STOCK YARDS DAILY JOURNAL.

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CATTLE STEADY DEAL

NO CHANGE IN PRICES COMPARED WITH YESTERDAY'S SESSION.

LIGHT STEERS UP FOR WEEK

Heavy Grades Steady to Weak—Butcher Stuff 10@25c Up—Bulls and Calves and Stock Cattle Higher.

The usual light Friday supply of cattle was turned over to this point today. Trading on anything suitable for killing purposes was absorbed by buyers at steady rates compaerd with yesterday.

The market for fat cattle closed with a firmer feeling than featured it on opening days, sellers finding it easier to interest buyers, especially in heavy cattle, than the first of the week. As far as the price level for weighty beeves is concerned there is little quotable change with week ago, values ruling steady to weak. For handy weight steers and anything on the yearling order the market is closing 10@15c higher. Receipts here for 10@15c higher. Receipts here for the week were 6,900, about the same number as were on sale the previous week. The five big markets had 109,000 cattle, a moderate increase over last week's run. Locally, beef grades predominated the week's supply and there was a fair showing of good cattle included. On opening days there was a bearish feeling on weighty beeves and maintaining steady rates. Some sales showed a little lower than the close of the previous week. Towards the week's end, however, packers were not so hard to interest in steers with weight and there was a reasonably active outlet for such kinds, market closing steady to easy with last week. On other hand light and handy weight steers have been shown the preference all week and values are 10@15c higher. Choice light steers were scarce and very few yearlings were to be had. Bulk of week's arrivals consisted of medium and heavy cattle. The top for the week was $8.65 and there were numerous sales in a range of $8.40@8.55.

Dressed Beef and Shipping Steers.

No.	Ave.	Price	No.	Ave.	Price
45	1242	8 30	1	860	7 75

COWS, BULLS AND MIXED.

The market for butcher classes during the week was featured by active trading and strong prices. Receipts were unusually light and fell far short of the demand. This was particularly true of cows, the big end of the week's supply consisting of odds and ends. Good to choice cows were wanted and prices are quotable 15@20c higher than a week ago. Medium grades are 10@15c up. Canners and cutters show little change. Considering receipts, there was a very creditable showing of heifery stock included. Buyers were hot on the trail of choice light heifers and good mixed yearlings and this class of stock met with brisk competition. The market for the better grades is 15@25c higher for the week and medium heifers are up 10@15c. Mixed yearlings ranged up to $8.50, bulk selling at $7.50@8.25. Best cows sold from $7.25@7.60, with a few odd head at $7.75. The general market for the week has been a satisfactory one to sellers and prices on the good to choice grades of cows and heifers are right back at the high level of the year. The market for bulls has been very active, there being a broad demand for the good light styles. Prices are 10@15c higher for the week. Calves were active and while the general run of offerings show no change with a week ago, strictly prime light veals are quotable 50c higher.

Heifers.

No.	Ave.	Price	No.	Ave.	Price
5	644	7 75	6	1042	7 25
1	1200	7 75	5	678	7 00
1	580	7 65	1	530	7 00
3	490	7 60			

Cows.

No.	Ave.	Price	No.	Ave.	Price
2	1014	6 90	1	910	6 00
1	1010	6 85	4	962	5 75
20	848	6 80	1	1180	5 75
11	1030	6 75	2	1045	4 40
3	1027	6 65	1	760	4 35
1	1060	6 65	1	970	4 35
1	920	6 55	1	750	4 30
1	800	6 25	1	750	4 25
3	1040	6 25			

Bulls and Stags.

No.	Ave.	Price	No.	Ave.	Price
1	1280	6 85	1	1360	6 75
1	1350	6 75	1	1430	6 65

Veal Calves.

No.	Ave.	Price	No.	Ave.	Price
2	155	9 00	1	220	8 00
1	150	9 00	1	100	8 00
1	160	9 00	1	270	7 50
1	120	9 00	5	205	6 75
1	120	8 75	1	90	6 50

STOCKERS AND FEEDERS.

Receipts of stockers and feeders here this week have been the lightest of the season, scarcely enough arriving from day to day to test the market. While the demand for the moment is not very broad, yard traders state that a great many more cattle could have been handled to advantage than were available. With the small number on offer it was impossible to shape up anything attractive for country buyers who were looking for cattle. The feeling to the trade has been strong all week and traders regard prices on the general run of useful stock cattle 25c higher than a week ago. Quality has been ordinary, very little attractive stock being received. Inquiry from the country centers on the good to choice weighty feeders and well bred stockers. On account of the high prices prevailing buyers insist on quality. There is little call for the ordinary run of fair to medium grades. While weather conditions were unfavorable all week, speculators state that outside demand was greatly in excess of the supply. A country buyer took out a load of 1200-pound feeders at $8.20. The supply of stock cows and heifers has been light and while there has been a little unevenness to the market, prices on the general run of offerings are quotable steady to a shade lower compared with a week ago.

Stockers and Feeders.

No.	Ave.	Price	No.	Ave.	Price
19	978	8 10	2	825	7 25

Yearlings and Calves.

No.	Ave.	Price	No.	Ave.	Price
3	685	7 50	1	580	6 50

No.	Ave.	Price
15	393	7 25

Feeding Cows and Stock Heifers.

No.	Ave.	Price	No.	Ave.	Price
1	510	7 15	1	1200	4 75
13	777	6 00	1	800	4 50
1	770	5 75	1	710	4 25
2	810	5 50			

Packers' Cattle Purchases.

Swift & Co.	100
Hammond Packing Co.	50
Morris & Co.	50
Total	200

OTHER LIVE STOCK MARKETS

CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, Union Stock Yards., Ill., April 11.—The Live Stock World reports:

Cattle—Receipts, 1000. Market steady; top $8.90.

Hogs—Receipts, 13,000. Market 5@10c higher. Top $9.37½; bulk $9.15@9.30.

Sheep—Receipts, 4000. Market steady to 10c higher.

KANSAS CITY.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 11.—Special to The Journal: The Drovers Telegram reports:

Cattle—Receipts, 600. Steers steady, top $8.50; cows and heifers firm; stockers dull; calves steady.

Hogs—Receipts, 3500. Market 5@10c higher, closed weak. Top $9.20; bulk $8.90@9.15.

Sheep—Receipts, 6000. Market 10@15c lower; lambs $8.75.

SOUTH OMAHA.

SOUTH OMAHA, Neb., April 11.—Special to The Journal: The Drovers Journal-Stockman reports:

Cattle—Receipts, 400. Market steady.

Hogs—Receipts, 2100. Market 5@10c higher. Top $9.00; bulk $8.85@8.95.

Sheep—Receipts, 1400. Market steady.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

EAST ST. LOUIS, National Stock Yards, Ill., April 11.—Special to The Journal: The National Live Stock Reporter reports:

Cattle—Receipts, 400. Market steady.

Hogs—Receipts, 4000. Market 10c higher. Top $9.40; bulk $9.20@9.35.

Sheep—Receipts, 1000. Market strong.

FORT WORTH.

FT. WORTH, Tex., April 11.—Special to The Journal: The Daily Live Stock Reporter reports:

Cattle—Receipts, 3200; Market steady.

Hogs—Receipts, 800. Market nickel higher. Top $9.15; bulk $8.90@9.10.

Sheep—Receipts, 1500. Market steady.

SIOUX CITY.

No report; wires down.

WHOLESALE BEEF PRICES.

Following are today's wholesale prices for beef cuts as given out by Swift & Company:

Dressed Beef.

	No. 1.	No. 2.	No. 3.
Ribs	21½c	19 c	15 c
Loins	23½c	21 c	17 c
Rounds	14½c	13½c	13 c
Chucks	11½c	10½c	9¾c
Plates	9½c	9 c	8½c

EXPLORERS PERISH.

German Arctic Expedition Believed to Have Died of Exposuer.

Christiania, Norway, April 11.—Failure has overtaken the German arctic expedition under Lieut. Schroeder Stranz. Most of the members are believed to have died on the ice from the exposure and scurvy, and the commander in chief is missing.

Four of the men have succeeded in returning to Advent bay, Spitzbergen, and two others are probably safe at Treurenberg bay.

The aviator and cook died from starvation. Nothing has been heard from Lieut. Schroeder Stranz since he started on a sled expedition along in August last year.

Capt. Ritzschel brought the first news of the fate of the expedition in January when he returned to Advent bay in a deplorable condition and was thought to be the only survivor. A dispatch from Spitzbergen has revived hopes that a few others may be alive.

Among the party, besides the officers and crew, were several German scientists, including a geologist, botanist and oceanographer.

Experience in polar work was almost entirely lacking and the equipment was said to be very poor.

The intention of the party was to pave the way for a more important expedition under Lieut. Schroeder Stranz, which was to endeavor to make the northeast passage later this year.

RIVER TO RISE TO 28 FEET

Forecaster Says Rains Have Been Too Light to Reach Flood Stage.

The Mississippi river at St. Louis Wednesday rose from 25 feet at 7 a. m. to 26.4 feet at 7 p. m. A stage of 28 feet will be reached, Montrose W. Hayes, district forecaster, thinks. Flood stage is 30 feet.

"The rains have not been heavy enough yet to give a flood stage at St. Louis," Hayes said. "They will have to be especially heavy to give a stage in excess of 29 feet."

The Missouri river below Kansas City and the Mississippi river from Hannibal to St. Louis will rise, Hayes says. Heavy rains over the Illinois river watershed will cause its stage to increase.

Because wire service to most of the towns on the Osage river is interrupted Hayes could make no flood forecasts for that stream.

The Illinois river at Peoria reached the stage of 21.2 feet. This is 7.2 feet above flood stage. Because the main business portion of the city is on a steep incline, damage will be slight.

The Illinois river at Beardstown was 21.5 feet. The flood stage is 12 feet.

PIMBLEY PAINT AND GLASS CO., 213 So. 6th St., St. Joseph, Mo.—Adv.

Snap beans, lima beans and navy beans are tap-rooted plants and require deep, mellow soil. Break the soil deeply and pulverize it well before you plant beans.

The earth consists of 250,944,055,515 cupic miles.

HOGS RANGE HIGHER

PRICES BOOSTED 5@10c HIGHER ON ALL GRADES—TOP $9.20.

BULK OF OFFERINGS, $9 to 9.10

Quality of Good Average—Trading Active on the Whole—Pigs in Light Supply and About Steady.

Hog supplies in the west were light today, the total at the five markets aggregating 24,000, a decrease with both a week and a year ago. Locally, 2500 were received and there was no material change in the quality of the offerings. Conditions generally this morning were bullish and early advices from outside markets reported an advance in prices. Locally, it was a question of the amount of the upturn and when traders had determined this trading became active. Prices were generally quoted 5@10c higher and all classes of good hogs shared in the advance. After the first hour there was brisk competition and sales were made right along, mid-day finding the early supply out of first hands. Tops landed at $9.20 compared with $9.10 yesterday. Pigs were in light supply and sold about steady.

Prices for hogs averaging 140 lbs. and up ranged from $8.90@9.20, with the bulk selling at $9.00@9.10. The bulk yesterday sold at $8.90@9.05, a week ago at $8.80@8.95, a month ago at $8.65@8.80, a year ago at $7.55@7.75, two years ago at $6.05@6.25, three years ago at $9.75@9.85, and four years ago at $6.85@7.00.

Representative Hog Sales.

No.	Av.	Shk.	Price	No.	Av.	Shk.	Price
64	215	—	9 20	57	188	80	9 15
46	189	—	9 15	72	184	—	9 15
82	208	—	9 12½	70	207	—	9 12½
56	203	—	9 12½	64	191	80	9 10
49	211	—	9 10	54	193	—	9 10
87	211	—	9 10	63	247	—	9 10
57	193	—	9 10	76	246	—	9 10
27	217	—	9 07½	36	194	—	9 07½
47	219	—	9 07½	50	183	120	9 05
54	216	120	9 05	63	228	40	9 05
66	234	—	9 05	70	231	—	9 05
57	230	—	9 05	69	258	160	9 05
72	237	80	9 05	70	243	—	9 05
40	246	—	9 02½	52	255	80	9 02½
68	234	160	9 02½	67	234	—	9 02½
123	256	80	9 02½	61	266	80	9 00
70	259	—	9 00	74	260	—	9 00
69	257	20	9 00	70	244	—	9 00
68	257	280	9 00	68	248	80	9 00
53	283	—	8 97½	52	302	—	8 95
58	282	40	8 95	61	286	80	8 90

Pigs—125 Pounds and Under.

No.	Av.	Shk.	Price	No.	Av.	Shk.	Price
18	81	—	7 50	32	86	—	7 50
3	110	—	7 50	2	100	—	7 40

Old Sows, Odds. Ends, Wagon Hogs.

No.	Av.	Shk.	Price	No.	Av.	Shk.	Price
2	155	—	9 20	7	149	—	9 15
2	430	160	9 15	2	500	160	9 15
8	215	—	9 10	6	150	—	9 10
2	175	—	9 10	3	480	280	9 05
6	195	—	9 02½	19	302	—	8 95
2	365	—	8 75	13	299	—	8 75
2	430	—	8 70	6	360	—	8 70
6	345	—	8 65				

Packers' Hog Purchases.

Swift & Co.	1,170
Morris & Co.	844
Hammond Packing Co.	787
Total	2,801

Range of Hog Prices.

	This Week		Last Week	
Monday	$8 75	@9 05	$8 65	@9 05
Tuesday	8 80	@9 10	8 85	@9 15
Wednesday	8 80	@9 10	8 80	@9 10
Thursday	8 80	@9 10	8 80	@9 06
Friday	8 90	@9 20	8 77½	@9 05
Saturday		@	8 75	@9 05

MAKES A RECORD.

Argentina Has Third Largest Per Capita Foreign Trade.

Washington, D. C., April 11.—The foreign trade of Argentina last year, totalling $840,000,000, which was $120 for each person in the country, was the third largest per capita trade among the nations of the world, according to a statemetn just issued by the Pan-American Union. Holland and Belgium alone made better records. In comparison, the statement points out that the per capita foreign trade of the United States is apparently $40.

Argentina's increase in foreign trade during the year, $169,000,000, represents a larger percentage of growth in one year than in any other important country of the world. The imports were valued at $374,000,000 and the exports at $466,000,000, against a total foreign trade in 1911 of $671,000,000.

The share of the United States in the Argentine trade of 1912 consisted of exports to Argentina valued at approximately $47,000,000 and imports from that country valued at $32,000,000.

CAIRO FEARS HEAVY RAINS

Mississippi Pours Through Drinkwater Levee and May Cut New Channel.

Cairo, Ill., April 11.—The Ohio river fell .1 of an inch and yesterday registered 54.6 feet. Should heavy rains continue over the Mississippi and Ohio watersheds, it is feared conditions here again would become critical. As it is, extreme vigilance still is exercised.

A great body of water is pouring through the gap in the Drinkwater levee, and it is thought that it may cut a new channel for the Mississippi river.

Engineers believe that Cairo escaped inundation solely because the waters of the Ohio passed through Cache Creek into the Mississippi above Cairo.

WHO WANTS A WIG?

A Whole Bale Advertised by Uncle Sam.

Jersey City, N. J., April 11.—Going, going! Who wants a wig? The United States government advertised for sale a whole bale of them, all kinds and colors. The sale will be at auction in the Jersey City postoffice. The wigs were recently seized by the customs officials in Hoboken when an attempt to smuggle them into this country was discovered.

LIVE STOCK RECEIPTS

Today's Receipts

Cattle	7	214
Hogs	42	2,830
Sheep	13	2,989

Receipts from Jan. 1 to Date.

The following table shows the local receipts from January 1, 1913, and receipts for the corresponding time in 1912:

	1913	1912	Inc.
Cattle	126,327	140,159	*13,832
Hogs	490,105	694,289	*204,184
Sheep	239,262	237,847	1,415
Horses	11,562	17,274	*5,712
Cars	13,097	16,076	*2,979

Decrease

Live Stock in Sight

The following shows the estimated receipts of cattle, hogs and sheep at the five principal western markets today and comparisons:

	Cattle	Hogs	Sheep
Chicago	1,000	13,000	4,000
Kansas City	600	3,500	6,000
South Omaha	400	2,100	1,400
So. St. Joseph	200	2,800	3,000
East St. Louis	400	4,000	1,000
Total	2,600	25,400	15,400
Yesterday	12,900	46,000	41,400
Week ago	4,000	41,500	19,000
Month ago	3,600	47,700	25,900
Year ago	2,700	23,500	7,600

Receipts by Cars

The following shows the number of cars of stock handled by the railroads centering at the local yards today:

	Cars
C. B. & Q., west	22
C. B. & Q., east	15
Rock Island	6
Great Western	8
Missouir Pacific	3
Grand Island	7
Santa Fe	4
Total	65

ST. JOSEPH CASH GRAIN MARKET

Today's cash values: Receipts: Wheat, 1 car; corn, 2 cars; oats, 0 cars.

Wheat

No. 2 red	1 01	@1 06
No. 3 red	91	@1 03
No. 2 hard	86½	@ 89
No. 3 hard	85½	@ 87

Corn

No. 2 white	56½
No. 3 white	56
No. 2 mixed	56
No. 3 mixed	55
No. 2 yellow	56½
No. 3 yellow	56

Oats

No. 2 white	36½	@ 37
No. 3 white	35½	
No. 2 oats	34	@ 34½
No. 3 oats	33	@ 33½

The above cash quotations are based on actual sales each day and are furnished by T. P. Gorden, 1005-1008 New Corby-Forsce Building, St. Joseph, Mo.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

The following Chicago board of trade quotations are furnished by T. P. Gordon, 1005-1008 New Corby-Forsee Building, St. Joseph, Mo.:

Options	Opened	Highest	Lowest	Close	Close Yes'y
WHEAT—					
May	91⅞	92⅛	91¼	91⅝	91⅞
July	9 ¼	90⅜	90	90⅝	90¼
CORN—					
May	55¾	56⅛	55⅛	56⅛	55⅝
July	56¾	57	56¼	56⅞	56⅜
OATS—					
May	35¾	36	35⅝	35¾	35⅝
July	35	35⅛	34¼	35¾	34⅞
PORK—					
May	19 80	19 90	19 72	19 87	19 72
July	19 95	20 10	19 90	20 05	19 90
LARD—					
May	10 87	10 95	10 82	10 95	10 85
July	10 87	10 97	10 85	10 95	10 85
RIBS—					
May	11 15	11 27	11 15	11 27	11 15
July	10 92	11 10	10 92	11 10	10 92

SOME FREAK NEWSPAPERS

One in Paris Printed on Dough That Can Be Eaten.

Baltimore Sun: A newspaper which can be eaten after the information it contains is absorbed, thus affording nourishment for the body as well as the mind, is being published in Paris, and is called The Regal. It is printed with an ink or coloring guaranteed nonpoisonous, on thin sheets of dough.

Another freak newspaper, The Luminaria, is published in Madrid. The ink with which it is printed contains a small percentage of phosphorous, so that the letters are visible in the dark, and the reader does not need to make a light to enjoy its contents.

At two French seaside resorts, newspapers called Le Courier des Baigneurs and La Naide are printed on waterproof paper, so that the subscriber can take his morning paper with him into the sea and read it while enjoying his bath.

In Paris, a paper called Le Monchoir, is printed on paper such as the so-called Japanese napkins are made of, and may become useful in case the reader has forgotten or lost his handkerchief.

ICEBERGS PERIL STEAMERS

Sighted Near Spot Where Titanic Disaster Occurred.

New York, April 11.—Icebergs are adrift again in the Northern Atlantic near the spot where one sent the ill-fated Titanic to the bottom nearly a year ago. The steamship Kroonland, which arrived from Antwerp, reported that she had received wireless information that the steamship Russia had sighted ice last week in latitude 42.50, longitude 49. The Titanic struck a berg on April 15 last in latitude 41.16, longitude 50.14. The revenue cutter Seneca left New York last week to patrol the paths of the trans-Atlantic travel off the Grand Banks and warn ships of this danger to navigation.

CHICKENS AT HIGH PRICE.

Falls City, Neb., April 11.—A local produce buyer paid out nearly $2,000 in cash for chickens last Saturday, at 16 cents a pound for live weight. A wagon load of chickens sold at almost $1 each

LAMBS STEADY, STRONG

TRADE SLOW AT OPENING, BUT CLOSES ACTIVE—NO SHEEP WERE ON SALE.

ALL GRADES UP FOR WEEK

Lambs 10@15c Higher—Sheep Advance 15@25c—Top Lambs Today Sold at $8.75.

Estimates called for 2500 head and around 3000 came in, compared with 2772 a week ago. The run consisted of lambs mostly from Colorado and Wyoming points. No sheep were put on offer. Trade was slow to open but when finally established it was on a steady basis on the general run of wooled stock. Two cars of shorn lambs sold at $7.85, which looked a shade stronger than yesterday's trading. Best lambs sold at $8.75.

Some unevenness has featured the week's trade in sheep and lambs but the tone has been mostly of a bullish character and there has been some upturn in prices compared with the close of last week. Wooled lambs are quotable 10@15c higher and shorn stock fully 15c higher. The market for the general run of sheep is 15@25c higher than the close of last week. Receipts, locally, were 17,400, compared with 17,600 last week and the five markets had a combined total of 189,700, compared with 188,000 the previous week. Locally, the fat lamb supply was large and the quality good. Packers had good orders for lambs and trading was active at all times. The few common to medium grades on offer sold readily, although not so active as the better kinds. The week's top was $8.95, bulk of useful grades selling at $8.50@8.90. Shorn stock was scarce, the few lots here selling at $7.50@7.85. The mutton supply was small and consisted mostly of western stock, ewes predominating. Ewes sold in a range of $6.70@7.00, the latter figure being the high point of the year. No wethers were to be had. Yearlings sold at $7.65@7.70. Little feeding stock of any kind was included in the week's arrivals. The market for the week in sheep and lambs closed active and firm.

Representative Sheep Sales.

No.		Ave.	Price.
459	Wyoming lambs	81	8 75
476	Wyoming lambs	85	8 75
428	Wyoming lambs	76	8 75
472	Wyoming lambs	87	8 75
256	Wyoming lambs	71	8 75
502	Colorado lambs	74	8 75
269	West lambs (clipped)	93	7 85

Packers' Sheep Purchases.

Swift & Co.	2,642
Hammond Packing Co.	270
Total	2,912

ITEMS IN BRIEF

Ed. Morgan, of Richardson county, Nebraska, contributed a car of mixed stock to the stock receipts at this point today.

L. O. Norris was well pleased with the sale of one car of hogs that he placed on sale here today. Mr. Norris ships from Mitchell county, Kansas.

W. L. Clark, a prominent stock feeder of Atchison county, Kansas, sent in one car of hogs for the day's trading.

Depot cars, uptown, theatre district. Hotel Ryan (European). Steam heated rooms.—Adv.

Bob and A. W. Hubard, well-known shippers and stock feeders of Lyon county, Kansas, were on hand today with a three-car shipment of cattle.

Excello Cattle Fattener has proven a great success. The cheapest and best feed that can be fed with corn. Increases the gain, shortens time of feeding.—Adv.

One car of hogs was disposed of during today's operations by Jas. Wright & Son, of Clay county, Nebraska.

Champion Feed saves corn.—Adv.

Will VanCamp accompanied a shipment of hogs to the local yards today. Mr. Van Camp carries on an extensive farm and stock business in Page county, Iowa.

For the best values in whiskies, try Hilgert's, 207 So. 6th St.—Adv.

Nodaway county, Missouri, was represented in the hog department here today by a one-car shipment sent in by M. B. Sherlock, a regular patron and warm friend of this market.

Try Hilgert's 25c merchants lunch and be convinced its the best in the city. 207 So. 6th St.—Adv.

E. M. Woodruff, of Taylor county, Iowa, boosted the stock receipts at this market today with a mixed car of stock that he sent in for the day's trading.

Champion Molasses Feed, cattle like it, cattle feeders like it, because it makes them money. Try a few cars. Champion Feed Co., Tarkio, Mo.—Adv

Wm. Reiher, a well-to-do farmer of Cedar county, Nebraska, sent in a car of mixed stock that realized him a neat profit on today's market.

Champion Molasses Feed shortens feeding period, increases gain, reduces cost per pound of gain, equally good with ensilage.—Adv.

E. C. Anderson was listed among the Nebraska shippers at the local yards today with stock for sale. Mr. Anderson forwarded a load of hogs from Franklin county.

For Sale—Double standard polled Durham bulls. A. J. Russell, R. F. D. No. 2, Crab Orchard, Neb.

A two-car consignment of cattle was turned over to stock buyers at the local yards today by L. M. Evans, of Dundy county, Nebraska. Mr. Evans was well satisfied with the outcome of his shipping to this market.

Columbus Club presents "Buttons," musical comedy, Lyceum Theatre, Monday and Tuesday, April 14 and 15.

J. S. Sellers and F. Loufheugh were among the Atchison county, Missouri, patrons at this point today. Mr. Sellers placed a two-car consignment of sheep on sale, while Mr. Loufheugh forwarded one car of hogs and a load of cattle.

NEW INDUSTRY HERE.

Ex-Congressman Peters to Establish Big Hog Serum Plant.

One of the most complete equipped laboratories for manufacturing anti-hog cholera serum in the world is being erected at the stock yards at this place, according to plans agreed upon by ex-Congressman Mason S. Peters.

It is claimed that Mr. Peters is the pioneer manufacturer of serum for the preventon of the dread disease of swine, having been the first to manufacture it for commercial use.

He now has paints at St. Louis, Kansas City, Sioux City, Wichita and Oklahoma City.

"Realizing the rapid growth of hog receipts at this market and also considering St. Joseph as a manufacturing center, I have decided to erect the finest and best serum plant and laboratories in the world at the St. Joseph stock yards, said Mr. Peters today.

"Work has begun and within a very short time we will be able to supply serum to thousands of hog raisers. The officials of the Stock Yards Company, the commission men and the packers and bankers are giving us untold assistance to the proposition of making hogs a safe crop by preventing hog cholera by treating all hogs by the serum methods as the prosperity of the farmer to a large measure due to profits made from hogs. The new plant being built at these yards will undoubtedly be better yet than any established for the manufacture of serum.

"The serum treatment as applied to hogs is one of the greatest boons to mankind," continued Mr. Peters. It was discovered by Dr. Marion Dorsett of the United States Department of Agriculture.

This is a serum age, the use of it for prevention of hog cholera is just in its infancy. When it is remembered that the losses from hog cholera in the United States last year was more than $40,000,000 and in the state of Iowa alone more than $12,000,000 and the Missouri hog census of 1912 was 70 per cent short of normal, its havoc to the farmers can be realized.

I think within a few years laws will require every pig to be vaccinated soon after birth. Vaccination of all pigs by the American method is now compulsory by Austria-Hungary. The government maintains a plant at Buda Pesth and farmers are compelled to procure serum from it.

Of course it would require an enormous outlay by the government to furnish all the serum needed. A report issued by one of the officials of Iowa recently stated that $4,000,000 worth of serum is needed for that state alone.

While Mr. Peters was a member of Congress, representing the Kansas City district, he induced the officials of the department of agriculture to make the first public demonstration of the serum treatment for the prevention of hog cholera.

This demonstration was made at the Kansas City stock yards and a herd of hogs immunized with serum was placed in a pen where hogs were dying every day. The result was highly successful, and as a result serum became konwn to the world as the report of that test was printed in every newspaper of note in this country and Europe.

Mr. Peters has recently had a bill passed in the closing days of the last Congress, making a trip to Washington for that purpose, which bill becomes effective July 1st, and provides for the government inspection of all serum. Some private companies are making an inferior product and I think it should all be inspected, just as the meat products and whisky is. The House of Representatives in Washington has appropriated a large sum for this inspection which is another endorsement of the serum treatment by the United States government.

Speaking of the government control of the manufacture of serum, Mr. Peters said: My son visited a number of European and South American countries last year and in all except one agricultural authorities were intensely interested in the newly discovered serum treatment of hog cholera, notwithstanding the fact that vaccination of swine is compulsory in Australia and has been proved an unqualified success in America, the English authorities were not interested in it in the slightest.

My son brought the attention of some of the most prominent officials of the British government to the American discovery. He was introduced to them by such men of prominence as the Earl of Rock Savage and Lord George Cholmondeley and Sir Wilfred Edgerton and others, but the officials of the agricultural department were indifferent. We do not care for any suggestions from Americans about how to take care of our swine, they say. This attitude seems all the more remarkable when it is remembered that red placards indicating swine plague as they call it over there are on almost every farm fence in England.

TOP NOTCH HORSE MARKET

Better Grade of Horses Sell at Very Best Price—Keep Poor Stock Home.

This week's offerings in the St. Joseph horse market show a decided increase over the past few weeks and the quality is of the best. Sales were spirited and the bidding topped anything recently. A good tip will be to keep your poor stock on the farm and send in only the best, as buyers are looking for the tone and quality. Price is no object here if the animal is right up to the minute. No healthier condition prevails anywhere than in the St. Joseph market.

WEATHER FORECAST.

For Missouri: Cloudy tonight with probably frost; Saturday generally fair with warmer west portion.

Kansas: Fair tonight with frost; Saturday fair with rising temperature.

Nebraska: Fair tonight; Saturday warmer, and in west portion tonight.

Iowa: Cloudy tonight with probably snow flurries in east portion; Saturday generally fair with warmer west and central portions.

If you are not receiving The Stock Yards Daily Journal regularly, kindly advise your commission firm or this office and the service will be regulated

WANT FEDERAL BUREAU

CREDITS CONGRESS SENDS COMMITTEE TO PRESIDENT WILSON.

ASK GOVERNMENT LOANS

Department Would Take Up Questions of Crops and Transportation, Too.

Chicago, April 11.—A committee authorized yesterday at the closing session of the conference on marketing and farm credits will go to Washington in a few days and present to President Wilson the conclusions of the 500 scientific agriculturists, financiers, and economists, who have met here for three days.

They will appeal for the establishment by the government of a bureau for the study of markets, crops, and cost of transporting foodstuff. They will insist that the appropriation of $50,000 for such an organization which is now pending be increased to $1,000,000. They will also ask for federal loans to farmers.

The chairman, Frank P. Holland, also will name a committee in each state to place the matter before the state government and secure favorable action.

Arrangements were undertaken for a second national conference to open in Chicago on April 14, 1914, and for an international conference at San Francisco in 1915.

The members of the committee which will go to Washington, include: Dr. J. H. Connell, of the Oklahoma agricultural college; Arthur Capper of Topeka, and Lieut. Gov. S. R. McKelvie of Nebraska.

INQUISITIVE STOCKMAN.

Finds Rooster Alive in a Gallon Jug.

Omaha, Neb., April 11.—Peter Richling, of Creighton, Neb., spent three days in Omaha just after the tornado had done its work, putting in a great deal of his time looking over the ruins. He was in search of some of the great phenomena which he had heard tornadoes frequently revealed. He found a prize, according to his friends who heard the story from Richling's own lips. Richling is not a scientist. He is a grower and feeder of live stock. Yet he searched the ruins for curiosities with a critical and discerning eye.

After the first day he came to the home of F. A. Wellman, 2302 South Thirty-third street, where he was visiting and reported that he had not yet found anything extraordinary. He was out for big game, such as trees, cloven asunder by the force of a flying piece of tin, or a large trunk of a tree driven through a little bathroom window 12x14 inches. He had heard the story told by Wilmer R. Blackett, who lives at Forty-ninth and Center streets, as to the tornado drawing all of the water out of the well, but that was not enough, he wanted to see some of these things with his own eyes.

So he kept on and covered the territory from the southwest corner of the city to where the tornado leaped into Cut-Off lake and was there about to give up in despair when he espied a gallon jug in upright position near the edge of the water. He looked and thought he detected a slight motion at the top. Approaching, he made a closer inspection and found the supposed cork was ont a cork, but was something alive.

"There was a live rooster in that jug," said Richling in relating the find, "and he had his head sticking out of the hole." Mr. Richling stopped his search for phenomena at once. He did not show his find to his friends, but said he expressed the jugged rooster to Creighton.

FIANCEE WILL WAIT.

School Teacher Says "Yes" to Scientist Who Goes to Arctic.

Champion, Ill., April 11.—Most American girls would refuse an engagement lasting three years. If they knew that in all that time they would never see the man of their choice, would never receive a message or a letter and indeed would not know if he was alive or dead, they could hardly be blamed for saying "No."

Miss Augusta May Krieger of Peoria, young graduate of the University of Illinois, principal of the high school at Highland Park, Ill., did not say "No." That is why her engagement to W. Elmer Ekblaw, University of Illinois scientist, has been announced.

Ekblaw will depart in June as a member of the MacMillan Arctic expedition for a dangerous journey to the greatest unexplored region in the Arctic circle. Crocker Land, a territory half a million miles square, is the goal of the explorers. Three years is the time allotted.

Ekblaw is to be scientist. Fate has dealt harshly with scientists on recent polar expeditions. Marvin of the Peary pole-winning trip was drowned. Schei, Nansen's savant, died soon after returning, before he had an opportunity to compile his data, and advices from Norway tell of the failure of a German Arctic expedition. But Ekblaw was not daunted.

He gained the reluctant consent of his father and mother. There was yet the young woman with whom he had "palled" in college. Would she consent to wait?

She would. Ekblaw is certain that he can win success with a girl back home like Miss Krieger waiting for him.

"Whatever success I won in college is due to her," says Ekblaw.

THEATRICAL AMUSEMENTS.

At the Lyceum—One night only, Friday, April 11, Donald Brian, in "The Siren," the best musical comedies. Seat sale now on.

At the Orpheum—Moving pictures and vaudeville.

At the Lyric—Vaudeville and moving pictures.

At the Bijou Dream—Moving pictures. Pictures change daily.

The Mongolian race is the largest.

STOCK YARDS DAILY JOURNAL

The St. Joseph Journal Publishing Co., Publishers.

W. E. WARRICK, Editor and Manager.

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PACKERS TO CONTEST.

At the request of the officers of the American Meat Packers' Association an extensive hearing was held before Secretary Houston and Assistant Secretary Galloway of the Department of Agriculture at Washington upon the order of the Bureau of Animal Industry, issued under date of February 28, restricting the use of cereal in certain kinds of sausage to 2 per cent., and water to 3 per cent, says the National Provisioner. The secretary, in a decision rendered, refused either to suspend the order or to grant an extension for further consideration, leaving the order to go into effect April 1.

It is entirely probable that this order will be the subject of a test suit in the federal courts, to determine whether the government has the right to issue such an order, and whether it is based upon proper legal grounds.

The arguments advanced against the order limiting cereal and water in certain kinds of sausage were:

First—That the government has no legal authority for the issuance of such an order.

Second—That its enforcement would materially raise the prices of the class of sausage affected, and that it would take away from consumers a large volume of wholesome food product, which absolutely could not be produced should such an order be enforced generally.

Third—That neither water nor cereal is unwholesome, and that neither is used as an "adulterant."

Fourth—That as far back as history goes it is known that water, cereal and meat have been the component parts of sausage.

These points were argued at length, and sincerely, but after consideration the secretary refused to recognize them.

Not as a part of the argument, but as an indication of the effect of the order, it was shown that one of the principal effects of it would be to throw this class of trade into uninspected houses, and, therefore, by indirection the public would suffer instead of benefiting.

It was also shown that this and many other unnecessary regulations were tending to increase the cost of living, and that it should be the purpose of the department to conserve our meat food supplies instead of placing such restrictions around them as will make their manufacture commercially impossible or economically beyond the reach of the mass of consumers.

In the course of the representations made to the secretary it was stated that the bureau officials have not taken into consideration sufficiently the necessity for considering the commercial aspects of the packing house industry; that the viewpoint of the department is that of the theorist and not the practical man; and that as a result the increasingly complicated regulations not only add to expense, but create friction and uncertainty, both on the part of the packers and of the inspectors charged with the enforcement of the law.

It was pointed out that the government is practically running the packing house business today, but that those charged with authority have not sufficient advice from practical men to understand the requirements of a manufacturing establishment.

It was impressed upon the secretary that the packers have uniformly assisted the department in enforcing the law, and have accepted every rule and regulation issued, but that they have now reached a point where they feel that the government must either take their situation under consideration, or they must insist upon their rights.

The representatives of the meat packing industry, large and small, who were present at this hearing, felt that they received a very impartial hearing from Secretary Houston, but that as he is totally unacquainted with the operation of the meat inspection law during the last six and one-half years, he was not in a position to pass judgment upon the merits of the case.

If the contemplated suit is brought the courts will decide just what jurisdiction the department has in this and similar matters, and it is believed that the officials of the bureau of animal industry will welcome a decision which will show just how far their authority extends.

The order issued by former Secretary Wilson just before his retirement which gave rise to the present action, and which is now in force, amends the regulations regarding sausage as follows:

Section 16. Paragraph 1. Sausage shall not contain cereal in excess of two per cent. When cereal is added its presence shall be stated on the label or on the product.

Paragraph 2. Water or ice shall not be added to sausage except for the purpose of facilitating grinding, chopping and mixing, in which case the added water or ice shall not exceed three per cent., except as provided in the following paragraph.

Paragraph 3. Sausages of the class which are smoked or cooked, such as Frankfurt style, Vienna style and Bologna style, may contain added water in excess of three per cent., but not in excess of an amount sufficient to make the product palatable. When water (in excess of three per cent) and cereal are added to this class of sausages the statement "Sausage, water and cereal" shall appear on the label or on the product, but when no cereal is added the addition of water need not be stated.

Daddy's Bedtime Story—

The Lion and The Man With The Bicycle.

The Lion Looked Surprised.

JACK said when he grew up he meant to go away off to some wild country and hunt lions.

"And you'll be good and scared, too," was Evelyn's kind hint to her brother.

"No, I won't, either," replied Jack. 'I'm no fraid cat, I'm not. Am I, daddy?"

"I hope not," daddy replied. "Still, I'm not sure that I wouldn't be pretty badly scared myself if I should meet a lion.

"I read a story of a man who lived in South Africa. He was helping to build a railroad there. In some places the railroad was being built right through the midst of wild jungles where there were all sorts of fierce animals.

"Now, most wild beasts unless you attack them or they have been made angry before they meet you will slink away.

"The man of whom I am telling you was an engineer. He had charge of gangs of black men who were digging and shoveling and laying tracks. As he had to keep an eye on a good long piece of road, he had a bicycle on which he rode up and down the country.

"One evening he was coming down the road to his home when he noticed a large animal walking along in the road a short distance in front of him. It came trotting up, and what was his horror to see that it was a big lion. The lion looked at the man on the bicycle in surprise. 'Here is a new kind of human creature in my jungle,' the lion may have said to himself. 'He can run faster than the ostrich. I must know more about him.'

"The engineer had heard a good deal about lions and their queer ways. One thing he had heard was that lions are very inquisitive.

"So to puzzle the lion he got down from his bicycle and, putting it on his head, began to carry it in this way.

"The lion looked surprised, and when the engineer managed to pass it by cutting round the side of the path and started to walk toward his camp the lion followed after, wagging his tail thoughtfully and no doubt making up his mind that a mean creature who could take off what seemed part of his body and carry it on his head was worth studying.

"He followed the railroad man for eight miles, and when they came in sight of the camp the lion dodged off into the jungle.

"And when he reached camp the engineer's companions said that likely as not his trick had saved his life. Well, just the same, I have great respect for a lion who would rather learn something than have a good dinner. In that he is ahead of some human folks I know."

IN WOMAN'S REALM

BEDSPREAD IN APPLIQUE.

A bedspread in applique cut work is very effective. Any pattern in the form of a stencil could be used, for in this work parts of the pattern are cut out, the underlying material throwing the cut design into relief.

After the pattern is traced on the spread a border on each side with a motif in the center, it is basted to an underlay. As the underlay shows the pattern of the cut work, it is best to have it of some contrasting material.

A white linen spread with an underlay of either pink or blue linen would be very effective, especially if the principal color in the room were either pink or blue, says a Chicago Inter Ocean writer.

After the pattern is firmly basted to the underlay, the pattern is cut out with a pair of sharp scissors. The edges are then neatly overhanded to the material underneath. The overhand stitches are then covered with embroidery, which is done over and over in a narrow satin stitch.

Strips of linen can be sewed together to secure the desired width and the seams covered with narrow satin stitch to correspond to the embroidery on the cut work.

* * *

COLLARED CALF'S HEAD.

Material required: One calf head, 1 pound lean raw ham, cut in thin strips; two hard-boiled eggs, two tablespoonfuls finely chopped parsley, one blade of mace, twelve peppercorns, six cloves, one onion, one small carrot, one stalk of celery, one-half bayleaf, salt and pepper.

Method of preparing: Have the butcher cut the head in halves and remove the brains and tongue. Reserve them for another dish. Wash the head thoroughly and soak several hours in cold, salted water. Drain; put into a kettle, cover with cold water and bring quickly to the boiling point; boil fifteen minutes; skim off the scum which rises to the top; add the vegetables and seasonings, using one teaspoonful of salt; simmer about two hours, or until the meat will slip easily from the bones. Take the meat from the kettle and remove the bones. Spread a layer of meat in a brick loaf pan; season with salt and pepper; place on the meat half of the strips of ham and one of the eggs cut in slices; add more meat, ham and eggs until all are used. Pour over enough of the stock in which the head was cooked to cover the meat; cover with buttered paper and steam one hour, or cook in a moderate oven the same length of time. Cool in the pan in which it is cooked and thoroughly chill before serving. To remove from the pan, set the pan for a moment in warm water and turn the meat on a board. Slice with a sharp knife.

The tongue can be cooked in the kettle with the head, and when done, taken from the water, the skin removed and served either hot or cold.

The brains can be used for making croquettes.

* * *

CROQUETTES OF CALF'S BRAINS.

Material required: One pair of brains, three cloves, one tablespoonful lemon juice, one-half bay leaf, one-half cupful of flour, one teaspoonful baking powder, one egg, one-fourth cupful of milk, salt.

Method of preparing: Soak the brains in cold water one hour. Remove the membranes and parboil twenty minutes in salted water to which have been added lemon juice and other seasonings. Remove from the stove and let stand in the water until cold. Drain; dry in a towel and separate in pieces. Make a batter of the flour, baking powder, egg and milk and one-half teaspoonful salt. Add the brains. Have a frying pan one-quarter filled with hot fat; set in it muffin rings. Fill the rings half full of the brain mixture. When brown on one side, turn and brown on the other side.

A popular song has this refrain: "I don't know why I love you, but I do." Don't try to discover the why of loving. Trying to find out why one loves results as tragically as punching a hole in a drum to see what makes the noise.

The successful dairy farmer must provide winter feed of a succulent nature. The silo is the best answer and next to this is roots. These are becoming more popular every year.

MANUEL BACK TO THRONE

Portugal's Former King Declares He Will Resume Crown.

Lisbon, April 11.—Former King Manual of Portugal declares: "I foresee that I shall soon return to the throne of Portugal," in an interview published recently in the newspaper Correio.

Manuel outlines a program of social and economic reform which he intends to introduce when he returns.

"The condition of Portugal," he says, "is deplorable. Actual despotism, has replaced parliamentary self-government and this despotism is controlling the courts of justice while neglecting the country's agriculture, commerce and industry."

PREPARE TO USE CANAL.

German Steamship Lines Apply for Storage Space.

Washington, D. C., April 11.—The great German steamship lines already are preparing for the opening of the Panama Canal, a representative of fifteen of them having applied to the Isthmian Canal commission for sufficient space on the Isthmus to store 15,000 tons of coal, with arrangements for an increase of this capacity later. The commission is drawing its plans for the establishment of an adequate supply for shipping that may use the canal, encouraging individual dealers to establish their own plants and framing regulations to prevent monopoly or excessive charge to consumers.

PLAN $400,000 EXPLOSION

Government Sets Off Torpedoes to Test Its Own Make.

Newport, R. I., April 11.—Four hundred thousand dollars' worth of torpedoes, the first made by the navy department, will be discharged in Newport Harbor as a preliminary test of the government-built product.

There are seventy-five torpedoes in the lot, of the Whitehead type.

They were built here at the government factory, where, according to naval officers, the cost of manufacture is less than the price heretofore paid to foreign makers.

SAW THINGS IN A NEW LIGHT

Factory Proprietor Brought to Realize Value of Sanitary Surroundings for His Workpeople.

Scott Nearing tells in his book, Social Religion, about a factory inspector who insisted that the owner of the factory whitewash the inside of the building.

"'Whitewash this factory,' stormed the owner. 'Why, I can't afford it; it will cost me $1,500!'

"'You will obey my order, or I'll swear out a warrant,' said the inspector.

"The building was whitewashed. On his next visit, six months later, the owner greeted the inspector cordially.

"'You remember the row we had about the whitewash?'

"'Yes, indeed.'

"'Well, sir, that $1,500 was the best money I ever laid out. The building hadn't been touched for ten years, and the whitewash makes it look like new. It is wonderfully cheerful and bright—and the girls have done so much better work that I believe I have already got my money back.'"

Mr. Nearing's comment is that every improvement which makes a more livable place pays. It is to be questioned how many employers and owners of buildings would accept this statement. If a large proportion of them would, the first big advance would be made toward real social religion.—Buffalo Express.

BEGAN GREAT CAREERS EARLY

English and American Actresses Who Showed Possession of Genius When They Were Children.

It has been said that seldom do infant stage prodigies fulfill the expectations of the future. As a matter of fact, however, many of our leading actresses began their stage careers when they were children.

Ellen Terry, for instance, made her first appearance in "A Winter's Tale" when she was eight; her sister Kate when she was seven; her niece Beatrice when she was ten, and another niece, Minnie, when she was three; while Marion Terry played Ophelia when she was seventeen. Winifred Emery (Mrs. Cyril Maude) made her first appearance on the stage in "The Green Bushes" when she was eight, and gained her first success when she was seventeen.

Referring to American actresses, one might mention Maud Adams, perhaps one of the most successful of Mr. Frohman's "stars," who first appeared on the stage when she was a baby of nine months old, and was a favorite at the age of sixteen. Julia Marlowe made her first appearance in a juvenile production of "H. M. S. Pinafore" when she was twelve; while Maud Fealy first played when she was three.

Unclaimed Lottery Prizes.

Many lottery prizes remain unclaimed. In France at the present time there is said to be $600,000 in lottery money going abegging for want of claimants. At the recent Brussels exhibition lottery, the first prize of $40,000 remained unclaimed for weeks, but the owner of the winning ticket was discovered at last. Just before the drawing of the lottery a young Belgian miner was killed by a fall, and buried, according to custom, in his clothes. Not until he had been dead some time did the advertisements for the lottery winner remind the young man's friends that he had bought a ticket, which might have been buried with him. They obtained permission to exhume the body, and in a waistcoat pocket was found the ticket, which, had he lived, would have made him rich.

Sickening Worship of Dog.

Offley Wee Blackie, champion Pomeranian, arrived at San Francisco in a private car and immediately disappeared, to be relayed along through three pairs of hands to a mysterious woman, who paid $5,000 for him.

The dog weighs three pounds and four ounces, but the woman who wanted him would have paid more than the $96 an ounce that he cost had it been necessary, to get him.

Offley Wee's ticket from New York to Chicago cost $595. Rather, his tickets cost that amount, because his custodian had to buy 17 of them at $35 apiece so that the dog might have a special Pullman car to himself.

Balkan Kings Speak English.

A peculiarity of the three Balkan rulers, King Ferdinand, King Peter and King Nicholas, is the admirable manner in which they all speak English. That King Ferdinand, a Saxe-Coburg and a kinsman of our royal family, and King Peter, who has spent most of his life in the capitals of Europe, should be conversant with our language is not, after all, astonishing, but it is curious that King Nicholas, who has reigned over his little nation of herdsmen and shepherds for five and forty years, and seldom crosses his own frontier, should be the most perfect English scholar of the three.—London Letter in New York Sun.

Dogs Haul $1,000,000 2,000 Miles.

More than $1,000,000 in gold was brought to Seattle, Wash., by the steamer Mariposa from Cordova, Alaska, having been more than two months in transit from the Iditariod district.

From Iditariod to Chitina, more than 2,000 miles, the gold was hauled on dog sleds. At Chitina it was placed on a train and caught between two snow slides that tied up traffic more than a month. During that time the express company's guards, heavily armed, watched over the treasure.

2 RIDE 400 MILES WELL FED

H. M. Ruby and Companion Never Missed Meal in Adventure.

Macon, Mo., April 11.—"Cornbread and sorghum molasses," replied Harry M. Rubey, persident of the Rubey Trust Company, when asked what was the food he and Ed Wilson had during their horseback ride from Macon to Hot Springs.

The Arkansas travelers have just returned and were talking about their adventures.

"We braved 400 miles through the Ozark Mountains, where we encountered snow, sleet, rain and wind storms, but we never missed a meal and were not held up once.

"They don't know what a tramp is in that country. Everywhere the people treated us like kings, and it was hard to make the mountaineers take pay. We were seventeen days on the road, the last day before reaching Hot Springs being traveled in the rain."

Mr. Rubey and his companion are collecting hats and cigars from their friends who wagered they would not make the entire trip on horseback.

WHEAT IN GOOD CONDITION

Average in April 1 Was 91.6 Per Cent of a Normal.

Washington, D. C., April 11.—The average condition of winter wheat on April 1 was 91.6 per cent of a normal, compared with 80.6 last year, 83.3 in 1911 and 86.3, the ten-year average. There was a decline of 1.6 points from December to April 1, compared with an average decline of 3.6 points in the past ten years.

The average condition of rye was 89.3 per cent of a normal, compared with 87.9 last year, 89.3 in 1911 and 90.1, the ten-year average.

ONION ACREAGE SMALL.

Corpus Christi Country Will Have About 250 Acres.

Corpus Christi, Tex., April 10.—Truckers say the onion acreage in the Corpus Christi district will not be large, not in excess of 250 acres, with about the same in cabbage. Callallen will probably have 300 acres in cabbage and perhaps will make a car to the acre, or 300 cars in all. The crop conditions for cabbage and onions are good.

There will be about 1,000 acres planted in cucumbers in this vicinity and under normal conditions, the crop should reach 250 cars.

Experimenters say it takes about ten bushels of corn to make 100 pounds of pork, but when the corn is fed with skimmilk, seven bushels will make the same weight.

MANY HAVE TO QUIT WORK

Whose Health Fail and Doctors Cannot Find the Cause.

Many Find the United Doctors in Time and Are Restored.

When a man's health begins to fail he is not fit for business, even if he is able to be up and around, his thoughts are not as clear—his mind is not on his work, and as a consequence things go wrong and he ceases to prosper.

When a man is sick his nerves become weakened, he loses his ambition, he is not "keen," at such a time he needs medical advice, good medical advice, and he needs it at once. If he is fortunate in finding a doctor who understands his case he is quickly cured and built up and is saved a world of worry, suffering and expense.

If he goes to doctors who do not understand his case, he not only loses the money he pays the doctors but what's much more important, he loses valuable time. He not only loses time from his business but gets worse, disease tightens its grip on him and he may even become incurable, simply by wasting valuable time with incompetent treatment.

It is at such times as this that the expert services of the United Doctors, who have their St. Joseph institute on the second floor of 720 Felix street, is needed. Their skill in diagnosis enables them to locate the real cause of the trouble, and their wonderful new United system of treatment, embracing as it does the best of all the various schools of practice, will quickly effect a cure in any chronic condition that is not beyond the reach of medicine. Many old chronic cases, that could not even be helped by ordinary medicine are quickly cured by their wonderful new system of treatment, as thousands of Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska and Iowa people have joyfully testified.

It's much the cheapest in the long run to consult the United Doctors first if possible, for every patient accepted by them is practically assured of good results, as they use the greatest care in selecting patients for treatment and do not solicit or desire the incurable.

Mr. A. Lawson, Ravenwood, Mo., writes: "I am getting along fine under your treatment for rheumatism. The only time I feel it now at all is just before storms. I am greatly improved and thank you many times for what you have done for me."

Hundreds of testimonials are on file in the United Doctors' offices from people all over the country, some of them your friends or neighbors very likely, and you can believe what they say about these specialists. These patients were cured of many different chronic diseases and are glad to say so in order that they may help others.—Adv.

VARICOCELE CURED IN 5 DAYS

Without Knife, Pain or Danger

During 27 years in Kansas City, I have cured thousands of cases of Varicocele, Hydrocele and allied nervous troubles. With my original method failure is impossible. The knotted veins, pain, nervousness, weakness and other symptoms quickly disappear. Write for illustrated book "WITHOUT THE KNIFE," and full particulars free, sealed. Call or address

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Brady's Gigantic Spring Lace Curtain Sale

Remarkable Savings in Curtains

Our entire $25,000 stock of draperies will be offered for one week only at a saving of from 30 to 50 per cent. If you have any idea of buying curtains this spring we offer you an exceptional opportunity. Nothing reserved in our entire stock, so you have unrestricted choice. We show all exclusive and novelty effects not found in the small departments elsewhere.

$3.50 Cluny Curtains Reduced to $2.50 a Pair

Both Arab and white, made on heavy French net and neat linen edging. Others reduced from

Pair	Pair
$4.50 to $3.50	$7.50 to $5.50
$5.00 to $3.75	$8.00 to $6.00
$6.00 to $4.50	$9.00 to $6.75
$6.50 to $5.00	$10.00 to $7.00

$1.00 Couch Covers Reduced to 75c Each

Oriental stripes fringed all around. Others reduced from

Each	Each
$2.00 to $1.25	$5.00 to $4.00
$2.50 to $2.00	$6.00 to $4.50
$3.50 to $2.50	$7.50 to $5.00

$4.00 Battenberg Curtains Reduced to $2.25 a Pair

Made on heavy French net in Arabian color, suitable for dining room or library. Others reduced from

Pair	Pair
$6.00 to $4.50	$9.00 to $7.00
$7.50 to $5.00	$10.00 to $7.50

$1.25 Cross Stripe Madras Curtains Reduced to 75c a Pair

Neat stripes in blue, green, yellow, pink, nice for overdraperies or dining rooms. Others reduced from

Pair	Pair
$1.50 to $1.00	$2.50 to $1.75
$2.00 to $1.50	$3.00 to $2.00

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Local Quotations Corrected to Date by Local Dealers.

The following quotations are furnished daily by the St. Joseph Hay Receivers and Shippers association for the benefit of Stock Yards Daily Journal readers:

Timothy—Choice, $12.50@13; No. 1, $11@12.50; No. 2, $8.50@11; No. 3, $6@8.

Clover mixed—Choice, $12@12.50; No. 1, $11@12; No. 2, $9@10.50; No. 3, $6@9.50.

Clover—Choice, $11@12; No. 1, $10@11; No. 2, $7@9.50.

Prairie—Choice, $10.50@11; No. 1, $9@10; No. 2, $7.50@9; No. 3, $5.50@7.50.

Alfalfa—Choice, $15@16; No. 1, $13@14.50; No. 2, $10@12; No. 3, $7.50@9.50.

Straw—$4@5.

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The following quotations are furnished daily by the Kansas City Receivers and Shippers association for the benefit of Stock Yards Daily Journal readers and advertisements following are reliable Kansas City hay and grain merchants who solicit your consignments or orders:

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Clover—Choice, $11@12; No. 1, $9.50@10.50; No. 2, $7@9.

Prairie—Choice, $10.25@10.75; No. 1, $9@10; No. 2, $7@8.50; No. 3, $5.50@7.

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Our long experience together with the large volume of business handled enables us to show results excelled by no firm anywhere. Daily market reports if you desire. Write us.

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Holland Gin, jugs or bottles	$3.00 to $4.00
Brandy, grape, apple, peach	$3.00 to $4.00
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Advertise it in The Journal

SNOWBALL'S RETURN

Young Prodigal Saved the Widow's Cow and Won Wife for Father.

By MADELINE ADA LEIGHTON.

"We have been friends for a good many years, Lydia."

"And let us continue the same, Daniel."

The scene was in the neat parlor of the village home of Miss Lydia Parker, spinster. Her caller—and suitor—was Daniel Brackett, ten years a widower. They were a well-matched couple, she in the matchless perfection of mature loveliness of face, figure and mind; he in the strength of a really noble manhood.

"I have waited a long time to ask you the question nearest to my heart," he went on. "I am disappointed, Lydia—and a trifle hurt."

"Daniel," said Mr. Lydia, "we can be straightforward with each other. I was the school girl friend of your dear wife. I am the friend of her lonely, wandering boy. You have asked me if I would marry you. I will not answer that question till you have taken Wilfrid back where he belongs—to your home and your love."

Daniel Brackett took up his hat and left the house. He was not only troubled, but sad. Wilfrid, his boy, had been a wild, reckless lad, impulsive, always in difficulties, but wholehearted and generous to a fault. One or two boyish scrapes the indulgent father had overlooked. Then one night the son was a member of a Hallowe'en party which wound up in an accidental blaze. A farmer's barn was burned down. Mr. Brackett paid fifty dollars to prevent trouble for Wilfrid, and banished him from the house.

"When you have earned that fifty dollars and repaid it," said the father sternly, "you may come back to your home. Not before."

That was six months since. From that day until this no word had come from the homeless lad. Forty miles

Somehow the People of the Town Found Out What the Strange Procession Meant.

away from Brandon, however, at the very hour when that important interview was in progress, young Wilfrid Brackett, brisk, happy-faced and bright as a dollar, was making his way down a stretch of railroad, whistling merrily.

Wilfrid had "made good." Better than that, he had become good. He could laugh over his youthful follies now, and not believe himself very much of a sinner. Still, he experienced a cleanly, chastened sentiment in his heart that made him feel that he would be welcomed at the place he was bound for—home.

"I've done the right thing," he told himself as he trudged along. "Father set me a task. Well, I've learned it. I got a job among the clam shell fishers up Dalton river, had some luck, and I'm going home not only with the fifty dollars, but as much more to the good."

Wilfrid stepped aside to allow a slow moving freight train to pass him. Then he gave a great start as its last cars swung around the long curve. He stared in sheer wonderment at the figure of a little girl not more than ten years of age, clinging to the top of the iron ladder on one side of the car and huddled up against its rounds.

"The mischief!" uttered the astounded boy. "She must be scared to death, or the pluckiest girl I ever saw."

Wilfrid posed to catch at the ladder as the car reached him, swung under the clinging child, and supported her against his arms. She was softly crying.

"See here, little girl," gasped Wilfrid, "what are you ever doing here?"

"Snowball," was the single response.

"Who's Snowball?"

"She's our own dear cow. They're taking her away from grandma, who is sick in bed. If she finds out that Snowball has been taken away, she'll just die, I know she will. Grandma raised Snowball. She's one of the family, and we get half our living from her milk."

"And where is Snowball?" questioned the bewildered lad.

"She's in this car. I saw the man drive her in here from the cattle pen. I won't leave her till I find out where he's taking her, and I can take her back to grandma."

Just here the train took a siding and halted. Wilfrid made the child climb down to the ground and rest her tired arms, by telling her that he would "see about things."

A brakeman and another man came strolling from the caboose. They stared strangely at the pair. Wilfrid began to explain. The man with the brakeman smiled before the narrative was concluded.

"Poor little thing!" he said. "I'm sorry for her, but she don't understand how affairs stand. I'm a constable from the county seat. Mrs. Granby owed some money, and there's an execution out. I didn't want to disturb her by levying on her household goods, so I took the cow."

"And this brave little child followed poor Snowball," said Wilfrid. "Officer, is the amount very much?"

"Forty dollars and costs," was the reply, with a sympathetic look at the child. "I'd pay it out of my own pocket if I wasn't a poor man."

"If I can pay it, will you release the cow?" asked Wilfrid.

"Yes, and throw off my fees, gladly," replied the officer.

Wilfrid was parting with hard-earned, proudly-prized savings, but he felt like a royal kind as the transaction was completed, a slanting platform run up to the car, and Snowball delivered into his keeping.

The officer wiped away a suspicious moisture from his eye as the little girl threw her arms around the neck of the snowy white animal, cried over her recovered pet, and then laughed for joy.

It was only ten miles back to her home. Wilfrid led Snowball with a halter. Part of the way the girl rode on her back.

Somehow the people of the town found out what the strange procession meant. An enterprising reporter eagerly gathered up the material for a good story, and when Wilfrid left the happy child and her pet at their home, the wires were clicking an incident of rare human interest all over the country. The afternoon papers had it, including the Brandon Evening Telegram.

"I told you Wilfrid was worth while. I knew he had the making of a grand man in him—and what do you say now, Daniel Brackett?" demanded Miss Cynthia at the Brackett home at eight o'clock that evening. She pointed to the newspaper she had brought with her on her impetuous, unceremonious visit.

"Yes," answered Mr. Bracket humbly, "Wilfrid is a splendid boy."

"You start right out finding him, Daniel Brackett," ordered the spinster sharply, "or I'll never speak to you again."

"No need, father! Miss Parker!" cried a cheery voice, and the boy in question burst into the room.

The warm, fatherly greeting made everything all right, but it was the emotional Miss Cynthia who caressed Wilfrid and wept over him, and was proud of him for his unselfishness.

"There's that fifty dollars, father," said Wilfrid in a business like way, placing a roll of bills on the table.

Mr. Brackett pushed it back sheepishly. Miss Lydia's eyes twinkled. Her would-be suitor sidled up to her.

"That question I asked you this morning, Lydia?" he insinuated gently.

Miss Warner placed a loving arm about Wilfrid.

"I'll think about the answer," she said simply.

(Copyright, 1913, by W. G. Chapman.)

FIX VALUE OF HUMAN LIFE

In England, It Would Seem, It Is Appraised at the Sum of $100.

English editorial writers, gravely commenting on the slight value attaching to human life in Mexico, quite overlooked a couple of cases which were reported in the columns devoted to local news. The first case which failed to receive the attention of the editorial writers was that of Moorhouse, the well known aviator, who was fined $100 and costs for killing a carter by the reckless driving of an automobile.

The other case was that of a school teacher, twenty-seven years old, who had been teaching school for ten years. Her salary was $50 a year. In order to support herself and her mother she has had to eke out her salary by working as a waitress in a restaurant. Recently a member of the school committee recommended that the teacher's salary should be increased to $100 a year. The committee has not yet acted on the recommendation.

Found at Last.

Joe D. Blades, the noted inventor, who resides in the wilds of Bracken county, says he has found perpetual motion, and is building an automobile to be propelled by this power. He says that the power to run the automobile will be produced by springs. When one spring is running down the other one is winding up, thus creating perpetual motion. The auto is now about completed and he says it will be on the road in a short time. It is a self-starter. When you sit down in the seat the machine is put in motion; when you get up it stops.—Falmouth (Ky.) Outlook.

Sensible Father.

"You say you want to marry my daughter?"

"Yes, sir. After thinking the matter over I have reached that conclusion."

"You have, eh? Well, I want her to marry a man who is not so all-fired deliberate!"

AEROPLANE SAFE AS A SHIP

Frenchman Declared to Have Perfected Invention Which Practically Does Away With Danger.

The Louis Le Grand High school, Paris, France, where President-elect Poincaire was a pupil, recently gave a fete in his honor. A branch of the National Aerial league was inaugurated in the school at the same time, relates a cable dispatch.

Rene Quinton, the president of the league, announced that the automatic stability of the aeroplane can be regarded as having been solved by Moreau's invention, the tests of which had been checked by General Hirschauer, the head of the army aviation department. Moreau, with a passenger, had made a flight of 35 minutes without touching his levers, except for ascending and descending. The wind at the time was blowing 23 feet a second.

Moreau has worked for six years on his invention but has been greatly impeded by his modest resources. He is the father of six children and earns his living by soliciting orders for printing. His invention depends on the pendulum principle. The motor is affixed to the plane itself and the basket containing the pilot is slung below. The wings act as a swing, automatically moving the levers, which act on the planes and correct the effect of sudden gusts and changes in the wind. This secures both lateral and longitudinal stability.

General Hirschauer's attention was attracted to the invention at the last aeronautic salon and he hopes to secure it for the state.

ELECTRICITY TO AGE CHEESE

Hollander Announces Complete Success of Most Important Experiments He Had Undertaken.

Another use has been found for electricity, that of aging cheese. An industrial electrician of Rotterdam, Holland, through a long series of experiments found that he could take an absolutely fresh cheese and in one day actually "age" it two years. In other words, by means of electricity he would make this fresh cheese have all the consistency, taste and appearance of a fine cheese that had been stored away and carefully aged for two years.

He takes a fresh cheese and subjects it to an alternating current. At the end of twenty-four hours of constant alternating electrical currents through this cheese it possesses all the properties of a fine two-year-old cheese.

This has naturally aroused great interest in Holland, where cheese-making is one of the big industries. It is said the electrician claims he can do many other things with cheese by means of electricity, including an apparatus that will enable the manufacturer to so graduate and direct electrical action of this nature as to give cheese any taste desired and any consistency that may be needed to supply the wants of a fastidious market.

Incendiary Bullet.

Tests have been made in Germany with a special projectile which is intended to repel dirigibles and which is designed not only to pierce a gas envelope but also to set fire to the gas. This projectile, fired from the old German rifle known as "model 71," which has a caliber of 11 millimeters, is provided with little wings that open in flight under the influence of a spring, compressed while the projectile is still in the rifle barrel, but expanded as soon as the muzzle is passed. An ordinary bullet leaves such a small hole in an envelope that the gas escapes through it but slowly. The wings on the improvel bullet tear a hole of appreciable size in the fabric. What is more, they retard the bullet sufficiently to cause a friction device to ignite fulminate contained in the bullet. It is said that experiments conducted at Neumannswald gave encouraging results.—Scientific American.

Lifeboats on Guide Rails.

Commander Eaton, R. N., has invented an interesting device for the lowering of boats at sea with the minimum of danger to passengers, which is now under the consideration of the board of trade, according to a London dispatch. Commander Eaton has devoted considerable attention to the subject and has a practical knowledge of boat work at sea.

His system is the provision of lifts down the side of the ship, so designed that the boat rests on a platform which slides down guide rails fixed to the ship's sides. The boats themselves swing on gimbals, so that no matter at what angle the ship may swing the boats remain upright and there is no danger of their being overturned while descending or of being dashed against the sides of the vessel.

The Ocean Is Dusty.

When the decks of ships are rubbed and cleaned each morning great quantities of dust are invariably found. In the modern steamship this could be accounted for by the tons of carbon which are poured forth daily by the funnels, but the curious thing is that the deck of a sailing ship shows a greater quantity of this material than that of the steamship. In an Atlantic trip, occupying ninety-seven days by sailing ship, twenty-four barrels of powder were swept from the deck. The captain took extended observations of the amounts collected daily, but found nothing which assisted him to clear the mystery.

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We Will Sell Without Reservation

500 Head of Horses 500

Consisting of Heavy Draft Horses and Mares, Farm Chunks, Wagon Horses and Nice Southern Mares.

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Consisting of Heavy Mules and Good Bone Farm Mules.

Farmers—If you need any good brood mares or good farm mules why not buy your requirements at our market, where you can select just what you want and at satisfactory prices? We guarantee all animals to be as represented. You can buy cheaper and better than at any country sale. We want your business. Attend our next sale or write us your wants.

We will hold regular weekly auction sales every Friday, at which will be a choice assortment of both horses and mules.

WANTED TO BUY

Horses, Mares and Mules

from 4 to 8 years old. Stock must be fat and broken to work. Highest cash price paid. We carry a nice line of young mules for farmers.

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Imported Stallions—Percheron, Shire, Belgian

Each year we show our new importation the same month they land. Each year they win more than all other exhibitors combined. At the American Royal this year we won 2nd on 4-year-old Percheron; 1st, 3rd and 4th on 3-year-old; 1st and 3rd on 2-year-old, and 1st and Champ. on group of five stallions. All are for sale. Our guarantee and insurance are the best. Our horses are the best.

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We Are in the Market Every Day for Cattle, Hogs and Sheep

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Did you know that we were the pioneer builders of a one-row and two-row wheel disc cultivator? The Steel King Two-row Wheel Disc Cultivator holds this distinguished position today in the listing territory. The fair fields of Nebraska, Kansas, Oklahoma, South Dakota, Iowa and Missouri can tell wonderful stories of nourishment and new life after cultivation from the Steel King. All disc bearings guaranteed for the life of the machine. This means a saving to you of $10 for repairs.

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Than you can get at home.

The "Dutton Way" Makes It Possible. Absolutely Painless Extraction of Teeth and Nerves.

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Does the work of 100 gallons of water and throws a stream of chemical 50 feet. Reduces insurance rates 10 per cent. Get our prices before you buy.

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MISTLETOE

—SOLD BY—

The Hammond Packing Co.

St. Joseph, Mo.

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You KNOW it is good and pure—the Government's Green Stamp over the cork is your protection.

NO MATTER what others may promise—no matter how tempting their offers may seem—*see* if they offer *Bottled-in-Bond* whiskey—and remember—there is only one way you can be *sure* of getting pure, straight whiskey—and that is to *insist* on Bottled-in-Bond.

That's what we offer you—Hayner Private Stock Bottled-in-Bond Whiskey—rich, pure and delicious—shipped in *sealed* case—Direct from Distillery—and all it costs you is $3.20 for FOUR full quarts—express charges paid.

There's no question about a whiskey like *this*—the Government's Green Stamp over the cork is *your* assurance that it is Bottled-in-Bond—fully aged, full 100% proof, full measure—and a *guarantee* that it comes to you just as it left the distillery, in all its original purity and goodness.

WE WANT you to TRY this whiskey on our guarantee you will find it all we claim—as fine as you ever tasted—and the best value you ever saw—or you may send it back at our expense—and we will return your money.

Remember—you take no chances. We take all the risk—and we stand all the expense if we fail to please you.

No letter is necessary—

Cut Out and use this Coupon and address our nearest office

THE HAYNER DISTILLING CO.
Enclosed find $3.20 for which send me FOUR full quart bottles of Hayner Private Stock Bottled-in-Bond Whiskey—express paid—as per your offer. It is understood that if this whiskey is not found as represented and satisfactory to me in every way, it may be returned at your expense—and my $3.20 is to be promptly refunded. G-102

Name _____
Address _____

Note the price—only 80 cents a quart—delivered. Where else can you buy a Bottled-in-Bond whiskey of this magnificent quality at this price.

Orders for Ariz., Cal., Colo., Idaho, Mont., Nev., N. Mex., Ore., Utah, Wash. or Wyo. must be on the basis of 4 quarts for $4.00 by Express Prepaid or 20 quarts for $15.20 by Freight Prepaid. G-K

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CONGRESS HEARS WILSON

Not in Hundred Years Has Any President Spoken Before Body.

President Wilson Tuesday bridged the gap that for more than a century separated the pilots of public business, the executive and legislative branches of the government. Not as a cog in a machine, not as an impersonal political entity, nor as a mere department of government, but as the human president, he went to congress to speak about the tariff.

Standing before the senate and house of representatives in joint session, as no other president had done for more than a hundred years, President Wilson stated simply and tersely what he thought should be done for the welfare of the country, and asked his legislative colleagues, man to man, to keep the pledges of their party.

With a sweep of decision that shattered that precedent the president brushed aside all imaginary boundaries between congress and the executive office and rescued himself, as he expressed it, from that "isolated island of jealous authority," which the presidency had come to be regarded.

Congress, somewhat startled the other day when it heard that the president had determined to personally deliver his message on the tariff, had prepared for a ceremony of unusual importance and such it was; yet when President Wilson arrived in the midst of the great assemblage, riding through throngs of cheering people in the streets and later looking up into the galleries crowded with privileged ticket holders, he seemed, after all, what he said he was, "a human being, trying to co-operate with other human beings in a common service."

When the much heralded incident was over, congress seemed pleased and the president was delighted. He expressed himself as impressed with the dignity of the occasion and some of his confidants later declared that he left the capitol greatly relieved to think after all that his "precedent smashing had not been such a cataclysmic thing as some older heads had predicted."

The president's visit to the capitol was brief, lasting about a quarter of an hour. He started on his mission at 12:45 o'clock. No one except a secret service man accompanied him. He rode in a White house automobile. At 12:54 he reached Speaker Clarke's room, where a joint committee of senators and representatives welcomed him. They were Senators Kern, Bacon, and Gallinger, and Representatives Underwood, Palmer and Mann. The committee immediately started for the door of the house chamber, the president on Senator Bacon's right.

At two minutes before 1 o'clock the president entered the chamber. Members of the senate and house arose as Speaker Clark brought down the gavel. From the floor and galleries distinguished guests looked on at the scene. Ambassadors from many lands were in the audience, members of the cabinet were there, and all the people who possibly could get in were present.

President Wilson, escorted by Senator Bacon, bowed acknowledgment to the applause and mounted the speaker's stand to the journal clerk's desk, directly in front of the speaker. With a smile, as he began to speak, the president told his hearers why he had come. He said he was glad to verify for himself the impression that the president of the United States was a person. He was speaking in an ordinary tone of voice, just as though he were talking to a senator in his office. The crowded chamber became hushed.

As the president proceeded with his preliminary statement, averring that he was not a mere department of government, but a human that had come to speak naturally with his fellow men, the interest was tense.

"After this pleasant experience," the president declared, "I shall feel quite normal in all our dealings with one another."

As these words fell from the president's lips the house and senate applauded. Then the gallery joined in. Mrs. Wilson and the president's daughters and other relatives joined from the executive gallery. Ambassador Bryce of England looked on with evident interest. So did Ambassador Jusserand of France, and the representatives from other nations. Where a few moments before the event had seemed unusual, almost unreal, it now appeared perfectly adjusted to conditions and not at all dramatic.

The applause subsiding, the president began to read his brief message on the tariff. He spoke slowly and forcefully, and in less than eight minutes he was done. No interruption occurred and he left the stand immediately, while congress applauded.

In the speaker's room President Wilson chatted for a few moments with the members of the committee, and accompanied by Secretary Tumulty, left the capitol. At 1:18, half an hour after he had left the cabinet meeting, he was at luncheon in the White house preparing for the business of the afternoon.

TO PROTECT "BOB WHITE."

Quail Lives on the Pests of the Farm and Is an Assistant to Farmer.

Harper's Weekly: The bob white has been called the most marvelous engine of destruction ever put together of flesh and blood, for the pests on the farm. He not only devotes his entire time to insects, catching and eating them from 16 to 18 hours a day, but when the insects are gone he subsists upon the seeds of weeds which have ripened in the land. Occasionally he gets a few grains of wheat that have been left on the ground by the reapers, but he does no damage. In California, valley quail—it has been claimed—have at times consumed altogether too much wheat for the good of the farmers, but outside of California this condition does not hold.

One hundred and twenty-nine different weeds have been found to contribute to the quail's bill of fare. To effect this continuous work of the bob white means, it is claimed that if in Virginia and North Carolina there are four bob whites to every square mile and each bird consumes one ounce of seeds per day, the total destruction of weed seeds from September 1, to April 30, in these alone, will be 1,341 tons.

Besides the 129 species of weed seeds consumed by the quail, there are 145 species of insects destroyed by him. The Colorado potato beetle, cucumber beetle, chinch bug, mosquito, cabbage patch fly, squash beetle, cotton boll weevil, and worm, grasshopper, coddling moth, fly, stable fly and other less common insects are his steady prey.

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Green salt cured glue flat	8c	
Green salt cured deacons, each	50c@35c	
Slunks, each	25c@15c	
Green uncured hides 2c less than same grade cured. Green frozen hides bought as No. 2's.		
Green half cured 1c less than cured.		
Horse hides, green, No. 1	$3.75@$3.00	
Horse hides, No. 2	$2.75@$2.00	

Green pony hides and glue	$1.50@75c
Sheep pelts, green	$1.00@25c
Dry, according to wool, per pound	10c@14c
DRY HIDES	
Dry flint butcher, heavy	22c
Dry flint fallen, heavy	21c
Dry flint, under 16 pounds	22c
Dry salt, heavy	17c
Dry culls	12½c
TALLOW	
Tallow, No. 1	5@5½c
Tallow, No. 2	4@4½c
Beeswax	15@25c

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