

The Artesia Advocate

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MORE GOOSE EGGS

DEXTER BASEBALLISTS COME DOWN TO GET SOME OF THE SAME DOSE HANDED OUT TO CARLSBAD AND ROSWELL

The Advocate was eminently correct when it said that local rooters would have something to root about when the Dexter baseball club came Monday to combat the Artesia Champions. That aggregation proved themselves ball players, every one of them. Although Artesia beat them, she has no particular crow coming. In fact, our escape from defeat in the second game was so close that the fans almost had nervous prostration.

Monday's game, speaking scientifically, was perhaps the best game of the two, yet it was not near so exciting. Dexter went to bat first and for nine innings failed to score. Only twice did she get a man as far as first base. They either fell victim to Osburne's curves or the fine work of Artesia's infield. Artesia bunched five scores in the second inning, but there was nothing doing after that, so the last seven innings did not show a score for either side. This was entirely satisfactory to the occupants of the grand stand who had come out to see something good—in fact, it was nothing less than the professional article. The time was one hour and eight minutes. Two of Artesia's best players—Graham and Stoker—were absent, but Osburne's and Johnson's support was of the best. The latter is unquestionable one of the best men behind the slab that ever invaded the valley.

Tuesday's game was full of snafu and ginger from the call of Umpire Hamilton. Eight nice, large goose eggs were elegantly inscribed on the board by Manager Burt before a start was made toward score making. Then Dexter corralled a lot of hot hits in the fifth and scored five times before Artesia could set the breaks or sand the track. It was awful and the band forgot to play. Artesia came to bat and made two in the sixth, but failed to make connection in the seventh. In the eighth, two more good ones were secured. Dexter went to bat for the ninth without another mark. This left the score 5 to 4 in favor of the visitors, with Artesia's last attempt. When Baker got hold of the stick, the grand stand made him some flattering offers for a hit and he made it, but got put out while making a valiant attempt to get home. Linell knocked a two-bagger and Walling followed with the same good luck. When the score was tied, pandemonium broke loose in the grand stand, and when the winning score was made, the satisfaction displayed by Artesia fans amounted almost to agony.

NOTES.

The Dexter team proved itself the hardest proposition that Artesia has had to go up against this season. They are all good players and jolly good fellows besides and Artesia hopes to have them back again one of these days.

The way Walling beat the bark off the horse-hide Tuesday was a surprise to strangers and highly gratifying to his friends. He has a good eye and a good muscle.

Artesia is to lose two of her very best players right soon—Morton and Osburne—but Manager Burt has already made arrangements for other good ones to take their places and the patrons of the game may rest assured that they will continue to see the same good article of ball that has been furnished since that gentleman took charge of the club's affair.

In casting about for attractions for the Roswell Fair, Secretary Dills has arranged for a three-days series of ball, and Artesia Champions have been invited to play a star engagement as guests of the Fair Association. They have agreed to meet any amateur team that the Association cares to put up, and in all likelihood the battle will be against the New Mexico Military Institute. The Artesia players have defeated every thing in the valley except the Institute and this will be a battle for glory. Artesia's line up will be the best to be found in the town and there is no reason to believe that anything but victory can be the result.

Mize, the Oklahoma pitcher who occupied the box for a few innings against the Mexicans last week, is soon to move to Artesia and will help to gather the fruits of the poultry roost.

"AS OTHERS SEE US!"

HAD GOOD BACKING, TOO—MAY ITS TRIBE INCREASE.

The Artesia Advocate celebrated its third birthday last week, and in calling attention to the fact the editor took occasion to advert to the remarkable growth and development of Artesia. There is no denying the facts which the Advocate sets forth, and it is but fair to say that to the attainment of these things the Advocate has contributed the lion's share. Editor Talbot is every inch a man, a loyal citizen, an enthusiastic promoter of all praiseworthy public enterprises, and withal has wielded a moral force that has been worth more to Artesia than all its commercial benefits. All honor to the man who, in this age of greed and materialism, will, at the risk of personal sacrifice, fight the battles of common honesty, decency and righteousness! But then Editor Talbot has had splendid backing in the person of local citizenship, and that is stimulating to any editor. When it is necessary for an editor to first create moral sentiment and then create moral manhood to put that sentiment in force he has a well-nigh impossible and altogether thankless job. We wish the Advocate many returns of the season, and pray that its tribe may increase.—Hagerman Messenger.

A Serious Breakdown.

"A chain is no stronger than its weakest link." This was aptly, if regrettably, illustrated in the Advocate office at about 5 o'clock Thursday afternoon. Foreman T. C. Carnes was "jogging along" with our largest press, printing a part of the Advocate, at a moderate rate of speed of about 750 impressions per hour, when one of the main shaft wheels broke, and immediately the big press was broken in a dozen places. A faulty wheel was the cause of the whole damage, which, in dollars and cents, will amount to considerable, beside the inconvenience incurred. Had the "weak link"—the shaft wheel—held good the other portions would have escaped injury and the press would have run indefinitely.

We are under obligations to Brother Newkirk of the Pecos Valley News, "that is to be," for the use of his press in printing the greater portion of the Advocate's issue this week, which generous favor is greatly appreciated.

Of course our job printing department is untimpaired and we are still turning out work that is par excellence.

"Now is the time to subscribe."

Blake Mauldin, of Ozona, Texas, W. Kemp, J. M. Enochs and J. W. Hervey, and Mrs. J. D. H. Reed, Mrs. John Major, Mrs. Annie Pitts and Miss Patrick, the latter young lady of Paris, Texas, constituted a hunting and fishing party which left Artesia Thursday morning for a trip of from two to three weeks duration to the Sacramento mountains and Sacramento river. The party was well equipped for a pleasant outing.

The laxative effect of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets is so agreeable and so natural you can hardly realize that it is produced by a medicine. These tablets also cure indigestion and biliousness. Price 25 cents. Samples free at Fetherree & Robertson's.

A fine young buggy mare belonging to E. B. Kemp died Wednesday afternoon from colic or something which very much resembled that disease. This animal was the pet of the family, only four years old and valued at \$200.

J. R. Cannon, formerly of Van Aistine, Texas, but now of Hope, gave us a pleasant call yesterday, declaring his desire to subscribe for the Advocate. We could not say him nay.

Parker Earl, who has fifteen acres in a pear orchard near Roswell, has sold the crop this year from that orchard, realizing \$12000.00 therefor.

There are folks in Artesia threatening to go duck hunting, as it is reported that teal have begun to make their appearance.

J. F. Lockney, of Hope, was in Artesia Tuesday and hauled out a load of freight.

THE ADVOCATE'S LETTER

TO THE SCHOOL CHILDREN ATTENDING THE ARTESIA PUBLIC SCHOOL

Dear children:

This letter should have been written you last year, but in our hurry, having some extra work to do, it was overlooked; knowing that it is "never too late to do good" we now give it here.

In the first place The Advocate wishes to tell you that all of us, all the grown people in and around Artesia are interested in you—we are greatly interested in you—and your welfare and progress is a matter of concern to us. And for this reason we want to say a few words to you, for your good, as well as for the good of all of us, and none of your teachers knew anything about this letter until the letter was printed here.

Now to business. Your successes are our successes and your failures are our failures. When you are joyful we are also joyful and when you are filled with sorrow your sorrow becomes our sorrow. We feel an interest in you and have a sympathy for you at all times.

We want to see you grow into men and women who will be of some use to yourselves, and to your neighbors, and to the world. To do this we want to ask just a few favors of you. We ask:

1st. That you give your school hours to the study of your lessons as directed by your teachers. We do not ask that you study VERY hard, but give your time honestly to your studies. "work while you work and play while you play," and you will soon take a pleasure in your work as you do your play.

2nd. The Advocate asks you to obey the rules of school. They are made for your government and for your good and you will make better men and better women if you obey the rules. We could say much on this subject but we will not.

Now, generally, we will ask that you be respectful to your teachers and act and speak pleasantly with those with whom you come in contact. It will make everything so much more pleasant for you. It does harm and no good to get mad. Remember "a soft answer turneth away wrath." And also that every good deed has its reward and every bad one is followed, sooner or later, with the proper and merited punishment. There is no escape from this—it is God's law and has been that way for thousands of years and will so remain while time lasts.

Lastly we ask that you be truthful, be studious, and be right.

And to every one who does these things—we are a friend to that one, and everyone of you will need every good friend you can make now and forever. We are truly your well wishers in all things.

Your friend,

THE ARTESIA ADVOCATE.

Mrs. Lucy Robin, mother of Ed. and Wm. H. Robin, died at the family residence west of town last Wednesday, after but a few days' illness. She was seventy-six years old and was born in the Islands of Guernsey, but came to Artesia from Michigan, where she had lived for twenty-five years. At the time of Mrs. Robin's death, Ed. and his family were in the mountains for a month's visit, and up to the time of going to press had not been found. Besides the sons at this place, Mrs. Robin had one in Georgia, two in Oregon and a daughter in Michigan. To these the Advocate desires to extend the greatest sympathy.

The regular meeting of the Library Board was held at the reading room on Thursday afternoon. In the absence of both the president and vice, the secretary, Mrs. Hodges, presided. Not many were present and only routine business was attended to, except the acceptance of Mrs. Roy Richey's resignation. Mrs. Richey is to leave soon for San Antonio. She has proved very valuable as a member and as chairman of the entertainment committee. The ladies of the board part with her very reluctantly.

Milch cow for sale, cheap.
E. O. Witmer, Artesia.

OUR EXHIBIT CAR

WILL LEAVE ARTESIA PROMPTLY AT 8:10 MONDAY MORNING

The Artesia public is hereby notified that the exhibit car will leave Artesia for the north and east promptly on Monday morning, and everyone who contemplates sending specimens of our products in this car is urged to bring said specimens at once. It will undoubtedly be necessary for some to bring their samples on Sunday, but, under the circumstances this cannot be avoided and the matter is of the utmost importance. Of course, there will be some who will bring their contributions on Monday morning, but these must be very early as the car will leave Artesia at 8:10 o'clock sharp.

Fall Round-Ups.

J. N. Chapman and Dr. G. P. Stoker went out to Cottonwood Springs Thursday and watched the proceedings and maneuvers of the cowboys engaged in their several duties attendant upon the fall round ups. The round-ups began down the valley and from 50 to 100 men are working "up," or north. A few days ago one was held near Lakewood, the next on the Penasco, south of here, and this one at Cottonwood Springs, northwest of Artesia, was next in regular order. The ranchers and men are reported as all being in the best of spirits and humor, each man getting his own, and Messrs. Stoker and Chapman report seeing several thousand head of good cattle at the round-up. They also say they enjoyed an excellent dinner to the fullest extent.

Mrs. J. B. Atkeson Entertains.

On Wednesday afternoon of this week Mrs. J. B. Atkeson entertained a few friends in honor of her sister, Mrs. McNeal, of Dallas. The hour set was four o'clock and the guests stayed till sundown. Chairs and pillows and a dainty table were arranged on the lawn. The affair was entirely informal and therefore all the better enjoyed. No games were played, so the conversation was unchecked and the ladies thus became the better acquainted with the guest of honor. Mrs. Atkeson and little son, Lloyd Trine, served refreshments, cakes and lemon sherbet. The invited guests were mesdames Norfleet, Ross, McNatt, Skaer, Graham, Gilbert, Idler, Olin Ragsdale, Porter, Martin, E. F. Walker, E. B. Walker, Talbot, Blake, Roy Richey, Hamilton, Hodges, Cecil, Schwarz and Challener, Miss Nash, and Rev. Challener, nearly all of whom were present. Mrs. McNeal has visited here for a little over a week, leaving a ride morning. This was her first visit to the Pecos valley, and she had many pleasant things to say of our country. All who had opportunity to meet her pronounce her very charming and look forward to another visit from her.

Bess May McClane to Return.

All who were so fortunate as to hear Miss Bess May MacClane's August recital will be delighted to hear she is to appear again soon in Artesia. She has been secured to give a miscellaneous program for the benefit of the Odd Fellows lodge on Monday evening, September, 24th. Further announcements will be made next week.

Notice.

The Artesia Ice Company will close their books on next Monday, September 10th, and will collect all accounts then owing to the company, as the season is almost finished. All persons owing accounts are requested to settle at once.
Lee Turknutt, Manager.

Work Wanted.

I am prepared to do assessment work plowing and ditching or fencing.
M. O. Tuttle, Jr.

Dr. T. W. Arnold, of Kansas City, has been in Artesia for several days looking over the country. The doctor's health has not been the best and he has been seeking a place to rest and recuperate. He thinks the Pecos valley is just the place he has been looking for and he expects to spend the winter here.

To the Advocate's Friends.

It is with feelings of genuine regret that I make the announcement this week that I shall no longer be connected with the Advocate, having today sold the paper to Mr. James D. Whelan, who will conduct the same from this date. The Advocate was of my creation and during the past three years I have endeavored to conduct it in a way that would, to some extent, help advance the interests of Artesia and the Pecos Valley. How well I have succeeded remains for others to say. I have done the best I could under the circumstances. From the depth of my heart I thank every man, woman and child who has contributed in any way toward making my labors easier. I shall continue to be a citizen of Artesia, and if there is anything I can do toward helping to make this what it should be—The Best Town in the Valley—contribute.

My successor, Mr. Whelan, is from the staff of the El Paso Daily Herald and will no doubt be able to give you a better paper than the Advocate has ever been, and I sincerely hope he will receive the same liberal treatment that has been extended me.

Yours sincerely,
GAYLE TALBOT.

TO THE PEOPLE OF ARTESIA AND VICINITY:

In assuming control of the Advocate, I do so, I trust, with a feeling of modesty such as should characterize a stranger and yet with such feeling of confidence as an investigation of the resources and development of Artesia and the Pecos Valley must inevitably inspire.

It is my purpose to edit a clean, progressive, family newspaper, devoted to the interests of the community and I shall endeavor, therefore, to maintain the Advocate on the high plane which it has attained under the management of Mr. Talbot.

The policy of the paper will be Democratic, and in regard to local, moral issues, will occupy the same position as heretofore.

Soliciting your continued patronage and co-operation, and inviting each and every one of you to call as soon and as often as possible, I am

Yours for Artesia,
JAMES D. WHELAN.

Vamoosed!

A short time ago J. D. Christopher and J. A. Clifton shipped a car of horses to Woodward, O. T. Mr. Christopher had to come home before the horses were sold because of sickness in his family, and left Clifton in charge. It is now said that Clifton sold the horses the day Mr. Christopher left there, or the next day, since which time efforts to locate Clifton have failed. Mr. Christopher hurried back to Woodward as soon as he could get away, where he learned the facts as above stated. We have been informed that he is loser to the extent of \$1200 as a result of this perfidy. We learn also that Clifton left several unpaid bills in Artesia. Mr. Christopher is one of our most substantial and respected citizens, is Democratic nominee for high sheriff, and has our sympathy in his loss.

There were several magnificent specimens of fruit, apples and pears, brought in Thursday from the ranch of Sim White, of Hope. The apples were large, fine and luscious, but the pears attracted the most attention and comment. One of the pears weighed a pound and six ounces while another weighed an even pound. When it is considered that the probable average weight of a pear the country over is near six ounces the immensity of these samples is at once apparent. This fruit will go in the exhibit car which leaves Artesia for the north and east on next Monday morning.

There was quite a social gathering at the ball park Thursday evening given by members of the W. O. W. lodge. There is in process of organization a uniform rank here and one of the purposes of this assemblage was the drilling of the new "troops." There were numbers of young people present, and ice cream and water melons were served.

D. E. Brownlee, formerly of the apple districts of Arkansas, but now of Hope, 20 miles west of Artesia, was in to see us yesterday, subscribed for the Advocate, and expressed himself as being much pleased with his new home.

Coal, FOR BEST CANON CITY COAL PHONE NO. 19 JOHN SCHROCK LUMBER CO.



THROUGH JUNGLE FROM OCEAN TO OCEAN

Since the discovery of the Isthmus of Panama, or Darien, as it was at first called, there is hardly a spot on earth that has attracted so much attention. Balboa, the Spanish navigator, was the first to cross the divide and saw the Pacific on September 25, 1513. Its history during the nearly 400 years that have since elapsed is filled with stories of bloodshed and cruelty. The Spaniards slaughtered the Indians as they did the inoffensive Caribs. The buccaneers under such monsters as Hawkins and Morgan committed crimes against the Spaniards that appear almost incredible. The sack of the old City of Panama is one of the darkest pages in the history of nations. It is a relief to turn from these subjects to a history of suffering supported by the dictates of duty and patriotism as enrolled in the archives of the United States naval department at Washington.

From Tehuantepec to New Granada every effort had been made fifty years ago to find a suitable route for a ship canal through the Cordilleras. An Irish romancer wrote a book describing such a route, and English capitalists sent out an engineer named Gisborne to make a survey. He returned with maps and figures and wrote a book describing an alleged practicable route. All were false and it is doubtful if he ever penetrated the isthmus at all. On his statement that there was a gap of only 150 feet in height above sea level, a company was formed with a capital of \$75,000,000 to construct a canal. Gisborne's falsehoods were speedily discovered, but an English party sent up the Savana river in 1853, after penetrating a few miles, returned in despair, minus four men killed by the Chuquanaqua Indians, a fierce tribe of the interior.

Sought Through Route.

The idea at the time was to discover a route from Caledonia bay, on the Atlantic, to Darien harbor, on the Pacific; to this end the United States steamship *Cyanne* was sent with an exploring party to Caledonia bay, while a British ship, the *Virago*, went to Darien harbor to give assistance if needed. The *Cyanne's* party consisted of Lieutenant Isaac C. Strain, in command; Passed Midshipmen Charles Lattimer and William T. Truxton, First Assistant Engineer J. M. Maury, Midshipman H. M. Garland, a volunteer from the *Cyanne*; A. T. Boggs, S. H. Kettlewell, J. Sterritt Hollins, who were assistant engineers, and Dr. J. C. Bird, surgeon. Mr. Maury was astronomer and secretary. Senors Castilla and Polanco went along as representatives of New Granada, in which state the proposed route lay. The balance of the party of twenty-seven consisted of tried seamen of the navy.

Misled by Gisborne's maps and statements, the party took only ten days' provisions, but was amply supplied with arms and ammunition. Of that party of twenty-seven men that left the *Cyanne*, on January 17, 1854, only eighteen ever saw the ship again, the other third having perished miserably in the depths of the tropical forest, or after the rescue of the party.

Advancing up the bed of the Caledonia river, they were soon forced to take to the land, where progress could only be made by hewing a path through the dense foliage. The Indians fled before them, first burning their tents and canoes. The explorers were speedily immersed in the appalling difficulties of a tropical country, aggravated by steep precipices and deep canons. Holcomb, Winthrop, Hollins, Dr. Bird and Roscoe strayed from the column on January 29 and were never heard of again. Deeply as Strain felt for them, he was obliged to push on after firing repeated signals for them to return. They found an Indian guide, who appeared to be honest at that time and said he would guide them to the Savana, one and a half days' march. He later encountered a band of Chuquanaqua Indians and aban-

doned the explorers. They finally reached the Sucuteti river, a tributary to the Chuquanaqua, which runs into the Tutyra, and the latter into Darien harbor by a most circuitous route. Chuquanaqua is said to be the most tortuous stream known to geographers, as the unfortunate explorers were soon destined to learn. It is said to take a course double its own direct length.

On Wearisome Journey.

The party struggled along the rock-strewn bed of the Sucuteti, believing it to be the Savana, which would lead them to relief and safety. Worn out by incessant toil, Polanco and Kettlewell gave out, the latter begging to be left behind. The men did not take care of their rations, the Grenadians had thrown away theirs and there was but one day's supply remaining. The officers had some food left, and this was divided among the party. Once more the march was resumed, the men struggling wearily through the hills and dense forests.

Reluctantly Strain gave the order to return to the river he had left and there the first and last council of the party was held. The conclusion was reached that they were on the iglesias, set down by Gisborne as a branch of the Savana. There was no trail through the wilderness; three of the men and one of the Grenadians were utterly worn out. A few plantains were found and divided. Eight birds

began to appear on the men and each was found to contain a "worm of the woods," some of them an inch in length. On the sixteenth day an acid nut was discovered, but it destroyed the enamel of the teeth and the digestive powers as well. Some turkeys were shot and the stage was reached where even the buzzards and cranes were welcomed as food.

On the eighteenth day they had a great misfortune. Truxton only was intrusted with the sole fishhook. He gave it to Castilla, who turned it over to one of the men, who broke it. Strain said nothing beyond pointing out the probable result. It cost many lives, as the Chuquanaqua, when reached, was full of fish, but there were no means of catching any.

Small Craft Soon Wrecked.

On the twentieth day the Grenadians asked permission to return and take a man with them. This was granted and they were furnished with good arms. Their idea was to reach some New Grenadian settlement and procure aid there. The party was now reduced to nineteen persons and the march was resumed. The Grenadians rejoined the next day; they had built a small craft, but it was soon wrecked. The day after Strain took three men to push their way rapidly down the river and secure aid for the rest of the party, leaving Mr. Truxton in command. Avery, a volunteer, and Golden and Wilson of the

Lombard, Parks and Johnson left the camp and hid. In their terrible sufferings they had matured a plan to hide until Holmes died, exhume the body and subsist upon the flesh until they reached the Atlantic coast. On the thirty-eighth day Holmes breathed his last and his emaciated body, with his musket alongside, was laid to rest on the banks of the river in a grave hollowed out with knives and an ax.

Decided to Go Back.

Lieutenant Strain was now twenty-one days gone, and it was evident that the sixteen survivors would not live for his return. They believed he was dead and a council of the officers decided to countermarch and try to regain Caledonia bay. It cost a severe struggle to reach this conclusion, but it seemed the only hope. Truxton, seated by Holmes' grave, sadly penned a letter of explanation to Strain, should the latter ever regain the place, and in it he begged him to push on after the party. Then Parks was missing and on March 6 a start was made on the march to Caledonia bay, the former being abandoned to his fate. Both Grenadians were very ill, but some of the seamen threw away their arms to assist them along. All the work was now being done by the officers. The following day Castilla lay down to rise no more and his body was interred by the river. The party strayed from the dark stream and was soon lost in the jungle. Despair settled upon all. Polanco could go no farther, and, with streaming tears, the ragged, torn, starving men were forced to abandon him to his fate. He screamed in anguish, but there was no resource and the unfortunate Grenadian was left alone. Later it was discovered that he had crawled back to his compatriot's grave and died upon it. His remains were later found in that position by Lieutenant Strain.

The following day Lombard asked to be left behind, as it was clear he could go no farther. They shared their remnants of food with him and left him to his fate. What this may have been was never discovered. At his earnest request his boatswain's whistle was left with him. The next day a terrapin somewhat revived the thirteen miserable men. Miller became delirious and Harwood the weakest, where all were weak. So dragged on the weary days and nights until March 22, when Mr. Boggs agreed that he should be abandoned, although he still hoped for succor. Mr. Truxton became very ill and the emaciated band was forced to halt. It was evident that four or five men would have to be abandoned the next day and that not more than two or three could hope to reach Caledonia bay, if any one ever did.

Knew Fate Was Sealed.

Truxton, Boggs and Harwood, all young men, knew that their fate was sealed. Hunger and toil had reduced them to mere bundles of rags and bones. Harrison and Vermilyea were little better; that evening Maury stood by the gloomy river. All were wrapped in the darkest despair. Suddenly Maury shouted, "Truxton, I hear a gun; I see white men; I see Strain." No words can describe the delirious excitement that brought the despairing, dying men to their feet as deliverance appeared at hand.

Day after day the lion-hearted Strain and his comrades had pushed their way through fearful obstacles, much of the path being cut by himself. Reduced to skeletons, they at last reached the village of Yavisa, to find natives as venal as cowardly. He managed to reach the ranch of an Irishman named Bennet, on the Savana, who gave him the warmest aid. The *Virago* returned from Panama and boats laden with provisions were soon on their way up Chuquanaqua river and the rescued men were brought back. They found Parks still alive, but covered with wood ticks, and he died a little later. Polanco's body was found, as described, on Castilla's grave. Through all McGinness had clung to the American flag, wrapped around his body. Later it was wrapped around the coffin of Vermilyea, who died at Yavisa. The others reached Panama, where Mr. Boggs died. The survivors crossed the isthmus to Aspinwall, all that were left of the twenty-seven stalwart young men who started up the Caledonia river on January 17, 1854. One-third of the entire expeditionary party perished from hunger, or its effects, and extreme toil on that dreadful march that began at the Atlantic and ended at the Pacific ocean.

Favorites.

"You say that Mr. Boodles is a musician?"
"Yes," answered the man who makes puns.
"What are his favorite instruments?"
"The loot and the lyre."

Corn's Wonderful Productiveness.

Under favorable conditions a single kernel of maize or corn may increase to a million kernels in two years. Many of the lower forms of animal life are capable of multiplying much faster than that astonishing rate, but the necessary conditions—especially freedom from the attacks of destructive enemies—seldom, if ever, exist.

TOOK GIRL AS HIS REWARD.

Youth's Choice May Have Been Wise. Under the Circumstances.

Senator Beveridge was condemning a notoriously corrupt and notoriously plausible capitalist.

"The man speaks well," said Senator Beveridge. "He promises much. If he acted as he talked, he would be famous for his goodness. But, alas! he is like the German who nearly lost his daughter.

"This German, with his daughter, was walking beside a deep stream on a summer afternoon when the young girl slipped on a stone, fell in. And she would have drowned but for the prompt bravery of a youth. He, slipping off coat and shoes, plunged in, and after four or five minutes of hard work, brought the girl safe ashore.

"The old German father was transported.

"Noble-minded youth," said he, "we do, indeed, owe you a debt of gratitude. A hundred thousand marks or my daughter's hand—choose! Which shall it be?"

"The youth, who was no less wise than brave, thought to himself that if he took the daughter he would some day get the money also, and, accordingly, without a moment's hesitation, he made answer:

"I choose your daughter."

"A wise choice," said the old father. "I could not have given you the 100,000 marks, for I am a poor cobbler; but you shall have the girl, and that gladly. Join hands, dear children, and receive my blessing."

AMERICAN WINNER, AS USUAL.

Upheld Greatness of His Native Country and Retained His Bank Roll.

A Frenchman, a German, an Englishman and an American were sitting before an open fire, each one telling of the greatness of his native country.

While speaking the Frenchman took from his wallet a dollar bill, rolled it up, touched it to the coals, and lighted a cigar with it.

The others were impressed, and soon the German opened his wallet, brought forth a ten-dollar bill, rolled it up, touched it to the coals, and lighted his cigar with it.

The Englishman thought it very foolish, but he could not be outdone, nor have it appear that England was not, as ever, the richest of all, so he calmly took a \$100 bill and sacrificed it to light his cigar.

The American looked on in wonder. He hadn't even a dollar bill with him, and yet he knew he represented the leading race of all—which was never outwitted nor outdone by anyone or any country; so he quietly drew forth a checkbook, wrote a check for \$10,000 on a prominent New York bank, duly signed it, rolled it up, touched it to the coals, and lighted his cigar with it, while his confederates watched him curiously and intently.—Ladies' Home Journal.

Old Spanish Money in China.

The farmers of Wuhu, China, insist on cash payments, and, further, especially in that part of the province lying north of the river where most of the rice is grown, will only accept in payment Spanish dollars dating back to the last decade of the eighteenth and the opening years of the nineteenth centuries. These, although in purity no better than, and in weight not equal to the modern Mexican dollar, are at a considerable premium, which fluctuates almost daily.

It is computed that there are all told about 4,000,000 of these coins in the province, of which not more than 1,700,000 are in circulation, the balance being hoarded by the peasantry.

Will Help Codify Law.

Rev. John T. Creagh, professor of canon law at the Washington university, has been appointed by the pope to the commission which is codifying the canon law of the church.

An Editorial.

The landlord of the Surf house having withdrawn his advertisement from the local dailies noticed a forbidding change in their treatment of himself and his hotel.

Tearing down Ocean street, he burst like a westerly gale the other morning into the office of the Morning Spray.

"Did this paper say my place was on the bum?" he roared.

"No," said the editor.

"Did it call me a thief?"

"Of course not."

He frowned in perplexity.

"Well, some paper did," he growled.

"Perhaps," hazarded the editor, "it was our contemporary, the Wave. We never print stale news ourselves."

A Fetching Compliment.

"Do not anger me," she said.

"How am I to know when you are angry?" he asked.

"I always stamp my feet," she answered.

He looked down at her dainty shoes.

"Impossible," he said. "There isn't room for a stamp on either of them."

That fetched her.—Royal Magazine.



were shot, among them an owl and a woodpecker, and some small fish were caught by Mr. Truxton. An iguana was shot and, in vainly trying to recover it from the river, Holmes lost his boot, which later on caused his death.

On the thirteenth day the New Grenadians gave up in despair, although the work had all been done by the Americans. Lombard, the boatswain of the party, became very ill. The clothes and boots of the men were torn to shreds and at night nothing was heard but agonized groans. Rolls

Cyanne, volunteered to accompany him.

After many parting councils Strain sadly left the main body on February 13. Occasionally a bird or an iguana was shot and furnished a modicum of food for the famished men. Lombard, Harrison and Castilla failed entirely on the twenty-eighth day. Holmes, who had lost his boot, had a wounded foot that was becoming gangrenous. Some buzzards, a turkey and a peccary were shot, but there was no marching until the thirty-seventh day and then only for half a mile.

THE ARTESIA ADVOCATE

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.

GAYLE TALBOT, Proprietor.

This paper has been entered in the postoffice at Artesia, New Mexico, as second-class mail matter.

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TIME TABLE P. V. & N. E. R. R.

ARRIVES ARTESIA.

Northbound, daily..... 9:25 a. m.

Southbound, daily..... 6:45 p. m.

POSTOFFICE HOURS:

8 o'clock a. m. to 5 o'clock p. m. except Sunday

Sunday hours..... 9 to 10 o'clock a. m.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEES.

For Probate Judge,
JOHN W. ARMSTRONG.

For Probate Clerk,
W. R. OWEN.

For Sheriff,
J. D. CHRISTOPHER.

For Collector and Treasurer,
W. H. MERCHANT.

For Tax Assessor,
JOHN O. MCKEEN.

For Superintendent of Education,
M. P. KERR.

For County Commissioners,
A. C. HEARD,
GEORGE WILCOX.

For County-Surveyor,
JOE CUNNINGHAM.

A gentleman remarked the other day on the streets of Artesia that he would buy a certain ranch which is for sale if he had an available trustworthy man to manage same for him. He said he could get plenty of men, such as they were, but none in his knowledge had established a reputation for trustworthiness who are not engaged. And all over the country, in every state and clime, there is a growing demand for trustworthy men. Rev. J. H. O'Bryant is writing a series of articles for the Russellville, (Ark.) Courier-Democrat on "Trustworthy Manhood the Need of Our Times." "Truth is better than falsehood, honesty better than policy, courage better than cowardice. Truth is omnipotent and justice certain." The man who is "soldiering," and thinking he is deceiving his employer is himself deceived and invariably he is the fellow who is compelled to look for a job. All qualified men are not trustworthy. Employers everywhere are looking for qualified and trustworthy men. Nearly all such men are employed at remunerative salaries. The rising generation should give good heed to this condition.

Dave Runyan says the time is ripe now for the building of a large new canning factory and evaporating plant. He says the firm of Runyan & Gage and almost every fruit-grower in the Hope community are now ready to co-operate with the citizens of Artesia in the establishment of a plant large enough to accommodate all the people in this line for the next three or four years. Of course, all realize that at the end of that time the facilities must be increased no matter what size plant is to be built now. Several citizens of Artesia agree with Mr. Runyan that a large plant must be established and in time for the next crop. The Advocate would be glad if some well-posted citizen would write an article on this subject for publication at an early day.

The Republicans of Texas are having a high old time. They seem to be hopelessly split with Millionaire Cecil Lyon leading one wing and Millionaire Teddy Green leading the other. Because Secretary of State Shannon recognized Millionaire Lyon's bunch Millionaire Green's crowd is going to mandamus and do all sorts of things to him. Both sides are preparing to open up big headquarters in Dallas and make the fr fly, as well as some dollars. Go it Cecil! Go it Teddy! What do you care for expenses? Both of you have plenty of money that should have been spent long ago, and the Democratic majority will not be over 200,000 anyway.

Hagerman Messenger: On a recent excursion to Hagerman a prospector was shown an apple from a local orchard and asked, "What do you think of this for an apple?" "Apple, aw, what you givin' me; don't you think I know pumpkins when I see 'em?"

Our \$2,000,000 Bankrupt.

The Artesia Advocate, a democratic paper, published in the democratic county of Eddy, complains because the county has two million dollars worth of property and is bankrupt. It notes the big money that is paid the sheriff, assessor and treasurer, and does not see what they do to earn the money. It says: "As the officers are flush and the county is broke, it begins to look kinder like we are taxed to support the officers and not the county." The Advocate admits it is sacrilegious to thus speak of democratic office holders, and says, "what is a fellow to do when these ideas are constantly impressed on his mind and his pocket book?" Let the good work go on, and mayhap the time will come when the county officers will be put on a salary instead of being paid by fees, and will have to do the work for which they are elected, or be fired—Western Liberal, Lordsburg, New Mexico.

It doesn't seem to have ever occurred to the law makers of the territory of New Mexico that a county government could be maintained and operated like any other business institution. It is a business proposition and there is not necessarily anything complicated about it. It is merely a question of meeting necessary expenditures and only collecting sufficient money from the people to attend to the people's business in the most sensible and economical manner. At least, that is what it should be. Does any other business concern on earth run its affairs on the basis of unlimited and unknown salaries? Not one. No matter what other capacity a man's talents may be employed in it is first determined what duties he has to perform and what salary the employer can afford to pay. A basis of service is thus established, and it is the only way a business can be run successfully. Why can't the same principle be applied to the government of the people's affairs? A county's business is but that of an individual after all. In this day of political pulls, it is hard to imagine such a beatitude, but suppose each man in the county's employ was paid merely a good, liberal salary and no money spent except what was actually needed in the administration of public affairs? Does anyone suppose for an instant that the tax rate in Eddy county would be up around the five-dollar mark? The Western Liberal is mistaken in supposing that the Advocate is making a fight against the extravagance on the part of the Democratic administration. The extravagance exists, but it is not the fault of the Democratic office holders in Eddy county—or Democrats anywhere else, for that matter. The fault is the fee system that obtains in New Mexico and which was inaugurated by the Republican legislature of the territory. Things were bad enough before, and the last Territorial assembly gave some more graft to office holders in the way of fees and the individual officers are not to blame for collecting it. What we need is a new statute on the subject. It takes forty thousand dollars to pay the salaries of a half dozen officers in Eddy county when the same men, doubtless, could be employed for half the money, and they would make a handsome living at that. The same system of pulling money out of the pockets of the people obtains all over New Mexico, but it just happens that nobody but Democrats are saying anything about it. If the esteemed Western Liberal and other Territorial papers will aid the Advocate in a campaign on this line, it is possible to get such information before the general public that will result in a complete revision in our present system of employing men to attend to public business. A reduction in county expenditure means a reduction in tax rates, and a reduction in tax rates means that New Mexico will soon settle with an army of homeseekers that is only waiting for a chance to come in without passing under the rod of oppression. Republicans and Democrats are alike interested in this result.

By and by there will be enough farmers in the Pecos Valley to control both political parties. Then some of the town politicians will have to start peanut stands.—Roswell Record.

And then they'll want us annexed to Texas, or that land which snow covereth not.

An Astounding Report.

More than three months ago an investigation of the affairs and accounts of the New Mexico penitentiary was begun. This investigation was conducted by F. M. McMahon, an expert accountant, of the Colorado Title and Trust Company, of Colorado Springs. Of this investigation the Albuquerque Journal of Sunday, says, editorially:

"In the discharge of its duty to the people of New Mexico the Journal presents to the public this morning one of the most remarkable public documents ever laid before any American community. We refer to the official report of the condition and management of the New Mexico penitentiary under the administration of Mr. H. O. Bursum.

Before perusing the report the reader should be informed that the facts set forth and conclusions reached were the result of a careful and searching investigation of the affairs of the prison, made by the members of one of the best known and most reliable firms of expert accountants in the United States, and they made the positive and unqualified statement after concluding their work that it was without any exception the worst case they had ever met with in their whole experience.

And what makes the matter still worse is the well grounded suspicion that the real state of affairs may be much worse than the official report now presented shows it to be, because it must be remembered that the retiring superintendent took away with him when he went out of office, or permitted others to take away, many of the more important books of the institution, thus leaving no record whatever of the transactions while in office except such as it may have suited his convenience or his interests to leave, and hence the parties charged with the unpleasant duty of showing up the existing condition of affairs had to acquire their facts by simply "digging" for them wherever they thought any information might be obtained, and this much they have gained by groping in the dark—finding a trail here and there, and following it up till it led them to a witness or a condition of things that would serve to reveal the truth. And yet with all this disadvantage—a disadvantage which the former officials evidently thought would save them from exposure—enough has been found out, and proven beyond any question, to show one of the most remarkable conditions of multifarious rottenness and indiscriminate graft ever brought to light in any American state or territory.

We shall take occasion from time to time to call attention, especially, to some of the more salient features of the record, but for the present we urge upon our readers the duty as citizens of perusing the entire document carefully. It is very lengthy, we admit, and it is no small job to go through it carefully, but a careful perusal of every part of it is a duty which every citizen of New Mexico owes not less to his own interests as a taxpayer than to the public interest of the territory.

It is said "irregularities" cover the entire period of the administration of H. O. Bursum as superintendent, and that all sorts and kinds of graft was discovered. Fifty cents a yard was paid for cloth worth fourteen cents. The superintendent sold hundreds of sheep to the institution, in direct violation of law, and presumably at his own figures, as he was doing both selling and buying.

On the other hand a dispatch from Santa Fe to the Albuquerque Evening Citizen states that nine-tenths of the people of the capital city are Bursum's friends and they do not believe the charges, and that "with the exception of about twenty personal enemies of Mr. Bursum, and office-holders, the citizens generally here take no stock in the charges, although hundreds of copies of the Morning Journal were received in this city. The special dispatches from here to the Morning Journal to the effect that everybody here was shocked are the laughing stock of the town. They were cooked up by a correspondent who gets paid by the space," and that Bursum's friends are confident

While we endeavor to adopt the most desirable method of modern banking, we propose never to lose sight of these essential qualities:

Safety, Security, Responsibility, Efficiency, Conservatism.

S. W. GILBERT, President,

CHAS. S. HOFFMAN, 1st Vice-President,

R. M. ROSS, Cashier,

K. C. SMITH, 2nd Vice-President,

L. R. GAIDRY, Ass't Cashier.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

ARTESIA, N. MEX.

Capital Paid Up, - - \$25,000.00

Surplus and Undivided Profits, 8000.00

The affairs of this bank are governed with that conservatism, combined with enterprise and up-to-date methods, which makes for soundness and satisfactory banking service. Its officers believe that banking connections formed on a basis of good service at a reasonable compensation—and not on sentiment or undue influence—will endure. That a bank which has ample capital and reserve in proportion to its deposit liability, and makes SAFETY THE FIRST CONSIDERATION, and is operated along conservative lines is entitled to and will receive its due proportion of the public patronage.
WE INVITE NEW ACCOUNTS.

that he is not an embezzler and that his administration will bear fair and impartial investigation. It is also stated that Bursum, who now lives at Socorro, wanted to be represented at the investigation; but this privilege was denied him.

And Still They Come.

Week before last the Advocate told of Hon. Leslie M. Shaw, Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, buying 2,800 acres of land, sixteen miles south of Artesia, near Lakewood, for colonization purposes. Another deal was consummated at Carlsbad last week with the same end in view. Four hundred and forty acres of I. S. Osburn were sold by W. L. Bobo to G. W. Hutton, treasurer of the Allis Manufacturing company of Chicago, price \$11,000 cash. Hutton immediately arranged to colonize the tract in small lots of 10 to 40 acres for fruit farmers from the northwest. And thus the great march of progress in settling up the Pecos valley continues.

Notice for Publication.

Homestead Application No. 5611.
Department of the Interior,
Land Office, Roswell, New Mexico,
August 1, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following-named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Albert Blake, U. S. Court Commissioner at his office in Artesia, N. M., on September 11, 1906, viz: James W. Foster, of Artesia, N. M., for the SE 1/4 of Sec. 30, T. 16 S., R. 26 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: George P. Cleveland, Lewis C. Robertson, Gayle Talbot, James E. Sweptson, all of Artesia, N. M.
Howard Leland, Register.

Fire destroyed the grocery store and building of J. E. Levery at Carlsbad last Friday. Loss \$10,000, insurance \$6000, and on Sunday, at Roswell, another conflagration did considerable damage to Smith's livery stable.

Several of our citizens have been attending court and the grand jury this week and we have missed their smiling faces.

New Trunk Line.

A recent dispatch says the Carlsbad Commercial Club has raised a handsome purse and sent J. T. Edwards to Kansas City as its representative to confer with officials of the Kansas City, Lawton and Pacific railway in reference to building a line through Carlsbad to El Paso. Edwards is a railroad civil engineer with headquarters in Memphis. He was a former old resident and was sent out by the railroad to look over the situation.

When a trunk line is being built the projectors usually select a country through which to build that will furnish tonnage and passengers for the new road, and Artesia will furnish both. There has been talk for some time of the Frisco building over the same territory.

To Buyers of Trees.

I am coming to Artesia August 21, 1906, to introduce my Great Keeper Apple, the apple for the planter. No cold storage needed. Do not buy until I have shown its merits. I have a fine line of trees second to none, my own growing. You can save money by waiting until I see you. No agents commission. Plant the Keeper, the coming apple for New Mexico. It has been well tested in the southwest.

Aulne Nursery,
A. T. Remer.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy Acts on Natures Pain.

The most successful medicines are those that aid nature. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy acts on this plan. Take it when you have a cold and it will allay the cough, relieve the lungs, aid expectoration, open the secretions, and aid nature in restoring the system to a healthy condition. Thousands have testified to its superior excellence. It counteracts any tendency of a cold to result in pneumonia. Price 25 cents. Large size, 50 cents. For sale by Fotherree & Robertson.

Our job printing department has been quite busy this week, and as usual, turning out some first-class work. Our prices are reasonable and we will be glad to do yours.

WIRE

WIRE WIRE

Black Wire, Galvanized Wire, Cable Wire, Smooth Wire

Kemp Lumber Co.

THE ARTESIA ADVOCATE

GAYLE TALBOT, PUBLISHER.

ARTESIA, - NEW MEXICO

Helpless Cities.

The danger of an ice famine in Washington emphasizes the fact that a great city is pitifully destitute of resources and is the weakest of human organizations in the ability to look out for itself, says the Washington Post. It is dependent upon the outside world to an extent little dreamed of until a mishap in the complicated machinery discloses the relationship. The food it eats and the water it drinks must come from outside, and an interruption of a day in the steady process of supply causes untold inconvenience and threatens dangers and disease. The helplessness of a great city was never better illustrated than when the earth trembled a few seconds under San Francisco on April 18 last. This tremor did comparatively small damage to buildings, but it worked havoc by snapping water and gas mains, electric wires and railroad tracks. In an instant the city was deprived of water, food, light, transportation facilities and means of communication. The tremor that shut off the water set the city on fire and burned the small stores of food. Street railways were paralyzed, the telephones and telegraphs were useless, and human beings were reduced to aboriginal methods of living and locomotion. By mere accident a single railroad track was left so little damaged as to be easily repaired, and by superhuman work sufficient food was brought in to prevent starvation. If the outside world had not rushed to their assistance, the people of San Francisco would have perished in the midst of a land of running waters and flowing with milk and honey. Such complete wreckage of urban facilities is rare in history, and could only occur through convulsions of nature or warlike assault and siege. It is comparatively easy, however, for the delicate mechanism of any city to be thrown out of gear temporarily by reason of accident or lack of foresight. This fact should be borne in mind by those who act as purveyors of food, ice, water and other necessities of life. In providing for a city they are dealing with a monstrous, hungry, witless creature, of enormous capacity for consumption and absolutely without thought of the morrow.

Fate of Heidelberg Castle.

All Germany is now excited over the condition of the Heidelberg castle. For two years the question whether the "Otto Heinrichs" portion of it—the handsomest section—shall or shall not be taken down and rebuilt has aroused all Baden to the point where fraternal warfare seemed close at hand. Now the matter has lost its local significance and become an imperial issue, says the New York Post. The newspapers everywhere have taken sides for or against. Expert after expert has been consulted, and one commission of architects after the other has had its say only to be overruled or controverted. So serious has the situation become that there is no little danger of the structure's tumbling down before a decision can be reached. This is precisely what one party wants; but even the elements and time must not do their work without official sanction. Hence there has been an appeal to the highest tribunal. Everybody knows that the kaiser is a great architect; is he not a world-renowned poet, musician, orator, general, designer of battleships, as well? In August, therefore, the head of the state is to settle the disputed point.

College Students as Thinkers.

It is important for college teachers to promote the pursuit on the part of their students of such subjects as, in their inherent character, demand thinking, and also to promote such a pursuit of these subjects as does promote thinking, says Charles F. Thwing, in North American Review. Mathematics is a subject which demands thinking. It is thinking; it is nothing else. History may be presented as a matter of acquisition; it also may be presented as a matter of weighing evidence, as a study of cause and effect. Economics is a subject which specially offers opportunities for such study as develops thinking. Its phenomena are complex, and the causes which prevail in its field are often obscure. These studies, and similar ones, offer a special advantage in creating and nourishing the power of thinking.

SOME CHICKEN RECIPES.

Several More or Less Elaborate Dishes—The Directions for the Same Given in Full.

CHICKEN CUTLETS WITH RICE.

A teacupful of rice, some good stock, one onion, salt and pepper, some cold ham and chicken, egg, breadcrumbs. Boil a teacupful of rice in some good stock and pound it in a mortar with an onion that has been cooked in butter, with salt and pepper. Pound separately in equal proportions cold ham and chicken; form this into cutlets; cover them with egg and bread crumbs and fry. Serve with a sharp sauce.

CHICKEN LOAF.—A chicken, two ounces of butter, pepper and salt, egg. Boil a chicken in as little water as possible until the meat can easily be picked from the bones; cut it up fine; then put it back into the saucepan, with two ounces of butter and a seasoning of pepper and salt. Grease a square china mold, and cover the bottom with slices of hard boiled eggs; pour in the chicken, place a weight on it, and set aside to cool, when it will turn out.

PRESSED CHICKEN.—Two chickens, boiled until the meat leaves the bones easily; then pull to pieces and chop fine, letting the liquor, in which they were cooked boil down until only a cupful remains. Add about one-half as much chopped ham as chicken; roll two soda crackers, pour the stock over, seasoning highly. Mix well together, put in a deep, long pan, pressing down hard with the hand. Fold a cloth several times, put over the top, and put on a weight. It will slice nicely if prepared the day before using.

CHICKEN RISsoles.—Some remnants of fowl, ham and tongue, butter, a pinch of flour, white pepper, salt, nutmeg, parsley, eggs, a few drops of lemon juice, flour, water, three pinches of sugar. Mince very finely some remnants of fowls, free from skin, add an equal quantity of ham or tongue, as well as a small quantity of truffles, all finely minced; toss the whole into a saucepan with a piece of butter mixed with a pinch of flour; add white pepper, salt and nutmeg to taste, as well as a little minced parsley; stir in, off the fire, the yolks of one or two eggs beaten up with a few drops of lemon juice, and lay the mixture on a plate to cool. Make a paste with some flour, a little water, two eggs, a pinch of salt, and two or three of sugar; roll it out to the thickness of a penny piece, stamp it out in round pieces three inches in diameter; put a piece of the above mince on each, then fold them up, fastening the edges by moistening them with water. Trim the rissoles neatly with a fluted cutter, dip each one in beaten up egg, and fry a golden color in hot lard.

CHICKEN TERRAPIN.—Place a stewpan on the fire with a small teacup of water in it; when it boils add the flesh of tender boiled chicken, picked fine. Mix smooth a quarter of a pound of butter with a tablespoonful of flour. When the chicken has boiled three minutes add the butter and flour, stirring it all the time. Season with salt, cayenne pepper, a small blade of mace and half a pint of good sherry wine. Let it simmer over a slow fire ten minutes, then add a gill of milk and serve in a hot dish.

CREAM CHICKEN.—Four chickens, three cans of mushrooms, four sweetbreads. Boil chicken till tender and cut as for salad, removing all skin; boil and chop sweetbreads. Mix chicken, sweetbreads and mushrooms, and bake in alternate layers with breadcrumbs, seasoned with pieces of butter and cream dressing given below. This is sufficient for 20 people.

CREAM DRESSING.—One and one-half pints of cream, one grated onion, three tablespoonfuls of flour, four tablespoonfuls of butter. Heat cream, rub flour in butter and put in the cream; cook till it thickens; take off and stir in onion. Put the first layer of chicken, sweetbreads and mushrooms in a dish and season each of the layers with cayenne pepper and salt. Let the top layer be of bread crumbs.—Chicago Tribune.

In a new book, "The Up-to-Date Waitress," by Janet McKenzie Hill, several new salads are described. A tomato salad Du Barry sounds attractive. Peel a good-sized tomato for each person to be served, cut a piece from the top and with a teaspoon scoop out a portion of the pulp. Sprinkle inside with salt and set upside down in the refrigerator. When ready to serve fill the tomato shells with cold cooked cauliflower and set on heart leaves of lettuce. Put a tablespoonful of mayonnaise on each tomato.

The American Indian is not absolutely beardless. The growth is small, and because of this smallness they pluck it out. Beards differ very much among different nations. Climate, food, etc., have much to do with it. In hot and dry countries, such as Arabia, Ethiopia, East India, Spain and Italy, the beard is generally dark, dry, hard and thin. Persons of a mild disposition, well nourished, have a light-colored, thick and slightly curling beard. The eunuchs of Turkey, who have been such from childhood, have no beard.

HIS REVERENCE THE TIGER.

In India, if Possible, He is Left Very Respectfully Alone.

If one is to believe Ernest Ingersoll's recently published "Life of Mammals," most of the Hindus and Malays meekly accept the tiger as an evil to be endured, and in this mood have lifted it, with superstitious terror and reverence, into a sort of malignant deity, which must and may be pacified.

You can be shown to-day forest shrines and saintly tombs where the tiger comes nightly to keep pious guard, and you may hear in any Hindu village of jogis to whom the cruel beasts are as lap dogs.

One of the difficulties which British officers have encountered in certain parts of India, in their attempts to kill off the cattle lifting or man eating tigers of some dangerously infested neighborhood, or to have sport with them, is the opposition of the people to their destruction.

Mr. Ingersoll quotes an illustration of this from one of the earlier sportsmen writers, the scene of the incident being not far from Bombay:

"While sitting at breakfast we were alarmed by hearing cries of distress proceeding from the jagheeradar's hut, and on running to ascertain the cause we found old Kamah in a furious state of excitement, his left hand firmly fixed in a woolly pate of the hopeful scion of the house, and belaboring him with a stout bamboo.

"We inquired what crime young Moldeen had been guilty of to bring upon him such a storm of parental indignation, and learned to our astonishment that it was all owing to his having killed a tiger.

"One of his father's tame buffaloes having been killed by a tiger on the previous day, the young savage had watched for him during the night and shot him from a tree when he returned to feed upon the carcass. This most people would have considered a very gallant and meritorious exploit on the part of a lad of 15, but the old forester was of a different opinion.

"It was all very well for us who lived in the open country to wage war with tigers, but with him, who lived on sociable terms with them, in the jungle, the case was different.

"I have no quarrel with tigers," said he, "I never injured one of them, they never injured me; and while there was peace between us I went among them without fear of danger. But now that this young rascal has picked a quarrel, and commenced hostilities, there is no saying where the thing will end."

"AN OLD PAINTER'S IDEAS."

The autumn season is coming more and more to be recognized as a most suitable time for housepainting. There is no frost deep in the wood to make trouble for even the best job of painting, and the general seasoning of the summer has put the wood into good condition in every way. The weather, moreover, is more likely to be settled for the necessary length of time to allow all the coats to thoroughly dry, a very important precaution. An old and successful painter said to the writer the other day: "House owners would get more for their money if they would allow their painters to take more time, especially between coats. Instead of allowing barely time for the surface to get dry enough not to be 'tacky,' several days (weeks would not be too much) should be allowed so that the coat might set through and through. It is inconvenient, of course, but, if one would suffer this slight inconvenience, it would add two or three years to the life of the paint."

All this is assuming, of course, that the paint used is the very best to be had. The purest of white lead and the purest of linseed oil unmixed with any cheaper of the cheap mixtures, often known as "White Lead," and oil which has been doctored with fish oil, benzine, corn oil or other of the adulterants known to the trade are used, all the precautions of the skilled painter are useless to prevent the cracking and peeling which make houses unsightly in a year or so and, therefore, make painting bills too frequent and costly. House owner should have his painter bring the ingredients to the premises separately, white lead of some well known reliable brand and linseed oil of equal quality and mix the paint just before applying it. Painting need not be expensive and unsatisfactory if the old painter's suggestions are followed.

Copperhead Terrorizes Women.

Six women who sat together on the front porch of the home of Daniel Sharadus, Schuylkill Haven, Pa., declare that they were completely enthralled by a monster copperhead snake which emerged from under the porch and coiled itself in front of them.

Charles Detweiler, who was passing by, saw the women sitting as if paralyzed, with their eyes on the reptile. As he looked on the snake uncoiled and started to glide toward one of the women. Detweiler rushed into the yard and struck the snake with a club, killing it. Three of the women swooned after the danger was over.

MIDSUMMER REPAIRING.

In the Middle of the Summer the Careful Woman Takes Account of Stock.

There are few women who can possibly tide over the whole summer with the clothes they had made in May, observes Anne Rittenhouse.

Sun and soap are two very damaging causes of the going-to-pieces of the clothes we wear between March and October. While blouses disintegrate rapidly under the pressure of the washboard and the sharp point of the iron; most colors fade from cloth after being worn in the sun after two months; white skirts begin to show ravelling threads at the edge and from constant pulling and pressing the plaits and the gathers get out of gear.

Colored straw hats fade, as well as the roses and ribbon on them. Even tan shoes get steadily darker while the stockings bought to match them grow rapidly lighter. So it is that even the most careful woman finds herself in the middle of the warm months looking far more disheveled and unneat than she cares to own.

Then should come a week of mending, altering and replacing. Whether or not women have any system of renewing their clothes at this time of the year, no woman can afford not to have a general overhauling of every garment she wears, under-linen, hats and clothes.

It is strange how upon close inspection we find our clothes not all we thought them to be in neatness and freshness.

Summer clothes are certainly perishable ones and unless we have a constant criticism of them from the outside we are apt to let all the little details slip, and then gasp with astonishment when we really see the condition of things.

A few good days of ripping and mending, of putting on new belts and renewing old collars, of replacing buttons and cutting off edges will do wonders toward giving us a freshened wardrobe for the rest of these days.

POLKA-DOTS IN VOGUE.

They Will Come Well to the Front in Spite of Checks and Plaids and Stripes.

Ever since last March polka dots have been struggling for recognition, in spite of the almost autocratic rule of checks and broken plaids, and of the determined advance of stripes. This summer they have succeeded.

All sorts of polka dots are worn, from the embroidered muslins and linsens down to the least expensive batiste, and all sizes as well, from the big, strikingly effective ones to infinitesimal dots which are almost too small to be seen, and which, when set close together, lighten a dark color without showing, to a casual glance, how they do it.

Single polka dots are the rule, but some unusual effects got by combining several are seen, we are assured by a writer in the Chicago Record-Herald. One stunning silk, for instance, in black and white, with its white ground literally covered with big and little polka dots, overlapping and with the tiniest of all tucked in to fill up corners. All the design was printed in a sort of shadowy black, which kept it from being startling.

Another attractive dress was of dotted Swiss, each of the big black dots which made its style accompanied by two wee ones set just below it.

An unusual version of the skeleton dress, which is one of the most attractive and at the same time useful styles of the season, was of blue, in that strong yet dull shade like the blue of a Chinese mandarin's coat. The blouse worn with it was white, with big polka dots of blue—the same pretty shade that characterized the dress. Yet it was sheer and fluffy enough to "be a real blouse." Instead of reverting to a shirt waist type, which would have utterly spoiled the dress.

Ink Spots on Linen.

Ink spots can be taken from white linen by dipping them in melted tallow. Let the latter cool and harden on the spots and rest there for awhile; then wash the article in the usual manner. Many stains of paint or medicine can be easily removed by rubbing them with pure glycerin.

Advantages of Cave Dwelling.

In the days of the cave dweller the English climate was very hot, and the cave made a cool retreat.—Macmillan's Magazine.

Plain Entertaining.

Folk in "society" are now entertaining on a plainer scale. They ask fewer friends at a time, but have more parties. There is not the ostentatious competition that there has been, and "crushes" are no longer necessary to the popularity of a hostess.

Shown Discrimination.

A goat appears to be a pretty wise animal, after all. You will notice that he merely eats the cans and never touches the stuff that has been inside them.—Topeka Journal.

HERITAGE OF CIVIL WAR.

Thousands of Soldiers Contracted Chronic Kidney Trouble While in the Service.

The experience of Capt. John L. Ely, of Co. E, 17th Ohio, now living at 500 East Second street, Newton, Kansas, will interest the thousands of veterans who came back from the Civil War suffering tortures with kidney complaint.



Capt. Ely says: "I contracted kidney trouble during the Civil War, and the occasional attacks finally developed into a chronic case. At one time I had to use a crutch and cane to get about. My back was lame and weak, and besides the aching, there was a distressing retention of the kidney secretions. I was in a bad way when I began using Doan's Kidney Pills in 1901, but the remedy cured me, and I have been well ever since."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box, Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Laid Out Like Checker Board.

The country in which the large towns are most nearly equidistant is Holland. They are at an average distance of 20 miles from one another.

Best of All.

R. J. Mayher, No. 406 South Clark St., Chicago, Ill., writes as follows: "I have kept and used your Hunt's Lightning Oil for the last ten years in my family. It is the only kind to have and the best of all."

It cures Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Sprains, Aches, Pains, Stings and Bites. It kills Chiggers, too.

Nicotine in Tobacco.

A scientist writes: "The essential quality for which tobacco is smoked or chewed lies not really in the leaves themselves, but is contained in thousands of hollow-knobbed hairs which cover their surface. The vital nicotine is garnered in these pearlike balls, but as it is impossible to shave off these hairs, and would be a scarcely commendable achievement if it could be undertaken, it becomes necessary to preserve the whole foliage for commercial purposes."

ANYTHING FOR FILTHY LUCRE

Writer's Cynical Justification of Mean Piece of Work.

A certain gifted writer of whom it was once said that he wouldn't recognize his wife if he met her on the street wrote a charming love story not so long ago, and it was printed in a popular magazine. His friends and all those of the circle in which the author moved recognized the story as an exact and recent transcript from the life of the writer, involving a very beautiful young woman, also well known in the same set. One man, coming across the author, took him to task for it.

"What in the world did you write up that affair with Miss Blank for?" he demanded.

The author looked at him unmoved and with the same exquisite calm and clearness that characterized his work, replied:

"I needed the money."

AN OLD TIMER.

Has Had Experiences.

A woman who has used Postum Food Coffee since it came upon the market 8 years ago knows from experience the necessity of using Postum in place of coffee if one values health and a steady brain.

She says: "At the time Postum was first put on the market I was suffering from nervous dyspepsia and my physician had repeatedly told me not to use tea or coffee. Finally I decided to take his advice and try Postum, and got a sample and had it carefully prepared, finding it delicious to the taste. So I continued its use and very soon its beneficial effects convinced me of its value, for I got well of my nervousness and dyspepsia.

"My husband had been drinking coffee all his life until it had affected his nerves terribly. I persuaded him to shift to Postum and it was easy to get him to make the change for the Postum is delicious. It certainly worked wonders for him.

"We soon learned that Postum does not exhilarate or depress and does not stimulate, but steadily and honestly strengthens the nerves and the stomach. To make a long story short our entire family have now used Postum for eight years with completely satisfying results, as shown in our fine condition of health and we have noticed a rather unexpected improvement in brain and nerve power." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Increased brain and nerve power always follow the use of Postum in place of coffee, sometimes in a very marked manner.

Look in pkgs. for "The Road to Wellville."

\$1290 IN AWARDS

TO YOUNG LADIES OF THE PECOS VALLEY
BY THE WOOLVERTON PRACTICAL
BUSINESS COLLEGE AND THE
REGISTER-TRIBUNE.

WHAT WE WANT YOU TO DO

This is plain business proposition, in which we are pushing the business or the Woolverton Practical Business College, the greatest commercial school of the Southwest, and the subscription list of the Roswell Register Tribune, the big Pecos Valley weekly. To accomplish this double object, we are ready to pay our good money, asking no one to turn their hands over for us without proper pay.

To have a distinct basis to figure from, and at the same time a plan that is within the reach of the girls of the most modest means we use subscription to the Register-Tribune, as the medium, and purely to keep track of the work of each worker, we will publish from the first issue of the Advocate in September to the last issue of October, the following coupon:

I hereby pay \$..... to the Roswell Register-Tribune. Please record my..... votes for Miss.....

Sign.....
While a great many people are already subscribers of the Register-Tribune, there are many more who only need the asking to subscribe, or pay arrears, and for every dollar you collect, you are entitled to 100 votes, or one vote for each one cent.

In the event you do not reach the awards you will be paid 10 per cent of all money you collect.

REMEMBER, A GOLD WATCH AND TWO SCHOLARSHIPS GO TO EACH TOWN.

THE PIANO TO WHICHEVER TOWN HAS THE HARDEST WORKER

Subscribers not called upon, can see to what time they are paid by looking at the address on their paper (and allowing \$1.00 for each year mailing the above coupon to Award Department, Register-Tribune, Roswell, N. M., and their votes will be credited in the weekly statement printed in the Register-Tribune.

ABOUT THOSE SCHOLARSHIPS.

We presume that every one knows the value of a Woolverton college scholarship, but we will state that these colleges are extensively advertised, therefore it looks reasonable that to attend one of these colleges would be far better for you than to attend some college which is almost unheard of out from under its own shadow. These colleges offer the highest courses of instructions, taught by well accomplished teachers, who are experts in their line, and when you graduate, you receive a handsome diploma and a good position.

The Roswell college was opened last May and is well attended.

The Woolverton Practical Business College Co. has purchased two of the best lots in the city and is now erecting the finest college building ever erected by any company in this country.

INDUCEMENTS TO SUBSCRIBERS

Subscribe for the Register Tribune, now, which will entitle you to one hundred votes for some deserving young lady whom you desire to win one of these valuable prizes. Remember your votes may make your favorite win, the piano or a nice gold watch or a scholarship in the Commercial college where she will receive an education which will place her at the top of the profession, which may mark the turning point in her career, which may lead to fame, fortune and complete happiness. To say the least of it, it may prevent someone from getting ahead of her.

Some of the men at San Angelo Texas, paid for twenty years back subscription and subscribed ten years ahead. They went in to win.

The Awards

FIRST AWARD—A magnificent upright Netow Cabinet Grand piano sold all over the world, and absolutely guaranteed for ten years. You can see it at the Roswell store of the Pecos Valley Drug Company.

\$450

SECOND AWARD—to the hardest working young lady in Roswell, Dexter, Hagerman, Artesia, Dayton, Lakewood, Carlsbad, and Portales, an unlimited scholarship in the Woolverton Practical Business College, at either Roswell, N. M., or San Angelo, Texas, at \$55.00 each the regular price. These awards reach a total of

\$440

THIRD AWARD—To the hardest working young lady in each of the towns named, will be awarded a beautiful gold watch, Elgin or Waltham movement, 17 jewel, guaranteed and shown by Paak & Morrison, Roswell. These awards reach a total of

\$200

FOURTH AWARD—To the hardest working young lady in each of the towns named, will be awarded a three months scholarship in the Woolverton Practical Business College, at \$25.00 each these awards aggregate

\$200

FOR THOSE NEXT IN ORDER—To all those trying to secure awards, 10 per cent of all money collected will be paid, so that every young lady will be well paid for her time even if she fails to secure one of the larger awards.

**THIS IS
IN NO
SENSE
A
PRIZE
CONTEST**

Every Participant gets pay for her work, the one that works the hardest gets the most.

THE NECESSARY CONDITIONS

Each young lady should first send us her name and address, or her friends may do so for her. We shall at once register her name, mail her instructions, "how to proceed." We will also mail her a receipt book, the stubs of which will count 100 votes for each \$1.00. She will then begin to solicit subscribers for the Register Tribune, at \$1.00 a year. We will also send her bills to be collected on old subscription, which will entitle her to as many votes as the same amount of new subscription. Each subscriber, however, shall be entitled to vote for the one of his or her choice. Each young lady may also solicit students for the Woolverton Practical Business College to attend at Roswell, N. M., or San Angelo, Texas. We will allow her \$5 for each student, who enters college or pays for the scholarship (\$55.00) before this awarding proposition closes, which will be sixty days from the opening.

Now of course not more than three young ladies in each town or city can win a prize, but those who enter their names and fail to receive a prize, we will pay them 10 per cent of all the money collected by them for the paper, and \$5.00 for each student they solicit. By this plan no one can lose. Each one will receive a very valuable prize or receive pay for trying.

We will have a young lady stenographer stationed at Roswell, who will correspond with the young ladies, encourage them and answer all questions they desire to ask in regard to secure subscribers.

It will not be necessary for each one to solicit all her subscribers, but many of her friends will send their subscriptions and vote direct to this office, and we will have a bookkeeper who will register her name and the number of votes received.

Now there you are, go and get one of these fine prizes; a high grade piano, worth \$450.00 in cash or a gold watch or a scholarship, in the most up to date commercial college in the southwest. Not only for the value in dollars and cents, but who is there who does not really enjoy winning a prize, especially when it is a nice one, one that you may well appreciate?

NOTE

During the months of September and October all special clubbing offers of the Register-Tribune with other publications are hereby withdrawn.

CHANCE TO FEED CATTLE.

Capt. J. W. James, formerly of Roswell, writes the following letter to his friend, Harry W. Hamilton, this week, and it is given to the Advocate for publication, with the idea that it may enable some of the Artesia farmers to dispose of their surplus feed crops this fall and winter:

Allura Ranch, Aug. 25th, 1906.
Mr. Harry W. Hamilton;—Artesia, N. M.—Dear Sir:—How are your farmers in that neighborhood supplied with feed this year? Do you know of any of them who would like to buy some calves or young steers to feed? I would like to make arrangements with some of them to feed some for me. I will weigh the cattle to them and they feed them out and weigh them back to me, I to pay an agreed price for the pounds that they put on them. In that way they can utilize feed that is not very salable. I would be glad if you will make inquiry and write me what can be done. My cattle are in fine shape and will fatten until December.

Very truly,
JASON W. JAMES.

Pain From a Burn Promptly Relieved by Chamberlain's Pain Balm.

A little child of Michael Strauss, of Vernon, Conn., was recently in great pain from a burn on the hand, and as cold applications only increased the inflammation, Mr. Strass came to Mr. James N. Nichols, a local merchant, for something to stop the pain. Mr. Nichols says: "I advised him to use Chamberlain's Pain Balm, and the first application drew out the inflammation and gave immediate relief. I have used this liniment myself and recommend it very often for cuts, burns, strains and lame back, and have never known it to disappoint." For sale by Pecos Valley Drug Co.

Drs. Baker and Stoker Exonerated.

The indictments found by the last Grand Jury against Drs. Baker and Stoker were dismissed by Judge Pope on the first day of the District Court. There being absolutely nothing in the indictments referred to, the court dismissed them, which is a full and complete exoneration of the doctors.

Notice For Publication.

Desert Land—Final Proof.
United States Land Office.
Roswell, New Mexico,
August 22, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that Olive M. White of Hope, Eddy county, New Mexico, has filed notice of intention to make proof on her desert land claim No. 924, for the SE 1/4 of Section 8 and SW 1/4 of Section 9, T. 17 S., R. 23 E., before the Register or Receiver at Roswell, New Mexico, on Friday, the 5th day of October, 1906.

She names the following witnesses to prove the complete irrigation and reclamation of said land:

Joseph T. Fanning, Lum Richards, Hugh Gage and M. M. Davis, all of Hope, New Mexico.

Howard Leland, Register.

Artesia Public School Enrollment.

Primary, 77; Second Primary, 40; Third Primary, 50; Intermediate 47; Grammar, 45; High School, 30, Total, 289.

The primary department is so crowded that half day sessions will be held in order to accommodate the pupils—one half of the pupils attending in the forenoon, and the other half in the afternoon.

The Breath of Life.

It's a significant fact that the strongest animal of its size, the gorilla, also has the largest lungs. Powerful lungs mean powerful creatures. How to keep the breathing organs right should be man's chiefest study. Like thousands of others, Mrs. Ora A. Stephens, of Port Williams, O., has learned how to do this. She writes: "Three bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery stopped my cough of two years and cured me of what my friends thought consumption. O, it's grand for throat and lung troubles." Guaranteed by Pecos Valley Drug Co. Price 50c and \$1.00 Trial bottle free.

As a dressing for sores, bruises and burns, Chamberlain's Salve is all that can be desired. It is soothing and healing in its effect. Price 25 cents. For sale by Fetherree & Robertson.

Jim Hollimon and S. P. Henry indulged in a vigorous little fisticuff on Main street Tuesday afternoon, which caused considerable interest among the witnesses.

If you know of an item of news let us know it so that it may be published.

Art Souvenir China at Pecos Valley Drug Co, with picture of Artesian well.

For Sherwin-Williams paint and all painter supplies, see John Schrock Lumber Co.

For First-Class
Blacksmithing
and Wood-work,
Wagon and Buggy
and Farm Implement-
work, Horseshoeing, see
**W. H.
WATKINS,**
ON
Cor. Second and Texas Sts.,
At the
Big Red Shop.
All Work Guaranteed.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera & Diarrhea Remedy

Almost every family has need of a reliable remedy for colic or diarrhea at some time during the year.

This remedy is recommended by dealers who have sold it for many years and know its value.

It has received thousands of testimonials from grateful people.

It has been prescribed by physicians with the most satisfactory results.

It has often saved life before medicine could have been sent for or a physician summoned.

It only costs a quarter. Can you afford to risk so much for so little? **BUY IT NOW.**

CITY TRANSFER.

Having just added a light one-horse wagon for baggage and other light hauling, will ask you to call me to handle your trunks etc.

Will meet all Trains.
TELEPHONE No. 24.
T. T. Kuykendall.

ARTESIA TRANSFER LINE.

LEE TURKNETT, Prop.
All kinds of drayage work and hauling. Baggage transferred. Careful attention given to all work. Phone No. 4.

Alfalfa Pasture.

Horses taken at \$2.50 per month, each head. Fine pasture and plenty of water. Rent payable in advance or when horses are taken from pasture. This rule will be strictly adhered to. Pasture 1-2 mile south of town. C. S. Hoffman.

G. M. DANNER

Has purchased the blacksmithing business of Jack T. Johns and is ready for the trade at the old stand in rear of Artesia Hotel. He respectfully invites the public to call and see him when in need of horseshoeing or any other kind of work. He will appreciate your patronage and guarantees to give the utmost satisfaction.

KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS

WITH **Dr. King's New Discovery**

FOR CONSUMPTION, COUGHS and COLDS. Price 50c & \$1.00 Free Trial.

Surest and Quickest Cure for all THROAT and LUNG TROUBLES, or MONEY BACK.

See our window of Souvenir China with big artesian well. Pecos Valley Drug Co.

Roswell Register-Tribune,
AWARD DEPARTMENT,
ROSWELL, NEW MEXICO

All creameries use butter color. Why not do as they do—use JUNE TINT BUTTER COLOR.

The fellow with money to burn may live to rake the ashes.

Amusements of Royalty.
The amusements of Queen Wilhelmina of Holland are skating and riding, but as a child her hobby was the keeping of poultry.

Do You Itch?
The cup of human misery is never quite full until some form of itching skin disease is added. Then it overflows. Hunt's Cure is a specific for any itching trouble ever known. One application relieves. One box is guaranteed to cure any one case.

Intoxicants in Vegetables.
Vegetables not only contain stimulants but are capable of producing an intoxicating influence on those who depend on them exclusively for food, according to an investigator. He cites a case in which some young people of his acquaintance suffered from partial intoxication as the result of a purely vegetable meal.

The University of Notre Dame, it appears, has some features that can not be duplicated in any other school. It is one of the old, well-established colleges, with settled traditions reaching back sixty-four years, with a distinguished staff of professors and excellent library and laboratory equipment. Its discipline is of the paternal kind—strong without being oppressive; and as it embraces in its scope the grammar school, high school and college work, its appeal is as broad as it is potent. Perhaps the most remarkable feature of the famous Indiana University, however, is the fact that it has arrived at its present marvelous development absolutely without endowment. An announcement of the courses provided at Notre Dame appears on another page.

Preach from Automobiles.
A novel method of preaching the gospel was recently tried in France with striking success. Pastor Delattre from Roame (Reformed church), in company with Pastor Salnton, of the Baptist church, in Paris, visited with an automobile the departments of Loire, Rhone, Allier, Saone et Loire, within a radius of about 90 miles. Pastor Delattre writes: "During nearly two months, from our automobile, we have been able to preach the gospel on market places, from fair to fair, distributing thousands of tracts and selling no less than 2,600 copies of the New Testament."

FINEST TROUT IN THE WORLD
Found in Small Stream in the High Sierras, Says Expert.

The finest trout in the world, says Dr. Barton W. Evermann of the bureau of fisheries, is to be found in a little stream of the high Sierras in southern California called Volcano creek. The trout is named the "golden trout," and in beauty of coloring and delicacy of flavor it has no equal.

So far as is known, it exists only in this stream, which is about 20 miles in length. President Roosevelt recently called attention of the bureau of fisheries to this unique specimen, with the result that Dr. Evermann was sent to California to study its habits and environment and to see whether it might not be introduced elsewhere.

He reports that the trout is in danger of extermination and that fishing in the stream must be prohibited by the state of California for three years if the trout is to be saved. Dr. Evermann has also recommended that the bureau of fisheries undertake the artificial propagation of the trout and co-operate with the state of California in transplanting it to a number of barren streams that can be easily reached.—National Geographic Magazine.

A WINNING START.
A Perfectly Digested Breakfast Makes Nerve Force for the Day.

Everything goes wrong if the breakfast lies in your stomach like a mud pie. What you eat does harm if you can't digest it—it turns to poison.

A bright lady teacher found this to be true, even of an ordinary light breakfast of eggs and toast. She says:

"Two years ago I contracted a very annoying form of indigestion. My stomach was in such a condition that a simple breakfast of fruit, toast and egg gave me great distress.

"I was slow to believe that trouble could come from such a simple diet but finally had to give it up, and found a great change upon a cup of hot Postum and Grape-Nuts with cream, for my morning meal. For more than a year I have held to this course and have not suffered except when injudiciously varying my diet.

"I have been a teacher for several years and find that my easily digested breakfast means a saving of nervous force for the entire day. My gain of ten pounds in weight also causes me to want to testify to the value of Grape-Nuts.

"Grape-Nuts holds first rank at our table."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.
"There's a reason." Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Most Women Are Busy Making Men Comfortable

The Busy Woman Continually Doing Trifling Things That Seem to Count for Nothing--The Art of Making the Home Pleasant for Some One.

BY MARGARET E. SANGSTER.

When a man stays at home from business, either because he is ill or because he is taking a holiday, he is very apt to remark, benignantly, that his wife has a great deal of time on her hands. Should the man be a retired merchant, broker or professional person who has decided that he has had enough of money making and that he is entitled to enjoy himself for the rest of his days, his wife is very likely to hear a good deal about the ease in which she has spent the years that have been to him a ceaseless round of grubbing. In the latter case, the wife is fortunate if she does not often have occasion to wish that her lord would again betake himself to the counting-room or the office.

A man in the house is a very pleasant companion in the space legitimately his own. One likes to see him eat his dinner; unless one is a determined ascetic, one is not averse to the scent of his pipe or cigar; and one's evenings at home are much happier when the man of the house is domestic and does not rush off to see another man, or to spend the time at his club.

In brief, there are times and seasons when men understand women and women understand men, but an unoccupied man drifts in the home all day long is sure to be something of a discipline to his wife and daughters. If he do not interfere and interrupt and give advice and criticism, and inspect the marketing and the accounts, he probably sits about ostentatiously with a magazine or a newspaper, yawns, fidgets and wonders how under the sun women endure the monotony of their existence.

We will suppose that a woman, neither more nor less busy than women in general, goes away for an outing and leaves her husband detached from other business to keep house and take care of the children in her absence. On her return she will discover that the house has lost a portion of its immaculate and shining tidiness, that the children have degenerated into chronic ill-behavior, and that the maids are only withheld from giving warning by their loyalty to her. The man in his turn, if he be frank, will admit that his wife's routine of duties, obligations and economies, varied by incessant interruptions from the door-bell, is enough to fairly swamp the energies of the average man.

The woman who is not busy is so rare that she ought to be labeled and exhibited in a museum as an obsolete specimen of the daughters of Eve. The woman who is at once busy and fussy, who makes a point of exploiting the fact that she can never catch up with her work, who is hurried, worried and preoccupied because she is cumbered with care, is to be met in almost every house on our block. The exceptional woman who being busy still keeps her frets and cares in the background, who is serene and tranquil and accomplishes things without haste and without waste, is the finest type of American womanhood. When we meet her we acknowledge that we are in the presence of a queen regnant. She manages her affairs; they do not manage her. She may sometimes be tired, but she is tired to good purpose and has earned the sleep that refreshes the toiler.

A man may inquire "what are women busy about?" Some of them it may be replied are very busy in making men comfortable. We are not now discussing those independent bachelors who have established themselves in apartments of somewhat forlorn luxury, aloof from woman's touch and presence, but of the great majority of men who go to business every morning and come home every night. They are fathers, husbands, sons and brothers, and their clothing is brushed and repaired, their rooms are swept and dusted, their beds are made and their tables are spread for them by the provident hands of the women they love.

They go out and come in and the intervening hours are interesting and exciting and sometimes are anxious, but they go with the wave of a woman's hand to cheer them on, and they come back to the kiss of sweet womanhood of wife or daughter or mother. A man has more variety in his life and less interruption than falls to the lot of a woman who is a busy housekeeper. From Monday morning until Saturday night she is continually engaged in doing a number of trifling things that make no show and seem to her to amount to little in the end. She is making the home a shelter and a refuge for the men who abide within it.

A woman is often busy during the

most beautiful years of her life in the tasks of maternity. "To bear, to nurse, to rear," epitomizes the mother's profession, and when the babies are coming and the boys and girls are growing up, growing so fast that their progress is like a miracle, wearing out shoes, wearing out stockings, wearing out frocks and trousers, going to school, taking hold of life in its initiative, the woman who mothered them is surely sufficiently busy.

Dear patient woman, o'er your children bending
To leave a good-night kiss on rosy lips,
Or list the simple prayers to God ascending,
Ere slumber veil them in its soft eclipse;
I wonder, do you dream that seraphs love you,
And sometimes smooth the pathway for your feet;
That oft their silvery pinions float above you,
When life is tangled and its cross-roads meet?

So wan and tired, the whole long day so busy;
To laugh or weep, at times, you hardly know;
So many trifles make the poor brain dizzy,
So many errands call you to and fro.
Small garments stitching, weaving fairy stories,
And binding wounds and bearing little cares,
Your hours pass; unheeded all the glories
Of that great world beyond your nursery stairs.

Many women are intensely busy in various phases of altruistic effort. How unselfish and heroic are the women who have taken the vows of some gentle sisterhood and consecrated themselves to works of Christian charity. We never see a woman in the uniform and garb of a deaconess or a nun without understanding that she has renounced the greater part of all that makes woman's hopes and ambitions, that she may devote herself to the relief of suffering and the consolation of grief.

There are women who minister to those incurably ill of cancer and consumption to which are added the stings and pangs of want. There are busy women not a few who give constant donations of time and labor to church work, to hospitals, guilds and associations of every degree. What would the world do without them?

In all this no allusion has been made to the million women who are busy in this land precisely as men are in earning their daily bread.

They accept the hours, the conditions, the environments of men in cannot be said that they receive the same emoluments. The average pay of the woman toiler is less than the average pay of the man toiler. Notwithstanding this, her work compares favorably with his, she has as much conscience, as much diligence and as much deftness as he, and she begins as early and stays as late at her place of toil. Then, when she goes home she cooks, she sews, she scrubs, she mends, she washes and irons, she plays the piano, she entertains her friends, and she does any one of a dozen things that fall to her lot because she is a woman. She is the busiest woman of all and not the least to be envied, for she is commonly independent and happy.

(Copyright, 1906, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

Modish Shirt-Waist of Light-Weight Wool.

Tie and Waistband of Color of Spot in Material.

This blouse is of spotted challis; it is made with a pointed yoke in front, and is trimmed over the shoulders with wide straps stitched at each edge, and each ornamented with three buttons. The bishop sleeves are gathered.



Polka Dots Very Stylish.
ered into very deep cuffs stitched at each edge. The tie and waistband are of silk of the color of the spot in the material.

Materials required: Three and one-half yards 28 inches wide, six buttons.

BIG NEW SHOE BUILDING.

It is Dedicated by the W. L. Douglas Co. at Brockton.

The dedication a short time ago of the new administration and jobbing house building erected by the W. L. Douglas Shoe Co. as a part of its mammoth manufacturing plant at Montello was marked by the thoroughness and attention to detail characteristic of the firm in all its undertakings.

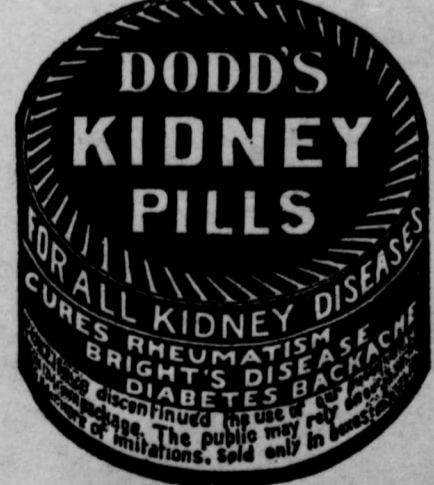
The dedicatory program included open house from 11 a. m. to 8 p. m. with concert by the Mace Gay orchestra and the presence of a Boston caterer to attend to the wishes of all. The building itself afforded a feast for the eye, especially the offices, which are marvels in many ways. Fifteen thousand invitations were sent out, including over 11,000 to the retail dealers in the United States who handle the W. L. Douglas Co. shoes, the others going to shoe manufacturers and all allied industries in Brockton and vicinity. Mr. Douglas will be glad to have anybody who is interested call and inspect the new plant, and says "the latch string is always out." All departments of the plant were open for inspection, the three factories as well as the new building, and visitors were received and escorted through the industrial maze by ex-Gov. Douglas, assisted by the heads of the various departments.

Under the present system all shoes are manufactured to order, and customers sometimes lose sales waiting for shoes to arrive. With the new jobbing house they will be enabled to have their hurry orders shipped the same day they are received.

The new building is 260 feet long and 60 feet wide and two stories in height. The jobbing department will occupy the entire lower floor, while the offices will occupy the second floor. The jobbing department will carry a complete stock of men's, boys', youths', misses' and children's shoes, slippers, rubbers and findings equal to any jobbing house in the country. Buyers are especially invited to come here to trade, and every effort possible will be made to suit their convenience. There will be a finely appointed sample room on the second floor, with an office in which both telephone and telegraph will be installed, with operators, both Western Union and Postal Telegraph wires to be used. There will also be arrangements for the receipt and despatch of mail.

Grocer Was Getting Even.
"That was tit for tat with a vengeance," said Walter Christie, the automobilist, apropos of a quarrel between two French chauffeurs. "It reminds me of a grocer I used to know in Paint Rock. This grocer went over to the jeweler's one day to get a new crystal put on his watch. The latter as he fitted and cleaned the crystal suddenly flushed. He bit his lip and frowned. His hand trembled so that he could hardly go on with his task. Finally, handing the watch to the grocer, the jeweler said in a restrained voice: 'Beg pardon, but didn't I just see you put a couple of rings and a scarfpin in your pocket?'"
"Sure you did," said the grocer, boldly. "When you come to my place aren't you always putting things in your mouth?"

Veterans Rapidly Passing Away.
Veterans of the civil war are dying now at the rate of 100 a day, according to records of the United States pension office. The monthly reports for several months past have shown the death rate among the old soldiers to be in the neighborhood of 3,000 a month. Pension office officials who have watched the figures closely and know the tendency of the death rate are of the opinion that the number of civil war pensioners has reached the maximum and that hereafter each succeeding month will show a decrease.



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CURES CHILLS AND ALL MALARIAL FEVERS.
Has been a standard household remedy for over 40 years. Pleasant to take; leaves no bad effects like quinine; harmless for children. Guaranteed by all druggists. Put up in 50c and \$1 bottles. Sent express paid on receipt of price, if not on sale at the home drug store. Address
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SERVICE SPEAKS ITSELF.
REMEMBER THE BOULDER CHAUTAUQUA.

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YOU CAN SURELY afford a week's recreation on yearly. This means to you a well physical body plus added energy plus a good clear brain which in all is HEALTH, WEALTH, AND WISDOM.

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We want you to read a few copies. So we make this special offer: Send us 50 cents (stamps if you prefer) with this advertisement, and in addition to

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is a positive necessity to every cattleman, will quickly heal wounds and sores on all animals, won first premium at Texas State Fair and for 40 years has been the standard remedy for **SCREW WORMS AND FOOT ROT**. Put up in 4 oz. bottles and 4 oz., 1/2 lb., 1 lb., 2 lb., and 5 lb. screw-top cans. Insist on Buchan's Cresylic Ointment. Sold by druggists and grocers or write **CATHOLIC SOAP CO., NEW YORK CITY.**

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all inflamed, ulcerated and catarrhal conditions of the mucous membrane such as nasal catarrh, uterine catarrh caused by feminine ills, sore throat, sore mouth or inflamed eyes by simply dosing the stomach.
But you surely can cure these stubborn affections by local treatment with

Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic

which destroys the disease germs, checks discharges, stops pain, and heals the inflammation and soreness. Paxtine represents the most successful local treatment for feminine ills ever produced. Thousands of women testify to this fact. 50 cents at druggists.
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THE R. PAXTON CO., Boston, Mass.

Gossip from the Capital

GATHERED BY SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT

Interesting Chatter of Men and Events at Washington—Secretary Root's Tour of South American Countries—Annual Housecleaning at the White House—Other Things.



WASHINGTON.—The reception accorded Secretary of State Root at the Pan-American congress at Rio Janeiro and the cordiality exhibited wherever he has landed in South America are regarded as omens of success for his unprecedented tour. Never before has the premier of this government undertaken a similar mission, and it is unusual for such a high official of one government personally to visit the capitals of other governments and by plain, frank intercourse endeavor to establish firmer relations between great powers. Mr. Root has as the object of his South American tour the correction of an erroneous idea and prejudice that exists there against the United States.

The people of this country are virtually unknown in South America. The United States has no steamship connection with that section to speak of and our trade cannot compare with that of Europe. Unfortunately, the type of Americans with which the Latin-Americans have become acquainted is largely that of the adventurer. A dislike has grown up because of this and also because our language, customs and ideas are all different from theirs. It is to correct this idea that Mr. Root is visiting the Latin-American republics and also with the idea of strengthening the time-honored Monroe doctrine and perhaps to lay the foundation for a still stronger bond between the nations of the Western Hemisphere as against the encroachment, commercially and politically, of foreign powers.

Mr. Root will call to the attention of these South American countries the fact that from the time of their great wars for independence, the United States has protected the southern continent from political aggression. He will endeavor to show that it is to the advantage of these people to form closer commercial union with the United States and that, when an understanding is effected, they will find American goods superior to those imported from Europe.

FROM THIS THE PRESIDENT ESCAPES.

The annual house cleaning is now in progress at the White House. It would require an expert mathematician to figure out just how many coats of paint, how many yards of plastering and how much expenditure of money there have been lavished upon this historic old building. Every year the interior is gone over and every year the outside is either painted or washed, so that the glistening whiteness may be retained.

The decorations of the executive mansion need careful attention always, and the paint and enamel work has to be kept clean and free from all marks and scratches. The multitude of pilgrims who annually visit this building is disposed to be critical, and if any dirt or any defacement of decorations or walls is discovered, there is sure to be something ugly said about it. The hard wood floors have to be cared for whenever a flaw is seen in their finish.

The ceiling and wood work of the East Room is being gone over, and the Green Room and Red Room have both been overhauled. A good deal of attention has to be given to the magnificent State dining-room. Minor repairs are being made in the private dining-room and the columns in the corridor are being refinished.

As the abode of the president, and as the place where the official functions occur, an army of artisans is required every summer to overhaul it. Last year there were given three state dinners, five musicales, eight receptions and one lecture, besides almost daily semi-official functions by the president or Mrs. Roosevelt.

THE NUMBER OF ANARCHISTS INCREASING.

Considerable alarm is felt in official circles over the rapidly increasing number of anarchists that are finding their way to the United States. The immigration authorities are of the opinion that unless something is done by treaty or otherwise, the United States will soon be overrun by this undesirable class. In the naturalization law recently passed, there is a restriction on giving citizenship to anarchists and regulations are now being formulated to make this effective. That, however, does not prevent anarchists coming to this country and preaching their doctrine. It is a comparatively easy thing for this disorderly element to obtain admission to this country, and congress will be asked to consider more drastic regulations regarding them.

An immigration official in discussing the increase of immigrants of anarchistic tendencies said the other day:

"It would be impossible to say with any degree of accuracy how many anarchists are in this country at this time. Without data as to their antecedents, it is impossible as a general rule to spot them. The man with whom you sat at dinner at your restaurant last evening may have been one. In a word, there is no way now by which you can tell an anarchist unless there is a falling out among the craft. We have no means of picking them out at the ports and turning them back. Here comes a man down the plank who gives a name that might fit any one of 100,000 ordinary persons. He fulfills all the requirements of admission. He says he is a tailor and in he comes. That man may be one of the most noted anarchists, and yet we are absolutely powerless to keep him out."

The immigration officials believe that the United States government should lose no time in making treaties with foreign nations, by which this government will be fully informed as to the movements of anarchists. With the liberal use of the cable, the United States could keep out many bomb throwers who gain easy admittance under our present system.

STANFORD WHITE AND THE WHITE HOUSE.

The recent tragic death of Architect White, who was shot by Harry K. Thaw, attracted unusual attention in Washington because he was of the firm of architects that made the plans for the renovation of the old White House and the construction of the executive office buildings. There has always been a diversity of opinion as to whether the expenditures, amounting to about a quarter of a million dollars, in restoring the White House to its original design, were justified. In the opinion of those of artistic taste, it was money well spent, although the general public does not appreciate what was done. The original design of the White House contemplated a terrace on each side of the main building. This had never been fully carried out, a huge conservatory on the west, an ugly structure of glass, wood and iron, taking the place of the terrace. This was removed and the extensions on either side are now in accordance with the original model.

The executive office building is a very unattractive, homely structure, although it did cost \$68,000. There was method in the work of the architects in producing this barn-like structure. For many years past congress has been asked to provide a proper building for the president and his executive force, where the business of his office could be transacted and where proper salons and halls could be located in which important official functions, like the signing of treaties, the reception of foreign ambassadors and other affairs of that sort could be conducted. Congress has never seen fit to appropriate the money for such a building, and when the presidential offices were erected, it was supposed that nothing more would be needed. These offices are so ugly and excite so much contempt in the public eye and mind that the pressure is growing stronger every year to have a decent executive building, one that will comport with the dignity of the nation, erected.

FARM, ORCHARD & GARDEN



THE PUMPKIN.

O, fruit loved of boyhood!—the old days recalling,
When wood-grapes were purpling and brown nuts were falling!
When wild, ugly faces were carved in its skin—
Glaring out through the dark with a candle within!
When we laughed 'round the corn-heap with heart all in tune,
Our chair a broad pumpkin—our lantern the moon,
Telling tales of the fairy who traveled like steam,
In a pumpkin-shell coach, with two rats for her team!

Ah! on Thanksgiving day, when from east and from west,
From north and from south come the pilgrim and guest,
When the gray-haired New Englander sees 'round his board
The old broken links of affection restored;
When the care-wearied man seeks his mother once more,
And the worn matron smiles where the girl smiled before,
What moistens the lip and what brightens the eye,
What calls back the past, like the rich Pumpkin Pie!
—Whittier.

DAIRY NOTES.

To have your cows milk long, milk them clean.
Uneven salting and working makes streaky butter.
Keep the farm separator clean, inside and outside.
Do not keep over small batches of skim milk. Feed it while it is sweet.
When the butter sticks to the worker, the latter was not scalded properly. Rub it with salt and scald again.
There is no longer any question that the earlier the calf is taken from its mother, the easier it will be to teach it to drink.

It don't pay to keep cows for a side issue. Get the best and make dairying a business just like any branch of farm work.
In the successful dairy, kindness to animals, careful attention to cleanliness and the comforts of the cow are sure to be found.
In order to make a success of raising the calf on skim milk, the condition of the milk must be uniformly sweet. Nothing, perhaps, will contribute more to produce scours in calves than to feed sweet milk one day and sour milk the next.
Interest on a note runs night and day and never stops until the note is paid. Give the dairy cow the right kind of feed and while you sleep she will be turning into butter fat worth four-times as much as the feed, and have it all ready when you get up in the morning.

CARE FOR THE POULTRY.

The average farmer takes but little interest in the care of poultry, the work falling on the wife and children, and, in so many instances, they work at a great disadvantage. It is really wonderful how well they succeed. The chicken house should be made so it can be kept clean easily, no matter what its shape or dimensions. If you cannot, or do not, keep it clean, it is of but little use. Where good gravel is handy one made of cement and gravel is cheap, warm and easily kept clean. The wall above ground need not be thick; six parts clean sand or gravel to one part good cement smoothed on the inside, makes an everlasting wall and easily kept free of lice. Four to six inches is plenty for any cement wall not over eight feet high.
All poultry houses should have a southern exposure for winter. Use the breeds you like best. They all have their advantages, but get the best and try to improve on them; they eat no more and bring you lots more money than the mongrel. Always put up some clover hay for your chickens to feed on when the snow is on the ground; they will eat lots of it if they can get it, and it helps to make eggs at a time when eggs are valuable. It takes the place of the green food they get in summer.

SPREAD MANURE IN FALL.

If the manure is spread upon the soil, the more rain it receives the better it is distributed through the soil. Manure drawn out in the fall does more good than if left until mid-winter, and the latter is better than leaving it until spring. Unless the land is absolutely overflowed with water, the manure is not washed away. A safe and economical plan is to haul out and scatter the manure as fast as it is made.
After the fruit and vegetables are gathered in the fall, all rubbish should be brought together into a pile and burned. This will dispose of the insect pests, weed seeds and plant diseases that are waiting for next spring to come so that they may develop and begin their work.

DAIRY NOTES.

Labor-saving machinery in the dairy will lessen the work, but will not lessen the care necessary.
Avoid metals about butter, the salt in the butter will often cause rust and stain the butter, while metallic rust is often poisonous.
The winter board is the most costly and it will cost but little more to board the cow well enough to make winter dairying profitable.
If the growing heifer is to become a good cow it is very important that during the growth she should be fed as though she were a good cow.
To keep, feed and milk a scrub cow is more or less a waste of a man's time, while to keep a scrub man to milk and care for a good milk cow is a waste of a good cow's time.

RETIRING FROM THE FARM.

The great scarcity of competent farm help during the last few years has introduced the element of complexity into the problem of production. This is especially true in cases where the landowner is somewhat advanced in years, and because of this less able to indulge in the activities that are so sternly demanded if there is to be any profit at the end of the year as the outcome of the investment and the labor expended. Under such circumstances we can well understand the temptation to leave the farm, to retire to inactive life in the village or town, and thus be free from the anxieties that are more or less closely associated with the tasks of production.

However, a study of the lives of those who leave the farm as the years advance does not impress one with the wisdom of solving the problem in this way. In old age new friendships cannot be formed that will take the place of the old-time friends and neighbors, while to be removed from the scenes of a lifetime of activity is to leave a void in the affections that cannot be replaced by the superficial joys that characterize town or city.

To our way of thinking the solution of the difficulty lies in securing more help for the performance of the active duties, while the duty of directing them alone falls to the aging one. This will keep the mind active and the spirit young, so that the individual grows old peacefully, enjoys his years to the very end and in truth prolongs that day when the duties of life shall come to an end. The happiest aged people that we know are those who have spent their childhood, and manhood, as well as the days of advancing years, on the farm. There the atmosphere is pure, friends remain steadfast, nature's power of rejuvenescence is experienced in the fullest degree, and it is our opinion that there is where the final leave-taking should occur.

A DAY'S OBSERVATION.

Not long ago I passed a farm on which farm operations are carried on quite extensively, requiring a large complement of implements to do the work. The tools had been brought in from the fields, but the only shelter they had was the blue dome of heaven. They stood in the yard, and were a dilapidated looking outfit. The owners are what we might call rich in chattels and lands and maybe can afford to leave their implements thus exposed to the weather. However, a friend of mine in making an address before a farmers institute came very near hitting the nail on the head when he remarked that a man who can afford to buy good implements can also afford to shelter them from sun and storm. Certainly a poor man cannot afford to leave his implements lying in the fields or about the yards. I am cognizant of the fact that our implements of to-day do not take nearly as much damage from exposure as they did a few years ago, when wood entered very largely into their construction. I even heard one man argue before a farmers institute that inasmuch as implements are made exclusively of steel and iron, it is cheaper to leave them out from one year's end to another than to provide shelter for them. His statement did not meet with the approval which he may have expected. There are in my locality some splendid tool houses. One of the best I know of is fitted with a row of grain bins along one side, leaving ample room on the other side for all the tools on the farm, with driveway between. Such a house is desirable, but not essential. Do not leave tools out because you cannot have such a one. A cheap shed built alongside of barn or crib will answer the purpose.

WHEN TO BUY TREES.

Patronize the nursery, local or otherwise, that gives you the very best stock for the money; and don't object to paying a good price for a first-class tree, and don't buy from an agent—send direct to the nursery. Buy of only well-established nurseries that have a good local and favorable national reputation. When apple trees or any other kind of fruit trees are planted the planter wants to be sure he is not making a mistake; wants to know that he is planting trees that are true to name, of good vigor and that will do their part if he will do his. We do not advise discrimination against the local nurseryman if he has good goods, fair prices and honest methods of selling, and if in your locality the nurseryman tries to serve his customers faithfully, gives them what they pay for and knows how to grow first-class stock, then do business with him.

This is a good month to arrange for next year's growth of strawberries and blackberries. The fruit next season will be grown upon the canes which are now growing. Select the thriftiest of these growing canes, cut the dry stalks and the canes that fruited the past season; leave three or four canes in each hill. By this system of pruning the best plants will be secured, which will mean better fruit next summer.

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Calls answered at any hour.

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ROSWELV, NEW MEXICO.

Cold Storage Meat In Summer.

Government reports say "Beef that
is kept directly upon or next to ice,
in warm weather is unhealthy as
well as unpalatable," also that
"meat killed one day and used the
next is not suitable food in such
weather."

We have installed one of the best
"Cold Storage Rooms" upon the
market to enable us to furnish our
customers meat free from the above
objections.

A ton of ice can be put in the top
at once. Every part of the room is
air tight, but it is so constructed that
a continuous circulation of cold, dry
air is obtained.

With this Cold Storage Room we
can assure our trade Swift's "Gov-
ernment Inspected Beef," properly
cooked, and free from taint or sour-
ness.

You can't afford to use any other
kind, any more than we can afford
to sell it.

The Artesia Market Co. Phone 8.

Fresh Bread and Cakes

AT ALL HOURS

We bake every day; Special or-
ders for cake and pies promptly
filled. Save work and worry by
patronizing

THE HOME BAKERY;
Mrs. S. B. Dyer, Prop.

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**PRACTICAL BUSINESS COLLEGE CO.
IS NOW ERECTING A SPLENDID
COLLEGE BUILDING AND
BOARDING FACILITIES IN
ROSWELL, N. M.**

A first-class business education,
special attention and good board at
reasonable rates will be offered to
those who desire to come to Roswell
to live and learn.

This college was opened May the
7th, and has proven to be a flattering
success. Sixty five students have
been enrolled to date and many more
will enter as soon as we begin adver-
tising properly.

The progressiveness of this com-
pany is clearly shown by the fact that
it has established other successful
colleges and the fact that it employs
the latest and most improved course
of instructions, well accomplished
and experienced teachers, conferring
the highest degrees upon its graduates.

Reduced rates are now being offer-
ed and it is expedient that those de-
siring to enter should write the
manager in charge, especially if they
desire to enter during the fall term
as only a limited number will be ad-
mitted.

Do not be misled by some would-
be college back East that is not in
position to do any more for you than
it is doing for itself. Make proper
investigation, "Be sure you are right
then go ahead."

For further information address:
WOOLVERTON PRACTICAL BUSI-
NESS COLLEGE CO.

W. T. Woolverton, President.
Roswell, N. M.

Starving to Death.

Because her stomach was so weak-
ened by useless drugging that she
could not eat, Mrs. Mary H. Walters,
of St. Clair St., Columbus, O., was
literally starving to death. She
writes: "My stomach was so weak
from useless drugs that I could not
eat, and my nerves so wrecked that I
could not sleep; and not before I was
given up to die was I induced to try
Electric Bitters; with the wonderful
result that improvement began at
once, and a complete cure followed."
Best health tonic on earth. 50c.
Guaranteed by Pecos Valley Drug
Co.

Methodist Church South.

Sunday School at 9:45 and preach-
ing at 11 by the pastor. Subject,
"The One Thing Needful," and at
7:30 p. m., subject "Belshazza." We
give a cordial invitation to all. Visi-
tors and strangers are always wel-
come. J. H. MESSER.

Mrs. M. T. Munson and son, Ray,
left Sunday for Hobart, Oklahoma,
to reside. They were pioneers in
Artesia, having come here more than
three years ago and their many
friends regret very much to see them
leave. We sincerely hope that pros-
perity and plenty will attend them.

A new lot of Victor Talking Ma-
chines and Records at Pecos Valley
Drug Co. Price from ten dollars up
for Victors, and sold on installment
plan.

Jack Porter at last got away on his
threatened fishing trip Wednesday,
and was accompanied by Mr. Wal-
ters, of Lakewood. They went to
the Bottomless Lakes near Roswell,
and will doubtless be joined by oth-
ers from that city.

Genasco Asphalt roofing is best
Sold by Schrock Lumber Co.

Mr. F. M. Runyan, father of D. W.
and Tom Runyan, of Artesia and
Hope, died at his home at Charle-
ston, Indiana, last week at an ad-
vanced age.

Miss Eggers requests the patronage
of those wishing first-class dressmak-
ing done, either by the day or in the
shop. Located one block south of
Presbyterian Church.

E. T. Thomson, of Sedalia, Mo.,
arrived in the city Tuesday evening
for a visit to his aunt, Mrs. Marshall
McIlhany.

Mesdames A. E. Keve and C. F.
Erb were pleasant callers at this
office Tuesday, the latter leaving some
specimens of very fine milo maize.

Business in Artesia is improving
as the days go by.

We have heard some talk recently
of still another new hotel for Artesia.

All kinds of Souvenirs of the Val-
ley at Pecos Valley Drug Co.

Morris is Not Dead.

Last week's Advocate gave a very
short, yet harrowing, account of the
accidental killing of a man named
Morris, that was reported to have oc-
curred between this place and Lake
Arthur Friday. The item was pub-
lished upon what seemed at the time
to be the very best of evidence, and
it passed as the truth until Morris
himself arrived in town and denied
the story. He says most emphatic-
ally that he is not dead and there
is nothing to do but believe him. He
was thrown from his wagon and a
wheel ran over his head, until he
wasn't much to look at, but is a
whole lot better than being dead.
We make the correction with pleas-
ure, and hope the gentleman will
take a new lease on life and stay here
until old Gabriel blows the official
call.

Reduced Passenger Rates

For Inter-State Live Stock Horse
Show at St. Joseph, Mo., September
24-29, 1906. Tickets will be on sale
Sept. 22nd to 26th, inclusive, final
limit to leave St. Joseph not later
than October 1st, 1906, at rate of
\$27.81 for round trip. By depositing
ticket with joint agent on or before
Oct. 1st, and payment of 50 cents
fee, return limit may be extended to
leave St. Joseph up to and including
Oct. 11th. Rates for children be-
tween ages 5 and 12 will be half
rate for adults. C. O. Brown, Ag't.

Fruit Trees On Time.

I am prepared to plant a few or-
chards on time; see me before pur-
chasing trees.—E. C. Minton, Arte-
sia, New Mexico.

The members of the Dexter ball
team went home Wednesday morn-
ing somewhat elated that they play-
ed Artesia such a close game, and,
really, that is to their credit. Just
before the train left one of the party
actually said he thought the Dexter
team could beat Artesia, but an Ar-
tesiaite who was present thought he
winked the other eye when he said
it. It is said another series of games
between these teams will be pulled
off in October.

Ole Harris treated us to several
fine nectaries which he brought
from the Pecos Valley. They are a
cross between a plum and a peach,
about the size of a June apple and
are a luscious fruit.—Burrton (Kans.)
Grit.

S. J. Wiggins, who has been in
business in Artesia for several months
left Wednesday for his former home
at Sexton, Texas.

Judge Logan went north on Wed-
nesday morning's train on business.

A Sure Fire Extinguisher.

Herbert Groves made a couple of
demonstrations on the streets this
week with the American Chemical
Fire Extinguisher, and proved con-
clusively that this extinguisher will
do all that is claimed for it and
more. A large pile of dry goods
boxes were saturated with kerosene
oil and set on fire. After they had
begun to burn at a fierce rate, Mr.
Groves turned on the little machine
and the blaze went out immediately.
Mr. Groves is local agent for the sale
of the extinguishers and every house
owner should get one. The Advoca-
te escaped a burn-out some months
ago simply because a loaded extin-
guisher was hanging on the wall.

Notice for Publication.

Homestead Application No. 5901.
Department of the Interior,
Land Office, Roswell, New Mexico,
August 27, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the fol-
lowing named settler has filed notice
of his intention to make final proof
in support of his claim, and that said
proof will be made before Albert
Blake, U. S. Court Commissioner at
his office in Artesia, N. M., on October
12, 1906, viz: Perley S. Terwilliger, of
Artesia, New Mexico, for the SE $\frac{1}{4}$ of
Section 28, T. 16 S., R. 26 E.

He names the following witnesses
to prove his continuous residence
upon and cultivation of said land, viz:
Jerry L. Sutton, Edwin B. Kemp,
T. T. Kuykendall and Henry C. Nim-
itz, all of Artesia, New Mexico.

Howard Leland, Register.

Artesia Mill is Sold.

Grant Sooter this week bought
the Artesia mill from Weed & Elder
and will conduct the business in fu-
ture. He has had considerable ex-
perience in the elevator business and
promises to give the people of this
part of the valley first-class service.
He has gone to Oklahoma to pur-
chase a car of corn, to run with until
the new crop is ready to harvest in
Artesia.

Mr. L. N. Muncy and family ar-
rived in Artesia Monday from Slidell,
Texas, to make their future home
here, Mr. Muncy having recently
bought a valuable farm east of town.
He expects to invest in town prop-
erty.

Just received a package of hand-
painted and Jap China. E. N. Skaer,
the Jeweler.

Miss Nellie Turknett is in Roswell
attending Woolverton Business Col-
lege.

For a new and up-to-date line of
Jewelry, Watches and Silverware, see
E. N. Skaer, the Jeweler.

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Bot-
kin, a son.

Abstracts of title to all lands in
Edly county, Artesia office over
Bank of Artesia.

BUGGIES, BUGGIES



We have the Racine the leading buggy of the Pecos
Valley with a guarantee for one year. Every spoke
second growth hickory. Also the celebrated Racine
Wagon.

ROBIN & DYER

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EXCELLENT FRUIT PIES.

Now the Season When There Should Be Brought Forth Such Recipes as the Following.

GRAPE AND ELDERBERRY.—Pick one-third pint of grapes and two-thirds pint of elderberries; mix with two rounded tablespoonfuls of sugar. Line the plate with paste; sprinkle with flour; fill with the grapes and berries; sweeten more, if desired; sprinkle the edge with flour, and cover with a top crust.

HUCKLEBERRY.—Clean carefully one quart of berries; line a plate with paste; turn in the berries, with a cupful of sugar and one-half cupful of water; dredge with flour, and sprinkle over a very little salt and one-half a grated nutmeg. Cover the pie with a top crust, and bake in a quick oven.

PEACH.—Peel, stone and quarter or dice good ripe peaches. Line the plate with crust, and arrange the fruit in it. Sweeten well, and add a little water. Sift over a teaspoonful of flour. Bake with an upper crust, and serve with sugar and rich cream.

APPLE.—Select tart apples; pare, quarter and cut them in thin slices. Line the plate with good puff paste; on this pile the apples, allowing plenty of filling, sweeten with two or three tablespoonfuls of sugar, according to the tartness of the fruit, and put on the top crust. Bake in a hot oven from 20 minutes to half an hour. A little grated nutmeg or ground cinnamon may be added for a change. Or the apples may be pared and cut into halves and placed on the paste with round side down. Mix a piece of butter the size of an egg with two tablespoonfuls of sifted flour, add two cupfuls of sugar and half a cupful of water. Stir smooth, flavor with grated nutmeg, pour over the apples, and bake. When the apples are cooked, pile on the whites of two eggs beaten to a stiff froth with two tablespoonfuls of sugar. Set in a hot oven until nicely browned.

PLUM.—Add to three cupfuls of plums enough water to cover, and sweeten with one and one-half cupfuls of sugar. Let simmer until tender. Line the plate with paste; wet the edges, after putting in the fruit; sift a little flour around the edge and over the top. Cover with the upper crust, and bake in a quick oven for 20 minutes.—The Delineator.

A SUNNY FLOWER GARDEN.

Verbenas Like a Dry and Sunny Place—Nasturtiums Thrive Best Under Such Conditions.

The only place available for my flower beds were very sunny and dry. For several seasons I made a failure with my flowers, because I planted without considering the requirements of any posies. At last, almost discouraged, I decided to try only a few kinds that were fond of sun, and needed little moisture, and was gladly surprised at my success, for I had such a happy looking front yard, and picked bouquets until the heavy frost came, writes a contributor to Farm and Home.

In the largest and best bed I planted verbenas only, and the driest, sunniest bed of all I gave to nasturtiums. You would hardly believe such a happy looking lot of flowers could thrive in such a dry sunny spot. In another sunny bed I planted petunias of all shades and hues. In the shadiest bed of all (and that was sunny part of the day) I planted sweet alyssum, sweet mignonette, and a couple of rose geraniums. You would be surprised at the large number of bouquets I picked. I shall add a bed of sweet peas this season.

Corn Muffins.

Buttermilk, or sour milk assist in making the best muffins. Take two cupfuls of either, one scant teaspoonful of baking soda, one tablespoonful of sugar, a little salt, and add to them cornmeal enough to make a thin batter, then stir in two tablespoonfuls of whole wheat flour. Pour in buttered gem pans and bake in moderate oven.

Veal Loaf.

Four ounces of veal steak, chopped fine, one slice of salt pork, three crackers, pounded fine, two eggs, one tablespoonful of sage, one tablespoonful of pepper, one tablespoonful of salt, piece of butter size of an egg. Milk all together and put small bits of butter over top. Grate slice of bread over it. Bake two hours in slow oven.

To Test Vegetables.

A thin knitting needle is better than a fork for testing vegetables in cooking, as it leaves scarcely any mark.

Rainfall Preserves Balance.

Rivers return to the sea only a comparatively small part of the water which the oceans lose by evaporation. Rain falling directly into the sea goes far toward keeping the balance even, from year to year.

Athenian and Barbarian.

A westerner once wrote a letter to the late Mayor, Prince stating that he was about to visit Boston, and asking the mayor to tell him a good place to stop at. The mayor replied: "Just before the 'at.'"

NEAR DEATH THROUGH SNAKE

Sleeper Awoke to Find Monster Coiled Around His Neck.

F. E. Feve, an employe of the Northern Electric, had a thrilling experience with a snake Tuesday morning. Feve with two companions occupies a tent made out of gunny sacks in the western portion of Oroville.

He was awakened by a feeling of strangulation. He attempted to cry out, but so tightly was his throat bound that he could make no sound. As he became fully awake he realized that something must be done or he would choke. He grabbed frantically for his throat and his hand slipped over the scales of a huge snake which had coiled itself around his neck. He frantically pulled the coils loose, the reptile resisting him and biting him in the cheek.

His two companions, awakened by the noise, came to Feve's rescue. The two pulled the snake away and threw it to the floor, where it glided away while the men attended to Mr. Feve's wound. The reptile was a gopher snake.—Redding Correspondence San Francisco Call.

For Twenty Years.

Other chill remedies have sprung up, flourished for a brief season, then passed away—even from memory—but for twenty long years Cheatham's Chill Tonic has been in the field of action. The reason is simple. It has the merit. It actually cures Chills and Fevers while the majority of others merely promise to. One bottle guaranteed to cure any one case.

Sinal, the "Turquoise Land."

Sinal was known as the "turquoise land" in very ancient times, and Dr. Flinders Petrie believes that it was the first mining center in the world. In his recent book on the subject Dr. Petrie tells of the various expeditions sent to Sinal by the Egyptian government. At the head of the party was the "commander," or "bearer of the seal of the god," the Pharaoh. The official staff consisted of "masters of the house of metals," or assayers, scribes and secretaries, to make inventories of the output of the mines.

HEAD COVERED WITH HUMOR.

Bothered with Itching for a Long Time—Kentucky Lady Now Completely Well—Cured by Cuticura.

"After using Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Pills, I am very glad to say I am entirely relieved of that itching humor of the head and scalp which I was bothered with quite a length of time. I did not use the Cuticura Remedies more than three times before I began to get better, and now I am completely well. I suffered with that humor on my head, and found no relief until I took the Cuticura Remedies. I think I used several cakes of Cuticura Soap, three boxes of Ointment and two vials of Pills. I am doing all I can to publish the Cuticura Remedies, for they have done me good, and I know they will do others the same. Mrs. Mattie Jackson, Mortonsville, Ky., June 12, 1905."

Deaf Women Form Club.

One of the most curious clubs on record has recently been formed by society women in Berlin. The principal condition of membership is that the applicant must be deaf. The club has over a hundred members, who meet regularly once a week in hand-somely furnished rooms in the Wilhelmstrasse, where they converse by means of ear trumpets and sign language and drink tea.

It's Fine.

C. M. Johnson, of Louisville, Ky., writes: "I have used your Hunt's Cure and it is fine."

We have many similar letters. Hunt's Cure is a strictly guaranteed remedy for any variety of skin diseases. It stops itching instantaneously.

Smokers Shown by Handwriting.

Mr. Saunders, a former schoolmaster, told the British house of lords committee on juvenile smoking that he could detect smokers by their handwriting—that of boys who smoked being a loose, flabby kind. Handwriting, he said, was a cinematograph of the heart.

A constable who arrested four men on a country road in England the other day for gambling told the magistrate the men played cards as they walked along, stopping to deal.

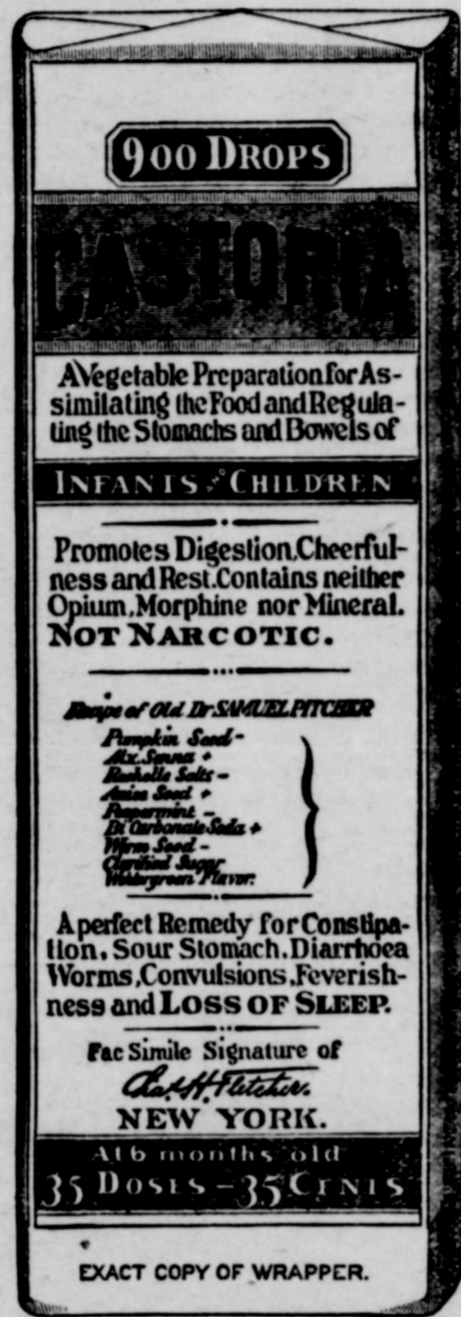
Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Baths Much Used in Tokio. Tokio has 800 public baths, which are used by 300,000 people daily.

What is Castoria.

CASTORIA is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.



Letters from Prominent Physicians addressed to Chas. H. Fletcher.

Dr. F. Gerald Blattner, of Buffalo, N. Y., says: "Your Castoria is good for children and I frequently prescribe it, always obtaining the desired results."

Dr. Gustave A. Eisengraeber, of St. Paul, Minn., says: "I have used your Castoria repeatedly in my practice with good results, and can recommend it as an excellent, mild and harmless remedy for children."

Dr. E. J. Dennis, of St. Louis, Mo., says: "I have used and prescribed your Castoria in my sanitarium and outside practice for a number of years and find it to be an excellent remedy for children."

Dr. S. A. Buchanan, of Philadelphia, Pa., says: "I have used your Castoria in the case of my own baby and find it pleasant to take, and have obtained excellent results from its use."

Dr. J. E. Simpson, of Chicago, Ill., says: "I have used your Castoria in cases of colic in children and have found it the best medicine of its kind on the market."

Dr. R. E. Eskildson, of Omaha, Neb., says: "I find your Castoria to be a standard family remedy. It is the best thing for infants and children I have ever known and I recommend it."

Dr. L. R. Robinson, of Kansas City, Mo., says: "Your Castoria certainly has merit. Is not its age, its continued use by mothers through all these years, and the many attempts to imitate it, sufficient recommendation? What can a physician add? Leave it to the mothers."

Dr. Edwin F. Pardee, of New York City, says: "For several years I have recommended your Castoria and shall always continue to do so, as it has invariably produced beneficial results."

Dr. N. B. Sizer, of Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "I object to what are called patent medicines, where maker alone knows what ingredients are put in them, but I know the formula of your Castoria and advise its use."

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher
The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

"IF YOU DON'T GET WELL, I WILL GIVE YOU BACK YOUR MONEY"

THIS IS WHAT YOUR DRUGGIST TELLS YOU WHEN HE SELLS YOU

OXIDINE

HE DOES THIS BECAUSE HE KNOWS

IT WILL CURE CHILLS AND FEVERS

IT IS MADE IN TWO FORMS—REGULAR AND TASTELESS

(Sweet, children like it). Ask for either one. They are both guaranteed to cure Chills and Fevers. Sold by all druggists. It is the Chill Tonic that contains no poison.

Read the following analysis made by the state chemist who analyzed three bottles of Oxidine sent to him by the Secretary of the State Pharmaceutical Association (The Texas Retail Druggists Association):

Houston Laboratories
Chemical and Biological
Analysis and Valuation of Cotton Seed and Rice Products a Specialty.
Waters, Soils, Oils, Greases, Etc., Carefully Examined and Reported Upon. Reports Made on Economic Geology.
P. S. TILSON, Director, Analytical and Consulting Chemist
215 1-2 MAIN STREET
HOUSTON, TEXAS, June 27, 1906.

Houston Laboratories
Chemical and Biological
Analysis and Valuation of Cotton Seed and Rice Products a Specialty.
Waters, Soils, Oils, Greases, Etc., Carefully Examined and Reported Upon. Reports Made on Economic Geology.
P. S. TILSON, Director, Analytical and Consulting Chemist
215 1-2 MAIN STREET
HOUSTON, TEXAS, June 27, 1906.

Mr. R. H. Walker, Secretary Texas State Pharmaceutical Association, Gonzales, Texas.
DEAR SIR: Herewith I beg to hand you certificate of analysis of the Oxidine you submitted a few days since.
I trust this will be duly received and found entirely satisfactory. I have kept you waiting for a little while, but I appreciate the responsibility which you have seen fit to place upon me; for that reason I have taken my time to be certain and accurate about my results.
If I can serve you in the future please advise me. Thanking you, I beg to remain,
Yours very truly,
P. S. TILSON, Chemist.

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS
Of Three Bottles of Oxidine Submitted by R. H. Walker, of Gonzales, Texas, Secretary of the State Pharmaceutical Association.
HOUSTON, TEXAS, June 27, 1906.
I find this Oxidine to contain absolutely no poisonous or injurious drugs or chemicals and not a trace of Arsenic, Codeine, Morphine, Eucaine or strychnine; nor, in fact, anything that would produce a harmful effect whatever.
Respectfully submitted,
P. S. TILSON, Chemist.

OXIDINE, THE CHILL CURE THAT CURES CHILLS

King Doing Equestrian Stunts.
King Edward has taken to equestrian exercise as a means of keeping his weight down. Since the rabbit hole mishap, which lamed him, his majesty has been unable to take walking exercise.

It may be true that all men are fools, but they are not reminded of it so often if they remain single.

HARRELL SHORTHAND COLLEGE

J. W. Harrell, Proprietor. (Established 1904) Dallas, Texas, (Dept. H)
SHORTHAND, TYPEWRITING, BOOKKEEPING, PENMANSHIP, ENGLISH, ETC.
"THE BEST BUSINESS SCHOOL IN THE SOUTH"

Queen Victoria's Granddaughters. Of Queen Victoria's 21 granddaughters, only four now remain unmarried.

Plays were suppressed by the Puritans in 1633.

WINTER

Wheat, 60 bushels per acre. Catalogue and samples FREE. Salsor Seed Co., Box W. B. LaGrange, Wis.
DEFIANCE STARCH easiest to work with and starches clothes nicest.
W. N. U., DALLAS, NO. 33, 1906.

Plantation Chill Cure is Guaranteed

To Cure, or Money Refunded by Your Merchant. So. Why Not Try IT? Price, 50c, Retail.

COST SALE

On all Summer Goods.

Refrigerators, Garden Hose, Ice Cream Freezers, Water Coolers

We must sell these goods within the next two weeks to make room for fall stock. If you are looking for a bargain in any of the above mentioned items this is the place to get it.

Ullery Furniture Company

The Chisholm Nursery and Orchard Company

Can furnish you with all kinds of fruit, shade and ornamental trees. Call and see us at the Nursery, or write us. Box 91,

DAYTON, NEW MEXICO

DR. A. M. KING,
OSTEOPATH
Office Hours (9-12)
Artesia Hotel (1-5)
Treatment at Residence by Appointment.
Phone 36.

DR. A. ANDERSON,
ROSWELL, NEW MEXICO
Practice limited to Stomach, Intestines and Diseases of Women.
Office, Oklahoma Block

255,000 Fruit Trees

Grown at Artesia and free from Disease.



I have now growing on my grounds east of the railroad, 255,000 Apple trees, comprising the popular commercial varieties, such as

JONATHAN,
WINESAP,
MISSOURI PIPPIN,
ARKANSAS BLACK,
BEN DAVIS,
GANO.

They are perhaps the finest, healthiest lot of trees ever offered the orchardists of the Pecos Valley, because they are each one sound and healthy and at home in our valley soil. They will need no acclimating, but will never stop growing when replanted.

There are 30,000 2-year-olds that are as fine as ever grew and not a blemish on them. 225,000 1-year-olds.

I have prepared to fill the needs of the Artesia farmers the coming season. There will be no need to send away for anything in the apple line. I have all the popular commercial varieties growing nicely and no foreign concern can beat me on prices.

Do not place your orders until you have seen my stock. Come and see the trees before buying. Take no risks of getting diseased stock.



J. S. Highsmith,
Artesia, New Mexico.

Abstract of title Artesia office over Bank of Artesia.

Advertised Letter List.

Artesia, N. M., August 1, 1906.
Mr. Ivan Douglas.
Mr. Festus Hefferman.
Mr. Walton Halliburton.
Mr. Fay La Well.
Mrs. Georgia Ledford.
N. V. Ludhurst.
Will Meeker.
E. D. Matteson.
Mrs. Chas. H. Miller.
Mrs. Henry S. Moore.
Dr. Elmer E. Perry.
Mr. P. J. Record.
Mr. W. H. Roberts.
Mrs. Geo. T. Sewell.
Mr. Fred Wakefield.
Mr. J. A. Williams.
Pearl Williams.
Mr. Clyde Witt.

MEXICAN LIST.

Sor. D. Miquel Campos.
Persons calling for advertised letters will please say advertised and pay one cent postage for each letter.
HARRY W. HAMILTON, P. M.

WAS A VERY SICK BOY.

But Cured by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.
"When my boy was two years old he had a very severe attack of bowel complaint, but by the use of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy we brought him out all right," says Maggie Hickox, of Midland, Mich. This remedy can be depended upon in the most severe cases. Even cholera infantum is cured by it. Follow the plain printed directions and a cure is certain. For sale by Fatherree & Robertson.

The sermon last Sunday night by Rev. Challener upon the subject of Church Union at the Christian Church, was enjoyed by those who heard it and every seat was occupied. Other ministers of Artesia sat upon the rear side of the pulpit, and it certainly seemed good to observe the unanimity of the spirit which prevailed. All were agreed that the main point was to be saved, and the preacher named a dozen points relating to the plan of salvation upon which protestants generally were as a unit.

The Artesia Cornet Band has received some new music and it is also observed the band has wonderfully improved in rendition in the past thirty days. The band has lately had two accessions in the persons of the Muncy brothers. Every encouragement should be given the band by our citizens, and we predict that it will only be a short time until Artesia will have a band of which all of us will be exceedingly proud.

See J. D. H. Reed & Son for finest fruits and vegetables grown in the valley.

Experimental Farm Located.

A deal was closed Thursday locating the farm on the 160 acres half mile northeast of Dayton R. M. Gardner, one of the best farmers in the valley, will be in charge. 20 acres joining the town site is reserved for the Industrial School buildings which will be set in fruit trees this season, and an apairy and poultry plant started at once, while experiments will be made with fall and winter crop upon the Campbell system—Dayton Echo

For the information of our far away readers we will state that Dayton is a new and prosperous little town eight miles south of Artesia.

Notice Water Users.

All persons using water from the Company are hereby notified that they will be expected to pay water rent quarterly in advance beginning July 1, 1906. Pay at office across street from Artesia Hotel.
Artesia Water, Power & Light Co.

Prof. W. T. Woolverton, president of Woolverton Practical Business College of Roswell, called on the Advocate Thursday. He went to Hagerman Friday morning. The professor says he is building up a fine school and now has sixty-nine students enrolled. There are several in and around Artesia who contemplate taking a course in the college.

For Sale—A few thousand more of choice home grown apple trees. Grown near Roswell. Agents wanted. Address, Roswell Nursery Co., Roswell, N. M.

In the justice court on Friday the case against Jim Holimon, charged with disposing of mortgaged property, was dismissed for want of prosecution.

Mrs. M. M. Inman left Tuesday for Fort Worth where she will visit her parents for a few weeks. Meantime the doctor languisheth in his widowhood.

\$500,000.00 to loan on irrigated farms. Long time loans with prepayment privileges, 10 per cent. interest. See L. W. Martin, loan agent, in rear of First National Bank, Artesia, New Mexico.

E. A. Clayton and family left Tuesday for Fort Worth, where Mr. Clayton will place the children in college.

Full stock Sherwin-Williams Paint and Varnishes. John Schrock Lumber Co.

Posts, wire, field fence and netting John Schrock Lumber Co.

FARMERS LAND LEAGUE

AN ORGANIZATION OF PECOS VALLEY FARMERS
MAIN OFFICE, ARTESIA, NEW MEXICO.

List Your Property with us. We sell at LISTED PRICE and charge only five per cent commission. We have the best bargains in the Valley. Visitors Always Welcome.

OFFICE FIRST DOOR WEST OF ARTESIA HOTEL

William Dooley,
SECRETARY

THE STAR STABLE



Is the best in town. The nicest rigs, the fastest horses—gentle drivers suitable for ladies and children to drive. No bronks, or baulky horses. Prompt service night or day. Nothing too good for the public. Give us a call. To treat you right is all we know. Location on 3rd Street South of Gibson Hotel. Phone 88.

J. K. WALLING & SON Props.

THE BANK OF ARTESIA,

CAPITAL STOCK \$30,000.00

DIRECTORS:

J. C. Gage, E. N. Heath, J. K. Walling, A. V. Logan,
Jno. B. Enfield, A. L. Norfleet, A. H. Bromelsick.

OFFICERS:

J. C. Gage, President, A. V. Logan, V-President.
A. L. Norfleet, Cashier, Jno. B. Enfield, Asst. Cashier.

We appreciate the patronage extended to this bank and assure the customers that all interests committed to its care will be faithfully looked after

J. E. SWEPSTON,

FIRE INSURANCE AGENCY.
NOTARY PUBLIC.

GENERAL ACCOUNTING.

OFFICE IN BANK OF ARTESIA BUILDING.

PHONE 140.

ARTESIA, N. M.

For Sale.

Choice re-cleaned alfalfa seed in any quantity. Address Geo. W. Smith, Lake Arthur, N. Mex.

All patrons are reminded that all accounts must be paid promptly on the first of each month.
Artesia Feed and Fuel Co.

Some of the residents of Artesia were treated on Wednesday night to the sight of a rare and very unusual phenomena—that of a rainbow at night. It is said the rainbow was in a southeasterly direction and was plainly visible at about 9:30 o'clock. The silvery moon played the role ordinarily assumed by Old Sol.

To Sell or Trade

I Have Some Very Desirable TOWN LOTS,
Also Some

Five, Ten and Twenty Acre Blocks

which will be sold at reasonable prices and on favorable terms, or will trade for Horses and Mules at a fair valuation.

E. A. Clayton,
Artesia, New Mexico

DAMAGE BY FLOOD

WESTERN RAILROADS HEAVY LOSERS THROUGH WASHOUTS.

Bridges Carried Away Are to Be Rebuilt with a View to Defying Future Inundations—New Lines Planned.

The financial loss lately sustained by the Northern Pacific and Great Northern roads by washed out bridges and tracks and in delayed traffic is estimated to be close to \$1,000,000. Thirteen bridges and miles of track were wrecked in western North Dakota and Montana. Through trains from the Pacific coast could not be brought over the lines for several days. Six of these trains were brought to St. Paul via the Burlington road from Billings, Mont., routed via Omaha, a situation previously unknown. New and better bridges are to be rebuilt as a precaution against future floods.

A long drawn out fight between the railroad commission of Minnesota and the railroads of the northwest is in progress. The commission established a schedule of freight rates in an attempt to equalize them in the interest of the various shipping interests throughout the state and evidence has been taken for six months under an act of the legislature empowering the commission to establish uniform rates. The railroads have been continuously fighting the rate schedule announced by the commission and it is likely that a compromise will be effected.

President James J. Hill has evidently come to the conclusion that it would be a fine piece of railroad diplomacy for the Great Northern to build through the Colville Indian reservation and be in a position to help develop that section of Washington when the lands of the red men are thrown open to the public, for it is announced that he has started to survey a line from Republic south to the Columbia river. The Republic road is to connect with the main line at Wenatchee. Northward from there Mr. Hill is surveying a line to Oroville to connect with the Similkameen-Vancouver extension. The proposed lines will give the Great Northern complete control of that exceedingly rich and undeveloped section of the state.

It is understood in railroad circles that the Milwaukee extension to the coast may use the tracks of the Northern Pacific between Ellensburg and North Yakima, Wash. It is believed the Milwaukee is seeking an arrangement of this kind because its engineering corps is experiencing some difficulty in securing a satisfactory grade out of Kittitas valley.

Hidden Pass, 30 miles north of Lolo Pass, in the Bitter Root mountains, is receiving attention from the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road surveyors as the most feasible route through the Bitter Root mountains, on the dividing line between Montana and Idaho. Up to a short time ago the surveyors thought they would be compelled to use the Lolo Pass, which is a very difficult one from an engineering standpoint.

Recently an old trapper showed the Milwaukee surveyors the Hidden Pass. It derived its name from the fact that it is practically hidden in the mountains, its accessibility not being apparent unless one actually goes through it.

Capitalization of Roads Explained.

The capitalization of a mile of American railroads is about £12,000, against £47,000 a mile in the United Kingdom, but it should be pointed out that in America there is a preponderance of single line, whereas in these islands an average mile of railway represents two and one-quarter miles of track, so that instead of being four times as great a mile as in the United States, the capital of our railways is really rather more than twice as heavy a mile of track, including rolling stock.—London Engineer.

Gasoline Motors on Railroads.

The Union Pacific railroad has adopted gasoline motors in Kansas and Nebraska. All the similar branches are soon to be changed from steam to gasoline power. Automobile cars have been extensively used in France even on trunk lines, but this is their first important test in America. Each of the Union Pacific's new cars will be a whole train in itself. It will be passenger car, baggage car, freight car, a locomotive all in one. It will be able to run at 60 miles an hour, and it will need only a motorman and conductor instead of a whole train crew.—Miller's Weekly.

Beyond the Pale.

"But," said the visitor to the old maid, whom she had not seen for years, "you will pardon my seeming presumption, yet I think I could suggest several ways in which your house could be more economically managed."

"Economy?" says the hostess, with some hauteur. "Pardon me, but our position in society is such that we cannot afford to save money."—Life.

TAP LARGE WHEAT FIELDS

Canadian Northwest Being Girdled in All Directions by Network of Steel Rails.

The fact that American waterways will be utilized by the men who are back of the projects to tap the Canadian northwest adds to the interest in the subject on this side of the boundary line. Already existing lines of road make a network over the wheat fields of Manitoba and the Canadian brakeman shouts Winnipegosis on the shores of the lake of that name. Farther west the iron highways cross Saskatchewan and Assiniboia, provinces whose names have only recently been made familiar by the railway maps. Edmonton, in Alberta, still nearer the Pacific, is becoming a railroad center. The Canadian Pacific stretches through the new wheat fields to the Pacific coast. The Grand Trunk Pacific is being built westward and the Canadian Northern has already reached Edmonton, and consequently has but about 500 miles to go before it touches the waters of the Pacific. The new Hill line is to be pushed from Fernie, a town in British Columbia, eastward across the prairie until Winnipeg is reached, and Winnipeg is already included in the Hill system. The Hill plan contemplates the crossing of the Canadian Pacific and the tapping of the rich country to the north of that line.

TRIAL TRIP MADE IN SHOP

Ingenious English Device by Which Newly Built Locomotives Can Be Tested.

An ingenious device has been adopted on English railways by means of which engines can be run on a trial trip without leaving the scene of their construction and their entire mechanism as thoroughly tested as if on an actual railway. The testing plant is fitted with revolving tires, into which the wheels of the locomotive fit, and by this means a clever representation of the "tread" of the permanent way is produced. The tires of the testing plant revolve with the wheels of the engine when steam is turned on, so that an engine can be made to run at full speed, as if it were on the metal rail, without moving an inch in a forward direction. It often has happened that an engine on its trial trip breaks down and will block traffic for some hours. But this device obviates such a possibility.

"Wetting the Whistle."

There is good reason to believe that when we speak of "wetting the whistle," in the common sense of taking a drink, whether of strong liquors or merely water, the word used ought to be "whittle," not "whistle." And in like manner the "wet" seems to have been originally and more properly "whet." In rural England "whittle" is a common name for cutting instruments and implements, among others the scythe. Indeed, it was especially applied to that farming necessity of old times before the mowing machine and the reaper. In harvest fields when a man stopped work to whet his scythe or "whittle" he usually took a drink of some kind, if he could get it. So to "whet the whistle," or sharpen the scythe, came to mean, also, getting a drink. Hence the distortion of the phrase into "wet the whistle."

Stand on One Leg.

There appears to be no end to the variety of health exercises, and the latest is the most novel of them all. "Standing on one leg," asserts Stylistes, "is the finest exercise in the world." He devotes a quarter of an hour by the clock to it every day, and on one misguided occasion he actually kept his balance for 25 minutes at a stretch. "It exercises every muscle in the body," he declares, "and keeps me in tip-top condition. I should advise your readers to begin with a minute at a time. They will find it quite enough."

France to Have Fast Train.

France is soon to have one of the fastest railroad trains on schedule. This Orleans company is now having a special engine built embodying several new features which it is expected will enable the trip between Paris and Bordeaux to be made in about six hours.

The distance between the two places is 372 miles, and this will necessitate a running time of 62 miles an hour for six hours. As there will be a number of stops made the speed between certain points will be in excess of the average, but it is declared that if the new locomotive accomplishes all that is expected of it a speed of 70 miles an hour may be attained under favorable conditions.

Who Should Write Our Stories?

The Love story—Twain.
The English Story—London.
The Tearful Story—Paine.
The Creditor's Story—Hope.
The Baby Story—Howells.
The Newly Wed Story—Bachelier.
The Young Bud Story—Flower.
The Savant's Story—Cutting.—Life.

STORY TICKLED W. J. BRYAN.

Best Told During Campaign of 1896, He Considers.

A Nebraska minister who enjoys the confidence of Hon. W. J. Bryan asked the presidential candidate of 1896, just before he was leaving the country on his present tour, what was the best story told about him when he was before the country as the opponent of Maj. McKinley.

"The one I most enjoyed," he replied, "was told by a commercial traveler who put up at a village tavern in Arkansas. The accommodations were very scant. The traveler slept on the floor. He had no water to wash his hands and face. When he went to breakfast he was out of sorts. He told the landlord that his house ought to be swept away by a hurricane. The landlord made no reply, but invited the traveler to eat. The food was on a par with the traveler's room. He said it wasn't fit for a hog. The landlord was silent and passed up another dish. The traveler threw it on the floor.

"The landlord picked up the remnants and pitched them into a bucket, and said nothing. Just then a woman whose appearance indicated poverty and poor health passed through the dining-room. The traveler made a remark about her that was decidedly uncomplimentary, saying that he didn't wonder the grub was not fit to eat if she prepared it. The landlord never uttered a word of protest. The traveler left the table and asked for his bill. As the landlord scraped up the bottom of his till to make change the traveler asked him: 'How do you stand on this 16 to 1 craze, anyhow?' Then the landlord's wrath asserted itself and he hit his guest between the eyes."—American Spectator.

MOON LIGHTED DOCTOR'S HOME.

Medical Society Had Sound Reason for Their Date of Holding Meeting

Up in a New England town there is a medical society which is of 60 years' standing, and has the custom of meeting on the Thursday before the full of the moon. Recently some of the younger members tried to change the time of meeting to the third Wednesday of every month.

Three of the older members rose up and protested. They gave the reason for the peculiar arrangement. "When this association was formed," said one of them, "there were no electric lights and good roads the way there are now. The society took in the whole county, and it was often a difficult matter for the doctors who lived in the country to drive home after nightfall.

"So we called the moon to our aid and set the date for the Thursday before the full of the moon. It is bright moonlight at a seasonable hour then and the doctors could see their way home.

"I know there is no necessity for such an arrangement now, but this will seem like a new society, if we do not meet the Thursday before the full of the moon."

Not His Fault, Though.

"It is a very fine thing to be brave and generous and noble," said Bilas Perry, the writer, editor and Harvard teacher, "but sometimes we are generous and noble against our will. Then, of course, we deserve no credit. 'Of this type was a young married man whose father-in-law, a reputed millionaire, burst in on him one day and groaned: 'All is lost! I am utterly ruined! 'Ahem,' said the son-in-law; 'then I married for love, after all.'"

Setting Him Right.

Boroughs (angrily)—When Markley loaned me that ten dollars, I think I overheard you remark that you wondered when I would pay him back. Kantor—No; you're mistaken. Boroughs—Oh, I guess not! Kantor—Yes, you are. I didn't say "when," but "if."

Question for Botanists.

It has often been observed that any sudden change in the superficial character of the soil is rapidly followed by an alteration in the nature of the plants growing thereon, new species appearing where the ground has hitherto been a stranger to them. Very many farmers, foresters and scientific men—among others the French botanist Poisson—are inclined to attribute this phenomenon to the retention by seeds, bulbs or spores of a former growth of vegetation in a quiescent state, these seeds and growths retaining their powers of germination even after several other successive crops of plants have grown above them.

Still Room for Improvement.

In a small village in the south of Scotland an elder in the parish church was one day reproving an old woman, who was rather the worse for liquor, by saying: "Sarah, don't you know that you should fly from the tempter?" Sarah (not too well pleased)—"Flee yerself!" Elder—"O, Sarah! I have flown." Sarah—"Awell, I think ye'll be none the waur o' another flutter!"

HAD WORKED HARD

APPLICANT'S REFERENCES SATISFIED THE HOUSEWIFE.

Better Than Any Documentary Evidence She Might Have Carried Was Mute Testimony Offered by Cook.

She was a gaunt, middle-aged woman, in a clean but faded calico dress. Her hair drawn into a tight knot at the crown of her head left her rugged features and furrowed cheeks unrelieved and her little black straw hat cocked at a humorous angle on top of her head transformed her into a living caricature.

Mrs. Torrance opened the door to her with a sigh. All day long she had been answering the doorbell and examining specimens from the intelligence office, and her nerves had about reached the raw edge of endurance and were ready to jump over. Such specimens! Mrs. Torrance shuddered at the thought of letting one of them into her dainty, well-ordered little flat. Yet you can't do your own housework and have time to make yourself lovely and charming for a young and discriminating husband, too. Mrs. Torrance simply had to have a maid.

At sight of the latest comer her heart sank. The big Irish woman impressed her more unfavorably than any of her predecessors. Mrs. Torrance was almost beginning to tell her that she had been suited already and to turn her away, when a wistful look in the woman's eyes made her ask her to step in.

"I was sint by the intelligence, mum," said the woman, briefly.

"Have you a reference?" Mrs. Torrance put that question first, because



"There, Mum," She Said Quickly, "Thim's Me Riference!"

she had determined that she would take no one until she had looked her up and found her well recommended.

The Irish woman looked taken back for a moment. Then she stretched out two big, hard, rough, red, knotted hands. The veins stood up upon them in purple lines and the finger nails were worn to the quick. The skin was calloused and chapped until it looked ready to peel.

"There, mum," she said, quickly, "thim's me riference."

"I'll take you," said Mrs. Torrance, impulsively. That night, as Mr. Torrance sat down to the best dinner he had eaten for months, he looked his congratulations across the table to his wife.

"Well, you have a jewel!" he exclaimed. "How did you find her?" "Oh, William," said Mrs. Torrance, "I don't know where she comes from nor anything about her. I just took her on circumstantial evidence."

Ram and Dog in Combat.

A prize ram, belonging to John W. Larrick, of Chambersville, this county, the other day defended a flock of sheep attacked by dogs, and lost his life after a desperate battle with a fierce Great Dane.

The ram and the dog fought for three-quarters of an hour, deep holes being torn in the sod where the encounter took place, but the superior size and strength of the dog proved too much for his weaker adversary, and the ram was finally killed. Four ewes were killed before the dogs were beaten off.

Dripping Pan on Tombstone.

One frequently comes across curious epitaphs, but we have never before heard of that useful and necessary kitchen requisite the "dripping pan" figuring upon a tombstone. The following curious lines, however, are to be found in Woodliffon churchyard, near Newmarket, England, and let into the head of the stone is a dripping pan:

To the memory of William Simonds, who died March 1, 1753, aged 80 years. Here lies my corpse who was the man That loved a sop in dripping pan But now believe me I am dead See here the pan stands at my head Still for sop to the last I cried But could not eat and so I died My neighbors they perhaps may laugh Now they do read my epitaph.

DOUBLE-BASS A MONSTER.

Extraordinarily Large Instrument Made in Germany for Use in Chicago Orchestra.

The extraordinary large double-bass here illustrated was made by Herr Otto Roth in Markneukirchen, and is



intended for use in a Chicago orchestra. It is about 14 feet high, and its body about seven feet. The top part of the body is about three feet four inches across; the lower part about five feet. It weighs 150 pounds.

SNAKE SET DANGER SIGNAL.

Reptile's Choice of Sleeping Place Made Trouble for Employes of the Railroad.

Running at the rate of 65 miles an hour near Harrisburg, Pa., a train of the Philadelphia & Reading railway, filled with passengers, came to a sudden stop, halted by the red light of a block signal.

After waiting the minute in which a train is supposed to clear the short blocks, the engineer proceeded with caution, expecting a wreck or at least a broken rail. When he came to the next signal post the white light was shining bright and clear.

He did not stop to investigate and in spite of his fears of a medical examination to determine if he could distinguish between white and red light, he reported the occurrence. An inspector was sent at once to the pole and found the red still shining.

A thorough investigation overhead and above ground showed no defect. The inspector finally removed the top of the underground case which contains the electric connections with the rails.

A garter snake 22 inches long lay comfortably coiled, its head cushioned on the delicate spring, depressing it so that it made the contact necessary to set the signal at danger.

A second after the snake was discovered the semaphore dropped from the danger to the clear position and a white light gleamed from the pole.

FRIENDSHIP A STRANGE ONE

Cat and Duck Are Chums, According to a Story That Comes from England.

We have had the usual crop of curiosities as to nesting places and strange families adopted by birds and animals, but nothing more diverting than a fellowship which exists between a certain ample "mouser" and a duck of goose-like proportions.

Puss waits by the side of the pond in which the duck takes its bath, then the two retire in company to the shade of the trees and lie down in amity. How the cat tolerates the wet feathers of its comrade is a mystery; but there they lie, the duck with one of its wings spread as a shield over the cat, the tail of the latter curled like a very smart boa about the neck of its feathered friend.

So long as the worm keeps beneath the turf and songsters do not stoop too low in the air the idyl lasts, and all local life wonders.

Set Fashion in Surgery.

Confined at St. Luke's hospital, Denver, having recently undergone an operation on one of her fingers, which had become deformed from a break and which was straightened, is Miss Mary H. Gartside, who, according to the Times of that city, has the distinction of being the first person on record to have the vermiform appendix removed.

It was because of this operation, which was purely experimental and which was resorted to in the last extremity, that the possibility of removing the appendix was discovered.

Book 2,000 Years Old.

A descendant of the ancient Babylonians, Mrs. Annie Naparian, of Nashua, N. H., has in her possession a book written in the language of the race and supposed by her to be dated many years before the Christian era. The book is 13 inches long, 8 inches wide and 5 inches thick. The covers are made of black walnut covered with leather. The leaves of the book are not of paper, but are made of some kind of skin.

Some people still insist on having their clothes made to individual measurements. Should this be the case with you it will pay you to see the fall and winter line of samples we are showing, consisting of over fifteen hundred different varieties, from Ed V. Price & Co., and the Continental Tailoring Co., of Chicago, also J. L. Taylor Co., of New York City. The people who know how to make good clothes.

BUT BEFORE YOU ORDER

that suit ask to see the most up-to-date and high class line of clothing in town. Suits that fit and wear which can be bought here at a price that's convenient to your pocket book.



Some men's idea of economy is to spend less money for some other necessity and more for clothes.

Because of the methods, organization and immensity of the tailor shops that the clothes we measure men for come from no stinting is necessary to obtain here a suit or overcoat of as good value as the local tailor can give you for 100% more.

And every garment made strictly to each man's measure—to modify every abnormality—to build up every shortcoming.

Fall line of cloths ready to show you.



The Best In The City.

That is the Kind of Service

The Club Stable

Gives its patrons. We keep none but Strong, Spirited Horses and the best Vehicles that can be procured. Are constantly adding to our equipment, and our constant effort is to please the public. We will appreciate your patronage and guarantee to give you the best of service to be had in Artesia.

No "brons" or balky horses are offered the public under any circumstances. Give us a call.

J. D. Christopher, Prop.

FOURTH STREET.

'PHONE 71.

THE AMERICAN WELL WORKS,

AURORA, ILLINOIS,

Makes High Grade Well Sinking Machinery at Moderate Prices

SPERRY & LUKINS,

of Artesia, New Mexico

Have in stock a large supply of The American Well Works. Engines, Steam and Power Pumps, Rotaries, Hoisters, all kinds of Rotary tools, well supplies, wrought iron line pipe and casing.

SEE OR WRITE

The Cleveland Land Agency

FOR

Real Estate and Insurance.

Correspondence solicited in regard to farm lands in the Great Artesian Belt. We know the lay of the land and can supply you with Bargains. Represent none but Reliable Fire Insurance Companies.

ARTESIA.

NEW MEXICO

EDDY COUNTY ABSTRACT COMPANY.

(INCORPORATED.)
CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO.

Complete Abstracts of all Lands in Eddy County.

WRITE US

F. G. TRACY, President.

C. H. McLENATHEN, Sec'y

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF ARTESIA.

At Artesia, in the Territory of New Mexico, at the close of business, September 4th, 1906.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and Discounts	\$83,176.76
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	200.17
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	6,250.00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	312.50
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures	7,122.87
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)	40,562.81
Due from State Banks and Bankers	3736.71
Due from approved reserve agents	13,360.63
Checks and other cash items	466.95
Notes of other National Banks	180.00
Fractional paper currency nickels, and cents	18.64
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank, viz:—	
Specie	7,945.80
Legal-tender notes	1,200.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer, (5 percent of circulation)	312.50
TOTAL	164,746.34
LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	\$25,000.00
Surplus fund	5,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	2,861.34
National Bank notes outstanding	6,250.00
Individual deposits subject to check	113,529.72
Cashier's checks outstanding	12,105.28
TOTAL	164,746.34

Territory of New Mexico

County of Eddy.

I, R. M. ROSS, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

R. M. ROSS, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 6th day of September, 1906.

DAISY FESSENDEN ROSS
Notary Public.

Correct Attest.

S. W. GILBERT,
HARRY W. HAMILTON,
S. R. GAIDRY.

For Sale.

All my household goods, including heater, folding bed, etc Also Jersey cow and calf and surrey. Bargains for someone if taken at once. Fourth house east of railroad on Texas Avenue. The house is also for sale.

J. A. WEED.

Dr Graham has been somewhat indisposed this week.

ROSE LAWN

Suburban Tracts: Ideal for Homes and Small Orchards.

If you are looking for small orchard tract, that in a few years, will make an ideal suburban home, you should look into the Rose Lawn proposition. I have a limited number of these beautiful five to seven acre lots to sell to actual home builders. These lots are under a nice artesian well irrigation system with a reasonable annual water rental. A small water main for domestic use will be supplied as soon as possible. 800 avenue trees are planted, and arrangements are being made for the planting, next season, of two continuous constant-blooming rose hedges along Rose Ave. This avenue begins at a point one-half mile south of Main street, of Artesia, New Mexico, and runs south one-half mile. The land is patented. The title is perfect. If you think this is about what you want, write at once, or come and I will take pleasure in explaining the terms and conditions.

R. M. LOVE, Proprietor.
Rose Lawn Suburban Tracts, Artesia, N. M.

LOVE'S AGENCY.

Representing

THE NEW YORK LIFE
Matchless Life and Investment Insurance. Policies incontestable from date of issue.
Stark Bros. Nurseries & Orchards Co.
Fancher Creek Nurseries, The California Rose Co. and The Southwestern Nurseries

When we get our Government Evergreens and Forest Trees.

NOTARY PUBLIC.

Instruments drawn and acknowledgments taken. Office with the Cleveland Land Agency. Call on or address
R. M. LOVE, Artesia, N. M.

Notice For Publication

Homestead Application No. 1501, Department of the Interior, Land Office, Roswell, New Mexico, August 27, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register or Receiver at Roswell, New Mexico, on October 11th, 1906, viz: Joshua Cox, of Hope, New Mexico, for the SE 1/4 of Section 30, T. 17 S., R. 23, E. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Wm. Whitaker, Hugh Gage, Jackson Furr and Ross Whistler, all of Hope, New Mexico.

Howard Leland, Register.

Well Worth Trying.

W. H. Brown, the popular pension attorney, of Pittsfield, Vt., says: "Next to a pension, the best thing to get is Dr. King's New Life Pills." He writes: "They keep my family in splendid health." Quick cure for Headache, Constipation and Biliousness. 25c. Guaranteed at Pecos Valley Drug Co.

Notice For Publication
DESERT LAND, FINAL PROOF, NO. 3036. United States Land Office, Roswell, New Mexico, July 31, 1906.

Notice is hereby given that Arthur C. Kelnath of Artesia, Eddy County, N. M., assignee of Charles M. Davis, has filed notice of intention to make proof on his desert-land claim No. 2036, for the W1-2 NE1-4, E1-2 NW1-4, SW1-4 NW1-4 NE1-2 SW1-4 and NW1-4 SE1-4 Section 8, T. 16 S., R. 20 E. before the Register or Receiver at Roswell, New Mexico on Thursday, the 6th day of September 1906.

He names the following witnesses to prove the complete irrigation and reclamation of said land:
Chris Totten, Enos P. McCormick, M. O. Tuttle, W. Rogers, all of Artesia, N. M.

Howard Leland, Register.

For Sale.

Team of horses for \$65. Snap. C. S. Hoffman.



OUR SHOWING

of all kinds of fall and winter Clothing must be seen to be appreciated. You will find here a range of styles, patterns and prices that will compare with any store doing business in the Pecos Valley. We make a specialty of clothing and we want your business on this line, not because we are a new concern here, but because we have the goods the styles and last but not least we offer them to you at prices that you were accustomed to pay back home. We have clothing made for the slim man and the stout man, and show a variety of nice styles for both, makes no difference how tall you are or how large you have grown, we believe we can fit you, at least we're willing to put our

time against yours. Men's suits from \$5 and up to \$25. Youths long pant suits \$6 and up to \$15. Childrens suits from \$1.50 and up to \$3.50. A big line of extra pants for all mankind, either for work or for dress. When you need anything in clothing, give us a call, you'll not be sorry.

IT PAYS OTHERS, IT WILL PAY YOU. GET THE HABIT

Grand Leader

ONE PRICE - SPOT CASH