

# The Midland Reporter-Telegram

METRO EDITION

DIAL 682-5311, P.O. Box 1650, MIDLAND, TEXAS  
Vol. 56, No. 354, Daily 15¢, Sunday 50¢

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 5, 1980  
40 PAGES, 5 SECTIONS

## Primaries may point to GOP stalemate

BOSTON (AP) — George Bush maintained a minuscule lead today over John B. Anderson in the Massachusetts Republican primary as Ronald Reagan inched to victory in Vermont. The tight New England contests point to the kind of stalemate that might entice former President Gerald Ford into the GOP presidential race.

Sen. Edward Kennedy got a lift for his Democratic challenge with a landslide victory over President Carter in home state Massachusetts. Carter buried Kennedy by an even more lopsided margin in Vermont.

Kennedy won by better than 2 to 1 in the campaign year's first big state primary, winning enough nominating delegates to offset the lead Carter built up earlier. Carter took Vermont by 3 to 1.

As the final votes were tallied early today, Anderson trailed by margins so tiny that they represented virtual dead heats.

Bush led by less than 900 votes out of more than 380,000 cast in the Re-

publican primary in Massachusetts with 97 percent of the precincts reporting. Reagan's margin was 616 votes with 99 percent counted in a Vermont primary that drew more than 62,000 GOP ballots.

Reagan ran third in Massachusetts, close behind Bush and Anderson.

The results were so close that unofficial morning after recounts were scheduled by News Election Service.

Related stories,  
photos, Page 5A

which tallies the ballots for news agencies and networks.

The Vermont vote was so close that several news organizations declared either Anderson or Reagan the winner, only to pull back when later tallies showed no one with a conclusive lead. The Associated Press was among them, having given Anderson the victory in early evening.

"I'm up," Bush told CBS News in a morning interview. He said Reagan

would be hurt by his third-place finish in Massachusetts.

Tuesday's big surprise was the tandem challenges by Anderson, the white-thatched liberal congressman from Illinois. Anderson said that by coming so close, he had established himself as a major competitor for the GOP nomination.

On NBC-TV's "Today" show, Anderson said his New England success was the start of a "new citizens' coalition" that will catapult him into the White House. And on ABC-TV's "Good Morning America" show, the congressman said he hoped Ford would decide that Anderson is the one electable alternative to Reagan.

Both Bush and Reagan said Anderson was a one-day wonder who couldn't last. The competition shifts now to the conservative South, where a Republican primary is set for Saturday in South Carolina, with contests to follow on Tuesday in Florida, Georgia and Alabama.



Republican presidential candidate John B. Anderson of Illinois, who wound up in a virtual dead heat in Tuesday's Republican Massachusetts presi-

dential primary, waves to supporters at his Boston campaign headquarters. (AP Laserphoto)

## MidTran's first month more successful than hoped

By LANA CUNNINGHAM  
Staff Writer

It's had its ups and downs, its smooth days and its bumpy days. But all in all, MidTran's first month of operation was more successful than what had been projected, according to Joyce Fisher, director.

The city's specially designed public transportation system started rolling Feb. 4, serving the Midland work force in the mornings and late afternoons and the general public the rest of the day.

Renewal rate on the subscription service — where workers are picked up and delivered to their job and then

home again — is more than 90 percent for the second month, said Ms. Fisher.

Of 150 paid subscriptions from February, about 10 didn't renew. New riders were fitted into the schedules from a waiting list which, with 175 names, is longer than the active subscription list.

"WE HAD SEVERAL requests come in for March. We just send the checks back and add the names to the waiting list," Ms. Fisher added.

Operating the system — which is employing the unique combination of subscription with demand responsive — hasn't been smooth rolling. "It's

never dull," Ms. Fisher said with a laugh. "Things are happening all the time."

To cite a few examples, the director recalled the day a driver became sick on the run, the incident last week in which a bus engine caught on fire and, then, just this past Monday, when the electrical systems blew a fuse on all the buses and put them all out of commission.

The last incident was a result of the second mishap, Ms. Fisher explained. When the electrical fire occurred, the driver kept his head and pulled out a cable which had started the flame.

To avoid future problems with the buses' electrical systems, the city

maintenance staff installed fuses that would turn off the engines at the first sign of a problem, thus eliminating the fire. These fuses were installed over the weekend, she said.

When the bus drivers started rolling out of the parking lot Monday morning, some of them didn't make it to the gate before the fuses blew. Others didn't complete their runs.

"We were just looking out for the safety of the passengers," she said of the installation.

LARGER FUSES WERE installed, and the bus problems were eliminated.

"When you get a new vehicle,

you've got bugs to work out, and it's the same thing with the buses," she said.

Calls for demand responsive service have exceeded expectations, according to the director. The first day of service, they expected to have about 10 calls; they had 26.

The second day it picked up to 52. And from there it has gone to an average of about 100 demand-responsive calls a day, Ms. Fisher said.

"We could do much more, but we just don't have the buses," she complained. And while MidTran requires a rider call 24 hours ahead for the demand-responsive service to be scheduled, it has reached the point

where people now are making arrangements three to four days ahead of the pickup.

MidTran only operates four buses during the late morning and mid-afternoon call-in service, leaving three buses to be cleaned and serviced.

Additional demand-responsive service will start March 17 with runs to and from Midland Regional Airport seven days a week and until late at night. Since that service was approved last week by Midland City Council, Ms. Fisher said she already has received several calls about it.

PERSONS WANTING to take the  
(See MIDTRAN'S, Page 2A)

## Iranians continue to be divided

Khomeini's son joins the dispute over hostage visit

By The Associated Press

Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini's son sided today with the militants holding the American hostages in Tehran, saying he saw "no benefit" to the U.N. commission visiting the captives. Foreign Minister Sadegh Ghotbzadeh, who favors a visit, accused some of them militants of being "communists and Zionists."

"My opinion is that such a visit to the embassy will be of no benefit and I wonder what will be its importance," Hojatoleslam Ahmed Khomeini, the ayatollah's son, told Iranian newspapers. The statement was broadcast by Tehran Radio.

But Ghotbzadeh accused "communists and Zionists of trying to foil the commission's mission," an apparent reference to leftists among the captors. The foreign minister's comment was in an interview with the Tehran newspaper Azadeghan.

The young militants holding the U.S. Embassy refused again today to let the U.N. commission meet with their captives even though the ayatollah, Iran's revolutionary leader, gave his implied — but not direct — approval to the meeting.

"Our position has not changed. We will not let the meeting take place," a spokesman for the militants occupying the U.S. Embassy told a reporter by telephone.

The spokesman said Khomeini's agreement to the meeting had not been confirmed.

Meanwhile, the five members of the U.N. commission met with Ghotbzadeh to try to nail down arrangements for the meeting with the hostages. They returned to their hotel an hour later, and a spokesman said they still expected to see the Americans.

President Abolhassan Bani Sadr told reporters Tuesday night that Khomeini had given him and the Revolutionary Council, which Bani Sadr heads, jurisdiction over the matter of the proposed meeting between the U.N. group and the captives. He said the council decided the meeting should take place, and it would be held.

But Khomeini, the 79-year-old religious leader of Iran's revolutionary regime, apparently did not issue a direct order to the young militants to permit the meeting on Bani Sadr's terms. This apparently emboldened them to defy the president and the

council, as they have successfully done in the past.

The militants agreed Monday to a meeting between the U.N. panel and the hostages but only on terms that were unacceptable to the U.N. group, Bani Sadr and the Revolutionary Council.

The militants said they would let the commission meet with all the hostages to determine their condition only after the panel issued its report and "convinced" the United Nations of U.S. crimes in Iran and those of Shah Mohammad Reza Pahlavi.

The militants also demanded that the commission examine embassy

documents they said proved five of the hostages were spies and then interrogate those hostages. The five were not identified.

Pars, the official Iranian news agency, said Bani Sadr and other members of the Revolutionary Council rejected the militants' terms because the government had already promised the commission it would meet with all the hostages.

The commission has nearly finished collecting evidence in connection with the revolutionary regime's charges against the shah and the United States and is preparing to return to New York.

## Afghan rebel leader raps 'unconcerned spectators'

ISLAMABAD, Pakistan (AP) — An Afghan rebel leader accused the Western and Moslem worlds of "being unconcerned spectators... while our people are floating in their own blood because of Russian atrocities." He denied the rebels are receiving aid from the United States or China.

Professor Burhanuddin Rabbani, head of a coalition of five rebel groups fighting the communist government in Afghanistan, told a news conference here Tuesday that hundreds of his men had been killed in the past four days as Soviet warplanes bombed rebel strongholds in eastern Afghan provinces near the Pakistani border.

The rebels also claimed to have inflicted heavy casualties on Afghan army troops during the fighting, which Western diplomats have said appears to be the start of a major offensive against the rebels by Afghan and Soviet troops.

Rabbani denied the rebels were receiving arms or other

assistance from the United States, China or any Moslem nation that pledged support during a foreign ministers conference here in January.

But the Soviet ambassador to Japan, Dmitri Polyansky, charged today that the U.S. and Chinese governments were training "tens of thousands of well-trained guerrillas" and in effect, waging war on Afghanistan.

"The imperialists and their accomplices in Peking, disregarding the protests of the Afghan government, are in reality waging war against Afghanistan without a declaration of war," he said in a speech to Japan's National Press Club in Tokyo.

The Kremlin, which sent an estimated 70,000 troops into Afghanistan in late December, has said it will not withdraw from the neighboring Central Asian nation until what it calls outside interference stops.

## Midland man shot during apparent robbery attempt

Being a "good Samaritan" didn't pay off for Paul Young, 23, of Midland.

Young was listed in satisfactory condition this morning in Midland Memorial Hospital after being shot early this morning in an apparent robbery attempt.

A Sheriff's Office spokesman said Young, of 1003 S. Midkiff Road, No. 202, was approached by a man shortly after 2 a.m. The man reportedly told Young that he had run out of gas and needed a ride back to his vehicle. On the way to the man's vehicle, some-

where between Midkiff Road and Holiday Hill Road, the man pulled a pistol and told Young to stop, sheriff's deputies said.

Young told officers he pulled over whereupon the man threatened to rob Young. A scuffle ensued, and Young was shot in the right side, according to deputies. The man reportedly fled on foot.

Young drove himself to a friend's house, and the friend then drove him to the hospital.

Deputies said Young could only tell them the man used a "large pistol."

## White House to blame for U.N. vote 'foul-up'

WASHINGTON (AP) — Even though Secretary of State Cyrus R. Vance took responsibility for the "foul-up," the fault for a controversial U.S. vote criticizing Israel in the United Nations rests with the White House, according to two administration officials.

Their account, to The Associated Press, is that President Carter's objections to any criticism of Israel's control of east Jerusalem were not adequately transmitted to the State Department before the Security Council vote.

The result was unanimous adoption of a resolution condemning Israel's settlements in former Arab territories — which had Carter's approval — but also condemning Israel's control of east Jerusalem, which did not have his approval.

This caused a political and diplomatic furor. The Israeli cabinet deplored the resolution and Carter's principal Democratic challenger, Sen. Edward M. Kennedy, called the U.S. vote "shameful." Even Carter's campaign manager, Robert S. Strauss, termed the vote "a terrible mistake" and said he was "rather shocked by it."

The White House issued a remarkable statement Monday night admitting a voting mixup.

Then on Tuesday, with the controversy still raging, Vance took responsibility for what his spokesman, Hodding Carter, called a "foul-up" in transmitting Carter's instructions to U.N. Ambassador Donald McHenry.

However, the account supplied by two insiders, who asked not to be named, was substantially different.

These officials said the White House had not made clear to the State Department, and consequently to McHenry, whether all references to Jerusalem were to be deleted or whether the United States could register its reservations in a separate statement.

As a result, the State Department assumed it would be sufficient to

"The 'foul-up' caused a political and diplomatic furor. The Israeli cabinet deplored the resolution and Sen. Edward M. Kennedy called the vote 'shameful.'"

delete one specific provision in the resolution particularly offensive to Israel. Designed to assure all religions access to holy places in east Jerusalem, that section was viewed by the Israeli government as implicitly challenging its right to hold that part of the city.

The provision was dropped and McHenry cast his vote for the resolution. Untouched were other provisions that termed Jerusalem occupied territory — a characterization that also raised Israel's hackles.

Carter was surprised by the U.S. vote, the officials said, and decided to have a statement issued explaining it.

According to a third official, who also asked not to be identified, Vance, Zbigniew Brzezinski, the national security adviser, and other top aides tried over a period of several hours Monday to talk the president out of the statement acknowledging error.

But Carter felt the United States had made a mistake and he wanted it acknowledged, the official said. The statement was issued late Monday night at the White House.

Vance decided, meanwhile, that since the State Department was responsible for instructing the U.S. delegation to the United Nations he would take the blame.

He had his spokesman read a statement at noon Tuesday saying "the secretary of state accepts responsibility for the failure in communications."

But the controversy continued to swirl. Representatives of Jewish organizations met with Carter and then quoted him as saying the United States should not have voted for the resolution if it called for dismantling the Israeli settlements.

Within minutes, the White House issued its own version of Carter's remarks. The White House said the president merely asserted that the United States should have made clear it opposed dismantling.

Several members of the Jewish group, who had planned their visit with White House and other administration officials several weeks before the latest controversy, expressed "outrage," they said, at the administration's U.N. vote. They also expressed skepticism of Carter's explanation.

### INSIDE TODAY

✓ IN THE NEWS: Carter says he's looking forward to his home-state primary.....2A

✓ LIFESTYLE: New service for seniors and others living alone.....4B

Around Town.....1B  
Bridge.....3C  
Classified.....1D  
Comics.....4C  
Crossword.....4C

✓ SPORTS: MC, Western Texas impressive in Region V tourney quarterfinals.....1C

✓ PEOPLE: Another man arrested in seven-year-old kidnapping case.....5B

Obituaries.....2A  
Oil & gas.....7C  
Solomon.....8C  
Sports.....1B  
TV Schedule.....8C

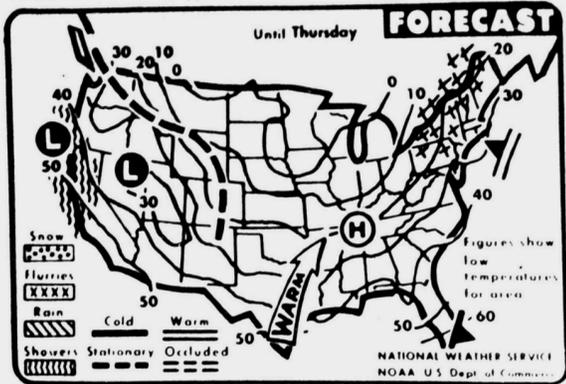
### Outside

Fair and warmer Thursday. Details on Page 2A.

### Service

Delivery.....682-5311  
Want Ads.....682-6222  
Other Calls.....682-5311

WEATHER SUMMARY



Snow flurries are expected today through Thursday for the Northeast, according to the National Weather Service. Showers are forecast from the central Pacific Coast with warm weather due from California to Florida.

Midland statistics

Table with weather forecast for Midland, including high/low temperatures, wind speeds, and precipitation chances for the current day and the following week.

The weather elsewhere

Table listing weather conditions for various cities across Texas and the surrounding region, including high and low temperatures and wind directions.

Texas temperatures

Table showing current and forecast temperatures for numerous Texas cities, such as Abilene, Amarillo, Austin, and Dallas.

Extended forecasts

Friday Through Sunday: West Texas: Partly cloudy with minor day to day change in temperatures. Friday through Sunday, scattered showers north of Big Bend. Low 40s to 50s north to 60s south. Highs 50s north to near 80 Big Bend.

About 40 area oilmen to join rally

Forty or more oil operators and royalty owners from the Midland-Odessa area will be flying to the nation's capital this weekend to join in an Oil Field Round-Up to try to prevent U.S. Senators from passing the so-called windfall profits tax.

The independent oil operators claim the tax will stymie their search for oil and increased production and ultimately will cripple the energy-hungry nation.

Some 3,000 oil operators and their rig hands from across the nation are expected to converge on the nation's capital with oil field rigs, other equipment and with their side of the issue to impress on the Congressmen, the press and the nation of the plight which the tax would put on the independent operators.

The Oil Field Round-Up "push" from Midland is being coordinated by the Permian Basin Petroleum Association, headed by President Al Dillard and Executive Vice President Ed Thompson, both of Midland.



Darrell Royal, right, accepts a miniature football player as a gift Tuesday night during Texas Exes banquet. The University of Texas athletic director, Royal was guest speaker for the event. Presenting the gift are Karen Hall, left, scholarship chairman, and Shirley Cassin, Midland High School senior. (Staff Photo)

Carter, winner in three contests, anticipating Georgia primary

WASHINGTON (AP) — President Carter, winner over Sen. Edward M. Kennedy in three out of four Democratic contests in New England, says he looks forward to next week — and his own home-state primary in Georgia.

Carter greeted a Tuesday primary victory in Vermont and a solid setback in Kennedy's native Massachusetts with a statement pointing to a president's manifest strengths in political power, money and geographical reach.

Robert Strauss, the president's campaign manager and himself a Jew, called the U.S. vote against Israel "a terrible mistake" and told reporters, "I was rather shocked by it."

Senate rejects first nominee for judgeship

By W. DALE NELSON

WASHINGTON (AP) — Apparently for the first time in history, a Senate panel has rejected a nominee for a federal district judgeship because he was considered unqualified for the job.

The Senate Judiciary Committee voted 8-6 Tuesday to reject the nomination of Charles Winberry, a Rocky Mount, N.C. lawyer rated "unqualified" by the American Bar Association.

The ABA based its assessment in large part on allegations Winberry had once "fixed" a criminal case in exchange for cash.

Winberry, who has denied the accusation, was not immediately available for comment on the committee vote.

It was the first time in 42 years that the judiciary panel had rejected a federal district court nomination for any reason. In 1938, the panel sent the nomination of Floyd B. Roberts of Virginia to the floor with an adverse recommendation based on opposition from his state's senators.

The full Senate accepted the recommendation and rejected Roberts' nomination. But committee records do not indicate when, if ever, a federal district court nomination was previously rejected on its merits.

Six committee Democrats voted to send the nomination to the full Senate without recommendation. Five Republicans and three Democrats voted not to send it to the floor at all.

The most devastating blow to Winberry's nomination came from a former Postal Service informant, James McTigue, who testified during confirmation hearings last week that a convicted cigarette smuggler told him Winberry had agreed to "fix" a criminal case in return for cash.

The smuggler, Gordon Dildy, refused to testify on grounds of possible self-incrimination.

Sen. Robert Morgan, D-N.C., who recommended Winberry, said he was "very disappointed" by the vote against the political ally who managed his 1974 campaign for the Senate.

Senate rejects first nominee for judgeship

(Continued from Page 1A)

bus to the airport or to be picked up there must make the arrangements by 7 p.m. Friday because the scheduling office will be closed for the weekend.

Charter service appears to have picked up recently, she said. Five trips for March and one in April already are on the book. The buses can be chartered, she explained, for \$20 an hour with a two-hour minimum.

Groups are using them for conventions, to meet large numbers of people at the airport, or to tour the city for a special purpose.

To accommodate more riders, grab rails will be installed in the bus roofs to allow people to stand up during the ride, she added.

What is needed now, said Ms. Fisher, is more buses. And she is starting to work on a grant from the Urban Mass Transportation Administration for another seven buses.

"The 175 on the waiting list justifies this need," she explained, adding that more could be used for demand-responsive through the afternoon.

With inflation, however, the buses have increased in cost. The 20-passenger bus which last year cost \$24,000 now runs \$30,000. And those with wheelchair lifts which earlier cost \$27,000 are now up to \$33,000.

REVENUE FOR demand-responsive service for the first month totaled \$807.68, which averages to \$40.83 a day, Ms. Fisher figured. If that service was handling only elderly and handicapped persons who ride at a reduced rate of 25 cents, that means 161 persons a day took advantage of the service.

With the average hovering about 100 a day, Ms. Fisher said apparently several people are taking the bus at its full fare of 75 cents a ride.

MidTran's first month termed more successful than hoped

has requested information on how it operates, as has a transportation study team at Texas A&M University.

"This is a new system and we (Mid-Tran employees) are all learning. The scheduling should go better as the drivers learn the city," she commented.

"I'm very pleased with the way the system has been accepted. I hope we can get more buses to provide service to more people," Ms. Fisher said.

"Looking at those white and orange buses lined up at the courthouse in the evening waiting for passengers is a very pleasing site," she added. "It's enough to make tears come to my eyes."

Before Tuesday's balloting, Carter was pictured as facing a can't-lose situation, even though he expected to do no better than finish second to Kennedy in Massachusetts.

A Carter associate, who asked not to be named, put the White House view of the Massachusetts balloting in these plain, if self-serving, terms:

"We don't feel a win for the senator in Massachusetts will do anything for him. He's in a situation where if he wins, so what?"

More spring-like weather forecast for Permian Basin through Thursday

More warm, spring-like weather is in store for Tall City residents. The National Weather Service at Midland Regional Airport is predicting Thursday's temperatures should reach the low 70s, while the low for tonight should be in the low 40s.

However, the winds blowing through the Permian Basin will have changed direction by tonight. Northeasterly winds of 10-15 mph were recorded at the National Weather Service this morning, but they were expected to change to a southeasterly direction this afternoon. Tonight, southerly winds of 10-15 mph are expected.

Record temperatures for today are a high of 85 degrees set in 1938 and a low of 20 set in 1966. Precipitation total for the year remains at .78 inch.

Junior Achievement of Midland, Inc., reaches annual fundraising goal

Junior Achievement of Midland, Inc., successfully met its annual fund drive goal by raising \$72,417 in contributions, according to W.L. Barnes, chairman of the 1980 campaign.

"Two factors contributed heavily to the success of the drive: the dedication and effectiveness of the 150 volunteer fund raisers in the campaign effort and the enthusiastic willingness of the local business community to contribute," Barnes said.

Tax deductible contributions were received from large and small businesses in the Midland area, as well as professional people and individual executives. Funds received from the campaign will be used to pay permanent staff salaries, purchase equipment and educational materials, and maintain Midland's Junior Achievement business center.

Junior Achievement, the nation's oldest youth economic education program, is a non-profit organization founded with the objective of teaching American youth the principles of the American free enterprise system.

Testimony set in Amarillo trial

AMARILLO, Texas (AP) — Attorneys have cleared the way for the opening of testimony by completing jury selection in the trial of a man accused of hiring the 1977 stabbing death of his business partner.

A nine-woman, three-man jury was chosen late Tuesday. Kevin Francis, 29, was charged by a Potter County grand jury last summer with soliciting three men "to obtain a person to...kill (Frank) Potts."

Potts was found stabbed to death in an apparent robbery attempt on Oct. 8, 1977, in the downtown clothing store he co-owned with Francis.

The grand jury that indicted Francis also indicted George Hicks, 34, and his wife, Bedale, 29, on murder charges.

Advertisement for Briar Shoppe featuring a young man in slacks and a polo shirt. Text includes 'young men's slacks, knit shirts, good looks and....', 'value for longevity in good fashions for spring', and 'S & Q Clothiers' logo.

Vertical text on the right edge of the page, including 'DEA', 'D.W.', 'Serv...', 'were T...', 'Church...', 'tor, offi...', 'W. Ellis...', 'He did...', 'Pallb...', 'Frank M...', 'of Big I...', 'kiff, Bo...', 'David M...', 'Chester...', 'Honor...', 'bers of...', 'class at...', 'R.N.', 'L.A.M.', '"Nat" m...', 'at 2 p.m.', 'Home of...', 'Burial...', 'Park.', 'Moffat...', 'Lamesa...', 'The Co...', 'to Dags...', 'farming...', 'was mar...', '8, 1908.', 'tember', 'Surviv...', 'Surviv...', 'fart of L...', 'Morin of...', 'sterbaun...', 'children', 'a great-', 'Mrs.', 'ACKF...', 'G.F. Co...', 'p.m. Th...', 'Church...', 'ley, pas...', 'mister', 'Christ a...', 'Burial', 'directed', 'Home.', 'Mrs. C...', 'in a Bi...', 'lengthy', 'She w...', 'Lampas...', 'Martin', 'George', 'Erath C...', 'was a B...', 'Surviv...', 'Cook of', 'Butchee...', 'lie Milie...', 'dren and', 'POOL U...

DEATHS



Dwight W. McDonald

D.W. McDonald

Services for Dwight Wallace McDonald, 76, 811 W. Storey Ave., were Tuesday in the First Baptist Church with Dr. Daniel Vestal, pastor, officiating, directed by Newnie W. Ellis Funeral Home.

He died Sunday after an illness. Pallbearers were his nephews, Frank Midkiff of Midkiff, Bill Midkiff of Big Lake, John Midkiff, Joe Midkiff, Bob Midkiff, Dan Hanks and David McDonald, all of Midland, and Chester Baker of Itasca.

Honorary pallbearers were members of McDonald's Sunday school class at First Baptist Church.

R.N. Moffatt

LAMESA — Services for R.N. "Nat" Moffatt, 91, of Lamesa will be at 2 p.m. Thursday in Branon Funeral Home chapel.

Burial will be in Lamesa Memorial Park.

Moffatt died Tuesday morning in a Lamesa hospital following an illness.

The Coleman County native moved to Dawson County in 1923 and began farming in the Key community. He was married to Belva Brown on July 8, 1908, in Coleman. She died in September 1964.

Survivors include a son, Bob Moffatt of Lamesa; two daughters, Rita Morin of Floyd, N.M., and Bertie Bulsterbaum of Lamesa; seven grandchildren, 13 great-grandchildren and a great-great grandchild.

Mrs. G.F. Cook

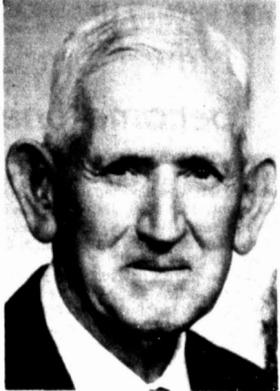
ACKERLY — Services for Mrs. G.F. Cook, 90, of Ackerly will be at 3 p.m. Thursday in the First Baptist Church here with the Rev. Jim Mosley, pastor, officiating and Roy Chemister of the Ackerly Church of Christ assisting.

Burial will be in Ackerly Cemetery directed by Nalley-Pickler Funeral Home.

Mrs. Cook died Tuesday afternoon in a Big Spring hospital after a lengthy illness.

She was born April 30, 1889, in Lampasas County. She moved to Martin County in 1917. She married George Finley Cook Oct. 20, 1907, in Erath County. He died in 1958. She was a Baptist.

Survivors include a son, Murray Cook of Ackerly; a daughter, Bonnie Butchee of Ackerly; a brother, Charlie Miller of Cotulla; three grandchildren and five great-grandchildren.



Charlie C. Wise

Charlie Wise

Services for Charlie C. Wise, 89, Rt. 3, Box 373, were Tuesday in the Newnie W. Ellis Funeral Home chapel with the Rev. Charles Carter of Ranchland Heights Baptist Church and the Rev. Ray Simmons of Brownwood Parkland Baptist Church officiating. Masonic graveside services were to be at 3 p.m. today in Bethel Cemetery in Anson directed by Newnie W. Ellis Funeral Home.

Hollums was born March 1, 1894, in Cherokee County, Ala. He was reared in Jones and Floyd counties. He was married to Minnie Pearl Sprayberry Nov. 1, 1914, in Anson. He lived there until they moved to Floydada, where they lived for several years. He moved to Midland in 1962. A carpenter, he retired in 1965 for health reasons.

Survivors include his wife; three sons, Jack Hollums and W.L. Hollums, both of Midland, and James Hollums of Portland; six daughters, Mary Strickland, Vivian Bradshaw and Jean Yardley, all of Midland, Ruth Hughes, of Odessa, Edna La Mere of Burbank, Calif., and Katie Cannon of Gadsden, Ala.; four brothers, Walter Hollums and T.C. Hollums, both of Floydada, Roy Hollums of Goldthwaite and John Hollums of

Linnie Peek

Graveside services for Linnie Belle Peek, 2632 Delano Ave., were to be at 9:30 a.m. today in Fairview Cemetery with the Rev. Bob Porterfield, associate minister of the First Baptist Church, officiating. Arrangements were handled by Newnie W. Ellis Funeral Home.

She died Monday in a Midland nursing home.

Mrs. Peek was born in Red River County and reared in Oklahoma. She moved to Midland in 1950. Her husband, Roy L. Peek, died in 1971. Mrs. Peek was employed by Midland Memorial Hospital for many years. She was a member of the Baptist Church.

Survivors include four sons, Russell Peek and Loyd Peek, both of Midland, J.D. Peek of Artesia, N.M., and Roy Peek of Clyde; a daughter, Mrs. R.J. (Bobbie) Jones Jr. of Richardson; a sister, Mrs. Everett Ford of Healdton, Okla.; five grandchildren and seven great-grandchildren.

The family requests memorials be directed to the Allison Permian Basin Cancer Therapy Center, 2200 W. Illinois Ave., Midland.

Otilie Van Vleet

BIG SPRING — Services for Otilie Teresa Kunschick Van Vleet, 63, of Big Spring will be at 10 a.m. Thursday in Wesley United Methodist Church. Burial will be in Trinity Memorial Park directed by Larry Sheppard Funeral Home.

She died Monday in a Midland hospital.

She was born Jan. 4, 1917, in Bastrop. She was married Jan. 14, 1966, to Claude Van Vleet in Big Spring. Mrs. Van Vleet was supervisor of nursing at Austin State Hospital and Big Spring State Hospital.

She was a World War II veteran

nurse, past president of District 24 Texas Nursing Association and a graduate of Breckenridge School of Nursing at Austin.

Survivors include her husband; three daughters, Claudia K. Roemel and Miram Ryerson, both of Amarillo, and Cheryl Bobo of Houston; a son, Carl Dean Van Vleet of San Diego; three sisters, Nina Zahra of Davis, Calif., Grace Morris and Miram Seidenger, both of Austin; two brothers, A. Robert Kunschick of Austin and Weldon Kunschick of Abilene; and 10 grandchildren.

W.B. Hollums

William Benjamin Hollums, 86, Sandy Acres Route 4, Box 13P, died Monday after a lengthy illness.

Services were to be at 10 a.m. today in the Newnie W. Ellis Funeral Home chapel with the Rev. Charles Carter of Ranchland Heights Baptist Church and the Rev. Ray Simmons of Brownwood Parkland Baptist Church officiating. Masonic graveside services were to be at 3 p.m. today in Bethel Cemetery in Anson directed by Newnie W. Ellis Funeral Home.

Hollums was born March 1, 1894, in Cherokee County, Ala. He was reared in Jones and Floyd counties. He was married to Minnie Pearl Sprayberry Nov. 1, 1914, in Anson. He lived there until they moved to Floydada, where they lived for several years. He moved to Midland in 1962. A carpenter, he retired in 1965 for health reasons.

Survivors include his wife; three sons, Jack Hollums and W.L. Hollums, both of Midland, and James Hollums of Portland; six daughters, Mary Strickland, Vivian Bradshaw and Jean Yardley, all of Midland, Ruth Hughes, of Odessa, Edna La Mere of Burbank, Calif., and Katie Cannon of Gadsden, Ala.; four brothers, Walter Hollums and T.C. Hollums, both of Floydada, Roy Hollums of Goldthwaite and John Hollums of

Fort Worth; three sisters, Faye Reynolds of Amarillo, Beth Newton of Lubbock and Sue Illsley of Farmington, Mo.; 41 grandchildren, 36 great-grandchildren and three great-great-grandchildren.

Pete C. Hughey

ANDREWS — Pete Carroll Hughey, 18, of Andrews died Monday in an Andrews Hospital of injuries received in an automobile accident.

Services were to be at 2 p.m. today in McKinney Acres Baptist Church with the Rev. Bill Basse, pastor, officiating. Burial was to be in Andrews Cemetery directed by Singleton Funeral Home.

He was born Oct. 25, 1961, in Portales, N.M. He was a senior at Andrews High School where he was vice president of the Rodeo Club. He was a member of the McKinney Acres Baptist Church.

Survivors include his parents, Mr. and Mrs. F.D. Hughey of Andrews; his grandmother, Iva Mae Forigus of Lubbock; a sister, Mary Daniel of Austin; and three brothers, Jim Murrell of Dallas, John Murrell of Alberta, Canada, and Frank Hughey of Al-pine.

Jewel M. King

Services for Jewel Midkiff King, 69, of Buchanan Dam, were to be at 2 p.m. today in the Newnie W. Ellis Funeral Home chapel with the Rev. Royce Womack, associate pastor of St. Luke's United Methodist Church, officiating. Burial was to be in the Greenwood Cemetery.

Mrs. King died Monday afternoon in a Burnet hospital.

She was born Nov. 7, 1910, in Midland. She was the daughter of a pioneer Midland County ranching family, Mr. and Mrs. T.O. Midkiff. She was married to Lynch King in

1936 in Midland. They moved to Sileam Springs, Ark., in 1953 where they ranched. They returned to Midland in the 1960s. Later, they ranched in Fort Stockton. Her husband died on Oct. 2, 1974. Mrs. King moved to Burnet in 1975.

Survivors include two sons, Bentley King of Monahans and Leslie King of Odessa; six brothers, Sam Midkiff of LaMar, Colo., Lige Midkiff of Amarillo, Tyson Midkiff of Rankin,

T.O. "Dick" Midkiff of Kerrville, and Frank Midkiff and Hunter Midkiff, both of Midland; three sisters, Nell Benedict, Gladys McDonald and Mrs. Dee Hanks, all of Midland; five grandchildren and numerous nieces and nephews.

Pallbearers were to be her nephews. Since the family does not live in Midland, they will be at 811 W. Storey Ave.

Former Missouri governor, senator Forrest Donnell dies

ST. LOUIS (AP) — Forrest C. Donnell, 95, former Missouri governor and U.S. senator, has died in suburban Manchester.

A private funeral service was planned for today. Donnell's death Monday was not disclosed until late Tuesday. He had suffered from a heart condition but "died peacefully in his sleep," according to a spokesman at Mari de Villa Retirement Center where he had made his home in recent years.

Donnell ran for his first public office at the age of 56 and won an upset victory in 1940 as a Republican to become governor of Missouri.

Donnell had been asked to run by the St. Louis Republican Committee. He was given little chance of success. Hard-core party workers gave him only token support because he refused to promise jobs for party faithful. He said that there had been too much spoils system patronage.

After concluding his term as governor, Donnell won election to the U.S. Senate in 1944.

He became recognized as one of the ablest constitutional lawyers in the senate, but even his colleagues found his meticulous attention to detail trying.

He earned labor's enmity by backing the Taft-Hartley Act, but he supported federal aid to education, slum clearance and housing measures.

Tito still in grave condition

BELGRADE, Yugoslavia (AP) — President Josip Broz Tito's doctors said today the Yugoslav leader's grave condition remained unchanged and that he was still receiving intensive care.

The doctors made no further mention of their report a day earlier that there were signs of improvement in

pneumonia contracted by the 87-year-old Tito.

Tito began receiving treatment for a circulation problem in his left leg in early January. When the problem did not improve, the leg was amputated Jan. 20. Other problems, including heart and kidney weaknesses and internal bleeding, have developed since then.

From Knorr's

# SPECIAL PURCHASE

**TWIN SIZE SET** REG. 169.95 ONE WEEK ONLY **99<sup>00</sup>** Set

**THIS WEEK ONLY**

## Englander Posture Designed Sleep sets

Posture Magic is specially designed to give you extra-firm support. The heavy-gauge inner-spring unit is topped with a durable insulator, cotton felt pad and a layer of Aristo-Foam for firmness. The cover is quilted directly to two layers of foam for surface comfort. Matching foam posture foundation gives mattress uniform support.

<b>FULL SIZE SET:</b> REG. 219.95 ONE WEEK ONLY <b>144<sup>00</sup></b> Set	<b>QUEEN SIZE SET</b> REG. 499.95 ONE WEEK ONLY <b>344<sup>00</sup></b> Set	<b>KING SIZE SET</b> REG. 599.95 ONE WEEK ONLY <b>398<sup>00</sup></b> Set
---	---	--

While quantities last

# Knorr FURNITURE

2200 W. TEXAS...AT THE VILLAGE

All items subject to prior sale

POOL LITTON QUASAR TAPPAN GIBSON KITCHENAID RCA WHIRLP

ODESSA 611 E. 42nd (42nd AND DIXIE) MIDLAND 3108 CUTHBERT (ACROSS FROM GIBSONS)

**Bolin Buys Factory Direct On Whirlpool Appliances and We are Passing the Savings On to Our Valued Customers!**

**NOW ONLY \$268<sup>00</sup> WT.**

Whirlpool

3-cycle automatic washer. NORMAL PERMANENT PRESS and SHORT Energy saving water temp selector with 3 wash rinse combinations. Easy-clean filter. Super SURGLATOR agitator.

**STOP We Believe This is The Best Microwave Oven Value On The Market Today! STOP**

HURRY WHILE 37 LAST

Model REM 7200

35 MIN. TIMER, VARIABLE POWER CONTROL SEALED IN SHELF WALNUT CABINET

It's a Whirlpool Microwave Oven NOW ONLY

REG. \$399. SAVE \$107. **\$292.**

Midland 3108 Cuthbert 694-1682 Whirlpool No. 1 Sales in Service

ODESSA 611 E. 42nd 42nd & DIXIE 367-3388

**Bolin** No. 1 Sales in Service **Bolin**

GIBSON KITCHENAID RCA WHIRLP LITTON QUASAR TAPPAN

# The Midland Reporter-Telegram

Dial 682-5311 P.O. Box 1650 Midland, Texas 79702  
 MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS  
 The Associated Press is entitled exclusively to the use for republication of all the local news printed in this newspaper, as well as all AP news dispatches. Rights of publication of all other matters herein also reserved.  
 JAMES N. ALLISON (1902-1975) JAMES N. ALLISON JR. (1931-1978)  
 WILLIAM C. THOMAS, PRESIDENT & PUBLISHER  
 JAMES SERVATIUS, EDITOR  
 WILLIAM H. COLLYNS, EDITOR EMERITUS

Any erroneous reflection upon the character, standing or reputation of any person, firm or corporation which may occur in the columns of The Reporter-Telegram will be gladly corrected upon being brought to the attention of the editor.  
 The publisher is not responsible for copy omissions or typographical errors which may occur other than to correct them in the next issue after it is brought to their attention and in no case does the publisher hold himself liable for damages further than the amount received by him for actual space covering the error. The right is reserved to reject or edit all advertising copy. Advertising orders are accepted on this basis only.

## An international problem

It's easy not to think about a problem if you simply ignore it. You simply close your eyes and mind, try to think of something pleasant instead, and hope the problem is gone when you open your eyes — and your mind again.

That attempt at a solution, however, isn't very successful. It would be safe to say that such a course of action, in fact, is rarely, if ever, successful.

When Iranian militants seized control of the embassy in Tehran, Iran, in November and began holding some 50 Americans hostage there, there were a number of cries of outrage from the world community.

But when those nations were asked to take action against the Iranians, they merely shrugged and labeled the problem an American one.

Wrong. Embassy takeovers are no more solely an American problem than were the airline hijackings so prevalent in the 10-year period from the early 1960s to the early 1970s.

During that period, airline hijackings became almost everyday occurrences. What eventually reduced the number of hijackings was decisive action on the part of the United States and Cuba, two of the nations caught up in the throes of the hijacking spree.

When we realized the fact that the hijacking problem was not

going to disappear merely because we ignored it, we took decisive steps that led to the end, for the most part, of the problem.

That was in 1973 when the United States and Cuba signed a pact calling for the prosecution and extradition of hijackers. And at that time the United States and Cuba were not on the best of terms, either.

Following that action, the U.S. Congress approved a tough anti-skyjacking law and, on the world scene, The Hague convention on hijacking set out international procedures for dealing with apprehended hijackers.

Now it appears the terrorists have found another interesting game: Embassy takeovers.

Following on the heels of the Iranian situation, terrorists in Bogota, Colombia, are holding hostages in the Dominican Republic Embassy. They're holding the ambassadors of 16 nations and demanding \$50 million, the release of political prisoners and safe passage out of the country.

In the wake of this most recent embassy incident, it's quite clear that the problem involving diplomatic missions is not solely an American problem. A solution here, also, will require clear, decisive action.

But it will have to come from more nations than just the United States because international problems demand international solutions.

### TODAY IN HISTORY

Today is Wednesday, March 5, the 65th day of 1980. There are 301 days left in the year.

Today's highlight in history: On March 5, 1770, gunfire erupted during a scuffle between British troops and a crowd of hecklers in Boston. The incident became known as the "Boston Massacre" and contributed to unrest in the colonies.

On this date: In 1496, England's King Henry VII commissioned John and Sebastian Cabot to discover new lands.

In 1868, the senate was organized into a court of impeachment to hear charges against President Andrew Johnson.

In 1953, Soviet Premier Joseph Stalin died in Moscow at the age of 73, after 29 years in office.

In 1977, a powerful earthquake devastated Romania. The death toll

eventually reached more than 1,000.

Ten years ago, a treaty to halt the spread of nuclear weapons went into effect, ratified by 43 nations.

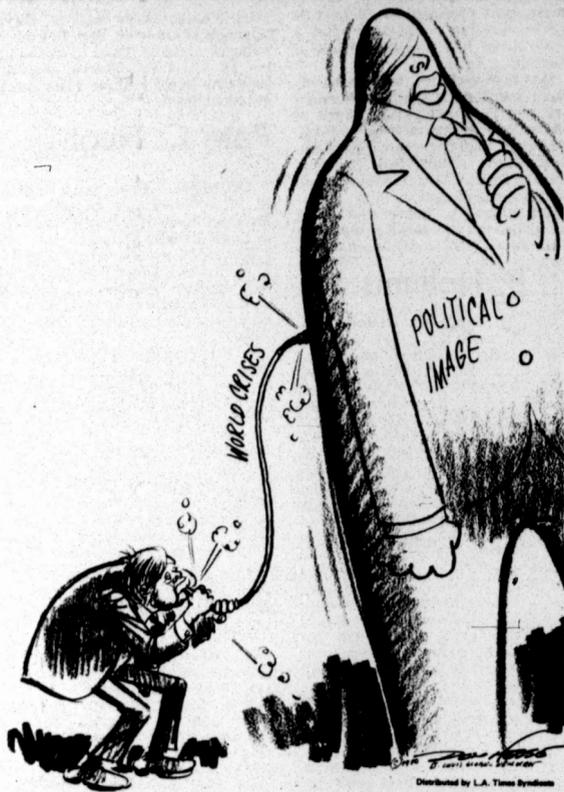
Five years ago, Israeli troops stormed a Tel Aviv hotel and killed the half dozen Arab terrorists holding some 40 guests and employees hostage.

Last year, the Israeli cabinet accepted secret American proposals for a Mideast peace treaty, and President Carter said he'd go to the Mideast in an effort to wrap things up.

Today's birthday: Actor Rex Harrison is 72.

### BIBLE VERSE

Love not the world, neither the things that are in the world. — 1 John 2:15.



By JACK ANDERSON

### WASHINGTON MERRY-GO-ROUND

## Soviets using gases to kill Afghans

WASHINGTON — In the towering, treacherous mountains of Afghanistan, the Soviet invaders are attacking guerrillas with deadly nerve gases that even Adolf Hitler balked at using.

The implications are so hideous that American analysts don't want to believe their own intelligence, but eyewitness accounts, satellite photos and communications intercepts have verified the terrible truth.

These mountains are called Hindu Kush, meaning "Killer of Hindus." But it's Afghans who are now dying on the craggy, wind-whipped heights. The Russians are using gases to flush the fierce mountain men out of the caves and crevices, where they are holed up.

From the available evidence, intelligence specialists have identified one gas as Soman. This colorless nerve gas has a pleasant, fruity odor but brings agonizing death within 15 minutes. It kills by being absorbed through the skin.

The victims in their final minutes of life, according to a U.S. document, "display the following symptoms: difficulty in breathing; drooling and excessive sweating; nausea, vomiting, cramps and involuntary defecation and urination; twitching, jerking and staggering; headache, confusion, drowsiness, coma and convulsion... followed by cessation of breathing."

The Defense Intelligence Agency

has also picked up references in Soviet communications which indicate the Russians may also be waging germ warfare against the Afghan tribesmen. No civilized nation has resorted to such an inhumane weapon since our colonial French and Indian wars when Indian tribes were deliberately given smallpox-infected blankets.

Even Hitler decided against using nerve gases developed by his Nazi scientists in World War II. But after the Third Reich collapsed, the Soviets quietly moved an entire German nerve gas production plant to Russia and employed former Nazi scientists to develop the dread stuff.

Pentagon sources now estimate that the Russians not only possess an enormous chemical warfare arsenal but have assigned more than 100,000 specially trained chemical officers to Soviet military units. Intelligence reports claim the Russians tested their chemicals in small amounts against rebellious tribesmen in South Yemen as early as 1964.

Then in 1978, the Soviets used mustard gas to subdue the independent Meo tribes entrenched in the highlands of Laos. Survivors staggered out of the mountains muzzling fearfully about "yellow rain." Now the Russians have turned their genocidal weapons against the Afghan rebels.

A key intelligence source told my associate Dale Van Atta that the Soviets have placed extensive stockpiles of chemical weapons in their Warsaw Pact satellite nations. In the early

### ART BUCHWALD

## New Hampshire Futurity became one-horse show

WASHINGTON — You saw it on television, you read it in the newspapers, and it was reported in the polls. The contest in New Hampshire between George Bush and Ronald Reagan was going to be a horse race, and much too close to call.

When over 2,000 newspapermen and pollsters assure you that the New Hampshire Republican primary is a toss-up between two men, you would be a fool to doubt their word. After all, among them they interviewed everyone in the state, not once but three times.

So what really happened? Reagan beat Bush by 2-1.

The days following the results I watched all the newscasts and read all the papers hoping to see someone from the media admit he or she was wrong. It was not to be. I decided to go down to Washington National Airport and meet the reporters as they got off the plane from Manchester and ask them why they missed the boat so badly.

Most of them were bitter and a few refused to comment, explaining that they never talk to the press.

The ones who were willing to discuss it at all had various excuses for their bad showing in New Hampshire.

A nationally respected political pundit said, "The citizens of New Hampshire didn't level with us. This



Art Buchwald

is the most outrageous primary I have ever covered.

Are you saying people in New Hampshire lie?

What other conclusion can you draw? We went into their shops, we stopped them on the streets, we drank coffee in their homes. The least they could have done was tell us the truth.

Maybe they were telling you the truth at the time. Perhaps they changed their minds after they talked to you.

That's too simple an explanation. I believe the people who said they were going to vote for Bush were really closet supporters for Reagan. They wanted us to believe it would be a horse race, so we'd all stay around. My next column is going to be an expose on how the citizens of New Hampshire manipulated the press to make us all look like fools.

A TV commentator staggered off the plane and tried to push by my camera. But I stuck a microphone in his face.

You really blew it in Manchester, I said. He tried to put his coat over his head.

I am innocent of any wrongdoing, he replied. When all the facts are in, the public will realize that we were given the wrong information by the Bush and Reagan campaign managers.

Bush's people insisted their man had the momentum to sweep the primary. Reagan's campaign headquarters told me they would be happy to get 25 percent of the vote. I split the difference and that's how I came up with the horse race. I've only been in this business 15 years. Anyone could have made the same mistake.

The next person I managed to talk to was a leading pollster who said, "Although we came out originally with 41 percent for Bush and 41 percent for Reagan, we have reassessed our data and have concluded it should have been 23 percent for Bush and 50 percent for Reagan. When you're polling a large state like New Hampshire, you always have to allow a 27 percent margin of error."

The last person to get off the plane was the Dean of Political Reporters. All I said to him was "Have you seen any good horse races lately?" and he tried to hit me over the head with his typewriter.

### Mark Russell says

It was a big Kennedy victory in New Hampshire, all right — under the metric system.

Kennedy said he won in New Hampshire because Carter only got 28 percent in '76. This means that today, Teddy can clobber Morris Udall, Fred Harris and Milton Schapp.

Carter got 50 percent in New Hampshire by not setting foot in the state. Perhaps if he had, he would have gotten his old 28 percent.

Carter had the clear advantage of running in the home state of the famous New Hampshire peaches, New Hampshire peanuts and that great NFL team, the Manchester Falcons.

### THE BIBLE CAN YOU QUOTE IT?

By LAVINA ROSS FOWLER AND ELIZABETH ROSS WIERSEMA

1. Someone has said, "The only way to save religion is to allow religion to save you." What type of religion did Titus 1:15-16 state as being abominable to God?

2. "There hath no temptation taken you but such as is common to man; but..." Here Paul tells how to deal with temptation. How? 1 Corinthians 10:13

3. What book of the Bible follows the Gospels?

4. Name one of the twelve sons of Jacob who migrated to Egypt because of the great famine. Exodus 1

5. "Let every soul be subject unto the higher powers. For there is no power but..." Romans 13:1

Four correct... excellent, three... good

### NICK THIMMESCH

## Goal of boosting exports easier said than done

SEATTLE — The only way that the United States can maintain its prosperity is to export, export, export. The time is long past when American business can live off the rich American market. Competitor nations are well into our market, and we must compensate by doing better in getting into theirs. It's as simple as that.

The goal of boosting exports, however, is easier announced than accomplished. The dispute reverberating through the Puget Sound over the question of exporting Northwest logs is a good illustration of how interests made up of sincere people can thwart a rational export policy.

About 75 percent of all logs exported from the United States come from the Northwest and Alaska. It makes perfect sense to sell them to Asian nations, principally Japan. There are plenty of logs to export. It costs less to ship them from Seattle to Tokyo than to, say, Long Beach, Calif. The Japanese are happy customers, though the Soviet Union would also like to please. And, after totting up the pluses and minuses, there is an overall economic benefit to the United States. After all, unlike oil, trees can be planted again and harvested.

Still, this issue can raise political tempers. Unions such as the International Woodworkers of America, owners of small sawmills; some homebuilding interests, and environmentalists are strongly opposed to much of the present log-export trade and want to limit it in the future.

The mill owners rely heavily on federal and state timber sales and feel that the price would drop if log exports were stopped. The unions argue that such exports preclude processing of timber and thus cut jobs. Some homebuilders believe that log exports cause lumber shortages and



Nick Thimmesch

higher prices. Environmentalists suspect the timber companies would harvest even more timber if the log export business really opened up.

This strong opposition found expression in an amendment to the 1979 Export Administration Act authored by Congressman Don L. Bonker (D-Olympia), which phases out export of cedar logs from state and federal lands in the next three years.

The big timber companies fought this amendment because they didn't like the precedent of any ban on log export. Now Bonker is pushing a bill to restrict the export of all species of trees cut on state and federal land. He says that he has no intention to ever extend this concept to private lands, the kind that most timber companies own.

However strong the feelings against log export, the facts indicate that the Northwest must export to keep its timber industry healthy. In 1964 this industry provided 30 percent of the Northeast U.S. lumber market needs; today it's under 5 percent and declining because the East can buy Canadian and Southern lumber cheaper.

By exporting logs, the Northwest timber companies vitalize the entire region's wood industry, and also help create new markets in Asia for processed American timber. The future of the timber market in booming Asia

is very good.

Virtually all the criticism of log exports involves Japan, where wood demand is running away from domestic supply. The Japanese are now importing more than half their log needs. The United States is the leading supplier, with the Soviets second.

The Japanese prefer buying logs rather than lumber from the United States because of their unique size requirements and slow-sawing methods. They simply won't buy our standard sizes. So if the United States won't sell them logs, they'll make their wood materials from Soviet or Canadian logs.

Some opponents to log exports claim that the Japanese import our logs and sell lumber back to us. In 1978 the United States imported only .0008 percent of its soft wood from Japan — an infinitesimal amount. The United States did import significant amounts of hard wood plywood from Taiwan, Korea and Japan, but most of it was for decorative use and not competitive with that made in the United States. Besides, much of this imported material was remanufactured and finished here, thus creating many jobs for American workers.

It's too bad that the Jones Act makes shipping logs in American freighters to American ports cost-prohibitive. It's too bad that railroads don't have enough cars, and charge too much for logs to be shipped East. It's too bad that wide fluctuations in the U.S. housing market compare unfavorably with the steady, even booming, housing market in Asia, thus inhibiting expansion of log-processing facilities in the Northwest. Actually, the big timber companies have invested hundreds of millions of dollars in production plants in recent years. Employment in Washington

State's forest industry is now at 71,000, the highest since 1951.

These facts of Northwest economic life are often recited by George Weyerhaeuser, president of the company bearing his name. He is proud, not ashamed, that his company is building export facilities.

At first, there will be more logs than finished products shipped from our export facility, Weyerhaeuser says. Over the years, the volume of finished products will steadily increase. But even then there will be a steady volume of export logs. Why? Because that's what our principal customer, Japan, wants to buy.

If Japan doesn't feel she can depend on the United States as a long-term supplier of all kinds of forest products — she has an obvious option. The nearest alternate supplier, with its soft wood surplus, is Soviet Siberia.

There is no reason we should alarm the Japanese, lose this market, harm our trade balance, or further weaken the dollar, lose income and jobs — unless we persuade ourselves it would be a good idea to shoot ourselves in the foot and restrict these exports. I don't think this will happen.

### the small society



# A look at America by rearview mirror

By HUGH A. MULLIGAN  
AP Special Correspondent

CHICAGO (AP) — "There is no poverty in America," observed Avrim Petal, guiding his cab along North Michigan Avenue in the glitter of afternoon sunshine from the lakefront skyscrapers. "No difference between the rich man and the poor man."

Avrim had to come to Chicago by way of Houston from Karachi. This was his third day driving a cab, and he wasn't quite sure where O'Hare Airport was.

"I go there two, maybe three times, if you count coming back," he laughed. "Get lost sometimes. Passengers not very understanding. Always in a

directions to the airport.

She allowed him to make a U-turn, and we headed back the other way.

"She was rather unpleasant," sighed Petal, "but she has an unpleasant duty, standing there in the wind. Chicago, you know, is the Windy City."

He pronounced it to rhyme with grindy. Petal thought women had "much power in America. In the factory where I worked in Houston they were paid the same as the men. They sat around all day drinking coffee, telling bad jokes and talking about whichever one went to the bathroom. In Pakistan, women live in the rear of the house and put on a veil to go in the street."

We must have been on the right road to the airport at last, because on a billboard Mayor Jane Byrne was bidding us farewell.

Avrim's first job in Chicago was washing school buses. He lived with an uncle but now had his own apartment on the north side of Chicago. "There is no poverty there," he said. "Everyone has a car and a colored TV. But they steal and kill to get drugs and hashish. I will move to a house when I get married this year."

He said he hadn't found a girl yet, but he was 25, "and that is the year when one should get married? Don't you think?"

Because of his impending marriage to a girl he had yet to meet, he had taken up the better paying job of cab driver.

Avrim said he was saving his money to get married and had never applied for "welfare or anything free for nothing because I do not like filling out papers. In Pakistan no one fills out paper. They don't like to leave their souls at the post office."



hurry. It is the way here in America. In Pakistan, no one is in a hurry. There is no place to go."

Avrim seemed to be headed in the wrong direction, although I do not know Chicago well. "I am a Sind," he continued, lost, but not for words. "I speak Sindhi. My name is Avrim, like Avrim Lincoln, your first president."

I told him George Washington was our first president; Abraham Lincoln had freed the slaves.

"Oh, yes," said Avrim, turning left at a sign that said no left turn. "My father is a slave in Karachi, a slave in the bazaar. We lived in the back of the shop, seven of us. He made brass candlesticks and lamps for the tourists. When I came home from school, I polished the brass until it became too dark. There was no electricity after 8 o'clock in the bazaar."

Avrim told me there were many Petals in Pakistan. "They are like Smiths in America. More Petals than in a rose garden. This is a pun. Do you know what is a pun?"

I said I did. He said his English teacher gave him a gold star, "like a proper schoolboy," for writing in his exercise book: "There are many puns in the Punjab." It was a joke, he pointed out. "My teacher likes jokes. She is a woman. I pay her to learn English."

A lady cop dressed him down for taking his time going through a yellow light when she was trying to hurry traffic along. Lifting his hand from the wheel in a gesture of benediction, he rolled his eyes far back in his head. As I could see from the rearview mirror, his swarthy face projected an expression of saintly innocence. By way of apology, he asked

## GOREN BRIDGE

By CHARLES H. GOREN  
AND OMAR SHARIF  
© 1980 by Chicago Tribune

East-West vulnerable. North deals.

**NORTH**  
♠ 5  
♥ AKQ1065  
♦ AK2  
♣ A96

**WEST EAST**  
♠ AQJ732 ♦ 10866  
♥ J9 ♣ 87  
♦ Void ♠ 109753  
♣ K1084 ♣ J92

**SOUTH**  
♠ K4  
♥ 432  
♦ QJ864  
♣ 753

The bidding:  
North East South West  
2♥ Pass 2NT 3♦  
4NT Pass 6NT Pass  
Pass Pass  
Opening lead: Jack of ♣.

opposite a bust—which partner might have. But that is not the major objection.

Since North's opening bid was forcing to game, there is no need for him to act now—the force is still on!

South must either bid or double the opponents for penalties, and North will then have a better idea of the hand's potential, no matter what his partner chooses.

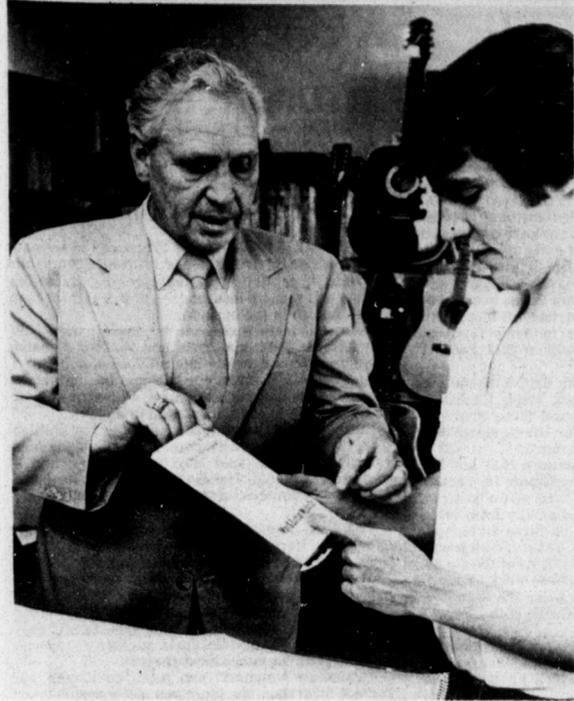
When South announced a spade stopper with his bid of three no trump, North realized that a no trump contract might prove safer than a suit game. And slam was not out of the question if his partner had the right values. He invited with four no trump and South accepted on the strength of his diamonds.

West chose the safe lead of the jack of hearts. Declarer ran his tricks, squeezing both defenders down to two clubs. After taking the club finesse, he ended up with all the tricks.

We would not have enjoyed being declarer had West chanced upon a club lead. Not being clairvoyant, we would have eschewed the finesse in the hope of cashing eleven red suit tricks. Now the 5-0 diamond break would have doomed the slam.

Have you been running into double trouble? Let Charles Goren help you find your way through the maze of DOUBLES for penalties and for takeout. For a copy of his DOUBLES booklet, send \$1.85 to "Goren-Doubles," c/o this newspaper, P.O. Box 255, Norwood, N.J. 07648. Make checks payable to NEWSPAPERBOOKS.

Instinctively, most players would rebid four hearts, but is that correct? First and foremost, North has no guarantee that he can make ten tricks at a heart contract.



Travis Stice, right, Lee High School band captain, discusses advertising rates for the spring concert program with Jerry Duncan of May & Duncan Music Company. Both high school bands are participating in the annual program ad sales campaign which helps finance band scholarships and a May trip to Tempe, Ariz. (Staff Photo)

## High school bands launch joint fund-raising ad sale

Midland and Lee High School bands are selling ads for their spring concert programs.

The annual event is a fund raising project to be used for scholarships and to pay for the spring

trip in May, said Nancy Irving, publicity chairman for the Lee High Bandoliers.

Both bands will be competing in the Mountain States Band Festival in Tempe, Ariz.

Prices of the ads range from \$10 to \$100, she said.

The city is divided equally between the two schools and each band must sell within its territory, Mrs. Irving added.

There will be approximately 1,000 spring program books printed and the ads will appear in both schools' programs, she explained.

The ads are tax deductible, Mrs. Irving noted, and businesses can use their logo, business card, letterhead or they can compose their own advertisement in the program booklet.

In addition, there are the "personal ads" which can be purchased, she said.

For more information regarding the ads, call 694-3640 or 694-7363 for the Lee High Band or 682-4753 for the Midland High Band.

**Every Wednesday**

**Family Night SPECIAL**

3 BEAN BURRITOS  
3 MEAT BURRITOS  
Regular Price: \$4.74

**\$3.19** Plus Tax

5:00 p.m. 'till Closing

**TACOVILLA**

902 Andrews Hwy. • 2111 N. Big Spring  
3204 Midkiff

**COUNTRY CARROUSEL**  
in Odessa

Presents  
**RED STEAGALL**

Friday,  
March 7

Tickets \$8.00

Open 7-nights a week til 2:00 a.m.  
No Cover Charge  
Sunday through Thursday 7:00 p.m.-9:00 p.m.  
50¢ Beer and 1/2 Price Drinks

201 W. Alabama 367-0930

As Advertised Nationally in PEOPLE, PLAYBOY, COSMOPOLITAN and GLAMOUR.

**For the looks that get the looks**

Good looking hair. That gets noticed. That's a Command Performance haircut. A haircut that will hold its shape more than just a few days.

A haircut that won't try to force your hair into a style that's not right for it. We'll start with a careful study of your hair's natural inclinations. Our precision haircutters notice everything that's right (as well as everything that's wrong) with the way your hair has always grown. Then they'll give you our precision cut. One that adapts the style you want to the hair you have. So, our precision haircut not only looks great the first day. It'll help to hold your hair in shape, even as your hair continues to grow. And you'll continue to get all the looks you're looking for. No appointments necessary, ever. Just \$14 for guys and gals.

**Command Performance**  
Over 350 Haircutting Stores Coast to Coast

697-3113 San Miguel Square Midland  
MONDAY-FRIDAY 10-9 SATURDAY 10-6

**Spaghetti with the whole family.**

It could happen to anyone, anytime, at any Pizza Inn. One look... one taste of our thick, rich sauce with long tender noodles, and... Zap!... You're a Spaghetier, with a style all your own.

You may be a "Chopper". You may be a "Twirler". Whatever your style, Pizza Inn has great Spaghetti Dinners to enjoy. That's what Spaghetting is all about at Pizza Inn... Good, Delicious fun for the whole family.

**Pizza Inn**

3316 Illinois  
2120 Andrews Hwy/Odessa  
2212 E. 8th/Odessa  
2151 East 42nd/Odessa  
1702 N. Group/Big Spring

894-951  
332-7234  
337-2397  
362-0479  
363-1301

**HEAR HON. KENT HANCE**  
U.S. Representative, this district  
SPEAK OF LEGISLATIVE UP-DATE  
Friday, March 7, 10:45 a.m.  
Midland Civic Center  
Main & Texas

Sponsored by Texas Association of Business. For reservations before Friday call Ralph Nelson, 682-5344, or Texas Association of Business, 694-9543. \$10 registration fee includes lunch.

**Your horoscope**

By JEANE DIXON

Thursday, March 6, 1980

**YOUR BIRTHDAY TODAY:** The late Lou Costello, whose movies with Bud Abbott continue to bring joy to viewers, was born on this date. Like Abbott and Costello's antics, the things you do in this coming year will lift the spirits of many others for a long time to come. Your financial status is about to change for the better, along with your employment situation.

**ARIES (March 21-April 19):** Business you have not been able to handle until now can be successfully dealt with today. Loved ones are willing to lend you a hand with tasks that would be boring if done alone.

**TAURUS (April 20-May 20):** Your actions now increase domestic harmony. You strive to attain a better balance between work commitments and home life. Family member welcomes changes with delight.

**GEMINI (May 21-June 20):** Morning hours are likely to be uneventful, but tempo will pick up after lunch. Use discretion now in handling sensitive personnel problem. This is great time to reach out to those you love most.

**CANCER (June 21-July 21):** Be persistent in seeking information you vitally need to obtain long-range results. You are likely to receive an important message regarding financial or business affairs.

**LEO (July 23-Aug. 22):** Listen to your co-workers' plans, ideas and you get good feeling about future project. Tap talents of your mate or partner to turn nice profit. This evening looks promising for romance.

**VIRGO (Aug. 23-Sept. 22):** Learn from watching and listening to others. Give yourself more time to complete difficult projects, especially those involving finances. Pay no attention to gossip.

**LIBRA (Sept. 23-Oct. 22):** Devote more time to personal finances. Deal with tax matters, and seek advice of accountant or banker if necessary. Show more enthusiasm for your work. Superior notices your attitude.

**SCORPIO (Oct. 23-Nov. 21):** Solo efforts will probably be more rewarding than a team effort today. Seek special knowledge through research

NOW SHOWING! The ultimate terror has arrived!

**THE VISITOR**

MEL FERPER GLENN FORD LANCE HENRIKSEN SAM PECKINPAH SHELLEY WINTERS

NIGHTLY AT 7:30 & 9:15

TODAY AT 7:30-9:30

**Midnight Madness**

TIM CONWAY DON KNotts

**THE PRIZE FIGHTER**  
A Knockout Comedy!

NOW SHOWING!

**AL PACINO CRUISING**

PLEASE NOTE

NIGHTLY AT 7:30-9:15 MATINEE SAT. 11:15-1:45 SUNDAY 11:15-1:45

**COMING March 22-23**

**EASTER SEAL TELETHON**

Supported by TACOVILLA

ENDS THURS. 1

**HANG EM HIGH**

FOR A FEW DOLLARS MORE

ENDS THURS. 1

**Sweater Girls**

IT'S FUN TO BE YOUNG!

THE NIFTY FIFTIES

ORIAL  
y  
W  
Art  
chwald  
primary I  
le in New  
n can you  
shops, we  
s, we drank  
at least they  
tell us the  
ng you the  
haps they  
they talked  
planation. I  
d they were  
were really  
agan. They  
would be a  
ay around.  
g to be an  
ns of New  
the press to  
iggered off  
ush by my  
icrophone in  
anchester, I  
at over his  
wrongdoing,  
acts are in,  
at we were  
tion by the  
manag-  
their man  
keep the pri-  
n headquar-  
happy to  
I split the  
I came up  
only been in  
neone could  
ake.  
aged to talk  
who said,  
ignally with  
percent for  
ed our data  
ould have  
and 50 per-  
re polling  
Hampshire,  
27 percent  
ff the plane  
Reporters.  
ve you seen  
? and he  
head with his  
sell  
tory in New  
under the  
on in New  
only got 28  
that today,  
Udall, Fred  
nt in New  
foot in the  
le, he would  
cent.  
advantage of  
e of the fa-  
aches, New  
that great  
er Falcons.

# Today's closing stock market

## New York Exchange

NEW YORK (AP) — Today's selected national prices for New York Stock Exchange issues:

Sales	PR	Hds	High	Low	Close	Chg.
ACF	2.34	70	26.00	25.00	25.00	+1/4
AM Int'l	2.20	100	12.00	11.00	11.00	-1/4
ASA	1.16	200	10.00	9.00	9.00	-1/4
Asarco	2.12	100	25.00	24.00	24.00	-1/4
Avco	1.00	100	10.00	9.00	9.00	-1/4
Avco Corp	1.00	100	10.00	9.00	9.00	-1/4
Avco Int'l	1.00	100	10.00	9.00	9.00	-1/4
Avco Int'l	1.00	100	10.00	9.00	9.00	-1/4
Avco Int'l	1.00	100	10.00	9.00	9.00	-1/4
Avco Int'l	1.00	100	10.00	9.00	9.00	-1/4

## Chicago Exchange

CHICAGO (AP) — There's big money to be made in international terrorism. And insurance companies are out to capitalize on that premise by selling kidnap and ransom insurance — or K & R insurance, as it's known in the business.

Sales	PR	Hds	High	Low	Close	Chg.
ADM	1.00	100	10.00	9.00	9.00	-1/4
ADM	1.00	100	10.00	9.00	9.00	-1/4
ADM	1.00	100	10.00	9.00	9.00	-1/4
ADM	1.00	100	10.00	9.00	9.00	-1/4
ADM	1.00	100	10.00	9.00	9.00	-1/4

## London Exchange

LONDON (AP) — The Dow Jones average of 30 industrial stocks, off more than 7 points in early trading, closed with a 2.13 gain at 856.48.

Sales	PR	Hds	High	Low	Close	Chg.
BP	1.00	100	10.00	9.00	9.00	-1/4
BP	1.00	100	10.00	9.00	9.00	-1/4
BP	1.00	100	10.00	9.00	9.00	-1/4
BP	1.00	100	10.00	9.00	9.00	-1/4
BP	1.00	100	10.00	9.00	9.00	-1/4

## Stock market mixed

NEW YORK (AP) — Oil issues led the way as the stock market recovered from an early round of selling to finish mixed Tuesday.

Sales	PR	Hds	High	Low	Close	Chg.
AT&T	1.00	100	10.00	9.00	9.00	-1/4
AT&T	1.00	100	10.00	9.00	9.00	-1/4
AT&T	1.00	100	10.00	9.00	9.00	-1/4
AT&T	1.00	100	10.00	9.00	9.00	-1/4
AT&T	1.00	100	10.00	9.00	9.00	-1/4

## Kidnap, ransom insurance now major business

CHICAGO (AP) — There's big money to be made in international terrorism. And insurance companies are out to capitalize on that premise by selling kidnap and ransom insurance — or K & R insurance, as it's known in the business.

International terrorism mushroomed in the politically volatile 1960s and 1970s and ransom demands have grown too — easily into millions of dollars.

And the K & R insurance business has burgeoned along with demand. The industry writes an estimated \$55 million in premiums annually.

Businessmen are prime candidates for political terrorism because their firms can and will pay huge ransom demands, said Roy Tucker, president of Risk, International. The Alexandria, Va.-based computer firm provides information on political terrorism worldwide.

"Those in biggest danger of being kidnapped are expatriate employees of American corporations — those who have lived in a country for two or three years," Tucker said. "They are prime targets because their habits are established and easily put under surveillance by terrorists groups."

Kidnap insurance is not a new idea, but its existence has been kept quiet for a number of reasons. Some executives cite ethical reasons.

"The more emphasis you place on kidnap and ransom insurance, the more you invite people to act on it," said John R. Cox, executive vice president of Insurance Company of North America.

American International Group, Inc., which has offered K & R coverage for eight years, also closely guards the names of its clients, but for practical reasons — kidnappers are far more likely to collect ransom money from an insured victim, and it's the insurance firm that pays, of course.

Firms in this fiercely competitive industry also refuse to disclose premium rates, although representatives will discuss their services.

"We can insure a corporation for any amount of ransom which might be offered," said Claude Gallelo, Midwest regional manager for American International Group. He said his coverage can also provide money for expenses for consultants who advise how to negotiate the safe return of executives and when to pay the ransom demands.

Gallelo said ransom insurance of up to \$20 million is probably readily available to most corporations. Ransom demands have ranged much higher than that, however. For example in 1977, political terrorists in Argentina asked \$61 million in ransom when they kidnapped directors of an Argentine corporation, Gallelo said.

## Prices of knives, forks out of sight

NEW YORK (AP) — A year ago, a typical four-piece place setting of sterling silver flatware at Rich's Department Store in Atlanta cost \$134 on sale. Today, the same place setting — again "on sale" — carries a price tag of just over \$650.

At Tiffany & Co., on New York's Fifth Avenue, a five-piece place setting in a popular sterling pattern that cost \$149.75 in February 1979 is selling for \$508.

Retailers in the state of Washington say some manufacturers are quoting prices as high as \$1,300 a place setting for sterling. They say the minimum is about \$500, and they say engaged couples planning spring and summer weddings are looking for cheaper alternatives to the silver traditionally acquired along with the marriage certificate.

The story is the same all over the country. The price of silver has risen along with the price of gold and the increase has sent the cost of knives, forks and spoons to record levels.

"It's been chaotic," said Jack Ambrose of the Sterling Silversmiths Guild of America. Prices for sterling silver flatware vary widely depending not only on the weight of the pieces, but also on the amount of workmanship involved. Ambrose said all types of manufacturers' costs have been rising, but added: "The major factor in recent months has been the price of the silver."

In February 1979, the price of silver on world metal markets averaged just under \$8 an ounce. By January 1980, the price had leaped to about \$50 an ounce and many silverware manufacturers simply stopped taking orders. The price of silver today has dropped to about \$33 an ounce and the stores are beginning to restock, but they say that high costs are taking their toll on sales.

Phoebe Brown of Rich's said that the number of customers signing up for sterling at the store's bridal registry has dropped "drastically." She said most young women are listing silver plate or stainless steel instead.

A five-piece setting of silver plate at Rich's averages from \$81 to \$150, Ms. Brown said. That's about one-eighth to one-fourth as much as sterling. And the sterling place setting has one less piece.

Patricia Bakken of Renton, Wash., was married last October. "I didn't register for silver because it was almost \$640 a place setting," she said.

Like Ms. Brown, Marilyn Smith who runs the bridal registry for The Bon at the SeaTac Mall in Washington said most young women are choosing silver plate or stainless. When sterling is given, it is "by grandmothers and mothers as heirlooms," she said.

Tiffany doesn't sell silver plate — only sterling, which it manufactures itself. A spokesman, who asked not to be identified by name, said: "So far, there hasn't been any resistance (to the price), but who knows."

## Additional listings

Symbol	Price	Change
AT&T	25.00	-1/4

## Over the counter

Symbol	Price	Change
AT&T	25.00	-1/4

## Commodities

Commodity	Price	Change
Wheat	1.25	+0.01

## Market index

Index	Value	Change
Dow Jones	856.48	+2.13

## Nonferrous metal

Commodity	Price	Change
Copper	1.25	+0.01

## Additional listings

Symbol	Price	Change
AT&T	25.00	-1/4

## Over the counter

Symbol	Price	Change
AT&T	25.00	-1/4

## Commodities

Commodity	Price	Change
Wheat	1.25	+0.01

## Market index

Index	Value	Change
Dow Jones	856.48	+2.13

## Additional listings

Symbol	Price	Change
AT&T	25.00	-1/4

## Additional listings

Symbol	Price	Change
AT&T	25.00	-1/4

## Over the counter

Symbol	Price	Change
AT&T	25.00	-1/4

## Commodities

Commodity	Price	Change
Wheat	1.25	+0.01

## Market index

Index	Value	Change
Dow Jones	856.48	+2.13

## Additional listings

Symbol	Price	Change
AT&T	25.00	-1/4

## Over the counter

Symbol	Price	Change
AT&T	25.00	-1/4

## Additional listings

Symbol	Price	Change
AT&T	25.00	-1/4

## Over the counter

Symbol	Price	Change
AT&T	25.00	-1/4

## Commodities

Commodity	Price	Change
Wheat	1.25	+0.01

## Market index

Index	Value	Change
Dow Jones	856.48	+2.13

## Additional listings

Symbol	Price	Change
AT&T	25.00	-1/4

## Over the counter

Symbol	Price	Change
AT&T	25.00	-1/4

## Additional listings

Symbol	Price	Change
AT&T	25.00	-1/4

## Over the counter

Symbol	Price	Change
AT&T	25.00	-1/4

## Commodities

Commodity	Price	Change
Wheat	1.25	+0.01

## Market index

Index	Value	Change
Dow Jones	856.48	+2.13

## Additional listings

Symbol	Price	Change
AT&T	25.00	-1/4

## Over the counter

Symbol	Price	Change
AT&T	25.00	-1/4

# Wildcat, field work announced

NAPECO, Inc. of Houston will drill the No. 1 Carter as a 5,500-foot oil or gas wildcat in Pecos County, seven miles southwest of Coynosa.

Drill site is 660 from north and east lines of section 1, block 49, T-8, T&P survey.

The new site is 1/2 mile northwest of the firm's No. 1 Stewart, opener of the Sixty-Nine (Pennsylvanian Detrital) field.

### MITCHELL CHANGE

Sweetwater Drilling Co. Inc. of Sweetwater will drill the No. 1-A Olivia as a 4,600-foot replacement wildcat for the firm's No. 1 Olivia, five miles west of Cuthbert in Mitchell County.

Operator lost hole and skidded the rig 20-feet south and will drill the new test, 2,586 feet from south and 467 feet from west lines of section 11, J.C. Erwin survey.

The site is one mile northeast of an unnamed lower Wolfcamp discovery.

### ANDREWS GAS TEST

Discovery Operating Inc. of Midland spotted location No. 1-12 University as a 1.5-mile southeast outpost to Yates gas production in the Block 12 field of Andrews County, 12 miles southwest of Andrews.

Location is 2,183 from north and 467 from west lines of section 36, block 12, University Lands survey.

Scheduled depth is 3,200 feet.

Charles L. Walker of Odessa finished the No. 3-C Underwood as a San Andres producer in the Block A-34 field of Andrews County, 11 miles northwest of Andrews.

Operator reported a 24-hour pumping potential of 30 barrels of 33-gravity oil and 25 barrels of water, through perforations ranging from 4,634 to 4,674 feet, which were acidized with 2,000 gallons.

Gas-oil ratio is 800-1. Drilled to 4,696 feet, 5.5-inch casing is set on bottom. Plugged back depth is 4,695 feet.

The new producer is 3/8 mile north of the fields discovery well.

Location is 467 from south and 2,183 from west lines of section 17, block A-34, PSL survey.

### CRANE PRODUCER

Southland Royalty Co. of Midland completed the No. 1-20 Bryant, 1/4 mile north of production in the Crawar (Devonian North) field of Crane County, six miles southeast of Monahans.

On 24-hour flowing potential it made 128 barrels of 37.6-gravity oil and 30 barrels of water, through a 1/4-inch choke and perforations from 6,558 to 6,628 feet, which were acidized with 3,000 gallons. Gas-oil ratio is 547-1.

Total depth was reached at 6,821 feet, with 5.5-inch casing set at 6,818 feet. Plugged back depth is 6,895 feet.

Location is 770 from south and 467 from west lines of section 20, block B-18, PSL survey.

### REEVES DELAWARE TEST

Wood, McShane & Thams of Monahans will drill the No. 2-23 State as a 3/8-mile southwest stepout to Delaware gas production in the Casey Draw field of Reeves County, 15 miles southwest of Toyah.

Drill site is 660 from south and 1,980 from west lines of section 23, block C-11, PSL survey.

### RUNNELS SITE

Dominian Corp. of Midland spotted location for its No. 1 O. C. Pruser, a deeper pool wildcat in Runnels County.

Scheduled on a 4,450-contract, it is five miles southeast of Wingate, 1/2 mile northwest of Elm Creek (4000 Gardner) field production and 800 feet from south

and 660 feet from west lines of J. R. Hunn survey No. 338, abstract 712. Ground elevation is 1,745 feet.

### CHAVES WILDCATS

Phoenix Resources Co. of Hobbs, N.M., spotted location for two 3,200-foot wildcats in Chaves County, 1/2 mile west of Elkins.

The No. 1 Powell is 660 feet from north and 1,980 feet from west lines of section 23-7s-28e. It is eight miles northeast of production in the Acme (San Andres) field.

Phoenix will drill the No. 1 Atterberry 660 from south and 1,980 from east lines of section 22-7s-28e.

Nearest production in seven miles northeast in the Acme (San Andres) field.

### EDDY GAS TESTS

Mesa Petroleum Co. will drill the No. 1 Depco-Federal as a 9,400-foot undesignated Atoka-Morrow gas test in Eddy County, 15 miles northwest of Loco Hills.

Location spots 2,160 from north and 1,980 from west lines of section 4-16s-28e. Ground elevation is 3,822 feet.

The site is one mile east of Atoka gas production, with no nearby Morrow production in the area.

David Fasken of Midland will drill the No. 5 El Paso Federal as an 11,400-foot Morrow gas test in the Avalon field of Eddy County, seven miles north of Carsbad.

Drill site is 2,684 from north and 660 from west lines of section 1-21s-26e.

It is one mile northeast of dual Canyon and Morrow gas production.

# Carter's synthetic fuel plan gets big boost in Congress

By MIKE SHANAHAN

WASHINGTON (AP) — President Carter's proposal to spend \$20 billion on the development of synthetic fuels to replace the nation's diminishing oil reserves has received a big boost from Congress.

After a three-month standoff, a House-Senate conference committee agreed unanimously Tuesday to create a seven-member Synthetic Fuels Corporation to provide financing for a key element of the president's energy program.

Some work remains to be done, but conferees said they have resolved the biggest differences between widely varying synfuels proposals approved last year by the House and Senate.

"We have broken a very big bottleneck," said Sen. Pete Domenici, R-N.M., a key figure among the more than 30 conferees.

Synthetic fuels are generally defined as oil and gas extracted artificially from shale, coal and tar sands.

While it has long been known that fuel can be produced from those sources, it is only with the sharp increases in imported oil prices that figuring out ways to do it has become economically feasible.

The new corporation will have authority to dispense billions of dollars in purchase and loan guarantees, loans, and in some cases would put the government directly in the energy business.

The House version of the bill provided only \$3 billion and no corporation to decide which kinds of synthetic fuel development should get highest priority.

The Senate approved a \$20 billion effort last November and included the corporation with blanket authority to set national synthetic fuels priorities.

Working out differences between the House and Senate versions on how best to dispense financing provided the major conflict among conferees.

The first nine to 15 months of the program would be administered by the Defense Department, which

would agree to buy synthetic fuels for defense needs.

The agreement reached Tuesday includes a second stage of development in which the corporation, with a lifespan of 12 years, would be given up to \$68 billion in additional financing authority for synthetic fuels.

The Senate version is the most expensive energy bill ever approved by either house of Congress. It includes billions for gasohol development, conservation, aid to poor persons for weatherizing their houses and solar energy development.

The House bill includes none of those provisions and those differences must still be resolved.

The conferees agreement marks the second major advance for Carter's energy proposals within a week.

A multi-billion dollar energy tax bill has been approved by House-Senate conferees and is awaiting final votes on the floor of both houses.

In addition, there has been some progress within still another congressional conference committee on creation of an Energy Mobilization Board designed to clear red tape from government approval of high priority energy projects like synthetic fuel plants, pipelines and oil refineries.

## ENERGY OIL & GAS

House-Senate conference committee agreed unanimously Tuesday to create a seven-member Synthetic Fuels Corporation to provide financing for a key element of the president's energy program.

Some work remains to be done, but conferees said they have resolved the biggest differences between widely varying synfuels proposals approved last year by the House and Senate.

"We have broken a very big bottleneck," said Sen. Pete Domenici, R-N.M., a key figure among the more than 30 conferees.

Synthetic fuels are generally defined as oil and gas extracted artificially from shale, coal and tar sands.

While it has long been known that fuel can be produced from those sources, it is only with the sharp increases in imported oil prices that figuring out ways to do it has become economically feasible.

The new corporation will have authority to dispense billions of dollars in purchase and loan guarantees, loans, and in some cases would put the government directly in the energy business.

The House version of the bill provided only \$3 billion and no corporation to decide which kinds of synthetic fuel development should get highest priority.

The Senate approved a \$20 billion effort last November and included the corporation with blanket authority to set national synthetic fuels priorities.

Working out differences between the House and Senate versions on how best to dispense financing provided the major conflict among conferees.

The first nine to 15 months of the program would be administered by the Defense Department, which

would agree to buy synthetic fuels for defense needs.

The agreement reached Tuesday includes a second stage of development in which the corporation, with a lifespan of 12 years, would be given up to \$68 billion in additional financing authority for synthetic fuels.

The Senate version is the most expensive energy bill ever approved by either house of Congress. It includes billions for gasohol development, conservation, aid to poor persons for weatherizing their houses and solar energy development.

The House bill includes none of those provisions and those differences must still be resolved.

The conferees agreement marks the second major advance for Carter's energy proposals within a week.

A multi-billion dollar energy tax bill has been approved by House-Senate conferees and is awaiting final votes on the floor of both houses.

In addition, there has been some progress within still another congressional conference committee on creation of an Energy Mobilization Board designed to clear red tape from government approval of high priority energy projects like synthetic fuel plants, pipelines and oil refineries.

The agreement reached Tuesday includes a second stage of development in which the corporation, with a lifespan of 12 years, would be given up to \$68 billion in additional financing authority for synthetic fuels.

The Senate version is the most expensive energy bill ever approved by either house of Congress. It includes billions for gasohol development, conservation, aid to poor persons for weatherizing their houses and solar energy development.

The House bill includes none of those provisions and those differences must still be resolved.

The conferees agreement marks the second major advance for Carter's energy proposals within a week.

A multi-billion dollar energy tax bill has been approved by House-Senate conferees and is awaiting final votes on the floor of both houses.

In addition, there has been some progress within still another congressional conference committee on creation of an Energy Mobilization Board designed to clear red tape from government approval of high priority energy projects like synthetic fuel plants, pipelines and oil refineries.

The agreement reached Tuesday includes a second stage of development in which the corporation, with a lifespan of 12 years, would be given up to \$68 billion in additional financing authority for synthetic fuels.

The Senate version is the most expensive energy bill ever approved by either house of Congress. It includes billions for gasohol development, conservation, aid to poor persons for weatherizing their houses and solar energy development.

The House bill includes none of those provisions and those differences must still be resolved.

The conferees agreement marks the second major advance for Carter's energy proposals within a week.

A multi-billion dollar energy tax bill has been approved by House-Senate conferees and is awaiting final votes on the floor of both houses.

In addition, there has been some progress within still another congressional conference committee on creation of an Energy Mobilization Board designed to clear red tape from government approval of high priority energy projects like synthetic fuel plants, pipelines and oil refineries.

The agreement reached Tuesday includes a second stage of development in which the corporation, with a lifespan of 12 years, would be given up to \$68 billion in additional financing authority for synthetic fuels.

The Senate version is the most expensive energy bill ever approved by either house of Congress. It includes billions for gasohol development, conservation, aid to poor persons for weatherizing their houses and solar energy development.

The House bill includes none of those provisions and those differences must still be resolved.

The conferees agreement marks the second major advance for Carter's energy proposals within a week.

## DRILLING REPORT

ANDREWS COUNTY  
Estoril Producing Corp. No. 3-3 University, id 2000 feet, moved in completion, drilling 8723 feet in line.

Estoril Producing Corp. No. 4-5 University, drilling 2900 feet.

BREWSTER COUNTY  
Texas Pacific No. 1 Madre Grande, drilling 4200 feet.

CRANE COUNTY  
Gulf Oil Corp. No. 1150 Waddell, id 2770 feet in line, pulled out of hole.

CROCKETT COUNTY  
Dameron Petroleum Corp. No. 1-82 B.E. Dunlap, id 7800 feet, presently logging.

DAWSON COUNTY  
Aminol USA No. 1 Youngblood, drilling 800 feet in line.

EDDY COUNTY  
Aminol USA No. 1-4 Aminol State Communitized, drilling 8428 feet in line.

EL PASO COUNTY  
Beico Petroleum Corp. No. 10 James Ranch, drilling 12,940 feet in line and sand.

EL PASO COUNTY  
Gulf Oil Corp. No. 1-31 El Paso State, id 11,320 feet in shale, waiting on completion.

EL PASO COUNTY  
Gulf Oil Corp. No. 1-31 El Paso State, id 11,320 feet in shale, waiting on completion.

EL PASO COUNTY  
Gulf Oil Corp. No. 1-31 El Paso State, id 11,320 feet in shale, waiting on completion.

EL PASO COUNTY  
Gulf Oil Corp. No. 1-31 El Paso State, id 11,320 feet in shale, waiting on completion.

EL PASO COUNTY  
Gulf Oil Corp. No. 1-31 El Paso State, id 11,320 feet in shale, waiting on completion.

EL PASO COUNTY  
Gulf Oil Corp. No. 1-31 El Paso State, id 11,320 feet in shale, waiting on completion.

EL PASO COUNTY  
Gulf Oil Corp. No. 1-31 El Paso State, id 11,320 feet in shale, waiting on completion.

EL PASO COUNTY  
Gulf Oil Corp. No. 1-31 El Paso State, id 11,320 feet in shale, waiting on completion.

EL PASO COUNTY  
Gulf Oil Corp. No. 1-31 El Paso State, id 11,320 feet in shale, waiting on completion.

EL PASO COUNTY  
Gulf Oil Corp. No. 1-31 El Paso State, id 11,320 feet in shale, waiting on completion.

EL PASO COUNTY  
Gulf Oil Corp. No. 1-31 El Paso State, id 11,320 feet in shale, waiting on completion.

EL PASO COUNTY  
Gulf Oil Corp. No. 1-31 El Paso State, id 11,320 feet in shale, waiting on completion.

EL PASO COUNTY  
Gulf Oil Corp. No. 1-31 El Paso State, id 11,320 feet in shale, waiting on completion.

EL PASO COUNTY  
Gulf Oil Corp. No. 1-31 El Paso State, id 11,320 feet in shale, waiting on completion.

EL PASO COUNTY  
Gulf Oil Corp. No. 1-31 El Paso State, id 11,320 feet in shale, waiting on completion.

EL PASO COUNTY  
Gulf Oil Corp. No. 1-31 El Paso State, id 11,320 feet in shale, waiting on completion.

EL PASO COUNTY  
Gulf Oil Corp. No. 1-31 El Paso State, id 11,320 feet in shale, waiting on completion.

EL PASO COUNTY  
Gulf Oil Corp. No. 1-31 El Paso State, id 11,320 feet in shale, waiting on completion.

EL PASO COUNTY  
Gulf Oil Corp. No. 1-31 El Paso State, id 11,320 feet in shale, waiting on completion.

EL PASO COUNTY  
Gulf Oil Corp. No. 1-31 El Paso State, id 11,320 feet in shale, waiting on completion.

EL PASO COUNTY  
Gulf Oil Corp. No. 1-31 El Paso State, id 11,320 feet in shale, waiting on completion.

Delta No. 3-A Whitson, drilling 2,100 feet, set 2 1/2 inch casing at 1,125 feet.

Delta No. 4 Jackson, id 7,800 feet, set 4 1/2 inch casing at 7,625 feet, perforated rig, waiting on completion.

Delta No. 5 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 6 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 7 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 8 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 9 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 10 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 11 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 12 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 13 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 14 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 15 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 16 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 17 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 18 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 19 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 20 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 21 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 22 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 23 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 24 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 25 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 26 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 27 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 28 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 29 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 30 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 31 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 32 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 33 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 34 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 35 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 36 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 37 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 38 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 39 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 40 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 41 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 42 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 43 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 44 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 45 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 46 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 47 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 48 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 49 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 50 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 51 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 52 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 53 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 54 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 55 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 56 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 57 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 58 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 59 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

Delta No. 60 Jackson, drilling 565 feet in surface rock.

# Wildcat work reported in five areas

I.J. Wolfson of Wichita Falls will drill the No. 1 Ruth Spencer as a 5,750-foot wildcat in Coke County, five miles north of Bronte.

Drill site is 330 feet from south and west lines of section 364, block 1-A, H&TC survey.

The new site is one location southeast of the Ellenburger opener of the Bronte, North field, which was re-assigned as 5300 production in the Rawlins field.

### FISHER EXPLORER

J.A. Wilburn of Roby announced plans to drill the No. 1 J.G. Moore as a 6,700-foot wildcat in Fisher County, five miles northeast of Roby.

Location is 528 from north and 870 from west lines of section 8, Bastrop County School Land survey No. 313.

It will also be drilled as a 1/2-mile southeast stepout to the lone marginal Strawn sand opener in the Sandy Hill field.

### UPTON RE-ENTRY

C.F. Lawrence & Associates Inc. of Midland will re-enter and deepen to 10,600 feet the No. 1 Lane, for recompletion attempt to reopen Strawn production and test Bend production in the Amacker-Tippett, South field of Upton County, seven miles northwest of Rankin.

It originally was drilled by Atlantic Richfield Co. as the No. 1-10 Cordova, bottomed at 10,590 feet.

Location is 650 from north and east lines of section 10, block 1, MK&T survey.

### DRY HOLES

CONCHO COUNTY  
John R. Thompson Operating Inc. No. 1-A Spiller et al, wildcat, 467 from north, 1,767 from east, section 71, block 8, H&TC, abstract 417, 8.5 southwest Eden, 2,210.

COTTE COUNTY  
Nueve Operating Co. of Texas No. 2 C.L. Parnell, Tippen, Southwest (Conglomerate 6600), 2,460 from north, 1,658 from west, Mary Ann Cook No. 1, abstract 65, 1.5 north Chalk, 7,045.

CROCKETT COUNTY  
Canyon Processing Co. No. 1-11 Helen Wilkins, DePaul (Strawn), 660 from north and east, section 1, block P, TCR

# Evening TV Schedule

WEDNESDAY  
MARCH 5, 1980



## Tender Years

Rachel Longaker, Shane Sinutko and Jarrod Johnson discover that childhood friends can still have a good time together, even during the sometimes-confusing teen years, but nothing seems simple any more in "Where Do Teenagers Come From?" a premiere presentation on ABC's "ABC Afterschool Specials" series Wednesday, March 5.

This is one of a series of programs designed to help teenagers and their parents gain insight into the growth process.

(Stations reserve the right to make last-minute changes.)

Programs subject to change without notice

	KMID 2 Midland CABLE 3	KOSA 7 Odessa CABLE 8	KMOM 2 Monahans CABLE 9	S.I.N. 10 Spanish CABLE 10	KTVT 11 Fort Worth CABLE 11	KERA 13 Dallas CABLE 13	KXTX 19 Dallas CABLE 4
6:00	News NBC News	News Carol Burnett	News Joker's Wild	Mi Secretaria	Bewitched Jeannie	MacNeil News Day	Star Trek
7:00	Real People	Beyond Westworld	Billy Graham Crusade	Los Ricos Mi Dulce	Gunsmoke	Edward & Mrs. Simpson	Billy Graham
8:00	Diff. Strokes Hello, Larry	CBS Movie: "White Mama"	Charlie's Angels	Charytin Fantastico	M.T. Moore Bob Newhart	Pledge Brk. Great	700 Club
9:00	Best Of Sat. Night Live	Mama	Vega\$	La Otra Mujer	Movie: "A Song"	Performances "The Most"	Word Of Faith
10:00	News Tonight	News Mary	News Iran Crisis	Marcada 24 Horas	Is Born	Happy Fella	Wake Up Word Of Truth
11:00		Hartman CBS Late	Love Boat	Cine Int'l	Late Movie: "Sign It Death"	Fawty Towers Pledge Break	Rejoice Life Of Riley
12:00	Tomorrow	Movie "Ruby"	Baretta	"Mi Esposa La Otra"	To Norway		

## Two Texas experiment stations cooperate in development of weather-saving system

COLLEGE STATION, Texas (AP) — Most of us can probably remember wondering as children why we couldn't put winter's cold weather in a bottle, and save it for the heat of summer. At Texas A&M University, researchers are learning how to do just that.

The researchers drilled a pair of shallow wells about 400 yards apart, along the Brazos River flood plain near College Station. Water is pumped out of one well, sprayed into the cold air to be chilled, then pumped underground into the other well.

That gives a giant "bubble" of chilled water, insulated by the earth, that can be withdrawn during the summer for lower-cost air conditioning.

The Texas Agricultural Experi-

ment Station, working with the Texas Engineering Experiment Station, is running the test.

The two agencies hope to expand the experiment to withdraw heat from the 70-degree underground water as it heads for the surface, possibly to provide a heating system. Currently that heat is lost into the air when the water is chilled.

Dr. Donald L. Reddell of the agricultural station said air was chilled down to 32 degrees this winter.

He said experimenters hope to hook the system up to buildings within a year, but financing still is pending with the experiment stations, the state and the Energy Department.

The wells now have a capacity of 150 gallons per unit, Reddell said, and can take care of 25 average-sized houses for a year.

While the water and the winter air are free, Reddell said it would cost about \$2,000 per house to install the equipment, and operating costs would be about \$50 a month.

Another problem is the depth of the water, he said. The wells near College Station are 55 feet deep, but the cost would skyrocket for deeper wells.

The system is "the only one that I'm aware of," Reddell said. "There is one hot water experiment where they're storing hot water with hopes of using it for heating at Auburn (University) in Alabama."

Since chilled water is commonly used to air condition and heat buildings, no research in that area is necessary, he said.

"It's just a matter of getting some chilled water and getting it to the buildings," he said.



## DR. NEIL SOLOMON

# Formula feeding of infants not linked to obese children

Dear Dr. Solomon: I have heard that the reason breast feeding is preferable to formula in that there is less chance of the child being obese later on in life. Is there any truth to this? — Mrs. G.R.

Dear Mrs. R.: A recent report by Dr. Samuel Poman of the University of Iowa indicates no difference in obesity at eight years of age between children who were breast fed and those who were formula fed. However, he did find a relationship between fatness at three and one-half months of age and at eight years of age.

Dear Dr. Solomon: My nine-year-old son is a hyperactive child and is receiving some counseling in school. The school nurse tells me that I could help my son by eliminating from his diet foods which contain additives. I would be willing to try anything that might work. Is this a possibility? — Mrs. G.E.

Dear Mrs. E.: Some researchers do advocate elimination of food additives from the diet of hyperactive children. On the other hand, others, such as Dr. Gordon Millichap, a professor of neurology and pediatrics at Northwestern University Medical School in Chicago, charge that there is no sufficient evidence to prove that an additive-free diet can prevent or correct hyperactivity.

Additionally, Dr. Millichap cautions that until the value of the diet is proved by controlled studies, physicians and parents should recognize that they are treating the child with a remedy that has not been confirmed.

Dear Dr. Solomon: I have been trying to limit my sugar intake but find it difficult. Practically every dry cereal, for example, seems to include sugar among its ingredients. Why is sugar added to so many foods, and

what is its nutritive value? Wouldn't it be preferable to use artificial sweeteners in many foods? — Ms. A.S.

Dear Ms. S.: As you indicate, sugar is a widely used food additive; the broader classification under which it falls, "sweeteners," is classified as both nutritive and non-nutritive.

Nutritive sweeteners, which are metabolized by the body to provide energy, include natural sugars such as sucrose (your common table sugar), glucose and fructose. The widespread use of sugar in foods has been criticized because it provides "empty calories" — that is, it does not help meet the daily requirement for vitamins, minerals or protein. In addition, sugar contributes to tooth decay.

Non-nutritive sweeteners, which are not metabolized and therefore are calorie-free, include cyclamates and saccharin. Cyclamates cannot be used in food at present. They were banned by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) after tests showed that they caused cancer in animals. The FDA has also announced its intention to ban saccharin, but this step has been widely opposed, and the ban will not take effect for several months, at the earliest.

## Navy retires sub Nautilus

By DAVID N. ROSENTHAL

MARE ISLAND, Calif. (AP) — After diving more than 2,500 times and traveling a half-million miles in its 25 years, the world's first nuclear-powered submarine has been retired from the U.S. fleet.

The spiritual descendant of the mythical craft piloted by Capt. Nemo in Jules Verne's "20,000 Leagues Under the Sea," the Nautilus was decommissioned Monday in a ceremony at the naval shipyard 35 miles north of San Francisco.

Its last crew bade farewell to the sub and met some of the men who first shipped out on the Nautilus when it left Groton Harbor in Connecticut on Jan. 17, 1955.

"It's kind of like when an old man dies," said Mike Oliver, a petty officer second class, who lowered the ship's flag for the final time. "You're glad because he was old, but you're sad, too."

Chief petty officer Leroy Ingels, who took the sub on its first dive, said, "I wouldn't have missed this for the world. It looks just like it always did. It's a crime to take it out of commission."

But the onetime pride of the Navy, which made a trip under the North Pole in 1958, needed an overhaul, and that would have cost almost as much as it did to build the sub, more than \$55 million.

So it came here last May for removal of its atomic core and to be phased out of service.

The ceremony included remarks by Cmdr. Richard Riddell, its last skipper, and Vice Adm. Kenneth M. Carr, commander of the U.S. Atlantic submarine force.

## How TUSHA BUILDINGS keeps your building from costing too much and taking too long:



Putting up a new building too often means paying more than you expected and taking longer than you thought.

The most frequent reason? No one person is clearly in control. That can cause a basic communication breakdown among all parties involved, resulting in confusion, cost overruns and missed deadlines.

But we offer you a team of construction professionals capable of controlling your entire project...concept to completion.

We can handle all the details—planning, rights-of-way, permits, construction, even landscaping. We'll make sure you get your building on-time and on-budget. And we'll do it using construction methods and building systems that can cut up to 40% off some conventional building timetables.

So if your next building has time and budget limitations, call us. We'll give you both the building and the control you need.



Tusha Buildings of Lubbock & Odessa  
2852 Stevens Road  
Odessa, Texas 76763  
(915)367-7211

Want Ads  
DIAL 682-6222

# BEFORE YOU FILE YOUR TAX RETURN... WAIT!

If you have not yet filed your 1979 Federal Income Tax return, you could be on your way to securing your own retirement as well as deferring until your retirement up to \$1500 of your 1979 income tax. How? By opening or adding to your Individual Retirement Account (IRA) at First Savings and Loan in Midland. IRAs permit employees not now covered by a company retirement program to contribute to their own retirement up to 15% of their annual salary not to exceed \$1500 each year. The amount you set aside each year can be deferred until age 59½ or until you retire.

But to take advantage of the tax deferral for 1979, you must open or add to your IRA at First Savings before you file your tax return. Don't miss this golden opportunity to benefit from First Savings high interest savings and a deferral of your federal income taxes. See one of the Fiscal Fitness People at either First Savings location soon...at any case before you file for 1979.

If you have already filed for 1979, there is time to start your IRA for 1980.



**FIRST SAVINGS**  
AND LOAN ASSOCIATION OF MIDLAND  
500 WEST WALL • MIDKIFF AND WADLEY • MEMBER FSLIC

**MIDLAND**  
3108 CUTHBERT  
(ACROSS FROM GIBSONS)

**1ST IN SERVICE**

**ODESSA**  
611 E. 42nd  
(42nd AND DIXIE)

**1ST IN SALES**

**RCA Countdown Sale**

**10 DAYS TO SAVE**

**STARTS TODAY**

Here's your chance to save like never before on a deluxe 25" diagonal RCA ColorTrak model...with a swivel base included! You get ColorTrak's eight automatic systems that lock the color on track...PLUS the unsurpassed tuning convenience of RCA's ChannelLock remote control. Don't miss out—offer ends March 15.

**INCLUDED!**  
**Free Swivel Base**

Previous Price Model FD530R \$799  
Retail Value of Base \$9.95  
Total Retail Value \$808.95

**YOU PAY ONLY \$699 w/t**

**TOTAL SAVINGS \$159.95**

**JUST ARRIVED!** **PUSH BUTTON 19" COLORTRAK-REG. \$549.95** **ONLY \$478 w/t**

**SAVE \$121.95 NOW ONLY \$477 w/t**

**BIG 25" DIAG. XL 100 CONSOLE COLOR TV**  
Reg. \$599.95

**6-Hour Video**

**RCA 6 Hour Recorder**

**\$795**  
Reg. Price \$1095.00

Midland 3108 Cuthbert 694-1682

**RCA**

Odessa 42nd & DIXIE 367-3308

**Bolin's Appliance MART** No. 1 Sales in Service **Bolin's Appliance MART**