

# STOCK YARDS DAILY JOURNAL

A Daily Commercial Newspaper for Modern Farmers and Stockmen and an Advertising Medium that Reaches the Buyers

Vol. XI, No. 122.

ST. JOSEPH, MO., SATURDAY, JANUARY 11, 1908.

LAST EDITION.

TERMS: PER YEAR \$4.00 SINGLE COPIES 5 CENTS

## DAILY MARKETS

Official Receipts, 29 Cars, 577 Cattle; 139 Cars, 10,782 Hogs; 1 Car, 204 Sheep.

## GOOD WEEK IN CATTLE TRADE

Opening Prices Weak But Finish Was Strong, Healthy and Active.

## BETTER CLASS OF STEERS

Butcher Trade Active as a Rule and Prices Mostly Quarter Higher For the Week—Calves 50 Cents Higher—Few Stock Cattle on Hand, Prices 10 to 15 Cents Higher This Week—Hogs Opened 5 Cents Lower, Loss Regained—Sheep and Lambs 25 to 40 Cents Higher.

## RECEIPTS FROM JANUARY 1, 1908.

The following table shows the receipts from January 1, 1908, and receipts for the corresponding time in 1907:

	1908	1907	Dec.	Inc.
Cattle	18,022	18,084	5,012	...
Hogs	95,472	94,528	29,436	...
Sheep	22,597	19,019	3,778	...
Horses	263	948	685	...

## LIVE STOCK IN SIGHT.

The following shows the estimated receipts of cattle, hogs and sheep at the live principal western markets:

	Cattle	Hogs	Sheep
Chicago	400	27,000	2,000
St. Joseph	100	10,000	2,000
St. Louis	100	10,000	2,000
St. Paul	100	10,000	2,000
Omaha	100	10,000	2,000
Des Moines	100	10,000	2,000
Sioux Falls	100	10,000	2,000
Grand Forks	100	10,000	2,000
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If you do not receive your paper regularly, notify this office or your commission firm, at once, so the matter may be regulated without delay. Advertising Rates Furnished on Application. Usual 20 per cent commission allowed postmasters, who are authorized to take subscriptions. AT THE THEATRES TONIGHT. Crystal—Advanced Vaudeville. Lyric—Renfrow's Stock Co. BRIEF CITY NEWS. Tim Ingwersen, a cattle buyer for the Swift plant at Chicago, was in the South End yesterday. He is making a tour of the river markets. The installation of officers of the American Brotherhood of Yeomen will be held at the lodge rooms January 23. Dr. and Mrs. W. A. Thomas, of Tarkio, Mo., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Thomas, 401 East Missouri avenue. Mr. and Mrs. James Laidlaw, of Solomon, Kas., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Henry, 219 East Colorado avenue. Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Winkler, of Seventh street and Thompson avenue, gave a dinner Wednesday evening in honor of Mr. and Mrs. S. Colman. Covers were laid for eight. C. L. Coy and T. K. Knapp were arrested Thursday night by Patrolmen Critchfield and Williams, charged with disturbing the peace. They put up cash bonds of \$3 and were released. EPIPHANY SERVICES. Rector Eckel Adopts Novel Plan for Sermons. Beginning tomorrow, the Rev. Edward Henry Eckel will deliver in Christ church, Seventh and Francis streets, on Sunday mornings, a series of Epiphany sermons, to the hearing of which are invited all persons who may be interested in the subjects. The general title of the series is "The Historic Development of the Holy Catholic Church," and the specific topics will be as follows: January 17, (I. Epiphany)—I. Its Doctrine—From the Baptismal Formula to a Systematic Theology. January 19, (II. Epiphany)—II. Its Extent—From Jerusalem to the Ends of the Earth. January 20, (III. Epiphany)—III. Its Organization—From Galilean Discipleship to the Later Hierarchy. February 2, (IV. Epiphany)—IV. Its Worship—From the Lord's Prayer to a Ceremonial Eucharist. February 9, (V. Epiphany)—V. Its Activity—From Evangelism to a Comprehensive Social Service. At the night services on these Sundays, the Rev. Mr. Eckel will be glad to answer publicly any questions relating to the Bible or difficulties in faith or practice that may have been written out and handed him previously or dropped in the boxes in the rear of the church. As evidence of good faith every question must be signed by the person asking it, but the names will not be made public. Any person may send in questions, and every question that is respectful in tone will be fairly treated. GIRLS LEAVE HOME. A telephone message from Des Moines, Iowa, was received by Desk Sergeant William Gray at Central police station last night, stating that two girls—Lucy Clark and Agnes Clark—ran away yesterday afternoon and it was thought they were coming to St. Joseph. Both girls are 15 years old and Agnes is an aunt of Lucy. The informant stated that a man might be with the girls and he wanted the trio, if found, held until the Des Moines police could be notified. NO GAS FOR PLANT. That it will be two weeks before the St. Joseph Gas company can take up the matter of furnishing gas for the municipal light plant, was the statement of General Manager K. M. Mitchell yesterday. Mayor Spratt and Councilman Hugh J. Bowen took the matter up with Mr. Mitchell, and were informed that it was up to Manager McDowell of the pipe line company, to give the city the benefit of gas at 10 cents a thousand cubic feet, or not. GETTING FARM STATISTICS. Austin, Texas, Jan. 10.—Commissioner of Agriculture E. T. Milner is doing all in his power to enforce the provisions of an act of the Thirtieth legislature which "makes it the duty of the tax collectors to take the agricultural statistics of the state." There has been a disposition by some assessors to be indifferent to this matter, in view of the fact that no appropriation was made by the legislature to compensate them for the great amount of extra labor entailed. Commissioner of Agriculture Milner, in however, pushing the work vigorously and is sending circulars and blanks to the farmers, assessors and county newspapers, asking their co-operation.

ON NINTH STORY.

Brick Work on New Hotel Progressing With Speed. Like a new fire dollar gold piece gleams the gilt ball on the flagstaff of the new hotel. When seen from the street, 153 feet below, the ball seems small, but if one has a steady head and an inclination to creep up shaky ladders the rungs of which are covered with mortar and brick dust, to where the ball is, one will find it to be about the size of a gallon jug. Work on the ninth story of the brick work was begun yesterday, but as two bands of terra cotta work encircle the structure at this point the work will necessarily be tedious and slow. The task of completing the cornice work will be finished about the same time as that on the second and third stories, work of laying the exterior walls having been begun at the fourth story about the same time as work on the first floor exterior walls. In an effort to save the big maple tree which stands at the northeast corner of the structure, the plans for a wall had to be changed. A circular drive will extend around the tree, and the court in which the tree stands will be enclosed by a high iron fence with locking gates. The brick work on the hotel is being carried on by A. H. James, of the Selden-Breck company, who will have charge of it until an administrator for the estate of William Mignery is appointed, which will probably be today. OPENING OF THE HUMBOLDT. Many Inspect New Modern Schoolhouse—Program Rendered. Large number of persons attended the opening of the new Humboldt school, Second and Cherry streets, yesterday afternoon and last night. At the visiting hours last night a splendid musical program was rendered, and Dr. A. E. Donelan and Fred Neudorff delivered short addresses. The new building is one of the most modern that has been erected lately in St. Joseph. It is four floors in height and contains twenty rooms, including a large auditorium. Provision is also made for domestic science and manual training quarters. The heating plant is similar to that in use at the high school, and the rooms have a self regulating temperature appliance. One of the special features of the school is to be the kindergarten department. This is to be in charge of Miss Martina Martin, who for many years conducted a private kindergarten in St. Joseph. Miss Alvinia Schmidt is principal of the school. The building committee of the board of education of Atchison, Kas., will arrive in St. Joseph today to inspect the school buildings of St. Joseph. MOVING INTO PANHANDLE. Big Immigration to Texas Indicated in Railroad Figures. Fort Worth, Texas, Jan. 10.—From figures secured at the Fort Worth and Denver offices from W. F. Sterley, general freight agent, the march of the agricultural man from all sections of the state as well as from almost every other state in the union bids fair to exceed all records this year, all en route for the Panhandle district, where millions of acres formerly devoted solely to the raising of cattle are now being converted into farming lands. During the month of November the Fort Worth and Denver lines alone hauled 299 emigrant cars to that section of the state, these figures representing 299 families choosing to cast their lots in farming pursuits in the new country, while the December records up until Christmas disclose shipments of cars to the number of 228. The fiscal year of the Fort Worth and Denver alone, which ends June 30, 1907, shows that 1,548 cars were shipped, and inasmuch as the winter shipments are always the heaviest, it is conservative to estimate that the 1908 business will result in the establishment of another record. January will produce, it is expected, the largest figures. During that month and the month previous the crops are gathered and rental contracts expire, enabling farmers to make all desired changes. Reaching into the Panhandle are the Rook Island, Santa Fe, Frisco and the Missouri, Kansas and Texas lines also, and as all of these lines also report a large movement of farmers to the new section, the development of that section is looked upon as rapid. EMIGRATION A BENEFIT. Steamship Managers Say Return of Aliens Puts Money into Circulation. New York, Jan. 10.—Although the returning emigrants took out of the country a sum estimated by steamship managers to have been not less than \$110,000,000 last year, the annual migration is held by heads of the big steamship companies to be a benefit and not a detriment to the country. "It releases and puts into circulation a large sum of money," said Gustav H. Schwab of the North German Lloyd line. "This money has been saved up and the traveler is forced to pay it out in railroad and steamship fares, baggage transfers and living expenses on the way to the seaboard." Mr. Schwab's estimate is that not less than \$65,000,000 was paid in 1907 by travelers for steamer passages on Atlantic liners. Of this sum fully \$15,000,000 was paid out by homeward-bound aliens as estimated by steamship men. Incoming aliens are estimated to have brought upward of \$27,000,000 into the country during the year. WILL STUDY STOCK BREEDING. City of Mexico, Jan. 10.—The Mexican congress, which has just adjourned, made an appropriation of \$5,000 for the study of the best methods of horse and cattle breeding. The Department of Fomento has begun the study and will attempt to encourage the industry in this country.

AMUSEMENTS.

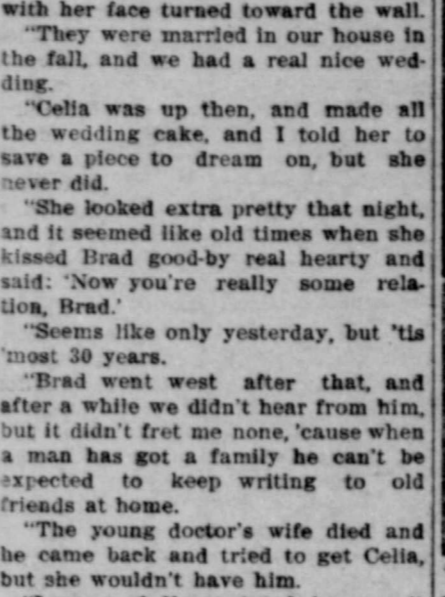
At the Lyric. "Mother and Son," which will replace "The Girl and the Outlaw" at the Lyric next week, beginning with the Sunday matinee, is a drama of the heart. The central figure is a military officer who has climbed to fame and favor by heroic service in his country's defense, but who, in his prime is stricken with blindness. His life is further saddened by domestic affection in the loss of his wife, who has disappeared, leaving no trace of her whereabouts. His son, grown to manhood, is his only solace. This saddened state is made more bitter by the story, brought up by his life-long rival, that his wife is alive and a convicted felon. In the depths of his misery the veil is lifted, and the innocent mother sacrifices herself for the happiness of her boy. There is a note of sadness running through the story, but the chords of true comedy harmonize the jangling music, and "all's well that ends well." LEADING LADY OF THE RENFROW STOCK COMPANY AT THE LYRIC. MISS HELENE WARDE. Leading Lady of the Renfrow Stock Company at the Lyric. domestic affection in the loss of his wife, who has disappeared, leaving no trace of her whereabouts. His son, grown to manhood, is his only solace. This saddened state is made more bitter by the story, brought up by his life-long rival, that his wife is alive and a convicted felon. In the depths of his misery the veil is lifted, and the innocent mother sacrifices herself for the happiness of her boy. There is a note of sadness running through the story, but the chords of true comedy harmonize the jangling music, and "all's well that ends well." FEWER CATTLE IN FEED LOTS. Decrease Shown in Supply in Panhandle Country. Fort Worth, Tex., Jan. 10.—Fewer cattle are in feedlots in Texas now than at any time since the advent of cotton seed hulls as feed, and there is a general scarcity of fat cattle. At least, this is the information compiled by Warren V. Galbreath, general live stock agent of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas railway. Figures of Mr. Galbreath were obtained directly and accurately from the oil mill of Oklahoma and Texas and are declared to be a true index to the situation. They show that 40 per cent of feeders in two states are in Oklahoma, and this in itself is significant and important, demonstrating a shortage of abundant grass in the new state. A comparative tabulation, showing the number of cattle in feed lots in Texas and Oklahoma for the last seven years is interesting: 1901.....80,232 1902.....61,490 1903.....59,100 1904.....74,945 1905.....29,700 1906.....41,210 1907.....22,200 Nailed in the tabulation is the fact that since 1901 the number of feeders have been declining and this is an evidence that range cattle are coming more into favor and recognition, and also that of recent years grass has been unusually good. Particularly is this true of the last two seasons. This year's falling off in feeders in Texas and Oklahoma is attributed to several causes. Probably first is the fact that feed has been high and grass has been good; the price of feeders has been high and they have been rushed on the market. Unless business conditions cause consumption to drop, the scarcity of fat cattle will cause the price to advance, according to the opinion of Mr. Galbreath, who is a student of the market. HIGH SPRING PRICES PROMISED. Breeders Gazette.—Generally speaking corn condition is not much better than in 1907 and the stock yard seer is predicting repetition of events that stirred market circles in the spring of that memorable year. The forecast is based on the determination of the majority of those engaged in making beef, pork and mutton to get away from an oppressive feed bill with all possible alacrity. A year ago conditions were exactly reversed. Prices were high, good gains were being made consequently haste to cash in was as unseemly as it is now necessary. By March, at the present rate of liquidation, the shelves of the country will be more or less bare and sharp advances in values logical. In 1907, it will be remembered, prices jumped continuously and spectacularly until the limit of consumer's patience was reached and the press, joining in a hue and cry, raised a tornado of protest over a purely natural condition. April, May and June are likely to witness some hustling in stock yard markets to get possession of meager supplies. MONONA WIN PRIZES. Onawa, Ia., Jan. 11.—In the awards at the State College corn show Monona county exhibitors, as usual, won several prizes. In class B, best ear of corn, any variety, district No. 4 George Rawlings, of Castana, and John Lundburg, of Whiting, won two of the four premiums awarded. In district No. 4, sweepstakes for best ears of corn, any variety, the same parties won two out of four premiums, and in class G John Lundburg, of Whiting, won another premium. Messrs. Lundburg and Rawlings have devoted considerable attention to improved methods of corn culture the past six years and have been very successful with their exhibits. Subscribe for The Journal.

THE LOVE OF CELIA

By HARRIET CARYL COX. "No, Celia, I got married, and I don't see why," either. "She was pretty good looking when she was young, Celia was, but good looks ain't everything now, I tell you. There was them Jacobs girls, all three of them 's homely as they could be, and every one of 'em married before they was 17. And they do say that eldest one, Julia, has got a real smart husband, and lives in fine style up to Boston; but I ain't seen her for seven years, ever since she came home to her father's funeral. "But to go back to Celia. She was real pretty and no mistake, and after Letty got married and Celia finished school, I expected to see her get married in no time, for she had great, big blue eyes and yellow hair and smiled real sweet. "But, dear me, you never can tell what men are going to do, they're such curious creatures. One time they thought Tom Watson was really after her. He came quite regular and used to walk home from church with her Sunday evenings and come in and sit in the parlor talking to her. "John and I used to leave 'em alone 's he'd had a chance to speak his mind. But somehow he never did, and next thing we knew he was a-courting Susie Curtis. Celia, she didn't mind; we couldn't even tease her on bit. "Then there was a young doctor who was studying with old Doctor Mace. She used to seem awful fond of him and would go riding 'round the country with him till I said she really ought to be engaged, or else folks would talk dreadful. She only laughed and said they was just good friends, and always would be. They wasn't going to spoil it all by being lovers. "By-and-bye he went away, and at first there were lots of letters. She used to go to the post office every morning, and I could always tell when she had one from him, because there would be a sparkle in her eye. But this didn't last long. Pretty soon they didn't come so often, and she looked kind of pale. Once I teased her, but she said out real frank that he was going to be married, and she had known it a long time. "That's why they had been such good friends. "That's her story; but I must say I have my suspects. "A girl don't usually look so happy when she gets a letter from another girl's fellow. "But there, I never said nothing after that 'cause she seemed to be bright and happy, and was real helpful about the house. "Brad used to say things tasted better when she fixed them. You don't remember Brad? Well, no, I suppose not. He went west before you came to town. He wasn't no blood relation, though he always seemed just like a brother, and I'm sure we thought just as much of him as if he had been. Why, he and Celia grew up together, and they used to think they was real brother and sister till they was pretty old. "He was a real good, steady fellow, and just took hold and managed the farm after father died, and we never had no trouble at all. "Folks used to think he belonged to us 'cause he took father's name when he first came, and I shall never forget how he and Celia acted when they found they really wasn't no relation. She was a-kissing him good-night real loving, and he drew her down onto his knee—for he was awful fond of her—and said something about his little sister being the sweetest girl to kiss he ever knew. "Somehow that nettled Mary, who was only two years older, and she just up and told them the whole story, how Brad wasn't really any relation, and Celia'd got so big she ought to stop kissing him like that. "Twas awful mean, and only because she was jealous because Brad didn't like her so well, and had teased her about Nat Fowler; but she needn't have been so spiteful about it. "Celia she just cried and cried, and wouldn't let anyone come near her, only just buried her head on Brad's shoulder till she grew quiet, and I thought 'she was going to faint. By-and-bye when she got up, she just turned and looked at Mary and said: "You have just took away my best friend, and I hate you," then marched off to bed without another word. "But she came round all right, and used to laugh when we told her about that night, yet somehow she didn't use to kiss Brad any more, and once when he teased her about it she looked solemn and said: "No, you ain't my brother any more." "This was all before the doctor came, you know. Well, after his marriage card came, I sent and invited a cousin of ours to visit us. She was a pretty, dashing little thing, and I thought 'twould take up Celia's mind. Such a gay time as the young folks had. Daisy was always planning picnics and straw rides, and all that, and I just smiled to see 'em enjoy it. "One night they was later than usual in getting home and I thought they must have gone over to Palmer Center, when I heard the wagon coming real slow. I thought something must have broken down, and so went out to meet them. There was only Daisy, Celia and Brad, and Celia was

lying down with her head in Daisy's lap.

"Brad took her in his arms and brought her in and put her on the bed, then raced off for the doctor. Daisy told how one of the poles had come out the side of the hay rigging, and Celia, who had been leaning against it, fell out. "She was all white and limp, and I expected to see her die any minute. "But she got well slowly. She had to be still a long while, and we used to sit in her room to keep her company. It was nursing Celia, I expect, that made Daisy and Brad fall in love with each other. Anyway they did. The first time I knew anything about it I saw him with his arm around Daisy standing at the window—but they didn't see me. "One night when I came home from meeting I went in and found 'em both looking happy, and Brad told me all about it while Daisy took my shawl off for me. "I wondered if he'd asked before Celia, but they said she'd been quiet for a long time, and they thought she must be asleep. I went over to speak to her, but she was breathing regular, so I sent them out and sat down to think about the wedding. "Once I thought I heard a sob, but I must have been mistaken, for when I went to bed Celia lay very quiet, with her face turned toward the wall. "They were married in our house in the fall, and we had a real nice wedding. "Celia was up then, and made all the wedding cake, and I told her to save a piece to dream on, but she never did. "She looked extra pretty that night, and it seemed like old times when she kissed Brad good-by real hearty and said: "Now you're really some relation, Brad." "Seems like only yesterday, but 'tis 'most 30 years. "Brad went west after that, and after a while we didn't hear from him, but it didn't fret me none, 'cause when a man has got a family he can't be expected to keep writing to old friends at home. "The young doctor's wife died and he came back and tried to get Celia, but she wouldn't have him. "I was real disappointed, because it seemed a pity she shouldn't marry. One old maid in the family was enough, and I was past the marrying age. "I'd feel awful bad if she did marry, though; so would all the folks here, too. She's real good in case of sickness. She's gone off now to see a sick man at the hotel. Doctor drove up in a hurry, and said she must come because the man couldn't live now, and she was just the one to help him. "Something catching, I'm afraid, but she wouldn't mind. "Oh, no, she won't worry 'em back yet—you needn't hurry. Well, I'll tell you about it to-morrow." In the small, bare room of the dismal hotel a woman's figure knelt. The



It Was Again the Face of Old.



eyes that were raised to the silent figure on the bed were full of unshed tears. Her face was worn, yet full of peace. Her cheek rested lovingly upon the cold hand, as white as the coverlet upon which it lay. The lines of pain on the dead face had relaxed—it was again the face of old. Long she searched it with her eyes, then slowly arose, bent over the figure and pressed a long kiss on the white brow. It was morning now. Her loving vigil was over. Softly she closed the door, as if in fear of waking the sleeper, then out into the fresh, chilly air she went; walked slowly home through the changing gray of the young June day. The sun was just beginning to touch the eastern sky with a rosy tinge. She saw it, and turned away, as if the sight hurt her. Up the narrow path she went, lifted the latch and shut the door, leaving outside the glow of the morning. Inside, the house was cold and damp. There was no one astr. Mechanically she lighted the fire in the stove and listened to the rush and roar of the flames as they danced up the broad chimney. The clock struck five. With a start she went to the sink and began to pare potatoes. There was plenty of milk in the house—she would cream them. Brad had liked them that way—poor Brad! And a tear rolled down the weary face and dropped on the thin, even slices as they fell from her hands.

AMUSEMENTS

Crystal Theatre FIFTH AND CHARLES STREETS POLITE VAUDEVILLE Souvenirs for Ladies Tuesdays and Fridays 4 Shows Daily

LYRIC THEATER J. N. RENFROW, Lessee and Manager. This Week, "The Girl and the Outlaw" Vaudeville, Moving Pictures, Illustrated Songs.

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We are especially bidding for Range Cattle and Sheep, both for slaughter and feeding. Located on fourteen railroads, and in the center of the best corn and live stock district in the United States, we are prepared to furnish a good market for all kinds of live stock. Our charges for yardage and feed are:

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ASK MANHOOD SUFFRAGE

Excitement in Berlin Over Movement for Reform in Election of Landtag Members.

SOCIALISTS MAKE A DEMONSTRATION

Parliament Building Was Surrounded by Thousands of Manifestants and a Large Body of Police Was Necessary to Preserve Order and Disperse the Crowd.

Berlin, Jan. 11.—The most intense excitement has been aroused here by an interpellation presented recently to the Prussian Landtag by a liberal member, demanding the introduction of manhood suffrage in the elections of members of the lower house of the Prussian Landtag.

The crowd before the parliament building increased rapidly and soon numbered many thousands. When the doors were opened those nearest to them attempted to force their way into the building.

The police were hurried back by the police. The police were hurried back by the police. The police were hurried back by the police.

Under the present electoral system in Prussia there are three classes of electors. Up to the present time the laboring man has been completely deprived of representation in the Prussian parliament.

The entire police force of Berlin has been called out for duty in the principal parts of the city. There have been collisions with manifestants in several of the main thoroughfares, and those resulted in numerous arrests.

The most serious encounter was at the Hurlerstrasse bridge. Here the police had to charge with drawn sabers. The motion for manhood suffrage was discussed in the Landtag amid great uproar and finally rejected without a division.

Royce's Plan for Guaranty Law. Topeka, Kan., Jan. 11.—Bank Commissioner J. Q. Royce favors this guaranty deposit law: Let a levy of 1 per cent be made on the average of daily balances.

Accept Gift of Nathan Straus. The municipality of Liverpool, England, has accepted with gratitude the offer of Nathan Straus, of New York, to furnish the city a pasteurizing plant for the preparation of milk for infants.

Fatal Southern Wreck. Mobile, Ala., Jan. 11.—A report from Vinegar Bend, Ala., 41 miles from here, states that a rear-end collision of freight trains occurred on the Alabama & Mississippi railroad 10 miles from that place early Friday, killing three persons and injuring 12 others.

Charged With Wife Poisoning. Lawrence, Kan., Jan. 11.—The coroner's jury Friday brought in a verdict that Della Vancil, who died suddenly Saturday night last, came to her death by arsenic poison, administered by her husband, Eph Vancil. Vancil is held without bail.

DIFFERING VIEWS ON ART.

Practical Citizen's Ideals Far Behind Those of Polish Laborer.

"See that meekly little prettier!" exclaimed an indignant, practical-faced Chicagoan at the art institute on free day. He grasped his solemn friend by the arm and pointed to Van Ostrade's "Jubilee."

A Polish laborer turned and looked after them, his long, big-boned face breaking into a smile. Then he drew a deep, contented breath, and looked back at a dark-brown Van Dyke, and at once forgot the crowd.

He was a giant, but his threadbare clothes hung loose, and his hands were thin. One hand slowly tugged on his soft yellow mustache and his big, deep-blue eyes shone. Now and then he smiled and nodded slowly to himself.

"That big Pole?" said a guard to an inquirer. "O, yes. He comes every Sunday. He doesn't speak to me or any one else, but when he first came, long ago, he had me mark down on some paper the way to walk back to the stock yards. That's a good two hours' walk, and I guess he walks both ways. He never misses a Sunday, even if there is a blizzard, and he stays till closing time. I've seen him spend two hours at a time in front of that one Van Dyke."—Outlook.

SIGN OF APPROACHING AGE.

Needed Support of Bedstead Is the One Infallible Sign.

They were arguing about the signs of approaching old age.

"Well, I'll tell you one thing," said one. "When a girl ceases to take a lively interest in you and doesn't mind your seeing her with her hair slightly untidy and listens to your conversation indulgently, where formerly she manifested interest and sympathy—then you may know you are growing old."

"No," said another; "that isn't an infallible sign, because some young women show interest and sympathy to everybody. It's when your bones creak slightly on arising from a chair and you no longer swing on a moving car with full confidence and you walk up a flight of stairs a step at a time, where formerly you ran up two at a time—then you are growing old."

"Not so," chimed in a third, "for young people with rheumatic diseases sometimes exhibit these signs. When the early eye-opener and the nightcap become a necessity instead of a luxury, when the workings of your liver come to be of more importance than the affairs of your heart—then you are growing old."

"You are all wrong," announced a fourth. "When in pulling on your trousers in the early morning you are compelled to gain the support of the bedstead when you slip in the other leg—then—then—you are growing old!"

Only Spent Three Cents a Year.

The measure of economy in expenses possible in rural communities was illustrated upon the death recently of an old Dutch farmer in Dauphin county, Pennsylvania. He had for many years been rated as a "miser" by his neighbors, and at his funeral it was learned that shortly before his death he had boasted that he had only spent "three cents" in the preceding year. It was also well attested that before that he had spent seven cents, this being made possible only by the fact that he had lived exclusively upon the produce of the small tract of land he owned and cultivated. These expenditures were, of course, exclusive of the taxes on the small piece of land he lived on.

Rouse Religious Animosity.

A picture has been used with success in eastern Bengal by the Hindus against the Mohammedans. It claims to represent a group of Hindu idols broken in a riot by Mohammedans. This picture has been paraded in processions in all parts of India, and excited Hindu orators have been pointing to it as a reason for breaking the heads of every one who is not of their faith, be he European or Indian. The image in question are merely rough-made mud figures doctored in tinsel, which the Hindus carry in procession at their festivals and throw away afterward.

Accept Gift of Nathan Straus.

The municipality of Liverpool, England, has accepted with gratitude the offer of Nathan Straus, of New York, to furnish the city a pasteurizing plant for the preparation of milk for infants. It is not yet known what the decision of the Dublin city council will be with reference to a similar offer made to Dublin by Mr. Straus, through Richard Croker, Mr. Croker, in communicating the proposal, described Mr. Straus as one of the greatest philanthropists in America.

Odd Scrapbook.

Probably the oddest scrapbook in New England is that of William F. Fernald, of Old Orchard, Me. It is a big book, devoted exclusively to the preservation of newslets pertaining to appendicitis. Every person, great or small, who has had an attack of appendicitis and a newspaper notice within range of Mr. Fernald acquires a space of record in his book. All phases of the case are noted.

TAFT IN NEW YORK

Capital and Labor and Their Common Interests, the Subject Discussed.

CROWD OVERFLOWED HALL

The Dependence of One Upon the Other Was Pointed Out and a Conciliatory Policy Suggested to Both.

New York, Jan. 11.—For the first time since he became a recognized candidate for the republican presidential nomination, Secretary of War William H. Taft Friday night faced a New York audience set forth in detail his stand on the pertinent question of the relative interests and rights of labor and capital, and in turn submitted to a rapid fire attack from the audience which quizzed him keenly and in a somewhat controversial spirit, according to the practices of the People's Institute, whose guest he was.

Not less than two thousand persons, its capacity had crowded into Copper Union when police reserves were summoned to clear the walks in front of the building where a thousand or more, disappointed in not having gained entrance, had congregated.

In his prepared address the secretary pointed out the dependence, one upon the other, of capital and labor. He declared that great aggregations of wealth properly employed widened the field of labor and were to be welcomed, while wealth improperly used was to be condemned.

"Labor needs capital to secure the best production," said Mr. Taft, "while capital needs labor in producing anything. The share of each laborer in the joint product is affected not exactly, but in a general way by the amount of capital in use as compared with the number of those who labor. The more capital in use, the more work there is to do, and the more there is to do, the more laborers are needed. Manifestly, it is in the direct interest of the laborer that capital shall increase faster than the number of those who work. Nothing is so likely to make wealth idle as insecurity of invested capital and property. It follows, as a necessary conclusion, that to destroy the guaranties of property is a direct blow at the interest of the working man."

"The capitalist, however wealthy, who is willing to devote his nights and days to the investment of his capital in profitable lawful business or manufacture, and who studies methods of reducing the cost of production and economizing expenses therein, should be regarded with favor by the working man, because while his motive is merely one of accumulation, he is working not only for himself but for labor and for society at large. The inventor on the one hand, and the man of judgment, courage and executive ability, who have conceived and executed the great lawful enterprises, on the other, have reaped princely profits which the world may well accord them for the general good they have done. The wealth they accumulated is not wrested from labor, but it is only a part of that which has been added to the general stock by the ingenuity, industry, judgment and ability of those who enjoy it. If, with the growth in the population the condition of man is to improve, new plans for the use of capital to better advantage must be devised, which shall at the same time increase capital more rapidly than the population and reduce the cost of living."

"What has been said should not be misunderstood. The men who have by economic organization of capital at the same time increased the amount of the country's capital, increased the demand and price for labor and reduced the cost of necessities are not philanthropists. Their sole motive has been one of gain, and with the destruction of private property that motive will disappear and so would the progress of society."

On the question of legal right of the labor union to strike Secretary Taft said: "Men have the right to leave the employ of their employer in a body in order to impose on him as great an inconvenience as possible to induce him to come to their terms. They have the right in their labor unions to delegate to their leaders the power to say when to strike. They have the right in advance to accumulate by contributions from all members of the labor unions a fund which shall enable them to live during the pendency of the strike. They have the right to use persuasion with all other laborers who are invited to take their places, in order to convince them of the advantage to labor of united action. It is the business of courts and of the police to respect these rights with the same degree of care that they respect the right of owners of capital to the protection of their property and business."

He added, however, that "a resort to violence, or other form of lawlessness, on behalf of a labor union, properly merits and receives the sharpest condemnation from the public and is quite likely to lose the cause of labor its support in the particular controversy."

Word Making. "Is that young woman an author?" "No," answered the man who dislikes affected forms of speech; "she is a newspaper reporter."

DESERVED ONLY A NICKEL.

Youngster Evidently Was Aware of His Own Shortcomings.

A charity worker of New York said the other day about Miss Gladys Vanderbilt:

"When this good and charming girl goes to Hungary, I know of certain hospital wards where she will be missed."

He paused and smiled. "But let me tell you," he said, "of an incident that befell Miss Vanderbilt last year."

"There was a children's hospital which she visited regularly, taking fruit and flowers to the little patients, and in a certain ward a boy was pointed out to her one day as a bad customer. 'Oh, he is incorrigible,' sighed the nurse."

"Miss Vanderbilt talked awhile with the little chap, and when she arose to go she said:

"See here, I have heard bad reports about you. Now, I want you to promise me to be good. If you are good for a whole week I'll give you a dollar when I come again next Thursday."

"The boy promised to try to be good. This promise, though he did not keep. On her next visit Miss Vanderbilt, going to his cot, said:

"I shall not ask the nurses how you have behaved this last week. I want you to tell me yourself. Now, what do you think—do you deserve that dollar I promised you, or not?"

"The boy regarded Miss Vanderbilt with a troubled frown. Then he said in a low voice:

"Gimme a nickel."

GERMANY TURNS TO SPORT.

All Kinds of Out-Door Exercises Are Becoming Popular.

Boating and rowing contests on German rivers and lakes are a constantly growing form of amusement says a writer in The Circle. Iceboat racing and travel are becoming more popular every year; the large rivers flowing into the Baltic sea offer exceptionally good facilities for this kind of sport. Ski travel has been introduced only recently, but it has received an enthusiastic welcome at the hands of the sportsmen who live in the mountains of Hartz and Thuringia. Tournaments are held in these mountains every winter, at which German devotees of this sport show great skill in speed and endurance contests.

While there are not so many automobiles in all Germany as there are in New York city and its vicinity, there are in that country 28 automobile clubs, with a membership of 4,125. The popularity of the bicycle shows no signs of decadence.

How popular are swimming and fishing may be judged from the fact that there are 212 swimming clubs with a membership of 26,459, and 32 fishing clubs with a membership of 1,718. Twelve balloons are owned by nine aeronautical societies. Among the sports mentioned especially popular are the following: Hockey, cricket, football and lawn tennis.

Canned Shark.

"They can shark in Sweden," said a butcher. "They make of shark's flesh a very palatable and nourishing meat extract. 'For several years the business has been going on, and there are now several factories engaged in it. The stuff tastes exactly like extract of beef. The fish taste is eliminated—a secret process."

"The sharks, which are plentiful in those waters, are first chopped up fine in big hoppers and afterward boiled down to a liquid of the consistency of this gruel. The oil is skimmed off, a second boiling follows, then a filtering. A clear fluid then remains. This is evaporated to the thickness of molasses, seasoned with salt and sugar and sealed up in jars, after the addition of some unknown chemical."

"It is an excellent meat extract. It hasn't a suspicion of fishiness about it. It builds up a consumptive or anemic person as well as the best beef would do."

Hint to Speed Maniacs. "When I read about how Mrs. Robert M. Thompson took a eight-year-old boy, what she had run over in her kerriage, straight to a hospital wheah she had endow'd a bed of hui qwn," said the Kentucky colonel, "couldn't he'd be thinkin' what a good thing it would be if all of these hell pepul what owns kerriages and auto mobiles would build a hospital at theleah own wheah they could hubby with theleah victims in the same way the minnit they had succeeded in disablin' them. A seht of cooperative kerriage and automobile disablin' establishment, as it wuh. Don't you think that that would be a good ideeah? Huh!"

Japanese Emigrating to Java.

A great many Japanese are now emigrating to Java. The movement appears to be conducted in a systematic manner, the number of Japanese settling in each large town being proportioned to the size of the town. Most of them are either opening furnished lodging houses or are engaged as barbers, small shopkeepers and assistants in stores. A few, however, are professors of the Japanese language in the Chinese schools.

Word Making.

"Is that young woman an author?" "No," answered the man who dislikes affected forms of speech; "she is a newspaper reporter."

Missed the Towpath.

There was a little girl, five years old or so, living in an inland town up the state, according to the Philadelphia Ledger. Near her home there was no river, nor, in fact, any water but the Erie canal.

The child's mother made a visit to New York, and on her return was telling of her trip down the bay, and of how wonderful the sea had looked to her. Her little girl was listening eagerly.

"Tell me just what the sea is like, mamma," she said.

"Her mother made an effort. 'There's the beach,' she said, 'all smooth, white sand. You stand on it and look out upon the ocean, and all you can see is water, just moving water, waves coming in and breaking—nothing but water and sky.'"

The child sat trying to picture it, then, in an awed little whisper asked: "Oh, mamma, isn't there a tow-path?"

Secrets May Not Be Hidden.

Lord Escher, deputy governor of Windsor castle, is a confidential servant of the British crown, and was entrusted with the selection from the correspondence of Queen Victoria. Besides this, at the instance of King Edward, he is busy framing an amendment to existing law concerning official secrets, which shall place stringent restrictions on those retired servants of the state who make copy and money by writing books out of things they have learned in the service—and, in fact, shall "muzzle" these indiscreet gossips. And yet it remains true, that word of Scripture that "Nothing is hidden that shall not be made known"—and the archives of Simancas and the papyrus of Egypt tell their stories.

Experience.

"Experience is the best teacher," remarked the man who indulges in trite sayings.

"Yes," answered the skeptic; "but occasionally, as in distinguishing between mushroom and toadstools, your education comes too late to be of any service."

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STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the St. Joseph Stock Yards Bank will be held and convened at the office of said bank, located in the Live Stock Exchange building on the property of the St. Joseph Stock Yards Company, south of the city of St. Joseph, in the county of Buchanan, state of Missouri, on Monday, Jan. 13, 1908, at 9 o'clock a. m. for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year or until their successors are duly qualified, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before such meeting. CHAS. PASCHÉ, President. J. L. FRELAND, Secretary.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the St. Joseph Publishing Company will be held and convened at the office of the St. Joseph Stock Yards company in the Exchange building, situated on the property of the last named company at its stock yards, south of the city of St. Joseph, in Buchanan county, Missouri, on Monday, January 12, 1908, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year or until their successors are duly qualified, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before such meeting. CHAS. PASCHÉ, President. J. L. FRELAND, Secretary.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the St. Joseph Journal Publishing company will be held and convened at the office of the St. Joseph Stock Yards company in the Exchange building, situated on the property of the last named company at its stock yards, south of the city of St. Joseph, in Buchanan county, Missouri, on Monday, January 12, 1908, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year or until their successors are duly qualified, and for the transaction of such other business as may lawfully come before such meeting. JOHN DONOVAN, President. W. E. WARRICK, Secretary.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the shareholders of the Drovers and Merchants Bank will be held and convened in the office of the bank, corner of Cherokee and Lake avenues in the city of St. Joseph, in the county of Buchanan, state of Missouri, on Monday, January 20, 1908, at 9 o'clock a. m. for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year, or until their successors are duly qualified, and for the transaction of such other business as may lawfully come before such meeting. PORTER A. THOMPSON, Pres. W. E. WARRICK, Secretary.

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We have many of the best Stock Ranches and tracts of farm land in various sizes and at prices ranging from \$10 an acre up, according to location, improvement, etc. We also have some choice quarters and large tracts, improved, in groupings. Call upon us for further information, or call on us.

WATKINS, FEAGINS & McCORKLE, ALLIANCE, NEBRASKA.

Cheyenne County Land Bargains

3,000 ACRE RANCH, with school section adjoining 3 miles running water, plenty of good timber. Land nearly all smooth valley. 200 acres under private irrigation; 80 acres alfalfa. Will sell stock with ranch, as follows: 25 head horses varying from yearlings up, about 60 of them mules, 25 colts, 25 head stock, 250 pig heads, 400 head of cattle, yearlings and up, 100 or more calves, with cows; \$25 per head. Also 700 or 800 tons of hay. This ranch is splendid soil and a beautiful one. 500 head of horses. 450 ACRE BEEDER RANCH in Wyoming; 25 acres alfalfa, 200 head of stock, 15 miles running water; good house, stables and corrals; some nice timber; on main route—daily mail. Four or five hundred cattle will be sold with ranch if desired; also 20 head horses. SOME CHOICE QUARTERS and large tracts, improved, in groupings. Call upon us for further information. Don't miss us.

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A fine 500 acre valley farm one mile from Arapahoe, all fenced and cross fenced, 80 acres fenced hog tight 120 acres under cultivation 40 acres alfalfa, balance hay land and pasture. 8 room house in good repair, barn 40x50 and other buildings, 2 wells and windmills, orchard of 50 cherry trees. This is one of the finest stock raising farms in this part of the country and is a snap at \$42,500 if taken before Jan. 1. Write for list of other farms.

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FOR SALE—A good 940 acre farm, 11 miles northeast of Sidney, Neb., price \$11,250 per acre. This section has the best productive farmland in the state. 200 acres improved farm; 200 acres in cultivation; \$17.50 per acre. 640 acres improved farm; 130 acres in cultivation; \$13.50 per acre. For land lists and particulars, address:

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Are Found in the Great Platte Valley in Lincoln County, Nebraska. 100 acres first-class corn and wheat land, unimproved, \$12.50 per acre. 200 acres improved farm; 200 acres in cultivation; \$17.50 per acre. 640 acres improved farm; 130 acres in cultivation; \$13.50 per acre. For land lists and particulars, address:

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Best of Soil Water and Climate—Still Some Choice Homesteads.

You'll have to hurry if you want to get good land in this thriving country while it is still cheap. I have many tracts of farm and ranch land, improved and unimproved, that are rare bargains. Act quick or get lost. Write me at once for information or on no direct \$3 Hugo, the thriving county seat of Lincoln county and its name show you. Write today.

A. S. MITCHELL, The Land Man, Hugo, Colorado.

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In Eastern Colorado and Western Nebraska.

Lands that produce, per acre, 45 bushels of wheat; 20 bushels of oats; 20 of hay; 200 bushels of potatoes. Such lands can be purchased at attractive prices from:

THE JULESBURG LAND COMPANY, Julesburg, Colorado, Write us.

Free Homesteads in Eastern Colo.

Can locate you on a fine 160 homestead, there is a few choice ones left. If you want a good one, come at once, as they are going fast.

SODEN, The Land Man, Laird, Colo.

Kansas Farm & Ranch Lands

The Best Kansas Land Bargains

To be found today, are in Gove county, which has not been homesteaded, but where good land is still to be had cheap. If you will investigate this I will convince you of the truth of it. Don't put it off, but write up at once for any information you may desire. All correspondence promptly answered. I have many desirable tracts of corn, wheat and alfalfa land at prices that are right.

E. W. SIMPSON, Gove, Kansas.

KANSAS FARM LANDS

100 FARMS FOR SALE

At owners' prices. Corn, alfalfa and wheat lands. Thousands of acres. Arkansas Valley land near Okla City at \$6.00 to \$12.00 per acre. If you want a good home or an investment it will pay you to see me before buying. Correspondence cheerfully answered. Good references given.

E. E. FACKLER, Real Estate and Immigration Agent, Manchester, Dickinson County, Kan.

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## ARE HELPING JAPAN

Ambassador O'Brien Is Assisting to Perfect Internal Regulations to Restrict Immigration.

## ABSOLUTELY NO FRICTION

State Department Puzzled to Account for Statements from Foreign Capitals of Strained Relations.

Washington, Jan. 11.—Considering the smoothness with which exchanges are progressing between America and Japan relative to the adjustment of questions growing out of the immigration of Japanese laborers into the United States, the officials of the state department are puzzled to account for the publication in various foreign capitals as well as in this country of reports calculated to convey the impression that there is serious friction between the two countries over this subject. The latest of these reports, to the effect that the Japanese foreign office is reluctant to accede to a "demand" of Ambassador O'Brien that an agreement to restrict Japanese coolie immigration into the United States be reduced to writing, meets with unqualified contradiction at the state department. The officials do not care to discuss negotiations of this importance while they are still in progress, following the general rule based on a belief that such discussion is calculated to defeat the objects sought. But it develops that what Mr. O'Brien is doing is merely aiding Japanese officials to perfect internal regulations that will serve to stop the indiscriminate immigration evil. He is not expected to negotiate any treaty with Japan on this subject, or even to secure a modus vivendi or anything in the nature of the written agreement referred to in some of the press dispatches. He has, under instructions from the state department, acquainted the Japanese government with the fact that the measures adopted in question last spring, following the undertaking of the Japanese government to restrict undesirable immigration to the United States by a careful regulation of the issue of passports, have proved utterly ineffective. The Japanese officials were surprised at the figures presented by Mr. O'Brien, illustrating not only the continuance of coolies into the United States, but its startling increase, even after the adoption of the Japanese restriction policy. Therefore the Japanese officials have been endeavoring to frame regulations that shall be effective, and in the course of that effort they have naturally communicated freely with the American ambassador. The latter has acquiesced the state department in great detail by cable with the nature of the proposed restrictive measures, and the department in turn has not hesitated to suggest amendments to the project based on the experience of the immigration inspectors and customs in this country. This involved the co-operation of the department of state directly charged with the enforcement of the laws. There is pending before the Washington officials a very long report by cable from Mr. O'Brien covering the latest phase of the Japanese project. The officials are carefully considering this and will not hesitate to indicate how it may be improved, if that is possible, notwithstanding the fact that the ambassador has expressed the belief that the plan proposed is satisfactory. Should the department coincide in this view, it is stated that it will only be necessary for Mr. O'Brien to signify to the Japanese government that fact and there will be no necessity for him to secure any written pledges or indeed to make any suggestion that might in the slightest degree react upon the good faith of the Japanese government in this matter.

**To Dig Up Ancient History.**  
Washington, Jan. 11.—A resolution designed to subject the republican and democratic parties to the scrutiny of the house of representatives to determine whether they solicited or accepted campaign contributions from corporations in 1904, was introduced Friday by Representative Hull of Tennessee. The resolution provides for the appointment of an investigating committee to consist of seven members of the house and gives the committee the usual powers of subpoena in the cases.

**New York Firemen Killed.**  
New York, Jan. 11.—Four firemen went to their deaths Friday night when they responded to a fire that ruined the Parker building, a twelve story business structure occupying the block between East 18th and 19th streets, on Fourth avenue. Fought by half the firemen of Manhattan and apparatus that blocked the streets, the flames were never controlled and only with difficulty were they confined to the building in which they originated.

**No Opposition for Campbell.**  
Cherryvale, Kan., Jan. 11.—At a meeting here Friday night of the Third district congressional committee a hearty endorsement was given W. H. Taft's presidential candidacy. W. L. Cunningham withdrew from the congressional race leaving Congressman P. E. Campbell a clear field for the republican nomination. A convention was called at Parsons for February 23.

## THE CANAL WILL COST MORE

In 1905 It Was Thought \$139,765,200 Would Do.

Now It Is Stated \$200,000,000 Will Be Required and Possibly This Figure Will Be Insufficient.

Washington, Jan. 11.—Because of changed conditions from those existing in 1905 when the minority of the board of consulting engineers of the Panama canal submitted its report, it is now admitted in responsible quarters that the estimate made by that report for building the canal was far too low and that the cost may approximate \$200,000,000. This includes various incidental items such as administration, sanitation and improvements aggregating several millions of dollars in Panama and Colon, which, however, will be refunded by the Panama government, the expenses of the zone government and various expenses incidental to the relocation and acquisition of the Panama railroad. The estimate of the board in 1905 was that the cost of the canal would be \$139,765,200, but this estimate did not include expenses on account of interest during construction, sanitation and zone government. Last spring the present commission made some general estimates of the probable cost of the work which resulted in placing it anywhere between \$210,000,000 and \$250,000,000, but the more conservative members believed the lower figures would prove ultimately correct. Since that time some of the commissioners have found that a considerable saving can be made from the lower estimate which warrants them in placing the estimated cost at nearer \$200,000,000 than a higher figure. Various reasons are assigned for the increased cost, including wider and longer locks than those proposed by the board of engineers, a greater quantity of excavation than that estimated by the board, an increase in unit prices and higher prices for labor than those thought adequate by the board. That board estimated the locks would cost less than \$40,000,000, while the present commission thinks it will be between \$52,000,000 and \$60,000,000 with a still greater increase of 10 per cent if the locks are further widened as proposed by the navy department.

## THAW JURY COMPLETED.

Opening Statement for the Prosecution Will Be Made Monday and Witnesses Will Be Heard.

New York, Jan. 11.—The second jury to try Harry K. Thaw for the killing of Stanford White, was completed late Friday and on Monday morning the prosecution will present its direct case against the defendant. When the panel had finally been completed, after many vexatious delays, and after the exercise of 23 peremptory challenges by the defense and 29 by the people, Thaw announced that he was entirely satisfied and in fact well pleased with the 12 men chosen. Judge Dowling announced that beginning with Monday the court hours will be from 9 a. m. to 1 p. m., and from 2 p. m. to 5 p. m. Assistant District Attorney Francis P. Garvan will make the opening statement for the prosecution, as he did at the first trial. He will not consume more than ten minutes, and it is said that the state's direct witnesses will not occupy more than two hours. The defense will open Monday afternoon, Martin W. Littleton, Thaw's new chief counsel, making the opening statement.

**Strengthens Monroe Doctrine.**  
Paris, Jan. 11.—The Journal des Debats, alluding Friday to the recent congress of the Central American republics, held in Washington, declares that the results obtained constitute a triumph for the statesmanship of the United States and that incidentally they will strengthen both the Monroe and the Drago doctrines. Continuing, the paper suggests that this congress may lead eventually to a confederation of the two Americas, which would possess immeasurable weight among the nations of the world.

**Delay in Panama Bond Case.**  
Washington, Jan. 11.—The case of the application of Geo. W. Austin for an injunction to restrain the secretary of the treasury from allotting the issue of Panama canal bonds to national banks instead of to individuals, the supreme court of the District of Columbia Friday ordered a stay of proceedings until next week when a decision will be announced not later than Friday. This action was taken on request of counsel for complainant.

**Havana Strike Compromised.**  
Havana, Jan. 11.—The strike of masons, which has been going on for five months, was terminated Friday by the employers and the members of the labor unions agreeing to appoint committees to confer with Gov. Magoon and arrange the questions in dispute concerning wages and hours of labor.

**The Repair Ship at Rio Janeiro.**  
Rio De Janeiro, Jan. 11.—The repair ship Panther and the tender Yankton, belonging to the auxiliary division of the United States Atlantic fleet, which is making a cruise to the Pacific coast, arrived here Friday from Port of Spain, Trinidad, whence they sailed December 27.

## A FRISCO TANGLE

The Reversal of Decision Against Mayor Schmitz Makes Complications.

## RUEF THE CENTRAL FIGURE

He Maintains That He Can Give Bond for Any Amount Needed—Bail for Schmitz Also.

San Francisco, Jan. 11.—While the reversal by the appellate court was on the appeal of former Mayor Schmitz it has had the effect of again making Ruef the central figure, one acquitted and one mistrial of Tiley L. Ford having caused the prosecution to practically concede that Ruef's testimony is essential to conviction in the bribery graft cases. It was stated Friday night by one of the attorneys for Schmitz that application for his release on bail would be made Saturday morning.

It developed during the day that counsel for Schmitz and Ruef and the district attorneys office has disagreed on whether or not the judgment of the appellate court can be effective at once or not until 30 days after the decision was handed down. The defense maintains that under a statute passed in 1905 a remittitur must be sent down by the higher court "forthwith," which, as pointed out by the prosecution, is in direct conflict with the constitutional provision that judgment cannot go into effect or a remittitur be sent down until after 30 days, except with the consent of the people.

Another question over which there is a difference of opinion between the lawyers for the two sides is: Whether or not Schmitz's bond of \$350,000 was exonerated when he was convicted, if held by the court that it was not, the former mayor will only have to put up an additional bond for the bail upon the nine prizefight trust indictments returned by the Oliver grand jury just before it was discharged last month.

Some of the members of the prosecution declared Friday night that Schmitz's application for bail will be refused on the ground that no remittitur has been returned by the appellate court and that officially the trial court is not aware of the reversal. Should a remittitur be sent down, it was said that its legality would be attacked. It was also asserted that the prosecution will not ask the appellate court for a rehearing of the appeal or take an appeal from its decision to the supreme court.

Ruef stated Friday that he could give bail in any amount within reason and this led to the inference that his conference with the district attorney had to do with agreeing upon a reduction from the total of \$1,170,000 fixed on the 100 odd indictments against him.

It developed Friday that the appeal of Schmitz in full was not submitted to the appellate court until Wednesday, the day that what was left to the Schmitz administration went out of office and that Ruef was sent to the county jail and that the following day before noon the voluminous decision, covering 32 typewritten pages and containing about 10,000 words was handed down.

**A Verdict Against Saloon Keepers.**  
Chicago, Jan. 11.—A municipal court jury Friday found William Tobin and David McHale, saloon keepers, guilty of having deprived Raphael De Haven, five years old, of means of support by selling intoxicants to his father, and imposed a fine of \$600.

**Andrews Not to Resign.**  
Lincoln, Neb., Jan. 10.—Chancellor E. Benjamin Andrews, of the University of Nebraska, Friday morning denied the rumor that he intended to resign. "There is absolutely no truth in the report," he said.

## REVENUES FALLING SHORT

About \$1,000,000 a Month at the Present Time.

Already 600 Bills Appropriating \$80,000,000 for Public Buildings Introduced in Congress.

Washington, Jan. 11.—"The 60th congress has been in actual session only a few days, and more than 600 bills already have been introduced for the expenditure of about \$80,000,000 in proposed public buildings. If 20 per cent of that total is appropriated during the present session, the people of the country may consider themselves lucky."

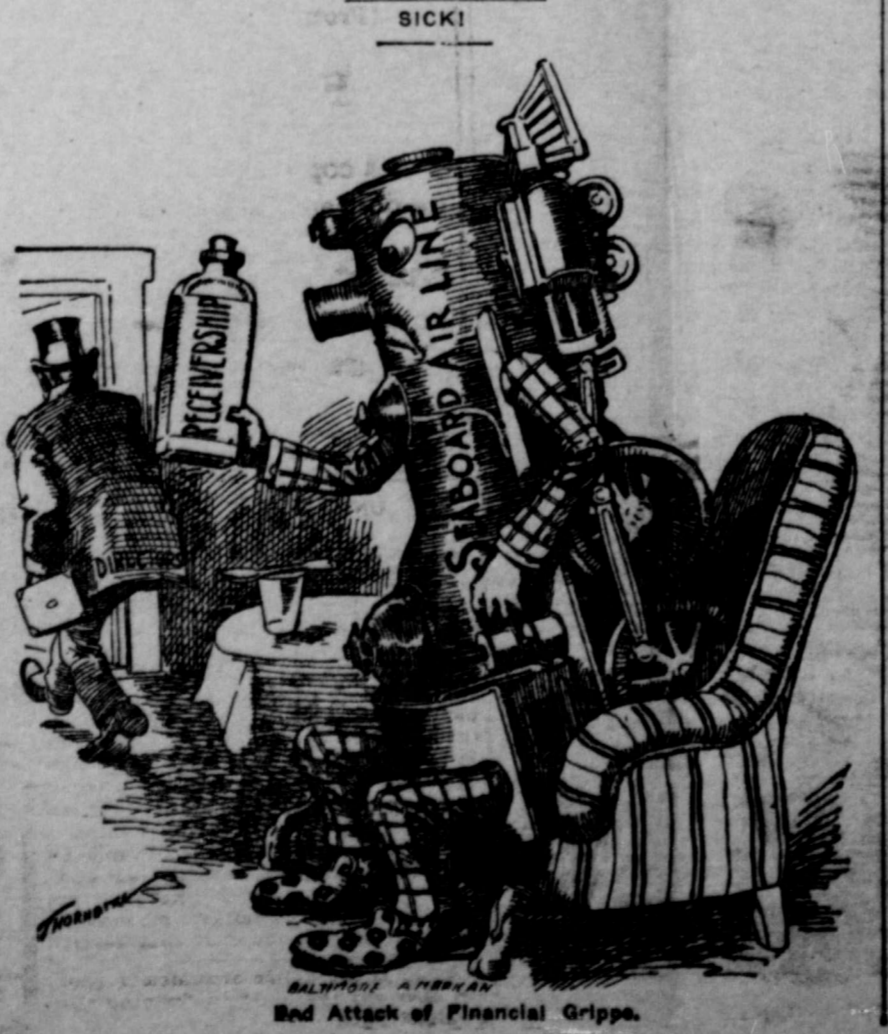
The foregoing statement was made Friday by Chairman Bartholdt of the house committee on public buildings and grounds. "Government revenues," he said, "are falling short at the rate of about \$1,000,000 a month, due to the curtailment of the luxury purchases by the people in this time of financial disturbance and commercial depression. We fear a heavy deficit at the close of the fiscal year, the estimate of expenses for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1908, must be cut down as the chairman of the appropriations committee pointed out recently, and original legislation, such as bills proposing the erection of public buildings and the purchase of public grounds must be held in with a tight rein. It is true the government balance sheet shows a handsome surplus of something like \$250,000,000 but it must be remembered that a great deal of that money is distributed among the national banks and that they are not at this time in a position to hand it over."

**Trains Met on Trestle.**  
Vinegar Bend, Jan. 11.—Five persons were killed and two seriously injured in a wreck on the Alabama and Mississippi railroad between a passenger train and a logging train. Twelve miles west of Vinegar Bend, the road turns sharply and the greater portion of this curve is made up of trestling that spans a ravine. The passenger train took the curve and trestle just as the logging train came into view on the opposite end. Before Engineer Marks could bring his train to a stop both trains met head on in the center of the trestle. Simultaneous with the collision, the trestle gave way and both engines and trains crashed through falling to the bottom of the ravine. On the logging train were a number of convicts.

**Are Not Night Riders.**  
Henderson, Ky., Jan. 11.—The state meeting of the American Society of Equity in session here Friday, adopted resolutions declaring that the night riders are common criminals and the worst enemies of the association, and that the statement of Gov. Willson, or any one else, that the society is responsible is utterly without foundation. The resolutions further declared that the society has the right to send sober and unarmed men as the peace armies, by daylight, to plead with their neighbors for the interests of the society.

**Terrorists Resume Business.**  
Warsaw, Jan. 11.—The terrorists of this city who have been quiet for some time past have resumed operations. Friday an attack was made on the post car station at Sokolow, on the Vistula railroad. A bomb was thrown at the car, killing two and wounding 10 soldiers and railroad employes. After looting the safes the terrorists made their escape with a large amount of money.

**Boy Killed Burglar.**  
Greensburg, Pa., Jan. 11.—Paul Bowers, 14 years old, shot and killed a negro burglar early Friday who broke into the home of his father at Aliverton, near here. The boy was awakened by the noise the negro made and lay in wait with a double barreled shotgun. As the burglar ascended the stairs the boy fired, striking him in the abdomen.



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**Rules Governing Amount Paid You:**  
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For a Purchase of \$20.00, fare rebated within a limit of 50 miles one way or 25 miles both ways.  
For a purchase of \$40.00, fare rebated within a limit of 100 miles one way, or 50 miles both ways.  
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| <b>ROOTS AND SHOES.</b><br>Battresl Shoe Co.<br>Gelwitz Shoe Co.<br>Griffith Shoe Co. (W. H. Griffith & Son.)<br>Holland & O'Brien Shoe Co.   | <b>LAUNDRIES.</b><br>The Conser Laundry.<br>Jet White Laundry.   | <b>HARDWARE.</b><br>Neudorff Hardware Co.<br>Farrish-Erickson Hardware Co.  |
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**FOR SALE**  
Registered Shropshire sheep, yearlings and Ram lambs for sale. Also limited number of ewes.  
Also high class Jacks and Jennets and young mules in carload lots or by pair.

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Just a little pill to be placed under the skin of the animal by a single thrust of the instrument. You cannot afford to let your cattle die of blackleg when a few dollars spent on Blacklegoids will save them. Write for circular.

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