

### Professional Cards.

**A. C. FOSTER,**  
Land Lawyer,  
Haskell, - - Texas.

**H. G. McCONNELL,**  
Attorney - at - Law,  
HASKELL, TEXAS.

**OSCAR MARTIN,**  
Attorney - at - Law,  
HASKELL, - - TEXAS.

**E. E. GILBERT,**  
Physician & Surgeon.  
Offers his services to the people of Haskell and surrounding country.

**J. E. LINDSEY,**  
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,  
HASKELL, - - TEXAS.  
Office Phone No. 12.  
Residence home No 19.  
Office North side Square.


**Land for Sale.**  
960 acres W. 1/2 of A. J. Smith Headright. Located about 10 miles N. E. of Haskell on Gray mare creek. Will be sold cheap and on favorable terms. Address the owner G. WEBSTER, San Miguel, Cal.

**DOES THIS STRIKE YOU?**  
Muddy complexion, nauseating breath come from chronic constipation. Karl's Clover Root Tea is an absolute cure and has been sold for fifty years on an absolute guarantee. Price 25 and 50 cts at J. B. Baker's.

**Attention Cattlemen!**  
An unlimited fund of money to lend on cattle.  
The Chicago Live Stock Commission Co. offers unexcelled service at Chicago, St. Louis and Kansas City. Apply to IRELAND HAMPTON, Agt. Henrietta, Tex.

**Start An Orchard.**  
I have again arranged with the Austin Nursery for an agency for the season of 1900. It is well known as one of the oldest and most reliable nurseries in Texas and its representations are correct and its guaranty as good as the gold. I shall be pleased to take your order for fruit trees, shrubbery, etc., for fall delivery. B. T. LANIER.

**Notice**  
The citizens of the town are warned not to dump the filth cleaned out of their lots, stables, etc., into the streets and alleys. By heeding this you will avoid sickness and avoid violating the law.  
DR. E. E. GILBERT, Co. Health Officer.



**Questions for Women**  
Are you nervous?  
Are you completely exhausted?  
Do you suffer every month?  
If you answer "yes" to any of these questions, you have the kind of **Wine of Cardui** cure. Do you appreciate what perfect health would be to you? After taking **Wine of Cardui**, thousands like you have regained it. Nervous strain, loss of sleep, cold or influenza, starts menstrual disorders that are not noticeable at first, but day by day steadily complicate themselves into complications. **Wine of Cardui**, used just before the menstrual period, will keep the female system in perfect condition. This medicine is taken equally at home. There is nothing like it to help women enjoy good health. It costs only \$1 to test this remedy, which is endorsed by 1,000,000 cured women.  
Mrs. Lena T. Fritchburg, Ft. St. Louis, Ill., says: "I am physically a new woman, by reason of my use of **Wine of Cardui** and **Theodore's Black Balm**."  
In case requiring special directions, address, **Chas. F. Johnson, The Ladies' Advertiser, Dept. of Medicine, 1111 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.**

**WINE OF CARDUI**

### RELIGIOUS COLUMN

BY REV. R. E. L. FARMER.

#### Synopsis of a Sermon at the Grave of a Greenville Saloon Keeper.

BY REV. J. W. HILL.

Several Sunday nights ago a terrible tragedy took place in Greenville, in which one man was killed and another fatally wounded. Two officers had gone to the saloon of B. L. Bolton to arrest him for selling liquor on Sunday. Bolton shot and mortally wounded one of the officers, and the other then shot Bolton, killing him instantly. Rev. J. W. Hill, formerly pastor of the Methodist church of this city, but now pastor of the church at Greenville, conducted the services at the grave of R. L. Bolton, and spoke as follows:  
Neighbors, fellow-townsmen and friends: I am called upon this afternoon to discharge a duty of the saddest and most melancholy character that has ever fallen to my lot since I have been a minister of the gospel. One man, and perhaps two, has been hurried into eternity, unhouseled, unwarned, unbidden and unprepared, and how the audit stands is known to Him alone who seeth not as man seeth, and to whose judgment bar both speaker and hearer are hastening on as fast as the wheels of time can move. Were I to choose a text from Holy Writ that should compass and voice the truth on this sad occasion, I would read the language of Mary, who on her face at the feet of Jesus, cried out of a broken heart, "Lord, if Thou hadst been here, my brother had not died."  
The awful tragedy that has shocked our city and stabbed the hearts of so many innocent victims is not the result of Jesus' power; it is the legitimate work of sin. The gaping wounds of him who lies before me, and of him who is dying in his bed near by are eloquent—more eloquent than I or any other human orator could be in support of that eternal principle expressed in the words of the Apostle, "Whatsoever a man soweth, that shall he also reap."  
But alas for the work of sin! Its effects touch not alone the guilty perpetrator; it inflicts, like the foul breath of the pestilence, the innocent as well. That aged mother whose heart is bleeding for her ruined boy; that poor young wife whose hopes are crushed, and these fatherless children whose lives are clouded by this awful tragedy—these, all these, and more, are victims of transgression in which they took no part, and for which they, nevertheless, must suffer.  
Sometimes men tell us that, "if we will let whisky alone it will let us alone." The statement is false! Did not this gray haired mother, this good old Christian woman, who with prayers and entreaties, tried to thwart the purposes of per prodigal boy—did she not let it alone? Did not this poor wife and these weeping children here—did they not let it alone? Did not this sister who pours her heart's blood out to-day—did she not let them alone! The shot that took Bob Bolton's life brought down his family in sorrow to the dust.  
I have just come from the bedside of the dying officer who lies there in his delirium, calling for his mother; and as I looked upon his bleeding wounds and saw his weeping wife kissing his cold fingers and ratching tears upon his purple face, in my heart of hearts I cursed the liquor traffic and heaved a sigh of prayer to God that its awful work of blood and tears might cease to blight the homes and hearts of the people of this fair land!

For the men engaged in this nefarious business I have the kindest feelings. If these cold lips could speak they'd bear me out in this assertion. Because of this same sympathy I am called today to speak at this open grave. These weeping mourners—this stricken family, will bear me witness how tenderly and how kindly myself and wife dealt with the dead and with his. He was my near neighbor; his children were in my Sunday school, and I spared no pains to make him feel that I was a brother man in sympathy with his brother men. I have also watched by his bedside in his sickness, and at the death hour of mid-night my wife and I have ministered to his afflicted family. I was not his enemy, but his friend, and as a friend I stand beside his grave today and denounce the liquor traffic, that child of hell, that spawn of the devil that has dragged him down to a premature death and left a cloud forever upon what might have been a happy and peaceful home.  
I speak unto the living; with the dead the tale is told. Flattery could not soothe the cold, dull ear, nor the voice of censure stir to vengeance. With him the die is cast, the Rubicon is crossed, the balance sheet is struck, the books are closed; but to ye living men who view the ground where you must shortly lie—to you, my neighbors and my friends—to you, who, with me, are hastening to the judgment bar of God, I speak

out of my heart today and ask of you, how long is this deadly work to continue? How long is this cruel curse to be allowed to crush our hearts and destroy our homes?  
If this double tragedy wake not our sleeping fears and move us to defense against this awful tide of tears and blood and death and hell, what bolt of wrath from a God of justice must descend to break the spell of our awful lethargy and open our eyes to the awful situation? Whose darling boy will next be slain? What parent here will be the next to furnish a victim for this fiery Moloch—this crusting Jugernaut?  
That little fair-haired boy of yours about whose young life the tendrils of your heart are trellised and upon whom you lavish all the wealth of dotting parents' love—what spider's web, what bloody man-trap, what sink of hell shall catch and ruin his life?  
I repeat, that for men engaged in this destructive business I have no malice, no bitterness, no unkindly wish. I would save them, everyone. I would fain awake the sleeping dead, I would staunch these bleeding wounds, I would open these glazed eyes and hear with joy the living words of these cold lips. You liquor men who hear me, while I speak, will bear me witness that I always treat you kindly, that I never rail on you and yours. I meet you kindly on the streets, and I love you as I love all men. The great good God is witness, I'd save you if I could. And yet I fear sometimes that I am not altogether clear in my office. I sometimes fear that I have not been as faithful in warning you and in prayer for you as I ought to have been. Upon the verge of this gaping grave I ask you to forgive me, and I lift up my bleeding heart to God and pray for His forgiveness too.  
Now, what more can I say? How feeble, how impotent, how helpless I stand in the midst of this sad wreck, in view of this awful ruin! But man's extremity is God's opportunity and I pray to God, in Jesus' name, for grace and mercy upon the living. I pray for the old mother whose heart strings are united and whose heart's blood is falling on this coffin. I pray for the stricken wife whose heart is in the grave with her husband. I pray for these little boys and this little baby girl left orphans in this cold, unfriendly world. I pray for this weeping sister whose brother has gone down to bloody death. I pray for the kind neighbors who have mingled their tears with those who weep and have done the best they could to soothe the stricken heart and to lift up the drooping head. I pray for these whisky men and for their families. May God avert a like disaster from their hearts and homes. I pray for all of you and for myself that He who loves us even in sin may save from self, from sin, from death and hell.—McKinney Gazette.

#### The Bravery of Woman.

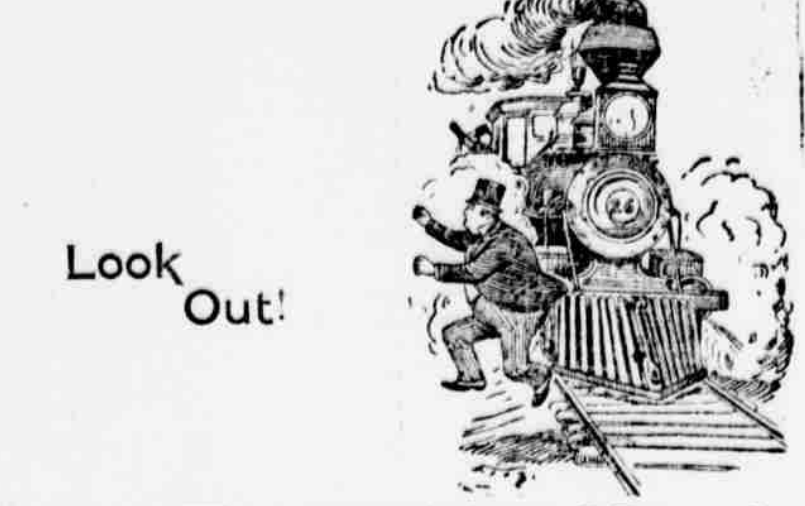
Was grandly shown by Mrs. John Dowling of Butler, Pa., in a three years' struggle with a malignant stomach trouble that caused distressing attacks of nausea and indigestion. All remedies failed to relieve her until she tried Electric Bitters. After taking it two months, she wrote: "I am now wholly cured and can eat anything. It is truly a grand tonic for the whole system, as I gained in weight and feel much stronger since using it." It aids digestion, cures dyspepsia, improves appetite, gives new life. Only 50c; guaranteed, at J. B. Baker's drugstore.

#### Commissioners Court Proceedings.

We give below brief mention of the most important business transacted at last term. Space is too limited to admit of a full account.  
County judge authorized to contract for 18 cords wood for the court house.  
Contract awarded to M. E. Park to build stone piers for bridge on Timber Creek on Anson road for \$151.35, also contract to remove small bridge now on Timber creek and rebuild same on branch near Ward's gate for \$70.00.  
County judge authorized to contract with some carpenter to furnish lumber and build new bridge on Timber creek and county clerk to issue warrant to pay for same on order of county judge.  
County attorney ordered to file suits for all delinquent taxes due on lands advertised for taxes due.  
Ordered that H. R. Jones, county judge and J. E. Carter, county commissioner be and are appointed a committee to go to Hockley county and examine the Haskell county school lands and report to the court as to their character, condition and value, and if they deem it necessary employ a surveyor to survey same and put up corners. \$50 appropriated out common fund for expenses of committee.  
Quarterly reports of the various county officers approved, and various accounts and claims against county allowed.

**Look Out!**  
Competition Knocked Out.  
**OUR GOODS ARE HERE, GREAT STACKS OF THEM.**

We are pleased to say to our old patrons and the buying public generally that our increased trade during the past six months has encouraged us to put in for our fall and winter trade much the largest stock we have ever handled.  
Realizing that we should have to encounter increased competition we have spared no effort to put ourselves in position to meet and defeat it. To this end we took great pains in selecting our goods to see that we got the best in quality and the latest in style for the least money possible.  
**We are satisfied with the prices we paid and Will satisfy our customers with the selling price.**  
Our stock covers the whole dry goods proposition. No department has been neglected. Our aim has been to make each department so full and complete in range of varieties of fabrics, styles of weaves, color, etc., that every taste could be suited. We believe we are safe in saying that  
**We Have Everything Anybody Wants.**  
Our goods are so piled and stacked up that you may not see just the thing you want, but ask for it and the chances are we'll dig it up. No trouble to answer questions or show goods—if they don't suit you you are under no obligation to buy them, and further, if anything you buy is not as represented return it and get your money back. We propose to give full value and satisfy every customer.  
Yours truly,  
**F. G. Alexander & Co.**



Competition Knocked Out.

## OUR GOODS ARE HERE, GREAT STACKS OF THEM.

We are pleased to say to our old patrons and the buying public generally that our increased trade during the past six months has encouraged us to put in for our fall and winter trade much the largest stock we have ever handled.  
Realizing that we should have to encounter increased competition we have spared no effort to put ourselves in position to meet and defeat it. To this end we took great pains in selecting our goods to see that we got the best in quality and the latest in style for the least money possible.  
**We are satisfied with the prices we paid and Will satisfy our customers with the selling price.**  
Our stock covers the whole dry goods proposition. No department has been neglected. Our aim has been to make each department so full and complete in range of varieties of fabrics, styles of weaves, color, etc., that every taste could be suited. We believe we are safe in saying that  
**We Have Everything Anybody Wants.**  
Our goods are so piled and stacked up that you may not see just the thing you want, but ask for it and the chances are we'll dig it up. No trouble to answer questions or show goods—if they don't suit you you are under no obligation to buy them, and further, if anything you buy is not as represented return it and get your money back. We propose to give full value and satisfy every customer.  
Yours truly,  
**F. G. Alexander & Co.**

### Cured of Chronic Diarrhoea After Thirty Years of Suffering.

"I suffered for thirty years with diarrhoea and thought I was past being cured," says John S. Hallway, of French Camp, Miss. "I had spent so much time and money and suffered so much that I had given up all hopes of recovery. I was so feeble from the effects of the diarrhoea that I could do no kind of labor, could not even travel, but by accident I was permitted to find a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and after taking several bottles I am entirely cured of that trouble. I am so pleased with the result that I am anxious that it be in reach of all who suffer as I have." For sale by J. B. Baker.

### B. Y. P. U. Program

Sept. 2, 1900.  
Leader—Miss Etta James.  
Song—Seek Souls, Luke 15: 1-10.  
Behind the parable—W. H. Wyman.  
Sheep from the Flock—Miss Una Foster.  
Love an Incentive to Seeking—Ed Couch.  
Duet—Misses Belle Rupe and Rob Lindsey.  
The Persistence of the Seeker—Mrs. R. E. L. Farmer.  
Heaven's Interest—Miss Belle Rupe.  
Song

### WHAT IS SHILOH?

A grand old remedy for Coughs, Colds and Consumption; used through the world for half a century, has cured innumerable cases of incipient consumption and relieved many in advanced stages. If you are not satisfied with the results we will refund your money. Price 25 and 50c and \$1.00, at J. B. Baker's.

## TERRELL'S DRUG STORE,

Southwest Corner Public Square  
Haskell, Texas.  
Handles only the Purest and Best Drugs. Carries a nice line of  
**Jewelry, Notions and Sundries;**  
Stationery, Watches, Clocks, Spectacles, Etc.

## Ericson & Holmberg,

Livery, Feed and Sale Stable, Stamford, Texas.  
Haskell and Anson Daily Mail and Transfer Line.  
Leaves Stamford 6 p.m. Arrives Haskell 8:50 p.m. Arrives Anson 8:50 p.m.  
Leaves Haskell and Anson 4 a.m. and arrives at Stamford 7 a.m.  
Fare one way 75c., Round trip \$1.25. Haskell and Anson.  
Carries Express and Guarantees prompt and careful attention.  
W. W. Fields & Bro. Express agents, Haskell.

### To Our Customers:

Having received and opened up our new stock of goods we are now ready for business and extend an invitation to the public to call and see us. There have been some changes in our working force: Mr. Will Halls who has been with us for several years as bookkeeper and rendering other valuable service, having resigned to accept a more remunerative position with the bank at Stamford. While we regret to lose him we are gratified at his success as well as pleased to believe his connection with our house has contributed to his advancement, and while our best wishes go with him we beg to assure our customers that they will still meet the same courteous attention and accuracy in their dealings with us as heretofore.  
Respy  
**F. G. ALEXANDER & Co.**

### Epworth League Program.

For Sept. 2.  
"The Growth of a Mission Church"—Acts 16: 14 and 16; 18: 30-33; Phil. 1: 3-5.  
Reference Word—Grow.  
Woman's part in the church—Miss Emma Park.  
Power of the Gospel to Save—Mr. S. W. Scott.  
Some Characteristics of the Philippians Church.  
1, 2, 3—Mr. Towns.  
4, 5, 6—Miss Ara Riddle.  
7—Mr. Roscoe Riter.  
8—Miss Nora Avery.  
Roll call with responses containing the reference word.  
Leader—Mr. Garrett.

## Money Saved

**BUYING PIANOS**

## Positive Fact!

as we are the largest buyers of Pianos in the state, we can sell cheaper than any house in Texas.

We are state agents for  
**The Chickering Pianos,**  
**The Emerson Pianos,**  
**The Goggan Pianos,**  
**The Smith & Barnes Pianos**  
and other makes.

We are also state agents for the  
**Needham Organs.**

WE HAVE ONLY ONE PRICE. We do not deceive buyers by asking high prices and accepting from \$100 to \$250 less, to make them believe they secure Bargains.

Our guarantee is absolute protection.  
—WE REFER TO ANY BANK IN TEXAS.—

**GUITARS, MANDOLINS and VIOLINS AT CUT PRICES.**

We carry in stock all the sheet music published.

## THOS. GOGGAN & BRO.

DALLAS AND GALVESTON

**WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE!**  
For 20 Years Has Led all Worm Remedies.  
Prepared by **JAMES F. BALLARD, St. Louis.**  
For sale by JOHN B. BAKER, Haskell, Texas.

The Boers are keeping the flies off the British in South Africa, to say the least of it.

### A TEXAS WONDER.

Hall's Great Discovery.  
One small bottle of Hall's Great Discovery cures all kidney and bladder troubles, removes gravel, cures diabetes, seminal discharges, weak and lame back, rheumatism and all troubles of the kidneys and bladder in both men and women. It regulates trouble in children. If not sold by your druggist, will be sent by mail on receipt of \$1.00. One small bottle is two months' treatment and will cure any case above mentioned.  
E. W. HALL,  
Sole Manufacturer, St. Louis, Mo., formerly of Waco, Texas.  
For sale by J. B. Baker, Haskell, Texas.  
READ THIS.

Weatherford, Texas, June 21, 1900.—For seven years I was suffering with kidney troubles and found no permanent relief. After using dozens of bottles of different kinds of kidney medicine, and come to the conclusion there was no cure for it. I was induced to try Hall's Great Discovery, and find that I am cured by the use of one bottle.  
**J. C. McCONNELL.**

The recent announcement by the Standard Oil company of the third big dividend on its business this year is evidence that such concerns as it, at least, are enjoying prosperity.



Abbott has another bank. Corsicana has a \$400 street sweeper. The Comal county fair will be held Oct. 13 and 14.

The International fair at San Antonio begins Oct. 20. John Grant of Honey Grove was killed by a runaway team.

Richard Zorella, a well known Texas traveling man, died at New York. A negro was held up near Plano by two white men and robbed of \$20.

The Southern Pacific railway shops at Tucson, Ariz., are to be removed to El Paso.

William Pierce, one of the oldest settlers of Delta county, died at Lake Creek.

Four free mail delivery routes are to be established in Johnson county Sept. 1.

Three men have been arrested at Dallas charged with attempting to blow up street cars.

The 6-year-old son of George Couch had a leg cut off by a moving machine at Grapevine.

Union labor men at San Antonio are discussing the feasibility of establishing a co-operative cotton mill.

Several cases of small-pox are reported in the lower part of Travis county near Elgin.

The colored Baptists of Texas had a great time at Austin, celebrating the centennial jubilee of the general convention. A large crowd was in attendance.

The San Antonio and Arkansas Pass Railway company paid the comptroller \$87,255 tax on \$87,535.21 of gross passenger earnings for the quarter ending June 30.

Rev. J. W. Milligan, who has been holding a protracted meeting in Emberson Prairie, near Globe, Lamar county, baptized forty-two converts in thirty-two minutes.

The Italians held a requiem mass at the Church of the Sacred Heart at Dallas for the repose of the soul of the late King Humbert. An Italian priest delivered an address.

While W. M. Rowe, a farmer five miles east of Paris, was in his field running a mowing machine he received a sunstroke which rendered him unconscious for two hours. The heat at the time was intense.

The south bound local Santa Fe train was badly wrecked at Yarbrough station, near Navasota. Three box-cars of ties and lumber and several hundred feet of track were broken, bent and twisted. No one was hurt.

Parties went to the home of Calvin Bradford, colored, at Mobile, five miles west of Colmesneil, and began firing at Calvin, wounding him severely. Seven white men have been accused of the shooting, five of whom have been arrested.

A crowd of unknown men shot into the home of Charles Price, colored, at Omaha a few nights ago. The house and furniture was filled with bullet holes. The family escaped while the shooting was in progress and went to a neighboring house.

The most dangerous counterfeit that has yet made its appearance in San Antonio is being circulated there with alarming frequency. It is an imitation of the 50 piece of 1899. It is perfect in color, ring, engraving and reading. It is made of genuine nickel.

Two negro women of Dallas differed as to the ownership of a dress. A fight followed and one was badly slashed with a pocket knife. One is under the care of a physician, while the county jailer attends to the bodily wants of the other.

The Dallas News has moved into its elegant new building, corner of Commerce and Lamar streets. The old building has been used by the company ever since the birth of the paper, 27 years ago, Oct. 1.

The Magnolia Land and Cattle company, capital \$600,000, has sold 125,000 acres of Texas lands, with cattle, declaring a dividend of 25 per cent and completing payment of \$200,000 of bonds. It will pay 10 per cent on the stock to wind up affairs.

On Oct. 9 the national convention of the order of Hoo-Hoos will be called to order at Dallas. It will remain in session for three days, and it is expected that at least 400 delegates will attend. A majority of the members are lumbermen.

The scholastic returns are all in and they show a population of 729,265 children within the ages of 8 and 17 years. The recent per capita apportionment of \$4.75 therefore makes a total of \$3,444,887.50 for the scholastic year 1900-1901.

The Austin water and light commission has ordered a 100 per cent advance in light rates because of steam power instead of water power, as during the life of the dam. Water rates have not been touched.

F. H. Grinnan waived examination before Justice of the Peace T. L. Frank and his bond set by agreement at \$10,000 for his personal appearance before the district court at Kaufman to answer on a charge of killing F. M. Roberts at Terrell.

The Austin city board of equalization has decided to reduce city values 25 per cent. This reduction is a result of the citizens' mass meeting, which obtained a reduction of 33 1-3 per cent from the county board of equalization on city property.

SCRATCH SENATOR

Tillman, Father of the South Carolina Dispensary Law.

FAILS TO RECEIVE MANY VOTES.

Despite the fact that he had no opposition. Several Election Fights Happened, With Some Fatalities.

Columbia, S. C., Aug. 29.—The first Democratic primary in this state Tuesday for all offices was attended by many spectators. The general election is a mere ratification of the primary and all interest centered in that vote. The final struggle comes two weeks hence in the second primary.

The issue has been dispensary or prohibition. Col. James A. Hoyt of Greenville was the prohibition nominee and the dispensary was represented by Gov. M. B. McSweeney, F. B. Gary, speaker of the house of representatives, A. Howard Patterson and Rev. Walter Whitman. The latter has been a candidate for office eighteen years and was never elected.

A canvass of the entire state was made, each of the forty counties being visited.

Senator Tillman, who claims paternity for the dispensary, came into the campaign and fought Col. Hoyt. As a result of this interference Senator Tillman's name was scratched by 20,000 voters, although he had no opponent.

Col. Hoyt, the prohibitionist, led in the first race. He will probably lead McSweeney by 10,000 votes. There will be a second primary two weeks from Tuesday, however, and the issue between Hoyt and McSweeney will be close.

A surprise was the large vote received by J. H. Tillman for lieutenant governor. He is a nephew of the senator. He will run it over with Col. John T. Slean.

State Treasurer Timmerman is defeated by Capt. R. H. Jennings. All other state officers succeeded themselves. The race for congress shows that Talbert, Stokes and Elliott will succeed themselves with opposition; Finley will be beaten by Stratton; Stanvane Wilson by Jos. T. Johnson and James Norton by Lieut. Gov. Scarborough. It is evident that Latimer will succeed himself against two opponents.

These calculations are based on incomplete reports received at state headquarters, but evidently indicative of final results.

Two death-dealing fights occurred at the polls. The first had the dimensions of a riot and occurred at Milway, Hamburg county. John Drossinger is said to have started the trouble by attacking Crum Smoak because of differences as to Senator Tillman's course in this campaign. The men first began fighting with fists, but Smoak's brother coming to his rescue, pistols were drawn on both sides. Dressinger was killed, Edward Crider and Crum Smoak were mortally wounded and Dick Smoak was shot in the arm.

At west Dunoon precinct Greenville county, pistols, knives and clubs figured in a general fight over the contest for governor. Pickney Jordan was killed, Henry Owens almost decapitated and Ed. Owens had his hand nearly severed at the wrist. Several others were badly cut and beaten.

Boers are reported defeated at Machadodorp.

From Chaffee.

Washington, Aug. 29.—Adj. Gen. Corbin has received a dispatch from Gen. Chaffee saying that he (Chaffee) had received no dispatches from Gen. Corbin since Aug. 14. This was the date on which the allied army attacked and entered Berlin. Many dispatches have been sent by Gen. Corbin since that date, and the delay in their delivery is astonishing, even with the strange conditions which have existed in China.

Under Sealed Orders.

Hong Kong, Aug. 29.—Gen. Goto, from the island of Formosa, commands the Japanese troops occupying Amoy. Large bodies of troops have been landed, and Nordenfledt guns have been mounted, commanding the city. Many Chinese are leaving.

The British cruiser Isis sailed from here under sealed orders.

Canton is quiet. The large merchants' guilds are feeding the poor in order to prevent a disturbance.

Seeking Safety.

Washington, Aug. 29.—A cablegram has been received at the state department from United States Consul Johnson at Amoy, China, relative to the rioting in progress in that city. He reports that many of the richer Chinese and Europeans are leaving the place. A cablegram received at the navy department announces that the Castine sailed Tuesday from Shanghai for Amoy, in accordance with the department's orders.

Parade of Pythians.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 29.—The military division of the order of Knights of Pythias did itself proud in its biennial parade Tuesday and the vast crowds who witnessed the inspiring pageant gave enthusiastic approval all along the line of march. Nine thousand uniformed and helmeted knights and musketeers marched in rapid and orderly manner over the route of five miles, and were reviewed by Supreme Chancellor Sample and Gen. Conahan.

GHASTLY SCENE.

Man Found Dead With a Pistol Hole in His Head.

Dallas, Tex., Aug. 27.—A man whose name was given as Gus Robie by parties claiming to have been acquainted with him, was found dead in a room at a boardinghouse at the corner of Camp and Lamar streets, near the Texas and Pacific downtown depot, Sunday shortly after noon.

There were no papers on his person giving positive indication of his identity, but H. Detten, who works at the corner of Camp and Lamar streets, stated that he had known him for seven or eight years and that his occupation was that of hotelkeeper at Fort Worth.

The keeper of the boardinghouse where the death occurred stated that the man came here Monday or Tuesday of last week and had remained since that time. About noon yesterday, he said, he became uneasy and by looking through a crack in the wall saw the man propped up in the bed with pillows, after which he and several others secured a short ladder and by looking over the wall saw that he was dead, with a 38-caliber pistol clenched in his left hand.

Another man stated that he heard the muffled report of a pistol in the neighborhood soon after 4:00 o'clock Sunday morning and that two policemen had tried to locate the place, but could not.

"Doc" Chamberlain who runs a saloon on the first floor of the building, said that the man came in about 10 o'clock Saturday night and called for a drink saying that he wanted to get a good night's rest as he intended to return to Fort Worth the following morning.

The body was viewed by Judge Edwards.

The bullet wound was a little to the left of the middle of the forehead, ranging downward, and death was no doubt instantaneous.

An Eagle's Nest.

Texarkana, Tex., Aug. 27.—In Beech township about eight miles from this place, while William Green was driving a herd of hogs from his cornfield, he was approached by two young nephews, Emmett and Willie Green. As soon as Green spied the intruders he opened fire upon them, killing Emmett Green instantly and mortally wounding the other boy. It appears that the hogs belonged to the Green boys and they had recently had trouble with the uncle about the animals. The shooter was arrested and is now in jail to await examination.

Coleman Block.

Coleman, Tex., Aug. 27.—The Central block, composed of four two-story stone buildings fronting on Live Oak street, was destroyed by fire. The fire was discovered in the southeast corner of the W. R. McClennen building, up stairs. By a heroic effort the fire was confined to the Central block. Across the street is the Coleman National bank and J. E. Stevens' furniture and hardware store. Efficient work prevented more damage.

Thought Snailpo.

Hereford, Tex., Aug. 27.—John Caynor died after a few days' illness. The case is diagnosed by some of the attending physicians as smallpox and by others as a case of "Cuban chicken pox" and measles.

On account of the suggested case of smallpox a mass meeting of citizens was held. Resolutions were passed to defer the opening of public schools until the first week of October.

Railways Pay Tax.

Austin, Tex., Aug. 27.—Railroads paid tax on gross passenger earnings for the quarter ending June 30 as follows: Galveston, Houston and Northern, earnings \$19,426.72, tax \$194.26. Texas and New Orleans, earnings \$46,983.85, tax \$469.83. Galveston, Harrisburg and San Antonio, earnings \$196,480, tax \$1,964.80. Calvert, Waco and Brazos Valley, earnings \$1,299.49, tax \$12.99.

Instructed Suit.

Paris, Tex., Aug. 27.—George Nelson, whose present domicile is in Tarrant county, has instituted suit against the Texas Midland Railway company. F. M. Raikie, assistant general manager of the company, and L. L. Bateman to recover the sum of \$19,999 against all three of the defendants as alleged actual damages, and the further sum of \$5000 against the defendants Raikie and Bateman as exemplary damages for alleged false imprisonment.

Hogs Rush Into Flames.

McKinney, Tex., Aug. 27.—News has reached here of a destructive fire, entailing a peculiar loss, which occurred eight miles southwest of town. A barn belonging to a farmer named James Cain was ignited by a spark from the engine of a passing thrashing machine, and together with its contents of hay and corn was soon consumed. Thirty-one thoroughbred Berkshire hogs which were confined in the barn lot rushed into the burning building.

Young Lady Burned to Death.

Ladonia, Tex., Aug. 27.—Miss Birdie Hampton, 17-year-old daughter of John Hampton, who lives five miles south of town, was burned to death. She was starting a fire in the stove with coal oil when the oil in the can caught and exploded and her clothes caught. She lived about three hours afterward. Her father was severely burned while trying to put out the fire. Sousa's band wound up its European tour at Amsterdam.

ARE BEATEN BACK.

So Says Russian Report About Allies in Peking.

NO OFFICIAL INFORMATION YET.

Li Hung Chang is Said to Have Advised the Emperor Dowager to Have the Boxers Arrested.

London, Aug. 28.—The allies, resuming aggressive operations, have taken the district west of Peking. This statement, based on Chinese authority, is cabled from Shanghai.

From the same place comes the further statement that Li Hung Chang has wired the dowager empress at Hsian Fu requesting the arrest of Prince Tuan and the disarmament of the boxers, in order to give him an opening for negotiations with the powers.

The illuminations projected at Shanghai in celebration of the relief of Peking have been abandoned, but they should cause a native outbreak.

"Evidences have been received here," says the Shanghai correspondent of the Standard, "going to show that Gen. Yung Lu was the real author of the anti-foreign outbreak, the dowager empress, Prince Tuan and the others all being persuaded by him to take an extreme attitude, while he stood aside and awaited developments."

American refugee missionaries in Amoy, according to the HongKong correspondent of the Daily Mail, are anxious to return to the interior, but the United States consul has forbidden them to do so, and urges them to go to the Philippines or return to America.

Shanghai advices to the Daily news are that consular opinion there looks upon Japan landing troops at Amoy, despite the protests of the consuls, as similar to that of Russia at Newchwang, the whole indicating a tendency to a partition of the empire.

"Russian journals agree," says the Moscow correspondent of the Standard, "that it is impossible to deal with China in the spirit of revenge, as suggested by Emperor William. They believe that methods less drastic can better accomplish the ends of Russia in Manchuria. The question would be satisfactorily settled to Russian minds by the seizure of the northern provinces."

A St. Petersburg special quotes Emperor William, when wiring in answer to the announcement that a Russian regiment had been named for him, as follows:

"Express my good wishes today with the greater joy, since our Russian and German comrades, after a long time, are fighting together again, should I to shoulder. According to an old and sacred tradition, victory will not be wanting."

Will Not Attend.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 28.—William J. Bryan has followed the example of President McKinley and declined to be a visitor at the national encampment. He Monday afternoon sent a message to Executive Director William H. Harper, saying that because of the absence of President McKinley from the encampment he considered it advisable to remain away. His telegram is as follows:

"I sincerely trust that the people of the nation will see the wisdom of my appearance at the national encampment."

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 28.—The national committee of the Middle-of-the-Road Populists held a meeting in Chicago with 80 of the 116 members present in person or by proxy. National Chairman J. A. Parker of Kentucky presided and it was decided to open national headquarters at Louisville, with Mr. Parker in charge. The middle-of-the-road men claim they will elect two congressmen in Texas, two in Alabama and one in Georgia.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 28.—At a meeting of the People's party national committee today the declination of Charles A. Towne as the vice presidential nominee of the party was accepted and the name of Adlai E. Stevenson was put in its place. In the beginning there were three courses advocated by different members of the committee: To nominate a Populist, to leave the place blank, or, lastly, to endorse Mr. Stevenson.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 28.—The national committee of the Middle-of-the-Road Populists held a meeting in Chicago with 80 of the 116 members present in person or by proxy. National Chairman J. A. Parker of Kentucky presided and it was decided to open national headquarters at Louisville, with Mr. Parker in charge. The middle-of-the-road men claim they will elect two congressmen in Texas, two in Alabama and one in Georgia.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 28.—At a meeting of the People's party national committee today the declination of Charles A. Towne as the vice presidential nominee of the party was accepted and the name of Adlai E. Stevenson was put in its place. In the beginning there were three courses advocated by different members of the committee: To nominate a Populist, to leave the place blank, or, lastly, to endorse Mr. Stevenson.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 28.—The national committee of the Middle-of-the-Road Populists held a meeting in Chicago with 80 of the 116 members present in person or by proxy. National Chairman J. A. Parker of Kentucky presided and it was decided to open national headquarters at Louisville, with Mr. Parker in charge. The middle-of-the-road men claim they will elect two congressmen in Texas, two in Alabama and one in Georgia.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 28.—The national committee of the Middle-of-the-Road Populists held a meeting in Chicago with 80 of the 116 members present in person or by proxy. National Chairman J. A. Parker of Kentucky presided and it was decided to open national headquarters at Louisville, with Mr. Parker in charge. The middle-of-the-road men claim they will elect two congressmen in Texas, two in Alabama and one in Georgia.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 28.—The national committee of the Middle-of-the-Road Populists held a meeting in Chicago with 80 of the 116 members present in person or by proxy. National Chairman J. A. Parker of Kentucky presided and it was decided to open national headquarters at Louisville, with Mr. Parker in charge. The middle-of-the-road men claim they will elect two congressmen in Texas, two in Alabama and one in Georgia.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 28.—The national committee of the Middle-of-the-Road Populists held a meeting in Chicago with 80 of the 116 members present in person or by proxy. National Chairman J. A. Parker of Kentucky presided and it was decided to open national headquarters at Louisville, with Mr. Parker in charge. The middle-of-the-road men claim they will elect two congressmen in Texas, two in Alabama and one in Georgia.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 28.—The national committee of the Middle-of-the-Road Populists held a meeting in Chicago with 80 of the 116 members present in person or by proxy. National Chairman J. A. Parker of Kentucky presided and it was decided to open national headquarters at Louisville, with Mr. Parker in charge. The middle-of-the-road men claim they will elect two congressmen in Texas, two in Alabama and one in Georgia.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 28.—The national committee of the Middle-of-the-Road Populists held a meeting in Chicago with 80 of the 116 members present in person or by proxy. National Chairman J. A. Parker of Kentucky presided and it was decided to open national headquarters at Louisville, with Mr. Parker in charge. The middle-of-the-road men claim they will elect two congressmen in Texas, two in Alabama and one in Georgia.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 28.—The national committee of the Middle-of-the-Road Populists held a meeting in Chicago with 80 of the 116 members present in person or by proxy. National Chairman J. A. Parker of Kentucky presided and it was decided to open national headquarters at Louisville, with Mr. Parker in charge. The middle-of-the-road men claim they will elect two congressmen in Texas, two in Alabama and one in Georgia.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 28.—The national committee of the Middle-of-the-Road Populists held a meeting in Chicago with 80 of the 116 members present in person or by proxy. National Chairman J. A. Parker of Kentucky presided and it was decided to open national headquarters at Louisville, with Mr. Parker in charge. The middle-of-the-road men claim they will elect two congressmen in Texas, two in Alabama and one in Georgia.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 28.—The national committee of the Middle-of-the-Road Populists held a meeting in Chicago with 80 of the 116 members present in person or by proxy. National Chairman J. A. Parker of Kentucky presided and it was decided to open national headquarters at Louisville, with Mr. Parker in charge. The middle-of-the-road men claim they will elect two congressmen in Texas, two in Alabama and one in Georgia.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 28.—The national committee of the Middle-of-the-Road Populists held a meeting in Chicago with 80 of the 116 members present in person or by proxy. National Chairman J. A. Parker of Kentucky presided and it was decided to open national headquarters at Louisville, with Mr. Parker in charge. The middle-of-the-road men claim they will elect two congressmen in Texas, two in Alabama and one in Georgia.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 28.—The national committee of the Middle-of-the-Road Populists held a meeting in Chicago with 80 of the 116 members present in person or by proxy. National Chairman J. A. Parker of Kentucky presided and it was decided to open national headquarters at Louisville, with Mr. Parker in charge. The middle-of-the-road men claim they will elect two congressmen in Texas, two in Alabama and one in Georgia.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 28.—The national committee of the Middle-of-the-Road Populists held a meeting in Chicago with 80 of the 116 members present in person or by proxy. National Chairman J. A. Parker of Kentucky presided and it was decided to open national headquarters at Louisville, with Mr. Parker in charge. The middle-of-the-road men claim they will elect two congressmen in Texas, two in Alabama and one in Georgia.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 28.—The national committee of the Middle-of-the-Road Populists held a meeting in Chicago with 80 of the 116 members present in person or by proxy. National Chairman J. A. Parker of Kentucky presided and it was decided to open national headquarters at Louisville, with Mr. Parker in charge. The middle-of-the-road men claim they will elect two congressmen in Texas, two in Alabama and one in Georgia.

DESPERATE WOMAN

Causes a Scene of Intense Excitement in an Illinois City.

Gilman, Ill., Aug. 28.—Two men killed, three wounded, two of them perhaps fatally, one woman wounded and her residence burned, are the results of an all night battle between a mob and Mrs. Dr. C. W. Wright, who was accused of the murder of Bessie Salter, the 16-year-old daughter of a citizen of Gilman.

The dead: John Myers, employed by Mrs. Dr. Wright. Michael Ryan, citizen, serving as deputy constable.

Fatally wounded: Lawrence Ryan, brother of the dead man, wounded in abdomen; George Willoughby, citizen, shot through left lung; Mrs. Dr. C. W. Wright, shot through right shoulder, bullet taking downward course.

Seriously wounded: Peter Daire, member of the citizens' attacking party, shot through the stomach.

Early in the evening the first act of the tragedy was enacted when Constable Nilstead went to the house, in the outskirts of the town, occupied by Mrs. Wright, to serve on the occupants a warrant sworn out after the coroner's jury had declared her guilty of the murder. A number of deputies were with Constable Nilstead. Mrs. Wright barred the door, and in forcing an entrance the constables encountered unexpected opposition. They broke the outer door open and entered the darkened rooms. Michael Ryan felt his way across the first room and was about to enter the door of the inner apartment, when a shot rang out and he fell dead. The constables made a hurried exit and formed a picket line around the building in the hope that the occupants would surrender, but without success. Finally it was determined to set fire to the building.

A mob of probably 250 people had gathered. Most of them were men. Dozens of bundles of straw, saturated with petroleum, were piled against the front and sides of the house and the torch applied. Shot after shot rang from the upper rooms and George Willoughby, a local representative of the Standard Oil Company, fell with a bullet in the left side. The next victim was Peter Daire of the attacking party. These casualties so angered the crowd that they shot into the house. Contrary to expectations, no screams followed the progress of the flames, and the mob began to think that the inmates of the burning house had been killed. Suddenly from a bunch of timber in the rear several shots came in the direction of the mob. They were answered a hundred to one, and the firing was silenced. Members of the mob rushed to the timber and found the body of John Myers, a blacksmith, who had been employed by Mrs. Wright. He was shot in a dozen places about the head and shoulders, showing that he had been lying on his face firing at his enemies when he met death. Near by lay Mrs. Wright, a ragged hole in her right shoulder. She had also been wounded while lying down in the same position as Myers.

The mob carried her down to the council chamber, and physicians set to work in an endeavor to bring her to consciousness. It is probable that she will not recover.

The mob immediately dispersed. It has been reported that there were three women in the house besides Mrs. Wright, but no signs of them were found. The house was destroyed, with its contents.

Congress to President.

Washington, Aug. 28.—The president received this message from Minister Conger Monday in reply to telegrams of felicitation sent by the president, on receipt of news that the Americans in Peking were safe:

To the president, Washington: All Americans here thank you for congratulations and successful efforts for our relief and bless God for final deliverance.

Refused to Continue.

New York, Aug. 28.—The fight between Tommy West and Joe Wolcott, which was the main attraction at the Twentieth Century club in Madison Square Garden, ended in a peculiar manner. The bout had gone eleven rounds very much in Wolcott's favor, as he had punished West very badly about the body and had him in a very weakened condition. When the bell rang for the twelfth round, Wolcott refused to go on, claiming that he had injured his left arm.

Populists Meet.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 28.—The national committee of the Middle-of-the-Road Populists held a meeting in Chicago with 80 of the 116 members present in person or by proxy. National Chairman J. A. Parker of Kentucky presided and it was decided to open national headquarters at Louisville, with Mr. Parker in charge. The middle-of-the-road men claim they will elect two congressmen in Texas, two in Alabama and one in Georgia.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 28.—At a meeting of the People's party national committee today the declination of Charles A. Towne as the vice presidential nominee of the party was accepted and the name of Adlai E. Stevenson was put in its place. In the beginning there were three courses advocated by different members of the committee: To nominate a Populist, to leave the place blank, or, lastly, to endorse Mr. Stevenson.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 28.—The national committee of the Middle-of-the-Road Populists held a meeting in Chicago with 80 of the 116 members present in person or by proxy. National Chairman J. A. Parker of Kentucky presided and it was decided to open national headquarters at Louisville, with Mr. Parker in charge. The middle-of-the-road men claim they will elect two congressmen in Texas, two in Alabama and one in Georgia.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 28.—The national committee of the Middle-of-the-Road Populists held a meeting in Chicago with 80 of the 116 members present in person or by proxy. National Chairman J. A. Parker of Kentucky presided and it was decided to open national headquarters at Louisville, with Mr. Parker in charge. The middle-of-the-road men claim they will elect two congressmen in Texas, two in Alabama and one in Georgia.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 28.—The national committee of the Middle-of-the-Road Populists held a meeting in Chicago with 80 of the 116 members present in person or by proxy. National Chairman J. A. Parker of Kentucky presided and it was decided to open national headquarters at Louisville, with Mr. Parker in charge. The middle-of-the-road men claim they will elect two congressmen in Texas, two in Alabama and one in Georgia.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 28.—The national committee of the Middle-of-the-Road Populists held a meeting in Chicago with 80 of the 116 members present in person or by proxy. National Chairman J. A. Parker of Kentucky presided and it was decided to open national headquarters at Louisville, with Mr. Parker in charge. The middle-of-the-road men claim they will elect two congressmen in Texas, two in Alabama and one in Georgia.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 28.—The national committee of the Middle-of-the-Road Populists held a meeting in Chicago with 80 of the 116 members present in person or by proxy. National Chairman J. A. Parker of Kentucky presided and it was decided to open national headquarters at Louisville, with Mr. Parker in charge. The middle-of-the-road men claim they will elect two congressmen in Texas, two in Alabama and one in Georgia.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 28.—The national committee of the Middle-of-the-Road Populists held a meeting in Chicago with 80 of the 116 members present in person or by proxy. National Chairman J. A. Parker of Kentucky presided and it was decided to open national headquarters at Louisville, with Mr. Parker in charge. The middle-of-the-road men claim they will elect two congressmen in Texas, two in Alabama and one in Georgia.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 28.—The national committee of the Middle-of-the-Road Populists held a meeting in Chicago with 80 of the 116 members present in person or by proxy. National Chairman J. A. Parker of Kentucky presided and it was decided to open national headquarters at Louisville, with Mr. Parker in charge. The middle-of-the-road men claim they will elect two congressmen in Texas, two in Alabama and one in Georgia.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 28.—The national committee of the Middle-of-the-Road Populists held a meeting in Chicago with 80 of the 116 members present in person or by proxy. National Chairman J. A. Parker of Kentucky presided and it was decided to open national headquarters at Louisville, with Mr. Parker in charge. The middle-of-the-road men claim they will elect two congressmen in Texas, two in Alabama and one in Georgia.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 28.—The national committee of the Middle-of-the-Road Populists held a meeting in Chicago with 80 of the 116 members present in person or by proxy. National Chairman J. A. Parker of Kentucky presided and it was decided to open national headquarters at Louisville, with Mr. Parker in charge. The middle-of-the-road men claim they will elect two congressmen in Texas, two in Alabama and one in Georgia.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 28.—The national committee of the Middle-of-the-Road Populists held a meeting in Chicago with 80 of the 116 members present in person or by proxy. National Chairman J. A. Parker of Kentucky presided and it was decided to open national headquarters at Louisville, with Mr. Parker in charge. The middle-of-the-road men claim they will elect two congressmen in Texas, two in Alabama and one in Georgia.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 28.—The national committee of the Middle-of-the-Road Populists held a meeting in Chicago with 80 of the 116 members present in person or by proxy. National Chairman J. A. Parker of Kentucky presided and it was decided to open national headquarters at Louisville, with Mr. Parker in charge. The middle-of-the-road men claim they will elect two congressmen in Texas, two in Alabama and one in Georgia.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 28.—The national committee of the Middle-of-the-Road Populists



# THIS MONKEY IS A FULL FLEDGED FARMER.

One thing New Jersey has which cannot be found elsewhere in the whole wide world, and that is a farming monkey. This monkey is a small gray beauty of the gentler sex and her age is 22. Her name is Mattie. She lives on Samuel Farren's farm, near Tremley.

Mattie is a trained farmhand. Under direction she feeds the swine and milks the cows, and helps to cultivate a good vegetable garden. She

thirty canary birds and the twenty white rats, which also sleep in eccentric Samuel Farren's cozy bed-chamber. The angry protests of these smaller and less intelligent pets invariably arouse the sleeping farmer, and when he reproaches Mattie for breaking in on his morning slumber, she jumps up and down with a distressed expression of countenance, tapping herself on the chest with one finger, shaking

## TALMAGE'S SERMON.

### SPEAKS ON GLORIOUS HERITAGE OF GOD'S CHILDREN.

Thoughts Suggested by His Contact With the Imperial Splendors of European Capitals—Christians Members of the Royal House of Jesus.

(Copyright, 1909, by Louis Edw. Talmage.) In this discourse Dr. Talmage, who during his journey homeward has seen much of the royal and imperial splendors in passing through the capitals of Europe, shows that there is no higher dignity nor more illustrious station than those which the Christian has as a child of God; text, Judges viii, 18. "Each one resembled the children of a king."

Zebah and Zalmunna had been off to battle, and when they came back they were asked what kind of people they had seen. They answered that the people had a royal appearance. "Each one resembled the children of a king." That description of people is not extinct. There are still many who have this appearance. Indeed, they are the sons and daughters of the Lord Almighty. Though now in exile, they shall yet come to their thrones. There are family names that stand for wealth or patriotism or intelligence. The name of Washington among us will always represent patriotism. The family of the Medici stood as the representative of letters. The family of the Rothschilds is a children of wealth. The loss of \$40,000,000 in 1845 putting them to no inconvenience, and within a few years they have loaned Russia \$12,000,000, Naples \$25,000,000, Austria \$40,000,000, and England \$200,000,000, and the stroke of their pen on the counting room desk shakes everything from the Irish sea to the Danube. They open their hand and there is war, they shut it and there is peace. The Romanoffs of Russia, the Hohenzollerns of Germany, the Bourbons of France, the Stuarts and Georges of Great Britain, are houses whose names are intertwined with the history of their respective nations symbolic of imperial authority.

But I preach of a family more potential, more rich and more extensive—the royal house of Jesus, of whom the whole family in heaven and on earth is named. We are blood relations by the relationship of the cross; all of us are the children of the King.

First, I speak of our family name. When we see a descendant of some one greatly celebrated in the past century, we look at him with profound interest. To have had conquerors, kings or princes in the ancestral line gives luster to the family name. In our line was a King and a Conqueror, The Star in the East with baton of light woke up the eternal orchestra that made music at his birth. From thence he started forth to conquer all nations, not by tramping them down, but by lifting them up. St. John saw him on a white horse. When he returns he will not bring the nations chained to his wheel or in iron cages, but I hear the strike of the hoofs of the snow-white cavalcade that brings them to the gates in triumph.

Luster From Star and Spear. Our family name takes luster from the star that heralded him and the spear that pierced him and the crown that was given him. It gathers fragrance from the frankincense brought to his cradle and the lilies that flung their sweetness into his sermons and the box of alabaster that broke at his feet. The Comforter at Bethany. The Resurrector at Nain. The Saviour of one world and the chief joy of another. The storm his frown. The sunlight his smile. The spring morning his breath. The earthquake the stamp of his feet. The thunder the whisper of his voice. The ocean a drop on the tip of his finger. Heaven a sparkle on the bosom of his love. Eternity the twinkling of his eye. The universe the flying dust of his chariot wheels. Able to heal a heartbreak or sin a tempest or drown a world or flood immensity with his glory. What other family name could ever boast of such an illustrious personage?

Henceforth swing out the coat of arms. Great families wear their coat of arms on the dress, or on the door of the coach, or on the helmet when they go out to battle, or on flags and ensigns. The heraldic sign is sometimes a lion or a dragon or an eagle. Our coat of arms, worn right over the heart, hereafter shall be a cross, a lamb standing against it and a dove flying over it. Grandest of all escutcheons! In every battle I must have it blazing on my flag—the dove, the cross, the lamb, and when I fall wrap me in that good old Christian flag, so that the family coat of arms shall be right over my breast, that all the world may see that I looked to the Dove of the Spirit and clung to the Cross and depended upon the Lamb of God, which taketh away the sin of the world.

The Royal House of Jesus. You cannot see a large estate in one morning. You must take several walks around it. The family property of this royal house of Jesus is so great that we must take several walks to get any idea of its extent. Let the first walk be around this earth. All these valleys, the harvests that wave in them and the cattle that pasture there—all these mountains and the precious things hidden beneath them and the crown of glacier they cast at the feet of the Alpine hurricane—all these lakes, these islands, these continents, are ours. In the second walk go among the street lamps of heaven and see stretching off on every side a wilderness of worlds. For us they shine. For us they sang at a Saviour's nativity. For us they wheel into line and with their flaming torches add to the splendor of our triumph on the day for which all other days were made. In the third walk go around the eternal city. As we come near it, hark to the rush of its chariots and the wedding peal of its great towers. The bell of heaven has struck 12. It is high noon. We look upon the chaplets which never fade, the eyes that never weep, the temples that never close, the loved ones that never part, the procession that never halts, the trees that never wither, the walls that never can be captured, the sun that never sets, until we can no longer gaze, and we hide our eyes and exclaim: "Eye hath not seen nor ear heard, neither have entered into the heart of man the things which God

bath prepared for them that love him!" As the tides of glory rise we have to retreat and hold fast lest we be swept off and drowned in the emotions of gladness and thanksgiving and triumph.

What think you of the family property? It is considered an honor to marry into a family where there is great wealth. The Lord, the bridegroom of earth and heaven, offers you his heart and his hand, saying in the words of the One and come away. And once having put on thy hand the signet ring of his love, you will be endowed with all the wealth of earth and all the honors of heaven.

The Family Homestead. Almost every family looks back to a homestead—some country place where you grew up. You sat on the doorkill, you heard the footsteps of the rain on the garret roof. You swung on the gate. You ransacked the barn. You waded into the brook. You thrashed the orchard for apples and the neighboring woods for nuts, and everything around the old homestead is of interest to you. I tell you of the old homestead of eternity. "In my father's house are many mansions." When we talk of mansions we think of Chatsworth and its park nine miles in circumference and its conservatory that astonishes the world, its galleries of art that contain the triumphs of Chantrey, Canova and Thorwaldsen, of the kings and queens who have walked its stately halls, or flying over the beauteous places of dukes and princes and queens are as nothing to the family mansion that is already awaiting our arrival. The hand of the Lord Jesus lifted the pillars and swung the doors and planted the parks. Angels walk there and the good of all ages. The poorest man in that house is a millionaire and the lowest a king, and the tamest word he speaks is an anthem and the shortest life an eternity.

It took a Paxton to build for Chatsworth a covering for the wonderful flower, Victoria Regia, five feet in diameter. But our Lily of the Valley shall need no shelter from the blast and in the open gardens of God shall put forth its bloom, and all heaven shall come to look at it, and its aroma shall be as though the cherubim had swung before the throne a thousand censers. I have not seen it yet. I am in a foreign land. But my Father is waiting for me to come home. I have brothers and sisters there. In the Bible I have letters from them, telling me what a fine place it is. It matters not much to me whether I am rich or poor, or whether the world hates me or loves me, or whether I go by land or by sea, if only I may lift my eyes at last to the family mansion. It is not a frail house, built in a month, soon to crumble, but an old mansion, which is as firm as the day it was built. Its walls are covered with the ivy of many ages, and the urns at the gateway are abloom with the century plants of eternity. The queen of Sheba hath walked in its halls, and Esther and Marie Antoinette and Lady Huntington and Cecil and Jeremy Taylor and Samuel Rutherford and John Milton and the widow who gave to the poor men from the hospital—the last two perhaps outshining all the kings and queens of eternity.

The Family Reunion. A family mansion means reunion. Some of your families are very much scattered. The children married and went off to St. Louis or Chicago or Charleston. But perhaps once a year you come together at the old place. How you wake up the old piano that has been silent for years! Father and mother do not play on it. How you bring out the old relics and rummage the garret and open oldscraps and shout and laugh and cry and talk over old times and, though you may be forty-five years of age, act as though you were sixteen. Just as it is good-bye at the car window and goodbye at the steamboat wharf. But how will we act at the reunion in the old family mansion in heaven? It is a good while since you parted at the door of the grave. There will be Grace and Mary and Martha and Charlie and Lizzie and all the darlings of your household, not pale and sick and gasping for breath, as when you saw them last, but their eye bright with the luster of heaven and their cheek rosy with the flush of celestial summer.

What clasping of hands! What embracing! What coming together of lip to lip! What tears of joy! You say, "I thought there were no tears in heaven." There must be, for the Bible says that "God shall wipe them away," and if there were no tears there how could he wipe them away? They cannot be tears of grief or disappointment. They must be tears of gladness. Christ will come and say, "What, child of heaven, is it too much for thee? Dost thou break down under the gladness of this reunion? Then I will help thee." And with his one arm around us and the other arm around our loved ones he shall hold us up in the eternal jubilee.

Why I speak some of you with broken hearts can hardly hold your peace. You feel as if you would speak out and say: "Oh, blessed day, speed on! Toward thee I press with blistered feet over the desert way. My eyes fail for their weeping. I faint from listening for feet that will not come and the sound of voices that will not speak. Speed on, oh day of reunion! And then, Lord Jesus, be not angry with me if after I have kissed thy blessed feet I turn around to gather up the long lost treasures of my heart. Oh, be not angry with me. One look at thee were heaven. But all these reunions are heaven encircling heaven, heaven overtopping heaven, heaven commingling with heaven!" I was at Mount Vernon and went into the dining room in which our first president entertained the prominent men of this and other lands. It was a very interesting spot. But oh, the banquet hall of the family mansion of which I speak! Spread the table, spread it wide, for a great multitude are to sit at it. From the Tree by the river gather the twelve manner of fruits for that table. Take the clusters from the heavenly vineyard and press them into the golden tankards for that table. On baskets carry in the bread of which if a man eat he shall never hunger. Take all the shot torn flags of earthly conquest and intertwine them among the arches. Let David come with his harp and Gabriel with his trumpet and Miriam

with the timbrel, for the prodigals are at home, and the captives are free, and the Father hath invited the mighty of heaven and the redeemed of earth to come and dine.

## FAMOUS BRIGAND

### Of Italy Killed by a Peasant Whom He Threatened.

Rome correspondent New York Times: News has come to Rome of the death of the famous brigand, Fioravanti, who for so many years has eluded every attempt on the part of the Italian authorities to capture him. His body was found last Saturday in a wood near Grassetto, in the Tuscan Maremma. It seems that the celebrated bandit was shot by a peasant, whom he had threatened with death because of his refusal to take a letter of Fioravanti to a certain well-to-do person, demanding the immediate payment of a sum of 5,000 francs. Luciano Fioravanti may well be said to have been the last of the old race of brigands which once infested the Maremma and the neighborhood of Rome. For a long space of time he was the companion of the terrible Tiburzi, who was shot by the gendarmes, near Sapalio, in the Maremma mountains, some three or four years ago. Since the death of his friend and companion in arms Fioravanti had led a comparatively quiet life in the Cimbrina Forest and the neighborhood of Viterbo, eluding every effort made by the police and guards to capture him. Late in the season he returned to his old haunts, nearer Grassetto, where in an unguarded moment he met his end at last. For some years a reward of 4,000 francs had been hanging above his head for his capture or death. The news of his shooting has caused a deep sensation throughout the country, and the South Tuscan Maremma and the country between Lake Bolsena and Rome is now virtually free of all really desperate disturbers of the public peace.

## SANDGLASSES

### Still Used to Measure Varying Periods of Time.

Strange to say, the sandglass is still used to measure varying periods of time. The size depends upon the purposes to which they are to be put. The hour glass is still in use in the sick room and in the music room, in both places affording a sure and accurate indication of the progress of time. Half-hour glasses are used in schools, and fifteen-minute glasses are used for medical purposes, and the sandglass also goes into the kitchen as an aid to exact cooking. There are also ten-minute glasses, five-minute and three-minute glasses, the two latter being used to time the boiling period of eggs. The three-minute sandglass is called an "egg boiler." Sand-glasses are also used for scientific purposes and on shipboard. The sand is carefully prepared by a thorough cleaning, including boiling. It is then baked dry, and then ground into the requisite fineness and uniformity, as sharp sand would be likely to become wedged in the opening between the two sections of the glass. The sand is then introduced into the glass through an opening left for that purpose in the end of one bulb, the opening then being sealed, the right quantity in each sand glass is gauged by actually timing the flow from one part of the glass to the other, and every glass is individually treated like a good thermometer. The glasses are usually mounted in cylindrical frames or holders, so that the twin bulbs can be seen at all times.

## Great Men's Love Letters.

Napoleon's letters to Josephine were remarkable for their ardour, and for a man who was said to have no heart he expressed an extraordinary degree of love and devotion. Swift's letters to Stella are his complete autobiography, and at the time when he possessed his greatest power, when he was courted by the rich and great, when ministers of state consulted him on every question, he took time to write her daily. And he no sooner sent off one letter than he commenced another, thus, as Thackeray says, never letting go her dear hand. He told her everything that was going on in the great world, and what was said and done by every person worth knowing, from the queen down. But there was a curse connected with everything that Swift did. After wooing his Stella for year and years, and breaking the heart of Miss Vanhomrigh as well, he finally married Stella, but refused to live with her. They parted at the altar, never to meet again.

## Sing Without Opening Mouths.

Many birds form their sound without opening their bills. The pigeon is a well-known instance of this. Its cooing can be distinctly heard, although it does not open its bill. The call is formed internally in the throat and chest and is only rendered audible by resonance. Similar ways may be observed in many birds and other animals. The clear, loud call of the cuckoo, according to one naturalist, is the resonance of a note formed in the bird, the whirring of the snipe, which betrays the approach of the bird to the hunter, is an act of ventriloquism. Even the nightingale has certain notes which are produced internally and which are audible while the bill is closed.

## Why We Are Like the Crow.

Aside from the special question of profit and loss, we have a warm side toward the crow, he is so much like ourselves, said the late Henry Ward Beecher. He is lazy, and that is human; he is cunning, and that is human. He thinks his own color is best, and loves to hear his own voice, which are eminent traits of humanity. He will never work when he can get another to work for him—a genuine human trait. He eats whatever he can get his claws upon, and is less mischievous with a belly full than when hungry, and this is like man. Take off their wings and put them in breeches, and crows would make fair average men. Give men wings and reduce their smartness a little, and many of them would be almost good enough to be crows.

If a man is industrious and frugal, he can acquire a good deal of money without knowing much else.

# HUMOROUS

To Myself at Six Months. Youngascal, with your bland surprise; Your corrugated, lofty brow; The look of marvel in your eyes, As asking, "What is coming now?" I know not if you're he or she— Your clothes say naught. No doubt it's true. They called you "it." Please speak to me— Whose wondrous progeny are you? They claim that you are I—ate I! I faith, this portrait bears attest (A fact that I will not deny) The first edition is the best. And I was "cunning," "cute" and "sweet?" And did I blent "goo-goo," "goo-wah?" And kick my tooties—now but feet? And thrill with pride my fond mamma? Deep-nested in your wayward brain, What thoughts were hid, so none might know? Or were your bounds the counterpane, A rubber ring, a new-found toe? Did phantoms of another life You just had left still dwell within? Or were those movements, meaning-rife, Aroused by some obtrusive pin? Do you impatient, long for day When you would be as old as eight And in your odd, capacious way The very name of "baby" hate? Ah, baby, the pity is that here You did not stay content, I see; But onward led from year to year, Behold the thing you grew to be!

## WHY HE WASN'T WHIPPED.



"Say, Tommy, did yer ma lick yer?" "Naw; she wanted to, but she was 'traid I'd holler so loud I'd wake the baby."

The Man Who Had the Vote. From London Tit-Bits. The following is an unreported incident before one of the commissioners appointed to inquire into a certain election petition:

"What is your name?" "George Jones." "Well, what do you know of this?" "On the day of the election I went to the Spotted Dog." "What did you there?" "I see'd a man." "Well, what did he do?" "He gave me 5 shillings, and said as how I was to vote for —." "Well, did you vote for Mr. —?" "No, sir." "What did you do then?" "Went to the Pig and Whistle." "Well—there?" "There I see'd another man." "What did he do?" "He gave me 5 shillings and said I was to vote for —." "And did you vote?" "No, sir." "What did you do then?" "I went to the Red Lion." "And there?" "There I see'd a man, too." "And did he give you 5 shillings and tell you to vote for Mr. —?" "He did so." "And did you?" "No, sir." "Why here, on your own admission, you have obtained 15 shillings to vote for one of the candidates; did you vote at all?" "No, sir." "Why not?" "Because I ain't got no vote; it's my father, George Jones, who's an elector."

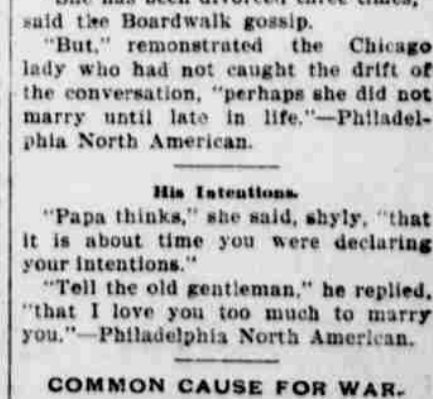
Wealth and Early Rising. "Do you think that early rising helps a man get rich?" "I don't know," answered the man who makes careful distinctions. "I should say it depended on whether he's the one who starts the first street car or the ice-man."—Washington Star.

The Leisure Class. Lord Sayvan-De Livrus. Ah! but your leisure claws in this country, have no titles. Miss Sharpe. Nonsense! What the matter with "hobo," "Weary Willie," "Dusty Roads," and so one?—Philadelphia Press.

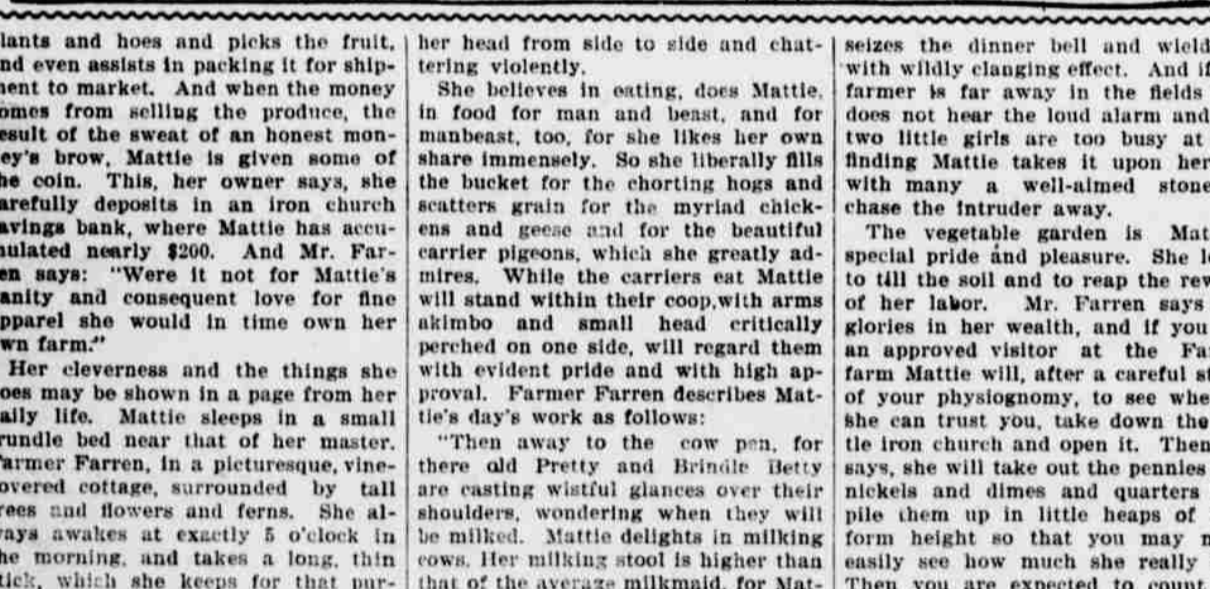
An Exercise. "She has been divorced three times," said the Boardwalk gossip. "But," remonstrated the Chicago lady who had not caught the drift of the conversation, "perhaps she did not marry until late in life."—Philadelphia North American.

His Intentions. "Papa thinks," she said, shyly, "that it is about time you were declaring your intentions." "Tell the old gentleman," he replied, "that I love you too much to marry you."—Philadelphia North American.

## COMMON CAUSE FOR WAR.



He—There are the Smiths over there. She—Sh—! We don't speak now. We have changed servants.



## AT A FISHING RESORT.





# MANAGING A CAMPAIGN

(Chicago Letter.)  
The respective national headquarters of the two great political parties in Chicago are pretty busy places these days. Both were opened on Aug. 1, which is a month earlier than usual in presidential campaigns. It is said that much more money will be spent than in 1896. This is especially true of the Democrats. Their treasury is fatter by far than it was in 1896. With each succeeding election it has become easier and easier for the managers on both sides to use such that there is to be a wholesale debauchery of voters. All kinds of politicians agree that the two national committees had at least \$5,000,000 to spend in the fight four years ago, and the same amount are unanimous in declaring that the two committees will have fully as much this year. For every dollar that the national committees spend it is a conservative estimate that the state committees of the two parties will spend four, and this will make up the total of \$20,000,000 that the election will cost.

To show where so much money goes, a study of the cost of campaign speeches alone is very instructive. Each national committee spends at least \$500,000 for speeches, and the state committees spend 10 times as

much. While the national committee of each party this will have 5,500 speakers out, the various state committees will have 10 times as many more on the stump. The salaries of speakers engaged by the state committees may be less than those paid by the national managers, but the state committees have to pay the rental of all the buildings in which campaign meetings are held. This item adds tremendously to the total.

One of the most expensive items in the campaign next to the speakers is that of printing and stationery. For this each national committee spends at least \$300,000. The number and size of documents sent out have increased with each campaign, until this year it is expected that the McKinley and the Bryan managers each will send out no less than 100,000,000 documents. Before the Garfield-Hancock campaign was half over the Republicans and Democrats had sent out more than 12,000,000 documents, and this style of campaigning has become more popular with each presidential contest. The bulk of this matter is sent by express to the chairmen of the various state committees for distribution. A great deal of it goes free, being franked from Washington. Speeches delivered in congress by Republicans and Democrats constitute a large

part of the campaign. The national chairman maps out the work and divides great responsibilities among his immediate assistants. They in turn divide their work so that a dozen or 20 or 100 men will look after the details. These men in turn assign important tasks to hundreds of party workers under them. After the campaign is well under way the minor workers report to their superiors as a lieutenant in the army reports to his captain. The captain in turn reports to his major, the major to his colonel, and the colonel to his general, Senator Hanna or Senator Jones, as the case may be. When a situation arises down the line that threatens trouble Senator Hanna or Senator Jones hears of it and devises some plan for diverting the danger. He then directs his subordinates to see that the plan is tried and requires full explanations for failure. While the national chairmen are very busy devising plans for success, they also find time to raise the bulk of the campaign funds. They delegate to others the task of selecting and sending out campaign literature, engaging and assigning speakers, receiving callers and answering correspondence and studying reports on conditions in the various states. Speakers are told the subjects on

show who of the voters are doubtful, who are inclined to favor Bryan and who lean toward McKinley. The taking of this canvass costs a tremendous sum of money, but the party managers must have it in order to gauge the outlook. They soon discover where their own lines are weakest and where those of their adversaries are strongest. While steps are being taken to insure success at one point and to avert disaster at another, a second and final canvass is begun. This usually is completed two weeks before the election. By that time a large proportion of the doubtful voters have taken sides and can be classified. The result is a canvass which shows with fair clearness the probable result of the election. Once again the managers of the parties search for the important weak spots, deciding the points at which to do the hardest work in the closing days of the campaign.

Some novel campaign methods will be resorted to by the two parties this year. The Republicans already have adopted the plan of sending out a large number of phonographs, which will be used in small places. Eloquent party speakers, like Representative Dooliver of Iowa and Representative Dalzell of Pennsylvania have been making speeches into these machines.

## CHINESE VIEW

By a Graduate of an American University.

The causes of the present anti-foreign revolt in China are intelligently discussed by a Chicago Chinaman, Y. P. Cheng, a graduate of the University of Michigan. Speaking of the situation he says:

"It may be true the Chinese are not a progressive people and they are slow to perceive the full value of improvements. It is true our country is rich in natural wealth, and my people see foreigners come into the land, taking out themselves what they call spheres of influence and then behold the results. The intruder develops our country in sundry and diverse ways. The natural wealth is taken from the ground or mountain. But of every \$100 of this wealth the Chinaman gets not more than \$10, and the balance, or \$90, goes to the foreigner. The foreigner spends comparatively no more money in our country than the Chinese spend here, yet there they make many fold more than the people of the land, while here the Chinaman is still the under dog.

"The Chinese have had demonstrated to them in a thorough and practical manner by the improvements of foreigners that their natural resources can be developed and add great wealth to the nation.

"They have become envious of the intruders who carry away the wealth under their eyes with little ceremony and no apologies.

"The Chinese want their country developed, but they wish to wait for the time when it can be done solely by Chinese, who will reap the full rewards of their labor without seeing the major portion of it stolen away by those who have usurped the rights of others to gain the rights which they falsely claim to themselves.

"The Chinese people are simple in many things, but they are not to be so easily fooled after all. They know as well as anybody knows that Russia's great desire to build a railroad through our empire is marked both by commercial enterprise—the tendencies of the times on the part of the world powers to expand—and also to be afforded an avenue for military operations from ocean to ocean in times of both war and peace.

"This great agent of civilization, this gigantic railway system necessitates the maintenance of a standing army in our country. The road is not completed. The army is necessary now: when all laid and ready for the running of trains a much larger body of armed men will be kept in our midst. The Chinese know what this means. They know what bodies of Russian, German, French and English troops kept in permanent quarters signifies for the future. They fear it bodes ill for them, and they may be right.

The soldiers of these armies, especially the Russians and Germans, appropriate to their personal use the private property of the Chinese. Instances of this kind are not rare, but of common occurrence. There is no respect for the rights of others. The country is crowded, a nation that keeps so many of its inhabitants in houseboats is not one ready to furnish those ousted from their premises new homes.

"Again, in building the big Russian railway, what you Americans call an

air line was constructed. Their right of way they permitted no one to question. If necessary they won their way by force of arms. They ordered people away from their homes, and if they did not leave, tore away the roofs from over their heads and leveled their houses to the ground. And from this there was no redress.

"Where the family and the forefathers had lived for centuries is a place held sacred by Chinese. The parental roof is not to be despoiled or destroyed and the occupants left homeless and have them make light of the whole affair.

"Human nature is the same the world over, and self-preservation is a law that rules all men. The Chinese are no different in this respect from anybody else. The great bands of steel that are fast girding their section of the earth is to them an evil spirit. It may be the pathway of progress and civilization and an active agent to raise the Chinese to a more progressive stage, but that view is not held by my people."

### SOME GIANT TREES.

From 20 to 30 Feet in Diameter and More Than 250 Feet Tall.

I would like to draw attention to a bunch of immense trees in the mountains fifteen to twenty miles from my place, near Latourelle, on the O. R. & N., says a correspondent of the Portland Oregonian. I used to make every year a trip to the mountains, lasting generally eight to ten days, and it was on one of my last trips, about four years ago, that I discovered on the northeast side of the divide, between the waters of the Bull run and the Hood river, this bunch of giant trees. The like I never saw before or since. Before I saw these giants I had measured from time to time some trees at home which girthed 29 to 30 feet around about three feet from the base, but these trees could not be compared at all with the big trees I found in the mountains. They would appear as mere sticks against those giants. I honestly believe that those giants will girth 60 to 80 feet around near the base, and that they are 350 to 400 feet high. They stand on a kind of flat or bottom and this flat is well protected from discovery, as far as I could perceive, by steep and high bluffs not only from the Hood river side up, but from the main water divide down. These big trees are, in my mind, somewhere near the north line of the National park, but it is doubtful if they are in it. There are two species of the giant trees. One species has a yellowish and not very rough bark, is straight and round as a candle, has no limbs to an immense height, and has a very wonderful crown. The other species is surely the emperor's tree of our forest. People must not think that this tree is the so-called "noble fir," because I know not only the "noble fir," but many other mountain trees very well. Nor must they think that this species is one of the common trees in the mountains. I cannot say how many such giants there are. There may be hundreds, there may be thousands. On our way home one of my companions was drowned in the Bull run, and therefore I never went to the mountains again, but have always had a desire to go and investigate further about those big trees. Cedar is the second species of the big trees. They rival in size and grandeur the first species. But the most wonderful thing about them seems to be that they are, in spite of their immense diameter and age, seemingly sound and hard through and through.

### WRONG IMPRESSIONS MADE.

Lives Ruined by Influence of Theatrical Plays.

A young clerk, holding an excellent position in a London bank, visited many years ago a performance of a well-known play, in which the hero makes a huge fortune out of the silver mines of Mexico, and an exchange. Excellent as is the moral of this magnificent play, its effect on the career of this youthful clerk was disastrous, for, being fired by an ambition to emulate the doings of the "hero," who went abroad and secured a mighty fortune, he actually threw up his berth at the bank and sailed for the silver mines. Fortune was against him from the first. His career at the mines was a record of constant toil, accompanied by constant failure, and eventually he blew out his brains, leaving a note in which he declared that the witnessing of the play in question had been the cause of his quitting England, and that he bitterly regretted the day when he had turned his steps toward the theater. In another play there is a certain foolish woman, who, being unable to live agreeably with her husband, walks out of his home and returns no more. A young lady residing in a western London suburb, who had witnessed this piece, and who fancied that her own position was akin to that of the heroine of the said play, decided to follow the latter's example, and, sure enough, quitted the marital roof several days later. Her husband urged her to return to him, but she steadfastly refused, and the upshot of the matter was that she drifted into poverty, and, being unable to support herself by her own efforts, sought refuge in death. The production of a play of the "Jack Sheppard" order in Paris many years ago was the cause of a respectable tradesman's son taking to a life of crime. Fired by the feats of the stage malfactor, he began hostilities by pilfering from his father's till, and he followed up these deprecations by breaking into a bank on the outskirts of Paris. When placed in the dock he struck a theatrical attitude, and made a short speech which distinctly recalled some of the lines from the play which had made so great an impression upon him. Doubtless his vicious tendencies had been latent up to the time when he witnessed the theater, but the play certainly served to call them forth and set them in action.

### Industries Under Free Trade.

That it is possible for industries to become established and to flourish under free trade was exemplified the other day at Lithgow, when a party representing a conference of intercolonial protectionists were invited by the proprietors to come and see the iron, steel and copper producing establishments at Lithgow. There are between 200 and 300 men employed in the industry which has sprung up under free trade. Under protection, when federation is accomplished, this industry must increase, and Lithgow, a center of iron and coal deposits, is certain to become one of the chief manufacturing centers of Australasia. —J. Hunter Stephenson, in Chicago Record.

### The Docks of London.

The docks of London cover a great area. The Victoria dock, opened in 1855, measures 3,000 by 1,050 feet. The Royal Albert, connecting with it, and completed in 1880, is 6,500 feet long and 490 feet wide. The two, with their locks, constitute a chain almost three miles long, across one of the great horsehoe bends in the lower Thames.

### A Wonderful Farm.

Canada boasts of one of the most wonderful farms in the world. Its peculiarity lies in the fact that everything is worked by electricity. Two waterfalls within the bounds of the farm, some 60 feet and 180 feet high, furnish the motive power, a central power house being erected near, and the current is transmitted by wires to every available place on the farm.

### That Transformed Chicago River.

A great tribute was a man engineering skill when a man committed suicide the other day by drowning himself in the Chicago river.

### Municipal Telephone for London.

London is putting in its own telephone system and expects to furnish 40,000 subscribers at nominal prices. The cost is \$5,000,000.

### Gen. Von Leszel.

Commander of the German Land Forces in China.

### Heath's Successor.

William M. Johnson of Hackensack, N. J., president of the state senate of New Jersey, and a leading lawyer of the state, has been tendered and has accepted the office of first assistant postmaster general, made vacant by the resignation of Perry S. Heath. Mr. Johnson was born in Newton, N. J., in 1847. His father, Whitfield S. Johnson, was secretary of state for New Jersey from 1861 to 1865. The son was graduated from Princeton in 1867. He was admitted to the bar in 1870. After practicing for four years in Trenton, he moved to Hackensack, having married one of the most charming of the Trenton belles, a Miss White. He is counsel for the estate of William Walter Phelps, and has many other great interests in his care.

The seed that never falls. Succeed.



Scott, Hanna, Bliss, Manley, and others at a conference of Republican leaders.

### Servant's Queen.

This is Queen Draga, formerly plain Mne. Draga Maschin, though not



### Growth of the Button Industry.

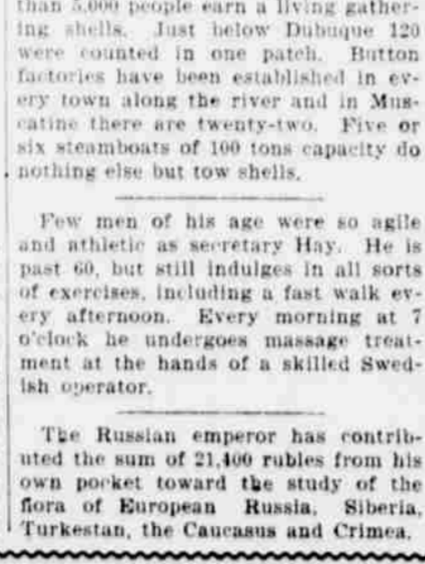
The shell of button industry on the upper Mississippi river is growing to enormous proportions. The crew of the Gen. Barnard, a Mississippi freighter, have had occasion to observe this. They report that on a recent down trip between La Crosse, Wis., and Clarksville, Mo., they counted 1,227 men and women in the main channel of the river engaged in getting out shells from the stream. About a year ago they counted only 716. Of course there are a great many in the sloughs behind the islands, etc. that were not

### Gen. Von Leszel.

Commander of the German Land Forces in China.

### Heath's Successor.

William M. Johnson of Hackensack, N. J., president of the state senate of New Jersey, and a leading lawyer of the state, has been tendered and has accepted the office of first assistant postmaster general, made vacant by the resignation of Perry S. Heath. Mr. Johnson was born in Newton, N. J., in 1847. His father, Whitfield S. Johnson, was secretary of state for New Jersey from 1861 to 1865. The son was graduated from Princeton in 1867. He was admitted to the bar in 1870. After practicing for four years in Trenton, he moved to Hackensack, having married one of the most charming of the Trenton belles, a Miss White. He is counsel for the estate of William Walter Phelps, and has many other great interests in his care.

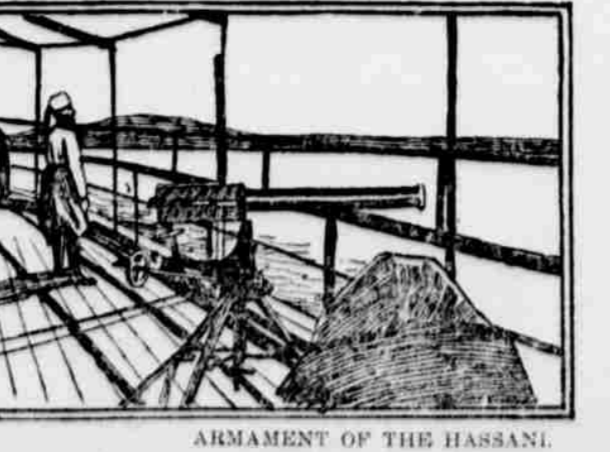


## The Smallest Navy



### Moorish Gunboat Hassani.

The smallest navy in the world is that of the sultan of Morocco. It consists of only one ship, the gunboat Hassani, which until recently was in the unique position of being a fighting craft without weapons. Its crew was armed, though the boat itself carried



### ARMAMENT OF THE HASSANI.

Hassani is a converted merchantman of about 1,000 tons register, built of iron and steel, and chiefly used in conveying the sultan's soldiers from point to point along the Moorish coast, as they do not always dare to travel overland.



# THE GREAT SUEZ CANAL BUILT BY FRANCE

## Has Become Important to the Nations of the World.

Now that we are in the business of expansion, to stay, many places all over the world that used to seem too far away and too remote from subjects of daily interest to be more than names assume real and almost local importance. One of them is that great marine highway, the Suez canal. Thou-

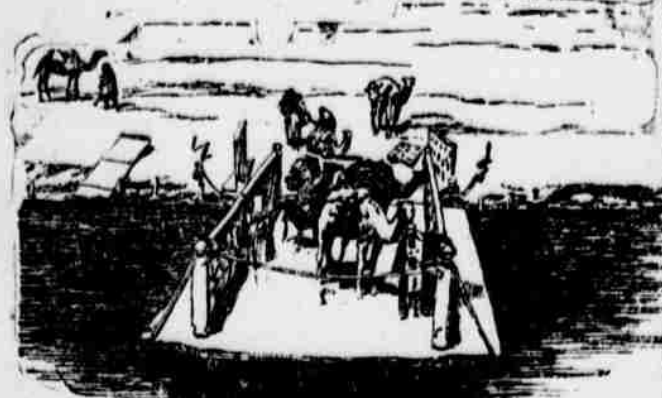
many other like regions in the United States, the dune-building systems of which have been described at length in the columns of the Sunday Press. The banks of the canal in these reaches have been built up artificially with stone facing and by the planting of sand binding grasses and stunted

The channel, apparently, is wide enough to permit two large steamships to pass in opposite directions at any point, but so careful is the management to prevent any possibility of collision, or any similar accident, that no such contingency is allowed to occur. The rules of the canal are based on those of the block system, which prevails on the great railroad lines of America. If one large vessel is in a given block section coming north, no vessel going in the opposite direction is allowed to enter it until the north-bound boat has left it. The block sections average five miles in length, and it often happens that there are as many as three or four big steamships in the

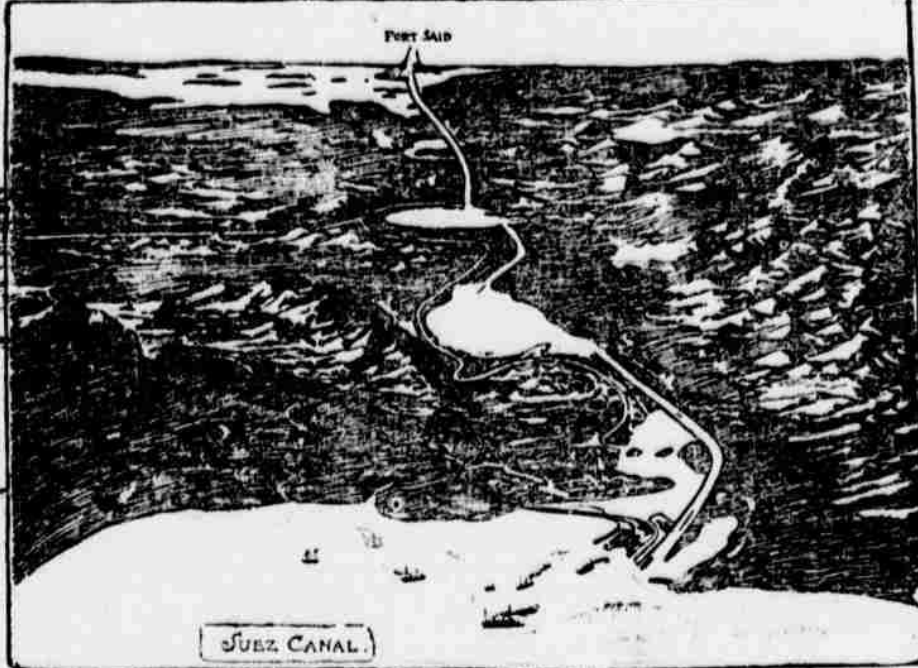
the section is cleared. The transport Sumner was held up thus four times in its passage through the canal, three times in the night and once at mid-day, causing in all a delay of almost four hours. The transport made the run in 21 hours; had her progress been unimpeded she could have covered the course in three and a half hours less.

In leaving Suez, the lower terminus of the canal, one runs into the most disagreeable period of the entire voyage to Manila. The Red Sea is a terror, and everybody schemes and plots to sleep on deck during the three days that it takes to get through that watery purgatory. The breezes are baked by the fire of the sand deserts which encompass the dreaded sea.

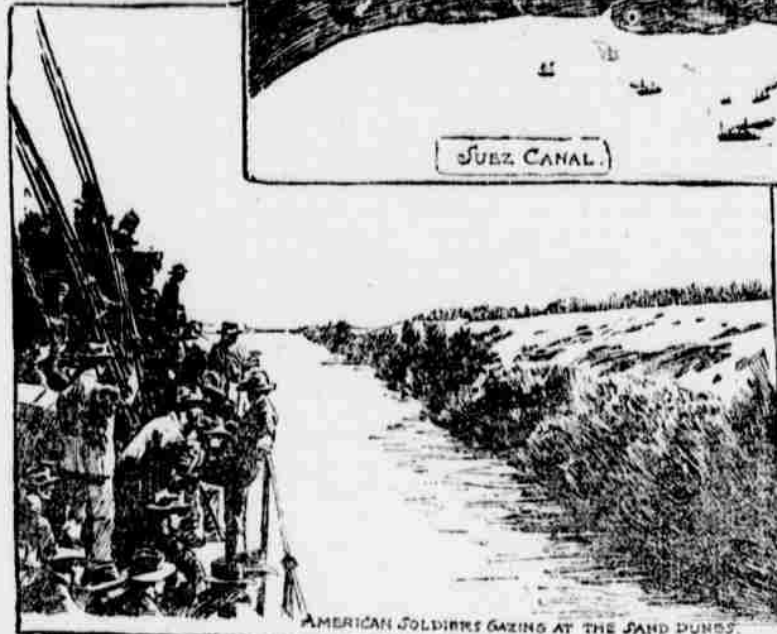
On entering the straits of Bab-el-Mandeb at the mouth of the Red Sea, a marked difference is perceived at once in the atmosphere and conditions. A



FERRYING 'CAMELS OVER SUEZ CANAL.



SUEZ CANAL.



AMERICAN SOLDIERS GAZING AT THE SAND DUNES.

sands of Americans have passed through it since we tackled the little Philippine problem, and thousands more will see it year after year for many years to come.

If those old, old lands through which it winds possess sentiment, what did they think of the armed men of a strange race who stared at them as did the men of the United States army transport shown in this picture? They were men from the Bowery and Kansas and the plains—men from Georgia and Maine—the newest countries in the world. And here they looked with young eyes on a country where the most ancient known civilizations had played its tremendous part and disappeared, leaving behind it only a few poor ruins.

The member of the Sunday Press staff who made the pictures shown here sends this interesting account of the appearance and operation of the great canal:

Generally speaking the Suez canal is cut through a practically level desert of barren and hot yellow sand. There are a few hilly places in it, where deep cuts were found necessary, and on the other hand, long flooded districts, in which expensive dredging was called into play and dikes were built.

The hot winds along the adjoining fields are mighty and blow the loose sand into the canal from either side if not prevented by clever devices. They are in this respect as dangerous to the construction as the winds of the Atlantic ocean are to the farmers and cottagers of eastern Long Island and

trees with outspreading roots, on the lines of the system first adopted in South France and now in use all over the world. The results are satisfactory and the officials of the canal company find that method of protecting their property cheaper than any other they could adopt. A reproduction of some of the work of artificial agriculture is shown in the photo of the sand dunes along the east bank of the canal. These appear about one-third of the length of the entire canal, which is 87 miles in extent.

one section at the same time. They are all propelling in the same direction, of course, and cannot get into danger, because one of the strictest rules of the company provides that the maximum speed in the canal shall be five miles per hour. As all maintain exactly the same rate of speed, they keep the same distance apart throughout the whole course.

In such cases the waiting south-bound vessels have to remain tied up to the stakes at the signal stations, sometimes for an hour or more until

strong breeze blows in from the Indian ocean, as if a door had been opened suddenly. From that time on, while the thermometer is high, the run to Colombo is comfortable by reason of the steady cool breezes that blow through both the sun-heated day and bright, starry night. The sunsets on the Indian ocean are weird and glorified creations and excel in intensity of color and grandeur of display any description of them ever given by picture or pen. The sun goes down in a glorious blaze of golden red. All around the horizon are little bunches of tiny, fleecy clouds, looking like bouquets of cotton blossoms against an azure screen. Soon the heavens darken and lights begin to play. A mirage is not to be compared with the wonderful light and color plays that follow the sunset. The horizon is a deep, rich brown, then a big, broad field of white, flecked with little clouds that seem black against the brilliant background. A wonderful purple hue pervades the water. Then, like a burst of fireworks, to end the display with greater glory, comes a great illusion scene. The lights seem to take form, and the display assumes the view of a glorified hillside, where we know that no dry land is.

Late Fash. Long black gloves, elbow length are one of the smart fads of the hour, and they are worn with costumes where there is a note of black.

A novel hair ornament consists of two full blown roses attached to each other by a slender wire, which is invisible when arranged on the hair. The roses are worn sideways, one on each side of the head, and as the petals are showered with brilliants they flash and sparkle with every movement, says the Pittsburg Dispatch.

The latest silver novelty is the "prophecy," or "good wish" spoons, intended as a birthday or wedding gift. In size it is between the ordinary tea and dessert spoon, and the carved design heavy and curious. Horns-of-plenty are typical of worldly prosperity, the laurel wreath of fame, the torch of Hymen or success in love, with climax of a happy marriage, palms for victory and the crown of eternal life, "word done, heaven won!"



### Made Plump for Marriage.

Throughout the empire of Morocco and in Tunis there are villages where the elder members of the adult population follow professionally the pursuit of fattening young ladies for the matrimonial market of Barbary. The Moors, like the Turks and most other Orientals, give a decided preference to "moon faced" wives over lean ones and are more solicitous as to the number of pounds which their brides weigh than about the stock of accomplishments they possess. A girl is put under the process of fattening when she is about 12 years of age. Her hands are tied behind her, and she is seated on a carpet during so many hours every day, while her "papa" stands over her with a mattraque, or big stick, and her mother at times pops into her mouth a ball of couscous, or stiff maize porridge, kneaded up with grease, and just large enough to be swallowed without the patient choking, says the Brooklyn Eagle.

If the unfortunate girl declines to be stuffed, she is compelled, so that ere long the poor girl resigns herself to the torture and gups down the boluses lest she should be beaten. In Brazil corpulence is also considered the essential point of female beauty, and the greatest compliment that can be paid to a Brazilian lady is to tell her that she grows fatter and fatter every day.

### Late Fash.

Long black gloves, elbow length are one of the smart fads of the hour, and they are worn with costumes where there is a note of black.

The Duchess of Marlborough (Consuelo Vanderbilt) shone resplendent on the queen's birthday night at the reception given by the Duke and Duchess of Devonshire. She was in palest blue satin, the skirt of which was wrought

from waist to hem with an exquisite design in long flowing lines of silver, says the Pittsburg Dispatch. The satin was arranged in such a manner that it appeared to be slightly fluted as it fell toward the feet, and the soft, full lines of the skirt suited the young duchess' tall, slim figure to perfection. She wore a wealth of gorgeous jewels, while the famous Marlborough pearls were greatly in evidence.

She carried a magnificent bouquet of soft pink roses, caught here and there with diamond buckles on two broad blue satin ribbons, an arrangement of flowers that, beside being original, was extremely effective. The stems of the roses were passed through the buckles.

### COAT AND CAPE.

1—Pale beige silk coat, with much cut work to show the point d'esprit lining of white, mounted on a pale blue foundation; the coat is braided with narrow silk braid, about the cuttings; the Napoleon collar is faced with panne of the same color; the revers are decorated by full puffed motifs of Cluny lace, embroidered with gold; about the edges are double ruffles of



monasine de soie, edged with ruching. Beige hat with roses.

2—Cape of white cloth, with beige silk, stitched and applied design; long bow ends, and ruffings of accordion plaited chiffon, with ruffled edges. Folded beige toque, with black velvet flowers.

### Light Furnishings.

The craze for the blue and white of Delft ware has penetrated to every department of furnishing and the furnisher who is afraid of her own taste in selection is safe in adopting drape-ries and china of this design. Blue and white tiling looks well in almost any room and a couch with blue drape-ries and pillows is a pretty corner furnishing for any of the lightly furnished rooms.

### To Keep Hair in Curl.

Gum arabic mucilage, 3/4-ounce; glycerin, 3/4-ounce; carbonate of potash, 3/4-ounce; rose water, 1 pint; Portugal extract, 3 ounces.

## NO NEWS OF PEARY.

ARCTIC EXPLORER SILENT NEARLY TWO YEARS.

Slight Chance of Believing Him Because of Immense Ice Floes—The Steamer Windward Disabled—Was Bound for the North Pole.

(Special Letter.) It is now two years since Lieut. Robert E. Peary, the noted Arctic explorer, started for the frozen north, and the fact that no message has come back from him is beginning to excite comment. He sailed from Greenland July 7, 1898. The last message he sent to civilization was dated Aug. 13, 1898, and read: "So far all my plans have been successfully carried out." When Peary sailed on his present voyage he not even attempted to conceal the fact that he was bound for the north pole. He has an indefinite leave of absence from the navy. The daring explorer is a native of Crosson, Pa., and is now in his forty-fifth year.

The steamer Windward, which has gone to the relief of Peary, has been disabled and is now in the harbor at Port au Bassin, N. E. But even if she should be promptly repaired the chances for reaching the explorer now are said to be remote. There are immense towering bodies of ice along the Labrador coast, extending beyond Turnavick. Over 200 craft, with several thousand men of the fishing fleet, are tied up at Aulavik harbor, unable to proceed north, and nothing is



LIEUT. ROBERT E. PEARY, speak of has been done on Labrador fisheries, this being the worst season for 20 years.

### WAS A NOTED GAMBLER.

"OLD HI" PIERCE ONCE HAD MONEY TO Burn, But Died in Poverty.

The death of William Jackson Pierce, better known as "Old Hi" Pierce, which occurred recently in New York, removed a notable gambler. He was a nephew of President Franklin Pierce. He was born 74 years ago at a small town in Massachusetts, and was brought up for a life very different from that which he led. He might have been just an ordinary farmer or merchant or citizen had he not taken to bowling and won. He always won. He was very strong, and when he was 24 years of age he took a championship held it, met other champions of other sports, bet, and won. He carried on nothing. He'd bet on two or three things. In his palmy days he carried about \$10,000 all the time, and he'd let you pick your fly and he'd win it first. But this is ahead of the story.

Young Hi rose very rapidly. He took high rank among the sporting men he met as bowling champion, and soon had a lay-out of his own. During the war he was at New Orleans. He played in Mississippi steamboats. In the days when men put up slaves for wagers. Saratoga, Chicago, San Francisco, the mining camps, the whole of the sporting world of America knew Hi Pierce.

In 1876 Pierce lost his wife and four children from diphtheria, and he had only one son left. This loss broke Pierce's spirit, and he got to drinking. He took good care of his boy, but none of himself, and as he drank more he lost all his gambling business and was started down hill. First he was manager for other men's gambling places; then he dropped to cashier, then to a dealer, then to a "look-out." He used to hang out on Cooper's corner (northeast corner of Bowery and Houston streets, in New York) till a German came along and bought the saloon there. The new proprietor cleared out "Red" Leary, "Shang" Draper, and all the sports, and Old Hi was left alone. He just wandered about from place to place, sleeping in the lodging houses helped by the men he had helped, or others like him, until the other day an ambulance drove up to a lodging and the surgeon came out with the old gambler. A small group gathered on the sidewalk to see him come out, leaning on the doctor. When he was put into the wagon he sat up and made a short farewell speech: "Good-by, boys," he said, "I won't see you again." He had cancer of the liver, and he knew it was the end of him.

### Tragedy of Washington Politics.

There are many tragedies under the brighter and more imposing scenes of Washington life. In one of the cheaper restaurants in Washington, where an egg, a roll, and coffee, may be had for nine cents, an old man was speaking. "I slept in the parks last night," he said to a companion. "I could not sell much yesterday." Twenty years ago he was one of the most prominent public men in Washington. His signature perhaps remains attached to many important and public documents. Now forgotten and forsaken, sleeping in parks, peddling medicines—all this among the scenes of his prosperity—he awaits an obscure death.

### The Population of Mexico.

The Mexican census recently taken, whose results are just coming out, shows a population of 12,491,379, over two-thirds of whom cannot read or write. Over 80 per cent of the population are of mixed and Indian races. Sixty-three languages are spoken among the people.

## FOR TRUE LOVE OF HIM.

A slip of a girl in New York state has conquered "the terror of Copeke," an outlaw whose manifold depredations committed single-handed parallel the dark deeds of Robin Hood and his whole band of brigands. Angelina Fosburg softened Harry Kipp's sin-calcined heart by love, and she has now exacted of him a promise to leave the cliffs and jungle-like forest which he has been making his home and, with her as his wife, to commence life anew in a far-off city. She maintains that Kipp has not had a fair chance, for he has never known a good woman to take an interest in him.

Angelina is a tall girl of 18, as pretty as a wild mountain rose. She first met Kipp when, in calm defiance of the authorities, he came down from the mountains and proceeded to win her heart, at the same time holding up houses and people by daylight or dark, as suited his fancy, and stirring the ire of Copeke farmers to the point of instant action. Brand new warrants were sworn out, the old ones having become musty, the farmers armed themselves with pistols, rifles, and shotguns and started up the mountain in search of Kipp. They weren't very successful. Occasionally their efforts were rewarded by hearing the mocking laughter of the culprit ring through the woods, and once they saw his face, which, moved by an impulse of devilry he had thrust at them through a thicket. After three days, the posse was tired and disgusted.

A discovery was made. Two boys

one afternoon saw at the end of a cowpath the stalwart figure of the brigand, and on his shoulder rested the curly brown head of Fosburg's daughter. Pickets watched the girl. The other day she started up towards the clearing with a basketful of dinner. The posse followed cautiously in ones and twos. While Kipp and the girl looked into each other's eyes the posse surrounded the clearing. The brigand laughed when he saw the trick, but the girl screamed. "Hands up!" shouted a farmer. Kipp laughed again. There was a click of a trigger. The girl threw herself between her lover and the men. "You must shoot me first!" she declared stoutly. For a moment the farmers fell back, and in that mo-



ages carved on the trees was: "Angelina a brigand; she's stole my heart." "This is how the girl regards her relation with the outlaw and explains how she has induced him to 'make good'." "If he's an outlaw, who made him

ment Kipp took advantage of his only opportunity and dropped 30 feet to the bed of a brook below.

The daring fellow was not hurt. Orlando-like, he carved messages to his love on the bark of trees and afterwards wrote notes on paper which she left for him. She, in turn, baked biscuits and dainties and left them for him in the woods. One of the mes-



goat, and they've chosen him. Even the children run from him; but he is just as gentle and tender as they are, and in the sight of heaven, I believe, just as innocent.

"Really, now, has a man had a fair chance who's never known a good woman to take an interest in him? I know the man he might have been and the man he will be when he goes away and gets a place and sends for me." And the girl is happy over the prospect of reforming the outlaw.

Lapland is truly the land of the infant industry.

one? They won't let him work. Do you suppose any one around here would hire him? They are afraid of him. They made a wild man of him and drove him to the woods. They've given him a bad name, and that's the end of it. They must have a scape-



goat, and they've chosen him. Even the children run from him; but he is just as gentle and tender as they are, and in the sight of heaven, I believe, just as innocent.

"Really, now, has a man had a fair chance who's never known a good woman to take an interest in him? I know the man he might have been and the man he will be when he goes away and gets a place and sends for me." And the girl is happy over the prospect of reforming the outlaw.

Lapland is truly the land of the infant industry.

### BIG FEES.

Making a Hundred Dollars a Minute. The largest sum for the briefest service recently received by the most liberally paid of all professionals, the prima donna, was given Madame Nordica on the occasion of her appearance in a concert at the Metropolitan opera house, New York, several weeks ago. For two songs which required five minutes each to sing she received \$1,000, or at the rate of \$100 a minute. The songs were Grieg's Swan and a serenade by Richard Strauss. The occasion was the first American appearance of Herr von Schuch, conductor of the Royal Opera, Dresden. Madame Nordica, among the soloists originally announced, was taken suddenly ill during a performance of Tristan and Isolde at the Metropolitan the Saturday previous to the concert. With her customary pluck she finished the performance, but was obliged to take to her bed as soon as it was ended. There she was forced to remain until next Thursday, when it was time to dress for the concert. She appeared at the Metropolitan on time, sang her two songs and was persistently re-

called for an encore. Her strength not being equal to a response she bowed her appreciation and finally took Madame Patti's method of positive refusal by returning to the stage with her carriage cloak about her shoulders. Once home she found she had no alternative but to return to the bed she had left to sing. But in the short time of her absence, in addition to keeping faith with the public and adding to the brilliance of the concert, she had received \$1,000 for ten minutes' actual work. For her first concert engagement, Madame Nordica, then a girl of 16, received ten dollars. Now in the zenith of her powers, the largest sum received by Madame Nordica for a single concert was \$1,700. This latest achievement of \$1,000 for ten minutes eclipses even that.—The Saturday Evening Post.

### Glaciers Receding.

Prof. Hans Meyer has ascertained that the glaciers of Kilimanjaro are receding like those on the Swiss mountains. The snowfall on the African mountain takes place chiefly from March to July.

### A "DEATH GIG."

Warned the Players, and They Ret and Won on 4-11-44.

The appearance of the favorite "gig" of the negro policy players on Thursday morning's slips meant large winnings for those who were betting on "4-11-44," says the New York Times. The drawings of the Friday previous led every negro who was in the game to scrape together every cent he could and to bet heavily on the numbers associated with his race in joke and song. A habitue of a Sixth avenue policy shop says that the non-appearance of 4-11-44 around Christmas time led the negro players to hold off for certain signs which they consider infallible, and the game languished for several months, but a week ago Friday 9-19-29 appeared on the slips. This is called "the death gig," and every colored player believes firmly that the drawings of these numbers means that 4-11-44 will soon appear, there being only one sign which they regard as more certain, and that is the showing of 1-2-3 in the numbers drawn. That "the death gig" had appeared had barely become

### Votes Counted by Tickets.

Under the Pennsylvania election law votes are not counted for the candidate, but for the ticket or tickets on which his name appears. In the Chester county election all parties agreed upon Joseph Hemphill for common pleas judge, and this is the way the official vote was declared: Joseph Hemphill, republican, 8,162 votes; Joseph Hemphill, democrat, 4,371 votes; Joseph Hemphill, fusion, 1,643 votes; Joseph Hemphill, scattering, 376 votes.



# TO THE POPULISTS.

## Bryan Replies to Their Formal Notification.

### SAYS OLD ISSUES ARE ALIVE.

Nebraska Replies at Considerable Length to the Notification of the Chairman of the Committee.

Topeka, Kan., Aug. 24.—Mr. Bryan relying to speeches by the Populist notification committee members of his nomination as presidential candidate, said: Mr. chairman and members of the notification committee: In accepting the presidential nomination which you tendered in behalf of the Populist party I desire to give emphatic recognition to the educational work done by our party. The Populist party, as an organization and the farmers' alliances and the labor organizations from which they sprang have done much to arouse the people to a study of economic and industrial questions. Believing as I do, that truth grows, not in seclusion, but in the open field, and that it thrives best in the sunlight of full and free debate, I have confidence that the discussion which your party has compelled will aid in reaching that true solution of pending problems toward which all honest citizens aim.

"I desire also to express my deep appreciation of the liberality of opinion and devotion to principles which have led the members of your party to enter the ranks of another party in the selection of a candidate.

And let me pause to say that when this speech was prepared and given to the press I did not know that formal announcement of the resolutions passed by the Monetary League would be made at this time, and I desire here to express my gratitude to the members of that league for the support they promise, and for the cordial commendation which their resolutions speak. The Monetary League has for four years been active in the distribution of literature connected with the money question aimed at the enlightenment of the voters, and I have on former occasions, and I do now express my commendation of the efforts of this league and of similar leagues that the more it is similar leagues to spread before the people the information on the money question, because I believe that the understood the stronger will be the demand for the restoration of the double standard in the United States.

And now to resume: While I am grateful for the confidence which the Populists have expressed in me I am not vain enough to regard as personal their extraordinary manifestations of good will. The ties which bind together those who believe in the same great fundamental principles are stronger than ties of affection—stronger even than the ties of blood; and co-operation between the reform forces is due to the fact that Democrats, Populists and Silver Republicans are on the side of the people in their contest against greed and agree in the application of Jeffersonian principles to the question immediately before us.

In 1896 the money question was of paramount importance and the allies in that campaign united in the immediate demand for the restoration of silver by the independent action of this country at 16 to 1, the ratio which had existed since 1834. They were defeated, but that did not end the discussion. The Democrats were defeated in 1898, but that did not put an end to tariff reform. The Republicans were defeated in 1892, but that did not permanently overthrow the protective tariff. Defeat at the polls does not necessarily decide against the problem. Experience, and experience alone, settle questions. If an increase in the volume of the currency since 1896, although unopposed by the Republicans, and unexpected, has brought improvement in industrial conditions, this improvement instead of answering the argument put forth in favor of bimetalism, only confirms the contention of those who insisted that more money would make better times. The Republican party, however, while claiming credit for the increase in circulation makes no permanent provision for an adequate supply of standard money. It denies the necessity for more real money, while it permits national banks to expand the volume of paper promises to pay money.

J. D. Rockefeller has been summoned to appear before the attorney general of Nebraska.

Wheat to West.

New York, Aug. 24.—A special to the Journal and Advertiser from Providence, R. I., says:

James Stillman, president of the National City Bank of New York, has announced the engagement of his daughter, Miss Isabel Goodrich Stillman, to Percy Avery Rockefeller, son of William Rockefeller, president of the Standard Oil company.

Percy Avery Rockefeller was graduated from Yale this year. He was president of the university football team.

Wood's Welcome.

Santiago de Cuba, Aug. 24.—Governor General Wood arrived here and was received by 6000 Cubans, who lined the streets from the wharf to the palace, where a reception, at which the civil authorities were present, was held. The general was accompanied by a mounted escort and by Cuban bands of music.

Sylvester Rice, a much feared bandit, was killed by Lieut. Marina Moncada of the rural guard.

## DESTROYED BY DYNAMITE.

The Akron Mob Succeeded in Demolishing the City Hall.

Akron, O., Aug. 24.—At 9:20 Thursday morning nine companies of the fourth regiment arrived in the city and marched to the scene of Wednesday night's rioting.

Shortly before 10 o'clock Mayor W. E. Young issued a proclamation closing every saloon in Akron until further orders.

The mayor is taking every possible precaution to prevent a renewal of the outbreak. If the situation demands more drastic measures the mayor states that the city will be put under martial law.

In the Akron riot history again repeated itself—the innocent ones were those to suffer, while the guilty ones were practically uninjured.

On the advice of friends Mayor Young, who had been on the scene at 6:30 a. m., when company C arrived, sought his office by back streets and alleyways, as it was feared that his presence so early after the rioting would cause a fresh outbreak.

Of the victims of mob violence Glenn Wade was shot and almost instantly killed. He was in the mob, and a bullet from a revolver pierced his heart. The lad was only 11 years of age.

Another innocent victim who will die is Rhoda Davidson, the 4-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Davidson, of No. 111 Allyn street. Sitting in a carriage with her mother and father, on the outskirts of the mob, a bullet found lodgment in her skull. No hope is held out for recovery.

The resistance shown by the police officers and city officials in the city hall only served to lash the mob into greater frenzy. Failing in its efforts to force an entrance into the city hall, a portion of the mob ran to the store of the Standard Hardware company on Main street, about a block and a half from the scene of the rioting. In a twinkling a large plate glass window in the front of the store was smashed to atoms and the mob ran into and looted the store. Revolvers, rifles, shotguns, razors and thousands of rounds of ammunition were taken, and with these weapons the mob returned to the city hall. Standing in the front windows of the building, Mayor Young, Chief of Police Harrison and other police officials were haranguing the mob, endeavoring to convince the rioters that Louis Peck, the colored man charged with assaulting little Christiana Maas, had been quietly removed from the jail Cleveland for safekeeping.

Adjoining the city hall, which was constructed almost entirely of brick, was an immense building, for many years the principal public hall of Akron. This building—a veritable tinderbox—caught the eye of the mob as a likely place to set fire, in the hope that the flames would soon spread to the city buildings. The large frame building was presently a mass of flames. The various fire companies responded to the alarm, but the mob refused to permit them to work. Several shots were fired at the firemen, and L. Mancheste was the first to receive an injury. The lines of those were cut and slashed until there was not a single stream of water playing on the flames. Columbia hall was a mass of ruins, but the city hall was yet standing. While the adjoining hall was burning the inmates of the city hall escaped through a back doorway. Resistance withdrawn, the mob made a rush for the hall. Flaming cinders were thrown into the different rooms, and the building was soon burning. Some of the more thoughtful ones in the mob liberated the prisoners from the cells below the hall.

A stick of dynamite was thrown into the front of the burning building. A terrific crash followed, and portions of the wall crumbled away like dust before a breeze. Another charge was exploded, and the work of devastation was complete.

While this work was in progress members of the mob pulled the automobile patrol wagon from the station. One rioter, with a large knife in his hand, occupied the operator's seat, and amid the cheers of thousands the wagon was run up and down the street, bumping into telephone poles and curbstones, and finally rushing down a steep decline into the canal.

The population of Philadelphia, according to the count just completed at the census bureau is 1,293,697. The population in 1900 was 1,046,964. The increase during the past ten years was 246,733, or 23.57 per cent.

Disappointed.

Chicago, Aug. 24.—Commander Shaw, Chairman Harper and members of the enampment arrangements committee, were in session at the Union League club when Secretary Cortelyou's message announcing the probable inability of the president to attend the enampment was received.

It threw them into a state bordering on consternation, as many of the arrangements had been planned with the president as the central figure.

Addressed by Romero.

Colorado Springs, Colo., Aug. 24.—The former congress was addressed by Senor Jose Romero, second secretary to the Mexican legation at Washington. He spoke of "General Agriculture," i. e., with particular reference to the industry in his own country. He showed that no country in the world has made more rapid progress. He heartily approved of the interest being taken in the development of the vast resources of his country.

Woman and Hand Jailed.

Dallas, Tex., Aug. 23.—Mrs. Mary Carmack and Dick Walker, both of Ketchum, this county, were placed in jail here Tuesday morning on warrants charging them with the murder of W. T. Carmack, the former's husband, who died very suddenly at his home near Kieberg last Sunday after passing through several terrible convulsions. The warrants were sworn out by W. W. Woody.

Carmack was a well-to-do farmer.

## DUE TO DYNAMITE.

Too Much Was Used and the Air Was Filled With Rocks.

Denison, Tex., Aug. 29.—If anyone in Texas sees falling meteors in the next night or two, they need not be unnecessarily alarmed, as it will not be chunks and slivers of Mars or some other planet, but some large boulders that were sent heavenward Tuesday morning at 9:30 by a very heavy blast put in on the Frisco grounds between the union depot and the Texas and Pacific depot on east Main street. Considerable blasting has to be done, and Tuesday morning one with a little too much strength in it was set off, and crossties, large boulders and dirt were sent a hundred directions.

Mr. Austin stated that more dynamite was put in the blast than was intended, which caused the explosion to be so severe, and to do so much damage.

Police Officer W. A. East, who was present when the blast went off, said: "There were big pieces of rock as large as a whiskey barrel sent clear out of sight by the force of the explosion, and for all I know they have never struck earth yet. Crossties that were laid on top of the stone where the blast was set off were blown as far as 200 yards, and a great deal of damage was done to property in the vicinity. It was one of the most terrific explosions I have ever witnessed, and it is the greatest wonder that several lives were not lost."

Several of the smaller pieces of stones and crossties that were sent high in the air fell on the roof of Marton Kohl's stone building, corner Main street and Crockett avenue, and literally riddled the roof with holes, ruining it and doing considerable damage to the interior of the store and to Mr. Kohl's stock of goods.

The residence of Sol Rhoades on east Main street was also perforated and considerably damaged, and the residence of Mr. Omeal, 100 yards or more from the explosion, was perforated with stones and debris of the explosior and considerable damage done.

One of the crossties that was on top of the stone where the blast was set off traveled a distance of 150 yards to the union depot, went down through a Patsch gas car on the Houston and Texas Central track and completely wrecked one corner of it. A large stone traveled through the air clear across the Katy yards, about 300 yards from where the explosion took place and descended through the roof of one of the storerooms at George Braun's saloon, tearing a hole in the roof that would admit the body of a man.

A large stone weighing 400 pounds was found on Crockett avenue 400 yards from the scene of the explosion and smaller stones were showered all about in the vicinity about the Central roundhouse and shops. Several windows in houses on Main and Chestnut streets were broken by the force of the explosion.

Brazos County Killing.

Navasota, Tex., Aug. 29.—Robert Milligan, living on Burt Peace's farm, in the Brazos bottom, near here, came in to place himself in the custody of Deputy Sheriff Henry Scott. He says he killed Wash Phillips by shooting him and says he did it in self-defense. It is said they had had several quarrels previous to the killing, hence the tragedy. Scott would not arrest Milligan, the killing taking place in Brazos county, and advised him to go to Milligan, in that county, and give himself up to the constable there, which he did forthwith.

Carriage Fatality.

Brenham, Tex., Aug. 29.—Mr. Tom Palasek, a wealthy farmer of the Wesley community, was returning from church, with his daughter beside him. His team took fright at something by the roadside and ran away, overturning the carriage. The carriage was smashed, the harness riddled the horses badly hurt, the young lady bruised and Mr. Palasek hurried head-first to the earth with such force that he died from the injuries in a few hours.

Cotton Belt Sued.

Greenville, Tex., Aug. 29.—C. A. Duck has filed suit for \$29,000 damages against the Cotton Belt for alleged personal injuries to his wife and child from riding in a poorly heated car last winter and being compelled to go into a smoking car, where, he alleges, they suffered the indignity of hearing profane and obscene language.

Detachments of allied troops are hunting for boxers.

Died in an Honor.

Wharton, ex., Aug. 29.—An accident occurred in the lower part of the county, in which Andrew Kemp, a stockman of this county, lost his life. Mr. Kemp left home about the middle of the day with a span of mules to his wagon. A short distance away the animals took fright, and he, in attempting to jump from the vehicle, was thrown violently to the ground, sustaining injuries about the head and body, from which he died in an hour.

Woman and Hand Jailed.

Dallas, Tex., Aug. 29.—Mrs. Mary Carmack and Dick Walker, both of Ketchum, this county, were placed in jail here Tuesday morning on warrants charging them with the murder of W. T. Carmack, the former's husband, who died very suddenly at his home near Kieberg last Sunday after passing through several terrible convulsions. The warrants were sworn out by W. W. Woody.

Carmack was a well-to-do farmer.

## EVENTS OF EVERYWHERE

Shreveport, La., had a \$15,000 fire. The Colombian civil war is nearing its end.

New York vestmakers won their strike.

A monument to the late Senator Vance was unveiled at Raleigh, N. C.

In a freight train collision at Kenilco, N. Y., seven persons were killed.

Some one beat Miss Catherine Scharb to death with a hammer in New York.

The strike of firemen, stokers and sailors at Marseilles, France, has been settled.

The steamer St. Louis carried 128,000 ounces of silver from New York to Liverpool.

While resisting arrest, Lee Moore, colored, was shot to death at Junction City, Ark.

Last year 2400 duels were fought in the Italian army, from which 480 deaths resulted.

It is estimated that the damage caused by the forest fires in Colorado and Wyoming will amount to \$10,000,000.

Somewhere between Chicago and Burlington, Ia., a package in charge of the Adams Express company is alleged to have gone astray.

The Berlin Lokal Anzeiger announces the engagement of Queen Wilhelmina to Prince Frederick Adolph of Mecklenburg-Schwerin.

A contract for four steel steamships to ply in the Atlantic and gulf coast trade was given the American Shipbuilding company by a syndicate of New York capitalists.

While in bathing at Old Orchard, Me., John B. Clough, clerk of courts at Memphis, Tenn., was seriously injured by a wave. The physicians say that it is a very peculiar case.

Operations were resumed at all the factories of the National Glass company (tableware combination at Pittsburgh, Pa.) The resumption gives employment to 4000 men.

George Hudgins and Ike Chandler, well diggers, while digging a well at Hot Springs, Ark., were suffocated. Chandler was endeavoring to rescue Hudgins.

At Philadelphia, while frightening a crowd of negroes by pretending she was a ghost, Florence Almond, aged 15 years, was struck on the head with a brick thrown by one of the negroes and killed.

A mob was formed in Warwick county, Indiana, to take James D. Krith from the Booneville jail and lynch him. He was spirited away to Evansville. He is charged with the murder of Miss Nora Kiefer.

George Cabot Lodge, son of Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, and Miss Matilda Frellinghuysen Davis, the daughter of Judge John Davis of the court of claims, Washington, D. C., were married at the Episcopal Church of the Advent in Boston.

The entire plant of the Kelley Axe Manufacturing company, at Alexandria, Ind., valued at \$800,000, was destroyed by fire. This was the largest axe factory in the world, employing 800 or 1000 men when running at full force.

Sol Bloom, a Chicago music publisher, brought suit for \$50,000 damages against the Union restaurant and hotel in Randolph street for refusing to serve him while he was clad in a shirt waist and minus a coat.

William H. Lawrence, one of the original negro minstrels and the possessor of one of the most tuneful tenor voices ever heard on the stage, died in Chicago of Bright's disease, aged 69 years.

The British consul at New York stated that he has received sixteen complaints from colored men claiming to be British subjects, who state that they were injured in the recent race rioting in New York.

During a wind storm at Hammond, Ind., several buildings were unroofed and the triumphal arch of the street fair was blown down, injuring several persons and creating a panic among the hundreds of persons attending at the pageant.

Capt. W. G. Stevens, signal officer of volunteers and first lieutenant of the sixth artillery, having resigned his commission in the regular army, has been honorably discharged from the service of the United States.

Back Taylor, known as "King of the Cowboys," a dashing avairyman and one of the best known rough riders, died at Providence hospital, Washington, of coasumpation, the result of illness contracted during the Cuban campaign.

A heavy rain and wind storm swept over the country north of Pierre, S. D., wrecking numbers of barns, small buildings and windmills. While the rain is too late to benefit crops, it relieved a water famine which was becoming serious.

The directors of the Chicago board of trade declined to extend the sixty day rule as regards the publication of quotations on futures. This means that the board will adhere to its present practice of limiting official quotations to the second month of futures.

Advices received at New York by officials of the Texas and Pacific railway indicate that cotton, rice and sugar crops in the southwest will be larger than those of last year and may even, taking them altogether, break the record.

The announcement of a cut of 1/2c per pound in the price of roasted coffee by the Arbuckle and the Woolson Spice company is attributed in the trade to the general dullness of business and a reduction in the price of green coffees.

## TRAIN CASUALTY.

One Man Killed at Hearne and Several Others Injured.

Houston, Texas, Aug. 24.—There was an accident Thursday morning about 1 o'clock in the yards of the Houston and Texas Central at Hearne whereby one man was killed and several others more or less injured. All of the men injured are trainmen and the man killed was a brakeman.

J. E. Woges, brakeman, was killed instantly and the following suffered bruises and cuts, but none of them is thought to be seriously injured: Conductors T. Watson and George Wilburn, brakeman Lee Gordon and M. J. Alderton, switchman W. E. Holt and engineer George DeYoung.

The accident was caused by an open switch in the yards. A northbound freight engine had just arrived and the engine had gone in on a sidetrack to take coal. A southbound freight train came in about this time and the switch being open the engine plunged into the engine on the switch, jamming it against a caboose in which the trainmen were sleeping. J. E. Woges, the brakeman who was killed, was on the southbound train, and it is thought he was killed by being thrown from the train upon a switch stand as he was found near by with both legs broken.

Engineer DeYoung of the southbound train said that he was not hurt, but soon after the accident he suddenly became unconscious. Engineer C. Clarke and fireman J. E. O'Leary of the northbound train were not hurt to any appreciable extent and they brought their engine back to their city for repairs.

Conductors Watson and Wilburn, brakemen Gordon and Alderton and switchman W. E. Holt were brought to this city on the train this morning and all were taken to the Houston Infirmary, but after their wounds had been dressed Messrs. Watson and Wilburn were taken to their respective homes and the other three remained at the infirmary.

The body of Woges was sent to Sherman, his home, and the funeral took place from the residence of his parents, Rev. and Mrs. J. R. Woges, on south Montgomery street at 5 p. m. He was a volunteer in the Spanish-American war, serving under Capt. F. A. Ryan in Company F, first United States volunteer infantry.

Paris, Tex., Aug. 24.—More than two years ago while T. O. Ward of this city was engaged in farming near Hickey a spade was stolen from his premises. He has received a letter from a person dated at Warsaw, Ark., admitting that he was the one who stole the spade and enclosing 50 cents to pay for it. The writer says: "I send you 50 cents to pay for your spade. This was the price of new ones at the time I got yours. I needed a spade at the time and had no money and couldn't get one on credit. I never was satisfied without paying you for it and after I got it I was ashamed to say anything about it, but I want to pay for what I get and live upright in the sight of God and man. God will forgive all when things are made right."

Brings Suit.

Paris, Tex., Aug. 24.—James Bright of Roxton has instituted suit in the district court against the Western Union Telegraph company to recover \$1900 damages for alleged failure to deliver a telegram. The plaintiff's sister died at Rely Springs, Hopkins county, and his brother filed a telegram to him at Sulphur Springs apprising him of her death and stating when the funeral would take place. It being the dull season, the telegraph office was closed at Roxton, and the telegram was never delivered.

Appointments.

Cleburne, Tex., Aug. 24.—President F. B. Ballio of the National Editorial association has made the following appointments:

Chairman of the libel law committee, W. L. Eaton of Rockford, Ill.; fraternal delegate to the National Typothete, Col. J. West Goodwin of Sedalia, Mo.; legislative committee, W. O. Jewett of Missouri, Will A. Stell of Washington, C. F. Lehman of Texas, Irving Todd of Minnesota and J. W. Cockran of Indiana.

Population of Two.

Washington, Aug. 24.—The population of Jersey City and Hoboken, N. J., were made public by the census office Thursday. Jersey City has a population of 206,432, against 162,003 for 1890, an increase of 43,430.

Hoboken's population is 59,344, an increase of 15,716 over 1890.

County Clerks.

San Antonio, Tex., Aug. 24.—The eighth annual convention of the County Clerks' Association of Texas convened here Thursday in the chamber of the four court of civil appeals. There are about 100 members present. They were welcomed to the city in a happy address by District Attorney Carlos Bee. President Jackson of the association responded. Business sessions were held in the morning and afternoon. They were given a Mexican supper.

Skull Crushed.

Paris, Tex., Aug. 24.—While the wife and children of Robert Cato, living twenty-five miles southeast of Paris, below Winter, were driving in a buggy the horse took fright at a sorghum mill and ran away, dashing the occupants to the ground. The entire top of the skull of a 6-year-old son was crushed and the brain could be seen throbbing through it. The child never lost consciousness until placed under the influence of chloroform by the doctors.

## ATTEMPTED ASSAULT

Was Promptly Avenged by the Father of the Young Victim.

Cameron, Tex., Aug. 28.—Will Mason was shot and killed Sunday near Tracy, in Milam county. A double-barreled shotgun was the weapon used. Two shots took effect, one in the right side above the hip, the other in the left side. He died almost instantly. C. Lane gave himself up to the officers and was Monday placed under a \$1000 bond.

The examining trial was held by Justice F. English, and the testimony was that on Saturday night the deceased went to the room of the 12-year-old daughter of Lane, and while she was asleep tried to commit an assault upon her. Her screams awakened her parents and Mason ran off. Sunday morning Lane procured a gun and went in search of Mason, and found him about three miles from the place of assault and shot and killed him. Lane made bond and returned home.

Very little is known of Mason. He had been working in the Tracy neighborhood for the last few years, and it is reported that he has a wife and children in Alabama. He was about 35 years of age, and was one-armed.

Drank Deadly Drug Deliberately.

El Paso, Tex., Aug. 28.—Louis Boothroyd, aged 40 years, drank a glass full of cyanide of potassium here at 6 o'clock Monday evening, and died in fifteen minutes. Boothroyd was a native of Manchester, England, and was a relative of the Duke of Manchester. He had served the British government in the civil service in India, for which service he was drawing a pension at the time of his death. He is related to several prominent families in New York, but had isolated himself for reasons he had never told here. Boothroyd came to El Paso last winter, but left here in April and only returned last Saturday. He has been somewhat despondent since returning here until noon Monday, when he suddenly became jovial. He played a piano in a saloon for a while in the afternoon, then asked the barkeeper for a glass, saying he was going to take some medicine for indigestion. The bartender gave him the glass and he took the drug at the bar. Turning to some bystanders he remarked: "Now I will show you how an Englishman can die," and walked to the back door and fell into the yard and died in fifteen minutes.

Dent Dentures.

Rusk, Tex., Aug. 28.—(To the Dallas News.)—In the News I notice a special from Austin in which it is stated that I have written Gov. Sayess, offering to make a confession if he will reduce my sentence. I wish to state that every word contained in the said article is utterly false and was circulated to mislead the people of Texas and injure me in my appeal to the court of criminal appeals. I have no confession whatever to make. My conviction was unjust, and the only appeal which I have made is that to the higher courts, in whom I have full confidence, and I have no intention of withdrawing said appeal.

I challenge any one to produce one line from me to the effect that I ever offered to withdraw it, and I hope the News will publish such if it can be produced. I most earnestly beg that you give the same prominent place in your daily paper to this letter which was given to the before-mentioned appeal.

I have communicated with one of my attorneys, Col. Robert B. Seay, in regard to this. It is unjust and unfair, and as the News' boast is that it always tries to be fair and publish the truth, I sincerely trust that it will publish this letter. Your very respectfully,

W. J. DENT.

Lynched Them.

Palvo, Tex., Aug. 28.—One of those terrible and bloodcurdling acts so common on the Texas-Mexican frontier, occurred in the little farming village of Mulato, eighteen miles below Presidio del Norte, in the state of Chihuahua, Mex., on the night of the 18th of June, when a band of masked robbers entered the residence of one Leandro Carrasco, and after having tied him and another man, made him divulge the hiding place of his money and took possession of about \$1200 and some other property, such as arms, ammunition, food and clothing. His wife, a handsome woman, was assaulted.

The men were jailed at Presidio del Norte. A mob took them out and lynched them.

No Provision.

Sherman, Tex., Aug. 28.—Monday a woman appeared at the office of County Judge J. D. Woods with a little 4-year-old boy whom she wished to turn over to the authorities, stating that the little fellow's parents had gone to California some months ago and had failed to keep their promise to provide for the little one left behind. The judge prevailed on her to take the little boy back home and try once more to hear from California.

Pleanty of Water.

Orange, Tex., Aug. 28.—The Orange County Irrigation company finished the canal that was started last spring and will at once flood all of the rice lands lying along both sides. The constant rains up to the middle of this month kept an abundance of water on the canal and interfered with extending the canal and lateral ditches, and the force was increased as soon as the land became firm enough, and now there will be no lack of water.

## MOB DENOUNCED.

Sherman Citizens Censure Recent Action Taken at Akron.

Sherman, Tex., Aug. 25.—A public meeting of citizens was held in the district court room Friday evening, presided over by Judge R. R. Hazlewood, and the following resolutions were passed:

"Whereas, We are informed by the public press of the country that a riotous mob has defied the law and put the peace officers of the city of Akron, Ohio, to flight in fear of personal violence at the hands of the lawless element in a fruitless effort to visit summary vengeance on a negro, and in making the effort above named innocent bystanders and helpless children have been wantonly shot to death and public property of immense value has been destroyed by the incendiary torch or blown to atoms by dynamite; now, therefore, be it

"Resolved, That the citizens of Sherman, state of Texas, here assembled, solemnly protest and remonstrate against such uncivilized conduct on the part of our sister state of Ohio, and we admonish them of the pernicious example thus displayed in setting the laws of the land at defiance in this age of civilization and land of Christianity. We especially protest against such examples of lawlessness in the face of the fact that our government is rushing American soldiers and sailors to China to punish the bloody-handed boxers for their mobocratic practices, while in our own land such scenes as these lately enacted at Akron, Ohio, are mockery to our pretense in favor of law and order and the protection of the weak and helpless.

"Resolved, That we in no wise excuse the unspeakable crime committed by the vicious negro against whom the wrath of the mob was directed, but we deplore the recklessness and lawlessness that wrought indiscriminate murder and bewail the condition of society that could engage in such conduct."

No More Troops.

Washington, Aug. 25.—The important development in the Chinese situation was the decision of the government not to send any more troops to China. All the troops now at sea, amounting to about 4000 together with those under orders for service in the far east, which have not sailed, amounting to about 3000 more, will be sent to Manila. These troops will sail on the same route and upon touching at Nagasaki will go on to Manila, unless there are developments in China not now expected, which would make their presence in that country necessary. Secretary Root said that no more troops were being sent to China because they were not needed. With the arrival at Taku of the Hancock and the troops she carried, Gen. Chaffee will have 5000 available men, which is deemed sufficient for all present purposes. The decision of the department was not based upon any recommendation made by Gen. Chaffee, but upon reports received that troops were needed.

Seven Wounded.

Rome, Aug. 25.—Rear Admiral Caudana, in command of the Italian squadron in Chinese waters, has called the Italian minister of marine, Vice Admiral Morin, that he is in direct communication with the Italian minister in Peking, Marquis Raggi, who has informed him that an Italian lieutenant and six marines were slightly wounded in the defense of the legation.

Candiana adds that he has no news regarding the whereabouts of the empress dowager, but he has sent all the staff of the Italian legation to Shanghai, where they arrived safely.

"The Influence of the Western World on China" is the title of a timely article in the September Century, the writer being the Rev. D. Z. Sheffield, D. D., for thirty years a missionary in the Middle Kingdom. Dr. Sheffield sailed from San Francisco on June 22, having just learned of the burning of the North China college, of which he is president.

Meteor Seen.

Paris, Tex., Aug. 25.—While Dick McElham, B. W. Dalby, George Caviness and Ben McElham were sitting on the front porch at Dick McElham's three miles southeast of town, at 9 o'clock Thursday night they saw a meteor, supposed to be the one which fell at Austin. It started due south and descended in a southwest course. The nearer it approached the earth the brighter it got and "spangled" out like a skyrocket, but was much prettier.

About a Crop.

Fort Worth, Tex., Aug. 25.—A report was received here that J. S. (Jack) Estell was shot to death about five miles from Grapevine Friday morning. The information is that the weapon used was a 44-caliber pistol, and that Estell was shot through the lungs, while his antagonist received a wound from a corn knife about the head. Estell's slayer, it is learned here, was a tenant on Estell's farm, and the difference, it was stated, arose over this year's crop.

Assaulted His Wife.

Hillsboro, Tex., Aug. 25.—Ed. Carr, colored, was arrested and jailed by Deputy Sheriff J. A. Jones and City Marshal John W. Pshaw on a charge of an assault to kill his wife. He is alleged to have cut at her with a razor, she caught the blade in her hand and t cut to the bone. She fled about 300 yards to the negro Baptist parsonage, where the officers shortly afterward arrested him for carry a pistol.

Neely's attorneys think the government intends taking him to Cuba.



Annual Hand Organ Recital. Boston has an annual hand organ recital. On a day previously announced all the hand organs in the city are gathered at one place, and each organ grinder in turn plays for the benefit of the cause. If the music is up to the Boston standard a license is granted to the organ grinder; if it be of the wheezy, squeaky variety the owner is requested to seek some other community where that kind of music is appreciated.

From War to Peace. Two cannon from the Civil War are to be melted and cast into a statue representing peace. What a contrast—so great in a way as the change Hostetter's Stomach Bitters will bring about in the health of any who use it. It cures constipation, dyspepsia or weak kidneys. Try it.

If you would not be known to do a thing, do not do it.

Are You Using Allen's Foot-Ease? It is the only cure for Swollen, Smarting, Burning, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. At all Drugists and Shoe Stores. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

A shirt waist trunk is the latest convenience for the summer girl.

Try Yucatan Chill Tonic (Improved). Does not sicken as the so-called tasteless tonics. Acceptable to the most delicate stomach. Price 50 cents.

The bathtub is the seaside resort for the stay-at-home.

Best for the Bowels. No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

Cherry color is said to be quite fashionable in Paris.

# Ten Years Pain

"I am a school teacher, have suffered agony monthly for ten years. My nervous system was a wreck. I suffered with pain in my side and had almost every ill known. I had taken treatment from a number of physicians who gave me no relief."

"One specialist said no medicine could help me, I must submit to an operation."

"I wrote to Mrs. Pinkham, stating my case, and received a prompt reply. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and followed the advice given me and now I suffer no more. If any one cares to know more about my case, I will cheerfully answer all letters."

MISS EDNA ELLIS, Highland, Ohio.

GINNERS' COTTON BOOK. No other books are needed when you use this book. No. 100, 100 pages, size 12x9 in., price \$2.50. By Mail or Express, Postpaid, \$2.75.

BUYER'S COTTON BOOK. For buying record of cotton receipts and sold. No. 100, 100 pages, size 12x9 in., price \$2.50. By Mail or Express, Postpaid, \$2.75.

Weighers' Scale Receipt Book. 100 Receipts to book, \$0.75. 200 Receipts to book, \$1.50. 500 Receipts to book, \$3.50. Sample page of these books sent on application. Our new mail order catalogue, it worth a dollar but costs you nothing—send for it today.

DORSEY PRINTING CO. DALLAS, TEXAS.

NO! FOR OKLAHOMA! Congress has authorized the famous Kiowa-Comanche territory. It is the largest and richest in the West. It is the best land in the West. It is the best land in the West. It is the best land in the West.

Probably there was never a time in the history of this country when greater improvement was being made in poultry than at the present time. In the West as well as in the East the people are coming to see that improved breeds pay best. The great markets are constant reminders to the thousands of shippers that fowls must be bred to suit the demand. Every pure breed poultry establishment is a center from which go out in all directions pure bred males to improve and grade up the flocks. The fanciers by constantly advertising for years have induced multitudes to come to their way of thinking. That there is money in the business is proof that the people are responding to the agitation for better types of fowls.

Demand for Horses and Mules. According to Tennessee dealers the better classes of horses and mules are in great demand and prices have risen 60 per cent within the past year. The Spanish war, the Boer war and the passing of the bicycle have tended, however, to produce the satisfactory results for the horse people. Tennessee roadsters and saddlers of the fancy kind are readily purchased in New York, while many buyers from the lower Southern States have been in Tennessee making purchases. Some Tennessee horses too have been bought up by British agents for the cavalry service in South Africa. Many good horses have gone there, the buyers taking only such stock as suited the needs of the service, with individuals, rather small and with plenty of endurance. West Tennessee, it is said, has been able to furnish

## DAIRY AND POULTRY.

### INTERESTING CHAPTERS FOR OUR RURAL READERS.

#### How Successful Farmers Operate This Department of the Farm—A Few Hints as to the Care of Live Stock and Poultry.

#### Discussion on Milk and Cream. (Condensed from Farmers' Review, Senographic Report.)

At the last Wisconsin Round-up Institute the following discussion took place:

Prof. Smith—The fact is that there is a small odor in milk when it comes from the cow. It is put in by the milk. We have milked cows and set the milk at once, and when it was opened after twenty-four hours there was no odor about it. It can set for at least ten days and still have no odor.

Mr. Goodrich—I cannot agree with Prof. Smith in his conclusion that there is no animal odor in milk in its pure state as it comes from the cow. A short time ago I heard another professor talk on this subject. He said that there are in the body of every animal certain eliminating organs whose work is to eliminate certain gases, and that the udder has some of these organs, which eliminate these gases from the body and pass them into the milk.

Prof. Farrington—I think there is a difference between aerated and un-aerated milk that we do not understand.

Q.—Does aerating milk improve it for cheese making and butter making? Prof. Farrington—Yes, sir.

Mr. Noyes—Yes, sir.

Mr. Goodrich—Why doesn't that settle it, then, that cheese factories and creameries should require patrons to aerate the milk?

Q.—Does not aerated milk give a better taste and a more accurate test? Prof. Farrington—Yes, sir; I think that we would get a better test of the person that makes the test is careful to thoroughly mix the milk before taking the sample.

Q.—What is the cause of cream but-tering in the process of being made into ice cream? I supply cream to an ice cream maker in the city, and I have had it butter when it tested 27 per cent fat.

Prof. Farrington—There are two things, either of which may cause it; one is the temperature and the other is the thickness of the cream. Besides that, the cream may be exposed to excessive jarring in transportation.

Mr. Loman—I have been supplying cream to a restaurant for three years, and I think that the trouble with Mr. Taylor's cream is due to the man that makes the ice cream. The temperature of the cream is too high at the time it is put into the freezer, and the freezer was run too fast. The beating of the cream produced butter before it got down to the freezing point.

#### Poultry Briefs.

The Bureau of Labor Statistics says that last year 106,988,710 pounds of live and dressed poultry were shipped from the 114 counties of Missouri. This sum is an increase over the preceding year of 39,907,443 pounds. The total number of dozens of eggs shipped last year was 34,875,040, and the aggregate value received by producers of poultry and eggs was \$12,091,048.54.

It is reported that Canada is sending large quantities of poultry to the United States. Last year between 8,000 and 10,000 live geese were shipped to the feeding yards of one poultryman in Massachusetts. There have been seen at Sabrevois in the province of Quebec, as many as 11,500 live geese and 5,000 live ducks at one time, and it takes 125 pounds of grain a day to feed them. The firm of S. H. Jones at Sabrevois, has had at one time as many as 25,000 geese and 15,000 ducks. Some American firms make most of their purchases in the townships of the Province of Quebec, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island.

Few realize the aggregate value of our poultry industry. Statistics on this point are of very little value. Fowls are kept not only on the more than 4,000,000 farms of the United States, but also by millions of persons residing in the villages and cities. The beauty of this industry is that the smallest capitalist may invest in it, as 25 cents will buy a live hen. With the increasing population of the country poultry meat is certain to take a high place. It is the time ever comes when beef, pork and mutton cannot be cheaply produced here, poultry flesh will be in enormous demand. We have formed the meat eating habit and the people will have meat. Our poultry industry is bound to become more important year by year.

The milk inspection laws in the different states are gradually getting into active operation. It is time. The conditions in the large cities where there have been no inspection laws are very bad. Even in New York the enforcement of the laws has been so slack that the milkmen have fallen into the habit of thinking they could do as they pleased. But recently the inspectors renewed their activity and a good many milkmen were caught with badly adulterated milk. It is encouraging, however, to note that the majority had milk that came up to the standard required by the city laws. One morning eight inspectors rounded up all the milk that came in over the Erie Railroad. Some of the dealers evidently knew their milk to be adulterated, as they tried to drive away before the inspectors could stop them. But they ran into the arms of policemen that had been stationed near by for that purpose. In every case where the men tried to drive away their milk was found to be adulterated, which is proof that they knew what kind of stuff they were handling. It is reported that as soon as the milkmen get news of the inspection they stopped considerable quantities of milk that had not been brought across from Jersey City, as that was outside of the jurisdiction of the New York inspectors. It is believed that the adulterations in New York have been worse since the beginning of the present drought, the milkmen trying to offset short supplies by adding water. The inspections may therefore be expected to be very close from now on, and also New York city will find itself decidedly short in its milk supply.

Pearl Millet (Pennisetum spicatum or P. typhoides).—Extensively cultivated in Africa for the seed, which is used for food, and occasionally in the southern United States, where it is used for fodder. Plants tall and stout, the seeds borne in a dense cylindrical cluster, but without the bristles characteristic of the foxtail millet.

#### How Slate Pencils are Made.

Slate pencils were formerly all cut from solid slate just as it is dug from the earth, but pencils so made were objected to on account of the grit which they contain, and which would scratch the slate. To overcome this difficulty, Colonel D. M. Stewart of Chattanooga, Tenn., devised and patented an ingenious process, by which the slate is ground to a very fine powder, all grit and foreign substances removed, and the powder bolted through silk cloth in much the same manner as flour is bolted. The powder is then made into a dough, and this dough is subjected to a very heavy hydraulic pressure, which presses the pencil out the required shape and diameter, but in lengths of about three feet. While yet soft the pencils are cut into the desired lengths and set out to dry in the open air. After they are thoroughly dry the pencils are placed in steam baking pans, where they receive the proper temper. Pencils made in this manner are not only free from all grit, and of uniform hardness, but are stronger than those cut out of the solid slate.

For these reasons they have entirely superseded the old kind. Over 25,000,000 of these pencils were made and sold in the year 1899 by Colonel Stewart's company, in Chattanooga.—The Manufacturer.

#### No "Sweet Sixteen" in China.

In China, says the London Mail, there is nothing of the sweet girlhood which we find in Europe. In fact, one rarely sees girls in China.

They marry so young that they appear to spring from childhood to maturity without any intermediate stage of girlhood. There is no blushing "15" or "16," no flirtations, no courtship, no picnics, noilletdoux. The child has not ceased to play with her doll before she has a baby to dandle.

The only joy of a woman's life is in dressing her hair. This is done with an elaborate, artistic science, curious to see. Their hair is invariably black, and very long. It is drawn tightly from the face and stiffened with gum. It is then piled up in coils and wings and loops that stand alone without the aid of pads, roulets, puffs or hairpins.

There are no epistles in China except the nuns who dedicate their virginity to Buddha. These ladies shave their heads like priests, and thus deprive themselves of the only Chinese sign of gender—the hair dressed in a teapot.

#### Wonderful No. 4.

There are four cardinal points, says the Golden Pencil Magazine, four winds, four quarters of the moon, four seasons, four figures in the quadrille, four rules of arithmetic, four suits of cards, four quarters to the hour, four legs for furniture, most animals go on four legs; the dead are placed so on four planks, the prisoners between four walls.

We have four incisors and four canine teeth, and our forks have four prongs; all animals, when butchered, are cut into four quarters. The violin, greatest of all string instruments, has but four strings. For a kind is a pretty good hand at poker, even if they are only 4's.

There are four great continents; every great railway has four tracks, most rooms have four sides—the inside, the outside, the right side, and the wrong side.

#### Indian Wit.

There was a lawyer in the Indian Territory, says the Philadelphia Call, who had no too good a reputation for honesty. One of the aborigines employed him to do a little legal business. It was done to the client's satisfaction, but the fee was not paid and a receipt for it duly demanded.

"A receipt isn't necessary," the lawyer said.

"But I want it," replied the red man. There was some argument, and the attorney finally demanded his receipt.

"Since becoming a Christian I have been careful in all my dealings, that I may be ready for the judgment," answered the brave sentimentally, "and when that day comes I don't want to go to the mill with a receipt for a receipt from you." The receipt was made out and delivered promptly.

#### Seven Have the Bloodstain.

You cannot always believe in the genuineness of relics shown to you in Europe. Literary Paris, for instance, is greatly agitated over the difficulty of deciding which is the genuine copy of "L'Ami du Peuple," which was stained with the blood of Marat when the revolutionist met his death at the hands of Charlotte Corday. So far seven copies have turned up, all solemnly accredited and all bearing the blood stain.

#### Expensive Experts.

The services of experts in the Molineux homicide trial will cost the county of New York \$35,000. If the bills are all paid, Comptroller Cole made out the list of claims and admitted that he would not allow anything like as much as is asked for. Dr. R. A. Withams leads the list of claims in size, with a demand for \$18,550. There are two other men who want something more than \$2000 apiece, with one doctor who places the value of his services at \$2450.

#### The Dangerous Celluloid.

The superintendent of the electric street car lines in Milwaukee has issued an order prohibiting motormen to encircle their necks with celluloid. The order was drawn out by the serious injury of Motorman Charles Sanders. His motor burned out, and while he was tinkering with it the controller came in contact with his collar. There was a flash and a tiny fire encircled his neck in an instant. The motorman suffered terribly from his injuries.

#### His Burden Would be Easier.

"Who is that?" asked the school-boy's father, as he glanced through his text book.

"Why that's Atlas. He was supposed to hold the whole world on his shoulders."

"H'm. He wasn't up to date. If he had lived later in history he would have organized a few corporations and tried to put it in his pocket."

More than one girl who thinks she has married the ideal man finds out that he is, after all, only a common mortal.

A woman is often credited with being mad when she is only very much in earnest.

#### YOU KNOW WHAT YOU'RE TAKING

## GROVE'S Tasteless Chill Tonic

because the formula is plainly printed on each bottle, showing what it contains. Imitators do not advertise their formula, knowing that you would not buy their medicine if you knew its ingredients. Grove's contains Iron and Quinine put up in correct proportions, and is in a tasteless form. Grove's is the original Tasteless Chill Tonic and any druggist who is not pushing an imitation will tell you that all other so-called "tasteless" Tonics are imitations.

Grove's is the only Chill cure sold by every druggist in the malarial sections of the United States and Cuba that is guaranteed to cure any case of malaria, chills and fever, or money refunded. Price 50 cents.

#### Something for All Seasons.

In an uptown political club they are telling a story at the expense of the wife of one of the members—a man who had suddenly arisen from poverty to comparative affluence through a garage contract. A new house had been purchased in a good neighborhood, and the wife spent many busy days in furnishing it. When she reached the item of mattresses she went to a big department store on Market street, and made known her wants to a polite salesman.

"I presume, madame," he said, "that you want the best spring mattresses." "Not at all," was the quick retort. "You needn't think because I'm rich I'm easy. A spring mattress, indeed! Sure, I want mattresses you can use in spring, summer, autumn and winter. I'm not buying a mattress for every season in the year."—Philadelphia Call.

#### THREE DOSES OF GROVE'S BLUE CHILL CURE

will cure any case of Chills and Fever. Price, 50c. No cure, No Pay—All Druggists.

It is what you do more than what you are that is of the greater value.

#### The Best Chill Tonic Known

IS YUCATAN CHILL TONIC (Improved). It is superior to all other tasteless tonics, because it is a liquid with ingredients thoroughly mixed, so that each dose contains the same proportions and is always certain. It drives out malaria, restores the blood, strengthens the nerves and produces a hearty appetite. Acceptable to the most delicate stomach and has a pleasant taste. Formula: Quinine iron, pepsin. A cure guaranteed. All drug stores. Price, 50c.

You can learn more about a person when it is five minutes too late than in five years before.

#### A BOSTON INSTITUTION.

Among the unique institutions of Boston is the Peabody Medical Institute, No. 4 Baldwin St., established nine years before the death of the great philanthropist, the late Mr. George Peabody, from whom it takes its name. During the past 30 years it has achieved a wide and lasting reputation as the most successful of its kind in the United States. Its students are well known and its graduates stand high in the profession. Its course of study is of the highest quality, and its graduates are well known in the profession. Its course of study is of the highest quality, and its graduates are well known in the profession.

Those who are always seeking praise rarely get it.

Fruit is a necessary article of diet. Its prime essentials are in Trimley's California Fruit Gum.

A man is still young who insists on picking out his own necktie.

Cotton Books and Stationery for Teachers, Merchants, and Mill Owners. Samples and prices free. A. B. Aldridge & Co., Dallas.

Many a girl who seems to be fighting a secret sorrow is only entertaining a soft care.

Headquarters for STATE ADOPTED TEXT BOOKS, TABLETS, SLATES, CHALK CRAYON. I can save you money. Percy E. Ginn, Dallas, Texas.

Statistics show that women marry later in life than they used to.

To have your lace curtains, white skirts, and shirt waists a dainty snow white, use Russ Bleaching Blue, the modern bag blue.

Most women have theories as to what the ideal man should be like.

Important to Mothers. Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson*.

It is one man in a hundred with a negligence shirt who ever puts a belt on right.

Mothers must not forget that Dr. Moffett's TEETHINA (Teething Powders) will cure their child.

Have you ever thought how seldom we laugh?

PARRER'S HAIR BALM keeps the hair soft and pliant and restores the color when gray. It is the best cure for dandruff. Price, 50c.

Women who are plenty to occupy their time seldom gossip.

BENNE PLANT FOR CHILDREN. A Specific for Summer Complaint. During these warm days of midsummer, parents cannot be too watchful. It is unsafe to have in the house a remedy that is not safe. The BENNE PLANT is a safe and sure remedy for all cases of Summer Complaint. It is a safe and sure remedy for all cases of Summer Complaint. It is a safe and sure remedy for all cases of Summer Complaint.

Try Yucatan Chill Tonic (Improved). Cures chills, fever and malaria. Pleasant to take. Cure guaranteed. Price 50 cents.

To dress well requires art and finances.

Slightly Used Pianos and Organs. If you are looking for a bargain in a Piano or Organ, send for our list. Pianos \$40 to \$125. Organs \$20 to \$55. Easy terms given if desired. Drop us a card. WATKIN MUSIC CO., Dallas.

YOU KNOW WHAT YOU'RE TAKING  
When You Take  
**GROVE'S Tasteless Chill Tonic**  
because the formula is plainly printed on each bottle, showing what it contains. Imitators do not advertise their formula, knowing that you would not buy their medicine if you knew its ingredients. Grove's contains Iron and Quinine put up in correct proportions, and is in a tasteless form. Grove's is the original Tasteless Chill Tonic and any druggist who is not pushing an imitation will tell you that all other so-called "tasteless" Tonics are imitations.  
Grove's is the only Chill cure sold by every druggist in the malarial sections of the United States and Cuba that is guaranteed to cure any case of malaria, chills and fever, or money refunded. Price 50 cents.

#### THE DOUGLAS SHOE.

The best advertised and consequently the best known shoe in the world today is undoubtedly made by the W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., of Brockton, Mass. The one idea of this company has always been to sell a shoe for \$5.00 which equals in every way the \$5 shoes of any other concern. They are able to do this on account of there being no middle man's profit, as the goods are sold direct from the factory to the wearer. In 90 of the principal cities of the country they have their own retail stores. The goods are made in all sizes and widths, and few shoes equal them for style and durability.

The factory at Brockton employs over 1,100 hands, and all labor troubles are settled by the state board of arbitration. Nothing but union labor is employed, and pay about the best average wages of any shoe workers in the United States. The factory pay roll amounts to \$17,435 per week. This company makes shoes for men only, and it is their proud boast that over one million men wear them.—Denver (Colo.) Post.

A man is truly in love with his wife who accompanies her to a summer bargain sale.

Before marriage the young man purchases pretty jewelry, after marriage useful paragonie.

In Every Part of the World the traveler finds Wolfe's Aromatic Schiedam Schnapps and it is safe to say that no other medicine has the world-wide sale that remedy has. For a warm climate like this it is well and indispensable, as it gives tone to the system and speedily dispels Malaria, Torpid Liver, Cramps and Colic. Physicians recommend it in all cases of Kidney and Bladder troubles, Chronic Rheumatism, Dropsy and wherever the internal organs need strength.

The girl who can be agreeable with the toothache has an angelic disposition.

Each package of PUTNAM FADE-LESS DYE colors more goods than any other dye and colors them better, too.

No matter how indispensable a man seems, when he is gone he is soon forgotten.

I do not believe in the cure for Consumption, but an equal for coughs and colds—JONS & BOKER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 5, 1900.

The bride who dreams of fairies on her wedding eve night will have a very happy life—May be.

A Pretty Shirt Waist, properly laundered with "Faintless Starch" is a constant delight. At grocers—10c.

Numbers of women spend much time selecting hats.

Try Yucatan Chill Tonic (Improved). Superior to all the so-called tasteless tonics; acceptable to the most delicate stomach. Price 50 cents.

We should not depend on death to make us more precious.

#### Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

For children teething, softens the gums, relieves inflammation, cures colic, cures wind colic, cures a bottle.

If you wish to preserve the brilliancy of your eyes refrain from weeping.

#### The Best Prescription for Chills and Fever.

is a bottle of Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—No Pay. Price, 50c.

We are always particularly pleased with ourselves when someone else voices our opinions.

#### WARNING!

Tenderness, aching in the small of the back is a serious symptom. The kidneys are suffering. Take Smith's Sure Kidney Cure at once. It is a reliable kidney remedy and system regulator and will cure the trouble before it develops its dangerous stage. Price 50 cents. For sale by all druggists.

Pharaoh it is said, fed his pyramid builders on radishes.

Buy Russ' Bleaching Blue, the modern bag blue. Makes clothes from 10 shades whiter than any other blue.

Men wear out handkerchiefs, women lose them.

#### Ladies Can Wear Shoes.

One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It makes tight or new shoes easy. Cures swollen feet, sweating, itching feet, ingrowing nails, corns and bunions. All druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Trial package FREE by mail. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

The best thing in expressions is the hot weather face.

## MITCHELL'S

### MITCHELL'S EYE SALVE

PRICE, 25 CENTS.

DR. MOFFETT'S TEETHINA (Teething Powders) Costs only 25 cents at Druggists, or mail 25 cents to C. J. MOFFETT, M. D., ST. LOUIS, MO.

\$3.00 W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES \$3.50 UNION MADE

The modern, easy-fitting, economical shoes for progressive men are the W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 and \$3.50 shoes. Perfect shoes that hold their shape and fit until worn out. Over 1,000,000 satisfied wearers. Established in 1870.

Why do you pay \$4 to \$5 for shoes when you can buy W. L. DOUGLAS shoes for \$3 and \$3.50 which are just as good.

A \$5 SHOE FOR \$3.50. A \$4 SHOE FOR \$3. The real reason for our \$3 and \$3.50 shoes compared with other makes is \$2.00 more in the quality of the material and the quality of the workmanship. We make and export to the United States and other two makes of shoes with same and price stamped on them. The largest \$3 and \$3.50 shoe business in the world, and a perfect system of manufacturing, enables us to produce higher grade \$3 and \$3.50 shoes than can be had elsewhere.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOE CO., Brockton, Mass.

The men who boast of their ability to take care of themselves have a chance to do so now while their wives are suffering.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, relieves inflammation, cures colic, cures wind colic, cures a bottle.

If you wish to preserve the brilliancy of your eyes refrain from weeping.

#### The Best Prescription for Chills and Fever.

is a bottle of Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—No Pay. Price, 50c.

We are always particularly pleased with ourselves when someone else voices our opinions.

#### WARNING!

Tenderness, aching in the small of the back is a serious symptom. The kidneys are suffering. Take Smith's Sure Kidney Cure at once. It is a reliable kidney remedy and system regulator and will cure the trouble before it develops its dangerous stage. Price 50 cents. For sale by all druggists.

Pharaoh it is said, fed his pyramid builders on radishes.

Buy Russ' Bleaching Blue, the modern bag blue. Makes clothes from 10 shades whiter than any other blue.

Men wear out handkerchiefs, women lose them.

#### Ladies Can Wear Shoes.

One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It makes tight or new shoes easy. Cures swollen feet, sweating, itching feet, ingrowing nails, corns and bunions. All druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Trial package FREE by mail. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

The best thing in expressions is the hot weather face.

## MITCHELL'S

### MITCHELL'S EYE SALVE

PRICE, 25 CENTS.

DR. MOFFETT'S TEETHINA (Teething Powders) Costs only 25 cents at Druggists, or mail 25 cents to C. J. MOFFETT, M. D., ST. LOUIS, MO.

\$3.00 W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES \$3.50 UNION MADE

The modern, easy-fitting, economical shoes for progressive men are the W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 and \$3.50 shoes. Perfect shoes that hold their shape and fit until worn out. Over 1,000,000 satisfied wearers. Established in 1870.

Why do you pay \$4 to \$5 for shoes when you can buy W. L. DOUGLAS shoes for \$3 and \$3.50 which are just as good.



**The Haskell Free Press**

**J. E. POOLE,**  
Editor and Proprietor.

Advertising rates made known on application.  
Terms \$1.50 per annum, invariably cash in advance.

Entered at the Post Office, Haskell, Texas, as Second class Mail Matter.

Saturday, Sep. 1, 1900.

**Announcements.**

For District Atty. 39 Judicial Dist.  
A. C. WILMETH of Scurry Co.  
Subject to the action of the Democratic party.

For County Judge,  
D. H. HAMILTON,  
J. E. POOLE,  
H. R. JONES,  
J. E. WILFONG.

For County and District Clerk,  
C. D. LONG,  
H. S. POST.

For Sheriff and Tax Collector,  
J. W. COLLINS,  
J. E. JONES,  
J. W. BELL.

For Tax Assessor,  
S. E. CAROTHERS,  
C. M. BROWN.

For Treasurer,  
J. E. MURFEE,  
J. L. STANDEFER,  
D. W. FIELDS.

For Comr. and J. P. Pre. No. 1,  
J. W. EVANS.

For Commissioner Pre. No. 1,  
J. W. JOHNSON,  
J. T. BOWMAN.

For Commissioner Pre. No. 4,  
E. D. JEFFERSON.

**LOCAL DOTS.**

—Miss Lena Wilson is back again at her old post.

—Baggy whips 15cts and up at Riddel's.

—Mr. J. B. Baker and wife came home Monday evening.

One bottle will convince the most skeptical of the real merits of Dr. Simmons' Sarsaparilla, concentrated and scientifically combined, pleasant and effective. Fifty doses for 50cts at J. B. Bakers.

—Go to T. G. Carney's for choice family groceries.

—Mrs. Ed Robertson of Seymour visited relatives here this week.

—For a good, honest hand made saddle see Riddel.

Why remain sick? If troubled with Scrofula, Scrofulous Humor, Boils, Humors on face, Catarrh, etc., we ask that you give Dr. Simmons' Sarsaparilla a trial. Fifty cts and 50 doses at J. B. Bakers.

WANTED—To exchange Photographs for 5000 young chickens.

—Mrs. A. Lee Kirby of Seymour visited Haskell relatives this week.

—Miss Allie Frost entertained a large party of friends Thursday night.

Kingworm, Tetter, Itching Piles, Itch, Eczema cured quick and effectually with Hunt's Cure. Money refunded if it fails. Price 50 cts J. B. Baker's.

—A protracted meeting was begun at Wildhorse school house on Thursday night.

WANTED—Everybody to call and see our Photographs—and have us make them some.

—Mr. Percy Lindsey has been spending several days here with the home folks.

—My stock of groceries has just been filled up with a complete line of choice, fresh family groceries. As to prices—well, they are below the other fellows—Come and see! Respectfully,  
T. G. CARNEY.

—Dr. Gilbert reports the birth of a daughter at Mr. Martin Tollets on last Saturday.

—Mr. Charley Mayes has taken a position with Mess. Alexander & Co. in the dry goods department.

—SEED RYE. I have for sale a lot of good seed rye, at my farm 16 miles north of town. E. BIVINS.

—The young people had a very enjoyable party at Mr. W. F. Rupp's Tuesday night.

The drugs in Dr. Simmons' Sarsaparilla are so concentrated that the dose is very small, but nevertheless, it is so scientifically combined that it is readily retained and assimilated by the most delicate and sensitive stomach. Fifty cts and 50 doses at J. B. Bakers.

—Those pretty silk shirt waists at J. Robertson's, all colors and the latest style, will catch the fancy of the ladies.



**Our Goods are in THE Race**  
They were bought to win  
and will be sold to win.

That is, they were bought low and will be sold low.

And if you put your money on Our Stock you will be a winner—of bargains.

**DRESS GOODS.**



Those ladies and gentlemen who select their apparel at our store are the well dressed people you meet.



It is with pleasure that we invite the attention of the public to our Ladies' Dress Goods. The stock is large and well selected. There are specimens of all the latest fabrics of the loom, the most artistic productions of the weaver's skill and all the rich colorings and delicate tints in harmonious blendings of the deyer's art.

We flatter ourselves that no lady, however critical her taste may be, can look through our stock without finding something to her liking. We can mention but few of the popular fabrics, such as:  
A new line of Llama Brocades, woven in beautiful raised figures, an excellent dress goods at a moderate price.

Soutache Novelty goods, nice and serviceable, in blues and browns.  
Handsome Brocades, wool filling, changeable effects with assorted silk raised figures, all standard colors.  
English Wool Plaids, silk stripes, pretty and fashionable. We have a fine assortment of these goods in new and handsome designs and colorings.

Our Pebble Jacquard cloth is an item in the dress line to which we would call special attention. We have this handsome goods in 4 yard skirt patterns, black with exquisite raised patterns of silky luster.  
Heavy Worsted Suitings in 10 yard dress patterns, very durable and the thing for winter wear, colors, olive green, brown and dark blue.

We have also a nice assortment of heavy flanel dress goods in all the desirable colors, plain and in stripes and figures.

Besides the foregoing there will be found in our stock most of the old standard goods and some new French fabrics in beautiful designs and colorings, some choice Crepons in 4 yard patterns for skirts, a nice line of Cashmeres, Sattines, Covert Cloth, Ginghams, Chambrays, Prints, etc. in great variety.

**Trimmings**

We have quite a large line of trimmings, having taken great pains to select the latest and best that were suited to our varied line of Dress Goods. There are Silk and Tinsel Gimp braids in various widths, black and colors and gold and silver gilt. Fancy colored Beaded trimmings, and Silk fringes in various widths. An extensive line of ribbons, embroideries, insertions, laces, braids, cords, etc.

**Staple Dry Goods**

In this department you will find the leading and standard brands of Shirts, Sheetings, Drillings, Duckings, Jeans, Cottonades, Linseys, Checks, etc. Also Quilts, Comforts, Blankets. And of

**Boots, Shoes, Hats and Gloves**

we have a large assortment of styles to suit all tastes for men, women and children. Our goods in these lines are standard makes and we offer them to the public in full confidence that they will give satisfaction.

**Gentleman's Clothing, Underwear and Furnishing Goods.**

In gentlemen's custom made clothing we have the best to be had in the market in material, make and style. We bought from one of the leading manufacturers whose improved system of cutting insures a neat fitting suit as you usually get from a tailoring establishment, and whose reputation for reliable workmanship and honest goods insures durability and service. We have suits in all the latest patterns of tall and winter weights. Cassimeres, Diagonals, Serges Kerseys, etc., in various grades and prices. And as to prices, we guarantee them to be right and that you will get full value whether you buy a cheap or a higher priced suit.

A fine line of separate pants, including the celebrated California goods.  
We have a very complete stock of Gentlemen's Dress and Fancy Shirts, Over Shirts and Underwear, both in cotton and wool, fleece lined and plain. Hosiery, Suspenders, etc.

And we can fit you out to the queen's taste in Collars and Cuffs and nobby Neck Wear of the latest style. We have many kinds of goods not mentioned in this advertisement and will be pleased to have you call and see them. The prices will be right.

Very Respectfully,  
**S. L. ROBERTSON.**

**TABLER'S BUCKEYE PILE OINTMENT** relieves the intense itching. It soothes, heals and cures chronic cases where surgeons fail. It is no experiment; its sales increase through its cures. Every bottle guaranteed. Price, 50 cts in bottles, tubes 75cts at J. B. Baker's.

—Dr. F. M. Oldham is to arrive to-day. He will spend a few days doing dental work.

WANTED—People to know that we are making the best photographs in north west Texas, and use the best material that money can buy.

Hamilton's Photo Gallery,  
N. E. cor. square.

—Mr. T. N. Field has a brother and other relatives from Montague county visiting him this week.

—Buy honest goods and get the worth of your money every time—that's the way it is at S. L. Robertson's.

—A stroke of lightning killed seven head of cattle in Mr. Sid Post's pasture during the rain and thunder storm Monday night. Five of them were his and the two others belonged to Mr. Hisey.

—Quite a party of the young folks were entertained Thursday night by Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Hentz.

Cheatham's Tasteless Chill Tonic cures the Chills' builds up the system and drives away all ills. It makes strong the weak and fattens the lean. It's the tonic of tonics, the best ever seen. Fifty cents at J. B. Baker's drug store.

—Those beautiful white and colored eider downs at S. L. Robertson's are the very thing for the children's wraps and cloaks.

The most delicate constitution can safely use BALLARD'S HORE-HOUND SYRUP. It is a sure and pleasant remedy for coughs, loss of voice, and all throat and lung troubles. Price 25 and 50cts at J. B. Baker's.

—Elder John Logan of Gatesville, who, it was announced would begin a protracted meeting at the Christian church in Haskell tomorrow, writes that he was unavoidably prevented from coming this week but will be here and begin the services next Sunday, the 9th.

**SICK HEADACHES,**  
The curse of overworked womankind are quickly and surely cured by Karl's Clover Root Tea, the great blood purifier and tissue builder. Money refunded if not satisfactory. Price 25 and 50cts at J. B. Baker's.

—Mr. John Couch's new residence being completed he moved in this week and begins to feel like a married man.

Backache, Sprains, Bruises, Cut, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Diarrhoea, Cramp Colic, all aches and pains speedily cured with Hunt's Lightning Oil. Failing, money refunded. at J. B. Baker's.

—Miss Effie Shannon returned Wednesday and will occupy a position in Messrs Alexander & Co's store.

**Cuts and Bruises Quickly Healed.**  
Chamberlain's Pain Balm applied to a cut, bruise, burn, scald or like injury will instantly ally the pain and will heal the parts in less time than any other treatment. Unless the injury is very severe it will not leave a scar. Pain Balm also cures rheumatism, sprains, swellings and lameness. For sale by J. B. Baker.

—Mr. Brown Haskew of Stonewall county was over Thursday and spent thirty or forty dollars cash with one of our merchants.

You may bridle the appetite, but you can not bribe the liver to do its work well. You must be honest with it, help it along a little now and then with a dose of HERBINE, the best liver regulator; price 50cts at J. B. Baker's drug store.

—RESIDENCE FOR SALE. I will sell my residence in Haskell cheap. Comfortable house, large lot, good water, orchard, etc. conveniently situated. Burwell Cox.

**YOUNG MOTHERS.**

Croup is the terror of thousands of young mothers because its outbreak is so agonizing and frequently fatal. Shiloh's Cough and Consumption Cure acts like magic in cases of Croup. It has never been known to fail. The worst cases relieved immediately. Price 25cts, 50cts and \$1.00, at J. B. Baker's drug store

—Mrs. McLendon of Knox county spent last Saturday night here with her sister, Mrs. J. W. Collins, being on her way to visit relatives at Kaufman.

As an external liniment of most wonderful penetrative and curative power, BALLARD'S SNOW LINIMENT is not equaled by any other in the world. Price 25 and 50cts at J. B. Baker's drug store.

—There was a fine rain Monday night over most of the county and some showers since. Cotton will be greatly benefitted and farmers can break their wheat land early.

WHITE'S CREAM VERMIFUGE is perfectly harmless, and will remove every worm. It is also a tonic, and by its strengthening properties will restore to pale cheeks the rosy hue of health. Price 25cts at J. B. Baker's drug store.

—Haskell merchants now have larger and better stocks than ever before in the history of the town and they are determined to hold their old customers and get new ones. This means low prices.

**A Powder Mill Explosion**

Removes everything in sight; so do drastic mineral pills, but both are mighty dangerous. No need to dynamite your body when Dr. King's New Life Pills do the work so easily and perfectly. Cures headache and constipation; only 25c at J. B. Baker's drug store

—Editor A. H. Wright of the Crawford News Item came out on a Central excursion to Stamford this week and visited Haskell Thursday. He saw our collection of grains and fruits and carried away a very favorable impression of our county and its productions.

A diseased liver declares itself by moroseness, mental depression, lack of energy, restlessness, melancholy and constipation. HERBINE will restore the liver to a healthy condition. Price 50c at J. B. Baker's.

—The omission last week of mention of the death of Mrs. Veasy, which occurred on the previous Sunday, was wholly unintentional, being forgotten for the time in the last hurry and perplexity of adjusting our somewhat delayed and overcrowded forms.

**Editor's Awful Plight**

F. M. Higgins, editor Seneca (Ils) News, was afflicted for years with Piles that no doctor or remedy helped until he tried Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world. He writes, two boxes wholly cured him. Infallible for Piles; cure guaranteed. Only 25cts; sold by J. B. Baker.

—Mr. G. W. Reeves accompanied by his brother-in-law, Mr. Bose Parish who is out from Tennessee on a visit, spent Saturday and Sunday in Haskell. We understand that Mr. Parish was so well pleased with our town and county that he may bid adieu to old Tennessee and come back to stay.

**Endured Death's Agonies.**

Only a roaring fire enabled J. M. Garrettson, of San Antonio, Tex., to lie down when attacked by Asthma, from which he suffered for years. He writes his misery was often so great that it seemed he endured the agonies of death; but Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption wholly cured him. This marvelous medicine is the only known cure for Asthma as well as Consumption, Coughs and Colds, and all Throat, Chest and Lung troubles. Price 50c and \$1.00, guaranteed. Trial bottles free at J. B. Baker's drug store.

**HASKELL AND STAMFORD TRANSFER.**

Meets incoming passenger trains and delivers passengers and express in Haskell without layover in Stamford.

**Livery Stable at Haskell**

Good teams and vehicles furnished promptly to order.

J. W. JOHNSON & SON, Proprs.

**J. I. & L. W. CAMPBELL,**

**Lumber, Shingles, Doors, Blinds, Sash,**

and all other kind of building material.

Stamford. Texas.

**THE GOSSETT HOTEL,**

(The old Court House and Meadors Hotel.)

Haskell, Texas.

Having taken charge of this Hotel and refitted and refurnished it, it now offers to the

**Local and Traveling Public**

the best and most comfortable accommodations to be had in Haskell, but without a corresponding advance in prices.

Your Patronage Respectfully Solicited.

M. H. GOSSETT, Proprietor.

**J. W. BELL,**

Manufacturer & Dealer in  
**SADDLES and HARNESS**

Full Stock, Work Promptly to Order.

Repairing done neatly and substantially. Prices reasonable and satisfaction with goods and work guaranteed.

Your Trade is Solicited.

M. S. PIERSON, President. A. C. FOSTER, Vice-President. J. L. JONES, Chas. LEE PIERSON, Asst. Cash.

**THE HASKELL NATIONAL BANK,**  
HASKELL, TEXAS.

A General Banking Business Transacted. Collections made and Promptly Remitted. Exchange Drawn on all principal Cities of the United States.

DIRECTORS:—M. S. Pierson, A. C. Foster, J. L. Jones, Lee Pierson T. J. Lemmon.

**A BOON TO MANKIND!**

**DR. TABLER'S BUCKEYE**



A New Discovery for the Certain Cure of INTERNAL and EXTERNAL PILES, WITHOUT PAIN.

CURES WHERE ALL OTHERS HAVE FAILED. TUBES, BY MAIL, 75 CENTS; BOTTLES, 50 CENTS.

JAMES F. BALLARD, Sole Proprietor, 310 North Main Street, ST. LOUIS, MO. For sale by J. B. Baker, Haskell, Texas.

—You will observe the change in Messrs F. G. Alexander & Co's advertisement this week. It is a general announcement of their fall opening with no attempt to describe their goods—in fact they have such an immense stock that it would require a page of the FREE PRESS in which to describe it. Their large two-story building is full from top to bottom, so full that the goods have to be piled and stacked up, leaving little room for display. In such a stock there must be about everything anybody will want, so if you don't see what you want, ask for it. Mr. Alexander says that railroad nor any other competition shall stand in their way—they propose to make prices so the goods will go, that is what he got them for.

**YOU TRY IT.**

If Shiloh's Cough and Consumption Cure, which is sold for the small price of 25cts, 50cts and \$1.00, does not cure take the bottle back and we will refund your money. Sold for over fifty years on this guarantee. Price 25 and 50cts at J. B. Baker's.

**Notice.**

For the ensuing scholastic year the following will be the rates of tuition for the Haskell Public school: For unders, \$1.50; for overs, \$2.00, per month. The principal is entrusted to present the accounts at the end of each month, and prompt settlement is expected.

K. B. FIELDS, Chr.

**LION COFFEE**



Sold only in 1-lb. Packages.

Premium List in every Package.

Best Coffee for the Money.

Based upon LION COFFEE! WOLSON SPICE CO., TOLEDO, O.