

WATCH ARTESIA GROW! Are you Helping Make Your City a Desirable Place to Live?

ARTESIA ADVOCATE

WATCH ARTESIA GROW! There is No Half Way--You Are Either For or Against Artesia.

J. R. HOFFMAN, Editor and Manager

ARTESIA, NEW MEXICO, SEPTEMBER 9, 1921

VOLUME 19 NO. 42

SCHOOLS START WITH A RECORD RUSH OF PUPILS

Nearly Every Building Taxed to Its Capacity.

Artesia children of school age cast aside their summer activities Monday morning and resumed their work in the town's educational system.

Miss Alma Givens, superintendent of schools, reports that the enrollment will surpass that of any other year. The number seeking training in some grades is said to be so large it may be necessary to rearrange a few of the plans outlined at the beginning for the conduct of the schools.

As has been predicted, the enrollment in the Senior and Junior High Schools jumped ahead on the opening. It is certain that the Senior High will have more than 200 students, 70 already having enrolled, while the Junior High will have close to 100. A total enrollment up to Wednesday reported by Miss Givens, is 502.

Since the publishing in the Advocate last week of the names of the Faculty, the following teachers have been employed:

- F. C. Adams, High School principal. Mr. Adams will also coach the football squad. W. H. Newhouse, science. Mrs. Bertna Masterson, Spanish.

Cotton Prices good in Arizona.

C. L. Medlock received word from his brother, F. W., of near Phoenix in which he gave the following information: One thousand bales of cotton sold last week for 26 cents. No. 1 sold for 33 cents, some think it will be 60 cents within 60 days and others say by January it may reach the high mark of 75 cents.

TOYAH-BELL NO. 2 SHOWINGS KEEP OWNERS AT WELL.

Drilling well below 4100 feet the showing in the Toyah Bell No. 2, have been sufficient this week to cause the management to secure a number of additional leases in the neighborhood of the well, and one of these leases provides for the payment of a nominal sum now, and the further payment of sufficient to make the price \$1,000 an acre if the well comes in as a commercial producer.

The drill passed the 4,000 foot mark last week, and after working for some time in a salt rock formation entered another dark lime. Some oil was found in the salt rock, and the cuttings from the lime show that it is bituminous material.

Drue D. Christner, the field representative of the U. S. Geological survey, visited the well on Thursday and reported that the salt rock indicated that the drill is working in the lower permian formation.

The management of the well seem very confident of production at an early date, and are making plans to that end. The contract calls for a 4,000 foot hole, but the showings in the well keep B. Ramsey and others interested at the well most of the time, and justify them in continuing drilling operations.

Jim Montgomery, proprietor of the Little Gem Cafe, spent Sunday with his sister in Carlsbad.

Mrs. G. U. McCrary, Miss Emma Clark, Keith and Helen McCrary and Guy Stevenson drove to Roswell last Friday.

SIGN AS A BUSINESS INVESTMENT.

Mr. Kerr, owner of the Hardwick Hotel and the two business rooms just west of it signed up for pavement, 100 feet in all. He made the statement before signing: "I am not particularly interested in building up Artesia as I live in Carlsbad, but I own property there and a town that paves its streets will grow and property values increase and we make more out of our investment so I will sign up. I consider it a business proposition to sign."

FLAT ARGUMENT TO ONE WHO KNOWS.

There are some people who are not willing to sign up for pavement and give as an argument that they do not think it will cause a town to grow and that they cannot afford to invest in pavement on that ground.

OUR GUESS WAS RIGHT.

When we heard T. C. Field of Clayton owned a building on Main St. we said: "I will bet that man signs up" why because he is an ex-newspaper man and I never knew of a newspaper man that would not spend money for town improvement and town building.

Confidence:—Some people think they can build a town in a good country like there is around Artesia without putting confidence in our town. A town that will not put up the little cost of pavement and show strangers that you have faith in your town and community will never get anywhere and the sooner a few people in our city find that out the better it will be for them and the town.

When a man or any few men try to retard the growth and prosperity of my town, whether they live in the city limits or not they want to take warning in as many words as it takes to read this notice. We will not stand for it any more than we would stand by and watch a man tear the shingles off the roof of my residence.

J. R. Hoffman, Editor, Artesia Advocate.

BRYAN MUDGETT POST, AMERICAN LEGION, Carlsbad, New Mexico.

GRANT KEPPEL POST, AMERICAN LEGION, Artesia, New Mexico.

September 1st, 1921.

Dear Comrade:

Are you familiar with the provisions of AMENDMENT NUMBER FOUR, to be voted upon at the Special Election on September 20th? This proposed amendment authorizes the legislature to exempt the property of soldiers, sailors, and marines to the extent of \$2,000.00 in valuation from taxation.

A DUTY TO PERFORM.

You owe it to yourself and to your comrades throughout the State, to do all in your power to put this amendment over. You can do this by going to the polls yourself and VOTING FOR AMENDMENT NUMBER FOUR, and by explaining AMENDMENT NUMBER FOUR and the reasons why it should be supported by every voter in your precinct between now and September 20th.

FOR GOD AND COUNTRY.

This will be the first opportunity the people of our state have had to show their sentiments toward ex-service men and women. It will determine whether they are grateful and appreciative and just to the men who risked their lives to protect the property and happiness of these same citizens, or whether, now that the danger has passed, they will prove ungrateful and indifferent.

Shall the people (Men and Women) Redeem Their Pledges Made during the War?

A number of states have already by vote of the people provided relief for the ex-service men in one form or another, to help them overcome the great handicaps these men were under in taking up their places in civil life again.

AN EXPLANATION.

There is enclosed herewith a circular telling all about AMENDMENT NUMBER FOUR. Pass it along. We Are Depending On You And Your Buddies To Hold The Line In Your Precinct And To Go Over The Top On September 20th.

Fraternally yours, BRYAN MUDGETT POST AMERICAN LEGION.

Carlsbad, New Mexico. GRANT KEPPEL POST, AMERICAN LEGION, Artesia, New Mexico.

E. de P. BUJAC, Late Major U. S. Army, Chairman of Committee.

COTTON ADVANCES.

New York, Sept. 1.—Cotton advanced to new high levels for the season on publication of the government crop report here today. December sold at \$17.40 and January at \$17.30, representing about \$5.00 a bale advance over yesterday's close.

A canvass was taken among several ladies at a meeting one day last week and not one present opposed Amendment No. 4. Don't forget what the boys did for you and show your appreciation by voting for the Amendment on September 20.

PECOS VALLEY FEELS HARDING SHOULD BE SENT REAL MESSAGE.

Stockmen Reported to Feel Bursum's Defeat Would Be Effective as "Note" to Washington.

President Harding's administration should be sent a "message" from the southwest.

The "message" should be in the form of H. O. Bursum's defeat as a republican candidate for United States senator.

That's the feeling more or less prevalent among the stockmen and herders of the lower Pecos Valley, republicans as well as democrats, as told A. H. Hudspeth by republicans when he recently visited the valley.

Mr. Hudspeth didn't find the stockmen flocking to Bursum irrespective of party affiliation, so glowingly described by the Bursum press agents, but on the contrary was told—and by republicans at that—they felt the Harding administration should be given a rude awakening.

He said the feeling that the national administration was giving too much attention to eastern business interests in determining domestic policies and the high tariff bill, as passed by the lower house, were chiefly responsible for the feeling that the needs of the southwest should be forcibly brought to Washington's attention.—Santa Fe New Mexican.

BIG LEGION DANCE SEPTEMBER 14TH

The entertainment committee of the local post of the American Legion announce another big dance to be given in the Legion's club room in the I. O. O. F. hall, next Wednesday, September 14. The dancing floor at that place has been worked on considerably since the last dance and it is now the best dancing floor in the valley, perhaps in the state.

CLEAN UP SQUAD IN CARLSBAD OCTOBER 10.

The Government clean-up squad billed to appear in Artesia has again changed their date and also passed up Artesia on their trip. They will be in Carlsbad instead.

Commander Oscar Samelson reports the date they will be in Carlsbad as October 10.

Every man who is eligible for compensation and whose claims have been filed should see the local post Commander at once and fill out application blanks for transportation to appear before the clean-up squad at Carlsbad.

The government is anxious to get in touch with every ex-service man in this part of the state who has a claim against it and the co-operation of the soldier himself is asked, at least to the extent that he will appear before the squad while they are in Carlsbad, that his claim may receive the proper official attention.

It is necessary that all ex-service men desiring to appear before the squad fill out a blank for transportation to Carlsbad which are now here. See Post Commander at Smoke House and your transportation will be furnished to and from the county seat.

G. Roy Sallee and family returned home Sunday from a three weeks auto trip to their former home in Hutchinson, Kansas. They report an enjoyable trip but the roads dusty and in bad condition. Mr. Sallee says there are more people traveling by auto this year than ever known before.

A PURELY LOCAL PROBLEM.

Proposal number 8, submitted to the voters by the legislature for decision September 20, should be defeated. The Journal took occasion several weeks ago to pronounce with great vigor, against this amendment.

An attempt was made in the proposal to put a tax limit upon various governmental subdivisions. It drew our fire chiefly because of its effect on the schools. In many districts it would prevent a nine months term and it would automatically limit teachers' salaries without regard to the merits of the individual cases.

When the Journal began its fight on this amendment, it was fighting alone. Since that time the governor and the school auditor, pronounced it ruinous in its effect on the schools. Their judgment should be accepted and the amendment be defeated.

These persons who try to give teachers a purely economic status and to determine salaries by the law of supply and demand have a low estimate of the profession. They ignore the spiritual phase. Mind, character, personality and devotion to an ideal are ignored by such people. To them a teacher is merely a teacher. All teachers look alike to them.

Next to the mother, the teacher is the most important person in the world. The child, after the first years of tender care at home, tremblingly and wonderingly makes his way to that strange place—the school. What kind of a person meets him there and leads him through the next decade of his life, profoundly affects his character and his career.

The services thus rendered to society by a devoted and competent teacher cannot be appraised in dollars. The real teacher does not so appraise it. Minds and hearts are in her keeping and she pours her life into these young lives.

However, teachers have the same practical problems to solve which confront the rest of us. They must have food and shelter and clothes. They must spend a small fortune in preparation and must prepare for the "rainy day", just like the rest of us.

Few teachers are mercenary. They give themselves fully to their task and accept in return whatever society hands them. But the quality of the preparation and the duration of the service, is bound to be in proportion to its compensation.

Low wages drive competent people out of the profession or keep them away from it. The school boards must then take what they can get—not what they want.

Running a school is largely a local problem. Those who must disburse the money should be the ones to put an arbitrary limit beyond which a community cannot tax itself, even if it wishes to do so, is absurd. It is strictly the business of the local tax payers if they are willing to pay for better schools.

This amendment was desired by the corporations in order to limit their taxes. They have no children to educate nor any special interest in building up a community. They should not be allowed to decide this question.

Schools are the greatest asset of a community. A desirable kind of people will come to it only when there are suitable schools for their children. A capital investment in good schools is the first need of any locality which hopes for a prosperous future.

People should resent this effort to tie their hands. They should insist upon being left free to use their judgment about their local schools. The amendment should be defeated.—Albuquerque Journal.

DUKE CITY WILL PAVE THE ALLEYS IN EIGHT BLOCKS.

Albuquerque, Sept. 1.—After being delayed for several months by litigation several blocks of alleys in the downtown section of the city was started this week. The contract calls for over eight blocks and the work is to be done by the New Mexico Construction company. It is likely that all the work will be completed before cold weather sets in, so there will be no delay as there was last year.

Mr. and Mrs. George Long spent Sunday with relatives at Hope.

EVERYONE WANTED A CHANGE

BUT THEY GOT SHORT-CHANGED INSTEAD.

(Flips by Silver.) A speech in Congress, either house, is the signal for every one to adjourn to the cloak rooms and after listening to a few of the speeches we don't blame them.

Every society, organization and individual has a sure solution for the hard time period. They all suggest work but none of them can tell you where to find it.

The stockman and the farmer are accepting record prices for products but the consumer is still paying the high ones. Who gets the difference?

The U. S. Treasury is about broke when it comes to paying the soldiers their adjusted compensation but is in a flourishing condition when the railroads ask for \$500,000,000 more and the R.R.'s will get theirs too. So will the soldiers, right where Mary wears her beads.

The greatest minority protest ever registered in the U. S. Senate was the speech of Senator A. A. Jones of New Mexico against the re-committal of the Adjusted Compensation bill. If figures don't lie then Secretary Mellon of the treasury department or our Senator did and no one has as yet disputed Senator Jones.

Senator Borah suggests that we inaugurate some real economy and stop building battleships that are obsolete before they are completed and further reduce our army to 1,000,000 men. This program would save the tax payers some \$300,000,000.00 in one slice. Will it be done? Not if the Steel Corporations and the Powder Mfgs. know anything about it.

Secretary Hall of the Dept. of Interior is touring the national parks the West. Let us hope that he will be able to do something for the West that will amount to something more than scenery and tourist comforts. Suppose some of you stock men show him some real scenery the interior of your bank books for instance.

There is a vast gulf between Artesia prices and those charged in Washington. What would happen if any one tried to charge \$150 per month for three second floor rooms furnished in second hand furniture and cracked china ware? Peaches and other fruits at from 5c. each on up? Bread 12c. per loaf and steak 40c. pound? Believe me old H. C. L. is still with us and promises to remain for sometime.

A lady asked me the other day if western girls wore "chaps". I had to tell the truth, so I answered yes, one on each arm usually.

Fred Brainerd got peevish at something over at Minneapolis the other day and took his spite out on the ball. Out of five times at bat he hit two singles, one triple and got a home run. In all he scored four runs for the game, besides making several corking good catches and a couple double plays for good measure one of them unassisted. It is rumored that several major league clubs have their eyes on Fred and if he wants to change he will probably do so next year at a large increase in salary.

DON'T YOU THINK IT WILL BE A LITTLE SAFER TO HAVE A SENATOR WHO DOESN'T NEED TO REFORM?

He doesn't need to bury or burn his record.

He doesn't need to apologize for any shady party history.

He doesn't need to "break" with the corporations.

While the Bursum organs are fighting it out GET BUSY AND ELECT HANNA on September 20th.

REGISTRATION FOR ELECTION.

Dr. C. Russel, S. E. Ferree and L. B. Feather have been appointed as a board of registration. Those who were not registered at the last election are requested to turn in their names to the secretary of the board S. E. Ferree, in order to vote at the coming election September 20th for U. S. Senator and constitutional amendments.

Carl Gordon, prohibition officer, was here several days last week.

# SOMETHING TO THINK ABOUT

By F. A. Walker

## WASTED ENERGY.

WHAT struck Madame Curie most in America was the electric, nervous energy that she found in the cities.

She made the suggestion: If all this power were used to further one great work, how tremendous the result would be!

There spoke the woman of science. The true discoverer in the natural world uses imagination as well as observation in finding out things.

Madame Curie and her husband knew that radium existed before they succeeded in releasing it from the material in which it was hid.

Her attitude towards the busy life around her is naturally different from that of the ordinary spectator who only looks at the surface commotion.

The difference between the two is like that between a couple of visitors to Niagara Falls.

To one the great rush of waters is nothing in the world but a physical curiosity. He objects to any interference by man with the appearance of the scenery.

To the other the important thing is quite different.

He is thrilled at the thought that through human ingenuity the water has been harnessed and the energy

tapped and stored up. This is carried long distances and made to do all sorts of useful work.

The triumph of man's mind over nature is as great as the triumph of the vast stream over the rocks through which it forced its way in the course of countless years.

It is only necessary, for instance, to watch the crowds going to work in opposite directions in a great city to get the idea.

To a Francis Bacon, a Benjamin Franklin, or a Madame Curie—taking these as representative of the scientific spirit—the world must look like a place that is largely organized for inefficiency.

A large part of the work done by men and women in the course of a day has as little result as the beating of the waves of the sea on the shore.

Whether a machine is good or bad, comparatively perfect or imperfect, depends on the question of waste.

In the physical as in the industrial world, progress depends on the success with which means are adopted to ends.

So the old saying is true: Success depends on trifles and success is no trifle.

(Copyright.)

# LYRICS OF LIFE

By DOUGLAS MALLOCH

## GIVING.

HE PUT his name on every list. He was a true philanthropist—And yet a mighty lot he missed In giving of his self:

He gave his gold, but let a few Good friends disburse the check he drew.

And so one joy he never knew— He never gave himself.

His money did a lot of good: It found the needy neighborhood—And yet he never understood The thing we have to give.

The thing we need to give to men, Besides our money now and then, The thing we have for giving when Men's lives are hard to live.

Oh, wealth is much, but much the hand That finds the fallen brother and Restores him to the solid land

When tossed upon the seas; Oh, wealth is much, but much the smile That lifts the other man the while You give a little of your pile For his necessities.

So go yourself and do not send: Be both the giver and the friend; Be not too rich, too high, to bend To lift the man you aid—

Seek out the soul that is adrift, Bring gold to help but love to lift, And you shall feel, for every gift, A thousand times repaid.

(Copyright.)

# The Right Thing at the Right Time

By MARY MARSHALL DUFFEE

## BUSINESS MATTERS.

The materials of action are variable, but the use we make of them should be constant.—Epictetus.

IT IS just as important for a woman to have regard for the rules of good form in the transaction of her business affairs as in matters purely social. Sometimes a woman who is irreproachably correct in all social conduct, and who is courteous and good breeding personified in her social relations, is careless of rules of courtesy and good breeding in her business transactions. In a small town especially, such duplicity of conduct is sure to lead to unpopularity. What good is it if a woman is charming to Mrs. Smith, whom she meets in her club, if she is discourteous to Mrs. Smith's husband, who is cashier in her bank, or what good can it do to be punctilious in all her dealings with Mrs. Brown if she neglects to pay what she owes to Mr. Brown, who runs the grocery store.

Remember then that when doing any sort of business with any sort of person, you should begin the transac-

tion with a courteous "good morning." If you ask a favor of a tradesman or anyone with whom you do business, do not fail to let him know that you regard it as such.

If you are not going to be able to pay your bills on the first of the month, do the courteous considerate thing about it. Go to the grocer, or butcher, or doctor, or dentist, and tell him that you find it impossible or inconvenient to do so, and ask him for the favor of extended credit. Do not simply neglect payment and then pretend when you do pay that it is simply a matter of carelessness or forgetfulness on your part.

If a tradesman is courteous enough to remember your name in doing business and addresses you by it, do not forget that it is just as considerate if you remember his name likewise.

Remember that it is just as inconsiderate to ask your grocer to make a special trip of his delivery wagon because you have carelessly forgotten to give your order till afternoon, as it is to ask a neighbor to put herself out to do some favor for you. If the grocer does accommodate you, then you should express your appreciation with just as much courtesy as though the transaction was one of a social sort instead of purely business.

(Copyright.)

Elsie Ferguson



Elsie Ferguson, often called "the aristocrat of the screen," had attained the position of stardom on the stage before she became a "movie" star. Since she was first won over to the films she returned to the stage but once, and then for a brief period.

## THE GIRL ON THE JOB

How to Succeed—How to Get Ahead—How to Make Good

By JESSIE ROBERTS

## TRAVELING WOMAN.

THE traveling man has been an important member of our commercial life these many years, but the traveling woman is never. However, she has come, and she is making good. The old notion that the work was too hard for her is rapidly dying away. Today traveling is not hard. A woman is no longer thought queer when she travels alone.

If you look forward to taking up this sort of work you need to ask yourself if you are qualified for the work.

You ought to be a good mixer and capable of taking care of yourself. You ought to have charm, the power of interesting people, and be an easy talker. You must make yourself thoroughly familiar with the line of goods you are to sell. Never try to sell something in which you do not believe. It can't be done.

You should begin by taking a course in some good school in salesmanship, with special work in the line you wish to follow, and you should follow this by working in a store or wholesale house. Make it clear that you wish to fit yourself to travel, and do not stay with any firm that is not willing to give you a chance to do this.

Once launched, it will depend on yourself as to how far you will go. But if you are a real commercial traveler you will get a lot of fun out of the life, plenty of experience, and you stand to make a lot of money.

(Copyright.)

# SCHOOL DAYS



Blake—That man Sphagatello is certainly a naturalistic singer.

Blair—What do you mean by that?

Blake—Why, last night he sang "Rolling Waves" with such realism that twenty people in the audience had to leave on account of seasickness.

## THE ROMANCE OF WORDS

"HURRAH!"

THOUGH apparently of Anglo-Saxon origin because it is an exclamation used principally by English-speaking people, "Hurrah!" is of Teutonic ancestry, being derived from the word hurr, also the basis of the English verb "hurry." It is, in fact, only an amplification of this German word, which made its first appearance in English in the form of "Hurray"—a pronunciation which is probably more popular today than the use of the broad "a" indicative of the "ah" sound.

Examination of the marching songs and martial literature of Germany at the time of the Napoleonic wars shows that "Hurrah!" was frequently used by the Prussian soldiery at that time and even began to seep into the French language in the form of hurra. But the residents of the other side of the Rhine preferred to cling to their "Vive!" an ejaculation which is interwoven with French history for centuries past. The Germans also soon abandoned the exclamation in favor of "Hoch!" but the English took it up and English-speaking people have found in it an extremely satisfactory means of expressing their enthusiasm and approval.

(Copyright.)

## Foreign Talk.

"The hardest working foreigner I ever saw drove past here yesterday in his new car with some visitors." "Hardest working—how?" "He was trying to talk to his friends and still keep his hands on the wheel long enough to steer the car."

## Happens That Way Sometimes.

The man who sat on his woodpile and told a funny story, expecting the wood to split," remarked the Observer of Events and Things, "evidently did not strike a responsive cord."—Yonkers Statesman.

### MOTHER'S COOK BOOK

by Nellie Maxwell

Do not fear Today. And let all worry slide. All things that do not count—let them go, too. Work and help and love Today.

For this Today will never dawn again.—George Matthew Adams.

## MIDSUMMER JAMS AND JELLIES.

SOME of these fruits will be out of season but with canned juices one may make delicious jellies:

**Apple and Raspberry Jelly.** Cut up apples after washing them and removing the blossom end. Do not pare or core. Just cover with water and bring to a boil, cook until the apples are very tender and can be mashed easily. Drain through a jelly bag. To the apple juice add any amount of raspberry juice as a flavor. Measure the juice and boil hard for twenty minutes, skimming often. Allow three-fourths of the measure of sugar to the juice. Heat the sugar and add to the boiled juice, cook five minutes or until it jells from the spoon. A shaving of orange peel may be added if desired.

**Grape Nuggets.** Take wild grapes green and crisp, halve and seed them. Add three-fourths the weight of sugar and boil thirty-five minutes. The product will jelly but the halves of the grapes will be apparent. Seal with paraffin.

**Blackberry Jam.** Put one quart of blackberries in a pan with one-fourth of a cupful of water, boil until the berries are soft then add sugar to taste, a grating of

orange peel or a bit of stick cinnamon. Cook until well broken, thicken with a tablespoonful of cornstarch mixed with cold water, cook until smooth. This jam will keep but is nice for immediate use. Serve with breakfast cereal and cream.

**Mint Jelly.** Prepare apples as above and let drip over night. Measure the juice and add a bunch of mint or a rose geranium leaf, boil hard, skimming frequently, for twenty minutes; add the sugar, using three-fourths measure of sugar and boil five minutes. Pour into glasses and seal with paraffin when cold.

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## THE CHEERFUL CHERUB

I take my woes to Mother Earth; She cheers me up when I am sad. The trees all whisper in the wind, "Ooh, are you sorry? That's too bad."



## HOW DO YOU SAY IT?

By C. N. LURIE

Common Errors in English and How to Avoid Them

## "THE NEWS ARE."

THERE are certain words in English which are seemingly plural in meaning because they are plural in form, ending in "s." But they are really singular in meaning, and therefore they should take the singular verb, not the plural, although the proper use may seem incorrect. Among such words are "news," "politics," "economics." One should not say, for example, "The news concerning the war are good"; "politics, when properly conducted, are a good pursuit for a citizen"; "economics have been called the dismal science." In all of these cases, use the singular verb.

There are, however, certain words ending in "s" concerning which there is doubt. Grammarians differ frequently concerning the proper verbs to be employed with such nouns as "headquarters" and "alms." "The general's headquarters were (or was) at Richmond," we may say; "the alms given to the poor family are (or is) not sufficient for its maintenance." "Mens" may be either singular or plural, accordingly as the means is or are singular or plural.

(Copyright.)



The rainfall around the Caspian sea is only 10 inches a year.

## "What's in a Name?"

Facts about your name; its history; meaning; whence it was derived; significance; your lucky day and lucky jewel.

By MILDRED MARSHALL

## ELIZABETH.

ELIZABETH is a holy name and has a devious origin, it likewise has many derivatives, contractions and diminutives as Mary.

Going back to early biblical times we find that the wife of Aaron possessed a name popular at that time, in that it contained a dedication to the Deity. This name was Elisecheba, meaning God hath sworn. In the Latin this was called Elizabeth. The mother of John the Baptist bore this name and her first historical namesake was the Muscovite Princess Elisvetta, the daughter of Jaroslav, and the object of the romantic love of the famous poet and sea king, Harald, Hardarda of Norway; through her the name became popular in Denmark, whence it crept into Germany.

One of the first Elizabeths in France was Elizabeth Hainault who married Philippe Auguste and in Hungary, Elizabeth, or Erzebet, as she is called there, won saintly honors which

brought her name great prominence in Germany.

Elizabeth W. Godville, whose mother was Hacquette of Luxemburg, was the first English Elizabeth on record. Elizabeth of York is another famous English woman of that name, supposed to be the object of the political courtship of Henry of Richmond, but the most famous of all the English Elizabeths was of course the famous queen whose personality and achievements are immortal in the world's history.

Elizabeth's talismanic gem is the diamond, which is said to give its wearer strength, indomitability and freedom from all danger since, according to an old legend, the diamond absorbs all poisons into itself, thus protecting the one who wears it as an amulet. Tuesday is Elizabeth's lucky day and 3 her lucky number, the lily, signifying innocence, is her flower.

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## Daily Thought.

The things which must be must be for the best.—Owen Meredith.



## THE SANDMAN STORY

## BRAVE IKEY DUCK.

IKEY was a young duck, that his mother had a great deal of trouble with, because he ran away every time he found a chance, and as Madam Duck had many ducklings besides her son to look after, Ikey found many chances.

"Some day you will meet Mr. Fox," said his mother, "and then it will be too late to be a good duckling, for Mr. Fox carries off all runaway ducklings."

"But I am not afraid of Mr. Fox," said brave Ikey. "I am going to grow up to be a big, brave duck, like Grandpa Drake, so I cannot be afraid of anything."

"Grandpa Drake would not like to meet Mr. Fox," said Madam Duck, "for Mr. Fox carries off to his cave in the woods big and small ducks."

Ikey Duck did not answer, but waddled along after his sisters and his mother until they were hunting in a puddle for things they liked, and Ikey saw another chance to run away.

Down to the duck pond he waddled and away he swam to a part of the pond where he had never before.

How little Teddy Bear happened to be sitting under a bush by the pond was never known, but there he was, and Ikey Duck, swimming along, saw his shining eyes and open mouth.

"Ah, Mr. Fox!" said Ikey Duck to himself, "I will show that fellow, he can't scare me."

Right up close to the bank went brave Ikey and began to quack at Teddy Bear, and, of course, Teddy did not move.

"He is afraid of me," said Ikey, "I wish mother could see me now. I am sure she would think I am quite able to take care of myself."

And then brave Ikey opened his bill, snapped at little Teddy Bear, and, tugging at one foot, pulled him into the water. Away he went, with Teddy still held by his foot, skimming over the water.

Madam Duck and her children were at the side of the pond when Ikey swam up by the barnyard.

"What have you found?" asked his

mother, her eyes wide open with surprise, while the little ducklings ran up the bank in alarm.

"It is Mr. Fox," said Ikey, letting go of Teddy Bear's foot. "He is afraid of me, mother. I told you I was not afraid of him, and, you see, I am not."

Madam Duck did not know at first just what to do or say, and she stepped back to take a good look at a safe distance.

"It isn't Mr. Fox—I am sure of that," she said, "but what it is I do not know. I will get Mr. Dog. He is very wise and knows about everything."

"That is a toy," said Mr. Dog, when he saw Teddy Bear. "It belongs to

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The times demand clear thinking and courageous action. We must plant our feet on fundamentals.

The country is gradually becoming normal.

Have You Adjusted?

A good way to start is to connect with a good SOUND BANK.

We shall be pleased to extend our Banking Service to You.

"Safety and Service"

The First National Bank

Dr. Clarke was in Hope Tuesday and yesterday on business.

BUY IT NOW at Big 5 Sale. JOYCE-PRUIT COMPANY.

Beecher Rowan and B. P. Williams were in Roswell Friday.

Born—Saturday morning to Mr. and Mrs. Clint Montgomery, a baby daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. Dave Bryant will spend Sunday visiting relatives in Carlsbad.

Clarence Wright and family left this week for a visit with relatives in Texas.

M. Stevenson, who has been farming the C. A. Coll place, has moved back to town for the school term.

All ex-service men tell their friends the importance of their duty in supporting Amendment No. 4.

Miss Ruth Roach went to Carlsbad last week to take a civil service examination.

Miss Lucile Ward left last week to resume her studies at Kid Key College at Sherman, Texas.

Mrs. Laura Welch and daughter, Miss Herma, have returned from spending the summer in Ohio.

Mr. and Mrs. Walker Brown (Anita Clyde) returned Tuesday from a visit with relatives at Carlsbad.

Miss Elsie Syferd leaves today for her school at Pinon. Miss Etta Burns has also been engaged to teach there.

LAST DAY—The BEST and BIGGEST Day. Big 5 Sale Saturday. JOYCE-PRUIT COMPANY.

Mrs. C. O. Brown and daughter, Miss Ella, are back from Chicago where they visited relatives a couple of weeks.

Mr. Jernigan came down from his ranch in the mountains last week to market a bunch of fat cattle.

Fay Linell has been taking the baths at one of the numerous hot springs in Texas. Mrs. Linell accompanied him.

Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Smith and Mrs. Bullock and children are occupying the Boyd house just vacated by the Tigner family.

Miss Ruth Lukens will leave soon to attend the Industrial School at Denton, Texas. She intends to specialize on interior decorating.

Mr. and Mrs. Gail Hamilton, and Mrs. R. L. Paris and children went on Sunday to Hope where they were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Warren Collins.

Special while they last, A Shur-Rite pencil only 75 cents. A. F. ROSELLE.

Mrs. Frank Manda leaves today to visit her son, Harry, and wife and the new grandson at Gallup. She expects to go to Kansas and Nebraska before returning.

Don't miss this day Saturday, last day of Big 5 Sale. JOYCE-PRUIT COMPANY.

Dr. and Mrs. C. W. Williams were guests on Sunday at a turkey dinner given by uncle Bill and Mrs. Arnold at their ranch home fourteen miles southwest of Artesia.

Billy Wirt arrived from the east this week for a visit with homefolk.

Wm. Wirt, of New York City, is visiting his mother, Mrs. Geo. Welton. Mr. Wirt is on his way west to make his home.

K. B. Rowan, for several years assistant cashier of the State Bank left Friday night with his family for Los Angeles, California, where they will make their future home.

Kelly Polk, Duke Ferson, Wm. Wirt, Stirling Ward and Bob Ferriman attended the base ball game between Roswell and Belen at Roswell Labor Day.

Miss Lucile Denton returned home Monday from a two month's visit with relatives at her old home at Bridgeport, Texas. She will attend High School here this year.

Prof. and Mrs. Clyde, accompanied by their daughter Margaret, left Sunday for Elida, where Prof. Clyde will be principal of the schools this year and Mrs. Clyde will teach in the grades.

Wm. Wirt arrived in the city Sunday after a six months stay in New York City. He will visit his mother here for a week and then go to Phoenix, Arizona, where he has a position on a newspaper in that city.

Mrs. Eldridge Solomon has returned from a visit to Texas. During her absence Eldridge moved to the Nysoc house on West Quay street. Mrs. E. E. Solomon has moved into rooms in the Sipple building for the winter.

Miss Jennie Williams leaves Sunday to enter the State University at Albuquerque. Miss Gertrude Runyan of Carlsbad, who has been the companion at school of Miss Jennie for the past two or three years, will attend the State Normal at Emporia, Kansas this year.

Dr. Russell will leave Saturday by auto for Albuquerque. He makes the trip to take his daughter, Miss Dora back to the State University and to place his son, Chester, in the same school. Their aunt, Miss Ruth Russell, will go also and remain with the young people during the school year.

See Specials for last day of Big 5 Sale. You cannot afford to turn them down. JOYCE-PRUIT COMPANY.

H. T. Long and wife and V. F. Gevan and wife were here for a short time Sunday en route to Carlsbad for a two days outing. The young men are both printers, Gevan with the Roswell News and Long with the Roswell Record. Mr. Long has lived in the valley thirteen years and this is his first trip to points south of Roswell and he was highly pleased with the country surrounding the Rose City.

PORTRAITS MARK THE PASSING YEARS.

You have the children's pictures taken, of course, but what about your own?

In after years the children will prize nothing more than the photographs of Father and Mother, in their youth and prime.

And of Grandfather's and Grandmother's faces, with the full record of life's experience written there.

Kodak pictures are not good enough for them. You should give them pictures that will last—that will keep fresh and fadeless the most precious memories of childhood.

We can make such pictures for you. Let us show you.

THE JAMES STUDIO, Artesia, N. M.

## O-K Meat MARKET

OUR PRICES ON MEAT:

T-Bone and Round Steak, lb.	25c
Chuck Steak, lb.	20c
Roast, lb.	20c
Beef ribs, lb.	10c
Stew Meats, lb.	15c
A Nice Joicy Soup Bone	25c
Hamburger, lb.	15c

Special!

For Saturday Only  
Barbecued Meat  
North Side West  
Main Street

Dr. Loucks Says:

The chemical formula for battery acid is H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> but if one gets a splash in the eye the formula changes and becomes HEL

However he is still able to take care of your battery and electrical work.

**SAFETY + SERVICE**

**SUMMER IS OVER!**

It is human nature "to slow down" during the summer months, "take it easy," loaf, rest, rusticate.

But summer is over. School is starting. Business is beginning to pick up. Right now is a good time for everybody in Artesia to "get busy." We're on the last four months of the year.

**Citizens State Bank**

## Notice!

WE ARE ON THE JOB AGAIN:---

Perhaps you didn't know we were away, but we do--

A little tired and dusty but glad to get back.

We are going to shake the dust off and get busy, so watch our show cases and windows. It is too hot for you to bake, I do it because I have too, you don't. Don't forget those Hermit Cookies, Lemon Cakes, Fruit Bars, Ginger Cookies, Buns, Cinnamon Rolls, Pies, Home Made Candies, and Bread, well it speaks for itself.

Call and see us,

**CITY BAKERY.**

G. ROY SALLEE, Prop.

### The Seven Ages of Man in Pants



—but all ages - 16 to 80 - are Royal Tailored Ages

**E. B. McCaw**  
The Tailor

ARTESIA, N. M. PHONE 61

**We always have it FRESH and PURE**

Many drugs lose their strength if they are kept too long. We buy such drugs in very limited quantities in order to insure their freshness.

We compound our drugs with absolute accuracy, thereby giving you the best possible results.

Thus, throughout our store we strive at nothing short of perfection.

Our rubber goods are made of real rubber.

Come to US for it.

**C. E. MANN DRUG CO.**  
Between the Banks.

## Elrose Program

Most Everyone has heard of the world famous pleasure resort, Monte Carlo, it being the scene of action for those wishing to amass a fortune at the gaming tables, is the setting of this magnificent picture "Passions Playground" featuring Kathryn McDonald the most beautiful woman in pictures, this picture abounds with romance and adventure, coupled with the wild desire of men and women from kings on down to take one chance of placing your money and watching the little ball roll, you may be lucky and you may not, so in life, you are confronted with every element of chance, some few fall while many win, you can't afford to miss this offering of the American Beauty. Friday night.

Ask Most Any American Legion boy who Guy Empey is and you will receive many enthusiastic replies, the most prevalent will be that he is some Actor, Fighter and Writer, one who does not know what it means to quit, the author of Over The Top, and the star of that wonderful production which carried the country by storm wherever it was shown, and will be again shown Monday and Tuesday evenings in another wonderful picture, "The Undercurrent" but don't be misled into the belief that this is a war picture, it is not, but deals with the vital of our human existence, it is not the smooth and placid surface that deals us all misery but beware of the undercurrents, it is the undercurrent that drags the swimmer to his death, so with men it is the undercurrent that drags the strong man to his doom, you must see this forceful picture to readily appreciate the same, and it will be shown Monday and Tuesday nights.

Just to See the name of James Oliver Curwood in connection with any production is sufficient evidence of a wonderful northwoods picture, his remarkable insight and intimate knowledge of the great northwest, the land of perpetual snow and ice, coupled with that natural talent of making others see and sense the emotions of the pioneers of that great and wonderful expanse, have made him extremely popular with the motion picture world to day.

On Thursday and Friday of next week, the 15 and 16, we will have a showing of "ISABOL of the TRAILS END" featuring such stars as House Peters and Jane Novak, and on whom you can safely rely to bring to the screen some of the most wonderful and daring feats of humankind, facing blinding snowstorms and the most severe hardships to carry out their many functions, feats of daring that would freeze the very blood in our veins and make us realize that there is more than mere acting in this wonderful outdoor picture, we further predict that you will not experience a dull moment throughout the entire program. You know that there is always some one trying to take the joys out of life, but to see this program will make you exceedingly glad you are living, so don't hesitate to register at the

**Elrose Theatre**

"Where We Strive to Please"



EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 2  
 Prices Greatly Reduced on Tourings,  
 Runabouts, Coupes, Sedans,  
 Chassis and Trucks.  
 Reductions Run:--\$45.00,  
 \$60.00 to \$100.00.

We have just received a full car load of Ford  
 Tourings. Fully equipped with self starter, electric  
 lights and demountable rims. Also Ford Trucks in  
 stock. All the above new cars will go at the greatly  
 reduced prices.

ALL MODELS IN STOCK--IMMEDIATE  
 DELIVERIES.

Come early before they are all sold. You will  
 be able to buy a Ford car a littler one-half of the  
 price that it they were one year ago.

**Artesia Auto Co.**

**NEWCOMB—LONG.**

Mr. George R. Long and Miss  
 Evelyn Newcomb drove to Roswell  
 last Friday and were married by  
 the Rev. Mr. Hill. The ceremony  
 occurred at the home of the officiating  
 minister at one o'clock and  
 was witnessed by R. G. Knoedler  
 and Miss Leah McClay, who accompanied  
 the happy couple to the  
 Chaves county capital.

They returned the same evening  
 and went immediately to housekeep-  
 ing in the Knoedler residence where  
 a crowd of their friends gathered  
 and proceeded to make them feel at  
 home.

The bride, who has lived here  
 most of her life, is a graduate of  
 our high school and a successful  
 business girl, having charge of the  
 Electric Company's office. Mr.  
 Long, while not an old settler, has  
 become very favorably known during  
 his stay here as an employee  
 of the Kansas-New Mexico Oil Co.

A canvass was taken among several  
 ladies at a meeting one day last  
 week and not one present opposed  
 Amendment No. 4. Don't forget  
 what the boys did for you and show  
 your appreciation by voting for the  
 Amendment on September 26.

We deliver parcels and light  
 freight and collect and deliver  
 laundry. Trunks and baggage called  
 for and delivered.

B. D. WILSON. Phone 207.

Have we done just as we promised  
 in our Big 5 Sale which closes  
 Saturday? If not, tell us about it.  
**JOYCE-FRUIT COMPANY.**

For Job Printing Phone 7

**ORDER SIGNS ON COUNTY  
 ROADS TO BE TORN DOWN.**

Sedwick Cannot Get Federal Aid  
 With Advertisements  
 Along Highways.

Advertising signs on all county  
 roads in Sedwick county are taboo.  
 Such signs as are not removed by  
 their owners will be torn down by  
 county employes.

A resolution to this effect was  
 adopted Thursday by the board of  
 county commissioners, at the sugges-  
 tion of Mike Roseberry, county  
 engineer, who said the state high  
 way commission would not approve  
 federal aid roads for final payment  
 until all advertising signs had been  
 removed from the right-of-way.

South Lawrence avenue, East  
 Central and the Cannonball are the  
 federal aid projects in this county,  
 but Roseberry and the commission-  
 ers decided the signs on all other  
 county roads should come down. The  
 resolution reads in part:—"that all  
 advertising signs be removed from  
 the right of way of all county roads  
 and from within 50 feet of all in-  
 tersection, abrupt turns or railroad  
 crossings on said roads." It also  
 forbids the future placing within the  
 prescribed limits any signs except  
 such road direction signs as may be  
 approved by the board.—Wichita  
 Eagle.

**MR. TODD RETURNS.**

W. M. Todd returned to Artesia  
 Monday from a trip to the East.  
 He is looking fine and says he had  
 a fine time visiting among friends  
 and relatives. He has an account  
 of his trip in another column of  
 this issue of the Advocate.

Santa Fe, N. M., Sept. 2, 1921.  
 The Editor, Santa Fe New Mexican:  
 In your issue of Sept. 1, there  
 appeared an article signed by Rup-  
 ert F. Asplund, director, which I  
 feel must be replied to.

I take exception to that article. I  
 believe it does not voice the senti-  
 ment of the patriotic citizens of  
 this state and is but the wailing of  
 somebody's "hired man."

Mr. Asplund objects to the pro-  
 posed amendment that would give  
 ex-service men \$2,000 exemption on  
 taxation. His claim is that probably  
 only 5,000 ex-service men would  
 benefit by this amendment and that  
 the state would then face the prob-  
 lem of providing for the other  
 10,000. Well, don't they deserve  
 it? Neither state nor nation will  
 ever be able to cancel the debt  
 to the ex-service man, but why  
 should that prevent the state from  
 making a "payment on account" to  
 show that the services of these men  
 are not forgotten? Had it not been  
 for these service men what would  
 you be doing now Mr. Asplund?  
 Paying far heavier taxes than any  
 citizen of this state will ever have  
 to pay. Arguments would not have  
 satisfied the Kaiser had the service  
 man not stood between the "stok-  
 ers" (who kept the home fire burn-  
 ing) and the gun.

Did you ever take into consid-  
 eration Mr. Asplund, what it cost  
 each man that entered the service  
 in actual money, in wages and posi-  
 tions lost?

You would not have dared to put  
 forth your arguments in 1917, when  
 the army was being recruited; the  
 people would not have stood for it.  
 The further argument that ser-  
 vice men from other states might  
 come to New Mexico and enjoy the  
 privileges of exemption certainly  
 does not reflect the sentiments of  
 sensible and patriotic citizens. Is  
 New Mexico so over crowded that  
 it would not welcome ex-service  
 men who establish a home in this  
 state? These men would not hurt  
 the state; don't you think they  
 might even help the state? They  
 are at least patriotic and willing to  
 risk death for their country; why  
 should they not make good citizens  
 even at this price?

Of course to some men who have  
 never risked their lives for their  
 country or who have never served  
 in the army or navy, the ex-servic-  
 er is not worthy of consideration. That  
 type of man is one who whoops  
 loudly when the troops go to war:  
 "Kill one for me and when you  
 come back nothing will be too good  
 for you," and is the first to forget  
 the service of the soldier. He is  
 safe as soon as the war is over.  
 Mr. Editor, I am not making a plea  
 for myself as I have only recently  
 taken up a residence in this state  
 and do not own property, but I do  
 ask that something be done for the  
 young men of this state who an-  
 swered the country's call.

I believe that the citizens of this  
 state are too patriotic and honora-  
 ble to deny the man who has  
 PROVED his love for his country  
 by serving it in time of war.

CHAS. C. WINNIA,  
 Lieut. Coy. U. S. A. Retired.

**W. C. T. U. NOTES.**

On Saturday, the third, there were  
 nineteen boys and five women plant-  
 ing grass in the park and Joyce-  
 Fruit company gave them a water-  
 melon. Monday, the 5th, forty-  
 eight boys and girls and five women  
 planted grass. Mr. Bishop with  
 truck and city team provided the  
 grass to plant while Joyce-Fruit Co.  
 furnished four large watermelons  
 as a treat. Everyone is giving a  
 helping hand and we are getting  
 acquainted in a helpful community  
 spirit.

For Job Printing Phone 7.  
 For Job Printing Phone 7.

032089

**NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.**  
 Department of the Interior, U. S.  
 Land Office at Roswell, N. M.,  
 August 24th, 1921.

NOTICE is hereby given that  
 Ruby Ringo Cook, formerly Ruby M.  
 Ringo, of Artesia, N. M., who, on  
 May 14th, 1921, made Additional  
 Homestead entry No. 032089, for  
 SW 1/4 SE 1/4; SE 1/4 SW 1/4 Section  
 23, NE 1/4 NW 1/4; NW 1/4 NE 1/4;  
 Sec. 26, T. 17-S, R. 25-E., N. M. P.  
 Meridian, has filed notice of inten-  
 tion to make final 3-year proof, to  
 establish claim to the land above  
 described, before S. W. Gilbert, U. S.  
 Commissioner, at Artesia, N. M., on  
 the 31st day of August, 1921.

Claimant names as witnesses:  
 Arthur H. Horner, Homer P.  
 Larsh, Wilber C. Doss, Ernest Hor-  
 ber, all of Artesia, N. M.

EMMETT PATTON,  
 Aug 26 Sep 23 Register.

**PAYEMENT BOOSTS TOWN'S  
 GROWTH.**

C. C. Cogle and C. G. Shepherd of  
 Roswell, were in the city Tuesday  
 accompanied by Mr. Reese, of Den-  
 ver. These men are all interested  
 in several auto companies in the  
 valley and were looking after busi-  
 ness matters. They were all boost-  
 ers for the pavement in Artesia and  
 say there is no improvement that  
 boosts a town more than pavement.

**P. T. MEETING.**

The regular meeting of the Par-  
 ent-Teacher's Association will be  
 held at the Junior High School Mon-  
 day afternoon at 3:30. All par-  
 ents who are not members are urged  
 to come and join. Dr. Skeen  
 will be present and explain the sit-  
 uation to be voted on at the  
 coming election.

**RECEPTION.**

The Parent-Teacher's Association  
 will give an informal reception to  
 the teachers, parents and patrons of  
 the Artesia public schools Friday  
 evening at 8 o'clock on the lawn  
 of the Baptist church. All inter-  
 ested in the schools are cordially  
 invited to attend.

**MRS. ROWAN HONORED.**

At the close of the Bridge Club  
 meeting, which was held at the  
 home of Mrs. George Welton, on  
 Tuesday afternoon, Mrs. Beecher  
 Rowan was given a handkerchief  
 "shower" by the members in honor  
 of her removal to Los Angeles. Be-  
 sides members Mesdames S. D.  
 Gates and M. H. Ferriman were  
 present. Delicious refreshments  
 were served.

**REVIVAL MEETING.**

A three week's revival meeting at  
 the Methodist church closed last  
 Sunday evening. While the num-  
 ber of conversions was not large,  
 the meeting was of great benefit to  
 the community in the spiritual re-  
 freshing which came to the Chris-  
 tian people and the fine spirit of  
 harmony and fellowship among the  
 churches, which it engendered.

Do your duty to the state of New  
 Mexico and the ex-service man by  
 supporting Amendment No. 4  
 Your opportunity will come on Sep-  
 tember 26th.

We test your cream and pay cash.  
**WILSON & ANDERSON.**

The Advocate Phone No. is 7

**NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE SALE**  
 IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF  
 EDDY COUNTY, NEW MEX.  
 No. 3373.

C. E. FORRESTER, Plaintiff,  
 vs.

J. B. HAIGHT and  
 LAURA A. HAIGHT, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that pur-  
 suant to the judgment of foreclosure  
 and order of sale rendered on the  
 30th day of June, 1921, in the Dis-  
 trict Court of the State of New  
 Mexico in and for the County of  
 Eddy, in a cause therein pending  
 No. 3373 on the civil docket of said  
 Court, wherein C. E. Forrester is  
 Plaintiff and J. B. Haight and Laura  
 A. Haight are defendants, to which  
 judgment reference is hereby made  
 for the particulars thereof:  
 J. A. C. Keinath, having been  
 duly appointed as Special Master by  
 the said District Court, shall expose  
 for sale and sell, at public auction  
 to the highest bidder for cash, at  
 the front door of the Citizens State  
 Bank of Artesia, Eddy County, New  
 Mexico, on Thursday, October 14th,  
 1921, at two o'clock P. M. of that  
 day, all the right, title, interest and  
 claim of said Defendants, J. B.  
 Haight and Laura A. Haight, of, in  
 and to the following described real-  
 estate and premises situated in Eddy  
 County, New Mexico, and more  
 particularly described as:

Lots No. 11 and 13 in Block No.  
 14 of the original town of Artesia.  
 Said real-estate and premises to  
 be sold as the property of the De-  
 fendants, J. B. Haight and Laura A.  
 Haight, under said judgment of  
 foreclosure and order of sale in  
 said cause, said judgment being  
 against the Defendants and in favor  
 of the Plaintiff in the following  
 amount:

\$530.02 with interest thereon at  
 the rate of eight per cent per an-  
 num from July 1, 1921, until paid  
 and cost of suit and for the fore-  
 closure of Plaintiff's mortgage deed  
 against the above described prop-  
 erty to satisfy the amounts due the  
 Plaintiff.

Total amount of principal  
 and interest due on date of  
 sale .....\$541.32  
 Clerk's cost ..... 7.50  
 Publication of notice of  
 suit ..... 9.20  
 Special Master's fee ..... 10.00

Total amount due on date  
 of sale, not including publi-  
 cation of this notice and fur-  
 ther costs to accrue .....\$568.02  
 Dated at Artesia, New Mexico, on  
 this the sixth day of September,  
 1921.

A. C. KEINATH,  
 Special Master.

**The Fall Term of School Is Now  
 In Full Swing**

**AT THE** beginning of a new school term it  
 is impossible for pupils to know just  
 what they'll need. But, now that school work  
 is well under way and pupils have all been as-  
 signed to their proper grades—you should equip  
 your children with everything needed to make  
 their work efficient.

We carry a complete line of School Supplies  
 Pencils, Pen Holders, Erasers, Inks, Cray-  
 ons, Tablets, Rulers, Drawing  
 Materials, Composition  
 Books, Etc.

**PALACE**

**DRUG STORE**

Drugs  
 Cigars

The Rexall Store

Soda  
 Candies

**Scholarship Goes to Lucile James.**

Mr. Fred Hartel, in his capacity  
 as representative, is entitled to give  
 a scholarship at one of the state  
 schools to some good student of the  
 county. Mr. Hartel selected Miss  
 Lucile James, a member of this  
 year's graduating class, upon whom  
 to confer this honor. Miss Lucile  
 decided upon the State Normal at  
 Silver City and will take a course  
 in banking. She left last week to  
 take up her studies.

047539

047872

**NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.**  
 Department of the Interior, U. S.  
 Land Office at Roswell, N. M.,  
 August 24th, 1921.

NOTICE is hereby given that  
 George R. Long, of Artesia, N. M.,  
 who on May 21st, 1920, made Orig-  
 inal Homestead entry No. 047539 for S 1/2  
 Section 5., and who on July 16th, 1921,  
 made additional homestead entry  
 No. 047872, for Lots 11; 12; 13;  
 14; Section 5. Lots 9; 10; 15; and  
 16, Sec. 6, T. 16-S, R. 23-E., N. M. P.  
 Meridian, has filed notice of inten-  
 tion to make final 3-year proof, to  
 establish claim to the land above  
 described, before S. W. Gilbert, U. S.  
 Commissioner, at Artesia, N. M., on  
 the 1st day of October, 1921.

Claimant names as witnesses:  
 John F. Runyan, Russell G.  
 Knoedler, Bruce P. Williams, L. Roy  
 Crockett, all of Artesia, N. M.

EMMETT PATTON,  
 Aug 26 Sep 23 Register.

047537

047538

**Notice for Publication.**

U. S. Land Office at Roswell,  
 N. M. August 24, 1921

NOTICE is hereby given that  
 Wade C. Cunningham, of Artesia,  
 N. M. who, on May 20th, 1920,  
 made Original Homestead entry  
 No. 047537 for S 1/2 Section 11,  
 and who on July 16, 1921, made  
 additional Homestead entry No.  
 047538, for NE 1/4 Section 10  
 NW 1/4 Section 11, Township 16 S  
 Range 21 E., N. M. P. Meridian,  
 has filed notice of intention to  
 make final 3-year Proof, to estab-  
 lish claim to the land above de-  
 scribed, before S. W. Gilbert, U. S.  
 Commissioner at Artesia, N. M.,  
 on the 1st day of October,  
 1921.

Claimant names as witnesses:  
 Joseph O. Richards, George R.  
 Long, John Runyan, Harvie D.  
 Klopfenstine, all of Artesia, N. M.

Emmett Patton, Register.  
 Aug. 26-Sept. 23-21

**EPISCOPAL BAZAAR.**

Following its annual custom the  
 Episcopal Guild will hold a Christ-  
 mas bazaar on the first Saturday in  
 December at Ferriman's store. An-  
 nouncement of articles for sale will  
 be made later.

**WAGON YARD.**

A sign by day and a light by  
 night are badly needed to point out  
 the location of the wagon yard if it  
 is to be of much benefit to the pub-  
 lic who visit Artesia. People who  
 have to blunder around in the dark  
 to find it and then blunder around  
 in the dark to care for their teams  
 are not inclined to have an exalted  
 opinion of the convenience of Ar-  
 tesia as a trading point.

046266

**NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.**

Department of the Interior, U. S.  
 Land Office at Roswell, N. M.,  
 August 24th, 1921.

NOTICE is hereby given that  
 Alex G. McGonagill, of Lakewood,  
 N. M., who on May 16th, 1921, made  
 Additional Homestead entry No.  
 046266, for NE 1/4 SW 1/4; NW 1/4  
 SE 1/4; SE 1/4 NE 1/4 Section 2, NW 1/4  
 SW 1/4; Section 1, Township 20-S,  
 Range 25-E., New Mexico Principal  
 Meridian, has filed notice of inten-  
 tion to make final 3-year proof, to  
 establish claim to the land above  
 described, before S. W. Gilbert, U. S.  
 Commissioner, at Artesia, N. M., on  
 the 1st day of October, 1921.

Claimant names as witnesses:  
 Dwight M. Lee, George M. Mc-  
 Gonagill, Dennis E. Webb, Ernest C.  
 McGonagill, all of Lakewood, N. M.

EMMETT PATTON,  
 Aug 26 Sep 23 Register.

046265

**NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.**

Department of the Interior, U. S.  
 Land Office at Roswell, N. M.,  
 August 24th, 1921.

NOTICE is hereby given that  
 Ernest C. McGonagill, of Lakewood,  
 N. M., who on May 14th, 1921, made  
 Additional Homestead Entry No.  
 046265, for NW 1/4; NE 1/4 SW 1/4;  
 NW 1/4 SE 1/4; Section 1, Township  
 20-S., Range 25-E., N. M. P.  
 Meridian, has filed notice of inten-  
 tion to make final 3-year proof, to  
 establish claim to the land above  
 described, before S. W. Gilbert, U. S.  
 Commissioner, at Artesia, N. M., on  
 the 1st day of October, 1921.

Claimant names as witnesses:  
 William J. Gushwa, of Lakewood,  
 N. M., Isaac V. Floyd, of Dayton,  
 N. M., Alvin W. Lindsay, of Lake-  
 wood, N. M., George E. McGonagill,  
 of Lakewood, N. M.

EMMETT PATTON,  
 Aug 26 Sep 23 Register.

**Automobiles**

Lets swap or sell that car of yours.  
 Satisfactory repairs guaranteed.  
 We will take trade for repair work.  
 Quick road Service.

Phone 38 **HARVES' GARAGE** Res. 212  
 Harve Widney Harve Klopfenstein

**Keep An Eye on Your Eyes**

and your life will be an everlasting  
 procession of "sunshiny" days.  
 Remember the eyes change—and  
 weaken—with the passing years.  
 Defects develop—**unnoticed.**  
**Know** that your eyes are right.  
 See an optical specialist. If you  
 don't need glasses he'll tell you  
 so—gladly. But don't delay. Re-  
 member it's better to be safe than  
 sorry.

**Edward Stone**

**See Our Decline in Prices  
 Compare Them to a  
 A Year Ago**

Best guaranteed paint now.....\$3.50	A Year ago.....\$5.75
Linseed Oil now.....1.50	A Year ago.....3.50
White Enamel now.....3.75	A Year ago.....6.00
Best Barn Paint now.....1.75	A Year ago.....2.75
Kalsomine now per pkg.....75 c	A Year ago.....1.00

**Big Jo Lumber Company**

## Knocking on Other Stores

Is something in which we never indulge. In fact, we are too busy attending to our own business to knock on others. Try one of our tender, juick ROASTS--almost any kind of size you want--at prices that will make early ordering necessary.

Try a pound of Wilson's Nut Margarine at 35c per pound. The Butter that has a coupon in it. Save 12 of these and receive a Rogers 1881 Grecian design Tea Spoon.

NO BETTER THAN THE BEST

BUT BETTER THAN THE REST

# CITY MARKET

FREE DELIVERY  
PHONE 37 FRED LINELL, Mgr.

### NOTICE

Chamber of Commerce will meet next Monday September 12. This is a regular meeting and there will be business of importance. Everybody urged to be present. J. J. Clarke, Secy.

### THE CHURCHES

#### FIRST CHRISTIAN CHURCH.

Bible School: 9:45 a. m.  
Communion: 10:45 a. m.

#### CHRISTIAN SCIENCE SOCIETY.

Opposite Hardwick Hotel.  
Sunday service at 11 a. m.  
Wednesday service at 7:30 p. m.  
The public is cordially invited to attend these services.

#### CHURCH OF CHRIST.

Bible Study every Sunday at 10 a. m., followed by Communion services. Preaching by Brother Tuttle or Cox when present at 11 a. m.  
Prayer, Bible Lesson and Song service at 8:00 p. m.  
Bible study on Tuesday nights commencing at 8 p. m.

A cordial invitation extended to all to join us in all these services.  
A. J. COX.

#### CHRISTIAN CHURCH NOTICE.

The Christian Bible School will have a picnic supper at the spring in the north part of town next Monday, August 29th, from 3:30 to 7:00 o'clock. Supper at 6:15 sharp. Every member come and have a good time.

#### BAPTIST

Classes for all sizes and ages  
Sunday School, 9:45. Preaching 11:00. Prayer meeting Wednesday, 7:45. Junior and Senior Unions, 6:45. Evening Services, 8:00.

#### NAZARENE CHURCH.

You are invited to attend services at the Church of The Nazarene Artesia, New Mexico  
Sunday School at 9:45 a. m.  
Preaching 10:50 a. m. and 8 p. m.  
Rev. T. V. COX, Pastor  
You are a stranger here but once

#### Methodist Church.

(Lake Arthur)

Preaching every second Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by pastor. Song service for children 9:45 Sunday morning. S. S. at 10 o'clock. Epworth League at 6:30. Everybody welcome.

#### PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

9:45 a. m. Sunday School G. R. Brainard, Supt. A class for all ages and sizes. A class for the American Legion to be organized with Dr. Mathes as teacher. A welcome for all.  
11:00 a. m. Morning worship with sermon by the pastor.  
7:00 p. m. Young Peoples meeting.  
8:00 Evening worship. You are cordially invited to attend any and all these services.  
E. E. Mathes, pastor.

### OBITUARY.

Mrs. W. P. Riley, nee Miss Lizzie Phillips, of Hope, N. M. was born in Texas Mar. 19, 1864 and departed this life at the residence of Mrs. Will Owens in Artesia at 1:30 p. m. Sept. 1, 1921.

Miss Lizzie E. Phillips was married to W. P. Riley in Texas Nov. 2, 1886. To this union was born eight children, four boys and four girls, all of whom are grown, were present at the burial except Mrs. Beulah Gardner of Roosevelt, Texas who wired that it was impossible for her to be present.

A short funeral service attended by almost the entire Hope community, and friends from Artesia, was held in the Church of Christ building at Hope at 2:30 p. m. Sept. 3rd. The writer, in his feeble way, tried to comfort the bereaved children and broken hearted husband by assuring them from the teachings of God's Word that their sad and great loss was sister Riley's Eternal gain.

Sister Riley, having been baptized into Christ by Bro. G. A. Trott about the year 1892, and having lived a faithful and consistent Christian life till the day of her death, fell asleep in Jesus, died in the Lord and hence Rev. 14:13; 2 Cor. 5:6-8 and 1 Thess. 4:13-16 applied to her. Dying in the Lord she was present with him, resting from her labors, while the influence of her Christian life would continue to live in the hearts of her husband, her children and the many friends who knew her. Her body, sleeping in the cemetery near her home was awaiting the resurrection morn to be changed from corruption to incorruption, from mortality to immortality, to be fashioned like unto the glorious body of Christ. Phil. 3:21. Her spirit and body being united and glorified, would thus be prepared for the everlasting home, the everlasting Kingdom prepared by God and Christ for those who love and obey them in this lifetime. Jas. 2:5; 1 Cor. 15:50-54; 2 Pet. 1:5-11; Matt. 25:34; Jno. 14:1-3; Heb. 5:9.

With Christian love and sympathy for the entire family, we would again point you to Christ as your greatest source for help and comfort in this your sorest hour of need. Amen!

Your brother in Christ,  
A. J. COX.

## BIG LEGION DANCE SEPTEMBER 14TH

The entertainment committee of the local post of the American Legion announce another big dance to be given in the Legion's club room in the I. O. O. F. hall, next Wednesday, September 14. The dancing floor at that place has been worked on considerable since the last dance and it is now the best dancing floor in the valley, perhaps in the state. Over 3000 feet of dancing space. Gayle Hamilton's well known harmony hounds, who officiated at the last "hop" will again furnish the music. They have been rehearsing nightly since the last dance and if you like real cruel music, the kind that makes you feel so funny and simply won't let your feet behave, attend this affair, Odd Fellows Hall, the place, Wednesday September 14th, the date, nine o'clock is the time. Beaucoup eats and drinks will be served during the entire performance. Everybody welcome.

All ex-service men tell their friends the importance of their duty in supporting Amendment No. 4.

## Are You Beating the ICE Bill Yet?

A few more Iceless Food Coolers left--get yours if you want it.

Remember \$4.75 Buys It.

Brainard-Corbin Hardware Co.

### REED DECLARES WESTERN ROADS CAN CUT RATES.

Asserts Lines Have Accumulated Profits of Nearly Quarter Billion. 1920 WAS BIGGEST YEAR.

Railroads by expansion of reserve accounts and the setting up of exorbitant depreciation charges against their properties, have accumulated profits amounting to nearly \$200,000,000, Clyde M. Reed, chairman of the Kansas Public Utilities Commission, and spokesman for the western grain men in their attempts to get reduced railroad rates, testified today before the Interstate Commerce Commission.

On the basis of an analysis of the accounting returns of nineteen railroads in the west, operating 89,055 miles of track or 68 per cent of the mileage of the western district, Mr. Reed asserted that their profits during 1920, which he said, generally had been considered insufficient to meet the government guarantee of their earning power, in fact, had been the greatest in their history. He charged that propaganda in favor of maintenance of transportation rates had misled not only public opinion, but also the official bodies charged with the duties of regulating rates.

The profits of the nineteen railroads as shown by their official reports were \$947,834,450 in 1920. Mr. Reed said, while in 1915, the best year previously recorded, he added, they earned \$528,717,753. In addition to this the roads held on December 31, 1920, he continued, \$289,000,000 as a reserve for "accrued depreciation of equipment." In 1915 the total reserve so held was \$144,994,362, he said, adding that the roads in 1920 had added to the fund \$45,000,000 which was carried as "Operating an amount to \$39,111,444 in 1920 while in 1915 the fund was \$3,733,581.

A further example, he said, was expenditures. "These amounts were set aside from railroad earnings, Mr. Reed said, notwithstanding that the normal expenditures were made upon roadbed. Producing statistics as to the amount of work done, he asserted, that there had been no failure to provide usual maintenance.

Among the roads included in the summary were the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe, the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific, the Great Northern, the Minneapolis and St. Louis, the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy and the Chicago, Great Western.

The compilation, Mr. Reed said, could be considered as indicative of the conditions prevailing on the thirty-two per cent of western mileage left out. It demonstrated, he added, that the roads were amply able to put into effect the decreased rates on grain and hay which representatives of twenty western states are asking.

Rupert F. Asplund, director of the Taxpayers association, was handed a hot one by Chas. C. Winia regarding Amendment No. 4, to be voted on September 20th. Read this issue. Let's show Mr. Asplund that the people of New Mexico have not forgotten her soldier boys and put Amendment 4 over with a big majority.

B. L. McAler, the Lakewood auctioneer, was in Artesia yesterday.

# Big 5 Saturday Special September 10

## GROCERY DEPARTMENT

15 Pounds Granulated Sugar for \$1.00  
\$1.00 Worth to a Customer

## HARDWARE DEPARTMENT

All Blue and White Enamelware and aluminumware--HALF PRICE

## DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT

Three Red Hot Dry Goods Specials:  
Half Price for any Ladies' High Top Dress Shoe in the House  
95 Cents for choice any Kabo Corset in the House  
Big Lot Men's Eagle Dress Shirts--Half Price

## LAST DAY BIG 5 SALE

Phone 46 **JOYCE-PRUIT COMPANY** Phone 47  
ARTESIA, N. M.

Did you ever hear of William Wrigley? William is the man who got an idea into his head that he could put the American people to chewing gum instead of chewing the rag, and a little glance at his success will be enough to convince any one that he has carried out his idea. Even after Mr. Wrigley has achieved such a towering success in his chosen field, occasionally some one tries to give him some wonderful advice as to how to make further progress. Recently, so Mr. Wrigley relates, he was on a train from Chicago to his home in California. A man over near his name called and approaching asked him if he was the Mr. Wrigley that manufactured the chewing gum. The stranger was told that he was the man. Then he said: "I have something to tell you Mr. Wrigley. I have all the respect in the world for a successful business man--understand that--but you are making a great mistake." Mr. Wrigley asked, "What is it?" always being glad to learn of his mistakes. "How much are you spending for advertising?" Mr. Wrigley said, "Ten thousand dollars per day." Then you are losing money fast," the stranger said. "You shouldn't have to advertise any more as everyone knows your gum and it is useless to advertise any more. It wouldn't do any good. Then Mr. Wrigley said: "My friend we are riding on this train. What would happen if the locomotive were disconnected from this car we are now riding in and should go on up the track ahead? Well that is what would happen if I should quit advertising. When people see "Wrigley's" they think of gum, and when they want gum they think of Wrigley's. Advertising is the locomotive that is pulling your business. Stop advertising, disconnect the locomotive, and your business slows down to a stop, and you will lose a lot of money getting started again. An advertising splurge is seldom effective. People forget your store, your business as soon as you forget them. Keep them thinking about your store, by thinking about the people, and the only way to reach them is through advertising. The newspaper is the most effective method of advertising for many obvious reasons. Practically everyone reads a newspaper. Once you are in business advertising becomes a necessary investment. It gets you what you always want--more business. My first advertising contract

was for three hundred dollars. Last year I spent in advertising "Wrigley's" just \$3,500,000 and I now spend \$10,000 a day. Figure out for yourself how many sticks of gum must be sold to meet this appropriation alone and see how advertising gets results."--Richardson Echo.

**DON'T YOU THINK IT WILL BE A LITTLE SAFER TO HAVE A SENATOR WHO DOESN'T NEED TO REFORM?**

#### VOTE FOR HANNA

He doesn't need to bury or burn his record.

He doesn't need to apologize for any shady party history.

He doesn't need to "break" with the corporations.

While the Bursum organs are fighting it out GET BUSY AND ELECT HANNA on September 20th

For Job Printing Phone 7.  
For Job Printing Phone 7.

Legion dance, Odd Fellows hall, September 14.

Good Jazz music and beaucoup eats at the American Legion ankle carnival next Wednesday evening, September 14.

Do your duty to the state of New Mexico and the ex-service man by supporting Amendment No. 4 Your opportunity will come on September 20th.

#### REGISTRATION FOR ELECTION.

Dr. C. Russel, S. E. Ferree and L. B. Feather have been appointed as a board of registration. Those who were not registered at the last election are requested to turn in their names to the secretary of the board S. E. Ferree, in order to vote at the coming election September 20th for U. S. Senator and constitutional amendments.

# OXY Acetylene Welding

Difficult repairs of all kinds our specialty

Better equipped to handle and guarantee our work at reasonable prices than any shop in the VALLEY.

TRY US OUT AND BE CONVINCED

AUTO SUPPLIES and STANDARD TIRES at lowest price in history.

COLUMBIA STORAGE BATTERIES

## Artesia Machine Shop & Auto Hospital

Most Satisfying  
OUR Merchants Lunch  
AT

**35c**

The Best Eats in Town

Newport Cafe  
Proctor & Son Proprietors

Electric Shoe Repairing  
Mens 1-2 Soles Sewed \$1.50  
Ladies " " " \$1.25  
J. A. BIVINS

W. E. RAGSDALE  
Auctioneer  
Services guaranteed to please you or no pay. Arrange for me to cry your sales

AMERICAN LEGION  
Meets every first and third Monday of each month at City Hall.

WOODMEN OF THE WORLD  
Walnut Camp No. 28.  
Meets every second and fourth Thursday of the month at 7:30. Visiting Sovereigns welcome. Watch this paper for special meetings.

Dr. Lura L. Moore  
OSTEOPATH  
OFFICE:—Sipple Bldg., Room 7  
Hours 9 to 12 and 2 to 5  
Phone 75

J. H. JACKSON  
Attorney at Law  
Notary Public  
Rooms 1-2-3 Sipple Building

I. O. O. F. LODGE  
Artesia, - N. M.  
Meets Every Tuesday Evening.  
Watch this paper for special meetings, etc.

Tom McKinstry  
Auctioneer  
Hagerman :-: N. M.

V. A. BISHOP—  
Long Distance Hauling  
May loaded on cars. Rates reasonable. Orders left by phone at Syards Restaurant. P. O. Box 644.

J. D. ATWOOD  
—LAWYER—  
Roswell

HARDWICK HOTEL  
Headquarters for Oil Men.  
Artesia, New Mexico

H. AUSTIN STROUP, M. D.  
Physician and Surgeon  
Phone, Res. 217 Office 67

S. E. FERREE  
Attorney at Law  
Notary Public  
Office back of First National Bank.  
Artesia, - N. M.

The Wonders of America  
By T. T. MAXEY

THE ARLINGTON NATIONAL CEMETERY.

...ITTING, indeed, it is, that the national cemetery should occupy a position atop the Virginia hills which line the placid Potomac opposite the capital of the nation.

The grounds comprise about 1,100 acres and once were the property of the grandson of Martha Washington, whose only child married the conspicuous military leader, General Robert E. Lee, through whom it passed into the possession of the United States, in 1864.

So peaceful and beautiful is this spot that one half suspects nature just lovingly shaped it for the very purpose for which it is being used. The portion now used for burial purposes is inclosed within a wall of red sandstone. It is divided into sections, with tastefully-arranged avenues, drives and walks.

In this consecrated spot sleep the silent hosts "who gave their lives that the country might live"—approximately 25,000 of them at the present writing. Any honorably-discharged soldier, sailor or marine of the United States service is entitled to burial here.

In one section rest the remains of the sailors who were killed in the wreck of the Maine in the harbor of Havana; in another the remains of 2,111 nameless soldiers gathered from various battlefields, camps and abandoned cemeteries. Here, too, are the graves of many of our brave generals and admirals, including that of Quartermaster General Meigs, who suggested to President Lincoln that this site be converted into a military cemetery. Also some time-worn stones marking the graves of several officers of the Revolutionary war.

Republican Rally.

Congressman Philip P. Campbell of Kansas and Miss Adelaide Thurston of the National Women's Bureau will speak at the Elrose Theatre Friday night at 8 o'clock on national issues. The Air dome will have the usual program.

It is now demonstrated that Mr. Bursum wasn't present when the agricultural credits bill was passed and that he didn't vote on the soldier bonus bill till after enough votes had been cast to recommit it. One by one the Bursum balloons are being badly punctured. —Santa Fe New Mexican.

CLASSIFIED

For Sale or trade:—Have a fine residence property, will take car as part payment. See KEINATH & SON, Artesia.

FOR RENT:—Apartment for light housekeeping. Enquire at the Major residence or phone 166.

FOR RENT.—Two sleeping rooms and bath, 2 blocks south of Joyce-Fruit. Apply to MRS. NEWCOMB.

FOR RENT. Furnished rooms for light housekeeping. See MRS. McNIEL, South Roselawn.

FOR RENT.—Five room modern house, furnished. Geo. W. Welton.

FOR RENT.—A 20 room second story rooming apartment. Choice location. Makins & Son, Abilene, Kansas.

FOR SALE.—Tomatoes, 2 1/2 miles east and 2 miles south of Artesia. In town, 3 cents, at my farm, 2 1/2 cents. A. Haulik, 9-16

FOR SALE.—One Tuppee automatic 10 ft. and one 14 ft. mill, both in good working order. With cylinders. M. Schenck, Artesia, N. M.

FOR SALE.—My modern residence at a bargain if taken now. Electric lights, range stove connected for hot water, bath room, tub stool, lavatory sink in kitchen, fine trees, garage. J. R. Hoffman, Advocate office.

See G. L. Hise at the Sipple building for office rooms or rooms for light housekeeping. Steam heat in season. 9-23

After Oct. 1 positively no credit extended. J. O. RICHARDS.

GOOD FIGHT CARD STAGED AT LEGION SMOKER THIS WEEK

(By Scoop, the Cub Reporter)

A large crowd of American Legion and ex-service men were present to enjoy the Legion smoker, given in the Odd Fellows hall Wednesday evening. About sixty or seventy-five of the ex soldiers partook of the supply of cigars and cigarettes, which were at the disposal of the boys.

After the transaction of regular business of the post, including a spirited discussion concerning the visit of the government "Clean-up Squad" and the coming election on September 20th, at which time the passage of the fourth amendment is urged. The Artesia Jazz Orchestra furnished music for the occasion. This musical organization, composed of Gail Hamilton, Harold Larsh, James Bates, Stanley Steiwarsh and Donald Mather, sure "delivered the goods."

The fight card, staged by the committee of entertainment was a very interesting affair "Chigger" Yeager and Norman Clyde, both of Artesia fought five rounds to a draw. Both these boys show class and a bout is being arranged by their managers for another contest in the near future. The boys tipped the scales at 150 pounds ringside. The punch of Young Clyde is very powerful but is not as effective as the right swing of Yeager.

The next bout was staged by Hugh DeAutrement of Lakewood and Gordon Sterling, well known puglist of Dayton. This fray was a cyclone from the introduction to the final gong. The footwork of both men was exceedingly worthy of much comment. Both boys landed several good punches during the four round fray. The little Frenchman was unable to stop Sterling in his whirlwind rushes. The referee was forced to break the fighters in a clinch many times. The official decision was declared a draw, although the newspaper decision was given to the Dayton man. The game DeAutrement was forced to the ropes many times, although punishing Sterling most of the time.

This was an event which was of much interest to the ex soldiers of this place. Every man present was well paid for attending the smoker. The American Legion is planning to stage other events and similar affairs in the near future.

We test your cream and pay cash WILSON & ANDERSON.

The Wonders of America  
By T. T. MAXEY

THE BIG TREES IN CALIFORNIA.

The biggest trees in the world are found in California. They are of two varieties, both a species of evergreen, sequoia (in honor of a Cherokee Indian) redwood and sequoia gigantea. The former grows quite extensively in certain sections on the western slope of the coast range; the latter only on the western slope of the Sierra Nevada mountains, at an elevation of about one mile above sea level. The former is said to reproduce itself from the stump, the other from little seeds which grow in pods.

The best-known and most-frequently-visited grove of the redwood sequoias is near the little city of Santa Cruz, on the coast some seventy miles south of San Francisco. Some of these trees are more than 250 feet high and 20 feet in diameter at the base. The gigantea, however, is the real thing in big trees. Some are almost 400 feet high and 90 feet around at the base. The bark is of a reddish brown color, very thick and fluted up and down. The branches are very large, beginning 80 feet or more from the ground.

The secret of their age is still one of the unexplained problems of the universe. Estimates range all the way from 4,000 to 10,000 years. But suppose it is only the former. Think of living a million and a half of days! Think of the changes which have been wrought in that time! That they are the tallest, sturdiest and oldest living things in all this big world of ours is an undisputed fact.

FREE TIRE SERVICE

NOTICE TO THE MOTORING PUBLIC:

Have you seen our \$12.50 30x3 1-2 tire. It's the best you ever saw for the money, has a tread like the Royal Cord. Call and ask about it.

HALF SOLE TIRES is a sure cure Remedy for tread worn tires, \$9.90 and up. We are now fixed to give you a Retread if you prefer it. We will put our vulcanizing up against El Paso, Roswell or any other place in the country. All work guaranteed satisfactory or money back.

Tire Sectional Work	-----	\$3.00
Tire Sectional Work	-----	3 50
Tire Sectional Work	-----	4.00
Tube Punctures	-----	25c
Each add in	-----	10c

B. F. PIOR TIRE CO.  
GIVE US A TRIAL AND BE CONVINCED



A "Life-Saver" For The Farmers and Stockmen of New Mexico

The Agricultural Credits law has been passed by congress and signed by President Harding. It makes available to the War Finance corporation resources of TWO AND ONE-HALF BILLIONS of dollars for financing the farmers and livestock growers of the United States during the next two years. The law is in force and Managing Director Meyer, of the War Finance corporation, has announced that it will be in active operation within three or four weeks or just as quickly as the vast machinery necessary for its operation can be perfected.

When copies of the Agricultural Credits law reached New Mexico last week one of the leading bankers of the state, after studying it with care, said:

"This law is a life-saver for the farmers and stockmen of New Mexico and the west. It will enable our banks, now overloaded with farm and livestock loans, to pass those loans on to the War Finance corporation to be carried by it during the period while the producers are 'growing out' of the hole into which they were dumped by contraction of prices and credits last year. The vast sums thus released will become available for the current credit requirements of farmers, stock growers and general business. It should serve to completely relieve the financial stringency and it absolutely insures an abundant credit for carrying on the legitimate operations of every responsible farmer and livestock grower. The banks had reached the limit of their ability to carry the producers of grain and most animals. This law establishes a new and ample limit of credit within which every producer can have his necessary financial requirements provided for, with time enough to repay them from the product of his farm and range."

This law is precisely what Senator Bursum said it would be when he returned home from Washington last month, after its passage had become assured:

"THE GREATEST FINANCIAL RELIEF MEASURE IN THE HISTORY OF GOVERNMENTS."  
The Agricultural Credits law is the response of the Harding administration to the call of western livestock growers and farmers, for relief from a desperate financial situation brought on by conditions over which they had no control. The President, in his campaign last year, promised the producers of the west practical and adequate relief from the intolerable financial situation into which they had been thrown by the unwise policies of the preceding administration. That promise has been kept in this law.

Go and ask your own banker for his opinion. If a copy of the Agricultural Credits law has reached him, or if he has had an opportunity to become familiar with its provisions, he will tell you that the law will do for you; the farmers and stock growers and business men of New Mexico; exactly what is stated above.

There has been no partisanship in the national policy that dictated the terms of this law. It became necessary for the national government to find a way to rescue the grain and meat and wool producers of this nation from the ruin that threatened many and from the long period of depression and restricted credits that burdened all. The Harding administration found that way to relief in the Agriculture Credits law. Western senators framed it. Western senators secured its passage, with the backing of the President.

During the first month he was in Washington, Senator Bursum proposed a credit relief bill for the relief of livestock growers, whose desperate situation he knew from personal experience as a grower of cattle and sheep. That bill contained the principle and suggested the machinery later perfected in the Agricultural Credits law. Bursum's proposal resulted immediately in the \$50,000,000 livestock loan pool, which stopped the flood of forced liquidation of livestock loans, and as an emergency measure, saved the livestock industry from an overwhelming disaster.

BURSUM'S BILL PROPOSING RELIEF THROUGH CREDITS PROVIDED FOR THE USE OF THE WAR FINANCE CORPORATION, LED DIRECTLY TO THE GREAT AGRICULTURAL CREDITS LAW.

The Agricultural Credits law, as originally framed, was designed only to aid in foreign marketing of grain. Middle western senators immediately proposed to broaden it to finance the operation of grain growing, in states where needed.

SENATOR BURSUM INSTANTLY AND INSISTENTLY DEMANDED THAT THE ADEQUATE RELIEF OF THE LIVESTOCK GROWERS WAS AN ESSENTIAL TO NATIONAL PROSPERITY AS RELIEF FOR GRAIN GROWERS. THE ENTIRE GROUP OF WESTERN SENATORS AGREED WITH THAT VIEW AND BACKED IT. THE RESULT WAS THE INSERTION OF SECTION 24 OF THE ACT, WHICH EXTENDS ITS PROVISIONS TO GROWERS OF LIVESTOCK AND GIVES TO THE STOCKMEN THE SAME BROAD AND PERMANENT FINANCIAL RELIEF THAT IS PROVIDED FOR FARMERS.

The Agricultural Credits bill is now a law. Relief under its provisions will be available within thirty days. There are extensive details of administration to be perfected; and much of the effectiveness of the law and the promptness with which it will function will depend upon that detail of administration.

There remains but one step necessary to bring to New Mexico swiftly and surely, the fullest benefits from the Agricultural Credits law. That is to return to Washington and to the senate the man who helped to frame and pass the law, who led the fight to include the livestock growers in its benefits on an equal basis with the farmers, and who knows intimately the conditions both of the operation and administration of the law, and the conditions upon the farms and ranges of every section of New Mexico.

That man is Holm O. Bursum. Bursum is a farmer and a livestock grower. ...He knows how pressing are the needs of New Mexico farmers and stockmen for the relief this law provides. He knows that they need that relief NOW. He not only knows these needs, but he has the energy, ability and determination to see to it that New Mexico farmers and livestock growers are provided for immediately the benefits of the law become available. As a member of the majority party and a supporter of the national administration his personal equipment to perform this vital service will be backed by hearty cooperation throughout the whole machinery of the government. He can and will get the result and the speedy action that is needed.

There is no partisan politics in your choice of a senator. No national issues, no party principles are at stake. None will be during the three and one-half years during which the senator you are about to elect will serve. The national policies have been determined. This Agricultural Credits law, and the two and one-half billions of dollars behind it, is one of those policies. It remains for us, in our own personal interest, for the relief of our principal industries and for the prosperity and welfare of our state, to choose the man who can make those established principles and this beneficent law most effective for the relief of the business and industries of our own state.

Bursum is going to be elected. He is a candidate on the Republican ticket. His party is united behind him in every county in the state. His accomplishments in his brief service in the senate have enlisted public sentiment for him. He has established himself in a powerful position in the senate as a strong, courageous, useful member. We, the voters of New Mexico, can further strengthen his position and further establish his influence and capacity for service to us and to the nation by returning him to the senate with a majority so overwhelming that it will say to Congress and the administration: "here is a man we trust; here is a man we know can and will give us the maximum of practical service. You can trust him to do the same for the nation."

As plain, practical, business; as common-sense judgement; in behalf of your own personal welfare and prosperity, give your vote to swell the majority of Holm O. Bursum so that he may return to the senate with notice to the nation that he is returned as the representative not of a political party, but of the whole people of a great state who need prompt, energetic, adequate service and who expect it from him and from the government of which he is a part.

REPUBLICAN CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE,  
By O. L. PHILLIPS, Chairman.

STATE ASSOCIATION OF BURSUM CLUBS,  
By DAVID R. BOYD, President.

Paid Advertisement.

## BEAUTIFUL HOME INSIDE AND OUT

Design for Attractive Exterior  
and Comfortable Interior.

CAN BE BUILT AT LOW COST

Architect's Plans So Drawn That the  
Average Family Will Find the  
Building Laid Out to the  
Best Advantage.

By WILLIAM A. RADFORD.

Mr. William A. Radford will answer questions and give advice FREE OF COST on all subjects pertaining to the subject of building, for the readers of this paper. On account of his wide experience as Editor, Author and Manufacturer, he is, without doubt, the highest authority on all these subjects. Address all inquiries to William A. Radford, No. 1827 Prairie avenue, Chicago, Ill., and only inclose two-cent stamp for reply.

Every person who builds a home strives for two things—exterior beauty and interior comfort, for there is a satisfaction in the former that cannot be measured in dollars, while the latter makes the investment worth while.

Building designs that contain these two features are not difficult to find nowadays, as architects are constantly designing homes that are good to look at and utilize the space the walls inclose to the best advantage. Careful planning, so that there is no waste space in the interior, is what cuts building costs, as every foot saved either in the width or depth of the house reduces materially the total investment.

Whereas several years ago there were few homes built that contained less than seven rooms, with a great majority having more than that number, now the trend is to have fewer rooms, but arranged so that they provide comfortable living quarters for a good-sized family. The old-fashioned parlor and sitting room have been consolidated into one living room; entrance halls have been reduced in size, or eliminated entirely, while small "cubby-hole" rooms are a thing of the past. In other words the frills have been cut out and the space in the home devoted to rooms that are used constantly. This means economy in building costs.

Herewith is shown an exterior view of a house that any prospective home builder may be proud to own. Inside it is compact and comfortable, and provides the rooms necessary for a family of four or five persons.

While the exterior of this house is covered with stucco, the walls may

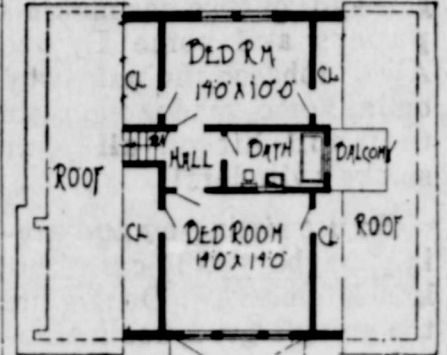
every housekeeper likes and finds most convenient.

The stairs lead to a small central hall on the second floor, at one end of which is the bathroom. On either side, at the front and rear of the house, are bedrooms, the front room being large, 14 by 14 feet, and the rear room slightly smaller, 14 by 10 feet. Under the eaves, adjoining each bedroom, are long closets, providing a great amount of space for clothing.

The concrete foundation under this house provides smooth walls for a full basement, wherein there is plenty of space for heating plant, fuel storage and food storage rooms, and the laundry, as well as space for the garden and lawn tools.

Considered from the two points first mentioned—exterior beauty and interior comfort—this is an especially attractive home-building design. Prospective home builders will find that, when erected, this house will be distinctive and will provide the members of the average sized family with a convenient and comfortable home.

During the last several months building costs have been coming down, and now have reached what those in



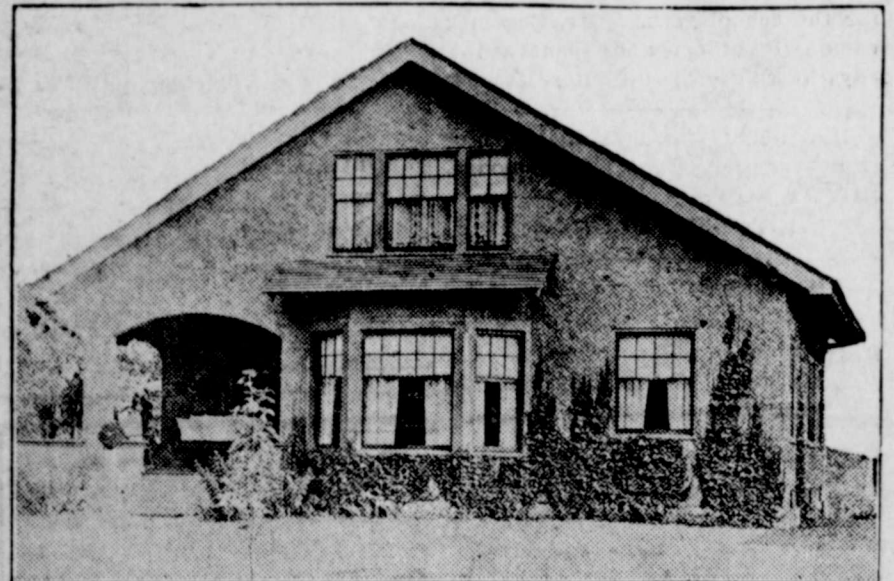
Second Floor Plan.

the business say is the bottom for several years to come. What such a home as this will cost may be easily determined by consulting the local lumber and building material dealer, the contractor or an architect. These men are in close touch with prices and can give pretty accurate estimates of the cost of any structure.

### GAME PLENTY IN WASHINGTON

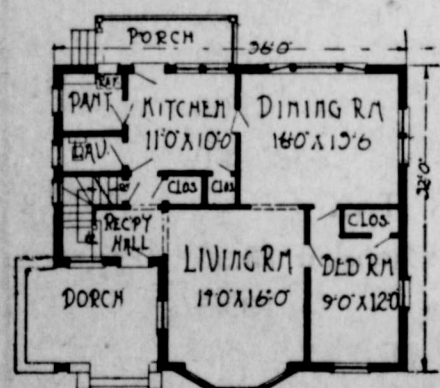
Wild Pigeons Are Numerous and  
Hunters Look Forward to the  
Deer Season.

Wild pigeons are reported in great numbers in the oak openings along the Columbia river, Washington, where the birds are feeding on last year's crop of acorns, which are still lying on the ground. Some of the pigeons are attaining immense growth from the nut diet, and a few killed for the pot averaged favorably with grouse. Wild and domestic hogs made little inroads on the acorns during the winter and spring, and the crop of this summer promises to be an abundant



be either frame, brick or hollow tile. As will be seen by the floor plans, the walls of this house are straight, making for lower construction cost, but the porch set into one corner, the slight bay in the living room, and the long slope of the roof, all tend to give it a handsome appearance.

Inside, there are four rooms on the first floor and two bedrooms and a



First Floor Plan.

bathroom on the second. How these rooms are arranged and the size of each one is shown on the plans. The building itself is 36 feet wide and 32 feet deep. The entrance door from the porch leads into a small reception hall, out of which run the stairs to the second floor. To the right, connected with the reception hall by a double cased opening, is a living room, 14 feet wide and 16 feet deep. At the front on the corner is a bedroom, 9 by 12 feet.

Back of the living room and connected with it by a second cased opening is the dining room, which is larger than usually is found in a home of this size. This room, on the corner, and well lighted and airy, is 16 by 13 feet 6 inches. Adjoining it is the kitchen, 11 by 10 feet, while off the kitchen are convenient nooks, such as pantry, lavatory and closets that

## DAIRY POINTS

### BUTTER SHIPPED IN SUMMER

Parcel Post Will Prove Entirely Satisfactory if Proper Conditions Are Maintained.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Parcel post shipments of butter are likely to be subjected to conditions, especially during the summer, which may cause deterioration and injure the quality of the butter. It is highly desirable, say specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture, that every possible precaution be taken before shipment. Particularly is this true of farm-made butter, because conditions affecting its quality and condition usually cannot be controlled as easily as in creameries. Farm-made butter, however, should be marketed just as satisfactorily as creamery-made butter when it is properly made and prepared for shipment.

It is necessary to maintain proper conditions in the care of the milk and



Several Thicknesses of Old Newspapers Should Be Wrapped Around the Butter Before Inclosing It in the Shipping Package.

cream and the making of butter if a marketable product is to be produced. Too much importance, it is said, cannot be given to maintaining cleanly conditions in the stable and in other places where the milk, cream, or butter are produced or kept, for they absorb odors and spoil very quickly. It is important, too, that these products be kept in a cool place. High temperatures should always be avoided, as they produce a soft, oily condition of the butter which is undesirable.

In manufacturing butter on the farm or in a factory the buttermilk must be removed and washed out, and the proper amount of salt must be incorporated evenly. Frequently parcel post shipments of farm butter are unsatisfactory to customers because proper methods were not used in making it, and the quality and condition of the butter thereby injured before it was shipped. For the satisfaction of customers it is important that a uniform quality of butter be produced.

Methods used in preparing butter for parcel post shipping depend largely upon the local conditions and style of package used. To insure delivery in the best possible state, butter, after being packed, printed and placed in cartons, should be chilled or hardened thoroughly before it is shipped.

One of the most satisfactory ways of preparing butter for shipment is in regular one-pound prints, the standard print measuring 2 1/2 by 2 1/2 by 4 1/2 inches. Every pound print should be neatly wrapped in regular butter parchment or paper. A second thickness of such paper has been found to add materially to the carrying possibility of the butter. Waxed paper may be used for the second wrapping. As a further protection to the print, it should be placed in heavy manila paraffin cartons, which may be obtained from folding paper-box companies, either plain or printed as a stock carton or with a special private brand.

Corrugated fiber-board shipping containers of various sizes may be obtained for shipping one-pound prints of butter. These boxes or containers practically insulate the butter and furnish much protection against heat. Further protection may be obtained by wrapping the container in stout wrapping paper. The whole should be tied securely with a strong cord. In tying the twine it should be drawn tightly around the package so as to insure its proper carriage.

Some persons ship butter by parcel post in improvised or home-made containers. Clean, discarded, corrugated paperboard cartons are obtained from the grocer or other merchant at small cost or frequently without any cost at all. It is possible to cut a piece of paper board in such shape and size that when it is folded it will form a satisfactory carton.

### LIKE FEEDING COWS IN DARK

Wisconsin Farmer Praises Cow-Testing Association as Guide-Board to Better Dairying.

"When I bought my farm two years ago there was a herd of scrub cows on it," writes a Wisconsin farmer to a field agent of the dairy division, United States Department of Agriculture. "I joined the cow-testing association, and soon found that my scrub cows were a failure, so I disposed of them and bought some purebred and grade Holstein cows. The cow-testing association is a guide-board on the way to better dairying and a big saving in feeds, as one can feed so much better advantage where the production is known. Trying to feed without records of your cows is like feeding in the dark."

## HEADSMAN ACTS IN FULL DRESS

Custom of Middle Ages Observed  
in Prussia in Murderer's  
Case.

### ASKS FOR EXECUTION

Prisoner Demands That Sentence Be  
Carried Out, as it Would Be Illogical  
for Minister of Justice  
Not to Do So.

Berlin.—That the execution of a death sentence is still carried out in a strange medieval manner in modern Prussia was brought to light recently in the case of Friedrich Schumann, convicted of murder.

Schumann himself did an odd thing. After being held in prison for nine months, he petitioned the Prussian government to carry out the sentence. He wrote that he was absorbed in meditation on his own "second ego" and insisted on the sentence being carried out on the ground that it would be illogical for the minister of justice not to do so as long as capital punishment remained in force.

#### Order Execution.

To oblige the prisoner instructions were given to the authorities at the Ploetzensee criminal prison for the sentence to be carried out. The following morning a table covered with a black cloth was placed in the courtyard of the prison behind the block. In convict's dress, with his hands bound behind him, Schumann was led into the courtyard by two warders. There he was received by the judge and the executioner, Herr Schwietz, Herr Schwietz, according to the custom, was attired in evening clothes, a top hat and white gloves. Beside the block stood his three assistants. The judge, sitting at the black table, greeted the prisoner with the words: "Are you Friedrich Schumann?"

After the prisoner had affirmed that he was, the judge read the sentence, and then, turning to the executioner, said: "Executioner, do your duty."

#### In Medieval Manner.

This was a signal for the three assistants to seize the prisoner. They tore off his coat and shirt, tied his



Raised the Headsman's Axe.

feet together and threw him head foremost on the block. Then the executioner, just as in the old days, raised the headsman's ax and with one stroke brought it down against the prisoner's neck. Schumann's head rolled into the sand. One of the assistants lifted it up and placed it in a coffin, into which the others lifted the body.

Only one newspaper commented on this crude execution; that was the Freiheit, which said: "In Germany, a democratic republic, justice still follows the methods of the Middle Ages. The present day is represented solely by the dress coat of the executioner, which covers the brutality of the execution. It is a crude Prussian picture—the Middle Ages with a veneer of kultur."

### PHONE GIRL SAVES A LIFE

Recalls Successful Treatment When  
She Hears Over Wire Man Is  
Dying of Hiccoughs.

Penns Grove, N. J.—The quick action of Miss Kathleen Tracy, night operator in the Bell Telephone exchange here, saved the life of William Ryan of Salem. At 5 a. m. the operator received a call to notify Rev. Father Massey to go to Ryan's home at once to administer the last sacrament, as he was pronounced by the family physician dying after suffering from the hiccoughs 48 hours.

Miss Tracy called the priest and recalling that Doctor Livingston, a local druggist, had once saved the life of a man with a simple prescription for curing hiccoughs, called him also. She then phoned the prescription to the dying man's home, and after a few doses the paroxysms stopped. The man is now out of danger.

## ADAPTABLE ALL-DAY DRESSES POPULAR WITH BUSY WOMEN



NOW enters, with assurance, the trim and handsome all-day, one-piece frock for fall, made of the same cloth as suits, and equal to playing their part. In their company are other daytime dresses, more elaborate, destined to share responsibilities with the formal suit in the winter wardrobe—but they are another story. The all-day dress makes a strong appeal to busy American women, who have no inclination or time for changing often and primping, but are determined, nevertheless, to be well-dressed in their utility clothes.

Nearly all these one-piece dresses are cut in the straight-line style, but there are some very handsome models among them with a picturesque flare in their skirts. In this case we are more than likely to find them handsomely embroidered. The newly arrived frock shown in the picture, strikes a happy medium—with a very slight flare in the

skirt portion. It announces its support of certain new features in fall styles by adapting them to its own use—namely, the narrow strap belt, made of the material, the bell-shaped, three-quarter-length sleeve and panels ingeniously continued in the skirt by means of inverted plaits.

Rows of braid border the sleeves and bottom of the skirt, and this braid appears in whorls on bodice and skirt. The collar is that most becoming type which is high at the back, with "V" shaped opening at the front and wide revers. A vestee of plain satin is detachable and may be replaced by one of lace, or net, when the wearer is inclined to refurbish up this adaptable frock. That is one of its many good points. It is a dress that will stand the test of continuous wear in all weathers, and it will prove becoming to most figures. It should be made in dark colors.

## SPORT SUITS ARE IMMENSELY POPULAR FOR COLLEGE WEAR



ALL WARDROBES are more or less permeated with a strong flavor of sports clothes, and in that of the college girl it is decidedly more. They suit her and she suits them, therefore the quiet paths of learning are destined to be brightened up this fall with snappy suits and hats a bit rakish. The style of clothes of this character, at once casual and spirited, strikes the right note for American young women, their endless variation keeps up a lively interest in them and makes them more and more successful.

One of the suits that is sure to please the college girl is among the earliest arrivals for fall and is pictured here. The neat, crossbar skirt, in two colors, makes all sorts of opportunity for color combinations and the coat of jersey cloth is selected to match either of the colors in the skirt, usually the darker and less vivid one. It is worth while to note the small details that distinguish this suit, the patch pockets bordered with pointed straps made of the material of the skirt, the cuffs and notched revers of the same. The vest of net and lace may take the place of a blouse when the coat is worn indoors—it is im-

mensely becoming. The skirt is shoe-top length—when the shoes are high. The outfit of the college girl will include one or two suits of this character and one that may be classed as the quiet paths of learning are destined to be brightened up this fall with snappy suits and hats a bit rakish. The style of clothes of this character, at once casual and spirited, strikes the right note for American young women, their endless variation keeps up a lively interest in them and makes them more and more successful.

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Julia Bottomley  
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**TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION**  
One Year ..... \$1 50  
Positively in Advance  
Names dropped as soon as delinquent

**W. M. TODD RETURNS**

**Gives Amusing Incidents of His Trip and Describes in Detail Conditions and Sentiments as He Found Them in The East.**

(By W. M. Todd.)

Since leaving Artesia on the tenth day of last June I have been in eleven different states as follows: Texas, Oklahoma, Kansas, Nebraska, Missouri, Iowa, Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and New York. In the states of New York, Illinois and Nebraska, I spent a considerable time. The others I simply passed through, but from even a car window inspection I was able to get a fair idea of crop conditions.

I left Artesia in the midst of a torrential rain. Most people were truthful enough to say it was the heaviest rain they ever saw in New Mexico. Others with a natural prejudice against truth claimed of course to have seen it rain much harder. All through the Texas Panhandle, Oklahoma, Kansas and Missouri, the streams and rivers were so swollen as to endanger bridges and embankments. Trains moved on the "low" in utter disregard of time schedules.

From Chicago eastward they were in the midst of a prolonged drouth, and many things, particularly wheat hay and pasture, were suffering. In New York the hay crop was the lightest known in many years. It was officially stated in the agricultural report that it would be short many millions tons.

What was still worse than the drouth was a severe cold snap near the middle of May. The temperature was only ten degrees above zero two or three nights in succession. This literally froze the grass to death and killed all the fruit. The fruit trees were in full bloom.

**Great Corn Crop.**

In all the states I visited the corn crop was unusually heavy. The heaviest crops were in New York and Nebraska. Both these states report a 125 per cent crop. Most of the crop in New York is raised for ensilage, and I heard several farmers say it was the heaviest they ever had. In Nebraska the foliage was the darkest, the stalks the richest and most prolific of all the corn I ever saw that was not raised by irrigation.

Another great crop in the East this year is buckwheat. Farmers there all raise a few acres every year. They grind the buckwheat with other grain for cattle, hogs and hens, and every family deems the menace of scurvy by eating buck-

wheat pancakes all winter.

**Berries and Grapes.**

The dry weather at the beginning of the season made the berries small and tasteless. They were better after the rains came. In order to revive youthful experiences your humble servant stealthily fled himself to the bushes one hot July forenoon and picked twelve quarts of blackberries. The experience bristled with sharp points which were deeply received and proved to be the most fatiguing stunt I pulled during the summer.

In the big grape raising valleys of New York the grape crop was badly injured by the frost and drouth. In the middle western states there is an average crop. On the lowlands tributary to the large streams wild grapes grow in great profusion. I learned with some surprise that much wine, some of the commercial commodity, is made from juice of the wild grape; also that it is thought by many to be superior to that of the tame variety. It has a wild flavor that cannot be entirely tamed, and more sugar is required. Of all the juice I got myself asked to drink during my summer's absence, all except a few gallons was made from wild grapes. I have no hesitation in recommending it.

**Unusually Hot Summer.**

Through all the eastern and middle western states the weather has been unusually hot and oppressive. In the states east of the Mississippi the temperature has not reached 100. But a temperature of even 95 with the ever present humidity is more oppressive than a much higher temperature with less humidity. In Lincoln, Nebraska, the temperature was very oppressive. One day it was 103, and Lincoln was on that day the hottest place recorded by the government. It was above a hundred several days in succession with scarcely a ray relief during the night. There were frequent rains but they seemed to cool the air only when the rain was falling, and when it ceased it often left conditions worse than before. Torridity plus humidity produces sweatidity in copious streams. The experiences of this trip awakened me as never before to a realization and appreciation of the relief afforded by the cool, restful nights of New Mexico during the hottest weather.

**Financial Conditions.**

The financial and economic condition of the country is still bad. And what is worse, it is improving very slowly, if at all. To attempt to describe conditions or explain them or figure out a scheme for their immediate improvement would be equally difficult. There are many things that are inconsistent and paradoxical. Employers are complaining because wages are so high, and employees are complaining because an attempt is being made to lower them. Producers on the farms, on the stock ranches and in the shops are complaining because their products bring so little while the ultimate consumers complain because they have to pay so much for them. Certain commodities are high where one would think they should be low, and vice versa. A farmer in Tompkins county, New York, told me he didn't believe there was one steer sold for beef in that county in a year. The male calves, he said, are sold for veal as

soon as they are old enough. All the beef sold over the counters in the markets is shipped from Chicago. Yet I saw round steak sold in Ithaca, New York, at thirty cents a pound and the same cuts sold in Lincoln, Nebraska, for fifty-five cents a pound. I saw flanks of veal and mutton (stewing pieces) sold in Ithaca for ten cents a pound, and in Omaha for thirty cents. And Omaha and Lincoln dealers pay no freights, for both cities have packing houses.

Will some highbrow student of economics please arise and explain how these things can be? And while he is on his feet will he please explain why clothing and shoes are sold cheaper in the west than in the east where they are made? There are other things equally strange.

**But They All Spend Money.**

But with everyone complaining of the times there is no apparent abatement of the tendency to spend money. Privations are as intolerable as ever and the roads to economy are not popular highways. Exorbitant rents have driven many to build houses, and most of the houses though built largely on borrowed money, are as convenient and rich in appointments as when times were easy.

A dealer in Dodge cars said he was 12 cars behind his orders, while Ford agents are claiming the privilege of keeping their places of business open on Sunday on the ground that they are selling necessities! They say the daily demand for their cars is so great that people will not wait from Saturday till Monday to buy them.

People as a rule dress as well, eat as luxurious food and travel as much as ever. Ball games, theatres and other amusements have lost none of their interest nor patronage. All this is not because money is plentiful, but because the average American is not constructed on a plan that will enable him to deprive himself of any of the common pleasures that he can possibly pay for.

**No Let Up in Travel.**

All who seriously believe the volume of travel has been lessened by the airplane altitude of transportation expenses would receive a sharp jolt if they should get into the swift currents of the popular thought-ogers. I have never traveled when the trains were crowded more than now. Arriving in Chicago, I asked for a berth on an East bound New York Central train and was told that they had just one upper berth left as far as Cleveland. All who applied after me had to sit up—and perhaps "take notice". From Cleveland to Buffalo I rode in a seat in the smoker with a woman who kept a second-hand quid of gum in operation the whole distance while on her lap she held a cross-eyed baby with an inquiring mind and bold habits. From Rochester to Chicago I was again obliged to ride in a Pullman Attie, and the train ran in two sections.

Going from Omaha to Kansas City on a Missouri Pacific train the smoking car carried as many ladies as men, and the load increased until a coach was borrowed from a northbound train in order that all might have a seat.

At Kansas City that night (Saturday) the hotel of my choice was so full I could not get a room, and going to the Union Station for breakfast next morning the immense dining room was so crowded that not nearly all could find seats at the same time. This passenger station is one of the very largest in the United States, covering acres of ground. But on that Sunday morning there was such a vast crowd that the capacity of the structure was taxed. There were people enough in that inclosure to make a small city—all waiting for trains to carry them to or from home.

These things are mentioned merely to show that while money still refuses to come from its hiding place, and the costs of traveling have nearly doubled, the volume of travel has not been visibly reduced.

**When Will Times Change?**

People in the East like to think that the financial skies are slowly clearing. But this feeling is based more upon hope than reality. The aspect is as serious as ever. Farmers are despondent, manufacturers are uneasy over the question of wages, banks feel obliged to maintain a conservative attitude and there are menacing mutterings from the increasing number of people out of a job. The parks of the large cities are the daily meeting places of the unemployed. They talk over their situation and denounce what seems to them to be unjust and wrong and their state of mind is such that they need but little urging to join the ranks of



**You'll enjoy the sport of rolling 'em with P. A.!**

**F**IRST thing you do next—go get some makin's papers and some Prince Albert tobacco and puff away on a home made cigarette that will hit on all your smoke cylinders!

No use sitting-by and saying maybe you'll cash this hunch tomorrow. Do it while the going's good, for man-o-man, you can't figure out what you're passing by! Such flavor, such coolness, such more-ish-ness—well, the only way to get the words emphatic enough is to go to it and know yourself!

And, besides Prince Albert's delightful flavor, there's its freedom from bite and parch which is cut out by our exclusive patented process! Certainly—you smoke P. A. from sun up till you slip between the sheets without a comeback.

Prince Albert is the tobacco that revolutionized pipe smoking. If you never could smoke a pipe—forget it! You can—AND YOU WILL—if you use Prince Albert for packing! It's a smoke revelation in a jimmy pipe or a cigarette!

Prince Albert is sold in tippy red bags, tippy red tins, hand-some pound and half pound tin humidors and in the pound crystal glass humidor with sponge moistener top.



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**PRINCE ALBERT**

the national joy smoke

trouble-makers. It is a common and logical belief that we are in for the most serious labor trouble during the coming winter that this country ever saw.

The views of people regarding the cure for prevalent conditions differ as much as the views concerning the cause of those conditions. But there is no one specific cause. Many events conspired to put us where we are, and there are many things to be adjusted before the national abnormality can be removed.

In the changed condition of things the happenings of the old world affect our interests as a nation much more than formerly. Our international relations have by the drift of events become so interwoven that our tide of prosperity must to a great degree rise and fall with those of European nations.

This is another way of saying that conditions in Europe must be better before they can be substantially better here. Eastern capitalists and business men appear to think our best hope of returning to a normal condition lies in our efforts to help the nations of Europe get on their feet, and that substantial recuperation will not come to us until that has been accomplished.

Next week I will give some impressions of the city of Lincoln, the capital of Nebraska and until recently the home of W. J. Bryan. I was much interested in the story of Mr. Bryan's citizenship and I drove out to see the farm on which he lived and still owns.

The Big 5 Sale closes Saturday. Have you taken advantage of the Low Prices?  
JOYCE-PRUIT COMPANY.

Mrs. Shattuck and children have returned from the ranch at Queen for the school year. Mr. Shattuck came with them and spent a few days looking after his interests here.

How about your Fall and Winter supply of Dry Goods. Save money. BUY IT NOW.  
JOYCE-PRUIT COMPANY.

B. F. Sanford and J. M. Proctor were transacting business in Roswell Wednesday.

For Job Printing Phone 7.

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Pure Milk and Cream

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quart..... 11c  
2 or more quarts..... 10c

J. M. Jackson, Prop.

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32x4	" "	20.00
33x4	" "	21.00
34x4	" "	22.00
32x4 1-2	" "	27.00
33x4 1-2	" "	28.00
33x4 1-2	" "	29.00

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We have a handsome assortment of woolsens for the man or young man at popular prices.

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**Repair Department** The best mechanics obtainable are in charge of our repair department and our work is guaranteed satisfactory. Bring in that repair job if you want it done right and at reasonable cost.

We are making a **BIG REDUCTION** on all Standard TIRES. GET OUR PRICES

**Pecos Valley Garage & Machine Shop**



# WASHINGTON CITY SIDELIGHTS



## Only One Pilot for the National Aircraft



WASHINGTON.—President Harding favors the proposal to place all the aircraft services of the government, military and civil, under one central authority. There has been an impression that the President was opposed to this plan and that impression was emphasized when Major General Menoher, chief of the air service of the army, asked the secretary of war to remove the assistant chief, Brig. Gen. William Mitchell, who was a persistent advocate of amalgamation of the army and navy air services.

It is learned, however, that the President is heartily in favor of the proposed amalgamation and that the joint reorganization commission, which is engaged in preparing plans for a reorganization of administration of the executive branch of the government, is inclined to recommend the unification of all the government's aircraft activities.

The position of President Harding in the matter is that amalgamation will work to efficiency and economy. One great difficulty pertaining to the present separate aircraft services that has impressed him is that there is no systematic method of awarding contracts for the construction of aircraft. One branch awards contracts without regard to any other government aircraft organization, and the President believes that this is detrimental to the upbuilding of private aircraft manufacture in the United States.

The aircraft manufacturers are dependent almost entirely on government patronage, as commercial demands are small, and it is claimed that unless the government so arranges its contracts as to distribute contracts among all those concerns which produce aircraft meeting government standards, some of them may be obliged to go out of business.

In these circumstances President Harding is understood to feel that a central government aircraft organization will be better able to determine how contracts should be awarded for the entire government.

Inference is drawn from what is learned of the President's position that he is in favor of the amalgamation of the War and the Navy departments into a department of national defense.

## More Than One Way to Pay Income Tax

APPROXIMATELY \$20,000,000 was added to the government revenues during the fiscal year just ended through recoveries from false and fraudulent income tax returns, Commissioner Blair announced recently. Indictments have been returned during the year in every section of the country, he said, and many jail sentences have been imposed, ranging from 60 days to a year, in addition to the fines and penalties, which were also assessed.

"Fraud upon the government by filing false and fraudulent tax returns appears in many unique ways," Mr. Blair said. "Some taxpayers are extremely crude in their methods, and reduce their taxes by merely omitting large items of income from their returns."

"Manipulations of inventory are not infrequently found, and these can always be checked accurately by the field examiners of the bureau, and no business of any size can keep accurate books and at the same time manipulate inventories. Some taxpay-



ers, evidently, are of the belief that they can hire unscrupulous accountants who reconstruct their books, and then if the fraud is discovered blame it all on the accountants, to whom they usually pay large fees."

In many instances field examiners have discovered that taxpayers keep two sets of books, one set accurately setting forth the status of the business and the other set fraudulently setting forth their income, and merely kept for the purpose of defrauding the government. It is safe to say that in nine out of ten of these latter cases the fraud is discovered within a short time after it is perpetrated.

## Is This an "Embarrassment of Riches"?



NEVER in the history of the world has so much gold been gathered within the confines of a single country as is in the United States today. The hoard now amounts to about one-third of the \$10,000,000,000 gold coin and bullion in the world and it is still growing.

Pretty much all the world owes us money, and whenever the debtors are able to pay something on account our gold pile increases. It will continue to grow so long as we sell more than we buy abroad.

This record smashing in the accumulation of gold is an expensive luxury for us Americans, according to

the economists who tell us that the inflow of the gold to the United States beginning early in the World war was an important factor in cheapening the dollar and increasing prices.

Whether prices and the purchasing power of the dollar ever will return to the pre-war level is a universal question which the economists answer with the assertion that until our gold hoard diminishes materially prices will not decline materially.

Prof. Irving Fisher of Yale university looks for a rise in wholesale prices and reviving business next fall.

The Stable Money league is studying the phenomena of price movements with a view to recommending legislation to counteract such fluctuations in the purchasing power of the dollar as have upset industry, commerce, and household economy in the last few years.

Professor Fisher proposes to stabilize the dollar by increasing its gold content when there is a tendency of gold to depreciate and decreasing its gold content when the tendency of gold is to appreciate.

## Admiral Sims Keeps the Postman Busy

WHAT'S the matter with Admiral Sims? Apparently nothing, except that he's buried under an avalanche of mail—or would be, if he didn't keep digging out about eight working hours a day. Anyway, so numerous are letters and telegrams received by Admiral Sims, following his speech in London when he expressed himself concerning the "technical American citizens" in this country, that the admiral has been obliged to resort to a printed form by way of acknowledgment.

Including cables sent him from the United States before he left London, the admiral carried to Newport with him messages from nearly a thousand well-wishers. Similar messages have been arriving ever since at the rate of about 100 a week.

A letter prepared by the admirals' return to Newport following a reprimand by the secretary of the London utterances, follows:

Report, R. L. July, 1921.—I thank you very sincerely indeed for your thoughtful kindness in taking the trouble to inform me of your approval and appreciation of the sentiments I expressed in the speech I



delivered in London before the English Speaking Union on June 7, 1921.

"It is significant that I have been assured by hundreds of telegrams, letters and resolutions from all parts of the United States that our people generally approve the sentiments expressed in that speech; and that they are strongly disposed effectively to resist any interference in our domestic politics or foreign relations by any hyphenated class of citizens whatever. I should like to have acknowledged your communication in a more personal manner, but the number of similar messages I have received would render this possible only at the expense of very considerable delay.

"Sincerely yours,  
"WILLIAM S. SIMS,  
"Rear Admiral U. S. Navy."

# The AMERICAN LEGION

(Copy for This Department Supplied by the American Legion News Service.)

## ACTOR BECOMES LEGION MAN

Frank Tinney, Member of New York City Post Lines Up Many of His Buddies.

The man with the smile is Frank Tinney. Broadway theatre-goers are familiar with the Tinney expanse of countenance and so are various former members of the army and navy, with both of which branches Tinney served in the late lamented guerre. Tinney is herewith snapped in the very act of joining the American Legion, F. W. Galbraith Jr. post, New York City. C. R. Baines, general manager of the American Legion Weekly fastened the button in Tinney's coat.

The actor's war record is an unusual one. He enlisted soon after the outbreak of hostilities in the navy as seaman, third class. After a hitch in the army passport transport service,



C. R. Baines and Frank Tinney.

he was promoted to ensign and then to lieutenant, junior grade. After eleven months in the navy he was transferred by executive order to the army as captain in the intelligence service and assigned as morale officer to various camps in this country. He was discharged three months after the armistice, with commendations from the chief of the Intelligence Bureau and from the White House.

Tinney has vigorously subscribed to the Legion motto: "Every member get a member" and has rounded up various members of the actors' colony who are eligible to Legion membership.

## LEGION MAN LOST NO TIME

North Carolina Lieutenant Rose From Farmer Boy to Numerous Ranks During War.

From farmer boy to high school teacher and later a lawyer and from buck private to first lieutenant are the records of Cale K. Burgess, the first department commander of the American Legion in North Carolina, who was the pioneer Legionnaire in his state. Burgess is adjutant and finance officer of the North Carolina department.

Born July 15, 1891, at Old Trap, Camden County, N. C., Burgess was reared on a farm. He received his early education at the village public school and later was graduated from Whitsett Institute, from which he entered the University of North Carolina. He received his bachelor of arts degree in 1912 and taught science in the public high school at Raleigh two years, studying law at the same time. In September, 1913, he was granted a license to practice law in North Carolina and pursued the practice of his profession until July, 1917, when he enlisted as a private in the First N. C. F. A. N. G., which regiment was soon afterward mustered into Federal service as the 113th F. A., 30th, Division.

During the St. Mihiel offensive he served as artillery liaison officer. In the Argonne offensive and until after the signing of the armistice he served as regimental intelligence officer. He was in service eighteen months and served as private, corporal, sergeant, battalion sergeant-major, regimental sergeant-major, second lieutenant and first lieutenant. With the latter rank he served as adjutant of his regiment during the last months of his service.

No Trespassers Allowed. One of the wings of the plane had broken, and its pilot, after crashing through a mass of planking and plaster, found himself resting on a concrete surface in utter darkness. "Where am I?" he asked feebly. "You're in my cellar," came an ominous voice out of the blackness. "But I'm watching you."—American Legion Weekly.

## BOOSTING FOR LEGION MEN

Veteran of Royal Irish Rifles Seeks Recognition of Americans in the Canadian Service.

The German invasion of Belgium in August, 1914, found Mike Sullivan, veteran of the



Royal Irish Rifles, managing a hotel on Broadway, New York. He chafed behind the register until a hot day in June, 1915, when he bade farewell to his wife and children, gave them the year's profits and sailed as a steward on a liner bound for Liverpool.

He worked his way to Aberdeen, Scotland, where, by citing his father's long service with the Gordon Highlanders, he persuaded the kilts to enlist him despite his forty-five years. Later he obtained transfer to the Eighty-third Royal Irish Rifles, with whom he had fought three years in South Africa, and sailed for France in August of 1915.

Wounded at Armentieres, he was sent back to the United States in 1916 as "unfit for service." He spent a period in Mount Clemens hospital, was discharged and set out for Canada, where he persuaded the Three Hundred and Fifty-fifth infantry, Canadian Expeditionary Forces, to take him on. Overseas his old wound caused trouble, and he was sent back to the United States again, "unfit," etc.

Arriving in America in 1918, he toured New York and vicinity for the Third Liberty loan, appearing in his kilts, singing trench songs and telling why the loan should be oversubscribed. With Congressman F. C. Hicks he likewise campaigned for the Fourth Liberty loan, resting up while the Victory loan was carried through to success.

Sullivan, a member of the American Legion at his home on Staten Island, recently appeared at national headquarters of the Legion to offer his aid in obtaining for Americans who enlisted with the Canadians the same privileges as have been accorded the C. E. F. veterans. Now he is in Canada seeking a hearing with Dominion officials in the matter.

## COMMANDS NEW S. S. 'LEGION'

Captain Corkum Soon to Make Trip to South America—Sent Two Subs Down.

Capt. Alex C. Corkum, commander of the new S. S. American Legion, which is soon to make its first trip to South America, is accredited with having sunk two German submarines while he was commander of the U. S. transport "Amphion" in naval transport service during the war.

Preparations are now under way for a two-day trial trip of the "American Legion" from Camden, N. J., where it was constructed by the New York Ship Building corporation for the United States shipping board. John G. Emery, national commander of the American Legion, together with other officials of the legion and representatives of this and other countries will be on board the ship during the trial trip.

Captain Corkum, besides his submarine sinking record, is famous for having established a new world's record for running time between New York and South America. The "American Legion" will be operated between New York and South American ports.

## EVERY MEMBER GET ANOTHER

Indications Are That Big Campaign Will Double Membership of American Legion.

The "every-member-get-a-member" campaign of the American Legion has begun, and reports received at the national headquarters at Indianapolis indicate that the purpose of the campaign, to double the membership, will soon be accomplished.

To double the membership of the Legion was the ardent wish of F. W. Galbraith Jr., late national commander, who was killed in an automobile accident at Indianapolis. His successor, John G. Emery of Grand Rapids, Mich., was probably the first member of the Legion to get a member when the present campaign opened.

Mr. Galbraith planned the campaign a short time before his death. He was anxious to have the membership doubled by October. It now appears that the campaign will end before that time.

In his statement setting out plans for the campaign, Mr. Galbraith said: "The Legion has earned the right to do something in a national way primarily in the interests of its organization, and the time has come to exercise that right. I propose that the American Legion shall exactly double its membership. A tremendous undertaking you say. Yes, tremendously simple. Just an intensive effort when every Legion member in the world shall go out, lay a firm but friendly hand upon a buddy and sign him up. Every member get a member—and the job is done."

# IN THE PUBLIC EYE

## United States and Canada



Prime Minister Meighen of Canada has attracted world-wide attention by his ultimatum to the British foreign office. The imperial conference had heard a statement from Lord Curzon, foreign secretary, and was about to consider the modified renewal of the Anglo-Japanese alliance, for which British diplomacy, as distinct from the dominions, was strongly pressing, when Mr. Meighen arose and challenged a broader issue in four propositions. The discussion of the alliance had to be postponed.

The four propositions are briefly these: Canada claimed that the dominions must be "fully informed" over British policy affecting India, Mesopotamia and the East. The second proposition was that where policy affected not only the East but the dominions they should be not only "fully informed" but "consulted," which means that they are to be granted a right of comment. The third goes far beyond either "information" or "consultation." In the cases of treaties it is claimed that none of these instruments are to be valid unless approved by the parliaments of the dominions.

The fourth of the Canadian conditions demands that in any matter affecting the United States the decision of Canada shall be final. In other words, a condition of Canada remaining fully within the empire is, that no situation of which she disapproves shall be allowed to develop between the empire and her great neighbor.

## Gompers, 71, Active as Ever

Samuel Gompers is in the limelight all the while, both because of his position as president of the American Federation of Labor and of his many activities. Indeed, friends of the veteran labor leader say he is the most active man in the United States, despite his seventy-one years. He traveled an average of 100 miles a day during 1920, one trip being made by airplane to keep an engagement. During the past year he has written four books and fifty pamphlets. In addition to his administrative work as president, Mr. Gompers edits the American Federationist, directs labor's efforts to obtain favorable legislation at Washington and keeps in touch with labor activities throughout the country.

He married Sophia Julian of New York city early in life. After her death he married Mrs. Gertrude Gleavens Neuscheler of Zanesville, Ohio, in April of this year.

Born in England, Mr. Gompers came to America when thirteen years old. Working as a cigarmaker he organized an international cigarmakers' union in 1864 and was secretary and president for six years.

The history of Samuel Gompers is largely a history of organized labor. Since 1881, with the exception of one term, he has been president of the American Federation of Labor, which he was largely instrumental in organizing.



## Churchill's "Reminiscences"



Winston Spencer-Churchill, British secretary of state for the colonies, has made a more profitable deal with the London publishers, Thornton & Butterworth, than did Mrs. Herbert Asquith, for whereas they gave her \$80,000 for her much-discussed autobiography, they have undertaken to pay to him down \$80,000 for his "Reminiscences" of the last eight years in addition to royalties. The work, which is to appear in the autumn in two volumes is already completed. It is likely to be of extraordinary interest, for its author has intimated that his various statements will be supported by a number of heretofore unrevealed official documents, calculated to shed an altogether new light upon certain features of Great Britain's policies in the recent war and its aftermath. He indicates that the volumes will create a sensation, and there is reason to believe that he is speaking the truth.

As everybody knows, he is the son of Lord Randolph Churchill and a gifted American mother, who was Jennie Jerome of New York and died recently. His luck is a byword in Great Britain. He has been proverbially and exceptionally lucky, invariably falling upon his feet, and retaining his hold upon popular interest and good will, no matter how grievous his mistakes in the past.

## Jewels for Gates' Heiress

The state of New York has summoned the executors of the estate of Mrs. John W. Gates to determine whether the estate shall pay inheritance taxes in New York of \$884,089 on personal property located in this state or on \$17,000,000 located in Texas and elsewhere.

According to Mrs. Gates' executors, her jewelry constitutes the most valuable part of her property in New York and is valued at \$458,670. The more valuable pieces are a pearl necklace, \$110,000; pearl ear studs, \$25,000; diamond and brown pearl necklace, \$25,000; pearl necklace, 240 pearls, \$38,000; pearl and diamond collar, \$15,000; diamond corsage piece, \$20,000; oriental pearl drop, \$25,000; diamond necklace, \$20,000; diamond lognon chain, \$20,000; emerald and diamond necklace, twenty emeralds, \$30,000.

A value of \$324,325 is placed by her executors on the paintings Mrs. Gates had in her apartment in the Plaza. Other items in their list of personal belongings are: Glass, china, silver, gold and linen, \$18,423; guns and pistols, \$2,317; furs, \$29,671, and contents of garage, \$9,563.

Under Mrs. Gates' will her niece, Dellora F. Angell of Lake Forest, Ill., receives one-half of the residue, and has a surviving interest in the other half, which is made into a life estate for Mrs. Gates' brother, Edward J. Baker, St. Charles, Ill.





Rupert F. Asplund, director of the Taxpayers association, was handed a hot one by Chas. C. Winia regarding Amendment No. 4...

IN THE PROBATE COURT OF EDDY COUNTY, NEW MEXICO. In the Matter of the Estate of William W. Major, Deceased. No. 448.

Notice of the Hearing of the Petition to Probate the Will and Appoint an Executor. The State of New Mexico, To Whom it may Concern;

ELECTION PROCLAMATION. BE IT REMEMBERED, the Board of County Commissioners met in Special Session on this 3rd day of September, 1921.

Whereas by Section 1977 of the New Mexico Statute, Codification of 1915, and amendments thereto, it is made the duty of the Board of County Commissioners of each county, in the State of New Mexico to proclaim the elections that are to be held in the respective counties...

each of said offices as the names are on file in the office of the County Clerk, and the post office addresses of each of said candidates...

NOW, THEREFORE, We, the Board of County Commissioners of Eddy County, New Mexico, pursuant to law, and the authority vested in us do hereby proclaim and order a Special Election to be held in Eddy County, State of New Mexico...

We do further proclaim that at said election the qualified voters of said County shall vote for the following officer to be elected by the state at large: One United States Senator to serve the term of six years.

We do further proclaim that the places where said election shall be held in said County of Eddy are as follows, to-wit: Precinct No. 1, Carlshad, Armory, Precinct No. 2, Malaga, Williams Garage.

The following persons are hereby appointed as Judges of said election: Carlshad, Precinct No. 1: C. D. Rickman, J. D. Hudgins, Joseph Wertheim, Malaga, Precinct No. 2: J. N. Plozman, J. C. Queen, A. W. Dahlman, Hope, Precinct No. 3: Noel L. Johnson, E. L. Brewer, C. R. Coffin, Lakewood, Precinct No. 4: A. B. Wood, B. L. McAleer, A. C. Crozier, Loving, Precinct No. 5: T. J. Fletcher, Charlie Foster, H. M. Bright, Artesia, Precinct No. 6: S. W. Gilbert, Dave Runyon, A. C. Keinath, Dayton, Precinct No. 7: W. C. Marable, Charley Rogers, E. L. Humphreys, Queen, Precinct No. 8: D. A. McCollum, Tom Middleton, Ned Shattuck, Otho, Precinct No. 9: W. D. Bales, W. W. Galton, B. B. Worley, Cottonwood, Precinct No. 10: N. C. Doering, G. W. O'Bannon, C. Chaplin.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED: That pursuant to Chapter 128, Session Laws of 1921, the following constitutional amendments are submitted to the qualified voters of the State of New Mexico at the Special Election to be held September 20, 1921.

NO. 1 JOINT RESOLUTION PROVIDING FOR THE AMENDMENT OF SECTION 2 OF ARTICLE VII OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO.

Section 2. Every citizen of the United States who is a legal resident of the State and is a qualified elector therein, shall be qualified to hold any public office in the state except as otherwise provided in this Constitution. The right to hold public office in the State of New Mexico shall not be denied or abridged on account of sex, and wherever the masculine gender is used in this Constitution, in defining the qualifications for specific offices, it shall be construed to include the feminine gender.

NO. 2 A RESOLUTION PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO SECTION 22 OF ARTICLE II OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO.

Section 22. Until otherwise provided by law no alien ineligible to citizenship under the laws of the United States, or corporation, copartnership or association, a majority of the stock or interest in which is owned or held by such aliens, shall acquire title, leasehold or other interest in or to real estate in New Mexico.

For the Amendment ..... [ ] Against the Amendment ..... [ ]

NO. 3 A JOINT RESOLUTION PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO SECTION I OF ARTICLE V OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO, ENTITLED "EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT."

Section 1. The executive department shall consist of a governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, state auditor, state treasurer, attorney general, superintendent of public instruction and commissioner of public lands, who shall be elected for a term of two years beginning on the first day of January next after their election.

For the Amendment ..... [ ] Against the Amendment ..... [ ]

NO. 4 A JOINT RESOLUTION PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO SECTION 5 OF ARTICLE VIII OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO, ENTITLED "TAXATION AND REVENUE."

Section 5. The legislature may exempt from taxation property of each head of a family to the amount of two hundred dollars, and the property of every honorably discharged soldier, sailor, marine and army nurse, and the widow of every such soldier, sailor, or marine, who served in the armed forces of the United States at any time during the period in which the United States was regularly and officially engaged in any war, in the sum of two thousand dollars.

For the Amendment ..... [ ] Against the Amendment ..... [ ]

NO. 5 HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO ARTICLE XI OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO, ENTITLED "CORPORATIONS OTHER THAN MUNICIPAL."

Section 19. The Legislature may by enactment change, alter or enlarge the powers and duties of the State Corporation Commission created by Section 1 of this Article for the control and regulation of corporations and may change or alter the provisions for the enforcement of its orders.

For the Amendment ..... [ ] Against the Amendment ..... [ ]

NO. 6 JOINT RESOLUTION PROPOSING THE AMENDMENT OF SECTION 3, ARTICLE XX, AND SECTION 3, ARTICLE IV, OF THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO.

Section 1. That Section 22 of Article II of the Constitution of the State of New Mexico be amended so that the said section shall read as follows:

Section 22. Until otherwise provided by law no alien ineligible to citizenship under the laws of the United States, or corporation, copartnership or association, a majority of the stock or interest in which is owned or held by such aliens, shall acquire title, leasehold or other interest in or to real estate in New Mexico.

Section 3. The term of office of every state, county or district office, except the governor of the state, and those elected to fill vacancies, shall commence on the first day of January next after his election.

For the Amendment ..... [ ] Against the Amendment ..... [ ]

Section 5. "Sub-Section (A) The regular biennial session of the legislature shall begin at twelve o'clock, noon, on the first Tuesday of February next after each general election.

For the Amendment ..... [ ] Against the Amendment ..... [ ]

Section 6. All of the duties, powers, and prerogatives now by law incumbent upon or vested in the Commissioner of Public Lands of the State of New Mexico, shall as soon as the first three members, appointed and confirmed upon authority of this act, shall qualify be incumbent upon and vested in the State Land Commission, and said Commission shall thereupon be deemed to be the legal successor of the Commissioner of Public Lands of this State.

For the Amendment ..... [ ] Against the Amendment ..... [ ]

Section 7. Any qualified elector of the State of New Mexico, who has attained the age of thirty years, and who shall have been a resident of the State of New Mexico for five years next preceding his appointment shall be qualified to hold office as a member of the State Land Commission.

For the Amendment ..... [ ] Against the Amendment ..... [ ]

Section 8. The State Land Commission shall have a seal with an appropriate device thereon, and such seal affixed to any instrument signed by the Chairman or Acting Chairman, and attested by the Chief Clerk, shall be prima facie evidence of the due execution thereof.

For the Amendment ..... [ ] Against the Amendment ..... [ ]

Section 9. Each member of the Commission shall, before entering upon the oath of office, as prescribed for all State duties of his office, qualify by taking the oath, and shall execute a bond, in favor of the State, in the penal sum of \$50,000.00, conditioned upon the faithful performance of the duties of his office.

For the Amendment ..... [ ] Against the Amendment ..... [ ]

Section 10. The Chairman of the State Land Commission shall be the third member, together with the Governor and Attorney General, of the Commission created by Section II, of the Act of Congress, approved June 10th, 1920, commonly called the Enabling Act.

For the Amendment ..... [ ] Against the Amendment ..... [ ]

Section 11. That the following amendment to Article IX of the Constitution of the State of New Mexico as an additional section of said Article IX, to be numbered Section 16, is proposed, to be submitted to the electors of the state at an election to be held.

Section 16. Laws enacted by the Fifth Legislature authorizing the issue and sale of State Highway Bonds for the purpose of providing funds for the construction and improvement of State Highways and to enable the State to meet and secure allotments of Federal Funds to aid in construction and improvement of roads, and laws so enacted authorizing the issue and sale of State Highway Debentures to anticipate the collection of revenues from motor vehicle licenses and other revenues provided by law for the State Road Fund, shall take effect without submitting them to the electors of the state and notwithstanding that the total indebtedness of the state may thereby temporarily exceed one percentum of the assessed valuation of all property subject to taxation in the state. Provided, that the total amount of such State Highway Bonds payable from proceeds of taxes levied on property outstanding at any one time shall not exceed two million dollars. The legislature shall not enact any law which will decrease the amount of the annual revenues pledged for the payment of State Highway Debentures or which will divert any of such revenues to any other purpose so long as any of the said debentures remain unpaid.

For the Amendment ..... [ ] Against the Amendment ..... [ ]

Section 12. No city, town or village shall contract any debt except by an ordinance, which shall be irrevocable until the indebtedness therein provided for shall have been fully paid or discharged, and which shall specify for the purpose to which the funds to be raised shall be applied, and which shall provide for the levy of a tax not exceeding twelve mills on the dollar upon all taxable property within such city, town or village, sufficient to pay the interest on, and to extinguish the principal of, such debt within fifty years. The proceeds of such tax shall be applied, only to the payment of such interest and principal. No such debt shall be created unless the questions of incurring the same, shall at a regular election for councilmen, aldermen or other officers of such city, town or village, or at a special election duly called for that specific purpose, in the same manner as for a regular election, have been submitted to a vote of such qualified electors thereof as have paid a property tax therein during the preceding year, and a majority of those voting on the question, deposited in a separate ballot box, shall have voted in favor of creating such debt.

For the Amendment ..... [ ] Against the Amendment ..... [ ]

Section 13. That Section 2 of Article X of the Constitution of the State of New Mexico, entitled "County and Municipal Corporations," be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows: "Section 2. All County officers shall be elected for a term of two years, until otherwise provided by law, and no County officer, except the County School Superintendent, after having served two consecutive terms, shall be eligible to hold any County office for two years thereafter."

For the Amendment ..... [ ] Against the Amendment ..... [ ]

Section 14. That the following amendment to Article IX of the Constitution of the State of New Mexico as an additional section of said Article IX, to be numbered Section 16, is proposed, to be submitted to the electors of the state at an election to be held.

Section 16. Laws enacted by the Fifth Legislature authorizing the issue and sale of State Highway Bonds for the purpose of providing funds for the construction and improvement of State Highways and to enable the State to meet and secure allotments of Federal Funds to aid in construction and improvement of roads, and laws so enacted authorizing the issue and sale of State Highway Debentures to anticipate the collection of revenues from motor vehicle licenses and other revenues provided by law for the State Road Fund, shall take effect without submitting them to the electors of the state and notwithstanding that the total indebtedness of the state may thereby temporarily exceed one percentum of the assessed valuation of all property subject to taxation in the state. Provided, that the total amount of such State Highway Bonds payable from proceeds of taxes levied on property outstanding at any one time shall not exceed two million dollars. The legislature shall not enact any law which will decrease the amount of the annual revenues pledged for the payment of State Highway Debentures or which will divert any of such revenues to any other purpose so long as any of the said debentures remain unpaid.

The maximum amount of tax to be levied for health purposes shall not exceed one-half (1/2) mill. The maximum rate of tax to be levied by school districts for special school district purposes, shall not exceed five (5) mills on the dollar. The foregoing limitations shall not apply to levies for the payment of the public debt or interest thereon; Provided, further, that the limitations herein contained shall not apply to tax levies authorized by the Fifth Legislature and exempted from similar limitations in existing laws.

For the Amendment ..... [ ] Against the Amendment ..... [ ]

Section 15. That Section 5, of Article IV of the Constitution of the State of New Mexico be and the same is hereby amended to read as follows: "Section 5. "Sub-Section (A) The regular biennial session of the legislature shall begin at twelve o'clock, noon, on the first Tuesday of February next after each general election. No regular session shall exceed sixty days and no special session shall exceed thirty days.

For the Amendment ..... [ ] Against the Amendment ..... [ ]

Section 16. All moneys received on account of the state from any source whatsoever, shall be paid into the treasury thereof. "Sub-Section (C). The legislature shall not appropriate any money out of the treasury except in accordance with the provisions of this section.

For the Amendment ..... [ ] Against the Amendment ..... [ ]

Section 17. On or before the 15th day of January in each year next preceding the regular biennial session of the legislature, every department, institution and agency of the State, except the legislative department, shall submit to the governor of the state a detailed statement showing actual revenues and expenditures for the two fiscal years intervening since the last regular session of the legislature, together with estimates of appropriations required to meet the financial needs of such department, institution or agency, itemized as the governor may require.

For the Amendment ..... [ ] Against the Amendment ..... [ ]

Section 18. On or before the twentieth day of every regular session of the legislature, the governor shall prepare, and shall submit to the legislature, a budget containing a detailed statement and estimate of all anticipated revenues of the state, and a complete plan of proposed expenditures for the state government, during the ensuing biennium.

For the Amendment ..... [ ] Against the Amendment ..... [ ]

Section 19. For the purpose of preparing his budget the governor shall have power to require any board, commission, officer or department to furnish him with any information which he may deem necessary.

For the Amendment ..... [ ] Against the Amendment ..... [ ]

Section 20. At the time the governor submits his budget to the legislature, he shall also submit a bill, to be known as the "General Appropriation Bill," which shall contain all of the proposed appropriations of the budget clearly itemized and classified, and the presiding officer of each house shall, immediately, cause said bill to be referred, together with the accompanying budget, to the appropriate committee, for its consideration.

For the Amendment ..... [ ] Against the Amendment ..... [ ]

Section 21. Any qualified elector of the State of New Mexico, who has attained the age of thirty years, and who shall have been a resident of the State of New Mexico for five years next preceding his appointment shall be qualified to hold office as a member of the State Land Commission.

For the Amendment ..... [ ] Against the Amendment ..... [ ]

Section 22. The State Land Commission shall have a seal with an appropriate device thereon, and such seal affixed to any instrument signed by the Chairman or Acting Chairman, and attested by the Chief Clerk, shall be prima facie evidence of the due execution thereof.

For the Amendment ..... [ ] Against the Amendment ..... [ ]

Section 23. Each member of the Commission shall, before entering upon the oath of office, as prescribed for all State duties of his office, qualify by taking the oath, and shall execute a bond, in favor of the State, in the penal sum of \$50,000.00, conditioned upon the faithful performance of the duties of his office.

For the Amendment ..... [ ] Against the Amendment ..... [ ]

Section 24. The Chairman of the State Land Commission shall be the third member, together with the Governor and Attorney General, of the Commission created by Section II, of the Act of Congress, approved June 10th, 1920, commonly called the Enabling Act.

For the Amendment ..... [ ] Against the Amendment ..... [ ]

Section 25. That the following amendment to Article IX of the Constitution of the State of New Mexico as an additional section of said Article IX, to be numbered Section 16, is proposed, to be submitted to the electors of the state at an election to be held.

Section 16. Laws enacted by the Fifth Legislature authorizing the issue and sale of State Highway Bonds for the purpose of providing funds for the construction and improvement of State Highways and to enable the State to meet and secure allotments of Federal Funds to aid in construction and improvement of roads, and laws so enacted authorizing the issue and sale of State Highway Debentures to anticipate the collection of revenues from motor vehicle licenses and other revenues provided by law for the State Road Fund, shall take effect without submitting them to the electors of the state and notwithstanding that the total indebtedness of the state may thereby temporarily exceed one percentum of the assessed valuation of all property subject to taxation in the state. Provided, that the total amount of such State Highway Bonds payable from proceeds of taxes levied on property outstanding at any one time shall not exceed two million dollars. The legislature shall not enact any law which will decrease the amount of the annual revenues pledged for the payment of State Highway Debentures or which will divert any of such revenues to any other purpose so long as any of the said debentures remain unpaid.

The maximum amount of tax to be levied for health purposes shall not exceed one-half (1/2) mill. The maximum rate of tax to be levied by school districts for special school district purposes, shall not exceed five (5) mills on the dollar. The foregoing limitations shall not apply to levies for the payment of the public debt or interest thereon; Provided, further, that the limitations herein contained shall not apply to tax levies authorized by the Fifth Legislature and exempted from similar limitations in existing laws.

For the Amendment ..... [ ] Against the Amendment ..... [ ]

Section 26. No city, town or village shall contract any debt except by an ordinance, which shall be irrevocable until the indebtedness therein provided for shall have been fully paid or discharged, and which shall specify for the purpose to which the funds to be raised shall be applied, and which shall provide for the levy of a tax not exceeding twelve mills on the dollar upon all taxable property within such city, town or village, sufficient to pay the interest on, and to extinguish the principal of, such debt within fifty years. The proceeds of such tax shall be applied, only to the payment of such interest and principal. No such debt shall be created unless the questions of incurring the same, shall at a regular election for councilmen, aldermen or other officers of such city, town or village, or at a special election duly called for that specific purpose, in the same manner as for a regular election, have been submitted to a vote of such qualified electors thereof as have paid a property tax therein during the preceding year, and a majority of those voting on the question, deposited in a separate ballot box, shall have voted in favor of creating such debt.

For the Amendment ..... [ ] Against the Amendment ..... [ ]

Section 27. That Section 2 of Article X of the Constitution of the State of New Mexico, entitled "County and Municipal Corporations," be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows: "Section 2. All County officers shall be elected for a term of two years, until otherwise provided by law, and no County officer, except the County School Superintendent, after having served two consecutive terms, shall be eligible to hold any County office for two years thereafter."

For the Amendment ..... [ ] Against the Amendment ..... [ ]

Section 28. That the following amendment to Article IX of the Constitution of the State of New Mexico as an additional section of said Article IX, to be numbered Section 16, is proposed, to be submitted to the electors of the state at an election to be held.

Section 16. Laws enacted by the Fifth Legislature authorizing the issue and sale of State Highway Bonds for the purpose of providing funds for the construction and improvement of State Highways and to enable the State to meet and secure allotments of Federal Funds to aid in construction and improvement of roads, and laws so enacted authorizing the issue and sale of State Highway Debentures to anticipate the collection of revenues from motor vehicle licenses and other revenues provided by law for the State Road Fund, shall take effect without submitting them to the electors of the state and notwithstanding that the total indebtedness of the state may thereby temporarily exceed one percentum of the assessed valuation of all property subject to taxation in the state. Provided, that the total amount of such State Highway Bonds payable from proceeds of taxes levied on property outstanding at any one time shall not exceed two million dollars. The legislature shall not enact any law which will decrease the amount of the annual revenues pledged for the payment of State Highway Debentures or which will divert any of such revenues to any other purpose so long as any of the said debentures remain unpaid.

For the Amendment ..... [ ] Against the Amendment ..... [ ]

Section 29. That the following amendment to Article IX of the Constitution of the State of New Mexico as an additional section of said Article IX, to be numbered Section 16, is proposed, to be submitted to the electors of the state at an election to be held.

Section 16. Laws enacted by the Fifth Legislature authorizing the issue and sale of State Highway Bonds for the purpose of providing funds for the construction and improvement of State Highways and to enable the State to meet and secure allotments of Federal Funds to aid in construction and improvement of roads, and laws so enacted authorizing the issue and sale of State Highway Debentures to anticipate the collection of revenues from motor vehicle licenses and other revenues provided by law for the State Road Fund, shall take effect without submitting them to the electors of the state and notwithstanding that the total indebtedness of the state may thereby temporarily exceed one percentum of the assessed valuation of all property subject to taxation in the state. Provided, that the total amount of such State Highway Bonds payable from proceeds of taxes levied on property outstanding at any one time shall not exceed two million dollars. The legislature shall not enact any law which will decrease the amount of the annual revenues pledged for the payment of State Highway Debentures or which will divert any of such revenues to any other purpose so long as any of the said debentures remain unpaid.

For the Amendment ..... [ ] Against the Amendment ..... [ ]

Section 30. That the following amendment to Article IX of the Constitution of the State of New Mexico as an additional section of said Article IX, to be numbered Section 16, is proposed, to be submitted to the electors of the state at an election to be held.

Section 16. Laws enacted by the Fifth Legislature authorizing the issue and sale of State Highway Bonds for the purpose of providing funds for the construction and improvement of State Highways and to enable the State to meet and secure allotments of Federal Funds to aid in construction and improvement of roads, and laws so enacted authorizing the issue and sale of State Highway Debentures to anticipate the collection of revenues from motor vehicle licenses and other revenues provided by law for the State Road Fund, shall take effect without submitting them to the electors of the state and notwithstanding that the total indebtedness of the state may thereby temporarily exceed one percentum of the assessed valuation of all property subject to taxation in the state. Provided, that the total amount of such State Highway Bonds payable from proceeds of taxes levied on property outstanding at any one time shall not exceed two million dollars. The legislature shall not enact any law which will decrease the amount of the annual revenues pledged for the payment of State Highway Debentures or which will divert any of such revenues to any other purpose so long as any of the said debentures remain unpaid.

For the Amendment ..... [ ] Against the Amendment ..... [ ]

Section 31. That the following amendment to Article IX of the Constitution of the State of New Mexico as an additional section of said Article IX, to be numbered Section 16, is proposed, to be submitted to the electors of the state at an election to be held.

Section 16. Laws enacted by the Fifth Legislature authorizing the issue and sale of State Highway Bonds for the purpose of providing funds for the construction and improvement of State Highways and to enable the State to meet and secure allotments of Federal Funds to aid in construction and improvement of roads, and laws so enacted authorizing the issue and sale of State Highway Debentures to anticipate the collection of revenues from motor vehicle licenses and other revenues provided by law for the State Road Fund, shall take effect without submitting them to the electors of the state and notwithstanding that the total indebtedness of the state may thereby temporarily exceed one percentum of the assessed valuation of all property subject to taxation in the state. Provided, that the total amount of such State Highway Bonds payable from proceeds of taxes levied on property outstanding at any one time shall not exceed two million dollars. The legislature shall not enact any law which will decrease the amount of the annual revenues pledged for the payment of State Highway Debentures or which will divert any of such revenues to any other purpose so long as any of the said debentures remain unpaid.

For the Amendment ..... [ ] Against the Amendment ..... [ ]

Section 32. That the following amendment to Article IX of the Constitution of the State of New Mexico as an additional section of said Article IX, to be numbered Section 16, is proposed, to be submitted to the electors of the state at an election to be held.

Section 16. Laws enacted by the Fifth Legislature authorizing the issue and sale of State Highway Bonds for the purpose of providing funds for the construction and improvement of State Highways and to enable the State to meet and secure allotments of Federal Funds to aid in construction and improvement of roads, and laws so enacted authorizing the issue and sale of State Highway Debentures to anticipate the collection of revenues from motor vehicle licenses and other revenues provided by law for the State Road Fund, shall take effect without submitting them to the electors of the state and notwithstanding that the total indebtedness of the state may thereby temporarily exceed one percentum of the assessed valuation of all property subject to taxation in the state. Provided, that the total amount of such State Highway Bonds payable from proceeds of taxes levied on property outstanding at any one time shall not exceed two million dollars. The legislature shall not enact any law which will decrease the amount of the annual revenues pledged for the payment of State Highway Debentures or which will divert any of such revenues to any other purpose so long as any of the said debentures remain unpaid.

For the Amendment ..... [ ] Against the Amendment ..... [ ]

Section 33. That the following amendment to Article IX of the Constitution of the State of New Mexico as an additional section of said Article IX, to be numbered Section 16, is proposed, to be submitted to the electors of the state at an election to be held.

Section 16. Laws enacted by the Fifth Legislature authorizing the issue and sale of State Highway Bonds for the purpose of providing funds for the construction and improvement of State Highways and to enable the State to meet and secure allotments of Federal Funds to aid in construction and improvement of roads, and laws so enacted authorizing the issue and sale of State Highway Debentures to anticipate the collection of revenues from motor vehicle licenses and other revenues provided by law for the State Road Fund, shall take effect without submitting them to the electors of the state and notwithstanding that the total indebtedness of the state may thereby temporarily exceed one percentum of the assessed valuation of all property subject to taxation in the state. Provided, that the total amount of such State Highway Bonds payable from proceeds of taxes levied on property outstanding at any one time shall not exceed two million dollars. The legislature shall not enact any law which will decrease the amount of the annual revenues pledged for the payment of State Highway Debentures or which will divert any of such revenues to any other purpose so long as any of the said debentures remain unpaid.

For the Amendment ..... [ ] Against the Amendment ..... [ ]

Section 34. That the following amendment to Article IX of the Constitution of the State of New Mexico as an additional section of said Article IX, to be numbered Section 16, is proposed, to be submitted to the electors of the state at an election to be held.

Section 16. Laws enacted by the Fifth Legislature authorizing the issue and sale of State Highway Bonds for the purpose of providing funds for the construction and improvement of State Highways and to enable the State to meet and secure allotments of Federal Funds to aid in construction and improvement of roads, and laws so enacted authorizing the issue and sale of State Highway Debentures to anticipate the collection of revenues from motor vehicle licenses and other revenues provided by law for the State Road Fund, shall take effect without submitting them to the electors of the state and notwithstanding that the total indebtedness of the state may thereby temporarily exceed one percentum of the assessed valuation of all property subject to taxation in the state. Provided, that the total amount of such State Highway Bonds payable from proceeds of taxes levied on property outstanding at any one time shall not exceed two million dollars. The legislature shall not enact any law which will decrease the amount of the annual revenues pledged for the payment of State Highway Debentures or which will divert any of such revenues to any other purpose so long as any of the said debentures remain unpaid.

For the Amendment ..... [ ] Against the Amendment ..... [ ]

G. R. HOWLAND, Chairman. Attest: D. M. JACKSON, Clerk.