

STOCK YARNS DAILY JOURNAL.

A Daily Commercial Newspaper for Modern Farmers and Stockmen and an Advertising Medium that Reaches the Buyers

Vol. XI, No. 282.

ST. JOSEPH, MO., WEDNESDAY, JULY 29, 1908

LAST EDITION.

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DAILY MARKETS

Official Receipts, 50 Cars, 1,350 Cattle; 57 Cars, 4,102 Hogs; 9 Cars, 1,370 Sheep.

STRONGER TURN IN STEERS

Native Beaves Sold Freely on a Strong to Dime Higher Basis.

YEARLINGS TOP AT \$6.75

Rangers Active and Stronger—Cows and Heifers Steady to Strong Generally—Bulls Unchanged—Calves Steady, Top \$6.50—Feeders Strong; Light Stockers Unchanged—Nickel to Dime Advance in Live Pork Values—Sheep and Lambs Active and Strong; Top Lambs \$6.50.

RECEIPTS FROM JANUARY 1, 1908.

Cattle.....	282,282	855,255	65,977
Hogs.....	1,489,967	1,209,357	211,550
Sheep.....	338,264	608,628	165,862
Horses.....	14,543	17,392	9,089

LIVE STOCK IN SIGHT.

Chicago.....	14,900	17,900	7,900
Kansas City.....	6,000	7,000	4,900
South Omaha.....	1,900	6,200	2,000
St. Joseph.....	4,400	4,100	1,400
East St. Louis.....	4,500	4,500	3,000

Total.....	28,800	38,300	17,900
Yesterday.....	24,200	37,200	14,000
Week ago.....	25,900	34,300	23,700
Month ago.....	31,300	30,900	30,000
Year ago.....	37,300	62,400	22,500

RECEIPTS BY CARS.

C. B. & Q. west.....	18
C. & O. east.....	34
C. R. I. & P. west.....	2
Great Western.....	13
Missouri Pacific.....	5
St. Joseph & Grand Island.....	2
A. T. & S. F. west.....	29

CATTLE.

Market Shows Stronger Turn on Attractive Fat Steers.

There was somewhat better tone prevalent in the market for fat cattle today.

Weather conditions remain very unfavorable for development of increased demand for fresh meats even though it is given out that prices are lower, but long continued absence of liberal receipts and notable scarcity of well-fattened corn-fed cattle has created a slightly better demand. Receipts for the half week at six points, 106,000, are slightly in excess of same time last week, but are not at all liberal for the season of year and are 10,000 less than for the same time a year ago.

On the local market the very moderate run included a few loads of fairly attractive heaves from corn-belt feed lots, although the aggregate supply of cattle was largely made up of southwestern range stock. Buying interests showed more of an anxiety to get cattle than on former days of the week, especially as this true of steers good enough to sell around or over the \$6.00 mark. Offerings included some well-finished yearlings weighing around 1,100 lbs. that sold readily at \$9.75, these being the best cattle offered during the day. Other useful and attractive light and handy weight steers sold in a range of \$6.00 to \$6.50 were considered strong to a shade higher than on former days of the week. Below a \$6.00 rate there was less activity and steers that had to come into competition with rangers met rather slow outlet at not better than steady prices, ordinary to fair light to medium weights going at \$4.75 to \$5.00, while common and inferior light native grass killers are quoted at \$4.00 to \$4.75.

9 yrs. 1165..6 75	8.....	1061..5 40	
90.....	1517..6 25	38.....	1201..6 25
40.....	1281..6 25	40.....	1294..6 25
19.....	1290..6 25	23.....	989..4 80
21.....	1355..6 20	1.....	830..4 50
85.....	1298..6 00	6.....	893..4 50
2 yrs. 960..6 00	14.....	986..4 15	
2 yrs. 970..6 00	1.....	890..4 40	

COWS, BULLS AND MIXED.

Butcher grades were scarce again today, especially in the native line. The better grades of cows and heifers moved with fair freedom at steady to firm prices. Some of the buyers quoted an advance on desirable material. Trade in canners and cutters selling under \$3.00 did not have very shown edge early in the day, but later showed more life at steady prices. Tuppy stuff was decidedly scarce in the supply. Most of the desirable cows sold at \$3.10 to \$4.00 and it was largely a \$2.00 to \$2.50 deal in canners and cutters although a few old shells sold as low as \$1.50. A spread of \$3.00 to \$4.25 took most of the decent heifers on offer, although good dry-lot heifers would sell at \$5.00 and up. There was no marked change in the market for bulls.

The calf market was active and steady with market centers running away short of last week's market in developing a much stronger tone in spite of the fact that the extreme heat is decidedly unfavorable to a lively demand for fresh meats. At five markets the half-week total of 130,000 hogs is 45,000 less than for the

Cows.	
1.....	1260..4 50
1.....	1270..3 00
1.....	1280..2 80
1.....	1290..2 80
1.....	1300..2 80
1.....	1310..2 80
1.....	1320..2 80
1.....	1330..2 80
1.....	1340..2 80
1.....	1350..2 80
1.....	1360..2 80
1.....	1370..2 80
1.....	1380..2 80
1.....	1390..2 80
1.....	1400..2 80
1.....	1410..2 80
1.....	1420..2 80
1.....	1430..2 80
1.....	1440..2 80
1.....	1450..2 80
1.....	1460..2 80
1.....	1470..2 80
1.....	1480..2 80
1.....	1490..2 80
1.....	1500..2 80
1.....	1510..2 80
1.....	1520..2 80
1.....	1530..2 80
1.....	1540..2 80
1.....	1550..2 80
1.....	1560..2 80
1.....	1570..2 80
1.....	1580..2 80
1.....	1590..2 80
1.....	1600..2 80

Bulls and Stags.	
4 s.....	1442..4 35
1.....	1460..3 85
1.....	1470..3 50
1.....	1480..3 50
1.....	1490..3 50
1.....	1500..3 50
1.....	1510..3 50
1.....	1520..3 50
1.....	1530..3 50
1.....	1540..3 50
1.....	1550..3 50
1.....	1560..3 50
1.....	1570..3 50
1.....	1580..3 50
1.....	1590..3 50
1.....	1600..3 50

Veal Calves.	
1.....	150..6 50
1.....	150..6 25
1.....	150..6 25
1.....	150..6 25
1.....	150..6 25
1.....	150..6 25
1.....	150..6 25
1.....	150..6 25
1.....	150..6 25
1.....	150..6 25
1.....	150..6 25
1.....	150..6 25
1.....	150..6 25
1.....	150..6 25
1.....	150..6 25
1.....	150..6 25
1.....	150..6 25
1.....	150..6 25
1.....	150..6 25
1.....	150..6 25
1.....	150..6 25
1.....	150..6 25
1.....	150..6 25
1.....	150..6 25

Stockers and Feeders.	
60 Kan.	1082..4 20
2 Kan.	720..3 85
2 Kan.	950..3 75

Yearlings and Calves.	
2 Kan.	695..3 45
1 Kan.	410..3 25

Feeding Cows and Stock Heifers.	
11.....	652..3 10
1.....	420..2 85
1.....	440..2 80

RANGE CATTLE—NATIVE DIVISION.

Offerings of range cattle were materially larger than yesterday, but were selling moderate bounds. The strength in the native steer market was reflected in an active and higher trade in range beefs. The market opened early and supplies were quickly bought up, mostly at an advance of 10c over Monday's low level. A string of horned Kansas-Panhandle steers sold at \$4.10 against \$4.00 for same brands Monday.

Best western cows sold with a little strength. Others sold about steady and the early trade was slow, but the close witnessed fair activity. Calf trade was steady and active. Western feeders sold a shade higher. A three car bunch of weighty Kansas feeders sold at \$4.20, a nickel better than similar grades brought opening day of the week.

QUARANTINE DIVISION.

Fourteen cars made up the supply of cattle in the Texas division today. Most of the arrivals were steers but there was a pretty good showing of butcher stuff. The trade in steers opened early and was soon over. Prices were strong to around a dime higher than Monday. Best offerings sold at \$4.25 with other sales at \$4.10 and \$3.80.

Steers.	
171 Kan.	1000..4 10
1 Kan.	1110..4 00
1 Kan.	880..3 50
5 Kan.	1080..3 35
12 Kan.	968..3 00

Cows.	
1 Kan.	1110..4 00
1 Kan.	880..3 50
5 Kan.	1080..3 35
12 Kan.	968..3 00

Heifers.	
2 Kan.	405..3 40
8 Kan.	237..5 70
2 Kan.	275..4 50

Calves.	
2 Kan.	1310..3 25
1 Kan.	1100..2 75
1 Kan.	1300..3 25

Packer's Cattle Purchases.	
Swift and Company.....	900
Hammond Packing Co.....	300
Morris Packing Co.....	300
Total.....	1,500

Packer's Purchases Yesterday.	
Swift and Company.....	507
Hammond Packing Co.....	402
Morris Packing Co.....	236
Total.....	1,145

HOGS.

With receipts for the half-week at leading market centers running away short of last week's market, the market is developing a much stronger tone in spite of the fact that the extreme heat is decidedly unfavorable to a lively demand for fresh meats. At five markets the half-week total of 130,000 hogs is 45,000 less than for the

same time last week and 53,000 less than a year ago.
Late yesterday the market took a stronger turn and recovered all the decline quoted early in that day. Following this stronger turn the trade opened in more active tone this morning than on any previous day of the week and sellers had little trouble in getting prices established on a full 5 cent advance over bulk prices of yesterday with sales here and there looking 10 cents higher. The market had good tone at this advance and noon saw the supply well out of first hands.
Quality does not improve any, the proportion of light weight and unfinished green hogs being quite large, although today brought out a fair showing of quite good medium butch weights.
Prices ranged from \$6.00 to \$6.50, with the bulk selling at \$6.25 to \$6.45. The bulk yesterday sold at \$6.20 to \$6.35, a week ago at \$6.45 to \$6.50, a month ago at \$6.00 to \$6.10, a year ago at \$6.00 to \$6.20, two years ago at \$6.20 to \$6.25, three years ago at \$5.90 to \$6.00, four years ago at \$5.00 to \$5.10.

Pigs and Light—199 lbs. and Under.	
70.....	185..8 37 1/2
80.....	194..8 37 1/2
90.....	203..8 37 1/2
100.....	212..8 37 1/2
110.....	221..8 37 1/2
120.....	230..8 37 1/2
130.....	239..8 37 1/2
140.....	248..8 37 1/2
150.....	257..8 37 1/2
160.....	266..8 37 1/2
170.....	275..8 37 1/2
180.....	284..8 37 1/2
190.....	293..8 37 1/2
200.....	302..8 37 1/2
210.....	311..8 37 1/2
220.....	320..8 37 1/2
230.....	329..8 37 1/2
240.....	338..8 37 1/2
250.....	347..8 37 1/2
260.....	356..8 37 1/2
270.....	365..8 37 1/2
280.....	374..8 37 1/2
290.....	383..8 37 1/2
300.....	392..8 37 1/2
310.....	401..8 37 1/2
320.....	410..8 37 1/2
330.....	419..8 37 1/2
340.....	428..8 37 1/2
350.....	437..8 37 1/2
360.....	446..8 37 1/2
370.....	455..8 37 1/2
380.....	464..8 37 1/2
390.....	473..8 37 1/2
400.....	482..8 37 1/2
410.....	491..8 37 1/2
420.....	500..8 37 1/2
430.....	509..8 37 1/2
440.....	518..8 37 1/2
450.....	527..8 37 1/2
460.....	536..8 37 1/2
470.....	545..8 37 1/2
480.....	554..8 37 1/2
490.....	563..8 37 1/2
500.....	572..8 37 1/2
510.....	581..8 37 1/2
520.....	590..8 37 1/2
530.....	599..8 37 1/2
540.....	608..8 37 1/2
550.....	617..8 37 1/2
560.....	626..8 37 1/2
570.....	635..8 37 1/2
580.....	644..8 37 1/2
590.....	653..8 37 1/2
600.....	662..8 37 1/2
610.....	671..8 37 1/2
620.....	680..8 37 1/2
630.....	689..8 37 1/2
640.....	698..8 37 1/2
650.....	707..8 37 1/2
660.....	716..8 37 1/2
670.....	725..8 37 1/2
680.....	734..8 37 1/2
690.....	743..8 37 1/2
700.....	752..8 37 1/2
710.....	761..8 37 1/2
720.....	770..8 37 1/2
730.....	779..8 37 1/2
740.....	788..8 37 1/2
750.....	797..8 37 1/2
760.....	806..8 37 1/2
770.....	815..8 37 1/2
780.....	824..8 37 1/2
790.....	833..8 37 1/2
800.....	842..8 37 1/2
810.....	851..8 37 1/2
820.....	860..8 37 1/2
830.....	869..8 37 1/2
840.....	878..8 37 1/2
850.....	887..8 37 1/2
860.....	896..8 37 1/2
870.....	905..8 37 1/2
880.....	914..8 37 1/2
890.....	923..8 37 1/2
900.....	932..8 37 1/2
910.....	941..8 37 1/2
920.....	950..8 37 1/2
930.....	959..8 37 1/2
940.....	968..8 37 1/2
950.....	977..8 37 1/2
960.....	986..8 37 1/2
970.....	995..8 37 1/2
980.....	1004..8 37 1/2
990.....	1013..8 37 1/2
1000.....	1022..8 37 1/2

Heavy and Mixed—200 lbs. and Upward.	
75.....	278..6 55
76.....	287..6 55
77.....	296..6 55
78.....	305..6 55
79.....	314..6 55
80.....	323..6 55
81.....	332..6 55
82.....	341..6 55
83.....	350..6 55
84.....	359..6 55
85.....	368..6 55
86.....	377..6 55
87.....	386..6 55
88.....	395..6 55
89.....	404..6 55
90.....	413..6 55
91.....	422..6 55
92.....	431..6 55
93.....	440..6 55
94.....	449..6 55
95.....	458..6 55
96.....	467..6 55
97.....	476..6 55
98.....	485..6 55
99.....	494..6 55
100.....	503..6 55
101.....	512..6 55
102.....	521..6 55
103.....	530..6 55
104.....	539..6 55
105.....	548..6 55
106.....	557..6 55
107.....	566..6 55
108.....	575..6 55
109.....	584..6 55
110.....	593..6 55
111.....	602..6 55
112.....	611..6 55
113.....	620..6 55
114.....	629..6 55
115.....	638..6 55
116.....	647..6 55
117.....	656..6 55
118.....	665..6 55
119.....	674..6 55
120.....	683..6 55
121.....	692..6 55
122.....	701..6 55
123.....	710..6 55
124.....	719..6 55
125.....	728..6 55
126.....	737..6 55
127.....	746..6 55
128.....	755..6 55
129.....	764..6 55
130.....	773..6 55
131.....	782..6 55
132.....	791..6 55
133.....	800..6 55
134.....	809..6 55
135.....	818..6 55
136.....	827..6 55
137.....	836..6 55
138.....	845..6 55
139.....	854..6 55
140.....	863..6 55
141.....	872..6 55
142.....	881..6 55
143.....	890..6 55
144.....	899..6 55
145.....	908..6 55
146.....	917..6 55
147.....	926..6 55
148.....	935..6 55
149.....	944..6 55
150.....	953..6 55
151.....	962..6 55
152.....	971..6 55
153.....	980..6 55
154.....	989..6 55
155.....	998..6 55
156.....	1007..6 55
157.....	1016..6 55
158.....	1025..6 55
159.....	1034..6 55
160.....	1043..6 55
161.....	1052..6 55
162.....	1061..6 55
163.....	1070..6 55
164.....	1079..6 55
165.....	1088..6 55
166.....	1097..6 55

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BRIEF CITY NEWS.

R. P. Gowens of Dearborn, Mo., was in the suburb yesterday.

Dr. E. Sample, 909 Fleeman street has moved his family to Dunning, Neb.

Clara Collier, 431 Blake street, has gone to Stewartville, Mo., to visit with relatives.

Mrs. W. E. Warrick and daughter have returned from a visit in Denver and other Colorado points.

W. T. Harper, 322 Alabama avenue, left yesterday for Excelsior Springs, where he will join his wife.

Mrs. W. M. Tygart returned Monday night from a week's visit with her sister, Mrs. Dr. Rankin of Kansas City.

Mr. and Mrs. O. A. Smith, 308 East Kansas avenue, will leave Wednesday for a few days' visit with relatives.

The Y. P. C. A. of the Second Evangelical church will give an ice cream social at Gordon's park, corner of Alabama and Prior avenues, Friday evening, July 31. Everyone is invited.

The officers and members of the Ideal Rebekah Lodge are requested to meet in the Commerce hall, King Hill and Missouri avenues, Friday evening at 8 o'clock. A full attendance is desired, as there will be important business to transact.

COMMISSION DOES LITTLE.

Marked by much discussion the charter revision commission held a meeting last night in the city council chamber and adopted a number of suggestions which had been approved of by the various sub-committees.

Nothing new of importance developed and after a lengthy session the commission adjourned to meet on Thursday, August 6. It was intimated that sometime in the near future the commission would take up section by section the bill which was defeated in the legislature when St. Joseph sought a new charter two years ago.

The extreme heat of yesterday gave an impetus to the work of Humane Officers Ziemendorf and many calls were received. Most of the calls were from parties who had observed inhumane treatment of teams and horses by the drivers.

"I would like to spend these hot days on the hills and personally catch drivers who are overworking their teams, but the calls confine me to my office," said Ziemendorf. "People should be very careful with teams on days like this."

Joseph Boone was arrested yesterday by Patrolman Carson for cruelty to animals. He is alleged to have been whipping his horse and overworking it.

EATS HEARTY MEAL—DIES. Sinking to the floor suddenly after eating a hearty supper last night William N. Lynn thirty three years old, a laborer, became unconscious and died about 10 o'clock.

But the longer a calf remains with its mother the harder it is to teach it to drink and the more it feels the change from sucking to hand feeding. When the cow is taken out and placed in her stall the calf should be left undisturbed for from twelve to twenty-four hours. It should be left till it is very hungry. It does not pay to waste time with a calf when it is not hungry, for it spoils the calf and the temper of the teacher.

When the calf will suck the fingers take three pounds of milk. Have it very warm, for the process of teaching the calf to drink cools it.

Back the calf up in a corner and, placing one knee against the body to keep the calf from escaping, place two fingers in its mouth, gradually lowering them until the calf's mouth is in the milk. Allow the milk to be sucked between the fingers. While the calf is busy withdraw the fingers. Some calves will keep right on sucking and thus drink alone. Some, however, will need a few lessons before drinking alone.

How Much to Feed. The first week the calf may get six to eight pounds of its mother's milk. Hol-

THOMAS EGLESTON TOOTLE.

Pioneer Merchant of St. Joseph is Dead at Rippe Old Age. Thomas Egleston Tootle, one of the wealthiest men in St. Joseph, died at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Graham G. Lacy, on the Asylum boulevard, at 9 o'clock last night.

Mr. Tootle, who was 88 years of age last April, started his business career as a clerk in a small store in Columbus, O., sixty-two years ago. He was considered the pioneer jobbing merchant of St. Joseph. He had amassed a fortune estimated at more than \$2,000,000. Mr. Tootle was born in Marion, O., April 4, 1820. He was the son of John Tootle and Mary Armstrong. He was married to Miss Eliza Beilo of Maryland in April, 1851.

Since Mr. Tootle retired from active interest in his holdings he had converted most of his wealth into property. His real property was situated in Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska and Arkansas, beside numerous tracts of ground in St. Joseph. He also had heavy mining holdings.

The decedent is survived by two daughters, Mrs. W. K. James and Mrs. Graham G. Lacy, both of this city.

SECOND CAVALRY LEAVES.

The Second Cavalry which had been encamped in South St. Joseph for two nights, left this morning at 7 o'clock for Fort Riley, where it will take part in the fall maneuvers. The machine gun platoon was shipped to Fort Riley over the Missouri Pacific this morning. The train consisted of one tourist sleeper and two baggage cars for horses and equipments.

The troopers will return to this city to take part in the military tournament which will be held during the month of September.

RAINING DAIRY CALVES.

Most Practical and Cheapest Way to Rear Them is to Feed Skim Milk.

A problem which troubles many farmers and dairymen is that of raising their calves successfully. There is more than one way, writes R. Colombe in Minnesota Farm Review. They may be raised on whole milk, on the cow, on skim milk, and with no milk at all.

The most practical and the cheapest way is to raise them on skim milk. Of course skim milk must be supplemented by other feeds to replace in a measure the fat removed by skimming. Good feeds are oil meal, oats, corn, bran, gluten or wheat. A more desirable feed is a mixture of all or some of these to form meal with a nutritive ratio of 1:5.

A liberal supply of good hay should be kept before the calves. This is the first thing they learn to eat. Perhaps the best is early cut or second crop clover hay. Alfalfa, bromus and upland prairie hay are also good. All hay should be fine. Some bone-meal should be supplied to furnish mineral matter. Bone-meal is indispensable to cattle in the barn all winter. The calves should also have salt at all times. Salting at intervals sometimes causes overdrinking and consequent scours.

Should Have Pure Water. Calves over a week old should have all the pure water they want after they have had their milk.

The pails in which the calves are fed should be kept perfectly clean, and, if possible, steamed after they have been used, thus killing all germs and bacteria which would be apt to cause disease. Their feed boxes should be clean and sweet.

The stalls and pens should be clean and dry and well bedded. It is a good plan to sprinkle the floor with land plaster. This will correct the odors and absorb moisture. If possible have the pen where the sun will shine in it. Sunlight is a great destroyer of germs. The pens should also be disinfected with some good disinfectant. Do all you can to prevent disease or disorders of the calf. A calf is very hard to treat successfully.

The care of a calf should begin when it is still unborn. The mother should have laxative food just before calving. Bran, oilmeal or wheat are good, because they are stimulating as well as laxative. When about to calve a cow should be placed in a box stall alone and be left perfectly quiet. Never disturb a cow by trying to help her, as a cow rarely needs help. Give her plenty of time, especially a heifer. Darken the stall if possible.

Leave With Cow Day or Two. The calf should be left with the cow for a day or so. If the calf is small or weak leave it a longer time. Under any circumstances it should get the colostrum. This is particularly rich in albuminoids and is of much benefit to a newborn calf.

But the longer a calf remains with its mother the harder it is to teach it to drink and the more it feels the change from sucking to hand feeding. When the cow is taken out and placed in her stall the calf should be left undisturbed for from twelve to twenty-four hours. It should be left till it is very hungry. It does not pay to waste time with a calf when it is not hungry, for it spoils the calf and the temper of the teacher.

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How Much to Feed. The first week the calf may get six to eight pounds of its mother's milk. Hol-

stein milk may be fed pure, but rich milk should be diluted with a little water.

Always feed at a temperature of about 90 to 100 degrees. A variation will cause scours. And never make the mistake of overfeeding. This is a very easy thing to do and is the cause of many calves' death.

The second week the calf may be fed a little hay. Hay being the first thing a calf will eat, the calf should have it young. The milk need not be increased until the second week. As soon as the calf will eat it, which is at about a month, it should have meal to eat. Give it all it will eat, as at this stage it will not overeat.

The third or fourth week the change may be made from whole to skim milk. This is a critical time, so the calf should be watched closely. First take away a pound of whole milk and add a pound of skim. Change a pound about every two days until the change is complete. At the first sign of scours cut down the milk and heat it up to 120 degrees and add a little water. This will stop the disease and is very simple. Under no circumstances allow the calf to struggle along with the scours.

When Change Is Complete. When the change is complete the calf may get twelve pounds of skim milk and two pounds of grain, also all the hay it will eat. Increase the milk two pounds a week until the calf gets about eighteen to twenty pounds. Do not feed more than this. It will make a scrawny potbelly, with no lung capacity. When a calf gets large enough to use more than twenty pounds of milk it will be too large to make the most profit out of it.

At 6 months the calf may get less milk, say two pounds a week, until it gets none. Give plenty of good hay and grain and a little stlage may be fed. Do not get it fat and thus give a tendency to lay on flesh. Be sure to give the calf plenty of those two great necessities of life—salt and water.

STRAWBERRY-RASPBERRY.

Fort Collins, Colo.—When fruit growers are not imposed upon by the people who have blight cases or dandelion exterminators to sell, there is sure to be the agent who has a horticultural novelty. These novelties are of diverse kinds, but invariably the glowing descriptions would lead one to expect that their introduction would revolutionize the industry.

Last spring the strawberry-raspberry was offered in several sections of Colorado, and a number of sales were made. This berry was represented as being one of Luther Burbank's creations, a production of great merit, price \$80 for enough plants to plant an acre of land.

But the facts in the case are that the strawberry-raspberry is not one of Burbank's productions; it is not new; it is not valuable for its fruit; and instead of being a cross between the strawberry and the raspberry, it is a distinct species. This species has been grown in America in a limited way for a great many years, and was re-introduced from Japan, where it is native, about twenty years ago. It was quite widely disseminated a few years later, but it has never developed any commercial importance.

The plants are attractive in an ornamental way as they make a dense mass of foliage, and flowers are produced through a long period. The berries are large, red in color, and quite apt to crumble, and they are dry, seedy, and luscious.

The plants are unusually unproductive, their fruit-bearing habit resembling the wild thimble berry of the foothills, and as a commercial sort they have been no more profitable.

It is usually the safest plan to test novelties in a small way at first. In Colorado, in particular, except for local markets, the trade demands large quantities of well-known, stable kinds. All these varieties will no doubt be displaced by better ones, but such things take place slowly.—W. PADDOCK

WATERMELON IRRIGATION. Syl Dixon, "the man who runs advertising trains," says that there is no earthly necessity for the building of irrigation ditches if a person is just wise enough to see the means which generous providence has accorded him. Instead of forming a big corporation, employing high grade civil engineers, grading gangs and construction gangs, Syl advises the purchase of a dollar's worth of watermelon seeds.

"That isn't a joke," asserts Syl. "It will work and it will work fine. Now let me tell you just what my fellows did on a farm out in western Kansas. We discovered that we could raise bumper watermelons and fine corn on the same ground at the same time. So we just dropped a watermelon seed at each third stalk of corn. The melons grew faster than the corn and along about the last of July when we needed rain worse than a hungry child needs a picnic party, we had some striped ones and some long green ones that would have depopulated the colored supplement of Louisiana if they had been put wise. Go, but it was hot. The corn leaves commenced to droop, and things looked pretty blue. The old men kept thumping those melons every day until they "blimey bugged" back in good shape. Then he handed each one of us an ax and sent us out to smash those watermelons. Enough juice ran out of them to soak that ground several feet deep. That year we had the prize corn crop, while all around the corn was a failure. Buy a dollar's worth of watermelon seeds and forget your irrigation ditches."

Hoch Pardons Two Convicts. Topeka, Kan., July 29.—Gov. Hoch issued commutations Tuesday for J. W. Cook and Henry Koeller and both will be released from the penitentiary this week. Cook was sent to the prison from Labette county for murder in the second degree in 1900. Koeller was sent to prison from Riley county in 1906 for assault.

RULERS WHO CARRY FIREARMS.

European Crowned Heads No Easy Marks for Assassins.

During the visit to Biarritz of King Edward a local reporter discovered to a certainty that the monarch carried a revolver, says the New York Times. A very pretty gold and ivory affair, but a six-shooter just the same. This caused further inquiry, resulting in the discovery that most living monarchs carry revolvers. Indeed, Edward carried one before he became king. It is recalled that at one time when his horse fell receiving a mortal wound, the then prince of Wales drew a revolver and put the animal out of his agony.

On the body of the late King Carlos of Portugal a loaded revolver was found, but the crown prince, after being shot, had strength enough to draw his pistol and wound one of the assassins.

The German emperor's revolver is daily inspected by his gun charger and freshly loaded. His majesty also has a revolver lying on a small table nearest his bed.

In the bedroom of the murdered King Alexander of Serbia a small arsehal was found when the conspirators entered through the door shattered by dynamite. If Alexander had not lost his head he might have put up a good fight.

A TINY BRITISH CANNON BALL.

New Hampshire Man Has Memento He Prizes Highly.

Frank M. Everett of Penacook, N. H., has a cannon ball which was fired from one of the British war vessels in the Mystic river at the American redoubt on Bunker (or more probably Breed's) hill at the outbreak of the revolutionary war. It is in good condition, and is highly prized by the Everett family, who regard it as a sort of heirloom.

The authenticity of the cannon ball is vouched for by the carefully kept record which Mr. Everett has. According to this document the missile was discovered by Col. James S. Savage while excavations were in progress for the foundation of the Bunker hill monument. Mr. Everett's great-grandfather, who achieved a notable record in the battles of colonial days, secured the cannon ball after its finding by Col. Savage, and it has been in the Everett family ever since, coming into the possession of the present owner on the death of his father, several years ago.

It tips the scales at a little over four pounds.

Marching to Fort Riley. Leavenworth, Kan., July 29.—The entire regiment of the Thirtieth infantry, under the command of Col. R. H. R. Longborough, Wednesday morning took up the march of 140 miles to Fort Riley, Kan. To participate in the maneuvers to be held there August 10 to September 10. The Thirtieth's machine gun platoon and the regimental band will accompany the troops. A feature of this trip will be three night marches.

Auto Owners Not Liable. New York, July 28.—Automobile owners are not liable for damages in case of accidents occurring when the chauffeur takes out the car not on the business of the master, according to a decision of the appellate division of the supreme court made public Monday.

Start on Long "Hike." St. Paul, July 28.—Battery C, United States field artillery left Fort Snelling Monday on a march of 227 miles to Alton, Iowa. The battery will take a trail for Fort Riley, Kan. The battery consists of four officers and 127 enlisted men.

Prohibitionists in Iowa. Waterloo, Ia., July 29.—Eugene W. Chafin of Chicago, nominee of the Prohibition party for the presidency, opened his campaign in Iowa with addresses here Tuesday afternoon and night.

EXCHANGE DIRECTORY.

Following is a list of the commission merchants in the Live Stock exchange at the St. Joseph stock yards: Blanchard, Rush & Co., rooms 326-328.

Byers Bros. & Co., rooms 202-204. Clay, Robinson & Co., rooms 329-330-331-332-333. Cox, Jones Live Stock Commission Co., room 223.

Cridler Bros. & Co., rooms 302-304. Daily, C. M. & Co., rooms 317-319. Davis & Son, rooms 206-208-215-216-217.

Johnson & Son, rooms 205-207. Kansas City Live Stock Commission Co., rooms 226-228. Knollm Sheep Co., rooms 219-221-223.

Lee Live Stock Commission Co., rooms 209-210-211-213. Missouri Live Stock Commission Co., rooms 201-203. Nichols, Gilchrist & Co., rooms 321-323.

Nye, Schneider, Fowler Co., rooms 206-208-215. National Live Stock Commission Co., rooms 328-329-240. Prey Bros. & Cooper, rooms 318-322.

Russell Live Stock Commission Co., rooms 212-214. Stewart & Durrant, rooms 229-230-231. Sager & Young, rooms 232-234-236. St. Joseph Live Stock Commission Co., rooms 212-214.

TAGE Bros., rooms 237-239. Thompson, Drinkard & Emmert, rooms 209-210-211-213.

STOCK CATTLE BROKERS. Following dealers in stock cattle are represented in the Exchange building: Aikins, J. V., room 301.

Baker, Joseph, room 319. Donegan, M. F. & Co., room 302. Hoffman, G. & Co., room 316. Maxwell Spayde & Co., room 309. Roundtree, W. R., room 316.

Look at the fierce faces. They get in these auto races. Every day you read of some record being broken. You have broken our record on sales of Trunks, Satchels and other Leather Goods. There's a reason. The public knows where the best Leather Goods for the money can be bought. For that vacation trip you will need a Trunk or Suit Case. Why not make your selection from our large stock?

F. ENDEBROCK TRUNK COMPANY. Third and Felix Sts., St. Joseph, Mo.

Alfalfa Seed. For Fall Sowing. We have a large stock of high grade tested seed and are prepared to fill orders promptly for any quantity—carlots or less. We are headquarters. Ask for samples and prices. The Mangelsdorf Bros. Co., Seedmen Atchison, Kan.

WHEN WRITING ADVERTISERS Mention The Journal.

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Wholesale and Retail. Ice Cream and Dairy Products. Old and New Phones 786. 218-20-22 S. Fifth St. South St. Joseph Branch: Lake and Texas Avenues.

LIGHTNING GASOLINE ENGINE. Stationary and Portable 2 to 25 H. P. New Plan for Cooling Cylinder. REDUCES WATER ANTS TO A FEW GALLONS. SEND FOR CATALOGUE—SPECIAL FARM ENGINES. Kansas City Hay Press Co., 505 Mill St., Kansas City, Mo.

JAMES KERSEY, Stock Yards, Southwest Corner Illinois and Lake Avenues, WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS. Old Telephone No. 165. SOUTH ST. JOSEPH, MO.

M. J. DONEGAN, Plumber, Gas, Steam, Old and New. Hose, Packing, Pumps, Gas Fittings, Closets, Bath Tubs, Hot Water, Brass Goods, Lawn Sprinklers, etc. Estimates furnished on application. Fourth and Felix Sts., Southeast Corner.

ST. JOSEPH STOCK YARDS COMPANY. ST. JOSEPH, MO. We are in the Market every day for Cattle, Hogs and Sheep. We are especially bidding for Range Cattle and Sheep, both for slaughter and feeding. Located on fourteen railroads, and in the center of the best corn and live stock district in the United States, we are prepared to furnish a good market for all kinds of live stock.

HOTEL KUPPER. 11th and McGee Sts. Kansas City, Missouri. Stockmans Headquarters. Take 12th St. Car from Stock Yards Direct to Hotel. 200 ROOMS. 100 WITH BATH. European Plan \$1 per Day and Up. Popular Priced Cafe.

MORRIS & COMPANY. A FEW SPECIALTIES—Supreme Bacon, Supreme Ham, Supreme Lard, Supreme Sausage, Supreme Dried Beef, Lion Brand Canned Meats. MORRIS & COMPANY. CHICAGO ST. JOSEPH KANSAS CITY ST. LOUIS

TRANSIT HOUSE. ST. JOSEPH STOCK YARDS, ST. JOSEPH, MO. FINEST STOCKMEN'S HOTEL IN THE COUNTRY. Rates: American Plan, \$2.00 and \$2.50 Per Day. European Plan, 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.25. A. W. KOHLER, Manager.

Blacklegoids. Simplest, Safest, Surest Vaccination for the prevention of BLACKLEG IN CATTLE. NO DOSE TO MEASURE. NO LIQUID TO SPILL. NO STRONG TOXIC. Just a little pill to be placed under the skin of the animal by a single thrust of the instrument. You cannot afford to let your cattle die of blackleg when a few dollars spent on Blacklegoids will save them. Write for circular. PARKE, DAVIS & COMPANY. HOME OFFICES AND LABORATORIES, DETROIT, MICH. NOTICE—For a limited time we will give any stockman an injector free with his first purchase of 100 vaccoines.

Shannon's Cafe. (Successor to Fisher's Cafe) We carry a full line of THINGS THAT ARE GOOD TO EAT. Our Steaks are from the finest Corn-Bred Cattle the St. Joseph market affords. Convince Yourself. J. P. (JACK) SHANNON, Proprietor. 420 FELIX ST. Formerly manager Transit House Cafe.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES. For Men and Women, Boys and Youths. The W. L. DOUGLAS SHOESTORE, 71 W. Cor. 8th and Diamond Street. WILLIAM H. KUEKER, Mgr.

SHAMROCK WHISKEY. Is Distilled for Medicinal Purposes From Rye and Barley Malt. Age, ten years. No fill oil, no drugs. Prices: 10c per quart, \$10 per doz.; 50c per half dozen; quart bottles, or 14c per gal. freight paid to any railroad station on receipt of price, or will ship C. O. D. Write for complete price list. Business record 25 years. Reference, National Bank of St. Joseph. ST. JOSEPH, MO. M. J. SHERIDAN, New Telephone 341. Importer and Dealer in Wines and Liquors.

FIND PIRATES' HOARD

WINDFALL FOR PEOPLE OF PORTUGUESE VILLAGE.

Hidden Plunder of Long-Forgotten Sea Banditti Revealed Through the Encroachments of the Atlantic Ocean on Coast.

The inhabitants of Paradelha, a tiny fishing village on the Portuguese coast some distance south of Lisbon, have been growing rich of late on what seems to have been the hidden plunder of some long-forgotten pirate band. Some of them have gathered in as much as \$1,000 worth of treasure.

That part of the coast of Portugal is suffering from the encroachments of the ocean. Many houses have been undermined in the last few years and have had to be abandoned. Sometimes big slices of dry land slip off into the Atlantic ocean on a stormy night and the people wake up to find all landmarks changed.

This is what happened a couple of weeks ago in a furious gale. The waves washed far in over the upland and carried away vast masses of the upper soil, leaving the shelving beach a couple of hundred feet wider than it had ever been before. A fisherman walking along the edge of the strand saw something glistening in the slope and rooting it out of the ground found it was an ancient silver cup. He dug some more and found quantities of scattered gold and silver coins.

When the news got around the village the whole population turned out to dig. They found still more money, all dating back to the end of the seventeenth and beginning of the eighteenth centuries. There were rings and brooches, crucifixes and jeweled chalices, jeweled sword handles and table plate. Nobody knows just how much the treasure amounted to, since the fisherman hid it as fast as they secured it, and when the official inquiries were made every one denied his own share.

They are still digging, however, and an occasional find is made. The sea seems to have broken up the cache and distributed its contents over many acres of beach. Objects are picked up as far as low water mark, and some are doubtless washed back from time to time from deep water.

It is believed that the treasure represents plunder from Spanish coast towns. It is said that long ago there were numerous bands of Portuguese pirates which committed depredations on a considerable scale both afloat and ashore, and when Portugal was at peace with Spain they were obliged to be very careful and hide their plunder. From time to time other hoards of the same sort have been discovered. When this collection was buried, no doubt, the spot was far enough from the water's edge to be regarded as safe for all time.

Serious Thoughts.

The multimillionaire was being shaved. As he lay back in his chair, looking upward, his grave face gave the impression that he was in deep study.

"Ah," whispered one of the barber-shop loiterers, "I'll wager a dollar against a toothpick that he is thinking of railroad mergers."

"No," said another, "he is thinking about bear raids in Wall street."

"Bet he is pondering over the rebate system," echoed a third.

"I'll ask him."

Walking over to the chair he said politely:

"Beg pardon, sir, but to settle an argument, would you kindly tell us what mighty question you are studying over?"

The multimillionaire turned his lathered face around and smiled. "I was just studying two flies doing handspings on the ceiling," he chuckled, and the trio of guessers looked so sheepish they failed to hear "Next" when it was called to them.—Chicago News.

Antidote for Ingersoll.

Colonel Ingersoll was to speak in a Western town. As an antidote the good people announced for the following night: "An answer to Ingersoll!" Circulars were even scattered about the hall the night before, and one was handed to Ingersoll by mistake as he made his way toward the platform.

He was fairly into his subject, when a mule attached to one of the vehicles about the entrance opened up an opposition, after the manner of mules. Ingersoll paused, listened intently till the music ceased for an instant, then, shaking a menacing finger in the direction whence the sound had come, he cried:

"Hold on there! You stop! Can't you play fair? This is my evening! You are advertised for to-morrow night!"—Illustrated Sunday Magazine.

Always Good.

"Ah, younger goes a wicked beauty," said the Fool, the while he pointed out a very handsome woman in the street.

"Friend Fool, there is no such thing as a wicked beauty," was the Sage's answer.

"But, Master Sage, that beauty I am showing you, she's very wicked!" cried the Fool. "Why, she has ruined men galore! Wicked—well, I should say she was!"

The Sage smiled simply as he made reply:

"You may be right in that the woman's wicked. But—"

He passed an instant to drive home his point.

"Her beauty, Fool, is good, exceeding good!"—Hertzberger's Weekly.

WINS FORTUNE THROUGH DREAM.

Woman Puts Money on Horse Suggested by a Vision.

New York.—Mrs. Tessie Crawford, the youthful wife of John D. Crawford, proprietor of the Crawford house of Jamaica, says that she won a fortune at the Belmont park track a fortnight ago by placing a bet upon a horse whose name she dreamed. It was the first bet she had ever made, and she plunged. This is her story:

Early Sunday morning, May 17, she shook her husband, and in a frightened voice demanded that he save her from a mouse that was chasing her about a field.

"A what?" demanded her sleepy spouse.

"A field mouse. Oh, there he comes! Help! Help!" she cried.

"Forget it and go to sleep; we aren't in camp," said Mr. Crawford, sleepily.

Mrs. Crawford looked through the morning papers and found a horse named Field Mouse entered. Then she grew excited.

"John, my dream means that Field Mouse is going to win a race to-day," she said. "I'm going to bet on him."

Mr. Crawford told her that it would be money thrown away, but she held to her belief that her dream was a bona fide tip and he finally consented, she says, to permit her to put \$100 on the horse. The next day she sent the money down by her husband's son, Charles Crawford, 18 years old, who is nearly as old as his handsome step-mother. Charles carried along five dollars of his own. The odds on Field Mouse were 100 to 1.

MAN SLUMBERS 22 HOURS.

Strange Plant Accidentally Found by a Fisherman.

Alton, Ill.—This time Alton has dug up the weird, uncanny "sleepight weed." So far that is the only name it has, because nobody knows what it is. Anyway, this weed or something made John Coppinger of 202 East Second street sleep 22 hours after he returned home from a fishing trip.

Coppinger is a tax collector. With George Demuth, Richard McManus and Edward Tremmel, he went to Eagle's Nest Island, ten miles north of Alton, in Demuth's launch.

They took with them things to appease their appetites and quench their thirst. When supper time came Coppinger thought he would like a side dish of greens; so he picked some and cooked them for himself.

He says they tasted good, but a short time after he ate them he began to be drowsy. When he reached Alton, at seven p. m., he was so sleepy he could hardly walk, and his friends assisted him to his home.

He fell on the bed in a stupor. When he awoke it was five p. m. the next day.

He is going back to look for the strange weed, which he thinks might be of great value as a narcotic.

WON \$10,000 BET ON WEATHER.

Jim O'Leary Wagered It Would Rain Eighteen Days in May.

Chicago.—Rain Decoration day put Jim O'Leary's \$10,000 bet that it would rain 18 days in May beyond dispute.

"I'll give you my dope," said O'Leary. "Four years ago a stockman called my attention to the weather predictions of a Prof. Hicks of St. Louis, I bet Hicks' spring dope for three years and won. This year he predicted cyclones and rains for 21 days in May."

"On May 1 a brokerage firm called me up and asked me if I would like to take a bet on May weather, and when I learned what it was I agreed. The man I am betting with is a Chicagoan of sporting tendencies who would bet \$5,000 on the drop of a hat. Of course he has his system of weather judging, and it is pretty good. It has rained 20 days."

"By following Hicks I have never failed to win a bet on the weather. Last winter I won \$8,000, and the winter before \$15,000, on a bet about the temperature."

WINS BET BY SILENCE.

Man Piles Brick for Six Hours Without Answering Questions.

St. Louis.—The open season for fool bets is on in St. Charles, a suburb of St. Louis. That's the reason for the queer antics of Edward Boston.

Boston went to work at 7 a. m. to furnish diversion for a big crowd at Fifth and Decatur streets, the busiest corner in town. On a wager of five dollars with six young men, whose names he would not divulge, he agreed to work ten hours without speaking to any one.

All he had to do was to pile six bricks on the curb on one side of the street and then carry them over to the other side and pile them there, and back again and back again all day long.

Several hundred persons watched him as he trudged back and forth with the bricks. They asked him questions and hurled taunts at him, but he kept his lips tightly shut, and at 5 p. m. he had won the bet.

This Cow Is Rooseveltian.

Chetek, Wis.—Maynard Farr, a farmer living five miles east of this city, claims to own the most wonderful productive cow in the United States. The animal is now supporting a family of four calves, which are allowed to run with the mother in the field. The calves all were born within the last 11 months. There are two pairs of twins, each animal perfectly formed, healthy and thriving.

IN SACRED KEEPING

WIDOW HELD HER HUSBAND'S LITERARY TREASURES.

Not All the Wealth of New York, She Declared, Would Tempt Her to Part with the Books He Loved.

A New Yorker who returned a few days ago from the Catskill mountains tells of an old woman he met, who lives in a cottage just outside the little town of Cairo. This woman, a Mrs. Gary, he discovered, has a valuable collection of books which belonged to her husband, who at one time kept a second-hand store in Washington, D. C., and who died about 20 years ago.

"I stumbled on the little wooden house and its occupant by chance," said he, "and it is a meeting I shall long remember. I followed her up an uncarpeted stair, through a bare room to where the books were. They lined a dozen rough shelves and littered the floor. Evidently they had not been disturbed for years. Piles of hand-some volumes in worn leather covers lay smeared in cobwebs and dust. I stooped down to pick up a book."

"Stop!" she cried, grabbing my arm. "You must not touch them! They were his, and you must not touch them!"

"Gradually, however, she relented. I was allowed to open some of the volumes under protest. Rare books they were. Three first editions, which lay half-hidden in a pile of broken plaster would have brought, I believe, a total of \$500 at a book commissioner's sale in New York; one copy of Poe, which I would have liked much to possess, lay in a moldy condition on the sill of the little attic window; several rare volumes of Dickens' works and an equally rare copy of Longfellow I found behind an immense traveling trunk, squeezed and scratched deplorably. Treasure met my hand and eye everywhere.

"Why, I protested, if you took these books to New York and placed them with proper persons you'd make a small fortune."

"To New York?" she echoed, raising her hands in alarm. "No, indeed, all the wealth of New York would not tempt me to part with one of them. They were his; that's enough for me. Take care of my books, Jane"—that was about the last words he said to me before he died. I have respected his wish, for they are here as he left them. You are the first to lay a finger on them, and you'll likely be the last, for before I follow him I'll make sure that his books'll fall into no strange hands. Here, during the latter years of his life, on the oak chair under the skylight, he would sit for hours and days on end with no company but his books. That night that was his last he was here for hours. When he came down to the sitting room he could not rest, and he said to me: "I'm going back to my books, Jane, and may read till late. Get to bed if you wish, and never mind me." So I went to bed and on awakening at the first glimmer of dawn I saw I was still alone. "Andrew!" but no answer came, then I stole out and went up stairs. Ah, I remember as if it were yesterday. He sat here with his head down on his chest—dead. This book was in his left hand and his right gripped the chair arm like a vice. That entire book on the floor lay as it lies now open with its face down. There I have left it lie. No hand shall touch them. And so we walked silently out of the musty room, and she locked the door."

Steel—Touchstone of Fortune. Steel with its billion of money; Steel, with its myriad glowing furnaces, its thundering mills, and its smokestacks thick as stalks in a corn field; Steel, with its thousands upon thousands of miles of ore land and coal land and gas land; Steel, with its endless railroads and its fleets of vessels; Steel, with its swarming populations of workmen and its trade lines penetrating every business and every corner of the world, has become the touchstone of our fortunes and the barometer of our condition.

They used to say: "As New York goes, so goes the Union." Now they say that as Steel goes, so goes the whole mighty current of American business. We live and work in steel buildings, we ride in steel cars and steel ships, our intercourse is over steel wires—we are encompassed and entwined and connected, transported, and finally entombed by steel. We are Steel and Steel is us.—Harper's Weekly.

Slightly Influenced. "Rastus," said the candidate, "did you ever sell your vote?"

"No, sirree," was the emphatic answer. "But when a man comes around and he's me out a little wif de rent and de grocery bill, I owes him a little pure friendship, doesn't I?"—Washington Star.

Historical Revelation. "How could you distinguish Achilles from the girls?" asked the Greeks.

"How could you see that he was a man in woman's garb?"

"He didn't," explained Ulysses, "drop his handkerchief every time he turned around."

My! But Isn't He Nasty! Young Green—Do you know, sir, I believe that woman is really endowed with a sixth sense.

Old Grouch—Humph! Just about a sixth, all the women I've met.—Tribune.

Woodruff to See Roosevelt. Oyster Bay, N. Y., July 28.—The announcement was made here Monday night that Timothy L. Woodruff, chairman of the New York state Republican committee, had asked for an appointment with President Roosevelt, and that the president has designated Wednesday as the day he would like to have the state chairman call on him at Sagamore Hill.

Typhoon at Hong Kong. Manila, July 28.—A destructive typhoon swept over Hong Kong at midnight Monday causing heavy loss of life among the Chinese residents and unroofing many buildings. The typhoon caused the tempestuous sea which resulted in several steamers being driven ashore.

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KEYWOOD'S CAFE Cor. Lake and Illinois Aves. Headquarters for Good Good South St. Joseph, Mo.

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For the Best write to LEWIS SUPPLY CO. 115 S. 4th St., St. Joseph, Mo.

FOR SALE—25,000 HEAD OF CATTLE.

20,000 steers four years old and up in fine condition. 5,000 fat heifer calves, in lots to suit. These cattle can be delivered from August to December in stock yards at El Paso, Texas.

Address J. S. Daugherty, Buckler Bldg., El Paso, Texas.

BIELHEN FOUNDRY AND MACHINE WORKS

Gasoline Engines For all purposes. From 2 1/2 to 30 horse power. Also Steam Engines, Boilers, Pumps, Shafting and Pulleys. Repairing of All Kinds of Machinery.

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HAMMONDS Mistletoe

Hams, Breakfast Bacon, Lard and Canned Meats

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HORSES AND MULES

DON'T FORGET BIG

Range Horse Auction

1500 RANGE HORSES 1500

A. B. & M. STOCK YARDS

GILLETTE, WYO.

MONDAY AND TUESDAY . . . AUG. 3 and 4

Under the Management of E. W. ANSPACH, of South Omaha, Neb.

1500 Head First - Class Range Horses

These horses will be consigned by the different horse breeders in the vicinity of Gillette, Wyo., and are known from coast to coast as being the very best type of draft horses in all the West.

This vast offering will consist of all kind, from the unbranded suckling colt to the 14 and 2-year-old rugged mares and geldings.

This will be a rare opportunity for all to get some good stuff and to buy direct from the breeder, saving all middlemen's profits. These horses will be an exceptionally fine lot to select from. On account of the country fast settling up with Eastern people these breeders are compelled to close out their horses. All will be sold without reserve, and the high bidder gets them.

SALE POSITIVE — NO POSTPONEMENT

For further particulars of this great sale write or wire me.

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50 CARS OF HORSES

As Choice as Were Ever Grown in the West, Will Comprise Our Grand Auction Sale

Grand Island, Nebraska, August 18, 1908

Horses sold low at our previous sale—the lowest in more than a year. It is the right time for farmers to get the right kind of horses at the right kind of prices. It will more than repay you to arrange to attend this sale. Everything sold without reserve, to the highest bidder.

OUR NEXT SALE, SEPTEMBER 1.

W. PURDELL, Auctioneer GRAND ISLAND, NEBRASKA

W. I. CLAIKE, Auctioneer BRADSTREET & CLEMENS, GRAND ISLAND, NEBRASKA

JACKS AND JENNETS FOR SALE—Home-raised on our Cherry Grove Stock Farm. All in extra good serviceable condition. Will bear close inspection, as all are bred right. Prices reasonable. C. M. DAILY & SON, Savannah, Mo. Advertise in The Journal.

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WE CAN'T HELP IT. We sell you the celebrated H. & M. Brand Stock Saddles and Harness direct—no middle-man, no dealer's profit. WE PAY THE FREIGHT. We will sell you our own brand or any other make of harness and Stock Saddle cheaper than any other dealer will sell to you. Write us for our free catalogue, or write us about the price of any number or Harness or Saddle of any make in the country. We simply wish to demonstrate to you that we can do as we claim.

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POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS



JOSEPH ANDRIANO

Candidate for SHERIFF Subject to the Republican Primaries.

Mr. Andriano is one of our oldest and most respected citizens. He is a man possessed of great sense of justice; liberal in his views, true to his friends, honest, courageous and competent in every respect. He has held several offices of importance and trust, having been twice elected sheriff of this county and the fifth ward with credit to himself and his party. Therefore the Republican voters of this county will make no mistake if they cast their votes for Mr. Andriano, and place him on their ticket, for he will surely add great strength and victory to the Republican banner this fall.

JOS. ALBUS

Candidate for SHERIFF

Subject to the Republican Primary Election, August 4, 1908

THOMAS F. RYAN

Candidate for Judge of Criminal Court

Subject to Democratic Primary August 4, 1908

CHAS. T. PAULETTE

Candidate for SHERIFF

Subject to Decision of the Democratic Primary, August 4.

CHARLES F. KELLER

Democratic Candidate for Prosecuting Att'y

Subject to Primary Election, Aug. 4, '08

JOHN W. MUIR

Democratic Candidate for Prosecuting Attorney

Primary August 4, 1908

RICHARD D. FULKS

Candidate for SHERIFF

Subject to the Decision of Democratic Primary, August 4, 1908

ELL HOLLAND

For Prosecuting Att'y

Subject to Democratic Primary to be held on Tuesday, Aug. 4, '08

L. J. EASTIN

Candidate for Circuit Judge, District No. 2

Subject to Decision of Democratic Primary August 4, '08

OTTO THEISEN

Democratic Candidate for SHERIFF

Subject to Primary Election, Tuesday, August 4, 1908

DAVID H. HATFIELD

Republican Candidate for SHERIFF

Subject to Primary Election, Tuesday, August 4, 1908

VOTE FOR GEORGE KNOPINSKI

Candidate for SHERIFF

Subject to Democratic Primary, Tuesday, Aug. 4, '08

HENRY M. RAMEY

Candidate for Circuit Judge, District No. 2

Subject to Decision Democratic Primary, August 4, 1908

PUBLICITY PAYS

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A NEW RATE CASE

RAILROADS SEEK TO ENJOIN ARKANSAS FROM ENFORCING THE STATE LAWS.

SUIT BROUGHT AT ST. PAUL

Stockholders of Arkansas Roads Apply to Judge Vandeventer for An Injunction—Hearing August 28.

St. Paul, Minn., July 29.—Stockholders for all the railroads in Arkansas Tuesday applied to Judge Willis Vandeventer of the United States circuit court for the Eighth judicial circuit, for an injunction restraining the railroad commissioners of Arkansas from enforcing the railroad rate laws of that state.

The railroad commission was not ready for a hearing Tuesday and asked for a continuance of the case. The court issued an order postponing the hearing until August 29, and directing that the complainants file all papers by August 8. He also directed that the defendants file their answer by August 24. On August 28 a hearing as to facts will begin in St. Paul.

The complaint of the stockholders is directed against the enforcement of the two-cent fare law and freight rates established by recent legislation.

The roads that are parties to the suits are the St. Louis & Southwestern, Iron Mountain and Southern, the St. Louis & San Francisco and the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific. Two of the suits are brought by railroad corporations, while in the other cases the roads are defendants, the action being brought by stockholders as in the Minnesota cases. The railroad commission of Arkansas also is a defendant.

The complainants allege that the legislative rates in Arkansas are non-compensatory to such a degree that they will not permit the roads to earn operating expenses. It is also asserted that the penalties for violations are on their face so excessive as to render them unconstitutional. The penalty for each violation of the passenger law is a fine of \$50 to \$200 and the penalty for each violation of the freight law is a minimum fine of \$500 and a maximum fine of \$3,000. The penalties are cumulative and agents of the roads as well as corporations are liable for violations.

The freight tariff law which it is sought to enjoin consists of a compilation tariff schedule, many of which have been in force for nearly ten years. Most of the rates challenged date back to 1900-1904.

Explosion in a Hospital.
Peo, Ill., July 29.—The private hospital and residence of Dr. J. A. Alquire and the residence of Lucien B. Ford, adjoining, were completely wrecked Tuesday morning by an explosion in Dr. Alquire's laboratory. Dr. Alquire, with his clothing blazing, was thrown into the street and seriously injured. The force of the explosion threw the walls of the Alquire building 12 feet. The cause of the explosion is a mystery, but it is said that Dr. Alquire has received anonymous letters recently in which his life was threatened.

A Big Suit Settled.
Houston, Tex., July 29.—Judge Walter T. Burns placed his signature Tuesday to the agreement between the parties to the suit in the federal court between the Maryland Trust company, Houston Oil company and Kirby Lumber company, in which millions of dollars are involved and over which many thousands of pages of court record have been written. The agreement which was filed last night CMFWY which was filed Monday night takes the Kirby Lumber company out of the bankruptcy court.

Would Debate With Bryan.
Chicago, July 29.—The Peoples party executive committee has instructed the secretary, Joseph A. Parker, to issue a challenge to William J. Bryan, Democratic presidential nominee, to meet Thomas E. Watson, the Peoples party nominee, in a series of joint debates upon the issues of the two parties. The challenge will be mailed to the Democratic national chairman, Norman E. Mack.

Great Western Sale Held Up.
Kansas City, July 29.—The sale of the assets of the Great Western Life Insurance company has been held up by Judge John F. Phillips of the federal court. Creditors complained that favoritism was shown in receiving the bids and applied for a postponement. Judge Phillips denied these applications, but ruled that the complainants might have two weeks in which to file objections.

The Minnesota Rate Hearing.
St. Paul, Minn., July 29.—H. A. Gray, comptroller of the Northern Pacific railway was cross-examined by T. D. O'Brien and E. S. Dument, attorneys for the state in the Minnesota rate hearing Tuesday and testified that since the reorganization of the road in 1896 the company had spent \$128,184,385 in improvements and new equipment.

Coal for the Fleet.
Port of Spain, July 29.—The British steamer Strathroy sailed from here Tuesday for Samoa with coal for the United States naval station.

STRIKE RIOT AT ELGIN, ILL.

STREET CAR EMPLOYEES AND STRIKEBREAKERS CLASH.

One Man Probably Fatally Injured—James Farley of Cincinnati Arrested.

Elgin, Ill., July 29.—In a riot between strikers employed by the Elgin & Belvidere Electric railroad and a crowd of strike sympathizers in the Central Square here Tuesday, one man was probably fatally injured and several were hurt. James Farley of Cincinnati, who has become widely known as a leader of strikebreakers, was arrested, as were also two companions, both of Chicago. The principal sufferer from the riot was George J. Leamann of Elgin, whose head was split open. Early in the afternoon a car loaded with strikebreakers ran off the track in the square. Another car approached and when it stopped the crowd began bombarding the crew with stones. More dangerous missiles followed when the strikebreakers threatened the crowd. Random shots were fired and the strikebreakers began charging the crowd, wielding "billets." The police interfered, drove back the mob and made the arrests.

At a special meeting of the city council Corporation Council Mann was instructed to bring injunction proceedings against the railroad company on the ground that it was running its cars into the city without a franchise. The council also ordered the chief of police to stop all cars at the city limits, but voted to give the company whatever police protection it required to prevent destruction of its property.

Roosevelt Will Not Interfere.
Oyster Bay, N. Y., July 29.—President Roosevelt will maintain an attitude of absolute non-interference in the political situation in New York during the coming campaign, it was learned Tuesday. He has been appealed to by congressmen, assemblymen and others in the New York gubernatorial situation in behalf of various candidates but he has adhered to and will continue his policy of strict non-interference. He is greatly interested in the election of Judge Taft to the presidency and he will do all that is legitimately proper for him to do to secure Mr. Taft's election, but further than that he will not go.

Prince's Quebec Visit Ends.
Quebec, July 29.—The visit of the prince of Wales came to an end Tuesday night when the prince went aboard the battleship Indomitable, which sailed shortly after midnight. The departure of his highness was marked by the same scenes of enthusiasm which marked his arrival a week ago. During the evening the prince attended a state dinner aboard the British flagship Exmouth, which was attended by all the official representatives here, including Vice President Fairbanks and the American army and naval officers. Vice President Fairbanks and the American army officers leave Wednesday.

Atwood to Have Charge of Speakers.
Leavenworth, Kan., July 29.—It is reported on good authority that John H. Atwood of this city, national committee man from Kansas, in a long distance telephone conversation Tuesday afternoon, was asked by William J. Bryan to accept the chairmanship of the speakers committee during the national Democratic campaign. It is said that Atwood has agreed to take the appointment and will leave for Lincoln in a few days to hold further consultation with Mr. Bryan.

Zeppelin Nearly Ready.
Friedrichshafen, July 29.—The repaired portions of Count Zeppelin's airship were put under the most severe test in the balloon shed Tuesday. The motors stood the two hours' test so satisfactorily that the proposed trial trips of the airship before the long flight probably will be dispensed with. Count Zeppelin is likely to start on his great voyage any day after next Monday.

Ran into Open Switch.
Perry, Ok., July 29.—North-bound Santa Fe train No. 18, due here at 5:50 p. m., but running 40 minutes late, ran into an open switch here at 6:40 Tuesday night and collided with a Frisco freight. Engineer Fred Fry of Arkansas City was thrown from his seat against the switch stand and probably fatally injured. The fireman jumped and escaped.

Made Serious Charges.
Lisbon, July 29.—Deputy Alfonso Costa, one of the Republican leaders, created another scene in the chamber of deputies Tuesday, demanding the arrest and impeachment of the members of the premier Franco's cabinet whom he charged with being responsible for the assassination of King Carlos and the crown prince.

Cheated the Hangman.
New York, July 29.—Dr. Andrew Bergen Crosskey, the veterinary surgeon who shot and killed his wife in her home at Bath Beach a week ago, died suddenly in the Raymond street jail, Brooklyn, Tuesday. Heart disease, according to the prison physician, was the cause.

Lipton Wins a Race.
Havre, July 29.—At the International regatta here Tuesday Sir Thomas Lipton's Shamrock won the race for 70 footer.

TAFT ACCEPTS PLACE

SENATOR WILLIAM WARNER OF MISSOURI MAKES SPEECH OF NOTIFICATION.

CANDIDATE REALIZES RESPONSIBILITY

Entire Business Section of City Decorated in Honor of Home Man—Day Was Made a Holiday—Marching Clubs, Militia and Civic Organizations Feature of Parade.

Cincinnati, July 29.—Standing on a flag-draped platform in front of the old colonial portico of his brother's home Judge William H. Taft at noon Tuesday accepted the nomination of the Republican party to be its candidate for the presidency.

The quaint old residence of Charles P. Taft—once in the outlying residence section of the city, but now almost swallowed up by the big business buildings that have surrounded it—was the center of a demonstration unequaled in Cincinnati's history. Political leaders from far and near gathered to give the affair its political significance, while from the city and surrounding suburbs the friends, neighbors and admirers of Judge Taft among his own townspersons turned out in great numbers and without regard to party affiliation.

The notification of the candidate was made the occasion of a holiday. From early morning the downtown streets were filled with gay throngs, waving flags, shouting and moving in a seemingly endless stream toward the Taft residence at Fourth and Pike streets.

The thoroughfares in front of the old homestead where Judge Taft will make his campaign headquarters during September and October, were fairly choked with the early arrivals, and the platoon of police stationed in the neighborhood had all it could do to keep a way open for the guests and members of the notification committee who were provided with seats on the big front porch and with standing room on the spacious lawn.

Senator William Warner of Missouri, past commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, headed the notification committee, which consisted of a member from every state, territory and island possession of the nation. The representatives on the committee were chosen from the delegates attending the nominating convention at Chicago. There were also present many members of the national committee, including its chairman, Frank H. Hitchcock.

The day was clear and exceedingly warm with the slightest of breezes blowing in from the hilltops. The standing guests and the crowds from the street, however, seemed not to mind the scorching rays of the sun. But Taft materially blue penciled his speech for purposes of delivery and while not omitting any one of the important declarations, he eliminated from the spoken address many of the explanatory and detailed statements which appear in the manuscript given out for publication.

Senator Warner's speech of notification was brief, and when he had concluded speaking there was an enthusiastic outburst of cheering as Judge Taft stepped forward. After formally accepting the nomination tendered by the chairman of the notification committee, Judge Taft launched at once, without picture, apostrophe or any attempt at oratory, into the very essence of his declaration of principles, the first portion of his remarks being a declaration that Republican strength lies in a maintenance of "the Roosevelt principles."

He dwelt at some length upon what the president has done in the line of reform and declared the chief function of the next administration to be a clinging of that already has been accomplished. He asserted, in comparing the platform of the two old parties, that the Republican declaration is progressive and regulative, while the Democratic is radical and destructive.

Judge Taft discussed trusts, labor injunctions, the physical valuation of railroads, the currency, postal savings banks, which he declared were preferable to the Democratic plan of government guarantee of deposits; publicity of campaign contributions and all other issues which he regards as pertinent in the coming campaign. He concluded with the declaration that as between the two old parties the difference consisted of the fact that with Republican success there would be prosperity; with Democratic victory business disaster.

When the final address was finished there was a procession of local and visiting marching clubs, militia and various civic organizations. From an improvised reviewing stand on the sidewalk Judge Taft reviewed the passing hosts.

Motor car rides Tuesday afternoon, a reception for the visiting politicians at the Cincinnati Country club and an elaborate fireworks display Tuesday night brought the ceremonies of notification to an end.

Although showers had been predicted the sun broke from a cloudless sky when the early morning haze lifted from the city and was shining undimmed when at the precise hour set the notification programme was begun with a salute of bombs fired from the hilltops and exploding high in the air. The crash and echoes of the shots reverberating from the seven hills were heard throughout the city and far into the country.

FALLIERES AND CZAR VISIT

FRENCH PRESIDENT DINES WITH RUSSIAN EMPEROR.

A Complete Understanding Between the Two Nations Reached at Reval.

Reval, July 29.—The visit of M. Fallieres terminated Tuesday night with a state banquet on the French battleship Verite, after which the emperor made a cordial farewell to the president of France and his suite. The French squadron then weighed anchor and departed for Christiania. M. Pichon, the French foreign minister, and M. Iswolsky, the Russian foreign minister, concurred in stating that the visit of M. Fallieres to Reval and the meeting between him and the emperor have served to demonstrate the complete accord of the two nations, with out giving rise to any new departures in international relations.

According to M. Iswolsky, the conferences between the rulers and the diplomatic representatives of Russia and France covered the general range of European politics, touching all questions now interesting diplomatic chancelleries. A complete understanding concerning the problems in which the two nations are jointly concerned was reached, as well as with regard to questions arising out of the situation in Persia and Morocco, which are considered within the special sphere of either of the allies.

The keynote of the addresses, upon the exchange of toasts at the banquet, was the desire of both France and Russia to maintain the general peace of the world and the equilibrium of Europe. Similar declarations were made at the meeting between Emperor Nicholas and King Edward. During the afternoon the president's son went ashore and visited many of the public places but M. Fallieres himself did not touch Russian soil during the visit. Previous to the banquet the emperor and the president together visited several Russian and French warships. The Russian sailors were entertained aboard one of the French cruisers.

The usual distribution of decorations and presents took place. The emperor presented snuff boxes to M. Pichon and Admiral Touchard, the ambassador to Russia. President Fallieres presented a pair of vases to the empress and delighted the imperial children with two chests of beautiful French toys.

Sherman's Successor.
Utica, N. Y., July 29.—James S. Sherman, Republican vice presidential candidate, Tuesday announced that he would be succeeded as chairman of the congressional campaign committee by Representative William B. McKinley of Illinois, who has heretofore held the office of treasurer. The new treasurer will be Charles G. Dawes, former controller of the currency, Henry Casson, sergeant-at-arms of the house of representatives, will be assistant secretary, a position that is now created. Mr. Sherman will at once turn over his duties to his successor.

Rules for Kansas Primaries.
Topeka, Kan., July 29.—Fred S. Jackson, the attorney general, is sending out a letter to election officials throughout the state in which he quotes a large part of the penalty sections of the new primary law. The law provides that no one shall give liquor on that day and that no bets on any proposition hinging on the result of the primary in any particular will be allowed. The letter also tells the officials what their duties are, how they are to conduct themselves and what to do in case of challenges.

Canceled Their Exequators.
Washington, July 29.—Because they intervened in behalf of the non-combatants, the consular representatives of various governments at Ceiba, have incurred the displeasure of President Davilla of Honduras and he has cancelled their exequators. The activity of the consuls occurred just preceding the revolutionary attack upon Ceiba about ten days ago when the revolutionists were repulsed by the government troops.

Government to Buy Steamers.
Victoria, B. C., July 29.—The steamer Tremont reached Port Tuesday on what will be probably her last voyage from the Orient, it being the intention of the owners, according to advices received by her officers, that the steamer, together with the Shawmut will be sold to the American government for the transport service, leaving but one American steamer in the Oriental trade from Puget Sound.

Bryan Interested.
Boise, Ida., July 29.—It was announced here Tuesday that William J. Bryan will have a personal representative at the Democratic state convention which is to be held at Wallace next week who will endeavor to bring about harmony. Falling in that, Mr. Bryan's representative will endeavor to fix the responsibility for a split in the party over the Mormon question, should one occur.

Convicted of Preacher's Murder.
New Brunswick, N. J., July 29.—Archie Herron, the former blacksmith who shot and killed the Rev. S. V. B. Prickett, a Methodist minister, on July 15, was convicted of murder in the first degree and sentenced to be executed at Benton on September 7.

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Nic Kuchn.
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J. A. Aniser, Harness.
- Combe Printing Co., Printing.
The Crocker Store, Crockery.
Conser Laundry Co., Laundry.
Dutton Bros., Dentists.
Fashion Cloak & Suit Co., Ladies' Goggles.
W. S. Kinison, Druggist.
Merchants' Credit Co.
B. Newberger, Millinery.
Olney Music Co., Music Store.
St Joseph Gas Co.
St Joseph Bill Posting & Advertising Co.
L. C. Smith Bros. Typewriter Co.
Stuppy Floral Co.
Wm. Schroeder, Book Store.
Wm. F. Uhlman, Kodaks.
Mrs. L. Wacher, Confectioner.
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St Joseph News-Press.

HISGEN IS NAMED

MASSACHUSETTS MAN NOMINATED FOR PRESIDENT BY INDEPENDENCE PARTY.

GRAVES FOR SECOND PLACE

The Georgia Editor Named for Vice President by the Convention—Kansan Nearly Caused a Riot.

Chicago, July 29.—For president, Thomas L. Hisgen of Massachusetts; for vice president, John Temple Graves of Georgia, and New York, an editorial writer for W. R. Hearst. This ticket was Tuesday night nominated by the Independence party at its first national convention.

The nomination of Mr. Hisgen was made on the third ballot, his chief competitors being Milford W. Howard of Alabama and John Temple Graves of Georgia. Reuben R. Lyon of New York received a complimentary vote on the first ballot and William R. Hearst had 49 friends who voted for him on the first two ballots.

The nomination of Mr. Graves was made unanimously, all the other candidates having been withdrawn.

Friends of Mr. Bryan made an effort during the night session to bring his name before the convention, and the man who attempted it nearly produced a riot and narrowly escaped physical violence at the hands of the indignant delegates.

The man who sought to place Mr. Bryan in nomination was J. L. Shepard of Fort Scott, Kan. He did not succeed, for being called to order by the convention and questioned by Chairman Charles A. Walsh, he admitted that it was his intention to name Mr. Bryan. That was the first and last time he mentioned the name of the Democratic leader.

The platform adopted is in substance as follows:

Direct nominations, the initiative and referendum and right of recall favored; and a corrupt practices act forbidding the use of money in political campaigns except for meeting literature and traveling expenses demanded. Gross federal extravagance and over-capitalization are condemned.

The labor planks of both old party platforms are denounced as political "bumcombe" and "clap-trap," the arbitrary use of injunctions and contempt proceedings condemned. It is insisted that in labor disputes no injunction be issued and no one be imprisoned for contempt without jury trial. The eight-hour day for private or federal employes, is demanded and "black-lists" of employes condemned. Safety

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