisory Committee to the School Board.

- Born in Lubbock
- Graduate of Texas Tech
- Past President Lions Club
- Elder, First Cumberland Presbyterian Church
- Business Man: Claude Martin & Sons, General Contractors
- Family: 3 children in school

PLEASE BE SURE TO VOTE

## LEARN; Talent Search

Operating in Lubbock for several years has been a non-profit corporation called L.E.A.R.N. The Opportunity Plan, Inc., from Canyon, Texas, and L.E.A.R.N. joined hands in November of 1969, in order to bring Project Educational Talent Search to the southern part of the Great South Plains area.

Mr. Francisco Carrillo was hired as area coordinator by L.E.A.R.N. Since November it has served students in the Lubbock area and in the rural areas of twenty-four counties.

The objectives of Educational Talent Search are:

TO IDENTIFY QUALIFIED YOUTHS OF FINANCIAL OR CULTURAL NEED, TO ENCOURAGE THESE YOUNG PEOPLE TO CONTINUE THEIR EDUCATION BEYOND HIGH SCHOOL, AND TO ADVISE THE STUDENTS TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THE MANY FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL FINANCIAL AIDS AVAILABLE TO THEM FOR THIS PURPOSE.

The target population of the Talent Search Program may include those from the seventh grade on, whose environments have been restrictive and lacking in resources for individual self-fulfillment and development.

Talent Search projects are exerted to serve not only students still in school but also those youths who have withdrawn from school before graduation or who have not chosen to continue their education. Among those still in school, Talent Search seeks the "potential drop-out" or the student who will not continue his education without special attention and assistance.

L.E.A.R.N.'s Educational Talent Search office is located at 1012 Ave. N, Lubbock, Texas. It is open to all students of financial or cultural need, Monday through Friday from 8:00 to 5:00, and during the evenings and weekends by appointment. For information, call 747-0935.

The project is not interested in only the students and their parents, but in the community as a whole. Mr. Carrillo will give talks to groups and organizations at their request.

*peace and justice*

VOTE                    VOTE                    VOTE  
SATURDAY            APRIL            4th

ELECT

*Tim Hatch*

SCHOOL BOARD

Place 1



Frank Carrillo

### School Board

DETOUR:SESAME STREET

The Lubbock Board of Trustees recently voted to let Sesame St. go down the drain.

The one hour educational show which is seen between 9 and 10 A.M. on channel 5 will no longer be in Lubbock.

The board did not appropriate the \$15,000 needed to pay for the continuation of the program.

The show hosted by two Blacks and having for its setting a ghetto area, has been so helpful to pre-school children that it has been carried by NBC and CBS in some cities.

One of the 15 Elementary teachers interviewed by La Voz, Virginia Kelly, a teacher at Martin Elementary said; "It is a shame that the school board is not voted to continue this program."

Nat Williams, Superintendent of the Lubbock schools stated that "the board felt other things were more important than this program."

LUBBOCK--The application for the petition for legalized liquor has been approved by the city fathers. The petition will start being circulated throughout Justice Precinct six Monday, March 16. The petition needs about 4000 signatures and voter registration receipt numbers.

Justice Precinct 6 includes many Mexican American households. If you would like to see legalized liquor in this part of Lubbock, be ready to sign the petition and have your voter registration receipt handy.

### THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION AND THE COMMITTEE 70

During the Committee 70 meetings, Mike McManus took notes, observed, made a few comments, and took many a picture of the events.

McManus is a consultant to the American Revolution Bicentennial Commission appointed by President Nixon.

Later that night, over cool glasses filled with liquid and ice, McManus expounded on his mission as well as on the nature of the Bicentennial 1976, 200th Anniversary.

"Will the anniversary be commemorated with speeches, fireworks, tinsel draped over problems and lack of rapport?" McManus asked. Or will America have something to celebrate -- its dreams, plans, and the working together to better achieve the ideals embodied in the Declaration of Independence?

La Voz made a comment, as it sipped a cool drink of ice, that there is much polarization in the American society.

"The choice exists" McManus answered. "In goal setting process we learn that we have more in common than we think. Businesses want airports Mexican-Americans and Blacks want jobs, Anglos want better highways, the Government wants to sell bond issues to build airports, centers, etc. These goals are not in conflict."

The Goal setting process began in Dallas in 1966. McManus stated that Lubbock had improved the Dallas program by sending out questionnaires to 2000 people. The other improvement he saw was the reality of the two planned meetings for the reviewing of Goals.

McManus was asked by La Voz if he saw any negative aspects in the meetings attended earlier that night with the Editor of this paper.

"Some people spoke about housing," he stated, "and I saw no clear goals to this effect. Then too, the planners felt it was necessary to evaluate all 100 goals in one night. It would have been better to have had small group discussions.

"Some people were not interested in agriculture; they therefore should have been encouraged to speak up on the things that interested them. One man thought it would have been good to have a Black Cultural Center!"

"The wording was too complicated. There was a windy explanation for Vocational Training".

La Voz was curious to know whether the Consultant to the American Revolution Bicentennial Commission thought there was a possibility for the minorities to ever become part of the American society.

"Yes!" McManus positively declared, "but only if your people and the Black people are willing to fight -- to stand up and speak for your rights!"

With this words, the man who will be writing a report for his Commission, and La Voz, clinked glasses and decided to talk on other subject concerning La Causa.

vote

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Winnie the Pooh.....	TRANSLATOR, POET & BARD

La Voz is an independently owned newspaper published weekly on Fridays in Lubbock, Texas. La Voz is an information media for the Spanish-speaking people on the South Plains. News is told as it is seen. Amen.

PADRE ABETYTA  
for  
SCHOOL BOARD



# Cuba ends & means

EL FIN NO JUSTIFICA LOS MEDIOS POR G.L.G.

Un ambiente de inquietud reinaba en aquella noche del 31 de diciembre de 1958. El aire estaba cargado de inseguridad y el pueblo cubano veía acercarse el nuevo año como quién quisiera emular el milagro viejo testamentario de detener el tiempo. Tantos sueños frustrados, tantas ilusiones fallidas, tanta sangre noble derramada, y el fin de tantos males parecía estar cada día más lejano.

ENERO 1 de 1959. Una explosión terrible que aún retumba en mis oídos extremeció las paredes de mi apartamento. Después, silencio... un silencio que era una agonía porque bien sabíamos que en cada hogar y en cada lecho, los corazones latían, llevando a cada fibra del cuerpo el amargor de la espera y de la incertidumbre. 6:00 a.m. La radio rompe el silencio que pareció ser eterno. La Bayamesa, el himno nacional cubano, sirvió de fondo a la noticia: "Pueblo cubano, ya eres libre. El dictador Batista ha abandonado el país."

Como movidas por una sola fuerza, se abrieron cientos de puertas, y de las casas salieron hombres, mujeres y niños gritando: ¡Viva Cuba libre! Las lágrimas aparecieron en los ojos de los que parecían ya ser de piedra a fuerza de tanto sufrimiento. Desconocidos se abrazaban en las calles en ilusoria felicidad. Era el amor a la Patria y a la libertad; el repudio a la tiranía y a la opresión que ahora se expresaba sin temor ni desconfianza.

Era como que la esperanza que ya creímos muerta hubiera renacido en los corazones de ese pueblo valiente, energético y digno que no se doblega y que sabrá continuar en pie de lucha hasta lograr sus verdaderos ideales.

**HABLA FIDEL CASTRO:** "Nuestra revolución no es roja (comunista); es verde como la esperanza del pueblo."

"No somos rusos ni americanos que gastan millones de dólares para ir a la luna. Nuestro dinero lo gastaremos en Cuba, para que todos los cubanos tengan pan con libertad."

DICIEMBRE 1 de 1961. "Soy marxista-leninista y lo seré hasta el último día de mi vida." "Nunca dije que era comunista porque nunca hubiera podido bajar de la Sierra Maestra."

**LA HISTORIA HABLA:**

1959

Mayo 8. Castro rechaza la celebración de elecciones.

Noviembre 29. El Primer Congreso Nacional Católico lleva de lema: "Justicia Social SI! Comunismo NO! Cuba, SI! Rusia, NO! Diciembre 31. En un año de castrismo más de 3000 cubanos mueren fusilados por el ejército de Fidel.

1960

Enero 20. Fidel ataca a la Iglesia Católica.

Mayo 16. El Arzobispo de Santiago de Cuba Monseñor Enrique Pérez Serantes, quien salvó la vida a Castro después del ataque al Cuartel Moncada el 26 de julio de 1953, acusa al comunismo en su pastoral, "El enemigo comunista está a nuestras puertas". Junio 27. Fidel Castro declara: "Quien es anticomunista es contrarrevolucionario".

1961

Abril 16. Fidel anuncia que "la revolución es socialista."

Septiembre 11. Más de 130 sacerdotes Católicos cubanos son deportados a España

Diciembre 1. "SOY MARXISTA-LENINISTA y lo seré hasta el último día de mi vida."

## THE END DOES NOT JUSTIFY THE MEANS

An atmosphere of unrest permeated that night on the 31 of December of 1958. The air was charged with insecurity and the Cuban people looked to the coming New Year like those who might look longingly at the testamentary time-stopping miracle of old. So many frustrated dreams, so many useless hopes and illusions, so much noble blood spilled, and the end of so many maladies seemed each day further from grasp.

JANUARY 1, 1959. A terrific explosion which still resounds in my ears shook the walls of my apartment. Then silence... a silence which was agony because we knew that in each home and in every bed, hearts pounded, carrying to every corporal fibre the bitterness of waiting and of uncertainty. Six A.M. La radio breaks the silence that seemed eternal. La Bayamesa, the Cuban National Anthem, served as background to the announcement from the revolution: "Cuban people, now you are free. The dictator, Batista, has abandoned the country."

As if moved by a single force, hundreds of doors were opened, and from the houses came men, women and children shouting: "¡Viva Cuba libre!" Tears appeared in the eyes of those who seemed to be of stone because of so much suffering. Unacquainted, people hugged one another in the streets with fleeting felicity. It was the love for the country and for liberty that they were elated. It was as if the hope that we already believe to be dead had been reborn in the hearts of this valiant and energetic people which knows how to keep on fighting until he realizes his true ideals.

**FIDEL CASTRO SPEAKS:** "Ours is not a red (communist) revolution; it is as green as the hopes of the people".

"We are not Russians nor Americans who spend millions of dollars to go to the moon. Our money we spend in Cuba, for all Cubans to have bread with their freedom."

DECEMBER 1, 1961. "I am a Marx-Le ninist and that I will be until the last day of my life". I never said I was communist because I would never have been able to come down from the Sierra Maestra."

## HISTORY SPEAKS

1959

May 8. Castro refuses to hold elections.

November 29. The First National Catholic Congress uses the motto: Social Justice, Yes! Communism, No! Cuba, Yes! Russia, No!

December 31. In the year of Castro's rule more than 300 Cubans died, assassinated by Fidel's troops.

1960

January 20. Fidel attacks the church. May 16. Archbishop of Santiago de Cuba, Monseñor Enrique Pérez Serantes, who saved the life of Castro after the attack on Cuartel Moncada the 26 of July 1953, accuses communism in his pastoral, "the Communist enemy is at our doors".

June 27. Fidel Castro declares: "Whoever is against Communism is against the Revolution".



MENDEZ MEMBER OF YOUTH AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

Lubbock's Roberto Mendez, member and trustee of Local 1253-city employees and Construction Worker's Union, was named as a standing committee member of the Youth Affairs Committee sponsored by Texas AFL-CIO.

The Youth Affairs Committee is charged with the responsibility of reviewing existing programs and making recommendations to the officers of AFL-CIO. Harold Tate, Education Director for the State Federation will assist the committee as a resource person.



Joe Cruz of Abernathy about to plunge into the skies. Joe is the son of Mr. Guadalupe Cruz and Anita Cruz. La Voz salutes Joe and wishes him a happy landing.