

STOCK YARDS DAILY JOURNAL.

A Daily Commercial Newspaper for Modern Farmers and Stockmen and An Advertising Medium That Reaches the Buyers

Vol. XIII, No. 277.

ST. JOSEPH, MO., FRIDAY, JULY 22, 1910

LAST EDITION.

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DAILY MARKETS

Official Receipts, 9 Cars, 407 Cattle; 50 Cars, 3595 Hogs; 5 Car, 1143 Sheep.

VERY SMALL CATTLE SUPPLY

No Change Noted in Market Condition, Trade Good For the Week.

NO QUARANTINES REPORTED

A Few Native Rangers Sold Steady—Butcher Trade Has Held Good Tone For the Week—Calves Close Stronger—Slack Country Demand For Stock Cattle—Hogs Active and Nickel Higher—Live Mutton Higher.

Receipts from January 1, 1910. The following table shows the receipts from January 1, 1910, and receipts for the corresponding time in 1909:

	1910	1909	Dec.	Inc.
Cattle.....	286,980	252,105		14,881
Hogs.....	820,616	1,011,150		190,785
Sheep.....	235,050	260,411		78,261
Horses.....	13,750	14,111		361

Live Stock in Sight.

The following shows the estimated receipts of cattle, hogs and sheep at the five principal markets:

	1910	1909	Dec.	Inc.
Cattle.....	286,980	252,105		14,881
Hogs.....	820,616	1,011,150		190,785
Sheep.....	235,050	260,411		78,261
Horses.....	13,750	14,111		361

Receipts by Cars.

The following shows the number of cars of stock handled today by railroads centering at the stock yards:

	1910	1909	Dec.	Inc.
C, B & Q, west.....	19			
C, B & Q, east.....	19			
G. B. L. E.....	5			
Great Western.....	5			
Missouri Pacific.....	5			
St. Joseph & Grand Island.....	3			
A, T. & S. F.....	5			
Total.....	65			

CATTLE.

Small Friday Run Did Not Create Any Price Changes.

The little run of cattle here for today was not sufficient to create any change in market conditions. The yards were well cleared yesterday and the few fresh arrivals today were picked up at a steady basis of prices. The week has shown a marked increase in the number of cattle arriving at this point as well as in the total at the leading markets of the country. But the demand has been good so far as it has applied to beef cattle and trade is in good healthy condition at the end of the week. At five leading markets the total of cattle for the week has been 168,000 and the number is 33,000 larger than for the same time last week and 23,000 more than for a year ago. On the local yards there has been a total of 10,000 and the number shows an increase of 2430 over the same time last week is slightly less than for the same week last year. The local supply has included more range cattle than have been here for any previous week this season. The supplies have been very nicely divided as to the different grades of beef cattle and this has been one factor in favor of a good trade. In the native beef steer line there has been but little change in prices and the supplies have been readily taken each day. There has been a right decent showing of good grades of fed steers and among them some as good as have been here this summer. These good styles of steers have been meeting a good demand and prices have been well sustained on a full steady and in some spots strong basis, while the more common and medium grades have been selling at around steady prices as a rule and not more than a dime lower at any time. The best cattle here for the week were some 1600 lb. heaves that topped the market at \$6.05 and the bulk of the steers have been the grades of light and medium weights that have been selling at a range of \$5.50 to \$7.25 with a few at \$7.50 to \$8.75. More or less cattle are coming that are of the grassy grades that sell from \$5.50 down to around \$5.50 and the presence of rangers in large numbers has some effect on the market for these. In a general way the whole trade is in a very good condition and there does not seem to be anything in the way of a healthy market unless it should be a drought scare.

COVS, BULLS AND MIXED.

The small business of today in the cow and heifer line was at a steady range of prices and the week comes to a close with the yards well cleared of this kind of stock. For the week the trade in butchers' stock of all kinds has been in good condition and there is not much difference in prices noted compared with last week. There has been a splendid demand for canning stock and more of this class of the stock is wanted at market. Fat cows and heifers

of all grades have been coming freely and the outlet has been an active one as a rule with prices holding fully steady for the bulk and the only weakness has been in heavy fatters. Not many fat heifers have been coming and the market has held a good tone with the few lots of fed stock that have been here finding a ready sale at prices that have been fully in line with other points. Dry fed heifers sold at \$5.50 to \$6.35 for the best but there are not many coming, bulk are selling at \$4.50 to \$5.25 and common kinds at about \$4.00 to \$4.50. Best dry lot cows might sell up as high as \$5.00, but there are not many coming that sell above \$4.50 and the bulk of fat cows are going at \$3.75 to \$4.25 with canners and cutters ranging down as low as \$3.00 and under.

In the calf trade the week started with a breaking tendency but a better feeling has been developed and prices are now 25 to 50 cents higher than at the opening for the good kinds of veals. Heavy calves that are on the stocker order have not been finding a ready outlet as the country has been talking drought in some sections and is waiting on corn crop developments. The market for bulls has not been heavily supplied and prices are holding about steady.

Heifers.
1..... 785.4 50 2..... 785.3 50
4..... 775.4 35 3..... 623.3 50
1..... 730.3 90 1..... 840.3 50
5..... 800.3 75 1..... 480.3 25
8..... 643.3 75 1..... 520.3 00
6..... 831.3 40 1..... 480.3 00

Cows.
1..... 1409.5 00 1..... 1040.3 50
1..... 1320.5 00 2..... 855.3 50
1..... 1090.4 60 1..... 790.3 50
1..... 1120.4 50 1..... 720.3 40
1..... 1130.4 50 1..... 1190.3 30
1..... 1150.4 25 1..... 920.3 30
1..... 1120.4 25 1..... 910.3 30
1..... 1030.4 00 2ech..... 567.3 25
2..... 950.4 00 1..... 1020.3 25
1..... 1050.4 00 1..... 670.3 25
1..... 920.3 90 2..... 925.3 25
9..... 922.3 85 3..... 823.3 15
1..... 1230.3 85 12..... 961.3 15
1..... 972.3 85 1..... 870.3 15
1..... 960.3 75 2..... 940.3 10
1..... 1020.3 75 3..... 950.3 10
1..... 850.3 75 9..... 903.3 10
2..... 870.3 60 1..... 889.3 10
1..... 970.3 50

Bulls and Steers.
1..... 1480.4 25 1..... 1010.3 50
1..... 1320.4 00 1..... 1050.3 50
3..... 1470.3 65 1..... 560.3 25
2..... 970.3 50 1..... 1290.3 25

Veal Calves.
1..... 150.8 50 1..... 180.6 50
1..... 160.8 50 1..... 195.6 25
1..... 140.8 50 1..... 280.6 25
4..... 140.8 50 9..... 236.5 50
1..... 140.8 50 2..... 195.5 50
1..... 130.8 50 2..... 390.5 50
2..... 145.8 50 4..... 175.5 00
1..... 100.8 50 1..... 210.4 50
1..... 180.8 50 2..... 260.4 50
1..... 150.8 50 1..... 210.4 50
3..... 170.8 50 1..... 280.4 00
2..... 190.8 50 4..... 115.4 00
1..... 130.8 50 1..... 307.4 00
18..... 180.8 25 2..... 410.3 75
1..... 180.8 00 1..... 420.3 75
1..... 180.8 00 8..... 353.3 75
2..... 210.8 00 2..... 445.3 25
1..... 120.7 50 2..... 490.3 00
1..... 100.7 25

STOCKERS AND FEEDERS.
The week has been bringing out an increased supply of stock cattle and there are more in the yards at present than there have been for many weeks. The country demand is not what it should be at this season of year. There is some drought talk beginning to be heard and this not only has a tendency to curtail the demand, but more or less young cattle are sent to market on account of fear of dry pastures. In fact from some sections pastures are reported as burned out. Prices for practically all classes of cattle that are fit to go back to the country are somewhat lower than at this time last week and one dealer said this morning that he had not seen a good class of little yearlings selling as cheap for a number of years than they are at present. "And they are a pretty good class of cattle to take hold of right now, as there is sure to be an abundance of rough feed the coming fall and winter," said this man.

Choice to fancy feeding steers are quote at about \$4.25 to \$5.00, medium to good grades \$3.75 to \$4.25; good to fancy stock steers \$4.00 to \$4.75, and common to fair \$3.50 to \$4.25; stock heifers \$3.25 to \$3.75 for fat to strictly good kinds; stock cows \$3.25 to \$3.75, and stock calves \$3.50 to \$4.50.

Stockers and Feeders.
1..... 890.4 75 8..... 740.4 50
1..... 740.4 75 4..... 787.4 00
2..... 830.4 65 4..... 775.8 75
1..... 1130.4 50 2..... 635.3 75

Yearlings and Calves.
1..... 600.4 25 5..... 508.3 25
10..... 672.3 85 1..... 490.3 25
8..... 650.3 75 7..... 505.3 15
1..... 390.3 75 1..... 580.8 00
1..... 410.3 60 1..... 550.3 00
1..... 630.3 50

Packers' Cattle Purchases.
Swift & Co..... 300
Morris & Co..... 150
Total..... 450

HOGS.
Trade Active On Small Run and Prices Generally a Nickel Higher.
Looked as though the packers were opening for a run of hogs for the opening days of next week this morning. The supply was small at all of the leading points and all opening wires from the outside favored higher prices. Total for the week at the five leading points is 210,000 and is 33,000 less than for the same time last week at the same points but is about 9000 more than for the same time last year. At the local yards the total for the week to date is 3000 less than for the same time last week and 3000 more than a year ago.

Eggers were easy to make terms with this morning and the supply of hogs had all gone to the scales before the noon hour at prices that were

generally a nickel higher than the bulk sales of Thursday. The quality of hogs was good and this should be taken into consideration in a comparison of prices. The price range is comparatively narrow and the light and medium weights of good quality are selling close to the same notches. Prices ranged from \$8.40 to \$8.80, with the bulk selling at \$8.55 to \$8.75. The bulk yesterday sold at \$8.45 to \$8.70, a week ago at \$8.40 to \$8.70, a month ago at \$8.25 to \$8.40, a year ago at \$7.55 to \$7.70, two years ago at \$8.40 to \$8.55, three years ago at \$8.15 to \$8.25, four years ago at \$5.55 to \$5.65.

Heavy and Mixed—800 lbs. and Upward.
No. Av. Sbk. Price No. Av. Sbk. Price
61..... 204. 8 80 65..... 260. 8 80
82..... 200. 40 8 75 59..... 263. 40 8 60
67..... 207. 200 8 75 76..... 249. 80 8 60
82..... 206. 80 8 75 78..... 214. 80 8 60
80..... 208. 80 8 75 46..... 280. 8 80
59..... 217. 8 75 40..... 244. 8 80
66..... 205. 80 75 76..... 241. 80 8 55
78..... 207. 8 70 50..... 287. 40 8 60
63..... 202. 8 70 60..... 273. 8 60
73..... 200. 8 70 64..... 255. 8 65 1/2
68..... 221. 8 70 63..... 241. 8 60
68..... 220. 8 70 75..... 235. 80 8 55
78..... 207. 40 8 70 68..... 236. 8 55
66..... 214. 8 65 74..... 228. 80 8 55
50..... 244. 8 60 60..... 224. 8 55
66..... 233. 8 65 45..... 207. 80 8 55
76..... 214. 8 65 62..... 223. 8 55
74..... 244. 40 8 62 24..... 255. 8 60
68..... 241. 80 8 60 51..... 250. 8 60
64..... 241. 80 8 60 44..... 255. 400 8 50
64..... 261. 8 60

Pigs and Lights—100 lbs. and Under.
22..... 188. 8 80 74..... 191. 8 75
90..... 180. 8 80 61..... 178. 8 75
83..... 188. 8 80 82..... 181. 8 75
44..... 161. 8 80 42..... 180. 8 70

Eggs, Ends and Wagon Hogs.
5..... 178. 8 75 18..... 285. 80 8 40
5..... 213. 8 65 11..... 270. 40 8 10
5..... 212. 8 65 2..... 390. 8 55
19..... 405. 8 60 73..... 241. 80 8 55
5..... 190. 8 55 11..... 390. 8 25
10..... 191. 8 55 3..... 85. 80 8 00
18..... 312. 8 50 2..... 310. 8 60
2..... 345. 40 40 1..... 310. 8 60
6..... 416. 80 8 40

Packers' Hog Purchases.
Swift & Co..... 1,674
Hammond Packing Co..... 718
Morris & Co..... 911
Total..... 3,303

Range of Prices.
This Week Last Week
Monday..... 8.10 68.72% 8.5 68.75
Tuesday..... 8.35 68.75 8.50 68.75
Wednesday..... 8.30 68.65 8.50 68.75
Thursday..... 8.80 68.75 8.15 68.80
Friday..... 8.40 68.80 8.15 68.80
Saturday..... 8.20 68.80 8.30 68.70

SHEEP.
Lambs Sharply Higher, Sheep Hold About Steady.
There was a moderately liberal supply of sheep here this morning, considering the day of the week, close to 1200 coming in. Bulk of the receipts were made up of western rangers, three cars of Idaho wethers and ewes, one car of natives, and one car of goats being marked up. The receipts for the week at five points total 203,000, approximately 20,000 more than the week preceding, and an increase of 72,000 over the same week a year ago. Locally the market is credited with 6,725 for the week to date against 8,055 a week ago and 3365 a year ago. Native stock was in good demand and, with the small supply in the pens, sellers were able to hold prices steady, a small string of strictly good lambs included in this division topped the market at \$7.35 against yesterday's top of \$7.25.

Sheep, which were mostly rangers, did not interest packers to any great extent, having filled the bulk of their orders from yesterday's big run. It was close to noon before a clearance could be effected on this stock. Bulk of this stock sold steadily with yesterday's average. The small supply on the early days of the week has served to give a better feeling to the trade on days when the receipts were larger, an advance of 50 cents on lambs for the week being quoted. Sheep are quoted at an advance of 25 to 40 cents over the close last Saturday with the quality only fair to good. Following are the current quotations for the week.

Fat lambs were quoted at \$6.50 to \$7.25 and some fancy kinds sold at \$7.35. Fair to good at \$5.75 to \$6.50, common at \$4.00 to \$4.50, feeding yearlings at \$4.25 to \$4.50, good to choice fat ewes at \$3.50 to \$3.85, fair to good ewes at \$3.25 to \$3.50, fair to choice wethers at \$4.00 to \$4.30, common to fair wethers at \$3.75 to \$4.00.

9 nat lambs..... 77 7 35
7 nat lambs..... 77 7 00
35 nat lambs..... 61 6 55
4 nat lambs..... 65 6 85
4 nat lambs..... 67 6 85
3 nat lambs, culls..... 66 4 25
2 nat lambs, culls..... 60 4 25
13 nat lambs, culls..... 52 4 00
20 nat ewes..... 115 3 60
1 nat buck..... 40 3 60
3 nat ewes, culls..... 96 2 00

Yesterday's Late Sales.
101 west yrs..... 82 4 75
242 west wethers..... 108 4 00
147 west wethers..... 108 4 00
235 west wethers..... 96 3 90
281 nat ewes..... 92 3 25
284 nat ewes..... 92 3 25
4 nat ewes, culls..... 96 2 50
5 nat ewes, culls..... 117 2 25
19 nat ewes, culls..... 88 1 25

Packers' Sheep Purchases.
Swift & Co..... 375
Hammond Packing Co..... 43
Total..... 418

OTHER LIVESTOCK MARKETS.
CHICAGO.
Chicago Stock Yards, Ill., July 22.—The Live Stock World reports:
Cattle—Receipts, 3000. Market slow steady, cows and feeders steady.
Hogs—Receipts, 11,000. Market 10 to 15c higher, market active. Top light, \$9.10, bulk \$8.35 to \$8.90.
Sheep—Receipts, 12,000. Market steady.

KANSAS CITY.
KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 22.—Special to The Journal: The Drovers Telegram reports:

CATTLE—RECEIPTS, 300. Market slow weak, top \$6.75, cows and heifers dull weak, stockers lower, calves steady.
HOGS—RECEIPTS, 3500. Market strong to 5c higher. Top \$8.55, bulk \$8.50 to \$8.80.
SHEEP—RECEIPTS, 6000. Market steady, lambs 10 to 15c higher, top \$7.50.

SOUTH OMAHA.
SOUTH OMAHA, Neb., July 22.—Special to The Journal: The Drovers Journal-Stockman reports:
Cattle—Receipts, 1100. Market strong.
Hogs—Receipts, 7000. Market 10c higher. Top \$8.55, bulk \$8.25 to \$8.65.
Sheep—Receipts, 4300. Market active, 10c higher.

EAST ST. LOUIS.
EAST ST. LOUIS, National Stock Yards, Ill., July 22.—Special to The Journal: The National Live Stock Reporter reports:
Cattle—Receipts, 3500, two-thirds southern. Market weak to 10c lower.
Hogs—Receipts, 3000. Market 10c higher. Top \$9.25, bulk \$8.70 to \$9.10.
Sheep—Receipts, 4500. Market 10 to 15c higher.

ST. JOSEPH CASH GRAIN MARKET.
Today's cash values: Receipts wheat, 8 cars; corn, 7 cars; oats, 0 cars.
Wheat.
No. 2 red 1 03 @ 1 04
No. 3 red 1 00 @ 1 01 1/2
No. 2 hard 1 03 @ 1 08 1/2
No. 3 hard 1 02 @ 1 08

Corn.
No. 2 white 65 @ 65 1/2
No. 3 white 64 @ 64 1/2
No. 2 corn 62 1/2 @ 62 1/2
No. 3 corn 62 @ 62 1/2

Oats.
No. 2 white 41 @ 42 1/2
No. 3 white 40 @ 41 1/2
No. 2 oats 35 @ 37
No. 3 oats 34 @ 35
Bran 94 @ 96
Corn chops 1 20 @ 1 21
Shorts 1 10 @ 1 08

The above cash quotations are based on actual sales each day and are furnished by T. P. Gordon, Board of Trade Building, St. Joseph, Mo.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.
The following Chicago board of trade quotations are furnished by T. P. Gordon, Board of Trade Building, St. Joseph, Mo.

Options.
WHEAT—July 109 109 1/2 108 1/2 109 1/2 109
Sept 106 1/2 107 1/2 106 1/2 107 1/2 107 1/2
CORN—July 62 1/2 62 1/2 61 62 1/2 62 1/2
Sept 62 1/2 62 1/2 61 62 1/2 62 1/2
OATS—July 45 1/2 45 1/2 44 1/2 45 1/2 45 1/2
Sept 45 1/2 45 1/2 44 1/2 45 1/2 45 1/2
PORK—July 25 85 25 85 25 80 25 82
Sept 21 80 21 80 21 82 21 75 21 75
LARD—July 11 80 11 80 11 75 11 75 11 75
Sept 11 82 11 82 11 75 11 75 11 75
RIBS—July 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12
Sept 11 75 11 75 11 62 11 65 11 65

ST. JOSEPH HAY MARKET.
Local Quotations Corrected to Date by Local Dealers.

The following quotations are furnished daily by the St. Joseph Hay Receivers and Shippers association for the benefit of Stock Yards Daily Journal readers:
Timothy—Choice, \$14 to \$15; No. 1, \$13 to \$13.50; No. 2, \$11 to \$12.50; No. 3, \$9 to \$9.50.
Clover mixed—Choice, \$11.25 to \$14; No. 1, \$12.50 to \$13; No. 2, \$11 to \$12; No. 3, \$8.50 to \$10.50.
New clover—Choice, \$8 to \$9; No. 1, \$7.25 to \$7.75; No. 2, \$6 to \$7.
Prairie—Choice, \$12 to \$12.50; No. 1, \$11.50 to \$12; No. 2, \$10.50 to \$11.25; No. 3, \$8 to \$9.
New prairie—Choice, \$11.50 to \$11.75; No. 1, \$10.75 to \$11.25; No. 2, \$9.25 to \$10.25; No. 3, \$7.75 to \$8.75.
Alfalfa—Choice, \$14 to \$14.50; No. 1, \$12.50 to \$13.50; No. 2, \$9.50 to \$12; No. 3, \$6 to \$9.
Packing hay—\$5 to \$6.
Straw—\$6.50 to \$7.

PIMBLE PAINT AND GLASS CO.,
113 South Sixth Street, St. Joseph, Mo.

We want the trade of farmers and stockmen. Wetheroth Jewelry Co., 717 Felix Street.

WESTERN PACKING.
Special reports to the Cincinnati Price Current show the number of hogs packed since March 1 at under-mentioned places compared with last year:
March 1 to July 20, 1910, 1909.
Chicago.....1,605,000 1,915,000
Kansas City..... 905,000 1,270,000
South Omaha..... 715,000 915,000
St. Louis..... 720,000 805,000
St. Joseph..... 530,000 645,000
Indianapolis..... 235,000 467,000
Milwaukee..... 180,000 167,000
Cudahy..... 77,000 170,000
Cincinnati..... 188,000 207,000
Ottumwa, Ia..... 148,000 206,000
Cedar Rapids, Ia..... 138,000 168,000
St. Paul, Minn..... 342,000 425,000
St. Paul, Minn..... 250,000 245,000
Cleveland, O..... 220,000 265,000
Louisville, Ky..... 49,000 85,000
Wichita, Kan..... 218,000 240,000
Detroit..... 138,000 162,000
Above and all..... 7,625,000 9,590,000
For the week..... 419,000 350,000
Preceding week..... 240,000 430,000

CHANDLER, PAINT, GLASS AND WALL PAPER,
417 Diamond, St. Joseph.

Cattle and Hogs like Champion feed.

AMUSEMENTS.
At the Air dome—Every night, Grow Stock Company, in repertoire.

TO TALK WATER

Program of Coming Irrigation Congress at Pueblo Arranged.

WILL MEET IN SEPTEMBER

Experts on Reclamation, Forestry, and Kindred Topics to Talk.

AN IMPORTANT GATHERING

All Sections of Country to Be Represented But Irrigation Farming of Arid and Semi-Arid Districts Will Be Uppermost Topic—Governors of Many States Have Promised to Be in Attendance.

Pueblo, Colo., July 22.—The eighteenth National Irrigation Congress will meet at Pueblo, Sept. 26 to 30. Experts in irrigation, drainage, and forestry, statesmen, scientists, and men who are powerful in industrial and financial circles, will be among the speakers. The problems of the irrigation companies of the settlers who raise the products, and of the railroads which have them will be considered. The laws and methods of foreign governments will be explained by the foreign delegates, and one session will be turned over to the governors of states.

The opening exercises of the congress will be held on Monday, Sept. 26. The morning will be devoted to an industrial parade participated in by all the counties and districts of Colorado and her sister states, displaying to the delegates and visitors the perfection to which agricultural and horticultural products obtain under irrigation. Bands, floats, banners, costumes, marching clubs, and special features will make this a suitable program to the opening of the national irrigation exposition, which is to be held in connection with this meeting of the congress.

Address of Welcome.
The opening business session of the congress will be held in the afternoon. R. Insinger of Spokane, chairman of the executive committee, will call the congress to order and introduce P. J. Dugan, chairman of the Colorado board of control. The meeting will then be given into the hands of the president of the congress, B. A. Fowler of Phoenix, Ariz. John F. Shaforth, governor of Colorado, will welcome the visitors and delegates to the state. A. L. Cogard, mayor of Pueblo, will offer a welcome for Pueblo, and President Fowler will respond on behalf of the congress. If time permits, other addresses will follow, including one by ex-Governor Alva Adams of Pueblo.

On the evening of the opening day the board of control will entertain visitors, students and friends at an informal reception.

Tuesday morning will be devoted to irrigation by private enterprise. The speakers will include such irrigation authorities as Frank C. Goudy of Colorado, Dr. George D. Pardee, ex-governor of California; and George E. Barrett of Texas, all of whom are ex-presidents of the National Irrigation Congress, and Maj. R. W. Young of Utah, second vice president of the congress.

Public Irrigation.
At the morning session, Sept. 27, public irrigation, which in the form of reclamation service, comes in the department of the secretary of the interior, will be the topic. Besides representatives of the department of the interior and the reclamation service, there will address the congress men who have been prominent in the development of irrigation, including Senator Francis G. Newlands of Nevada, J. M. Carey, an ex-senator of Wyoming, and Senator Wm. E. Borah, from Idaho. At an evening session William E. Smith, the father of the irrigation congress, will speak on the "New Gospel, a Little Land, a Little Living."

It is planned to devote Wednesday largely to drainage, irrigation, agriculture and industrial conditions. Invitations to speak have been sent to James J. Hill, chairman of the board of directors of the Great Northern Railway; Judge R. S. Lov

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Advertising Rates, Furnished on Application. Based on 10 per cent commission allowed postmasters, who are authorized to take subscriptions.

***** ANNOUNCEMENTS *****

For Circuit Clerk. I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the nomination for Circuit Clerk of Buchanan County, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary, Aug. 2, 1910. L. T. KEYWOOD.

For State Senator. I hereby announce myself as a candidate for State Senator, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary, August 2, 1910. THOMAS J. LYSAGHT.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for State Senator, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary, August 2, 1910. DR. U. G. CRANDALL.

For Presiding Judge. I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of presiding judge, county court, of Buchanan County, Missouri, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary to be held Aug. 2, 1910. CHAS. NEWLAND.

SNOW ON THE CORN CROP. In a discussion of the corn crop prospects Snow says: "During the first half of July the prospect for corn has changed but little from that reported July 1. Too much rain in Ohio valley has resulted in imperfect cultivation and soil fertility. In extreme northern part of the belt lack of rain is beginning to tell on the crop prospect. These conditions, however, are fully offset by two weeks of favorable weather conditions over balance of the producing territory, so that general prospect is just about maintained during past two weeks."

ANXIETY INTENSE. Live Stock World. Probably never in the history of the middle west has there been so much anxiety regarding the corn crop as this summer. The fact that there is the largest acre age ever planted, owing to the plowing up of wheat and the need of a crop with which to replace the loss of wheat, means a great deal, both to the trade and to the farmers. The direct effect of a good outlook will be a brightening of local merchants' buying, which has been held back for two months. The banks, too, with smaller deposits than usual at this date, count on the corn for a replenishment of their loan funds.

LAND WASTED IN ROADS. Governor B. F. Carroll of Iowa thinks the country roads of his state, sixty feet wide, are too wide. By reducing them to forty feet in width, ten feet on each side of the road can be given to cultivation. In this way four and three-quarter million dollars year. There are 100,000 miles of country roads in Iowa with the sides growing to weeds. Eight hundred thousand acres of land are being idle. The estimated value of this land, at prices in Iowa, is \$24,555,870. So says a writer in the Technical World Magazine for July, who figures that if the land thus removed from disease and restored to cultivation were devoted to corn and grew only the average of the entire state, 32.4 bushels to the acre, it would yield 8,640,000 bushels, as much corn as is raised altogether in the six states of Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Connecticut and California. This increment, sold at the average winter price of 55 cents a bushel, would bring to the farmers of Iowa \$4,762,000, an amount more than sufficient to pay the running expenses of the state government.

As the law of Iowa provides for roads of not less than forty feet and up to sixty-five feet, a proposition to reduce roads to forty feet is within the law. An interesting question is raised whether the land thus recovered should not be leased by the care of the roads. But a legal opinion asserts that the law does not permit this where roads have been established in the regular way.

COTTON SEED PRODUCTS. American Exporter: Cotton growers in the old days were put to a great

Daddy's Bedtime Story—The Old Dog



"ONCE upon a time," said daddy to Jack and Evelyn when it was time for another bedtime story, "there was a farmer who had a dog that had become quite old. The poor old animal was almost blind and could not see well any more, for his teeth were dull. Of course he could not do any more work, such as going after the cows or watching for traps and thieves. So the farmer told his wife one day that he would shoot the dog, for he was tired, he said, of feeding him. "The farmer's wife did not like to have the dog shot. He had been a faithful animal, she said, and deserved a better end. But the farmer would not listen to her and said he would shoot the dog the next day. "The dog overheard him say so, and he was, of course, very much worried. He had a good friend in the woods, a wolf, and when evening came he went to the wolf and told what the farmer had said. "Never mind," said the wolf; "I'll tell you what to do. Tomorrow morning the farmer and his wife will go laying, and they will take their baby with them, for there is no one home to leave the child with. When they are in the field I will run out and seize the baby. You must run after me and pretend that you are chasing me and trying to get the baby back. I'll run a little way and then drop the baby, and you take it back to the farmer's wife. They will praise you and say you are a good dog, and they will keep you and care for you until you die." "That was a good scheme, daddy, wasn't it?" said Jack. "Indeed it was, Jack," said daddy, "and it succeeded. Everything happened just as the wolf had said it would, and the farmer and his wife praised and petted the old dog for saving the baby. They said they would keep him for the rest of his days. "But the wolf wanted his pay for helping the dog. One day he came to the dog and said, 'Now that I have helped you, suppose you help me? I'd like to have a nice spring lamb from your master's sheepfold. When I come around for it tonight don't bark at me.' "Now the dog was puzzled. He did not want to refuse his friend the wolf after that animal had helped him, but he knew it was not right to let the wolf steal the farmer's sheep. So he said: 'I'm afraid I can't do it. If you like I'll give you some of my own food, but I really don't see how I can let you take the farmer's sheep without letting the farmer know.' "But that did not suit the wolf, and he went away angry. The dog told the farmer about it, and the farmer praised him and said he would watch for the wolf. That night when the wolf came for the sheep the farmer was waiting for him. He fired his gun at the wolf, but did not hit him. He frightened him so, however, that he ran away and never came near dog or farmer again."

IN WOMAN'S REALM

THE SEWING ROOM. Embroidery Helps.—In transferring The Tribune embroidery designs, use a stiletto instead of a lead pencil for tracing and your design will not be blurred. A skillful embroiderer make few if any knots when she gets to the end of her threads. In sold embroidery instead of making a knot, run your thread back and forth through the padding on the right side two or three times and cut the thread off closely. This will not unravel, as knots often do; it makes the work look more smoothly and saves time, because it does not necessitate turning your work to the wrong side every time you wish to make a knot. In embroidering on sheer material, where every thread shows through, try this method when you get to the end of a eaf, petal, or dot instead of running the thread from one to the other no the wrong side. To give embroidery that new look, press in the following way: Place the embroidery right side down on bath towel, wet a cloth, wring as dry as possible, lay it on embroidery, run hot iron over it once, remove the cloth, and iron the dampness out of the embroidery. In making eyelet embroidery do not use a hoop, for stitching over a hoop may pull the eyelet out of shape. Paddling by means of the chain stitch is a labor and thread saver in that it brings the high padding on the right side and distributes it evenly in the least number of stitches. This is especially adapted to scalloping for wherever heavy padding is desired.

CHILD'S DRESS.—The prettiest way to dress a child is the simplest, and the simplest way is always the easiest. Nothing could be more fetching, require less trimming, or be made in less time than the low French waist line, short, ruffled skirt that stands out from the tiny knees, and little puff sleeves, combining to make a most attractive frock. The skirt, perfectly plain, with the exception of a group of tucks on each shoulder, and the only finish required by the skirt is a deep hem at the lower edge. Pink and white dimity, with a stripe of embroidery insertion at the neck and sleeves, and a dashing sash of wide pink ribbon, will make an afternoon or Sunday dress, while blue chambray with daisy blue and white plaid ribbons is a more sensible choice for every day.

FISH. Baked Fish with Lemon Sauce.—Coose about a three pound fish, wash, bone and fill with dressing made of one-half cupful of bread crumbs, one-half cupful of cracker crumbs, one-half cupful of hot water, one teaspoonful of diced onion, one tablespoonful of butter, and one-fourth teaspoonful of salt. Rub the fish with salt and bread crumbs, bake thirty-five minutes, basting three times with one table spoonful of butter in one cupful of hot water. Lemon sauce: Two-thirds cupful of butter, yolks of two eggs, one-fourth cupful of lemon juice, one-fourth cupful of hot water, one-fourth teaspoonful of salt. Cook one-third of the butter, the water, the lemon juice, eggs, and salt in a double boiler, stirring constantly, until it becomes a light thick cream; remove from fire, add the rest of the butter, and stir well. Serve fish on platter; garnish with slices of lemon and parsley; sauce to each person. Baked Fish.—An excellent way of preparing fish and one which you will use often after having once tried is to bake the fish in salt. Take any large fish, as shad, whitefish, etc. After removing scales and gills, wipe thoroughly and lay back into shape. Line the bottom of a dripping pan with coarse barrel salt, which can be obtained from your butcher if the grocer does not have it, and lay the fish in this without seasoning. Now pour salt over the fish until it is entirely covered, putting it into shape

WESTERN RANGES DRY. Early Cattle Shipments Unless Grass Gets New Start. Chicago, July 22.—Dry weather reports from the northwestern range territory continue to come this way and all are very pessimistic with regard to the range cattle outlook. M. E. Miller, a pioneer ranchman of Montana, who was at the yards, said the condition in northern Montana were severely against the rangemen. Grass is very short and quality of the steers is quite the worse for this reason. Unless conditions improve, he says, there will be many early shipments of mediocre quality range steers from that section, although as yet none have been started to Chicago.

FAVORITE RECIPES. Chicken Wiggle.—One cupful of chopped chicken, one-half cupful of milk, thickened, one cupful of peas; butter size of an egg; salt and pepper. Serve on dry toast. Kentucky Corn Pones.—Two cupfuls of cornmeal; one tablespoonful of butter, pinch of salt. Mix above ingredients thoroughly, add boiling water 'till the meal can be rolled in the hands, then form into little pones or croquettes (this will make about sixteen), and bake in moderate oven about an hour. You will then have genuine corn pone, so much enjoyed by the southern people. Blueberry Muffins.—Cream one level tablespoonful of butter and one-third cupful of sugar. One egg, well beaten, scant one-half cupful milk, one cupful and two tablespoonfuls of flour, pinch of salt, and two level teaspoonfuls of baking powder. Mix well and add one cupful of blueberries. One Hour Nut Bread.—Three-fourths cupful of sugar, one egg, two cupfuls of milk, four cupfuls of sifted flour, four teaspoonfuls of oil, one cupful of sugar, one egg, well beaten, scant one-half cupful milk, one cupful and two tablespoonfuls of flour, pinch of salt, and two level teaspoonfuls of baking powder. Mix well and add one cupful of blueberries. One Hour Nut Bread.—Three-fourths cupful of sugar, one egg, two cupfuls of milk, four cupfuls of sifted flour, four teaspoonfuls of oil, one cupful of sugar, one egg, well beaten, scant one-half cupful milk, one cupful and two tablespoonfuls of flour, pinch of salt, and two level teaspoonfuls of baking powder. Mix well and add one cupful of blueberries.

FIG PRESERVING PLANT. Hartington, Tex.—A large fig preserving plant will be erected here. The promoters of the project have contracted with the owners of fig tree orchards in this section for all their crop. The fruit yield is large and of excellent quality this season.

BREEDERS HORSES AND MULES. S. B. UTZ HORSE AND MULE DEALER 8 High Class Young Jacks For Sale Corner Lake and Cherokee Streets Telephone South 135

ORDER OF PUBLICATION. State of Missouri, County of Buchanan, ss. In the Buchanan County Circuit Court to the October term, A. D., 1910. Cordelia Robbins, plaintiff, vs. Thomas Robbins, defendant. Now in this case the plaintiff by her attorney, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Clerk of the Circuit Court in relation that said defendant, Thomas Robbins is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, and does not reside therein, it is ordered that said non-resident defendant be notified by publication, as required by law, that said plaintiff has commenced suit in this Court against said defendant by petition and affidavit, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce on the ground of desertion and abandonment; that unless the said defendant shall be and appear at the next term of this Court, to be begun and held at the Court House, in the City of St. Joseph, in Buchanan County, State of Missouri, on the 2nd day of October, 1910, or on before the third day of said term, to answer plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken for confessed as to him and judgment rendered accordingly. It is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published in The Stock Yards Daily Journal, a newspaper published in the County of Buchanan, for four weeks successively, on the last insertion of which to be at least fifteen days before the next October term of this Court. A copy. Attest, AMBERSE PATTON, Clerk. By Ross C. Cox, Deputy Clerk. James Lumbird, Attorney for Plaintiff.

HOT WEATHER DRINKS. Iced Tea with Mint.—To each quart of tea add the juice of a lemon and one-half teaspoon finely chopped mint. Strain when ready to serve and add a cube of ice and a sprig of fresh crisp mint to each tall glass of tea. NEW AUTOMOBILE FACTORY. Oklahoma City, Okla.—Oklahoma City will probably have its second automobile factory. C. A. McKiernan of Carthage, Mo., is the inventor of a self-controlling device for automobiles, and he has made a proposition to the Chamber of Commerce that this organization assist in raising \$75,000 of the \$150,000 stock, after which he will construct a factory in the metropolis. A committee was appointed by the Board of Directors of the Chamber of Commerce at its meeting Monday to get subscribers for the stock. The committee appointed was A. F. Rhinn, Floyd R. Thompson, Abner Davis, J. M. Postelle and J. W. Pryor.

LET ME FIGURE ON YOUR WORK. Estimates Furnished on Application for Work in Territory Contiguous to St. Joseph. Plumbing; Gas, Steam and Hot Water Heating; Hoop Packing; Pumps; Gas Fixtures; Closets; Bath Tubs, Boilers, Brass Goods, Lawn Sprinklers, Etc. Write me or call upon me when in the city. Fourth and Felix Sts. M. J. DONEGAN, ST. JOSEPH, MISSOURI

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SEMI-ANNUAL JULY CLEARING SALE. As the spring season is now over, we shall place on sale, beginning tomorrow morning and ending July 30th, all the balance of our spring stock at the most remarkable price concessions we have ever made. Read these offerings, which speak for themselves: All our 30c Japanese Matting, carpet effects. For 2 weeks, per yard.....20c All our 15c China Matting, Manila Warp. For 2 weeks, per yard.....10c All our \$2.00 Lace Curtains, in white or Arab color. For 2 weeks, per pair.....\$1.25 All our \$3.00 Lace Curtains, a splendid selection. For two weeks, per pair.....\$2.00 All our \$3.00 Rope Portieres, double door size. For 2 weeks.....\$2.00 All our \$2.50 Couch Covers, 60 inches wide. For 2 weeks.....\$1.75 All our \$1.25 Cross Stripe Madras Curtains, all colors. For 2 weeks, per pair.....75c All our \$1.50 Cross Stripe Madras Curtains, very dainty. For 2 weeks, per pair.....\$1.00

St. Joseph Stock Yards Company St. Joseph, Missouri. We are in the Market Every Day for Cattle, Hogs and Sheep. WE are especially bidding for Range Cattle and Sheep, both for slaughter and feeding. Located on fourteen railroads, and in the center of the best corn and live stock district in the United States, we are prepared to furnish a good market for all kinds of live stock. Our packers furnish a daily market for all kinds of Cattle, ranging from Canners to Export Cattle. Look up your R. R. connections, you will find them in our favor.

"All Whiskey Is Good"—But Old Hayward is the Best and the Kind You Like. It is the most popular with all expert judges of pure whiskeys, as is evidenced by our larger orders from Missouri, Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas, Oklahoma, and other states. We Pay Express Charges on 4 full quarts at \$3.50 or 8 full quarts at \$6.50, which includes free one bottle of Miller's Milwaukee beer and one oorkserve with each order of one gallon. Money refunded if goods are not as represented. Write at Once for Free Price List. Self & Binswanger "THE PURE WHISKEY DOLES" 427 Edmond Street St. Joseph, Mo.

PROTECT YOUR CATTLE FROM BLACKLEG. Take No Chances. Blacklegoids are Simplest, Safest and Surest Preventive. No Dose to Measure. No Liquid to Spill. No String to Rot. FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. WRITE FOR FREE CIRCULARS. PARKE, DAVIS & COMPANY. DEPARTMENT OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY. DETROIT, MICH., U.S.A.

A FEW SPECIALTIES—Supreme Hams Supreme Bacon Supreme Lard Supreme Sausage Supreme Dried Beef —AND— Lion Brand Canned Meats MORRIS & COMPANY CHICAGO ST. JOSEPH KANSAS CITY ST. LOUIS

Guaranteed Beer for Out-of-Town Trade

Goetz "Pale Lager" is guaranteed in every sense of the word. It is guaranteed to contain nothing but what exists in the pure materials from which it is brewed. Its cleanliness is guaranteed. It is brewed in a clean, sanitary brewery, where every modern sterilizing process is used. Its flavor is guaranteed, too. All brewers can guarantee purity—but do you know of any brewer who guarantees flavor?



Goetz "Pale Lager"

No matter where you live, order a case sent to your home. Try three bottles, and if you don't like it better than any other bottled beer, send balance of the case back and your money will be refunded. There will be no charge for the three bottles you tried. We can afford to make this generous offer, for we know the delicious, mellow flavor of "Pale Lager" will delight you.

Order From This Ad Direct

This offer is open to everyone who sees this announcement, no matter where you live. Order direct from this ad and have a case shipped to you.

ORDER BLANK

Write to nearest office. Date: _____

GOETZ BREWING CO., Dept. 15, Kansas City, Mo.; Dept. 15, St. Joseph, Mo.

Please deliver to me one case of your Pale Lager Beer (3 dozen bottles). I will try three bottles, and if I decide to return the balance of the case the \$3.05 I deposit is to be refunded and the three bottles will cost me nothing.

If I accept same you will refund me \$1.25 when I return the case and bottles.

WANT MORE HOGS

Shortage in Weight, Number of Last Year Has Aroused Packers.

EAST TEXAS IS WAKING UP

Best Foods for Hogs Are Raised in Plenty Where Call Is Made.

Athens, Tex., July 21.—More hogs and heavier hogs is the slogan of the East Texas farmer. Pork culture is the new idea. The old time razorback has been relegated, with the broncho pony and the long-horned steer. The satisfied grunt of the Poland-China and the Berkshire thoroughbred is heard in the land. Methods of hog raising have suddenly changed from the pig pen to the big pasture system.

There is a hog shortage in the land and the stock buyers and packing houses have sent an appeal to East Texas, the land of acorns and cowpeas, corn and peanuts, Bermuda grass and sorghum cane, to come to the rescue. There is \$30,000,000 awaiting the farmers if they can furnish the necessary number of hogs.

East Texas is going to try.

How Quality Is Made.

To help the farmers of this section who have all of the natural requirements for hog production, but who have never grown these animals upon an extensive scale, the Fort Worth Stock Yards Co. has established near this city a hog demonstration farm where various breeds of thoroughbred porkers will be propagated and experiments carried on to establish the feeding and fattening value of certain grains, grasses and roots, common to East Texas.

This demonstration farm is in charge of an expert hog breeder, who understands the fine points of hog farming and the short cut to profitable pork production. It is located on a typical East Texas farm, stocked with the best breeds and the expert has set to work to grow hog-making crops. There is nothing that will put the streaks and nutty flavor of 24-cent breakfast bacon quicker than peanuts and cowpeas, mixed with a ration that includes wild acorns and hickory nuts, garnished with Bermuda grass.

These are products that East Texas raises in abundance and that is why the packing houses have gone mission-ary in the piney woods.

The demonstration farm has set the farmers to thinking. They are watching the experiments with interest, but more than that, they are stocking their farms with the best breeds and are following every move of the hog expert.

Federal Experts Will Aid.

Additional aid will be given by hog experts from the Department of Agriculture at Washington, and the Texas experiment stations, who are to make a tour of East Texas on a hog demonstration train, leaving Tyler on July 25 under the direction of Guy L. Stewart, Industrial Agent of the Cotton Belt. In the train there will be stock cars with improvised pens, in which will be exhibited the various breeds of brood sows, with their litters. Lectures will be delivered to farmers at Bullard, Jacksonville, Rusk, and Lufkin on the methods of hog raising.

It is the aim not only to increase the number of hogs, but to increase the weight and quality of the hogs that are raised. If a farmer is going to raise hogs, he might as well raise good ones, the stock buyers argue.

Last year there were marketed at Fort Worth 22,533,000 hogs, or 4,939,000 fewer hogs than the year before. The hogs received at the yards averaged two pounds per head less in weight than the hogs marketed the year before. This was a total loss of 1,996,000,000 pounds of pork, which would have sold for the average of 7 cents a pound, a direct loss of \$50,000,000, according to the stockyard authorities. There is no way of explaining the shortage except that the farmer didn't raise the right kind of hogs or didn't feed them to the best advantage.

Loss Effects Entire Trade.

That is why the agitation has been started for more hogs and better hogs. The waste is stupendous. It is felt not only by the farmer who might have pocketed this \$50,000,000, but it is felt by the stockyards and packing houses, who easily could have handled the additional produce and who suffer loss on investment when their plants are not worked to capacity. It is also felt by the consumer, who must pay higher prices because of the shortage.

Mr. Armour and Mr. Swift both account for the high cost of living by the shortage of the food supply, and they have appealed to the farmer to raise more hogs and cattle. Those interests are now at work to lead the farmer by establishing for his education, the demonstration farm, and they have selected East Texas, where they consider the possibilities are most neglected, to begin their work.

The Athens demonstration farm is one among several to be established in East Texas. There is another at Nacogdoches, and others are to be located elsewhere. The expense of these innovations is defrayed by the Ft. Worth Stock Yards Co., which is also distributing literature among the farmers and explaining, through paid advertisements in the newspapers, the possibilities of hog farming in Texas. The motive is to increase the supply and relieve a most remarkable shortage in the hog market.

One reason that the Ft. Worth market supply of hogs has been reduced is that packing houses have recently been built at Oklahoma City and Enid, Ok., which are taking in Oklahoma trade, which formerly went to Ft. Worth. Some of the biggest hog producing districts in the United States are in western Oklahoma. These sections are now shipping to Oklahoma City and Enid, and Ft. Worth must look elsewhere for the raw material to keep its packing houses busy.

Ft. Worth could have handled 5,000,000 more hogs last year than it received and the Oklahoma packing houses were not then in operation. There is a call for hogs such as there has never been before.

Neglected as Profit Crop.

Hog raising is probably the most lucrative business in which the farmer can engage. In east Texas the winters are short and the pasture is green nearly the whole 12 months. Such feeds as are necessary to finish the animal for market—corn, peanuts and cowpeas—are raised here in abundance on land that costs only \$15 or \$20 an acre, some much lower priced. The farmer has always raised a few hogs more for his own use than for shipment, although the Cotton Belt station here reports that shipments average 40 cars a season. The hog experts and representatives of the agricultural department who have investigated crop conditions here say that there ought to be 500 cars marketed at Athens annually.

Hog raising works in profitably with the dairy. Skim milk is the best feed for young pigs and there is no way more profitable to dispose of this product than to feed it to pigs. Hogs thrive upon the waste left by the cattle and grow fat without expense to the farmer.

Pigs will turn into money faster than any other animal. From a single sow there is an increase of from 12 to 15 pigs, which, at 10 or 12 months, will bring as great a return as a beef steer at three years or a horse at four years. And the pigs are less trouble.

Razorback Raised Himself.

There are not many of the old razorback hogs left. They are a relic of the old school of farming, before men knew the advantages of crop diversification and when they grew corn and cotton and left the hogs and other stock to hustle for themselves. The razorback is a natural born hustler. His home is in the woods and his heaven is the green cane brakes. Acorns are his chief article of diet and corn is a delicacy only to be enjoyed when a crack is found in the farmer's fence. The razorback bids farewell to civilization as soon as he cuts his teeth and the farmer sees no more of him until he goes into the woods to "shoot" his winter bacon.

It is different with the thoroughbred. He likes his acorns and green cane, but, for all that, he is an aristocrat. He requires green meadows, clean water and good shelter, and when he weighs 200 or 300 pounds he doesn't like to go too far for his dinner. He puts on bacon in idleness and gluttony.

Experts are trying, and it is one of the purposes of the Athens demonstration farm, to find a strain of hogs that will have all the meat-acquiring attributes of the thoroughbred combined with some of the hustling qualities of the native hog. To this end the experts are advocating pasture culture, rather than pen culture. This practice has many advantages here for there are so many hog foods that go to waste if the animals do not forage for them—mast, grass and cane, roots and herbs. This is a great fruit and truck country and there is a large amount of waste in the orchards and gardens, which the hogs gather without injury to the trees or vines. Pork is cheapest produced on pasture.

Much Room for Improvement.

Those types of hogs which seem best suited for this purpose, and with which the farmers in East Texas have been most successful, are the Poland-China and the Berkshires, but all the breeds are raised here, the red and white types being especially plentiful. The hog has been called the mortgage lifter. There are not many mortgages to lift in east Texas, but he is a big help to the bank account, and one of the farmer's sources of reliance.

The swine industry in Texas increased in value more than \$5,000,000 during the last five years, according to the department of agriculture, but there is still room for a large increase. The figures of the Fort Worth stock yards show that for each car of Texas hogs received there, about three cars of Oklahoma hogs arrived. Yet Texas produces about twice as many hogs as does Oklahoma. The greater amount of hogs, however, are slaughtered at home or sold to local butchers, and do not reach the packing house. Texas does not produce nearly as many hogs as it needs for its own consumption, and it is this peculiar condition that the hog-raising agitation in east Texas is expected to change.

East Texas has done some big things in raising peaches and tomatoes. It now proposes to show the world how to raise hogs, big hogs, that will, in number and weight, capture the \$50,000,000 purse hung out by the Fort Worth stock yards.

CORN AND ALFALFA.

525-acre farm half mile from Humboldt, Richardson county, Neb. About 350 acres now under cultivation, balance good alfalfa and pasture land. Two sets of improvements, good wells, and on good wagon road. 1500 cords wood and several thousand feet of walnut logs can be sold, thus reducing cost of land. Never offered for sale but now on the market to settle an estate, at less than one-half the price asked for adjoining farms. Price \$45.00 per acre; one-fourth cash, balance long time at five per cent. This is an ideal grain and stock farm or can be subdivided and sold for a nice profit. Act quickly if you want a bargain. Call on or address E. L. Nims, Humboldt, Neb.

A SUBSTITUTE FOR COTTON.

Ingenious Germans have experimented successfully with the fiber of the kapok or silk cotton tree of tropical Africa and believe they have a useful substitute for cotton. If that is the case they will have furnished additional proof that no substitute, however valuable, is actually indispensable to man. Cotton long seemed to be almost so, and there are few things without which we should get on so badly, if there were nothing else to which to turn.

Of all people who get married, widows are most shy of their age.

TALLOW, PELTS, WOOL, FURS and HIDES

SITUATION unchanged. Some inquiry for hides at extremely low prices and whenever dealers ask the tanner the price which would give them 1-4c a pound margin the deal is broken and no business, so that we leave our prices the same and shall be pleased to have your shipments. Wool remains about the same, being very low and going at prices quoted below. We shall be pleased to have your shipments of wool. We will guarantee you fair treatment in everything.

Green Cured Hides		Green uncured hides 1/2c less than same grade cured.		DRY HIDES	
Natives, short haired	No. 1 No. 2	Green frozen hides are No. 2		Dry flint butcher, heavy	15 c
Natives, long haired	75c 70c	Green half cured, 3/4c less than cured.		Dry flint, under 16 pounds	14 c
Side brands, over 40 lbs	60c	Horse Hides, green, No. 1	\$1.50 \$2.25	Dry salt, heavy	14 c
Side brands, over 40 lbs	55c	Horse Hides, No. 2	\$1.50 \$2.25	Dry culled	10 c
Bulls and steers	50c 60c	Green pony hides	\$2.00 \$2.50	Tallow, No. 1	19c
Bulls, side branded flat	60c	Sheep pelts, green	\$6.00 \$9.00	Beeswax	15c 25c
Green salt cured glue Flat	45c	Dry, according to wool per pound	\$1.00		
Green salt cured deacons, each	30c 35c				
Slunks each	35c 45c				

WOOL		WOOL	
Missouri, Iowa and similar:			
Choice medium combing	18 @21 c	Heavy fine	10 @13 c
Medium clothing	17 @20 c	Colorado New Mexico, Utah and Texas:	
Low and broad	14 @17 c	Light medium	18 @19 c
Bulls and steers	12 @15 c	Light fine	14 @14 c
Heavy fine	12 @15 c	Heavy fine	12 @14 c
Kansas, Nebraska and Oklahoma:			
Bright medium	13 @17 c	Deductions on heavy wool from 3c to 5c per pound Short curly or defective stock proportionately lower	
Dark medium	12 @14 c	Ancora number 12 months, 20c to 25c common, burry and defective, half price.	
Light fine	12 @15 c		

JAS. C. SMITH HIDE CO.

Second and Edmond Sts., St. Joseph, Mo. - Bell Telephone 995



\$19.50

Buy This Saddle Freight Prepaid to Your Railroad Station For Your Examination.

You are welcome to examine it. If it suits you, pay the agent \$19.50—If not satisfactory return at our expense.


H. & M. Harness Shop

Stock Yards South St. Joseph, Mo.

Watering troughs last for lifetime. Reasonable discount for cash. For sale—Stock Watering Tanks, made of old boiler iron 1-4 inch thick and 1-8 inch thick, which the sun and frost never affect. One will outwear a half dozen galvanized iron tanks. Either oblong, round or square, 2 1-2 feet deep, prices up to 16 barrels \$1.80 per barrel; 16 to 25 barrels, \$1.25 per barrel; 26 to 30 barrels, \$1.00 per barrel; 30 to 35 barrels, 80c per barrel. Write for prices, or when in the city call at shop and inspect them.

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