# The San Antonio Daily Express.

Office of Publication: No. 217 Commerce Street, San Antonio, Texas. Entered at the Postoffice at San Antonio as Second-Class Matter.

VOL. 16--NO. 31. SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, TUESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 7, 1882. PRICE FIVE CENTS.


## AUSTIN.

### $2 000 RACE BETWEEN TWO LADIES.

**District Court—Bexar Benevolent Association—Sheriff Convention—The Council and the Small-Pox Physician—Railroad Strike—Mexican Duties—German Immigrants—Trains Delayed, Etc., Etc.**

*Special Telegram.*

AUSTIN, February 6.—In the district court to-day, Thos. Osborn, guilty of driving a steer out of a range, was fined $200 and costs.

Silas Collins, sometime since tried in the justices court simply for assault, was found guilty and fined sixteen dollars and costs. The grand jury found an indictment against him for aggravated assault and to-day the county court found him guilty and fined him twenty-five dollars and costs. The governor immediately remitted twenty dollars of the fine.

The charter for the Bexar Benevolent Association, headquarters at San Antonio, was filed this afternoon. The object is deeds of mercy, charity, and to see that members can secure positions, make a living.

The sureties on the bond of the capitol contractors are looking into the kind and nature of the capitol lands before signing the bond. They seem pleased as far as investigations have gone. As the land is among the finest in the world, no hesitation can be had when they look into the fact.

The governor has appointed J. T. Thomas, of Bryan, to fill the vacancy in the board of directors of the A. and M. College, caused by the death of Hon. E. B. Pickett.

The sheriffs' convention meets here in the morning in the Brueggerhoff building.

The stock men meet here next Tuesday, the 14th inst.

On that date the celebrated Volk's family dramatic company will appear at Millett's opera house.

At two o'clock this morning a Swede named Johnson, formerly a saloon keeper, was taken with delirium tremens and yelled in the most fearful manner on the Avenue. As M. Johnson is a newspaper man, caught and held him till an officer came and took him to the police office. Dr. J. Cummings attended him and had to give him an enormous quantity of morphine before he could be quieted.

The celebrated equestrienes, Misses Nellie Burke and Lilian Devere, will ride a ten mile race for $1,000 a side, at the fair grounds, on the 18th inst. Miss Burke has the best record of any rider known.

Argument began in the Rube Boyce case to-day, and will probably not close till Wednesday.

A well founded rumor is going the round that the council will try to recede from the well understood agreement made between the city and the physician whom they appointed to hermitize himself and attend to the small-pox patients. Dr. Swerington who had this matter once before in a similar scare, received $50 per patient. This is little enough, and it was understood that physician was to receive the same this time; he was not only physician, but nurse, grave digger, and buried the dead. Now the same council, and one or two of the board of health, so it is understood, want to reduce the pay on the ground that there were more patients than the city had ambulances for. The comments on this niggardly parsimony is not very complimentary to the city of Austin. The physician will probably refuse to accept any fee, but make a regular charge, as set by tacit agreement and precedent.

Thirty-four track layers, negroes, on the narrow gauge, struck this afternoon, for higher wages. They were receiving one dollar and seventy-five cents, but want two dollars and fifty cents. The leader told this reporter he knew the contractors had money and would have to pay it they intended to put the road through on time. The contractors will probably empty the forty Englishmen who arrived this morning, as they pay promptly, as agreed to, and the work on this road is not near as heavy as on a broad guage.

The governor will in a few days issue his proclamation for an election to fill the vacancies caused by the deaths of Senator Buchanan and Representative Bruce.

The following will explain itself, as it was reported this duty was repealed:

SAN ANTONIO, February 30, 1882.

*Commissioner Jones.*

DEAR SIR: The duties on importations have not been abolished on horses of travelers into Mexico, and the duty on vehicles ranges from sixty-six dollars to three hundred and ninety-six dollars a piece.

Yours respectfully, P. ORNELAS.

Col. W. W. Lang, president of the Southwestern Immigration company, who left here Saturday night, will probably go to Europe before he returns. He goes to take charge of five hundred immigrants who will leave Bremen in a short time for Texas. It is not known exactly to what portion of this state they will go yet, but very probably out in the vicinity of San Antonio, as the main interests of the International road now lies in developing that country as soon as possible.

Austin is still improving in a solid-city-style-manner. One of the largest musical houses in Texas has been added to the enterprise of the capital city. This is the house of Hazard, Raymond & Co., who are special agents for the Chickering, the Steck and the Wheelock pianos, the best instruments made in the world. These instruments are sold under a guarantee of four years. They also keep organs, and all other musical instruments, as well as music. Wholesale orders a specialty.

There will probably be a petition, signed by the leading business men of Austin, sent to the postmaster-general in a few days asking him to send a man down here to see "Howe," (a joke) the mails came to be so irregular during the last few weeks. The old days of the six-horse Concord coaches were better. The international train due here Saturday at 5, p. m., did not reach here until 11 yesterday morning. The delay was caused by the extra heavy rains which have prevailed so extensively. Washouts were numerous. The trains will be a tiempo, as we musicians say, in a few days.

## LAREDO.

**Death of Hon. Stephen Powers, of Brownsville—Americans and Mexicans Murdered in Mexico—Indians Troublesome—District Court.**

*Special Telegram.*

LAREDO, February 6.—Mr. Raymond Martin received a telegram this morning from Brownsville, stating that Judge Stephen Powers died last night in that city.

News has been received here that four Americans and several Mexicans have been recently murdered on the line of the Mexican-National, in the interior of Mexico.

The Indians in that district have become troublesome and Gen. Trevino has sent a detachment of troops to have them removed.

Gov. Hunt and Mrs. Wilcox returned from Galveston to-day.

The general offices of the Texas & Mexican and Mexican-National railroad were moved into their new depot building to-day, which is the largest and best arranged depot in the state.

The International has in course of erection a very extensive freight depot.

Hon. Wm. H. Russell, judge of this district, arrived from Corpus Christi today. District court will commence tomorrow. Our jail is full of criminals. There are a large number of criminals and a lively time is anticipated.

The Texas & Mexican R. R. hold in bond at their bonded warehouse fifteen carloads of goods consigned to F. Viscaya, New Laredo. The import duties alone cost $100,000.

## GALVESTON.

**Body of Crosby Found—City Council go a $1,000 on Mardi Gras—The Old Alcalde after Negro Votes—Cotton Markets—Port Reports—Arrivals, &c., &c.**

*Special Telegram.*

GALVESTON, February 6.—About 6 o'clock this evening Alf. Kirk, Willie Babtist and K. Koehler reported at police station that they had found the body of Frank Crosby on the west end of Pelican Island. They reported that the body is out of the water and not disfigured. Justice Braman was notified, who sent a party after the body which was brought in to-night. An inquest will be held over the remains to-morrow morning at 8 o'clock. Search is still kept up for Finlay's body, the companion of Crosby.

The city council to-night appropriated one thousand dollars toward defraying expenses of the Mardi Gras festivities. They also passed over the mayor's veto a resolution declaring the Agricultural, Horticultural association bonds a valid and legal claim against the city.

The following military companies have accepted invitations, extended by the Galveston artillery company to visit the city on the 20th and participate in the Mardi Gras festivities: Johnson Guards, of Hempstead; Orange Rifles, Austin Grays, Qeen City Guards, of Dallas; Old Guard Artillery, Houston; San Bernard Rifles, of Brazoria. These companies will number about three hundred men. Other companies have not been heard from yet. Indications are that military parades will be one of the chief features of the Momus pageant. There will be a regatta between the Galveston boating clubs.

On Saturday, prior to the fire, the city collector reported that the collection of taxes for the month of January amounted to $39,531.95, and the city assessor reports the total assessment for 1881, at $17,839,630, an increase on the assessment of 1880 of $3,379,532.

Gov. Roberts has written to his old friend Capt. N. M. Burroughs, suggesting that he should advance $10,000 for the purpose of keeping the Prairie View normal school going until the special session of the legislature can adjust the matter. The Evening Journal comments on this as follows: "This looks very much as if the "old man" intended to catch the colored vote, which Wash Jones evidently deems a very potent factor in the independent movement. So far it does not appear to have bet the Prairie View school trouble bother him much. It is the "niggers" votes he is after and the question of their education is of second importance. A large and enthusiastic meeting of the Galveston branch of the land league was held at the hall of the Longshoremens' Benevolent association. Sunday evening, for the election of officers, at which the following gentlemen were elected: President, Thomas Goggan; vice-presidents, Bernard Lougherty, Patrick Barry and Patrick Tiernan; treasurer, David Fahey; recording secretary, Richardll. Tiernan; corresponding secretary, E. O. C. Mellheny. Executive committee: Paul Shehan, Chas. Halsey, John Highland, Thos. Byrnes and John Dougherty.

Entrances at the custom house: Steamer Guadaloupe, from New York, with merchandise; the Norwegian bark Lio, from Androssas, with 456 tons of coal, and schooner Juniata Julia, from Tuxpan, with fruit.

Cleared: Norwegian bark Ross, for Liverpool, with 1,310 bales of cotton, valued at $72,152.

The schooners A. H. Beldon and Harry Buddig, from Pascagoula, for Indianola, loaded with lumber, arrived in port in distress—the Buddig having lost both anchors. The vessels are now looking for some craft to lighter a portion of their cargo to Indianola.

The bark Rinafaxe, for Liverpool, with 1812 bales of cotton, was towed out this morning to finish loading for Liverpool.

Total receipts of cotton to-day 1438 bales, sales 400 bales. The exchange changed quotations as follows: Ordinary and low middling one eighth lower, and bulletined the market as closing steady; futures quiet, sales 300 bales.

At 11 o'clock to-night a fire broke out in the grocery store of Levine, on avenue L, between 26th and 27th streets. The flames spread rapidly to the adjoining houses on both sides, destroying the grocery store and two dwellings; total loss, $20,000; insurance, $500. The fire is supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

Simon Mussina, Hon. Geo. Quinlan, of Wharton, attorney of the New York, Texas & Mexican railway; Col. Thomas Fisher, agent New York, Texas & Mexican railway; Col. Paul Bremond, president Bremond narrow guage railway; Oscar G. Murray, general freight agent Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe railway, arrived to-day.

## BRACKETT.

**A Bulldozed Gambler—That Western Texas Sword, Etc., Etc.**

*Special Telegram.*

BRACKETT, February 6.—A water-hauler's horse was drowned in the spring yesterday through the carelessness of the driver.

A negro was arrested for bulldozing fifty dollars from a gambler on the Pecos. He claims that he was a stranger and the gambler took him in.

Kinney county wants to know if western Texas has purchased and paid for that Bullis sword yet. Kinney county has bought, paid for and presented hers.

Henry Roach is stalling on our town again; but thinks Del Rio the boss.

Capt. John Maurice was greeted by his friends after a long visit east.

A petition is in circulation asking for a stringent and practical game law.

Cutting is going on and grass is green.

McCafferty's whisky and wood trespass cases, from Devil's River, were continued to-day by the county court. Mr. Kratz plead guilty to an aggravated assault on Ward and was fined $25.

A soldier was fined $25 for aggravated assault on a woman.

In some gambling cases the accused plead guilty and were fined $25, all for the benefit of the county treasury.

Business is good and the town is crowded with strangers.

Mr. Baugh, lumber merchant, complains that he can't get lumber fast enough to supply the demand.

## UVALDE.

**Accidental Shooting.**

*Special Telegram.*

UVALDE, February 6.—On yesterday evening, at the Nueces river, seven miles west from Uvalde, Jas. Howard, who had just returned from a hunt in attempting to set his gun upon the ground caused the same to discharge. The ball entered and passed through his right shoulder inflicting quite a serious, though not necessarily fatal wound. Howard was at once placed upon the train and conveyed to the Uvalde depot, and from thence in a hack to the Uvalde hotel, where his wound was dressed by Dr. Applewhite. This morning he was conveyed to the depot where he boarded the train for San Antonio and will be placed in the San Antonio hospital for medical treatment. Howard was one of the bridge hands at the Nueces river, in the employ of Read, bridge contractor.

## DALLAS.

**Divorces Wanted—Fire in the Parsonage—Criminal Term of the District Court.**

*Special Telegram.*

DALLAS, February 6.—Two suits for divorce were filed in the district court yesterday. Nancy Ridder, in a long petition, says that her husband, Anderson Ridder, beat her unmercifully, and that she wanted the bonds of matrimony dissolved. Robert Nucum charged his wife, Betsy Nucum, with drunkenness. He alleges in his petition that she drinks of the ardent till she reaches a high state of intoxication, wherefore he would prefer single blessedness.

Sunday afternoon, at 12:30, an alarm of fire was sounded by the down-town station. The conflagration proved to be the parsonage of the Christian church, No. 1,116 Commerce street, which was occupied by Mr. H. M. Bryan and family as a residence. The fire was caused by a defective flue, and being a one-story frame structure it went like a flash, and in a short time it was burned to the ground. Mr. Bryan saved his household goods, though some of them were damaged by handling. The firemen succeeded in confining the fire to the building, which fact saved the church just opposite. The loss of the building is about $800, with no insurance.

The criminal term of the district court which has just ended, after running three weeks, has been an unusually laborious one. There was but one verdict of not guilty, and that was given without any contest. The following are the cases disposed of: Albert Smith, theft of money, 3 years; M. M. Dreyfus, forgery, 2 years; Pres Williams, theft of watch, 2 years; Jno. Falkington, theft of mule, 5 years; Geo. Clark, burglary, 5 years; Geo. Clark, theft, 2 years; Geo. Blenken; theft of money, 3 years; Frank Beagles, theft of money, 3 years; Shropshire Evans, manslaughter, 2 years; Boston Granburry, assault to murder, not guilty.

Of the nine convictions secured five have appealed to the court of appeals, to wit: M. M. Dreyus, Jno. Falkington, Geo. Blenken, Frank Beagles and Shropshire Evans. At the close of the Evans case, which was the last one tried, County Attorney Seay, who had represented the state alone during the entire three weeks, left the court room very sick and completely prostrated; he is able to be at his post again; a little jaded, but still in the fight.

## WACO.

**A Negro Choked and Robbed—Railroad Magnates, Etc.**

*Special Telegram.*

WACO, February 6.—At 8 p. m. a negro named Dick Adams, who works in Hopkins & Co. carriage works, was set upon in the suburbs by two men and chocked and robbed of fifteen dollars. They were white men and it is supposed had followed him from the city market where he had been.

Deputy Sheriff Oglesby is now on trail of the robbers with blood hounds.

Messrs. Talmage, Eddy Washburn and other magnates of the Missouri Pacific, visited Waco Sunday. On their way south to inspect the work, eight miles below the city, they ran off the track and had to walk all but Washburn, turned back and have gone to St. Louis. Washburn has gone to the end on a construction train. A telegram was received here to-day from Coleman to the general world. Sieber of Hoak is agent of the paper. Hoak has not been heard of yet and many citizens would rather have their money back than his promises.

## HOUSTON.

**A Telephone to Galveston—Street-Paving to Commence at Once—Important Railroad Connection to be Made.**

*Special Telegram.*

HOUSTON, February 6.—The construction of a telephone to Galveston, recently begun, was stopped by telegraphic order of J. Gould a couple of days ago. It is now endeavored to run it via Santa Fe to Galveston.

The city council has ordered street-paving to commence immediately. They also acted favorably on the acceptance of the Brush electric light for city use.

It is reported that a company of railroad magnates have started from New York for this city, for the purpose of investigating the prospects, looking to the construction of a most important railroad connection in Texas. Much speculation exists as to what their plans are.

## PALESTINE.

**A Freight Train off the Track—A Drunken Gang of Railroad Men—An Escaped Convict Shot at.**

*Special Telegram.*

PALESTINE, Texas, February 6.—Just below Willis, on the International, a freight train jumped the track during the storm on Friday night, and among the freight were several barrels of whisky and beer. They were carried to the wood near by and a more drunken gang of men never was seen in that neighborhood before. It took all the efforts of road master Croman to get things in shape so as to getober men enough to clear the track and make way for passing trains.

Deputy Sheriff Warner had a negro convict named Green in charge to-day. Green skipped and Warner fired, but the negro kept running. Half of the town ran out and blazed away at him, to the great destruction of a passing herd of cows. Finally ex-Mayor Duval sent a ball through Green and he dropped into the hands of the pursuing sheriff.

## KENTUCKY.

**Ellis Craft, One of the Gibbon's Family Murderers Found Guilty.**

CATTLESBURG, Kentucky, February 5.—The jury in the case of Ellis Craft, participant in the murder of the Gibbon's family, brought in a verdict of guilty last evening, with the death penalty. Wm. Neal, already convicted, and Ellis Craft, will take the case to the court of appeals where a hearing can be had in ten days.

AN OLD SINNER REPENTING.

LOUISVILLE, KY., February 6.—At the Campbell street Christian church last night, Rev. Mr. Young called for sinners to step out. Gen. Abe Buford was the first to step out and be baptised. He announced that he would retire permanently from the turf.

SENTENCED TO BE HANGED.

CATTLETSBURG, KY., February 6.—Wm. Neal was to-day sentenced to be hanged on April 4th, for the murder of Fanny Gibbons, at Ashland, Ky. Neal made a speech protesting his innocence. Ellis Craft, who was convicted Saturday, will be sentenced to-morrow. He will probably be hanged on the same day as Neal.

## PENNSYLVANIA.

**T. B. Healy, M. P., Lecturing on Ireland.**

PHILADELPHIA, February 5.—T. M. Healy, M.P., from Wexford, Ireland, delivered an address to-night, at the horticultural hall, under the auspices of the Central Union Land League branch of Philadelphia. Quite a large sum was realized.

## FOREIGN NEWS

### BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

**Trouble Apprehended Between Civilians and Military at Limerick.**

DUBLIN, February 5.—Great uneasiness prevails at Limerick, owing to the ill-feeling existing between the citizens and the military. The officer commanding the volunteers, addressed a communication to the magistrates, pointing that soldiers are unable to walk on the streets at night without being stoned, and giving warning that the military will be compelled to fire on the people in self-defense if the attacks continue. The magistrates have resolved to take extraordinary precautions to preserve the peace.

PAPAL DELEGATE TO AMERICA.

CHICAGO, February 5.—News is received here that the Pope is about to create the office of papal delegate to America and that Bishop Fitzgerald, of Little Rock, will probably be appointed to that office.

PRUSSIA UPON THE INTERNATIONAL BIMETALLIC STANDARD.

BERLIN, February 5.—It is believed that the German government will not adhere to any arrangement for the adoption of the international bi-metallic standard, without concurrence of England.

DISASTERS AT SEA.

LONDON, February 6.—The British steamer Cosmo, last reported at Sebastopol, from Calvertia, Norfolk, has foundered in the Black Sea; ten corpses have been washed ashore from the vessel near Kilen.

QUEENSTOWN, February 6.—The Russian bark Argo, from Pensocola for Dublin, arrived. She lost a wheel and had the rudder damaged.

LONDON, February 6.—The Sweedish bark Asia, from Liverpool, for Pensacola, was passed on the first abandoned and water logged. No trace of the crew.

EGYPT.

**The New Government.**

CAIRO, February 5.—Mahceroud Barands, the new premier, to-day visited the foreign consuls. He informed Mr. Lolet, British consul-general, that the new government would respect all international obligations. It is understood that the ministerial programme, while specially enumerating different administrations, guaranteed by international obligations, does not include the budget question.

## VIRGINIA.

**The Midlothean Mine Disaster—Work Suspended in the Shaft on Account of Foul Air.**

RICHMOND, VA., February 5.—The latest intelligence from the Midlothean disaster is that the miners at work cleaning the shaft, discovered one body, but the air was so foul they were forced to suspend operations and come out.

BURNED TO DEATH—A MYSTERY.

PETERSBURG, VA., February 5.—The body of Albert Hall, aged 70, a watchman in a cotton factory here, was found early this morning in the Weaver's room. He had been burned to death and the body was horribly disfigured. There was a lighted lamp in the room. How the accident occurred is a mystery.

THE SHAFT CLEAR OF FOUL AIR—EXPLORING PARTY AT WORK.

RICHMOND, VA., February 6.—At 1:50 p. m., yesterday a relief party descended the shaft of Midlothean mine and on their return reported pure air below. At half-past four Superintendent Dodd, with a third party, made a descent, remaining nearly an hour. They explored the tunnel for some distance and at the mouth of one of the chambers, in the vicinity of the engine, they discovered a body, which is supposed to be that of the colored fireman, Robert Sumnels. The body, together with the one discovered Saturday night, was brought to the surface last evening. It is expected a more satisfactory examination will be made today.

A THIEF FATALLY SHOT—A WATCHMAN SHOT IN THE LEG.

PETERSBURG, VA., February 6.—Ephraim Fields was fatally shot at Weldon, N. C., Saturday night, by a watchman named Geay Latham. He was committing depredations on the premises of T. L. Emery.

Several mem were on the watch for thieves and were hidden in the dark. The watchman Latham mistaken for a thief and shot in the leg.

A MOB AFTER YATES, THE MURDERER.

LYNCHBURG, VA., February 6.—The officers started for Chatham with Yates, the Ponsby, Virginia, murderer, to lodge him in jail, but learning that a crowd of about 300 had congregated at Sycamore station, the scene of the murder, with the determination of lynching him, he was brought back to this city and sent over this evening on the fast mail, which makes no stop at Sycamore.

SHOT HIMSELF THROUGH THE HEART.

BUCHANAN, VA., February 6.—Edward Martin, of this place, shot himself through the heart last night while delerious from fever.

DEATH OF A PROMINENT MERCHANT.

NORFOLK, February 6.—Thos. C. Nash, of the firm of Hick & Nash, cotton buyers, died last night. He was the director of the Norfolk and Portsmouth Cotton Exchange and was formerly a member of the firm of Reed & Nash and Darrel & Nash, New York, one of the founders of the New York Produce Exchange and charter member of the New York Cotton Exchange.

## LOUISIANA.

**The Ryan-Sullivan Mill—Both Parties in Magnificent Condition—Betting Even.**

NEW ORLEANS, February 5.—As the time for the Ryan-Sullivan mill approaches, the excitement increases. Hundreds of strangers arrive by every train from the north, south, east and west.

Arthur Chambers, the champion light weight, on being interviewed said: "I never saw a greater wonder than Sullivan. The Boston boy catches me for all the money I have."

Tom O'Neil, of Louisville, is a Ryan man, and will back him. Ryan and Sullivan are in magnificent condition and seem equally confident. They both say they will do their best to win, and will stay as long as they are able. An attempt was made last night to sell pools on the fight, but no one seemed to buy as they preferred putting their money up without the pool per centage. Betting is about even. It is stated there will be a train of three hundred on the Ryan-Sullivan excursion. Parties desiring to avoid trouble have chartered special cars.

FERNAND DE RANCE ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.

NEW ORLEANS, February 5.—Fernand de Rance, the oldest of the three brothers, under sentence of five years in the penitentiary for the killing of E. C. Mix, Jr., tried to kill himself in the parish prison last night. He had by some means obtained a pistol, and placing the muzzle to his left breast fired, the ball striking the breast entered between the fourth and fifth ribs, came out and entered the right arm. The wound is not considered dangerous. De Rance says he does not regret having killed Mix in defense of his sister's honor, but prefers death rather than the disgrace of the penitentiary.

THREE TRAINS FOR THE FIGHT—THE BATTLE GROUND TO BE BETWEEN THE RIGOLETS AND PASS CHRISTIAN.

NEW ORLEANS, February 6.—Everything is in readiness for the Ryan-Sullivan excursion to-morrow. The first train leaves at four a. m. It is understood the battle ground will be somewhere between the Rigolets and Pass Christian, through the precise location is not made public.

## WASHINGTON NOTES.

**Nominations.**

WASHINGTON, February 6.—The president sent the following nominations to the senate to-day: Col. D. H. Rucker, assistant quartermaster general, to be quartermaster general, vice Meigs. Maj. W. B. Rochester, paymaster, to be paymaster general, vice Gen. Brown, retired.

CONFIRMATIONS BY THE SENATE.

WASHINGTON, February 6.—The senate confirmed the following nominations: Fred. A. Tyrtle, of Nevada, to be governor of Arizona, and the following postmasters, viz: Wm. M. Hancock, Meridian, Miss.; G. Baudrian, Thibodeaux, La.; Chs. Decuir, New Iberia, La.; Jos. F. Fells, Palestine, Texas.

## CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

**Forty-Seventh Congress.**

**Senate.**

WASHINGTON, February 6.—Petitions for female suffrage presented from various states.

Hoar presented a petition from citizens of Massachusetts, of whom 1300 are residents of Boston, for civil service reform.

Hawley presented one on the same subject.

Morgan, from the committee on public lands, reported favorably, with amendment, the bill granting right-of-way over public lands in Alabama and to grant lands to said state in aid of the Gulf & Chicago Air Line Railway company.

Plum, on behalf of a minority of the committee, said they would present their views in opposition to the bill hereafter.

Morrill, from the committee on public buildings, reported favorably upon the senate bill authorizing and directing the purchase by the secretary of the treasury for the public use of the Freedman's bank property, and real estate of the ground adjacent thereto, belonging to the Freedman's Savings and Trust company, located on Pennsylvania avenue. Morrill, having secured its immediate consideration, stated the bill was the identical one reported in last congress by Pugh. It proposed to pay not the actual cost of the buildings, $250,000, but $300,000, and that in his opinion the property was worth to-day $600,000 more; passed.

A bill was introduced retiring Quartermaster General Meigs with the rank and pay of major general.

Morgan offered a concurrent resolution as follows: That the increasing commercial intercourse between the people of Mexico and the United States, and the relation of friendship and good will between the two republics now happily existing and so gratifying to people of both countries, make it proper that the trade of the two, whether on overland or sea, in ships owned by citizens of either, should be regulated by a treaty of reciprocity, mutually advantageous to both. He asked that the resolution presented be laid on the table, as he desired to speak upon it hereafter.

Pending, a resolution offered by Vance, calling for information in regard to alleged irregularities in the sixth internal revenue collection district of North Carolina, was withdrawn, the information having been furnished.

After the morning hour the resolution that pension arrears legislation ought not to be repealed, came up as unfinished business, but was laid aside with consent of its author, Mr. Ingalls.

Williams, to whom the floor was specially assigned, then proceeded to make a speech on the tariff, Morrill's tariff committee bill being taken up for this purpose. He avowed his opposition to the measure and favored the tariff revision by a joint committe of the two houses. He favored a tariff for revenue.

At 2:15 p. m., Williams concluded and the senate resumed the consideration of Ingall's resolution, declaring that the pension arrears laws ought not to be repealed. Ingalls moved to modify the amendment, declaring in favor of pensions to soldiers of the Mexican war, as to the needy or disabled. He then spoke at length in advocacy of his resolution.

Vance and Hawley also spoke on the resolution. Without action it was laid aside for executive session.

During the day Plumb reported favorably from the committee on public lands, the bill granting the right-of-way through public lands to the Yallaka and Indian river railway company.

Bills were introduced by Harrison, defining the powers and jurisdiction of the Mississippi River commission, authorizing the appropriation of land and material for improvements on the Mississippi and its navigable tributaries, prescribing the manner of assessing damages for property so appropriated, and providing penalties for acts in hindrance of the proposed improvements. Executive session adjourned till to-morrow.

**House.**

WASHINGTON, February 6.—Belmont, of New York, offered a resolution calling on the president to furnish the house with the transcript letters of Jacob R. Shepherd, of New York, dated June 2nd, August 8th, September 28th, and November 10th, 1881, and the replies thereto, now on the file of the state department; also copies of any and all the letters already communicated from which the names of persons or firms have been omitted, and requesting the president to inform the house what measures have been taken in regard to letters declared to be missing from the files of the department.

Under the call of states a resolution was offered by Springer, of Illinois, asking on the president for information as to the right or authority under which the republics of North and South America were invited to send a commissioner to the peace congress to be held in Washington in November, 1882.

By King, of Louisiana, a bill appropriating $10,000 to enable the commissioners of agriculture to investigate the origin and spread of cocoa grass.

By Mills, of Texas, a resolution calling on the secretary of the interior for information as to the number of acres of public lands that have been granted by congress, both directly to corporations and through the states; what railroads have been subsidized, and the number of acres granted to each. Also directing him to report to the house the net earnings of the Central Pacific, Kansas Pacific, Union Pacific, Central branch of the Union Pacific, and Sioux City & Pacific, from the commencement of operation of each of said companies to the present time. Referred to the committee on public lands.

By Hank, of Tennessee, for the payment of loyal claimants.

By Wise, of Virginia, to complete the monument to Martha Washington.

Barrows, of Michigan, moved to suspend the rules and pass the bill defining the qualifications of territorial delegates in the house of representatives. It provides that no person who is guilty of bigamy, or polygamy, shall be eligible to sit in congress as delegate from any territory.

The house was in a very inattentive mood and when the speaker put the question there were but few responses. He, however, declared the motion carried and the bill passed, and it was only then that a burst of laughter apprised many members of the measure which had been adopted.

Bayne, of Pennsylvania, offered a resolution reciting allegations that Thomas Shields and two citizens of the United States were confined in jail in Mexico for breach of a civil contract, that they wrote to Minister Morgan, but received no answer, and directing the secretary of state to inquire into the matter and report the facts to the house. Accepted.

Joyce, of Vermont, moved to suspend the rules and pass the bill for the appointment of a commissioner on the subject of alcoholic liquor traffic.

Bragg, of Wisconsin, demanded a second. The motion was seconded, 95 to 60 and there being no desire expressed on either side to discuss, a vote was taken on the adoption of the motion and it was lost, ayes 112, nays 98, not the necessary two-thirds in the affirmative.

This was a strict party vote, except that Bells, Hoover, Culberson, Jones, of Arkansas, Ladd, Senator and Vance voted with the republicans in the affirmation and Davis, of Illinois, Young and Guenther, of Wisconsin, with the democrats in the negative.

The house then, at 4 p. m., adjourned.

## NEW JERSEY.

**A $150,000 Blaze at Jersey City.**

JERSEY CITY, N. J., February 5.—The barrel factory of C. B. Brook & Co., a large three story boarding house, the extensive lumber yard of Vanderbeck & Sons and the stove foundry of Simmons & Co., of this city, were totally destroyed by fire early this morning. Loss $150,000.

## MISSISSIPPI.

**Family Drowned while Going to Church.**

VICKSBURG, Miss., February 6.—Mr. Laffington, his sister and little daughter, while going to church, in Union county, yesterday, drove into a swollen stream and were drowned.

## Markets by Telegraph.

MONEY, STOCKS AND BONDS.

NEW ORLEANS, February 6.—Sight—82 per 100 premium; sterling bank, 4.84½; consols, 98⅛@98⅞.

NEW YORK, 11 a. m., February 6.—The stock market opened somewhat irregular, but in the main is 1 to 2 per cent higher than Saturday's closing prices; Richmond & Danville & Ohio Central leading an advance. In early dealings the market recorded an advance with an occasional fractional reaction of ¼ to 1 per cent in which Denver & Rio Grande and New York Central were most conspicuous.

LONDON, noon February, 6.—Erie, 40⅝.

PARIS, 4:30 p. m., February 6.—Rente—82f 10c. Bullets on the continent generally regular, but changes from Saturday are not great.

LONDON, 12 p. m., February 6.—Consols—money, 99 13-16; account, 100⅛.

COTTON MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, noon, February 6.—Cotton—fair demand; prices 3-32d. at previous prices; uplands, 6¾d; Orleans, 6¾d; sales, 10,000 bales; speculation and exports 1000 bales; receipts, 10,000 bales; American, 9,000 bales; uplands, low middling clause, February delivery, 6 19-32d; February and March, 6 19-32d; March and April, 6 19-32d; April and May, 6¾d; May and June, 6 15-16@6 29-32d; June and July, 6 27-32d; July and August, 6 29-32d; futures weak.

LIVERPOOL, 5 p. m., February 6.—Cotton—sales American, 7000 bales; uplands, low middling clause, March and April delivery, 6 31-32d; July and August, 6¾d; futures dull.

NEW ORLEANS, February 6.—Cotton—easier; sales 2750 bales; ordinary, 9⅞; good ordinary, 10⅝; low middling, 11¼; middling, 11⅝; good middling, 11¾; middling fair 12¼; fair, 12⅝; receipts net, 6673 bales; gross, 7217 bales; exports to Great Britain, 2622 bales; coastwise, 448 bales; stock, 365,879 bales; futures barely steady; sales, 16,400 bales; February, 11.09@11.10c; March, 11.59@11.60c; April 12.10@12.11c; May, 12.22@12.23c; June, 12.30@12.31c; July, 12.40@12.42c; August, 12.29@12.32c; September, 11.81@11.82c; October, 11.40@11.42c; November, 11.29@11.31c.

NEW YORK, February 6.—Cotton—dull and easier; sales, 297 bales; uplands, 12; Orleans, 12¾; consolidated net receipts, 17,093 bales; exports to Great Britain, 9867 bales; coastwise, 2710 bales.

NEW YORK, February 6.—Cotton—net receipts 1940 bales; gross, 2524 bales; futures closed steady; sales, 156,000 bales; February, 11.81@11.82c; March, 12.09@12.10c; April, 12.22@12.23c; May, 12.32@12.33c; June, 12.41@12.42c; July, 12.52@12.53c; August, 12.42@12.43c; September, 12.12@12.13c; October, 11.75@11.76c; November, 11.59@11.60c; December, 11.60@11.62c.

Posts cotton market reports says: Future deliveries declined; February, 10-100; the others lost only one point, 5 to 12-100; some of the longs unwillings or unable to put up further margins, are selling out and are usually anticipated by speculators for the day, after an advance of 2-100; the third call came off again slightly dearer; March brought, 12 1-9; April, 12.32; June, 12.70; August, 12.34.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

BALTIMORE, February 6.—Flour—very quiet; Howard street and western, superfine, $4.25@5.00; extra, $5.25@5.25; family $6.40@7.00; city mills superfine, $4.25@5.25; extra, $5.50@6.25; family, $6.50@7.75; Rio brands, $7.00; Potapsco family, $8.25.

NEW YORK, February 6.—Flour—quiet and steady. Pork—steady and quiet at $17.00@18.25. Lard—steady at $11.45. Spirits turpentine, 54⅝. Resin—$2.50@2.37½. Freights—steady.

BALTIMORE, February 6.—Provisions—firm. Mess pork — @18.50@19.75. Bulk meats—shoulders, clear rib and sides $7.75@10.25. Bacon—shoulders, $8.50; clear rib and sides, 11@11½. Hams—13⅝. Lard—refined, 12½. Coffee—steady; fair cargoes ordinary to fair, 8⅞@9⅝; Sugar—quiet; A soft, 9⅞c. Whisky—steady at $1.18@1.20. Freights—quiet.

NEW ORLEANS, February 6.—Flour—steady and fair demand; superfine, $4.00@5.25; XX $5.50@5.75; XXX $6.75@6.50; higher grades $7.50. Corn meal—scarce and firm at 44⅝@45c. Pork—weak and firm; 19.00; spots, $19.50. Lard—steady; tierce refined, 11⅝@11⅞c; keg, 13c. Dry salt meat—scarce and firm; shoulders boxes, $6.75; packed, $7.00; clear rib and long clear, $9.75; clear, $10.00. Bacon—steady; shoulders dull at $7.75; sides scarce in demand; clear rib and long clear, $10.75@10.87½. Hams—scarce and firm; choice sugar cured canvassed, 11½@13. Whisky—firm; western rectified $1.00@1.10. Coffee—quiet and steady; cargoes ordinary to prime, 8@11c. Sugar—scarce and in demand; common to good common, 6¾c; fair to fully fair, 6⅞@7c; prime to choice, 7⅛@7½c; refiner's grades, 6⅞@8⅞c. Molasses—scarce and firm at 40@41c; according to quality; common, 35@40c; centrifugal 40@50c; fair, 60@65c; prime to choice, 55@60c. Rice—steady and good demand; ordinary to choice, 5@6½c. Bran—scarce and firm at $1.35@1.50.

NEW YORK, February 6.—Coffee—unchanged. Sugar—quiet and about steady; fair to good refining quoted at 6⅛@6½; refined standard quiet and steady.

GRAIN MARKET.

BALTIMORE, February 6.—Wheat—southern quiet; western inactive and easy; southern red, $1.38@1.40; amber, $1.42@1.45; No. 1 Maryland, $1.42 bid; No 2, western winter red spot and February, $1.36@1.36½; March, $1.41½@1.42; April, $1.44¾@1.44¾; May, $1.44¾@1.45⅛. Corn—southern firm; western easy and inactive; southern white, 50c; yellow, 71c.

NEW YORK, February 6.—Wheat—opened ½@¾c lower; subsequently recovered from a decline. Corn—quiet and better.

NEW ORLEANS, February 6.—Corn—fair demand; mixed, 60c; white, 62@63c. Oats—good demand; sedy, 52c; choice, 56c.

BALTIMORE, February 6.—Oats—fairly active and steady; southern, 50@52c; western white, 51@52c; mixed, 50@52c; Pennsylvania, 50@52c.

WOOL MARKET.

NEW YORK, February 6.—Wool—fairly active and very firm; domestic fleece, 50@50c; Texas, 14@

## GOVERNMENT SALE OF HORSES AND MULES.

Will be sold at public auction auction, on Thursday, February 16th, at 10 o'clock, a. m., at the San Antonio Depot,

21 HORSES,
30 MULES,

Animals adapted for road and working purposes.

TERMS:—CASH ON DAY OF SALE.

CAPT. L. E. CAMPBELL,
Depot Quartermaster.

f.57-7-8-9-12-14-16


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First Mortgage Loans on Real property in city and farming districts a specialty. Only application from principals entertained.

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**Stages for Sale.**

Two six passenger Coaches, two four-passenger Mail Wagons, one three-passenger Jerkey, all in good condition. Council make. Enquire of

T. N. DEVINE,
San Antonio, Texas.

feb7-2m.

## New Advertisements.

**RECEIVED TO-DAY**

One Car Bacon and Canvassed Hams.
One Car Assorted Canned Fruits and Vegetables. Nums

# The Daily Express.

Tuesday Morning, February 7, 1882.

MR. COLERICK has introduced a substitute for Mr. McCord's apportionment bill, fixing the number of representatives at 316, and Mr. Cox an amendment fixing the number at 307.

THE great Sullivan-Ryan prize fight will come off to-day somewhere within fifty miles of New Orleans, if the officers of the law in the neighborhood fail to do their duty, which they probably will.

THE operations of Keene in the stock markets, it is said, amount to one hundred thousand shares a day, which represents about $10,000,000. A small advance makes him a neat fortune daily, and vice versa.

A FEMALE physician has come to grief in Cincinnati. She had a small-pox patient and could not tell what was the matter with him, and the coroner took her in charge, and proposes to investigate fully.

DURING the past year attorney-general McLeary collected and put into the state treasury $36,746.39 collected on judgments against defaulting treasurers and their sureties, $25,656.42 being on suits instituted by himself.

DEFAULTING CASHIER BALDWIN, of the Newark, New Jersey, bank, plead guilty, and was sentenced to fifteen years in the penitentiary. A very light punishment for his crime, and the probabilities are that in five years he will be a free man by pardon.

A GRAYSON county judge has decided that dealing in futures "is illegal, immoral and contrary to public policy," and on that ground refused redress to a cotton dealer who used the Western Union telegraph company for damages for not delivering promptly a dispatch relating to "futures."

WE do not hear of any favorable response to Scoville's appeal to the American people to contribute money to a fund to still further defend Guiteau's case. If Scoville were only on the other side, and made such an appeal, lordy how the money would roll in!

THE Washington Post says that Defrees, public printer, resigns by command of his physician, and adds, Defrees at no time has been asked to tender his resignation, but on the contrary, was asked by President Arthur to remain. It makes little difference, however, to those who want Defrees place how he gets out, so he goes.

THE one-man power at Austin is becoming more and more embarrassed, and decided measures will have to be inaugurated and carried to a successful issue very soon or it will be found that the old sicalde is not the state. McLeary, attorney-general, "bucked" some months ago, and Brown, comptroller, more recently. Serenity does not prevail at court.

THE sub-committee of the house committee of ways and means have reported to the full committee the bill known as the "Kasson bill," providing for a commission of nine civilians to be known as a tariff commission and recommended to be favorably reported to the house by a full committee as soon as practicable.

THE New York Sun prints a neat diagram and description of an invention by Munson, the stenographer, by the use of which any person familiar with a typewriter can send dispatches which will print themselves through a type-writer at the other end of the line. A business man in one city can send a message direct to another city by dictating to the operator of his type-writer. It is all done on one wire.

THE convocation of representatives of Odd Fellowship now being held in this city, is an important one in many respects, and judging by the personale of the delegates in attendance, the business will be conducted in an able and satisfactory manner. The people of San Antonio greet these gentlemen with a hearty welcome, and trust their visit will be pleasant to themselves and profitable to their order.

JOHN DILLON writes to Foster, chief secretary for Ireland: "I have received your message that if I desire to go to the continent, the gates of the Kilmainham jail are open to me. I do not know why the message was sent to me, as I have made no communication to you. If any representations have been made by my friends, they are without my consent or knowledge. I must request that you will not address me any further communications."

IN a recent conversation Congressman Ellis, of Louisiana, said the scare about the sugar question was entirely premature and entirely exaggerated. He understands from certain members of the ways and means committee that they will never consent to bring any bill from that committee to slaughter southern agricultural interests alone, but should there be reported a general bill for revision of the tariff sugar would, of course, have to take its chances and submit to a reduction of duties.

THE season will be remembered as the overflow year. Several breaks have occurred in the Mississippi river, in Louisiana. The Cumberland and its tributaries have created sad havoc in Tennessee. A Shreveport dispatch of Friday announces that thirty-six heavy rains in that country have overflown the whole lower country. The lakes above that point are higher than at any time for six years past. Many plantations, above and below, are already under water, and levees are giving away in several places.

THE Lampasas Times having remarked—"we heard a getleman remark the other day that a democrat who did not approve the policy of the democratic party of Texas was a radical," the Waco Examiner pertinently responds: "The gentleman who made the remark was himself a radical or a bourbon democrat, for there is little difference between the two. They each represent impracticable extremes. Real democracy is tolerant and allows the widest variance of opinion and freedom of conscience. Your true democrat is firm in his own convictions, but he is not hide-bound."

THE underwriters in New York say that last year was particularly disastrous to insurance companies on account of the large number of fires and the unusually large losses that attended them. During the first eleven months of the year there were 350 fires in the country in none of which the loss was less than $50,000, while the average loss was $145,000; and in the single month of December the losses amounted to $10,000,000. It is estimated that the aggregate losses during the year were $100,000,000—equal to the value of all the property in some of the smaller states. These great losses, together with the low rates of insurance charged, have compelled many of the smaller companies to withdraw from business.

THE Methodist reformers of Philadelphia are crusading against the Sunday papers. They say no paper should be published on Sunday, and the Monday papers ought to be made up Saturday. The preachers should have their sermons printed and distributed to the people before 12 o'clock each Saturday night. Church edifices and all their attendant expenses could thereby be done away with, and millions upon millions of dollars saved annually to the people. The preachers will not profit by following this advice, but the newspapers will profit by not following the advice of the preachers, and confer a blessing upon their patrons at the same time.

A WASHINGTON dispatch to the St. Louis Republican of the 1st inst says: "Some republican senators are very much disappointed because the nominations they expected have not been sent in. Several western senators, who called upon the president again to-day in regard to appointments, were once more told they would have to wait a few days, and they left the White House in anything but a good humor. Impatience at the president's delay in this respect is beginning to manifest itself quite freely. There is much speculation as to his motive for delaying nominations, but nobody seems able to explain it. It is evident the president does not inform republican senators of his reasons for postponing nominations which they think ought to be made at once."

ACCORDING to an exchange the members of the Archery Club of Cincinnati have been playing havoc with arrows let fly wide of the mark from bows handled by unskillful young women. A short time since an attendant had an eye put out by a careless marksman, and a day or two ago Miss McCall, a member of the club, sent an arrow so obliquely that the metal arrow point found a lodgment in the head of the private watchman of the grounds, who, standing aside, was witnessing the exhibition at what he supposed a perfectly safe distance, and felled him senseless to the ground. It was at first thought the missile had penetrated the man's skull, but this was not the case, although it took a couple of doctors three hours' work to extract it. But it is fine sport, for those who do the shooting.

THE Jefferson Democrat has suspended. It was Bourbon with a big B., published in a democratic stronghold, but it went down for lack of patronage. It appealed for patronage on the sole ground that it was an expounder of democratic gospel, and the people of its section showed their appreciation by letting it die. Texas gives one hundred thousand democratic majority, but the out-and-out Bourbon papers are the poorest patronized in the state, and, consequently, the poorest papers. The more prosperous papers devote themselves to the interests of the communities in which they are published; the Bourbons to the interest of their party, and will swamp the interests of the people, if necessary, to maintain their particular faction in the ascendancy. They eke out a bare existence, or die. It is a notorious fact that the independent papers of the state are the most prosperous; have the largest circulations, and the best advertising patronage; and it is also as noticeable that in nine cases out of ten where new papers have been established in the past few years, they have declared they would be "democratic, though independent, and not bound by clique or party ties to advocate measures they believed inimical to the interests of the people"—in fact, that they were not Bourbons, to make party considerations paramount to everything else.

### THE COMPTROLLER'S POWER.

The Austin Statesman has been looking up the law to ascertain how independent the state comptroller may be of the governor, the courts and everybody and everything else, in making rulings for the conduct of his office, and the result must be very consoling to that official in his present bout with the governor. The Statesman cites the case of the International railroad company vs. Bledsoe, comptroller, in the supreme court, on appeal from Travis county, the defendant having refused to comply with a mandamus issued to attach his official signature to certain bonds already ordered and signed by the other state officials necessary, and then says:

"The court was composed of O. M. Roberts, chief justice, T. J. Devine, R. A. Reeves, R. S. Gould, associate justices, and I. W. Ferris, special judge, in place of Justice Moore, who considered himself disqualified for the consideration of this cause. It was understood at the time, and has been stated since, that the members of the court were divided in opinion, but virtually it was a unanimous opinion, since no dissenting opinion was promulgated. The question decided was, that the district judge of Travis county had no right, under the constitution, to direct the comptroller what acts he should perform in the discharge of his duties, and hence the supreme court had no such right, on appeal, to direct his acts; in fact, that the judiciary department of the state could not direct the comptroller as to his official conduct. The supreme court did not in words decide that the comptroller had the legal right to refuse to sign the railway bonds, but the court virtually decided even this point in the affirmative, since it was then said that the comptroller was, so to speak, a court within himself, of last resort, deciding as to his own official course, and making law, based, as it might be, on either justice or brute force. The comptroller, under this decision, is responsible alone to the people who adopted the constitution and made the officer, and therefore he can be held responsible alone to the legislature for his official conduct. The state officer is, in truth, legally supreme; his acts are binding and of full force, and he is responsible alone to the direct representatives of the people. Therefore, should the legislature disagree with Comptroller Brown, it may direct him as to what shall hereafter be done, but even then this command would be farcical, since he might do a second time as he has already done; and so might state officers do until the end of time, at least as long as the constitution which has been interpreted by the supreme court remains as it is."

### A GOVERNMENT PROCESS.

It is well known that the private calendar of congress engages most of its time, and that the interests of the country are overslaughed by private individuals who occupy its legislation with their own. Over three thousand private bills have been introduced, referred and printed already this session in the house, and one thousand in the senate, and it is estimated that the whole number will reach ten thousand before its close. Among the more fortunate ones of these a claim of Mr. Sidney Luther, of Portsmouth, N. H., for $85 got so far as to be reported favorably upon a few days ago in the house. By the report it seems that Mr. Luther has been engaged upon a not too lively process of collecting this $85 since 1870. At that time a customs inspector seized a pair of white-faced steers claimed by Mr. Luther, and he deposited their appraised value, $85, with the United States treasurer to be returned to him if it should appear that such seizure was wrongfully made. It proved so. But Mr. Luther was so slow in applying to the treasury for his money that the claim lapsed, being lost by prescription. So that put for the congressional private calendar that would have been the last heard of Mr. Luther's claim.

Haste does not seem to be a vice of Mr. Sidney Luther, and it is a marvel that his case should present so animated an aspect in the present congress with so much competition against it. It appears by the report that his claim had got through the lower house of the 46th congress, but was stranded, as were many bills of national importance, amid rubbish of the same sort which it had encountered in the senate. We have therefore the cost of all the statesmanship of the land, senators and representatives of two congresses, all the printing and other processes, twice over to put in the estimate of collecting from the public treasury the sum of $85 for Mr. Luther, which, long ago, ceased to be due him. The fee for collecting it in a justice's court would probably have been $10, but Mr. Luther would have had that to pay himself and would, besides, have failed to collect it because it was not owing to him, while by the country putting its two houses of congress upon it at a cost of, say $10,000, Mr. Luther ran no other risk of losing it than being beat by other patriots on the same errand, as was the case in the 46th congress, while he himself would have no part of the $10,000, supposed costs, to pay. Yet if it thus seems fortunate for Mr. Luther to have the use of the eminent statesmen of the country to get $85 from the treasury to which he is not entitled, let us consider how unfortunate it is for those 9,999 expectant Luthers who are going to fail. It is a lottery in which only fortune's favorites get prizes.

It seems that when statemen exercise judicial authority they do so independently of law, and explode at pleasure any judicial dogma that happens to be in their way. It was so in this case. Mr. Luther's claim was prescribed by statute when he first went to the treasury for it, and had hence been lost by his neglect. Prescription is a legal presumption of payment, against which no proof or averment can be offered. Such is the law established in all the courts of the world, and it is well known that no one can allege ignorance of the law. Yet Mr. Luther's committee, sitting as a judicial tribunal—for this is an exercise of power which the constitution vests in the judiciary—permitted Mr. Luther to allege ignorance of the law of prescription and upon such bare allegation, to restore to life his dead demand. Hence the favorable report. It would have saved the country its $10,000 or thereabouts, and the damage it has probably borne from the failure of some bill or bills of general interest consequent upon its employment on Mr. Luther's business, had the United States treasurer committed this breach of law, which that official had as much right to do as congress when suspending its legislative function to exercise the judicial. We relate these particulars in order that our readers may see what variety of abuses attend this deviation of congress into the business of a justice of the peace.

But if Mr. Luther's oxen have cost the country a great deal more than $85 we are glad to suggest that it may yet turn out a paying investment. The lively discussion which grew out of it in the house called to its feet its judiciary committee which, if it did not harrow the souls of the grand army of expectant patriots whose names illuminate the private calendar, at least imparted an electric movement to the nervous system of the country—which was rapidly losing all sense of feeling touching that ancient abomination—by the assurance that the committee would immediately report a joint resolution to amend the constitution by prohibiting all special and private legislation, and confining congress to the transaction of business of general importance to the people. Such measure will require a two-third vote of each house of congress and, when ratified by three-fourths of all the state legislatures, will become part of the organic law. May all the living be spared to see it.

### GREELEY NO. 2

#### On Another Missionary Tour.

*Special Correspondence.*

BOERNE, Kendall Co., February 1, 1882.—I left San Antonio, Saturday, January 28th, at noon, and camped at Leon Springs, within two miles of Ane's, which I reached the next day. Ane told me he had cut five tons of fine amber cane fodder to the acre. This item is worthy of note. He sowed some 2½ bushels to the acre. That night I stopped at Byron Van Raub's. I found him planting peach seed and setting out figs. I saw he had a pretty oat field, but he had neglected to roll his land. How long will it be before farmers will learn the value of rolling their land? Land rolled will not only make the grain come up quick, but will leave the ground in a fine fix for the reaper, and will increase the yield from 10 to 16 per cent. Land that is too dry to start the crop, otherwise will bring it up regular if properly rolled.

I camped near Boerne in the afternoon and took a stroll about town at night. On returning I found some cards left by some ladies. They took a look at my home on wheels, and said they would not mind traveling themselves if they could travel as comfortably as Greeley did.

Kendall county contains about 700 square miles, and reports the following live stock property: Horses 2035; cattle 9422; jacks and jinnets 13; sheep 14,932; goats 1070; hogs 1055. Boerne contains about 500 inhabitants.

From my stay in Boerne you might infer I was trying to be an invalid. It is true and that may account for my stay. I called on Mrs O'Grady a pleasant homelike old lady, whose house is full, and she insisted on my trying a little of John's cramp medicine. I called on my old friend Barr. He has been reading Greeley, and was so favorably impressed with my description of Eagle Pass that he wants to sell out and go there. Fitch is a good hotel keeper. He has a number of boarders, keeps a good house, feeds well and deserves success. Dr. B. L. Hester boards here. I was much pleased with him. He came here from Memphis, and on his arrival was too weak to get off of the cars by himself. He is now an active man, and doing the principal practice of the town. He speaks well of Boerne as a health resort, and feels grateful to our Dr. Herff for sending him here.

The postmaster here is a clever gentleman, and Brown and Frank Lamotte have treated me kindly, and Evans is a pretty good fellow, if he did tell Mrs. O'Grady I would steal anything from a smoothing iron to a piano.

I see there has been a good deal of small grain sown in this county.

COMFORT, Kendall county, February 3.—I met Dr. Peterson to-day, and he told me the rain fall last night was two inches by his measurement; to-day about one o'clock, it threatened to sleet.

In coming here I met three ox teams from Centerpoint, going to San Antonio. They had on each nine bales of cotton. I also met a number of mule teams with cotton; all I suppose aiming for San Antonio. From present indications I think it will be sometime before they get there.

I have talked fair to a number of these farmers. They say the time is too early, and that by the first of June they will raise and care to enter. I am a great advocate of our fair, and want this year to have the largest and most interesting fair ever held in Texas. To this end I am distributing fair circulars with my chromos. GREELEY No. 2.

August Gottel, late a banker of New York City, gave $2,000 for the benefit of the sufferers by the Vienna theater fire. He intended being present at the theater on the evening of the disaster, but was fortunately detained. A year or two ago Mr. Gottel won the great prize of $80,000 in the Imperial Austrian Lottery. From it he realized $63,500, and it is this that he has now given away.

Six hundred and twenty pounds of dynamite have been stolen from the Cleeve Company's magazine, Limerick. A process server was shot dead near Castlerea, county Roscommon, on Sunday evening.

### EAGLE PASS.

#### A TOWN WITH A GENUINE BOOM—THE MARCH OF IMPROVEMENT.

#### San Antonio Boys—Bad Citizens and Their Offset—News Notes and Personals.

EAGLE PASS, February 3, 1882.

*Editors San Antonio Express:*

After visiting Uvalde, Del Rio, Brackett and other frontier towns, I find myself here, in a town which bears more substantial evidences of the "boom" created by the construction of the Sunset road, than any of the others. On every side new and substantial buildings of rock and brick can be seen in course of erection or just receiving the finishing touches. Besides three new buildings just finished by Riddle, on Commerce street, I notice others just built, as follows: Two by A. M. Oliphant, one by Mrs. Anderson, one by Wm. Hauser, a neat family residence; two new store buildings by Don Berrera, one by G. San Miguel, one by Jesus Galan, two re-buildings by Mrs. Wm. Stone and Mrs. Rita San Miguel, and a number of others, whose owners' name I did not learn, while Messrs. Reed Armstrong, Flowers and others contemplate putting up new and substantial structures on property they have invested in here.

I find San Antonio boys appreciate Eagle Pass as the "coming city" of the Rio Grande. Here are J. W. Riddle, Ed. Schmidt, F. Hartz, J. A. Bonnet, W. A. Bonnet, J. L. Hickman, Watkins, Max L. Oppenheimer and others, who all possess the necessary vim and capital to push their way to fortune and prove of substantial benefit to the place of their adoption. That the business of Riddle is immense, all know who know anything of frontier trade, while other houses are not slow in their competition. Max L. Oppenheimer, late of your city, a few days since gave your correspondent a glimpse of his stock of merchandise, in the old stand of Groos & Co. I must say that I was amazed at the large amount of goods he is carrying.

Among other new business houses I notice that of J. N. Shafter, who has a neat new grocery store, well stocked with goods, and where I find the ever welcome EXPRESS can be had daily.

J. L. Hickman, of your city, has just opened up here in the same line (groceries) in the upper part of the town.

Dr. Handy has a new drug store; Boone, formerly of your town, a new grocery attached to his bakery, while Jones, from Houston, has the store formerly occupied by "Uncle Griff," Jones. There are sundry other new shops whose occupants I do not know.

Eagle Pass, to one not used to such matters, presents to the public gaze many, too many, in fact, of that class of people who style themselves "sporting men," but who are known to common people as gamblers, and to the police as sharpers and dead beats. There are perhaps fifty here who do nothing else for a living, which is too many for a town of two thousand people, but they, with the chaps who handle other people's horses, cattle, etc., without authority, make up a good gang of loafers, and they can generally be told by having a big six-shooter shoved down in the hind part of their breeches.

But as an offset to all this, a new school house of fine size and appearance has just been erected, and is in full blast; two new churches are in process of erection, and besides Father Heyburn, of the Catholic church, Rev. Mr. Brice, of the M. E. church, is doing good service in the cause of Christianity. His congregation now number about thirty, while his Sabbath school, which was but a mere nothing—having but nine or ten scholars on his arrival here, now numbers about fifty regular attendants. Mr. Brice is surely a worker—going from house to house where he thinks may be found an attendant for his church or Sabbath school, and by his Christian bearing and unceasing efforts, has won the support of many who have heretofore turned a deaf ear to all former calls. Indeed, two years ago one knew no such a thing as a Protestant church or Sabbath school here, and Mr. Brice deserves credit.

The vacant sheriffalty here has not been filled as yet. Messrs. W. J. Vadin, T. M. Leakey, Lacy McKenzie and Sergeant McKinney, of the State Rangers, are all in nomination and uncertain as to who will win.

Messrs. Whaley, McCarthy and Payne, charged with counterfeiting Mexican coin, still linger in durance vile in Piedras Negras, though it is believed that Whaley will be released in a few days.

Pedro Solinas, charged with robbing Jones' store in December, and who escaped with the booty to Mexico, will be sent over here to-morrow.

Lots of good coal has been found in "Uncle Griff" Jones' land, eight miles north of town. By these coal mines Eagle Pass will yet be thankful, as the Mesquit fuel is fast disappearing.

Judge Fell seems to have "hung up his fiddle" as United States commissioner, since the order of Judge Pardee about who must file the information. Hard on the revenue, so says deputy collector Buschel, but nice for the smugglers.

The girls and boys, and some of the old folks, are now "primping up" for a masquerade ball to be held on the 18th inst.

Joe Hofstetter still does the county and district clerkships up in proper and gentlemanly style. I saw him yesterday with a half-scowl on his phiz while helping the county commissioners through with Sheriff Gassington's accounts.

As to personals, I can only say that Eagle Pass has become fortunate in having that most excellent physician, S. S. Bedel and lady, located permanently in their midst, as well as Messrs. Armstrong, Reed, Pinckney Jones and others.

J. W. Riddle, who has been at one time "at death's door," is once more able to be out and all are glad.

Sheriff Niggli and J. C. Sullivan, of Castroville; S. N. Hardy and Sergeant McKinney, of Carrizo Springs; Negley Richardson, of Vatous ranch, Dimmit county, and Cheney, of Uvalde, are among the prominent ones I have met viewing this city.

Deputy United States Marshal Goldwater arrived on yesterday and woke up some of the natives with *scire facias* to show cause why certain forfeitures of bonds in the United States district court should not be made final.

Manuel Chavez and Jesus Betela were arrested on smuggling charges.

STRAGGLER.

### They Were all Poor Boys.

An exchange calls the following historical facts, which should encourage every young man struggling under discouragements and poverty:

John Adams, second president, was the son of a farmer of very moderate means. The only start he had was a good education.

Andrew Jackson was born in a log hut in North Carolina, and was raised in the pine woods for which the state is famous.

James K. Polk spent the earlier years of his life laboring to dig a living out of a new farm in North Carolina. He was afterwards a clerk in a country store.

Millard Fillmore was the son of a New York farmer and his house was a very humble one. He learned the business of clothier.

James Buchanan was born in a small town among the Alleghany mountains. His father cut the logs and built his own house in what was then a wilderness.

Abraham Lincoln was the son of a very poor Kentucky farmer; and lived in a log cabin until he was 21 years of age.

Andrew Johnson was apprenticed to a tailor at the age of ten years of his widowed mother. He was never able to attend school, and picked up all the education he ever got.

Gen. Grant lived the life of a common boy in a common house on the banks of the Ohio river until he was 17 years of age.

James A. Garfield was born in a log cabin. He worked on the farm from the time he was strong enough to use carpenter tools, when he learned the trade. He afterwards worked on the canal.

In the last census of France many persons have enrolled themselves as sharpers, swindlers, gamblers and general blacklegs, and are praised by the papers for their display of conscientiousness. The honest, respectable citizen who was equally truthful in claiming to be what he was got no taffy. That's about the luck the average decent man has, anyway.

A Paris pickpocket had just made a collection of 132 different sorts of money-purses when the police fell upon him and crushed all his ambition.


TUTT'S PILLS

INDORSED BY PHYSICIANS, CLERGYMEN, AND THE AFFLICTED EVERYWHERE.

THE GREATEST MEDICAL TRIUMPH OF THE AGE.

SYMPTOMS OF A TORPID LIVER.

Loss of appetite, Nausea, bowels costive, Pain in the Head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder-blade, fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, Loss of memory, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering of the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Yellow skin, Headache, Restlessness at night, highly colored Urine.

IT THERE WARNINGS ARE UNHEEDED, SERIOUS DISEASES WILL SOON BE DEVELOPED.

TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer.

They Increase the Appetite, and cause the body to Take on Flesh, thus the system is nourished, and by their Tonic Action on the Digestive Organs, Regular Stools are produced. Price 25 cts. 39 Murray St., N. Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. It imparts a natural color, acts instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1. Office, 39 Murray St., New York.

Dr. TUTT'S HAIRAL (of Toilet) Dressing and Tonic Beside will be sent FREE on application.

REED'S

TRADE MARK

GILT EDGE TONIC

Is a Thorough Remedy

in every case of Malarial Fever and Ague, and Dumb Ague, while for Disorders of the Stomach, Torpidity of the Liver, Indigestion and Disturbances of the Animal Forces, which debilitate, it has no equivalent and can have no substitute. It should not be confounded with be Triturated compounds of cheap Spirits and Essential Oils, often sold under the name of Bitters. For sale by Druggists and general dealers everywhere. Wholesale agents,

Haas & Schmeltzer.

DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR

An only Vegetable Compound that acts directly upon the Liver, and cures Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Biliousness, Malaria, Costiveness, Headache. It assists digestion, strengthens the system, regulates the bowels, purifies the blood. A Book sent free. Dr. SANFORD, 162 Broadway, N. Y.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

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The brilliant, fascinating tints of Complexion for which ladies strive are chiefly artificial, and all who will take the trouble may secure them. These roseate, bewitching hues follow the use of Hagan's Magnolia Balm—a delicate, harmless and always reliable article. Sold by all druggists.

The Magnolia Balm conceals every blemish, removes Sallowness, Tan, Redness, Eruptions, all evidences of excitement and every imperfection.

Its effects are immediate and so natural that no human being can detect its application.

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[Near the Bridge.]

RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he has received a new supply of the latest Styles in Jewelry, Watches, Clocks, Silver and Plated Ware, Field and Opera Glasses, Compasses, Etc.

Watchmakers & Jewelers Supplies.

SPECTACLES A SPECIALTY.

Special Attention Paid to Repairing of Fine Watches and Jewelry.

sept-8

DENTAL NOTICES.

THE STAR DENTAL OFFICE

Drs. Johnston & Carroll having provided the latest appliances belonging to the profession, tender their services to the citizens of San Antonio and vicinity. Charges reasonable. All work warranted. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Office over Geo. W. Caldwell's Real Estate Office, No. 203 Commerce street, San Antonio, Texas. oct 26y

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Up stairs in the Rice building, next door to Schasse's drug store.

All work promptly executed, and fully guaranteed.

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See my new Teeth.

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Just received the celebrated Cow Boy Knife, advertised in the Express; also Fire Dogs, Anchors, Shovels and Tongues, Buckles & Hale's Meat Cutters and Stuffers, etc., etc.

ADMINISTRATOR NOTICE

WHEREAS on the 16th day of October 1881, letters of administration were granted upon the estate of Mrs. Louisa Yater, deceased, to Geo. Hilgers, whose residence is San Antonio, Texas; now therefore all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present the same within the time required by law.

GEO. HILGERS, Administrator.

jan 17 4t

UNIVERSAL Stomach Bitters,

MANUFACTURED BY

H. GRENET.

San Antonio, - - - Texas.

The Universal Stomach Bitters have been fully tested and carefully examined by Mr. George H. Kalleyer, a well-known chemist, and Dr. R. Menger, city physician. Both declare them to be manufactured of pure herbs and the best of spirits, and recommend them to all suffering from a weak stomach. The Bitters are also very effectual as a preventative.

Also kept constantly on hand a well assorted stock of the best Liquors, Cognac and Blackberry Brandy, Whisky, Rummel, Flor de Cafe, Anisette, Cordials, &c.

The Universal Stomach Bitters are manufactured by H. GRENET, under the personal supervision of Mr. S. Kiefer, the inventor of the renowned Malakoff Bitters. dec18-3m.

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UNDERTAKER!

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Always on Hand.

We have the best stock of POCKET CUTLERY and scissors in the state. Spectacles a specialty. Fine Watches and Jewelry repaired and warranted. Engraving done. Orders by mail promptly filled, and satisfaction guaranteed. Considering quality of goods, will not be undersold.

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WHOLESALE DEALER IN

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And Manufacturer of

Flour, Meal and Mill Stuffs.

Orders Solicited from the Trade.

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NORTH UVALDE,

Uvalde County, Texas,

On the line of the Western Extension of the Sunset Railroad, to be sold at San Antonio, Texas

NORTH UVALDE "STATION"

Is situated on the line of the Western Extension of the Sunset Railroad, Ninety-one miles West of San Antonio, and Sixty-five miles East of Eagle Pass, Forty-five miles from Fort Clark, and about one and one-quarter miles from the Courthouse and present county seat of Uvalde County, in one of the richest stock regions of Western Texas. From its central position in the midst of large sheep and cattle ranches, as a business point, North Uvalde must soon become one of the most important towns between San Antonio and the Rio Grande. Pure, clear, and everlasting water, which is of the greatest importance to property owners, can be easily supplied to the town lots from the fountain source of the Leona river, which is only a few hundred yards from the town site.

TERMS OF SALE.

Amounts of $100 and less, cash, exceeding $100 and not exceeding $200, one-half cash and balance in one year; exceeding $200, one-third cash and balance in one and two years. Interest on deferred payments, ten per centum.

For Maps and particulars address the undersigned at San Antonio, Texas.

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This Hotel is situated in one of the most romantic sections of the Lone Star state, and is a point recognized as one of the greatest resorts for health and pleasure seekers from all parts of the United States. The rooms all open on balconies, fronting the south, and are furnished as elegantly as any hotel in the south.

The Table is Supplied With the Best the Country Affords.

Hacks to Boerne will leave all the principal hotels in San Antonio Wednesdays and Saturdays. Choice rooms reserved for commercial travelers. Good Livery and Feed Stables in connection with Hotel.

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Stamped Ware. Tin Plate. Tinners' Tools. Sheet Iron.

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Machinist's Supplies, Steam Engines, Steam and Water Gauges, Brass Goods, Stop Cocks, Valves, Etc., Plumber's Supplies, Bath Tubs, Boilers, Water Closets, Lead and Iron Pipes, Drain Pipes, and Fittings of all Kinds, Rubber Hose, Wind Mill Pumps, Cistern Pumps, Pump Fixtures, Etc.

AT LOWEST PRICES

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"Great East and West Line Through Texas."

THE TRUE SOUTHERN PACIFIC.

This is the Direct Route Between West, Southwest Texas and Mexico and all Points in the East, Southeast and North.

But One Change of Cars to St. Louis, Chicago, Louisville, Cincinnati Baltimore or Washington, and but Two Changes to Philadelphia and New York.

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THE DAYLIGHT EXPRESS has Through Palace Sleepers from San Antonio to New Orleans Without Change, making Close Connections at the Crescent City with all Fast Express Trains for the North and East.

E. A. MERRIL, Gen'l Pass. Agent, San Antonio.

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Saddlery, Fairbanks' Scales, Wagon, Carriage and Buggy Timber, Axles & Springs, Pitt's Celebrated Horse-powers, Reynold's Cotton Press, Pratt's Cotton Gin, English and American Cutlery, Iron and Steel, Nails, Locks and Screws, Hinges of the best material, Paints and Oils, J. Leffel's celebrated Turbine Water Wheel, C. H. & L. J. McCormick's Harvester, with or without binder, Improved Advance, Improved Prize Mower, Furst & Bradley Manufacturing Co's celebrated Cast Steel Plows, Cultivators and Steel Hay Rakes. All other Agricultural Implements, Horse Powers and Engines, Aultman & Taylor Threshers, Separators, Cleaners, Kentucky Sugar Mills and Evaporators, Straub's Flour and Corn Mills, "Queen of the South," &c.,

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No. 24, Soledad St. San Antonio

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jan 19 dtm

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HERBERT FIELDER.

jan 1 3m

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jan 5 tf

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And U. S. Commissioner for the Western Dist. of Texas,

LAREDO, Webb County, Texas.

dec25-tf.

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a life long study. I warrant my remedy to cure the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for my now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a Free bottle of my infallible remedy. Give Express and Post-Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and I will cure you. Address

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Which were totally destroyed by fire on May 30th and September 21st, 1881,

ARE REBUILT!

Orders are solicited for

Strictly Pure White Lead and Red Lead, Cold-Pressed and Pure Dark Castor Oil, Raw and Double Boiled Linseed Oil.

Farmers, Planters & Stock Feeders

Will save money by grinding their own feed. The Celebrated THOMAS BRADFORD

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THIRTY DAYS' TRIAL FREE.

We send free on 30 days' trial Dr. Dye's Electro-Voltaic Belts, And other Electric Appliances TO MEN suffering from Nervous Debility, Lost Vitality and Kindred Troubles. Also for Rheumatism, Liver and Kidney Troubles, and many other diseases. Speedy cures guaranteed. Illustrated pamphlet free. Address

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CONSUMPTION.

I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use hundreds of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. I shall send TWO BOTTLES FREE to any sufferer who will send their Express and P. O. address. I ASK NOTHING FOR A TRIAL, but feel confident that on receipt of the medicine the case is within my control. Give Express and P. O. address. DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., New York.

$777 A YEAR and expenses to agents. Outfit free. Address P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Me.

10,000 LADIES Tricks are now using our New Machine to File Saws of all kinds. Price, $10.00. Sample file 25 cents in any address. Illustrated Circular. E. ROTH & BRO., New Oxford, Adams County, Pa.

feb7-4t.



# The Daily Express.

Tuesday Morning, February 7, 1882.


## IN WESTERN TEXAS.

### What an Express Correspondent Saw to Interest Him.

*Special Correspondence.*

BRACKETT, Texas, February 2.—A few days ago, your correspondent boarded the passenger coach at San Antonio for a short trip to the country at what is called "the front" of the Mexican extension of the G. H. & S. A. railway. The track on this road has been laid about 130 miles west, and to a point some two or three miles beyond the Eagle Pass junction. Trains, however, only run to the Uvalde station, ninety-three miles, but will in a few days pass this point and run as far as a station now known as the 116 mile siding. The depots and section houses have been finished to this locality. The road runs through a most excellent country, which improves in both water and grass after Turkey creek, about 110 miles west, is crossed. The road has been constructed in a first-class manner, and though new, the track has been well utilized by the constant passage to and fro of heavy supply trains. Considerable complaint is made at several localities because the railway company located their depots not so much to suit the wishes or conveniences of the people as their own, but the railroaders say this was done because of the exacting and unobliging disposition of the people, in some instances, and because of the greater expense that would have been entailed in others. Nevertheless, the people rejoice at having obtained railway facilities, and are patronizing the road more liberally than one would suppose. The effect of the railway has been to greatly increase the value of land, and ranges in Kinney county that could have been purchased three or four years ago for 25 or 50 cents an acre, are now called cheap at a dollar and upwards.

And there has been a more wonderful increase in the value of every description of stock than in anything else. Kinney county is given almost wholly to the raising of sheep, and all its fine ranges are considered to be occupied by sheep men, yet there are thousands of fine cattle and horses, and many very large herds of goats in the county. The sheep men of this county, and they can not be called an exception, are intelligent business men and gentlemen, the majority of whom would be as much at ease in the drawing room as they are in the shepherd's role or while shearing the fine fleece of a prized buck. They are giving all attention to the business, are rapidly improving their flocks, and are all getting rich. Your correspondent was informed, also, that Mr. Arnold, who has a herd of about fifteen hundred Angora goats, on the upper Nueces, in Kinney county, is realizing handsomely from them. He has averaged 3½ per cent. or his investment for the three years he has been in the business, and does not yet consider himself to have gotten a fair start. Goats of any description do well in this county, as is the case with all stock.

When the writer left San Antonio, the object of his destination was Rancho Arenoso, located on the Little Elm, at the Northern base of the Anacacha mountains. Accompanying him were Mr. O'Sullivan, founder of the ranch, and Messrs. J. W. Mitchell and J. P. Mudd, of Alabama, the former from Montgomery and the latter from Birmingham. We reached the ranch the third day after our departure, tired and hungry. A good night's rest, however, fixed us for the following day, which was given to traveling about the ranch and hunting. Game, such as deer, turkey, duck, and quail is most abundant in all this country. Antelope, mustangs, wild hogs, or peccary, and different branches of the feline race, ranging from the Mexican lion down to the bobtail wildcat, are also occasionally seen, while the cayote and the badger have torn the prairies to pieces in may places to establish their homes. Of course, this is a sparsely settled country—it will certainly appear so to the reader who has not visited it when he is told that a week would be required to ride over many of the ranges. Gentlemen who have been accustomed to city life—to the amusements and pleasure and attractions and the excitement of a metropolitan city—find that they have all these things to sacrifice when they adopt the stockraising business to make money. It is hard for a man to surrender pleasures with which his life had become so attached and interwoven that they were indeed the better part of his daily acts, almost a counterpart of his nature, and go forth into dismal, silent space, with nothing but the bleat of a sheep or the howl of a cayote to dissipate the profound monotony. Yet there have been found many who have the mettle to live in cities, where they floated highest in the busy whirl, who had the nerve to cast aside all the elegance of city living and betake themselves to distant and uninhabited wilds to find health or greater fortunes. Among this class is our friend J. W. Mitchell, whom we fear will have some trouble in wholly divesting his memory of the sweet remembrances of the past, to replace them with the thoughts upon the future prospects he has spread out before him. Capt. Mitchell, it must be remembered, has interested himself with Mr. Sullivan and Mr. DeBardeleben in the ranch business. They want to buy more sheep, and a large stock of cattle, besides all land in large bodies that they can find, at anything like a reasonable figure, and which may be suited to their purposes. It would seem that a business subject of such magnitude would be ample to absorb the full attention of almost any man's mind, but it is not so with Capt. Mitchell. He will think of the girl and of the comforts he left behind him, and not unfrequently remarks, "if them fellows back there in Montgomery county could see me here sleeping on buffalo skins and covering with soldier overcoats, and dressed like a cowboy, they'd laugh me out of the country." A day or so after reaching the Arenoso ranch, Capt. Mitchell was missed, and an earnest search was had for him. It was at first thought he might have made another attempt to walk to the Anacacha mountains—which had before appeared to him as but a half mile or so distant, but were found to be really a good four miles off—but presently he was found some couple of hundred yards from the house, seated under an oak tree, in deep meditation. "What are you doing there, Mr. Mitchell?" inquired the young man who first discovered him; and the reply came in a dry, sad tone, "Well, sir, I have been sitting here for four hours, philosophizing, and trying to induce myself to believe that this is the right sort of a country to bring a southern gentleman to, but I'll be d—d if I can succeed." But we opine that when Capt. Mitchell gets out his fine horses, and his buggies, and when he becomes acquainted with the country, and when his flocks and herds begin to multiply, and the ducats to drop rapidly into his coffer, that he will rejoice as all others have rejoiced who came to our country in its wild state to cast their fortunes with us. The citizens of Kinney county are to be congratulated upon the acquisition of so genial a gentleman, and also for having had Mr. Dellardeleben's attention directed to their rich and beautiful section of our state as a country where he can safely invest in stock and stock ranges. Mr. DeBardeleben is one of the most enterprising, liberal and wealthy men of the south, and will do great good wherever he establishes any business.

The sheep men are now preparing for the lambing season, to them the most busy and important. It will arrive about the middle of the month and continue on until the early part of March. Flocks are all in the finest condition, and unless the weather takes an unfavorable turn there will be a great increase of the flocks.

## Kerr County Wool Growers' Association.

The above association met on January 28, 1882, in the town of Kerrville. Their delegate, W. Scott, to the state convention was reimbursed to the amount paid out for this county by him to the National fund at the late state convention. They then recognized by electing Judge J. M. Starkey president, and reelecting Wm. Scott, secretary; Capt. Chas. Schreiner, treasurer; Casper Real, vice-president, and A. F. Oakley, inspector of sheep for the year 1882.

Kerr county will be represented in the coming state convention, to meet in San Antonio on the first Wednesday in June next.

Sheep are generally doing well in Kerr county so far.

Count Andrassy, of Shonbrunn, once passed long before the hippopotamus in the inferior collection of animals, and said: "Now I envy the thickness of his skin."

## Meeting of Kinney County Wool Growers Association.

BRACKETT, KINNEY CO., TEX., February 2, 1882.

A regular meeting of the Kinney Co., Wool Growers Association was held at the court house in Brackett, February 2nd, 1882.

Meeting was called to order by the president, H. C. Griner; O. S. Newell, secretary.

Report of treasurer read and adopted showing a balance of $13.50.

The following new members were admitted: D. M. Clarkson, I. L. Martin, C. I. Moulton, D. J. Crouch, J. Jones, J. C. Clarkson and D. M. Clarkson, jr.

Motion made and carried that chair appoint a committee of three on by-laws, to report forthwith. The chair appointed the following committee: I. L. Martin, J. F. Robinson and E. A. White.

The committee on by-laws made the following report which was unanimously adopted:

BRACKETT, February 2, '82.

To H. C. Griner, presiden of Kinney Co., Wool Growers Association.

SIR:—Your committee on by-laws beg leave to report the following:

1st. That Art. 1 of the Kinney Co., Wool Growers' Association be amended as follows: That this association shall be known as the Kinney and Crockett Counties Wool Growers' Association.

2nd. That Art. 1 of the by-laws be so amended as to read: "That the called meetings of the association may be held either in Brackett or Del Rio, at the option of the president calling same, except the regular meetings, which shall be held at Brackett."

3d. That Art. 8 of the by-laws be so amended as to read: "That the by-laws can only be changed or amended at a regular meeting and when a majority of the members of the association are present.

4th. That Art. 9 be added to the by-laws to read as follows: That the secretary is the proper officer who shall collect all dues, and upon failure on the part of any member to pay same after a demand by the secretary, that he report said delinquent member to the association, who upon a majority vote of the members present voting to suspend, shall be suspended from the roll, and those suspended be deprived from any of the privileges or protections of the association. But any member suspended may be reinstated without vote, by paying up all dues to the secretary."

Your committee further recommend that the by-laws with the different amendments be printed in pamphlet form by the secretary and present the account to the association for payment. Respectfully submitted,

I. L. MARTIN,
J. F. ROBINSON,
E. A. WHITE,
Com.

Motion made and carried that O. S. Newell be reimbursed for amount advanced by him to Texas Wool Growers' Association, as Kinney Co.'s pro rata of the state assessment, whereupon the following contributions were paid in the treasury: H. C. Griner, $10; D. M. Clarkson, $10; H. A. McKee, $5; White & Moulton, $10; James McLymont, $4. The secretary was ordered to draw on the treasurer for $25, in favor of Mr. Newell.

The president having announced that the regular time for the election of officers of the association for the ensuing year had arrived, the meeting proceeded in the election which resulted as follows: O. S. Newell, of Kinney Co., president; E. A. White, of Crockett Co., vice president; I. L. Martin, of Kinney Co., secretary; D. M. Clarkson, Kinney Co., treasurer.

Motion made and carried that when meetings are called that the secretary publish notice and notify members by mail. Also that wool-growers in Kinney county be notified, and requested to join the association.

Members present paid up dues to the amount of $24.00.

Motion made and carried that James McLymont's name be submitted to the commissioner's court for the appointment of sheep-inspector for Kinney county.

Motion made and carried that the president draft a proper memorial for presentation to our representative in congress, Hon. C. Upson, touching upon the vital interests of wool-growers and ask his co-operation in furtherance of the same.

Motion made and carried that the secretary procure such books as are necessary for his and treasurer's office, and draw draft on treasurer for cost.

Carried that a committee of three be appointed by the chair to look into the practicability of making public dipping vats for the prevention of scab; also the prevention of increase of lumbriz and other diseases, and to report next meeting. Committee: D. M. Clarkson, Jas. McLymont and J. T. Woodhull.

Voted and carried that the secretary notify the treasurer of the state association, at San Antonio to, draw upon the secretary for amount of dues owing by Kinney and Crockett counties association.

Motion made and carried that the president appoint delegates to the convention of State Wool-growers' Association at San Antonio in June. Committee: J. F. Robinson, E. A. White, D. M. Clarkson, H. C. Griner and J. T. Woodhull.

Carried that the proceedings be published in the Brackett News, Express, Fort Worth Live Stock Journal and Texas Wool.

Carried that the editors of Texas Wool be requested to send 25 sample copies to the secretary of this association for distribution among the members.

Motion made and carried that meeting adjourn till first Saturday in April, 1882.

## How an Artist Treated His Visitor.

*To the Editor of the Salem, Mass., Register:*

I would have accepted your kind invitation to visit you in your new quarters in pleasure before this, had not my old enemy, Mr. Rheumatism, pounced on me so suddenly. He arrived last Friday, and, without stopping to send up his card, rushed in and grasped me by the hand with such a grip that in few hours my hand and wrist were so badly swollen and painful that I felt as though one of Mr. Hatch's coal teams had run over me. Mr. Rheumatism has been a constant visitor of mine for seven years; always swells and puts on a great many airs and makes himself at home, devouring my substance and leaving me poor in flesh and pocket. Last winter he came and staid two months. I then made up my mind that the next time he came I would change his diet, as he has always gobbled down everything set before him. I was somewhat at a loss what to feed him with, but finally concluded to give him three square meals a day of St. Jacobs Oil—morning, noon and night. This fare he is disgusted with, and is packing up his trunk and will leave by to-morrow or next day; says he cannot stop any longer as he has pressing business elsewhere. He is a treacherous fellow, and I have no doubt he intends visiting some of our Salem friends; if he does, just give him the same fare that I did and he won't stop long.

J. S. LEFAVOUR.

## Forty Years' Experience of an Old Nurse

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and has been used for forty years with never failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health and comfort to mother and child. We believe it is the best and surest remedy in the world in all cases of dysentery and diarrhea in children, whether arising from teething or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac simile of Curtis & Perkins is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all medicine dealers; 25 cents a bottle.

It is worth nothing that despite the fact that the old know-nothing party is dead and almost forgotten Native Americanism survives, and is fostered and protected by the national government. None but native Americans can live and vote in the Indian territory, except by the consent of its native American rulers, and the American nativity must date back to a time antecedent to the landing of Columbus—in fact, to that indefinable era which lawyers speak of as the time whereof the memory of man runneth not to the contrary." Physiognomy is the accepted evidence of this nativity, and the American who can show up two or three centuries of ancestors who were born in this land is still barred from the territory unless he bears the copper-hued and long haired symbols of the true native.—St. Louis Republican.

Many Austrian gendarmes in Herzegovnia have deserted owing to the insurgents committing barbarous cruelties on captives.

## GENERAL NEWS ITEMS.

There is talk at Brockton, Massachusetts, about a tooth pick factory, to make seventy thousand picks an hour.

The richest man in Ireland is dead. His name was Francis Wise; he was a distiller, and left $15,000,000.

Poplar wood in considerable quantities is being shipped from Rockridge county, Virginia, to Philadelphia, at ten dollars per cord, to be converted into paper.

Simply from lack of remunerative business, six fire insurance companies of New York, have within the past five weeks, retired from the field.

New York produces about one-third of the petroleum of America, and Allegheny county produces two-thirds of that one-third.

Since 1874 the increase of cultivated area in Kansas has been 6,113,200 acres, or about 1,000,000 acres of raw prairie broken up every year.

Parties lately rigged up a dredging apparatus at Olympia, W. T., and proceeding down the bay to deep water, commenced operations, and succeeded in finding some of the largest oysters yet found on Puget Sound.

The match company organized in Watertown, New York, last fall, has sold out to the match combination, and the projectors realized a handsome bonus for not proceeding with their enterprise.

A lot of 500,000 white-fish eggs, shipped from Northville, Michigan, to San Francisco, was by some accident detained on the journey, and, being kept in a warm place, the fish hatched out, and only about one-fifth of the quantity shipped has been saved.

The North Australian natives detest the Chinese, except as food, and have lately eaten several members of a Chinese colony which was engaged in collecting biche de mere for the Pekin market.

Mr. Money's bill regulating postage on second-class mail matter at letter-carrier offices was unanimously ordered to be reported favorably to the house. This provides that hereafter the rate of postage on second-class publications deposited in the letter carriers' office for delivery by the carriers of the office shall be uniform at 2 cents a pound. This bill, if passed, will prove of great benefit to all newspapers having a large local mail delivery.

## LOCAL NOTICES.

—Shiloh's vitalizer is what you need for constipation, loss of appetite, dizziness and all symptoms of dyspepsia. Price 10 cents and 7 cents per bottle. Sold by C. Schasse.

—The Rev. Geo. H. Thayer, of Bourbon, Ind., says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to Shiloh's Consumption Cure." Sold by C. Schasse.

—Are you made miserable by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. Sold by C. Schasse.

—Why will you cough when Shiloh's Cure will give immediate relief. Price 10 cts., 50 cts. and $1. Sold by C. Schasse.

—Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy—a positive cure for Catarrh, Diptheria and Canker Mouth. Sold by C. Schasse.

—"Hackmetack," a lasting and fragrant perfume. Price 25 and 50 cents. Sold by C. Schasse.

—Shiloh's Cure will immediately relieve Croup, Whooping cough and Bronchitis. Sold by C. Schasse.

—For Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. It never fails to cure. Sold by C. Schasse.

## RO! FOR MEXICO AND THE HALLS OF THE MONTEZUMAS.

### Mexican International Stage Line.

First class four horse Concord coaches, carrying the Mexican mails and express, and running in connection with the International & Great Northern Railroad and Mexican National Railway. Leave Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, every Tuesday and Saturday, at 6 p. m., for Lampasas, Caudela, Buestamante, Villaldama, Salinas, Monterey, Mier, Guerro Los Aldamas, Montemarelier, Linares and Hidalgo, connecting at Monterey with stage for Saltillo, San Louis Potosi and City of Mexico.

J. W. ORR, General Manager.

jan27-1m. Laredo, Texas.

## San Antonio Market Review.

### FINANCIAL.

OFFICE OF DAILY AND WEEKLY EXPRESS,
Monday, February 6th, 1882.

There is an active demand for money, especially from the cattle buyers. The supply at the banks appears to be ample for present needs and the quotations are unchanged. Local stocks and bonds are firmly held and are in demand.

| EXCHANGE— | |
|---|---|
| Silver coin | ¼ dis. to par |
| Mexican dollars | 66¼ |
| Mexican halves | 40 |
| Mexican quarters | 20 |
| New York exchange, bankers | par. to ¼ pm. |
| New Orleans exchange | par. to ¼ pm. |
| Galveston exchange | par. to ¼ pm. |
| St. Louis exchange | par. to ¼ pm. |
| MONEY— | |
| Bank discounts, good paper | 10 per ct. |
| S A Gas Co stock | 75@80 |
| S A R E B & Loan stock | par |
| Street railroad 1st bonds | $15 bid |
| S A " " stock | nom. |
| S A Water Works Co 7 per cent bonds | par |
| " " " " stock preferred | nom. |
| " " " " common | nom. |
| City bonds due April 1st, 1885, 10 per cent | 113 |
| " " " " 1st, 1886 | 110 |
| " " " Sept. 1st, 1891 | 105 |
| Texas county bonds due March 1st, 1886 | 118 |
| State of Texas 5 per cent | 112½ |
| Alternate land certificates | $34.00 |
| Confederate 100 scrip | $35.00 |
| Veteran 1220 scrips | $230@235 |
| 640 " | $125@130 |

### COMMERCIAL.

WOOL.—This market is now bare, but a large lot of fall wool which has been delayed on the ranches and in transit is coming in route to this city. The northern markets are reported in a very healthy condition and prices are firm, without any material advance.

COTTON.—Our local stock is cleaned out and more is wanted. Prices are firm. Since the first of January there have been 1551 bales shipped from this city by rail.

The New York market for spot cotton opened this morning dull, ruled dull and nominal and closed dull and easy with sales of 518 bales.

The New Orleans market for spot cotton opened quiet and closed easier with sales of 9,750 bales.

The Galveston receipts were 1,195 bales and the sales 600 bales. The market closed dull.

In the following table the "Cot. quotations are of inland cotton. To find the price of Texas cotton in New York add a quarter of a cent per pound to the New York quotations:

SPOT COTTON QUOTATIONS.

| | N. Y. | N. O. | Gal'n | San. An. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| L. O. | 8⅞ | 8⅝ | | 7 |
| G. O. | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | 8 |
| G. O. fair | 10 11-16 | 10⅝ | 10⅝ | 10 |
| L. M. | 11 9-16 | 11⅜ | 11⅜ | 10⅝ |
| M. | 12 | 11⅝ | 11⅝ | 10⅝ |
| G. M. | 12⅛ | 12 | 11⅞ | 11 |
| M. F. | 13⅛ | 12⅞ | 12⅞ | 11⅞ |

The course of the future markets is downward as will be seen from the following tables which give the closing quotations of to-day and a week ago:

NEW YORK FUTURES CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

| | Feb. 6. | Jan. 30. |
|---|---|---|
| Sales | 156,000 | 159,000 |
| January, 1881 | — | — |
| January, 1882 | 11.69@11.70 | 11.99@12.00 |
| March, " | 12.06@12.10 | 12.29@12.31 |
| April, " | 12.22@12.24 | 12.40@12.42 |
| May, " | 12.32@12.35 | 12.60@ |
| June, " | 12.31@12.32 | 12.59@12.56 |
| July, " | 12.29@12.30 | 12.56@12.57 |
| August, " | 12.24@12.26 | 12.50@12.00 |
| September, " | 12.16@12.18 | 12.34@12.35 |
| October, " | 11.96@11.97 | 12.16@12.18 |
| November " | 11.80@11.81 | 11.99@11.98 |
| December " | 11.61@11.63 | 11.82@11.85 |

NEW ORLEANS FUTURES CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

| | Feb. 6. | Jan. 30. |
|---|---|---|
| Sales | 155,000 | 90,100 |
| January, 1881 | 11.42@11.43 | — |
| February, 1882 | 11.62@11.72 | 11.77@11.78 |
| March, " | 11.83@11.84 | 12.06@12.08 |
| April, " | 12.12@12.14 | 12.26@12.27 |
| May, " | 12.32@12.36 | 12.45@12.46 |
| June, " | 12.51@12.53 | 12.64@12.65 |
| July, " | 12.62@12.75 | 12.71@12.72 |
| August, " | 12.72@12.74 | 12.79@12.80 |
| September, " | 11.96@11.97 | 11.98@11.99 |
| October, " | 11.41@11.42 | 11.42@11.43 |
| November, " | 11.30@11.31 | 11.34@11.37 |
| December " | 11.30@11.30 | — |

HIDES AND SKINS.—This market is in a strong condition for good, prime and seconds; others are neglected. Receipts are very light. There are many orders which cannot be filled, on account of scarcity of stock. There have been several representatives of northern tanners here to buy hides and have been obliged to leave on account of scarcity of desirable stock.

| | |
|---|---|
| Prime 20 lbs and over | 16@18¾ |
| Seconds | 14@16 |
| Damaged and Bull | 10@12 |
| Deer | 30@35 |
| Goat, selected | 25@30 |
| Goat, damaged | 11 |
| Kid | 15@18 |
| Sheep skins | 15@25 |

LUMBER.—Since the first of January the total receipts of lumber by rail have included four hundred and seventy-three carloads up to Saturday night. From late accounts take the shipments by rail, eighty-seven carloads, and all leaves the stock less the local sales, yet the stock on hand is very light and the demand for lumber, the supply even at the advanced prices.

| | |
|---|---|
| Texas pine, rough, per M | $22.00 |
| " " dressed, 1 side | 25.00 |
| " " " both sides, per M | 25.00 |
| " flooring, per M | 32.00 |
| White pine siding, clear | 35.00 |
| " " second class | 32.00 |
| Florida pine, dressed, per M | $35.00@40.00 |
| " " flooring | 35.00 |
| Laths, white pine, per M | 7.50 |
| Laths, Louisiana pine, per M | 7.00 |
| Shingles, Long & Co. O. K. per M | 5.00 |
| " Russell's No. 1 " | 5.50 |
| " Moore & Co., No. 1, " | 5.50 |
| " Star A. Cedar " | 5.00 |
| " Pine " | 4.50 |

LIVE STOCK.—All that is needed to create a boom in the live stock market is a continuance of pleasant weather. There are a number of good buyers here. Prices are very firm and with good weather and good roads the receipts would be much larger. Messrs. Chabot, Moss & Co. report the sale of about 3,400 head of cows for ranch purposes, during the past week.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Cows, per head | $16.00@20.00 | |
| Milch cows, per head | 25.00@35.00 | |
| Yearling steers and heifers | 10.00@11.00 | |
| Two year old steers & heifers, pr hd | 14.00@15.00 | |
| Three " " " " " | 18.00 | |
| Four " " " " " | 22.00 | |
| No. 1 oxen | 35.00@40.00 | |
| Mexican cows, per head | 16.00@20.00 | |
| Improved Mexican | 20.00@22.00 | |
| Graded to shear 4 lbs | 2.50@3.00 | |
| Graded to shear 6 lbs | 3.00@3.50 | |
| Graded to shear 8 lbs | 3.50@4.00 | |
| Mutton, weighing 70 to 80 lbs | 1.00@2.00 | |
| " " 80 to 95 lbs | 1.75@2.00 | |
| Horses, unbroken, 14 hands and upward | $20@25 | |
| Broken horses, 14 hands and upward | $25@45 | |
| Mules 13 to 14 hands | $25@35 | |
| First class mares, by carload | $40@50 | |
| Kids | $ 50@1.00 | |
| Hogs, good, per hundred | 4.00 | |
| Hogs, fat, " " | 4.50@4.75 | |

GRAIN.—Trade is quite active and country orders are quite large. The stock is not large and is mainly in the hands of one dealer. One large dealer has just gone out of business and another firm has recently dissolved. Prices are firmly maintained.

| | |
|---|---|
| Corn per bushel | $1.05@1.10 |
| Oats | 70@80 |
| Red Winter Wheat No. 1 | $1.70 |
| " " " No. 2 | 1.60 |
| " " " No. 3 | 1.50 |
| Seed Rye per bushel | 1.50 |
| Mixed corn | 80@85 |
| Corn meal | $1.00@1.10 |
| Ground mixed corn and oats | $1.00@1.05 |
| Wheat bran, per hundred pounds | 1.50@1.60 |
| Corn bran per hundred pounds | 70@80 |
| Purified middlings per hundred pounds | $2.00 |
| Common " " " " | 2.25 |
| Shorts per hundred pounds | $1.25@1.40 |
| Corn fodder, per hundred bundles | 2.00@2.50 |
| Baled hay, per ton | 18.00@20.00 |
| New hay bulk or ton | 15.00 |

FUEL.—Wood is in better supply and plaza prices are easier. The coal dealers have done a thriving business since the rainy weather began.

| | |
|---|---|
| Oak, per cord | $5.00@7.00 |
| Charcoal, per barrel | 30@40c |
| Coal per ton | $4.50@ |

COFFEE.—Demand and stock good.

| | |
|---|---|
| Ceylons | 12 |
| Rio fair | 12½ |
| " prime | 13½@14 |
| " choice | 15@16 |

SHEET TOBACCO.—No advance in prices of all kinds of tobacco are firmly maintained. There is no prospect of any decline until after next year's crop is harvested. Sheep dip tobacco is in fair stock and is firmly held.

| | |
|---|---|
| Hill's extract of tobacco, retail per can | $5.00 |
| Bennett's diamond " " | 9.50 |

LARD.—There is a good demand at steady prices.

| | |
|---|---|
| Tierce | 9¾@10 |
| Tins | 10@11 |

SUGARS.—Steady, with usual demand and fair stock.

| | |
|---|---|
| Crushed | 11¼ |
| Powered | 11¼ |
| Granulated | 11¼ |
| Standard A | 10¾ |
| Extra C | 9 |
| Prime La | 9 |
| Fair La | 8⅞@8⅝ |

FLOUR.—Stock of better grades good. Low grades are scarce. The demand is active.

| | |
|---|---|
| Fancy per bbl | $8.50@8.75 |
| Choice Family " | 7.50@8.00 |
| XXX " | 6.00@6.15 |

HAMS.—Good demand and good stock.

| | |
|---|---|
| Canvassed | 12½ |
| Uncanvassed | 11 |

BACON.—The following quotations are for retail lots from stores.

| | |
|---|---|
| Brazil nuts per lb | 20 |
| Almonds " " | 30 |
| Filberts " " | 25 |
| Pecans " " | 12½@15 |

BUTTER.—The demand far exceeds the supply of the best grades. Prices are very firm.

| | |
|---|---|
| Goshen | 30@40 |
| Northern, per lb | 25@30 |
| Common country per lb | 15@20 |
| Dairy " " | 25@30 |

RICE.—Fair demand and good stock.

| | |
|---|---|
| Louisiana, per pound | 7¾@8¾ |
| Carolina " " | 9@10 |

DRIED FRUITS, Etc. — Strongly held at present prices and with further advances probable.

| | |
|---|---|
| Apples | 6@8 |
| Peaches | 8@10 |
| Beans, white | 7@8 |
| Citron | 35 |
| Currants | 9 |
| Dates | 9 |
| Peas, split and green | 5 |
| Peaches | 13½ |
| Prunes, Turkish | 9@8 |
| Layer raisins, white, per box | $3.25@3.50 |
| " halves " " | $1.25 |

ALES, PORTER, Etc.—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Mustler's beer, quarts, pts per cask | 6 dz | $22.50 |
| English ale, pints | " | 21.00 |
| English porter, pints | " | 10.00 |
| " quarts | " | 19.20 |
| St. Louis beer, Anheuser q's | " | 17.50 |
| Milwaukee, Schlitz quarts | " | 13.50 |

BACON.—The demand is good and stock fair.

| | |
|---|---|
| Long clear | 11¼@11¾ |
| Short clear | — |

POTATOES.—The supply of white potatoes by rail is ample for present demand. Prices are well maintained.

| | |
|---|---|
| Irish, per lb | 3¼@4 |
| Sweet, per bushel | 75@80 |

ONIONS.—In fair stock and firmly held at quotations.

| | |
|---|---|
| Onions per lb | 5½@6 |

CIDER.—Stock equal to demand.

| | |
|---|---|
| Apple per gal | $0.40 |

MOVEMENTS BY RAIL.

Since the first of January there have been 1,351 carloads of freight received in this city by both railroads. Of this number we note 455 carloads of general merchandise, 428 carloads of lumber, 1 carload of cattle, 10 carloads of horses, 16 carloads of sheep, 13 carloads of wheat, 8 carloads of corn, 2 carloads of oats, 10 carloads of hides, besides numerous other items.

Among the more prominent shipments by rail during the same time we note 298,000 lbs of wool, 207,600 lbs of hides and skins, 1,337 bales of cotton, 8 carloads of corn, 9 carloads of sheep, 25 carloads of horses, 6 carloads of cattle, 90 carloads of lumber, and 1,300,000 lbs of sundry merchandise. This is a large increase over the receipts and shipments of the corresponding date last year.

FREIGHT PER G. H. & S. A. R'R.

| | |
|---|---|
| WOOL— | |
| To New York, per 100 pounds, sacks | $1.45 |
| " " " " bales | 1.10 |
| To Boston, per 100 pounds, sacks | 1.65 |
| " " " " bales | 1.35¾ |
| To Philadelphia, per 100 pounds, sacks | 1.56 |
| " " " " bales | 1.34 |
| To Baltimore, per 100 pounds, sacks | 1.61 |
| " " " " bales | 1.36¾ |
| To Galveston, per 100 pounds, sacks | 95 |
| " " " " bales | 95 |
| HIDES— | |
| To New York, per 100 pounds | $1.18 |
| To Galveston, " " | 70 |
| COTTON— | |
| To New York, per hundred pounds | $1.38 |
| To New Orleans, per bale | 6.00 |
| To Galveston, per bale | 4.00 |
| To Houston, per bale | 4.00 |
| HORSES— | |
| To St. Louis, per car | $115.00 |
| To Kansas City, per car | 115.00 |
| To Galveston, per car | 60.00 |
| To New Orleans per car | 115.00 |
| CATTLE. | |
| To St. Louis, per car | $115.00 |
| To Kansas City per car | 115.00 |


KINAHAN'S RESTAURANT,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

FRESH FISH AND OYSTERS.

The First-Class Restaurant of the City.

Families Supplied with Fresh Fish, Oysters, Clams, Shrimp and Lobsters on Short Notice.

Orders by Telephone to all parts of the City. Telephone No. 149.

M. HARRIS, in Charge Fish Depot.

South of Galan Street opposite San Fernando Cathedral, between Main and Military Plaza, San Antonio, Texas. j

# The Daily Express.

Tuesday Morning, February 7, 1882.


**Indications for To-Day.**

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 6.—Indications for the west gulf states: Fair weather and southerly winds and stationary or higher temperature and lower pressure.

## City News.

—Rhodius

—& Tempsky,

—Music Store.

—The mud is nearly gone.

—Dr. Bennett is again at his post of duty.

—Ask for Finzer's "Good-Morning" Tobacco.

—Take the Herdics for the postoffice. Fare five cents.

—Mr. E. Farrel was burried from St. Mary's church Sunday afternoon.

—Meehan & Guinan have just received a lot of fresh sauer kraut in half barrels.

—Many ladies were on the streets yesterday "showing off" their new spring suits.

—The Herdics will take you to the International or Sunset depot for five cents.

—Washington's birthday will be celebrated in this city by balls, parties, dances, etc.

—Some vandal cut up and partially destroyed the new pavement being laid on Soledad street.

—Copies of annual review of THE EXPRESS can be had at this office wrapped ready for mailing.

—Chapman, the negro who did the killing at the Menger in self-defense, is out on $200 bond.

—$1,700 to loan, 1, 2 or 3 years. Particulars of P. J. Moss. feb5-2t

—We keep up our stock in Stetson hats—all sizes and styles.
Jan 20-tf PANCOAST & SON.

—It's about time to commence composing original (?) valentines entitled "My Love."

—The bridge across the Alamo ditch, at the Mission store, is being replaced by a new one of wood.

—Trimmings, laces, etc., at H. Barbeck's. jan 25 2w

—Chew "Good Morning" tobacco.

—An Italian peddler got his head badly bruised at Scholz's saloon Sunday for some of his foul-mouthed abuse.

—A colored woman having her shoes blackened by a white boy, was one of the sights on Commerce street yesterday morning.

—Cotton seed in quantities to suit purchasers, delivered free.
JOS. LANDA,
Corner Houston and St. Mary's sts.
jan-29-tf

—A new livery and sale stable is being constructed on the east side of the Central hotel.

—Those who thought the bad weather would continue till the 1st of March find themselves mistaken by a large majority.

—The Golden troupe were unable to find hotel accommodations on account of the rush, and were obliged to quarter in private houses.

—The singing at St. Mary's church was unusually beautiful Sunday at high mass, especially the "Ave Maria."

—Every 25cts. purchased at Hart & Brown's cigar stores entitles the buyer to a free ticket in their gifts, which will probably take place next month.

—There was an exciting chase on Houston street yesterday afternoon. Three policeman after a little negro boy, who outran them and escaped.

—7,000 letters have been delivered to the postoffice by Hart & Brown from their convenient public mail box.

—Mr. Charles Regan, of New Berlin, states that the spring crops in that locality are looking finely, and that new comers are arriving daily.

—Hart & Brown's donation number 8,100—only 1,900 tickets left.

—William Calle was reported to be *in extremis* yesterday afternoon. Very Rev. Canon Johnston administered the last sacraments in the morning.

—Just received, a lot of choice sugar cured hams, canvassed and uncanvassed, breakfast bacon and clear sides by Meehan & Guinan, Houston street.

—J. W. Fall, of Alabama, brother-in-law of Captain Sid Jones, of this city, arrived here Saturday and intends to make San Antonio his future home.

—Ask for Finzer's "Good Morning" tobacco.

—For rent—Good house, with seven rooms, and stables, known as the Ord place. W. W. HERRON.
feb 5 3t Devine building.

—Mr. T. J. Green, operator in the Sunset general office, has been presented by his wife with a fine boy.

—Mr. Chas. H. Miller, a subscriber of THE EXPRESS in Santa Anna, northern California, writes that his paper reaches him 6½ days after publication. Quick time, considering the distance.

—Mr. Ed Levis, former clerk at Hord's hotel, writes that he has decided to settle down under his own vine and fig tree, in Ohio, and lead the life of a farmer.

—We learn from Mr. Tarleton, counsel for Comte de Kerouan, that the Count has demanded an examination of the charges against him, and that Judge Anton Adam has set the hearing of the cases at 10 o'clock a. m., Wednesday, February 8th.

—At the Saturday evening train, bound for this city, was nearing Seguin, some scoundrel threw a large stone through one of the car windows, which fortunately injured no one of the passengers. Such a wanton act of malice should be punished with the utmost severity.

—Eleven English immigrants, all in good financial conditions, arrived in the city Sunday, en route to some land west of Uvalde already purchased for them, and where they will establish homes. They left their families at Cincinnati where they will remain until houses are erected for them.

—The Workingmen's Labor Union has not yet completed its organization, the committee on constitution and by-laws only reporting progress last night. Some of the committee resigned and others were appointed, and it is now thought the work will go on rapidly. Struve's hall has been permanently secured for their meetings in the future.

—The civil docket was taken up yesterday in the district court. An important case—that of Tally Burnett vs. Wm. Redus, suit for nearly $11,000, was begun and occupied the entire day without reaching termination. Redus was executive of the estate in controversy in Mississippi, and Burnett claims that that amount is due him from the executor. A brilliant array of legal lights are representing both sides.

—A row occurred in a saloon near the Sunset depot yesterday afternoon, of which a blind man was the innocent cause. Some one had treated him with a cigar, and as he was smoking he accidently expectorated in the face of a chubby little Englishman, who not knowing the old man was blind, pitched into him, and was only prevented from doing him serious injury by the interference of those in the saloon.

—The many white boot-blacks and newsboys that have so recently arrived in this city, came for the most part from Ed. Lott's "Home." The breaking up of that most excellent institution, the Newsboys' Home, where they could get lodging, supper and breakfast for fifty cents, drove them southward to a warmer and more genial clime. They say fifty cents is a very good days average, and oftimes they are obliged to go a whole day without anything to eat.

—A great many of the working crews have been taken from the extension of the I. & G. N. railroad, and work has slacked up for the present. The railroad depot at Laredo is going rapidly up. It will be a very large and handsome structure when completed, situated opposite Fort McIntosh, 150 yards from the river. It is not yet known how soon the work of grading will commence on the Mexican side, but teams and teamsters are waiting on this side for the word. Some have become tired and have shipped their teams, scrapers, etc., back over the road to the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe railroad extension.

## I. O. O. F.

### PROCEEDINGS OF THE EIGHT WORTHY GRAND ENCAMPMENT AND RIGHT WORTHY GRAND LODGE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS.

### Grand Encampment—Twenty-Ninth Annual Session.

FIRST DAY—MORNING SESSION.

SAN ANTONIO, February 6, 1882.—The Right Worthy Grand Encampment, I. O. O. F., of Texas, convened in annual session, at Casino Hall, at 10 o'clock a. m., a constitutional quorum of officers and representatives being present. It was opened with due solemnity.

The following grand officers were present:

T. L. Wren, M. W. Grand Patriarch, of Austin; F. R. Starr, M. E. Grand High Priest, of Victoria; J. J. See, R. W. Grand Senior Warden, of Waco; L. F. DeLesdernier, R. W. Grand Scribe, of Houston; Thomas M. Joseph, R. W. Grand Treasurer, of Galveston; J. S. Lindsay, R. W. Grand Junior Warden, of San Antonio; J. A. Haynie, R. W. Grand Representative, of Waco; Fred Carleton, R. W. Grand Representative, of Austin; J. R. Barnes, W. Grand Marshal, of Houston; C. H. Deffenbaugh, W. Grand Sentinel, of Austin; J. W. Kincaid, W. Deputy Grand Sentinel, of Georgetown.

On motion, the minutes of last session, as printed, were adopted.

The committee on credentials submitted a report, and twenty past chief patriarchs and past high priests were introduced and instructed in the grand encampment.

The Most Worthy Grand Patriarch, T. L. Wren, then read his report.

The Grand Scribe, L. F. DeLesdernier, submitted his report.

The Grand Treasurer, Thomas M. Joseph, read his report.

R. W. Grand Representatives Fred Carleton and J. A. Haynie submitted their report.

The above reports were referred to the committee on grand officers' reports.

The finance committee reported favorably on the grand scribe's bond, and it was unanimously accepted. They also reported the grand encampment in a better financial condition than at any time since 1860.

The following officers were installed for the year 1882:

F. R. Starr, M. W. Grand Patriarch, of Victoria; J. J. See, M. E. Grand High Priest, of Waco; J. S. Ramsay, R. W. Grand Warden, of San Antonio; L. F. DeLesdernier, R. W. Grand Scribe, of Houston; Thomas M. Joseph, R. W. Grand Treasurer, of Galveston; W. J. W. Kerr, R. W. Grand Junior Warden, Corsicana; J. A. Haynie, R. W. Grand Representative, of Waco.

The M. W. Grand Patriarch then appointed his subordinate officers, to-wit:

Henry Wagenfuhr, W. Grand Marshal, of Columbus.

J. W. Kincaid, of Georgetown, W. Grand Sentinel.

John Nevins, of Denison, W. D. Grand Sentinel.

Representative Herring submitted the following, which was adopted:

WHEREAS, Past Grand Patriarch and Past Grand Representative P. Shaffner, of Kentucky, has departed this life, and

Whereas, for more than forty years he was a devoted Odd Fellow, and contributed more to the advancement of the encampment branch than any other Patriarch during his eventful life, therefore,

Resolved, That a committee of 5 be appointed to prepare a memorial address commemorative of the life and character of our distinguished brother, and that upon the report and adoption thereof, the same be inscribed, on pages set apart therefor, in a memorial appendix to the printed proceedings of the present session of this grand encampment.

The Chief Patriarch appointed the following committee: M. D. Herring, J. A. Haynie, F. Carleton, I. C. Stafford and J. Y. Dashiell.

The following officers were elected for the year 1883:

J. J. See, of Waco, M. W. Grand Patriarch.

J. S. Ramsey, of San Antonio, M. E. G. High Priest.

W. J. W. Kerr, of Corsicana, R. W. G. Senior Warden.

L. F. DeLesdernier, of Houston, R. W. G. Scribe.

Thos. M. Joseph, of Galveston, R. W. G. Treasurer.

S. B. Strong, of Houston, R. W. G. Junior Warden.

J. A. Haynie, of Waco, R. W. G. Representative.

Fred Carleton, of Austin, R. W. Grand Representative.

The committee on memorial presented the following, which was adopted by a rising vote:

IN MEMORIAM.

Died on the 11th day or December, A. D 1881, Past Grand Patriarch and Past Grand Representative to the Sovereign Grand Lodge, Taliaferro Preston Shaffner, aged 63 years.

Brother Shaffner became a member of Chosen Friends Lodge in Louisville, Kentucky, in 1839, as soon as he was eligible, and continued a member of this lodge to the day of his death—forty-two years. Soon after his initiation he joined Mt. Horeb Encampment. He was elected by the Grand Encampment of Kentucky Grand Representative to the Grand Lodge of the United States in 1845. This office he held until he was elected Grand Patriarch by his Grand Encampment. Both positions he filled with distinguished ability. His business connections with Morse, in establishing telegraphy in this country and in Europe, interfered with his continued usefulness in the highest councils of the order in Kentucky and in the United States. His great love and fervent zeal for Odd Fellowship were not overslaughed by his business connections in finishing his knowledge throughout the civilized world. In his business enterprises in Greenland, England, France, Russia, Persia, Denmark, Iceland, the East Islands, Labrador, Scotland, Norway, Sweden and other foreign countries, he was the very embodiment of toleration, of the Golden Rule, Faith, Hope and Charity. And his foreign mission accomplished, returned to his native land and his adopted state with fame and wealth, his mind still more imbued with the great principles of our order. He caused to be printed, at his own expense, an outlay of $12,000, his "Odd Fellowship, illustrated," a book of 600 pages, which he gratuitously distributed for the good of the order. And in 1875, at Indianapolis, after presenting a copy of it to every grand and member of the G. L. U. S. then in session in that city, he procured their autographs to fifty-four copies, for presentation to the crowned heads of Europe, with most of whom he was personally acquainted.

In 1877 he was again elected to represent the Grand Encampment of Kentucky in the G. L. U. S., and then continued until his death, he continued a member of that grand body, and the very head and front of the interest of the encampment branch of the order. As one of the revision committee, of which he was a leading member, this branch was assigned to him, and it bears the impress of his experience and erudition.

Viewed from the retrospect, Bro. Shaffner is a striking example of Divine interposition in shaping human character, and in directing, foreseeing and overruling it to wise and benificent ends. An orphan, penniless orphan boy, he leaves his native home in Virginia to work out his destiny in the slow, hard and rugged pathway of life among strangers in a strange land. Destitute of education, as well as extraneous advantages, he seeks and obtains employment with a merchant in Louisville, Kentucky. While he educates himself in business, his leisure moments are applied to the acquisition of knowledge. He studies law, and becomes a promising and prominent young practitioner in this honorable profession. He meets the acquaintance of Morse, the inventor of telegraphy, ridiculed as a visionary fanatic. His naturally acute and self-reliant mind immediately comprehends the utility and practicability of the great invention, and all the powers of his great mind were concentrated in its consummation, while his greatest legal efforts in the courts of the country were in the vindication and establishment of Morse's rights against infringement of his patent. Thenceforward, as a party in interest, his life was devoted to the extension of telegraphy, until Europe as well as America was the recipient of its benefits, and the two countries were connected by the submarine cable and placed in communication as next-door neighbors. While engaged in this work, he amassed financial wealth and honor at home and abroad. As scholar, scientist, philanthropist and Christian gentleman, he was courted by philosophers, courtiers, kings and emperors. In continental Europe his name was as familiar as those of Hartley, Tyndall, Faraday and other scientific lights. All these distinguished honors, his extensive and influential personal acquaintance, his accumulated wealth and the decorations of scientific, physological, ethnographic and royal societies he made subservient to the great, underlying principle of Odd Fellowship, "the fatherhood of God and the brotherhood of man." For the promotion of this principle, the suppression of "man's inhumanity to man," and the practical illustration of the all dominion of love over the kingdom of hate and the carnage of war—he published and distributed his attractive, instructive work, "Odd Fellowship illustrated," among the rulers and crowned heads of Europe. What human precious can fathom the extent or estimate of this inimitable book in the realization of the universal law of benevolence and charity, which our order teaches, illustrated in the Bible as the duty of our brotherhood, all nations, tongues and kindreds of the earth.

The Divinity shaped the romantic and checkered life of Past Patriarch Taliaferro Preston Shaffner, and richly endowed him with ways, means and ruling talents, not only to write his name in golden of living light and progressive knowledge upon the world's history, but, stimulated thereunto, to extend the domain of our triple-linked, beneficial and soul-elevating system of organized benevolence and charity, to earth's remotest bound.

As Moses, the great law-giver, and Joseph, the prime minister of Egypt, ordained, in their miraculous preservation and advancement from penury and obscurity to affluence and power, a command for the preservation of their kindred—so God, in his mission accomplished, returned to his native land and his adopted state with fame and wealth, his mind still more imbued with the great principles of our order. He caused to be printed, at his own expense, an outlay of $12,000, his "Odd Fellowship, illustrated," a book of 600 pages, which he gratuitously distributed for the good of the order. And in 1875, at Indianapolis, after presenting a copy of it to every grand and member of the G. L. U. S. then in session in that city, he procured their autographs to fifty-four copies, for presentation to the crowned heads of Europe, with most of whom he was personally acquainted.

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