,

Snyder, Scurry County, Texas, April 11, 1013.


## - women mekt

The Missionary society of the
Methodist church met at the parso
age as usual, but from some cause
our crowd was small We attended
to some business. We will continue
our market at Curry \& Taylor's gro-
our market at Curry \& Taylor's gro-
cery and will be elad to serve you.
engage in ptiched battle
Calveston reatas, April 8 th. F
oner

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { negroes faught a pitched battle with } \\
& \text { United States soldiers here kilining } \\
& \text { one and wounding two solders. }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { The polte reserves and provo } \\
& \text { guara quellag the fight. } \\
& \text { Private Georgo D. Coolev, Cot }
\end{aligned}
$$

## 层

sia
SANTA FE DEMONSTRATORS
VISIT SCURRY COUNT
$\underset{\substack{\text { L. L. Johnson and G. W. Graves } \\ \text { representing the Santa } \\ \text { Fe } \\ \text { Fexperi }}}{\text { and }}$
mental farm work pald the Signal a
visit Thurs

## mee toue tine

ing the sevcral experve been visit-
in Scurry county and are very much
pleased with the general outlook.
The Santa Fe people are doing
good work in West Texas in the way
of experimentation and their efforts
have already borne good fruita. They
are demonstrating in
are demonstrating in crops and cul-
tural methods to prove what is best
for, West Texas and what we must
iorg
do

| J. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Pyea |
| ple |
| coun |

thers will be charge
G. A. G1.nn
Wednesday and
seription credit.
seription credit.

OALLAS BUSINESS MEN TO VISIT SNYOER SOON The Chamber of Commerce, at Dal las, Texas, has arranged a tour of representative business men over the the Pecos Veglon, west texas, and will put them in Snyder on April
24th. Speaking of this proposed intiner-
ary the offictal voice of the Chamber Commerce says:
"Snyder and Scurry county, one of the great farming and cattle rals,
Ing sections of West Texas, will be
visited by visited by a large delegation of Dal-
las business men, jobbers and manatacturers on the thirteenth annual excusion of the Dallas Chamber of
Commerce, which will leave Dallas Commerce, which will leave Dallas
April 17, and which is scheduled to arrive at Snyder April 24, at $2: 45$
p. m. West Texas, the Panhandle and the Pecos Valley territories have
been selected as the territories to be been selected as the territories to be
visited this year, owing to the mar-
vilen velous development of these sections
of the South west, thelr varied resources and enterprising eltizen-
ships_The leading men of practically every large mercantilie and manufac-
turing institution of the city will take part in the trip, as they are anxious for a closer business relationship with the business men,
farmers and stock raisers of Scurry farmers and stock raisers of Scurry
county. They declare that to know of the marvelous development of West
Texas, its varied resources and onterprising eltizenships, is to appreciate how important this section is
getting to be in the commercial info of the state and how much good it with Snyder and other West Texas and Panhandle cities.
T. E. Jackson, vice president of
the Chamber of Commerce, said of the Chamb
the trip:
"The Dailas party is looking fory
ward with great interest to thé visite
to Snyder and Scurry county. We appreciate the importance that this
rich agricultural and stock raising rich agricultural and stock raising
county has in the industrial life of
West Texas and we West Texas and we desire to meet personaly the business men or Sny-
der and the stock raiser and farmers
of Scurry county. We believe that of Scurry county. We believe that
Dallas is the logical market of the Southwest and that we are equipped
to supply their needs in a commer. clal and industrial way and we know that Scurry county has much ins:
Dallas needs in its industrial and commercial life."
The Signal feels authorized to say
that the people of Siyder will be ready to extend a cordial welcome
to the party and weill be in positlon show them one of the prettiest,
cleanest towns in the very best section of West Texas, and we hope the
visitors will have time to drive out into the country and see our beaut1-
ful prairies and rich, well kept farms. GRANDMOTHER WYN
passes away
Mrs. M. F. Wynn, aged 77 years,
died at 7 o.ecock Wedneeday eve-
ning with pneumonia and wat bur-
led in the Snyder cemetery Thursday ducted at 3 , p : m . Thursay by Re
M. T. Tucker at the home of M Mrs. Brice and grand mother of $M$ R. L. Smith and Mrs. J. M. Denson.
She was a member of the Baptist and true Chr'stian mother. She wat She was sick but only two or three
days. The Signal extends sympathy to
the sorrowing relatives. PLETTY THE FORD CAR MAN
LOCATES IN SNYDER W. L. Petty is here from Loraine
this week arranging to establish a sales station here for Ford Automo-
biles. He is the biles. He is the mar who has made
the Ford Car famous in West Texas, 웅 direct to Snyder and expects to re-
ceive them in a ftw dayp. The signal
extends the glad hand to Mr. Petty.



$\$ 1.00$ Purchase gets $\$ 20.00$ Dinner Set now on display in window A premium given with every $\$ 1.00$ purchase.

## The Arcacie

| SHERIFF'S SALE. <br> Notice is Hereby given, that by virtue of a certain order of sale issued by the Clerk of the District Court of Scurry county, on the 9 th day of April, 1913, in a certain cause wherein Mrs. A. L. Jones is plaintiff and R. L. English and John A. Couch are defendants, in which cause a judgment was rendered on the 18 th day of March, 1913, in favor of the said plaintiff Mis. A. L. Jones against said defendants, R. L. English and John A. Couch for the sum of Twelve hundred, thirty-one \& 40-100 dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of 10 per centum per annum from date of judgment, together with all costs of suit, I have levied | upon; and will, on the first Tuesday in May, 1913, it being the 6th day of said month, at the court house door in the town of Snyder, Texas, within legal hours, proceed to sell for cash to the highest bidder, all the right, title and interest of R. L. English and John A. Couch in and to the following described real estate, levied upon as the property of R. L. English and John A. Couch, to-wit: <br> All the north onehalf of section No. 194, block No. 97, H. \& T. C. Ry Co, survey in Scurry County, Texas. <br> The above sale to be made by me to satisfy the above judgment for Twelve hundred thirty-one \& $\mathbf{4 0 - 1 0 0}$ in favor of Mrs. A. L. Jones, together with the cost of sald suit, | and the proceeds applied to the satisfaction thereof. <br> J. B. BoLES, <br> Sheriff Ccurry County, Texas Snýder, Texas, April 10, 1913. <br> SHERTEF'G SALE. <br> Notice is Hereby given, that by virtue of a certain order of sale issued by the Clerk of the District Court of Scurry county, on the 9th day of April, 1913, in a certain cause wherein R. H. Davis is plaintiff and R. L. Palmer is $二$ defendant in which cause a judgment was rendered on the 18 th day of March, 1913 , in favor of the sald plaintiff 7. H. Davis against sald defendant 1. L. Palmer for the sum of 7/wo hundred, ninety.five $\mathbf{( \$ 2 9 5 . 0 0}$ ) | dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of 6 per cencum per annum from date of judgment, together with all costs of suit, I have levied upon, and will, on the first Tuesday in May, 1913, it being the 6th day of said month, at the court house door $n$ the town of Snydor, Texas, within legal hours, proceed to sell for cash to the highest bidder, all the right, title and interest of the said $\quad$ R. L. Palmer in and to the following described real estate, levied upon as the propthe said R. L. Palmer, to-wit: <br> The north half of section No. 145 in biock No. 2, H. \& T. C. Ry Co. survey in Scurry county, Texas. <br> The above sale to be made by me to satisfy the above judsment for Two hundred ninety-five/dollars | in favor of R. H. Davis, together with the cost of said suit, and the proceeds applied to the satisfaction ticreof. <br> J. B. BOLES, <br> Sherif Scurry County, Texas <br> Snyder, Texas, April 10, 1913. <br> MRS. HUTCHESON VISITS <br> AT WEATHERFORD <br> Mrs. F. L. Hutchesen left this week for Weatherford where she will visit for the spring and summer. She has just closed her school here, sending out four bright graduates in elocution. Mrs. Hutcheson has taught expression here for several years and has done a splendid work. <br> She ts a reader herself of rare powers and the has trained her pu- | pils thoroughly along that line. She is a lady of culture and refinement, such as it is pleasing to have in our midst and the educational and social life of Snyder is better for her lif and work here. We hope she and h husband will continue to make S ) der their home. <br> Goods bought at auction sale will not be engraved free. H. G. Towle. <br> The auction sale of Jewelry, china cut glas and other good and pretty things at H. G. Towle's this week has drawn great crowds and such bgrgains were never hefore heard of in this town. <br> J. H. Floyd apont Sundey at 8weetwater. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## THE SNYDER SIGNAL




# PAREPA-ROSA'S GREATEST SONG 

## Incident of a Grand Opera Singer of Long Ago

By J. C. HENDERSON

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 craing struggle too tread and bitee He she hatid in al the wordid hor onl

 broken noothers waichtiul eves, ste taded and wasted away with consumption. For man months the two had been supported by the sew ing which the mother could get to "take home, and it was while making a visit to one of the ell known in the musical circles of a ame upon the struggling pair, gave the mothe mployment, and with books and flowers an kindly words, won the love of the helples laughter. Having no kindred ones, the dyin
girl's grateful thoughts turned in her last mo girls gratetul thoughts turned in her last mo nother to notify the lady of the funeral, and ask her to attend.
It was the last of December. A cold, pelt-
ing rain made the day doubly dreary. In her ozy rooms, with blinds closed to shut out the pirits, the woman of prosperity sat down to sirits, the woman of prosperity sat down to
cnjoy the beauty of her costly apartments, when
suddenly Parepa, the great operatic idol of Lon on at that time, burst in upon her. The two were warm friends, and were just congratulat
ing themselves upon their prospects for a de
ightiful day together, when a little tear-blotte. note was handed in, asking the recipient to $g$ g
o the humble funeral of the sewing woman aughter
"This is terrible!" exclaimed the hostess, and planned for her some amusement in her absence. earted songstress.
So the two wound their throats with "com
forters," a precaution singers always take, pu orters," a precaution singers always take, pu
in heavy cloaks and worsted gloves, ordered a
closed carriage and started off in the storm gether. But the rest of the story is more force
ibly told in the narrator's own words: "We climbed flight after flight of narrow
lark stairs to the top floor, where in a miser Than a dozen feet square, lived the mother and "The canvas-back hearse, peculiar to the $\$ 25$
London funeral, stood in the street below, and
the small cherry-stained box, with its ruffle of glazed white muslin, stood on uncovered tres her grief, beside the box: a group of hard-
vorking, kindly-hearted neighbors standing was prepared for the inevitable end; it was cold
omfort to speak to her of her daughter's re are, in her utter loneliness, was bereft crea
herself and the awful blank future, of the o hurden, would be taken away and its precio: upportably alone. So, therefore, with a sym "Then the minister came in-a dry, self-su ficient man, with nothing of the tenderness of
his holy calling about him. Ieier than the day ome selected sentences from the Bible and of rearted mother, telling her of her sin in re ecling against the decree of providence, and
issuring her that nothing could bring back the
tead. Then he hurriedly departed, while a hush lead. Then he hurriedly departed, while a hush
ell upon every one gathered in the little room of solemn import befitting the occasion. It wa hent I ever experienced.
"Then Parepa arose, her cloak falling about stood beside the stained cherry box. She looked a moment on the white, wasted face, upturned
loward her from within; she laid her soft, white hand upon the forehead of the dead girl, and
while it lay there tenderly she lifted up that he it lay there tenderly she lifted up that

Angels, ever bright and fair
Take, oh, take her to thy care.'
Speed to your own courts her fligh
Clad in robes of virgin white.'
Her voice, at first low and somewhat affected velling into an epic of melody as the last word of the song died upon her lips. If ever the an
gels in heaven paused to listen to earth's music it was when Parepa sang so gloriously beside effect upon those gathered there. The sad mother mourner sank on her knees and with claspe
hands and streaming eyes implored Parepa ing on. The little band of mourners stood re
crently around the singer. "No queen ever went
grander funeral ceremonv.
"To this day, Parepa's giorious tribute of song angs in my memory as the most impressive serv arge audiences who were wildy insistent in eir applause, but never so sweetly as she sang
, the Jead girl in the cherry-stained box."
pathy that would heal and bless her through out all her after years. Truly, there is nothing happiness she is enabled to contribute to others In company, in church, at home and abroad, in all the changing scenes of life, someone is sure to be blessed by the subte power of a real mu
sical voice. Fprtunate is the child who has this enviable gift; fortunate, indeed, the parent who has the privilege of perfecting its development

Parepa-Rosa, familiarly called "Parepa," a Parepa-Rosa, familiarly called "Parepa," an
operatic singer, was born at Edinburg May 7 operatic singer, was born at Edinburg May 7
1836 . She was the daughter of the Baron Georgiades de Boyesku, a Wallachian noble. On the
death of her father, about 1836 , her mother to death of her father, about 1836 , her mother took
to the stage to support herself and her child. to the stage to support herself and her child.
Parepa was instructed in languages and in singing by her mother and soon learned to speak English, Italian, French, German and Spanish with fluency. In 1855 she made a highly prom ising debut in opera as Amina in "La Sonnambula," at Malta. She afterward appeared at
Naples, Rome, Florence, Genoa, Madrid and Lis-

"Then Parepa Arose,
bon ot Lisban she was rectatat with evey dinand was so impressed with her attainments
as to give her a letter of introduction to the as to give her a letter of introduction to the
prince consort. The young artist was put to the test by the prince consort in person, and she was promptly commanded to sing before the Her first appearance in opera in England took Her first appearance in opera in England took
place on May 21,1857 ., when she sang the par In August of the following year she played Ca In August of the iollowing year she played Cato sing with success at that theater, and at Her Majesty's her "creations"" including the title part
of Mellon's "Victorine," "La Reine Topaze" in

She also appearen at the Philharmonic con
1So2-65.
through America under the direction of Maurice Strakosch and Bateman, and here met Carl Rosa
to whom she was married in New York on Feb English Opera company was the Parepa-Rosa mained a conspicuous feature in American ne sical life for the next few years, its promoter making a considerable fortunc.
pearance in London during the Convent Garden season, when she was heard on three occasions monic, where she sang "Ah Perfidio." The winter of 1872 she passed in Cairo where, at the grand opera she played in "Ruy Blas."
Later in the year she was in England, Later in the year she was in England, re-
hearsing the part of Elsa in an English version of "Lohengrin," which her husband had arranged to produce at Drury Lane. But before the performance took place she died at 10 Warwick Crescent. Maida Valc, on Jan. 21, 1874. She
was buried at Highgate cemetery. was buried at Highgate cemetery
Mme. Parepa had a fine symp
voice of two and a half octaves in range and an admirable stage presence. She was loved for her many philanthropies and kindnesses as
well as for her great gift of song. Her symwell as for her great gift of song. Her sym-
pathy was ever with the unfortunate; also her purse.
The story here told of her attendance upon the funeral of the little girl in a London garret, singing over her dead body, is one among many similar stories

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noble character.
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PRIZES AWARDED TEXAS POULTRY H. J. McClung of Tyler, who is one of the took the largest number of prizes in that clas: took the largest number of prizes in that class of $\$ 25$ in wold for the best cock, cockerel and pullet at the Fat Stock Show in Fort Worth. He also won the Fryatt cup for the best cock-
erel and was awarded the cup offered by F.mmett Curran, manager of the show, for the largest exhibit in the Brown Leghorn class. In the Indian Runner duck class E. With but few exceptions the Olds farm won in every class entered. The Olds winnings were not con-
fined to either of the varieties, but they took fined to either of the varieties, but they took
off first honors in each. More special prizes were awarded to them than to any other ex-
hibitor. They carried off the Burton silver cup besides several other special prizes
Following close upon the winnings of the McClung and Curran winnings were those of Mrs. competed for in the Partridge and Buff Cochin class, except two minor prizes. In the bantan
class, Mrs. Gill won everything for which she class, Mrs. Gill won everything for which she
competed along with several specials. first, second, third, fourth and fifth hens; sec
ond, fourth and fifth pullets; first, second and hird cockerels. Stripling for the best display of py W. W. C birds. She received $\$ 10$. in gold for the best display in the Asiatic classes and a life schola hip in the Brantley-Draughon Business colleg Mr. and Mrs. I. L. Johnson of
Mr. and Mrs. I. L. Johnson of Arlington, who
won a number of the prizes in the Buff Rock class, were awarded the Pohlzon cup, valued at $\$ 15$, for the best cock, cockerel, hen and pulet of the Buff Rock variety. The cup was of gers at Armour \& Co.'s packing plant.
Mrs. Harry Singleton of Dallas, who has won more prizes than any other breeder of Black Langshans in the South, was winner in that di-
vision. Mrs. Singleton's birds won four firsts but failed to land any of the specials.
The Godfrey Poultry farm, Midlothi
won the major portion of the prizes in the Buf Plymouth Rock classes. The Godfrey farm car ried off the first prize for the best pullet, co Hiel and hen in the Plymouth Rock class
ever shown, W. J. Jennings of Midlothian wor: the best offerings in the White Wyandotte class. Besides winning the Winter cup, given by John Lewis Winter, the Jennings entries received the
awards for the second cock, first cockerel awards for the second cock, first cockerel, sec-
ond, third and fourth hen; also for the first third and fourth pullet and the first and second pen. Mr. Jennings entered forty of his V/hite Wyandottes, which was
hibits made at the show
John Lewis Winter of with many winnings in the second and thir denominations and landed the Allison cup for the best cock, cockerel, hen and pullet. ing off the first prize for the best cockerel He Leghorn exhibit
W. A. Smith of Lockhart won the awards f the best White Plymouth Rock male and fe male exhibited in the show. Mr. Smith also White Rock. Roy McDonald of Dalhart and H. M. Cornelius of Midlothian were winners in the Barred Ply
mouth Rock class. Mr. Cornelius won first cock, second cockerel and second pen. Mr. M The Finney con valued at $\$ 25$ offers H. E. Finney, general manager of Arniour \& Co., was awarded to H. F. Vermillion for the best cock, cockerel. hen and pullet of any va-
riety. Mr. Vermillion also won the Carter cup or the best cock, cockerel, hen and pullet in
the Rhode Island Red class,

THE SWEETEST TIME O' YEAR.
The blackbird in the hollow and the robi
Are shouting hallelujahs up to heaven and
The forest trees are budding with a fresi
And pronounce a benediction through the blossom-scented ai
he south wind in his rambles, searches
gathers sweetest perfume from the $y$ the brook. he sun in gorgeous splendor smiles upo
he flowers nodding to coming the rain.
ve to hear the droning of the hush bumble-bee,
tumbles t
tumbles through the meadow in to hear the little rills,
the music, of the breezes as they kiss
the daffodils.
There is something that is pleasing eviry minute of the day, Apriltime brings and flaunts her banners gay he glories of
the blossoming of
est,time of year a part of my reli
have you know,
human woe.
a trite and usenul
cret I'll impart,
When your thoughte there's no winter in the heart.
en thou , Twelve million packages of garden seed will four-mile tunnel through the Selkirks, built a cost of $\$ 12,000,000$, will eliminate the delay
aused by landslides experienced by a Canadia ailroad.
If expected that in 1913 over $1,400,000$ im There are 250,015 children in Chicago unde years old

"They at Once Gave the Alarm"

# INDIAN RAIDS IN TEXAS 

By
Col. Acie Sooner

Battle of the "Adobe Walls"

$\mathbf{N}$Tyyty
 it Springs, Bari, , counts, Texzs, althoulsy
 This was the first great battle in which the

 When pursued by government tropss they
nvariably retreated to th this refuge, where they difficultices presented to an invading force. It was the spring of 1858 , ater returning from
very sucecessiul raid into the Xorth Texas set. lemets, that the comme the ther favorite retreat.
 hiuntingshirt, which rendered him saie from the
urrows and rifle balls of his foes. Where the
tite




 thia Ann, succeeted as chief of the Comanche
nation.
 leternined to follow them to their stronghold
Io the Antelope Hills, and if possible drive thery

$\qquad$
 About a week atter the command began the
march the Tonkava scouts discovereded the main
 mand until the day of the battle, notwithstandiver stronghold the day previous. ©ons-quent. davight, and beiore sunrise a fierce battle was The best accompt we have of this battle wa



 presence of the enemy. Instant pursuit was

$\underset{\substack{\text { add } \\ \text { ma }}}{ }$
 mained thus, contemplating each other for over took place between single combatants, illus tive of the Indian mode of warfare and the marked difference between the wandering, mi gratory Comanches and the Tonkawas. The Tonkawas took advantage of the ravines, trees
and other natural refuge. Their arms were riand other natural refuge. Their arms were
fles and revolvers. The Comanches came to th attack with shield, bow and lance, mounted on gaily caparisoned, prancing horses, and flaunt ing feathers, and all the gorgeous decorations in cident to savage display and finery. They were
probably the most expert equestrians in the gaily canter to a point halfway between the opposing lines, yell a defiant war whoop and shake his shield. This was a challenge to single combat. Several of the Tonkawas who accepted such challenges were placed hors de combat"
by their more expert adversaries, and in conse
(itence Colonel Ford ordered them to eiecline utence Colonel Ford ordered them to eecli:2
the savage banters, much to the dissatisfaction of rlacido, the Tonkawa chief, who had conduct with the bearing of a savage hero. "In the combats," said Colonel Ford, "the min
"In of the spectator was carried back to the days
of chivalry, the jousts and tournaments of knights of chid, and to the concomitants of knight erranty The feats of horsemanship were splendid, and the whole, performance was a novel show
ivilized man."
Colonel Ford now ordered Placido, with a part of his warriors, to advance in the direction of th enemy, and, if possible, to draw him into the
valley, so as to afford the rangers an opportunity
to charge. This had the desired effect, an to charge. This had the desired effect, and
the rangers were ready to make a charge, when it was.discovered that the Tonkawa Indians had
removed the white bandages from their heads ches. Consequently, the rangers were unable to distinguish friends from foes. This necessitated
the entire withdrawal of the Tonkawas. The Comanches witnessed these preparations, and vanced at a gallop, and a headlong charge fol-
lowed. Lieutenant Nelson made a skillful move ment and struck the enemy's flank, breaking th Comanche's line. A running fight now ensue
for three or four miles. The enemy was drive for three or four miles. The enemy was drive
back wherever he made a stand. The most termined resistence was made in a thembered 1a
tian
vine. Here one of Placido's warriors was killed vine. Here one of Placido's warriors was killed,
and one of the rangers, young George W. Pa chal, was wounded. The Comanches left some routing them at this place the rangers continued to pursue them for some distance, intent upon
taking the women and children prisoners; but Peta Nocona, by the exercise of those comman ing qualities which had often before signalized
his generalship on the field, succeeded in covering the retreat atid effecting the escape of the women and children.
It was now about 4 p . m ., both horses and men were almost exhausted, and Colonel Ford
ordered a halt and returned to the village. Brave ordered a halt and returned to the vilage. and his warriors fought like demons. It was difficult to restrain them, so anxious were
they to wreak vengeance upon the Comanches. In all of these engagements seventy-five Com anches were killed. The loss of the rangers was
small-two killed and six wounded. The trap-small-two killed and six wounded. The trapet," the noted Comanche chief who was slain,
consisted of lance, bow, shield, headdress, and the celebrated coat of mail, were gathered up on
the field and brought to Austin, where they were deposited by Colonel Ford in the old state cap-
itol. Placido, the chief of the Tonkawas, fell a victim of Comanche vengeance on the govern-
ment reservation at Fort Sill. He had always been the friend of Texans, and rendered inval
nable service to the early pioneers, by whom the Several years passed after the sanguinary bat the of Antelope Hills before the Comanches re
ocvered from the effects of their severe punish
ment at the hands of Colonel Ford's command In the meantime their brave chief, Peta Nocona seemed to be thirsting for revenge and lost no
opportunity to attack an isolated ranch house opportunity to attack an isolated ranch hous cess of these raids, he grew bolder, until h cess of these raids, he grew bolder, until he
started out with a picked band of warriors on an extended raid upon the settlements along the Brazos and Red rivers, going as far even a
lacksboro. During this raid the settlers large bunches of cattle and horses, besides the wilful destruction of their houses and barns. It was during the closing years of the civi war that Peta Nocona's band became so dan
gerous it threatened to depopulate the frontie gerous it threatened to depopulate the frontie
of white settlers. Notwithstanding the scarcity of any kind of troops in Texas, the authoritie at Austin saw the necessity of sending an expedition against the Indians. For this purpose
squad of fifty rangers, with the aid of the Tonk squad of fifty rangers, with the aid of the Tonk
awas, and the settlers en route, took the trail of awas, and the settlers en route, took the trail
Peta Nocona's band with orders to either stroy or drive them beyond the borders of the
At this time Peta Nocona was in the zenith of his power, and was not only the chief of his own
tribe, but by reason of his dashing bravery wa tribe, but by reason of his dashing bravery wa
often chosen to lead the allied forces of the Co manches, Apaches, Kiowas and Kickapoos. in the occasion of this expedition, that cu Peas river, Chief Nocona was leading on the sually large band of warriors on a successful aid, laden with booty. He was also accompa
ied by his wife and children, Cynthia Ann Par er, two sons, Pohibit and Quanah, and a daugh er. Prairie Flower. Quanah, the oldest son, wa
acting as sub-chief. cting as sub-chief
The rangers avoided the trail and made a
ross-country march ahead of Nocona's band, nd lay in ambush near Soldier's Hole. The unsuspecting Indians, flushed with the soils of the raid, rode down the peaceful valley
to their doom. The rangers and Tonkawas to their doom. The rangers and Tonkawas
opened fire on them at close range, and, though urprised and thrown into confusion, the Comanches fought desperately, with their gallant chief, Peta Nocona, in the thickest of the fight. ut the superior equipment of the rangers and
Tonks, armed with Spencer carbines, was too reat an advantage to overcome with spears, ows and arrows, and a few old pistols and guns, egan to retreat Peta Nocona tried to shield the women and children, but was killed while cover Quanah Parker and his brother, Pohibit, mounted on fleet-footed ponies, escaped, but Cynthia Ann Parker and her daughter, Prairie Flower, wer captured, notwithstanding Cynthia Ann made a
brave resistance, and but for the fact that her blue eyes attracted attention and proclaimed her be a white woman, she would have been killed
the Tonks. The fight terminated in a rout, and the fleeing Indians and pursuing rangers On the return of the expedition east, Cynthi nn and her daughter, Prairie Flower, were sen relatives in Parker county. And though evonged for the wild life of the Indians. The eautiful Prairie Flower withered and died beAnn, though never entirely satisfied with her
 With the blood of tribal chiefs coursing his onte the young chief, content to remain idle, but thirsting for revenge, Nocona, and grandfather, Pohebits Quasho sion and acknowledged leader by reason of his
During the beginning of the systematic kill ing of buffalo for the hides, several firms in For
Dodge, Kan., sent out an expedition consistin a a long wagon-train loaded with supplies an range. Arriving on the upper Canadian in the ruins of an old mission, once occupied by
the Spanish friars, where a trading post and a
mission scchool stood in the days when Texas misson school stood in the days when Texas
belonged to Mexico. The walls of three buildings were in excellent preservation and without
great expense were made to accommodate the

 taken possession of by jim Hanrahan with ${ }^{\text {to }}$
general store Tom Keeie started a blackemith Seneral itore old chapel. Fred Leorard also erect-
ed a
ed atockade and conducted a wabon yard and
 Roverin bander of Indinins hecames troublesome
and began to attack isolated camps, and rumors were a filoat that a concentrated attack would be
made or "Adobe Walls." The medicine men of

 Prapahoes were concentratitg for somen purpose It was during the monlight nights in June.

 Consequently they were not preerared when
Quanh Parker led poo painted wariors down

 With their front rank formed into a phalanx
and disguised to teremble a herd of buffilo, by

 But or an anceident at Harrahan's at 3.3 . m . A cotonwod beam used as a ridge pole in the
end of Hantahans store began to give way with A cracking sound that awakened every one ing upon them fored the men to take steps to prop
up the beane and tho of then mounted the roont
ands shoveled foit the dirt to lighten the weigit.

what he supposed to be a buffalo herd about one ourth of a mile northwest. He watcled then
ntient While he was loaking, not satisfied in his
mind that everything was all right, two me me mind that every thing was all right. two men

 a band of Indians. They at once gave the alarm.
and the
Indians. realizing that they longer keep up the deecention, , tut reded theien blood
curding war whoop and charged down upon the ettiements,
 the inmates, and was admitted asa a oolleyed of
arrows and bullets struck the wall of the buildViatson and Ogg urred and ran to Hanra
han's and closed the door in time to cscape deat Tr capture
When the sun rose that morning every house When the sur rose that morning every house
it Adobe Walls' was in
an state of siege, and
 Cot Leonards open door to force an entrance
 The er oran of the batte became incessant. The
ndians had divided into bands, and were using very device know
opde the efernders
The
 Leonards, Ike and Shorty Sadler were sleep ing in their wayan and were $k$ killed and scalped
befere they could escape. A gain and again, many times during that long
ot day, the Indiaiss tried to force the doos, buit
 puilt especially for killing buffalo. Fortunately
tie houses were so situated that the men could
 lage and proved very disconcerting to the $\operatorname{In}$ - dians.
dit When Quanah Parker was wounded and tupon the sub-chief. Stone Calrs
Beecominew
Bexaserated at the many futie at




The Indians then withdrew out of range and held a pow-wow. During the last charge a man
named Tyler was mortally wounded and died before the sun set.
After the powwow a young Kiowa chief as sumed command and led sixty warriors in a
fierce charge on Leonard's corral, but was killed when he dismounted to open the gate. Six braves fell near his body during this destructive fire. The Indians then withdrew and kept up the battle from long range. The ground around the
adobe buildings was strewn with dead and adobe buildings was strewn with dead and
wounded Indians and ponies. During the remainder of the day the Indians tried to carry off their wounded. At the base of a low rough hill "Adobe Walls" At the base of a low rough hill Adobe Wans creek ran through a grove of trees, which proved
an excellent concealment for a band of Indian an excellent concealment
sharp-shooters, who peppered away at the windows from which the defenders delivered their
deadly fire. The Indians gave up their attempt to capture "Adobe Walls" by direct attack, and resorted to strategy. Under cover of the buffalo
grass some of them gained the rear of Leonard's grass some of them gained the rear of Leonard's
store behind a pile of buffalo hides and prepared set the building on fire and force the defenders to come out in the open.
The men in the building dians behind the hides talking to those coucealed in the grass, and believing that some deviltry
was being hatched, Bill Dixon and Fred Leonard began firing their high-power guns into the hides, the bullets passing through the pile of
hides, killing a pony and driving the Indians from concealment.
In the meantime the Indian sharpshooters kept up such a hot fire at the windows and loopholes
that the besieged dare not venture within sight of their foe. Under cover of
dians removed their wounded
The Indians then formed a distant line of battle and came swooping down, and began circling their ponies' necks. During this maneuver the chiefs gathered on a distant mound to view the
situation and hold a council of war. This attracted the attention of Billy Dixon and Bat Malo
fale guns and blazed away at the bunch. One chief fell from his horse and the medicine man's horse was killed, which ended the powwow.
When the Indians desisted from their attack the hunters began to sum up casualties. They Sadler brothers dead and scalped. They were buried in one grave at the close of day.
During the night Hanrahan's was abandoned and all of the hunters concentrated in Leonard's
and Langston's stores, dug wells and barricaded in anticipation of a renewal of the battle.
A man by the name of Reed was sent to Dodge

## FACTS ABOUT MEXICO



,CRDING to the census of 1goo the while the mixed bloods have bicen increasing ,og
 were

 diverse ethic elements are oominally, free an
equal. Forr many ycars, however, the Indian emained in subjection and took no part in the
 one of their own race, Bento Juarer , had risen
to the thighest topition in the gitit ot the coun-
 Diar hy the Maderistas. In southern Mexico
the Zapatecas furrish school masters or the vill lage schools. Peonage, however, is still preva.
lent in many of the larger estates and serious cruelties are sometimes reported The old Diaz
form of goverment must be heli, partly respon-
 bred Yaquis to the low tropical plains of Yuca
tan, but the influence of three and a hal cenCan, but the influence of three and a hall cen-
turies of slavery and peonage cannot be shaken

 per cent and the Indians 60 per cent. The cen-
sus of 1895 increased the whites to 22 per cent, sus of 1895 increased the whites to 22 per cent,
which was apparently an error; the mixed bloods
to 47 per cent, and reduced the Indians to 31 per cent. It is probable that the returns have
per 47 per cent, and reduce the Indians
never been accurate in regard to the mixed blods and Indians, but it is the general conclusion that

commercial and industrial restrictions, burdened commercial and industrial restrictions, burdened
them with taxes, strangled them with monopolies
and even refused to permit the free immigration and even refused to permit the free immigration
thither of Spaniards. Out of such adverse conthither of Spaniards. Out of such adverse con-
ditions has developed the present population of
Mexico. It was not till after the middle of the Mexico. It was not till after the middle of the
nineteenth century that a long and desperate reminetance to foreign intervention under the lead-
ership ership of Benito Juarez infused new life into the masses and initiated the creation of a new nationality. Then came the long firm rule of Por-
firio Diaz, who first broke up the organization firio Diaz, who first broke up the organization
of bandits that infested the country and then
soucht sought to traise Mexico trom the state of dis-
credit and disorganization into which it had fallen.
The white race is of Spanish descent and has The white race is of Spanish descent and has
the characteristics common to ather Spanish-
American the characteristics common to ather Spanish-
American creoles. Their political record previous
to the presidency of Porfirio Diaz was one of incessant revolutionary strife, in which the idle
unsettled half-breeds took unsettled half-breeds took no unwilling part. The
Indian element in the population is made up Indian element in the population is made up
of several distinct races-the Aztecs, or Mexican, Misteca-Zapoteca, Mayas or Yucateco, Otomi or
Othomi, and in smaller number the Totonac, 'Tarasco, Apache, Mathlanzingo, Chantal, Mixe, Zoque, Guaicuro, Opata-Pina, Tapijulapa, Seri and
Huariz. As the of the same race is to develop dialects, and as habitat and custom tend still further to differentiate them, it may be that some of the smaller
families are branches of the others. In 1864 Don Manuel Orozeo y Berra found no fewe than lects among Indian inhabitants of Mexico, to
which he added sixty-two extinct idioms-making a total of 182 idioms, each representing a
distinct tribe. Thirty-five of these languages,
with sixty-nine dialects he succeeded in classifying under eleven linguistic families. A later
during the second day, the Indians maintainin
their distance and keeping up a state of siege.
The third day the battle was carried on at loi ange, the Indians keeping up a fire.from Adp windows.
William Olds was killed while taking
vations from the roof of Leonard's hous? vations from the roof of Leonard's housf/ I
ell through the trap door at the feet of fell th
wife.
Dur
infered During the third night the besieged were re-
inforced by the arrival of about 100 men from the surrounding country
After two more days without any open demonstration, the hunters supposed that the Indian had given up the siege, and two by the name of
Huffman and Roberts walked out to a small hill Huffman and Roberts walked out to a small hill
to make an observation. Huffman was killed and Roberts escaped to the protection of the defenders at Leonard's.
It was ten days before the Indians, after los-
ing eighty-five braves ing eighty-five braves killed and wounded, raise the siege and withdrew from Adobe Wals.
Fearing a renewal of hostilities the hunter marched out, and the majority of them went to Fort Dodge and some of them to Fort Griffin o reorganize their outfits for the winter's hunt the trail with eighty wagons to get the stores The hauled back to Fort Dodge. refuse The commanding officer at Fort Dode men were fighting goo Indians, and diers to relieve the situation.
Governor Osborn of Kansas was willing arm the citizens of Dodge City if they would arm the citizens of Dodge city in they
send out a relief party, and he forwardel I, ,ood
guns with the necesary ammunition, but before guns with the necesary ammunition, but before
any relief could be organized, couriers came in and reported that the hunters had abandoned the The Indians returned after the hunters ha left, and burned and destroyed the "Adobe Walls" like mourners at the graves of the departed. It was a long time before Quanah Parker wa of the Indians was broken up, and each tribe went back to its own hunting ground.
The next season the hunters, with but few exceptions. made lort Griffin their widnarter ecuring their short order supplies from Conra Colorado.
Many of the outlying camps owed their safety o the severe lesson the Indians learned at th siege of Adobe Walls. They were taught to re
spect the long range. guns and superior marks manship of the white men.
("Indian Raids in 'Texas" will appear once each magazine section.

## Its History and Resources

| investigator, Don Francisco Belmar, has been able to reduce these numerous idioms to a very few groups. None of them were written except through the use of ideographs, in the making of which the Aztecs use colors with much skill, while the Mayas used an abbreviated form or symbal. <br> Before the present insurrection and exile of Porfirio Diaz, the republic of Mexico was politically divided into twenty-seven states, one federal district and three territories. The states federal district and three territories. The states were generally divided into districts and these into municipalities which correspond to the townships of the American system. The federal district consisted of thirteen municipalities. The territory of Lower California is divided into two large districts, northern and southern, and the latter into partidos and municipos-the larger divisions practically forming two district territories. <br> The agricultural resources of Mexico are large and unusually varied, as they comprise some of the cereals and other food products of the tem- perate zone, and most of the leading products perate zone, and most of the leading products of the tropics. Agriculture, however, receives slight attention, owing to the early development of the mining industries. The indirect result of the industrial development of Mexico, which began during the last quarter of the nineteenth century, has been an increased interest in agriculture, and especially in undertakings requiring large investments of capital, such as coffee, sugar and rubber plantations. A large part of the country is too arid for agriculture, and even with irrigation no water supply is sufficient for only a small part of the dry area. This region produces the most part, a temperate climate, and produces wheat, barley, Indian corn and forage crops. Long drouths often destroy the wheat crops. Long drouths often destroy the wheat in large quantities to supply the people with food. This uncertainty in the wheat crop extends to the southern limits of the higher plateau and is a serious obstacle to the increased production of this cereal. Indian corn, also, is production of this cereal. Indian corn, also, is a staple food with the poorer classes. The deficiency is made up through importation. These drawbacks tend to restrict agriculture on the plateau to comparatively limited areas, and the country people are, in general, extremely poor and badly nourished. Stock-raising dates settlements in Mexico and receives no slight encouragement from the mother country. For this reason much importance has always been attached to the industry and stock-raising of some sort was to be found in every state of the republic, prior to the insurrection and overthrow of the Diaz rule, though not always to a great extent. The Spaniards found no indigenous domestic animals in the country, and introduced their own horses, cattle, sheep and swine. Cortes brought ten cavalry horses with him in his ships, from which the natives fled in terror, having never seen horses before and believed they, were |
| :---: |



## The Fine Arts

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## Automobile Hints




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The Abbott-Detroit easily maintains its position as leader of motordom. This leadership
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Fashions and Household


FASHION NOTES
over a large platter, when it would look so much
more appetizing fitted into a casserole just its
size. Have a stew 'once in a while, but not too more appetizing fitted into a casserole just its
size. Have a stew once in a while, but not too
often. Withdraw it from the exposed glare of often. Withdraw it from the exposed glare of
an electric dome and conceal it under a golden
flaky crust and it almost arises to the dignity flaky crust and it almost arises to the dignity
of chicken pie.
S. J. B.

AN ART TO CULTIVATE

how to make the most of herself.
It is an unknowing person who decides the
nodern girl is frivolous because she wants to
look well. The maiden of today in her mid
Victorian fichu is more practical than the sirl
who first wore a pannier and who first wore a pannier and puffs and tucker.
She usually has her own dress allowance and learns to live within it. To her, clothes mean winning out in everything she undertakes.
And it's another mistake to think the girl And it's another mistake to think the girl of
today cannot sew. She may not learn at home today cannot sew. She may not learn at home.
but she begins to handle her needle in kindergar-
ten days and doesn't stop until she is through the practical sewing courses in the intermediate schools and is ready for technical dressmaking
and millinery in special and millinery in special domestic science courses.
The girl so behind the times as not to know The girl so behind the times as not to know
how to make the best of herself and take care
of her clothes should specialize on that art. Time and money spent in its acquisition yield big re-
and As our minds run to economy let's not let
the kitchen be the beginning and the end. Let
every department bear its own share of the
responsibility. Where will economy be found

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|  | W00D \& C0. |
| :---: | :---: |
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| Comes |  |
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| Shaw Bros... | HOTEL MA |
| Creamery Co. <br> Pure Ice Cream Fancy Creamery Butter |  |
|  |  |
|  | Classy |
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| HOTEL |  |
| W ALDORF |  |
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| $\begin{aligned} & \text { ST.GEORGE } \\ & \text { HOTEL } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | Steam Lematy |
|  |  |

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Account Panhandle Teachers' As
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anyon and return for $\$ 7.45$. Selling

ald



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We run with gasoline. This engine pumps the water
For garden, house and barn churns the cream for Birdie And launders for the farm. Dame Nature holdo the sway Name nan runs the "hoister"
That hoists and stacke That hoists and stacks the hay. It chops the grain so nicely It doesn't kick the "union" And is worth its weith th in gold. - Bessie E. Armstrong in Farm And while we brag about it An are waiting our turnout Just when we want to pump or churn Or feed the Basin cow And stops, we don't know how

## he hired hand will sweat an "cuss" And swear by the old Harry

 And swear by the old Harryhe'd a good sledge hammer, he'd a good sledge hammer,
The boss an engine-"narry,'

See O. I. Wilurison Lumber or rooting of all kinds. The blue sky law of Kansas is a
ighty good one and should bo mighty good one and should be
strengthened it possible but the man
Who will consult his banker in re-
card to investment will neerer have gara to investment wilnerer nat
neen of its provisions. We can onll
wonder at the men who will take the word of a atranger, and a atrang-
er who is after their money at that. in prefereneece to going to their banker
for advice. In the business of investing money. In anything outside of
land and farm property, the banker land and farm property, the banke
is in a position ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{o}$ know the value oo the investment better than the tarm-
er and it you will consult him yoer and if you will consult him yo
will find him ready and willing to help you all he can. We do not think

we are far out of the way when we | we are far out of the way when we |
| :--- |
| say that had the people of Kansae | taken the advice of their bankers

on all their investments during the last 10 years the amount saved t them would have pald all the ex
penses of the state government durpenses of the state government dur
ing that time.-Farmers Mall and For sale- One Horse hac Snyder Marble Worke.

Last week brought about the fin ish of Turkigh domintion in the far East, when the Bulgarlan Rorcee rianople. Turkoy has been an aus
tore natior for a long time but her




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