

# THE SNYDER SIGNAL.

(Successor to The Coming West)

"Let all The Ends Thou Aim'st at Be Thy Country's, Thy God's and Truth's."

Vol. XXII No. 40.

SNYDER, SCURRY COUNTY, TEXAS, FRIDAY, MARCH 3, 1911.

Subscription \$1.00 Per Year in Advance

## DON'T FORGET THE FIREMEN'S MEETING TO-NIGHT AT THE COURT HOUSE

### INTERESTING LETTER FROM AUSTIN CORRESPONDENT

Furnishes Signal Readers With the Latest Happenings at The Capital

Austin, Feb. 26.—Editor Signal: The legislative situation abounds in kaleidoscopic changes. There has perhaps never been a legislature in Texas like the present one. No man can forecast with any degree of certainty what it will do with reference to adjournment. The House has passed a resolution providing for adjournment March 11. When this resolution reached the Senate it was referred to the committee on constitutional amendments where it now quietly reposes and it will stay there until the prohibitionists see proper to bring it out for all of the members of this committee are prohibitionists except the chairman. I do not believe that the Senate will agree to an adjournment on that date unless the redistricting bills can be put through. A number of the Senators want to go to congress and they are not going to take any chances on running for congress before the state at large.

The hopes of the advocates of the various consolidation bills is at a very low ebb, it having become generally understood that Gov. Colquitt will veto them should they be passed.

The Abilene Normal school bill will probably come up in the Senate this week. I see in the Western Light that some one here in Austin had written to Judge Higgins wishing to represent Snyder in this matter. This was perhaps some professional lobbyist who wanted a money consideration for his services. Such men as a rule have no standing with the legislature and would really prejudice the members against any measure which they might advocate.

The Farmers Union measure has fared especially well this session. The Cotton Factory Bill has been finally passed. The following circular gotten out by myself in advocacy of the measure while it was pending will explain the measure:

My attention has been called to a statement published in the press of the State on February 19 to the effect that J. T. Howard, president of the Dallas Cotton Mill, had appeared before the Dallas Chamber of Commerce and urged that body to petition Governor Colquitt to veto the bill now pending in the legislature and which has passed the Senate, providing for the erection of a cotton factory to be operated by convicts in the manufacture of cotton bagging, cotton duck, sack rope and twine. The reasons given by Mr. Howard as to why this measure should be vetoed are ridiculous and absurd. He says that if this factory is erected that privately owned mills cannot compete with the state owned factory because of the convict labor that will be used in the latter. As a matter of fact there is not a cotton mill in Texas that is manufacturing or attempting to manufacture the kind of goods which this bill provides shall be manufactured in the proposed factory except cotton duck. How, then, can the manufacture of bagging, sacks, rope and twine injuriously affect the privately owned mills, not one of which, as I have already stated is engaged in the manufacture of these articles?

I challenge the correctness of his statement—that there is no profit in the operation of cotton mills in Texas, and that there are four or five mills shut down because it is unprofitable to operate them. If it becomes necessary to do so, I will produce the evidence showing that there is a splendid profit in the business in Texas, and that where the mills shut down it is done pursuant to an agreement to limit the output.

The statement that the erection of the factory provided for in this bill would put a stop to the movement which he says is on foot to erect mills in Fort Worth and Wichita Falls for the manufacture of fine fabrics is too absurd to require even a passing notice.

How could the manufacture of bagging, duck, sack, rope and twine affect these enterprises?

The factory is demanded by the Farmers Union of Texas in order that the farmers of Texas may free themselves from the heavy and unjust burdens that have been laid upon them by the jute trust. This remorseless trust has an absolute monopoly in the manufacture and sale of bagging, sacks and twine, and Mr. Howard well knows that no individual will hazard an investment of his money in a factory for the purpose of engaging in competition with this gigantic trust in the manufacture of these goods. The State, by the use of convict labor, can give us this relief. Not one word is said by Mr. Howard about the hundreds of convicts who are on the state farm raising cotton, corn and cane in competition with the farmers of this state. No; this is all right with him; but when we, who pay seventy-five per cent of the taxes, ask for a little appropriation that will enable us to save the farmers of Texas hundreds of thousands of dollars every year, he holds up his hands in holy horror and asks the Governor to veto the measure. If his cause is a just one, why don't Mr. Howard come on down here and let us fight it out like men before the legislature, instead of trying to use the prestige and influence of the Chamber of Commerce in an attempt to influence the Governor to veto the bill. Jute is a foreign product, while cotton is raised by almost every farmer in Texas. If cotton were substituted for jute, it would open up a demand for a vast amount of low grade cotton which would be manufactured into these goods instead of being used as a club to hammer down the price of our better grades of cotton as at present.

In view of the interest manifested by Governor Colquitt during his campaign and in his message to the legislature in the welfare of the farmer of Texas, I have no fear of him vetoing the bill when it is passed and sent to him for his approval.

The other measure passed was our cotton tare bill. The following gotten out by myself while the bill was pending explains the purpose of this measure:

The purpose of this measure is to save to the cotton raisers of Texas, more than four millions of dollars annually, that is being unjustly and arbitrarily taken from them by excessive deductions for tare. Under the present system of handling cotton, there is an arbitrary deduction of six per cent from the price of lint cotton to cover the weight of the bagging and ties in which the cotton is wrapped. This is known to the trade as "tare" and amounts to a deduction of thirty pounds from each 500-pound bale. The heaviest bagging and ties in use in Texas does not weigh, in any case, exceeding 22 pounds to the bale and ranging as low as 17 pounds to the bale. This applies to jute bagging and flat ties now in general use. Here, then, is a clear loss to the farmer, of from 8 to 13 pounds of lint on every bale produced in Texas. There is never any question of "tare" between the local cotton buyer and the farmer in the interior, because this deduction is made from the price in lint before the local buyers are furnished with the price on "limit" as it is commonly called. Because the bagging and ties are weighed in and constitute a part of the gross weight of the bale, many have been led to believe that the farmer received pay for his bagging and ties, at a price equivalent to the value of lint cotton in the market. Nothing could be further from the truth than this contention. The deduction of six per cent from the real value of the cotton had already been made before the price was quoted to the farmer, and if his bale weighed 500 pounds, gross, he only received pay for 470 pounds of lint and supposing that he is using the heaviest bagging and ties obtainable, he sustains a loss of 8 pounds of lint by reason of the excessive deduction. The Farmers Union has tried repeatedly to have this matter adjusted, but has failed in the attempt because the big buyers and spinners put into their pockets the immense sums unjustly taken from the farmers, and they have, therefore, refused to agree to a readjustment of the rule. The practice, in most cases, is that the big buyers and exporters of cotton add on enough cheap bagging or old jute sacks to bring the weight of the bagging and ties up to the full six per cent of the gross weight of the bale and they thus get the benefits of that which is lost to the farmers and for which they render no service. This extra bagging is put on during the process of compression or recompression. There was a case, recently heard by the Court of Civil Appeals in this city, in which the evidence was conclusive and undisputed, that this practice was indulged in by one of the parties to the suit.

It is contended by some that this bill ought not to pass because it is paternalistic in this: that it interferes with trade rules. The Supreme Court of the United States handed down a decision on Jan. 9, of this year, upholding a Missouri statute preventing the carrying out of a rule established by the Kansas City Board of Trade, by which 100 pounds was deducted from every car load of grain as estimated dirt. The principle involved in this bill is precisely the same. It is contended by some that the measure will not give the relief sought. The contention that the price of our cotton is fixed in Europe, is untrue. Every bale of cotton sold by the farmers of Texas, has a price fixed upon it by one who either as principal or agent is within Texas, and subject to our laws. The first effect of this law will be to force a change of the rule by which six per cent is deducted and fix it at a per cent which will be fair and just to all parties. The Farmers Union asks for no special privileges. All it asks, is a "square deal," and given this, we will work out our own destiny. Other Farmers Union measures have passed the House and have been favorably reported in the Senate. We have not failed on a single measure so far.

### JAIL BOND ELECTION TO BE HELD APRIL 8TH

Date of Election Changed so That it Will Not Conflict With Other Elections

Owing to the fact that there are elections for school purposes on the date set at first for the jail bond election, the Commissioners' Court has changed the date to April 8th. The latter date also gives the people more time to consider the matter.

### Firemen Attention.

There will be a meeting of the Snyder Fire Department Friday night for the purpose of permanent organization and the election of officers for the coming year and for any and all such other business that may come up. The City Council has given us lawful and legal recognition and we are therefore in a position to transact legal business.

We are allowed 30 exemptions from street and jury service and as we only have 14 members we will have room for 16 new members, the membership fee will be \$1.00, monthly dues 25 cents. We need only good sober and willing men.

J. W. Massey, Chief.  
W. B. Lee, Secretary.

### Telephone Expansion

Geo. T. Curtis, manager of the Scurry County Telephone Company, informs us that his company is kept busy filling orders for both town and country telephones. The demand for rural phone lines is steadily growing greater. Good roads and telephones are the greatest factors in development of the present age, and Scurry county is demanding more of both.

ers' Union has tried repeatedly to have this matter adjusted, but has failed in the attempt because the big buyers and spinners put into their pockets the immense sums unjustly taken from the farmers, and they have, therefore, refused to agree to a readjustment of the rule. The practice, in most cases, is that the big buyers and exporters of cotton add on enough cheap bagging or old jute sacks to bring the weight of the bagging and ties up to the full six per cent of the gross weight of the bale and they thus get the benefits of that which is lost to the farmers and for which they render no service. This extra bagging is put on during the process of compression or recompression. There was a case, recently heard by the Court of Civil Appeals in this city, in which the evidence was conclusive and undisputed, that this practice was indulged in by one of the parties to the suit.

It is contended by some that this bill ought not to pass because it is paternalistic in this: that it interferes with trade rules. The Supreme Court of the United States handed down a decision on Jan. 9, of this year, upholding a Missouri statute preventing the carrying out of a rule established by the Kansas City Board of Trade, by which 100 pounds was deducted from every car load of grain as estimated dirt. The principle involved in this bill is precisely the same. It is contended by some that the measure will not give the relief sought. The contention that the price of our cotton is fixed in Europe, is untrue. Every bale of cotton sold by the farmers of Texas, has a price fixed upon it by one who either as principal or agent is within Texas, and subject to our laws. The first effect of this law will be to force a change of the rule by which six per cent is deducted and fix it at a per cent which will be fair and just to all parties. The Farmers Union asks for no special privileges. All it asks, is a "square deal," and given this, we will work out our own destiny.

Other Farmers Union measures have passed the House and have been favorably reported in the Senate. We have not failed on a single measure so far.

F. I. TOWNSEND.

### WILL BUILD A NEW METHODIST CHURCH

More than Twenty Thousand Dollars Raised at Sunday Morning's Service

Last Sunday was a red letter day in the history of the Methodist church in Snyder. Following the banquet Saturday night in which prominent lay members of the church took part, as well as the visiting and local clergymen, Rev. H. A. Boaz, the able and scholarly preacher from Polytechnic college, delivered an address at the court house Sunday morning at 11 o'clock following which more than twenty thousand dollars was subscribed to towards the building of a new house of worship.

### Men's Missionary Banquet

The following is the program of the Men's Missionary Banquet Saturday evening, February 25, 1911, 7 o'clock:

Toastmaster—Judge C. C. Higgins.  
Song: "America"—all standing.  
Prayer, Rev. Simeon Shaw.  
All seated at table.  
Toast: "The call to go Forward," E. W. Chadwick.  
Toast: "What the Men's Missionary Movement will do for us," Rev. J. W. Hunt.  
Toast: "Our Forty-five Million for Christ," Mac Taylor.

Song, Quartette.  
Address, Rev. Simeon Shaw.  
Song, Quartette.  
Address, Rev. H. A. Boaz.  
Organization.  
Benediction, Rev. Shaw.  
Simeon a Hym. se sprs

**Menu**  
Cream of Tomato Soup  
Roast Turkey Ham  
Cranberry Jelly Celery  
Tomatoes  
Chicken Salad Sandwiches  
Pickles Olives  
Salted Nuts  
Blane Mange Cakes  
Coffee Cheese

### Official

Rev. Simeon Shaw, Presiding Elder, Colorado District.  
R. C. Dial, Conference Leader Laymen's Missionary Movement.  
H. A. Boaz, D. D., Orator for evening and a leader in the Movement.  
Rev. J. Winford Hunt, Preacher-in-Charge, Snyder Station.  
Judge C. C. Higgins, Local Leader of the Movement.  
Judge V. M. Tyler, Chairman Board Stewards.  
H. G. Towle, Secretary Board Stewards.

### Official Board

E. W. Clark, O. P. Thrane, W. S. Adams, Neil Gross, Chas. Harless, C. L. Ezell, Jno. L. Washcom, D. N. Price, E. B. Baugh, Mac Taylor.

### To The Boys

To every boy in Scurry county between the ages of seven and seventeen years, meet me at the Court House in Snyder on the 3rd Saturday in March and I will try to tell you something that will be worth your time.

Speeches and good music. I ask for the co-operation of good men and women. Let's make it a day of instruction for the boys and girls.  
J. B. Boles.  
Other county papers, please copy.

### Locates Pumping Station

The City Council at its last regular meeting located the pumping station near the Snyder Garage southwest of the square. Two engines, one a 4 and the other a 25 horse power will be used for lifting the water.

### CONTRACT LET FOR THE WATER WORKS

The Work is to Begin at Once On Snyder's Water Works System

The contract was let last week to the Fountain Shaw Engineering Company of Houston, Texas, to build the reservoir and put in the water mains for the city, work to begin as early as possible and

completed within six months. Bonds were voted by the city for this purpose about a year ago to the amount of \$44,400, and were recently sold for \$44,400. The reservoir has been located on the west side near the West Ward school house and it is proposed to run a main from there to the business section of the city and thence east along Plaid street as far as finances will permit at this time.

### Mrs. White Dead

Mrs. Mary White died early Tuesday morning at the home of her sister, Mrs. S. R. Fickas, with whom she had been living for the past year. Mrs. White had been in bad health for some time and was advanced in years, being 69 years old at the time of her death.

### Unveiling at Fluvanna.

A large delegation of Snyder W. O. W. went to Fluvanna Sunday to assist other Camps in unveiling a monument to the memory of Sovereign Dietz. One of the good works of this organization is to give suitable distinction to the final resting place of a departed member.

### The Breath of Winter

One of the severest cold spells of the winter struck us Monday and by Tuesday morning the ground was covered with ice. While a little bit uncomfortable for the time being it is putting the ground in fine planting condition.

### House Caught Fire

J. H. McClinton's house caught fire early last Saturday morning from a defective flue, and but for prompt action it would have been destroyed.

### Prohibition Address.

Rev. Simeon Shaw, Presiding Elder of the Colorado District, delivered a prohibition address at the Court House Sunday night.

### Lorimer Kalsomined

Washington, March 1.—The Senate, by a vote of 46 to 40, sustained Lorimer's right to occupy a seat in the United States Senate. Lorimer was not present during the voting. Before the clerk announced the result people in the galleries knew it and a tremendous roar went out. Beveridge jumped to his feet and tried to speak but could not be heard over the hubbub.

Bailey of Texas voted for Lorimer and Culberson against. Culberson of Illinois voted for Lorimer.

### Folls Paid at Various Boxes

Below is given the number of poles at the various voting boxes of the county as furnished by Collector Curry's records:

Bethel .....	56
Bison .....	42
Conro .....	50
Camp Springs .....	93
Canyon .....	49
Cotton Wood Flat .....	11
Dermott .....	52
Dunn .....	157
Ennis .....	47
Fluvanna .....	113
Hernleigh .....	216
Ira .....	108
Lone Wolf .....	39
Pyron .....	42
Red Bluff .....	13
Snyder .....	587

### Mrs. Knight Dead

Mrs. Rhoda Knight, aged 75 years, died Monday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. J. W. Cool, in Snyder. Mrs. Knight's son, Fred Knight, of Nortonville, Kansas, was at the bedside when the end came.

### GOVERNOR VETOES DAYLIGHT CLOSING

Austin, March 1.—Gov. Colquitt vetoed the daylight saloon bill today, just as everyone expected him to do, and he lost no time in vetoing it either. He declares it unconstitutional because it prohibits a particular class of persons, to wit, the liquor dealer, from making campaign contributions. He said it would be equally fair to prohibit saloon men contributing to the support of churches or schools.

### GEN. CABELL NOTED CONFEDERATE, DEAD

Distinguished Service in War Brought Promotion to Brigadier General From Davis

Dallas, Feb. 23.—Gen. William Cabell, distinguished soldier of the Confederacy, who inaugurated and led the movement for the Confederate Home at Austin, and for a pension law for veterans, died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. J. C. Muse, last night. General Cabell's death was sudden, though he had been ill for some weeks with acute bronchitis and there had been no hope for recovery. Members of the family had left his bedside for only a short time and when they returned he was dead.

Gen. Cabell participated in many notable engagements in the war between the states and was fittingly recognized by Jefferson Davis for his services. After the war and until his death he was a conspicuous figure in public affairs. He was three years mayor of Dallas, was delegate to many national Democratic conventions, and was United States marshal for the Northern district of Texas as well as appointment of Cleveland. In politics he was a staunch supporter of Reagan, Sul Ross, Culberson, Colquitt and Bailey.

### West Point Graduate

He was lieutenant-general of the Trans-Mississippi department of the Confederate Veterans, having been elected to that office in 1890 and having been re-elected many times since.

Gen. Cabell was 84 years old and a native of Virginia. Early in life he decided on a military career and when of the required age entered the United States Military Academy at West Point. He was graduated in 1850 and was commissioned as a second lieutenant and assigned to duty with the Seventh Infantry. He became a captain in 1855 and participated in the Utah campaign against the Mormons.

Afterward he built Fort Kearney in Nebraska and in 1859 he rebuilt Fort Arbuckle, Chickasaw nation, in the territory. He resigned from the army in 1861 and offered his services to the Confederacy.

He was made a major and participated in the battles of Blackburn Ford and Bull Run under General Beauregard. He was also on General Johnson's staff and was promoted to a brigadier general and placed in command of all troops along White River in Arkansas. He was seriously wounded at Hatchet Bridge and was forced to retire from the fighting ranks.

A few months later he reported for duty to the headquarters of the Trans-Mississippi department and participated in all the battles fought in Arkansas and Missouri. While leading a raid into Missouri, Oct. 14, 1863, he was captured in an engagement in the open field near Mine creek with Gen. John S. Marmaduke, afterward governor of Missouri. He was a prisoner of war on Johnson Island in Lake Erie and later was transferred to Fort Warren in Boston Harbor and confined there until the close of the war, or until Aug. 28, 1865, when he returned to Fort Smith, Ark., where his wife and children had resided during the war.

General Cabell is survived by three sons and one daughter. They are Mrs. J. C. Muse of Dallas, Ben F. Cabell, president of the penitentiary commission; Capt. Duvall Cabell of the United States army, and Lewis Rector Cabell, government engineer at Havana, Cuba. The general's wife died in 1866.

### Married

The following announcement appeared in the Dallas News: Mr. and Mrs. Howell R. Looney announce the marriage of their daughter, Miss Lou, to D. S. Rutter, Feb. 2, at the residence of the bride's uncle, J. T. Buckingham, 2815 Bryan street, Rev. J. O. Shelburne officiating. Mr. and Mrs. Looney formerly lived in Snyder.

**QUANAH PARKER, FAMOUS INDIAN CHIEF, DEAD**

**Marks the Passing of Last Famous Chief—Great Romance is Connected With Him**

The death of Quanah Parker, at his home, fifteen miles from Lawton, Okla., at the foot of the Wichita mountains, Thursday afternoon, marks the passing of the last of the great chiefs. Sitting Bull, Chief Joseph and Geronimo have passed into history and now the requiem is sounded above the grave of the chief of the Comanches.

The great chief's life is a romance. His mother was Cynthia Ann Parker, who, when a child, came with her family to Texas. The Parkers built Fort Parker, in Parker county.

One night when the little girl was 9 the gate of the fort was left open. The Comanches swept in, killed many of the family, and carried Cynthia Ann into captivity. Many efforts to rescue her from the Indians failed. The outdoor life tanned her cheeks, she learned their language and adopted their customs, and became the wife of the chief, Peta Nocona.

In 1860, twenty-four years after the massacre at Parker's fort and the capture of the little girl, Col. Sul Ross, with a band of rangers, met the Comanches in the Pease river country and administered a crushing defeat. Peta Nocona was killed and Cynthia Ann Parker, his white wife, was taken back to civilization.

Cynthia Ann Parker was taken to the home of surviving members of the family, but never ceased to mourn for her warrior husband.

**Always Denied Father Killed**  
Chief Quanah Parker always denied that his father was killed in the battle. He always claimed that he died a natural death, but it is regarded as historically certain that he received mortal wounds at Pease river. The last behest of Peta Nocona was that his son Quanah succeed him, and the lad became head of all the Comanches at 18.

In spite of his half-portion of white blood, he was true to the instincts of his father's people and led them in many depredations upon the white settlements of Texas and Oklahoma. It was not until 1874 that he finally surrendered to General McKenzie at Fort Sill, and at once turned his thoughts from war to the betterment of his race along the paths of peace.

He maintained his traditions to the last, and it is believed that his dress, following the Indian custom, gave him added power over his people. He was opposed to Indian schools for the children

of his people, declaring that their only hope in acquiring the methods of the white race. He organized a school district at his home, near Cache, and was president of the school board.

His statesmanlike qualities can be judged by the fact that his undisputed reign as a hereditary chief was sustained by popular vote in the great tribal conference of Saddle mountain three years ago, when Eschiti, a rival, attempted to oust him.

Parker was 67 years of age at the time of his death. He had suffered from rheumatism for the last few years, and on a visit to the Cheyennes near Hammon, when the blizzard came last Sunday, contracted a severe cold. He started for home in company with his favorite wife, Too-Nice, and some of his children, but when he reached Cache had to be conveyed to his home on a stretcher. He died almost immediately after reaching there.

It is said that Quanah Parker never embraced the religion of his mother, but at her funeral and just before his death expressed the hope that he might meet her with the white man's God.

Both Indian and civilized services will be said above the grave.

Quanah Parker had many friends in Fort Worth, among them Capt. S. B. Burnett. The great Comanche often visited Captain Burnett's ranch on his hunting expeditions, and in turn Captain Burnett was his guest at the chief's home at the foot of the Wichita mountains.

It was twenty-five years ago next month that Quanah Parker coming to Fort Worth with Yellow Bear, his best friend, came in contact with a civilized custom that almost ended his career. The two Comanches stopped at the Piekwick hotel, predecessor of the splendid new Westbrook.

When they retried that night, Yellow Bear blew out the gas. Next morning Yellow Bear was dead, and Quanah Parker was carried out from the all but lifeless.

His last visit to Fort Worth was two years ago when with a party of Indian braves he participated in the Fat Stock Show and Horse Show.—Fort Worth Star-Telegram.

**The Lowest Priced**  
Tailored to measure suits in America, guaranteed all pure wool. Price \$10.50. Custom tailoring at an unprecedented price.

Lining and inside material guaranteed. Every garment guaranteed to be cut and made to measure.

Ask to see them at T. L. McMillan & Co's.

**CHILDREN ARE SOLD TO OBTAIN FOOD**

Washington, Feb. 25.—Harrowing tales of the misery and distress of the famine victims in China reach the state department with every incoming Oriental mail.

One letter just at hand, from Rev. W. D. Bostick, a missionary in the stricken province of Anyhu, abounds in detail of the terrible plight of the people. Three minutes walk from his door he found a young man crouched by the roadside, with not a single thread of clothing on him, "while the snow was peppering down on him and the wind whizzing against him."

"A 'decent' worker with one foot having a pretense of shoe on it while the other was slushing in the snow with nothing on it, was another sight. These were beggars, though one time workers, and what they received was a debased coin good for nothing but to give to beggars. "When the beggar gets it," says Dr. Bostick, "it is good for nothing but to sell and get back to those who want to go through the pretense of helping the poor." Thirty pieces of this so-called money are offered for one 10-cash piece.

"A straw stuck in a wheel barrow or a piece of furniture is a sign that the article is for sale," says Dr. Bostick. "There are children to be seen on the street with the same sign attached to them. What is more pitiful than that was seen a few days ago, a child in the parent's arms with a straw stuck upon it and one following with the same sign attached. Two nights ago a child was buried up to its neck in a wagon load of manure. The next morning it was sold for one cattie of bread." (A cattie is a pound and a third.)

The missionary was disbursing a small relief fund by employing able bodied laborers at 100 cash per day, not quite enough to buy two catties of rice.

Family washing 6c per pound all flat work ironed at Snyder Steam Laundry.

**Chief Justice White**  
Justice White's promotion to the head of the supreme court is notable for many reasons. Justice White is a democrat; he is an ex-Confederate soldier; he is a Catholic; and he is the only federal judge who ever became chief justice.

Napoleon used to encourage his men by telling them that every private carried in his knapsack the baton of a marshal of France; but nobody ever told a private of a hostile army that he was to become the justice of the greatest and most responsible court on earth. When Private White was trudging along behind the Confederate flag half a century ago he would have never dreamed that he would live to be chief justice of the United States supreme court by grace of a president from Ohio and a republican senate.

Again, Mr. White is a Catholic. We used to have horrible fears of a Roman Catholic president. Here is a Roman Catholic rather higher than the president, appointed by a Unitarian and voted for by men of many beliefs.

Mr. White is the first associate of the United States supreme court who ever became chief justice.

More curious still, White is the only chief justice of the supreme court who, previous to his appointment, had ever been a federal judge. All the other chief justices—Jay, Ellsworth, Marshall, Taney, Chase, Watts and Fuller—were appointed directly from political or private life.

For years an unwritten law forbade the elevation of an associate justice to be chief justice, on the ground that associate justices might be tempted to decide cases in accordance with the wishes of the president.

"Cleanliness is next to Godliness." Get a complete bath-room set from B. C. Davenport and keep clean.

We acknowledge, with thanks, a genuine treat, in the shape of a bucket of hominy from our old friend P. J. Ingle which would have satisfied the taste of the most voluptuous follower of Epicurus.

The Thompson Hotel, for best meals and beds.  
C. E. BROWN, Prop.

H. H. Cox of Cleburne was here Tuesday.

M. A. Adams was in town Saturday. M. A. joins the rapidly growing list of Signal readers.

**WAR DEPARTMENT PLANS TO FORTIFY BIG DITCH**

Washington, Feb. 25.—Six thousand American troops will man the fortifications guarding the Panama Canal from foreign invasions, if plans being perfected by the War Department are carried out. A permanent garrison will be established at Culobra, the highest point on the canal. From this point facilities will be perfected for rapid transportation of troops to any point which might be menaced. The coast artillery garrison will be at Miraflores. This distribution is regarded as the best way to protect the locks of the big ditch.

If Secretary Dickinson's plans are carried out the move will create a distinct sensation in war circles over the entire globe.

**University of Texas**  
A young man who worked his way through the University of Texas by milking cows and cleaning yards at night and morning, has just been elected to a professorship in the University of Pennsylvania.

One of the most successful private schools in Texas is presided over by a gentleman who waited on the table of Braekenridge Hall, a dormitory of the University of Texas, during the four years he spent in college. While waiting for the students who came down late to breakfast he used to study his Greek lessons. Now his income is much larger than that of some of the men whose meals he served. Any boy possessing grit and sense can make his way through the University of Texas.

Eighty-seven per cent of the students in the University of Texas are native to the state. This one fact shows that the population of Texas is fast becoming permanent and unchanging.

Ten young women are now studying medicine at the Medical Department of the University at Galveston. Each one holds a scholarship paying \$250 a year, given by a generous member of the Board of Regents.

Three thousand persons have graduated from the University of Texas since its beginning in 1883.

The Summer School of the University of Texas was inaugurated in 1898. Since that time 6,000 students have registered for summer work. This summer not less than 1000 students are expected.

Family washing 6c per pound all flat work ironed at Snyder Steam Laundry.

**Postal Savings Banks**

British postal savings banks pay 2½ per cent interest on deposits, and have over eleven million depositors—roughly, one to four of the population—with eight hundred million dollars to their credit. When the interest on government bonds was 2¾ per cent the postal banks showed profit. Since bond interest was reduced to 2½ per cent—the same rate paid depositors—they have, of course, operated at a loss.

French postal savings banks pay 2½ per cent interest on deposits and have five million depositors, with about three hundred million dollars to their credit. They are operated at a profit. The postal savings banks of Italy also have five million depositors, with about three hundred million dollars to their credit. They pay a little over 2 per cent interest on deposits, and show a good profit after deducting over a million dollars a year of income tax. Postal savings banks in Belgium pay 3 per cent on small deposits and 2 per cent on larger accounts. They have two million depositors, with a hundred and forty million dollars to their credit, and are operated at a profit. In England and France the annual cost of administration is a little less than one-half of one per cent of the amount on deposit; in Belgium it is a little more; in Italy only one-quarter of 1 per cent.

From a bulletin recently issued by the National Monetary Commission, statistics for other countries might be best of all, however, to the same general effects. There are over forty million depositors in all postal savings banks—mainly working people, for whom perfect security and convenience of access to a depository are the great inducements to save. To take care of their savings cost nothing, except in England, where the deficit is due to the interest on the government debt. Such, briefly, is the world's experience in the system which is now being established in this country.—Saturday Evening Post

Established 1894.  
**JOE STRAYHORN**  
Handles the Peter Schuttler and Mandt Wagons Moline and Avery's Implements  
Racine, Rex and Yale Buggies  
Experience counts in the farming world more than almost any other. This business was established in 1894, so we have experience.  
**Call and See us Before Buying**

**THE SNYDER LUMBER CO.**  
WILL SAVE YOU MONEY ON  
**LUMBER.**

**SNYDER MEAT MARKET**  
Glen Brothers, Proprietors.  
West-side Public Square, Snyder, Texas.  
**We have on hand at all times the best of Fresh and Barbecued Meats.**


**Bring Your Work to me**  
**Wood and Blacksmith Work, Buggies and Wagons Painted.**  
Anything in general repair line done with dispatch and neatness by experienced and competent workmen.  
HORSE SHOEING, \$1.00  
**JESS HOLLINGSWORTH,**  
North Church St. Snyder, Texa

**A CAR LOAD**  
OF THE  
**FAMOUS**  
HARRY BROS.  
**TANKS**

If you need a Tank now is your opportunity to get the best that is made for less money than you ever bought a tank. Call and see them, we guarantee them in every respect.  
**Darby & Son**  
West Bridge Street.

**ADVERTISING PAYS,**  
When Placed in The Snyder Signal

**MONEY TO LOAN**  
We will have a limited amount to place on approved farm and ranch securities during the next sixty days.  
**Baker, Grayum & Anderson**  
Feb. 21, 1911 Snyder, Texas

**the KEY to SUCCESS IS MONEY in the BANK**  
  
**IF YOU HAVE A BANK ACCOUNT SHE'LL BE YOUR VALENTINE**  
*Have a little ready money in the Bank*  
Our success for the past eleven years proves the security of our bank.  
Make OUR Bank YOUR Bank.  
**FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF SNYDER, TEXAS.**

Reasons for Poultry Raising

There are eight good reasons why poultry should be raised on every farm in Texas...

1. Because he may by their means convert a great deal of the waste of the farm into money...

2. Because, with intelligent management, they will be an all-year revenue producer...

3. Because the manure from the poultry house will make valuable compost...

4. Because, while cereals and fruits can be successfully grown in certain sections...

5. Because poultry raising is an employment in which the farmer's wife or daughters may engage...

6. Because it will bring him the best results in the shape of fresh-laid eggs during the winter season...

7. Because the poultry will yield him a quicker return for the capital invested than any other branch of agriculture...

8. Because to start poultry raising on the farm requires little capital...

Governor Harmon Endorsed

Austin, Feb. 25.—The House this morning endorsed Gov. Harmon of Ohio as the Democratic standard bearer for the next presidential campaign...

For fresh garden seeds see Hamm & Leverett.

Mr. J. S. Hardy, editor of the Western Light, has been confined to his room this week with la grippe.

Won a \$1,000 Prize

A syndicate of Western editors offered a prize of \$1,000 for the best appeal poem to newspaper subscribers to pay up their subscriptions...

On our pants once new and glossy Now of stripes of different hue; All because subscribers linger, And won't pay what is due.

Then let us be up and doing, Send your mite, however small; Or when the snow or winter strikes us, We shall have no pants at all.

Negroes Will Go to Mexico

Galveston, Feb. 27.—Married negroes are to be imported into Chiapas and Tobacco, Mexico to develop the fruit and agricultural lands...

30 Men Frozen to Death

London, Feb. 27.—In the Caspian sea near Astrakham, a derelict vessel was discovered today, completely coated with ice...

Mac Taylor left Sunday for Austin on legal business. He was accompanied by Mrs. Taylor and the children who go as far as Denton to visit relatives.

W. B. Vaughan was in town Thursday.

Walter Davis, who has been attending school in Chicago, arrived home Thursday last.

G. W. Weeks of Ennis was in town Thursday of last week.

EPPLEY'S RESTAURANT I have opened a Restaurant on WEST SIDE in HARGROVE OLD STAND and invite my friends to call and see me.

SHORT ORDERS AT ALL HOURS Yours to serve GEORGE EPPLEY.

Orchard and Garden.

If it is possible to irrigate the garden, make your plans to take care of the vegetables through the drouth of the summer...

Such small fruits as strawberries, raspberries, grapes, blackberries, etc., are relished and contribute much to the health and enjoyment of the family...

A good garden, in which is grown plenty of wholesome vegetables for the family, will be a good financial investment for you this year...

This is a good time to set shade trees on the school grounds. Ask the teacher to announce that the pupils will be assisted by the entire community in planting trees...

Make ample provisions for sweet potatoes. There are few crops that pay better for the labor and capital used in producing them than sweet potatoes...

Let us hear from you in regard to your garden plan. It will soon be time to begin the plan you have made, and it would be a charitable act to tell others what you expect to grow...

Pretty flowers contribute much to our contentment and happiness, and should have our careful time and attention. The people in the home are often estimated according to the flowers and ornamental plants around the home...

We are especially anxious to have letters from girls and young ladies upon flower growing. What do you grow, how do you grow them, and what benefits do you derive from floriculture?

Chauncey the Peach

When on April 22 next, Chauncey M. Depew repairs to Peekskill, N. Y., at which point the citizens annually give him a birthday party because of his happening to have been born among them...

This birthday party given by Senator Depew's townspeople is for him one of the happiest days of each year, because it shows that the people back home still think well of him...

Depew is known jauntily as Chauncey the Peach even among the rabble. No one will be missed more than he, for there is no man in the capital more popular...

This is not the first time that Depew has gone into retirement. The muckrakers were so unkind to him at the time of the insurance investigations in New York that he voluntarily retired to the wilds of Virginia in broken health...

The Thompson Hotel just across the street Bill Jones Livery stable. Thoroughly overhauled. Now open for the public.

Mrs. Joe Strayhorn leaves Saturday for Waco to attend the Rebekah Assembly.

PUBLIC MASS MEETING LAST THURSDAY NIGHT

Enthusiastic Citizens Meet en Mass and Discuss Town's Future

At a public mass meeting attended by a large number of Snyder's most progressive citizens in the court house on Thursday evening the formal manner of its conduction and earnestness...

Music by the band regaled those present until called to order by the President, followed by the reading of the minutes of the previous meeting...

Then in a few well chosen remarks, Rev. A. B. Ingram carefully delineated the purposes and aims of the organization, stating that it was a fraternal body in its attitude toward other bodies...

Rev. J. W. Hunt then followed with an address appropriate and well calculated to stir sympathy for the needs of our town and county. The poignant precepts held up to us by other towns in our western territory were dwelt upon with noticeable effect upon his listeners.

Rev. Ingram, on call for reports from committees, as chairman of the by-laws committee, delivered to the secretary for reading a copy of the constitution and by-laws which upon motion by Hon. Mac Taylor, was ratified by all present.

The report of membership committee showed excellent work, totaling in the neighborhood of 125 subscribed members, Dr. Morrow alone reporting 75. The president reported his executive committee of twelve members as follows: C. L. Ezell, R. H. Curnutte, B. A. Eubank, A. B. Ingram, J. W. Hunt, Fred A. Grayum, T. P. Perkins, W. H. Morrow, O. P. Thrane, E. J. Anderson.

Then the surprise of the evening was sprung. Hon. Mac Taylor announced the sale of Snyder's \$44,000 bond issue for water and sewer systems which met with vigorous applause.

The band played its best, the speakers told the truth and scored a point at every thrust and when the assembly left the hall a general feeling of satisfaction that a marked step toward progress had been recorded in the annals of Snyder's history.

Messrs. M. E. Rosser and A. C. Wilmeth dwelt on the necessity of trees, and sidewalks, especially to the depots which was met with hearty applause.

The band played its best, the speakers told the truth and scored a point at every thrust and when the assembly left the hall a general feeling of satisfaction that a marked step toward progress had been recorded in the annals of Snyder's history.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION

Of the First State Bank of Ira, Texas

Notice is hereby given that at a special meeting held on the 24th day of May, A. D. 1910, at the banking house of the First State Bank of Ira, Texas, that it was moved, seconded and carried by more than two thirds of the stock of the said association that said business be dissolved...

T. C. STINSON, President First State Bank, Ira, Texas.

R. E. Chambers, State Bank Examiner, was here Saturday.

PROFESSIONAL COLUMN

Drs. SCARBOROUGH, WHITMORE & JOHNSON Physicians and Surgeons Offices at Stinson Drug Co., in the Sanitarium Building. Office Phone No. 33. SNYDER, TEXAS

HOWELL & BANNISTER Physicians and Surgeons Office at Grayum Drug Store. Office Phone No. 37, Residence Phone No. 47. SNYDER, TEXAS

DR. S. B. KIRKPATRICK Physician and Surgeon Office over Davis Bros' Grocery Store. Office Phone No. 142, residence phone No. 3. Slate at Warren Bros' Drug Store, North Side Square. SNYDER, TEXAS

C.

M.

O.

&

I.

C.

V.

J. A. HARLAN Dentist New location on North Side the Square, up stairs over Davis Bros' Grocery Store. Reasonable rate, neat office. SNYDER, TEXAS

Drs. HARRIS & HARKRIDER Dentists Office up stairs in the Thomas Building. SNYDER, TEXAS

DR. J. C. AVARY Veterinary Surgeon and Dentist Office at Warren Bros' Drug Store. Office phone 41, residence phone 236 3 rings. SNYDER, TEXAS

DR. E. J. KING Veterinary Surgeon Office at Bynum Wagon Yard. Treats all curable diseases of the animal kind. Residence phone 79-2 r, Office phone 248. SNYDER, TEXAS

R. M. STOKES Registered Undertaker At Kelly-Stokes Furniture Company, Snyder, Texas. SNYDER, TEXAS

A. C. Wilmeth... Hardy M. Boyd WILMETH & BOYD Lawyers Do a general practice. Wilmeth Building. SNYDER, TEXAS

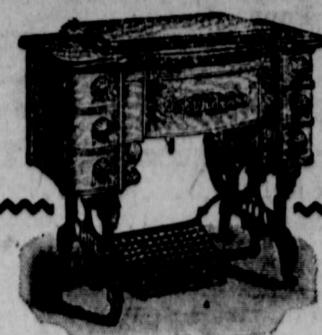
ANDERSON HOTEL Snyder's Popular Hostelry EAT WITH US Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Anderson, Proprietors West Bridge St., Snyder Texas

Better Farming Dallas, Feb. 27.—The \$10,000 prize offer made by the Texas Industrial Congress to farmers producing the best yields of corn and cotton has caused many inquiries to come to the headquarters of the congress at Dallas from contestants wanting to know where the best corn and cotton seed can be procured...

Messrs. M. E. Rosser and A. C. Wilmeth dwelt on the necessity of trees, and sidewalks, especially to the depots which was met with hearty applause.

The band played its best, the speakers told the truth and scored a point at every thrust and when the assembly left the hall a general feeling of satisfaction that a marked step toward progress had been recorded in the annals of Snyder's history.

Picture Show Girls Strike Ft. Worth, Feb. 27.—White girl ticket sellers at the local moving picture shows struck today because a negro girl was put in charge of ticket selling at one of the theaters.



The White Runs nicer, lasts longer and costs less to keep up than any other machine made. Sold on Easy Payments Don't forget the address when you want a

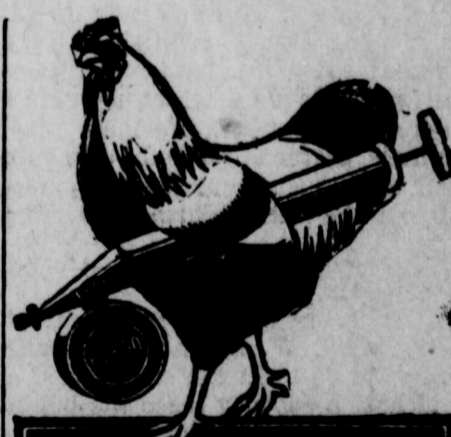


Pork and Beans is a dish that can be spoiled by poor pork. Ours is thoroughly sound and sweet and can be relied upon to improve any dish of which it is a part.

THE PALACE MARKET Ketchum Bros., Props. North Side Snyder, Texas

BYNUM BROTHERS Feed Yard We carry a full stock of all kinds of feed and will make prompt delivery to any part of the city. Phone us. Our Phone is 246. All kinds of Seed on Hand West Bridge St., Snyder, Texas

SNYDER DRAY & TRANSFER Floyd Champion, Prop. Any old kind of hauling done on short notice and care is taken. Give me your hauling. Phone 136 or 33.



KRESO DIP No. 1 GOING AFTER THE LICE. You need something to clean up, disinfect and kill parasites. KRESO DIP No. 1 will do the work. DEPENDABLE SURE INEXPENSIVE EASY TO USE We have a special booklet on diseases of Poultry. Call or write for one. Grayum DRUG CO.

The Maxwell Hotel.

The Maxwell Hotel is again open for business under the management of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Gosnell, former managers of the "Hotel Snyder."

Everything clean and first-class—call and see for yourself. Special Attention paid to the traveling public.

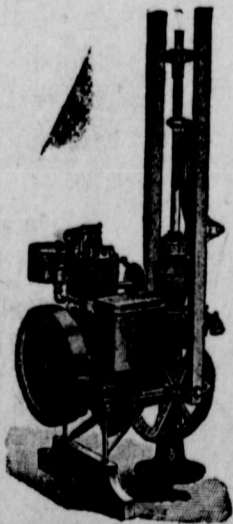
The Best Pumping Engine on Earth.

Thousands of thoughtless farmers are doing the work of engines. Pumping water for stock and running all sorts of machines by muscle power. Burning up human energy instead of cheap gasoline. It's the most expensive mistake a man can make a man can make to become a mere machine. Don't do it.

Pumping by Engine Power is Play!

A man can "take it easy" in the shade while the Farm Pump Engine works. The busy little engine is on the job and the cattle drink all they want. While smoking his pipe the farmer is thinking—"What a fool I was that I didn't get that dandy little engine long ago! It's the best 'hired man on the place!"

Moral: Get a Fuller & Johnson Farm Pump Engine.



DARBY & SON, Sole Agents West Bridge Street, Snyder, Texas.

# THE SNYDER SIGNAL

E. B. BARNES ..... Editor and Proprietor  
Telephones ..... Business Office 88—Residence 20  
Entered as Second Class Matter at The Post Office in Snyder, Texas  
All communications, remittances, etc., should be addressed to the  
SNYDER SIGNAL, Snyder, Texas.

All announcements of any church pertaining to services are welcome to the columns of The Signal Free; but any announcement of a bazaar, ice cream supper, or any plan to get money, is looked upon as a business proposition, and will be charged for accordingly.

Subscribers failing to receive their papers regularly will confer a favor upon the management by reporting same to this office.

Any erroneous reflection upon the character, standing or reputation of any person, firm or corporation which may appear in the columns of the Signal will be gladly corrected upon its being brought to our attention.

Subscription Price ..... One Dollar Per Year in Advance

From present indications Governor Colquitt's political offspring, "political rest," will need a great dose of opiates if it is put to rest.

A special session of Congress has been called by the president for April 4. A special session was made necessary by the Lorimer scandal which has occupied a large part of the regular session.

Senator Culberson has declared himself against Lorimer, while Senator Bailey takes the opposite view of the matter. At present it looks like the "Blonde Boss" from Illinois will retain his seat if the vote is forced.

Quannah Parker, chief of the Comanche Indians, died Feb. 23, at his home in Oklahoma. He was 67 years old at the time of his death. Quannah, Texas, was named after him. Geronimo and Parker were the last of the great Indian Chiefs.

A bill is before the Texas legislature to abolish the offices of county tax assessor and county treasurer, leaving the duties of these two offices to be performed by the county collector. There is not likely to be any objections raised if a few offices are abolished.

Sheriff J. B. Boles has a call for a meeting in this issue of the Signal. Mr. Boles is a man of broad experience, keen insight in human affairs, and take our word for it, will deliver a sermonette that should be heard by every boy in Scurry county, and the older folks, too.

Good things are coming to Snyder these days and others are in store for her as sure as the sun shines. It requires no stretch of the imagination to see paved streets, and street railways, along our main thoroughfares and a number of six and seven story buildings. These things, and others, are coming. Mark our prediction.

A bill is now before the legislature of Texas empowering the commissioners' court of each county to set aside an annual appropriation of one thousand dollars for farmers' co-operative work, the demonstrations and experiments to be carried on in conjunction with like work which is being so successfully carried on by the federal government. Farmers who are interested in better cultural methods, better crops and better products, should address a letter to their state senator or their representative, or both, asking them to support the bill.—Whitney Messenger.

With Lee and Jackson and others of the immortal heroes of 1861-5, Gen. W. L. Cabell of Dallas, Texas, has passed "over the river and rests in the shade of the trees." It has now been more than half a century since the beginning of that gigantic civil strife between the states and the ranks of those who participated in its conflicts are growing thinner. General Cabell merited the appellation of "Old Tiger" that was given to him in loving familiarity, and those who one looked upon his striking features might well imagine him a veritable demigod of war as his eagle like eyes scanned the lines of battle. He was a beau ideal of the "bravest of the brave," the Confederate soldier, and throughout his life rendered distinguished service to his country. It might be said of him as of Lee that there is not a man, woman or child throughout the Sunny South but loves the name of Cabell.

Regarding Canadian Reciprocity, James J. Hill is reported as saying:

"The reciprocity treaty is the most important this country has had before it since the Civil War. If, after having Canada wait forty years, we turn her down again, our country will suffer, and one of the hardest hit of our industries will be that of wheat raising. England is waiting for just that thing to happen. Austen Chamberlain has called up the measure providing for an imperial federation for England and her colonies. "Suppose Canada joins the imperial federation of English colonies. A reasonable differential that England might impose upon wheat would be 15 cents per bushel. Great Britain would take practically all of the \$200,000,000 Canada now pays us for manufactured articles, then add the six hundred and more millions we export to Great Britain, and we find that, if we fail to adopt a reciprocity agreement we are cheapening our wheat crop annually, 15 cents per bushel, and at the same time losing \$800,000,000 of port business in England and Canada."

## Resolutions

Liberty Hill Local No. 548.  
Resolved, That we favor the House Bill No. 99, and do hereby ask that the House pass said bill as it now reads, for we believe that it is the thing that we need as it will give us a market for our low grade cotton and will furnish us our rope, bagging and twine made from the products of this state.

Resolved further, That we send a copy of these resolutions to our representative and one to the Snyder Signal for publication.  
Offered by

C. P. White.

## GEORGE BARGMAN The Ideal Tailor

has moved from the Basement of the First State Bank to Davis & Felmy's on Scarborough Street, two doors south of Post office, First Class Tailoring. Call and see us. Call for and Deliver goods.  
SNYDER, TEXAS

## Resolutions

Liberty Hill Local No. 548.  
Whereas the law of the state of Texas provides for school teachers attending their institutes of have their salary the same as if they were teaching school, same to be paid out of the public school funds, thereby depriving our children of thousands of dollars which they should have the benefit of, therefore be it resolved that we, the members of Liberty Hill Local No. 548 petition our representatives to use their influence to have this law repealed and we appeal not only to the membership at large but also to the citizens of the state to petition the representatives of the state to use their influence to repeal this law.

Resolved further, That we send a copy of this resolution to our representative and a copy to the Snyder Signal for publication.  
Offered by

C. B. White.

## Round Top Items.

News is scarce this week as the people were all housed up the past week on account of the bad weather and had colds.

Several of the Round Top people have been down with the influenza but all are reported as about straight again.

The recent rains have thoroughly wet the ground and the farmers are all smiles now over the prospects of a bumper crop.

The Farmers' Union met in regular session Tuesday night. The meeting was called to order by the president and after the business was over the young people entertained them with a fine program. Several old backsliders were reinstated into the Union Tuesday night.

The prayer meeting Thursday night was well attended and an old fashioned hand shaking was pulled off. The meeting was pronounced the best that is.

Felix Howard and Tip Blackard and Esport Shipp of Dunn attended prayer meeting Thursday night.

Ed Stokely of Canyon was down in these diggings Thursday night.

An old fashioned sand storm visited here Saturday. Real estate got mighty high awhile.

Geo. Henry has just finished a shop at his place. He says he will do his own hammering now.

The Sunday School was well attended Sunday, but we were greatly disappointed by Bro. Hutchison not being with us. Bro. Armstrong failed to be with us which was a disappointment all around.

Mr. and Mrs. Caraker of Dunn attended Sunday School here Sunday.

Hee Matthews and Bob Harper of Canyon were taking in the sights here Sunday.

G. H. Leath of Snyder was here Sunday.

L. L. Lightfoot and Walter Henry attended the prohibition lecture at Snyder Sunday night.  
Bachelor.

## Hermleigh Items

We are again enjoying winter at Hermleigh.

Mrs. Loftin made a business trip to Abilene last Wednesday. She returned home Sunday morning.

The box supper given Wednesday night was a success. The proceeds are to be used for the benefit of the school library.

Our assistant postmistress, Miss Wellborn, visited Snyder Saturday, returning Sunday evening.

Rev. Campbell J. Cannon and friend Mayo visited back east last week.

Our friend Siddons unusually gay these days from cause best known to himself.  
Nellie.

## Bell Items

Farmers are rejoicing over the fine rain.

M. A. Drinkard and wife visited friends at Pleasant Hill Friday.

Miss Lucy Drinkard has returned from Snyder where she had been visiting Mrs. Jim Kelly. Mrs. Stergeon visited Mrs. Ballard Thursday.

Mrs. J. G. Reed, who has been sick, is up again.  
C. H. Collins went to Snyder Friday on business.

M. and Mrs. C. L. Ballard visited Mrs. Stergeon Friday.  
Health of the community is very good.

Mr. Stergeon went to Snyder Thursday.

Gabe Williams and Miss Minnie Prince attended the Literary Society at Pleasant Hill Friday night.

Mr. Addington left last week for the east on business.  
T. M. Snipes and family visited F. A. Robason and family last Saturday.

Miss Delia Reed spent Saturday night with Miss Pearl Weems. Mrs. Hooper of Hermleigh visited her sister, Mrs. C. L. Ballard, last Sunday.

T. A. Drinkard preached at Pleasant Hill Saturday night.

The Farmers Union of Plainview has changed its place of meeting to Crenshaw. Meets every first and third Saturdays in each month at 2 p. m.

The Signal is now the leading paper of our county.  
Farmer's Girl.

## Pleasant Valley Items

The people have been blessed with another fine rain. The weather has been very cool for the past week.

Most all the early gardens were killed.

The Literary Society met at the school house Friday night and all reported a nice time. They had some good recitations and dialogues and good music. They will meet again next Friday night. Everybody invited.

John Jinkerton and family of the Little Sulphur neighborhood spent Sunday at E. M. Campbell's home.

Joe Church's little baby is still very sick with pneumonia.

There will be a ten-day debate at Hermleigh beginning March 28 between Rev. Lawrence of Lorraine, a Christian, and Elder Joe Lockhart, a Baptist, of Abilene.  
News is very scarce.  
Greenie.

## Bethel Budgets

Held over from last week.  
The fine rain has put new life in the farmers. Every one is feeling good and all will now work with renewed energy.

Miss Emma Bynum returned home Monday after a several days visit at Mack Davis.

The Farmers Union of Bethel expects to have a debate Saturday night.

Mr. Frost of Lamasa is visiting his son-in-law, Bob Myers.

Will Taylor and Miss Viola Walker visited Crowder Sunday evening.

Bro. Chadwick failed to fill his appointment on account of bad weather last Sunday.

Bill Flippins has returned home from Pala Pinto County.

Mr. Abbott and Mr. Meadows were heard talking the other day and the following conversation was overheard: Mr. Abbott, "Say Mr. Meadows why don't you hire you a rig and come over and see my daughter?" Mr. Meadows, "I have a buggy." Mr. Meadows, "I have a buggy." Mr. Meadows, "I have a buggy."

Will Taylor and Bill Flippin were in Snyder Friday on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Davis were shopping in Snyder Monday.

W. H. Shuler and family visited Crowder last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Mack Davis have returned home after a few days visit at Bluff Creek.

Mrs. Jennie Bynum has been quite sick the past few days.

Mrs. F. L. Davis and daughter spent Tuesday with Mrs. Walkers.

W. L. West and family returned a few days ago from Amarillo, also Mr. Kitts and bride.

W. D. Jourden of Snyder joined our Farmers Union the last meeting.

We are all glad to see the pretty weather.  
Jolly Girl.

New Trouser Skirt is Sensation  
Paris, France, Feb. 24.—A young woman was egged for wearing the new style trouser skirt in the street today and the gendarmes were called out to afford her protection. The new effect is called the Harem Skirt, with the accent on the scare 'em. Even naughty Paris is shocked at the latest innovation in women's fashions.

## MARCH SPECIALTIES

**Queensware, Enamel Ware, Garden Seed, Fresh Fruits, and Vegetables.**  
**Queen of the Pantry and Peace-maker Flour Chase & Sanborn's Teas and Coffee.**

Prompt Delivery. Phone No. 11

## Snyder Grocery Company

## GAY McGLAUN LIVERY STABLE.

First-class Rigs, Careful Drivers.  
Snyder Buss---transfers to any part of the city. 'Phone 164

## Higginbotham, Hais & Co.

Dealers In  
Lumber, Wire, Posts, Paints and Oils, Screen Doors and Wire Cloth.  
Snyder Texas

Phone 155 First Class Rigs

## J. A. MILLER

The Livery Man

If you want a swell turnout don't fail to see me. Take you anywhere any time.

## S. T. Mings,

Handles the very best brands of California Ciders, Fruits, Cigars and Confectioneries. See him.

North side Bridge Street, Snyder, Texas.

## Stove Pipe!

Stoves, Pipe, Flues, Damper, Elbows.

I fact everything you need in the stove line from a dollar heater to a \$35.00 Range can be found at Lowe & Leath's. All stoves sold to parties living in town delivered and set up.

We are prepared to fit your stove pipe up to order, and do any kind of tin work in our shop. Prompt attention given to all orders, large or small, see us before you buy. We don't sell the cheapest, but sell the best for the least money, . . . . .

## Lowe & Leath

# You Know Us

—WE ARE FOR—

# MEN

## Davis & Fellmy

We are home folks. We have our property here and are here to stay. We have worked hard for our start and know the value of a dollar, and know how to appreciate a share of your patronage.

We Need Your Patronage

Listen

Shoes, Hats, Shirts. Everything for men

We have not had experience enough in the art of salesmanship to know how to misrepresent anything, but anytime you make a purchase here that you are not thoroughly satisfied just shoot the stuff back and we will see that you don't lose. It's a safe game that a man can't lose by. So come give us a trial, we will make good.

LIVE DAVIS **DAVIS & FELLMY** C. R. FELLMY  
C. Callie Ebbersol's Old Stand.

### LEGAL NOTICES.

#### CITATION.

THE STATE OF TEXAS,  
COUNTY OF SCURRY:

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Scurry County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded that you summon by making publication of this citation in some newspaper published in Scurry County, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in any newspaper published in the 39th Judicial District, but if there be no newspaper published in said Judicial District, then in a newspaper in the nearest to the 39th Judicial District, for four weeks previous to the return day hereof, O. B. Sterling, whose residence is unknown, to be and appear before the Honorable District Court, at the next regular term thereof, to be held in the County of Scurry, at the court house thereof, in Snyder, Texas, on the 6th Monday after the 1st Monday in February 1911, the same being the 20th day of March, 1911, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court, on the 3rd day of February, 1911, in a suit numbered on the docket of said court, No. 737, wherein Mrs. M. A. Sterling is plaintiff, and O. B. Sterling is defendant. The nature of the plaintiff's demand is as follows, to-wit:

That plaintiff is a bona fide inhabitant of the County of Scurry and State of Texas, and was for more than six months preceding the filing of this suit; that on or about the 24th day of April, 1897, in Mason County, Texas, plaintiff was legally married to the defendant in due form of law, and continued to live together as man and wife till on or about the 5th day of November, A. D., 1907, when the defendant, without any cause whatever on the part of plaintiff and has not since been heard of by plaintiff.

Plaintiff says that she was at all times kind and attentive to plaintiff and did her household duties in the proper way and was ever ready to aid and assist him in any way that she could; plaintiff says that she often helped the defendant with his work, picked cotton and do all kinds of work to help the defendant to make a living. Plaintiff says that she was at all times kind and affectionate to the defendant, and he unmindful of his marriage obligations deserted this plaintiff, and her said children then small boys, age 9 and 7 years, respectively, and left them in destitute circumstances upon the mercy of the world to make a living the

best way that she could, plaintiff says that she has supported her children and has provided them with good clothing; plaintiff says that she feels competent to take the care, custody and control of her said boys and make for them a living and school them. Plaintiff says that defendant has shown his utter disregard for her and her said children in leaving them without any means of support; plaintiff says that she has two boys, Roy Sterling, a boy aged 12, and Raymond Sterling, a boy aged 10 years; plaintiff says that she has had the care and custody of said boys for the last three years or more; the defendant has never at any time contributed anything to their, or her, support, either; plaintiff says that she has at all times conducted herself in the proper way that a lady should, and has never at any time given the defendant the least cause to suspect her of being delect of her marriage vow; plaintiff says that she is fully competent to school and clothe her said children Roy and Raymond and that she is justly entitled to them, in that she has reared them to be boys that can now assist her to make a living and that defendant has never at any time contributed anything to her or said children since his abandonment of her and her said children.

Plaintiff says that defendant's conduct toward her and her said children has rendered her wholly insupportable that his gross and negligent conduct toward her and her said children has shown his disregard for them, and that he had no love or care for them.

Wherefore, plaintiff prays that citation by publication issued in terms of the law requiring defendant to appear and answer this petition and upon a final hearing of same that she have judgment dissolving the bonds of matrimony between herself and defendant, and that she have the care, custody and complete control of Roy Sterling and Raymond Sterling, her two boys, aged 12 and 10 years of age, that she may continue to school and bring them up in the proper way that boys should be brought up, and for general and special relief in law and equity tied to under the facts proven and in duty bound plaintiff will ever pray.

Herein fail not, and have you before said court, on the first day of the next term thereof,

this writ, with your endorsement thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and Seal of said court, at office in Snyder, Texas, this 6th day of February, A. D. 1911.

W. S. ADAMSON,  
Clerk District Court, Scurry County, Texas.

CITATION BY PUBLICATION  
The State of Texas, To the Sheriff or any Constable of Scurry County—Greeting:

You are commanded to summon G. O. Morris, by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your County if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in any newspaper published in the 39th Judicial District; but if there be no newspaper published in said Judicial District, then in a newspaper published in the nearest District to said 39th Judicial District; to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Scurry County, to be held at the Court House thereof, in Snyder, Texas, on the 3rd Monday in March, A. D. 1911, the same being the 20th day of March, A. D. 1911, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the 9th day of February, A. D. 1911, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court No. 741, wherein R. C. Herm is Plaintiff, and R. L. Waldrop et. al. are Defendants and said petition alleging the plaintiff's cause of action being suit on a balance due on three certain promissory notes dated March 21st, 1907, for the sum of \$100.00 each and due one, two and three years after date bearing interest from date at the rate of 8 per cent per annum and providing for 10 per cent attorney's fees if placed in the hands of an attorney for collection, or is collected by suit, said notes signed, R. L. Waldrop and payable to the order of Hermleigh Townsite Co. which said notes have been duly transferred to plaintiff by an instrument of writing.

Said notes were executed by defendant R. L. Waldrop as a part purchase money for Lots No. 1, 2, 3, and 4, in Block No. 52, of the town of Hermleigh, Texas; that said lots No. 1, 2, and 4, have been fully released and that the amount of the above said note has been reduced by partial payments; that there remains due and unpaid at this date the sum of \$110.00.

Plaintiff prays for judgment for his debt, interest, attorney's fees and cost of suit, as to the said R. L. Waldrop, and for the foreclosure of his vendor lien on Lot No. 3, in said Block No. 52, as to all of the defendants.

Herein fail not, but have you before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ with your return, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and the

Seal of said Court, at office in Snyder, Texas, this 10th day of February, A. D. 1911.

W. S. Adamson, Clerk,  
District Court, Scurry Co.

#### CITATION BY PUBLICATION

The State of Texas, To the Sheriff or any Constable of Scurry County—Greeting: You are hereby commanded to summon Joseph A. Harris by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your County if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in any newspaper published in the 39th Judicial District; but if there be no newspaper published in said Judicial District, then in any newspaper in the nearest District to said 39th Judicial District; to appear at the next regular term of the County of Scurry County, to be held at the Court House thereof, in Snyder, Texas, no the 1st Monday in April, A. D. 1911, the same being the 3rd day of April, A. D. 1911, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 13th day of December, A. D. 1910, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court No. 373, wherein Baker, Grayum & Anderson, a firm composed of T. F. Baker, Fred A. Grayum and E. J. Anderson, are Plaintiffs, and Joseph A. Harris is Defendant.

The nature of the Plaintiff's demands are as follows, to-wit: That on the 12th day of April, 1910, the defendant made, executed and delivered to the Plaintiffs his certain promissory note for the sum of \$543.50, payable to the order of the plaintiffs at Snyder, Texas, and due on the 10th day of December, 1910, bearing interest at the rate of 10 per cent per annum from maturity until paid, and providing for an additional 10 per cent on the amount of principal and interest then due as attorney's fees, if placed in the hands of an attorney for collection.

That Plaintiffs have placed said note in the hands of Taylor & Rosser, attorneys and has agreed to pay them the 10 per cent stipulated in said note, and that same is reasonable.

That said note is past due and unpaid, and defendant, though often requested has failed and refused and still fails and refuses to pay the same or any part thereof to plaintiff's damage in the sum of \$602.80.

Wherefore plaintiffs pray the Court that defendant be cited to appear and answer this petition, and that they have judgment for their debt, interest and attorney's fees and costs of suit, and for general and special relief.

Herein fail not, but have you before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and seal of said court, at office in Snyder, Texas, this 9th day of February, A. D. 1911.

B. A. Eubank, Clerk,  
County Court, Scurry County,  
By W. T. Skinner, Deputy.

#### CITATION BY PUBLICATION

The State of Texas, To the Sheriff or any Constable of Scurry County—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon B. F. Humphries, Ella Humphries, J. C. Chambers, R. N. Ballew and S. M. Ballew by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in any newspaper published in the 39th Judicial District; but if there be no newspaper published in said Judicial District, then in a newspaper published in the nearest District to said 39th Judicial District; to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Scurry County, to be held at the Court House thereof, in Snyder, Texas, on the 3rd Monday in March, A. D. 1911, the same being the 20th day of March, 1911, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 9th day of February, A. D. 1911, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court No. 740, wherein Arthur Yonge is Plaintiff, and B. F. Humphries et al. are Defendants, and said petition alleging the plaintiff's cause of action being on suit on one promissory note dated June 8th, 1907, for the sum of \$50.00 and due three years after date bearing interest at the rate of per cent per annum and providing for 10 per cent attorney's fees if placed in the hands of an attorney for collection, said note signed by B.

F. Humphries and payable to the Hermleigh Townsite Company and transferred to Arthur Yonge.

Plaintiff states that said note was given as part purchase money for two acres of land out of the East Side of Block No. 113, in the said town of Hermleigh, and plaintiff prays for his debt, interest, attorney's fees and cost of suit, and foreclosure of the vendors lien on the above said premises, and gives notice to the defendants to produce the deed for the said Hermleigh Townsite Co. to said B. F. Humphries and Ella Humphries, on the trial of said cause or that secondary evidence of the contents of same will be introduced by plaintiff.

Plaintiff alleges that J. C. Chambers, R. N. Ballew and S. M. Ballew, are sub-vendees of said land, subject however to the above said lien to secure the note herein secured on.

Plaintiff prays for judgment for his debt, interest, attorney's fees and costs of suit and for foreclosure of his vendor lien.

Herein fail not, but have you before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and the Seal of said Court, at office in Snyder, Texas, this 10th day of February, A. D. 1911.

W. S. Adamson, Clerk,  
District Court, Scurry County.

#### CITATION BY PUBLICATION

The State of Texas, To the Sheriff or any Constable of Scurry County—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon T. B. Tunnell by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your County if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in any newspaper published in the 39th Judicial District; but if there be no newspaper published in said Judicial District, then in a newspaper published in the nearest District to said 39th Judicial District; to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Scurry County, to be held at the Court House thereof, in Snyder, Texas, on the 3rd Monday in March, A. D. 1911, the same being the 20th day of March, A. D. 1911, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 9th day of February, A. D. 1911, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court No. 739, wherein Hermleigh Townsite Co. is Plaintiff, and T. B. Tunnell is Defendant, and said petition alleging plaintiff's cause of action being suit upon three promissory notes dated 23rd day of April, 1907, and due payable one, two and three years after date respectively, bearing interest at the rate of 8 per cent per annum from date and providing for 10 per cent for attorney's fees if placed in the hands of an attorney for collection, said notes were signed by T. B. Tunnell, and payable to the order of the Hermleigh Townsite Company.

Plaintiff states that said notes were given as part purchase money for one acre of land out of the Northwest corner of Block No. 113, in the town of Hermleigh, County of Scurry, and State of Texas, which block is fully described on the plat or map of said town recorded in Vol. 19, Page 432, and said tract of land was heretofore to-wit: on the 23rd day of April, 1907, conveyed to defendant by plaintiff by his deed of writing of that date and the vendors lien is retained in said deed to secure the payment of the above said notes.

Plaintiff gives notice to defendant to produce the above said deed on the trial of said cause or secondary evidence will be introduced by plaintiff of its contents.

Plaintiff alleges that it has placed the said notes in the hands of its attorneys for collection and has agreed to pay him the attorney's fees named herein.

Plaintiff prays for his debt, interest, attorney's fees and cost of suit, and for the foreclosure of his vendors lien on the above said premises.

Herein fail not, but have you before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and the seal of said Court, at office in Snyder, Texas, this 10th day of February, A. D. 1911.

W. S. Adamson, Clerk,  
District Court Scurry County.

### Locals Held Over from last Week

T. C. Davis went to San Saba Sunday.  
Will Richards went to Merkle Sunday.  
W. B. Seabourne of Bethel was in Snyder Monday.  
E. F. Walker of Bethel spent Monday in Snyder.  
A. E. Dennis of Bethel spent Monday in Snyder.  
J. A. Guinn of Camp Springs spent Monday here.  
Jas. L. Simpson of Camp Springs was in town Monday.  
Mrs. and Mrs. F. J. Grayson are expected home today from Mineral Wells.  
Mrs. R. S. Jackson of Fluvanna is spending the week in Snyder with friends.  
Rev. A. B. Ingram, pastor of the Baptist church, preached at Midland Sunday.

Mrs. Countess of Midland visited her mother, Mrs. Curnutte, in Snyder, returning home Sunday.

Gay McGlaun has bought the H. L. Champion livery and feed stable and will also conduct a city transfer.

R. S. Jackson, editor of the Fluvanna Tribune, spent Saturday and Sunday in Snyder accompanied by Mrs. Jackson.

Live Davis and C. R. Fellmy have bought C. Collie Ebbersol's stock of gents furnishings and will continue the business at the same stand.

### Licenses Issued

D. E. Warren, Bessie Carey; W. S. Bradley, Jewel Scurry.

### Leg Broken

S. P. Foster, who lives near Dermott, got his leg broke while working on the Santa Fe railroad, unloading heavy lumber.

### The Presbyterian Church

The Ladies Mission Society is planning to have the first public meeting Sunday night, March 12. Contry to instruction the pastor made public announcement of it Sunday and now through the press in order, he says, to burn the bridges behind them.

March closes the year work. The spring meeting of the Presbytery will be had at Fluvanna next month. It is said that the church here expects to be able to make a fine report. Resident membership probably doubled, finances in good condition, an improved system, all the boards aided in the sums asked for, etc.

Rev. Howard will occupy the pulpit next Sunday 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

### Snyder Religious Census Report

After a thorough canvass of the town by a very energetic and wide awake committee of two from each church, we find the following facts:  
Snyder has a population of about 3,000. Of this number, we have about 2,000 people who belong to some church or have a leaning that way. Of this number, we have 900 people who belong to some Sunday school.

From these statistics we find 2,700 people in our little city who do not belong to any of Sunday schools. We might pause to ask who is to blame for these conditions. We can not all go to the foreign fields to carry the gospel to the heathens but we are responsible for conditions in our own town and country where we come in personal contact with the people.

If you are a Sunday school Teacher, Superintendent or worker in any way look at these figures and ask yourself the question, "Is there any field of labor for me in Snyder?" and as we look out over the vast field which is white unto the harvest, may we say like the Prophet of old when his lips were touched with the live coals from off the altar, "Here am I send me," and may we not be satisfied until every man, woman and child in Snyder shall be brought to the Sunday school and the Church.

Yours for a greater work on these lines.

A. J. Grantham,  
Precinct Chairman.

Our dress goods and embroideries are all in and we will be glad to show the ladies of Snyder and vicinity through at any time. All the latest novelties and prices to suit the times.—Coates-Coleman

T. F. Baker, of the firm of Baker, Grayum & Anderson, went to Hermleigh Thursday afternoon on business.

Electricity and Printing

The printing machine of the future will be absolutely devoid of ink and all its requisite mechanism. The mammoth press will have its dimensions cut down by one-fourth at least. Printing will be as clean a task as typewriting. Papers will be reeled off at far greater speeds, and the operation will cost less.

And how it will be done? What medium will supersede the ink? The answer of the apparently impossible enigma is the electric current. The same remarkable energy as drives the intricate nests of wheels will be the means of causing the type to record its impression indelibly upon the paper in any desired color, and without the aid of any pigment whatever.

An English inventor has found a means whereby one pole of electricity is connected to the type, and the other to the metallic bed or platen upon which the paper is laid during the moment when it comes into contact with the type, an electro-chemical action is precipitated whereby the impression is received.

Some twelve years ago the inventor in question was engaged in some electrical experiments in his laboratory. On the table he had spread out a sheet of tin upon which rested a piece of moist paper. An electrical battery stood by his side and the bare ends of the wires trailed over the moist paper. A certain electro-metallurgical action in connection with gold was the object of his quest. He dipped his hands into his pocket to select an English gold coin as a makeshift for the experiment in hand. One fell from his hand and to prevent it making a bee-line to the floor he sharply clapped his hand on it.

But it so happened that in so doing the coin was brought down upon the bare end of one of the wires on the paper, while the other wire was resting on the tin. When he picked up the fugitive he was surprised to find clearly reproduced upon the piece of paper the obverse impression of the coin in a clear, brownish black. It was just as if the coin had been inked and then pressed on the paper.

This unexpected development was the cause of no little astonishment, and he carefully repeated the experiment with various coins, connecting one wire with the coin and pressing it firmly upon the paper, while the other wire was attached to the tin sheet. The result was always the same, no matter whether the coin was gold, silver or bronze.

The inventor fell to had thinking. Why if coins could be printed in this manner should not ordinary type give its impression? There appeared no adverse reason, so he set to work to continue the investigation of the phenomenon upon which he had so inadvertently stumbled. He pro-

cured some bars of linotype and repeated the trials. The result was just the same. The imprint stood out clearly and distinctly. There was not the slightest imperfection in regard to any letter, no blurring, and it did not matter whether the impression was heavy or light, uniformly or unevenly crude, for there was only a slab of zinc, instead of the original tin, laid on the bench to serve as a bed, upon which the moistened paper was laid, while physical effort served to supply the pressure. In these primitive trials, with two simple wires from a battery, however, he discovered one or two vital factors. Density of the impressions varied according to the strength of the current while it was essential that the positive pole should be connected to the zinc and the negative to the type.

The first impressions with ordinary paper slightly moistened so as to improve conductivity, always produced a brownish imprint, so he at once set to work to devise ways and means of securing a jet-black impression. This quest entailed dipping into exhaustible chemical experiments in relation to the action of the electric current, and it was some time before he discovered what chemical it was necessary to add to the paper to bring about the desired result. Test after test was made, first with this chemical and then with that, some inexpensive and easily available, others very costly and more difficult to procure.

The search was at first very elusive, for he could not secure permanency, or, if such were gained, the paper in course of time blackened under the combined action of the chemical and the electric current. For ten years he has wrestled with the problem, and now complete success has attended his efforts, and it has been found that the most satisfactory results are secured with lead type and paper immersed in a solution containing a small proportion of one of the cheapest chemicals obtainable.

The type of press designed for use with this remarkable discovery is, in comparison with the ordinary apparatus, quaintly novel. Ink rollers are conspicuous by their absence, as are also the pigment ducts. It merely comprises large rollers, constituting the metallic platen sheathed with well insulated, over which the paper travels and to which the positive electric wires are connected. The type, in form of a stereo, is bent round another roller, which is similarly insulated, and a suitable connection effected with the negative wire. A few other rollers are necessary to guide and feed the paper both to and from the point of contact, and so on. But the most conspicuous feature is the absence of the ink rolls, ducts and their pertaining mechanism.

When the discovery was first announced it was hailed with ill-concealed skepticism. It was considered to be a modification of a phonographic process, such as had been vainly attempted time after time, and that the impression was secured by actinic agency. When this was conclusively refuted by practical demonstration, which showed that the chemicals impregnated with the paper were not influenced by actinism, but were purely oxidized by the passage of the electric current at every point where the type was brought into contact with the paper, and then only superficially, it was declared to be but a temporary impression, and one that would disappear by chemical reaction or by the effluxion of time.

The invention, like many others was premature, and the critics refused to realize that such an achievement was possessed of any commercial value. True, at that time it was somewhat primitive and its possibilities were limited. But the inventor was not a whit dismayed. He set quietly to work and has continued his investigation incessantly for several years past and has now achieved complete success—one in which every requirement is fully met and commercial practicability is assured.

To silence captious critics as to deficiency in durability a larger art booklet was printed ten years ago with the type in brown and the illustrations in black by this means. Today the type is as clear and as free from the slightest sign of fading as if it had come red-hot from the machine. Numerous subjects were printed on various grades of paper, and the only signs of visible decay are those of the paper itself, such as would attend imprints under ordinary conditions at the same period and which are inseparable from wood pulp.

During the past two or three years, however, the inventor has made great strides. He has solved the question of printing in colors from any subject in relief, whether it be type, stereos, half-tone blocks or what not, both on paper and textile fabrics, in such a way as to be absolutely permanent and at far less expense than attends the same operations on the ordinary machine. In the course of his investigation concerning conductive oxidizable chemicals under the action of the electric current he has elaborated a wide range of formulae of simple character, for achieving the desired end. One can now have a newspaper printed in all the colors of the rainbow at a single impression, and any combination of colors that can possibly be conceived is easily obtained.—Technical World Magazine.

Lost in the Fire

We had a good many deeds lost in the fire that had not been delivered, but we have gone back to the county clerk's record and made them out again.

If you have not received your deed, call on L. D. Grantham for same. If you still owe some on your lot, pay it out and get your deed. Yours truly, SNYDER DEVELOPMENT CO. L. D. Grantham, Treas. Geo. W. Brown, Sec.

Mrs. E. L. Beeman of Kansas City is in Snyder visiting her son, Bert Beeman.

Presiding Elder Shaw of Colorado was here Saturday holding quarterly conference.

D. F. Wilson and daughter went to Abilene Sunday.

ALDRICH APPROVES RECIPROCITY PLAN

Veteran Standpat Senator Throws a Bomb Into The Republican Camp

Washington, Feb. 20.—Senator Aldrich, chairman of the finance committee of the senate, has written to President Taft that he favors the confirmation of the Canadian reciprocity agreement.

Whether the letter makes promises of assistance in getting action in the senate at the present session has not been disclosed, but those who have seen the letter, say the senator will do all he can to aid the president in carrying his programme through.

An announcement that Senator Aldrich, whose name is attached to the existing tariff act, had subscribed to the terms of the reciprocity agreement with Canada was received with great surprise in the senate, especially by the "standpat" senators, who have come out against the agreement on the ground that it is not in compliance with the tenets of the Republican party on the subject of protection. Some of the senators were loath to believe the report that the chairman of the finance committee, who in tariff fights has always been found on the side of protection for every industry, whether manufacturing, agricultural or otherwise.

OPPOSITION TO CANADIAN TREATY DUE TO WALL ST.

Cleveland, Feb. 21.—From Wall street has come the inspiration for the opposition to the proposed Canadian reciprocity agreement.

So declared Representative E. J. Hill of Connecticut in a speech before the Cleveland Chamber of Commerce today.

To the ratification of the agreement with the Philippine Islands, Mr. Hill reminded his hearers, there had been shown the most determined opposition and direful predictions were made of the results that swiftly would follow.

An analysis of the effect of the agreement, when in operation upon corn, wheat, fish, lumber, butter and eggs, was given by the speaker who emphasized a statement that it would be only the surplus production of each country that would go to the other.

"The entire product of Canadian fisheries in 1908 was only \$25,451,094," said Mr. Hill. "Our total production is about \$54,000,000. Canada sent the United States \$8,162,728 worth. We sent to her during the same year \$3,342,870 worth from our fisheries.

Attorney Hamilton came in Monday from Throckmorton where he represented the State in a murder trial in which W. J. Overcash is charged with the murder of Sheriff Spurlock of Throckmorton County last November. Overcash was given a habeas-corpus hearing before district judge, John B. Thomas, last Friday and remanded to jail without bail. An appeal was taken. The defense is represented by some of the ablest legal talent of the west.

Bob Waldrip of Hermleigh was in Snyder Thursday.

Learn Shorthand and Typewriting at the Crescent Commercial College. We give satisfaction to all.

Commissioner Smith Brock was up from Hermleigh Friday.

See Snyder Abstract Company before you place order for Abstract. Its worth the trouble.

A Reader of the Signal Jasper Brooks of Alzada, Mont., a reader of the Signal for 22 years, writes they have had a nice winter and all the Texans in that part of the country are doing well. Mr. Brooks is well known by all the old timers in Scurry county.

See Curry & Taylor for onion sets, seed potatoes and all kinds of garden seed.

Judge Cullen C. Higgins left Sunday for Roby to attend District court, as the prosecuting attorney in an assault on murder case transferred from Borden County in which Clyde Willis and Bob Gray were the principals in a difficulty that occurred about three years ago, and at which time Gray received knife wounds. M. Stacy was here Saturday from Hermleigh.

SEE ME FOR Wind Mill Erecting and Repairing.

Also Pipe Fitting, done on short notice. W. L. SHAW, Snyder. Headquarters at B. C. Davenport's Hardware Store.



We're in a Position to offer you the best the market affords in the way of meats. And our prices, you know, We always the lowest. We handle only prime stock. Quality and quantity guaranteed. Fine roasting pieces of beef. First class mutton, veal, pork and poultry equally low. Can't do better any where.

THE CITY MEAT MARKET L. L. LINCECUM

WHAT YOU NEED

WE HAVE: A Practical Course in Book-keeping, Shorthand and Typewriting.

WE GIVE SATISFACTION

When in Snyder, call at our office, or write for our illustrated Catalogue and full particulars.

Crescent Commercial College. North-side of Square, Snyder, Texas

A. J. McDOWELL, THE REAL ESTATE MAN.

See him for Bargains. He has the Largest List to Select From.

Faught Building, Snyder, Texas.

J. G. LOCKHART. BARBER SHOP.

I employ none but the best and experienced barbers GIVE ME A CALL

BARBER SHOP

A.C. GARETT Prop. WEST SIDE

We Assure Satisfaction, Our Work is Cash.

Our Motto: "Keep Clean"

SNYDER,

We are Still Selling

the best Implements at cost for cash or cheap on fall time for good notes. Also best buggies and harness in town for the money. Everything shop-made.

J. Y. STEWART & SON

Eastside Public Square, Snyder, Texas

J. S. POGUE,

NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP

I have opened a shop one block east of the Maxwell Hotel, on Plaid St., where you will find me ready and prepared to do work at dry weather prices, I respectfully solicit a share of your patronage. I will do everything that is done in a first-class blacksmith shop. . . .

HORSE SHOEING 'A SPECIALTY.

Read The Signal and Keep Posted

JAS. R. WELCH & CO.

Real Estate, Loans, Insurance,

Faught Building, North-east Corner Square.

The Dependable Drug Store,

Prescriptions Compounded at all Hours, Every Detail Carefully Looked After.

WE WANT YOUR TRADE.

Stimson Drug Co.,

(INCORPORATED)

South-east Corner Square, Snyder, Texas.

**WHAT IRRIGATION MEANS TO THE WHOLE WORLD**

The following is taken from the Hale County Herald. It applies with the same force to Scurry county as to our neighbor on the North. No county is blessed with a greater abundance of water, nor possesses a richer soil than Scurry County; when these two elements are united under skillful management the husbandman is sure to reap a rich harvest.

Irrigation is as old as history itself. It was known and used with profit by the Egyptians. The rivers Nile, Amazon, Ganges and Danube have all furnished their quota of liquid help for man's enrichment, but never in the history of the world has irrigation received such an impetus as in recent years.

Mankind has awakened to the fact that it is better to have one's own rain, right at his door, the kind that don't drench him to the skin or soak his land so as to stop nearly all work on his farm for days and days at a time. Irrigation is the very best kind of rain, and the farmer controls it at will, without the attendant discomforts of the old-time lightning's splutter and the thunder's roar.

In Hawaii, water for irrigation purposes is lifted 600 feet, yet, notwithstanding that enormous expense, farming in that country pays 300 per cent more per acre than in Illinois, Indiana, Iowa and Kansas, and fully 1,000 per acre than in the New England states.

The growing season is three months in Colorado, only 120 days in which to plant, cultivate and harvest one crop. The balance of the year the farmer may be up to his neck in snow, yet irrigated land in that state, that so far has never felt a plow share, is bringing \$200 per acre and over, because the adjoining land already under cultivation has demonstrated its worth.

Over most of the Northwestern states the United States Government has expended large sums of public money locating irrigation systems to bring arid lands under the plow. What would appear as high prices have been charged settlers for these same lands, and they have hard sledding with perhaps six months of non-producing weather, yet, with all of that, the Northwest has become one of the Nation's great storehouses, proving beyond question the value of irrigation.

It can be said without exaggeration that the South Plains offers today the most inviting field in the United States for the man who desires to farm a few acres of land under the most favorable circumstances as to climate, soil, water, market, and home conditions. A farm of 10 or 20 acres here, properly tilled, will net the owner as much as the average farm of 100 or 200 acres in the Northern or Eastern states. These lands, under intensive cultivation, intelligent selection of crops and marketing of produce by methods of co-operation practiced in California, should net the owners \$100 or more per acre annually. Orchards, vineyards and gardens of small fruits and vegetables, for supplying the home markets or for canning or otherwise preserving, in some cases are netting much more. These fig-

ures look large to the average farmer from the North or East, but they can be verified.

Secretary Wilson, of the Department of Agriculture, once expressed an opinion that irrigated farming ultimately would revolutionize agriculture all over the United States. The first systematic application of irrigation in the United States was inaugurated by the Mormons on the shores of the Great Salt Lake, in 1847. They found Utah anything but the promised land for which they had hoped. From necessity they resorted to irrigation, and soon made the barren site of Salt Lake City one of the most prosperous communities in the West. Irrigation, however, did not make any extensive headway until after the Civil War and during the early '70's, when the great tide of immigration turned toward the West. In 1870 only about 30,000 acres of land were under cultivation by irrigation in the United States. In the next ten years this number was increased to 1,000,000 acres. During the years between 1880-90 irrigation experienced a great boom, and the number of acres increased to nearly 4,000,000. In 1902, the last census, the acreage was 9,034,526, and each month sees thousands of acres added, until the total is nearly 20,000,000 acres today. The prehistoric town-building Pueblo Indians, in this and adjoining territory, practiced irrigation thousands of years ago. The descendants of these Indians still cultivate lands which were tilled by irrigation when the treasure-seeking Spaniards came up from the South. High along the steep cliffs in the canyons of the Southwest still cling the ruins of the former homes of the extinct race of cliff dwellers, and in the broad valleys below can be seen today the ruins of their stone dams and irrigation canals—all that is left to tell the story of America's first agriculturalists.

The farmers and fruit growers of the South Plains are 1500 miles nearer to the Eastern markets than are the California farmers. Late in the season, when the California growers begin to ship their fruit to Chicago and Eastern states, our farmers have a decided advantage in their favor. Being so much nearer to the source of demand, they are able to leave their fruit to fully ripen on the trees, and, not having to pick it half ripe for long-distance shipping, they consequently command much better prices. Fruit is no longer a luxury, but has become a necessary article of food, and the demand for early fruits and choice vegetables from the South Plains will always so far exceed the supply that serious competition practically can not exist. No part of the West is blessed with climatic and other advantages equal to those enjoyed by the people of this section. We are sufficiently far south to be insured against the severe winters of more northern lands; it has sufficient elevation to relieve it from the sweltering summer heat prevalent in countries of a similar latitude, but nearer the sea level. It has an atmosphere so dry that it will not absorb heat so that as soon as the sun sets the air become as cool as that of a land much farther north. These peculiar conditions combine to make both the summer and winter climate of the South Plains an

ideal one for animal and vegetable life.

Hale County has had an average rainfall of 22 inches for the past 20 years. We have raised as good crops here the two past seasons as the average section. If we can farm by irrigation we will increase the value of our lands many times, for irrigated land is never cheap land.

With an average rainfall of 22 inches, there will be many years when irrigation will not be needed, or, if at all, only a few times during the season. We have a marked advantage over the arid country that has irrigation and, also, over the seasonal section that depends solely upon rainfall. In the case of the former, they must depend upon irrigation alone; in the case of the latter rainfall only. The former method proves more expensive, the latter unreliable.

The farmers in the artesian belt recently discovered in southwest Texas are now facing ruin on account of alkali being brought to the surface in the water, and burning up their crops. There is no alkali, gypsum salt in the waters of Hale county. Thousands of gardens show it—but come and see for yourself.

A man of moderate means may put in his own well and system of irrigation, and be his own master, without having to wrangle over the question of water rights, such as the farmers of other irrigated districts have to contend with.

The frozen regions of the north where the soil lies dormant half the year, and the biting winds drive the stock to shelter and the farmer to the fireside, are quite different from the mild South Plains—a land of perpetual sunshine and many crops per year, with the drawbacks of the strong west winds of the early spring and the occasional irregularity of the rainfall, only. But the wind is the main reason why this is the most healthful region on the globe, and when our entire section is moist with irrigation no doubt the rainfall will be more regular and abundant.

There is no question but that 20 acres properly cultivated and irrigated will produce more income than 160 acres poorly tilled and not irrigated at all. There is not a country on the face of the earth that will surpass the South Plains in the production of a majority of average farm products, most of the fruits and almost every variety of truck. This has been proven time and again by the blue ribbons our products have carried away from State and National Fairs.

The most optimistic dreamer can not fancy a more beautiful landscape picture than that of the South Plains of a few years to come—when our section, broad as an empire and smoothed level by the caressing touch of its Maker, shall teem with a population of happy home-builders, working with brain and brawn to beautify it with trees, make it blossom with flowers, make its bosom pregnant with potentialities, yield a harvest of crops and of fruits unexcelled by any portion of the United States or the world.

**THE FARMERS' UNION DEPARTMENT**

(By M. A. Drinkard)  
**Watch the Signs, Boys**

It will be well for the country people to watch the course that is pursued by those people in the State who seem to believe that they and their kind are the sole judges of how the country school should be run, who claim that the plans that are being worked out by themselves should be swallowed as a dose of castor oil. The Conference for Education that has had an organization for some time in this state, and which during the last session of the Legislature of the State took active part in an attempt to force some of their plans upon the country people without their consent, and which actually had a bill introduced without the knowledge or consent of the country people who were most interested, have been unusually quiet so far during this session of the Legislature. Of course, most people hearing no noise began to believe that there was nothing doing and that the gentlemen who comprised the Conference for Education were off upon other matters of interest and had forgotten their efforts to force a dose of better education down the throats of the unsuspecting people.

Here is the bill that was introduced in the House on the 21st of January, referred to the Committee on Education, reported favorably by the committee on January 24, and 500 copies ordered printed.

This act provided for the estab-

lishment, organization and control of public schools in the common school districts of Texas, making appropriations for the teaching of agriculture, domestic economy and manual training in said high schools and in certain high schools already established. That is found in the preamble, and looks innocent enough, to be sure. The bill contains sixteen sections, and makes provision for the sustenance of these schools, or rather for the carrying out of this act by appropriating \$100,000 therefor.

The Co-Operator has no intention of publishing this bill in full at this time, but desires to call the attention of its readers to Sections 4, 5 and 6, and request them to say what they think of that portion of the law relative to the country school, and what difference there is between the provisions of those sections and what the Conference for Education desired in its law that they tried to have passed during the last session of the Legislature.

Section 4 reads thus:

The general management and control of high schools in each county of the state provided for in this act shall be vested in Five County School Trustees, elected from the county at large at the time the trustees of the common school districts are elected, the first Saturday in April of each year, the order of their election to be made at the same time and by the same authority that orders the election of the trustees of the common school districts. The first election under this act shall be held on the first Saturday in April subsequent to the taking effect of this act, at which election county school trustees shall be chosen; two of whom shall hold office for one year, or until their successors are elected and qualified, and three of whom shall hold office for two years, or until their successors are elected and qualified, and regularly thereafter on the first Saturday in April of each year there shall be elected two county school trustees for two years and three county school trustees for two years respectively. Provided, if this act does not take effect prior to the first Saturday of April, 1911, the county school trustees herein provided for shall be appointed by the Commissioners Court of each county, to serve until the election and qualification and successors in 1912.

Section 5 reads thus:

It shall be the duty of the county school trustees to classify the schools of the county into primary schools, intermediate schools and high schools for the purpose of promoting the efficiency of the primary and intermediate schools and of establishing high schools wherever practicable. The sad county school trustees shall, in co-operation with the county superintendent of public instruction, prescribe a course of study for the Public Schools of the county conforming to the law and requirements of the State Department of Education.

Section 6 reads in part:

All rights and powers pertaining to the public free schools of the county that have heretofore been vested in the County Commissioners Court and that are not prescribed in this act, shall hereafter be vested in the county school trustees.

Section 7 says in part: The county trustees shall constitute a body corporate by the name of the county school trustees of . . . county, State of Texas, and in that name may acquire and hold real and personal property, and may sue and be sued, etc.

Section 16, and the last, provides that as an emergency exists and an imperative public necessity, that the law go into effect on and after its passage.

This bill is on the House calendar, but up to the time this is written has not been taken up for passage. If, and it is probable, the Legislature does not act upon it immediately and pass it, there will be but little time for the farmers and country people to study and analyze this law that is such great importance to them. It is a radical change in the machinery for the conduct of the schools of the country people, and justice would demand that after it is passed, the people should be allowed the usual ninety days at least, before it goes into effect.

The gentlemen who are behind this law don't seem to want to give the people any chance at all to understand the law, but wish to railroad it through and make it a law before the parents can even know that such a law has been proposed. The first Saturday in April, the time these gentlemen propose to elect the county trustees, comes on the first day

of that month this year, and unless the Legislature gets in a bigger hurry than they usually do, what time will the people have to study this question?

The Co-Operator, in this matter, is governed solely by its desire to have the people understand what is before them, so they can intelligently accept or reject the proposed changes in their school system, and the pa-

per thinks that if the plan to railroad this bill through successful, then will the patrons of the country schools be robbed of their right to a say as to how their children shall be educated and through what system.

There are a lot of theoretical school cranks in this world, and Texas has a big bunch in the people who desire to dictate her school system.—Co-Operator.

**Scurry County Abstract Co.**

**Will be Glad to Abstract Your Land Titles; to Perfect Defects in Same. To do any and all Kinds of Notary Work. . . . .**

**PRICES REASONABLE, WORK THE BEST**

**C. R. BUCHANAN, Manager.**  
North-east Basement Room, New Court House.

**Snyder Marble and Granite Works.**

**Anderson Brothers, Proprietors.**



Manufacturers and Dealers in Fine

Monuments, Head-stones, Tablets and Iron Fencing

**All Work Guaranteed.**

**Yard on North Scarborough St., Snyder, Texas**

**D. E. BANKS**

Dealer in Saddles, Harness and Leather Goods. Have a nice line of Saddlery, Hardware, all kinds Leather Novelties. Shop made goods and repairing.

**Snyder, Texas.**

**WE WANT TO BE YOUR**

**1911**

**Plumber.**

If you are Particular, our Style, our Prices and Promptness will suit you.

Progressive Plumbing, by

**Darby & Son, Snyder, Texas**

**WHY NOT GET THE BEST GROCERIES?**

Its Cheaper. You know you can always find Quality, as well as price at our store.

'Phone 240.

**DAVIS BROTHERS,**

Cash Grocers.

North-side Square

**FAMILYLITE OIL**

**The Safest Oil Manufactured for HOUSEHOLD USE**

**Best for Cooking, Lighting and Heating**

**FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS**

MADE ONLY BY

**The Texas Company**

General Offices:—Houston, Texas.

**GUARANTEE TAILORING**

I have bought the Guarantee Tailor Shop in the rear of the Barber Shop and invite the patronage of my friends and the public. I will employ only first-class workmen and hence guarantee you prompt and efficient service. . . . .

**J. G. LOCKHART, Snyder, Tex.**

**TRY OUR**

**\$2.90 FLOUR**

**IT GIVES**

**Satisfaction.**

**Morgan Bros.**

**Personal and Local**

W. C. Fullilove went to Roby Sunday.

All the coffee you can drink with a 25c order.—Elkin & Brown Restaurant.

Walter Davis went to Colorado Monday.

W. A. Fuller shipped cattle Tuesday.

We are always here with the goods. Curry & Taylor, the East Side Grocers.

W. H. Rogers was in town Tuesday.

J. B. Cloyes came in Tuesday from the east.

Hamm & Leverett will pay you the highest market price for your chickens and eggs. Don't fail to see them. Wilmeth building.

A. J. Kemp was up from Hermleigh Tuesday.

Get some fish while they are hot.—Elkins & Brown Restaurant

Curry & Taylor have just received a shipment of fresh hominy flake, grits and breakfast cereals.

Joe Caton came in Saturday from St. Louis.

M. H. Brame, C. E., Land Surveying, Railroad and Municipal Engineering. Snyder, Texas, Phone 75 and 85.

M. A. Grimes of Polar was in Snyder Sunday.

Oh, you fat Tbone steak with eggs, 25c, and coffee to drink with it.—Elkins & Brown Restaurant.

District Court convenes in Snyder March 20th.

T. F. Baker made a business trip east last week.

A good position is awaiting you. Attend the Crescent Commercial College and prepare yourself for it.

J. R. Welch went to Big Springs Monday.

Let us convince you it is to your interest to trade with Hamm & Leverett.

V. A. Warren went to Fort Worth Tuesday.

W. V. Bentley was in from Knapp Tuesday.

Fish and Oysters every Tuesday and Friday.—Elkin & Brown Restaurant.

J. R. Coker of Hermleigh was in Snyder Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Mac Taylor left Sunday for Dallas.

Osteopathy enables you to get the enjoyment of life that nature intended. It imparts vital force into every heart beat and radiates vitality with every inspiration. Dr. Farris, the Osteopath, will gladly explain to you or give you literature on the subject.

A. L. Green is here from Cameron and will locate.

I love my fried oysters, but oh you half in the milk.—Elkin & Brown Restaurant.

Jack Elkins has moved back to his ranch near Polar.

"Wichita's Best," the perfect flour, for sale by Curry & Taylor.

Rev. A. B. Ingram came in Tuesday from Midland.

Honest weights and fair dealings is our motto. Try us when in need of groceries and feed.—Hamm & Leverett.

Editor Joe Pickle of Roscoe Times was in Snyder Sunday.

**Little Westbrook**

**Is better equipped than ever to do first-class work.**

**Plow Lays made to fit any plow  
Horse Shoeing a Specialty  
Second-Hand Vehicle for Sale.**

**Phone 293.**

**Snyder, - - - Texas.**

**The Roscoe, Snyder & Pacific Ry. Co**

NORTH BOUND		SCHEDULE	SOUTH BOUND	
Sun. Only Daily Ex. Sun.	Effective Dec. 5, 1909.	Daily Ex. Sun. Only		
10:20 a. m.	9:00 a. m.	Lv. Roscoe Ar.	5:30 p. m.	5:00 p. m.
11:35 a. m.	10:40 a. m.	Lv. Snyder Lv.	4:00 p. m.	3:40 p. m.
12:45 p. m.	11:55 a. m.	Ar. Fluvanna Lv.	1:45 p. m.	2:30 p. m.

READ DOWN Schedule subject to change without notice.  
**W. S. JAMES, A. G. M. G. S. HARDIN, AGENT, SNYDER, TEXAS.**

Uncle Alf Sloan, postmaster at Knapp, was in town Saturday.

If any one gets sick from infancy to ripe old age it is due to his own ignorance having got sick if he does not get well in the greater number of cases it is due to the inefficiency of his physician and the physician's inability is due to the false idea of his whole education. If you are sick it is your privilege and duty to get well and stay well and live three score and ten and still be young. Dr. W. B. Farris, Osteopath, north side Square, telephone No. 212.

Rev. A. B. Ingram left Friday for Midland to hold a meeting.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Johnson were in from their ranch Sunday.

C. C. Ebbersol will leave about March 10 for Corpus Christi to locate.

Nice fresh celery, Holand cabbage, sweet potatoes and turnips, also all kinds of fresh fruits and nuts at Curry & Taylor's.

A. J. McDowell, the land man made a business trip to Abilene Saturday.

Don't fail to see those noticeable Santa Fe Railroad Post Card scenes, with many others at The Camera Studio. H. G. Towle's Jewelry store.

L. M. Pratt leaves this week for South Texas where he will engage in business.

R. M. Stokes leaves the first of the week to attend Grand Lodge I. O. O. F. at Waco.

Try a sack of our famous Kansas flour, "Wichita's Best," Curry & Taylor.

D. L. Ray, traveling freight agent of the I. & G. N. railroad, was in Snyder Monday.

Phone 285 when in need of groceries and feed. Free delivery.—Hamm & Leverett.

Mrs. P. J. Ingle was called to El Paso Friday on account of the serious illness of a sister. Tom Watkins of Springfield, Mo., is here on a visit to his brother, W. A. Watkins.

25 pounds of rice for one dollar at Curry & Taylor's.

Dr. Boaz, president of Polytechnic College at Fort Worth, spent Saturday and Sunday in Snyder.

Curry & Taylor carry a full line of the best California canned goods.

L. C. Wasson, who is teaching school near Gail, was in Snyder Saturday and Sunday visiting friends.

Family washing 6c per pound all flat work ironed at Snyder Steam Laundry.

George Bargman has moved his tailor shop to Davis-Fellmy gents furnishing store on Scarborough street.

Now is the time to drink Golden Gate Teas. They are pure and uncolored. For sale at Freeland & Templeton's.

**Excited**

A lady stepped into the Big Store and was very much excited at the largest and most beautiful line of silks and other dressgoods she ever saw. She purchased her spring bill and went on her way rejoicing.—Caton-Dodson Dry Goods Co.

Bulk olives at Freeland & Templeton's.

**Masonic Notice**

Work in all the Chapter degrees Monday evening and night, March 6th. Big crowd of the Companions from all parts of the county expected. All visiting Companions cordially invited.  
J. W. Warren, H. P.

**Notice**

On account of the high prices of cattle and bad collections I will from the 15th of March sell for cash only.  
L. L. Linecum.

Wilsford's Racket Store always has something special on every Saturday and First Mondays.

Bottle olives at half price at Freeland & Templeton's.

**Surprised**

Twenty ladies surprised in one day. They did not know that a Snyder store could handle such a nice line of silks and ladies dress goods and in such large quantities and at such low prices.—Caton-Dodson Dry Goods Co.

When in town visit Hamm & Leverett, make our store your store. Successors to Davis & Patterson.

J. O. Ellis of Big Springs was here Friday looking after business interests. Mr. Ellis owns some valuable business property in Snyder.

Remember B. C. Davenport is sole agent for the Eclipse Wind Mill in these ends of the earth.

Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Heard who were visiting Mrs. Heard's parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Buchanan, left Friday for their home at Knowles, N. M.

If you want a thorough, practical course in bookkeeping, attend the Crescent Commercial College.

Miss Connie Noble, teacher at Canyon, visited her parents, Colonel and Mrs. J. Z. Noble, in Snyder this week. Though this is her first session in the school room Miss Connie is making an enviable record as a teacher.

**Notice**

All parties indebted to J. Y. Stewart & Son are notified to come and make settlement at once and their notes and accounts will be placed in the hands of an attorney for collection.  
J. Y. Stewart & Son.

J. P. Randle in writing to have his paper changed from Treadway to O'Donnell says: "We have had a fine rain, all tanks and lakes full of water, ground thoroughly soaked, grass had already started, rabbits getting fat. Praise Him from whom all blessings flow."

Bob and Wig Gray left Sunday for Roby.

Baseball goods at Freeland & Templeton's.

A. J. Carnes was in town Wednesday.

Get prices of coal from Snyder Steam Laundry before you buy. Roy Davis went east on Wednesday's train.

All the newest styles in footwear, velvet and kangaroo kid slippers. The very latest in everything. Call and see them.—Coates-Coleman Mercantile Co.

Dock Howell is in from W. A. Johnson's ranch.

Fresh vegetables at Freeland & Templeton's.

Mrs. L. M. Pratt went to Roscoe Wednesday.

**Notice**

On account of the high prices of cattle and bad collections I will from the 15th of March sell for cash only.  
Ketter Bros., Palace Market.

Joe Golden was in from Canyon Wednesday.

Coal, Phone Snyder Steam Laundry for best grade coal.

S. T. Doshier came in Wednesday from the east.

Good things to eat at Freeland & Templeton's.

Sid McFall was down from his Kent County ranch.

**Got 'em Skinned**

Step into our Gent's Furnishing department and open your eyes and reflect—Duck Pants, Mole Skin Pants, Corduroy pants and wool pants, and fine Sunday pants, Men's Five Clothing and boys' clothing for all ages. Shoes that will fit and wear and not hurt your feet and wear until you get tired of them.—Caton-Dodson Dry Goods Co.

Max McGlenn of Sweetwater was here Wednesday.

Ladies' skirts in voiles, Panamas and fancy worsteds. It will pay you to look at them before making your purchases.—Coates-Coleman Mercantile Company.

Rev. A. R. Tyson of Fluvanna went to Waco Wednesday.

Fresh car of Light Crust Flour at Freeland & Templeton's.

John A. Stavely was down from Fluvanna Wednesday.

**Notice of Meeting**

The Farmers' Union Local at Plainview has changed its meeting place to Crenshaw school house and will meet 1st Friday and Saturday in April. County Locals please take notice.—G. M. Dobbins, Secretary Liberty Hill Local 548.

Just received a fresh line of chocolates and other candies at Wilsford Racket Store.

**Society,** Items by Society Editor. 'Phone 150

**The Ladies are Requested to 'Phone in Items.**

**Mrs. S. B. Kirkpatrick, Hostess**  
The ladies of the Maccabees were informally, but delightfully, entertained by Mrs. Kirkpatrick last Thursday afternoon. Miss Ruth assisted her mother in serving the guests with hot chocolate and cake. Next regular review with Mrs. Kirkpatrick Thursday, the 9th inst.

**A Thought for Each Day**  
Sunday—There is nothing that is a better indication of character in a boy (or a girl) than the way he treats the person that is poorer than he, poorer in position, in money, in talents, in opportunity, in intellect, in character.

Monday—Employment which Galen calls "nature's physician," is so essential to human happiness that indolence is justly considered the mother of misery.

Tuesday—"Life is too short to waste it on work half done; whatever thy hand findeth to do, do it with thy might."

Wednesday—"The diminutive chain of happiness are seldom heavy enough to be felt, till they are too strong to be broken."

Thursday—"The world wants men, true men who can not be bought or sold; men who see, to violate trust; men of genuine gold."

Friday—"Beautiful hands are those that do Deeds that are noble, good and true; Busy with them the long day through."

Saturday—"Actions, loo! words, steps, form the alphabet by which you may spell character."

**CLASSIFIED ADS**

For Sale—Old papers done up in packages of 100. 25c at the Signal Office.

FOR SALE—Fresh milk calf two weeks old. Apply Signal Office.

Wanted—Job Printing. Reasonable.—The Signal.

For Sale, trade or rent—A 1-acre farm, 60 acres in pasture, large two room house and well. \$1,156 incumbrance, five years time. Situated ten miles west of Snyder. Apply to S. A. Ribble, Andrews, Texas.

For sale—White Maize Seed at Farmers Union Clearing House

BIDS WANTED—Bids will be received by the City Council at its next regular meeting 2nd Monday in March for the drilling of a well. Make bids on a 6 and 13 inch hole.  
C. C. COWLING, City Secetar.

For Sale—Country bacon a Farmers' Union Clearing House.

**Notice**  
On account of the high prices of cattle and bad collections I will from the 15th of March sell for cash only.  
Glen Bros.

**Elect Night Watch**  
At a mass meeting of theizens Saturday evening, Evans was elected night watchman.  
succeed George Eppley.

**Tailoring**

**SAMPLES...**

**CALL TO-DAY** We have provided a way in which every man can wear better clothes this Spring for less money—Clothes made to his measure from the newest designs in imported and domestic fabrics from.

**Schloss Bros. & Co.**  
Baltimore New York Boston

**Coates-Coleman Merc. COMPANY**  
North Side of the Square  
Snyder, Tex.