

The Artesia Advocate.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1914.

ARTESIA, NEW MEXICO.

VOL. 12 NO. 8

TELLS HOW TO OVERCOME THE HOG CHOLERA

Dr. Payne Addresses a Meeting of Farmers and Business Men of Artesia at the Majestic Tuesday

Hog cholera in the Pecos Valley is to be stamped out at once. This decision has been reached by the hog breeders of the valley at meetings held at Roswell and Artesia this week.

Dr. A. J. Payne, who has been sent here by the national bureau of animal industry, has given valuable advice to the farmers as to organization and methods of procedure.

At the meeting at Roswell F. L. Yaw, manager of the Oasis ranch, was made temporary chairman of the meeting, and upon the motion of D. W. Low was authorized to act with A. D. Crile and name a committee of five who should meet and draw up a constitution and by-laws and circulate a petition for membership. Another meeting of all hog breeders is to be held one day during the Live Stock and Products Exposition at which the final arrangements are to be made.

A similar gathering of hog growers was held in Artesia at the Majestic Theatre on Tuesday and a lively interest was manifested in the meeting. It was evident that the farmers here do not contemplate giving up the raising of hogs because of the fact that cholera has appeared in the valley this year and in some places has almost exterminated the herds, where no preventatives had been used.

The address of Dr. A. J. Payne was most instructive and showed that he is an authority on the subject. He said that hog cholera is a specific, infectious disease that is peculiar to the hog alone and very similar to typhoid in the human. He said that the disease is all over the United States and that this state is more free from it because there are fewer hogs raised and our perpetual sunshine, he said, also acts as a natural disinfectant.

Discussing the symptoms of an ordinary case of acute hog cholera, he stated that any illness was a symptom and should always be watched. If the animal has an arched back, or is tucked up in the flanks, its temperature should be taken after the second day. If the pig shows a weakness in the hind-quarters one may reasonably assume that the trouble is cholera as this is one of the characteristic symptoms of the disease. After this the hog will keep getting weaker until it cannot stand. The normal temperature of a hog is from 101 to 102. In cholera the temperature may go up to 104 to 110. There will also be an inflammation of the mucous membrane and of the eye. This may continue until the eyelids are stuck together. All these symptoms are followed by a gradual loss of appetite. A cough may or may not be a sign of the cholera.

The hog squeal is different

in cholera than in health. In cholera the hog does not seem to care whether he squeals or not. This is another sure sign of the disease.

Spots on the skin are a sign of cholera, but the hog usually dies before these can appear. When the spots appear they are usually red and range from the size of a pin to the size of both hands. Constipation followed by diarrhoea is another sure sign.

The post-mortem appearance of cholera are spots on the skin on the lungs and on the tissues. There is also a formation of ulcers on the intestines, usually three in number.

A number of preventive measures were then outlined by the speaker. Some of the most important ones are as follows:

Don't have the hog pens near to running streams, railroads or public roads.

Keep strangers away from the hog lots and keep the hogs away from strange hog lots.

Do not keep pigeons about the farm as they carry Cholera.

Don't borrow tools, wagons or farm implements unless you know there has been no cholera around them.

Don't feed green slop from hotels, and don't feed green corn as it brings about a condition in the hog that makes it more susceptible to the cholera.

Don't send hogs away from home without first having them vaccinated and when buying hogs dip them before putting them in your herd.

Keep hog lots clean and disinfected.

Keep hogs free from worms and lice. This may be done by dipping or spraying the hogs with a liquid disinfectant.

Make hog wallows out of concrete and burn all dead animals.

Watch hogs for first symptoms and when these symptoms appear separate the animal from the others.

Methods for Farm Control

First and most important is the quarantine. Place notice that your hogs have cholera, separate sick hogs from well one just as soon as you know they are sick. When the animal gets real sick kill it. Don't drain infected lots, or dump material into running streams and don't keep sick hogs in fields where there are running streams. Reduce feed of sick hogs.

Eradication.

Vaccination—As a general rule, use the serum method of vaccination when the premises are free from cholera. Vaccinate heavy hogs in standing position. Smaller hogs can be placed on their backs. After vaccination don't let hogs get into dirt places as blood poison may set in. Vaccinate only well hogs and vaccinate them in the cool of the day.

"No matter whether the hogs have Cholera or not," said Dr. Payne, "clean up and disinfect. A good disinfectant is to take one gallon of cresylic acid and mix five pounds of cheap laundry soap dissolved in two gallons of water. Then add sufficient water to bring it up to thirty-three gallons. This will make a three per cent solution that can be used effectively in disinfecting the premises. In dipping or spraying the hogs use one per cent

solution."

The Flower Show.

One of the most notable and successful events of the Festival was the annual flower show given by the Ladies of the Cemetery Association. This event is always one of artistic and practical importance and each year some new feature is added which increases its importance.

The display of flowers this year was very fine indeed and arrangement of the tables showed clever handling.

A superb collection of dahlias, an exquisite arrangement of roses hosts of chrysanthemums and asters made up the display.

For the best general collection of flowers the prize was five dollars and Mrs. Hadley received it; for the second best collection the prize was \$2.50 and went to Mrs. J. B. Atkeson. For the best general collection of dahlias, the prize was \$2.00. This prize was taken by Mrs. J. G. Osburn.

Mrs. Coll won first prize of \$2.00 for the best collection of chrysanthemums and Mrs. Hadley won the \$2.00 prize for the best collection of roses as well as the first prize of \$1.00 for the best single rose, making three prizes in all that were given to Mrs. Hadley. First prize for single dahlia was given to Mrs. Frank Newkirk and the first prize for single chrysanthemums was carried away by Mrs. J. B. Atkeson.

Mrs. Atkeson turned the money she was awarded into the Cemetery Association and Mrs. Osburn gave a portion of her prize also.

It was impossible to look long at the flowers, owing to the beautiful display of fancy work decorating the walls about the room. This display consisting of embroidery, lace work, crocheting and tatting, is beyond description. Among the handsomest pieces was work done by Mrs. Bert Smith who is an expert in this line, Mrs. Sharvo, Mrs. Ferree, Mrs. Belt, Mrs. Ward and Mrs. Moore. Mrs. Moore's collection was very large and especially exquisite, being composed of hand work and tatting in numerous designs and effects.

Another attraction was the arrangement of booths about the room to represent the different nations. In the German booth one saw a most interesting collection loaned by Mrs. Robert, some of the things being over two hundred years old. Quaint china, carved ivory, old missals, a handsome colored portrait of the Imperial family and numerous other objects made up this interesting collection, many of the objects having been brought from Germany by Mrs. Robert herself.

The American booth contained a fine collection of china decorated by well known women of the valley. Mrs. Palmer, Mrs. Scharvo, Mrs. Eipper, Mrs. Hadley, Mrs. Whiteside being among the number.

In the English booth the most interesting object was a map of the British Isles done in cross stitch and carefully and exquisitely executed, most of this collection was furnished by Mrs. Trotter. Mr. Bruce also loaned a number of interesting objects for the Scottish booth. All the booths contained specimens of the needle craft of the countries represented and while being excellently done and most interesting did

not in any way excel the the handcraft of Artesia Women.

Another handsome object was the large silk quilt made by a class of young ladies of the Baptist Church.

PLAN TO RENEW OIL DRILLING

A Prominent Citizen Offers A practical plan of co-operation to make oil well.

OIL, OIL—Do we have an Oil Field in the Pecos Valley? Lets find out.

Oil was discovered here some ten years ago. What has been its development? Why has it not been developed?

Many of us are growing old. Just think, we are already ten years older than when oil was discovered here, and what more do we know about it now than we did then, or how much has it benefitted us, are we satisfied to continue to live on in this way? These are some of the questions we should ask ourselves.

Now, why should we not try to help ourselves, we have the machinery here, and we have as skilled Oil Well Drillers here as there are in the country, all we have to do is to buy the casing, and the fuel; many will ask how are we going to do that, although many of us know that there are those right here who could do a great deal along that line. But, But, they will think to themselves, what will Mr. — my neighbor do, I don't propose to put up my good money that he shall be benefitted by it.

Now here is what one neighbor proposes to do if we will help him. He proposes to organize an Oil Company right here between ourselves, and he wants you and I and everybody to be a member of that company, and he wants some of us to be President, Secretary, and Treasurer of that company, (of our company) then he offers to take 80 acres of land that he owns that lies east of Dayton, right in the oil district and cut it up into lots of 40x100 feet and sell these lots together with some shares of stock in the company at \$25.00 per lot, this money to be paid to the Treasurer of the Oil Company to be used for defraying the expenses of sinking a test well to be located by this neighbor on some lease that the company may secure, after the first or test well is drilled if oil is secured in paying quantities, (say 75 barrels) or more per day, the company shall reimburse this neighbor in cash or in oil stock in the company to the amount that the lots have netted; if oil in paying quantities is not discovered our neighbor has disposed of his 80 acres of land for which he gets nothing. But for every \$25.00 that you and I invest in the proposition we get a Deed to 40x100 foot lot absolutely clear of any incumbrance, and if Oil is discovered in paying quantities besides having the lot that may be worth Hundreds of Dollars and that we may drill a well on we have ... shares of stock in the company that will also be worth several times what we paid for it.

Those who give the company a lease on their land will also receive shares of stock in proportion to the acreage they lease, so no matter whose land

First National Bank

Artesia, New Mexico.

With ample capital, modern equipment and a genuine desire to render helpful financial service, we are in position to give the people of this town and community the best there is in banking.

We invite you to feel at home with us. ABSOLUTE SAFETY is the best thing we have to offer.

the well is located on if oil is discovered every person who has given a lease will be benefitted, and it is the earnest desire that everybody in the valley derive a benefit, so come along and put your shoulder to the wheel and help.

Our neighbor who offers to stake his 80 acres of land in this proposition is an experienced man in the business and his services have been engaged in the Oil Machinery Exhibit at the San Francisco Exposition next year, so if he does anything in this matter of developing our oil deposit it must be started at once.

The drillers and helpers will all have stock in the Company and will work at half their regular salary, so the work can be done now cheaper than ever before.

Our Neighbor is confident of bringing in a 1000 barrel well as a starter. Shall we take hold and work together and put this proposition through? or let it drop and let some Big Monopoly come on and develop it when they get ready for the oil after we are gone.

The Neighbor who has outlined the above plan is Mr. F. J. Lukins, of Artesia, a thoroughly reliable and conservative business man, and a contractor and driller of many years experience, and a man who is not given to promoting stock-selling schemes or any kind of swindle upon the people. He means business. He confidently believes there is a great oil field east of Dayton, and he purchased the above tract of land three years ago because he was sure it was good oil land and he still believes there is oil there in paying quantities. He is willing to risk the 80 acres to assist in developing the oil field now, during our life-time. We say oil field, because we know that there is oil there, for the Brown well on the adjoining section has produced several thousand barrels of oil, and other wells also prove that it underlies the land in that particular section of the valley.

Mr. Lukins undertook to perfect the organization of a company for the purpose of developing this field about two years ago, but at that time the country was full of oil stock company "promoters" who in order to secure leases on the land

made extravagant promises to secure the leases. Fortunately for the country this class of men has disappeared.

There are many land owners and others who are interested vitally in the development of this oil field who will read this article. We ask you to consider this matter carefully and do not pass it up without giving it proper consideration. If you believe the plan is practical take the matter up with Mr. Lukins either personally or by correspondence, and do it now. Let's have the development of the field started again at once.

Children's Fair Prize Winners.

First Prize.

Corn—tallest, Walter Price.
Corn—half dozen ears, Clara Lovell.
Tomatoes, Willie Horner.
Beets, August Troester.
Pumpkin, Lowell Naylor.
Cushaw, Nola Stephens.
Canna, Mary Amalt.
Zinnias, Leah McClay.
Chrysanthemums, Frances White.
Dahlias, Nola Naylor.
General Exhibit, Lloyd Conn.
Flower Garden, Price Bros.
Vegetable Garden, Larsh children.

Embroidery, Leah McClay
Plain Sewing, Lois Chisholm
Button holes, Doris Young.
Crochet, Verda Eaton
Art, Ruth Turk, cash prize \$1.00 given by Wright's barber shop.
Bread, Mary Hollomon.
Jelly, Ethel Bullock
Cake, McLellan Brown

Second Prize.


Corn, one half dozen ears, Stanley Lovell.
Beet and Canna, Katherine Davis.
Cushaw and Zenia, Joy Shouse
Pumpkin and Corn, Ernest Lucas.
Chrysanthemum, Nola Naylor
Dahlia, Francis White
General Exhibit, (seeds), Mary Sue Bullock.
Tomatoes, Bertha Burns.
Embroidery, Beulah Highsmith.
Plain Sewing, Corrin Smith.
Button-holes, Hallie Tyler.
Crochet, Esther Morgan.
Drawing, Martha Harris.
Bread, Maurine Terpening.
Cake, Virgie Burns.
Jelly, Ruby Turknett.

Poultry and Eggs

WANTED.

For which I will pay highest market price.

JOE GOODALE,
Pecos Valley Poultry Ranch,
Artesia, New Mexico.



**STATE LIVE STOCK
and
PRODUCTS EXPOSITION**

Roswell, New Mexico
October, 19-24, 1914

\$5,000.00 in Cash Prizes
Many Attractions

AMUSEMENTS GALORE

Monday, October 19, Opening Day
Tuesday, October 20, Gov.'s Day Parade
Wednesday, October 21, Good Roads Day
Thursday, October 22, Military Day
Friday October 23, School Day
Saturday October 24, Sales Day

**Low Round Trip Rates From All Points
On The Santa Fe In New Mexico**

Dates of Sale Oct. 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, and 24,
Final Return Limit Oct. 26, 1914.

Special Train From ARTESIA, Friday, Oct. 23, 1914
at 8:23 a. m.

For Further Particulars See
C. O. BROWN,
Local Agent

First State Bank
of Artesia.

Capital Stock \$15,000.00

All employes of this bank are bonded.
We solicit the accounts of the Merchants, Farmers
and Stockmen.

AUTUMN HUNTING VACATIONS

Season Open October 1st For
Deer, Wild Turkey and Quail

Most Delightful Season of the Year.
Experienced Guides.

White Mountain Inn
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Easily Reached by Auto. Write for Terms.

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Office opposite the Post Office.

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Gentle Livery Teams and a Safe
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Also pleasant Rooms at the Pecos Valley
Rooming House.

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Artesia Realty Co.
Artesia, N. M.

We want to list your property for sale or exchange. A specialty made in exchanges. We cooperate with men in New Mexico Colorado, Texas, Oklahoma, Arkansas, Kansas, Nebraska, Iowa, and Illinois. Let us know what you want and we will try and please you.

"A Seven Age Bazaar will be given by the ladies of the Christain Church November 28th.

Annual Christmas Sale by Woman's Guild the first Saturday in December.

Minstrels given by the Woman's Guild in November. Watch for them.

Walter M. Daugherty, Fire Insurance. Losses paid to date \$16,200.00. adv

Professional Cards

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J. H. JACKSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
AND NOTARY PUBLIC.
Office upstairs Sipple building.
Phone 184.

JOS. O. GREENLAW
Physician and Surgeon
Office Phone 230 Resident Phone 243
Artesia, New Mexico

Dr. H. A. Stroup
Physician and Surgeon
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Rear First State Bank Building
Artesia, New Mexico

T. M. Bradshaw
Concrete Buildings and
Cement work of all kinds.
Have forms for building
Walls of poured concrete.
Artesia, New Mexico

Notice of Special Master's Sale.
No. 1911
In the District Court, Eddy County,
State of New Mexico.
Pacific Mutual Life Insurance Company of California, Plaintiff,
vs.
M. C. Briggs, Thomas H. Briggs, Wm. Overholt, B. T. Hainer and W. C. Haney, Defendants.

Whereas by virtue of a final decree entered of record in the District Court of Eddy County, New Mexico, in the above entitled cause on the 29th day of May 1914, it was adjudged that the above named defendants, M. C. Briggs, Thomas H. Briggs, William Overholt, B. T. Hainer and W. C. Haney are justly indebted to the plaintiff, Pacific Mutual Life Insurance Company of California in the sum of \$4399.04, together with seven per cent interest from May 28, 1914 until paid and the further sum of \$439.90 attorney's fees together with six per cent interest thereon from the 26th day of May 1914 until paid and the further sum of \$107.99 taxes on the hereinafter described real estate together with six per cent interest thereon from the 26th day of May 1914 and the further sum of \$1.00 for examining title to said real estate together with seven per cent interest thereon from the 8th day of January 1914 until paid and all costs of suit, and

Whereas, said decree provides for the foreclosure of that certain mortgage deed described in plaintiff's complaint filed in the above entitled cause, and

Whereas, said mortgage was declared by said decree to be a first lien on the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the county of Eddy and state of New Mexico, to-wit:

The southwest quarter of southeast quarter and the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of Section 27, Township 17 South, Range 26 East, N. M. P. M., together with a one-third interest in and to an Artesian well and the water flowing therefrom situated near the northwest corner of the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of above described Section, Township and Range and ditch rights, and all appurtenances belonging to said premises.

Whereas, I, J. C. Gage, of Artesia, New Mexico, was duly appointed by the Court as Special Master to sell the above described property or so much thereof as may be necessary and sufficient to raise the amount due to plaintiff by the defendants, as aforesaid, and to make the purchaser or purchasers thereof a good and sufficient deed or deeds thereto and report my proceedings back to the Court for its inspection and approval.

Now, therefore, I, J. C. Gage, Special Master, aforesaid, do hereby give public notice that on the 21st day of November, 1914, at the hour of ten o'clock A. M. on said day, will proceed to sell at public auction for cash to the highest bidder, at the front door of the Post Office in the town of Artesia, Eddy county, New Mexico, all the above described real estate and premises, the proceeds of said sale to be applied to plaintiff's judgment, aforesaid, as provided by law.

Witness my hand and seal at Artesia, New Mexico, this 14th day of October, 1914.

J. C. GAGE,
Special Master.

For Sale

50 head of 2 year old Durham and White Face heifers, will sell at a bargain. One or more to suit buyer.

Dayton Stock Ranch
Dayton, N. M.

Artesia Abstract Co.
INCORPORATED
ARTESIA, NEW MEXICO

Abstracts of Title
Correctly Prepared

Prompt Attention Given to
All Matters Intrusted to Us

Money to Loan

On Farms and City
Property.

Fire Insurance

A. C. KEINATH,
Artesia, N. M.

Rear room First National Bank.

The Artesia Advocate

A. W. Henry Editor

Subscription, one year \$1.50
" six months 75c

Published Every Friday.
By ARTESIA PUBLISHING COMPANY.

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This paper has been entered in the postoffice at Artesia, New Mexico, as second-class mail matter.

Friday, October 16, 1914

Secretary Lane Pleased with Mr. Fergusson.

The following letter from the Secretary of the Interior, Mr. Lane, will be read with interest by the friends of Mr. Fergusson in this state, showing as it does the high esteem in which he is held by those who are in the best position to appreciate the splendid service which he is rendering for the people of New Mexico. It is gratifying to know also that he has the confidence and support of the entire administration at Washington, which is so essential in order that a representative may accomplish anything of value for his constituents.

The Secretary of the Interior,
Washington.

Sep. 24, 1914

My dear Mr. Fergusson:-
Permit me, on the passage by the House of the last of our bills for the opening and utilization of the lands of the West, to congratulate you most earnestly on the helpful and efficient part you have played in the passage of these measures, and to express the earnest hope that you may be returned to give further support to our President and make more splendid the record of our Party.

Sincerely yours,
(Signed)
FRANKLIN K. LANE.

Hon. Harvey B. Fergusson,
House of Representatives.

The pump station of the Santa Fe at Dayton has been undergoing some improvements. For some time the well has not been furnishing as much water as former years. The hole is about 90 feet deep is cased up with 6 in. pipe. A surface pump has been doing the work for several years and the water stood about two feet below the surface of the earth but the water level has lowered to about 14 feet and the pump has been let down to correspond. It is found that the pump now secures more water than ever before.

In the District Court, Eddy County, New Mexico.

Kemp Lumber Company, a corporation, Plaintiff,
vs.
Gust W. Anderson, Defendant.
No. 1949.

Notice of Sale.

Whereas, an order was duly made and entered in the above entitled cause, Kemp Lumber Company, a corporation, vs. Gust W. Anderson, a suit pending in the District Court of Eddy County, New Mexico, by the Judge of said Court, on the 10th day of June, A. D. 1914, foreclosing one certain mortgage deed and one certain chattel mortgage given by the defendant in favor of the plaintiff, which said mortgage deed covers the following described real estate: Lots five and seven (5 and 7) in Block Forty-six (46) of the Artesia Improvement Company's addition to the town of Artesia, Eddy County, New Mexico; and which said chattel mortgage covers the following described personal property:

- One block Machine size of blocks 8x24
- One block Machine size of blocks 8x10x24
- 130 wooden pallets.
- One Wizard Down Face block Machine making blocks 8x8x10.
- 125 Iron Pallets to Wizard Machine
- One Miracle brick machine.
- 700 wooden pallets to brick machine. 5 different size Tilling molds.
- U. S. patent for the make of this kind of molds any dimension for Eddy County, New Mexico.
- One Miracle block Lifter.
- Sand Bin House water pipe from main to lot pipe;

and appointing me, Albert Blake, as Special Master to sell the said real and personal property in satisfaction of a judgment rendered in said cause on the said 10th day of June, A. D. 1914, in the sum of \$338.39, the principal of the said note sued on in said cause, and the amount of \$285.51, interest on said principal up to the said 10th day of June, 1914, and the sum of \$112.35, attorneys fees, and the costs accrued in said suit and such further interest as may have accrued in said suit, and such further interest as may have accrued on the said principal, interest and attorney fees from the said 10th day of June, 1914, up to the day of sale and for the further costs of carrying the decree into effect, as is provided by law in such cases; and commanding me to make sale of the said property, as the law provides in such cases. I therefore, hereby, give notice that I will sell the said described real property on the 17th day of October, 1914, at the hour of 10 o'clock, A. M. on said day at public vendue to the highest and best bidder for cash, at the front door of the Post Office on Main street in the town of Artesia, Eddy County, New Mexico, and will sell the said personal property on the said 17th day of October, 1914, at the hour of 10:30 A. M. of said day at public vendue to the highest and best bidder, at the Kemp Lumber Company yard on Roselawn Avenue in the town of Artesia, Eddy County, New Mexico, and that said personal property will either be sold in separate pieces, lots or all in bulk as may seem best to me for the interests of all persons concerned and in order to obtain the best possible cash price therefor.

Witness my hand this the 15th day of September, A. D., 1914.
ALBERT BLAKE,
Special Master.

Notice For Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico, Sept. 11, 1914.

Notice is hereby given that James R. McLaughlin, of Dayton, New Mex., who on Aug. 16, 1913, made HD. E. Serial No. 027690, for SE 1/4, Section 35 Township 18-S, Range 26-E, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Commutation Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before A. M. Thomas, U. S. Commissioner, in his office, at Artesia, New Mexico, on Oct. 20, 1914.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Joseph M. Chase,
Philip Ramuz,
William Stirling,
J. Allen Bell, all of Dayton, N. M.
Emmett Patton,
Register.

Artesia, Advocate:
Sept. 18---Oct. 16

Use A-1 Surface Irrigation Pipe
AND SAVE YOUR WATER
Think of the Immense Loss by Seepage and Evaporation



Water cost money and wasted water is wasted money. The loss by seepage alone in dirt ditches amounts to from 1 to 60 per cent of the total water pumped per mile. In some soils over half of the water is lost before it reaches the place where it is needed. By using this pipe all the water delivered is used, there is practically no waste. Worth considering, isn't it?

WHY does our A-1 Surface Irrigation Pipe stand the hard usage to which it is subjected better than any other pipe, riveted or otherwise?

BECAUSE it is made with a lockseam set down under 3500 pounds pressure, which requires no soldering to make it water-tight. (Soldering will break loose by jarring and hard knocks.)

A-1 Pipe was awarded first prize at Fresno and Santa Clara County Fairs in 1912.

Send for new catalog with prices and valuable information.

Manufacturer's address---Ames-Irvine Co., 8th & Irvine Streets, San Francisco, California.

For Sale by J. F. BOWMAN, Artesia, F. M.

WANTED

500 Horses

By October 25th to November 1st, 1914.

Inspection For Ten Horses or More at Ranches.

Small Lots Inspected At
Artesia, New Mexico

Description
Must Be Sound 14-3 to 16 Hands High
4 To 9 Years Old
Reasonably Well Saddle Broke

McElwain & Hastie
Artesia, New Mexico

Phone 21

Engine and Pump.

For Sale—3 Horse Engine. A good International 3 H. P. vertical engine complete, with large cooling tank, heavy gasoline tank, and in perfect running order. A simple and a thoroughly reliable engine.

American No. 2 centrifugal horizontal pump.

A bargain. Will trade for live stock. Inquire at Advocate.

In The District Court of Eddy County, State of New Mexico.

The First National Bank of Artesia, Plaintiff,
vs.
J. L. Hughey, Defendant.
No. 2005.

Notice for Sheriff's Sale.

WHEREAS in the above entitled cause, a judgment was duly rendered by the Hon. Granville A. Richardson, one of the Judges of the fifth Judicial District Court, sitting within and for the County of Eddy and State of New Mexico, upon the 26th day of September, A. D. 1914; said judgment being in favor of The First National Bank of Artesia, plaintiff and against J. L. Hughey, defendant, for the sum of \$3,301.16, with interest thereon at the rate of Ten per cent per annum from and after the 1st day of June, 1914 until paid, and for the further sum of \$340.52, attorneys fees, with interest thereon at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from and after the date of said judgment, and for the further sum of all costs incurred in said suit and the execution of the final judgment thereon, and for the foreclosure of plaintiff's attachment lien in this suit upon all the right, title and interest of the above named defendant in and to the following described personal property, to-wit: That certain stock of goods fixtures and merchandise, located in the Town of Artesia, Eddy County, New Mexico and generally known as "The Cash Mercantile Company"; same being the stock of goods and merchandise heretofore attached in this cause.

NOW THEREFORE Notice is hereby given that on the 27th day of October, 1914, at Ten o'clock, A. M. on said date, at and in the building in which the said stock of goods, merchandise and fixtures are located, to-wit in the building known as "The Charvoz building," on the South side of Main Street in the town of Artesia, County and State aforesaid, I will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, all the right, title and interest of the above named defendant in and to said personal property above described to satisfy said judgment and costs.

Signed and dated at Carlsbad, New Mexico, this 29th day of September, 1914.
M. C. Stewart, Sheriff.
By R. B. Armstrong, Deputy.
10-2-23

A Few Pertinent Questions.

- What will it profit the the people to return the Republican party to power? What constructive program has it to announce? How much of a great work of this administration will it undo?
- Would it repeal the Federal Reserve Act and reestablish its antiquated banking and currency system?
- Would it repeal the Income Tax Law?
- Would it take a backward step as to the parcel post?
- Would it attempt a new revision of the tariff and subject the business and industry of the country to another period of unrest?
- Would it restore Schedule K of the Payne-Aldrich Tariff Law?
- Would it again tax the people 100 per cent on their woolen clothing?
- Would it again tax the people \$120,000,000 a year on sugar?
- Would it put down the conduits connecting the special interests with the seat of government that Woodrow Wilson has taken up?
- Would it welcome back to Washington the hoard of lobbyists for special privileges that he has driven out?

Local News.

Mr. Ed Hicks who recently purchased the Van Epps residence and tract of ground at Dayton has been making many improvements. He has made a cement cistern, irrigating and improving the orchard, added two new porches, a garage, and making the place very attractive and homelike.

Mr. and Mrs. Whit Terry, of Oklahoma, are visiting their parents Rev. and Mrs. J. D. Terry.

Paul Terry, Sam Thomas, Emmett and Floyd Rupert, L. Thomas, have returned from a hunting trip in the mountains.

Mr. and Mrs. Sherman of Roswell are guests of Mrs. Roberts.

Mrs. George Ray is entertaining Mrs. Fields and Mr. and Mrs. Cummins of Roswell during the carnival.

Mesdames Swigart, J. R. Lynn, A. J. Crawford, Adams and Bates came over from Carlsbad yesterday.

E. N. Requa, Little Higgins, Paul Whitted and Joe Clayton returned last evening from the mountains. They report a good time and brought home four sets of horns as proof that they secured the limit allowed by law.

Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Ward are entertaining a new baby boy which arrived last week.

Mrs. J. D. Atwood left Monday for Silver City to attend the State Federation of Womans Club's now in session in that city. She will visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. McWhorter, at Bisbee Arizona before her return.

FOR SALE—A new model "Quickest Yet" washing machine. Apply Mrs. Helmig.

For Sale—Austin No. 3 Well Machine, fully equipped. Part cash, balance on time with approved security.

L. A. Highsmith, Artesia.

Wanted—A few stands of bees. Must be cheap for cash. Apply to Advocate office.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M. Sept. 25, 1914.

Notice is hereby given that Philip Richard Ramuz, of Dayton N. M., who, on April 25, 1912, made Desert Land Entry, Serial No. 026018, for S $\frac{1}{2}$ E $\frac{1}{4}$, Section 25, Township 18-s, Range, 25-e, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Proof to establish claim to the land above described, before A. M. Thomas, U. S. Commissioner, in his office, at Artesia, N. M., on Nov. 4, 1914.

Claimant names as witnesses: Joseph M. Chase, James R. McLaughlin, Jose Torres, Cleto Torres, all of Dayton, N. M.

Emmett Patton, Register.
Oct. 2--30.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M. Sept. 25, 1914.

Notice is hereby given that Mary A. Henderson, nee Mary A. White, of Artesia, N. M., who on Oct. 19, 1911, made H.D.E. Serial, No. 025251, for E $\frac{1}{2}$ N $\frac{1}{2}$ E $\frac{1}{4}$, Section 11 Township 17-s, Range 25-e, N.M.P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final three year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before A. M. Thomas, U. S. Commissioner, in his office, at Artesia, N. M., on Nov. 3, 1914.

Claimant names as witnesses: Thomas H. Whitted, Sam Hale, Hugh J. Alison, Frederick W. Hinrichsen, all of Artesia, N. M.

Emmett Patton, Register.
Oct. 2---30.

In the District Court, Eddy County, State of New Mexico.

Eliza S. Spencer, Plaintiff,
vs.
M. S. Mauldin, Alfred W. Mauldin, Big Jo Lumber Company, a corporation, and Joyce-Pruit Company, a corporation, Defendants.
No. 1916.

Notice of Foreclosure Sale.

In pursuance of a decree of foreclosure and sale, made in the above entitled action on the 23rd day of July, 1914, and entered in the County Clerk's office of the county of Eddy, on the 25th day of July, 1914, I, the undersigned Special Master, appointed under said decree, give notice that the nature of said action is the foreclosure of mortgages upon the land and property hereinafter described and to secure the judgment for the amounts hereinafter stated and that the amount awarded to the plaintiff under said decree, together with interest thereon to date of sale is Seven Hundred, Seventy-four and 15-100 (\$774.15) Dollars; and the sum of Seventy-three and 27-100 (\$73.27) Dollars, attorneys fees; and that I will sell at public venue to the highest and best bidder for cash, at 10:00 o'clock in the morning of the 4th day of November, 1914, at the front door of the First National Bank of Artesia, at Artesia, County of Eddy, in the State of New Mexico, the following described premises:

"Beginning at the Northwest corner of Lot Fourteen (14), in Block Twenty-five (25) of Artesia, Eddy county, New Mexico, thence in an easterly direction on the North line of Lots Eight (8), Ten (10), Twelve (12) and Fourteen (14) in said Block Twenty-five (25), to a point Seventy-five (75) feet east of the Northwest (NW) corner of said Lot Fourteen (14) in said Block Twenty-five (25), thence in a southeasterly direction to a point on the South line of said Lots Eight (8), Ten (10), Twelve (12) and Fourteen (14) in said Block Twenty-five (25), Seventy-five (75) feet east of the Southwest (SW) corner of Lot Fourteen (14) in said Block Twenty-five (25), thence West to the Southwest (SW) corner of said Lot Fourteen (14), thence North to the point of beginning, same being all of Lots Ten (10), Twelve (12) and Fourteen (14) and a part of the west side of Lot Eight (8) in said Block Twenty-five (25) of Artesia, Eddy county, New Mexico."

or sufficient thereof to satisfy the above decree, Court costs and costs of sale, which may be separately sold with out material injury to any of the parties interested.

And I further give notice that if the amount received from the sale of said property above described, be insufficient to satisfy all of the said amounts aforesaid, then, in that event, I will sell at public venue at the same place, time and manner above mentioned, the following described premises:

"Lots One (1) and Three (3) in Block Fifteen (15) of Blair Addition to the town of Artesia"

Or so much thereof as will supply the amount remaining unpaid from the proceeds of the sale of the property first described herein.

Lucy L. Jones, Special Master.
10-2-10-23.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constituting a remedy. Deafness is caused by an A. d. d. m. e. d. condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surface.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by Druggists. 25c
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Accomplishments of Woodrow Wilson's Administration.

- Tariff revision downwards and currency system reformed, without panic.
- Income tax made to shift part of tax burden from from poor to rich.
- Dollar Diplomach abolished—Human rights placed above property interests.
- Panama Canal completed.
- American Merchant Marine established without subsidies. Lobby driven out of Congress.
- Alaskan Railway authorized and work begun.
- Popular vote for United States Senators.
- War with Mexico averted.
- Arbitration substituted for strikes in Railway labor disputes.
- Parcels Post extended and cheapened.
- Postal system made self-supporting.
- Telephone and Telegraph Trust dissolved.

Cure Colds in 24 Hours

With proper treatment a cure is comparatively easy.

Nyals Laxacold

Cures a cold in the shortest time possible. The action of but a few tablets result in relief. Nothing simpler.

Come to us and you will get what you want.

Mann Drug Co.

The Nyal Store

ARTESIA ADVOCATE \$1.50 YEAR

THE EUROPEAN WAR GETS WORSE

But good Climate and Plenty Feed is putting Prices Down

100 lb sacked Maize	\$1.55
100 lb " Maize chop	1.60
100 lb " Corn	1.90
100 lb " Corn chop	1.95

E. B. Bullock

Feed, Flour, Coal and Seeds.

They can't get too close for the Remington-UMC.

Scatter Load SHOT SHELLS

When they're apt to get up close, slip in a Remington-UMC Scatterload—and make your choke bore gun good in brush or thicket.

Arrow and Nitro Club steel lined scatterload shot shells open up your pattern so evenly that your bird can neither get too much nor too little.

A special system of wadding gives at 25 yds. a spread equal to that of a standard shell at 40 yds. and with greater penetration.

The steel lining gives the speed plus perfect pattern. Get a box to-day. Your local dealer has them. Try them on a paper target with your old duck gun.

Remington Arms-Union Metallic Cartridge Co.
299 Broadway New York City

The Artesia Advocate.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1914.

ARTESIA, NEW MEXICO.

VOL. 12 NO. 8

TELLS HOW TO OVERCOME THE HOG CHOLERA

Dr. Payne Addresses a Meeting of Farmers and Business Men of Artesia at the Majestic Tuesday

Hog cholera in the Pecos Valley is to be stamped out at once. This decision has been reached by the hog breeders of the valley at meetings held at Roswell and Artesia this week.

Dr. A. J. Payne, who has been sent here by the national bureau of animal industry, has given valuable advice to the farmers as to organization and methods of procedure.

At the meeting at Roswell F. L. Yaw, manager of the Oasis ranch, was made temporary chairman of the meeting, and upon the motion of D. W. Low was authorized to act with A. D. Crile and name a committee of five who should meet and draw up a constitution and by-laws and circulate a petition for membership. Another meeting of all hog breeders is to be held one day during the Live Stock and Poultry Exposition at which final arrangements are to be made.

A similar gathering of hog growers was held in Artesia at the Majestic Theatre on Tuesday, and a lively interest was manifested in the meeting. It was evident that the farmers here do not contemplate giving up the raising of hogs because of the fact that cholera has appeared in the valley this year and in some places has almost exterminated the herds, where no preventatives had been used.

The address of Dr. A. J. Payne was most instructive and showed that he is an authority on the subject. He said that hog cholera is a specific, infectious disease that is peculiar to the hog alone and very similar to typhoid in the human. He said that the disease is all over the United States and that this state is more free from it because there are fewer hogs raised and our perpetual sunshine, he said, also acts as a natural disinfectant.

Discussing the symptoms of an ordinary case of acute hog cholera, he stated that any illness was a symptom and should always be watched. If the animal has an arched back, or is tucked up in the flanks, its temperature should be taken after the second day. If the pig shows a weakness in the hind-quarters one may reasonably assume that the trouble is cholera as this is one of the characteristic symptoms of the disease. After this the hog will keep getting weaker until it cannot stand. The normal temperature of a hog is from 101 to 102. In cholera the temperature may go up to 104 to 110. There will also be an inflammation of the mucous membrane and of the eye. This may continue until the eyelids are stuck together. All these symptoms are followed by a gradual loss of appetite. A cough may or may not be a sign of the cholera.

The hog squeal is different

in cholera than in health. In cholera the hog does not seem to care whether he squeals or not. This is another sure sign of the disease.

Spots on the skin are a sign of cholera, but the hog usually dies before these can appear. When the spots appear they are usually red and range from the size of a pin to the size of both hands. Constipation followed by diarrhoea is another sure sign.

The post-mortem appearance of cholera are spots on the skin on the lungs and on the tissues. There is also a formation of ulcers on the intestines, usually three in number.

A number of preventive measures were then outlined by the speaker. Some of the most important ones are as follows:

Don't have the hog pens near to running streams, railroads or public roads.

Keep strangers away from the hog lots and keep the hogs away from strange hog lots.

Do not keep pigeons about the farm as they carry Cholera. Don't borrow tools, wagons or farm implements unless you know there has been no cholera around them.

Don't feed green slop from hotels, and don't feed green corn as it brings about a condition in the hog that makes it more susceptible to the cholera.

Don't send hogs away from home without first having them vaccinated and when buying hogs dip them before putting them in your herd.

Keep hog lots clean and disinfected.

Keep hogs free from worms and lice. This may be done by dipping or spraying the hogs with a liquid disinfectant.

Make hog wallows out of concrete and burn all dead animals.

Watch hogs for first symptoms and when these symptoms appear separate the animal from the others.

Methods for Farm Control

First and most important is the quarantine. Place notice that your hogs have cholera, separate sick hogs from well one just as soon as you know they are sick. When the animal gets real sick kill it. Don't drain infected lots, or dump material into running streams and don't keep sick hogs in fields where there are running streams. Reduce feed of sick hogs.

Eradication.

Vaccination—As a general rule, use the serum method of vaccination when the premises are free from cholera. Vaccinate heavy hogs in standing position. Smaller hogs can be placed on their backs. After vaccination don't let hogs get into dirt places as blood poison may set in. Vaccinate only in the cool of the day.

"No matter whether the hogs have Cholera or not," said Dr. Payne, "clean up and disinfect. A good disinfectant is to take one gallon of cresylic acid and mix five pounds of cheap laundry soap dissolved in two gallons of water. Then add sufficient water to bring it up to thirty-three gallons. This will make a three per cent solution that can be used effectively in disinfecting the premises. In dipping or spraying the hogs use one per cent

solution."

The Flower Show.

One of the most notable and successful events of the Festival was the annual flower show given by the Ladies of the Cemetery Association. This event is always one of artistic and practical importance and each year some new feature is added which increases its importance.

The display of flowers this year was very fine indeed and arrangement of the tables showed clever handling.

A superb collection of dahlias, an exquisite arrangement of roses hosts of chrysanthemums and asters made up the display.

For the best general collection of flowers the prize was five dollars and Mrs. Hadley received it; for the second best collection the prize was \$2.50 and went to Mrs. J. B. Atkeson. For the best general collection of dahlias, the prize was \$2.00. This prize was taken by Mrs. J. G. Osburn.

Mrs. Coll won first prize of \$2.00 for the best collection of chrysanthemums and Mrs. Hadley won the \$2.00 prize for the best collection of roses as well as the first prize of \$1.00 for the best single rose, making three prizes in all that were given to Mrs. Hadley. First prize for single dahlia was given to Mrs. Frank Newkirk and the first prize for single chrysanthemums was carried away by Mrs. J. B. Atkeson.

Mrs. Atkeson turned the money she was awarded into the Cemetery Association and Mrs. Osburn gave a portion of her prize also.

It was impossible to look long at the flowers, owing to the beautiful display of fancy work decorating the walls about the room. This display consisting of embroidery, lace work, crocheting and tatting, is beyond description. Among the handsomest pieces was work done by Mrs. Bert Smith who is an expert in this line. Mrs. Sharvo, Mrs. Ferree, Mrs. Belt, Mrs. Ward and Mrs. Moore. Mrs. Moore's collection was very large and especially exquisite, being composed of hand work and tatting in numerous designs and effects.

Another attraction was the arrangement of booths about the room to represent the different nations. In the German booth one saw a most interesting collection loaned by Mrs. Robert, some of the things being over two hundred years old. Quaint china, carved ivory, old missals, a handsome colored portrait of the Imperial family and numerous other objects made up this interesting collection, many of the objects having been brought from Germany by Mrs. Robert herself.

The American booth contained a fine collection of china decorated by well known women of the valley. Mrs. Palmer, Mrs. Scharvo, Mrs. Eipper, Mrs. Hadley, Mrs. Whiteside being among the number.

In the English booth the most interesting object was a map of the British Isles done in cross-stitch and carefully and exquisitely executed. Most of this collection was furnished by Mrs. Trotter. Mr. Bruce also loaned a number of interesting objects for the Scottish booth. All the booths contained specimens of the needle craft of the countries represented and while being excellently done and most interesting did

not in any way excel the handcraft of Artesia Women.

Another handsome object was the large silk quilt made by a class of young ladies of the Baptist Church.

PLAN TO RENEW OIL DRILLING

A Prominent Citizen Offers A practical plan of co-operation to make oil well.

OIL, OIL.—Do we have an Oil Field in the Pecos Valley? Lets find out.

Oil was discovered here some ten years ago. What has been its development? Why has it not been developed?

Many of us are growing old. Just think, we are already ten years older than when oil was discovered here, and what more do we know about it now than we did then, or how much has it benefitted us, are we satisfied to continue to live on in this way? These are some of the questions we should ask ourselves.

Now, why should we not try to help ourselves, we have the machinery here, and we have as skilled Oil Well Drillers here as there are in the country, all we have to do is to buy the casing, and the fuel; many will ask how are we going to do that, although many of us know that there are those right here who could do a great deal along that line. But, But, they will think to themselves, what will Mr. — my neighbor do, I don't propose to put up my good money that he shall be benefitted by it.

Now here is what one neighbor proposes to do if we will help him. He proposes to organize an Oil Company right here between ourselves, and he wants you and I and everybody to be a member of that company, and he wants some of us to be President, Secretary, and Treasurer of that company, (of our company) then he offers to take 80 acres of land that he owns that lies east of Dayton, right in the oil district and cut it up into lots of 40x100 feet and sell these lots together with some shares of stock in the company at \$25.00 per lot, this money to be paid to the Treasurer of the Oil Company to be used for defraying the expenses of sinking a test well to be located by this neighbor on some lease that the company may secure, after the first or test well is drilled if oil is secured in paying quantities, (say 75 barrels) or more per day, the company shall reimburse this neighbor in cash or in oil stock in the company to the amount that the lots have netted; if oil in paying quantities is not discovered our neighbor has disposed of his 80 acres of land for which he gets nothing. But for every \$25.00 that you and I invest in the proposition we get a Deed to 40x100 foot lot absolutely clear of any incumbrance, and if Oil is discovered in paying quantities besides having the lot that may be worth Hundreds of Dollars and that we may drill a well on we have . . . shares of stock in the company that will also be worth several times what we paid for it.

Those who give the company a lease on their land will also receive shares of stock in proportion to the acreage they lease, so no matter whose land

First National Bank

Artesia, New Mexico.

With ample capital, modern equipment and a genuine desire to render helpful financial service, we are in position to give the people of this town and community the best there is in banking.

We invite you to feel at home with us.

ABSOLUTE SAFETY is the best thing we have to offer.

the well is located on if oil is discovered every person who has given a lease will be benefitted, and it is the earnest desire that everybody in the valley derive a benefit, so come along and put your shoulder to the wheel and help.

Our neighbor who offers to stake his 80 acres of land in this proposition is an experienced man in the business and his services have been engaged in the Oil Machinery Exhibit at the San Francisco Exposition next year, so if he does anything in this matter of developing our oil deposit it must be started at once.

The drillers and helpers will all have stock in the Company and will work at half their regular salary, so the work can be done now cheaper than ever before.

Our Neighbor is confident of bringing in a 1000 barrel well as a starter. Shall we take hold and work together and put this proposition through? or let it drop and let some Big Monopoly come on and develop it when they get ready for the oil after we are gone.

The Neighbor who has outlined the above plan is Mr. F. J. Lukins, of Artesia, a thoroughly reliable and conservative business man, and a contractor and driller of many years experience, and a man who is not given to promoting stock-selling schemes or any kind of swindle upon the people. He means business. He confidently believes there is a great oil field east of Dayton, and he purchased the above tract of land three years ago because he was sure it was good oil land and he still believes there is oil there in paying quantities. He is willing to risk the 80 acres to assist in developing the oil field now, during our life-time. We say oil field, because we know that there is oil there, for the Brown well on the adjoining section has produced several thousand barrels of oil, and other wells also prove that it underlies the land in that particular section of the valley.

Mr. Lukins undertook to perfect the organization of a company for the purpose of developing this field about two years ago, but at that time the country was full of oil stock company "promoters" who in order to secure leases on the land

made extravagant promises to secure the leases. Fortunately for the country this class of men has disappeared.

There are many land owners and others who are interested vitally in the development of this oil field who will read this article. We ask you to consider this matter carefully and do not pass it up without giving it proper consideration. If you believe the plan is practical take the matter up with Mr. Lukins either personally or by correspondence, and do it now. Let's have the development of the field started again at once.

Children's Fair Prize Winners.

First Prize.

Corn—tallest, Walter Price.
Corn—half dozen ears, Clara Lovell.

Tomatoes, Willie Horner.
Beets, August Troester.
Pumpkin, Lowell Naylor.
Cushaw, Nola Stephens.
Canna, Mary Amalt
Zinnias, Leah McClay
Chrysanthemums, Frances White.

Dahlias, Nola Naylor.
General Exhibit, Lloyd Conn.
Flower Garden, Price Bros.
Vegetable Garden, Larsh children.

Embroidery, Leah McClay
Plain Sewing, Lois Chisholm
Button holes, Doris Young.
Crochet, Verda Eaton
Art, Ruth Turk, cash prize \$1.00 given by Wright's barber shop.

Bread, Mary Hollomon.
Jelly, Ethel Bullock
Cake, McLellan Brown

Second Prize.

Corn, one half dozen ears, Stanley Lovell.
Beet and Canna, Katherine Davis.

Cushaw and Zenia, Joy Shouse
Pumpkin and Corn, Ernest Lucas.

Chrysanthemum, Nola Naylor
Dahlia, Francis White
General Exhibit, (seeds), Mary Sue Bullock.

Tomatoes, Bertha Burns.
Embroidery, Beulah Highsmith.

Plain Sewing, Corrin Smith.
Button-holes, Hallie Tyler.
Crochet, Esther Morgan.
Drawing, Martha Harris.
Bread, Maurine Terpening.
Cake, Virgie Burns.
Jelly, Ruby Turknett.

Poultry and Eggs

WANTED.

For which I will pay highest market price.

JOE GOODALE,

Pecos Valley Poultry Ranch,

Artesia, New Mexico.

BELGIUM ONE BATTLEFIELD

Cyclone of Great Conflict Whirls Back Into Little Kingdom and Wrecks What Remains—Germans and Allied Armies Go Northward—Capture of Antwerp

SLAVS STOPPED

Defeated Germans at Nieman But Were Halted and Whipped by Austrians at Kielce, Galicia.

DROP AERO BOMBS

Twenty Killed in Besieged Antwerp By Airship Practice—Three Hurt in Paris—Capital Moved to Ostend.

(Summary of Events.)

In Northwestern France on the Allies' left wing, the main positions of the contending forces now reach within ten or fifteen miles of the Belgian border, while beyond those points masses of cavalry continue the struggle over the frontier line and into Belgium. Along the greater part of the front, however, the antagonists seem content to watch each other without attempting any definite movements.

Belgium is Desperate.

While the immense armies of the belligerent powers of Europe are engaged in a death grapple along lines hundreds of miles in extent, the intrepid little army of Belgium is making a fast stand behind the forts of Antwerp, one of the strongest fortified positions in the world.

For the moment, at least, the struggle around the chief port of Belgium attracts the most attention, for the result of the engagement there must have a considerable effect on the larger battle between the Anglo-French and German forces, which now extends from the Swiss frontier across France almost to the North sea.

French Much Encouraged.

The strong German reinforcements, which appeared on the Belgian frontier in the region of Lille, according to a late report, have made no progress in any point, and at certain points the Germans have moved back, particularly to the north of Arras, where the fighting is developing under conditions favorable to the Allies.

The cavalry are fighting even further north than this and the French communication says operations have developed almost to the North sea. Around Roye, where the Germans captured important heights from the French last week, the French have regained some of the positions.

Nearer and Nearer to Antwerp.

The present front is within about sixty-eight miles of Antwerp, where the Belgians have offered such heroic resistance to the bombardment of the heavy German artillery. Further down toward the center of the line the se-

verest fighting continues at Roya. Reims again has been subjected to a short bombardment.

From the north of Aisne, where two forward movements by the Anglo-French troops have been mentioned within the last few days, the Germans seem to have withdrawn some of their men, probably to strengthen their extreme right, around which the Allies have been trying to work ever since the battle began, nearly four weeks ago.

Need Antwerp for New Line.

The unexpected fierceness of the German attack on Antwerp, which, it is reported, is conducted by five army corps, is giving rise to the opinion among the higher military officers that Germany intends to establish a second line of defense running from Antwerp to Brussels, Namur and Metz, upon which it will be possible to retreat in case the German army has to retire from its position along the River Aisne in France. The long extension of the battle line, which now has gone beyond the four rivers, Scarpe, Somme, Oise and Aisne, was initiated by the Allies in an endeavor to find a solution of the problem of ousting the Germans from their strong position in Northeastern France. In these positions the Germans had been besieged nearly a month, since the conclusion of the bloody battle of the Marne, a frontal attack being considered inexpedient by the Allies.

Airships Constantly Over City.

Ghent, Belgium.—German air craft are constantly hovering over Antwerp and the bombardment of the city from the air is continuous. A score or more of fires have been started by these aerial bombs, many of which are filled with petrol which ignites when the fulminate is set off by contact. Twenty persons have been killed by airship bombs. The Antwerp fire department, manned by volunteers, has been in continuous service for two days. Some part of the city is burning always.

Drops Two Bombs in Paris.

Paris.—A German aeroplane flying over Paris and the suburbs of Auber-villiers and St. Dennis, at 9 o'clock in the morning, dropped two bombs, one of which wounded three persons. The other did no harm.

Capital Now at Ostend.

Washington.—An official cablegram to the Belgian legation here announced that the Belgian government had been removed from Antwerp to Ostend.

Eastern Battle Line Long.

The big battle line between the combined Austro-German armies and the legions of Russia extends from the Galician frontier, near Tarnow, north to the East Prussian border. Another Russian force is besieging Przemysl in Galicia, and still another is invading Hungary. On the East Prussian frontier the fighting appears to have come to a standstill for the present. The Russians have driven the Germans back, after their advance to the Niemen river, found on getting to the German border, that reinforcements had been brought from Koenigsberg and their further progress was arrested.

ed. The Germans, in fact, claim to have defeated the Russians near Su-walki, and to have taken 2,700 prisoners and nine machine guns.

Fighting on a larger scale soon will be resumed, and it will then be decided whether the Germans are to invade Russia in this region or the Russians are to overrun Prussia.

Austrians Advancing.

In Southwestern Poland the Austro-German armies have advanced along both banks of the Vistula river, with the object of compelling the Russians to evacuate part of Galicia, and, according to their reports, have defeated them, capturing 4,800 prisoners.

The Russians reply that they allowed the enemy to advance as far as the Opatow-Sandomir front in order to force them to abandon their strongly entrenched position near Kielce and accept battle in the open country. Since this battle nothing has come through concerning the movements of the two armies.

The advance of the Russians into Hungary has aroused intense feeling in Rumania, with respect to Transylvania, and a section of that country is advocating that Rumania join the Allies, so that with the end of the war, should victory rest with the Allies, Rumania may fall heir to that part of the Austro-Hungarian empire.

Say Russians are Stopped.

Berlin.—In the eastern battlefield German and Austrian forces have completely stopped the Russian offensive, inflicting enormous losses. Conjunction of Austrian and German armies at Ivanograd has greatly endangered the Russian center by a flanking movement.

Austrians Winning Now.

London.—It is officially announced from Huszt, Marmaros county, Hungary, that Austrian forces have been heavily engaged with Russians since Monday, at a place near Tacsoe, telegraphs the Amsterdam correspondent of the Reuter Telegram Company. The Russians retreated. The battle came to an end near Koossalva, with complete victory for the Austrians.

Japs Dominate Tsing Tau.

Peking.—The Japanese have mounted siege guns on Prince Henry mountain, which entirely dominates all three of the Tsing Tau forts, according to advices reaching Peking. These forts are named Tsimark, Moitke and Illis and are three or four miles from the mountain. The attack on Tsing Tau may begin any day. Prior to it a demand for surrender will be made.

Destroy 3 Tsing-Tao Forts.

Peking.—The Japanese continued their bombardment of the Kiao Chow fortifications and are reported here to be in possession of the outer chain of the Tsing Tao fortifications. The fleet continues to co-operate with the land forces and according to a statement by the Japanese legation, three of the harbor forts have been demolished.

British Submarine at Work.

London.—Submarine E-9 of the British navy under command of Lieutenant Commander Max K. Horton made another raid into German waters off the mouth of the River Ems and succeeded in sinking a German torpedo boat destroyer. This same submarine under the same commander made a similar dash and sank the German cruiser Hela off Helgoland on September 13.

Raid Dusseldorf Again.

Berlin.—The official communication given out by the German general staff says: "The airship hall of Dusseldorf has been hit by a bomb thrown by a hostile aviator. The roof of the hall was pierced and the cover of an airship in the hall was demolished."

GERMAN HOSTS DASH FORWARD

CONQUERORS OF ANTWERP NOW SWEEP ACROSS BELGIUM TO CRUSH DEFENDERS ON FRENCH FRONTIER.

BIG BATTLE AT LILLE

AUSTRIAN TROOPS TURN IN GER-LIKE ATTACK AFTER DEFEATS AND PURSUE MUCOVITE INVADERS.

London, Oct. 13.—The Kaiser is hurling great masses of cavalry against the line of the allies in the neighborhood of Lille near the Belgian border and a critical battle is in progress at that point. It is the evident intention of the Germans to break through the allies' line and prevent a conjunction of the French and English with the Belgians and British marines who escaped from Antwerp.

The flanking movement of the allies continues and desperate efforts are being made to circle the German left and join the defeated army at Ostend. Should the Germans succeed in their attack on Lille it will compel the troops in the extreme west to discontinue this movement and go to the support of the defenders there. Meanwhile the German army which captured Antwerp is being hurried across Belgium to the support of the Kaiser's lines along the frontier. The number available because of the reduction of the Belgian metropolis is estimated at between 300,000 and 500,000 men.

It is asserted that the Germans have entered Ghent. The finger of the censor having twisted the tourniquet on all direct sources of news from Belgium, just now perhaps the most potentially important scene of the fighting in the great war, the British people were forced to content themselves with the official communication from Paris, and even a close analysis of this showed no marked change in the situation favoring either side.

The British and Belgian troops who retired from Antwerp before the German occupation, with the exception of those who are now interned on Dutch soil as a result of having crossed the border, have been swallowed as completely as if they had been buried under the ruined forts. For military reasons their position and the area of hostilities in Belgium must remain obscure until the turn of events bring them sharply to the fore again, as was the case when after the fall of Antwerp the British public learned for the first time that British forces had assisted the garrison.

Optimistic, as always, the British press, besides contending that Antwerp is of no importance to Germany as a naval base, finds solace in the argument that the release of the allied troops there more than counterbalances the troops which Germany will send from that point into France.

Colonel Frederick M. Maude, a retired army officer and author of several standard military books, writing in the Evening Standard, says:

"This morning finds the Belgians, with five-sixths of the British contingent, perfectly ready to renew the fight, with their supplies and reinforcements from over sea amply safeguarded. After deducting the necessary garrison for Antwerp, losses, etc., it is exceedingly improbable that the Germans have more than 60,000 men to follow them, which gives us a clear gain of 40,000 to our left wing, without counting the reinforcements which we shall pick up on the way."

The official communication from Paris indicated that this left wing is stretching daily and nightly further west and north, and will soon reach the coast if the opposing sides continue throwing out cavalry in an endeavor to outflank or break through.

The allies make no claim to victory in the afternoon statement, which opens with the remark that these cavalry operations continue as far north and west as Hazebrouck, a point hardly more than a good day's walk from Calais. When the allies claimed yesterday that they had driven the Germans from Aire, London learned for the first time that the Germans had made substantial progress west from Armentieres, which they reached last week. Presumably the allies still hold the ground they claim to have regained, but the Germans are throwing more men westward and are putting up a hard fight. The communication does not make plain which side holds the town nearest the coast.

Nowhere along the battle line do the allies say they have made any progress, except in the center, on the right bank of the Aisne, below Soissons. At two other points, notably between Arras and the Oise and on the right in Vosges, it is stated the German attacks have been repulsed.

Slavs Routed at Przemysl.

London.—The Austrian army, so often reported demoralized in dispatches from Petrograd, has turned, in a tiger-like attack, on the Russians, and has compelled the abandonment of the siege of Przemysl. Many Russians have been captured, and the rest are fleeing, with Austrians and Germans in hot pursuit, according to Berlin reports.

U.S. TRAINS GUNS TO GUARD BORDER

INDIANS AND VILLA SOLDIERS MAKE NIGHT ATTACK ON AGUA PRIETA GARRISON.

TAKES OVER TRAMWAYS

HOPEFUL REPORTS FOR PEACE RECEIVED AT WASHINGTON FROM CONVENTION.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

Naco, Ariz.—The Ninth and Tenth United States cavalry, under Col. C. A. P. Hatfield, were lined up along the international boundary Monday to prevent Villa and Carranza factions from again bringing their warfare onto American soil.

This follows the second appeal to President Wilson for protection of the town against stray bullets and shells, which, for ten days, have fallen here instead of in the Mexican camps. Sheriff Harry Wheeler asked Governor Hunt to request withdrawal of the federal troops. He offered to gather 500 cowboys who would "protect the town without discussing technicalities."

Douglas, Ariz.—A second attack on Agua Prieta, Sonora, and its Carranza garrison, was made by Yaqui Indians, who were repulsed and two columns of Maytorena forces from Naco. The entrenched garrison successfully resisted the assaults.

The Nacozari railroad has been cut by the defenders to prevent the rapid collection of scattered scouting parties of the Villa forces.

Governor Maytorena's object in besieging Agua Prieta, requiring him to weaken his Naco attacking force to do so, is said to be his necessity for a base of supplies nearer Naco than Nogales, his present source.

During the attack bullets from both sides fell here, and the inhabitants fled to the center of town for safety.

Mexico City.—The government took provisional possession of the Mexico Tramways Company lines.

Washington.—Hopeful reports reached Washington of the progress of the first day's work of the military convention at Aguas Calientes to determine the personnel of the future government of Mexico. Not only are Generals Carranza and Villa represented, but General Zapata has sent three delegates, whose credentials have been accepted.

FEDERAL JUDGE LANDIS SUED.

Damages of \$25,000 Asked as Result of Contempt Decision.

Chicago.—Sue for \$25,000 damages filed against United States Judge Kenesaw M. Landis, it became known, is the result of thirty days spent in jail by Frank Blackledge on a contempt charge preferred by the federal judge.

If the suit is pressed to trial it will be the first time in local history, it is said, that a United States judge was sued for damages as a result of one of his decisions.

Blackledge became involved in a bankruptcy suit and Judge Landis accused him of perjury. Blackledge bases his claim for damages on alleged impairment of his health due to his stay in jail, loss of his position and \$2,400 which, it is alleged, was involved in the bankruptcy proceedings.

Denver.—A verdict of first degree murder, fixing the penalty at life imprisonment, was rendered against Mrs. Ida F. Mercer for the killing of her son-in-law, Carl Gregerson, on May 2.

PAY \$172,417,546 FOR PENSIONS.

Summit in Expenditures Has Been Reached, Says Commissioner.

Washington.—Uncle Sam paid out a total of \$172,417,546 in pensions in the fiscal year ended June 30 last, according to Commissioner of Pensions Saltzger in his annual report. That compares with \$174,171,060 in 1913, which was the largest amount ever paid. The commissioner points out, however, that the summit in expenditures has been reached and a decrease in the amount may be expected to continue. The grand total of expenditures for pensions from 1866 up to and including 1914 was \$4,633,511,926. The total number of pensioners of all classes on the rolls are 758,529, against 820,272 in 1913. The number of Civil War pensioners was 728,129, compared with 762,439 in 1913. The largest number ever on the rolls was in 1902, when there were 999,466.

Supreme Court Begins Year's Work.

Washington.—The Supreme Court convened according to law for its work, with 652 cases ready for consideration, or \$5 less than last year.

Carnegie Would Talk Peace.

Washington.—It is reported here that Andrew Carnegie, millionaire steel king and peace advocate, is seeking a private interview with Count von Bernstorff, German ambassador, in New York. It is believed the object of the proposed interview is a peace discussion. Von Bernstorff is in New York. Authorities here were inclined to think the meeting would take place, but none would venture an opinion as to its success.

It requires good tobacco to make good cigarettes, and good tobacco comes high. Only the inexpensive, sensible wrapping enables us to offer 20 Fatima Cigarettes for 15 cents.

"Distinctively Individual"

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

20 for 15¢



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The beauty powder compressed with healing agents, you will never be annoyed by pimples, blackheads or facial blemishes. If not satisfied after thirty days' trial your dealer will exchange for 50c in other goods. Zona has satisfied for twenty years—try it at our risk. At dealers or mailed, 50c.

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Special prices: Gold, Silver, Lead, Bi; Gold, Silver, Tin, Zinc, Nickel, Copper, Fe. Mailing envelopes and full price list sent on application. Silver "blossom" Stick Pins (pure silver), price \$1.50. Leadville, Colo., Ref. Carbonate Nat. Bank.

Dangers to the Eye.

Mr. Louis Bell, the electrical illuminating expert, and Dr. F. H. Verhoeff, an eye specialist, have published in Science their opinion that the alleged dangers to the eye from ultra-violet radiation of sunlight and various artificial lights amount to nothing at all. They admit that there have been many "sensational attacks" upon modern illuminants as dangerous by reason of injurious effects of ultra-violet or actinic rays, but these have "entirely neglected any quantitative relation between the radiation and its supposed pathological effects." Very little of these rays can penetrate the cornea, and the crystalline lens cuts off completely those that struggle through toward the retina. Protective glasses are useful only, they conclude, in cutting off dazzling lights and undue heat.

Przemysl. We are indebted to a Pittsburgh contemporary, educated in a place where the smelting of races is going on, for the proper pronunciation of that Gallician stronghold. It is to hold a "p" between your teeth while pronouncing "zhem," and at the psychological moment hook a "p" in the outer hook of the "z." Thus "Pahem-sl!" A clinch.—Syracuse Post-Standard.

How some people delight in pouring ice water on your enthusiasm!

Breakfasts of "Other Days"

ran something like this:

Ham, bacon or sausage; fried potatoes; doughnuts and coffee—prepared by over-worked mothers.

Today's and Tomorrow's Breakfasts

run about like this:

Post Toasties

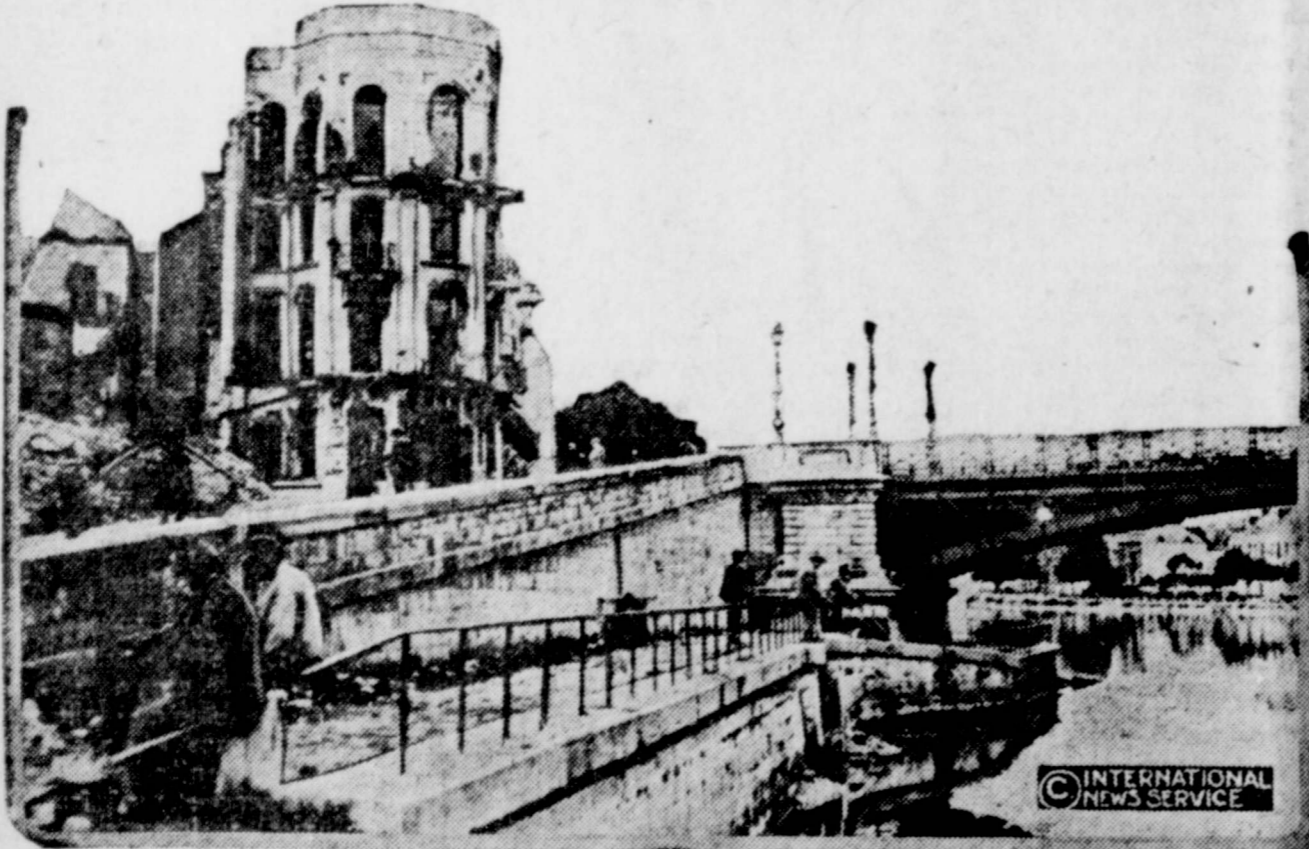
—with cream or fruit; a poached egg or two; crisp toast; and a cup of Postum—a royal starter for any day.

Quick, easy to serve, appetizing, and—

"Mother" has it easier!

—sold by Grocers.

SCENE IN DINANT AFTER ITS DESTRUCTION



Part of Dinant as it appeared after the Germans had shelled it. The building on the left was a large hotel and, like all the other structures in the city, was destroyed. Near the bridge are seen some German soldiers fishing.

THREE FRENCH SOLDIERS PUT GERMANS TO FLIGHT

Bordeaux.—The story of how three French soldiers captured two German quick firers and put to flight two companies of German infantry is related in a letter sent home by the captain of a company of infantry which is fighting on the Aisne.

Two corporals and a private, in reconnoitering, crawled within ten yards

of the German trenches. Most of the German soldiers were away to get their dinners and the officers were some distance back of the guns. The three Frenchmen sprang into the trenches and turned the guns on the unsuspecting Germans, who fled, communicating the panic to two companies. French artillerymen who had been watching the proceedings then opened fire and exterminated the Germans.

The same night the two corporals were made second lieutenants and the soldier was made a sergeant major as a reward for their daring.

Prepare to Trade Prisoners.

Paris.—The government is assembling exact information regarding the identity of seventy thousand German prisoners now in French hands with the object of exchanging this data with the German authorities for similar facts regarding French prisoners. The French ministry of war has issued regulations under which money may be sent from France to French prisoners in Germany and also from Germany to German prisoners in France, through the Swiss postal administration.

INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE

ADVICE NOT NEEDED

Nation Will Not Indorse Roosevelt Theories.

As Military Instructor to the United States He is Not a Success—Wise Arbitration Treaties Now in Favor.

Having failed in everything else since he returned from South America, Mr. Roosevelt now has appointed himself military instructor to the United States, and is teaching the American people the viciousness of peace treaties and the need of military preparedness. He is displaying in his new role the same wisdom that he showed in attacking the foreign policy of President Wilson.

No one imagines that the United States can afford to disarm. Every thoughtful American is agreed that this country must maintain a strong navy, and must devise some military system that will provide our army with a trained reserve in case of war. But while paying this tribute to the imperfect civilization of the world, every thoughtful citizen is likewise agreed that this country should do everything possible to keep war away from our shores; whereas Mr. Roosevelt stands for policies that are sure provokers of strife.

Mr. Roosevelt championed the treaty-breaking ship subsidy clause of the Panama canal act which, if not repealed, would have cost this country the good will of England.

Mr. Roosevelt made all Spanish America hate and fear the United States by his lawless action in "taking Panama."

Mr. Roosevelt's comments on the Mexican situation indicate that had he been president he would have invaded that country long ago, with the probable result of bringing on a war with Japan.

This country needs no advice from a man with such a record.

Let us improve our fleet and army, by all means; but let us maintain the wise policy of the present administration, and do all in our power to make military action unnecessary. Let us make arbitration treaties wherever we can. Let us deal justly by all nations, whether they are able to demand justice or not. Let us make patience and fairness the foundation stones of our foreign policy, and let there be no counterpart in our land of the blatant jingoism that is turning the fairest fields of Europe into vast graveyards.

Kansas Democrats See Victory.

"Democrats of Kansas are becoming more confident every day that they will carry the election in November," remarked Frederick A. Halpen of Wichita, according to the Washington Post. "Colonel Roosevelt's visit has cheered them mightily, and the political wiseacres are figuring now that the Progressive vote will be large enough to make it impossible for the regular Republicans to win. Roosevelt is still a power with the people, even if the professional politicians have relegated him to the discard, and he will make the latter understand very soon that he must be reckoned with. He aroused the same old enthusiasm in the districts he visited in Kansas, and while I do not believe that either Victor Murdoch, the progressive candidate for United States senator, or Henry Allen, the gubernatorial nominee of that party, can be elected, I am convinced that they will get a great many more votes than the Republicans believe they will get."

"This will give the Democrats a big advantage. No reasonable person would contend that the Democrats of Kansas would have a chance to win if the opposition were united, but it is divided, and that is the answer."

Market for Australian Wool.

Little has been heard about it in the United States, but the Australian wool grower is probably in a least as hard a case for a market as the American cotton grower.

In the season of 1913-14, Australia sold abroad 1,592,468 bales of wool. All but about ten per cent of this output was taken by countries now at war, and 425,275 bales—more than a quarter of the total clip—was bought by Germany, a country whose closed factories and blockaded ports have ceased to exist, so far as the outer world is concerned.

The cotton planters of Texas and the sheepmen of New South Wales have a common grievance against war-making autocrats.—Chicago Journal.

Administration's Power.

The regularity with which the administration program is enacted, first by the house and then by the senate, is wonderful. We have never had a regime in power in which the minority in congress seemed to have so little influence in shaping its actions. This, however, has the advantage of the definite lodgment of responsibility.

Income Tax Just Legislation.

It is quite true that European complications have rendered it impossible for the people to appraise fairly the value of the tariff bill, but the income tax alone, which is a part of the revenue bill, has gone far toward removing the inequalities of federal taxation, and when the war shall have ended and commercial relations with Europe shall have been resumed the people will unquestionably see that the Underwood law is a step forward in the direction of justice, even if it be found to contain errors.

TALK OF "MINORITY PARTY"

Real Truth of the Situation That Confronts the Opponents of the Democracy.

If stand-pat or progressive Republicans can find, as they pretend to do, any comfort in the fact that in Maine this year, as was the case in the country-at-large two years ago, the Democrats are "in a minority," no one should begrudge it to them.

Minority parties have a habit of doing important things in this world, and it is not necessary, we suppose, to cite instances. The point in relation to the American political situation which was of commanding importance in 1912, which is revealed again this year in Maine and which promises to exercise a powerful influence upon our public affairs for some time to come, is that there are more Democrats than Republicans and more Democrats than Progressives, and that combination against the Democrats is not possible.

If those who rule the destinies of Republicanism and Progressivism are sure that the Democrats are a minority party, why do they not combine? Is there an Aldrich or a Penrose who thinks that he could gain the Progressive vote as against a Wilson Democrat? Is there a Roosevelt or a Beveridge who imagines that he could poll the vengeful regular Republican vote against a decent Democrat of any type?

There are two Republican parties hating each other more fiercely than they hate Democrats. We shall never know just what the Democratic majority in the United States amounts to until we have a nominal fusion of all Republicans against the Democrats.

NO TRIBUTE TO THE TRUST

Sugar Barons Will Vainly Appeal for What They Consider Sufficient "Protection."

The sugar barons are taking advantage of present conditions, not only to reap momentary harvest, but to press their campaign for a sugar tariff which will so stimulate domestic production that all the sugar used in the United States will be "produced at home."

In 1912, the last calendar year for which complete figures are available, the United States used 3,504,182 tons of sugar. Of this huge quantity, 257,194 tons was Louisiana cane sugar, 516,851 tons was domestic beet sugar, 526,281 was cane sugar from Hawaii, and 7,000 tons was maple sugar—a total sugar production in the United States, and its Hawaiian territory of 1,307,326 tons, or just a little more than one-third of what the country used.

If even Aldrich schedules could not boost domestic production further than this, how much "protection" would it take to cause all our sugar to be grown at home?

Probably a duty which would keep prices at or above this present war level, say ten cents per pound, retail. Try to imagine the American housewife voting to pay such prices for sugar for the rest of his natural life, and you will have some idea of the problem now confronting the sweetening trust.

Secretary Bryan's Diplomacy.

Under Secretary Bryan the State department is not taken seriously by the American people. If it is a joke for them, could it be anything better for foreign governments and peoples?

The tens of thousands of American refugees who have been brought home from Europe, after having been cared for and watched over and provided with funds, do not think that the State department under Secretary Bryan is a joke. Most of them are grateful for the prompt and energetic efforts of the State department to afford them relief in time of great emergency. The European nations at war, which have committed to the care of the State department under Secretary Bryan their interests in the enemies' country, do not treat our Washington diplomacy as a joke. They have all entrusted to the State department the duties they are unable to perform for themselves. It is a poor time for Americans to sneer at their national government.

Record of Achievement.

It is to be hoped that the people of the United States may not become so absorbed in events across the ocean or in domestic problems resulting therefrom as to cause them to neglect what the present Democratic congress has achieved.

No one need contend that it has not made mistakes. It has, but after all mistakes are admitted the record stands out clearly enough to show that in the matter of achievement it has been the most remarkable congress that has assembled in half a century, and that the dominant party is entitled, by reason of its record, to a generous indorsement at the hands of the people.

Entitled to Country's Approval.

The country has not yet been enabled to enjoy the benefits of the federal reserve bank system, but it has the indorsement of all leading financiers and bankers and none doubts that it will meet in all respects the anticipations of President Wilson. This achievement of itself would have been sufficient to entitle the Democratic administration and congress to the country's approval. The importance of it is in nowise impaired because it has not been possible to put the system into operation sooner.

BATTLE OF SOISSONS AS SEEN BY WRITER ON FIRING LINE

By JOHN ASHTON. Special Correspondent of the Chicago Tribune.

Paris.—I have just returned to Paris to rest up a day or two and get a few necessities after a week at the front of the left wing of the allied armies who are facing General von Kluck's army.

Farther to the east in a line extending from Reims to near Verdun the French are holding their ground against a fierce onslaught of the Germans under the prince of Wurtemberg.

I will recount what I have witnessed during the last few days:

Leaving Meaux, we made our way through Varennes and Lizy, the scene of fierce fighting during the battle of the Marne, some details of which I gave in my first letter. All the dead have now been interred and the wounded removed from the several deserted villages through which we passed.

Find Wrecked German Plane.

Before arriving at Leerte Milon we came across a German aeroplane which had been brought down by the British. The English flying squad have been doing grand work in the air not only as scouts but in attacking hostile air craft. It is reported that no less than seventeen German aviators have fallen victims to the English flying men.

On approaching Villers-Cotterets, in the middle of the forest of that name, we came across several military automobiles, lying by the side of the route, which the Germans had abandoned in their hurried flight to the north. Two of these were marked "Feld Post" (field or military post). A little farther on we encountered six large German motor trucks which had evidently been destroyed by the Germans; everything was burnt up except the iron work. These wagons had been left in the road to delay pursuit, but the French had overturned them into the ditch on each side of the road.

Meet German Prisoners.

It was dark when we arrived at Villers-Cotterets. Before we had time to get out of our auto I heard a cry: "Voile les Allemands!" (here come the Germans!) and, indeed, a moving gray mass soon came into sight, surrounded by a cavalry escort. There were about 100 of them, prisoners, marching in the cold rain. Many of them wore Red Cross arm bands, and I noticed a few officers among the bunch. Their expressions were sour and sullen, but considering their privations, they looked fit enough physically.

These were men that had got lost in the forest and failed to catch up with their columns. Many prisoners are taken in a similar way on both sides. Sometimes they come straggling in half starved to death.

Pass Night in a Chateau.

We passed the night in an old chateau. The town was full of troops, and the hotels packed with officers, so we were very lucky to get under cover at all. A few days previously the Germans had occupied the town, the staff having made their headquarters at this same chateau. The chamber maid left in charge of the house (the owner and his wife having fled) told us that the Germans had taken away some valuable Gobelin tapestries; the smaller tapestries had been left. They had also taken away some silver plate, but had left behind many pieces of considerable value.

We slept on the floor in the library, in a separate building, one of the finest private libraries I have ever seen, containing several thousand volumes. A very elegant secretaire in the library had been forced up, the contents ransacked, and the top wrenched off and thrown on the floor. I had nothing to cover me with, and as it was cold I slept very little.

We could hear the guns booming the greater part of the night.

Approach the Firing Line.

Starting out early in the direction of Soissons, we came upon the Thirtieth regiment of French artillery, at but five miles from the latter town. We could hardly believe we were so close to the firing line, but there they were, twelve guns (known as the Seventy-five), pounding away across the valley to where the Germans were entrenched.

We stopped our auto at a respectable distance and approached the batteries on foot. The ammunition wagons and extra horses and men were all drawn up silent and motionless behind a hedge a short distance from the guns. There was no danger then, as the Germans were replying only to other French batteries lower down the valley.

Very soon the men not busy at the guns began to surround us, begging tobacco and cigarettes. It is an awful thing for these poor soldiers to be deprived of the comforting weed. I saw a great deal of this later, on the field and at hospitals.

We had intended to go directly into Soissons by the main road, but the French officers dissuaded us, saying that the Germans would certainly shell our autos. So we went by another route, to go by Vauxubain, a village lying in the bottom of the valley, two and one-half miles from Soissons.

Under German Shell Fire.

We stopped at an ancient, picturesque chateau, turned into a hospital, to inquire about the wounded. Hard-

ly had we arrived in front of the gates when German shells began screeching over our heads. We scarcely knew where to go for safety. A fearful crash on our right just behind the hospital showed that the German range was getting nearer. Some of our party naturally became alarmed. Then we all crouched down behind our autos as another shell whistled close to us and dropped in a garden. Two of the spent pieces actually fell at our feet and a few seconds afterwards another spent piece of shell, still hot, struck one of our party on the leg.

It was evident that we were in great danger. Some one said, "start by the cars."

It was a good job we did not take this advice; but we might have done it if at that moment a woman at the door of the village wine shop across the street had not shouted: "Come inside, for God's sake!"

Flee into a Cellar.

We did not need twice asking. Hardly had we got across the threshold when a tremendous noise like a million rawhide whips cracking at the same moment, followed by the noise of falling masonry, showed that we were in for a regular bombardment. Everybody rushed for the cellar.

As soon as the dust and smoke had cleared away someone crept up the steps to look out and returned saying one of the turrets on each side of the entrance gates to the castle had been completely demolished by the last shell. And still they came, and there we huddled looking into each other's eyes, as well as the dim light would admit, in that little wine cellar with its solid vaulted roof that we prayed might not give way should the house be struck. I shall never forget the time spent in that cellar. There were twenty-three of us, including about seven women of the village and a little boy. We were there from 10:30 a. m. until a little after noon, with shells dropping all around us. One dropped five yards from the door, the shock breaking every pane of glass in the house and making an enormous hole in the road. Another shell struck the ground about twelve feet in front of our cars, just grazing and mashing a portion of the village cross.

Everything has an end, and we could hear the shells bursting farther and farther away. Still it was deemed prudent to lie low for a bit.

Eat as Shells Scram.

After a time one of the villagers went out at a rear door and brought back a big dish of fried chipped potatoes and bread, so that with the wine in the cellar we made a hearty lunch under the circumstances. We were very hungry, as we had eaten nothing since the previous evening.

When it was safe to get out we found that the shell that dropped near the cars had burst two tires on the car I rode in, had smashed all three of the wind shields, and filled the car bodies and covers full of holes. The cars looked as if they had been peppered with machine guns. Luckily the engines were not damaged in the least.

The Germans, being deeply entrenched in old chalk quarries, a sort of natural fortress in the hillsides overlooking Soissons, continued to reply to the numerous French guns with impunity and occasionally to bombard Soissons and Vauxubain. Up to the time of my leaving this same thing had been going on for over a week.

Soissons is in a pitiable state. The Germans have not spared its old cathedral with its two Gothic spires. From the rear of the hospital at Vauxubain we had a fine view of this grand old landmark. One of the steeples is broken off about half way, and the other has a big hole in the side, plainly seen three miles off.

I passed about four days here. The artillery firing was terrific from morning to night. The battle rages over an enormously extended front. I saw some shockingly wounded men while at Vauxubain. The night before I left five men were brought in with fearful injuries in different parts of the body. A German shell had dropped among eight artillerymen serving one of the French guns. The other three men were killed on the spot. This is just an incident among hundreds that are happening every day.

At one village I passed through, where the Germans had left 160 wounded, most of whom were brought in under cover two days after the battle by the French, the doctors asked me, implored me, to try and get some milk for the wounded. Nearly all the cattle have been driven out of the country to safer places or have been requisitioned either by the German or the French forces. Many lives are lost on both sides through exposure and lack of attention after being wounded. Cases of gangrene and tetanus are not infrequent. The doctors and nurses are doing heroic work, but it often happens that they are very much overcrowded before they have a chance to remove those wounded who are able to be sent to other hospitals. At Vauxubain the hospital was crowded. There were 400 people there, and the house had only accommodations for 100.

Huge Jewish Army.

Petrograd.—A quarter of a million Jews are with the Russian forces. This is the largest Jewish army ever gathered since the fall of Jerusalem.

Sick Women Attention

Is it possible there is a woman in this country who continues to suffer without giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial after all the evidence that is continually being published, which proves beyond contradiction that this grand old medicine has relieved more suffering among women than any other medicine in the world?

We have published in the newspapers of the United States more genuine testimonial letters than have ever been published in the interest of any other medicine for women—and every year we publish many new testimonials, all genuine and true. Here are three never before published:

From Mrs. S. T. Richmond, Providence, R. I.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—"For the benefit of women who suffer as I have done I wish to state what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. I did some heavy lifting and the doctor said it caused a displacement. I have always been weak and I overworked after my baby was born and inflammation set in, then nervous prostration, from which I did not recover until I had taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. The Compound is my best friend and when I hear of a woman with troubles like mine I try to induce her to take your medicine."—Mrs. S. T. RICHMOND, 199 Waldo Street, Providence, R. I.

A Minister's Wife Writes:

CLOQUET, MINN.—"I have suffered very much with irregularities, pain and inflammation, but your wonderful medicine, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, has made me well and I can recommend the same to all that are troubled with these complaints."—Mrs. JENNIE AKERMAN, c/o Rev. K. AKERMAN, Cloquet, Minnesota.

From Mrs. J. D. Murdoch, Quincy, Mass.

SOUTH QUINCY, MASS.—"The doctor said that I had organic trouble and he doctored me for a long time and I did not get any relief. I saw Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound advertised and I tried it and found relief before I had finished the first bottle. I continued taking it all through middle life and am now a strong, healthy woman and earn my own living."—Mrs. JANE D. MURDOCH, 25 Gordon St., South Quincy, Mass.

Write to LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. (CONFIDENTIAL) LYNN, MASS., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.



Not Needed. Two college students were arraigned before the magistrate, charged with hurdling the low spots in the road in their motor car. "Have you a lawyer?" asked the magistrate. "We're not going to have any lawyer," answered the elder of the students. "We've decided to tell the truth."

YOUR OWN DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU. Try Murine Eye Remedy for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. No Smarting—Just Eye Comfort. Write for Book of the Eye by mail free. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

What He Deserved. "You deserve a great deal of credit, young man." "Maybe I do, but I always have to pay cash."—Stray Stories.

Makes the laundress happy—that's Red Cross Bag Blue. Makes beautiful, clear white clothes. All good grocers. Adv.

Feed a woman on flattery and she won't miss your bread and cheese and kisses.

Heavy Pasturing Condemned. Heavy pasturing of alfalfa is not advised. The number of animals per acre should be so regulated that two or three small cuttings of hay may be taken from the field. This is necessary to insure tender green growth for grazing. When little buds begin to shoot at the base of the stalk the alfalfa should be cut. In a very few days a fresh new growth makes its appearance. Overpasturing, without occasional cutting, also tends to injure the crowns of the plant and eventually destroys the stand.

Constipation causes and aggravates many serious diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. The favorite family laxative. Adv.

Bound to Be. "Pa, what is an extremist?" "Any woman who dresses in style, son."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

In the matter of making mistakes most of us are willing to concede the superior industry to our friends.

Libby's Hawaiian Pineapple

Tropical Hawaii, the home of the finest Pineapple, is too distant to supply you with the fresh fruit that has ripened on the plant. If you want the delicious Hawaiian Pineapple in all its perfection after fully ripening in the field, buy Libby's. Yellow and mellow when harvested and placed right into the tin the day it is picked. You can buy it sliced or crushed.


At Your Grocers
Libby, McNeill & Libby
Chicago

WINCHESTER



"Nublack" and "New Rival" Loaded Shotshells

Good shooters and sure shooters are Winchester "Nublack" and "New Rival" black powder loaded shells. They are strongly made and loaded with only standard brands of powder, shot and wadding. Their even pattern and deep penetration make them sure game getters. They will find nothing better. Sold everywhere. Look for the Red W on the box. They Are Uniform, Highly Satisfactory Loads.



STATE LIVE STOCK
and
PRODUCTS EXPOSITION

Roswell, New Mexico
October, 19-24, 1914

\$5,000.00 in Cash Prizes
Many Attractions

AMUSEMENTS GALORE

Monday, October 19, Opening Day
Tuesday, October 20, Gov.'s Day Parade
Wednesday, October 21, Good Roads Day
Thursday, October 22, Military Day
Friday October 23, School Day
Saturday October 24, Sales Day

**Low Round Trip Rates From All Points
On The Santa Fe In New Mexico**

Dates of Sale Oct. 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, and 24,
Final Return Limit Oct. 26, 1914.
Special Train From ARTESIA, Friday, Oct. 23, 1914
at 8:23 a. m.

For Further Particulars See
C. O. BROWN,
Local Agent

First State Bank
of Artesia.

Capital Stock \$15,000.00

All employes of this bank are bonded.
We solicit the accounts of the Merchants, Farmers
and Stockmen.

AUTUMN HUNTING VACATIONS

Season Open October 1st For
Deer, Wild Turkey and Quail

Most Delightful Season of the Year.
Experienced Guides.

White Mountain Inn
Ruidoso, New Mex.

Easily Reached by Auto. Write for Terms.

M. Stevenson Phone 138 M. E. Rehberg Office Phone 21 Phone 228

STEVENSON & REHBERG
All Kinds of Hauling

Special Attention to Piano Moving.
Best Piano trucks in town.

Express, Baggage and Freight hauled to and from
all parts of the city.

Prompt attention given to all orders.
Satisfaction guaranteed.

Office opposite the Post Office.

We Have them Both--

Gentle Livery Teams and a Safe
Speedy Auto.

Also pleasant Rooms at the Pecos Valley
Rooming House.

H. CROUCH, Proprietor

THE STONE BARN PHONE 31

Artesia Realty Co.
Artesia, N. M.

We want to list your property for sale or exchange. A specialty made in exchanges. We cooperate with men in New Mexico Colorado, Texas, Oklahoma, Arkansas, Kansas, Nebraska, Iowa, and Illinois. Let us know what you want and we will try and please you.

A Seven Age Bazaar will be given by the ladies of the Christain Church November 28th.

Annual Christmas Sale by Woman's Guild the first Saturday in December.

Minstrels given by the Woman's Guild in November. Watch for them.

Walter M. Daugherity, Fire Insurance. Losses paid to date \$16,200.00. adv

Professional Cards

NOTARY PUBLIC
B. Stephenson.
CITY HALL

GUY A. REED
Lawyer
National Bank Building
Carlsbad, New Mexico.

J. D. ATWOOD,
Lawyer
Clark Building, Artesia, N. M.

J. G. Osburn W. B. Robinson
OSBURN & ROBINSON
LAWYERS
ARTESIA, NEW MEXICO

S. E. FERREE
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Notary Public. Fire Insurance

G. U. McCRARY
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Will practice in all courts. Collection carefully attended to.
Office: Room 1, Higgins Building.

S. D. Stennis, Jr.,
LAWYER
CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO
Office in First National Bank Bldg.
Practice in State and Federal Courts.

Robt. C. Dow
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Rooms 6 and 7, National Bank Building
Carlsbad, New Mexico.

J. H. JACKSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
AND NOTARY PUBLIC.
Office upstairs Sipple building.
Phone 184.

JOS. O. GREENLAW
Physician and Surgeon
Office Phone 230 Residence Phone 243
Artesia, New Mexico

Dr. H. A. Stroup
Physician and Surgeon
Office Phone 67 Residence Phone 217
Rear First State Bank Building
Artesia, New Mexico

T. M. Bradshaw
Concrete Buildings and
Cement work of all kinds.
Have forms for building
Walls of poured concrete.
Artesia, New Mexico

Notice of Special Master's Sale.
No. 1911
In the District Court, Eddy County,
State of New Mexico.
Pacific Mutual Life Insurance Company of California, Plaintiff,
vs.
M. C. Briggs, Thomas H. Briggs, Wm. Overholt, B. T. Hainer and W. C. Haney, Defendants.

Whereas by virtue of a final decree entered of record in the District Court of Eddy County, New Mexico, in the above entitled cause on the 29th day of May 1914, it was adjudged that the above named defendants, M. C. Briggs, Thomas H. Briggs, William Overholt, B. T. Hainer and W. C. Haney are justly indebted to the plaintiff, Pacific Mutual Life Insurance Company of California in the sum of \$4399.04, together with seven per cent interest from May 28, 1914 until paid and the further sum of \$439.90 attorney's fees together with six per cent interest thereon from the 26th day of May 1914 until paid and the further sum of \$107.99 taxes on the hereinafter described real estate together with six per cent interest thereon from the 26th day of May 1914 and the further sum of \$4.00 for examining title to said real estate together with seven per cent interest thereon from the 8th day of January 1914 until paid and all costs of suit, and

Whereas, said decree provides for the foreclosure of that certain mortgage deed described in plaintiff's complaint filed in the above entitled cause, and

Whereas, said mortgage was declared by said decree to be a first lien on the following described real estate, situate, lying and being in the county of Eddy and state of New Mexico, to-wit:

The southwest quarter of southeast quarter and the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of Section 27, Township 17 South, Range 26 East, N. M. P. M., together with a one-third interest in and to an Artesian well and the water flowing therefrom situated near the northwest corner of the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of above described Section, Township and Range and ditch rights, and all appurtenances belonging to said premises.

Whereas, I, J. C. Gage, of Artesia, New Mexico, was duly appointed by the Court as Special Master to sell the above described property or so much thereof as may be necessary and sufficient to raise the amount due to plaintiff by the defendants, as aforesaid, and to make the purchaser or purchasers thereof a good and sufficient deed or deeds thereto and report my proceedings back to the Court for its inspection and approval.

Now, therefore, I, J. C. Gage, Special Master, aforesaid, do hereby give public notice that on the 21st day of November, 1914, at the hour of ten o'clock A. M. on said day, will proceed to sell at public auction for cash to the highest bidder, at the front door of the Post Office in the town of Artesia, Eddy county, New Mexico, all the above described real estate and premises, the proceeds of said sale to be applied to plaintiff's judgment, aforesaid, as provided by law.

Witness my hand and seal at Artesia, New Mexico, this 14th day of October, 1914.

J. C. GAGE,
Special Master.

For Sale
80 head of 2 year old Durham and White Face heifers, will sell at a bargain. One or more to suit buyer.
Dayton Stock Ranch
Dayton, N. M.

Artesia Abstract Co.
INCORPORATED
ARTESIA, NEW MEXICO

Abstracts of Title
Correctly Prepared

Prompt Attention Given to
All Matters Intrusted to Us

Money to Loan
On Farms and City
Property.

Fire Insurance

A. C. KEINATH,
Artesia, N. M.
Rear room First National Bank.

The Artesia Advocate

A. W. Henry Editor

Subscription, one year \$1.50
" six months 75c

Published Every Friday.
By ARTESIA PUBLISHING COMPANY.

Subscription Price \$1.50 PER YEAR

This paper has been entered in the postoffice at Artesia, New Mexico, as second-class mail matter.

Friday, October 16, 1914

Secretary Lane Pleased with Mr. Fergusson.

The following letter from the Secretary of the Interior, Mr. Lane, will be read with interest by the friends of Mr. Fergusson in this state, showing as it does the high esteem in which he is held by those who are in the best position to appreciate the splendid service which he is rendering for the people of New Mexico. It is gratifying to know also that he has the confidence and support of the entire administration at Washington, which is so essential in order that a representative may accomplish anything of value for his constituents.

The Secretary of the Interior, Washington,
Sep. 24, 1914
My dear Mr. Fergusson:

Permit me, on the passage by the House of the last of our bills for the opening and utilization of the lands of the West, to congratulate you most earnestly on the helpful and efficient part you have played in the passage of these measures, and to express the earnest hope that you may be returned to give further support to our President and make more splendid the record of our Party.

Sincerely yours,
(Signed)
FRANKLIN K. LANE.

Hon. Harvey B. Fergusson,
House of Representatives.

The pump station of the Santa Fe at Dayton has been undergoing some improvements. For some time the well has not been furnishing as much water as former years. The hole is about 90 feet deep is cased up with 6 in. pipe. A surface pump has been doing the work for several years and the water stood about two feet below the surface of the earth but the water level has lowered to about 14 feet and the pump has been let down to correspond. It is found that the pump now secures more water than ever before.

In the District Court, Eddy County, New Mexico.
Kemp Lumber Company, a corporation, Plaintiff,
vs.
Gust W. Anderson, Defendant.
No. 1949.

Notice of Sale.
Whereas, an order was duly made and entered in the above entitled cause, Kemp Lumber Company, a corporation, vs. Gust W. Anderson, a suit pending in the District Court of Eddy County, New Mexico, by the Judge of said Court, on the 10th day of June, A. D. 1914, foreclosing one certain mortgage deed and one certain chattel mortgage given by the defendant in favor of the plaintiff, which said mortgage deed covers the following described real estate: Lots five and seven (5 and 7) in block Forty-six (46) of the Artesia Improvement Company's addition to the town of Artesia, Eddy County, New Mexico; and which said chattel mortgage covers the following described personal property:

- One block Machine size of blocks 8x24.
- One block Machine size of blocks 8x10x24.
- 130 wooden pallets.
- One Wizard Down Face block Machine making blocks 8x8x10.
- 125 Iron Pallets to Wizard Machine
- One Miracle brick machine.
- 700 wooden pallets to brick machine. 5 different size Tiling molds.
- U. S. patent for the make of this kind of molds any dimension for Eddy County, New Mexico.
- One Miracle block Lifter.
- Sand Bin House water pipe from main to lot pipe.

and appointing me, Albert Blake, as Special Master to sell the said real and personal property in satisfaction of a judgment rendered in said cause on the said 10th day of June, A. D. 1914, in the sum of \$338.39, the principal of the said note sued on in said cause, and the amount of \$285.51, interest on said principal up to the said 10th day of June, 1914, and the sum of \$112.39, attorneys fees, and the costs accrued in said suit and such further interest as may have accrued in said suit, and such further interest as may have accrued on the said principal, interest and attorney fees from the said 10th day of June, 1914, up to the day of sale and for the further costs of carrying the decree into effect, as is provided by law in such cases; and commanding me to make sale of the said property, as the law provides in such cases. I therefore, hereby, give notice that I will sell the said described real property on the 17th day of October, 1914, at the hour of 10 o'clock A. M., on said day at public vendue to the highest and best bidder for cash, at the front door of the Post Office on Main street in the town of Artesia, Eddy County, New Mexico, and will sell the said personal property on the said 17th day of October, 1914, at the hour of 10:30 A. M. of said day at public vendue to the highest and best bidder, at the Kemp Lumber Company yard on Roselawn Avenue in the town of Artesia, Eddy County, New Mexico, and that said personal property will either be sold in separate pieces, lots or all in bulk as may seem best to me for the interests of all persons concerned and in order to obtain the best possible cash price therefor.

Witness my hand this 15th day of September, A. D. 1914.
ALBERT BLAKE,
Special Master.

Notice For Publication.
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico, Sept. 11, 1914.

Notice is hereby given that James R. McLaughlin, of Dayton, New Mex., who, on Aug. 16, 1913, made HD. E. Serial No. 027690, for SE 1/4, Section 35 Township 18-S, Range 26-E, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Commutation Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before A. M. Thomas, U. S. Commissioner, in his office, at Artesia, New Mexico, on Oct. 20, 1914.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Joseph M. Chase,
Philip Ramuz,
William Stirling,
J. Allen Bell, all of Dayton, N. M.
Emmett Patton,
Register.

Artesia, Advocate:
Sept. 18--Oct. 16

Use A-1 Surface Irrigation Pipe
AND SAVE YOUR WATER
Think of the Immense Loss by Seepage and Evaporation



Water cost money and wasted water is wasted money. The loss by seepage alone in dirt ditches amounts to from 1 to 60 per cent of the total water pumped per mile. In some soils over half of the water is lost before it reaches the place where it is needed. By using this pipe all the water delivered is used, there is practically no waste. Worth considering, isn't it?

WHY does our A-1 Surface Irrigation Pipe stand the hard usage to which it is subjected better than any other pipe, riveted or otherwise?
BECAUSE it is made with a lockseam set down under 3500 pounds pressure, which requires no soldering to make it water-tight. (Soldering will break loose by jarring and hard knocks.)

A-1 Pipe was awarded first prize at Fresno and Santa Clara County Fairs in 1912.

Send for new catalog with prices and valuable information.

Manufacturer's address--Ames-Irvine Co., 8th & Irvine Streets, San Francisco, California.

For Sale by J. F. BOWMAN, Artesia, F. M.

WANTED

500 Horses

By October 25th to November 1st, 1914.

Inspection For Ten Horses or More at Ranches.

Small Lots Inspected At
Artesia, New Mexico

Description

Must Be Sound 14-3 to 16 Hands High
4 To 9 Years Old
Reasonably Well Saddle Broke

McElwain & Hastie

Artesia, New Mexico

Phone 21

Engine and Pump.

For Sale—3 Horse Engine. A good International 3 H. P. vertical engine complete, with large cooling tank, heavy gasoline tank, and in perfect running order. A simple and a thoroughly reliable engine.

American No. 2 centrifugal horizontal pump.

A bargain. Will trade for live stock. Inquire at Advocate.

In The District Court of Eddy County, State of New Mexico.

The First National Bank of Artesia, Plaintiff,
vs.
J. L. Hughey, Defendant.
No. 2005.

Notice for Sheriff's Sale.

WHEREAS in the above entitled cause, a judgment was duly rendered by the Hon. Granville A. Richardson, one of the Judges of the fifth Judicial District Court, sitting within and for the County of Eddy and State of New Mexico, upon the 28th day September, A. D. 1914; Said Judgment being in favor of The First National Bank of Artesia, plaintiff and against J. L. Hughey, defendant, for the sum of \$3,301.16, with interest thereon at the rate of Ten per cent per annum from and after the 1st day of June, 1914 until paid, and for the further sum of \$340.52, attorneys fees, with interest thereon at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from and after the date of said judgment, and for the further sum of all costs incurred in said suit and the execution of the final judgment thereon, and for the foreclosure of plaintiff's attachment lien in this suit upon all the right, title and interest of the above named defendant in and to the following described personal property, to-wit: That certain stock of goods fixtures and merchandise, located in the Town of Artesia, Eddy County, New Mexico and generally known as "The Cash Mercantile Company"; same being the stock of goods and merchandise heretofore attached in this cause.

NOW THEREFORE Notice is hereby given that on the 27th day of October, 1914, at Ten o'clock, A. M. on said date, at and in the building in which the said stock of goods, merchandise and fixtures are located, to-wit in the building known as "The Charvoz building," on the South side of Main Street in the town of Artesia, County and State aforesaid, I will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, all the right, title and interest of the above named defendant in and to said personal property above described to satisfy said judgment and costs.

Signed and dated at Carlsbad, New Mexico, this 28th day of September, 1914.

M. C. Stewart, Sheriff.
By R. B. Armstrong, Deputy.
10-2-23

A Few Pertinent Questions.

What will it profit the the people to return the Republican party to power? What constructive program has it to announce? How much of a great work of this administration will it undo?

Would it repeal the Federal Reserve Act and reestablish its antiquated banking and currency system?

Would it repeal the Income Tax Law?

Would it take a backward step as to the parcel post?

Would it attempt a new revision of the tariff and subject the business and industry of the country to another period of unrest?

Would it restore Schedule K of the Payne-Aldrich Tariff Law?

Would it again tax the people 100 per cent on their woolen clothing?

Would it again tax the people \$120,000,000 a year on sugar?

Would it put down the conduits connecting the special interests with the seat of government that Woodrow Wilson has taken up?

Would it welcome back to Washington the hoard of lobbyists for special privileges that he has driven out?

Local News.

Mr. Ed Hicks who recently purchased the Van Epps residence and tract of ground at Dayton has been making many improvements. He has made a cement cistern, irrigating and improving the orchard, added two new porches, a garage, and making the place very attractive and homelike.

Mr. and Mrs. Whit Terry, of Oklahoma, are visiting their parents Rev. and Mrs. J. D. Terry.

Paul Terry, Sam Thomas, Emmett and Floyd Rupert, L. Thomas, have returned from a hunting trip in the mountains.

Mr. and Mrs. Sherman of Roswell are guests of Mrs. Roberts.

Mrs. George Ray is entertaining Mrs. Fields and Mr. and Mrs. Cummins of Roswell during the carnival.

Mesdames Swigart, J. R. Lynn, A. J. Crawford, Adams and Bates came over from Carlsbad yesterday.

E. N. Requa, Little Higgins, Paul Whitted and Joe Clayton returned last evening from the mountains. They report a good time and brought home four sets of horns as proof that they secured the limit allowed by law.

Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Ward are entertaining a new baby boy which arrived last week.

Mrs. J. D. Atwood left Monday for Silver City to attend the State Federation of Women's Club's now in session in that city. She will visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. McWhorter, at Bisbee Arizona before her return.

FOR SALE—A new model "Quickest Yet" washing machine. Apply Mrs. Helmig.

For Sale—Austin No. 3 Well Machine, fully equipped. Part cash, balance on time with approved security. L. A. Highsmith, Artesia.

Wanted—A few stands of bees. Must be cheap for cash. Apply to Advocate office.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M. Sept. 25, 1914.

Notice is hereby given that Philip Richard Ramuz, of Dayton N. M., who, on April 25, 1912, made Desert Land Entry, Serial No. 026018, for S $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, Section 25, Township 18-s, Range, 25-e, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final Proof to establish claim to the land above described, before A. M. Thomas, U. S. Commissioner, in his office, at Artesia, N. M., on Nov. 4, 1914.

Claimant names as witnesses: Joseph M. Chase, James R. McLaughlin, Jose Torres, Cleto Torres, all of Dayton, N. M.

Emmett Patton, Register.
Oct. 2--30.

Notice for Publication.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M. Sept. 25, 1914.

Notice is hereby given that Mary A. Henderson, nee Mary A. White, of Artesia, N. M., who on Oct. 19, 1911, made H.D.E. Serial No. 025251, for E $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, Section 11 Township 17-s, Range 25-e, N.M.P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final three year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before A. M. Thomas, U. S. Commissioner, in his office, at Artesia, N. M., on Nov. 3, 1914.

Claimant names as witnesses: Thomas H. Whitted, Sam Hale, Hugh J. Allison, Frederick W. Hinrichsen, all of Artesia, N. M.

Emmett Patton, Register.
Oct. 2--30.

In the District Court, Eddy County, State of New Mexico.

Eliza S. Spencer, Plaintiff,
vs.
M. S. Mauldin, Alfred W. Mauldin, Big Jo Lumber Company, a corporation, and Joyce-Fruit Company, a corporation, Defendants.
No. 1916.

Notice of Foreclosure Sale.

In pursuance of a decree of foreclosure and sale, made in the above entitled action on the 23rd day of July, 1914, and entered in the County Clerk's office of the county of Eddy on the 25th day of July, 1914, I, the undersigned Special Master, appointed under said decree, give notice that the nature of said action is the foreclosure of mortgages upon the land and property hereinafter described and to secure the judgment for the amounts hereinafter stated and that the amount awarded to the plaintiff under said decree, together with interest thereon to date of sale is Seven Hundred, Seventy-four and 15-100 (\$774.15) Dollars; and the sum of Seventy-three and 27-100 (\$73.27) Dollars, attorneys fees; and that I will sell at public vendue to the highest and best bidder for cash, at 10:00 o'clock in the morning of the 4th day of November, 1914, at the front door of the First National Bank of Artesia, at Artesia, County of Eddy, in the State of New Mexico, the following described premises:

"Beginning at the Northwest (NW) corner of Lot Fourteen (14), in Block Twenty-five (25) of Artesia, Eddy county, New Mexico; thence in an easterly direction on the North line of Lots Eight (8), Ten (10), Twelve (12) and Fourteen (14) in said Block Twenty-five (25), to a point Seventy-five (75) feet east of the Northwest (NW) corner of said Lot Fourteen (14) in said Block Twenty-five (25); thence in a southwesterly direction to a point on the South line of said Lots Eight (8), Ten (10), Twelve (12) and Fourteen (14) in said Block Twenty-five (25), Seventy-five (75) feet east of the Southwest (SW) corner of Lot Fourteen (14) in said Block Twenty-five (25); thence West to the Southwest (SW) corner of said Lot Fourteen (14), thence North to the point of beginning, same being all of Lots Ten (10), Twelve (12) and Fourteen (14) and a part of the west side of Lot Eight (8) in said Block Twenty-five (25) of Artesia, Eddy county, New Mexico."

or sufficient thereof to satisfy the above decree, Court costs and costs of sale, which may be separately sold with out material injury to any of the parties interested.

And I further give notice that if the amount received from the sale of said property above described, be insufficient to satisfy all of the said amounts aforesaid, then, in that event, I will sell at public vendue at the same place, time and manner above mentioned, the following described premises:

"Lots One (1) and Three (3) in Block Fifteen (15) of Blair Addition to the town of Artesia."

Or so much thereof as will supply the amount remaining unpaid from the proceeds of the sale of the property first described herein.

Lucy L. Jones, Special Master.
10-2-10-23.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured
by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed, you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.
We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Sold by Druggists, Free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Accomplishments of Woodrow Wilson's Administration.

- Tariff revision downwards and currency system reformed, without panic.
- Income tax made to shift part of tax burden from from poor to rich.
- Dollar Diplomach abolished—Human rights placed above property interests.
- Panama Canal completed.
- American Merchant Marine established without subsidies.
- Lobby driven out of Congress.
- Alaskan Railway authorized and work begun.
- Popular vote for United States Senators.
- War with Mexico averted.
- Arbitration substituted for strikes in Railway labor disputes.
- Parcels Post extended and cheapened.
- Postal system made self-supporting.
- Telephone and Telegraph Trust dissolved.

Cure Colds in 24 Hours

With proper treatment a cure is comparatively easy.

Nyals Laxacold

Cures a cold in the shortest time possible. The action of but a few tablets result in relief. Nothing simpler.

Come to us and you will get what you want.

Mann Drug Co.

The Nyal Store

ARTESIA ADVOCATE \$1.50 YEAR

THE EUROPEAN WAR GETS WORSE

But good Climate and Plenty Feed is putting Prices Down

100 lb sacked Maize	-	\$1.55
100 lb " Maize chop	-	1.60
100 lb " Corn	-	1.90
100 lb " Corn chop	-	1.95

E. B. Bullock

Feed, Flour, Coal and Seeds.



They can't get too close to the Remington-UMC.

REMINGTON UMC

Scatter Load SHOT SHELLS

When you're apt to get up close, slip in a Remington-UMC Scatterload—and make your choke bore gun good in brush or thicket.

Arrow and Nitro Club steel lined scatterload shot shells open your pattern so evenly that your bird can neither get too much nor too little.

A special system of wadding gives at 25 yds. a spread equal to that of a standard shell at 40 yds. and with greater penetration.

The steel lining gives the speed plus perfect pattern. Get a box to-day. Your local dealer has them. Try them on a paper target with your old duck gun.

Remington Arms-Union Metallic Cartridge Co.
299 Broadway New York City

Make Our Store Your Store Saturday Special

October 17th.

8 Boxes Matches for - - 25c

Our Fall Canned Goods have arrived, also bulk Mince Meat, Sour Krout and many other delicacies that go to make up a complete stock of Groceries.

Joyce-Pruit Company

When in doubt call 46

Notice of Sale of Decedent's Real Estate in the District Court, Eddy County, State of New Mexico.

Laura Addington, Administratrix of
the estate of James M. Addington,
Petitioner,

vs.

Albert Lee Addington, a minor,
W. F. Schwartz, guardian of
Bertha May Addington,

Defendants.

(No. 2037)

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to a judgment and order of sale rendered on the 24th day of September 1914, in the District Court of the Fifth Judicial District of the State of New Mexico within and for the County of Eddy in the above entitled cause, to which judgment and order of sale reference is hereby made for the particulars thereof, I, B. Stephenson, having been appointed special master in said cause and directed by the Court to sell the hereinafter described real estate, shall expose for sale and sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash at the front door of the First National Bank of Artesia, in the town of Artesia, in said County and State, on the 7th day of November 1914, at 2 o'clock p. m. of that day, all the right, title, interest and claim of the defendants, Albert Lee Addington and Bertha May Addington, heirs at law of James M. Addington, deceased, and all the right, title and interest in said real estate which the Petitioner, Laura Addington may have or claim to have by reason of her being the widow of the said James M. Addington, deceased, of, in and to the following described real estate, situate in Eddy County, New Mexico and more particularly described as follows, to-wit:

Commencing at the Southeast corner of Block Eighteen of the original Town of Artesia, New Mexico, as the starting point; thence in a northerly direction along the east line of said block 18 to a point on said line, which point is seventy-five feet in a southerly direction from the northeast corner of said block eighteen aforesaid; thence at a right angle running in a westerly direction, parallel with the north line of said block eighteen, a distance of one hundred thirty-three feet or to the west line of the tract of ground formerly owned by John S. Schrock and Frank Trekel; thence in a southerly direction along said west line of said Schrock and Trekel tract and continuing in said course to a point on the south line of said block eighteen which point is one hundred fifty feet east of the southwest corner of said block eighteen; thence in an easterly direction along the south line of said block eighteen to the point of beginning.

Said sale to be made for the purpose of satisfying the judgment in said case No. 2037 on the Civil Docket of the District Court of Eddy County, New Mexico, said judgment being for the sale of decedent's real estate for the purpose of paying the mortgage indebtedness of said estate against the above and foregoing described real estate, amounting to \$944.83 with interest thereon at the rate of 12 per cent per annum from the 24th day of September 1914 until paid and one-half the cost in said cause, and after paying said amounts, the balance of said proceeds from such sale, if any, shall be paid to the Administratrix, Laura Addington, to be applied to the payment of other debts of the estate, under the direction and order of the Probate Court of Eddy County, New Mexico.

Dated at Artesia, New Mexico,
October 1, 1914.

B. Stephenson, Special Master.

The ladies of the Industrial Society of the Presbyterian Church will hold their annual Bazaar on the afternoon of Sat. Dec. 12th.

Hog Growers Meeting.

There will be a meeting of hog owners and those interested in that industry at Artesia tomorrow at 2 o'clock at the Majestic Theater. The purpose of the meeting is to perfect an organization for the benefit and advancement of this industry in the Pecos Valley. Don't fail to attend.

A Sudden Death.

Mr. Robert Pease underwent an operation for appendicitis the first part of this week. The case had advanced too far before the physicians were called and death occurred yesterday. He came here from the East a few years ago and was conducting the experimental farm southwest of town for Mr. John C. Keys.

Notice For Publication.

Department Of The Interior, U. S. Land Office at Roswell, New Mexico, Oct. 2, 1914.

Notice is hereby given that Charles I. Maulie, of Artesia, N. M., who, on Jan. 8, 1913, made HD. E. Serial No. 026829, for SE 1/4, Section 18, Township 15-s, Range 25-e, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Final three year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before A. M. Thomas, U. S. Commissioner, in his Office, at Artesia, New Mexico, on Nov. 11, 1914.

Claimant names as witnesses:
John G. Hoagland, William H. Reed, these of Lake Arthur, N. M. John H. Dawson, Jessie M. Stevens, these of Artesia, N. M.

Emmett Patton,
Register.

Oct. 9--Nov. 6

Notice of Foreclosure Sale.

In the District Court within and for
Eddy County, New Mexico.
Alexander Ault, Plaintiff,

vs.

Claude W. May and Grace T. May,
The First National Bank of Lake
Arthur, and L. A. Keller, defend-
ants.

Notice is hereby given, That, pursuant to a decree entered in the above entitled and numbered cause on the 3rd day of April, 1914, in which the plaintiff Alexander Ault was given judgment for the sum of (\$500.00) Five Hundred Dollars with interest thereon from the 2nd day of January, 1913, at the rate of twelve per cent per annum, together with a ten per cent attorney fee and the costs of suit, and for the foreclosure of a certain mortgage described in said decree given by said defendants Claude W. May and Grace T. May to said plaintiff upon the following described lands in Eddy county and state of New Mexico, to-wit: Lots 12, 13 and 14, in Section 4, and Lot 9 in Section 5, all in Township 16 South, Range 25 East N. M. P. M., and ordering that said lands be sold to satisfy said judgment and pursuant to a further order entered by the Court in said cause on the 11th day of September, 1914, in which I the undersigned A. M. Thomas was appointed Special Master to sell said lands and convey the same, and was ordered to sell the same at public auction to the highest and best bidder for cash and to apply the proceeds thereof to the payment of said judgment, interest, costs and attorney's fees, I, the said A. M. Thomas as said Special Master, will on the 16th day of October, 1914, at 2 o'clock, p. m., on said day, in front of The First National Bank of Artesia, in the Town of Artesia, New Mexico, sell the above described premises to the highest and best bidder for cash, and will apply the proceeds of said sale to the payment of said judgment as in said order set out, and upon the approval of said sale by the Court will execute and deliver to the purchaser at said sale a good and sufficient deed conveying said premises to him, subject only to the right of said defendants or their assigns to redeem the same from said sale within Nine Months from the date of said sale, as provided by law.

A. M. THOMAS,
Special Master.

9-18 10-9

Local News.

Wm. Schneider went to the Amarillo country on a business trip last Friday.

Mrs. J. H. Surrill, of Wapanucka, Oklahoma, is visiting her uncle, Dr. M. P. Skeen.

Claude Hefflin will exhibit ten very pretty Collie puppies at the fair this week.

Mrs. E. C. Lamb has been quite sick at their ranch home on the Penasco.

Mr. John D. McClure came in from Galesburg, Illinois, last week and is spending a few days here looking after business interests.

W. C. Haney returned Friday from a trip to Norman, Oklahoma.

Ramon Gardner fell on the steps at the school house last Thursday and fractured an elbow. It was necessary to have the arm dressed by a physician.

J. H. Naylor has a fine baby boy born last Friday.

The young man, Allison, who was treated for appendicitis, is getting well.

A social was given at the home of C. W. Moore on last Friday evening by the men and women classes of the Sunday school of the Methodist church for the pastor, Rev. Ellis Smith, who leaves this week to attend the annual conference. He will return after the conference and ship his household goods to his new charge.

J. C. Jesse is employed in the grocery department of the Joyce-Pruit Co. stores during the absence of Mr. Terwilliger.

Henry M. Carle who has been quite sick is improving. He has been in the real estate business for some years and is owner of considerable valley land on the east side of the Pecos river near Lake Arthur, and it was on this ranch that he was taken ill.

Ed Lamb shipped a car of Maize and Kaffir corn from the Portales valley to Dayton to feed to his bunch of steers, which he is fattening for the market.

John B. Enfield left here last week in his automobile to drive to Oklahoma City. He was accompanied by his little son, and "Red" Knott, the oil well driller.

Mr. Requa and party of hunters returned from the mountains last Thursday. They had very good luck.

I. V. Whitesides was taken seriously ill while on a trip in Missouri last week. He was unconscious for several days and definite news of his condition was not given. Later reports state that he is improving.

Frank Burrell spent Sunday in Hope. He is employed in the Advocate office.

Bryant Williams, of Hope, was in town Saturday. He is noted as a successful farmer, and distributor of groceries.

J. B. Randolph returned to Dayton last Sunday after a trip to Nebraska, and is no doubt pleased to get back to "God's country" again.

Irvin Martin is in Texas. He may attend college there this winter.

The selection of a successor to fill the position of well inspector made vacant by the death of Mr. George Frisk has been delayed owing to the illness of Mr. Whitesides, who is a member of the board of well commissioners.

Joe Goodale is the busiest poultryman in the town. He not only buys and sells poultry but has about 1500 fowls of his own. He is buying and shipping every day.

The Allman Carnival Company train arrived here from Albuquerque Monday.

Cattle shipments originating from points below Carlsbad have interfered with the schedule of the local train from the south some days lately. The train was run three hours early on Monday, carrying several cars of cattle north.

Episcopal Service in the Guild Hall Sunday evening at Seven thirty o'clock.

Mrs. C. F. Helmig and little son are spending a few days with friends in Roswell.

Miss Nannie Smith of Amarillo, Texas, is visiting home folks.

Mrs. Gray who has been visiting in the East for several months, returned to Artesia last Saturday and is with her daughter, Mrs. C. Bert Smith.

Mrs. E. F. Freeman and daughter Miss Bernice returned Wednesday evening from a several weeks visit to Oklahoma.

Mr. Frost who has been visiting his daughter, Mrs. Thaggard, for several days left Wednesday morning for Portales.

Mrs. E. E. McNatt of El Paso is expected to arrive in Artesia next week for a few days visit with friends.

Mrs. Ira Morgan and her daughters, Mrs. Chas. Daugherty and Miss Minnie Morgan, of Dayton were up Wednesday to attend Festival.

Mrs. William Kissinger and daughter Miss Clara left last week for Nebraska. They will be gone two months.

Mrs. Watkins and daughter Mrs. Arnold and children, of Roswell, are guests of Mrs. Will Benson during the Carnival.

Mr. B. P. Williams of the First State Bank, attended the Annual Conference of the Methodist Church at Pecos Texas this week. He was elected Treasurer of the Conference which includes New Mexico and part of Texas, El Paso and the Fort Stockton Country.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Whitaker of Hope are the house guests of Mr. and Mrs. Rex Wheatley.

County Superintendent Poore of Carlsbad, was attending the Festival Thursday, on way to Roswell.

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Doubt
Regarding
Your Sight
Consult
Us
at Once

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Qualified Optometric

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Your
Vision
and it
Will
Assist
You

Fred Brainard has returned home for the season and the Artesia base ball fans are delighted. Fred has been mounting toward the top in base-ball dom with truly "giant" strides. He was with the New York Giants last year. He arrived home in time to join the local ball team on Thursday against the fast bunch of Roswell Military Institute. Naturally he was the principal attraction and helped the local team put it over on the visitors to the tune of a 4 to 2 score.

Ferguson Henry, the eleven year old son of the editor of the Advocate, had the fingers on his right hand severely crushed in a job press this afternoon. He was turning the press by foot power to print a few cards for his amusement. It was his first experience. The press stopped when the hand was caught and it was necessary to back the machine up before the fingers could be released. He was carried to Dr. Greenlaw's office where he and Dr. Russell dressed the injured member. While three fingers were mashed only one was broken. It was dressed and it is believed that the injury will not be serious.

Alfalfa Festival.

Artesia's Alfalfa Festival has been in full blast for the past three days. The Attendance has probably exceeded that of past few years. Interest in the different exhibits has been good and especially in the fruit and live stock exhibitions. There has been noted a great interest in live stock. It has been impossible for this paper to report anything like a full account of all the exhibits and prizes in this issue. More will be given next week. The Carnival Company simply filled the main street of the town with tents and shows of many kinds. The Allman Bros. have a good show and the crowds have been universally pleased with the entertainments given by this company. They show again tomorrow and then go to Roswell where they will show during the fair.

Card of Thanks.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Cofer wish to express their sincere thanks and appreciation to the many friends of Dayton and vicinity for the kindness and assistance shown to them during the recent illness of the family.

For Trade

I have just returned from Oklahoma, Kansas and Arkansas, and I have for trade some of the best propositions in the way of good farms and income property that I have ever offered in five years business in Artesia. I have personally investigated the following propositions and am in a position to tell you just what they are, so if you want to trade your Pecos Valley farm and will pay a commission to do so just come in and I will talk business with you on the following:

160 acres all fenced hogtight, 50 acres large full bearing peach trees, 32 acres of apples, 12 acres of this orchard is large full bearing, as good as the C. A. P. Ranch. 20 acres young orchard just coming in bearing, 3 sets of buildings; one 3 room house, with fine well of soft water right at door, large barn, holds 12 head of stock, with harness room, wagon sheds, oat bins, corn cribs, all built in; fine apple cave with work shop above and buggy sheds attached. 1 hay barn 50 x 80 feet, weatherboarded on three sides with harness room and has shingle roof, mangers for 14 head of stock, everlasting water in large corral with lane fenced to Pasture, all level; there is also 2 peach packing sheds, 5 acres of plums, pears and cherries, garden fenced with woven wire; in fact this is one of the best improved farms in Washington county, Arkansas. This farm lies just 2 miles from Springdale, Arkansas, is one of the best all-round fruit and general farming country in the state, price \$24,000 and is worth the money loan \$6,400 can run as long as you want it.

160 acres close to Oklahoma City, 80 acres in cultivation, fair improvements, all of this farm can be cultivated, price \$50. per acre, loan \$600 on long time.

1 two story brick building, 25 x 90 feet, located in one of the best towns in Oklahoma and only 18 miles from Oklahoma City, this town has not a vacant business house in it and the building is well rented, price \$12,000, loan \$2,250.

Can trade the above for good well watered farms in the Valley, I have several other propositions to offer, come in if you mean business and let me figure with you. I have photographs of all houses in my office.

W. C. Haney Co.